HOSPITAL MEDICINES LIST RESTRICTIONS CHECKLIST

Use this checklist to determine if a patient meets the restrictions for funding in the **hospital setting**. For more details, refer to Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule. For community funding, see the Special Authority Criteria.

PRESCRIBER	PATIENT:
Name:	Name:
Nard:	NHI:
loprost	
a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist, or in according Hospital.	iologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of ordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health NZ
Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) and PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinic and PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organ	
and A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWF and A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than and PAH has been demonstrated to be non-defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guideline	reater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair) P) less than or equal to 15 mmHg 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm ⁻⁵) responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as as for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) † ble response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated
Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital l disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung dis	rt disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the
O Iloprost is to be used as PAH monotherapy and O Patient has experienced intolerable side effect both bosentan and ambrisentan) O Patient has an absolute contraindication to side	ts on sildenafil and both the funded endothelin receptor antagonists (i.e.
antagonists	

I confirm that the above details are correct:	
Signed:	Date:

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July 2025

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SCRIBE	R	PATIENT:
e:		Name:
d:		NHI:
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assessme requisite Pre a re	ent requires (tick boses) escribed be espiratory	all therapy red after 6 months exes where appropriate) by, or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a specialist, cardiologist, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health NZ
Hos	spital.	
and) Patien	nt has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)
C	PAH is	s in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications
and) PAH is	s in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV
	and	O PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation
		A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair)
	and	O A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg
	and	O A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm ⁻⁵)
		PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †
		Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**
		O Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type
		Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease
	\bigcirc	Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures
and	\bigcirc	Hannest in the bound on DALI dual the community sittle a silder of it or an and other in a content or the content of
а	and	Iloprost is to be used as PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist
	or	O Patient has an absolute contraindication to or has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil
		O Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to or experienced intolerable side effects with a funded endothelin receptor antagonist
Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category accord to a validated risk stratification tool**		
	or	O Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy

I confirm that the above details are correct:

Signed: Date:

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SCRIBER	PATIENT:
э:	
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ARTION – PAH assessment requestives (tick Prescriber a respirate Hospital. Patient PAH and PAH and PAH and And PAH and A	triple therapy quired after 6 months boxes where appropriate) d by, or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of ory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health NZ itent has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) H is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications H is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation and A pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair) and A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm ⁻⁵) PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) † Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification too!**
or	risk stratification tool** Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures Iloprost is to be used as PAH triple therapy Patient is on the lung transplant list Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV

I confirm that the above details are correct:

Signed: Date:

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PRESCRIBER	PATIENT:			
Name:	Name:			
Ward:	NHI:			
lloprost - continued				
CONTINUATION Re-assessment required after 2 years Prerequisites (tick box where appropriate)				
Prescribed by, or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health NZ Hospital.				
O Patient is continuing to derive benefit from iloprost treatment accord	ing to a validated PAH risk stratification tool			

Note: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the

diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults.

Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

I confirm that the above details are correct: Signed: Date: