## HOSPITAL MEDICINES LIST RESTRICTIONS CHECKLIST

Use this checklist to determine if a patient meets the restrictions for funding in the **hospital setting**. For more details, refer to Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule. For community funding, see the Special Authority Criteria.

RESCRIBER	PATIENT:
ame:	
ard:	NHI:
glucosida	se Alfa
rerequisites O Preso	nt required after 12 months (tick boxes where appropriate) cribed by, or recommended by a metabolic physician, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health lospital.
	The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease
and or or or and on an analysis of an analys	O Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides  O Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene)  O Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene  Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT)  Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT  Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks
Preson NZ H	on the required after 12 months (tick boxes where appropriate)  cribed by, or recommended by a metabolic physician, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health lospital.
and and	The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment  Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks  Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates
	Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT
and and and and	Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT  There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation