HOSPITAL MEDICINES LIST RESTRICTIONS CHECKLIST

Use this checklist to determine if a patient meets the restrictions for funding in the **hospital setting**. For more details, refer to Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule. For community funding, see the Special Authority Criteria.

PRESCRIBER			PATIENT:	
Name:			Name:	
Ward:			NHI:	
Raloxi	fene			
INITIAT Prereq		(tick boxes where appropriate)		
C	0	or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated r	adiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than lue in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes) adiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply	
or or or		History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calc Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes)		
		Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic ac approval for alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) pr	id (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority	

Note:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

confirm that the above details are correct:	
Signed:	Date: