HOSPITAL MEDICINES LIST RESTRICTIONS CHECKLIST

Use this checklist to determine if a patient meets the restrictions for funding in the **hospital setting**. For more details, refer to Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule. For community funding, see the Special Authority Criteria.

PRESCRIBER	PATIENT:
Name:	Name:
Ward:	NHI:

Epoprostenol

INITI	INITIATION – PAH dual therapy							
Re-assessment required after 6 months								
Prer	Prerequisites (tick boxes where appropriate)							
(and	;	Prescribed by, or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health NZ Hospital.						
	and	0	Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)					
	and and		PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications					
	and	Ο	PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV					
			O PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation					
			A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair)					
			A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg					
			$ m O$ A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm $^{-5}$)					
			PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †					
			O Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**					
			O Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type					
		or	O Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease					
	O Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures							
	and	and						
	O Epoprostenol is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist and							
	 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV and Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool 							

Signed: Date:

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PRES	CRIB	ER		PATIENT:				
Name	Name: N			Name:				
Ward				NHI:				
Epo	Epoprostenol - continued							
INITI Re-a	Arrice assessment required after 6 months Prerequisites (tick boxes where appropriate) Prescribed by, or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endored Hospital. Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) and PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications and PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV and PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation and A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair) and A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg and A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dr and PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †		We therapy editer 6 months tess where appropriate) or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health NZ has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair) A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm ⁻⁵) Or PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) † Or Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**					
	isorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the contan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures							
	and	(and	Or (or (Patient is on the lung transplant list Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario 				
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Signed: Date:

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PRESCRIBER	PATIENT:				
Name:	Name:				
Ward:	NHI:				
Epoprostenol - continued					
CONTINUATION Re-assessment required after 2 years Prerequisites (tick box where appropriate)					
 Prescribed by, or recommended by a respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist, or in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health NZ Hospital. and Patient is continuing to derive benefit from epoprostenol treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool 					

Note: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH</u> ** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

I confirm that the above details are correct: