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Circulation

You can register to have an electronic version of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, Section H for Hospital Pharmaceuticals (link to PDF copy) emailed to your nominated email address each month by subscribing at schedule.pharmac.govt.nz/subscribe.

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Introducing Pharmac

Introducing Pharmac

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (Pharmac) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. Pharmac negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list.

Pharmac's role:

"to secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that are reasonably achievable from pharmaceutical treatment and from within the amount of funding provided."

Pae Ora (Healthy Futures) Act 2022

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about Pharmac and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the Pharmac website at https://pharmac.govt.nz/about.

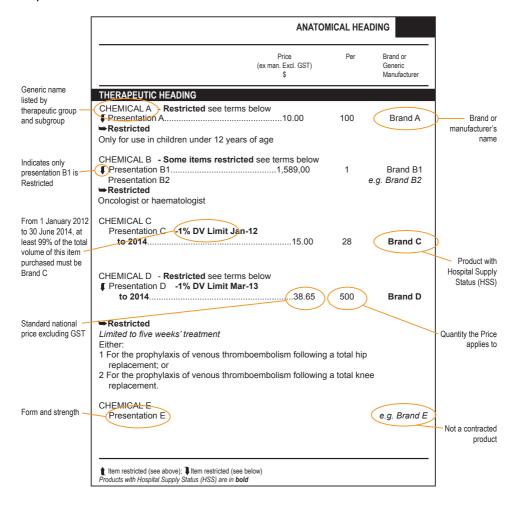
Glossary

Units of Measure gram g microgram..... mcg millimole......mmol kilogram.....kg milligram mg unit......u international unitiu millilitre......ml **Abbreviations** application app enteric coated......EC solutionsoln capsule cap granules.....grans suppositorysuppos cream.....crm injectioninj tablet......tab dispersibledisp liquidliq tincture.....tinc effervescent.....eff lotion......lotn emulsion emul ointment......oint

HSS Hospital Supply Status

Guide to Section H listings

Example



PART I: GENERAL RULES

General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A.

 $\label{eq:Read-Rules} \textbf{Read the } \underline{\textbf{General Rules}}: \underline{\textbf{https://pharmac.govt.nz/section-a}}.$

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antacids and Antiflatulents					
Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents					
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND S Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticone 2 Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simeticon 30 mg per 5 ml	20 mg	NE			e.g. Mylanta e.g. Mylanta Double
•					Strength
SIMETICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml Oral drops 40 mg per ml					
SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, s SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM	A CARBON	NATE			e.g. Gaviscon Infant
Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbon 160 mg	nate				e.g. Gaviscon Extra Strength
Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium car 160 mg per 10 ml		7.50		500 ml	Acidex
SODIUM CITRATE Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)		25.00		90 ml	Biomed
Phosphate Binding Agents					
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg					
CALCIUM CARBONATE – Restricted see terms below Oral liq 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml)		47.30 39.00		473 ml 500 ml	Calcium carbonate PAI Roxane
→ Restricted (RS1698) Initiation		39.00	,	300 1111	noxalle
Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbona inappropriate	ite tablets o	or wher	e calc	ium carbo	onate tablets are
Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory A	gents				
Antipropulsives					
DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHAT Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg	Έ				
LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 2 mg Cap 2 mg				400 400	Nodia Diamide Relief
Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories					
BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page Cap modified-release 3 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028		33.38		90	Budesonide Te Arai

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1723)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes; or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis*: and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Diabetes: or
 - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
 - 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications)57.09	15 g	Colifoam
--	------	----------

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1%

MESALAZINE

LOALAZINE			
Tab EC 400 mg	49.50	100	Asacol
Tab long-acting 500 mg		100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg		90	Asacol
Tab 1,600 mg	85.50	60	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g	.118.10	100 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg		20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g	50.96	28	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml		7	Pentasa

		Price excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OLSALAZINE Tab 500 mg Cap 250 mg			100 100	Dipentum Dipentum
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Cap 100 mg				
SULFASALAZINE Tab 500 mg Tab EC 500 mg			100 100	Salazopyrin Salazopyrin EN
Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders				
Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations				
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALAT Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocaine	E AND C	9.90 INCHOCAIN		Proctosedyl Proctosedyl
hydrochloride 5 mg per g Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchoca hydrochloride 1 mg	aine		30 g 12	Ultraproct Ultraproct
Management of Anal Fissures		0.01	12	Ошартост
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%		.22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants				
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial				
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Mot	ility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		. 19.00	5	Robinul
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		2.25	20	Hyoscine Butylbromide (Adiramedica)
Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE		1.91	1	Spazmol
Tab 135 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		8.50	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants				
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective				
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg		.47.73	120	Cytotec

	 Price		Drand or
	excl. GS	ST) Per	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
H2 Antagonists			
CIMETIDINE			
Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg			
FAMOTIDINE			
Tab 20 mg			
Tab 40 mg	 .10.27	100	Famotidine Hovid MY
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial			
RANITIDINE - Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 150 mg			
■ Tab 300 mg			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Restricted (RS1703)			
Initiation Either:			
1 For continuation use; or			
2 Routine prevention of allergic reactions			
Proton Pump Inhibitors			
·			
LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	4 04	100	Lanzol Relief
Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Lanzol Relief
OMEPRAZOLE			
Restricted (RS1027)			
Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients.			
Tab dispersible 20 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1027)			
Initiation			
Only for use in tube-fed patients.			
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	 2.06	90	Omeprazole Teva Omeprazole actavis 10
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	 2.02	90	Omeprazole Teva
			Omeprazole actavis 20
Cap 40 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	 3.18	90	Omeprazole Teva
Powder for oral liq	12.50	5 a	Omeprazole actavis 40 Midwest
Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent		5 g 5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazole
Inj 40 mg vial		5	Omezol IV
PANTOPRAZOLE			
Tab EC 20 mg		90	Panzop Relief
Tab EC 40 mg	 2.74	90	Panzop Relief
Inj 40 mg vial			

50

HypoPak Glucose

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Site Protective Agents			
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg	 . 14.51	50	Gastrodenol
SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g			

Bile and Liver Therapy

L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below

- Grans for oral liquid 3 g
- → Restricted (RS1261)

Initiation

For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated.

RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1416)

Initiation

For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose.

					_
D	а	n	Θ	re	S

Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors

AC/		

Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	11.20	90	Accarb
Tah 100 mg = 5% DV Fah-25 to 2027	17 38	٩n	Accarh

Hyperglycaemic Agents

DIA	AZOXIDE — Restricted see terms below		
1	Cap 25 mg110.00	100	Proglicem
	Cap 100 mg	100	Proglicem
	Oral liq 50 mg per ml	30 ml	Proglycem

→ Restricted (RS1028)

nitiation

For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.

GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 1 mg syringe kit	gen H	ypok
----------------------	-------	------

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Tab 1.5 g

Tab 3.1 g

Tab 4 g
Oral soln 15 g per 80 ml sachet......70.00

Gel 40%

GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE
Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet

(ex m	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per ml,			
3 ml prefilled penINSULIN DEGLUDEC WITH INSULIN ASPART	 52.15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
Inj degludec 70 u with insulin aspart 30 u, 100 u per ml, 3 ml	 80.00	5	Ryzodeg 70/30 Penfill
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
INSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE			
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge	 42.66	5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge	 42.66	5	Humalog Mix 50
INSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 ml			
vial Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml			
cartridge Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml			
cartridge Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN GLARGINE			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		5 5	Lantus SoloStar Lantus
Inj 100 u per III, 3 III cartiloge		1	Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe	 51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
INSULIN GLULISINE			·
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		5 5	Apidra Calastar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen	 40.07	5	Apidra Solostar
INSULIN LISPRO Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			

Insulin - Short-Acting Preparation

INSULIN NEUTRAL

Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge

	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg GLICLAZIDE	 7.50	100	Daonil
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	 20.10	500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	 6.86	100	Minidiab
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027 Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Aug-23 to 2027		1,000 500	Metformin Viatris Metformin Viatris
PIOGLITAZONE Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		90 90	Vexazone Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 VILDAGLIPTIN		90	Vexazone
Tab 50 mg VILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE	 35.00	60	Galvus
Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride		60 60	Galvumet Galvumet

GLP-1 Agonists

DULAGLUTIDE - Restricted see terms below

Note: Not to be given in combination with another funded GLP-1 agonist or empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride unless receiving empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride for the treatment of heart failure.

→ Restricted (RS2128)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 2.2 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of all of the following funded blood glucose lowering agents for a period of least 6 months, where clinically appropriate: empagliflozin, metformin, and vildacliptin; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 2.3.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*: or
 - 2.3.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*: or
 - 2.3.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 2.3.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

 a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack,

continued...

	Price			Brand or
(€	ex man. excl. (GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.

- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause identified.
- c) Funded GLP-1a treatment is not to be given in combination with (empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride) unless receiving (empagliflozin or empagliflozin in combination with metformin hydrochloride) for the treatment of heart failure.

LIRAGLUTIDE - Restricted see terms below

Note: Not to be given in combination with another funded GLP-1 agonist or empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride unless receiving empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride for the treatment of heart failure.

→ Restricted (RS2096)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 2.2 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of all of the following funded blood glucose lowering agents for a period of least 6 months, where clinically appropriate: empagliflozin, metformin, and vildagliptin; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 2.3.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 2.3.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*; or
 - 2.3.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 2.3.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause identified.
- c) Funded GLP-1a treatment is not to be given in combination with (empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride) unless receiving (empagliflozin or empagliflozin in combination with metformin hydrochloride) for the treatment of heart failure.

SGLT2 Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS2069)

Initiation - heart failure reduced ejection fraction

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Patient is in NYHA functional class II or III or IV: and

continued...

30

Jardiance

.lardiance

	Price		Brand or
(ex n	nan. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 40%; or
 - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practicable, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard funded chronic heart failure treatment.

Initiation - Type 2 Diabetes

Any of the following:

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for a GLP-1 agonist; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes: and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is Maori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*: or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*; and

Tab 10 mg58.56

Tah 25 mg 58 56

3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.
- c) Funded [empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride] treatment is not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 unless receiving (empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride] for the treatment of heart failure.

EMPAGLIFLOZIN - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- 100 20 119	,	••	0 41 4141100
EMPAGLIFLOZIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see ten		evious pa	age
t Tab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
Tab 5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
t Tab 12.5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
Tab 12.5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Jardiamet

	(ex man.	excl.	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Digestives Including Enzymes						
PANCREATIC ENZYME						

PANCREATIC ENZYME			
Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 U			
protease))			
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph Eur			
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U)	34.93	100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 Ph			
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U)	94.38	100	Creon 25000
Modified release granules pancreatin 60.12 mg (amylase 3,600 Ph Eur			
U, lipase 5,000 Ph Eur U, protease 200 Ph Eur U)	34.93	20 g	Creon Micro
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph.			
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)			
URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 250 mg − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	33.95	100	Ursosan

→ Restricted (RS2103)

Initiation - Alaqille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis

Fither:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation - Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Initiation - prevention of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome

The individual has leukaemia/lymphoma and requires prophylaxis for medications/therapies with a high risk of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome.

Price Brand or Generic Per Manufacturer

(ex man. excl. GST) \$

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and

sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.a. PicoPrep Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM CHLORIDE AND CITRIC ACID WITH

MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 52.9 g with ascorbic acid 6 g, potassium chloride

740 mg, sodium chloride 2.6 g and sodium sulphate 5.6 g per sachet (1) and powder for oral soln citric acid 12 g with magnesium carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

(2)

e.g. Prepkit Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg.

sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g,

3 Glycoprep Orange 64.32 12 Glycoprep Orange

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg. sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g. 210 g sachet

e.g. Glycoprep Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH/WITHOUT SODIUM SULFATE, SODIUM ASCORBATE, ASCORBIC ACID

Powd for oral soln 100g with potassium chloride 1g, sodium chloride 2g and sodium sulfate 9g per sach(1), powd for oral soln 40g with potassium chloride 1.2g and sodium chloride 3.2g per sach(1) and powd for oral soln ascorbic acid 7.54g and sodium ascorbate

Plenvu

Bulk-Forming Agents

ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK

500 q

Konsyl-D

STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Powder for oral soln

Faecal Softeners

DOCUSATE SODIUM

100 Coloxyl 100 ColoxvI

DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES

200 Laxsol

PARAFFIN

Oral liquid 1 mg per ml

Enema 133 ml

POI OXAMER

30 ml Coloxyl

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral			
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial	36.00 246.00	1 7	Relistor Relistor
→ Restricted (RS2057) Initiation – Opioid induced constipation Both:			
1 The patient is receiving palliative care; and2 Either:2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation	on are ineffective: or		
2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation Initiation – Opioid induced constipation outside of palliative care Limited to 14 days treatment All of the following:		olerated.	
Individual has opioid induced constipation; and Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation, incluinappropriate; and Mechanical bowel obstruction has been excluded.	iding bowel-cleansin	g preparat	ions, are ineffective or
Osmotic Laxatives			
GLYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g	10.39	20	Lax-suppositories Glycerol
Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations. LACTULOSE			CityColor
Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml	BONATE AND SODI lium odium	500 ml UM CHLO	Laevolac RIDE
Feb-24 to 2026		30	APO Health Macrogol Molaxole
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral lig 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14%	35.89	50	Micolette
Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL Tab 5 mg Suppos 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 SENNOSIDES		200 10	Bisacodyl Viatris Lax-Suppositories
Tab 7.5 mg SODIUM PICOSULFATE − Restricted see terms on the next page Oral soln 7.5 mg per ml	7.40	30 ml	Dulcolax SP Drop

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1843)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient is a child with problematic constipation despite an adequate trial of other oral pharmacotherapies including macrogol where practicable; and
- 2 The patient would otherwise require a high-volume bowel cleansing preparation.

Metabolic Disorder Agents

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1793)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
 - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
 - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
 - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

ARGININE

Tab 1,000 mg

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Ini 500 mg per ml. 10 ml vial

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1794)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
 - 2.2 A 5,10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
 - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Cap 100 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1330)

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

CARGLUMIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

- Tab disp 200 mg
- → Restricted (RS1831)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

For the acute in-patient treatment of organic acidaemias as an alternative to haemofiltration.

COENZYME Q10 - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1832)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to coenzyme Q10 supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to coenzyme Q10 supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	2 234 00	1	Naglazyme	
→ Restricted (RS1795)		•	ragiazymo	
Initiation				

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates: and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to FRT.

HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

Elaprase

→ Restricted (RS1546)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT): and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below

Aldurazvme

⇒ Restricted (RS1607)

Initiation

Metabolic physician All of the following:

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT): and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 250 mg
- Cap 500 mg
- Oral lig 500 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 50 mg
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

RIBOFI AVIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1833)

Initiation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to riboflavin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to riboflavin supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1796)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 1 month

All of the following:

continued...

|--|

continued...

- 1 Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or actively planning to become pregnant; and
- 2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient has demonstrated an adequate response to a 2 to 4 week trial of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction in phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; or
 - 1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has previously demonstrated response to treatment with sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with sapropterin will not continue after delivery; or
 - 2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the first renewal for treatment with sapropterin; or
 - 2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second or subsequent pregnancy to support management of their PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab 500 mg

↓ Grans 483 mg per g......2,016.00 174 g Pheburane

Oral liq 250 mg per ml

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1797)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TALIGLUCERASE ALFA - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1897)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of symptomatic type 1 or type 3* Gaucher disease confirmed by the demonstration of specific deficiency of glucocerebrosidase in leukocytes or cultured skin fibroblasts, and genotypic analysis; and
- 2 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) or the disease might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has haematological complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.2 Patient has skeletal complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.3 Patient has significant liver dysfunction or hepatomegaly attributable to Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.4 Patient has reduced vital capacity from clinically significant or progressive pulmonary disease due to Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.5 Patient is a child and has experienced growth failure with significant decrease in percentile linear growth over a 6-12 month period; and
- 4 Taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

Continuation

Metabolic physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 3 years

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has demonstrated a symptomatic improvement and has maintained improvements in the main symptom or symptoms for which therapy was started; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated a clinically objective improvement or no deterioration in haemoglobin levels, platelet counts and liver and spleen size; and
- 3 RRadiological (MRI) signs of bone activity performed at two years since initiation of treatment, and five yearly thereafter, demonstrate no deterioration shown by the MRI, compared with MRI taken immediately prior to commencement of therapy or adjusted dose; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Patient is adherent with regular treatment and taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

TAURINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- Cap 1,000 mg
- Powder

→ Restricted (RS1834)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected specific mitochondrial disorder that may respond to taurine supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of a specific mitochondrial disorder which responds to taurine supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TRIENTINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg → Restricted (RS2026) Initiation	2,022.00	100	Trientine Waymade

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Wilson disease; and
- 2 Treatment with D-penicillamine has been trialled and discontinued because the person has experienced intolerable side effects or has not received sufficient benefit; and
- 3 Treatment with zinc has been trialled and discontinued because the person has experienced intolerable side effects or has not received sufficient benefit, or zinc is considered clinically inappropriate as the person has symptomatic liver disease and requires copper chelation.

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab eff 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)

Copper

→ Restricted (RS1928)

Initiation - Moderate to severe burns

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and
- 2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist.

COPPER - Restricted see terms above

1 Tab 2.5 mg, chelated

COPPER CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 0.4 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Fluoride

SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

lodine

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026................5.99 90 NeuroTabs

POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE

Oral lig 10% with iodine 5%

Iron

FERROUS FUMARATE

		rice excl. GS [*] \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID				
Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5.98	100	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg				
FERROUS SULFATE				
Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml			30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan
FERROUS SULFATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500	mg			
IRON (AS FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE) - Restricted see terms beld Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		50.00	1	Ferinject
⇒ Restricted (RS1417)				
Initiation Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropria	ate.			
IRON (AS SUCROSE)				
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	1	00.00	5	Venofer
IRON POLYMALTOSE				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		37.95	5	Ferrosig
Magnesium				
MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE Can 750 mg (150 mg elemental)				

Cap 750 mg (150 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE

Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag

MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental) Suspension 8%

MAGNESIUM OXIDE

Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental)

Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE, MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE AND MAGNESIUM CITRATE

Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium amino acid

chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg elemental magnesium)

magnesium)

MAGNESIUM SULPHATE

Inj 100 mg per ml, 40 ml bag

Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag

Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag

Selenium

SELENIUM - Restricted see terms on the next page

■ Oral lig 150 mcg per 3 drops

Inj 300 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

e.g. Clinicians selenium oral drops

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1929)

Initiation - Moderate to severe burns

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and
- 2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist.

Zinc

ZINC

Oral lig 5 mg per 5 drops

ZINC CHLORIDE

Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule

ZINC SUI PHATE

Mouth and Throat

Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Soln 0.15%

Spray 0.15%

Spray 0.3%

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORIDE

Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride

CARBOXYMETHYLCFLLULOSE

Oral spray

CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE

Paste

Powder

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL

Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE

Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives

AMPHOTERICINI R	

MICONAZOLE

NYSTATIN

Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20262.22 24 ml Nilstat

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Other Oral Agents

HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]

Inj 20 mg per ml

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

→ Restricted (RS1175)

Otolaryngologist

Vitamins

Multivitamin Preparations

MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1498)

Initiation

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or
 - 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or
 - 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1499)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
- 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).</p>

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MULTIVITAMINS				
Tab (BPC cap strength)		18.50	1,000	Mvite
cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg, al tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 mg cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg → Restricted (RS1620) nitiation Any of the following:	,			e.g. Vitabdeck
 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndron Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome. 	ne; or			
Powder vitamin A 3200 mcg with vitamin D 100 mcg, vitamin E 54.2 vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 108 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, riboflav 4.4 mg, niacin 41 mg, vitamin B6 3.6 mg, folic acid 600 mcg, vit B12 9 mcg, biotin 120 mcg, pantothenic acid 24 mg, choline 1250 mg and inositol 700 mg	vin amin	74.88	200 g	Paediatric Seravit
→ Restricted (RS1178)				
nitiation				
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism. Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxin hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxin hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxin hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1)) mg (1) e) mg			e.g. Pabrinex IV
Vitamin A				
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml Oral liq 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml				
Vitamin B				
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027		3.95	3	Hydroxocobalamin Panpharma
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Tab 50 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial			90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Pyridoxine multichem

Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg	100	Thiamine multichem
Tab 100 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 125 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC11.25	500	Bplex
Vitamin C		
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg	500	Cvite
Vitamin D		
ALFACALCIDOL 26.32 Cap 0.25 mcg 26.32 Cap 1 mcg 87.98 Oral drops 2 mcg per ml 60.68	100 100 20 ml	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL Cap 0.25 mcg	100	Calcitriol XL Calcitriol-AFT
Cap 0.5 mcg13.68	100	Calcitriol XL Calcitriol-AFT
Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
COLECALCIFEROL Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	12 5 ml	Vit.D3 Clinicians

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

- Oral liq 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1632)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and

continued...

	Price		Brand or
(ex r		ST)	Generic
,	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A.D.E.K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 u
- Cap 500 u
- Oral liq 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1176)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Antianaemics

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

FPOFTIN ALFA - Restricted see terms below

_				
t	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	250.00	6	Binocrit
1	inj 2,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	100.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe	150.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe	96.50	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	125.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe	145.00	6	Binocrit
t	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe	175.00	6	Binocrit
t	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	197.50	6	Binocrit
t	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	250.00	1	Binocrit
	t to the second of the second			

→ Restricted (RS1660)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus: and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; or
 - 3.3 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment: and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$

Per Manufacturer

FPOFTIN BFTA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1661)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L: and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus: and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; or
 - 3.3 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Haematologist; and
- 2 For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative; and
- 3 *Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID 26.60 1,000 Folic Acid multichem Tab 0.8 mg 5 mg 1,000 Folic Acid multichem Tab 5 mg 100 Folic Acid Viatris Oral liq 50 mcg per ml 31.77 25 ml Biomed Inj 5 mg per ml 10 ml vial 10 ml vial 10 ml vial 10 ml vial

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

e.g. Driclor

Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

→ Restricted (RS1500)

Initiation

For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10,000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1332)

Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Either:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure; or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

FLTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg3,100.00	28	Revolade

→ Restricted (RS1648)

Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
 - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding; or
 - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter: or
 - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

4 T....

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

EMICIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 30 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
1	Inj 60 mg in 0.4 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
	Inj 105 mg in 0.7 ml vial		Hemlibra
t	Inj 150 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra

→ Restricted (RS1998)

Initiation - Severe Haemophilia A with or without FVIII inhibitors

Haematologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia A with a severe bleeding phenotype (endogenous factor VIII activity less than or equal to 2%); and
- 2 Emicizumab is to be administered at a dose of no greater than 3 mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks followed by the equivalent of 1.5 mg/kg weekly.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POLIDOCANOL

Ini 0.5%. 30 ml vial

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE			
Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule			
THROMBIN			
Powder			
TRANEXAMIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg	10.45	60	Mercury Pharma
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	5.39	5	Tranexamic-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	7.99	5	Tranexamic-AFT
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents			
IDARUCIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	4,250.00	2	Praxbind

→ Restricted (RS1535)

Initiation

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

EFTRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Rest	ricted see terms below		
Inj 250 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 500 iu vial	1,225.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 1,000 iu vial	2,450.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 3,000 iu vial	7,350.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 4,000 iu vial	9,800.00	1	Alprolix
Pactrioted (PC1694)			

→ Restricted (RS1684)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
1	Inj 2 mg syringe	2,356.60	1	NovoSeven RT
1	Inj 5 mg syringe	5,891.50	1	NovoSeven RT
t	Ini 8 mg syringe	9.426.40	1	NovoSeven RT

⇒ Restricted (RS1704)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is by named patient application to the Haemophilia Treaters Group, subject to access criteria.

FACTOR FIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 U	1	FEIBA NF
t	Inj 1,000 U2,630.00	1	FEIBA NF
t	Inj 2,500 U	1	FEIBA NF

→ Restricted (RS1705)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricte	d see terms below		_
Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe	287.50	1	Xyntha
Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe	1,150.00	1	Xyntha
Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
→ Restricted (RS1706)	·		•

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS

→ Restricted (RS1679)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 500 iu vial420.00	0 1	Advate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial840.00		Advate
	lnj 2,000 iu vial		Advate
t	lnj 3,000 iu vial	0 1	Advate

→ Restricted (RS1707)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 500 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•

→ Restricted (RS1708)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

RURIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	Adynovate
1	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1	Adynovate

→ Restricted (RS1682)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

Vitamin K

PHYTOMENADIONE

Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM Paediatric
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 250 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1181)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

DABIGATRAN

Cap 75 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202627.9	9 60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202627.9	9 60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	9 60	Pradaxa

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1182)

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1183)

Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml,

100 ml bag

ENOXAPARIN SODIUM

Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202721	1.90 1	0	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule			
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202729	9.74 1	0	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.47 1	0	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5.62 1	0	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202770	0.91 1	0	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202788	3.11 1	0	Clexane Forte
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027100	0.70 1	0	Clexane Forte

FONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe
- Ini 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1184)

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
HEPARIN SODIUM			
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml vial	83.00	10	Heparin Sodium
			Panpharma
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag	202.22		
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Pfizer
	25.49 103.70	10	Wookhardt
Ini F 000 iu in 0.0 ml amnaula	103.70		Wockhardt PSF
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	70.33	5	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 10 ml vial		25	Pfizer
	127.44	23	1 11201
HEPARINISED SALINE	00.04	50	D('
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	96.91	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		28	Xarelto
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	14.56	28	Xarelto
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM CHL	ORIDE		
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 74.6	mcg		
per ml, 5,000 ml bag			
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	7.50	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg			
Tab 3 mg	12.00	100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg	13.50	100	Marevan
Atlatalata			
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	1.95	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
· ·	12.65	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	5.07	84	Arrow - Clopid
DIPYRIDAMOLE			•
Tab 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 150 mg	13.93	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			,
EPTIFIBATIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	180.38	1	Eptifibatide Viatris
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Eptifibatide Viatris
,			F

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1759)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary thrombus on coronary angiography; or
- 3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

LYSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 500 mg

e.g. Aspegic

→ Restricted (RS1689)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and
- 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure.

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1774)

Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

Initiation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure* in the last 60 days; or
 - 1.2 Patient is about to have a neurological stenting procedure performed*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance using the P2Y12 (VerifyNow) assay or another appropriate platelet function assay and requires antiplatelet treatment with ticagrelor; or
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of a new cerebral ischemic event; or
 - 2.2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of transient ischemic attack symptoms referable to the stent.

Continuation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.

Initiation - Percutaneous coronary intervention with stent deployment

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone percutaneous coronary intervention; and
- 2 Patient has had a stent deployed in the previous 4 weeks; and
- 3 Patient is clopidogrel-allergic**.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Notes: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Note: ** Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Inj 5,000 iu vial

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Inj 50,000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 250,000 iu vial Inj 500,000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1536)

Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.1.2 Either:
 - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10 \times 10^6 /L on day 5 after 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or
 - 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10⁶ CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or

((Price ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
3.2 Both:			
3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mo3.2.2 Any of the following:3.2.2.1 Both:	bilisation; and		
3.2.2.1 Both: 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of >	5 x 10 ⁹ /l · and		
3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD	34 count of less		
3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10 ⁶ CD34 cells/kg have			
3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are de 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus			nas been received; or
Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors			
FILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below	22.22	40	A11 .1
 Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial 		10 4	Nivestim Neupogen
Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		10	Nivestim
Restricted (RS1188)			
Haematologist or oncologist PEGFILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe	65.00	1	Ziextenzo
, , , ,			Ziextenzo AU
(Ziextenzo AU Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe to be delisted 1 August 2025) → Restricted (RS1743) Initiation			
For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemother	apy for cancer (f	ebrile neutr	openia risk greater than or
equal to 5%*).			
Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taking ir Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines	ito account other	r risk factor	s as defined by the European
Fluids and Electrolytes			
Introveneus Administration			
Intravenous Administration			
CALCIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			e.g. Baxter
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			org. Zamor
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule			e.g. Max Health
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500		18	Placma Lyto 149
bagInj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,	02.02	10	Plasma-Lyte 148
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,			.
1,000 ml bag	30.72	12	Plasma-Lyte 148

COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium,
98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate,

12

Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose

¹ Item restricted (see → above); I Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	27.90	18	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			Daxtor
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	19.32	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag	52.00	10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 100 ml bag		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag		30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag		20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		1	Biomed
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chl 0.45%, 3,000 ml bag			
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chlo 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	oride		
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag	ide	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor			Baxtor
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag	318.78	18	Baxter
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag	192.96	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	204.84	12	Baxter
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 ml	bag563.52	48	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 m	•	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 m	•	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml l		48	Baxter
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE	5	-	
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule	174 57	10	Hospira
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	174.37	10	ι ιυομιια
RINGER'S SOLUTION			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l,			5 .
chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	227.52	12	Baxter
SODIUM ACETATE			
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			

		Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
CODILIM DICADDONATE		Ψ	1 01	Manufacturor
SODIUM BICARBONATE				
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial		24.70	1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial			1	Biomed
•		.20.01	'	Diomeu
SODIUM CHLORIDE		4.00		
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule			20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule			50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack		. 12.00	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297) Initiation				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
,		40.00		DD D :EL 1
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack		.12.00	30	BD PosiFlush
⇒ Restricted (RS1297)				
Initiation				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack		.11.70	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)				
Initiation				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule		5.00	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule		.40.15	5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag		.84.42	18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag	1	165.84	12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag	1	124.20	60	Baxter
		147.75	75	Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag			48	Baxter
		105.60	60	Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag			24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag			18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag		.18.96	12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle				
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE	[]			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule		.59.10	5	Biomed
WATER				
Inj 10 ml ampoule		7.60	50	Multichem
Inj 20 ml ampoule		5.00	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 250 ml bag				
Inj 500 ml bag				
Inj, 1,000 ml bag		.24.12	12	Baxter
Oral Administration				
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE				
Powder	1	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES				
Powder for oral soln - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028		9.50	50	Electral
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]				
Soln with electrolytes		6.53	1	Hydralyte - Lemonade
•		0.00	•	, draigto Lomonado
PHOSPHORUS Tab off 500 mg (16 mmal)				
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)				

¹ Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol) Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) Oral liq 2 mmol per ml		. 15.3	5	200	Span-K
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mgSODIUM CHLORIDE		8.5	2	100	Sodibic
Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml					
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder		.84.6	5	454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders					
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag		139.1	0	10	Gelofusine

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System ACE Inhibitors **CAPTOPRIL** 100 ml **DP-Captopril** → Restricted (RS1263) Initiation Any of the following: 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surgery. **FNAI APRII MAI FATF** 90 Acetec 90 Acetec 90 Acetec LISINOPRII Tab 5 mg11.07 90 Ethics Lisinopril Teva Lisinopril Tab 10 mg11.67 90 Ethics Lisinopril Teva Lisinopril 90 Ethics Lisinopril Teva Lisinopril (Ethics Lisinopril Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 August 2025) (Ethics Lisinopril Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 August 2025) (Ethics Lisinopril Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 August 2025) PERINDOPRII Coversyl 30 Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 2.44 30 Coversyl 30 Coversyl QUINAPRIL 90 Arrow-Quinapril 5 90 Arrow-Quinapril 10 90 Arrow-Quinapril 20 RAMIPRIL 90 Trvzan 90 Tryzan Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027......16.88 90 Tryzan 90 Tryzan

Angiotensin II Antagonists

CANDES	SARTAN	CILEXETIL
--------	--------	-----------

Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Candestar

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM			
Tab 12.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.00	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.29	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.86	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4.57	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	4.10	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 16/12.5
Tab 32 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	5.25	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 32/12.5
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	4.00	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide

Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors

SA	CUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 24/26
t	Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 49/51
t	Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 97/103
	Partition (D00044)			

→ Restricted (RS2014)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
 - 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III: or
 - 2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 35%; or
 - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practical, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure treatments.

Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers

DOXAZOSIN		
Tab 2 mg17.35	500	Doxazosin Clinect
Tab 4 mg20.94	500	Doxazosin Clinect

PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 10 mg

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

		rice		Brand or
	•	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
PRAZOSIN		<u> </u>	1 01	Manadator
Tab 1 mg		5 53	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 2 mg			100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 5 mg			100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Cap 1 mg			100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 2 mg			100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 5 mg			100	Prazosin Mylan
ERAZOSIN - Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Tab 1 mg				
Antiarrhythmics				
ADENOSINE				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027			5	Adsine
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	00.00	5	Adenosine Baxter
→ Restricted (RS1266)				
nitiation				
or use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.				
JMALINE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
→ Restricted (RS1001)				
Cardiologist				
MIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 100 mg		.3.49	30	Aratac
Tab 200 mg			30	Aratac
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule			10	Max Health
TROPINE SULPHATE				
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		16 10	10	Hikma
inj 600 meg per mi, 1 mi ampoule – 5% by Feb-25 to 2027		10.10	10	Juno
				Martindale
June Ini 600 mag per ml. 1 ml empeule to be deligated 1 October 200	E)			warunuale
Juno Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 October 202	3)			
DIGOXIN				
Tab 62.5 mcg			240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg		16.90	240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml				
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial				
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE				
Cap 100 mg				
LECAINIDE ACETATE				
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		19 95	60	Flecainide BNM
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		35.78	90	Flecainide Controlled
Sup long downg 100 mg 3/0 DT Aug-20 to 2020		55.70	50	Release Teva
Cap long-acting 200 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		54.28	90	Flecainide Controlled
, Jane Jane Jane Jane		-		Release Teva
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	10	02.79	5	Almarytm
•	10	08.16		Tambocor
				Tambocor German
VABRADINE - Restricted see terms on the next page				

Item restricted (see → above);
 Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1566)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker;
 - 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 150 mg162.00	100	Teva
Cap 250 mg202.00	100	Teva

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE	 Restricted 	l see terms	below
-----------	--------------------------------	-------------	-------

t	Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	86.68	100	MAR-Midodrine
_	Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Midodrine Medsurge MAR-Midodrine Midodrine Medsurge

(MAR-Midodrine Tab 2.5 mg to be delisted 1 October 2025) (MAR-Midodrine Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 October 2025)

→ Restricted (RS1427)

Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers

ATENOLOL		
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202711.00	500	Viatris
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 18.50	500	Atenolol Viatris
Oral liq 5 mg per ml49.85	300 ml	Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE		
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	90	Ipca-Bisoprolol
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	90	Ipca-Bisoprolol
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 20262.71	90	Ipca-Bisoprolol
CARVEDILOL		
Tab 6.25 mg2.24	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg2.95	60	Carvedilol Sandoz

CELIPROLOL - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 200 mg

ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ABETALOL	Ψ	1 61	Manufacturer
Tab 50 mg			
Tab 100 mg	49 54	100	Biocon
145 155 mg	14.50	100	Trandate
Tab 200 mg		100	Trandate
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
ETOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	4.20	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90	Myloc CR
ETOPROLOL TARTRATE			,
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	5.66	100	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		60	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		5	Metoprolol IV Mylan
ing ing permit, only vial	20.50	3	Metoprolol IV Viatris
ADOLOL			wictoproforty viatrio
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	10.10	100	Nadolol BNM
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	Nadolol BNM
· ·		100	Nadoloi Divivi
ROPRANOLOL	7.04	400	D
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	Drofate
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	IPCA-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg	18.17	100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml			e.g. Hikma-Propranolol
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
OTALOL			
Tab 80 mg		500	Mylan
-	22.50	300	Sotalol Viatris
Tab 160 mg	14.00	100	Mylan
Calcium Channel Blockers			
Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers			
MLODIPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1 45	90	Vasorex
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Vasorex
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Vasorex
· ·		00	racorox
ELODIPINE Tab lang acting 0.5 mg 59/ DV Fab 25 to 2007	0.10	20	Dlandii ED
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90 90	Felo 5 ER Felo 10 ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90	FEID ID EN
RADIPINE			
Toh 0 F ma			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Cap 2.5 mg			
· ·	next page		

	CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM		
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1699)			
Initiation Anaesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist			
Any of the following:			
1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intra2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or	•		
3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopt	ılmonary bypass.		
NIFEDIPINE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg		56	Tensipine MR10
Tab long-acting 20 mg		100 100	Nyefax Retard Mylan (24 hr release)
Tab long-acting 30 mg	4.78	14	Mylan Italy (24 hr
	4.70	17	release)
Tab long-acting 60 mg Cap 5 mg	52.81	100	Mylan (24 hr release)
NIMODIPINE			
Tab 30 mg	350.00	100	Nimotop
Inj 0.2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		5	Nimotop
1. 31			r
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 30 ma			
Cap long-acting 120 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	65.35	500	Diltiazem CD Clinect
Cap long-acting 180 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		30	Cardizem CD
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
PERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg	62.90	100	Pexsig
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 40 mg	7.01	100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg		100	Isoptin SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg		30	Isoptin SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	25.00	5	Isoptin
Centrally-Acting Agents			
CLONIDINE			
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	11.70	4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	17.90	4	Mylan
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mcg		112	Clonidine Teva
Tab 150 mcg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	14.10	5	Catapres

METHYLDOPA

100

Methyldopa Viatris

Tab 250 mg15.10

	ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Diuretics					
Loop Diuretics					
BUMETANIDE Tab 1 mg		.16.36	6	100	Burinex
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE] Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Tab 500 mg Oral liq 10 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule		.25.00 .11.20 2.40)))	1,000 50 30 ml 5 6	IPCA-Frusemide Urex Forte Lasix Furosemide-Baxter Lasix
Osmotic Diuretics					
MANNITOL Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bag				12 18	Baxter Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics					
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg					
Potassium Sparing Diuretics					
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml		.35.40)	25 ml	Biomed
EPLERENONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 ↓ Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1640) Initiation Both:				30 30	Inspra Inspra
Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%; and Either: 2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactone; or 2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant adverse effection.		e on o	ptimal	dosing	of spironolactone.
SPIRONOLACTONE Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg Oral liq 5 mg per ml		3.68	3	100 100 25 ml	Spiractin Spiractin Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics					
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026				500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CHLOROTHIAZIDE Oral liq 50 mg per ml	30.67	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE] Tab 25 mg	6.95	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	16.00	90	Dapa-Tabs
METOLAZONE Tab 5 mg			

Vasopressin receptor antagonists

TOLVAPTAN - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 15 mg87	'3.50	28	Jinarc
↓ Tab 30 mg87		28	Jinarc
■ Tab 45 mg + 15 mg	7.00	56	Jinarc
■ Tab 60 mg + 30 mg	7.00	56	Jinarc
■ Tab 90 mg + 30 mg	7.00	56	Jinarc
⇒ Restricted (RS1930)			

Initiation - autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease; and
- 2 Patient has an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) of greater than or equal to 25 ml/min/1.73 m² at treatment initiation; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with a decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 5 mL/min/1.73 m² within one-vear: or
 - 3.2 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with an average decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 2.5 mL/min/1.73 m² per year over a five-year period.

Continuation – autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has not developed end-stage renal disease, defined as an eGFR of less than 15 mL/min/1.73 m²; and
- 2 Patient has not undergone a kidney transplant.

Lipid-Modifying Agents

Fibrates

п	F7	Λ Ι	ГΙ	п	٨	т	_

Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	22.65	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	21.54	30	Bezalip Retard

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)			
ATORVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.31	30	Lorstat
	5.16	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	8.12	500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	7.16	100	Clinect
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	12.25	100	Clinect
ROSUVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026	1.29	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
■ Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026		30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg − 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	2.71	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
Tab 40 mg − 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	4.55	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
→ Restricted (RS1868)			
Initiation – cardiovascular disease risk			
Either:			
1 Both:			

- 1.1 Patient is considered to be at risk of cardiovascular disease; and
 - 1.2 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has a calculated risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
 - 2.2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atoryastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - familial hypercholesterolemia

Both:

- 1 Patient has familial hypercholesterolemia (defined as a Dutch Lipid Criteria score greater than or equal to 6); and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - established cardiovascular disease

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has proven coronary artery disease (CAD); or
 - 1.2 Patient has proven peripheral artery disease (PAD); or
 - 1.3 Patient has experienced an ischaemic stroke; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.4 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - recurrent major cardiovascular events

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced a recurrent major cardiovascular event (defined as myocardial infarction, ischaemic stroke, coronary revascularisation, hospitalisation for unstable angina) in the last 2 years; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.0 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CINAL/A CTATINI	Ψ	1 61	Wallulacturei
SIMVASTATIN Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.68	90	Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.54	90	Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		90	Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	8.81	90	Simvastatin Viatris
Resins			
CHOLESTYRAMINE			
Powder for oral liq 4 g			
COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Grans for oral liq 5 g			
COLESTYRAMINE			
Powder for oral suspension 4 g sachet	61.50	50	Colestyramine - Mylan
Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors			
EZETIMIBE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1.76	30	Ezetimibe Sandoz
EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg		30 30	Zimybe Zimybe
Other Lipid-Modifying Agents			•
ACIPIMOX Cap 250 mg			
оцр <u>200 mg</u>			
Nitrates			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose		250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day		30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day	18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE		400	
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100	Ismo 20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		30 90	Ismo 40 Retard Duride
			- 31140
Other Cardiac Agents			
LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms on the next page			
	509.60	1	Simdax
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1007)

Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

Initiation - Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

Sympathomimetics			
ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule	4.98	5	Aspen Adrenaline
, ,, ,	13.27		DBL Adrenaline
	25.30	10	Hameln
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial			
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule	49.00	10	Aspen Adrenaline
, .,,	27.00	5	Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe			
(Hameln Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 October 2025)			
DOBUTAMINE			
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	61 13	5	Dobutamine-hameln
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	01.13	3	Dobutanine-nameni
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	46.38	10	Dopamine Basi
			Max Health Ltd
EPHEDRINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		10	Ephedrine Juno
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	34.31	10	Max Health
ISOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL]			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
METARAMINOL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	53.00	10	Torbay
NORADRENALINE		10	Torbuy
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule	4E 00	10	Noradrenaline BNM
	45.00	10	inoraurenaline divivi
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	310.42	25	Neosynephrine HCL

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

Vasodilators

ALPROSTADIL - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mcg vial
- Inj 20 mcg vial
- → Restricted (RS1992)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has erectile dysfunction; and
- 2 Patient is to receive a penile Doppler ultrasonography.

ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE

5 Prostin VR

DIAZOXIDE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

- Tab 25 mg
- → Restricted (RS1008)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, in patients who are intolerant or have not responded to ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers.

Inj 20 mg ampoule25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10	Milrinone-Baxter
MINOXIDIL	10	Millione-Baxter
Tab 10 mg78.40	100	Loniten
NICORANDIL		
Tab 10 mg21.73	60	Max Health
Tab 20 mg27.44	60	Max Health
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule257.12	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]		

Tab 400 mg

SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE

Inj 50 mg vial

Endothelin Receptor Antagonists

AMBRISENTAN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 5 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	200.00	30	Ambrisentan Viatris
	200.00	30	Ambrisentan Viatris
→ Restricted (RS2121)			

Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist,

_		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	¢ Por	Manufacturer

continued...

cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with both sildenafil and bosentan; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:

	Price			Brand or
(0	ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †; or
- 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried bosentan (either as PAH monotherapy, or PAH dual therapy with sildenafil) for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on bosentan; or
 - 5.2.3 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.4 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and would benefit from initial dual therapy in the opinion of the treating clinician and has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (eg. due to current liver disease or use of a combined oral contraceptive).

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major

-		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	¢ Do:	Manufacturor

continued...

complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Both:
 - 5.2.2.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
 - 5.2.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

The patient is continuing to derive benefit from ambrisentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool**. Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 62.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	100.00	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
1	Tab 125 mg - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	100.00	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
_	Restricted (RS1982)			_

Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or

^{**} the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Price		Brand or
(ex n	nan. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil: or
 - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy; and
 - 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil) for at least three months and has experienced an inadequate therapeutic response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would likely benefit from initial dual therapy.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from bosentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool**.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors			
SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.72	4	Vedafil
■ Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1.45	4	Vedafil
■ Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	11.22	12	Vedafil
Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial			
⇒ Restricted (RS1983)			

Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH is confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) of greater than 20 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) that is less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 2 Wood Units or at least 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH is non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures.

Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

Initiation - injection

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

Prostacyclin Analogues

EPOPROSTENOL - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 mcg vial	5.61 1	Veletri
1	Ini 1.5 mg vial	3.21 1	Veletri

→ Restricted (RS1984)

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

5.3 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool.

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV: or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from epoprostenol treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer	
ILOPROST				
Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule	380.00	5	llomedin	
Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml − 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	166.53	30	Vebulis	
⇒ Restricted (RS1985)				

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Drand or

Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 Both:

- 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
- 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil and both the funded endothelin receptor antagonists (i.e. both bosentan and ambrisentan); or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to endothelin receptor antagonists.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

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- 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
- 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.2 Fither:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has an absolute contraindication to or has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil: or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to or experienced intolerable side effects with a funded endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.3 Either:
 - 5.3.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.3.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy.

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer		Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
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continued...

developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or

- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from iloprost treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1%	 8.56	10 g	Crystaderm
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Oint 2% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 SULFADIAZINE SILVER		5 g 5 g	Foban Foban
Cm 1%	 10.80	50 g	Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% → Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	 21.87	5 ml	MycoNail
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% → Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only	 1.10	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 1% – 5% DV Jun-25 to 2027 Foaming soln 1%	 8.04	20 g	Pevaryl
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 5% DV May-24 to 2026 METRONIDAZOLE	 4.09	100 ml	Sebizole
Gel 0.75%			
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% - 5% DV May-24 to 2026 Lotn 2% - Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2% NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g	 0.90	15 g	Multichem
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4%	 4.25	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON]			
Lotn 0.5%			
Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN Lotn 5% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1 20	30 ml	A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN	 4.20	30 1111	A-Scaples
Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE			
Crm 0.1%			
Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN			
Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	 11.26	60	Oratane
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		120	Oratane
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	 .26.73	120	Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	 16.82	50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE Crm, aqueous, BP – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	3.45	100 g	healthE Calamine
5, aquosas, 2 5	01 10	.00 g	Aqueous
CROTAMITON			
Crm 10% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	 3.49	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE	4.50	400	. W.E.D. W.
Crm 10% pump bottle	 4.52	460 g	healthE Dimethicone 10%
Crm 5% pump bottle	 4.30	460 g	healthE Dimethicone 5%
Crm 5% tube	 1.47	100 g	healthE Dimethicone 5%
ZINC			o a Zino Croom (Orion)
Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)
Paste			
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL	1.60	20 ~	Orion
CrmOint		20 g 500 g	Orion Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 (5	555 g	
Oint, BP	 1.26	20 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less.			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%			e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients			
AQUEOUS CREAM			
Crm 100 g - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.		100 g	Evara
Crm 500 g - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.	1.65	500 g	Evara
CETOMACROGOL Crm BP, 100 g - 5% DV Jun-25 to 2027	0.99	100 g	Cetomacrogol Cream
Crm BP, 500 g - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.29	500 g	AFT Cetomacrogol-AFT
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL			
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	1.92	460 g	Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.	3.25	920 g	Evara
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,	1 65	100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.	1.00	100 g	nearine
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT Oint BP - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2 30	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.	2.00	100 g	dayonom
Oint BP, 500 g – 5% DV May-24 to 2026	3.13	500 g	Emulsifying Ointment ADE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.			,,,,,,
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN	.,		01/
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 109	/o		e.g. QV cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION			
Crm, 100 g – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	1.43	100 g	Fatty Emulsion Cream (Evara)
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.	0.40		
Crm, 500 g - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	2.10	500 g	Fatty Emulsion Cream (Evara)
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			
PARAFFIN	1.04	100 -	White Oak Lieuria
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%	1.84	100 g	White Soft Liquid Paraffin AFT
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. White soft	0.79	10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both			
White soft, – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		450 g	EVARA White Soft Paraffin
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 500 g or less and gr Yellow soft	reater than 30 g.		i wiwiilli
Lotn liquid paraffin 85%			e.g QV Bath Oil
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT			
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

	DETIMATOLOGICALS			
	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer	
UREA	Ψ	1 01	Manadadad	
Crm 10%	1.37	100 g	healthE Urea Cream	
WOOL FAT		100 9	nodiane orod orodin	
Crm				
Onn				
Corticosteroids				
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE				
Crm 0.05% – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	36.00	50 g	Diprosone	
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.		oo g	Dipi coono	
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	36.00	50 g	Diprosone	
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.		3 3		
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE				
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5.85	50 g	Beta Cream	
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.90	50 g	Beta Ointment	
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	30.00	50 ml	Betnovate	
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE				
Crm 0.05%	2.40	30 g	Dermol	
Oint 0.05%	2.33	30 g	Dermol	
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE				
Crm 0.05%				
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE - Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Crm 0.1%				
→ Fatty oint 0.1%				
HYDROCORTISONE				
Crm 1%, 30 g		30 g	Ethics	
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to	-			
Crm 1%, 500 g	20.40	500 g	Noumed	
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.				
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN				
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% – 5% DV Jun-2				
to 2026	12.83	250 ml	DP Lotn HC	
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.1%	4 OE	100 a	Locaid Linearcom	
Oint 0.1%		100 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid	
Milky emul 0.1%		100 g	Locoid Crelo	
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			2000.0 0.0.0	
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4 95	15 g	Advantan	
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		15 g	Advantan	
MOMETASONE FUROATE		- 3		
Crm 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.25	15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free	
	3.50	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free	
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		15 g	Elocon	
	3.50	50 g	Elocon	
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	4.99	30 ml	Elocon	
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE				
Crm 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100 g	Aristocort	
Oint 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.54	100 g	Aristocort	

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1125)

Initiation

ACITRETIN

Either:

- 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or
- 2 For continuation use.

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]

Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%

HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE

Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20272.85	15 g	Micreme H
HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN		

Pimafucort

Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%......4.34

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN

Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g

Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations

ACTRETIN		
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202626.20	60	Novatretin
Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202657.37	60	Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL		
Foam spray 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g	60 g	Enstilar
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202740.92	60 g	Daivobet
Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202714.31	30 g	Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL		
Oint 50 mcg per g40.00	120 g	Daivonex
COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR		
Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%		
METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN]		
Tab 10 mg		
Lotn 1.2%		
PIMECROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below		
	45 -	Filal
□ Crm 1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	15 g	Elidel
→ Restricted (RS1781)		

Initiation

Both:

Dermatologist, paediatrician or ophthalmologist

- 1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the evelid; and
 - 2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical corticosteroids: periorificial dermatitis, rosacea, documented epidermal atrophy, documented allergy to topical corticosteroids, cataracts, glaucoma, or raised intraocular pressure.

PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURII SULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN

Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium - 5% DV

				DEKI	WATOLOGICALS
	-	Price . excl. GS		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE Tab 400 mg Crystals			_		
TACROLIMUS ■ Oint 0.1% – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1859) Initiation		33.00	;	30 g	Zematop
Dermatologist or paediatrician Both:					
 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the face; and Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to to documented epidermal atrophy or documented allergy to topic 	•		;: pe	riorificial	dermatitis, rosacea,

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE Scalp app 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 12.95	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Scalp app 0.05%	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1%	100 ml	Locoid

Wart Preparations

PODOPHYLLOTOXIN

3.5 ml Condvline Soln 0.5%

SILVER NITRATE

Sticks with applicator

Other Skin Preparations

DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE

Powder 2%

IMIQUIMOD

Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet......21.72

Perrigo

24

SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY

200 g Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+

Antineoplastics

FLUOROURACIL SODIUM

Efudix 20 g

METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1127)

Dermatologist or plastic surgeon

Wound Management Products

CALCIUM GLUCONATE

e.g. Orion Gel 2.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anti-Infective Agents

ACETIC ACID

Soln 3% Soln 5%

ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID

Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyguinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator

CHI ORHEXIDINE GI UCONATE

Crm 1%

I otn 1%

CLOTRIMAZOLE

35 a Clomazol Vaginal crm 2% with applicator3.85 Clomazol 20 g

MICONAZOLE NITRATE

Micreme

NYSTATIN

Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026....5.70

75 g

168

40 a

Nilstat

Contraceptives

Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives

CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL

Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

Ginet

Combined Oral Contraceptives

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL

84 Lo-Oralcon 20 FD 84 Oralcon 30 ED

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg and 7 inert tab12.25 84 Alyacen Brevinor 1/28

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL

Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

(e	Price ex man. excl. GST	١	Brand or Generic
1-	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
NTRA-UTERINE DEVICE			
IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width		1	Choice 380 7med Nsha Silver/copper Short
IUD 33.6 mm length × 29.9 mm widthIUD 35.5 mm length × 19.6 mm width	26.80 33.00	1 1	TCu 380 Plus Normal Cu 375 Standard
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL			
Tab 1.5 mg	1.75	1	Levonorgestrel BNM
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
DESOGESTREL			
Tab 75 mcg	24.50	84	Cerazette
_EVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg	22.00	112	Microlut
Intra-uterine device 52 mg.		1	Mirena
Intra-uterine device 13.5 mg		1	Jaydess
Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2026		2	Jadelle
. ,	100.32	2	Jaucile
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE			
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe	10.56	1	Depo-Provera
NORETHISTERONE			
Tab 350 mcg	12.25	84	Norethinderone - CDC
v			Noriday
			Noriday 28
Obstetric Preparations			
Antiprogestogens			
MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg			
Oxytocics			
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
DINOPROSTONE			
Pessaries 10 mg			
Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g		1	Prostin E2
Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g	82.33	1	Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE			
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	160.00	5	DBL Ergometrine
DXYTOCIN			-
Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	/ QQ	5	Oxytocin BNM
Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Oxytocin BNM
		J	OXYLOGIT DIVIVI
DXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE	_		
Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	32.40	5	Syntometrine

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Tocolytics				
PROGESTERONE Cap 100 mg FERBUTALINE – Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mcg ampoule → Restricted (RS1130) Disstetrician		.14.85	30	Utrogestan
Oestrogens DESTRIOL Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Pessaries 500 mcg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			15 g 15	Ovestin Ovestin
Urologicals				
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors				
FINASTERIDE — Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 5 mg — 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	s or these a	re contrain	100 dicated; or	Ricit
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers				
TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below Cap 400 mcg → Restricted (RS1132) nitiation Both: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or the			100	Tamsulosin-Rex
Urinary Alkalisers				
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below Oral liq 3 mmol per ml Restricted (RS1133) nitiation Both: 1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and			200 ml	Biomed
The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two yeas SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	·	••	ion. 28	Ural

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Urinary Antispasmodics			
OXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	5.42	100	Alchemy Oxybutynin
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-25 to 2027	3.15 1.95	30	Solifenacin Viatris Solifenacin succinate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-25 to 2027	3.53	30	Max Health Solifenacin succinate Max Health

(Solifenacin Viatris Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 November 2025)

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Per

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

Tab 2.5 mg

→ Restricted (RS1302)

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

CYPROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027	17.05	50	Siterone
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027	31.00	50	Siterone
TESTOSTERONE			
Gel (transdermal) 16.2 mg per g, 88 g - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	52.00	60	Testogel
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	85.00	1	Depo-Testosterone

TESTOSTERONE ESTERS

Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg, testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE

→ Cap 40 mg − **Restricted:** For continuation only Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial......86.00

00 1 Reandron 1000

Calcium Homeostasis

CALCITONIN			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	121.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below			
	.25.24	28	Cinacalet Devatis
■ Tab 60 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	.50.47	28	Cinacalet Devatis
(-0.4004)			

→ Restricted (RS1931)

Initiation - parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
 - 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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continued...

thiosulfate.

Continuation - parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L: and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

Initiation - primary hyperparathyroidism

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has primary hyperparathyroidism; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 3 mmol/L with or without symptoms; or
 - 2.2 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 2.85 mmol/L with symptoms; and
- 3 Surgery is not feasible or has failed; and
- 4 Patient has other comorbidities, severe bone pain, or calciphylaxis.

Initiation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has tertiary hyperparathyroidism and markedly elevated parathyroid hormone (PTH) with hypercalcaemia;
 - 1.2 Patient has symptomatic secondary hyperparathyroidism and elevated PTH; and
- 2 Patient is on renal replacement therapy; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Residual parathyroid tissue has not been localised despite repeat unsuccessful parathyroid explorations; or
 - 3.2 Parathyroid tissue is surgically inaccessible; or
 - 3.3 Parathyroid surgery is not feasible.

Continuation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had a kidney transplant, and following a treatment free interval of at least 12 weeks a clinically acceptable parathyroid hormone (PTH) level to support ongoing cessation of treatment has not been reached; or
- 2 The patient has not received a kidney transplant and trial of withdrawal of cinacalcet is clinically inappropriate.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

OLLDHONIC ACID			
Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	15.65	1	Zoledronic Acid Injection
			Mylan
			Zoledronic acid Viatris

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml53.86	25 ml	Biomed

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE	Ψ	1 01	Manadator
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	7 96	10	Hameln
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		10	Hameln
		10	Hamom
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE	0.05	100	Clarinof
Tab 100 mcg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	8.05	100	Florinef
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg		100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg		100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	3.96	1	Solu-Cortef
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg	112.00	100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg	223.10	20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial	22.30	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 125 mg vial	34.10	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 500 mg vial	43.01	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 1 g vial	52.54	1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	47.06	5	Depo-Medrol
PREDNISOLONE			'
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml		00 1111	riculpicu
PREDNISONE			
	10.50	500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 1 mg Tab 2.5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 20 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
<u> </u>		500	i redificone Officel
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE	04.46	-	1/
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 10% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	52.03	5	Kenacort-A 40

TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL

Tab 1 mg			
Gel (transdermal) 0.06% (750 mcg/actuation) - 5% DV Nov-24			
to 31 Oct 2027	14.25	80 g	Estrogel
Patch 25 mcg per day - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2027	. 8.89	8	Estradiol TDP Mylan
1	16.23		Estradot
2	21.35		Lyllana
Patch 50 mcg per day - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2027	.9.26	8	Estradiol TDP Mylan
1	15.79		Estradot
2	21.55		Lyllana
Patch 75 mcg per day - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2027	10.33	8	Estradiol TDP Mylan
1	16.53		Estradot
2	22.37		Lyllana
Patch 100 mcg per day - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2027	10.59	8	Estradiol TDP Mylan
1	16.18		Estradot
2	22.77		Lyllana
(Lyllana Patch 25 mcg per day to be delisted 1 December 2025)			
(Lyllana Patch 50 mcg per day to be delisted 1 December 2025)			
(Lyllana Patch 75 mcg per day to be delisted 1 December 2025)			
(Lyllana Patch 100 mcg per day to be delisted 1 December 2025)			
OESTRADIOL VALERATE			
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	12.36	84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028		84	Progynova

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations

OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol

(12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)

OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Progestogens

Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg

MEDR	OXYPRO	GESTERONE	ACFTATE

Tab 2.5 mg	30	Provera
Tab 5 mg	100	Provera
Tab 10 mg10.28	30	Provera

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Endocrine Agents			
CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 0.5 mg → Restricted (RS1855)	4.43 17.94	2 8	Dostinex Dostinex
Initiation Any of the following: 1 Inhibition of lactation; or 2 Patient has hyperprolactinemia; or 3 Patient has acromegaly. Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. CLOMIFENE CITRATE Tab 50 mg GESTRINONE Cap 2.5 mg METYRAPONE Cap 250 mg PENTAGASTRIN Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	29.84	10	Mylan Clomiphen
Other Oestrogen Preparations			
OESTRADIOL Implant 50 mg			
OESTRIOL Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	7.70	30	Ovestin
Other Progestogen Preparations			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE Tab 100 mg NORETHISTERONE	133.57	100	Provera HD
Tab 5 mg	5.49	30	Primolut N
Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogu CORTICORELIN (OVINE) Inj 100 mcg vial THYROTROPIN ALFA Inj 900 mcg vial	es		
Adrenocorticotropic Hormones			
TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN] Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	86.25	1	Synacthen
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	690.00	1	UK Synacthen Synacthen Depot

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

GnRH Agonists and Antagonists

BUSERELIN

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial

GONADORELIN

Inj 100 mcg vial

GOSERELIN

LEU

Implant 3.6 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	66.48	1	Zoladex
Implant 10.8 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	138.23	1	Zoladex
UPRORELIN ACETATE			
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	221.60	1	Lucrin Depot 1-month
Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	591.68	1	Lucrin Depot 3-month

Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA

Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

Growth Hormone

t	Inj 5 mg cartridge - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 80.21	1	Omnitrope
t	Inj 10 mg cartridge - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202780.21	1	Omnitrope
t	Inj 15 mg cartridge - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027139.50	1	Omnitrope

→ Restricted (RS1826)

Initiation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and</p>
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.</p>

Continuation – short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and
- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight oximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or

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	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$ Per	Manufacturer

5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
 - 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for somatropin for childhood deficiency in children and no longer meets the renewal criteria under this indication; and
 - 3.2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
 - 3.3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
 - 3.4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
 - 3.5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until the serum IGF-I is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOI F

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

¶ Tab 20 mcg

→ Restricted (RS1301)

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Ini 20 mcg vial

Inj 100 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 50 mg	35.00	100	PTU
⇒ Restricted (RS1276)			
Initiation			
Both:			
1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and			
2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is	contraindicated.		
PROTIRELIN			

Vasopressin Agents

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents			
ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN] Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
DESMOPRESSIN			
Wafer 120 mcg	.47.00	30	Minirin Melt
DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg	.25.00	30	Minirin
Tab 200 mcg	.54.45	30	Minirin
Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml			
Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose, 6 ml - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2026	.34.95	60	Desmopressin-PH&T
TERLIPRESSIN			
Inj 0.2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	110.00	5	Terlipressin Ever Pharma

	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials					
Aminoglycosides					
AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1041)		169.9	7	5	DBL Amikacin
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci GENTAMICIN SULPHATE	alist				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		95.0	0	5	DBL Gentamicin
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		36.7 18.3 91.9 18.3	B 0	5 10 50 10	Cidomycin P/Free Gentamicin Amdipharm Gentamicin Noridem Pfizer
PAROMOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			-		
Cap 250 mg Restricted (RS1603) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologists STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE − Restricted see terms below Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted (RS1043) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specitobrands TOBRAMYCIN Powder Restricted (RS1475) Initiation For addition to orthopaedic bone cement.	st			16	Humatin
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci	alist	15.5	0	5	Tobramycin (Viatris)
■ Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml - 5% DV Dec-23 to 202 → Restricted (RS1435) Initiation Patient has cystic fibrosis.	6	395.0	0 5	66 dose	Tobramycin BNM
Carbapenems					
ERTAPENEM − Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial		70.0	0	1	Invanz

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

→ Restricted (RS1045)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial	60.00	1	Imipenem+Cilastatin
→ Restricted (RS1046)			RBX
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
IEROPENEM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	33.48	10	Meropenem-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		10	Meropenem-AFT
→ Restricted (RS1047)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation			
CEFALEXIN			
Cap 250 mg	3.85	20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg		20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml		100 ml	Flynn
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml		100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
PETAZOLINI	10.38		Flynn
EFAZOLIN Ini 500 mg viol 59/ DV Mor 24 to 2026	2.20	5	Cefazolin-AFT
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		5 5	Cefazolin-AFT
Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		5	Cefazolin-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation	ı		
CEFACLOR			
Cap 250 mg	25.85	100	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml		100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
EFOXITIN			•
Inj 1 g vial			
EFUROXIME			
Tab 250 mg			
Inj 750 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		10	Cefuroxime Devatis
Inj 1.5 g vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	13.01	10	Cefuroxime Devatis
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation	ı		
CEFOTAXIME			
Inj 500 mg vial	1.90	1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		10	DBL Cefotaxime
CEFTAZIDIME - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	25.80	10	Ceftazidime Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1048)	ialiat		
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ailsī		
EFTAZIDIME WITH AVIBACTAM – Restricted see terms below	0.050.00	40	7
Inj ceftazidime 2,000 mg with avibactam 500 mg, vial • Restricted (RS2104)	2,250.00	10	Zavicefta
restricted (RS2104)			
Both:			

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Prescribed by, or recommended by a clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health NZ Hospital; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Proven infection with a carbapenem-resistant micro-organism, based on microbiology report; or
 - 2.2 Probable infection with a carbapenem-resistant micro-organism, based on assessment by a clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist.

CEFTRIAXONE

Inj 500 mg vial	0.79	1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1 g vial	3.59	5	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 2 g vial	7.85	5	Ceftriaxone-AFT

Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation

CEFEPIME -	- Restricted s	see terms below

1	Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	Cefepime-AFT
1	Ini 2 g vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	Cefepime-AFT

→ Restricted (RS1049)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation

CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1446)

Initiation - multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Either:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

Macrolides

AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 500 mg2.57	2	Zithromax
t	Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml)16.97	15 ml	Zithromax

⇒ Restricted (RS1598)

Initiation – bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms*; or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications



F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	14	Klacid
	7.31	12	Klaricid
1	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	14	Klacid
t	Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml192.00	50 ml	Klacid
		1	Klacid IV

→ Restricted (RS1709)

Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication: or
- 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surgical or dental procedures if amoxicillin is contra-indicated.

Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)			
Tab 400 mg		100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	6.53	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	9.41	100 ml	E-Mycin
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)			
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	10.00	1	Erythrocin IV
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation of			•
→ Tab 250 mg	,		
→ Tab 500 mg			
ROXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms below			
■ Tab dispersible 50 mg			
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	13.19	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	25.00	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
→ Restricted (RS1569)			•
Initiation			
Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.			
Penicillins			
rememins			
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg	27.50	500	Miro-Amoxicillin
Cap 500 mg		500	Miro-Amoxicillin
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.22	100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.81	100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial		10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial		10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial	21.64	10	Ibiamox
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	i1.59	10	Curam Duo 500/125
Grans for oral liq 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml - 5%	DV		
May-25 to 2027	8.50	100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml -5%			
Jun-25 to 2027	5.61	100 ml	Amoxiclav Devatis
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-25 to 20	17.50	10	Forte Amoxiclav multichem
ing 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg viai = 5 % DV 3ep-25 to 20	22.48	10	Synermox
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-25 to		10	Amoxiclav multichem
ing 1,000 mg with clavellatile acid 200 mg viai 370 by 3cp-23 to	202720.00	10	Cerobact
	29.61		Synermox
(Amoxiclav multichem Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial to be		ber 2025)	-,
(Amoxiclav multichem Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial to			
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN		/	
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe	432 37	10	Bicillin LA
, , , ,		10	Diginili Li t
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]	16.50	10	Sandoz
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	16.50	10	Saliuuz

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
FLUCLOXACILLIN	Ψ	1 01	Wandiactarci
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Aug-25 to 2027	15.70	250	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Aug-25 to 2027	22.58	250	Staphlex
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Aug-25 to 2027		500	Flucloxacillin-AFT
σαρ σσο mg - σ/ο Βτ Aug 20 to 2027	72.71	000	Staphlex
Grans for oral lig 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Flucil
Flucloxacillin-AFT Cap 250 mg to be delisted 1 August 2025)			
Flucloxacillin-AFT Cap 500 mg to be delisted 1 August 2025)			
HENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.68	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml	4.24	100 ml	AFT
IPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial – 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	3 15	1	PipTaz-AFT
• Restricted (RS1053)		•	1 10 102 711 1
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	cialist		
BOCAINE PENICILLIN			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe			
, , , ,			
ICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID - Restricted see terms below	JW		

- Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1054)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

Quinolones

CIPROFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg − 5% DV Nov-24 to 2026	1.95	28	Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
↓ Tab 500 mg − 5% DV Nov-24 to 2026	3.10	28	Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
↓ Tab 750 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2026	4.80	28	Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
■ Oral liq 50 mg per ml			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	166.50	10	Ciprofloxacin Kabi
⇒ Restricted (RS1055)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
MOXIFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 400 mg	42.00	5	Avelox
■ Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	413.40	10	Moxifloxacin Kabi
→ Restricted (RS2129)			
Initiation – Mycobacterium infection			

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist

Any of the following:

1 Both:

			INFECTIONS
Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
1.1 Active tuberculosis; and			
1.2 Any of the following:			
1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications; or 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuber area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tubers 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following or	secon or culosis a reas	d-line age medicati onable tri	ents; or ons; or al of first-line medications;
Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact with a confirmed meaning to the confirmed meaning the confirmed meaning to the confirmed meaning the confirmed meaning to the confirmed meaning meaning the confirmed meaning meaning the confirmed meaning			
3 Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact with a confirmed matiation – Pneumonia Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist Either: 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line to 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resis Initiation – Penetrating eye injury Ophthalmologist Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury Initiation – Mycoplasma genitalium All of the following: 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium at 2 Either: 2.1 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; or 2.2 Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; and 3 Treatment is only for 7 days. Initiation – severe delayed beta-lactam allergy Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist Individual has a history of severe delayed beta-lactam allergy. NORFLOXACIN Tab 400 mg	reatme ttant to /. nd is s	ent; or o other an	itibiotics.
			7.11.011.11011101110111
Tetracyclines			
DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg DOXYCYCLINE → Tab 50 mg - Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg	ı	500	Doxine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			

→ Cap 100 mg - **Restricted**: For continuation only

MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg

TETRACYCLINE

Cap 500 mg

28

Accord



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1059) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist Other Antibacterials AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below 10 Azactam → Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CHLORAMPHENICOL - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial ⇒ Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CLINDAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Dalacin C 24 ■ Oral lig 15 mg per ml Hameln 10 → Restricted (RS1061) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted see terms below 10 Colomycin → Restricted (RS1062) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist DAPTOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Daptomycin Dr Reddy's ⇒ Restricted (RS1063) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist FOSFOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below **■** Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet - **5% DV Apr-25 to 2027**18.70 **UroFos** → Restricted (RS1315) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist LINCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial → Restricted (RS1065) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist LINEZOLID - Restricted see terms below

METHENAMINE (HEXAMINE) HIPPURATE	
Tab 1 a	

→ Restricted (RS1066)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist 100 Hiprex **NITROFURANTOIN** 100 Nifuran Tab 100 mg37.50 100 Nifuran Macrobid 100

10

150 ml

10

Zyvox

Zyvox

Linezolid Kabi

■ Tab 600 mg - **5% DV Dec-24 to 2027** 194.60

Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027......155.00

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PIVMECILLINAM – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 200 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1322)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 250 mg	135.70	36	Fucidin
→ Restricted (RS1064)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULFADIAZINE SODIUM - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 500 mg			e.g. Sulfadiazin-Heyl;
			Wockhardt
Restricted (RS1067)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal m	iedicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	38.85	1	Teicoplanin Medsurge
Restricted (RS1068)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg	07.00		T.1.D
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	27.83	50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOLI	•		
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20		500	Trisul
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml - 5% DV Aug-			
to 2028	4.95	100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
VANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	3.38	1	Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1069)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

→ Restricted (RS1410)

Oncologist

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERICIN B

→ Restricted (RS1071)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ P4	

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Inj 50 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1316)

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u17.09	50	Nilstat
Cap 500.000 u	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

FLUCONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	4.10	28	Mylan
Cap 150 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	0.45	1	Mylan
Cap 200 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	8.90	28	Mylan
■ Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml	129.02	35 ml	Diflucan
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	11.20	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	5.20	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
⇒ Restricted (RS1072)			
Consultant			
ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
	27.32	60	Itracap
	6.83	15	Itraconazole Cresent

■ Oral liquid 10 mg per ml

(Itracap Cap 100 mg to be delisted 1 December 2025)

→ Restricted (RS1073)

Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

POSACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	123.60	24	Posaconazole Juno
t	Oral liq 40 mg per ml - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	308.26	105 ml	Devatis
\rightarrow	Restricted (RS2052)			

Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

Initiation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Posaconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing posaconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

Continuation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Posaconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing posaconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

Vttack
Vttack
Vfend
AFT

→ Restricted (RS2053)

Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
 - 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and



			_
Price		Brand or	_
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Voriconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing voriconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

Continuation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Voriconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing voriconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

Other Antifungals

CASPOFI INGIN - Restricted see terms below

٠,	tor or ortain. Hookilotoa ooo torriio bort	**		
t	Inj 50 mg vial	110.00	1	Alchemy Caspofungin
t	Inj 70 mg vial	135.00	1	Alchemy Caspofungin
	D1-1-1-1 (DO1070)			

→ Restricted (RS1076)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
⇒ Restricted (RS1279)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
TERBINAFINE				
Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	8.97	84	Deolate	

Antimycobacterials

Antileprotics

CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1077)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg	100	Dapsone
	Tab 100 mg		Dapsone

→ Restricted (RS1078)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

Antituberculotics

BEDAQUILINE - Restricted see terms below

24 Sirturo

→ Restricted (RS1977)

Initiation - multi-drug resistant tuberculosis

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The person has multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB); and
- 2 Ministry of Health's Tuberculosis Clinical Network has reviewed the individual case and recommends bedaguiline as part of the treatment regimen.

CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 250 mg
- → Restricted (RS1079)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

Ţ	Tab	100	mg
•	T - 1:	400	

56 Myambutol

→ Restricted (RS1080)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

ISONIAZID - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 100 mg - **5% DV May-25 to 2027**......94.50 100 Isoniazid Teva 327.41 Noumed Isoniazid

⇒ Restricted (RS1281)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below

1 Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg − **5% DV Feb-25 to 2027**89.82 Rifinah **1** Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg − **5% DV Feb-25 to 2027**179.13 100 Rifinah → Restricted (RS1282)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below			
	280.00	30	Paser
⇒ Restricted (RS1083)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	cialist		
PROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg	305.00	100	Peteha
⇒ Restricted (RS1084)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist	cialist		
PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
⇒ Restricted (RS1085)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist	cialist		
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 150 mg	353.71	30	Mycobutin
→ Restricted (RS1086)			•
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist	t or respiratory speci	ialist	
RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	58.54	100	Rifadin
		100	Rifadin
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		1	Rifadin
⇒ Restricted (RS1087)			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, pae	ediatrician or public h	ealth physi	cian

Antiparasitics

Anthelmintics

ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 200 mg
- → Restricted (RS1088)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1283)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

MEBENDAZOLE

Stromectol

PRAZIQUANTEL

Tab 600 mg

Antiprotozoals

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg
- → Restricted (RS1090)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

	f (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms below					
Inj 60 mg vial					
→ Restricted (RS1091)					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted				10	Malauana lunian
Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg				12 12	Malarone Junior Malarone
⇒ Restricted (RS1092)		.09.5	J	12	Maiarone
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below					
■ Tab 250 mg					
⇒ Restricted (RS1093)					
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rhe	eumatolo	gist			
MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below					
→ Restricted (RS1094)					
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rhe	eumatolo	gist			
METRONIDAZOLE			_		
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027				250	Metronidamed
Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027				21	Metronidamed
Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026				100 ml 10	Flagyl-S Baxter
Suppos 500 mg				10	Flagyl
NITAZOXANIDE – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 500 mg					
■ Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml					
⇒ Restricted (RS1095)					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
ORNIDAZOLE					
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		.36.5	2	10	Arrow-Ornidazole
PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE - Restricted see terms below					
■ Inj 300 mg vial	2	216.0)	5	Pentacarinat
→ Restricted (RS1096)					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
PRIMAQUINE – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 15 mg					
Tab 7.5 mg					
→ Restricted (RS1097) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
PYRIMETHAMINE – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 25 mg					
→ Restricted (RS1098)					
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal m	edicine :	specia	alist		
QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below					
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule					
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial					
→ Restricted (RS1099)					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

SODIUM STIBOGI UCONATE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- ⇒ Restricted (RS1101)
- Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1898)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical quidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

FFAVIRFN7 - Restricted see terms above
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\Rightarrow	Tab 600 mg - Restricted:	For continuation only	65.38	30	Efavirenz Milpharm
t	Oral liq 30 mg per ml	-			
(Ff	avirenz Milnharm Tah 600 m	na to be delisted 1 November 2026)		

ETRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms above			
1 Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms above			
1 Tab 200 mg − 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	198.25	60	Nevirapine Viatris
Oral suspension 10 mg per ml	203.55	240 ml	Viramune Suspension

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1899)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ABACAVIR SUI PHATE - Restricted see terms above

Tab 300 mg	180.00	60	Ziagen
1 Oral liq 20 mg per ml			
ABACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg	29.50	30	Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris
EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Re	stricted see	terms abov	е
Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg			
(300 mg as a maleate)	106.88	30	Viatris
1 Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg			
(300 mg as a fumarate)	106.88	30	TEEVIR
			Triovir
EMTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms above	007.00	00	-
T Cap 200 mg	307.20	30	Emtriva
LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms above			
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	98.00	60	Lamivudine Viatris
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			
STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms above			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 40 mg			
Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml			
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] – Restricted see terms above			
Cap 100 mg		100	Retrovir
Oral liq 10 mg per ml	30.45	200 ml	Retrovir

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Retrovir IV

Price (ex man. excl. (\$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE — Restricted see terms on the previous page		Lominudino/7idouudino
Tab 300 mg with lamivudine 150 mg92.40	60	Lamivudine/Zidovudine Viatris

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1900)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ATAZANAVIR SUI PHATE - Restricted see terms above

ATAZANAVIN SOLFHATE - nestricted see terris above		
t Cap 150 mg85.00	60	Atazanavir Mylan Atazanavir Viatris
t Cap 200 mg	60	Atazanavir Viatris
DARUNAVIR - Restricted see terms above		
Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	60	Darunavir Viatris
1 Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	60	Darunavir Viatris
INDINAVIR – Restricted see terms above t Cap 200 mg Cap 400 mg		
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms above		
Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	60	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
1 Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 875.00	120	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms above		
1 Tab 100 mg 43.31	30	Norvir

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1901)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical quidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

DOLUTEGRAVIR - Rest	ricted see terms above
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t	Tab 50 mg	.1,090.00	30	Tivicay
	LUTEGRAVIR WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above			
t	Tab 50 mg with lamivudine 300 mg	.1,090.00	30	Dovato
RA	LTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM - Restricted see terms above			
t	Tab 400 mg	.1,090.00	60	Isentress
t	Tab 600 mg	.1,090.00	60	Isentress HD

Antivirals

Hepatitis B

ENTECAVIR Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 12.04	30	Entecavir (Rex)
LAMIVUDINE	00	Lincouvii (Hox)
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 202612.06	28	Zetlam
Oral liq 5 mg per ml270.00	240 ml	Zeffix
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL		
Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) - 5% DV Dec-25 to 202813.80	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil Viatris
Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a fumarate)13.80	30	Ricovir

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Hepatitis C

GLECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR

Note: the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/maviret.

Tab 100 mg with pibrentasvir 40 mg24,750.00 Maviret

LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR - Restricted see terms below

Harvoni

→ Restricted (RS1528)

Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCTP). Applications will be considered by HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Access Criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Herpesviridae

ACICLOVIR

Tab dispersible 200 mg1.78	25	Lovir
Tab dispersible 400 mg5.81	56	Lovir
Tab dispersible 800 mg6.46	35	Lovir
Inj 250 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5	Aciclovir-Baxter

CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms below

Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1108)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologist or oral surgeon

FOSCABNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below

Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

⇒ Restricted (RS1109)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1110)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist VALACICI OVIR

Vaclovir 30 Vaclovir 30

VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1799)

Initiation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

Continuation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

1 Both:

1.1 Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and

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Cymevene

Valganciclovir Viatris

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and
 - 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone.

Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Relevant specialist

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
 - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and
- 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease.

Initiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
 - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate).......15.45 30 Teva (Teva Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) to be delisted 1 August 2025)

→ Restricted (RS1902)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.



Price)		Brand or
(ex man. exc	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical quidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml
- → Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

⇒ Restricted (RS1369)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

COVID-19 Treatments

NIRMATRELVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1894)

Initiation

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

REMDESIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: Remdesivir to be provided to Health NZ Hospitals at a cost of \$0.00 as stock has been purchased directly by Pharmac.

■ Inj 100 mg vial760.57
1 Veklury

→ Restricted (RS1912)

Initiation - Treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability. Initiation – COVID-19 in hospitalised patients

Therapy limited to 5 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is hospitalised with confirmed (or probable) symptomatic COVID-19; and
- 2 Patient is considered to be at high risk of progression to severe disease; and
- 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 7 days; and
- 4 Patient does not require, or is not expected to require, mechanical ventilation; and
- 5 Not to be used in conjunction with other funded COVID-19 antiviral treatments; and
- 6 Treatment not to exceed five days.

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

- Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen
- Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen
- Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1113)

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1827)

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400.000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Initiation – myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 2.2 Patient is intolerant of hydroxyurea; and
 - 2.3 Treatment with anagrelide and busulfan is not clinically appropriate; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder; and



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

3.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Continuation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Either
 - 3.1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 Remains intolerant of hydroxyurea and treatment with anagrelide and busulfan remains clinically inappropriate; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has ocular surface squamous neoplasia*.

Continuation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation – post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has received an allogeneic bone marrow transplant* and has evidence of disease relapse.

Continuation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient is responding and ongoing treatment remains appropriate.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

(ex man. e	ice excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anticholinesterases			
EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1015)			
Initiation			
For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.			
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-25 to 20274	18 25	10	Max Health
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE	10.25	10	wax ricatur
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	26.13	10	Max Health
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE			
Tab 60 mg	50.28	100	Mestinon
Antirheumatoid Agents			
HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE SULPHATE			
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	7.80	100	Ipca-
			Hydroxychloroquin
LEFLUNOMIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		30	Arava
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	6.00	30	Arava
PENICILLAMINE Tab 125 mg6	37 23	100	D-Penamine
Tab 250 mg11		100	D-Penamine
SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE			
Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism			
Bisphosphonates			
ALENDRONATE SODIUM			_
Tab 70 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	3.10	4	Fosamax
ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	1 00	4	Fosamax Plus
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM	1.33	4	i Osailiax Flus
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	32.49	1	Pamisol
lnj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial8		1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial9	94.34	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM	0.50		D: 1 0 1
Tab 35 mg	2.50	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, bag	22 53	1	Zoledronic Acid Viatris
11 J 0 1119 por 100 1111, bag2	2.00	1	Loiouronio Adia Viatrio

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Note: Denosumab inj 60 mg per 1 ml pre-filled syringe is Medsafe approved for use in osteoporosis. Denosumab inj 120 mg per 1.7 ml vial is Medsafe approved for use in hypercalcaemia of malionancy.

t	Inj 120 mg per 1.7 ml vial500.00	1	Xgeva
t	Inj 60 mg per 1 ml prefilled syringe250.00	1	Prolia

→ Restricted (RS2097)

Initiation - Osteoporosis

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has established osteoporosis; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, with a documented T-Score less than or equal to -2.5, that incorporates BMD measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DEXA); or
 - 2.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture, demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
 - 2.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0; or
 - 2.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm that incorporates BMD measured using DEXA; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Bisphosphonates are contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance or eGFR is less than 35 mL/min; or
 - 3.2 The patient has experienced at least two symptomatic new fractures or a BMD loss greater than 2% per year, after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent; or
 - 3.3 Bisphosphonates result in intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.4 Intravenous bisphosphonates cannot be administered due to logistical or technical reasons.

Initiation – Hypercalcaemia

Both:

- 1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; and
- 2 Patient has severe renal impairment.

RALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1666)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

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(ex man. e	excl. G	ST)	Generic
 9	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

Teriparatide - Teva

→ Restricted (RS1143)

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- a) The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- b) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- c) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	17.99	1,000	Ipca-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	22.50	500	Ipca-Allopurinol
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted: For continuation only			

→ Tab 50 mg

→ Tab 100 mg45.00 100 Benzbromaron AL 100

	Price (ex man. excl. GS` \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
COLCHICINE Tab 500 mcg	6.00	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4.73	28	Febuxostat (Teva)
		28	Febuxostat (Teva)

Initiation - Gout

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose: or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); or
 - 2.4 The patient has previously had an initial Special Authority approval for benzbromarone for treatment of gout...

Initiation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient is scheduled to receive cancer therapy carrying an intermediate or high risk of tumour lysis syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has a documented history of allopurinol intolerance.

Continuation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-25 to 2026	9 5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-25 to 20269.86	5 5	Medsurge
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	100	Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule11.55	5 1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	1 10	Sintetica Baclofen Intrathecal
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial467.50) 1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial388.50	0 1	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial1,295.00) 2	Dysport

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DANTROLENE			
Cap 25 mg	145.77	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg		100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial	1,143.74	6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	23.25	100	Norflex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	37.06	10	Hameln
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	35.40	10	Martindale
VECURONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 10 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	380.00	10	Vecure

Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade

SUGAMMADEX – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	80.64	10	Sugammadex BNM
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	201.60	10	Sugammadex BNM
⇒ Restricted (RS1370)			

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable): or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade; or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CELECOXIB			
Cap 100 mg	3.45	60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg	3.20	30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.19	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible	1.50	20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.19	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg - 5% DV Aug-25 to 2028	10.00	100	Voltaren SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	13.20	5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg	2.04	10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg	2.44	10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg	7.00	10	Voltaren

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below	<u> </u>		That is a state of
Tab 30 mg			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 90 mg			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
⇒ Restricted (RS1592) Initiation			
For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.			
IBUPROFEN			
Tab 200 mg - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2026	21.40	1,000	Relieve
→ Tab 400 mg – Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 600 mg – Restricted: For continuation only			
Tab long-acting 800 mg - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		30	Ibuprofen SR BNM
Oral liq 20 mg per ml - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	2.85	200 ml	Ethics
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
INDOMETACIN [INDOMETHACIN]			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
Cap long-acting 75 mg			
Inj 1 mg vial			
, ,			
Suppos 100 mg			
KETOPROFEN			
Cap long-acting 200 mg	12.07	28	Oruvail SR
MEFENAMIC ACID - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Cap 250 mg			
NAPROXEN			
Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	20.02	500	Noflam 250
		250	Noflam 500
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		28	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	11.50	28	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB			
Inj 40 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	46.00	10	Dynastat
SULINDAC			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 200 mg			
· ·			
TENOXICAM	40.50	400	T1 11
Tab 20 mg		100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial	9.95	1	AFT
Tanical Duadrola for Isiaharah Masardan D.			
Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain			
CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below			
Crm 0.025%	0.75	45 a	Zo-Rub Osteo
▼ UIII U.U∠J /0	9.70	45 g	Zostrix
→ Restricted (RS1309)			TOSUIX
Initiation			
Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and or	al non-steroidal anti-	inflammato	ries are contraindicated
. a.a ootooaramilo anar io not rooponoivo to paraootamoi ana oi	ao.i otoroidai ariti		aro contramidioatou.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

1 Tab 50 mg − **5% DV Feb-25 to 2027**117.00 56 **Rilutek**

→ Restricted (RS1351)

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

TETRABENAZINE

Anticholinergics

BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg	60	Benztrop
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule95.00	5	Phebra

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents

AMANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 100 mg	38.24	60	Symmetrel
APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	59.50	5	Movapo
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	121.84	5	Movapo
BROMOCRIPTINE			
Cap 5 mg			

ENTACAPONE

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
EVODODA WITH BENDEDATIDE	Ψ	1 01	Widifulactarci
EVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE	10.05	100	Madanas Danid
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg	26.25	100	Madopar 250
EVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	26.49	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25	to 2027 44 99	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Sinemet
		100	Official
EVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA AND ENTACAPONE			
Tab 50 mg with carbidopa 12.5 mg and entacapone 200 mg - 5	5% DV		
Jul-25 to 2027		100	Stalevo
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg and entacapone 200 mg − 59			
Jul-25 to 2027		100	Stalevo
Tab 150 mg with carbidopa 37.5 mg and entacapone 200 mg -			
Jul-25 to 2027		100	Stalevo
Tab 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg and entacapone 200 mg - 5°			
Jul-25 to 2027	51.23	100	Stalevo
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	5.23	100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	17.73	100	Ramipex
RASAGILINE			•
Tab 1 mg	E2 E0	30	Azilect
-	33.30	30	Azilect
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg	4.05	84	Ropin
Tab 1 mg	4.95	84	Ropin
Tab 2 mg	6.48	84	Ropin
Tab 5 mg	14.50	84	Ropin
· ·			
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation of	riiy		
→ Tab 5 mg			
OLCAPONE			
Tab 100 mg	152.38	100	Tasmar
-			
Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics			
DESFLURANE			
	1 050 00	c	Cuprono
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	1,350.00	6	Suprane
DEXMEDETOMIDINE			
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	42.00	5	Dexmedetomidine
•			Viatris
TOMIDATE			
Ini 2 mg per ml. 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
SOFLURANE		_	
	2,730.00	6	Aerrane

Price (ex man. excl. \$. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
KETAMINE		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag146.0	0 5	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe76.0		Biomed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial36.2	3 5	Ketalar Ketamine-Baxter
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		rotanino Baxtor
PROPOFOL		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule4.3	5 5	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial19.5		Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial39.0	0 10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
SEVOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle930.0	0 6	Baxter
THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule		
Local Anaesthetics		
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 1%		
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE		
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge		
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1:0 mil dental cartridge		
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:700,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge		
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000 1.8 ml dental cartridge		
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		
BENZOCAINE		
Gel 20%		
BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Gel 18% with tetracaine hydrochloride 2%		e.g. ZAP Topical
Gel 10% with tetracame hydrochionae 2%		Anaesthetic Gel
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		Manada Isabada
Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	0 5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 28.0	0 5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack		Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack16.5	6 5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag		
lni 0 F ma nor ml 100 ml hoa	0 5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag150.0		
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag		
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag		
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag 'Marcain Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag to be delisted 1 November 2025)		
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag (Marcain Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag to be delisted 1 November 2025)		
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag (Marcain Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag to be delisted 1 November 2025) BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 10 ml ampoule		
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag (Marcain Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag to be delisted 1 November 2025) BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE		Marcain with Adrenaline

	Price	١	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Manufacturer
SUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	165.00	5	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	127.50	5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	57.05	_	B: 1
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	57.35	5	Biomed
SUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-25 to 202	28 21.40	5	Marcain Heavy
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe			
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	30.77	1	Biomed
OCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06%			
Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			
THYL CHLORIDE			
Spray 100%			
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]			
Crm 4%	5.40	5 g	LMX4
	27.00	30 g	LMX4
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE		ŭ	
Gel 2%	4.87	20 g	Orion
Soln 4%		ŭ	
Spray 10%	78.95	50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2%	44.00	200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial	14.00	5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 10%, 5 ml ampoule Gel 2%, 11 ml urethral syringe	50.50	10	Instillagel Lido
		10	Ilistillagei Liuo
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE	=		
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 20 ml vial	-		
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-2		10	Vulgasina
to 2028		10 5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 mi viai	50.00	5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 fm dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1:0 mil dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	60.00	5	Xylocaine
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			•
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%		11101100	ILOTTIDE
30iii 4% wiiii aurenaiine 0.1% and tetracame nydrochioride 0.5%			Topicaine
syringe	ኃስ ደስ	1	Lonicaine

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	\$	Per	Manutacturer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE			
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%		30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg		20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	45.00	5	EMLA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge	43.60	50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		50	Scandonest 3%
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial	100.00	5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		•	
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	9.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	10.25	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	32.85	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	43.40	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	11.00	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	13.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	11.75	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	17.60	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 4%			

Analgesics

Non-Opioid Analgesics

ASPIRIN		
Tab dispersible 300 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	100	Ethics Aspirin
CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below		
↓ Crm 0.075%11.95	45 g	Zo-Rub HP
D 111 1/00445)		Zostrix HP

→ Restricted (RS1145)

Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

■ Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1292)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

		Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms below				
Tab soluble 500 mg				
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to	2026	.19.75	1,000	Pacimol
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack				
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack				
Tab 500 mg - bottle pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026		.17.92	1,000	Noumed Paracetamol
Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml		3.98	200 ml	Paracetamol (Ethics)
Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml		3.35	200 ml	Pamol
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial			10	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 25 mg				
Suppos 50 mg				
Suppos 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4.29	10	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			10	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		.16.55	50	Gacet
➡ Restricted (RS1146)				
Initiation				
Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are una	available (or impractica	al, or wher	e there is reduced
absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 2	24 hours.			
SUCROSE				
Oral liq 25%		.14.61	25 ml	Biomed
■ Oral lig 66.7% (preservative free)				
⇒ Restricted (RS1763)				
/				

Opioid Analgesics

For use in neonatal patients only.

Initiation

ALFENTANIL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	8.99	5	Medsurge
CODEINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	5.82	100	Noumed
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028		100	Noumed
Tab 60 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028		100	Noumed
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE			
Tab long-acting 60 mg	8.60	60	DHC Continus
FENTANYL			
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	44.50	5	Biomed Fentanyl
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-25 to 2027		10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-25 to 2027		10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	114.25	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	136.50	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Patch 12 mcg per hour - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	6.02	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour	6.02	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.91	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	9.28	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	16.37	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
(Fentanyl Sandoz Patch 12.5 mcg per hour to be delisted 1 January 2026)		

METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg		Price		Brand or
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg				Generic
Tab S mg		\$	Per	Manufacturer
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027.	METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Drail liq 5 mg per ml -5% DV Feb-25 to 2027. 9.85 200 ml 816 done Forte 9.85 200 ml 9.85 200 ml 9.85 200 ml 9.85 200 ml 9.85 9.	Tab 5 mg	1.45	10	Methadone BNM
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	Oral lig 2 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.80	200 ml	Biodone
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial. .68.90 10 AFT	Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.80	200 ml	Biodone Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial. .68.90 10 AFT	Oral lig 10 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	9.65	200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Oral liq 1 mg per ml 19.00 200 ml RA-Morph Oral liq 2 mg per ml 23.55 200 ml RA-Morph Oral liq 10 mg per ml 40.25 200 ml RA-Morph MORPHINE SULPHATE Tab immediate-release 10 mg 2.80 10 Sevredol Tab immediate-release 20 mg 5.52 10 Sevredol Cap long-acting 10 mg 3.00 10 m-Eslon Cap long-acting 60 mg 9.00 10 m-Eslon Cap long-acting 100 mg 10.50 10 m-Eslon Cap long-acting 100 mg 10.50 10 m-Eslon Oral liq 2 mg per ml 42.56 300 ml Oramorph CDC S29 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 27.25 5 Biomed Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 27.25 5 Biomed Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe 10 m-Eslon Medsurge Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml mapoule 5.38 5 Medsurge Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 5.53 5 Medsurg	Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	68.90	10	AFT
Oral liq 1 mg per ml 19.00 200 ml RA-Morph Oral liq 2 mg per ml 23.55 200 ml RA-Morph Oral liq 10 mg per ml 40.25 200 ml RA-Morph MORPHINE SULPHATE Tab immediate-release 10 mg 2.80 10 Sevredol Tab immediate-release 20 mg 5.52 10 Sevredol Cap long-acting 10 mg 3.00 10 m-Eslon Cap long-acting 60 mg 9.00 10 m-Eslon Cap long-acting 100 mg 10.50 10 m-Eslon Cap long-acting 100 mg 10.50 10 m-Eslon Oral liq 2 mg per ml 42.56 300 ml Oramorph CDC S29 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 27.25 5 Biomed Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 27.25 5 Biomed Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe 10 m-Eslon Medsurge Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml mapoule 5.38 5 Medsurge Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 5.53 5 Medsurg	MORPHINE HYDROCHI ORIDE			
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		19.00	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 15 mg per ml	, ,,			
Oral liq 10 mg per ml				
MORPHINE SULPHATE	1 01			
Tab immediate-release 10 mg			200 1111	Tu Cinorpii
Tab immediate-release 20 mg		0.00	10	Couradal
Cap long-acting 30 mg	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Cap long-acting 30 mg	•			
Cap long-acting 60 mg 9.00 10 m-Eslon Cap long-acting 100 mg 10.50 10 m-Eslon Oral liq 2 mg per ml 42.56 300 ml Oramorph 29.80 100 ml Oramorph CDC S29 16.31 Wockhardt Wockhardt Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 27.25 5 Biomed Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 27.25 5 Biomed Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe 5.38 5 Medsurge Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 5.38 5 Medsurge Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag 5.53 5 Medsurge Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 5.53 5 Medsurge Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 6.28 5 Medsurge Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 5.53 5 Medsurge Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 6.28 5 Medsurge Inj 300 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule 0.3 ml syringe 0.29 0.20 0.20	, , , ,			
Cap long-acting 100 mg	1 0 0 0			
Oral liq 2 mg per ml 42.56 300 ml Oramorph 29.80 100 ml Oramorph CDC S29 16.31 Wockhardt Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 114.25 5 Biomed Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 27.25 5 Biomed Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe 63.75 5 Biomed Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe 5.38 5 Medsurge Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 4.68 5 Medsurge Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette 11 11 ma per ml, 100 mg bag 11 ma per ml, 100 mg bag 11 11 ma per ml, 100 mg bag 11 ma per ml, 100 mg				
100 ml Oramorph CDC S29 16.31 Wockhardt	, , ,			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	Oral liq 2 mg per mi			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			100 mi	
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	lei 4 man annul 400 million - FO/ BM Feb 04 to 0000		-	
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 63.75 5 Biomed Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	, 51			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	, , , ,	53./5	5	Biomea
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		T 00	_	Madaura
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	, , , ,	4.68	5	wedsurge
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	, 0,			
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	, 0, .	5.50	-	Madama
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe	, 0, ,			•
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe	, 0, ,	6.28	5	Measurge
MORPHINE TARTRATE Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab controlled-release 5 mg — 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	, , , ,			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule	, , ,			
OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab controlled-release 5 mg 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 2.49 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 5 mg 13.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 10 mg 2.49 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 10 mg 18.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 20 mg 3.41 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 20 mg 26.77 100 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab controlled-release 40 mg 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 6.67 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab controlled-release 80 mg 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 12.99 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Oral liq 1 mg per ml 37.08 250 ml Oxycodone Lucis S29 Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 4.37 5 HameIn Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 8.62 5 HameIn				
Tab controlled-release 5 mg -5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 2.49 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 5 mg 13.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 10 mg 2.49 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 10 mg 18.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 20 mg 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 3.41 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 20 mg 26.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 40 mg 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 6.67 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab controlled-release 80 mg 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 12.99 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Oral liq 1 mg per ml 37.08 250 ml Oxycodone Lucis S29 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 4.37 5 HameIn Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 8.62 5 HameIn	Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule			
Tab immediate-release 5 mg 13.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 10 mg 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 2.49 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 10 mg 18.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 20 mg 3.41 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 20 mg 26.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 40 mg 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 6.67 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab controlled-release 80 mg 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 12.99 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Oral liq 1 mg per ml 37.08 250 ml Oxycodone Lucis S29 Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag 4.37 5 HameIn Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 8.62 5 HameIn	OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 2.49 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 10 mg 18.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 20 mg 3.41 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 20 mg 26.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 6.67 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 12.99 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Oral liq 1 mg per ml 37.08 250 ml Oxycodone Lucis S29 Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag 4.37 5 HameIn Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 8.62 5 HameIn	Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	2.49	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 2.49 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 10 mg 18.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 20 mg 3.41 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 20 mg 26.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 6.67 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 12.99 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Oral liq 1 mg per ml 37.08 250 ml Oxycodone Lucis S29 Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag 4.37 5 HameIn Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 8.62 5 HameIn	Tab immediate-release 5 mg	13.77	100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 3.41 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab immediate-release 20 mg 26.77 100 Oxycodone Amneal Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 6.67 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 12.99 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Oral liq 1 mg per ml 37.08 250 ml Oxycodone Lucis S29 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag 4.37 5 HameIn Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 8.62 5 HameIn			20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 20 mg — 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		100	•
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 6.67 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 12.99 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Oral liq 1 mg per ml 37.08 250 ml Oxycodone Lucis S29 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag 4.37 5 HameIn Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 8.62 5 HameIn	Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	3.41	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 12.99 20 Oxycodone Sandoz Oral liq 1 mg per ml 37.08 250 ml Oxycodone Lucis S29 Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 4.37 5 Hameln Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 8.62 5 Hameln	Tab immediate-release 20 mg	26.77	100	Oxycodone Amneal
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.67	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	12.99	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	Oral liq 1 mg per ml	37.08	250 ml	Oxycodone Lucis S29
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20278.62 5 HameIn	Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			•
	Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4.37	5	Hameln
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202714.90 5 HameIn	Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	8.62	5	Hameln
	Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	14.90	5	Hameln

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE				
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg		27.50	1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine (Relieve)
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 50 mg		8.68	10	Noumed Pethidine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe		00.00	_	DDI D :::::
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			5	DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		.30.72	5	DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride
REMIFENTANIL		44.05	-	D
Inj 1 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		.20.95	5	Remifentanil-AFT
RAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE Tob quetained releases 100 mg. 59/ DV May 24 to 2026		1.05	20	Tromal CD 100
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026			20 20	Tramal SR 100 Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 130 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026			20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2026			100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	•••••	0.00	100	Allow-Halliauoi
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		10.00	5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV May-24 to 2026			5	Tramal 100
Antidepressants Cyclic and Related Agents				
MITRIPTYLINE				
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		2.99	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		1.99	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		0.44	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
<u> </u>		3.14		. ,
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027		16.99	50	APO Clomipramine
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027 Cap 10 mg		16.99		
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027 Cap 10 mg Clomipramine Teva Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 April 2026)		.16.99 .35.50	50	APO Clomipramine
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027	continuation	.16.99 .35.50 only	50 28	APO Clomipramine Clomipramine Teva
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027 Cap 10 mg Clomipramine Teva Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 April 2026) OSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For Tab 75 mg	continuation	.16.99 .35.50 only 3.85	50 28	APO Clomipramine Clomipramine Teva Dosulepin Viatris
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027 Cap 10 mg Clomipramine Teva Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 April 2026) DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For a contract of the con	continuation	.16.99 .35.50 only 3.85	50 28	APO Clomipramine Clomipramine Teva
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027 Cap 10 mg	continuation	.16.99 .35.50 only 3.85	50 28	APO Clomipramine Clomipramine Teva Dosulepin Viatris
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027 Cap 10 mg	continuation	.16.99 .35.50 only 3.85	50 28	APO Clomipramine Clomipramine Teva Dosulepin Viatris
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027 Cap 10 mg	continuation	.16.99 .35.50 only 3.85	50 28	APO Clomipramine Clomipramine Teva Dosulepin Viatris Dosulepin Viatris
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027 Cap 10 mg	continuation	.16.99 35.50 only 3.85 7.83	50 28 30 50	APO Clomipramine Clomipramine Teva Dosulepin Viatris Dosulepin Viatris
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027 Cap 10 mg	continuation		50 28 30 50	APO Clomipramine Clomipramine Teva Dosulepin Viatris Dosulepin Viatris Tofranil Tofranil
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027 Cap 10 mg	continuation		50 28 30 50	APO Clomipramine Clomipramine Teva Dosulepin Viatris Dosulepin Viatris

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation or → Tab 25 mg → Tab 75 mg	ily				
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 30 mg					
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			•	400	N
Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg				100 180	Norpress Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective					
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg					
TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg					
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors					
MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027				60 60	Aurorix Aurorix
Other Antidepressants					
MIRTAZAPINE					
Tab 30 mg Tab 45 mg				30 30	Noumed Noumed
VENLAFAXINE		0.4	,	00	Nounica
Cap 37.5 mg				84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg Cap 150 mg				84 84	Enlafax XR Enlafax XR
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors					
CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE					
Tab 20 mg		2.8	ŝ	84	Celapram
ESCITALOPRAM					
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026				28	Ipca-Escitalopram
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1.4	y	28	Ipca-Escitalopram
FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored		2 5	1	28	Fluox
Cap 20 mg				90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
PAROXETINE					
Tab 20 mg		4.1	1	90	Loxamine
SERTRALINE					
Tab 50 mg				30	Setrona
Tab 100 mg		1.7	4	30	Setrona

Price Brand or Generic Per Manufacturer

(ex man. excl. GST)

Antiepilepsy Drugs

Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus

CLONAZEPAM

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DIAZFPAM

5 Hospira 5 Stesolid

Rectal tubes 10 mg

I ORAZEPAM

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

PARAL DEHYDE

Soln 97%

Ini 5 ml ampoule

PHENYTOIN SODIUM

Hospira 5 Hospira

(Hospira Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 February 2026)

Control of Epilepsy

CARBAMAZEPINE
T-1-000

Tab 200 mg	14.53	100	Tegretol
			Tegretol AU
Tab long-acting 200 mg	16.98	100	Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg	34.58	100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg	39.17	100	Tegretol CR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml	26.37	250 ml	Tegretol

CLOBAZAM

Tab 10 mg

CI ONAZEPAM

Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml

FTHOSUXIMIDE

100 Zarontin 7arontin 200 ml

Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin 100 Nupentin Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027......8.45 Nupentin 100 100 Nupentin LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page 25 04 14 Vimnat

I Tah 50 mg

	- 00 00 119		•
1	Tab 100 mg50.06	14	Vimpat
	200.24	56	Vimpat
1	Tab 150 mg75.10	14	Vimpat
	300.40	56	Vimpat
t	Tab 200 mg400.55	56	Vimpat

Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

30

Lamictal

→ Restricted (RS1988)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has focal epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine, and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment.

LAMOTRIGINE

Tab dispersible 5 mg	50.00	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg		56	Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg	5.11	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg		56	Logem
LEVETIRACETAM			
Tab 250 mg	5.84	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg	10.51	60	Everet
Tab 750 mg		60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg	21.82	60	Everet
Oral liq 100 mg per ml	44.78	300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	38.95	10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg	248.50	500	Noumed Phenobarbitone
Tab 30 mg		500	Noumed Phenobarbitone

PHENYTOIN

Tab 50 mg

PHENYTOIN SODIUM

Cap 30 mg

Cap 100 mg

Oral liq 6 mg per ml

PREGABALIN

Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin Cap 25 mg	2.25	56	Lyrica
Cap 75 mg	2.65	56	Pregabalin Pfizer Lyrica
Cap 150 mg	4.01	56	Pregabalin Pfizer Lyrica Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 300 mg	7.38	56	Lyrica Pregabalin Pfizer

PRIMIDONE

Tab 250 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM VALPROATE Tab 100 mg Tab EC 200 mg Tab EC 500 mg Oral liq 40 mg per ml Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	9.98	1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg		60 60	Diacomit Diacomit

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial sodium valproate or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

TOPIRAMATE

	Tab 25 mg11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
	Tab 50 mg18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
	Tab 100 mg31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
	Tab 200 mg55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
	Cap sprinkle 15 mg20.84		Topamax
	Cap sprinkle 25 mg26.04	60	Topamax
VI	GABATRIN - Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 500 mg		
t	Powder for oral soln 500 mg per sachet71.58	60	Sabril
-	Restricted (RS1865)		

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and

NERVOUS SYSTEM				
	Pric (ex man. ex \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
1.2.2 Either:				
1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled v1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but toptimal treatment with other antiepilepsy	the patient has			
1.3 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex; and				
2 Either:2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visu.	al field tecting	idaally h	oforo ctar	ting thorany and on a
6-monthly basis thereafter); or	ai ilelu lesilily	ideally D	eiore siai	ung merapy and on a
2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditi	ions) to monito	the pati	ent's visua	al fields.
Continuation				
Both: 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained imp	provement in s	eizure ra	te or seve	rity and or quality of life: and
2 Either:				,
2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field test	ing (ideally eve	ry 6 mon	nths) on ar	n ongoing basis for duration
of treatment with vigabatrin; or 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditi	ions) to monito	the pati	ent's visua	al fields.
	,			
Antimigraine Preparations				
Acute Migraine Treatment				
DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg				
RIZATRIPTAN		0.4	00	D!!
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		.84	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	14	.41	90	Sumagran
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027			90	Sumagran
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen -5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	29	.80	2	Clustran
Prophylaxis of Migraine				
PIZOTIFEN				
Tab 500 mcg	23	.21	100	Sandomigran
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents				
APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below				
■ Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg − 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	21	.90	3	Emend Tri-Pack
→ Restricted (RS1154) Initiation				
Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthro	acycline-based	chemot	herapy for	the treatment of
malignancy.				
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE				

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Serc

Nausicalm

CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

		Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST)	_	Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
CYCLIZINE LACTATE				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		. 16.36	10	Hameln
DOMPERIDONE				
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028		3.80	100	Domperidone Viatris
DROPERIDOL				
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		. 43.85	10	Droperidol Panpharma
GRANISETRON				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		1.20	1	Deva
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE				
Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Patch 1 mg per 72 hours		.88.50	10	Scopolamine Transdermal
Destricted (DOMES)				System Viatris

→ Restricted (RS1155)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective; or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.57	100	Metoclopramide Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml			_
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	7.00	10	Baxter
ONDANSETRON			
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	1.95	50	Periset
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	0.56	10	Periset ODT
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	3.50	50	Periset
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	0.90	10	Periset ODT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Ondansetron-AFT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule	1.89	5	Ondansetron-AFT
PROCHLORPERAZINE Tab buccal 3 mg			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 lnj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Suppos 25 mg	25.00	250	Nausafix

TROPISETRON

Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Antipsychotic Agents

C	ш
Genera	
MCIICI C	

AMISULPRIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5.84	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	14.47	60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	35.06	60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
ARIPIPRAZOLE			
Tab 5 mg	10.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
	15.60	100	Largactil
Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg		100	Largactil
Oral lig 10 mg per ml		100	Largaciii
Oral liq 20 mg per ml			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	20.70	10	Largactil
, , ,		10	Largaciii
CLOZAPINE	0.00	50	Olember
Tab 25 mg		50	Clopine
	13.37	100	Clopine
	6.69	50	Clozaril
T.b 50	13.37	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg		50	Clopine
T-1, 400	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg		50	Clopine
	34.65	100	Clopine
	17.33	50	Clozaril
T 000	34.65	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg		50	Clopine
0.11, 50	69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	1/3.30	100 ml	Versacloz
HALOPERIDOL			
Tab 500 mcg	6.23	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg	9.43	100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg	29.72	100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule	21.55	10	Serenace
LEVOMEPROMAZINE			
Tab 25 mg	16.10	100	Nozinan
Tab 100 mg		100	Nozinan
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	22.26	10	Wockhardt
ing 20 mg per mi, i mi ampoule - 3/6 DV Dec-23 to 2020		10	11 Ocki i ai ul
LITHINA CARRONATE	20.20		
		400	B
LITHIUM CARBONATE Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Cap 250 mg	82.80	100 100	Priadel Douglas

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
0.44740475	Ψ	1 01	Wallalacturer
OLANZAPINE	4.40	00	
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.89	28	Zypine ODT
PERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
QUETIAPINE			
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.36	90	Quetapel
1 4 5 1 1 9 6 7 6 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 1 1 0 2 2 2 2	0.79	30	Quetiapine Viatris
	13.11	500	Quetiapine Viatris
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
· ·			•
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	15.63	90	Quetapel
RISPERIDONE			
Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	0.72	20	Risperdal
	2.17	60	Risperidone (Teva)
	4.01		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.44	60	Risperdal
•			Risperidone (Teva)
	3.68		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperdal
3			Risperidone (Teva)
	5.38		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 3 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperdal
1 db 0 mg		00	Risperidone (Teva)
	8.57		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperdal
1 ab 4 mg - 5 /6 DV Wai-24 to 2020	0.20	00	Risperidone (Teva)
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	10.29	30 ml	Risperon
(Risperdal Tab 0.5 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025)		00 1111	порогоп
(Risperidone Sandoz Tab 0.5 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025)			
(Risperdal Tab 1 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025)			
(Risperidone Sandoz Tab 1 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025)			
(Risperdal Tab 2 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025)			
(Risperidone Sandoz Tab 2 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025)			
(Risperdal Tab 3 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025)			
(Risperidone Sandoz Tab 3 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025)			
ZIPRASIDONE			
Cap 20 mg	17.90	60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg		60	Zusdone
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE			.
Tab 10 mg	31.45	100	Clopixol

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Depot Injections			_	
ARIPIPRAZOLE – Restricted see terms below Inj 300 mg vial	273.56	1	Abilify Maintena	
Inj 400 mg vial		1	Abilify Maintena	

Initiation

Either:

1 Either:

→ Restricted (RS2058)

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection: or
- 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received treatment with oral atypical antipsychotic agents but has been unable to adhere; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in last 12 months; or
- 2 Patient has been unable to access olanzapine depot injection due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection, or otherwise would have been initiated on olanzapine depot injection but has been unable to due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection. (see Note below for the olanzapine Special Authority criteria for new olanzapine depot injection patients prior to 1 April 2024).

Notes: The Olanzapine depot injection Special Authority criteria that apply to criterion 2 in this Aripiprazole Special Authority application are as follows:

- The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or risperidone depot injection; or
- · All of the following:
 - The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - The patient has tried but has not been able to adhere with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	20.90	5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.39	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	55.90	5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Inj 210 mg vial	252.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Inj 300 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Inj 405 mg vial	504.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Restricted (RS2018)			

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 50 mg syringe	271.95	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 75 mg syringe	357.42	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 100 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 150 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
→ Restricted (RS2059)			-

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection or aripiprazole depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has been unable to adhere to treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE PALMITATE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 175 mg syringe	815.85	1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 263 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 350 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 525 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
	Postricted (PC1000)			•

→ Restricted (RS1932) Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
- 2 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone once-monthly depot injection.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- ⇒ Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 25 mg vial	3 1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial178.71	1 1	Risperdal Consta
1	Inj 50 mg vial217.56	5 1	Risperdal Consta

→ Restricted (RS2060)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection or

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
and the seal				

aripiprazole depot injection; or

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not been able to adhere to treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.80	5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			e.g. Clopixol Conc

Anxiolytics

BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	13.95	100	Buspirone Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	12.50	100	Buspirone Viatris
CLONAZEPAM			
Tab 500 mcg		100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg	10.78	100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM			
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	95.00	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	115.00	500	Arrow-Diazepam
■ Oral liq 10 mg per 10 ml			
→ Restricted (RS2054)			
Initiation			

Initiation

Relevant specialist

Only for use in children where diazepam tablets are not appropriate.

I ORAZEPAM

Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202710.20	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	100	Ativan

OXAZEPAM

Tab 10 mg

Tab 15 mg

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted (RS1993)

Initiation - Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
 - 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
 - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
 - 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
 - 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
 - 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
 - 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
 - 1.4.5 Fither:
 - 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
 - 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
 - 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
 - 1.6 Any of the following:
 - 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
 - 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
 - 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
 - 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
 - 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active approval for ocrelizumab and does not have primary progressive MS.

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Continuation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta. natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

DIMETHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

t	Cap 120 mg	520.00	14	Tecfidera
t	Cap 240 mg		56	Tecfidera

FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

L	Inj 40 mg pretilled	syringe	. 1,1	13/	.48	12	Copaxone
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Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms on page 138

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

(Avonex Pen Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector to be delisted 1 September 2025)

INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms on page 138

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

1 Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial

NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on page 138

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms on page 138

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments - Other

OCRELIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

→ Restricted (RS1997)

Initiation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
 - 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
 - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
 - 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
 - 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
 - 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
 - 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
 - 1.4.5 Either:
 - 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
 - 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
 - 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
 - 1.6 Any of the following:

|--|

- 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
- 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
- 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
- 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
- 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for either dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab or teriflunomide.

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Continuation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Initiation - Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Diagnosis of primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) meets the 2017 McDonald criteria and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
- 2 Patient has an EDSS 2.0 (score equal to or greater than 2 on pyramidal functions) to EDSS 6.5; and
- 3 Patient has no history of relapsing remitting multiple sclerosis.

Continuation - Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of less than or equal to 6.5 at any time in the last six months (ie patient has walked 20 metres with bilateral assistance/aids, without rest in the last six months).

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHI ORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml

Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

Tab 3 mg

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

→ Restricted (RS1576)

Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued		
3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg p4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.	er day; ar	d
Continuation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:		
 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-releas Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg p 	the past 12	
Initiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated		
Both:		
1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated; and2 For in-hospital use only.		
MIDAZOLAM Tab 7.5 mg		
Oral liq 2 mg per ml Ini 5 mg per ml. 1 ml plastic ampoule	10	Midazolam-Pfizer
Oral liq 2 mg per mi Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule22.50 Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV May-25 to 2027	10 10	Midazolam-Pfizer Midazolam-Baxter
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule22.50		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule	10	Midazolam-Baxter
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule	10	Midazolam-Baxter
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule	10	Midazolam-Baxter
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule	10 5	Midazolam-Baxter Midazolam-Baxter
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule	10	Midazolam-Baxter
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule	10 5	Midazolam-Baxter Midazolam-Baxter
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule	10 5	Midazolam-Baxter Midazolam-Baxter
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule	10 5	Midazolam-Baxter Midazolam-Baxter

NUSINERSEN	 Restricted see terms 	halow

Spinraza

→ Restricted (RS1938)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or
 - 3.2 Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
- 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with nusinersen; and
- 3 Nusinersen not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

RISDIPLAM - Restricted see terms below

Note: the supply of risdiplam is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://pharmac.govt.nz/risdiplam

- Powder for oral soln 750 mcg per ml, 60 mg per bottle......14,100.00 80 ml Evrysdi
- → Restricted (RS1954)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or
 - 3.2 Both
 - 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with risdiplam; and
- 3 Risdiplam not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE			
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	43.02	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 18 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	45.57	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	44.30	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 40 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	46.21	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 60 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	51.31	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	65.20	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	65.71	28	APO-Atomoxetine
CAFFEINE Tab 100 mg			
DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
■ Tab 5 mg	29.80	100	Noumed Dexamfetamine



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2071)

Initiation - ADHD

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

LISDEXAMFETAMINE DIMESILATE - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 30 mg60.00	30	Vyvanse
t	Cap 50 mg60.00	30	Vyvanse
t	Cap 70 mg60.00	30	Vyvanse

→ Restricted (RS2070)

Initiation

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with lisdexamfetamine dimesilate and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder); and
 - 2.2 Diagnosed according to DSM-V or ICD 11 criteria; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formulation of atomoxetine or methylphenidate hydrochloride (extended-release) and has not received sufficient benefit or has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 2.3.2 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formulation of dexamfetamine sulfate (immediate-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or treatment adherence difficulties; or
 - 2.3.3 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate release dexamfetamine sulfate; or
 - 2.3.4 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or treatment adherence difficulties: or
 - 2.3.5 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate release methylphenidate hydrochloride; or
 - 2.3.6 Both:
 - 2.3.6.1 Patient would have been prescribed a subsidised formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (extended-release) but has been unable to access due to supply issues with methylphenidate hydrochloride (extended-release); and
 - 2.3.6.2 Other alternative stimulant presentations (methylphenidate or dexamfetamine) are not appropriate; and
 - 2.4 Lisdexamfetamine dimesilate is not to be used in combination with another funded methylphenidate presentation.

		Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		(ex man. exci. G51)	Per	Manufacturer
ME	THYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms be	low		
t	Tab extended-release 18 mg	58.96	30	Concerta
	·	7.75		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
t	Tab extended-release 27 mg	65.44	30	Concerta
		11.45		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
t	Tab extended-release 36 mg	71.93	30	Concerta
		15.50		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
t	Tab extended-release 54 mg	86.24	30	Concerta
		22.25		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
t	Tab immediate-release 5 mg	3.20	30	Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 10 mg	4.00	30	Ritalin
		3.00		Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 20 mg	7.85	30	Rubifen
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg	10.95	30	Rubifen SR
t	Cap modified-release 10 mg	19.41	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 20 mg	27.72	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 30 mg	34.39	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 40 mg	38.67	30	Ritalin LA
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS2105)			

Initiation - ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Initiation - Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
 - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

Initiation - Narcolepsy* (extended-release only)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Note: *narcolepsy is not a registered indication for Concerta or Ritalin LA.

MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms below

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Either:

1 All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 1.3 Either:
 - 1.3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient meets the Hospital Restriction criteria for methylphenidate hydrochloride for narcolepsy; and
 - 2.2 Patient is unable to access methylphenidate hydrochloride presentations due to an out of stock (see note).

Note: Criterion 2 is to permit short-term funding to cover an out-of-stock of methylphenidate hydrochloride.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZII HYDROCHI OBIDE

	Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	3.70	84	Ipca-Donepezil
	Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	. 5.50	84	Ipca-Donepezil
RI۱	/ASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below			
t	Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	49.40	30	Rivastigmine Patch
t	Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	49.40	30	BNM 5 Rivastigmine Patch
				BNM 10

→ Restricted (RS1436)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

BLIDDENIODDHINE WITH NIVLOVONE	Doctricted con terms below

t	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg11.76	28	Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM
t	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg34.00	28	Buprenorphine Naloxone

→ Restricted (RS1172)

Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:

1 Patient is opioid dependent; and

P	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Initiation - Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone: and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE Tab modified-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	15.00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM			
Tab 200 mg	236.40	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	83.33	30	Naltraccord
	77.77	28	Naltrexone AOP
	102.60	30	Naltrexone Max Health
(Naltrexone AOP Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025)			

(Naltrexone Max Health Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025)

⇒ Restricted (RS1173)

Initiation - Alcohol dependence

Both:

1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence: and

10.60

20

Habitral

2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

Initiation - Constination

Patch 7 mg per 24 hours

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

NICOTINE - Some items restricted see terms below

	Fator / mg per 24 nours	. 13.02	20	Παριμοι
	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours	.21.57	28	Habitrol
	Patch 21 mg per 24 hours		28	Habitrol
t	Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
	Lozenge 1 mg	.22.53	216	Habitrol
	Lozenge 2 mg	.24.68	216	Habitrol
t	Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			
	Gum 2 mg	.23.02	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
				Habitrol (Mint)
	Gum 4 mg	.25.98	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
				Habitrol (Mint)

→ Restricted (RS1873)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction: or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or
- 3 Patient would be admitted to a mental health inpatient unit, but is unable to due to COVID-19 self-isolation requirement; or
- 4 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. 0 \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
VARENICLINE – Restricted see terms below				
↓ Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 42	16.67	53	Champix	
↓ Tab 1 mg		56	Champix	
⇒ Restricted (RS1702)				

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Ge Ma

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Chemotherapeutic Agents

Alkylating Agents

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg vial − 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027
 50.05
 1
 Bendamustine Sandoz

 Ini 100 mg vial − 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027
 200.20
 1
 Bendamustine Sandoz
- ⇒ Restricted (RS2061)

Initiation - CLL*

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 3 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m² on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: Indication marked with a * includes indications that are unapproved. 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).

Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive: and
 - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen; and
 - 3.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with obinutuzumab for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 3.3 All of the following:
 - 3.3.1 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
 - 3.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
 - 3.3.3 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
 - 3.4 Bendamustine is to be administered as monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of rituximab in combination with bendamustine; and
 - 1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with obinutuzumab for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 Both:
 - 2.2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and

	Price ex man. excl. (\$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
2.2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free in	terval of 12 m	onths or more	e; or
2.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monother patients.	• •	•	·
lote: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, ma	ırginal zone ar	nd lymphopla	smacytic/ Waldenström's
nacroglobulinaemia. nitiation – Hodgkin's lymphoma*			
Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a re	levant special	ist	
Limited to 6 months treatment	•		
All of the following:			
1 Patient has Hodgkin's lymphoma requiring treatment; and			
2 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0-2; and3 Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy; and			
Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy, and Patient's disease relapsed or was refractory following prior chemotherapy.	therapy: and		
5 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with gemcitab		lbine (BeGe\	/) at a maximum dose of n
greater than 90 mg/m2 twice per cycle, for a maximum of four cyc	les.		
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.			
BUSULFAN			
Tab 2 mg	89.25	100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE			
Inj 100 mg vial	710.00	1	BiCNU
11, 100 mg 101		•	BiCNU S29
			Novadoz
CHLORAMBUCIL			
Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1/5 00	50	Cyclonex
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Endoxan
FOSFAMIDE			
Inj 1 g vial		1	Holoxan
Inj 2 g vial	180.00	1	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE			
Cap 40 mg	880.00	20	Medac
MELPHALAN Tab 0 and			
Tab 2 mg Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	18 25	1	Melpha
inj 30 mg viai = 3% DV Bec-23 to 2020	40.23	,	Meipha
Inj 15 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	398 00	1	Tepadina
Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1	Tepadina
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE			
Inj 15,000 iu vial	185.16	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]			
Ini 0 E ma viol	255.00	4	Coomogon

Cosmegen

Pfizer

Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial......171.93

DAUNORUBICIN

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price (ex man. excl. G	SST)	Brand or Generic
	Per	Manufacturer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial11.50	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 50 mg vial		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial23.00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial69.99	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial30.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial99.99	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 5 mg vial109.74	1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial233.64	1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C		
Inj 5 mg vial		
Inj 20 mg vial	1	Teva
MITOZANTRONE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe
11 L 119 POL 111, 10 111 FM		WINOZAINI ONO EDOWO

Antimetabolites

AZACITIDINE - **Restricted** see terms below

■ Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Mar-25 to 202750.00 1 Azacitidine Dr Reddy's

→ Restricted (RS2116)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The individual has intermediate or high risk MDS based on an internationally recognised scoring system; or
 - 1.2 The individual has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (based on an intermediate or high risk score from an internationally recognised scoring system or 10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
- 1.3 The individual has acute myeloid leukaemia according to World Health Organisation (WHO) Classification; and
- 2 The individual has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

No evidence of disease progression.

CAPECITABINE

CAPECITABINE			
Tab 150 mg	9.80	60	Capecitabine Viatris
Tab 500 mg		120	Capecitabine Viatris
CLADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	749.96	1	Leustatin
CYTARABINE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	472.00	5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	Cytarabine DBL
			Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 10 mg	412.00	20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial	634.00	5	Fludarabine Ebewe
	126.80	1	Fludarabine Sagent
(Fludarabine Sagent Inj 50 mg vial to be delisted 1 November 2025)			•

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LUOROURACIL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10.51	1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	14.72	1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	19.36	1	Fluorouracil Accord
SEMCITABINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
	1		
Inj 43.3 mg per ml (equivalent to 38 mg per ml gemcitabine), 26.3 m			DDI Osmaliskina
– 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	18.94	1	DBL Gemcitabine
MERCAPTOPURINE	10.50	0.5	
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028		25	Puri-nethol
Oral suspension 20 mg per ml	428.00	100 ml	Xaluprine
			Allmercap
Restricted (RS1635)			
nitiation			
aediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
he patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per da	ıy.		
continuation	-		
aediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
he patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per da	ıV		
The patient required a total access of 1000 than one fall of my tablet per ac	.,,		
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7 80	90	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		90	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	20.70	30	TTCAULC
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	20.17	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
, , , ,			
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	30.00	5	Methotrexate DBL
			Onco-Vial
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	45.00	1	DBL Methotrexate
			Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	67.99	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
PEMETREXED			
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	8.99	1	Pemetrexed-AFT
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		1	Pemetrexed-AFT
, ,		•	
HIOGUANINE			
Tab 40 mg			
Other Cutatoria Agenta			
Other Cytotoxic Agents			
MSACRINE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 75 mg			
, ,			
NAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 0.5 mg			
ARSENIC TRIOXIDE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	4.817.00	10	Phenasen
", ' ", y por "", ' to "" vici		10	. Horidoon

		Price		Brand or
	ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms below				
■ Inj 3.5 mg vial		.74.93	1	DBL Bortezomib
→ Restricted (RS2043)				
Initiation – plasma cell dyscrasia				
The patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macro	globulir	naemia, requi	ring treatr	nent.
DACARBAZINE				
Inj 200 mg vial		.72.11	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE				
Cap 50 mg		340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg			10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		7.90	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)				
Inj 100 mg vial		.40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA [HYDROXYCARBAMIDE]				
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		.20.72	100	Devatis
IBRUTINIB - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 140 mg	3,2	217.00	30	Imbruvica
■ Tab 420 mg			30	Imbruvica
⇒ Restricted (RS2117)				

Initiation - chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Individual has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring therapy; and
- 2 Individual has not previously received funded ibrutinib; and
- 3 Ibrutinib is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 Both:
 - 4.1.1 There is documentation confirming that the individual has 17p deletion or TP53 mutation; and
 - 4.1.2 Individual has experienced intolerable side effects with venetoclax monotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Individual has received at least one prior immunochemotherapy for CLL; and
 - 4.2.2 Individual's CLL has relapsed; and
 - 4.2.3 Individual has experienced intolerable side effects with venetoclax in combination with rituximab regimen; or
 - 4.3 Individual's CLL is refractory to or has relapsed following a venetoclax regimen.

Continuation - chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

IDINIOTEO ANI LIVERDO OLII ODIDE

No evidence of clinical disease progression.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are Unapproved indications.

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	.52.57	1	Accord
LENALIDOMIDE (VIATRIS) – Restricted see terms on the next page Gap 5 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028	76.92	21	Lenalidomide Viatris
■ Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028	.50.30	21	Lenalidomide Viatris
Image: Cap 15 mg − 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028 Image: Cap 25 mg − 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028		21 21	Lenalidomide Viatris Lenalidomide Viatris

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Por	Manufacturer	

→ Restricted (RS2044)

Initiation - Plasma cell dyscrasia

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 Patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient is not refractory to prior lenalidomide use.

Initiation - Myelodysplastic syndrome

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has low or intermediate-1 risk myelodysplastic syndrome (based on IPSS or an IPSS-R score of less than 3.5) associated with a deletion 5g cytogenetic abnormality; and
- 2 Patient has transfusion-dependent anaemia.

Continuation - Myelodysplastic syndrome

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has not needed a transfusion in the last 4 months; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression.

NIRAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg	13,393.50	84	Zejula
t	Cap 100 mg	8,929.84	56	Zejula
	Destricted (DCCCCC)			

→ Restricted (RS2027)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has advanced high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one line** of treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 3 Patient has experienced a partial or complete response to the preceding treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient has not previously received funded treatment with a PARP inhibitor; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the preceding platinum-based regimen;
 - 5.2 Patient commenced treatment with niraparib prior to 1 May 2024; and
- 6 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 7 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 2 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 3 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment with niraparib to cease after a total duration of 36 months from commencement; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with niraparib is being used in the second-line or later maintenance setting.

Notes: * "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.

**A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
OLAPARIB - Restricted see terms below				
	3,701.00	56	Lynparza	
	3,701.00	56	Lynparza	
→ Restricted (RS1925)			• •	

Initiation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 All of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed, advanced disease; and
 - 3.1.2 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.1.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to the first-line platinum-based regimen; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease progression occurring at least 6 months after the last dose of the penultimate line** of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to treatment with the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
 - 3.2.4 Patient has not previously received funded olaparib treatment; and
- 4 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 5 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment: and
- 6 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 No evidence of progressive disease; or
 - 2.2 Evidence of residual (not progressive) disease and the patient would continue to benefit from treatment in the clinician's opinion; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 5.1.2 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the funded treatment period of olaparib will not be continued beyond 2 years if the patient experiences a complete response to treatment and there is no radiological evidence of disease at 2 years; or
 - 5.2 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy.

Notes: *Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.
**A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

⇒ Restricted (RS1788)

Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation – Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Lymphoma

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has lymphoma requiring L-asparaginase containing protocol (e.g. SMILE).

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

POMALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

$\Gamma \cup$	MALIDOMIDE - nestricted see terris below			
t	Cap 1 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 202747	7.45	4	Pomolide
	71	1.18 2	21	Pomolide
t	Cap 2 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 202794	4.90	4	Pomolide
	142	2.35 2	21	Pomolide
t	Cap 3 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027	2.35 1	4	Pomolide
	213	3.53 2	21	Pomolide
t	Cap 4 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027189	9.81 1	4	Pomolide
	•		21	Pomolide

→ Restricted (RS2045)

Initiation - Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide.

Continuation - Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has no evidence of disease progression.

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

	Cap 50 mg	980.00	50	Natulan
ΤE	MOZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
t	Cap 5 mg	9.13	5	Temaccord
				Temozolomide Taro
t	Cap 20 mg	16.38	5	Temaccord
t	Cap 100 mg	35.98	5	Temaccord
	Cap 140 mg		5	Temaccord
t	Cap 250 mg	86.34	5	Temaccord

⇒ Restricted (RS1994)

Initiation - gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has a glioma.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	P	er Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

Continuation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THALIDOMIDE	 Restricted see terms 	be	low
-------------	--	----	-----

1	Cap 50 mg	28	Thalomid
_	Cap 100 mg		Thalomid
	Restricted (RS2046)		

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either

- 1 The patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; or
- 2 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

TRETINOIN

Cap 10 mg479.50	100	Vesanoid
NETOCLAX - Restricted see terms on the next page		
Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg1,771.86	42	Venclexta
Tab 10 mg	2	Venclexta
Tab 50 mg239.44	7	Venclexta
Tab 100 mg8,209.41	120	Venclexta
	NETOCLAX – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg	NETOCLAX – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2118)

Initiation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 7 months

All of the following:

- 1 Individual has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Individual has received at least one prior therapy for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 3 Individual has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The individual's disease has relapsed; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Individual has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the individual is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

Initiation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Individual has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the individual has 17p deletion by FISH testing or TP53 mutation by seguencing: and
- 3 Individual has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation - previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

No evidence of disease progression.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - previously untreated acute myeloid leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 The individual is currently on treatment with venetoclax and met all remaining special authority criteria prior to commencing treatment: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Individual has previously untreated acute myeloid leukaemia (see note a), according to World Health Organization (WHO) Classification: and
 - 2.2 Venetoclax not to be used in combination with standard intensive remission induction chemotherapy; and
 - 2.3 Venetoclax to be used in combination with azacitidine or low dose cytarabine.

Continuation - previously untreated acute myeloid leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 6 months

No evidence of disease progression.

Notes:

- a) 'Acute myeloid leukaemia' includes myeloid sarcoma*
- b) Indications marked with * are Unapproved indications

Platinum Compounds

CARBOPI ATIN

Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202725.73 Carboplatin Accord DBL Carboplatin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CISPLATIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	9.45	1	Cisplatin Accord
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	18.90	1	Cisplatin Accord
OXALIPLATIN			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	33.35	1	Alchemy Oxaliplatin

Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors

ALECTINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1712)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyrosine kinase gene rearrangement using an appropriate ALK test: and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria; and
- 2 The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

AXITINIB - Restricted see terms below

ſ	Tob 1 mg 526 40	20	Inlyta
•	Tab 1 mg536.40	20	IIIIyla
1	Tab 5 mg2,682.00	28	Inlyta
	Restricted (RS2107)		,

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 3 The patient has documented disease progression following one previous line of treatment; and
- 4 The patient has ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

No evidence of disease progression...

CRIZOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

Oi	IIZOTINID TIESTICICU SCC ICIIIIS DCIOW			
1	Cap 200 mg	7,250.00	60	Xalkori
	Cap 250 mg			Xalkori
_	Postricted (PS2108)			

→ Restricted (HS2108)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has a ROS1 rearrangement using an appropriate ROS1 test; and
- 3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-3; and
- 4 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl	. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Response to treatment has been determined by comparable radiological assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression..

DABRAFENIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 50 mg6,320.86	120	Tafinlar
1	Cap 75 mg9,481.29	120	Tafinlar

⇒ Restricted (RS2130)

Initiation - stage III or IV resected melanoma - adjuvant

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 The individual is currently on treatment with dabrafenib and trametinib and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 The individual has resected stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma (excluding uveal) (see note a); or
 - 2 1 2 Roth
 - 2.1.2.1 The individual has received neoadjuvant treatment with a PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor; and
 - 2.1.2.2 Adjuvant treatment with dabrafenib is required; and
 - 2.2 The individual has not received prior funded systemic treatment in the adjuvant setting for stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma; and
 - 2.3 Treatment must be adjuvant to complete surgical resection; and
 - 2.4 Treatment must be initiated within 13 weeks of surgical resection, unless delay is necessary due to post-surgery recovery (see note b); and
 - 2.5 The individual has a confirmed BRAF mutation; and
 - 2.6 Dabrafenib must be administered in combination with trametinib; and
 - 2.7 The individual has ECOG performance score 0-2.

Notes:

- a) Stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma defined as per American Joint Committee on Cancer (AJCC) 8th Edition
- b) Initiating treatment within 13 weeks of complete surgical resection means 13 weeks after resection (primary or lymphadenectomy)

Continuation - stage III or IV resected melanoma - adjuvant

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 No evidence of disease recurrence; and
 - 1.2 Dabrafenib must be administered in combination with trametinib; and
 - 1.3 Treatment to be discontinued at signs of disease recurrence or at completion of 12 months' total treatment course, including any systemic neoadjuvant treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The individual has received adjuvant treatment with a BRAF/MEK inhibitor; and
 - 2.2 The individual has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV: and
 - 2.3 The individual meets initiation criteria for dabrafenib for unresectable or metastatic melanoma; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The individual has received adjuvant treatment with a BRAF/MEK inhibitor; and
 - 3.2 The individual has received a BRAF/MEK inhibitor for unresectable or metastatic melanoma; and
 - 3.3 The individual meets continuation criteria for dabrafenib for unresectable or metastatic melanoma.

Initiation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 The individual is currently on treatment with dabrafenib and trametinib and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The individual has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
 - 2.2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
 - 2.3 The individual has ECOG performance score 0-2; and
 - 2.4 The individual has confirmed BRAF mutation; and
 - 2.5 Dabrafenib must be administered in combination with trametinib; and
 - 2.6 Any of the following:
 - 2.6.1 The individual has been diagnosed in the metastatic or unresectable stage III or IV setting; or
 - 2.6.2 The individual did not receive treatment in the adjuvant setting with a BRAF/MEK inhibitor; or
 - 2.6.3 All of the following:
 - 2.6.3.1 The individual received treatment in the adjuvant setting with a BRAF/MEK inhibitor; and
 - 2.6.3.2 The individual did not experience disease recurrence while on treatment with that BRAF/MEK inhibitor; and
 - 2.6.3.3 The individual did not experience disease recurrence within six months of completing adjuvant treatment with a BRAF/MEK inhibitor.

Continuation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The individual's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 The individual's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 The individual has stable disease with treatment; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period.

DASATINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	60	Dasatinib-Teva
t	Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 304.13	60	Dasatinib-Teva
t	Tab 70 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	60	Dasatinib-Teva

⇒ Restricted (RS2055)

Initiation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis or accelerated phase; or
- 2 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoid leukaemia (Ph+ ALL); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has documented treatment failure* with imatinib; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML defined by the Sokal or EURO scoring system.

Continuation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib*; and
- 2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: *treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

FRI OTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027280.84	30	Alchemy
t	Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027	30	Alchemy

→ Restricted (RS2078)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Patient has received prior treatment in the adjuvant setting and/or while awaiting EGFR results; or
 - 33 Roth
 - 3.3.1 The patient has discontinued osimertinib or getitinib due to intolerance; and
 - 3.3.2 The cancer did not progress while on osimertinib or gefitinib.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 250 mg918.00 30 Iressa

→ Restricted (RS2079)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has received prior treatment in the adjuvant setting and/or while awaiting EGFR results; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued osimertinib or erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on osimertinib or erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
IMATINIB MESILATE Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Cap 400 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		60 30	Imatinib-Rex Imatinib-Rex	

LAPATINIB - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 250 mg
- → Restricted (RS1828)

Initiation

For continuation use only.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

LENVATINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 4 mg3,407.40	30	Lenvima
t	Cap 10 mg3,407.40	30	Lenvima

→ Restricted (RS2098)

Initiation - thyroid cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with lenvatinib and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid cancer; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient must have symptomatic progressive disease prior to treatment; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient must progressive disease at critical anatomical sites with a high risk of morbidity or mortality where local control cannot be achieved by other measures; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 A lesion without iodine uptake in a RAI scan; or
 - 2.3.2 Receiving cumulative RAI greater than or equal to 600 mCi; or
 - 2.3.3 Experiencing disease progression after a RAI treatment within 12 months; or
 - 2.3.4 Experiencing disease progression after two RAI treatments administered within 12 months of each other; and
 - 2.4 Patient has thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) adequately supressed; and
 - 2.5 Patient is not a candidate for radiotherapy with curative intent; and
 - 2.6 Surgery is clinically inappropriate; and
 - 2.7 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation - thyroid cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

Initiation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma; and
- 2 Patient has preserved liver function (Childs-Pugh A); and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 Transarterial chemoembolisation (TACE) is unsuitable; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy for their disease in the palliative setting; or
 - 5.2 Roth
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity from treatment with atezolizumab with bevacizumab; and
 - 5.2.2 No disease progression since initiation of atezolizumab with bevacizumab.

Continuation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

Initiation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
 - 1.2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology; and
 - 1.3 The patient has documented disease progression following one previous line of treatment; and
 - 1.4 The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
 - 1.5 Lenvatinib is to be used in combination with everolimus; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has received funded treatment with nivolumab for the second line treatment of metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity from treatment with nivolumab; and
 - 2.3 Lenvatinib is to be used in combination with everolimus; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of disease progression.

Continuation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

MIDOSTAURIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2033)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 2 Condition must be FMS tyrosine kinase 3 (FLT3) mutation positive; and
- 3 Patient must not have received a prior line of intensive chemotherapy for acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 4 Patient is to receive standard intensive chemotherapy in combination with midostaurin only: and
- 5 Midostaurin to be funded for a maximum of 4 cycles.

NII OTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg4,680.00	120	Tasigna
t	Cap 200 mg6,532.00	120	Tasigna

⇒ Restricted (RS2010)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, high risk chronic phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI); or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) precluding further treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

OSIMERTINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 40 mg9,310.00	30	Tagrisso
t	Tab 80 mg9,310.00	30	Tagrisso
_	Postricted (PS2000)		-

→ Restricted (RS2080)

Initiation - NSCLC - first line

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, incurable, non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naïve: or
 - 2.2 Patient has received prior treatment in the adjuvant setting and/or while awaiting EGFR results; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued gefitinib or erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib or erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that the cancer expresses activating mutations of EGFR; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG performance status 0-3; and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - NSCLC - first line

Re-assessment required after 6 months

response to or stable disease with treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period.

Initiation - NSCLC - second line

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, incurable, non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG performance status 0-3; and
- 3 The patient must have received previous treatment with erlotinib or gefitinib; and
- 4 There is documentation confirming that the cancer expresses T790M mutation of EGFR following progression on or after erlotinib or gefitinib; and
- 5 The treatment must be given as monotherapy; and

Price)		Brand or
(ex man. exc	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - NSCLC - second line

Re-assessment required after 6 months

response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period.

PALBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 75 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
	1,200.00		Palbociclib Pfizer
t	Tab 100 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
	1,200.00		Palbociclib Pfizer
t	Tab 125 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
	1,200.00		Palbociclib Pfizer

(Ibrance Tab 75 mg to be delisted 1 December 2025) (Ibrance Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 December 2025)

(Ibrance Tab 125 mg to be delisted 1 December 2025)

→ Restricted (RS2034)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
 - 1.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 1.4 Fither:
 - 1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
 - 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal or without menstrual-potential state; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic treatment for metastatic disease; and
 - 1.5 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 1.6 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for ribociclib; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse reaction to ribociclib that cannot be managed by dose reductions and requires treatment discontinuation; and
 - 2.3 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of ribociclib.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of palbociclib.

PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	.172.88	30	Pazopanib Teva
t	Tab 400 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	.464.00	30	Pazopanib Teva

→ Restricted (RS2089)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma of predominantly clear cell histology; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient is treatment naive: or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; and
 - 1.3 The patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - The patient has intermediate or poor prognosis defined as:
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; or
 - 1.4.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; or
 - 1.4.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); or
 - 1.4.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; or
 - 1.4.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; or
 - 1.4.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; or
 - 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
 - 2.4 Pazopanib to be used for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

No evidence of disease progression.

RIBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg	21	Kisqali
	3,767.00	42	Kisqali
	5 650 00	63	Kisgali

→ Restricted (RS2131)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
 - 1.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
 - 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal or without menstrual-potential state; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic endocrine treatment for metastatic disease; and
 - 1.5 Treatment to be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 1.6 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for palbociclib; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse reaction to palbociclib that cannot be managed by dose reductions and requires treatment discontinuation; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.3 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2.4 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of palbociclib.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of ribociclib.

RUYOU ITINIR - Restricted see terms below

HOXOLITIND - Hestificied see terms below			
	2,500.00	56	Jakavi
■ Tab 10 mg	5,000.00	56	Jakavi
■ Tab 15 mg	5,000.00	56	Jakavi
■ Tab 20 mg	5,000.00	56	Jakavi
- (PO (PO))	•		

→ Restricted (RS1726)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and 2 Either:
- 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or
 - - 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS: and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy:
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

Continuation

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 12.5 mg	208.38	28	Sunitinib Pfizer
	Cap 25 mg		28	Sunitinib Pfizer
t	Cap 50 mg	694.62	28	Sunitinib Pfizer

⇒ Restricted (RS2109)

Initiation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 The patient has not previously received funded sunitinib.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 4 months

No evidence of disease progression.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
 - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation - GIST pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 Sunitinib is to be discontinued at progression; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

TRAMETINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 0.5 mg2,370.32	30	Mekinist
t	Tab 2 mg9,481.29	30	Mekinist

→ Restricted (RS2132)

Initiation - stage III or IV resected melanoma - adjuvant

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 The individual is currently on treatment with dabrafenib and trametinib and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 The individual has resected stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma (excluding uveal) (see note a); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manutacturer

continued...

- 2.1.2 Both:
 - 2.1.2.1 The individual has received neoadjuvant treatment with a PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor; and
 - 2.1.2.2 Adjuvant treatment with trametinib is required; and
- 2.2 The individual has not received prior funded systemic treatment in the adjuvant setting for stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma; and
- 2.3 Treatment must be adjuvant to complete surgical resection; and
- 2.4 Treatment must be initiated within 13 weeks of surgical resection, unless delay is necessary due to post-surgery recovery (see note b); and
- 2.5 The individual has a confirmed BRAF mutation; and
- 2.6 Trametinib must be administered in combination with dabrafenib; and
- 2.7 The individual has ECOG performance score 0-2.

Notes:

- a) Stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma defined as per American Joint Committee on Cancer (AJCC) 8th Edition
- b) Initiating treatment within 13 weeks of complete surgical resection means 13 weeks after resection (primary or lymphadenectomy)

Continuation - stage III or IV resected melanoma - adjuvant

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 No evidence of disease recurrence; and
 - 1.2 Trametinib must be administered in combination with dabrafenib; and
 - 1.3 Treatment to be discontinued at signs of disease recurrence or at completion of 12 months' total treatment course, including any systemic neoadjuvant treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The individual has received adjuvant treatment with a BRAF/MEK inhibitor; and
 - 2.2 The individual has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
 - 2.3 The individual meets initiation criteria for trametinib for unresectable or metastatic melanoma; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The individual has received adjuvant treatment with a BRAF/MEK inhibitor; and
 - 3.2 The individual has received a BRAF/MEK inhibitor for unresectable or metastatic melanoma; and
 - 3.3 The individual meets continuation criteria for trametinib for unresectable or metastatic melanoma.

Initiation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 The individual is currently on treatment with dabrafenib and trametinib and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The individual has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
 - 2.2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
 - 2.3 The individual has ECOG performance score 0-2; and
 - 2.4 The individual has confirmed BRAF mutation; and
 - 2.5 Trametinib must be administered in combination with dabrafenib; and
 - 2.6 Any of the following:
 - 2.6.1 The individual has been diagnosed in the metastatic or unresectable stage III or IV setting; or
 - 2.6.2 The individual did not receive treatment in the adjuvant setting with a BRAF/MEK inhibitor; or

	Price excl.	GST)		Brand or Generic
(\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.6.3 All of the following:

- 2.6.3.1 The individual received treatment in the adjuvant setting with a BRAF/MEK inhibitor; and
- 2.6.3.2 The individual did not experience disease recurrence while on treatment with that BRAF/MEK inhibitor; and
- 2.6.3.3 The individual did not experience disease recurrence within six months of completing adjuvant treatment with a BRAF/MEK inhibitor.

Continuation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

Taxanes

Inj 500 mg

All of the following:

→ Restricted (RS1695)

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The individual's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 The individual's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 The individual has stable disease with treatment: and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period.

14/14/100		
DOCETAXEL Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 202624.91 PACLITAXEL	1	DBL Docetaxel
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-24 to 202619.59	1	Anzatax
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-24 to 202637.89	1	Anzatax
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects		
CALCIUM FOLINATE		
Tab 15 mg135.33	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule18.25	5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial7.28	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
112.20	5	Eurofolic
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial9.49	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
163.35	5	Eurofolic
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial22.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial25.14	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial72.00	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
139.48		Eurofolic
(Calcium Folinate Ebewe Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 November 2025)		
(Calcium Folinate Sandoz Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2025)		
(Calcium Folinate Sandoz Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2025)		
(Calcium Folinate Ebewe Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2025)		
(Calcium Folinate Sandoz Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2025)		
(Calcium Folinate Sandoz Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2025)		
DEXRAZOXANE - Restricted see terms below		

Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediatric haematologist

continued...

e.g. Cardioxane

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer	
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continued...

- 1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline given with curative intent; and
- 2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetime dose of anthracycline will exceed 250mg/m2 doxorubicin equivalent or greater; and
- 3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracycline treatment; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a child or young adult; or
 - 4.2 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for secondary malignancy.

MFSNA

Tab 400 mg314.00	50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg448.50	50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule177.45	15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule407.40	15	Uromitexan

Vinca Alkaloids

VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	270.37	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	74.52	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	102.73	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
VINORELBINE			
Cap 20 mg	30.00	1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 30 mg	40.00	1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 80 mg	60.00	1	Vinorelbine Te Arai

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Endocrine Therapy

ABIRATERONE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1888)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases; and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
 - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
 - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and

4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Abiraterone acetate to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

BICALUTAMIDE

DIOALOTAMIDE		
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE		
Tab 250 mg119.50	100	Flutamin
FULVESTRANT - Restricted see terms below		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml prefilled syringe	2	Faslodex

→ Restricted (RS1732)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment with an aromatase inhibitor or tamoxifen for their locally advanced or metastatic disease; and
- 3 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly following loading doses; and
- 4 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression.

OCTRECTIDE

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml vial48.50	5	Omega
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml vial27.58	5	Omega
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml vial113.10	5	Omega
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule27.58	5	Max Health
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule32.71	5	Max Health
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule113.10	5	Max Health

(e	Price x man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TAMOXIFEN CITRATE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		60 60	Tamoxifen Sandoz Tamoxifen Sandoz
Aromatase Inhibitors			
ANASTROZOLE Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 EXEMESTANE	4.39	30	Anatrole
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2026	9.86	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4.36 4.67	28 30	Accord Letrole

Long-acting Somatostatin Analogues

→ Restricted (RS2100)

Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has not been successful; and
- 3 Treatment to be given for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery and radiotherapy is not suitable or was unsuccessful; or
 - 2.2 Treatment is for an interim period while awaiting the beneficial effects of radiotherapy; and
- 3 Treatment with a dopamine agonist has been unsuccessful.

Continuation - acromegaly

Without reassessment for applications where IGF1 levels have decreased since starting treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly, treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have no decreased 3 months after treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission.

Treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks

Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma: and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Surgery has been unsuccessful; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient has metastatic disease after treatment with H2 antagonist or proton pump inhibitors has been unsuccessful; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas: and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has not been successful; or
 - 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy: or
 - 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Initiation - pre-operative acromegaly

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Patient has a large pituitary tumour, greater than 10 mm at its widest; and
- 3 Patient is scheduled to undergo pituitary surgery in the next six months.

Notes: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

The use of a long-acting somatostatin analogue in patients with fistulae, oesophageal varices, miscellaneous diarrhoea and hypotension will not be funded under Special Authority

LANREOTIDE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Inj 60 mg per 0.5 ml, 0.5 ml syringe − 5% DV Aug-25 to 2027	382.77	1	Mytolac
1 Inj 90 mg per 0.5 ml, 0.5 ml syringe − 5% DV Sep-25 to 2027		1	Mytolac
1 Inj 120 mg per 0.5 ml, 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Aug-25 to 2027	646.70	1	Mytolac
OCTREOTIDE LONG-ACTING - Restricted see terms on the previous page	ge		
Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	438.40	1	Sandostatin LAR
1 Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	583.70	1	Sandostatin LAR
Ini depot 30 mg prefilled syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	670.80	1	Sandostatin LAR

Imaging Agents

AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below	

ŧ	Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.	.5 g vial4,400.00	1	Gliolan
		44,000.00	10	Gliolan

→ Restricted (RS1565)

Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN

0200. 0			
Cap 25 mg	44.63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg		50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg		50	Neoral
Oral lig 100 mg per ml		50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		10	Sandimmun
, 01 / 1			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
	49.60	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
■ Cap 1 mg		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
■ Cap 5 mg		50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Doctricted (DC0110)			

→ Restricted (RS2110)

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Either:

- 1 For use in organ transplant recipients; or
- 2 The individual is receiving induction therapy for an organ transplant.

Initiation - non-transplant indications*

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
- 2.2 Patient is a child with nephrotic syndrome*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Fusion Proteins

ETANERCEPT – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 25 mg autoinjector	690.00	4	Enbrel
Inj 25 mg vial	690.00	4	Enbrel
Inj 50 mg autoinjector	1,050.00	4	Enbrel
Inj 50 mg syringe	1,050.00	4	Enbrel
→ Restricted (RS2062)			

Initiation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or

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\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation – oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baselinee; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate: and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 12 Fither
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or

	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	an. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroilitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female	
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm	
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm	
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm	
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm	
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm	
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm	
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm	

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or secukinumab; or

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Fitho
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or

continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
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- 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
- 1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.3 Both:
 - 1.3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.3.2 Fither:
 - 1.3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing etanercept; and

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2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and

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- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
 - 5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
 - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1202)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB (AMGEVITA) - Restricted see terms below

Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe − 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026 190.00	1	Amgevita
Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled pen − 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026375.00	2	Amgevita
■ Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026375.00	2	Amgevita

→ Restricted (RS2063)

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease* that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s); or

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2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatological and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatments appropriate for the particular symptom(s).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and
- 3 Patient has 3 or more active lesions; and
- 4 The patient has a DLQI of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application.

Continuation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 4 or more from baseline.

Initiation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
 - 2.3 A PASI assessment or (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

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- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced a 75% or more reduction in PASI score, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value: or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 2.2.2 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 3.2 Either:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing adalimumab.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*: and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300 or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

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- 1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complex peri-anal fistula; and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:

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- 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
- 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
- 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:

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- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiology imaging; and
 - 2.4 Patient has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more NSAIDs, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following BASMI measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender; and
 - 2.6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

For applications where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose).

Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and

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continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine or leflunomide at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
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- 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

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Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept and/or tocilizumab for (AOSD); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, NSAIDs and methotrexate: and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient's SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
- 2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

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- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of each of methotrexate, sulphasalazine and leflunomide, at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 3.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 3.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs: and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not responded adequately to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate, or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:

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((ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
- 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

ADALIMUMAB (HUMIRA - ALTERNATIVE BRAND) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 20 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe	.595.50	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe	.595.50	2	Humira
_	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled pen		2	HumiraPen
=	Restricted (RS1922)			

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response to treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and

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(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
 (\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Continuation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and
- 3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Initiation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Fither:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

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continued...

Initiation - Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 A maximum of 8 doses.

Continuation - Pvoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated clinical improvement and continues to require treatment; and
- 2 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Any of the following:

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- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
- 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Any of the following:

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- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
- 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions. or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita); and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

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Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
 - 4.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or

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\$ Per Manufacturer

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2.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has demonstrated a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1872)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months; or
 - 2.2 Patient has previously* (*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and

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- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
- 2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
- 3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomography) subfield > 350 micrometers; and
- 5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy.

Continuation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and
- 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction in intra-retinal cysts, central retinal thickness, and sub-retinal fluid); and
- 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy: and
- 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, patient has retrialled with at least one injection of bevacizumab and had no response.

BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg vial	2,560.00	1	Simulect
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1203)			

Initiation

For use in solid organ transplants.

BENRALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1920)

Initiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded: and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 × 10⁹ cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long-acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the anti-inflammatory reliever therapy plus maintenance regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids: or

		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
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- 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months; and
- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised mepolizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Fither:
 - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
 - 9.2 Both:
 - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
 - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with benralizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS2111)

Initiation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with bevacizumab, and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 Patient has preserved liver function (Child-Pugh A); and
 - 2.3 Transarterial chemoembolisation (TACE) is unsuitable: and
 - 2.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy for the treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient received funded lenvatinib before 1 March 2025; or
 - 2.4.3 Both:
 - 2.4.3.1 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity from treatment with lenvatinib; and
 - 2.4.3.2 No disease progression since initiation of lenvatinib; and
 - 2.5 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
 - 2.6 To be given in combination with atezolizumab.

Continuation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

no evidence of disease progression.

Initiation - advanced or metastatic ovarian cancer

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

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(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

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- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has FIGO Stage IV epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has previously untreated advanced (FIGO Stage IIIB or IIIC) epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Debulking surgery is inappropriate; or
 - 1.2.2.2 The cancer is sub-optimally debulked (maximum diameter of any gross residual disease greater than 1cm); and
- 2 Bevacizumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 15 mg/kg every three weeks; and
- 3 18 weeks concurrent treatment with chemotherapy is planned.

Continuation - advanced or metastatic ovarian cancer

Re-assessment required after 4 months

no evidence of disease progression.

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses: and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.

Continuation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses: and
- 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and
- 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease regrowth as a result of treatment.

Initiation - Ocular Conditions

Either:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation; or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

BEVACIZUMAB (OCULAR) - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
- Ini 25 mg per ml. 16 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1691)

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.

Continuation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolarvngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Maximum of 6 doses; and

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continued...

- 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and
- 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease regrowth as a result of treatment.

Initiation - ocular conditions

Fither:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation: or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

BRENTUXIMAB VEDOTIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2002)

Initiation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- All of the following:
 - 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma after two or more lines of chemotherapy; and
 - 1.1.2 Patient is ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 1.2.2 Patient has previously undergone autologous stem cell transplant; and
 - 2 Patient has not previously received funded brentuximab vedotin; and
 - 3 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
 - 4 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

Initiation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-1; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received brentuximab vedotin; and
- 4 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 5 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	364.00	1	Erbitux
1	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1,820.00	1	Erbitux

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→ Restricted (RS2064)

Initiation - head and neck cancer, locally advanced

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Cisplatin is contraindicated or has resulted in intolerable side effects; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

Initiation - colorectal cancer, metastatic

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic colorectal cancer located on the left side of the colon (see Note); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming disease is RAS and BRAF wild-type; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with cetuximab; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Cetuximab is to be used in combination with chemotherapy; or
 - 5.2 Chemotherapy is determined to not be in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment.

Continuation - colorectal cancer, metastatic

Re-assessment required after 6 months

No evidence of disease progression.

Note: Left-sided colorectal cancer comprises of the distal one-third of the transverse colon, the splenic flexure, the descending colon, the sigmoid colon, or the rectum.

GEMTUZUMAB OZOGAMICIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1923)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has not received prior chemotherapy for this condition; and
- 2 Patient has de novo CD33-positive acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient does not have acute promyelocytic leukaemia; and
- 4 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin will be used in combination with standard anthracycline and cytarabine (AraC); and
- 5 Patient is being treated with curative intent; and
- 6 Patient's disease risk has been assessed by cytogenetic testing to be good or intermediate; and
- 7 Patient must be considered eligible for standard intensive remission induction chemotherapy with standard anthracycline and cytarabine (AraC); and
- 8 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin to be funded for one course only (one dose at 3 mg per m² body surface area or up to 2 vials of 5 mg as separate doses).

Note: Acute myeloid leukaemia excludes acute promyelocytic leukaemia and acute myeloid leukaemia that is secondary to another haematological disorder (eg myelodysplasia or myeloproliferative disorder).

INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2124)

Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

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Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:

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- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab; or
- 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Fithe
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms: or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and

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- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection;
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

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Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complete peri-anal fistula.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

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- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - fulminant ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patients SCCAI is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patients PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab: or
 - 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

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Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis: or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course: and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Both:

DOIN:

1 Any of the following:

- 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom

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- subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
- 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: or
- 1.3 Both:
 - 1.3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.3.2 Either:
 - 1.3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing infliximab; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement: and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 1 The patient 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

 a) Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in

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Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.

b) Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has had axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs: and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not experienced an adequate response to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 Patient has a BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10-point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and

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- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, patient has experienced at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient has experienced at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - immune checkpoint inhibitor toxicity in malignancy*

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The individual requires treatment for moderate to severe autoimmune toxicity following immune checkpoint inhibitor treatment for malignancy; and
- 2 The individual has received insufficient benefit from use of corticosteroids; and
- 3 Infliximab is to be administered at up to 5mg/kg for up to four doses.

Continuation - immune checkpoint inhibitor toxicity in malignancy*

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The individual has shown clinical improvement and ongoing treatment is required; and
- 2 Infliximab is to be administered at up to 5mg/kg for up to a total of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

INOTUZUMAB OZOGAMICIN - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1 mg vial14,457.00
 1 Besponsa

⇒ Restricted (RS2112)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory CD22-positive B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma, including minimal residual disease: and
- 2 Patient has ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient has Philadelphia chromosome positive B-Cell ALL; and
 - 3.1.2 Patient has previously received a tyrosine kinase inhibitor; or
 - 3.2 Patient has received one prior line of treatment involving intensive chemotherapy; and
- 4 Treatment is to be administered for a maximum of 3 cycles.

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continued...

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is not proceeding to a stem cell transplant; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has experienced complete disease response; or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced complete remission with incomplete haematological recovery; and
- 3 Treatment with inotuzumab ozogamicin is to cease after a total duration of 6 cycles.

MEPOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 100 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS2024)

Initiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded: and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 x 10⁹ cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the single maintenance and reliever therapy regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids; or
 - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months; and
- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised benralizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Either:
 - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
 - 9.2 Both:
 - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
 - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with mepolizumab; or
- 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

Initiation - eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis; and
- 2 The patient has trialled and not received adequate benefit from at least one of the following for at least three months (unless contraindicated to all): azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, leflunomide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, or rituximab; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has trialled prednisone for a minimum of three months and is unable to maintain disease control at doses below 7.5 mg per day; or
 - 3.2 Corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Continuation - eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has no evidence of clinical disease progression.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1919)

Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL; and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to 1.5×10^9 /L and platelets greater than or equal to 75×10^9 /L

Initiation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has follicular lymphoma; or
 - 1.2 Patient has marginal zone lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen*; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and

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- 4 Patient has been previously treated with no more than four chemotherapy regimens; and
- 5 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 1000 mg for a maximum of 6 cycles in combination with chemotherapy*.

Note: * includes unapproved indications

Continuation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has no evidence of disease progression following obinutuzumab induction therapy; and
- 2 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum of 1000 mg every 2 months for a maximum of 2 years; and
- 3 Obinutuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe450	0.00	1	Xolair
	Inj 150 mg vial450		1	Xolair
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1652)			

Initiation – severe asthma

Or i di

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma: and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
 - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation - severe asthma

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

Initiation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Either:

2.1 Both:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
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continued...

- 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
- 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
 - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
 - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response* following 4 doses; or
 - 4.2 Complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

Continuation – severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and
 - 2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: *Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PALIVIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2081)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Palivizumab to be administered during the annual RSV season; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Infant was born in the last 12 months; and
 - 2.1.2 Infant was born at less than 32 weeks zero days' gestation; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Child was born in the last 24 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.2.1 Child has severe lung, airway, neurological or neuromuscular disease that requires ongoing ventilatory/respiratory support (see Note A) in the community; or
 - 2.2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.2.1 Child has haemodynamically significant heart disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2. Any of the following:
 - 2.2.2.2.2.1 Child has unoperated simple congenital heart disease with significant left to right shunt (see Note B); or
 - 2.2.2.2.2.2 Child has unoperated or surgically palliated complex congenital heart disease; or
 - 2.2.2.2.3 Child has severe pulmonary hypertension (see Note C); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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- 2.2.2.2.2.4 Child has moderate or severe left ventricular (LV) failure (see Note D); or
- 2.2.2.3 Child has severe combined immune deficiency, confirmed by an immunologist, but has not received a stem cell transplant: or
- 2.2.2.4 Child has inborn errors of immunity (see Note E) that increase susceptibility to life-threatening viral respiratory infections, confirmed by an immunologist.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Palivizumab to be administered during the annual RSV season; and
- 2 Child was born in the last 24 months; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Child has severe lung, airway, neurological or neuromuscular disease that requires ongoing ventilatory/respiratory support (see Note A) in the community; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Child has haemodynamically significant heart disease; and
 - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.2.1 Child has unoperated simple congenital heart disease with significant left to right shunt (see Note B);
 - 3.2.2.2 Child has unoperated or surgically palliated complex congenital heart disease; or
 - 3.2.2.3 Child has severe pulmonary hypertension (see Note C); or
 - 3.2.2.4 Child has moderate or severe left ventricular (LV) failure (see Note D); or
 - 3.3 Child has severe combined immune deficiency, confirmed by an immunologist, but has not received a stem cell transplant; or
 - 3.4 Child has inborn errors of immunity (see Note E) that increase susceptibility to life-threatening viral respiratory infections, confirmed by an immunologist.

Notes:

- a) Ventilatory/respiratory support includes those on home oxygen, CPAP/VPAP and those with tracheostomies in situ managed at home
- b) Child requires/will require heart failure medication, and/or child has significant pulmonary hypertension, and/or infant will require surgical palliation/definitive repair within the next 3 months
- c) Mean pulmonary artery pressure more than 25 mmHg
- d) LV Ejection Fraction less than 40%
- e) Inborn errors of immunity include, but are not limited to, IFNAR deficiencies

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1995)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
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- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1870)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms on the next page

ţ	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	2	Mabthera
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,688.30	1	Mabthera

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1785)

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept: or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Fither:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
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Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	275.33	2	Riximyo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	688.20	1	Riximyo

→ Restricted (RS2133)

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy;
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment: and
 - 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
 - 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL: or
 - 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
 - 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
 - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and
- 2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

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Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre; or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Both:

- 1 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
 - 2.2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment: and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of

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4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
- 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

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- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ABO-incompatible organ transplant

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

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- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
 - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks: and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects

Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a

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period of at least 12 months; or

- 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Initiation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 x 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Initiation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease: or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

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Continuation – severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis; and
- Ellner.
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and
- 4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Continuation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and

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2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

Initiation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has biopsy-proven primary/idiopathic membranous nephropathy*; or
 - 1.2 Patient has PLA2 antibodies with no evidence of secondary cause, and an eGFR of > 60ml/min/1.73m2; and
- 2 Patient remains at high risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease despite more than 3 months of treatment with conservative measures (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Continuation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for membranous nephropathy*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful, but the condition has relapsed, and the patient now requires repeat treatment; or
 - 2.2 Patient achieved partial response to treatment and requires repeat treatment (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Notes:

- a) Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.
- b) High risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease defined as > 5g/day proteinuria.
- c) Conservative measures include renin-angiotensin system blockade, blood-pressure management, dietary sodium and protein restriction, treatment of dyslipidaemia, and anticoagulation agents unless contraindicated or the patient has experienced intolerable side effects.
- d) Partial response defined as a reduction of proteinuria of at least 50% from baseline, and between 0.3 grams and 3.5 grams per 24 hours.

Initiation - B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*

Limited to 2 years treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*; and
- 2 Treatment must be in combination with an intensive chemotherapy protocol with curative intent; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 per dose for a maximum of 18 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – desensitisation prior to transplant

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient requires desensitisation prior to mismatched allogenic stem cell transplant*; and
- 2 Patient would receive no more than two doses at 375 mg/m2 of body-surface area.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pemiphiqus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

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- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has severe rapidly progressive pemphigus; and
 - 1.2 Is used in combination with systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day); and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 Skin involvement is at least 5% body surface area; or
 - 1.3.2 Significant mucosal involvement (10 or more mucosal erosions) or diffuse gingivitis or confluent large erosions; or
 - 1.3.3 Involvement of two or more mucosal sites; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has pemphigus; and
 - 2.2 Patient has not experienced adequate clinical benefit from systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day) in combination with a steroid sparing agent, unless contraindicated.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pemiphiqus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced adequate clinical benefit from rituximab treatment, with improvement in symptoms and healing of skin ulceration and reduction in corticosteroid requirement; and
- 2 Patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of IgG4-RD*; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs for at least 3 months has been ineffective in lowering corticosteroid dose below 5 mg per day (prednisone equivalent) without relapse; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs is contraindicated or associated with evidence of toxicity or intolerance; and
- 3 Total rituximab dose used should not exceed a maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Treatment with rituximab for IgG4-RD* was previously successful and patient's disease has demonstrated sustained response, but the condition has relapsed; or
 - 1.2 Patient is receiving maintenance treatment for IgG4-RD*; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

SECUKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

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Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

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- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a Health NZ Hospital, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab: and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

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- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Both
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
 - 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

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Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation – ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks initial treatment of secukinumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-secukinumab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefitted from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and

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(ex man. excl	. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior secukinumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg vial	770.57	1	Sylvant
t	Inj 400 mg vial	3,082.33	1	Sylvant

→ Restricted (RS1525)

Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

TOOLELEONING TROUTION OF COMMON PORTION		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
■ Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	1	Actemra
Ini 20 mg per ml. 20 ml vial	1	Actemra

→ Restricted (RS2125)

Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

	Price		Brand or
(ex n	nan. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
 - 1.2 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg, maximum of 12 mg/kg); or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research ENABLE trial programme; and
 - 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or Immune Effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome (ICANS) following CAR T-Cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS or ICANS for CAR T-cell therapy at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

Initiation - previous use

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis: or
 - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease: or
 - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy: and
- 3 Fither:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
- 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 4 Fither
 - 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints;
 - 5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD): or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

1 Both:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.3 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.4.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Initiation - moderate to severe COVID-19

Therapy limited to 1 dose

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8mg/kg IV for a maximum of one dose; and
- 5 Tocilizumab is not to be administered in combination with barcitinib.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation – immune checkpoint inhibitor toxicity in malignancy*

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The individual requires treatment for moderate to severe autoimmune toxicity following immune checkpoint inhibitor treatment for malignancy; and
- 2 The individual has received insufficient benefit from use of corticosteroids; and
- 3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at a maximum dose of 8 mg/kg fortnightly.

Continuation - immune checkpoint inhibitor toxicity in malignancy*

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The individual has shown clinical improvement and ongoing treatment is required; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be administered at a maximum dose of 8 mg/kg fortnightly.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

TRASTUZUMAB (HERZUMA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027100.00	1	Herzuma
1	Inj 440 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027 293.35	1	Herzuma

⇒ Restricted (RS2005)

Initiation - early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH + (including FISH or other current technology; and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment).

Continuation - early breast cancer*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

1 All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology; and
- 1.2 The patient received prior adjuvant trastuzumab treatment for early breast cancer; and
- 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 1.3.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; or
 - 1.3.3 he cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 1.4 Fither:
 - 1.4.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 1.4.2 All of the following:
 - 1.4.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.4.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 1.5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab in the metastatic setting for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Note: * For patients with relapsed HER-2 positive disease who have previously received adjuvant trastuzumab for early breast cancer

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

1 All of the following:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl. (GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 1.3 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Initiation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has locally advanced or metastatic gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction or oesophageal cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 2+ FISH+ or IHC3+ (or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG score of 0-2.

Continuation – gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 2 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TRASTUZUMAB DERUXTECAN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2082)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease; or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Patient has not received prior funded trastuzumab deruxtecan treatment; and
- 6 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab deruxtecan; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy,

TRASTUZUMAR EMTANSINE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 100 mg vial2,320.00	1	Kadcyla
t	Inj 160 mg vial3,712.00	1	Kadcyla

→ Restricted (RS2083)

Initiation - early breast cancer

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has early breast cancer expressing HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+; and
- 2 Documentation of pathological invasive residual disease in the breast and/or axiliary lymph nodes following completion of surgery; and
- 3 Patient has completed systemic neoadjuvant therapy with trastuzumab and chemotherapy prior to surgery; and
- 4 Disease has not progressed during neoadjuvant therapy; and
- 5 Patient has left ventricular ejection fraction of 45% or greater; and
- 6 Adjuvant treatment with trastuzumab emtansine to be commenced within 12 weeks of surgery; and
- 7 Trastuzumab emtansine to be discontinued at disease progression; and
- 8 Total adjuvant treatment duration must not exceed 42 weeks (14 cycles).

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease*; or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
 - 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 Patient has not received prior funded trastuzumab emtansine or trastuzumab deruxtecan treatment; or
 - 6.2 Both:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has discontinued trastuzumab deruxtecan due to intolerance; and
 - 6.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on trastuzumab deruxtecan; and
- 7 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: *Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

USTEKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 130 mg vial4,162.00	1	Stelara
1	Inj 90 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe	1	Stelara

→ Restricted (RS1942)

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease: and
 - 22 Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for Crohn's disease and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
- 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed: and
- 2 Ustekinumab to be administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease: and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria: or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less: or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis: and
 - 2.2 Fither:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for ulcerative colitis and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
- 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for ulcerative colitis; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for ulcerative colitis are contraindicated.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy*; and
- 2 Ustekinumab will be used at a dose no greater than 90 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Criterion marked with * is for an unapproved indication.

VEDOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1943)

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.4 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.5 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less: or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated): or
 - 2.2 Patient has a SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.3 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20*; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy *; and
- 2 Vedolizumab will be used at a dose no greater than 300 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

ATEZOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS2099)

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 3 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG 0-2: and
- 5 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with at least two cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Atezolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Atezolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with atezolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with atezolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 Patient has preserved liver function (Child-Pugh A); and
 - 2.3 Transarterial chemoembolisation (TACE) is unsuitable; and
 - 2.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy for the treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient received funded lenvatinib before 1 March 2025; or
 - 2.4.3 Both:
 - 2.4.3.1 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity from treatment with lenvatinib; and
 - 2.4.3.2 No disease progression since initiation of lenvatinib; and
 - 2.5 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
 - 2.6 To be given in combination with bevacizumab.

Continuation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

no evidence of disease progression.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
DURVALUMAB - Restricted see terms below				
■ Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	4,700.00	1	Imfinzi	
■ Inj 50 mg per ml, 2.4 ml vial	1,128.00	1	Imfinzi	
⇒ Restricted (RS2084)				

Initiation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has histologically or cytologically documented stage III, locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); or
 - 1.2 Patient has histologically or cytologically documented stage IIb (T1N2a only), locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Patient has received two or more cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy concurrently with definitive radiation therapy; and
- 3 Patient has no disease progression following the second or subsequent cycle of platinum-based chemotherapy with definitive radiation therapy treatment; and
- 4 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0 or 1; and
- 5 Patient has completed last radiation dose within 8 weeks of starting treatment with durvalumab; and
- 6 Patient must not have received prior PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitor therapy for this condition; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
 - 7.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 8 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression.

Continuation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
 - 2.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 3 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression; and
- 4 Total continuous treatment duration must not exceed 12 months.

IPILIMUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial5	,000.00	1	Yervoy
t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 40 ml vial20	,000.00	1	Yervoy

→ Restricted (RS2115)

Initiation - renal cell carcinoma

Limited to 4 months treatment

Either:

- 1 The patient is currently on treatment with ipilimumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 The patient is treatment naive; and
 - 2.3 The patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
 - 2.4 The disease is predominantly of clear cell histology; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 The patient has sarcomatoid histology; or
 - 2.5.2 Haemoglobin levels less than the lower limit of normal; or

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.5.3 Corrected serum calcium level greater than 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); or
- 2.5.4 Neutrophils greater than the upper limit of normal; or
- 2.5.5 Platelets greater than the upper limit of normal; or
- 2.5.6 Interval of less than 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; or
- 2.5.7 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
- 2.6 Ipilimumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 1 mg/kg for up to four cycles in combination with nivolumab.

NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	1,051.98	1	Opdivo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	2,629.96	1	Opdivo
-	Restricted (RS2126)			

Initiation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The individual has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 3 The individual has ECOG performance 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 The individual has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 The individual has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the individual was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The individual has been diagnosed in the metastatic or unresectable stage III or IV setting; or
 - 5.2 The individual did not receive treatment in the perioperative setting with a PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor; or
 - 5.3 All of the following:
 - 5.3.1 The individual received treatment in the perioperative setting with a PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor; and
 - 5.3.2 The individual did not experience disease recurrence while on treatment with that PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor; and
 - 5.3.3 The individual did not experience disease recurrence within six months of completing perioperative treatment with a PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor.

Continuation – unresectable or metastatic melanoma, less than 24 months on treatment

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 The individual's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.2 The individual's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.3 The individual has stable disease; and
 - 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The individual has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 The individual has signs of disease progression; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Continuation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma, more than 24 months on treatment

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The individual has been on treatment for more than 24 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1.1 The individual's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.2 The individual's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.3 The individual has stable disease: and
 - 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The individual has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2.2 The individual has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Initiation - renal cell carcinoma, first line

Limited to 4 months treatment

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with nivolumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 The patient is treatment naive: and
 - 2.3 The patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
 - 2.4 The disease is predominantly of clear cell histology; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 The patient has sarcomatoid histology; or
 - 2.5.2 Haemoglobin levels less than the lower limit of normal: or
 - 2.5.3 Corrected serum calcium level greater than 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); or
 - 2.5.4 Neutrophils greater than the upper limit of normal; or
 - 2.5.5 Platelets greater than the upper limit of normal; or
 - 2.5.6 Interval of less than 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; or
 - 2.5.7 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 2.6 Nivolumab is to be used in combination with ipilimumab for the first four treatment cycles at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg; and
 - 2.7 Nivolumab is to be used at a maximum maintenance dose of 240 mg every 2 weeks (or equivalent).

Initiation - renal cell carcinoma, second line

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic renal-cell carcinoma; and
- 2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology; and
- 3 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has documented disease progression following one or two previous regimens of antiangiogenic therapy; and
- 5 Patient has not previously received a funded immune checkpoint inhibitor; and

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continued...

6 Nivolumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 240 mg every 2 weeks (or equivalent) and discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Nivolumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 240 mg every 2 weeks (or equivalent) and discontinued at disease progression.

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS2134)

Initiation - stage III or IV resectable melanoma - neoadjuvant

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 The individual is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The individual has resectable stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma (excluding uveal) (see note); and
 - 2.2 The individual has not received prior funded systemic treatment in the perioperative setting for their stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma: and
 - 2.3 Treatment must be prior to complete surgical resection; and
 - 2.4 Pembrolizumab must be administered as monotherapy; and
 - 2.5 The individual has ECOG performance score 0-2; and
 - 2.6 Pembrolizumab to be administered at a fixed dose of 200 mg every 3 weeks (or equivalent).

Continuation - stage III or IV resectable melanoma - neoadjuvant

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The individual has received neoadiuvant treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor; and
 - 1.2 The individual meets initiation criteria for pembrolizumab for stage III or IV resected melanoma adjuvant; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The individual has received neoadjuvant and adjuvant treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor; and
 - 2.2 The individual meets continuation criteria for pembrolizumab for stage III or IV resected melanoma adjuvant; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The individual has received neoadjuvant and adjuvant treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor; and
 - 3.2 The individual has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
 - 3.3 The individual meets initiation criteria for pembrolizumab for unresectable or metastatic melanoma; or
- 4 All of the following:
 - 4.1 The individual has received neoadiuvant and adjuvant treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor; and
 - 4.2 The individual has received treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for unresectable or metastatic

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

melanoma: and

4.3 The individual meets continuation criteria for pembrolizumab for unresectable or metastatic melanoma.

Notes:

- a) Stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma defined as per American Joint Committee on Cancer (AJCC) 8th Edition
- b) Initiating treatment within 13 weeks of complete surgical resection means either 13 weeks after resection (primary or lymphadenectomy) or 13 weeks prior to the scheduled date of the resection (primary or lymphadenectomy)

Initiation - stage III or IV resected melanoma - adjuvant

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 The individual is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The individual has resected stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma (excluding uveal) (see note a); and
 - 2.2 Adjuvant treatment with pembrolizumab is required; and
 - 2.3 The individual has not received prior funded systemic treatment in the adjuvant setting for stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma; and
 - 2.4 Treatment must be in addition to complete surgical resection; and
 - 2.5 Treatment must be initiated within 13 weeks of complete surgical resection, unless delay is necessary due to post-surgery recovery (see note b); and
 - 2.6 Pembrolizumab must be administered as monotherapy; and
 - 2.7 The individual has ECOG performance score 0-2; and
 - 2.8 Pembrolizumab to be administered at a fixed dose of 200 mg every 3 weeks (or equivalent).

Notes:

- a) Stage IIIB, IIIC, IIID or IV melanoma defined as per American Joint Committee on Cancer (AJCC) 8th Edition
- b) Initiating treatment within 13 weeks of complete surgical resection means 13 weeks after resection (primary or lymphadenectomy)

Continuation - stage III or IV resected melanoma - adjuvant

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 No evidence of disease recurrence; and
 - 1.2 Pembrolizumab must be administered as monotherapy; and
 - 1.3 Pembrolizumab to be administered at a fixed dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 12 months total treatment course, including any systemic neoadjuvant treatment; and
 - 1.4 Treatment to be discontinued at signs of disease recurrence or at completion of 12 months total treatment course (equivalent to 18 cycles at a dose of 200 mg every 3 weeks), including any systemic neoadjuvant treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The individual has received adjuvant treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor; and
 - 2.2 The individual has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
 - 2.3 The individual meets initiation criteria for pembrolizumab for unresectable or metastatic melanoma; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The individual has received adjuvant treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor; and
 - 3.2 The individual has received treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for unresectable or metastatic melanoma; and
 - 3.3 The individual meets continuation criteria for pembrolizumab for unresectable or metastatic melanoma.

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continued

Initiation – unresectable or metastatic melanoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The individual has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 3 The individual has ECOG performance 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 The individual has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 The individual has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the individual was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The individual has been diagnosed in the metastatic or unresectable stage III or IV setting; or
 - 5.2 The individual did not receive treatment in the perioperative setting with a PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor; or
 - 5.3 All of the following:
 - 5.3.1 The individual received treatment in the perioperative setting with a PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor; and
 - 5.3.2 The individual did not experience disease recurrence while on treatment with that PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor; and
 - 5.3.3 The individual did not experience disease recurrence within six months of completing perioperative treatment with a PD-1/PD-1 1 inhibitor.

Continuation – unresectable or metastatic melanoma, less than 24 months on treatment

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 The individual's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.2 The individual's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.3 The individual has stable disease; and
 - 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The individual has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 The individual has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Continuation – unresectable or metastatic melanoma, more than 24 months on treatment

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The individual has been on treatment for more than 24 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1.1 The individual's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.2 The individual's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or

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continued...

- 2.1.1.3 The individual has stable disease: and
- 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the individual is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The individual has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2.2 The individual has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 50% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; or
 - 6.2 Both:
 - 6.2.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 1% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; and
 - 6.2.2 Chemotherapy is determined to be not in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment; and
- 7 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 8 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks;
- 9 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment: or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 The patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 7 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 8 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment: or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation – breast cancer, advanced

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has recurrent or de novo unresectable, inoperable locally advanced triple-negative breast cancer (that does not express ER, PR or HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+ [including FISH or other technology]); or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has recurrent or de novo metastatic triple-negative breast cancer (that does not express ER, PR or HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+ [including FISH or other technology]; and
 - 2.2 Patient is treated with palliative intent; and
 - 2.3 Patient's cancer has confirmed PD-L1 Combined Positive Score (CPS) is greater than or equal to 10; and
 - 2.4 Patient has received no prior systemic therapy in the palliative setting; and
 - 2.5 Patient has an ECOG score of 0-2; and
 - 2.6 Pembrolizumab is to be used in combination with chemotherapy; and
 - 2.7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
 - 2.8 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

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Continuation - breast cancer, advanced

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by a comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 4 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 5 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - head and neck squamous cell carcinoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has recurrent or metastatic head and neck squamous cell carcinoma of mucosal origin (excluding nasopharyngeal carcinoma) that is incurable by local therapies; and
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy in the recurrent or metastatic setting; and
 - 2.3 Patient has a positive PD-L1 combined positive score (CPS) of greater than or equal to 1; and
 - 2.4 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 2.5 Fither:
 - 2.5.1 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; or
 - 2.5.2 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
 - 2.6 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks

Continuation - head and neck squamous cell carcinoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease: and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 4 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - MSI-H/dMMR advanced colorectal cancer

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Individual is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
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- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Individual has deficient mismatch repair (dMMR) or microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) metastatic colorectal cancer; or
 - 2.1.2 Individual has deficient mismatch repair (dMMR) or microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) unresectable colorectal cancer: and
 - 2.2 Individual is treated with palliative intent; and
 - 2.3 Individual has not previously received funded treatment with pembrolizumab for MSI-H/dMMR advanced colorectal cancer; and
 - 2.4 Individual has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 2.5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
 - 2.6 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

Continuation - MSI-H/dMMR advanced colorectal cancer

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 3 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - Urothelial carcinoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has inoperable locally advanced (T4) or metastatic urothelial carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 2.3 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with chemotherapy; and
 - 2.4 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

Continuation - Urothelial carcinoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Pembrolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 4 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Individual is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1.1 Individual has relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma after two or more lines of chemotherapy; and
 - 2.1.1.2 Individual is ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant; or
 - 2.1.2 Individual has relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma and has previously undergone an autologous stem cell transplant; and
 - 2.2 Individual has not previously received funded pembrolizumab for relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 2.3 Pembrolizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 200 mg once every 3 weeks.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has received a partial or complete response to pembrolizumab; and
- 2 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Other Immunosuppressants

ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE) Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule4,439.17	5	ATGAM
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial		
AZATHIOPRINE		
Tab 25 mg7.36	60	Azamun
Tab 50 mg8.10	100	Azamun
Inj 50 mg vial		
Inj 100 mg vial		
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms below		
■ Inj 2-8 × 10 ² 8 CFU vial149.37	1	OncoTICE
Inj 40 mg per ml, vial	3	SII-Onco-BCG
⇒ Restricted (RS1206)		
Initiation		
For use in bladder cancer.		
EVEROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below		
■ Tab 5 mg4,555.76	30	Afinitor
■ Tab 10 mg6,512.29	30	Afinitor
⇒ Restricted (RS2076)		
Initiation		
Neurologist or oncologist		
Re-assessment required after 3 months		

continued...

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and
- 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Initiation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
 - 1.2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology; and
 - 1.3 The patient has documented disease progression following one previous line of treatment; and
 - 1.4 The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
 - 1.5 Everolimus is to be used in combination with lenvatinib; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has received funded treatment with nivolumab for the second line treatment of metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity from treatment with nivolumab; and
 - 2.3 Everolimus is to be used in combination with lenvatinib; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of disease progression.

Continuation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml187.25	165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial133.33	4	CellCept

PICIBANII

Inj 100 mcg vial

SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 1 mg	100	Rapamune
t	Tab 2 mg	100	Rapamune
	Oral liq 1 mg per ml		Rapamune

→ Restricted (RS1991)

Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min: or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy: or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- . HUS or TTP; or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- Significant malignant disease

Initiation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformation*; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Malformations are not adequately controlled by sclerotherapy and surgery; or
 - 2.2 Malformations are widespread/extensive and sclerotherapy and surgery are not considered clinically appropriate; or
 - 2.3 Sirolimus is to be used to reduce malformation prior to consideration of surgery; and
- 3 Patient is being treated by a specialist lymphovascular malformation multi-disciplinary team; and
- 4 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1 (see Note).

Continuation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had either a complete response or a partial response to treatment, or patient has stable disease according to RECIST version 1.1 (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has stabilised or responded clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documents in patient notes; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47)

Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Nephrologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Evidence of renal angiomyolipoma(s) measuring 3 cm or greater and that have shown interval growth.

Continuation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of renal angiomyolipoma reduction or stability by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound; and
- 2 Demonstrated stabilisation or improvement in renal function; and
- 3 The patient has not experienced angiomyolipoma haemorrhage or significant adverse effects to sirolimus treatment; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has epilepsy with a background of documented tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Fither:

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Vigabatrin has been trialled and has not adequately controlled seizures; and
 - 2.1.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least two of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); or
- 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Vigabatrin is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least three of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); and
- 3 Seizures have a significant impact on quality of life; and
- 4 Patient has been assessed and surgery is considered inappropriate for this patient, or the patient has been assessed and would benefit from mTOR inhibitor treatment prior to surgery.

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, and topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation – refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

demonstrated significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate (e.g. 50% reduction in seizure frequency) or severity and/or patient quality of life compared with baseline prior to starting sirolimus treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

JAK inhibitors

UPADACITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab modified-release 15 mg1,271.00	28	Rinvoq
t	Tab modified-release 30 mg2,033.00	28	Rinvoq
t	Tab modified-release 45 mg3,049.00	28	Rinvoq

→ Restricted (RS2120)

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The individual has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The individual has experienced intolerable side effects with adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The individual has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Rituximab is not clinically appropriate; or
 - 3.2 The individual is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.3 Both:
 - 3.3.1 The individual has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 3.3.2 Either:
 - 3.3.2.1 The individual has experienced intolerable side effects with rituximab; or
 - 3.3.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the individual has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the individual has experienced at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline: or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the individual has experienced at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline.

Initiation - Atopic dermatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Individual is currently on treatment with upadacitinib for atopic dermatitis and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Individual has moderate to severe atopic dermatitis, severity as defined by an Eczema Area and Severity Index (EASI) score of greater than or equal to 16 or a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score of greater than or equal to 10: and
 - 2.2 Individual has received insufficient benefit from topical therapy (including topical corticosteroids or topical calcineurin inhibitors) for a 28-day trial within the last 6 months, unless contraindicated to all; and
 - 2.3 Individual has trialled and received insufficient benefit from at least one systemic therapy for a minimum of three months (eq ciclosporin, azathioprine, methotrexate or mycophenolate mofetil), unless contraindicated to all; and
 - 2.4 An EASI assessment or DLQI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
 - 2.5 The most recent EASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Atopic dermatitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 Individual has received a 75% or greater reduction in EASI score (EASI 75) as compared to baseline EASI prior to commencing upadacitinib; or
- 2 Individual has received a DLQI improvement of 4 or more as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing upadacitinib.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adult

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Individual is currently on treatment with upadacitinib for Crohn's disease and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Individual has active Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 Individual has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Individual meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologic therapies for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adult

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the individual was initiated on biologic therapy; or
- 2 HBI score has reduced by 3 points from when individual was initiated on biologic therapy; or
- 3 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
- 4 HBI score is 4 or less: or
- 5 The individual has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Individual is currently on treatment with upadacitinib for Crohn's disease and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Child has active Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 Child has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for Crohn's disease and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Child meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologic therapies for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the child was initiated on treatment; or
- 2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
- 3 The child has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but PCDAI score cannot be assessed.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Individual is currently on treatment with upadacitinib for ulcerative colitis and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Individual has active ulcerative colitis: and
 - 22 Fither
 - 2.2.1 Individual has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for ulcerative colitis and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria: or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Individual meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for ulcerative colitis; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologic therapies for ulcerative colitis are contraindicated.

Continuation - Ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the individual was initiated on treatment; or
- 2 PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score when the individual was initiated on treatment.

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$ F	Per Manufacture	r

Antiallergy Preparations

Allergic Emergencies

ADRENALINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 0.15 mg per 0.3 ml auto-injector - 5% DV Dec-25 to 202885.50	1	Epipen Jr
t	Inj 0.3 mg per 0.3 ml auto-injector - 5% DV Dec-25 to 202885.50	1	Epipen

→ Restricted (RS1944)

Initiation - anaphylaxis

Either:

- 1 Patient has experienced a previous anaphylactic reaction which has resulted in presentation to a hospital or emergency department; or
- 2 Patient has been assessed to be at significant risk of anaphylaxis by a relevant practitioner.

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe.......2,668.00 1 Firazyr

→ Restricted (RS1501)

Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Allergy Desensitisation

BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

1	Initiation kit - 1 vial freeze dried venom with diluent	305.00	1	VENOX
1	Maintenance Kit - 1 vial freeze dried venom with diluent	305.00	1	VENOX

→ Restricted (RS1117)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1118)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1119)

Allergy Prophylactics

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

Allergy i rophylaeties		
BUDESONIDE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	200 dose 200 dose	SteroClear SteroClear
Metered dose nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 5% DV Feb-26 to 20282.57	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.03%	15 ml	Univent
Antihistamines		
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2026	100 200 ml	Zista Histaclear
Tab 120 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027	30 30	Fexaclear Fexaclear
LORATADINE Tab 10 mg	100 100 ml	Lorafix Haylor Syrup

Anticholinergic Agents

PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

ı	DD /	TD	\cap D	II IN A	DD	OMIDE	-
1	PHA	١н	CP	IUJIVI	BB	. JIVIII JE	-

Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

.... 11./3

Accord Univent

Allersoothe

Allersoothe

Allersoothe

Hospira

100

100

100 ml

5

20

Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule21.09

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES				
		Price . excl. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Age	onists			
SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per dos Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule		11.04	20	Duolin
Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents				
GLYCOPYRRONIUM Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the portune clidinium.	atient is a	ılso receivin	ıg treatmer	nt with subsidised tiotropium
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		61.00	30 dose	Seebri Breezhaler
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also or umeclidinium.	receiving	treatment v	vith subsidi	sed inhaled glycopyrronium
Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 18 mcg per dose			60 dose 30 dose	Spiriva Respimat Spiriva
UMECLIDINIUM Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receivil tiotropium bromide. Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg per dose	Ü		osidised inl	naled glycopyrronium or
Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Act				·
 → Restricted (RS1518) Initiation Re-assessment required after 2 years Both: 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagor 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive addition Continuation Re-assessment required after 2 years Both: 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (pre 	nal benefi	etermined).	Ü	·
Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long	acting be			d it the patient is also
GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms	above			

Inhaled Corticosteroid with Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonist and Beta Agonist

BUDESONIDE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM AND EFORMOTEROL - Restricted see terms on the next page

■ Aerosol inhaler budesonide 160 mcg with glycopyrronium 7.2 mcg and formoterol 5 mcg per dose......79.15 120 dose Breztri Aerosphere

30 dose

60 dose

30 dose

Ultibro Breezhaler

Spiolto Respimat

Anoro Ellipta

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg......81.00

Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg77.00

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL - Restricted see terms above \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg with olodaterol 2.5 mcg81.00

UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms above

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS2085)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of COPD confirmed by spirometry or spirometry has been attempted and technically acceptable results are not possible; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is currently receiving an inhaled corticosteroid with long acting beta-2 agonist (ICS/LABA) or a long acting muscarinic antagonist with long acting beta-2 agonist (LAMA/LABA); and
 - 2.1.2 Any of the following:

Clinical criteria:

- 2.1.2.1 Patient has a COPD Assessment Test (CAT) score greater than 10; or
- 2.1.2.2 Patient has had 2 or more exacerbations in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.3 Patient has had one exacerbation requiring hospitalisation in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.4 Patient has had an eosinophil count greater than or equal to 0.3×10^9 cells/L in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.2 Patient is currently receiving multiple inhaler triple therapy (inhaled corticosteroid with long-acting muscarinic antagonist and long-acting beta-2 agonist ICS/LAMA/LABA) and met at least one of the clinical criteria above prior to commencing multiple inhaler therapy.

FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH UMECLIDINIUM AND VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms below

- Powder for inhalation fluticasone furoate 100 mcg with umeclidinium
- → Restricted (RS2028)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of COPD confirmed by spirometry or spirometry has been attempted and technically acceptable results are not possible; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is currently receiving an inhaled corticosteroid with long acting beta-2 agonist (ICS/LABA) or a long acting muscarinic antagonist with long acting beta-2 agonist (LAMA/LABA); and
 - 2.1.2 Any of the following:

Clinical criteria:

- 2.1.2.1 Patient has a COPD Assessment Test (CAT) score greater than 10; or
- 2.1.2.2 Patient has had 2 or more exacerbations in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.3 Patient has had one exacerbation requiring hospitalisation in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.4 Patient has had an eosinophil count greater than or equal to $0.3 \times 10^{\circ}9$ cells/L in the previous 12 months: or
- 2.2 Patient is currently receiving multiple inhaler triple therapy (inhaled corticosteroid with long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist ICS/LAMA/LABA) and met at least one of the clinical criteria above prior to commencing multiple inhaler triple therapy.

Antifibrotics

NINTEDANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 100 mg2,554.00	60	Ofev
1	Cap 150 mg	60	Ofev

→ Restricted (RS1813)

Initiation – idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

	Price			Brand or
(ex man.		ST)		Generic
·	\$	ÉF	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below

	1,215.00	90	Esbriet
	3,645.00	90	Esbriet
Dankalaka di /D	04044)		

→ Restricted (RS1814)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Bata-Adrenacentar Agonists			

Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists		
SALBUTAMOL		
Oral liq 400 mcg per ml — 5% DV May-25 to 2027	150 ml	Ventolin
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	SalAir Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule9.43	20	Asthalin
TERBUTALINE SULPHATE Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation, 200 mcg per dose (equivalent to 250 mcg		
metered dose), breath activated	120 dose	Bricanyl Turbuhaler

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.05% Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%

Nasal drops 0.05%

Nasal drops 0.1%

Inhaled Corticosteroids

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
	14.01		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose	12.50	200 dose	Beclazone 100
	17.52		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	22.67	200 dose	Beclazone 250

BUDESONIDE

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose

	Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
FLUTICASONE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	7.19	120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	8.61	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose	7.81	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose	11.93	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists			
MONTELUKAST			
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	3.10	28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	3.10	28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2028	2.45	28	Montelukast Viatris
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists			
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose			
- ·			
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE			
Powder for inhalation 4.5 mcg per dose, breath activated (equivalent eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg metered dose)	to		
NDACATEROL			
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose		120 dose	Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	26.25	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adren	oceptor Ago	onists	
BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Powder for inhalation 160 mcg with 4.5 mcg eformoterol fumarate pe			
dose (equivalent to 200 mcg budesonide with 6 mcg eformoterol			
fumarate metered dose)		120 dose	DuoResp Spiromax
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg	33.74	120 dose	Symbicort Turbuhale
Powder for inhalation 320 mcg with 9 mcg eformoterol fumarate per			
dose (equivalent to 400 mcg budesonide with 12 mcg eformotero			
fumarate metered dose)		120 dose	DuoResp Spiromax
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg	33.74	60 dose	Symbicort Turbuhale
LUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg	44.08	30 dose	Breo Ellipta
LUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg	25.79	120 dose	Seretide
Aerosof illitater 50 fficg with salifieteror 25 fficg			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	33.74	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
	33.74 32.60	60 dose 120 dose	Seretide Accuhaler Seretide

	•	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Methylxanthines				
AMINOPHYLLINE Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	1	80.00	5	DBL Aminophylline
CAFFEINE CITRATE Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)			25 ml 5	Biomed Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule THEOPHYLLINE The large setting 0.50 mg.			-	
Tab long-acting 250 mg Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml			100 500 ml	Nuelin-SR Nuelin

Mucolytics and Expectorants

DORNASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

Pulmozvme

→ Restricted (RS1787)

Initiation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Patient has previously undergone a trial with, or is currently being treated with, hypertonic saline; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has required one or more hospital inpatient respiratory admissions in the previous 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 exacerbations due to CF, requiring oral or intravenous (IV) antibiotics in in the previous 12 month
 - 3.3 Patient has had 1 exacerbation due to CF, requiring oral or IV antibiotics in the previous 12 month period and a Brasfield score of < 22/25: or
 - 3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA).

Continuation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatment.

Initiation - significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

Initiation - pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab elexacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and		
	ivacaftor 75 mg (28)27,647.39	84	Trikafta
t	Tab elexacaftor 100 mg with tezacaftor 50 mg, ivacaftor 75 mg (56) and		
	ivacaftor 150 mg (28)27,647.39	84	Trikafta

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

→ Restricted (RS2114)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Patient is 6 years of age or older; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient has two cystic fibrosis-causing mutations in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane regulator (CFTR) gene (one from each parental allele); or
 - 3.2 Patient has a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has a heterozygous or homozygous F508del mutation; or
 - 4.2 Patient has a G551D mutation or other mutation responsive in vitro to elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor (see note a);
- 5 The treatment must be the sole funded CFTR modulator therapy for this condition; and
- 6 Treatment with elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition.

Notes:

 a) Eligible mutations are listed in the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Trikafta prescribing information https://nctr-crs.fda.gov/fdalabel/services/spl/set-ids/f354423a-85c2-41c3-a9db-0f3aee135d8d/spl-doc

IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 150 mg29,386.0	00 56	Kalydeco
	Oral granules 50 mg, sachet		Kalydeco
	Oral granules 75 mg, sachet29,386.0		Kalydeco
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1818)		•

Initiation

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene on at least 1 allele; or
 - 2.2 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation (G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele; and

40E 00

- 3 Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition; and
- 5 Patient must not have an acute upper or lower respiratory infection, pulmonary exacerbation, or changes in therapy (including antibiotics) for pulmonary disease in the last 4 weeks prior to commencing treatment with ivacaftor; and
- 6 The dose of ivacaftor will not exceed one tablet or one sachet twice daily; and
- 7 Applicant has experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Pulmonary Surfactants

BERACTANT

Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial

Cala 100 ma nav 1 E ml via

PORACTANT ALFA

Soin 120 mg per 1.5 mi viai	425.00	I	Curosuri
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial	695.00	1	Curosurf

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

(e	ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations					
Antibacterials					
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% Ear drops 0.5%		1.09	9	5 g	Devatis
Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		1.4	5	10 ml	Chlorsig
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		.10.8	5	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%					
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%					
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%					
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%		5.29	9	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%				Ü	
TOBRAMYCIN					
Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%				3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals					
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%					
Antivirals					
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		.15.89	9	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations					
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		.16.30)	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramicidin 50 mcg per ml					
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN B Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulpha		HATE	Ē		
6,000 u per gEye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b				3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN		4.50)	5 ml	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%		400	4	5 ml	Tobradex

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIQQUINOL

Ear drops 0.02% with cliqquinol 1%

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NYSTATIN

Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and

Anti-Inflammatory Preparations

Corticosteroids

DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	5 ml	Maxidex
Ocular implant 700 mcg	1	Ozurdex

→ Restricted (RS1606)

Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
 - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

SENSORY ORGANS

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROMETHOLONE		0.00		51.41
Eye drops 0.1%		3.09	5 ml	FML
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12%				
Eye drops 1%		7.00	5 ml	Pred Forte
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE		6.92	10 ml	Prednisolone- AFT
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)		.43.26	20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs				
DICLOFENAC SODIUM				
Eye drops 0.1%				
Eye drops 0.1%, single dose - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027			10 dose	Diclofenac Devatis
KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL		5.54	30 dose	Diclofenac Devatis
Eye drops 0.5%				
Decongestants and Antiallergics				
Antiallergic Preparations				
LEVOCABASTINE				
Eye drops 0.05%				
LODOXAMIDE				
Eye drops 0.1%		8.71	10 ml	Lomide
DLOPATADINE Eye drops 0.1%		2 17	5 ml	Olopatadine Teva
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE		2.17	3 1111	Olopatadine Teva
Eye drops 2%		2.62	10 ml	Allerfix
Decongestants				
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Eye drops 0.1% - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027		5.65	15 ml	Albalon
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations				
Diagnostic Dyes				
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM				
Eye drops 2%, single dose		105.00	40	Elvanasit:
Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg	·	125.00	12	Fluorescite
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose				
LISSAMINE GREEN				
Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg				
ROSE BENGAL SODIUM				
Ophthalmic strips 1%				

		Price . excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man.	\$ \$	Per	Manufacturer
Irrigation Solutions				
MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chl 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, soc				
chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chl 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sod	oride	5.00	15 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chl	oride			e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, soc chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bag				e.g. Balanced Salt
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, soc				Solution
chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle		. 10.50	500 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
Ocular Anaesthetics				
OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose				
PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%				
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose				
Viscoelastic Substances				
HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe				
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]				
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe			1	Healon GV
Inj 18 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe			1 1	Healon GV Pro Healon 5
Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe			1	Healon
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN				
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml sy and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4	ringe			
syringe	nge	. 64.00	1	Duovisc
and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.55 syringe		74.00	1	Duovisc
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml sy			1	Viscoat
Other				

DISODIUM EDETATE

- Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule
- Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial
- Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

	Price excl. GS	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1% Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500			
Glaucoma Preparations			
Beta Blockers			
BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25%		5 ml 5 ml	Betoptic S Betoptic
Eye drops 0.25% − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Eye drops 0.5% − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 ⇒ Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming − Restricted: For continuation only		5 ml 5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Arrow-Timolol
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors			
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Sep-25 to 2027	 .17.03 13.96	100	Diamox Medsurge
(Diamox Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025) BRINZOLAMIDE Eye drops 1% − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 DORZOLAMIDE − Restricted: For continuation only ⇒ Eye drops 2% DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% − 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		5 ml	Azopt Dortimopt
Miotics			
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent CARBACHOL Inj 150 mcg vial PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 1%	 5.35	15 ml 15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	5.15	3 ml	Lumigan

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LATANOPROST			
Eye drops 0.005% - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	2.08	2.5 ml	Teva
LATANOPROST WITH TIMOLOL			
Eye drops 0.005% with timolol 0.5% - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4.95	2.5 ml	Arrow - Lattim
TRAVOPROST			
Eye drops 0.004% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.80	2.5 ml	Travatan
,			
Sympathomimetics			
• •			
APRACLONIDINE			
Eye drops 0.5%	19.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE			
Eye drops 0.2% - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	5.16	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL MALEATE			
Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7.13	5 ml	Combigan

Mydriatics and Cycloplegics

Anticholinergic Agents

ATROPINE SULPHATE		
Eye drops 0.5%		
Eye drops 1%, single dose		
Eye drops 1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 18.27	15 ml	Atropt
CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		
Eye drops 1%	15 ml	Cyclogyl
Eye drops 1%, single dose		, .,
TROPICAMIDE		
Eye drops 0.5%	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		, ,
Eye drops 1%	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1%, single dose		

Sympathomimetics

PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 2.5%, single dose

Eye drops 10%, single dose

Ocular Lubricants

CARBOMER

Ophthalmic gel 0.2%

CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE

Eye drops 0.5%

Eye drops 0.5%, single dose

Eye drops 1%

Eye drops 1%, single dose

SENSORY ORGANS

		Price .	0.07		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl.	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
		Ψ		1 61	iviariulacturei
HYPROMELLOSE					
Eye drops 0.5% Ophthalmic gel 0.3%		.19.50		15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN					
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%		2.30		15 ml	Poly-Tears
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose					•
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN					
Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%					
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT					
Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%		3.63		3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL				Ü	,
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3%, 10 ml bottle					
Note: Only for use in compounding an eye drop formulation					
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, single	e dose	.10.78		30	Systane Unit Dose
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE					•
Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose					
RETINOL PALMITATE					
Oint 138 mcg per g		3 80		5 g	VitA-POS
		0.00		~ 9	11011 00
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]		10 50		10 ml	Hulo Erooh
Eye drops 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	•••••	. 13.38		10 1111	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL

Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM

Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

10

10

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings

Antidotes

ACETYLCYSTEINE

Tab eff 200 mg

.. 42.99

Hikma Acetylcysteine

DBL Acetylcysteine

Martindale Pharma

(Martindale Pharma Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 November 2025)

AMYI NITRITE

Lig 98% in 3 ml capsule

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

ETHANOL

Liq 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED

Ini 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

PRALIDOXIME CHLORIDE

Ini 1 a vial

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

Ini 250 mg per ml. 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle



Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN

Inj 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Ini 10.000 iu vial

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CHARCOAL

DEFERASIROX - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 125 mg dispersible276.00	28	Exjade
	Tab 250 mg dispersible		Exjade
t	Tab 500 mg dispersible) 28	Exjade

⇒ Restricted (RS1444)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis: or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels.

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 500 mg	533.17	100	Ferriprox
1	Oral lig 100 mg per ml	266.59	250 ml	Ferriprox

→ Restricted (RS1445)

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE Inj 500 mg vial	332.88	10	DBL Desferrioxamine Mesylate for Inj BP
DICOBALT EDETATE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			, ,
DIMERCAPROL Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare,
Cap 200 mg			Chemet e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			Ghonel

Antiseptics and Disinfectants

CHLORHEXIDINE

Soln 0.1% Soln 4%		
Soln 5%	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5% Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%		
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70% Soln 2% with ethanol 70% Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml	1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 1% with ethanol 70%	,	TICATUTE
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL Soln 70%, 500 ml5.65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE ↓ Vaginal tab 200 mg → Restricted (RS1354)		
Initiation		
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.		
Oint 10%	65 g	Betadine
Soln 10%4.99 Soln 5% Soln 7.5%	100 ml	Riodine
Soln 10%,	15 ml	Riodine
6.99	500 ml	Riodine
Pad 10%		
Swab set 10%		



Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL

Soln 10% with ethanol 30%

Soln 10% with ethanol 70%

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Soln

Contrast Media

Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE		
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100 ml		
bottle30.00	100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle120.00	1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM		
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL		
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule410.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL		r
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle275.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per mi (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle280.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle510.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL		
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle117.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle121.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle200.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle125.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle210.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle420.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle655.00	6	Omnipaque

Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

R	AR	ш	М	QΙ	Ш	DI	4	Δ٦	F

BARIUM SULPHATE			
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle1	7.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle18	9.15	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
3	8.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
15	9.05	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Grans for oral liq 960 mg per g (96% w/w), 176 g bottle53	0.00	24	Vanilla SilQ MD
Grans for oral liq 980 mg per g (98% w/w), 310 g bottle49	00.00	24	Vanilla SilQ HD
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 450 ml bottle9	7.50	12	Readi-CAT 2
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	5.95	1	Neulumex
19	1.40	12	Neulumex
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle5	2.35	3	Tagitol V
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 g			
sachet9	0.25	50 g	E-Z-Gas II

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe	126.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled	100.00	-	Ondersial 1 0
syringe	189.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
syringe	735.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 65 ml bottle		10	Gadovist 1.0
GADOTERIC ACID		10	addovior 1.0
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe	172.00	10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe	344.00	10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle	28.90	1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle	9.10	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefille	ed		
syringe		1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE			
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	169 15	100 ml	Biliscopin
mj roo mg per mi, roo mi betae		100 1111	Біноооріп
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial	180.00	1	Definity
, -9,	720.00	4	Definity
Diagnostic Agents			
ARGININE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle			
HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE			

HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE

Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial

Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial

MANNITOL

Powder for inhalation

e.g. Aridol



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE

Powder 100 mg

SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 100 u vial

Ini 80 u vial

Inj 100 u ampoule

SINCALIDE

Ini 5 mcg per vial

Diagnostic Dyes

BONNEY'S BLUE DYE

Soln

INDIGO CARMINE

Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

INDOCYANINE GREEN

Inj 25 mg vial

METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE]

lnj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule259.57 5 Proveblue

PATENT BLUE V

 Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule
 440.00
 5
 Obex Medical

 Inj 2.5%, 5 ml prefilled syringe
 420.00
 5
 InterPharma

Irrigation Solutions

CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 500 ml bottle

⇒ Restricted (RS1683)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body surface area (BSA); and
- 2 For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of large burn areas requiring debridement/skin grafting; and
- 3 The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the area to be covered.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 100 ml bottle

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule -5% DV

 Sep-25 to 2028
 29.70
 30
 LumaCina

 29.76
 Pfizer

(Pfizer Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 September 2025)

GLYCINE

Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag.......96.28 4 B Braun

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag	80.00	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule		20	InterPharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle	19.50	10	Baxter Sodium Chloride 0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle	21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi
WATER			
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag	84.52	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle		10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle	21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Soln 10%

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Cardioplegia Solutions

ELECTROLYTES

Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmol/l potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1.000 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml bag

Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag

Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag

Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

e.g. Custodiol-HTK

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832

e.g. Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solution

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml baq

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE

Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHLOROFORM

Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

COLLODION FLEXIBLE

Liq

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

Soln30.00 100 ml Midwest

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml $\,$

ampoule

DITHRANOL

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN	20.05	470 ml	Ore Sweet SE
Suspension	30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
iLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE Suspension	20.05	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
•		4/3 1111	Ola-Sweet
iLYCEROL Liq	3.23	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
YDROCORTISONE Powder	49 95	25 g	ABM
ACTOSE		20 g	/ IDIVI
Powder			
IAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE			
Paste			
IENTHOL			
Crystals			
IETHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
IETHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE			
Powder	8.98	25 g	Midwest
IETHYLCELLULOSE			
Powder		100 g	Midwest
Suspension	30.95	473 ml	Ora-Plus
IETHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
IETHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE	20.05	473 ml	Ora-Blend
Suspension		4/3 1111	Ola-Diellu
DLIVE OIL Liq			
ARAFFIN			
Liq			
HENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder			
HENOL			
Liq			
ILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
OLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE			
Liq OVIDONE K30 Powder			
Powder			
ALICYLIC ACID Powder			
ILVER NITRATE Crystals			
ODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder BP	10.05	500 g	Midwest

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SULPHUR

Precipitated Sublimed

SYRUP

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

UREA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1%

ZINC OXIDE

Powder

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

→ Restricted (RS1467)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

400 a Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted (RS1468)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism: or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or 8 Biliary atresia; or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites: or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

t	Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	15.38	200 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		38.44	500 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		15.38	200 ml	Calogen (strawberry)

			51 201/(2 1 0 0 B 0
(e	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see term t Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	37.50	s page 500 ml 4	MCT Oil Liquigen
WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Liq			
Protein			
→ Restricted (RS1469) Initiation – Use as an additive Either: 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or 2 High protein needs. Initiation – Use as a module For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutr Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associat PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms above			
t Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can			
Powder 6 g protein per 7 g, can Powder 89 g protein, less than 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 can) g,	227 g 225 g	Resource Beneprotein Protifar
Other Supplements			
CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, can		400 g	Duocal Super Soluble
→ Restricted (RS1212) Initiation Both: 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or 2.2 Cancer in children; or 2.3 Faltering growth; or 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or 2.5 Premature and post premature infants. HUMAN MILK FORTIFIER			Powder
Powder 0.325 g protein, 0.37 g carbohydrate and 0.175 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet		50	Human Milk Fortifier e.g. FM 85

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, Health NZ Hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by Pharmac; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section

Pharmac intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN Powder	24.00	380 a	Aptamil Feed Thickener
GUAR GUM	2 1.00	000 g	Apariii i ood Tiilokoffor
Powder			e.g. Guarcol
MAIZE STARCH Powder	8.29	300 g	Nutilis
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM Powder			e.g. Instant Thick
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID Powder			e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted (RS2047) Initiation

Either:

- 1 For the dietary management of inherited metabolic disease; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy.

Supplements for Glutaric Aciduria Type 1

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

•	i owder 13.1 g protein, 43.3 g carbonydrate, 23 g rat and 3.3 g libre per	
	100 g, 400 g can	e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant
t	Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can	e.g. XLYS Low TRY

Maxamaid

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE) - Restricted see terms above	/e

Powder 13.1 a protein 40.5 a carbohydrate 23 a fat and 5.3 a fibre per

t	Powder (neutral) 5 g protein, 5.4 g carbohydrate, 2.3 g fat and 2 g fibre			
	per 18 g sachet750	0.30	30	GA1 Anamix Junior
t	Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet345	9.65	30	GA Explore 5
t	Powder, 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 3.7 g fibre per			

GA1 Anamix Infant 400 a

36

MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Homocystinuria			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) – Restricted • Powder (neutral), 10 g protein, 11.5 g carbohydrate and 4.5 g		ous page	
36 g sachet		30	HCU Anamix Junior
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.55 g fat per 25 g s	sachet1,048.95	30	HCU Express 15
Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g s Powder (neutral) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100		30	HCU Explore 5
can		500 g	XMET Maxamum
Powder (unflavoured) 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can İ Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein, 9.3 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g	260.00	400 g	HCU Anamix Infant
0.44 g fibre per 125 ml bottle		30	HCU Lophlex LQ
Liquid (orange), 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0. per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	25 g fibre	36	HCU Anamix Junior LQ
Supplements for MSUD and Short chain enoyl co	oA hydratase defi	ciency	
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AN Powder (neutral) 10 g protein, 11.5 g carbohydrate and 4.5 g t	,	d see term	s on the previous page
36 g sachet		30	MSUD Anamix Junior
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 25 g sa	achet1,048.95	30	MSUD Express 15
Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g s		30	MSUD Explore 5
Powder (orange) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100	U, U		
can		500 g	MSUD Maxamum
Powder (unflavoured) 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can	•	400 g	MSUD Anamix Infant
Powder (unflavoured) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per		400 g	WOOD AHAHIIX IIIIAH
500 g can		500 g	MSUD Maxamum
Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g		222 9	
0.5 g fibre per 125 ml pouch	1,684.80	30	MSUD Lophlex LQ 20
100 1405 11 11			MOUD 4

per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle......941.40

	(6	Price ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Sı	upplements for Phenylketonuria			
AMI	NO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restricted so	ee terms on page	294	
t	Tab 8.33 mg		75	Phlexy 10
t	Powder (Berry), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 g sac	het449.28	60	PKU Restore Powder
t	Powder (Lemon), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g $$			
	sachet		30	PKU Express 20
Ţ	Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g		20	DI/II Everene 00
t	sachet		30	PKU Express 20
•	sachetsachet	-	30	PKU Explore 5
t	Powder (Orange), 10 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 0.4 g fat per 25 g			o <u>_</u> p.o.o o
	sachet		30	PKU Explore 10
t	Powder (Orange), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g			
	sachet	883.50	30	PKU Express 20
τ	Powder (Orange), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 g	440.00	00	DKU Destava Davidav
t	sachet		60	PKU Restore Powder
_	sachet		30	PKU Explore 10
t	Powder (Tropical), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g			'
	sachet		30	PKU Express 20
t	Powder (berry) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per			
•	28 g sachet		30	PKU Lophlex Powder
Ţ	Powder (chocolate) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat pe 100 g, 36 g sachet		30	PKU Anamix Junior
t	Powder (neutral) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre pe		30	FRO Anamix Junior
•	28 g sachet		30	PKU Lophlex Powder
t	Powder (neutral) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per			
	100 g, 36 g sachet		30	PKU Anamix Junior
t	Powder (orange) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre pe			
	28 g sachet	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex Powder
Ţ	Powder (orange) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per	000.00	00	DICIT Amendia lumina
t	100 g, 36 g sachetPowder (unflavoured), 5 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate per 12.5 g	393.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
•	sachets	234.00	30	PKU First Spoon
t	Powder (vanilla) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per	204.00	00	1 NO 1 not opoon
	100 g, 36 g sachet	393.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
t	Powder (Neutral), 14.3 g protein, 25 g fat per 100 g, 4 × 400 g can		1,600 g	PKU Start
t	Powder (orange) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g	g		
	can	320.00	500 g	XP Maxamum
t	Powder (unflavoured) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g,	000.00	500	VDM
t	500 g can		500 g	XP Maxamum
T	Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre p 100 g, 400 g can		400 g	PKU Anamix Infant
t	Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per	174.72	400 y	i No Anamix imant
-	100 ml, 125 ml bottle	13.10	1	PKU Anamix Junior LQ
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			(Berry)
				PKU Anamix Junior LQ
•	Hand Calculation and a VAO and a state of the state of th			(Orange)
t	Liquid (juicy berries) 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre pe		60	DKILL onblow LO 10
t	100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid (juicy berries) 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre		60	PKU Lophlex LQ 10
•	per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle		30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
_	t Item restricted (see → above): I Item restricted (see ➤ be			

_				
		Price		Brand or
	((ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
t	Liquid (juicy orange) 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre	Э		
	per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
t	Liquid (juicy tropical) 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre pe	er		
	100 ml, 125 ml bottle	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
t	Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250 n	nl		
	carton	540.00	18	Easiphen Liquid
t	Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per			
	100 g, 109 g pot	1,123.20	36	PKU Lophlex Sensations
				20 (berries)
GL	YCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME PHENY	LALANINE - Res	tricted se	ee terms on page 294
t	Powder (Neutral), 10 g protein, 0.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 15 g			
	sachet	449.28	30	PKU Build 10
t	Powder (neutral), 15 g protein, 15 g carbohydrate, 4.5 g fat per 40 g			
	sachet		30	Glytactin Bettermilk
t	Powder (unflavoured) 10 g protein, 4 g carbohydrate per 12.5 g sach		30	PKU GMPro Mix-In
t	Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 31 g sachet	898.56	30	PKU Build 20 Raspberry
				Lemonade PKU Build 20 Smooth
t	Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 32 g sachet	909 56	30	PKU Build 20 Chocolate
ì	Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbonydrate per 32 g sachet		30	PKU Build 20 Vanilla
ì	Powder 20 g protein, 4.9 g carbohydrate per 33.4 g sachet		30	PKU GMPro Ultra
•	1 owder 20 g protein, 4.5 g carbonydrate per 00.4 g sacriet		00	Lemonade
				PKU GMPro Ultra Vanilla
t	Powder 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Lemon
t	Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Chocolate
				PKU sphere20 Red Berry
				PKU sphere20 Vanilla
t	Powder 20 g protein, 6.7 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Banana
t	Liquid (Coffee Mocha), 15 g protein, 3.1 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat			
	250 ml, carton	684.45	30	PKU Glytactin RTD
				15 Lite
t	Liquid (chocolate), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250			
	carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15
Ţ	Liquid (neutral),10 g protein, 8.5 g carbohydrate per 250 ml carton		18	PKU GMPro LQ
t	Liquid (original), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250 ml			
	carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15
T	Liquid (vanilla), 15 g protein, 3.3 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat per 250 ml	•		
	carton	684.45	30	PKU Glytactin RTD
				15 Lite

Protein Free Supplements

PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT CONTAINING CARBOHYDRATE, FAT WITH ADDED VITAMINS AND MINERALS – Restricted see terms on page 294

t	Powder (neutral) nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g,		
	400 g can49.29	400 g	Energivit

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Tyrosinaemia			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSI		see terms or	page 294
Powder (neutral) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat pe 100 g, 36 g sachet	471.00	30	TYR Anamix Junior
sachet	349.65	30	TYR Explore 5
100 g, 400 g can	260.00 ibre	400 g	TYR Anamix Infant
per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein,8.8 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g fat an	d	36	TYR Anamix Junior LQ
0.5 g fibre per 125 ml pouch		30 YLALANINE	TYR Lophlex LQ 20 - Restricted see terms on
Powder (Red Berry), 20 g protein, 6.3 carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat per 3 sachet	1,398.60	30	TYR Sphere 20
Powder (Vanilla), 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat per 35 sachet		30	TYR Sphere 20
X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products			
GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE – Restricted see terms on page 294 1 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle			
GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 294 Liquid, bottle	131.80	500 ml	GTO Oil
Supplements for Glycogen Storage Disease			
HIGH AMYLOPECTIN CORN-STARCH - Restricted see terms on pa Powder 0 g protein, 53 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 60 g sachet		30	Glycosade
Supplements for Organic Acidaemias			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, TH		ALINE) – Re	stricted see terms on
Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre 100 g, 400 g can		400 g	MMA/PA Anamix Infant
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE, THREONINE AND Powder (neutral), 5 g protein, 5.4 g carbohydrate, 2.3 g fat and 2.0	,	ricted see te	rms on page 294
fibre per 18 g sachet	750.30	30	MMA/PA Anamix Junior
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.4 g carbohydrate, 0.05 g fat per 25 g sache Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sache		30 30	MMA/PA Express 15 MMA/PA Explore 5
Single Dose Amino Acids			
ARGININE – Restricted see terms on page 294 1 Powder 1.7 g protein, 1.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Arginine2000
CITRULLINE - Restricted see terms on page 294 Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Citrulline1000
ISOLEUCINE - Restricted see terms on page 294 Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Isoleucine50
1 Item restricted (see - shows): I Item restricted (see - 1			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
LEUCINE Bestvieted one terms on page 204	Ψ	1 01	Warrandotaro
LEUCINE - Restricted see terms on page 294 Powder 0.08 g protein, 3.7 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141 05	30	Leucine100
PHENYLALANINE – Restricted see terms on page 294		00	Eddonio 100
Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Phenylalanine50
TYROSINE - Restricted see terms on page 294			,
Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Tyrosine1000
VALINE - Restricted see terms on page 294			•
Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Valine50
Other Fat Modified Products			
ELEMENTAL FEED WITH HIGH MEDIUM CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDES -	- Restricted see tern	ns on pa	ge 294
Powder (neutral), 12.5 g protein, 60 g carbohydrate and 16.4 g fat p			g ·
100 g sachet		10	Emsogen
Essential Amino Acids			
ESSENTIAL AMINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms on page	294		
Powder (neutral) 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can	313.73	200 g	Essential Amino Acid Mix
Specialised Formulas			
Diabetic Products			
→ Restricted (RS1215)			
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss a2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or	and malnutrition that i	requires	nutritional support; or
3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing fo	r 5 davs: or		
4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nu		ncrease	d nutritional needs from
causes such as catabolism; or			
5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or			
6 For patients being tube-fed; or7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.			
•			
DIABETIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per	,		
100 ml, 200 ml bottle		1	Diasip (strawberry)
,			Diasip (vanilla)
LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			
t Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 500			
bottle	4.65	1	Glucerna Select
1,000 ml bottle			e.g. Nutrison Advanced
			Diason
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above			
Liquid 7 g protein, 10.9 g carbohydrate, 2.7 g fat and 2 g fibre per	0.10	4	Nutura Diabatas (umilla)

Nutren Diabetes (vanilla)

100 ml, 200 ml bottle2.10

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products** → Restricted (RS1216) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Malabsorption: or 2 Short bowel syndrome: or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas: or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease: or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. AMINO ACID ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet, 80 g sachet 4.50 Vivonex TEN AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml 18 Elemental 028 Extra (grapefruit) Elemental 028 Extra (pineapple & orange) Elemental 028 Extra (summer fruits) PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 4 g protein, 17.7 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml Nutrison Advanced bottle 7 47 Peptisorb PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, 1 Vital PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g. e.g. Peptamen Junior Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 400 g e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT can Pepdite 1+ PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton........4.95 237 ml Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla) **Fat Modified Products**

FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below

Powder 12.8 g protein, 68.6 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, can 62.90

→ Restricted (RS1470)

Initiation

Any of the following:

continued...

400 a

Monogen

Price	GST) Per	Brand or Generic
(ex man. excl. \$		Manufacturer
continued 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at leat the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults. Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all or		
Hepatic Products → Restricted (RS1217) Initiation For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant. HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above † Powder 12 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, can93.9	7 400 g	Heparon Junior
High Calorie Products		
→ Restricted (RS1317) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or 3 Both: 3.1 Any of the following: 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements. ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms above I liquid 7.5 g protein 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat pay 100 ml. 500 ml.		
Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle	2 1	Nutrison Concentrated
t Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle		Ensure Two Cal HN RTH
100 ml, 200 ml bottle	4 1	Two Cal HN
High Protein Products HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below		

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle12.00 1,000 ml Nutrison Protein Plus

→ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ continued... 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.26 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 10 g protein, 10.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 8.67 500 ml Nutrison Protein Intense → Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per Nutrison Protein Plus 1,000 ml Multi Fibre ⇒ Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. Infant Formulas AMINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml,		
	400 g can		e.g. Neocate
t	Powder 13 g protein, 49 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate SYNEO
1	Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate Junior
		•	Unflavoured
1	Powder 13.3 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.6 g fat per 100 g, can 43.60	400 g	Alfamino
1	Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can 55.61	400 g	Neocate Gold
		-	(Unflavoured)
1	Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can 55.61	400 g	Neocate Junior Vanilla
1	Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can	400 g	Alfamino Junior
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can65.72	400 g	Elecare LCP
		-	(Unflavoured)
1	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can65.72	400 g	Elecare (Unflavoured)
		•	Elecare (Vanilla)
_	Postrioted (PC1967)		, ,

→ Restricted (RS1867)

Initiation

Any of the following:

SPECIAL FOODS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled for 2-4 weeks and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis; or
- 4 Ultra-short gut; or
- 5 Severe Immune deficiency.

Continuation

All of the following:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula; and
- 3 Amino acid formula is required for a nutritional deficit.

Initiation - patients who are currently funded under RS1502 or SA1557

Limited to 3 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a valid initiation or renewal approval for extensively hydrolysed formula (RS1502); and
- 2 Patient is unable to source funded Aptamil powder at this time; and
- 3 The approval only applies to funded dispensings of Neocate Gold and Neocate Syneo.

Note: This criteria is short term funding to cover an out-of-stock situation on some extensively hydrolysed formula powder funded under Hospital Restriction RS1502. There is no continuation criteria under this criterion.

ENTERAL LIQUID PEPTIDE FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

■ Liquid 4.2 g protein, 18.6 g carbohydrate and 6.58 g fat per 100 ml,

→ Restricted (RS1775)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has impaired gastrointestinal function and either cannot tolerate polymeric feeds, or polymeric feeds are unsuitable; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Severe malabsorption; or
 - 2.2 Short bowel syndrome; or
 - 2.3 Intractable diarrhoea; or
 - 2.4 Biliary atresia; or
 - 2.5 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malabsorption; or
 - 2.6 Cystic fibrosis: or
 - 2.7 Proven fat malabsorption; or
 - 2.8 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
 - 2.9 Intestinal failure; or
 - 2.10 Both:
 - 2.10.1 The patient is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
 - 2.10.2 The patient is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an enteral liquid peptide formula; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 A semi-elemental or partially hydrolysed powdered feed has been reasonably trialled and considered unsuitable; or
 - 3.2 For step down from intravenous nutrition.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial. Continuation

Both:



SPECIAL FOODS			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 1 An assessment as to whether the patient can be transitione hydrolysed formula has been undertaken; and 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the patient continue		•	•
EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA – Restricted see terr Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100			
can Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100 can	36.20	900 g	Allerpro Syneo 1
can		900 g 450 g	Allerpro Syneo 2 Pepti-Junior
Any of the following: 1 Both: 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe in	ntolerance or allergy to its	protein co	ontent: and
1.2 Either: 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialle 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inap 2 Severe malabsorption; or 3 Short bowel syndrome; or 4 Intractable diarrhoea; or 5 Biliary atresia; or 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or 7 Cystic fibrosis; or 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant mala 10 Intestinal failure; or 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula. Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of Continuation Both: 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned undertaken; and 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues	ed without resolution of sy opropriate or contraindicat absorption; or an immediate IgE mediat	mptoms; ded; or	c reaction.
FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per		.,,.	
400 g can LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA			e.g. Galactomin 19
Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 10 can	0 ml, 900 g		e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact
Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 10 can	0 ml, 900 g		e.g. S26 Lactose Free
LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA Powder 14.8 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.7 g fat per tuna fish oil (DHA), can	46.18	400 g	Locasol
PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted s Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g f 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	ibre per	le 1	Infatrini

SPECIAL FOODS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1614)

Initiation – Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering growth

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or
 - 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
- 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding.

PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 0.75 100 ml S26 I BW Gold RTF

Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml bottle

e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm

⇒ Restricted (RS1224)

Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

Ketogenic Diet Products

HIGH FAT FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14.3 g protein, 2.8 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100 g, can 36.92 300 q Ketocal

4:1 (Unflavoured)

Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)

300 a Ketocal

Powder 15.4 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 68.6 g fat per 100 g, can 36.92

3:1 (Unflavoured)

→ Restricted (RS1225)

Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

Paediatric Products

→ Restricted (RS1473)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes of feeding; or
 - 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
 - 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements: or
 - 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or
 - 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms		ge	
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle		1	Nutrini Low Energy Multi Fibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on	the previous page		TIDICITIII
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, 500			
bottle t Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml,	3.32	1	Pediasure RTH
500 ml bottle	4.69	1	Nutrini RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms o			Tradini Titti
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml,			
500 ml bottle		1	Nutrini Energy RTH
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle		1	Nutrini Energy Multi
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the p	arovious pago		Fibre
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, 200	, ,		
bottle		1	Pediasure (chocolate)
			Pediasure (strawberry) Pediasure (vanilla)
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, 250			5 " (")
CAN		1	Pediasure (vanilla)
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml,	e previous page		
200 ml bottle	1.90	1	Fortini (Strawberry)
			Fortini (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre pe		1	Cortini Multi Cibro
100 ml, 200 ml bottle	1.90	ı	Fortini Multi Fibre (chocolate)
			Fortini Multi Fibre
			(strawberry) Fortini Multi Fibre
			(unflavoured)
			Fortini Multi Fibre
↑ Limit 4.0 months 40.7 months budgets and 7.5 mfst and 400 ml			(vanilla)
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle	8.67	1	Pediasure Plus
Renal Products			
LOWELECTROLYTE ORNI EEER D. L.			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms below Powder 7.5 g protein, 57.6 g carbohydrate and 25.9 g fat per 100 g,	can 64.26	400 g	Kindergen
→ Restricted (RS1227)	our 04.20	400 g	rundorgon
Initiation			
For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease.			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML			
Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre 100 ml, 220 ml bottle		1	Nepro HP (strawberry)
, 22, 2000		,	Nepro HP (vanilla)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 bottle Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125	7 ml		
carton	13.72	4	Renilon 7.5 (apricot) Renilon 7.5 (caramel)
bottle → Restricted (RS1228) Initiation		4	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)

For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.

Surgical Products

⇒ Restricted (RS1231)

Initiation

Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head or neck surgery.

PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1415)

Initiation

Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to 3 hours before major abdominal surgery.

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

Any of the following:

For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or
 - 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
 - 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 5 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or
- 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.

(ex	Price man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous pa	ıge		
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	9.00	1	Nutrison Energy
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	8.68	1	Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre
Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag		1	Ensure Plus HN RTH
Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle		1	Jevity HiCal RTH
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml,	9.00	1	Nutrison Energy
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml (Nutrison Energy Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 1	can2.17	1 I bottle to	Ensure Plus HN
ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page			,
t Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml,		1	Nutrison RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle		1	Nutrison Multi Fibre
Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle		1	Osmolite RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	6.56	1	Jevity RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	6.90	1	Nutrison RTH
(Nutrison RTH Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100) ml, 1,000 ml b	ottle to be	delisted 1 January 2026)
ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous pa	ige		
Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	7.87	1	Jevity Plus RTH
(Jevity Plus RTH Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and September 2025)	2 g fibre per 10	0 ml, 1,00	0 ml bottle to be delisted 1
ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on t l Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	the previous pa	ge	
100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	9.05	1	Nutrison 800 Complete Multi Fibre
HIGH PROTEIN ORAL FEED 2.4 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml,	e previous page		
125 ml bottle			e.g. Fortisip Compact Protein
ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
1 Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can	126.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)
t Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can	14.00	840 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula
			(Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla)
ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page			i omidia (vailiia)
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,			
237 ml carton			e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

SPECIAL FOODS

_			
	Price	-	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
_	<u> </u>	rei	Manuacturer
OF	RAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 307		
t	Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	200 ml	Fortijuice (Apple)
			Fortijuice (Orange)
			Fortijuice (Strawberry)
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml		
	bottle1.76	1	Fortisip (Banana)
			Fortisip (Chocolate)
			Fortisip (Strawberry)
			Fortisip (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,		
	200 ml bottle	1	Ensure Plus (Banana)
			Ensure Plus (Chocolate)
			Ensure Plus (Fruit of the
			forest)
•	Limited F. F. annutation Od. Annuarch abundants and A. Od. a february 400 and		Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
ı	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml,		F (1/2 - : 11 -)
_	237 ml can	1	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
OF	RAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 307		
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per		
	100 ml, 200 ml bottle	1	Fortisip Multi Fibre
			(chocolate)
			Fortisip Multi Fibre
			(strawberry)
			Fortisip Multi Fibre
			(vanilla)



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

10

Infanrix IPV

Bacterial and Viral Vaccines

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe

→ Restricted (RS1387)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens;
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE -

Restricted see terms below

Inj 30IU diphtheria with 40IU tetanus and 25mcg pertussis toxoids,

25mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8mcg pertactin, 80D-AgU polio virus, 10mcg hepatitis B antigen 10mcg H.

influenzae type b with tetanus toxoid 20-40mcg in 0.5ml syringe -

→ Restricted (RS2051)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children under the age of 10 years for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) for (re-)immunisation of children under the age of 18 years post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) for (re-)immunisation of children under the age of 10 years who are post chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; undergoing renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 4 Up to five doses for children under the age of 10 years receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

Bacterial Vaccines

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1233)

Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and

3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

..0.00 10 Boostrix

→ Restricted (RS1790)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trimester of each pregnancy; or; or
- 2 A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants admitted to a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit or Specialist Care Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed to maternal vaccination at least 14 days prior to birth; or; or
- 3 A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 5 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 65 years old; or
- 6 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 45 years old who have not had 4 previous tetanus doses; or
- 7 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or
- 8 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 9 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1520)

Initiation

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE

Inj 10 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 55 mcg of tetanus toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial –

→ Restricted (RS2019)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV,



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or

- 1.2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 1.3 One dose for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 1.4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 1.5 A maximum of two doses for person pre and post-immunosuppression*; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
- 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
 - 2.2.2 One dose for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

Inj 5 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of

→ Restricted (RS2037)

Initiation - Children under 12 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for patients pre- and post- splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post- solid organ transplant; or
- 2 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Notes: infants from 6 weeks to less than 6 months of age require a 2+1 schedule, infants from 6 months to less than 12 months of age require a 1+1 schedule. Refer to the Immunisation Handbook for recommended booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL B MULTICOMPONENT VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2020)

Initiation – Primary immunisation for children up to 12 months of age

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Three doses for children up to 12 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation; or
- 2 Up to three doses (dependent on age at first dose) for a catch-up programme for children from 13 months to 59 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation, from 1 March 2023 to 31 August 2025.

Initiation - Person is one year of age or over

Any of the following:

1 up to two doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or

continued...

- 2 up to two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to two doses for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 up to two doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Initiation – Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Two doses for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, Youth Justice residences, or prisons; or
 - 2.2 Two doses for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Note: *Immunosuppression due to corticosteroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A,

6B, 7F, 9V, 14, 18C, 19A, 19F and 23F in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV

→ Restricted (RS1936)

Initiation - Primary course for previously unvaccinated children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 3 doses

A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated children up to the age of 59 months inclusive.

Initiation - High risk individuals who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Two doses are funded for high risk individuals (over the age of 12 months and under 18 years) who have previously received two doses of the primary course of PCV10.

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re)immunisation of high-risk children aged under 5 years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
 - 2.2 primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 cerebrospinal fluid leaks: or
 - 2.8 receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.12 diabetes; or
- 2.13 Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk individuals 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re-)immunisation of individuals 5 years and over with HIV, pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, intracranial shunts, cerebrospinal fluid leaks or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

→ Restricted (RS1587)

Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection; or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes; or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1243)

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines

COVID-19 VACCINE

Inj 3 mcg bretovameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; infant vaccine, yellow cap.....0.00 10 Comirnaty Omicron (JN.1)

→ Restricted (RS2042)

Initiation - initial dose

Up to three doses for previously unvaccinated children aged 6 months – 4 years at high risk of severe illness.

Inj 10 mcg bretovameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; paediatric vaccine,

⇒ Restricted (RS2041)

Initiation - initial dose

Either:

- 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated children aged 5-11 years old; or
- 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised children aged 5-11 years old.

Inj 30 mcg bretovameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; adult vaccine, light

→ Restricted (RS2040)

Initiation - initial dose

Any of the following:

- 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 12-15 years old; or
- 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised people aged 12-15 years old; or
- 3 Up to two doses for previously unvaccinated people 16-29 years old; or
- 4 Up to four doses for people aged 16-29 at high risk of severe illness; or
- 5 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 30 and older.

Initiation - additional dose

One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is given at least 6 months after last dose.

Continuation - additional dose

One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is given at least 6 months after last dose.

HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 0.00	1	Havrix Junior
t	Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20270.00	1	Havrix 1440

→ Restricted (RS1638)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or
- 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2049)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 For patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients prior to planned immunosuppression for greater than 28 days; or
- 8 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 9 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 10 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients: or
- 11 Following needle stick injury.

→ Restricted (RS2050)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAq) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 For patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients prior to planned immunosuppression for greater than 28 days; or
- 8 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 9 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 10 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or
- 11 Following needle stick injury; or
- 12 For dialysis patients; or
- 13 For liver or kidney transplant patients.

HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VACCINE [HPV] - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2038)

Initiation - Children aged 14 years and under

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Children aged 14 years and under.

Initiation - other conditions

Either:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2.2 Up to 3 doses people with a transplant (including stem cell); or

2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and under; or
 - 1.2 Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and over; and
- 2 The person has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The person has not previously had an HPV vaccine.

INFLUENZA VACCINE

→ Restricted (RS2013)

Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation - chronic respiratory disease

Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions

Either:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes: or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease: or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease: or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 1.6 HIV: or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
 - 1.16 Is a child 4 years of age or under (inclusive) who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ continued... significant respiratory illness; or 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a Public Hospital. Initiation - Serious mental health conditions or addiction Any of the following: 1 schizophrenia: or 2 major depressive disorder; or 3 bipolar disorder: or 4 schizoaffective disorder; or 5 person is currently accessing secondary or tertiary mental health and addiction services. MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50. Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent 10 **Priorix** → Restricted (RS1487) Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months Therapy limited to 3 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children: or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Initiation - first dose after 12 months Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below **IPOL** → Restricted (RS1398) Initiation Therapy limited to 3 doses Fither: 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. **RABIES VACCINE** Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose, Rotarix Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose,

Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose,

Rotarix

Rotarix

10

10

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1590)

Initiation

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and
- 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over.

VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE]

→ Restricted (RS1591)

Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Either:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

 Inj 50 mcg per 0.5 ml vial plus vial
 0.00
 1
 Shingrix

 10
 Shingrix

→ Restricted (RS2039)

Initiation - people aged 18 years and over (Shingrix)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 Pre- and post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant or cellular therapy; or
- 2 Pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 Haematological malignancies; or
- 4 People living with poorly controlled HIV infection; or
- 5 Planned or receiving disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs targeted synthetic, biologic, or conventional synthetic) for polymyalgia rheumatica, systemic lupus erythematosus or rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 6 End stage kidney disease (CKD 4 or 5);; or
- 7 Primary immunodeficiency.

Diagnostic Agents

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST
Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20270.00 1 Tubersol

PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at schedule.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

apply to morni		
BETA-HCG LOW SENSITIVITY URINE TEST KIT Note: For use in abortion services only.		
Midstream16.28	1 test	CheckTop
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips20.00 10.00	1	CareSens N Premier Caresens N Caresens N POP
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP		
Blood glucose test strips10.56	50 test	CareSens N
Test strips10.56	50 test	CareSens PRO
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP		
Test strips	10 strip	KetoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic		
test strips20.00	1	CareSens Dual
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE		
Small2.70	1	e-chamber Mask
PEAK FLOW METER		
Low Range	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low Range
Normal Range9.54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE		
Cassette - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	40 test	David One Step Cassette Pregnancy Test
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE		
Test strip22.00	50 strip	Ketostix
SPACER DEVICE		
220 ml (single patient)	1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)5.95	1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml6.50	1	Volumatic

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Vanilla SilQ HD		Vitamin B complex		Zinc and castor oil	6
Vanilla SilQ MD		Vitamin B6 25		Zinc chloride	
Varenicline		Vitamins		Zinc oxide	
Varibar - Honey		Vivonex TEN		Zinc sulphate	
Varibar - Nectar		Voltaren		Zinc with wool fat	
Varibar - Pudding		Voltaren D		Zincaps	
Varibar - Thin Liquid		Voltaren SR		Zinforo	
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vaccine]		Vyvanse		Zo-Rub HP	
Varilrix		- W -		Zo-Rub Osteo	
Vasodilators		Warfarin sodium	37	Zoladex	
Vasopressin		Wart Preparations		Zoledronic acid	
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Vebulis		Various		Zoledronic Acid Injection Mylan	
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Zopiclone	142
Zopiclone Actavis	142
Zostrix	
Zostrix HP	124
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