Use this checklist to determine if a patient meets the restrictions for funding in the **hospital setting**. For more details, refer to Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule. For community funding, see the Special Authority Criteria.

SCRIBER	PATIENT:
e:	
d:	NHI:
rost	
assessmen	PAH monotherapy t required after 6 months (tick boxes where appropriate)
a resp Hosp	ribed by, or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation coiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health NZ ital.
and	Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)
	PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications
and on and	PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV
	PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation  A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair)  A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg  A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm <sup>-5</sup> )  A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm <sup>-5</sup> )  PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †  Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**  Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type
or	Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease  Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures
and	O Iloprost is to be used as PAH monotherapy
	O Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil and both the funded endothelin receptor antagonists (i.e. both bosentan and ambrisentan)
	O Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to endothelin receptor antagonists

I confirm that the above details are correct:

Signed: ...... Date: .....

## HOSPITAL MEDICINES LIST RESTRICTIONS CHECKLIST

Use this checklist to determine if a patient meets the restrictions for funding in the **hospital setting**. For more details, refer to Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule. For community funding, see the Special Authority Criteria.

CRIBER	PATIENT:			
:				
	NHI:			
ost - cont	tinued			
ssessment	AH dual therapy required after 6 months tick boxes where appropriate)			
	ribed by, or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation or interest in the recommendation of the r			
_	Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)			
_	PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications			
and and	PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV			
	O PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation and			
	A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair) and			
	O A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg			
	A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm <sup>-5</sup> )			
	PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †			
	Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**			
	O Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type			
or	O Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease			
	O Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures			
and	O Iloprost is to be used as PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist			
	O Patient has an absolute contraindication to or has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil or			
	O Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to or experienced intolerable side effects with a funded endothelin receptor antagonist			
and				
	Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**			
	Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit			

I confirm that the above details are correct:	
Signed:	Date:

## HOSPITAL MEDICINES LIST RESTRICTIONS CHECKLIST

Use this checklist to determine if a patient meets the restrictions for funding in the **hospital setting**. For more details, refer to Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule. For community funding, see the Special Authority Criteria.

SCRIBER	PATIENT:
e:	Name:
:	NHI:
ost - continued	
ATION – PAH tri ssessment requir equisites (tick bo Prescribed b a respiratory Hospital.  Patien and PAH is	ple therapy ed after 6 months exes where appropriate)  by, or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health N  thas pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)  is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV  PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation  A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair)  A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg
or O	PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †  Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**  Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type  Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease  Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the
and	Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures
	O Patient is on the lung transplant list O Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV  Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**

I confirm that the above details are correct:	
Signed:	Date:

Use this checklist to determine if a patient meets the restrictions for funding in the **hospital setting**. For more details, refer to Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule. For community funding, see the Special Authority Criteria.

PRESCRIBER	PATIENT:					
Name:	Name:					
Ward:	NHI:					
lloprost - continued						
CONTINUATION Re-assessment required after 2 years Prerequisites (tick box where appropriate)						
Prescribed by, or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiolog a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist, or in accordate Hospital.	Prescribed by, or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health NZ Hospital.					
O Patient is continuing to derive benefit from iloprost treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool						

Note: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

\*\* the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

I confirm that the above details are correct: Signed: ...... Date: .....