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Introducing Pharmac

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Introducing Pharmac

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (Pharmac) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. Pharmac negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list.

Pharmac's role:

"to secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that are reasonably achievable from pharmaceutical treatment and from within the amount of funding provided."

Pae Ora (Healthy Futures) Act 2022

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about Pharmac and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the Pharmac website at https://pharmac.govt.nz/about.

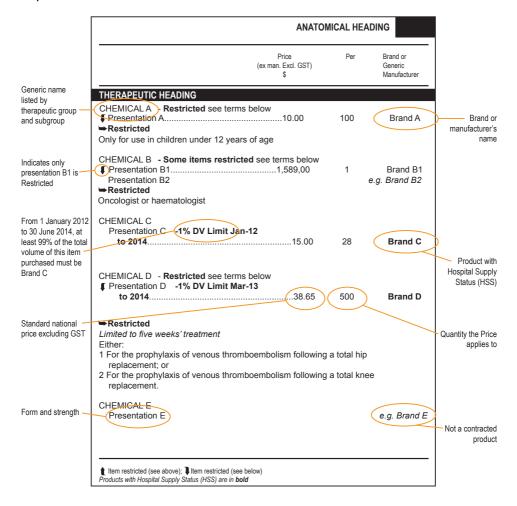
Glossary

Units of Measure gram g microgram..... mcg millimole......mmol kilogram.....kg milligram mg unit......u international unitiu millilitre......ml **Abbreviations** application app enteric coated......EC solutionsoln capsule cap granules.....grans suppositorysuppos cream.....crm injectioninj tablet......tab dispersibledisp liquidliq tincture.....tinc effervescent.....eff lotion......lotn emulsion emul ointment......oint

HSS Hospital Supply Status

Guide to Section H listings

Example



PART I: GENERAL RULES

General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A.

 $\label{eq:Read-the-general-Rules} \textbf{Read the } \underline{\textbf{General Rules}}: \underline{\textbf{https://pharmac.govt.nz/section-a}}.$

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

		Price excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antacids and Antiflatulents				
Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents				
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIN Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticone 20 Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simeticone	mg	IE		e.g. Mylanta
30 mg per 5 ml				e.g. Mylanta Double Strength
SIMETICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml Oral drops 40 mg per ml				
SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sa SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM	CARBON	IATE		e.g. Gaviscon Infant
Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbona 160 mg	ite			e.g. Gaviscon Extra Strength
Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carb 160 mg per 10 ml	onate	7.50	500 ml	Acidex
SODIUM CITRATE Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)		.25.00	90 ml	Biomed
Phosphate Binding Agents				
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg				
CALCIUM CARBONATE – Restricted see terms below Oral liq 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml)		.47.30 39.00	473 ml 500 ml	Calcium carbonate PAI Roxane
→ Restricted (RS1698) Initiation		00.00	000 1111	Tioxano
Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbonate inappropriate	tablets o	or where ca	alcium carbo	onate tablets are
Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Ag	ents			
Antipropulsives				
DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg				
LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 2 mg Cap 2 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			400 400	Nodia Diamide Relief
Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories				
BUDESONIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page Cap modified-release 3 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025		.87.60	90	Budesonide Te Arai

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ P6	er Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1723)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes: or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis*: and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Diabetes; or
 - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
 - 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications)	57 09	15 a	Colifoam

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1%

MESALAZINE

JALAZINE			
Tab EC 400 mg	49.50	100	Asacol
Tab long-acting 500 mg		100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg	85.50	90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g		100 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg		20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g	50.96	28	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml		7	Pentasa

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
DLSALAZINE			
Tab 500 mg		100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg	53.00	100	Dipentum
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE			
Cap 100 mg			
SULFASALAZINE			
Tab 500 mg		100 100	Salazopyrin Salazopyrin EN
	17.00	100	Salazopyilli Liv
Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders			
Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations			
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE			
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g		30 g	Proctosedyl
Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g		12	Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE AND C	INCHOCAIN	ΙE	
Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocaine	10.05	20 ~	I Iltropropt
hydrochloride 5 mg per gSuppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchocaine	13.05	30 g	Ultraproct
hydrochloride 1 mg	8.61	12	Ultraproct
Management of Anal Fissures			- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%	22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Ont 0.2 /0	22.00	50 g	ricciogesic
Rectal Sclerosants			
DILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY]			
Inj 5%, 5 ml vial			
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Motility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	19.00	5	Robinul
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE	10.00	Ü	110011141
Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	6.35	100	Buscopan
	2.25	20	Hyoscine Butylbromic
			(Adiramedica)
Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1.91	1	Spazmol
Buscopan Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 April 2025)			
######################################	0.50	00	Colofac
1 au 100 mg - 3% uv dec-23 to 2026	8.30	90	COIOIAC
Antiulcerants			
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective			
AISODDOSTOL			
/IISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg	47.73	120	Cytotec

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

H2 Antagonists

CIMETIDINE

Tab 200 mg

Tab 400 mg

FAMOTIDINE

Tab 20 mg

Tab 40 mg

Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial

RANITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 300 mg
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1703)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For continuation use; or
- 2 Routine prevention of allergic reactions..

Proton Pump Inhibitors

LANSOPRAZOLE

Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	4.04	100	Lanzol Relief
Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5.43	100	Lanzol Relief

OMEPRAZOLE

- Tab dispersible 10 mg
- → Restricted (RS1027)

Initiation

Only for use in tube-fed patients.

- Tab dispersible 20 mg
- → Restricted (RS1027)

Initiation

Only for use in tube-fed patients.

2.06	90	Omeprazole Teva
		Omeprazole actavis 10
2.02	90	Omeprazole Teva
		Omeprazole actavis 20
3.18	90	Omeprazole Teva
		Omeprazole actavis 40
42.50	5 g	Midwest
	5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazole
11.95	5	Omezol IV
1.99	90	Panzop Relief
2.74	90	Panzop Relief

50

HypoPak Glucose

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Site Protective Agents			
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg	 . 14.51	50	Gastrodenol
SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g			

Bile and Liver Therapy

L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below

- Grans for oral liquid 3 g
- → Restricted (RS1261)

Initiation

For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated.

RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1416)

Initiation

For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose.

					_
D	а	n	Θ	re	S

Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors

AC/		

Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	11.20	90	Accarb
Tah 100 mg = 5% DV Fah-25 to 2027	17 38	٩n	Accarh

Hyperglycaemic Agents

DIA	AZOXIDE — Restricted see terms below		
1	Cap 25 mg110.00	100	Proglicem
	Cap 100 mg	100	Proglicem
	Oral liq 50 mg per ml	30 ml	Proglycem

→ Restricted (RS1028)

nitiation

For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.

GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 1 mg syringe kit	gen H	ypok
----------------------	-------	------

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Tab 1.5 g

Tab 3.1 g

Tab 4 g
Oral soln 15 g per 80 ml sachet......70.00

Gel 40%

GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE
Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet

(Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per n 3 ml prefilled pen		5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
NSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		J	NOVOIVIIX 30 T IEXT ETT
NSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per ml,			
3 ml cartridgeInj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per ml,		5	Humalog Mix 25
3 ml cartridge		5	Humalog Mix 50
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge	94.50	5 5 1	Lantus SoloStar Lantus Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe INSULIN GLULISINE	51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	46.07	1 5 5	Apidra Apidra Apidra Solostar
NSULIN LISPRO Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inculin - Chart-Acting Proparations			

Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations

INSULIN NEUTRAL

Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge

10

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE			
Tab 5 mg	 7.50	100	Daonil
GLICLAZIDE			
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	 .20.10	500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	 6.86	100	Minidiab
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027	 .14.74	1,000	Metformin Viatris
Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Aug-23 to 2027	 .11.28	500	Metformin Viatris
PIOGLITAZONE			
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	 7.25	90	Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	 .12.00	90	Vexazone
VILDAGLIPTIN			
Tab 50 mg	 .35.00	60	Galvus
VILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Galvumet
Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride	 .35.00	60	Galvumet

GLP-1 Agonists

DULAGLUTIDE

Restricted: For continuation only. Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded SGLT-2 inhibitor or other GLP-1 agonist.

LIRAGLUTIDE

Restricted: For continuation only. Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded SGLT-2 inhibitor or other GLP-1 agonist.

SGLT2 Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS2069)

Initiation - heart failure reduced ejection fraction

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure: and
- 2 Patient is in NYHA functional class II or III or IV; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 40%; or
 - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practicable, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment: and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard funded chronic heart failure treatment.

Initiation - Type 2 Diabetes

Any of the following:

continued...

Price			Brand or	
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic	
¢		Por	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for a GLP-1 agonist; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*: or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*; or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*; and
 - 3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

c) Funded [empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride] treatment is not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 unless receiving (empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride) for the treatment of heart failure.

EMPAGLIFLOZIN - Restricted see terms on the previous page

t	Tab 10 mg	58.56 58.56	30 30	Jardiance Jardiance
ΕN	MPAGLIFLOZIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted s	see terms on the	previous	page
t	Tab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
	Tab 5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Jardiamet
t	Tab 12.5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
t	Tab 12.5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet

Digestives Including Enzymes

PANCREATIC FNZYME

protease))			
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph Eu	ır		
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U)	34.93	100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 Ph			
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U)	94.38	100	Creon 25000
Modified release granules pancreatin 60.12 mg (amylase 3,600 Ph Eur	r		
U, lipase 5,000 Ph Eur U, protease 200 Ph Eur U)	34.93	20 g	Creon Micro
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph.		-	
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)			
URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Cap 250 mg − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	33.95	100	Ursosan
Modified release granules pancreatin 60.12 mg (amylase 3,600 Ph Eur U, lipase 5,000 Ph Eur U, protease 200 Ph Eur U)	r 34.93	20 g	Creon Micro

Can pancreatin (175 mg (25 000 II linase, 22 500 II amylase, 1 250 II

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1824)

Initiation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis

Fither:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults: and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation - Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Initiation - prevention of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1732 trial; and
- 2 The patient has leukaemia/lymphoma and is receiving inotuzumab ozogamicin.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.a. PicoPrep Orange

e.a. Prepkit Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM CHLORIDE AND CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 52.9 g with ascorbic acid 6 g, potassium chloride

740 mg, sodium chloride 2.6 g and sodium sulphate 5.6 g per sachet (1) and powder for oral soln citric acid 12 g with magnesium carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

(2)

		Price		Brand or
		. excl. GST)	D	Generic
MADDOOD OF WITH DOTAGOUNG ON COURSE AND COOKING	U OD:DE	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CH Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg				
sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per				
70 g sachet - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			3	Glycoprep Orange
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg		64.32	12	Glycoprep Orange
sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per				
210 g sachet				e.g. Glycoprep Orange
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CH ASCORBATE. ASCORBIC ACID	ILORIDE	WITH/WITH	OUT SOD	IUM SULFATE, SODIUM
Powd for oral soln 100g with potassium chloride 1g, sodium chlori	de 2g			
and sodium sulfate 9g per sach(1), powd for oral soln 40g with	n			
potassium chloride 1.2g and sodium chloride 3.2g per sach(1) powd for oral soln ascorbic acid 7.54g and sodium ascorbate	and			
48.11g per sach(1) - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2026		18.52	3	Plenvu
Bulk-Forming Agents				
ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK				
Powder for oral soln – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		20.00	500 g	Konsyl-D
STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA – Restricted: For continuation only Powder for oral soln				
Encod Octoor				
Faecal Softeners				
DOCUSATE SODIUM		0.00	100	
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES				oo.o.y.
Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025		3.50	200	Laxsol
PARAFFIN				
Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml				
POLOXAMER				
Oral drops 10% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4.17	30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral				
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below				5
Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial		36.00 246.00	1 7	Relistor Relistor
→ Restricted (RS2057) Initiation – Opioid induced constipation Both:		0.00	·	
1 The patient is receiving palliative care; and2 Either:				
2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation			erated	

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Opioid induced constipation outside of palliative care

Limited to 14 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Individual has opioid induced constipation; and
- 2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation, including bowel-cleansing preparations, are ineffective or inappropriate; and
- 3 Mechanical bowel obstruction has been excluded.

A		
()en	α	Laxatives
OOII	IULIU	Laxalives

GLYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	10.39	20	Lax-suppositories Glycerol
Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations.			diyceroi
LACTULOSE			
Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	3.61	500 ml	Laevolac
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBONATE	AND SOD	IUM CHLOI	RIDE
Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, sodium			
bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg			
Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, sodium bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg - 5% DV			
Feb-24 to 2026	8.50	30	Molaxole
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE			
Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml -5%			
DV Jun-23 to 2025	35.89	50	Micolette
SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID			
Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Elletha 10 % with phospholic acid 0.36 %	2.50	'	rieet riiospiiate Liieilia
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		200	Bisacodyl Viatris
Suppos 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	4.14	10	Lax-Suppositories
SENNOSIDES			
Tab 7.5 mg			
SODIUM PICOSULFATE – Restricted see terms below			
■ Oral soln 7.5 mg per ml ➡ Restricted (RS1843)	7.40	30 ml	Dulcolax SP Drop
Initiation			
Both:			

4 TL

- 1 The patient is a child with problematic constipation despite an adequate trial of other oral pharmacotherapies including macrogol where practicable; and
- 2 The patient would otherwise require a high-volume bowel cleansing preparation.

Metabolic Disorder Agents

AL	GLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Inj 50 mg vial1,142.60	1	Myozyme

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1793)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
 - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
 - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
 - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

ARGININE

Tab 1.000 mg

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1794)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

continued...

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency: or
 - 2.2 A 5,10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
 - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Cap 100 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1330)

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

CARGI UMIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1831)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

For the acute in-patient treatment of organic acidaemias as an alternative to haemofiltration.

COENZYME Q10 - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1832)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to coenzyme Q10 supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to coenzyme Q10 supplementation;
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial.......2,234.00
1 Naglazyme

→ Restricted (RS1795)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Either:

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
- 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis VI

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT.

HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1546)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts: or
 - 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1607)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or

continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 250 mg
- Cap 500 mg
- Oral lig 500 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Ini 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 50 mg
- → Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

- RIBOFLAVIN Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1833)

Initiation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to riboflavin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to riboflavin supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1796)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 1 month

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or actively planning to become pregnant; and
- 2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and

continued...

ALIMENTANT THACT AND METABOLISM			
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
continued			
4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU	J dietary management; and		
5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed	22 months for each pregnar	ncy (incl	udes time for planning and
becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after of	delivery.	•	, ,

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient has demonstrated an adequate response to a 2 to 4 week trial of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction in phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; or
 - 1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has previously demonstrated response to treatment with sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with sapropterin will not continue after delivery; or
 - 2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the first renewal for treatment with sapropterin; or
 - 2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second or subsequent pregnancy to support management of their PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM PHENYI BUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab 500 mg

Oral lig 250 mg per ml

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1797)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TALIGLUCERASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1897)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

continued...

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of symptomatic type 1 or type 3* Gaucher disease confirmed by the demonstration of specific deficiency of glucocerebrosidase in leukocytes or cultured skin fibroblasts, and genotypic analysis; and
- 2 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) or the disease might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has haematological complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.2 Patient has skeletal complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.3 Patient has significant liver dysfunction or hepatomegaly attributable to Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.4 Patient has reduced vital capacity from clinically significant or progressive pulmonary disease due to Gaucher disease: or
 - 3.5 Patient is a child and has experienced growth failure with significant decrease in percentile linear growth over a 6-12 month period; and
- 4 Taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

Continuation

Metabolic physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 3 years

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has demonstrated a symptomatic improvement and has maintained improvements in the main symptom or symptoms for which therapy was started; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated a clinically objective improvement or no deterioration in haemoglobin levels, platelet counts and liver and spleen size; and
- 3 RRadiological (MRI) signs of bone activity performed at two years since initiation of treatment, and five yearly thereafter, demonstrate no deterioration shown by the MRI, compared with MRI taken immediately prior to commencement of therapy or adjusted dose; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT: and
- 5 Patient is adherent with regular treatment and taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

TAURINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- Cap 1.000 mg
- → Restricted (RS1834)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected specific mitochondrial disorder that may respond to taurine supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of a specific mitochondrial disorder which responds to taurine supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TRIENTINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

↓ Cap 250 mg − **5% DV Oct-24 to 2025**2,022.00 100 **Trientine Waymade**

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2026)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Wilson disease: and
- 2 Treatment with D-penicillamine has been trialled and discontinued because the person has experienced intolerable side effects or has not received sufficient benefit; and
- 3 Treatment with zinc has been trialled and discontinued because the person has experienced intolerable side effects or has not received sufficient benefit, or zinc is considered clinically inappropriate as the person has symptomatic liver disease and requires copper chelation.

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab eff 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)

Copper

→ Restricted (RS1928)

Initiation - Moderate to severe burns

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and
- 2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist.

COPPER - Restricted see terms above

1 Tab 2.5 mg, chelated

COPPER CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 0.4 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Fluoride

SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

lodine

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026................5.99 90 NeuroTabs

POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE

Oral lig 10% with iodine 5%

Iron

FERROUS FUMARATE

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID		
Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg - 5% DV		
Dec-24 to 2027	100	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID		
Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg		
FERROUS SULFATE		
Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) - 5% DV Jan-23 to 20252.55	30	Ferrograd
Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 202513.10	500 ml	Ferodan
FERROUS SULFATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID		
Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500 mg		
IRON (AS FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE) – Restricted see terms below		
■ Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	1	Ferinject
⇒ Restricted (RS1417)	•	,
Initiation		
Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropriate.		
IRON (AS SUCROSE)		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule100.00	5	Venofer
IRON POLYMALTOSE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	5	Ferrosig
, 55, 2, 2 5		

Magnesium

MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE

Cap 750 mg (150 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE

Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag

MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental)

Suspension 8%

MAGNESIUM OXIDE

Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental)

Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE, MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE AND MAGNESIUM CITRATE

Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium amino acid

chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg elemental

magnesium)

MAGNESIUM SULPHATE

Inj 100 mg per ml, 40 ml bag

Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag

Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag

Selenium

SELENIUM - Restricted see terms on the next page

■ Oral lig 150 mcg per 3 drops

Inj 300 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

e.g. Clinicians selenium oral drops

	F	Price			Brand or
	(ex man.		GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1929) Initiation – Moderate to severe burns Limited to 3 months treatment Both: 1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and	d				
2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist. Zinc					
ZINC Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule ZINC SULPHATE Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental)		11.0	0	100	7inoono
Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental)		. 11.0	U	100	Zincaps
Mouth and Throat					
Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration					
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3% BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLOF Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride	RIDE				
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray					
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder					
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Mouthwash 0.2% - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027		3.9	9	200 ml	healthE
DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg					
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Paste 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5.4	9	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives					
AMPHOTERICIN B					
Lozenge 10 mg		5.8	6	20	Fungilin

40 g

24 ml

Decozol

Nilstat

1 Itam rostricted (see - shove):	[1

Oral gel 20 mg per g - **5% DV Feb-25 to 2027**......5.19

Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20262.22

MICONAZOLE

NYSTATIN

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Ger Mar

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Other Oral Agents

HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]
Inj 20 mg per ml

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1175)

Otolaryngologist

Vitamins

Multivitamin Preparations

MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1498)

Initiation

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or
 - 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or
 - 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1499)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
- 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).</p>

	(ex n	man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ML	ILTIVITAMINS				
t	Tab (BPC cap strength) – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		18.50	1,000	Mvite e.g. Vitabdeck
	Restricted (RS1620)				g
	tiation				
ΑII	y of the following: 1 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or 2 Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; of 3 Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome.	or			
t	Powder vitamin A 3200 mcg with vitamin D 100 mcg, vitamin E 54.2 mg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 108 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 41 mg, vitamin B6 3.6 mg, folic acid 600 mcg, vitamin B12 9 mcg, biotin 120 mcg, pantothenic acid 24 mg, choline 1250 mg and inositol 700 mg	n	74.88	200 g	Paediatric Seravit
	Restricted (RS1178) tiation				
	tient has inborn errors of metabolism.				
· u	Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1)				e.g. Pabrinex IV
٧	itamin A				
RE	TINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml Oral liq 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml				
٧	itamin B				
ΗY	DROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		.2.46	3	Hydroxocobalamin Panpharma
PY	RIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Pyridoxine multichem

Price (ex man. excl. (GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	100	Thiamine multichem e.g. Benerva
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC	500	Bplex
Vitamin C		
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	500	Cvite
Vitamin D		
ALFACALCIDOL Cap 0.25 mcg 26.32 Cap 1 mcg 87.98 Oral drops 2 mcg per ml 60.68	100 100 20 ml	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL Cap 0.25 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	100 100	Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	12 5 ml	Vit.D3 Clinicians

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

- ¶ Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1632)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A.D.E.K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 u
- Cap 500 u
- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1176)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Antianaemics

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

FPOFTIN ALFA - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	250.00	6	Binocrit
1	inj 2,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	100.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe	150.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe	96.50	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	125.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe	145.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe	175.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	197.50	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	250.00	1	Binocrit

⇒ Restricted (RS1660)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; or
 - 3.3 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

FPOFTIN BFTA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1661)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; or
 - 3.3 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - mvelodvsplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Haematologist; and
- 2 For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative; and
- 3 *Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID			
Tab 0.8 mg	26.60	1,000	Folic Acid multichem
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027	5.82	100	Folic Acid Viatris
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml	31.77	25 ml	Biomed
Ini 5 mg ner ml 10 ml vial			

e.g. Driclor

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

→ Restricted (RS1500)

Initiation

For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 10.000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1332)

Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Either:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure; or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

ELTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg1,550.00	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg3,100.00	28	Revolade

→ Restricted (RS1648)

Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
 - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding; or
 - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

continued...

Pric	e		Brand or	
(ex man. ex	cl. GS	T)	Generic	
\$		Per	r Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter: or
 - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and 2 Either:
- - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

EMICIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 30 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 60 mg in 0.4 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 105 mg in 0.7 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 150 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra

→ Restricted (RS1998)

Initiation - Severe Haemophilia A with or without FVIII inhibitors

Haematologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia A with a severe bleeding phenotype (endogenous factor VIII activity less than or equal to 2%); and
- 2 Emicizumab is to be administered at a dose of no greater than 3 mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks followed by the equivalent of 1.5 mg/kg weekly.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POLIDOCANOL

Ini 0.5%. 30 ml vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule THROMBIN Powder			
TRANEXAMIC ACID Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	5.39	60 5 5	Mercury Pharma Tranexamic-AFT Tranexamic-AFT
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents			
IDARUCIZUMAB − Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Restricted (RS1535)	4,250.00	2	Praxbind

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

EFTRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Res	stricted see terms below		
Inj 250 iu vial	612.50	1	Alprolix
Inj 500 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 2,000 iu vial	4,900.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 3,000 iu vial	7,350.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 4,000 iu vial		1	Alprolix
→ Pactricted (RS1684)			

→ Restricted (RS1684)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

ΕP	EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted see terms below								
t	Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT					
	Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT					
	Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT					
	Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT					
	, , , ,	•							

⇒ Restricted (RS1704)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is by named patient application to the Haemophilia Treaters Group, subject to access criteria.

FACTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 500 U	1	FEIBA NF
1	Inj 1,000 U2,630.00	1	FEIBA NF
t	Inj 2,500 U6,575.00	1	FEIBA NF

→ Restricted (RS1705)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restrict	ted see terms below			
Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe	287.50	1	Xyntha	
Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe	575.00	1	Xyntha	
Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe	1,150.00	1	Xyntha	
Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha	
Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe	3,450.00	1	Xyntha	
→ Restricted (RS1706)			•	

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 500 iu vial435.00	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial870.00	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
		1	RIXUBIS

(RIXUBIS Inj 500 iu vial to be delisted 1 February 2025)

→ Restricted (RS1679)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA (RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII) (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial210.00	1	Advate
	Inj 500 iu vial420.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 1,000 iu vial840.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 1,500 iu vial	1	Advate
	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1	Advate
	Inj 3,000 iu vial2,520.00	1	Advate

(Advate Inj 250 iu vial to be delisted 1 February 2025)

(Advate Inj 1,500 iu vial to be delisted 1 February 2025)

→ Restricted (RS1707)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
	lnj 500 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
_	Ini 3.000 ju vial	·	1	Kogenate FS

→ Restricted (RS1708)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RURIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - F	Restricted see terms	below	
Inj 250 iu vial	300.00	1	Adynovate
Inj 500 iu vial	600.00	1	Adynovate
Inj 1,000 iu vial	1,200.00	1	Adynovate
Inj 2,000 iu vial	2,400.00	1	Adynovate
(Adynovate Inj 250 iu vial to be delisted 1 February 2025) (Adynovate Inj 500 iu vial to be delisted 1 February 2025)			•

⇒ Restricted (RS1682)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

Vitamin K

PHYTOMENADIONE

Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIBUDIN - Restricted see terms below

Inj 250 mg vial

⇒ Restricted (RS1181)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

DABIGATRAN

27.99 ap 75 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	9 60	Pradaxa
Sap 110 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202627.99	9 60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	9 60	Pradaxa

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

Ini 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1182)

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1183)

Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml,

100 ml bag

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GS1) Per	Manufacturer
OXAPARIN SODIUM			
Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	21 90	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule			Gioxano
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	29.74	10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane Forte
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane Forte
			0.00.00.00
NDAPARINUX SODIUM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe Restricted (RS1184)			
,			
tiation	or honorin intoloronos		
r use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance	от перапп ппонтапсе.		
EPARIN SODIUM	00.00	40	Hamada Order
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml vial - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025	83.00	10	Heparin Sodium
la: 100 in manual OFO and have			Panpharma
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag	000.00		I I a surface
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Pfizer
	25.49	10	Wockhardt
	103.70		Wockhardt PSF
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule		_	
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 10 ml vial	127.44	25	Pfizer
PARINISED SALINE			
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	96.91	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
HENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
ROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
VAROXABAN			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	15.60	30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		28	Xarelto
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	14.56	28	Xarelto
DDIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM	1 CHLORIDE		
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride			
per ml, 5,000 ml bag	و-···-		
ARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	7.50	100	Marevan
•		100	ivialevall
Tab 2 mg			
Toh 2 mg	10.00	100	Morovon
Tab 3 mg Tab 5 mg		100 100	Marevan Marevan

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	1.95	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
	12.65	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	5.07	84	Arrow - Clopid
DIPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 150 mg	13.93	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
EPTIFIBATIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	180.38	1	Eptifibatide Viatris
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial	526.50	1	Eptifibatide Viatris
→ Restricted (RS1759)			
Initiation			

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary thrombus on coronary angiography; or
- 3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

LYSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 500 mg

e.g. Aspegic

→ Restricted (RS1689)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and
- 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure.

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

56 **Ticagrelor Sandoz**

→ Restricted (RS1774)

Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

Initiation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure* in the last 60 days; or
 - 1.2 Patient is about to have a neurological stenting procedure performed*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance using the P2Y12 (VerifyNow) assay or another appropriate platelet function assay and requires antiplatelet treatment with ticagrelor; or
 - 2.2 Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2.1 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of a new cerebral ischemic event; or

2.2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of transient ischemic attack symptoms referable to the stent...

Continuation – thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.

Initiation - Percutaneous coronary intervention with stent deployment

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone percutaneous coronary intervention; and
- 2 Patient has had a stent deployed in the previous 4 weeks; and
- 3 Patient is clopidogrel-allergic**.

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Notes: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Note: ** Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Inj 5,000 iu vial

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Inj 50,000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 250,000 iu vial

Inj 500,000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price Brand or Generic Per Manufacturer

(ex man. excl. GST)

→ Restricted (RS1536)

Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor: and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.1.2 Either:
 - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10×10^6 /L on day 5 after 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or
 - 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1×10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.2.1 Both:
 - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of $> 5 \times 10^9$ /L; and
 - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10×10^6 /L; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10⁶ CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or
 - 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors

FILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202786.60	10	Nivestim
1	Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial520.00	4	Neupogen
t	Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027133.72	10	Nivestim
\rightarrow	Restricted (RS1188)		

Haematologist or oncologist

PEGFILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below

Ziextenzo Ziextenzo AU

→ Restricted (RS1743)

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5%*).

Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

Fluids and Electrolytes

Intravenous Administration

CALCIUM CHLORIDE

Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe

e.g. Baxter

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
OAL OURA OLLIOONATE	Ψ	1 01	Manadadad
CALCIUM GLUCONATE Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule			o a May Haalth
•			e.g. Max Health
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500		10	Diames Lute 140
bag		18	Plasma-Lyte 148
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	20.72	12	Plasma-Lyte 148
,		12	riasilia-Lyle 140
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium,			
98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate,		10	Diames I. da 140 0 50/
glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag	239.04	12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5%
COMPOLIND SODILIM LACTATE (LIADTMANNIC SOLLITION)			Glucose
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	27.00	10	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,	27.90	18	Daxier
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	10 32	12	Baxter
•	19.02	12	Daxiei
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]	E2 00	10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag Inj 5%, 100 ml bag		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag		30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag		20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		1	Biomed
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
	orido		
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlorous 0.45%, 3,000 ml bag	Jilde		
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chlo	rida		
15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	inde		
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlori	ide		
0.18%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlori			
0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlori			
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag	318.78	18	Baxter
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag	192.96	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag	192.84	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	204.84	12	Baxter
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
·			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price	CT)	Brand or Generic
(ex man. excl. G \$	Per	Manufacturer
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 ml bag 563.52	48	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml bag192.72	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml bag 299.40	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml bag912.96	48	Baxter
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE		
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule	10	Hospira
	10	Ποδριτα
RINGER'S SOLUTION		
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l,		
chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag227.52	12	Baxter
SODIUM ACETATE		
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule		
SODIUM BICARBONATE		
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial		
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial24.70	1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial25.31	1	Biomed
SODIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	50	Fresenius Kabi
I Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 12.00	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)		
Initiation		
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.		
I Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 12.00	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)		
Initiation		
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.		
I Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 11.70	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)		
Initiation		
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.		
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule	5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag84.42	18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag165.84	12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag124.20	60	Baxter
147.75	75	Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag88.80	48	Baxter
105.60	60	Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag50.40	24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag27.54	18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag18.96	12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle		
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE]		
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule59.10	5	Biomed

		Price			Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. 0	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
WATER					
Inj 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025 Inj 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025				50 20	Multichem Fresenius Kabi
Inj 250 ml bag Inj 500 ml bag		5.00		20	riesellius Kabi
Inj, 1,000 ml bag		.24.12		12	Baxter
Oral Administration					
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE					
Powder		169.85		300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES Powder for oral soln - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		0 53		50	Electral
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]		0.00		00	Licotral
Soln with electrolytes - 5% DV May-24 to 2025		6.53	1	,000 ml	Hydralyte - Lemonade
PHOSPHORUS Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)					
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE					
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol) Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol)		15.35		200	Span-K
Oral liq 2 mmol per ml		. 10.00		200	Орант
SODIUM BICARBONATE					
Cap 840 mg		8.52		100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg					
Oral liq 2 mmol/ml					
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE					
Powder		.84.65		454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders					
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED					
Inj 4%, 500 ml bag		139.10		10	Gelofusine

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System

ACE Inhibitors

CA			

⇒ Restricted (RS1263)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or
- 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or
- 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surgery.

CILAZAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only		
→ Tab 0.5 mg2.69	90	Zapril
→ Tab 2.5 mg5.79	90	Zapril
→ Tab 5 mg10.05	90	Zapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	90	Acetec
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	90	Acetec
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	90	Acetec
LISINOPRIL		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025 11.07	90	Ethics Lisinopril
		Teva Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202511.67	90	Ethics Lisinopril
v		Teva Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202514.69	90	Ethics Lisinopril
•		Teva Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL		
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	30	Coversyl
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20272.44	30	Coversyl
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	30	Coversyl
QUINAPRIL		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 12.51	90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	90	Arrow-Quinapril 20
RAMIPRIL		
Cap 1.25 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Tryzan
Cap 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Tryzan
Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 16.88	90	Tryzan
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 17.63	90	Tryzan

Angiotensin II Antagonists

CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL

Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20272.67	90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Candestar

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM			
Tab 12.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.00	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.29	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4.57	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	4.10	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 16/12.5
Tab 32 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	5.25	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 32/12.5
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 t	o 2025 4.00	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide

Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors

SA	CUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 24/26
t	Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 49/51
	Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg		56	Entresto 97/103
	Restricted (RS2014)			

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
 - 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or
 - 2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV: and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 35%; or
 - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practical, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment: and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure treatments.

Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers

DOXAZOSIN			
Tab 2 mg	.17.35	500	Doxazosin Clinect
Tab 4 mg	.20.94	500	Doxazosin Clinect

PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Cap 10 mg

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GS1)	Per	Manufacturer
RAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg	5.53	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 2 mg	7.00	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 5 mg	11.70	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Cap 1 mg	15.40	100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 2 mg	15.58	100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 5 mg	23.32	100	Prazosin Mylan
RAZOSIN - Restricted: For continuation only			
Tab 1 mg			
Antiarrhythmics			
DENOSINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Adsine
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	100.00	5	Adenosine Baxter
Restricted (RS1266)			
itiation			
or use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.			
MALINE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Restricted (RS1001)			
ardiologist			
/IIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	3.49	30	Aratac
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		30	Aratac
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	15.22	10	Max Health
ROPINE SULPHATE			
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	16.10	10	Hikma
, 555g pc, 7 apca			Juno
			Martindale
GOXIN			
Tab 62.5 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	7.80	240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	16.90	240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial			
SOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE			
Cap 100 mg			
ECAINIDE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	19 95	60	Flecainide BNM
		90	Flecainide Controlle
•		50	Release Teva
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026			
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	54.28	90	Fiecainide Controlle
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026 Cap long-acting 200 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		90	Release Teva
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		90 5	
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026			

Tab 5 mg

 Price
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 (ex man. excl. GST)
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Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1566)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker; or
 - 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 150 mg162.00	100	Teva
Cap 250 mg202.00	100	Teva

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Antihypotensives

MII	DODRINE - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5.68		MAR-Midodrine Midodrine Medsurge
t	Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	3.88	100	MAR-Midodrine Midodrine Medsurge

→ Restricted (RS1427)

Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

В	eta-A	\dre	no	cer	otor	ВΙ	ock	(er	S

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	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
IETOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	4.20	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	5.24	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	9.76	90	Myloc CR
IETOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	5.66	100	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		60	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		5	Metoprolol IV Mylan
			Metoprolol IV Viatris
ADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	19.19	100	Nadolol BNM
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	Nadolol BNM
ROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	7.04	100	Drofate
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	IPCA-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg		100	Cardinol LA
Oral lig 4 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
OTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	37.50	500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100	Mylan

Calcium Channel Blockers

Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers

AMLODIFINE		
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	90	Vasorex
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	90	Vasorex
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20261.31	90	Vasorex
FELODIPINE		
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20272.18	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20276.57	90	Felo 5 ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20276.95	90	Felo 10 ER

ISRADIPINE

AMI ODIDINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 2.5 mg

NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1699)

Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
- 2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
- 3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
IIFEDIPINE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg	19.42	56	Tensipine MR10
Tab long-acting 20 mg		100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg		100	Mylan (24 hr release)
	4.78	14	Mylan Italy (24 hr release)
Tab long-acting 60 mg Cap 5 mg	52.81	100	Mylan (24 hr release)
IIMODIPINE			
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	350.00	100	Nimotop
Inj 0.2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 5% DV May-24 to 2025		5	Nimotop
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 30 mg			
Cap long-acting 120 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	65.35	500	Diltiazem CD Clinect
Cap long-acting 180 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	7.00	30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	9.30	30	Cardizem CD
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
PERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg	62.90	100	Pexsig
ERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			-
Tab 40 mg	7.01	100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg.		100	Isoptin SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg		30	Isoptin SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Isoptin
Centrally-Acting Agents			
CLONIDINE	44.70	4	Mulan
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	17.90	4	Mylan
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mcg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025		112	Clonidine Teva
Tab 150 mcg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	40.41	100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	14.10	5	Catapres
METHYLDOPA			
Tab 250 mg	15.10	100	Methyldopa Viatris
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
·	16.36	100	Burinex

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]				
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		.12.80	1,000	IPCA-Frusemide
Tab 500 mg		.25.00	50	Urex Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			30 ml	Lasix
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			5 6	Furosemide-Baxter Lasix
Osmotic Diuretics				
MANNITOL				
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag	5	882 84	12	Baxter
Inj 20%, 500 ml bag			18	Baxter
, ,		-00.00		Jame.
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE				
Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE				
Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg				
Potassium Sparing Diuretics				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 5 mg				
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		.35.40	25 ml	Biomed
EPLERENONE - Restricted see terms below				
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027			30	Inspra
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		.25.00	30	Inspra
⇒ Restricted (RS1640)				
Initiation Both:				
1 Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%; an	d			
2 Either:	u			
2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactone;	or			
2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant adverse e		e on optimal	dosing of	spironolactone.
SPIRONOLACTONE		•	-	
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025		3.68	100	Spiractin
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025			100	Spiractin
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		.35.70	25 ml	Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics				
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE]				
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		.51.50	500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026			500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE				
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		.30.67	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE]				
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		6.95	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE				,,,
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		.16.00	90	Dapa-Tabs
<u> </u>				

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ P	er Manufacturer

METOLAZONE

Tab 5 mg

Vasopressin receptor antagonists

TOLVAPTAN - Restricted see	terms below		
	873.50	28	Jinarc
Tab 30 mg	873.50	28	Jinarc
■ Tab 45 mg + 15 mg		56	Jinarc
■ Tab 60 mg + 30 mg		56	Jinarc
■ Tab 90 mg + 30 mg		56	Jinarc
⇒ Restricted (RS1930)			

Initiation – autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease; and
- 2 Patient has an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) of greater than or equal to 25 ml/min/1.73 m² at treatment initiation; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with a decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 5 mL/min/1.73 m² within
 - 3.2 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with an average decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 2.5 mL/min/1.73 m² per year over a five-year period.

Continuation – autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has not developed end-stage renal disease, defined as an eGFR of less than 15 mL/min/1.73 m²; and
- 2 Patient has not undergone a kidney transplant.

Lipid-Modifying Agents

Fibrates

BEZAFIBRATE			
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	22.65	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	21.54	30	Bezalip Retard
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)			
ATORVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5.16	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	8.12	500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	7.16	100	Clinect

100

Clinect

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ROSUVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026	1.29	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
■ Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026		30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
↓ Tab 20 mg − 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
■ Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
→ Restricted (RS1868)			

Initiation - cardiovascular disease risk

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient is considered to be at risk of cardiovascular disease; and
 - 1.2 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has a calculated risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
 - 2.2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - familial hypercholesterolemia

Both:

- 1 Patient has familial hypercholesterolemia (defined as a Dutch Lipid Criteria score greater than or equal to 6); and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - established cardiovascular disease

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has proven coronary artery disease (CAD); or
 - 1.2 Patient has proven peripheral artery disease (PAD); or
 - 1.3 Patient has experienced an ischaemic stroke; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.4 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - recurrent major cardiovascular events

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced a recurrent major cardiovascular event (defined as myocardial infarction, ischaemic stroke, coronary revascularisation, hospitalisation for unstable angina) in the last 2 years; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.0 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

SIMVASTATIN

Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.68	90	Simvastatin Mylan
			Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.54	90	Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4.11	90	Simvastatin Viatris
Tah 80 mg - 5% DV .lun-24 to 2026	8.81	90	Simvastatin Viatris

Resins

CHOLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral liq 4 q

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral lig 5 g

COLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral suspension 4 g sachet	61.50	50	Colestyramine - Mylan
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	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors			
ZETIMIBE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1.76	30	Ezetimibe Sandoz
EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg	5.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg	8.15	30	Zimybe

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

Nitrates

GLYCERYL TRINITRATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Ini 1 mg per ml 10 ml ampoule

ing ring per ini, re ini ampeaic			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	118.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose	7.48	250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day	15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day		30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	22.49	100	Ismo 20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	9.80	30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	13.50	90	Duride

Other Cardiac Agents

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial − 5% DV Nov-24 to 2027509.60
 Simdax
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1007)

Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

Initiation - Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

Sympathomimetics				
Sympathomimetics Sympathomimetics				
ADRENALINE			Per	
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule	Sympathomimetics			
13.27 25.30 10	ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial	Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule	4.98	5	Aspen Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule		13.27		DBL Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule		25.30	10	Hameln
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe DOBUTAMINE Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 61.13 5 Dobutamine-hameIn DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 46.38 10 Dopamine Basi Max Health Ltd Dephember Max Health Ltd Dephember Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 44.00 10 Ephedrine Juno Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 34.31 10 Max Health ISOPRENALINE ISOPROTERENOL Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Syringe Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml bag Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.10 mg per ml, 40 ml bag Inj 1 mg per ml, 40 ml bag Inj				
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe DOBUTAMINE Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule			
DOBUTAMINE Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule — 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1 14 1 40 000 40 1	27.00	5	Hospira
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 mi syringe			
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027				
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	61.13	5	Dobutamine-hameln
EPHEDRINE In j 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
EPHEDRINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	46.38	10	Dopamine Basi
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe				Max Health Ltd
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	· · · · · · · · -			
ISOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL] Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule METARAMINOL Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026				•
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule METARAMINOL Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	34.31	10	Max Health
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule METARAMINOL Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	ISOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL]			
METARAMINOL Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
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Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
NORADRENALINE Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025				
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Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	NORADRENALINE			
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Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml sýringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025				
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
	Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	45.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
• •	Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	163.38	25	Neosynephrine HCL

Vasodilators

ALPROSTADIL - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mcg vial
- Inj 20 mcg vial
- → Restricted (RS1992)

Initiation

Both:

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
 Patient has erectile dysfunction; and Patient is to receive a penile Doppler ultrasonography. 			
ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	2,030.33	5	Prostin VR
DIAZOXIDE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE ↓ Tab 25 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1008) Initiation Either:			
 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, in ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers. 	patients who are in	ntolerant o	or have not responded to
Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	68.00	10	Milrinone-Baxter
MINOXIDIL Tab 10 mg	78.40	100	Loniten
NICORANDIL			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2025 Tab 20 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2025		60 60	Max Health Max Health
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE	27.44	00	IVIAX FICAILII
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	257.12	5	Hospira
DENITO VIEVI I INIE IO VDENITIEVI I INIE)			

PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]

Tab 400 mg

SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE

Inj 50 mg vial

Endothelin Receptor Antagonists

AMBRISENTAN - Restricted see terms below			
	200.00	30	Ambrisentan Viatris
■ Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	200.00	30	Ambrisentan Viatris
⇒ Restricted (RS1981)			
Initiation - DAH monothorany			

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with both sildenafil and bosentan; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or

		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$ Por	Manufacturer

continued...

developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or

- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil or bosentan) for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy including bosentan and has experienced intolerable side effects on bosentan; and
 - 5.3 Both:
 - 5.3.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy; and
 - 5.3.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (eg due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease).

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Both:
 - 5.2.2.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and

	Price		Brand	d or
(ex)	man. excl.	GST)	Gene	ric
	\$	F	er Manu	facturer

continued...

- 5.2.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
- 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

The patient is continuing to derive benefit from ambrisentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool**. Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 62.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	100.00	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
t	Tab 125 mg - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	100.00	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
_	Restricted (RS1082)			

Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*: and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
` ¢ ´ Do	r Manufacturor

continued...

- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil: or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil: or
 - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II. III or IV: and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}): and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type: or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy; and
 - 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil) for at least three months and has experienced an inadequate therapeutic response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would likely benefit from initial dual therapy.

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
 - 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from bosentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool**.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4	Vedafil
į	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	12	Vedafil

Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1983)

Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$ P	Per Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation – tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH is confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) of greater than 20 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) that is less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 2 Wood Units or at least 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH is non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures.

Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

Prostacyclin Analogues

EPOPROSTENOL - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 mcg vial	1	Veletri
1	Inj 1.5 mg vial73.21	1	Veletri

→ Restricted (RS1984)

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
 - 5.3 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool.

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
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- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV: or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from epoprostenol treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

II OPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule	380.00	5	llomedin
1	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	185.03	30	Vebulis
\rightarrow	Restricted (RS1985)			

Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist,

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 5.2 Fither:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil and both the funded endothelin receptor antagonists (i.e. both bosentan and ambrisentan); or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to endothelin receptor antagonists.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
- 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has an absolute contraindication to or has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to or experienced intolerable side effects with a funded endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.3 Either:
 - 5.3.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.3.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy.

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II. III or IV: and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from iloprost treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1%	 8.56	10 g	Crystaderm
Initiation For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Oint 2% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		5 g 5 g	Foban Foban
Crm 1%	 .15.44 10.80	50 g	Ascend Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	.21.87	5 ml	MycoNail
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% − 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	 1.10	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 1% - 5% DV Jun-25 to 2027 Foaming soln 1%	 8.04	20 g	Pevaryl
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 5% DV May-24 to 2026 METRONIDAZOLE	 4.09	100 ml	Sebizole
Gel 0.75%			
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% − 5% DV May-24 to 2026 Lotn 2% − Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%	 0.90	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	 4.25	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%					
PERMETHRIN Lotn 5% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4.2	8	30 ml	A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%					
Antiacne Preparations					
ADAPALENE OF A 100					
Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%					
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%					
ISOTRETINOIN Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		11 2	6	60	Oratane
Cap 10 mg = 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027				120	Oratane
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		.26.7	3	120	Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		.16.8	2	50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations					
CALAMINE					
Crm, aqueous, BP - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		3.4	5	100 g	healthE Calamine Aqueous
CROTAMITON Crm 10% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		3.4	9	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients					
Barrier Creams					
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		1.4	7	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		4.3	0	500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone
Crm 10% pump bottle		4.5	2	500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC Crm					e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste					e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)

DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GS1)	Per	Manufacturer
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL			
Crm		20 g	Orion
Oint - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2025		500 g	Evara
Oint, BP Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less.	1.26	20 g	healthE
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT			
Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%			e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients			
AQUEOUS CREAM			
Crm 100 g - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	1.25	100 g	Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			
Crm 500 g - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		500 g	Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the peak sizes of greater than 100 a	1.73		GEM Aqueous Cream
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g. (GEM Aqueous Cream Crm 500 g to be delisted 1 March 2025)			
CETOMACROGOL			
Crm BP, 100 g – 5% DV Jun-25 to 2027	0.00	100 g	Cetomacrogol Cream
Offil bi , 100 g 3/0 by out 23 to 2021		100 g	AFT
Crm BP, 500 g - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.29	500 g	Cetomacrogol-AFT
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL			
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,	1.65	100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.	0.40	500 I	_
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025		500 ml	Evara Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.	3.50	1,000 ml	Evara
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT			
Oint BP - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2 30	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.	2.00	100 g	dayonom
Oint BP, 500 g - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	3.13	500 g	Emulsifying Ointment
			ADE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.			
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN	.,		0 11
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10°	%		e.g. QV cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION			
Crm, 100 g - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	1.43	100 g	Fatty Emulsion Cream
	1.59		(Evara) healthE Fatty Cream
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.	1.00		nount rany ordani
Crm, 500 g - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	2.04	500 g	Fatty Cream AFT
•	2.10	0	Fatty Emulsion Cream
			(Evara)
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			
(healthE Fatty Cream Crm. 100 a to be delisted 1 April 2025)			

(healthE Fatty Cream Crm, 100 g to be delisted 1 April 2025) (Fatty Cream AFT Crm, 500 g to be delisted 1 April 2025)

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		DEITIN	IATOLOGICALO
	Price		Brand or Generic
(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Manufacturer
PARAFFIN			
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% - 5% DV May-2			
to 2025	1.84	100 g	White Soft Liquid
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			Paraffin AFT
White soft		10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both White soft, -5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		and yellow 450 g	EVARA White Soft
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 500 g or less and gre Yellow soft	ater than 30 g.		Paraffin
Lotn liquid paraffin 85%			e.g QV Bath Oil
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT			•
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP;
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			Hydroderm Lotn e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA			
Crm 10%	1.37	100 g	healthE Urea Cream
WOOL FAT Crm			
Citi			
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	36.00	50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.	26.00	E0 ~	Dingasana
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	30.00	50 g	Diprosone
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5.85	50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.90	50 g	Beta Ointment
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	30.00	50 ml	Betnovate
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	2.33	30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE – Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Crm 0.1%			
Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE Crm 1%, 30 g - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1 70	20 a	Ethics
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to		30 g	Eulics
Crm 1%, 500 g – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	-	500 g	Noumed
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.		-	
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% – 5% DV Jun-2			DD 1 1 110
to 2026	12.83	250 ml	DP Lotn HC

	Price (ex man. excl. G	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.1%	4.85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1%		100 g	Locoid
Milky emul 0.1%	12.33	100 ml	Locoid Crelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.95	15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.95	15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE			
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.25	15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
	3.50	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.25	15 g	Elocon
	3.50	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	4.99	30 ml	Elocon
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Crm 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.49	100 g	Aristocort
Oint 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.54	100 g	Aristocort

Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1125)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or
- 2 For continuation use.

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]

Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%

HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE

THE HOOGITHOONE WITH MICONALOLE		
Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	15 g	Micreme H
HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN		
Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%	15 g	Pimafucort

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN

Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g

Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations

ACITRETIN		
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202626.20	60	Novatretin
Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026 57.37	60	Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL		
Foam spray 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g59.95	60 g	Enstilar
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202740.92	60 g	Daivobet
Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202714.31	30 g	Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL		
Oint 50 mcg per g40.00	120 g	Daivonex
COAL TAR WITH CALLOW IS A CIR AND CHILDING		

COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR

Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%

DERMATOLOGICALS Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN] Tab 10 mg Lotn 1.2% PIMECROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below Elidel 15 a ⇒ Restricted (RS1781) Initiation Dermatologist, paediatrician or ophthalmologist Both: 1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the eyelid; and 2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical corticosteroids: periorificial dermatitis, rosacea, documented epidermal atrophy, documented allergy to topical corticosteroids, cataracts, glaucoma, or raised intraocular pressure. PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium - 5% DV **Pinetarsol**

500 ml

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Tab 400 mg

Crystals

TACROLIMUS

30 g Zematop

→ Restricted (RS1859)

Initiation

Dermatologist or paediatrician

Both:

- 1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the face; and
- 2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical corticosteroids: periorificial dermatitis, rosacea, documented epidermal atrophy or documented allergy to topical corticosteroids.

Scalp Preparations

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE		
Scalp app 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Scalp app 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1%	100 ml	Locoid

Wart Preparations

PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5% 3.5 ml Condvline

SILVER NITRATE

Sticks with applicator

Other Skin Preparations

DIPHEMANII METII SUI FATE

Powder 2%

DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet	 .21.72	24	Perrigo
Lotn – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	 6.50	200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+

Antineoplastics

FLUOROURACIL SODIUM

METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1127)

Dermatologist or plastic surgeon

Wound Management Products

CALCIUM GLUCONATE

Gel 2.5% e.g. Orion

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anti-Infective Agents

ACETIC ACID

Soln 3%

Soln 5%

ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID

Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyguinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and

ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator

CHI ORHEXIDINE GI UCONATE

Crm 1%

Lotn 1%

CLOTRIMAZOLE

35 a Clomazol Clomazol 20 g

MICONAZOLE NITRATE

40 a Micreme

NYSTATIN

Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 5.70 75 a Nilstat

Contraceptives

Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives

CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOFSTRADIOL

Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

168 Ginet

Combined Oral Contraceptives

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

Lo-Oralcon 20 ED

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

84 Oralcon 30 ED

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

84 Alvacen Brevinor 1/28

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL

Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
NTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width - 5% DV Nov-24 to 2025	29.80	1	Choice 380 7med Nsha Silver/copper Short
IUD 33.6 mm length \times 29.9 mm width $-$ 5% DV Nov-24 to 2025 IUD 35.5 mm length \times 19.6 mm width $-$ 5% DV Nov-24 to 2025		1 1	TCu 380 Plus Normal Cu 375 Standard
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	1.75	1	Levonorgestrel BNM
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcgSubdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	106.92	84 1	Microlut Jadelle
Intra-uterine device 52 mgIntra-uterine device 13.5 mg MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE	215.60	1	Mirena Jaydess
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg		1 84	Depo-Provera Norethinderone - CDC Noriday Noriday 28
Obstetric Preparations			
Antiprogestogens			
MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg			
Oxytocics			
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE			
Pessaries 10 mg Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g		1 1	Prostin E2 Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	160.00	5	DBL Ergometrine
DXYTOCIN Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025 Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		5 5	Oxytocin BNM Oxytocin BNM
DXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5	%		

¹ Item restricted (see → above); I Item restricted (see → below)

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Tocolytics			
PROGESTERONE Cap 100 mg − 5% DV May-23 to 2025 TERBUTALINE − Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mcg ampoule → Restricted (RS1130) Obstetrician	 .14.85	30	Utrogestan
Oestrogens			
OESTRIOL Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Pessaries 500 mcg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		15 g 15	Ovestin Ovestin
Urologicals			
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors			
FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below I Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1131) Initiation Both: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 Either:	4.79	100	Ricit
The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers of 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective.		icated; or	
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers			
TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 400 mcg − 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 → Restricted (RS1132) Initiation Both: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these		100	Tamsulosin-Rex
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below ■ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml		200 ml on.	Biomed
SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	 3.50	28	Ural

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Urinary Antispasmodics			
OXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE	5.42	100	Alchemy Oxybutynin
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-25 to 2027	2.05 1.95	30	Solifenacin Viatris Solifenacin succinate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-25 to 2027	3.72 3.53	30	Max Health Solifenacin Viatris Solifenacin succinate Max Health

(Solifenacin Viatris Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 June 2025) (Solifenacin Viatris Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 June 2025)

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

→ Restricted (RS1302)

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

CYPROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg1	14.37	50	Siterone
Tab 100 mg2	28.03	50	Siterone
TESTOSTERONE			
Gel (transdermal) 16.2 mg per g - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2027	52.00	38 g	Testogel
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	35.00	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg,			
testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate			
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE			
→ Cap 40 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	36.00	1	Reandron 1000

Calcium Homeostasis

CALCITONIN			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	121.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	25.24	28	Cinacalet Devatis
		28	Cinacalet Devatis
B 111 1 (D01001)			

→ Restricted (RS1931)

Initiation - parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
 - 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

thiosulfate.

Continuation - parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

Initiation - primary hyperparathyroidism

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has primary hyperparathyroidism; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 3 mmol/L with or without symptoms; or
 - 2.2 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 2.85 mmol/L with symptoms; and
- 3 Surgery is not feasible or has failed; and
- 4 Patient has other comorbidities, severe bone pain, or calciphylaxis.

Initiation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has tertiary hyperparathyroidism and markedly elevated parathyroid hormone (PTH) with hypercalcaemia;
 - 1.2 Patient has symptomatic secondary hyperparathyroidism and elevated PTH; and
- 2 Patient is on renal replacement therapy; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Residual parathyroid tissue has not been localised despite repeat unsuccessful parathyroid explorations; or
 - 3.2 Parathyroid tissue is surgically inaccessible; or
 - 3.3 Parathyroid surgery is not feasible.

Continuation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had a kidney transplant, and following a treatment free interval of at least 12 weeks a clinically acceptable parathyroid hormone (PTH) level to support ongoing cessation of treatment has not been reached; or
- 2 The patient has not received a kidney transplant and trial of withdrawal of cinacalcet is clinically inappropriate.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

30 IIII ETTI COTTE		
Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	30	Dexmethsone
Oral lig 1 mg per ml 53.86	25 ml	Riomed

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	7.86	10	Hameln
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		10	Hameln
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	11 46	100	Florinef
5	11.40	100	Tioninci
HYDROCORTISONE	0.10	100	Douglas
Tab 5 mg			Douglas
Tab 20 mg		100	Douglas Solu-Cortef
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	3.96	1	Solu-Cortet
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg		100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial	22.30	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 125 mg vial	34.10	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 500 mg vial	26.88	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 1 g vial	32.84	1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	47.06	5	Depo-Medrol
PREDNISOLONE			'
Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml		00 1111	riculpica
PREDNISONE	10.50	E00	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 1 mg		500	
Tab 2.5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 20 mg	50.51	500	Prednisone Clinect
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 10% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	52.63	5	Kenacort-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL

Tab 1 mg

Gel (transdermal) 0.06% (750 mcg/actuation) - 5% DV Nov-24			
to 31 Oct 2027	14.25	80 g	Estrogel
Patch 25 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	21.35		Lyllana
Patch 50 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	21.55		Lyllana
Patch 75 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	22.37		Lyllana
Patch 100 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	22.77		Lyllana

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OESTRADIOL VALERATE Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg		84 84	Progynova Progynova
OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE) Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg			

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations

OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol

(12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Progestogens

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 2.5 mg	6.56	30	Provera
Tab 5 mg	20.13	100	Provera
Tab 10 mg		30	Provera

Other Endocrine Agents

CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below		
■ Tab 0.5 mg4.43	2	Dostinex
17.94	8	Dostinex
⇒ Restricted (RS1855)		

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Inhibition of lactation; or
- 2 Patient has hyperprolactinemia; or
- 3 Patient has acromegaly.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

CLOMIFENE CITRATE

GESTRINONE

Cap 2.5 mg

METYRAPONE

Cap 250 mg

PENTAGASTRIN

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Other Oestrogen Preparations

OESTRADIOL

Implant 50 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OESTRIOL	Ψ	rei	Manuacturer
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	7.70	30	Ovestin
Other Progestogen Preparations			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE Tab 100 mg	133.57	100	Provera HD
NORETHISTERONE Tab 5 mg	5.49	30	Primolut N
Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogue	ogues		
CORTICORELIN (OVINE) Inj 100 mcg vial THYROTROPIN ALFA Inj 900 mcg vial			
Adrenocorticotropic Hormones			
TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN] Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	86.25	1	Synacthen
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	690.00	1	UK Synacthen Synacthen Depot
GnRH Agonists and Antagonists			
BUSERELIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial GONADORELIN Inj 100 mcg vial GOSERELIN			
Implant 3.6 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026 Implant 10.8 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1 1	Zoladex Zoladex
LEUPRORELIN ACETATE			
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe		1 1	Lucrin Depot 1-month Lucrin Depot 3-month
Gonadotrophins			
CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Growth Hormone			
SOMATROPIN – Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg cartridge – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 10 mg cartridge – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 15 mg cartridge – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Restricted (RS1826) Initiation – growth hormone deficiency in children	80.21	1 1 1	Omnitrope Omnitrope Omnitrope

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl.		Generic	
\$	Pe	r Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mgg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for somatropin for childhood deficiency in children and no longer meets the renewal criteria under this indication; and
 - 3.2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
 - 3.3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
 - 3.4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
 - 3.5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until the serum IGF-I is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ IODINE Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

Tab 20 mcg

→ Restricted (RS1301)

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Ini 20 mcg vial

Inj 100 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms below

100 PTU

→ Restricted (RS1276)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

PROTIRFI IN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DESMOPRESSIN Wafer 120 mcg47.00

DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE Tab 100 mcg.......25.00 30 Minirin Tab 200 mcg......54.45 30 Minirin

Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026......34.95 6 ml Desmopressin-PH&T

Minirin Melt

30

Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml

TERLIPRESSIN

Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027.....215.00 Glypressin Terlipressin Ever 110.00 Pharma

(Glypressin Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 February 2025)

			INI ECTIONS
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Antihootoviolo	Ψ	1 01	Managataror
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Ini 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	00.00	4	Diamad
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	22.93	1	Biomed
Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	169.97	5	DBL Amikacin
⇒ Restricted (RS1041)		Ü	
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ialist		
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	95.00	5	DBL Gentamicin
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	36.70	5	Cidomycin P/Free
	91.90	50	Gentamicin Noridem
	18.38	10	Pfizer
PAROMOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 250 mg	126.00	16	Humatin
→ Restricted (RS1603)	o t		
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologi	51		
STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE - Restricted see terms below Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1043)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ialist		
TOBRAMYCIN	anot		
■ Powder			
→ Restricted (RS1475)			
Initiation			
For addition to orthopaedic bone cement.			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	15.50	5	Tobramycin (Viatris)
→ Restricted (RS1044)			, , ,
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ialist		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1044)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ialist		
¶ Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml − 5% DV Dec-23 to 202	26 395.00	56 dose	Tobramycin BNM
→ Restricted (RS1435)			
Initiation			
Patient has cystic fibrosis.			
Carbapenems			
ERTAPENEM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial	70.00	1	Invanz
→ Restricted (RS1045)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms on the next pa	•		
Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial	60.00	1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Restricted (RS1046)				
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
EROPENEM - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		33.48	10	Meropenem-AFT
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		44.97	10	Meropenem-AFT
Restricted (RS1047)				
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generati	on			
EFALEXIN				
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		3.85	20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		5.85	20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			100 ml	Flynn
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
		10.38		Flynn
EFAZOLIN		0.00	-	Outroully AFT
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026			5	Cefazolin-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026			5	Cefazolin-AFT
Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		7.09	5	Cefazolin-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generat	ion			
EFACLOR				
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		25.85	100	Ranbaxy-Cefactor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		3.75	100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
EFOXITIN				
Inj 1 g vial				
EFUROXIME				
Tab 250 mg				
Inj 750 mg vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		0.16	10	Cefuroxime Devatis
			10	Cefuroxime Devatis
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		13.01	10	Ceturoxime Devatis
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati	on			
EFOTAXIME		1.00	4	Cofotovima Cond
Inj 500 mg vial			1 10	Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		30.90	IU	DDL CEIOIAXIIIIE
EFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below				A 4: 111
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		25.80	10	Ceftazidime Kabi
Restricted (RS1048)				
inical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory s	pecialist			
EFTRIAXONE				
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025			1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
		3.59	5	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		7.85	5	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025				
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025				
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generati	on	3.19	1	Cefepime-AFT

Item restricted (see → above);
 Item restricted (see → below)



Price)		Brand or
(ex man. exc	d. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1049)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation

CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms below

- 10 7inforo
- → Restricted (RS1446)

Initiation - multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Either:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

Macrolides

AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- 2 Zithromax 15 ml Zithromax
- → Restricted (RS1598)

Initiation - bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms*; or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and



Price			Brand or	
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic	
\$		Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 250 mg − 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027 8.53	3 14	Klacid
↓ Tab 500 mg − 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027 14.58		Klacid
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml192.00	50 ml	Klacid
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		Klacid IV
→ Restricted (RS1709)		

Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or
- 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surgical or dental procedures if amoxicillin is contra-indicated.

Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or

Erythrocin IV

3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)

Tab 400 mg35.82	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml9.41	100 ml	E-Mycin

Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025......10.00

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) − **Restricted:** For continuation only → Tab 250 mg

→ Tab 500 mg

ROXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms below

ţ	Tab dispersible 50 mg			
	Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 202613.	.19	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
	Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026 25.	.00	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin

⇒ Restricted (RS1569)

Initiation

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.

			Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Penicillins			
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Sep-24 to 2025	27.50	500	Miro-Amoxicillin
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2025		500	Miro-Amoxicillin
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.81	100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial		10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial		10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial	21.64	10	Ibiamox
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20	26 1.59	10	Curam Duo 500/125
Grans for oral lig 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml - 59	% DV		
May-25 to 2027		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral lig 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml - 59	% DV		· ·
Jun-25 to 2027	5.61	100 ml	Amoxiclay Devatis
			Forte
	4.65		Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial		10	Amoxiclav multichem
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial	26.90	10	Amoxiclav multichem
(0 0 (1) 50 (1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0005)	Cerobact
(Curam Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml t	to be delisted 1 June	2025)	
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN			
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe	375.97	10	Bicillin LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	16.50	10	Sandoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN			
Cap 250 mg	15 79	250	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Cap 500 mg		500	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		10	Flucioxin
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Flucil
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]		-	
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.68	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml = 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	AFT
		100 1111	Al I
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below		1	Distant AFT
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	3.59	ı	PipTaz-AFT
→ Restricted (RS1053) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe	ocialist		
	cialist		
PROCAINE PENICILLIN			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe			
TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID - Restricted see terms be	elow		
Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial			
→ Restricted (RS1054)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe	ecialist		

		Price . excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
Quinolones				
CIPROFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Nov-24 to 2026		1.95	28	Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
■ Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Nov-24 to 2026		3.10	28	Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
■ Tab 750 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2026			28	Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		125.00	10	Ciprofloxacin Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1055)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
MOXIFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 400 mg		42.00	5	Avelox
Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			10	Moxifloxacin Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1644)				
Initiation – Mycobacterium infection				
Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specia	lict			

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Active tuberculosis; and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications: or
 - 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or
 - 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
 - 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or
 - 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications; or
- 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated; or
- 3 Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact with a confirmed multi-drug resistant tuberculosis case.

Initiation - Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

Either:

- 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or
- 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

Initiation - Penetrating eye injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

Initiation - Mycoplasma genitalium

All of the following:

- 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium and is symptomatic; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; or
 - 2.2 Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; and
- 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.

NORFLOXACIN

Tab 400 mg	245.00	100	Arrow-Norfloxacin

			INI LOTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Tetracyclines			
DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg			
DOXYCYCLINE → Tab 50 mg − Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg	64.43	500	Doxine
MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
TETRACYCLINE Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg	58.20	28	Accord
TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg vial Restricted (RS1059) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Other Antibacterials			
AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 1 g vial	364.92	10	Azactam
→ Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CLINDAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below Cap 150 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Oral lig 15 mg per ml	4.94	24	Dalacin C
Festricted (RS1061) Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule − 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	35.10	10	Hameln
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] — Restricted see ↓ Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial → Restricted (RS1062) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	65.00	1	Colistin-Link
DAPTOMYCIN − Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial − 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025 Restricted (RS1063) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist		1	Daptomycin Dr Reddy's
FOSFOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027 Restricted (RS1315) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	18.70	1	UroFos
and the second of the second o			



	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LINCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1065)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	194.60	10	Zyvox
■ Tab 800 Hig = 5% BV Bec-24 to 2027 ■ Oral liq 20 mg per ml		150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		10	Linezolid Kabi
⇒ Restricted (RS1066)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
METHENAMINE (HEXAMINE) HIPPURATE			
Tab 1 g - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	19.95	100	Hiprex
NITROFURANTOIN			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	22.20	100	Nifuran
Tab 100 mg		100	Nifuran
Cap modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	81.20	100	Macrobid
PIVMECILLINAM - Restricted see terms below			
→ Restricted (RS1322)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	135.70	36	Fucidin
Restricted (RS1064)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULFADIAZINE SODIUM – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			e.g. Sulfadiazin-Heyl; Wockhardt
→ Restricted (RS1067)	a altata a casa a talka k		
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal m	edicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below	40.05		Tamasid
■ Inj 400 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	49.95 38.85	1	Targocid
(Targocid Inj 400 mg vial to be delisted 1 April 2025)	36.63		Teicoplanin Medsurge
⇒ Restricted (RS1068)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	27.83	50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOLE			
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20		500	Trisul
Oral lig 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml		100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			- Fr
VANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	3.38	1	Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1069)		•	,
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

- → Restricted (RS1410)

Oncologist

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERICIN B

⇒ Restricted (RS1071)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Inj 50 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1316)

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u	50	Nilstat
Cap 500.000 u	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

FLUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 50 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		28	Mylan
Cap 150 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	0.45	1	Mylan
Cap 200 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		28	Mylan
■ Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml		35 ml	Diflucan
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	11.20	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
■ Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	5.20	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
➡ Restricted (RS1072)			
Consultant			
ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 100 mg	6.83	15	Itrazole
■ Oral liquid 10 mg per ml			
➡ Restricted (RS1073)			
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease	se specialist		
POSACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
■ Tab modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	206.00	24	Posaconazole Juno

105 ml

Devatis



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2052)

Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia: or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

Initiation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Posaconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing posaconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

Continuation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

4 .

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Posaconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing posaconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

1 I	Tab 50 mg91.00	56	Vttack
1 T	Tab 200 mg350.00	56	Vttack
	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml	70 ml	Vfend
	Inj 200 mg vial - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025 19.85	1	AFT

→ Restricted (RS2053)

Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis: or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Voriconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing voriconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

Continuation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Voriconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing voriconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	110.00 1	Alchemy Caspofungin
1	Inj 70 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	135.00 1	Alchemy Caspofungin

→ Restricted (RS1076)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:



INFECTIONS			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed	under an established	protocol;	or
 2 Both: 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious diseas treatment to be appropriate. 	se physician or a clinic	al microbi	ologist) considers the
FLUCYTOSINE − Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 500 mg 1 Cap 500 mg → Restricted (RS1279) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist TERBINAFINE Tab 250 mg − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	8.97	84	Deolate
Antimycobacterials			
Antileprotics			
CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 50 mg → Restricted (RS1077) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 25 mg		100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics			
BEDAQUILINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg	3,084.51 24,162.00	24 188	Sirturo Sirturo
→ Restricted (RS1977) Initiation – multi-drug resistant tuberculosis Limited to 6 months treatment Both: 1 The person has multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB); a 2 Ministry of Health's Tuberculosis Clinical Network has reviewed of the treatment regimen.	and		
CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg → Restricted (RS1079) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe	ecialist		
ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg	40.04	50	Microschistol

56

Myambutol

1 Item restricted (see → above); **1** Item restricted (see → below)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

→ Restricted (RS1080)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	Γ) Per	Generic Manufacturer
1001114717	Ψ	FEI	Manuacturei
ISONIAZID - Restricted see terms below	04.50	100	Isoniazid Teva
■ Tab 100 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	327.41	100	Noumed Isoniazid
	23.00		PSM
(PSM Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)	23.00		1 OW
→ Restricted (RS1281)			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physici	ian or internal med	dicine physi	cian
ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	89.82	100	Rifinah
■ Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Rifinah
→ Restricted (RS1282)			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physici	ian or internal med	dicine physi	cian
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below			
■ Grans for oral lig 4 g	280.00	30	Paser
→ Restricted (RS1083)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
PROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 250 mg	305.00	100	Peteha
→ Restricted (RS1084)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1085)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg	353.71	30	Mycobutin
→ Restricted (RS1086)			
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist o	r respiratory spec	ialist	
RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		100	Rifadin
Cap 300 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		100	Rifadin
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	134.98	1	Rifadin
→ Restricted (RS1087)			

Antiparasitics

Anthelmintics

ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 200 mg
- → Restricted (RS1088)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatrician or public health physician

→ Restricted (RS1283)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

	Price (ex man. excl. GS' \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EBENDAZOLE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5.18	6	Vermox
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml			
RAZIQUANTEL			
Tab 600 mg			
antiprotozoals			
RTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms be	low		
Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg			
Restricted (RS1090)			
nical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
RTESUNATE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 60 mg vial			
Restricted (RS1091)			
nical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
OVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restrict	ad saa tarms bolow		
		12	Malarone Junior
Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg		12	Malarone Junior
Restricted (RS1092)	04.00	14	ividiaiUilE
nical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ILOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093)			
nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or	rhoumatalogist		
3 4	meumatologist		
- EL ()()LUNIE - Rectricted can terms bolow			
EFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg			
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094)	uh avva akala aiak		
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or	rheumatologist		
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE	· ·		
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or	33.15	250	Metrogyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	33.15 25.86		Metronidamed
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE	33.15 25.86 5.23	250 21	Metronidamed Metrogyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	33.15 25.86 5.23 4.29	21	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		21 100 ml	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		21 100 ml 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		21 100 ml	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		21 100 ml 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		21 100 ml 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg letrogyl Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) etrogyl Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) TAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below		21 100 ml 10 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg etrogyl Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) etrogyl Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) TAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg		21 100 ml 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg Letrogyl Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) etrogyl Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) TAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml		21 100 ml 10 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg etrogyl Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) etrogyl Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) TAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml Restricted (RS1095)		21 100 ml 10 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg Letrogyl Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) etrogyl Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) TAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml		21 100 ml 10 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg etrogyl Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) etrogyl Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) TAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml Restricted (RS1095) nical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist RNIDAZOLE		21 100 ml 10 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg etrogyl Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) etrogyl Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) TAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml Restricted (RS1095) nical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist		21 100 ml 10 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg Letrogyl Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) etrogyl Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) TAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml Restricted (RS1095) nical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist RNIDAZOLE Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		21 100 ml 10 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		21 100 ml 10 10 30	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl Alinia
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) nical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg Letrogyl Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) etrogyl Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) TAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml Restricted (RS1095) nical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist RNIDAZOLE Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		21 100 ml 10 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Per

PRIMAQUINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 15 mg
- Tab 7.5 mg
- → Restricted (RS1097)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

PYRIMETHAMINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 25 mg
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1098)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal medicine specialist

QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule
- Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1099)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- ⇒ Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1898)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EFAVIRENZ – Restricted see terms on the previous page † Tab 600 mg † Oral liq 30 mg per ml	65.38	30	Efavirenz Milpharm
ETRAVIRINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page † Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 † Oral suspension 10 mg per ml		60 240 ml	Nevirapine Viatris Viramune Suspension

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1899)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV Roth:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Tation has persuanced expected to blood thoun to be that positive.			
ABACAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 300 mg	.180.00	60	Ziagen
ABACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	29.50	30	Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris
EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Rest	tricted see terr	ns above	•
Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate)	106.88	30	Viatris
,	. 100.00	30	vialiis
EMTRICITABINE - Restricted see terms above			
t Cap 200 mg	.307.20	30	Emtriva
LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above			
1 Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	98.00	60	Lamivudine Viatris

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Cap 30 mg Cap 40 mg Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml			
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] - Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Cap 100 mg	30.45	100 200 ml 5	Retrovir Retrovir Retrovir IV
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on to the set of the set terms on the set of the set o		60	Lamivudine/Zidovudine Viatris

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1900)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ATAZANAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms above		
t Cap 150 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 202585.00	60	Atazanavir Mylan
1 Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025	60	Atazanavir Viatris
DARUNAVIR - Restricted see terms above		
1 Tab 400 mg − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 150.00	60	Darunavir Viatris
Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	60	Darunavir Viatris
INDINAVIR - Restricted see terms above		
1 Cap 200 mg		
1 Cap 400 mg		
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms above		
150.00 Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	60	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
1 Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg − 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 875.00	120	Lopinavir/Ritonavir
		Mylan

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 100 mg	43.31	30	Norvir	

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1901)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical quidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

DOLUTEGRAVIR – Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 50 mg	. 1,090.00	30	Tivicay
DOLUTEGRAVIR WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above		00	Develo
Tab 50 mg with lamivudine 300 mg	.1,090.00	30	Dovato
1 Tab 400 mg	.1,090.00	60	Isentress
t Tab 600 mg	.1,090.00	60	Isentress HD

Antivirals

Hepatitis B

ENTECAVIR		
Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 202612.04	30	Entecavir (Rex)
LAMIVUDINE		
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	28	Zetlam
Oral liq 5 mg per ml270.00	240 ml	Zeffix
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL		
Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil Viatris

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Hepatitis C

GLECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR

Note: the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/maviret.

Tab 100 mg with pibrentasvir 40 mg24,750.00 Maviret

LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR - Restricted see terms below

Harvoni

→ Restricted (RS1528)

Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCTP). Applications will be considered by HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Access Criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Herpesviridae

ACICLOVIR

Tab dispersible 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	25	Lovir
Tab dispersible 400 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	56	Lovir
Tab dispersible 800 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	35	Lovir
Inj 250 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5	Aciclovir-Bax

CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms below

Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1108)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologist or oral surgeon

FOSCABNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below

Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1109)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1110)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

VALACICI OVIR

Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	30	Vaclovir
Tab 1,000 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202717.78	30	Vaclovir
VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below		

1 Tab 450 mg − **5% DV Feb-25 to 2027** 140.89 60 Valganciclovir Viatris

→ Restricted (RS1799)

Initiation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

Continuation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

1 Both:

1.1 Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and

continued...

Cymevene



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and
 - 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone.

Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Relevant specialist

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
 - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and
- 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease.

Initiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
 - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment

_	ATRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms below		
1	Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) –		
	5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil
			Emtricitabine Viatr
t	Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate)15.45	30	Teva

→ Restricted (RS1902)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical quidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml
- → Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

→ Restricted (RS1369)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

COVID-19 Treatments

MOLNUPIRAVIR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1893)

Initiation

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

NIRMATRELVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the next page



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1894)

Initiation

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

REMDESIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: Remdesivir to be provided to Health NZ Hospitals at a cost of \$0.00 as stock has been purchased directly by Pharmac.

→ Restricted (RS1912)

Initiation - Treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

Initiation - COVID-19 in hospitalised patients

Therapy limited to 5 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is hospitalised with confirmed (or probable) symptomatic COVID-19; and
- 2 Patient is considered to be at high risk of progression to severe disease; and
- 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 7 days; and
- 4 Patient does not require, or is not expected to require, mechanical ventilation; and
- 5 Not to be used in conjunction with other funded COVID-19 antiviral treatments; and
- 6 Treatment not to exceed five days.

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

lni 30 m iu. 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1113)

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1827)

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400.000IU/ml.

continued...

Pegasys

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C. genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Initiation – myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 Patient is intolerant of hydroxyurea; and
- 2.3 Treatment with anagrelide and busulfan is not clinically appropriate; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder: and
 - 3.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Continuation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
 - - 3.2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 Remains intolerant of hydroxyurea and treatment with anagrelide and busulfan remains clinically inappropriate; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has ocular surface squamous neoplasia*.

Continuation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has received an allogeneic bone marrow transplant* and has evidence of disease relapse.

Continuation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient is responding and ongoing treatment remains appropriate.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

(6		ice excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anticholinesterases				
EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule→ Restricted (RS1015)				
Initiation				
For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.				
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE		10.05	40	Mara Haralda
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	4	18.25	10	Max Health
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	2	6 13	10	Max Health
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE		.0.10	10	Wax Flourer
Tab 60 mg	5	50.28	100	Mestinon
Antirheumatoid Agents				
HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE SULPHATE				
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027		7.80	100	Ipca- Hydroxychloroguine
				, , .
(Plaguanil Tab 200 mg to be delicted 1 May 2005)		8.78		Plaquenil
(Plaquenil Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025) LEFLUNOMIDE				
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		6.00	30	Arava
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			30	Arava
PENICILLAMINE				
Tab 125 mg			100	D-Penamine
Tab 250 mg	11	0.12	100	D-Penamine
SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule				
Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule				
Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule				
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism				
Bisphosphonates				
ALENDRONATE SODIUM				
Tab 70 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		3.10	4	Fosamax
ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		1.99	4	Fosamax Plus
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			1 1	Pamisol Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM				. annou
Tab 35 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		2.50	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID				
Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, bag - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	9	2 53	100 ml	Zoledronic Acid Viatris

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1665)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal; or
 - 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note): or
 - 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
 - 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 3.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 4 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance is less than 35 mL/min; and
- 5 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes); and
- 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment with any other funded antiresorptive agent for this condition or teriparatide.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with denosumab.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.
- e) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: risedronate sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

BALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms on the next nage.	RAI OXIFENE	 Restricted 	see terms on	the next nage
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MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1666)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2.4 ml − 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025......195.00
1 Teriparatide - Teva

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1143)

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- a) The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- b) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- c) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	17.99	1,000	Ipca-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		500	lpca-Allopurinol
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 50 mg			
→ Tab 100 mg	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
COLCHICINE			
Tab 500 mcg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	6.00	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4.73	28	Febuxostat (Teva)
■ Tab 120 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	11.78	28	Febuxostat (Teva)
→ Restricted (RS1844)			
Initiation – Gout			
Dath			

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	l. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

maximum tolerated dose: or

- 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); or
- 2.4 The patient has previously had an initial Special Authority approval for benzbromarone for treatment of gout...

Initiation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient is scheduled to receive cancer therapy carrying an intermediate or high risk of tumour lysis syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has a documented history of allopurinol intolerance.

Continuation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1016)

ATD A CLIDILINA DECVI ATE

Haematologist

Musc	e Re	laxant	s and I	Relat	ed A	gent	S

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-25 to 2026	5	Medsurge
18.40		Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-25 to 2026	5	Medsurge
20.45	·	Tracrium
(Tracrium Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 June 2025)		
(Tracrium Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 June 2025)		
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	100	Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	100	raciicii
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule11.55	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	5	Medsurge
490.91	10	Sintetica Baclofen
400.51	10	Intrathecal
(Medsurge Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 March 2025)		maanooa
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
	1	Botox
Inj 100 u vial	1	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial	2	Dysport
•	۷	Буброп
DANTROLENE		
Cap 25 mg	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg	100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial994.56	6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE		
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	100	Norflex
y		

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	37.06	10	Hameln
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	35.40	10	Martindale
VECURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 10 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	380.00	10	Vecure

Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade

SU	IGAMMADEX - Restricted see terms below			
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202780	0.64 10) Sugamm	adex BNM
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202720	1.60 10) Sugamm	adex BNM
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1370)			

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade; or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CELECOXIB			
Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025	3.45	60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025	3.20	30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.19	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible	1.50	20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.19	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg	19.60	100	Voltaren SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	13.20	5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg	2.04	10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg	2.44	10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg	4.22	10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg	7.00	10	Voltaren

ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 30 mg
- ¶ Tab 60 mg

- → Restricted (RS1592)

Initiation

For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)) Per	Generic Manufacturer
BUPROFEN	Ψ	1 01	Manadataror
Tab 200 mg - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2026	21 40	1,000	Relieve
→ Tab 400 mg - Restricted: For continuation only		1,000	Tieneve
→ Tab 600 mg - Restricted : For continuation only			
Tab long-acting 800 mg - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	3.05	30	Brufen SR
	3.65		Ibuprofen SR BNM
Oral liq 20 mg per ml - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	2.85	200 ml	Ethics
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Brufen SR Tab long-acting 800 mg to be delisted 1 April 2025)			
NDOMETACIN [INDOMETHACIN]			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
Cap long-acting 75 mg			
Inj 1 mg vial			
Suppos 100 mg			
KETOPROFEN			
Cap long-acting 200 mg	12.07	28	Oruvail SR
MEFENAMIC ACID - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Cap 250 mg			
NAPROXEN			
Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	39.23	500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	10.40	28	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	11.50	28	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB			
Inj 40 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	46.00	10	Dynastat
SULINDAC			•
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 200 mg			
FENOXICAM			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	18 50	100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial		1	AFT
, =		•	

CA	PSAICIN - Hestricted see terms below		
t	Crm 0.025%9.75	5 45 g	Zo-Rub Osteo
			Zostrix

→ Restricted (RS1309)

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1351)

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

TETRABENAZINE

Anticholinergics

BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg	9.59	60	Benztrop
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	95.00	5	Phebra

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents

AMANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 100 mg	38.24	60	Symmetrel
APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			- J
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	59.50	5	Movapo
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	121.84	5	Movapo
BROMOCRIPTINE			
Cap 5 mg			
ENTACAPONE			
Tab 200 mg	18 04	100	Comtan

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg	13.25	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
1 0			•
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg	26.25	100	Madopar 250
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	26.49	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to	2027 44.99	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Sinemet
		100	Ontonice
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	18.66	100	Ramipex
RASAGILINE			
Tab 1 mg	53 50	30	Azilect
-		00	Azilott
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		84	Ropin
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4.95	84	Ropin
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	6.48	84	Ropin
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	14.50	84	Ropin
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only	ı		•
→ Tab 5 mg	1		
· ·			
TOLCAPONE			
Tab 100 mg	152.38	100	Tasmar
Association			
Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics			
DESFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	1 350 00	6	Suprane
		•	Capitalio
DEXMEDETOMIDINE		_	
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	42.00	5	Dexmedetomidine
			Viatris
ETOMIDATE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
ISOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	2.730.00	6	Aerrane
		·	7.0
KETAMINE	440.00	_	B: 1
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		5	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe		5	Biomed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	36.23	5	Ketalar
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
PROPOFOL 500 PM 1 500	4.05	_	- () 40/ 1407"
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		5	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	39.00	10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SEVOFLURANE	<u> </u>		
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	930.00	6	Baxter
THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM			
Inj 500 mg ampoule			
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE Gel 20%			
BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 18% with tetracaine hydrochloride 2%			e.g. ZAP Topical
			Anaesthetic Gel
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE	00.50	_	Managha Inglanda
Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	62.50	5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – 5% DV Feb-24	to 2026 28.00	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack — 376 DV 1 eb-24		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		J	Wardam
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack	16.56	5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	150.00	5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag			
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 10 ml ampoule	04.50	-	Managia with Astron. P
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial		5 5	Marcain with Adrenaline Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	00.00	3	warcam with Aurenaline
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	165.00	5	Biomed
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe	00.00	J	טוטווופע
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag – 5% DV Ja	n-23		
to 2025		5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Ja		-	· learner
to 2025	127.50	5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe		5	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	57.35	5	Biomed
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-22 to 20)25 26.67	5	Marcain Heavy

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

		Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Paste 5%				
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe				
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe		.30.77	1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE				
Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06%				
Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%				
ETHYL CHLORIDE				
Spray 100%				
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]				
Crm 4%		5.40	5 g	LMX4
		27.00	30 g	LMX4
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			J	
Gel 2%		4.87	20 g	Orion
Soln 4%			ŭ	
Spray 10% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		.78.95	50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2%		.44.00	200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack				
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack		45.00	0.5	
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule			25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial			5 25	Lidocaine-Baxter Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule Inj 2%, 20 ml vial			25 5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 10%, 5 ml ampoule		. 14.00	3	Lidocali le-Daxtei
Gel 2%, 11 ml urethral syringe – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		.59.50	10	Instillagel Lido
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE				g
Inj 1% with adreanline 1:100,000, 20 ml vial				
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23				
to 2025		.32.00	10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial			5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge				,
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		.60.00	5	Xylocaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE	AND TET	RACAINE	HYDROC	HLORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%,	5 ml			
syringe		.20.50	1	Topicaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHF	INE HYD	ROCHLOR	IDE	
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%				
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE				
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%			30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg			20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g		.45.00	5	EMLA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		.43.60	50	Scandonest 3%
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Citanest
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	9.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	10.25	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	32.85	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	43.40	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	11.00	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	13.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	11.75	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	17.60	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 4%			•

Analgesics

Non-Opioid Analgesics

ASPIRIN

 Tab dispersible 300 mg − 5% DV May-24 to 2026
 5.65
 100
 Ethics Aspirin

 CAPSAICIN − Restricted see terms below
 11.95
 45 g
 Zo-Rub HP

 Zostrix HP

→ Restricted (RS1145)

Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

■ Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1292)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

	-	Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man.	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PARACETAMOL – Some items restricted see terms below				
Tab soluble 500 mg				
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to	2026	. 19.75	1,000	Pacimol
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack				
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack				
Tab 500 mg - bottle pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026		.17.92	1,000	Noumed Paracetamol
Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Jun-23 to 2025		3.98	200 ml	Paracetamol (Ethics)
Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Apr-23 to 2025		3.35	200 ml	Pamol
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		.15.00	10	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 25 mg				
Suppos 50 mg				
Suppos 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4.29	10	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			10	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			50	Gacet
⇒ Restricted (RS1146)				
Initiation				
Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are una	available o	or impractica	al, or wher	e there is reduced
absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 2	24 hours.			
SUCROSE				
Oral lig 25%		14 61	25 ml	Biomed
■ Oral lig 66.7% (preservative free)			20 1111	Biomod
⇒ Restricted (RS1763)				

Opioid Analgesics

For use in neonatal patients only.

Initiation

ALFENTANIL		
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5	Medsurge
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	100	Noumed
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	100	Aspen
		Noumed
Tab 60 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	100	Noumed
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE		
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	60	DHC Continus
FENTANYL		
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5	Biomed Fentanyl
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV May-25 to 2027 4.25	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe165.00	10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-25 to 20279.41	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026114.25	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20276.02	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20279.28	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202716.37	5	Fentanyl Sandoz

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	Τ\	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. Go	Per	Manufacturer
ETHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	1.45	10	Methadone BNM
Oral lig 2 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		200 ml	Biodone
Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		10	AFT
ORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	10.00	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 5 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 10 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
		200 1111	TIA MOIPH
DRPHINE SULPHATE	0.00	40	Carmadal
Tab immediate-release 10 mg		10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg		10	Sevredol
Cap long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10 10	m-Esion
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025			
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		300 ml	Oramorph
	29.80	100 ml	Oramorph CDC S29 Wockhardt
Ini 1 ma nor ml 100 ml hoa F8/ DV Feb 24 to 2006	16.31	-	
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	03./5	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	105.00	10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg bag	4.00	3	weusurge
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	5.53	5	Medsurge
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5	Medsurge
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
DRPHINE TARTRATE			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule			
(YCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
	2.40	20	Ovvendene Candez
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		100	Oxycodone Sandoz Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 10 mg		100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 20 mg		100	Oxycodone Sandoz
<u> </u>			Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20 20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Cap immediate-release 20 mg		20 20	OxyCodone Sandoz OxyNorm
Oral lig 1 mg per ml		250 ml	Oxyrodone Lucis S2
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		200 IIII	OAYCOUCHE LUCIS 32
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	A 27	5	Hameln
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Hameln
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Hameln
ing our migration, it in ampound - 3 /6 DV Dec-24 to 2027	14.30	J	Hallicili

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	3	rei	Manuacturer
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg - 5% DV	07.50	1 000	Davasatamal . Cadaina
Jan-23 to 2025	27.50	1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine (Relieve)
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			(nelleve)
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	8 68	10	Noumed Pethidine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	0.00	10	Noumeu reunume
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	29.88	5	DBL Pethidine
, , ,			Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	30.72	5	DBL Pethidine
, .			Hydrochloride
REMIFENTANIL			
Inj 1 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	14.95	5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Remifentanil-AFT
TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	1.95	20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2026		100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	10.00	5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	9.00	5	Tramal 100
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
AMITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2 99	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE		100	7 a. O. 7 a. a. a. p. y. a. o
Tab 10 mg	10.17	30	Clomipramine Teva
Tab 25 mg		30	Clomipramine Teva
Cap 10 mg		28	Clomipramine Teva
Cap 25 mg		28	Clomipramine Teva
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For co			
→ Tab 75 mg		30	Dosulepin Viatris
→ Tab 75 mg → Cap 25 mg		50 50	Dosulepin Viatris
	1.00	50	Doduichii Mania
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted : For continuation only			
→ Cap 10 mg→ Cap 25 mg			
→ Cap 25 mg → Cap 50 mg			
→ Oap oo mg			

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 10 mg		5.48	50	Tofranil
		6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg		4.93	28	Imipramine Crescent
		8.80	50	Tofranil
APROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation o Tab 25 mg Tab 75 mg	nly			
IIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only ◆ Tab 30 mg	,			
ORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025			100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		6.29	180	Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective				
HENELZINE SULPHATE				
Tab 15 mg				
RANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE				
Tab 10 mg				
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors				
IOCLOBEMIDE				
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		.23.60	60	Aurorix
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			60	Aurorix
Other Antidepressants				
IIRTAZAPINE				
Tab 30 mg		2.60	28	Noumed
			30	Noumed
Tab 45 mg		3.45	28	Noumed
•			30	Noumed
ENLAFAXINE				
Cap 37.5 mg		8.29	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg		.10.32	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 150 mg		.13.95	84	Enlafax XR
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors				
ITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE				
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		2.86	84	Celapram
SCITALOPRAM				•
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		0.79	28	Ipca-Escitalopram
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026			28	Ipca-Escitalopram
· ·				-p-sa ===sana.epiani
LUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		2.50	28	Fluox
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025			28 90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
		0.10	90	ATTOW-T TUDACTITIE
AROXETINE Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		A 11	00	Loxamine
140 40 HU = 3% LV JAII*23 IU 2023		4.11	90	LUXAIIIIIE

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			AVOUS SYSTEM
(ex mar	Price n. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SERTRALINE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		30 30	Setrona Setrona
Antiepilepsy Drugs			
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DIAZEPAM			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5 5	Hospira Stesolid
LORAZEPAM Inj 2 mg vial Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE Soln 97% Inj 5 ml ampoule			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5 5	Hospira Hospira
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE Tab 200 mg	14.53	100	Tegretol Tegretol AU
Tab long-acting 200 mg Tab 400 mg		100 100	Tegretol CR Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg Oral liq 20 mg per ml		100 250 ml	Tegretol CR Tegretol
CLOBAZAM Tab 10 mg			
CLONAZEPAM Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE Cap 250 mg Oral liq 50 mg per ml		100 200 ml	Zarontin Zarontin
GABAPENTIN Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin	00.00	200 IIII	Zarvillii
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	8.45	100 100 100	Nupentin Nupentin Nupentin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	r) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
LACOSAMIDE – Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat	
■ Tab 100 mg	50.06	14	Vimpat	
•	200.24	56	Vimpat	
■ Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat	
•	300.40	56	Vimpat	
■ Tab 200 mg	400.55	56	Vimpat	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			•	
→ Restricted (RS1988)				

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has focal epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine, and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment.

LAMOTRIGINE 30 Lamictal 30 Lamictal 56 Logem Tab dispersible 50 mg5.11 56 Logem 56 Logem I FVFTIRACETAM 60 Everet 60 **Everet** 60 Everet 60 **Everet** Tab 1.000 mg21.82 300 ml Levetiracetam-AFT 10 Levetiracetam-AFT **PHENOBARBITONE** Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2025......248.50 500 Noumed Phenobarbitone Noumed 500 Phenobarbitone **PHENYTOIN** Tab 50 mg PHENYTOIN SODIUM Cap 30 mg Cap 100 mg Oral liq 6 mg per ml **PREGABALIN** Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin 56 Pregabalin Pfizer 56 Pregabalin Pfizer 56 Pregabalin Pfizer Pregabalin Pfizer 56

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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Diacomit

Diacomit

-		rice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	ex man.	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PRIMIDONE				
Tab 250 mg				
SODIUM VALPROATE				
Tab 100 mg				
Tab EC 200 mg				
Tab EC 500 mg				
Oral liq 40 mg per ml				
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial		9.98	1	Epilim IV

→ Restricted (RS1989)

Initiation

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

STIRIPENTOL - Restricted see terms below

1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and

2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial sodium valproate or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

TOPIRAMATE

	Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
		26.04		Topamax
		11.07		Topiramate Actavis
	Tab 50 mg	18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
		44.26		Topamax
		18.81		Topiramate Actavis
	Tab 100 mg	31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	·	75.25		Topamax
	;	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
	Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	1:	29.85		Topamax
		55.19		Topiramate Actavis
	Cap sprinkle 15 mg	20.84	60	Topamax
	Cap sprinkle 25 mg		60	Topamax
VIG	SABATRIN - Restricted see terms below			
ĺ	Tab 500 mg			
ĺ	Powder for oral soln 500 mg per sachet	71.58	60	Sabril
→	Restricted (RS1865)			

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→ Restricted (HS1865)

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or

			Price	CCT/		Brand or Generic
		(ex man.	. exci. \$	GS1)	Per	Manufacturer
ontinued						
1.2 Both:						
1.2.1 Patient has 1.2.2 Either:	epilepsy; and					
1.2.2.2 Seizu	res are not adequately contro res are controlled adequately al treatment with other antiep	but the patient h	as ex			
1.3 Patient has tuberou	is sclerosis complex; and					
2 Either:						
6-monthly basis the	**		•	•		•
	mpossible (due to comorbid co	onditions) to mor	nitor th	ie patie	nt's visua	al fields.
Continuation Both:						
The patient has demonstra Either:	ated a significant and sustaine	d improvement i	n seiz	ure rate	e or seve	rity and or quality of life; a
of treatment with vi	•				,	
Antimigraine Preparation	mpossible (due to comorbid co	oridiaerie) te mer	intor ti	io pano	into viou	a notae.
Acute Migraine Treatme						
DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYL Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule						
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCH Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 5	LORIDE WITH PARACETAM	OL				
RIZATRIPTAN	-					
Tab orodispersible 10 mg −5	5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4.8	4	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN						
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-22					90	Sumagran
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefill					90 2	Sumagran Clustran
Prophylaxis of Migraine	led peri - 5 % DV Apr-24 to 2	.025	23.0	J	2	Ciustian
riopilylaxis of wilgraffie						
PIZOTIFEN Tab 500 mcg			23.2	1	100	Sandomigran
Antinausea and Vertigo	Agents					
PREPITANT - Restricted see t Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 m			21.0	n	3	Emend Tri-Pack
→ Restricted (RS1154)	ig — 3 /0 DV Jair-23 tO 2027 .		∠ 1.9	J	3	LINCHU III-FACK
0 0 0 ,	ogenic chemotherapy and/or	anthracycline-ba	sed ch	nemoth	erapy for	the treatment of
Initiation Patient is undergoing highly emeternalignancy.	ogenic chemotherapy and/or	anthracycline-ba	sed ch	nemoth	erapy for	the treatment of

BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

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tem restricted (see → above);
 tem restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	0.66	10	Nausicalm
CYCLIZINE LACTATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	16.36	10	Hameln
DOMPERIDONE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	4.00	100	Domperidone Viatris
DROPERIDOL Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	43.85	10	Droperidol Panpharma
GRANISETRON Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.20	1	Deva
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule ↓ Patch 1 mg per 72 hours → Restricted (RS1155)	88.50	10	Scopolamine - Mylan

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective; or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.57	100	Metoclopramide
Oral lig 5 mg per 5 ml			Actavis 10
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	7.00	10	Baxter
ONDANSETRON			
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	2.27	50	Periset
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		10	Periset ODT
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025		50	Periset
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	0.90	10	Periset ODT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5	Ondansetron-AFT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	1.89	5	Ondansetron-AFT
PROCHLORPERAZINE			
Tab buccal 3 mg			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	25.00	250	Nausafix
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Suppos 25 mg			

TROPISETRON

Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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Antipsychotic Agents

\sim	_	_		П
12	e	4 I 2	ra	ı

AMISULPRIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5.84	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 35		60	Sulprix
Oral lig 100 mg per ml			
ARIPIPRAZOLE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	1 50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			7p.p.u=0.0 0uu0=
	- 60	100	Lorgostil
Tab 25 mg		100	Largactil
Oral lig 10 mg per ml	5.73	100	Largactil
Oral liq 20 mg per ml			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule30	70	10	Largactil
	J.19	10	Laryaciii
CLOZAPINE			01 '
Tab 25 mg6		50	Clopine
•	3.37	100	Clopine
	6.69	50	Clozaril
	3.37	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg	5.67 7.33	50 100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg17		50	Clopine
•	7.33 4.65	100	Clopine Clopine
	7.33	50	Clozaril
•	7.33 4.65	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg34		50	Clopine
· ·	9.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		100 ml	Versacloz
	.02	100 1111	VOIGUOIOZ
HALOPERIDOL Tab 500 mag	2.00	100	Caranasa
Tab 500 mcg		100 100	Serenace Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg		100	Serenace
Oral lig 2 mg per ml		100 100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule		100 1111	Serenace
	1.55	10	Selellace
LEVOMEPROMAZINE		400	
Tab 25 mg		100	Nozinan
Tab 100 mg41	1./5	100	Nozinan
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Apr-23 to 202524	4.48	10	Wockhardt
LITHIUM CARBONATE			
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202782	2.80	100	Priadel
Cap 250 mg22	2.36	100	Douglas
			-

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DLANZAPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	1.40	30	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
			• •
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Inj 10 mg vial	2.89	28	Zypine ODT
ERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
DUETIAPINE			
	0.00	00	0
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.40	90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	10.97	90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	15.83	90	Quetapel
ISPERIDONE			
Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	0.72	20	Risperdal
1 ab 0.5 mg 3/6 by Mai-24 to 2020	2.17	60	Risperidone (Teva)
		00	. ,
T 4	4.01		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.44	60	Risperdal
			Risperidone (Teva)
	3.68		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.72	60	Risperdal
•			Risperidone (Teva)
	5.38		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 3 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperdal
rab o mg 0/0 DV mar 24 to 2020		00	Risperidone (Teva)
	8.57		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 4 mm = 50/ DV May 04 to 0000		00	
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	5.25	60	Risperdal
.			Risperidone (Teva)
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	10.29	30 ml	Risperon
IPRASIDONE			
Cap 20 mg	17.90	60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg		60	Zusdone
_ '		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg	40.33	00	Zusuone
UCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
UCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
	01.45	100	Clanival
Tab 10 mg	31.45	100	Clopixol
Depot Injections			
RIPIPRAZOLE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg vial		1	Abilify Maintena
Inj 400 mg vial	341.96	1	Abilify Maintena
→ Restricted (RS2058)			
nitiation			
ither:			
			continue
			231111100

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received treatment with oral atypical antipsychotic agents but has been unable to adhere; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in last 12 months; or
- 2 Patient has been unable to access olanzapine depot injection due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection, or otherwise would have been initiated on olanzapine depot injection but has been unable to due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection. (see Note below for the olanzapine Special Authority criteria for new olanzapine depot injection patients prior to 1 April 2024).

Notes: The Olanzapine depot injection Special Authority criteria that apply to criterion 2 in this Aripiprazole Special Authority application are as follows:

- The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or risperidone depot injection; or
- · All of the following:
 - The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - The patient has tried but has not been able to adhere with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	20.90	5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.39	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	55.90	5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Inj 210 mg vial	252.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Inj 300 mg vial	414.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Inj 405 mg vial	504.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Restricted (RS2018)			

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 50 mg syringe	271.95	1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 75 mg syringe	357.42	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 100 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 150 mg syringe	435.12	1	Invega Sustenna
				•

→ Restricted (RS2059)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection or aripiprazole depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has been unable to adhere to treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE PALMITATE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 175 mg syringe	815.85	1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 263 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 350 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 525 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
	Restricted (RS1932)	,		3 · · · ·

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
- 2 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone once-monthly depot injection.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Ini 50 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial	135.98	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial	178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial	217.56	1	Risperdal Consta

→ Restricted (RS2060)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or aripiprazole depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not been able to adhere to treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

Price		Brand or
·		Generic Manufacturer
3	Per	Manufacturer
	_	•
19.80	5	Clopixol
		e.g. Clopixol Conc
13.95	100	Buspirone Viatris
12.50	100	Buspirone Viatris
5.64	100	Paxam
10.78	100	Paxam
95.00	500	Arrow-Diazepam
115.00	500	Arrow-Diazepam
ata		
alc.		
	250	Ativan
13.13	100	Ativan
		(ex man. excl. GST)

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted (RS1993)

Tab 15 mg

Initiation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
 - 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
 - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
 - 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
 - 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and

	NE	RVOUS SYSTEM
Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued		
1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started a	at least on	e month after the onset of a
previous attack (where relevant); and		
1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of gener	al fatigue;	and is not associated with a
fever (T> 37.5°C); and 1.4.5 Either:		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-DCC ar a	t least one of the Kristan
1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the E Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or	:DSS or a	t least one of the Kurtze
1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of n	nultiple sc	erosis (tonic
seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); a		orodo (torno
1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 mo		
1.6 Any of the following:		
1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion	5 immedia	ately above) is a gadolinium
enhancing lesion; or		
1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion r		
1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local s1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that		
features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or	cicariy is i	esponsible for the clinical
1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared v	vith a prev	rious MRI scan; or
2 Patient has an active approval for ocrelizumab and does not have primary progress		
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is no	t permitted	i.
Continuation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate	, interfero	n beta-1-alpha, interferon
beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide		
Any relevant practitioner Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or b	ilatoral aid	le at any time in the lact civ
months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six mo		is at any time in the last six
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is no		i.
DIMETHYL FUMARATE – Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously i	s not pern	nitted.
1 Cap 120 mg	14	Tecfidera
1 Cap 240 mg2,000.00	56	Tecfidera
FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously i		
1 Cap 0.5 mg2,200.00	28	Gilenya
GLATIRAMER ACETATE – Restricted see terms on the previous page		*** 1
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously i In j 40 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	s not pern 12	
, , , ,	12	Copaxone
INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA – Restricted see terms on the previous page Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously i	e not nern	nitted
t Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector	s not pem 4	Avonex Pen
t Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe	4	Avonex
INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA – Restricted see terms on the previous page		

NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial

Tysabri

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms on page 136

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

(Aubagio Tab 14 mg to be delisted 1 April 2025)

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments - Other

OCRELIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

→ Restricted (RS1997)

Initiation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
 - 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
 - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
 - 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
 - 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
 - 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
 - 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
 - 1.4.5 Either:
 - 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
 - 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
 - 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
 - 1.6 Any of the following:
 - 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
 - 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
 - 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
 - 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
 - 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for either dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab or teriflunomide.

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Initiation - Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Diagnosis of primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) meets the 2017 McDonald criteria and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
- 2 Patient has an EDSS 2.0 (score equal to or greater than 2 on pyramidal functions) to EDSS 6.5; and
- 3 Patient has no history of relapsing remitting multiple sclerosis.

Continuation - Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of less than or equal to 6.5 at any time in the last six months (ie patient has walked 20 metres with bilateral assistance/aids, without rest in the last six months).

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHLORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml

Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

Tab 3 mg

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

→ Restricted (RS1576)

Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and
- 4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

Continuation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no elinitiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are co	•	0.	day.	
Both: 1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are of	contraindic	ated; and		
2 For in-hospital use only.				
MIDAZOLAM Tab 7.5 mg Oral liq 2 mg per ml				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule			10	Midazolam-Pfizer
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule -5% DV May-25 to 2027		.16.75 7.80	10	Midazolam Viatris Midazolam-Baxter
		16.75		Mylan Midazolam
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-25 to 2027		5.50 4.75 5.50	5	Midazolam Viatris Midazolam-Baxter Mylan Midazolam
(Midazolam Viatris Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 May	2025)	5.50		Mylan Midazolam
(Mylan Midazolam Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 May (Midazolam Viatris Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 May (Mylan Midazolam Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 May	2025) 2025)			
PHENOBARBITONE Inj 130 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
TEMAZEPAM Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		1.40	25	Normison
TRIAZOLAM — Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 125 mcg → Tab 250 mcg				
ZOPICLONE				
Tab 7.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		.21.85	500	Zopiclone Actavis
Spinal Muscular Atrophy				
NUSINERSEN - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 12 mg per 5 ml vial	120,0	00.00	1	Spinraza
→ Restricted (RS1938) Initiation				
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:				
 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene heterozygous mutation; and Patient is 18 years of age or under; and 	e deletion,	homozygous	SMN1 p	point mutation, or compound

3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or

3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

3 Either:

3.2 Both:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with nusinersen; and
- 3 Nusinersen not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

RISDIPLAM - Restricted see terms below

Note: the supply of risdiplam is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://pharmac.govt.nz/risdiplam

- Powder for oral soln 750 mcg per ml, 60 mg per bottle......14,100.00 80 ml Evrysdi
- → Restricted (RS1954)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with risdiplam; and
- 3 Risdiplam not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

Cap 40 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 60 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28 28	APO-Atomoxetine APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28	APO-Atomoxetine
CAFFEINE Tab 100 mg			
DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE − Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 5 mg − 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025	29.80	100	Noumed
→ Restricted (RS2071)			Dexamfetamine

Hestricleu (H320/ I

Initiation - ADHD

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria. continued...



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

LISDEXAMFETAMINE DIMESILATE - Restricted see terms below

Cap 30 mg	30	Vyvanse
Cap 50 mg60.00	30	Vyvanse
Cap 70 mg60.00	30	Vyvanse
(Cap 50 mg	Cap 50 mg 60.00 30 Cap 70 mg 60.00 30

→ Restricted (RS2070)

Initiation

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with lisdexamfetamine dimesilate and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder); and
 - 2.2 Diagnosed according to DSM-V or ICD 11 criteria; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formulation of atomoxetine or methylphenidate hydrochloride (extended-release) and has not received sufficient benefit or has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 2.3.2 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formulation of dexamfetamine sulfate (immediate-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or treatment adherence difficulties; or
 - 2.3.3 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate release dexamfetamine sulfate; or
 - 2.3.4 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or treatment adherence difficulties; or
 - 2.3.5 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate release methylphenidate hydrochloride; or
 - 2.3.6 Both:
 - 2.3.6.1 Patient would have been prescribed a subsidised formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (extended-release) but has been unable to access due to supply issues with methylphenidate hydrochloride (extended-release); and
 - 2.3.6.2 Other alternative stimulant presentations (methylphenidate or dexamfetamine) are not appropriate; and
 - 2.4 Lisdexamfetamine dimesilate is not to be used in combination with another funded methylphenidate presentation.

		Price		Brand or	
		(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer	
=	TINA BUENDATE INCREASING BUILDING		1 01	Manadataror	
ME	THYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms be			•	
ŧ	Tab extended-release 18 mg		30	Concerta	
		7.75		Methylphenidate ER -	
•	T	05.44		Teva	
ŧ	Tab extended-release 27 mg		30	Concerta	
		11.45		Methylphenidate ER - Teva	
t	Tab extended-release 36 mg	71.93	30	Concerta	
		15.50		Methylphenidate ER - Teva	
t	Tab extended-release 54 mg	86.24	30	Concerta	
	·	22.25		Methylphenidate ER -	
				Teva	
t	Tab immediate-release 5 mg	3.20	30	Rubifen	
t	Tab immediate-release 10 mg	4.00	30	Ritalin	
		3.00		Rubifen	
t	Tab immediate-release 20 mg	7.85	30	Rubifen	
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg		30	Rubifen SR	
t	Cap modified-release 10 mg		30	Ritalin LA	
t	Cap modified-release 20 mg		30	Ritalin LA	
t	Cap modified-release 30 mg		30	Ritalin LA	
t	Cap modified-release 40 mg		30	Ritalin LA	
=	→ Restricted (RS2072)				

Initiation - ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Initiation - Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
 - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

MODAFINIL	 Restricted see 	terms below	
. .			

t	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	14.27	30	Modafinil Max Health
		29.13	60	Modavigil

(Modavigil Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)

→ Restricted (RS2073)

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
- 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects: or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	3.70	84	Ipca-Donepezil
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	5.50	84	Ipca-Donepezil
RIVASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below			
	49.40	30	Rivastigmine Patch
			BNM 5
Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour − 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	49.40	30	Rivastigmine Patch
			BNM 10

→ Restricted (RS1436)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

BU	PRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 11.76	28	Buprenorphine
1	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 34.00	28	Naloxone BNM Buprenorphine
•	74.00 Trig Will Fluidoxoffe 2 frig 67.00 DV 200 E2 to 202004.00	20	Naloxone BNM

→ Restricted (RS1172)

Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Initiation - Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health;
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab modified-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	15.00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM			
Tab 200 mg	236.40	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 50 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	83.33	30	Naltraccord
	77.77	28	Naltrexone AOP
	102.60	30	Naltrexone Max Health
/ DO / IT?)	138.88	50	Revia
→ Restricted (RS1173)			

Initiation - Alcohol dependence

Both:

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence; and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

NICOTINE - Some items restricted see terms below

Patch 7 mg per 24 hours	19.62	28	Habitrol
Patch 14 mg per 24 hours	21.57	28	Habitrol
		28	Habitrol
Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
Lozenge 1 mg	22.53	216	Habitrol
Lozenge 2 mg	24.68	216	Habitrol
Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
	23.02	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
•			Habitrol (Mint)
Gum 4 mg	25.98	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
-			Habitrol (Mint)
	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Oral spray 1 mg per dose Lozenge 1 mg	Lozenge 1 mg	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours 21.57 28 Patch 21 mg per 24 hours 24.72 28 Oral spray 1 mg per dose Lozenge 1 mg 22.53 216 Lozenge 2 mg 24.68 216 Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge Gum 2 mg 23.02 204

⇒ Restricted (RS1873)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction; or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or
- 3 Patient would be admitted to a mental health inpatient unit, but is unable to due to COVID-19 self-isolation requirement; or
- 4 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

VARENICLINE - Restricted see terms below

	Restricted (RS1702)	50	varenicinie i nzei
1	Tab 1 mg	56	Varenicline Pfizer
ŧ	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 42	53	Varenicline Pfizer

Initiation

All of the following:

1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking;

- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Fither:

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. G	iST)	Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

- 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
- 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to guit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

308.00

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Ribomustin

Chemotherapeutic Agents

Alkylating Agents

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	50.05	1	Bendamustine Sandoz
		77.00		Ribomustin
1	Ini 100 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	200.20	1	Rendamustine Sandoz

(Ribomustin Inj 25 mg vial to be delisted 1 April 2025) (Ribomustin Inj 100 mg vial to be delisted 1 April 2025)

→ Restricted (RS2061)

Initiation - CLL*

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 3 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m² on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: Indication marked with a * includes indications that are unapproved. 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).

Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive: and
 - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen; and
 - 3.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with obinutuzumab for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 3.3 All of the following:
 - 3.3.1 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
 - 3.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+): and
 - 3.3.3 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
 - 3.4 Bendamustine is to be administered as monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of rituximab in combination with bendamustine; and
 - 1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with obinutuzumab for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
- 2 Roth
 - 2.1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and

	Price (ex man. excl. GS*	Γ\	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GS	Per	Manufacturer
continued			
2.2 Either:			
2.2.1 Both:			
2.2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for	r a maximum of 6 cycle	es in relap	sed patients (in combination
with rituximab when CD20+); and 2.2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-	free interval of 10 mont	ho or more	or or
2.2.1.2 Fatient has had a muslimab freatheries 2.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a mor			•
patients.	iotilerapy for a maximu	iiii oi o cyc	des in muximab remaciony
Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle or	ell, marginal zone and	lymphopla	smacytic/ Waldenström's
macroglobulinaemia.	. •		,
Initiation – Hodgkin's lymphoma*			
Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation Limited to 6 months treatment	or a relevant specialist		
All of the following:			
1 Patient has Hodgkin's lymphoma requiring treatment; and			
2 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0-2; and			
3 Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy; and			
 4 Patient's disease relapsed or was refractory following prior of 5 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with ger 	hemotherapy; and	no (PoCo)	/) at a maximum doop of no
greater than 90 mg/m2 twice per cycle, for a maximum of fo		ne (bedev) at a maximum dose of no
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.	ui oyoloo.		
BUSULFAN			
Tab 2 mg	89.25	100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
CARMUSTINE			
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	710.00	1	BICNU
			BiCNU S29 Novadoz
CHLORAMBUCIL			ΝονασοΣ
Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		50	Cyclonex
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	95.06	1	Endoxan
IFOSFAMIDE	06.00	1	Holoxan
Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial		1	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE		•	
Cap 40 mg	880.00	20	Medac
MELPHALAN			
Tab 2 mg			
	48.25	1	Melpha
Tab 2 mg	48.25	1	Melpha
Tab 2 mg Inj 50 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	398.00	1 1 1	Melpha Tepadina Tepadina

Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics

BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE			
Inj 15,000 iu vial	185.16	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]			
Inj 0.5 mg vial	255.00	1	Cosmegen
AUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	171.93	1	Pfizer
OXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	11.50	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 50 mg vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	69.99	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
PIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	30.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	99.99	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
DARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg vial	109.74	1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial	233.64	1	Zavedos
NITOMYCIN C			
Inj 5 mg vial			
lnj 20 mg vial	1,250.00	1	Teva
ITOZANTRONE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe

Antimetabolites

→ Restricted (RS1904)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
 - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Continuation

Haematologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

CAPECITABINE

Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	9.80	60	Capecitabine Viatris
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	46.50	120	Capecitabine Viatris

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
OLADDIDIAIE	Ψ	rei	Manufacturer
CLADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	749.96	1	Leustatin
	743.30	'	Lousiaiiii
CYTARABINE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	470.00	5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	Cytarabine DBL
iiij 100 iiig pei iiii, 20 iiii viai	40.00	1	Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 10 mg	412.00	20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		5	Fludarabine Ebewe
	126.80	1	Fludarabine Sagent
FLUOROURACIL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10.51	1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	14.72	1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	19.36	1	Fluorouracil Accord
GEMCITABINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 43.3 mg per ml (equivalent to 38 mg per ml gemcitabine), 26.	.3 ml vial		
– 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		1	DBL Gemcitabine
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	25.90	25	Puri-nethol
■ Oral suspension 20 mg per ml	428.00	100 ml	Xaluprine
→ Restricted (RS1635) Initiation Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist Re-assessment required after 12 months The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per Continuation Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist Re-assessment required after 12 months The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per	,		
METHOTREXATE Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7.00	00	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		90 90	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	20.70	30	TICALIC
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	29.17	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
, 0, , 0		1 1	Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	19.09	•	
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	19.09 24.53	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	19.09 24.53 16.64 20.72	1 1 1	Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1 1 1 1	Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1 1 1	Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate DBL
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1 1 1 1	Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1 1 1 1 1 5	Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate DBL Onco-Vial DBL Methotrexate

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PEMETREXED			
Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	60.89	1	Juno Pemetrexed
ing 100 ing viai 370 by Apr-23 to 2027	8.99	'	Pemetrexed-AFT
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		1	Juno Pemetrexed
, 000g 1.2. 0,0 = 0 1. p. = 0 10 = 0 = 1	29.99	•	Pemetrexed-AFT
(Juno Pemetrexed Inj 100 mg vial to be delisted 1 April 2025) (Juno Pemetrexed Inj 500 mg vial to be delisted 1 April 2025) THIOGUANINE Tab 40 mg	2000		
Other Cytotoxic Agents			
AMSACRINE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule Inj 75 mg			
ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 0.5 mg			
ARSENIC TRIOXIDE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	4.817.00	10	Phenasen
BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms below	,-		
Inj 3.5 mg vial − 5% DV May-23 to 2025	74.93	1	DBL Bortezomib
⇒ Restricted (RS2043)		•	
Initiation – plasma cell dyscrasia			
The patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström mad	roglobulinaemia, requ	iring trea	atment.
DACARBAZINE		•	
Inj 200 mg vial	72.11	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE			
Cap 50 mg	340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg		10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)		•	i iox iiioaioai
Inj 100 mg vial	40.00	1	Etopophos
	40.00	1	шорорноз
HYDROXYUREA [HYDROXYCARBAMIDE]	00.70	100	Devetie
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	20.72	100	Devatis
IBRUTINIB – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 140 mg	,	30	Imbruvica
Tab 420 mg	9,652.00	30	Imbruvica
→ Restricted (RS1933)			

Initiation - chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring therapy; and
- 2 Patient has not previously received funded ibrutinib; and
- 3 Ibrutinib is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 Both:
 - 4.1.1 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion or TP53 mutation; and

	Price		Brand or
(6	ex man. excl. GS1		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with venetoclax monotherapy; or
- 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received at least one prior immunochemotherapy for CLL; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient's CLL has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with venetoclax in combination with rituximab regimen; or

FO F7

4.3 Patient's CLL is refractory to or has relapsed within 36 months of a venetoclax regimen.

Continuation - chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are Unapproved indications.

IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE

inj zo mg per mi, 5 mi viai	52.57	- 1	Accord
LENALIDOMIDE (REVLIMID) - Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 5 mg	5,122.76	28	Revlimid
	6,207.00	28	Revlimid
■ Cap 15 mg		28	Revlimid
【 Cap 25 mg		21	Revlimid

(Revlimid Cap 5 mg to be delisted 1 February 2025)

(Revlimid Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 February 2025)

(Revlimid Cap 15 mg to be delisted 1 February 2025)

(Revlimid Cap 25 mg to be delisted 1 February 2025)

→ Restricted (RS1836)

Initiation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- 2 Patient has not previously been treated with lenalidomide; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments: and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed symptomatic multiple myeloma and has undergone first-line treatment that included an autologous stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has at least a stable disease response in the first 100 days after transplantation; and
- 3 Lenalidomide maintenance is to be commenced within 6 months of transplantation; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 15 mg/day.

Continuation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

LENALIDOMIDE (VIATRIS) - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028	76.92	21	Lenalidomide Viatris
t	Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028	50.30	21	Lenalidomide Viatris
t	Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028	62.13	21	Lenalidomide Viatris
	Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028		21	Lenalidomide Viatris

⇒ Restricted (RS2044) Initiation – Plasma cell dvscrasia

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 Patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient is not refractory to prior lenalidomide use.

Initiation - Myelodysplastic syndrome

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has low or intermediate-1 risk myelodysplastic syndrome (based on IPSS or an IPSS-R score of less than 3.5) associated with a deletion 5q cytogenetic abnormality; and
- 2 Patient has transfusion-dependent anaemia.

Continuation - Myelodysplastic syndrome

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has not needed a transfusion in the last 4 months; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression.

NIRAPARIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 100 mg13,393.50	84	Zejula
1	Cap 100 mg8,929.84	56	Zejula
	13,393.50	84	Zejula

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Pe	r Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2027)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has advanced high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one line** of treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 3 Patient has experienced a partial or complete response to the preceding treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient has not previously received funded treatment with a PARP inhibitor; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the preceding platinum-based regimen; or
 - 5.2 Patient commenced treatment with niraparib prior to 1 May 2024; and
- 6 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 7 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 2 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 3 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 4 Fither
 - 4.1 Treatment with niraparib to cease after a total duration of 36 months from commencement; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with niraparib is being used in the second-line or later maintenance setting.

Notes: * "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.

**A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments

OLAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 100 mg3,701.00	56	Lynparza
t	Tab 150 mg	56	Lynparza

→ Restricted (RS1925)

Initiation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 All of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed, advanced disease; and
 - 3.1.2 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.1.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to the first-line platinum-based regimen; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease progression occurring at least 6 months after the last dose of the penultimate line** of platinum-based chemotherapy; and

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to treatment with the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 3.2.4 Patient has not previously received funded olaparib treatment; and
- 4 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 5 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 6 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 No evidence of progressive disease; or
 - 2.2 Evidence of residual (not progressive) disease and the patient would continue to benefit from treatment in the clinician's opinion; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 5.1.2 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the funded treatment period of olaparib will not be continued beyond 2 years if the patient experiences a complete response to treatment and there is no radiological evidence of disease at 2 years; or
 - 5.2 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy.

Notes: *Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.

**A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1788)

Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Lymphoma

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has lymphoma requiring L-asparaginase containing protocol (e.g. SMILE).

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
POMALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
	47.45	14	Pomolide
	71.18	21	Pomolide
	94.90	14	Pomolide
	142.35	21	Pomolide
	142.35	14	Pomolide
	213.53	21	Pomolide
	189.81	14	Pomolide
⇒ Restricted (RS2045)	284.71	21	Pomolide

Initiation - Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide.

Continuation - Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has no evidence of disease progression.

•	Cap 50 mg	980.00	50	Natulan
TE	MOZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
1	Cap 5 mg	9.13	5	Temaccord
				Temozolomide Taro
t	Cap 20 mg			Temaccord
t	Cap 100 mg	35.98	5	Temaccord
t	Cap 140 mg	50.12	5	Temaccord
t	Cap 250 mg	86.34	5	Temaccord

→ Restricted (RS1994)

Initiation - gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has a glioma.

Continuation - gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

Continuation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THAI IDOMIDE	- Restricted see ter	ms helow

t	Cap 50 mg378.00	28	Thalomid
t	Cap 100 mg	28	Thalomid

→ Restricted (RS2046)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; or
- 2 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

TRFTINOIN

Cap 10 mg47	79.50	100	Vesanoid
VENETOCLAX - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg1,77	71.86	42	Venclexta
■ Tab 10 mg	13.68	2	Venclexta
■ Tab 50 mg	39.44	7	Venclexta
■ Tab 100 mg)9.41	120	Venclexta
⇒ Restricted (RS1713)			

- nestricted (normal)

Initiation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 7 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one prior therapy for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

Initiation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion by FISH testing or TP53 mutation by sequencing; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

CADDODI ATIN

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Platinum Compounds

CARBOPLATIN			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	.25.73	1	Carboplatin Accord
CISPLATIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	9.45	1	Cisplatin Accord
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	.18.90	1	Cisplatin Accord
OXALIPLATIN			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	.33.35	1	Alchemy Oxaliplatin

Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors

ALECTINIB – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Cap 150 mg	224	Alecensa

→ Restricted (RS1712)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyrosine kinase gene rearrangement using an appropriate ALK test; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria; and
- 2 The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

			<u> </u>
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DASATINIB – Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	132.88	60	Dasatinib-Teva
•	3,774.06		Sprycel
■ Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	304.13	60	Dasatinib-Teva
v	6,214.20		Sprycel
■ Tab 70 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	415.75	60	Dasatinib-Teva
v	7,692.58		Sprycel
(Sprycel Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025)	·		• •
(Sprycel Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025)			
(Sprycel Tab 70 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025)			
→ Restricted (RS2055)			
,			

Initiation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis or accelerated phase; or
- 2 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoid leukaemia (Ph+ ALL); or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has documented treatment failure* with imatinib; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML defined by the Sokal or EURO scoring system.

Continuation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Roth:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib*; and
- 2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: *treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

ERLOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 100 mg − 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027 280.84	30	Alchemy
↓ Tab 150 mg − 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027 484.24	30	Alchemy
⇒ Restricted (RS2078)		-

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Patient has received prior treatment in the adjuvant setting and/or while awaiting EGFR results; or
 - 3.3 Both:
 - 3.3.1 The patient has discontinued osimertinib or getitinib due to intolerance; and
 - 3.3.2 The cancer did not progress while on osimertinib or gefitinib.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

30 Iressa

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2079)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has received prior treatment in the adjuvant setting and/or while awaiting EGFR results; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued osimertinib or erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on osimertinib or erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

IMATINIB MESILATE

Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	44.93	60	Imatinib-Rex
Cap 400 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	69.76	30	Imatinib-Rex

LAPATINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1828)

Initiation

For continuation use only.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

LENVATINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 4 mg3,407.40	30	Lenvima
t	Cap 10 mg3,407.40	30	Lenvima

⇒ Restricted (RS2074)

Initiation - thyroid cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with lenvatinib and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid cancer; and
 - 22 Fither
 - 2.2.1 Patient must have symptomatic progressive disease prior to treatment; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient must progressive disease at critical anatomical sites with a high risk of morbidity or mortality where local control cannot be achieved by other measures; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:

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	\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2.3.1 A lesion without iodine uptake in a RAI scan; or
- 2.3.2 Receiving cumulative RAI greater than or equal to 600 mCi; or
- 2.3.3 Experiencing disease progression after a RAI treatment within 12 months; or
- 2.3.4 Experiencing disease progression after two RAI treatments administered within 12 months of each other; and
- 2.4 Patient has thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) adequately supressed; and
- 2.5 Patient is not a candidate for radiotherapy with curative intent; and
- 2.6 Surgery is clinically inappropriate; and
- 2.7 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation - thyroid cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

Initiation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma; and
- 2 Patient has preserved liver function (Childs-Pugh A); and
- 3 Transarterial chemoembolisation (TACE) is unsuitable; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy for their disease in the palliative setting.

Continuation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

Initiation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
 - 1.2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology; and
 - 1.3 The patient has documented disease progression following one previous line of treatment; and
 - 1.4 The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
 - 1.5 Lenvatinib is to be used in combination with everolimus; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has received funded treatment with nivolumab for the second line treatment of metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity from treatment with nivolumab; and
 - 2.3 Lenvatinib is to be used in combination with everolimus; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of disease progression.

Continuation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

MIDOSTAURIN - Restricted see terms below

↓ Cap 25 mg.......10,981.00 56 Rydapt

→ Restricted (RS2033)

Initiation

All of the following:

1 Patient has a diagnosis of acute myeloid leukaemia; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Condition must be FMS tyrosine kinase 3 (FLT3) mutation positive; and
- 3 Patient must not have received a prior line of intensive chemotherapy for acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 4 Patient is to receive standard intensive chemotherapy in combination with midostaurin only; and
- 5 Midostaurin to be funded for a maximum of 4 cycles.

NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg	4,680.00	120	Tasigna
t	Cap 200 mg	6,532.00	120	Tasigna
	D tul-t 1 (D00040)			

→ Restricted (RS2010)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, high risk chronic phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI); or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) precluding further treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

OSIMERTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 40 mg9,310.00	30	Tagrisso
t	Tab 80 mg9,310.00	30	Tagrisso

→ Restricted (RS2080)

Initiation - NSCLC - first line

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, incurable, non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naïve: or
 - 2.2 Patient has received prior treatment in the adjuvant setting and/or while awaiting EGFR results; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued gefitinib or erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib or erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that the cancer expresses activating mutations of EGFR; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG performance status 0-3; and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

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(ex man. e	xcl. GST)	_	Generic
\$	i	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - NSCLC - first line

Re-assessment required after 6 months

response to or stable disease with treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period.

Initiation - NSCLC - second line

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, incurable, non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG performance status 0-3; and
- 3 The patient must have received previous treatment with erlotinib or gefitinib; and
- 4 There is documentation confirming that the cancer expresses T790M mutation of EGFR following progression on or after erlotinib or gefitinib; and
- 5 The treatment must be given as monotherapy; and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - NSCLC - second line

Re-assessment required after 6 months

response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period.

PALBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 75 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
			Ibrance
1	Tab 125 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS2034)		

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
 - 1.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
 - 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal or without menstrual-potential state; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic treatment for metastatic disease; and
 - 1.5 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 1.6 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for ribociclib; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse reaction to ribociclib that cannot be managed by dose reductions and requires treatment discontinuation; and
 - 2.3 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of ribociclib.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of palbociclib.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PAZOPANIB – Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 200 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	172.88	30	Pazopanib Teva
•	1,334.70		Votrient
■ Tab 400 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	464.00	30	Pazopanib Teva
,	2,669.40		Votrient
(Votrient Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)	,		

(Votrient Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)

→ Restricted (RS1198)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

RIBOCICI IB - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 200 mg1,883.00	21	Kisqali
	3,767.00	42	Kisqali
	5,650.00	63	Kisgali

→ Restricted (RS2035)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
 - 1.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
- 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal or without menstrual-potential state; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic endocrine treatment for metastatic disease; or
- 1.4.3 Both:
 - 1.4.3.1 Patient commenced treatment with ribociclib in combination with an endocrine partner prior to 1 July 2024; and
 - 1.4.3.2 There is no evidence of progressive disease; and
- 1.5 Treatment to be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 1.6 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for palbociclib; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse reaction to palbociclib that cannot be managed by dose reductions and requires treatment discontinuation; and
 - 2.3 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of palbociclib.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of ribociclib.

RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 5 mg2,500	0.00	56	Jakavi
t	Tab 10 mg5,000	0.00	56	Jakavi
t	Tab 15 mg5,000	0.00	56	Jakavi
t	Tab 20 mg	0.00	56	Jakavi
	· · ·			

⇒ Restricted (RS1726)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy; and
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 12.5 mg	8 28	Sunitinib Pfizer
	Cap 25 mg416.7		Sunitinib Pfizer
t	Cap 50 mg	62 28	Sunitinib Pfizer

→ Restricted (RS1886)

Initiation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
 - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation - GIST pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 Sunitinib is to be discontinued at progression; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.		
Taxanes		
DOCETAXEL Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 202624.91 PACLITAXEL	1	DBL Docetaxel
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-24 to 202619.59	1	Anzatax
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026 37.89	1	Anzatax
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects		
CALCIUM FOLINATE		
Tab 15 mg	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule18.25	5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial7.28	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial9.49	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial22.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial25.14	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial72.00	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
		Eurofolic
DEXRAZOXANE - Restricted see terms on the next page		
■ Inj 500 mg		e.g. Cardioxane

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
Ψ	1 61	Manuacturer

→ Restricted (RS1695)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediatric haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline given with curative intent; and
- 2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetime dose of anthracycline will exceed 250mg/m2 doxorubicin equivalent or greater; and
- 3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracycline treatment; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a child or young adult; or
 - 4.2 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for secondary malignancy.

MFSNA

Tab 400 mg314.00	50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg448.50	50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule	15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	15	Uromitexan

Vinca Alkaloids

VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	270.37	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	74.52	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
VINORELBINE			
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025	30.00	1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025	40.00	1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025		1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			

Endocrine Therapy

ABIRATERONE ACETATE	 Restricted 	see	terms	belo	WC
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→ Restricted (RS1888)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases: and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and

	Price		Brand or
(e	x man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
- 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
- 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane: and
 - 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Abiraterone acetate to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

BICALUTAMIDE

Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE Tab 250 mg119.50	100	Flutamin
FULVESTRANT - Restricted see terms below		
■ Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml prefilled syringe	2	Faslodex

→ Restricted (RS1732)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment with an aromatase inhibitor or tamoxifen for their locally advanced or metastatic disease; and
- 3 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly following loading doses; and
- 4 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml vial	48.50	5	Omega
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml vial		5	Omega
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml vial	113.10	5	Omega
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	27.58	5	Max Health
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	32.71	5	Max Health
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	113.10	5	Max Health
Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	438.40	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	583.70	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj depot 30 mg prefilled syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	670.80	1	Sandostatin LAR
→ Restricted (RS1889)			

Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas: and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	I. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

Initiation - pre-operative acromegaly

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Patient has a large pituitary tumour, greater than 10 mm at its widest; and
- 3 Patient is scheduled to undergo pituitary surgery in the next six months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Continuation - Acromegaly - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

TAMOXIFFN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	. 15.00	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	5.32	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz

Aromatase Inhibitors

ANASTROZOLE

Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	.4.39	30	Anatrole
EXEMESTANE			
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2026	.9.86	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	.4.67	30	Letrole

Imaging Agents

AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial	4,400.00	1	Gliolan
		44,000.00	10	Gliolan

→ Restricted (RS1565)

Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ F	Per Manufacturer

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN

Cap 25 mg	88.91 177.81 198.13	50 50 50 50 ml 10	Neoral Neoral Neoral Neoral Sandimmun
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule TACROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below Cap 0.5 mg		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 0.75 mg	99.30 84.30	100 100 50	Tacrolimus Sandoz Tacrolimus Sandoz Tacrolimus Sandoz

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1990)

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - non-transplant indications*

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
 - 2.2 Patient is a child with nephrotic syndrome*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Fusion Proteins

ETANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 25 mg autoinjector690.00	4	Enbrel
	Inj 25 mg vial690.00	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg autoinjector	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg syringe	4	Enbrel

→ Restricted (RS2062)

Initiation – polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

for polyarticular course JIA; or

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baselinee; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Pi	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
- 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
- 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
- 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plague psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plague psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis: or
 - 1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.3 Both:
 - 1.3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.3.2 Either:
 - 1.3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing etanercept; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab: or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
 - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1202)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB (AMGEVITA) - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026 190.00	1	Amgevita
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled pen - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026	2	Amgevita
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026375.00	2	Amgevita

Price Brand or
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\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2063)

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease* that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatological and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatments appropriate for the particular symptom(s).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and
- 3 Patient has 3 or more active lesions; and
- 4 The patient has a DLQI of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application.

Continuation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 4 or more from baseline.

Initiation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plague psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least

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three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and

2.3 A PASI assessment or (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment: and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced a 75% or more reduction in PASI score, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
- 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 2.2.2 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value: or

3 Both:

- 3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
- 3.2 Fither:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing adalimumab.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300 or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complex peri-anal fistula; and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

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Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiology imaging; and
 - 2.4 Patient has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more NSAIDs, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following BASMI measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender; and
 - 2.6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

For applications where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or

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2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose).

Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for polyarticular course JIA: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for psoriatic arthritis; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. (GST)	Generic
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- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine or leflunomide at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 12 Fither
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of

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leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate: and

2.6 Either:

- 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept and/or tocilizumab for (AOSD); and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, NSAIDs and methotrexate: and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient's SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
- 2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of each of methotrexate, sulphasalazine and leflunomide, at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 3.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 3.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroillitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not responded adequately to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate, or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
 - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

ADALIMUMAB (HUMIRA - ALTERNATIVE BRAND) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe	6 2	Humira
1	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe	6 2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled pen	6 2	HumiraPen
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→ Restricted (RS1922)

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response to treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks

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(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
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continued...

treatment: or

- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Continuation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and
- 3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Initiation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita: and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Fither:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value: or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline

2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 A maximum of 8 doses.

Continuation - Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated clinical improvement and continues to require treatment; and
- 2 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita); and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and

Price	1		Brand or
(ex man. exc	d. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
 - 4.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
 - 2.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has demonstrated a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1872)
Initiation – Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner
Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months: or
 - 2.2 Patient has previously* (*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment.

continued...

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eve.

Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
- 2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
- 3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomography) subfield > 350 micrometers; and
- 5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy.

Continuation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and
- 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction in intra-retinal cysts, central retinal thickness, and sub-retinal fluid); and
- 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy; and
- 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, patient has retrialled with at least one injection of bevacizumab and had no response.

BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1203)

Initiation

For use in solid organ transplants.

BENRALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1920)

Initiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded: and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 x 10⁹ cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long-acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

anti-inflammatory reliever therapy plus maintenance regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and

- 6 Fither
 - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids: or
 - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months: and
- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised mepolizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Either:
 - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
 - 9.2 Both:
 - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
 - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with benralizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1691)

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.

Continuation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses: and
- 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and
- 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease regrowth as a result of treatment.

Initiation - ocular conditions

Either:

- Ocular neovascularisation: or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

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BRENTUXIMAB VEDOTIN − Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg vial Restricted (RS2002)	5,275.18	1	Adcetris	

Initiation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma after two or more lines of chemotherapy;
 - 1.1.2 Patient is ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 1.2.2 Patient has previously undergone autologous stem cell transplant; and
- 2 Patient has not previously received funded brentuximab vedotin; and
- 3 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 4 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

Initiation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-1; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received brentuximab vedotin; and
- 4 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 5 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

CASIRIVIMAB AND IMDEVIMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 120 mg per ml casirivimab. 11.1 ml vial (1) and ini 120 mg per ml Ronapreve
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1874)

Initiation - Treatment of profoundly immunocompromised patients

Limited to 2 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 The patient is in the community (treated as an outpatient) with mild to moderate disease severity*; and
- 3 Patient is profoundly immunocompromised** and is at risk of not having mounted an adequate response to vaccination

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

against COVID-19 or is unvaccinated; and

- 4 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and
- 5 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and
- 6 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximum dose of no greater than 2,400 mg.

Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Ministry of Health Website

** Examples include B-cell depletive illnesses or patients receiving treatment that is B-Cell depleting.

Initiation - mild to moderate COVID-19-hospitalised patients

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 2 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Patient is an in-patient in hospital with mild to moderate disease severity*; and
- 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and
- 4 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Age > 50; or
 - 5.2 BMI > 30: or
 - 5.3 Patient is Māori or Pacific ethnicity; or
 - 5.4 Patient is at increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19, excluding pregnancy, as described on the Ministry of Health website (see Notes); and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient is unvaccinated; or
 - 6.2 Patient is seronegative where serology testing is readily available or strongly suspected to be seronegative where serology testing is not available; and
- 7 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximum dose of no greater than 2,400 mg.

Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Ministry of Health Website

**(https://www.health.govt.nz/our-work/diseases-and-conditions/covid-19-novel-coronavirus/covid-19-information-specific-audiences/covid-19-advice-higher-risk-people)

CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Erbitux
t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1	Erbitux

⇒ Restricted (RS2064)

Initiation - head and neck cancer, locally advanced

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Cisplatin is contraindicated or has resulted in intolerable side effects; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

Initiation - colorectal cancer, metastatic

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic colorectal cancer located on the left side of the colon (see Note); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming disease is RAS and BRAF wild-type; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with cetuximab; and
- 5 Fither:
 - 5.1 Cetuximab is to be used in combination with chemotherapy; or

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5.2 Chemotherapy is determined to not be in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment.

Continuation - colorectal cancer, metastatic

Re-assessment required after 6 months

No evidence of disease progression.

Note: Left-sided colorectal cancer comprises of the distal one-third of the transverse colon, the splenic flexure, the descending colon, the sigmoid colon, or the rectum.

GEMTUZUMAB OZOGAMICIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1923)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has not received prior chemotherapy for this condition; and
- 2 Patient has de novo CD33-positive acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient does not have acute promyelocytic leukaemia; and
- 4 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin will be used in combination with standard anthracycline and cytarabine (AraC); and
- 5 Patient is being treated with curative intent; and
- 6 Patient's disease risk has been assessed by cytogenetic testing to be good or intermediate; and
- 7 Patient must be considered eligible for standard intensive remission induction chemotherapy with standard anthracycline and cytarabine (AraC); and
- 8 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin to be funded for one course only (one dose at 3 mg per m² body surface area or up to 2 vials of 5 mg as separate doses).

Note: Acute myeloid leukaemia excludes acute promyelocytic leukaemia and acute myeloid leukaemia that is secondary to another haematological disorder (eg myelodysplasia or myeloproliferative disorder).

INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS2065)

Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:

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- 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab; or
 - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis. .

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

1 Both:

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- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

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- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema): or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and

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3 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complete peri-anal fistula.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - fulminant ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and

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2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patients SCCAI is greater than or equal to 4: or
 - 2.2 Patients PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab: or
 - 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and

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- 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation – plaque psoriasis

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: or
 - 1.3 Both:
 - 1.3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.3.2 Either:
 - 1.3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing infliximab; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Fither:

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- 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
- 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and
 - 2.3 Fither:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- a) Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- b) Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

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- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has had axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not experienced an adequate response to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 Patient has a BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10-point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation – Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, patient has experienced at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient has experienced at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

MEPOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mg vial

⇒ Restricted (RS2024)

Initiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following: continued...

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- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 × 10^9 cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the single maintenance and reliever therapy regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids; or
 - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months; and
- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised benralizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Either:
 - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
 - 9.2 Both:
 - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
 - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with mepolizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

Initiation – eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis; and
- 2 The patient has trialled and not received adequate benefit from at least one of the following for at least three months (unless contraindicated to all): azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, leflunomide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, or rituximab; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has trialled prednisone for a minimum of three months and is unable to maintain disease control at doses below 7.5 mg per day; or
 - 3.2 Corticosteroids are contraindicated.

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Continuation - eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has no evidence of clinical disease progression.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1919)

Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and</p>
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL; and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to 1.5×10^9 /L and platelets greater than or equal to 75×10^9 /L

Initiation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has follicular lymphoma; or
 - 1.2 Patient has marginal zone lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen*; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has been previously treated with no more than four chemotherapy regimens; and
- 5 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 1000 mg for a maximum of 6 cycles in combination with chemotherapy*.

Note: * includes unapproved indications

Continuation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has no evidence of disease progression following obinutuzumab induction therapy; and
- 2 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum of 1000 mg every 2 months for a maximum of 2 years; and
- 3 Obinutuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe	450.00	1	Xolair
	Inj 150 mg vial		1	Xolair
	- · · · · · (D0 / 0 - 0)			

→ Restricted (RS1652)

Initiation - severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
 - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation - severe asthma

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

Initiation – severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
 - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
 - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response* following 4 doses; or
 - 4.2 Complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

Continuation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: *Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PALIVIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial.......1,700.00

1 Synagis

⇒ Restricted (RS2081)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Palivizumab to be administered during the annual RSV season; and
 - 2 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Infant was born in the last 12 months; and
 - 2.1.2 Infant was born at less than 32 weeks zero days' gestation; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Child was born in the last 24 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.2.1 Child has severe lung, airway, neurological or neuromuscular disease that requires ongoing ventilatory/respiratory support (see Note A) in the community; or
 - 2.2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.2.1 Child has haemodynamically significant heart disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.2.2.2.1 Child has unoperated simple congenital heart disease with significant left to right shunt (see Note B); or
 - 2.2.2.2.2.2 Child has unoperated or surgically palliated complex congenital heart disease; or
 - 2.2.2.2.3 Child has severe pulmonary hypertension (see Note C); or
 - 2.2.2.2.2.4 Child has moderate or severe left ventricular (LV) failure (see Note D); or
 - 2.2.2.3 Child has severe combined immune deficiency, confirmed by an immunologist, but has not received a stem cell transplant; or
 - 2.2.2.4 Child has inborn errors of immunity (see Note E) that increase susceptibility to life-threatening viral respiratory infections, confirmed by an immunologist.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Palivizumab to be administered during the annual RSV season; and
- 2 Child was born in the last 24 months; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Child has severe lung, airway, neurological or neuromuscular disease that requires ongoing ventilatory/respiratory support (see Note A) in the community; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Child has haemodynamically significant heart disease; and
 - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.2.1 Child has unoperated simple congenital heart disease with significant left to right shunt (see Note B);

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 3.2.2.2 Child has unoperated or surgically palliated complex congenital heart disease; or
- 3.2.2.3 Child has severe pulmonary hypertension (see Note C); or
- 3.2.2.4 Child has moderate or severe left ventricular (LV) failure (see Note D); or
- 3.3 Child has severe combined immune deficiency, confirmed by an immunologist, but has not received a stem cell transplant; or
- 3.4 Child has inborn errors of immunity (see Note E) that increase susceptibility to life-threatening viral respiratory infections, confirmed by an immunologist.

Notes:

- a) Ventilatory/respiratory support includes those on home oxygen, CPAP/VPAP and those with tracheostomies in situ managed at home
- b) Child requires/will require heart failure medication, and/or child has significant pulmonary hypertension, and/or infant will require surgical palliation/definitive repair within the next 3 months
- c) Mean pulmonary artery pressure more than 25 mmHg
- d) LV Ejection Fraction less than 40%
- e) Inborn errors of immunity include, but are not limited to, IFNAR deficiencies

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1995)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

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Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1870)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy: or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 12 Fither
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	1,075.50	2	Mabthera
1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	2,688.30	1	Mabthera
	- · · · · · / DO /)			

⇒ Restricted (RS1785)

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

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continued

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Fither:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used: and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and

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continued...

4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial275.3	3 2	Riximyo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	0 1	Riximyo

→ Restricted (RS1973)

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Fither:

|--|

continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy: and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive: or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive: or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment: and

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- 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
- 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; or
 - 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months
Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
- 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL;
 - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
 - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and
- 2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre: or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy); and

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3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Both:

- 1 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
 - 2.2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
 - 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ABO-incompatible organ transplant

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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continued...

Initiation - Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective;
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and

- 2 Either
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD: and
 - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
 - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Initiation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and

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- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 x 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Initiation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation – severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

	Price			Brand or
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- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease: or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and
- 4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Continuation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

Initiation – Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has biopsy-proven primary/idiopathic membranous nephropathy*; or
 - 1.2 Patient has PLA2 antibodies with no evidence of secondary cause, and an eGFR of > 60ml/min/1.73m2; and
- 2 Patient remains at high risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease despite more than 3 months of treatment with conservative measures (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

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Continuation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for membranous nephropathy*; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful, but the condition has relapsed, and the patient now requires repeat treatment; or
 - 2.2 Patient achieved partial response to treatment and requires repeat treatment (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Notes:

- a) Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.
- b) High risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease defined as > 5g/day proteinuria.
- c) Conservative measures include renin-angiotensin system blockade, blood-pressure management, dietary sodium and protein restriction, treatment of dyslipidaemia, and anticoagulation agents unless contraindicated or the patient has experienced intolerable side effects.
- d) Partial response defined as a reduction of proteinuria of at least 50% from baseline, and between 0.3 grams and 3.5 grams per 24 hours.

Initiation - B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*

Limited to 2 years treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*; and
- 2 Treatment must be in combination with an intensive chemotherapy protocol with curative intent; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 per dose for a maximum of 18 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - desensitisation prior to transplant

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient requires desensitisation prior to mismatched allogenic stem cell transplant*; and
- 2 Patient would receive no more than two doses at 375 mg/m2 of body-surface area.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pemiphiqus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has severe rapidly progressive pemphigus; and
 - 1.2 Is used in combination with systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day); and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 Skin involvement is at least 5% body surface area; or
 - 1.3.2 Significant mucosal involvement (10 or more mucosal erosions) or diffuse gingivitis or confluent large erosions: or
 - 1.3.3 Involvement of two or more mucosal sites; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has pemphigus; and
 - 2.2 Patient has not experienced adequate clinical benefit from systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day) in combination with a steroid sparing agent, unless contraindicated.

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(€	ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
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Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pemiphigus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced adequate clinical benefit from rituximab treatment, with improvement in symptoms and healing of skin ulceration and reduction in corticosteroid requirement; and
- 2 Patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of IgG4-RD*; and
- O Fither
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs for at least 3 months has been ineffective in lowering corticosteroid dose below 5 mg per day (prednisone equivalent) without relapse; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs is contraindicated or associated with evidence of toxicity or intolerance; and
- 3 Total rituximab dose used should not exceed a maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Treatment with rituximab for IgG4-RD* was previously successful and patient's disease has demonstrated sustained response, but the condition has relapsed; or
 - 1.2 Patient is receiving maintenance treatment for IgG4-RD*; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

SECUKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe	799.50	1	Cosentyx
		1,599.00	2	Cosentyx

→ Restricted (RS2066)

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a Health NZ Hospital, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and

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4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab: or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Both:

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- 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
- 1.2.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation – ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks initial treatment of secukinumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-secukinumab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefitted from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 150 mg monthly.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints;
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:

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- 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
- 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior secukinumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg vial	770.57	1	Sylvant
t	Inj 400 mg vial	,082.33	1	Sylvant

→ Restricted (RS1525)

Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease: and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TIXAGEVIMAB WITH CILGAVIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1911)

Initiation

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/Evusheld). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Actemra

→ Restricted (RS2067)

Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Fither:

1 Both:

1.1 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

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blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and

- 1.2 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg, maximum of 12 mg/kg); or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research ENABLE trial programme; and
 - 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or Immune Effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome (ICANS) following CAR T-Cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS or ICANS for CAR T-cell therapy at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

Initiation - previous use

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis; or
 - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis: or
 - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease; or
 - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated: or
 - 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and

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- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
 - 5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate: non-steroidal anti-inflammatory druos (NSAIDs): and systemic corticosteroids.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and

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- 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.4.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.4.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.4.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Initiation - moderate to severe COVID-19

Therapy limited to 1 dose

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8mg/kg IV for a maximum of one dose; and
- 5 Tocilizumab is not to be administered in combination with barcitinib.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB (HERZUMA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027100.00	1	Herzuma
1	Inj 440 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027293.35	1	Herzuma
=	Restricted (RS2005)		

Initiation - early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH + (including FISH or other current technology; and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment).

Continuation - early breast cancer*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology; and
 - 1.2 The patient received prior adjuvant trastuzumab treatment for early breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 1.3.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; or
 - 1.3.3 he cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 1.4.2 All of the following:
 - 1.4.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.4.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
 - 1.5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

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- 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab in the metastatic setting for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
- 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
- 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Note: * For patients with relapsed HER-2 positive disease who have previously received adjuvant trastuzumab for early breast cancer

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 1.3 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Initiation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has locally advanced or metastatic gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction or oesophageal cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 2+ FISH+ or IHC3+ (or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG score of 0-2.

Continuation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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2 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TRASTUZUMAB DERUXTECAN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2082)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease; or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Patient has not received prior funded trastuzumab deruxtecan treatment; and
- 6 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab deruxtecan; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

TRASTUZUMAB EMTANSINE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 100 mg vial	2,320.00	1	Kadcyla
t	Inj 160 mg vial	3,712.00	1	Kadcyla
	D t! - t ! (D000000)			

→ Restricted (RS2083)

Initiation - early breast cancer

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has early breast cancer expressing HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+; and
- 2 Documentation of pathological invasive residual disease in the breast and/or auxiliary lymph nodes following completion of surgery; and
- 3 Patient has completed systemic neoadjuvant therapy with trastuzumab and chemotherapy prior to surgery; and
- 4 Disease has not progressed during neoadjuvant therapy; and
- 5 Patient has left ventricular ejection fraction of 45% or greater; and
- 6 Adjuvant treatment with trastuzumab emtansine to be commenced within 12 weeks of surgery; and
- 7 Trastuzumab emtansine to be discontinued at disease progression; and
- 8 Total adjuvant treatment duration must not exceed 42 weeks (14 cycles).

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease*; or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and

	Price			Brand or
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	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
 - 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 Patient has not received prior funded trastuzumab emtansine or trastuzumab deruxtecan treatment; or
 - 6.2 Both:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has discontinued trastuzumab deruxtecan due to intolerance; and
 - 6.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on trastuzumab deruxtecan; and
- 7 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: *Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

USTEKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 130 mg vial4,162.00	1	Stelara
1	Inj 90 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe4,162.00	1	Stelara

⇒ Restricted (RS1942)

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease: and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for Crohn's disease and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria: or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to be administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease: and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria: or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis: and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for ulcerative colitis and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for ulcerative colitis; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for ulcerative colitis are contraindicated.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy*; and
- 2 Ustekinumab will be used at a dose no greater than 90 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Criterion marked with * is for an unapproved indication.

VEDOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1943)

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

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continued...

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.4 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.5 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 2 years Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
 - 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300mg every 8 weeks.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.3 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20*; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy *; and
- 2 Vedolizumab will be used at a dose no greater than 300 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

ATEZOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 3 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with at least two cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Atezolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

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Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Atezolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with atezolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

DURVALUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial4,700.00	1	Imfinzi
t	Inj 50 mg per ml, 2.4 ml vial1,128.00	1	Imfinzi

⇒ Restricted (RS2084)

Initiation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has histologically or cytologically documented stage III, locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); or
 - 1.2 Patient has histologically or cytologically documented stage IIb (T1N2a only), locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Patient has received two or more cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy concurrently with definitive radiation therapy; and
- 3 Patient has no disease progression following the second or subsequent cycle of platinum-based chemotherapy with definitive radiation therapy treatment; and
- 4 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0 or 1; and
- 5 Patient has completed last radiation dose within 8 weeks of starting treatment with durvalumab; and
- 6 Patient must not have received prior PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitor therapy for this condition; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
 - 7.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 8 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression.

Continuation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
 - 2.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 3 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression; and
- 4 Total continuous treatment duration must not exceed 12 months.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	1,051.98	1	Opdivo	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	2,629.96	1	Opdivo	
→ Restricted (RS2068)			•	

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with nivolumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation - less than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Continuation - more than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Initiation - Renal cell carcinoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with nivolumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has metastatic renal-cell carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology; and
 - 2.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 2.4 Patient has documented disease progression following one or two previous regimens of antiangiogenic therapy; and
 - 2.5 Nivolumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 240 mg every 2 weeks (or equivalent) and discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - Renal cell carcinoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Nivolumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 240 mg every 2 weeks (or equivalent) and discontinued at disease progression.

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2056)

Initiation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma

Medical oncologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab

continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and

- 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with pembrolizumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma, less than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment: or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period: and
 - 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Continuation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma, more than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 50% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; or
 - 6.2 Both:
 - 6.2.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 1% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; and
 - 6.2.2 Chemotherapy is determined to be not in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment; and
- 7 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 8 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 9 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 The patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 7 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks;
- 8 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
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continued...

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period: and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - breast cancer, advanced

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has recurrent or de novo unresectable, inoperable locally advanced triple-negative breast cancer (that does not express ER, PR or HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+ [including FISH or other technology]); or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has recurrent or de novo metastatic triple-negative breast cancer (that does not express ER, PR or HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+ [including FISH or other technology]; and
 - 2.2 Patient is treated with palliative intent; and
 - 2.3 Patient's cancer has confirmed PD-L1 Combined Positive Score (CPS) is greater than or equal to 10; and
 - 2.4 Patient has received no prior systemic therapy in the palliative setting; and
 - 2.5 Patient has an ECOG score of 0-2; and
 - 2.6 Pembrolizumab is to be used in combination with chemotherapy; and
 - 2.7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
 - 2.8 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

Continuation - breast cancer, advanced

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by a comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period: and
- 4 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 5 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

Initiation - head and neck squamous cell carcinoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has recurrent or metastatic head and neck squamous cell carcinoma of mucosal origin (excluding nasopharyngeal carcinoma) that is incurable by local therapies; and
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy in the recurrent or metastatic setting; and
 - 2.3 Patient has a positive PD-L1 combined positive score (CPS) of greater than or equal to 1; and
 - 2.4 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 2.5 Fither:
 - 2.5.1 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; or
 - 2.5.2 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
 - 2.6 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of

Continuation - head and neck squamous cell carcinoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 4 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - MSI-H/dMMR advanced colorectal cancer

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has deficient mismatch repair (dMMR) or microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) metastatic colorectal cancer; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has deficient mismatch repair (dMMR) or microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) unresectable colorectal cancer; and
 - 2.2 Patient is treated with palliative intent; and
 - 2.3 Patient has not previously received funded treatment with pembrolizumab; and
 - 2.4 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 2.5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
 - 2.6 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

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Continuation - MSI-H/dMMR advanced colorectal cancer

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 3 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - Urothelial carcinoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has inoperable locally advanced (T4) or metastatic urothelial carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 2.3 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with chemotherapy; and
 - 2.4 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

Continuation - Urothelial carcinoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease: and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Pembrolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 4 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma after two or more lines of chemotherapy; and
 - 2.1.1.2 Patient is ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma and has previously undergone an autologous stem cell transplant; and
 - 2.2 Patient has not previously received funded pembrolizumab; and
 - 2.3 Pembrolizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 200 mg once every 3 weeks.

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Continuation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has received a partial or complete response to pembrolizumab; and
- 2 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Other Immunosuppressants

ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE) Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	5	ATGAM
AZATHIOPRINE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	60 100	Azamun Azamun
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 2-8 × 10°8 CFU vial	1	OncoTICE
For use in bladder cancer. EVEROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 5 mg	30	Afinitor

30 ∆finit∩r

→ Restricted (RS2076)

Initiation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and
- 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Initiation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and

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- 1.2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology; and
- 1.3 The patient has documented disease progression following one previous line of treatment; and
- 1.4 The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 1.5 Everolimus is to be used in combination with lenvatinib; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has received funded treatment with nivolumab for the second line treatment of metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity from treatment with nivolumab; and
- 2.3 Everolimus is to be used in combination with lenvatinib; and
- 2.4 There is no evidence of disease progression.

Continuation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg35.90	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml	165 ml	CellCept
Ini 500 mg vial	4	CellCept

PICIBANIL

Inj 100 mcg vial

SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 1 mg	9 10	00 Rapamune
1	Tab 2 mg	9 10	00 Rapamune
	Oral liq 1 mg per ml		ml Rapamune

⇒ Restricted (RS1991)

Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min: or
- · Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- · Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- . HUS or TTP: or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- · Significant malignant disease

Initiation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformation*; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Malformations are not adequately controlled by sclerotherapy and surgery; or
 - 2.2 Malformations are widespread/extensive and sclerotherapy and surgery are not considered clinically appropriate; or
 - 2.3 Sirolimus is to be used to reduce malformation prior to consideration of surgery; and
- 3 Patient is being treated by a specialist lymphovascular malformation multi-disciplinary team: and
- 4 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1 (see Note).

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had either a complete response or a partial response to treatment, or patient has stable disease according to RECIST version 1.1 (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has stabilised or responded clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documents in patient notes; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47)

Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Nephrologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Evidence of renal angiomyolipoma(s) measuring 3 cm or greater and that have shown interval growth.

Continuation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of renal angiomyolipoma reduction or stability by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound; and
- 2 Demonstrated stabilisation or improvement in renal function; and
- 3 The patient has not experienced angiomyolipoma haemorrhage or significant adverse effects to sirolimus treatment; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has epilepsy with a background of documented tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Vigabatrin has been trialled and has not adequately controlled seizures; and
 - 2.1.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least two of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Vigabatrin is contraindicated: and
 - 2.2.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least three of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); and
- 3 Seizures have a significant impact on quality of life; and
- 4 Patient has been assessed and surgery is considered inappropriate for this patient, or the patient has been assessed and would benefit from mTOR inhibitor treatment prior to surgery.

ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS

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Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, and topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

demonstrated significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate (e.g. 50% reduction in seizure frequency) or severity and/or patient quality of life compared with baseline prior to starting sirolimus treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

JAK inhibitors

BARICITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 2 mg0.00	28	Olumiant
t	Tab 4 mg	28	Olumiant

→ Restricted (RS1876)

Initiation - moderate to severe COVID-19*

Limited to 14 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19*; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Baricitinib is to be administered at doses no greater than 4 mg daily for up to 14 days; and
- 5 Baricitinib is not to be administered in combination with tocilizumab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

UPADACITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 15 mg	1,271.00	28	RINVOQ
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⇒ Restricted (RS1861)

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

continued...

ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

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Antiallergy Preparations

Allergic Emergencies

ADRENALINE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1944)

Initiation - anaphylaxis

Either:

- 1 Patient has experienced a previous anaphylactic reaction which has resulted in presentation to a hospital or emergency department; or
- 2 Patient has been assessed to be at significant risk of anaphylaxis by a relevant practitioner.

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1501)

Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Allergy Desensitisation

BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1117)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive: and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1118)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1119)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

Allergy	Prophylactics
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BUDESONIDE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		200 dose	SteroClear
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.89	200 dose	SteroClear
FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	1.98	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.03%	5.23	15 ml	Univent
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%			

Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2026 1.7		100 200 ml	Zista Histaclear
CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 4 mg FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg Tab 120 mg Tab 180 mg			
LORATADINE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	8	100	Lorafix
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	.ડ I	00 ml	Haylor Syrup
PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE	0	F0	Allersoothe
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	9 :0	50 50	Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	9 1	00 ml	Allersoothe

5

10.47

Allersoothe Phenergan Elixir

Hospira

Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule21.09

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Anticholinergic Agents

IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE

Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

10 5.86

Ipratropium IVAX Pharmascience

11.73 20 Univent

(Ipratropium IVAX Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 February 2025) (Pharmascience Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 May 2025)

Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE

Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per dose

Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml

Duolin

Duolin Cipla

(Duolin Cipla Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 April 2025)

Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents

GLYCOPYRRONIUM

Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised tiotropium or umeclidinium.

30 dose Seebri Breezhaler

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE

Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or umeclidinium.

60 dose Spiriva Respimat

Spiriva Powder for inhalation 18 mcg per dose50.37 30 dose

UMECLIDINIUM

Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or tiotropium bromide.

30 dose

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted (RS1518)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS' \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL – Restricted see terms Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg		ge 30 dose	Ultibro Breezhaler
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL - Restricted see ter Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg with olodaterol 2.5 mcg		page 60 dose	Spiolto Respimat
UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL – Restricted see terms on the Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg		30 dose	Anoro Ellipta

Inhaled Corticosteroid with Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonist and Beta Agonist

BUDESONIDE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM AND EFORMOTEROL - Restricted see terms below

■ Aerosol inhaler budesonide 160 mcg with glycopyrronium 7.2 mcg and

→ Restricted (RS2085)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of COPD confirmed by spirometry or spirometry has been attempted and technically acceptable results are not possible; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is currently receiving an inhaled corticosteroid with long acting beta-2 agonist (ICS/LABA) or a long acting muscarinic antagonist with long acting beta-2 agonist (LAMA/LABA); and
 - 2.1.2 Any of the following:

Clinical criteria:

- 2.1.2.1 Patient has a COPD Assessment Test (CAT) score greater than 10; or
- 2.1.2.2 Patient has had 2 or more exacerbations in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.3 Patient has had one exacerbation requiring hospitalisation in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.4 Patient has had an eosinophil count greater than or equal to 0.3 × 10⁹ cells/L in the previous 12 months: or
- 2.2 Patient is currently receiving multiple inhaler triple therapy (inhaled corticosteroid with long-acting muscarinic antagonist and long-acting beta-2 agonist ICS/LAMA/LABA) and met at least one of the clinical criteria above prior to commencing multiple inhaler therapy.

FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH UMECLIDINIUM AND VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms below

■ Powder for inhalation fluticasone furoate 100 mcg with umeclidinium

→ Restricted (RS2028)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of COPD confirmed by spirometry or spirometry has been attempted and technically acceptable results are not possible; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is currently receiving an inhaled corticosteroid with long acting beta-2 agonist (ICS/LABA) or a long acting muscarinic antagonist with long acting beta-2 agonist (LAMA/LABA); and
 - 2.1.2 Any of the following:

Clinical criteria:

- 2.1.2.1 Patient has a COPD Assessment Test (CAT) score greater than 10; or
- 2.1.2.2 Patient has had 2 or more exacerbations in the previous 12 months; or

continued...

	Price			Brand or
(e	ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1.2.3 Patient has had one exacerbation requiring hospitalisation in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.4 Patient has had an eosinophil count greater than or equal to 0.3×10^9 cells/L in the previous 12 months: or
- 2.2 Patient is currently receiving multiple inhaler triple therapy (inhaled corticosteroid with long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist ICS/LAMA/LABA) and met at least one of the clinical criteria above prior to commencing multiple inhaler triple therapy.

Antifibrotics

NINTEDANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 100 mg2,554.00	60	Ofev
	Cap 150 mg3,870.00		Ofev

→ Restricted (RS1813)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

PIRFENIDONE -	Restricted see terms below
T 1 007	

t	Tab 267 mg	90	Esbriet
t	Tab 801 mg	90	Esbriet

→ Restricted (RS1814)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and

continued...

	Price			Brand or
(e:	x man. exc	l. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

SAL	RIJ	ТΑ	M	OΙ

Oral liq 400 mcg per ml - 5% DV May-25 to 202750	0.00	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	3.80	200 dose	SalAir
(6.80		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule	3.96	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule	9.43	20	Asthalin

TERBUTALINE SULPHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose

Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Powder for inhalation, 200 mcg per dose (equivalent to 250 mcg

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml

Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%

Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%

Nasal drops 0.05%

Nasal drops 0.1%

60 dose

Serevent Accuhaler

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Inhaled Corticosteroids			
ililialed Corticosterolds			
BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose		200 dose	Beclazone 50
	14.01		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose		200 dose	Beclazone 100
	17.52		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	22.67	200 dose	Beclazone 250
BUDESONIDE			
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose			
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose			
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose			
FLUTICASONE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	7.19	120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose	11.93	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists			
Leakothelie Heceptor Ailtagonists			
MONTELUKAST			
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025		28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	2.90	28	Montelukast Viatris
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists			
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists			
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE			
Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose			
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE			
Powder for inhalation 4.5 mcg per dose, breath activated (equivaler	nt to		
eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg metered dose)			
INDACATEROL			
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose		30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
SALMETEROL		55 4000	
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose	26.25	120 dose	Serevent
Aerosol initialer 25 mgg per dose		120 dose	Serevent Assubatan

Per Manufacturer Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists **BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL** Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Powder for inhalation 160 mcg with 4.5 mcg eformoterol fumarate per dose (equivalent to 200 mcg budesonide with 6 mcg eformoterol fumarate metered dose)41.50 120 dose **DuoResp Spiromax** Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg33.74 120 dose Symbicort Turbuhaler Powder for inhalation 320 mcg with 9 mcg eformoterol fumarate per dose (equivalent to 400 mcg budesonide with 12 mcg eformoterol 120 dose **DuoResp Spiromax** Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol furnarate 12 mcg33.74 60 dose Symbicort Turbuhaler FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg44.08 30 dose Breo Ellipta FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg......25.79 120 dose Seretide 60 dose Seretide Accuhaler Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg32.60 120 dose Seretide Seretide Accuhaler Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg44.08 60 dose Methylxanthines **AMINOPHYLLINE** Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule180.00 DBL Aminophylline CAFFEINE CITRATE Oral lig 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)16.91 25 ml **Biomed** 5 Biomed THEOPHYLLINE Tab long-acting 250 mg......24.90 Nuelin-SR 100 Oral lig 80 mg per 15 ml17.95 500 ml Nuelin **Mucolytics and Expectorants** DORNASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below Pulmozvme → Restricted (RS1787) Initiation - cystic fibrosis Respiratory physician or paediatrician Re-assessment required after 12 months

Price

(ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or

Generic

1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis; and

- 2 Patient has previously undergone a trial with, or is currently being treated with, hypertonic saline; and
- 3 Any of the following:

All of the following:

- 3.1 Patient has required one or more hospital inpatient respiratory admissions in the previous 12 month period; or
- 3.2 Patient has had 3 exacerbations due to CF, requiring oral or intravenous (IV) antibiotics in in the previous 12 month period; or

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.3 Patient has had 1 exacerbation due to CF, requiring oral or IV antibiotics in the previous 12 month period and a Brasfield score of < 22/25; or</p>
- 3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA).

Continuation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatment.

Initiation - significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

Initiation - pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab elexacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and		
	ivacaftor 75 mg (28)27,647.39	84	Trikafta
t	Tab elexacaftor 100 mg with tezacaftor 50 mg, ivacaftor 75 mg (56) and		
	ivacaftor 150 mg (28)	84	Trikafta

→ Restricted (RS1950)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Patient is 6 years of age or older; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has two cystic fibrosis-causing mutations in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane regulator (CFTR) gene (one from each parental allele); or
 - 3.2 Patient has a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has a heterozygous or homozygous F508del mutation; or
 - 4.2 Patient has a G551D mutation or other mutation responsive in vitro to elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor (see note a); and
- 5 The treatment must be the sole funded CFTR modulator therapy for this condition; and
- 6 Treatment with elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition.

Notes:

 a) Eligible mutations are listed in the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Trikafta prescribing information https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda docs/label/2021/212273s004lbl.pdf

IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 150 mg29,386.00	56	Kalydeco
	Oral granules 50 mg, sachet	56	Kalydeco
	Oral granules 75 mg, sachet29,386.00	56	Kalydeco

→ Restricted (RS1818)

Initiation

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

All of the following:

continued...

Pr	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene on at least 1 allele: or
 - 2.2 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation (G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele; and
- 3 Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition; and
- 5 Patient must not have an acute upper or lower respiratory infection, pulmonary exacerbation, or changes in therapy (including antibiotics) for pulmonary disease in the last 4 weeks prior to commencing treatment with ivacaftor; and
- 6 The dose of ivacaftor will not exceed one tablet or one sachet twice daily; and
- 7 Applicant has experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Pulmonary Surfactants

BERACTANT

Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial

PORACTANT ALFA

Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial	425.00	1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial	695.00	1	Curosurf

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations				
Antibacterials				
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 Ear drops 0.5%		1.09	5 g	Devatis
Eye drops 0.5% – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		1.45	10 ml	Chlorsig
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		10.85	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%				
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%				
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%				
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%		5.29	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%			•	
TOBRAMYCIN				
Eye oint 0.3%			3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals				
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%				
Antivirals				
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		15.89	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations				
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		16.30	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramici 50 mcg per ml	idin			
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXII Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulphate 0.35%.	phate			
6,000 u per g Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b			3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN			5 ml	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%		12.64	5 ml	Tobradex



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIQQUINOL

Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NYSTATIN

Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and

Anti-Inflammatory Preparations

Corticosteroids

DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	5 ml	Maxidex
	1	Ozurdex

→ Restricted (RS1606)

Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
 - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema: and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1% PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12%	3.09	5 ml	FML
Eye drops 1%	7.00	5 ml	Pred Forte
· · ·	6.92	10 ml	Prednisolone- AFT
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)	43.26	20 dose	Minims Prednisolone

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

DICLOFENAC SODIUM

Eye drops 0.1%

KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL

Eye drops 0.5%

NEPAFENAC

Eve drops 0.3%

Decongestants and Antiallergics

Antiallergic Preparations

LEVOCABASTINE

Eye drops 0.05%

LODOXAMIDE

10 ml Lomide

OI OPATADINE

Eye drops 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025......2.17 Olopatadine Teva 5 ml

SODIUM CROMOGLICATE

Eye drops 2% - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025.....2.62 10 ml Allerfix

Decongestants

NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

15 ml Albalon

Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations

Diagnostic Dyes

FLUORESCEIN SODIUM

Eye drops 2%, single dose

Inj 10%, 5 ml vial125.00 12 Fluorescite

Ophthalmic strips 1 mg

FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose

LISSAMINE GREEN

Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg

ROSE BENGAL SODIUM

Ophthalmic strips 1%

	Price		Brand or
(ex mar	n. excl. G \$	SST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
Irrigation Solutions			
MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle	5.00	15 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml			e.g. Balanced Salt
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium			Solution
chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bag Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride			e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle	10.50	500 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
Ocular Anaesthetics			
OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Viscoelastic Substances			
HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]			
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe	50.00	1	Healon GV
Inj 18 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		i	Healon GV Pro
Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		1	Healon 5
Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	28.50	1	Healon
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULP Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml	HATE		
syringeInj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.55 ml		1	Duovisc
syringe		1	Duovisc
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe	67.00	1	Viscoat

Other

DISODIUM EDETATE

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

		02.1	
	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1% Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500			
Glaucoma Preparations			
Beta Blockers			
BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25%	 7.50	5 ml 5 ml	Betoptic S Betoptic Arrow-Timolol
Eye drops 0.25% − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Eye drops 0.5% − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming − Restricted: For continuation only		5 ml	Arrow-Timolol
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors			
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mgInj 500 mg	 17.03	100	Diamox
BRINZOLAMIDE Eye drops 1% − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 DORZOLAMIDE − Restricted: For continuation only ⇒ Eye drops 2% DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% − 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		5 ml	Azopt Dortimopt
Miotics			
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent CARBACHOL Inj 150 mcg vial PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 1%	 5.35	15 ml 15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 2%, single dose			
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027 LATANOPROST	 5.15	3 ml	Lumigan
Eye drops 0.005% - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	 2.08	2.5 ml	Teva

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ATANOPROST WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.005% with timolol 0.5% - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4.95	2.5 ml	Arrow - Lattim
FRAVOPROST Eye drops 0.004% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.80	2.5 ml	Travatan
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5%	19.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	5.16	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL MALEATE Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5% – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7.13	5 ml	Combigan
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Eye drops 1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	18.27	15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose	25.16	15 ml	Cyclogyl
ROPICAMIDE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	20.52	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose	24.82	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%	8.25	30	Poly Gel
Poly Gel Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose to be delisted 1 July 2025,)		
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%			
Eye drops 1% single dose			
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%	19.50	15 ml	Methopt

	Price		Brand or	
(6	x man. excl.		Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer Manufacturer	
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN				
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%	2.3	0 15 r	ml Poly-Tears	
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose				
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN				
Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%				
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT				
Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	3.6	3 3.5	g Poly-Visc	
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL				
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3%, 10 ml bottle				
Note: Only for use in compounding an eye drop formulation				
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, single of	dose10.7	8 30	Systane Unit Dose	
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE				
Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose				
RETINOL PALMITATE				
Oint 138 mcg per g	3.8	0 50	a VitA-POS	
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]			,	
Eye drops 1 mg per ml – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	13.5	8 10 r	ml Hylo-Fresh	
Lyc drops i mg per mi 3/0 DV Dec-24 to 2027	10.0	0 101	iii iiyio-i icəli	

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

10

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

DBL Acetylcysteine Martindale Pharma

Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings

Antidotes

ACETYLCYSTEINE

Tab eff 200 mg

0E.00

(Martindale Pharma Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 April 2025)

AMYL NITRITE

Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

ETHANOL

Liq 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL. DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Ini 96%

FLUMAZENIL

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027.......44.00 5 Flumazenil-Baxter

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

35.26 10 Hameln

(Hameln Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 April 2025)

PRALIDOXIME CHLORIDE

Inj 1 g vial

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN

Inj 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Ini 10.000 iu vial

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Ini 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Ini 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

0114	$\neg \neg$	
CHA	יייט	NΔI

	Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DE	FERASIROX – Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 125 mg dispersible	.276.00	28	Exjade
t	Tab 250 mg dispersible	.552.00	28	Exjade
	Tab 500 mg dispersible		28	Exjade

→ Restricted (RS1444) Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis: or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per uL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 - 1.0 cells per µL).

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels. .

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 500 mg533.1	7 100	Ferriprox
1	Oral liq 100 mg per ml	9 250 r	nl Ferriprox

→ Restricted (RS1445)

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE Inj 500 mg vial	151.31	10	DBL Desferrioxamine Mesylate for Inj BP
DICOBALT EDETATE			, ,
Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPROL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus
Sap 100 mg			Healthcare,
Cap 200 mg			Chemet e.g. PCNZ, Optimus
			Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE			Onemet
Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 0.1%			
Soln 4%			
Soln 5%	15.50	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5%			
Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70% Soln 2% with ethanol 70%			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml	1.55	1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%			
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL			
Soln 70%, 500 ml	5.65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE			
→ Restricted (RS1354)			
Initiation			
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.	7.40	0.5	D : "
Oint 10% Soln 10%		65 g 100 ml	Betadine Riodine
Soln 5%	4.39	100 1111	THOUTHE
Soln 7.5%			
Soln 10%,	3.83	15 ml	Riodine
D 11101	6.99	500 ml	Riodine
Pad 10%			
Swab set 10%			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic S Per Manufacturer

POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL

Soln 10% with ethanol 30%

Soln 10% with ethanol 70%

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Soln

Contrast Media

Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100 ml			
bottle	30.00	100 ml	Gastrografin
Oral liquid 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml,			
100 ml bottle		10 ml	Gastrografin Ger
	399.00		Gastrografin S29
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle	120.00	1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL			
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	410.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL			•
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	275.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	117.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	121.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle	160.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle	210.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle		6	Omnipaque
(Omnipaque Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle to be delisted	1 June 2025)		

Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

BARIUM SULPHATE			
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle	17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	.189.15	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	159.05	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Grans for oral liq 960 mg per g (96% w/w), 176 g bottle	.530.00	24	Vanilla SilQ MD
Grans for oral liq 980 mg per g (98% w/w), 310 g bottle	.490.00	24	Vanilla SilQ HD
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 450 ml bottle	97.50	12	Readi-CAT 2
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	15.95	1	Neulumex
	191.40	12	Neulumex
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle	52.35	3	Tagitol V

		Price excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE				
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 g	1			
sachet		.90.25	50 g	E-Z-Gas II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media				
GADOBUTROL				
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial				
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled				
syringe	·	126.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled				
syringe	······································	189.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled	_			
syringe		735.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADOTERIC ACID				
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe				e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial				e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe				e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 20 ml vial				e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe			10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle			1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe			10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe			10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle			1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle			1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle		9.10	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM				
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefille	d			
syringe		300.00	1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE				
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		185.00	10	Magnevist
				magnoriot
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		160.15	100 ml	Piliocopin
inj 105 mg per mi, 100 mi bottle		169.15	100 mi	Biliscopin
Ultrasound Contrast Media				
PERFLUTREN				
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial			1	Definity
	7	720.00	4	Definity
Diagnostic Agents				
Diagnostic Agents				
ADOMINE				

ARGININE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE

Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial

Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial

Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MANNITOL			
Powder for inhalation			e.g. Aridol
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg			
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u vial Inj 80 u vial Inj 100 u ampoule			
SINCALIDE Inj 5 mcg per vial			
Diagnostic Dyes			
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln			
INDIGO CARMINE Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule INDOCYANINE GREEN Inj 25 mg vial			
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE]			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	259.57	5	Proveblue
PATENT BLUE V			
Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule	440.00	5	Obex Medical
Inj 2.5%, 5 ml prefilled syringe	420.00	5	InterPharma
Irrigation Solutions			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 500 ml bottle			
➡ Restricted (RS1683) Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 3 months All of the following:			
 Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body su For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of lar The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the size of	ge burn areas requiring o	lebridem	ent/skin grafting; and
Continuation			
Re-assessment required after 3 months The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is	benefiting from the treat	ment.	
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 100 ml bottle Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule	29.76	30	Pfizer
GLYCINE Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag	9C 3Q	4	B Braun
SODIUM CHLORIDE		7	Diaun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag	54.40	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule		20	InterPharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle		10	Baxter Sodium Chloride
111gaa011 00111 0.0 /0, 1,000 1111 00ttto	10.00	10	0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle	21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi

VARIOUS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
WATER			
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag	57.74	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle		10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle	21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Soln 10%

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

		VARIOUS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Cardioplegia Solutions		
ELECTROLYTES Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 m potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium o 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 m tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chlori 1,000 ml bag Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.807 per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag	chloride, mol/l de, glutamic	e.g. Custodiol-HTK e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.
Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, gacid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mml, 527 ml bag	per ml, ig per	e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution

Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml,
potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml,
sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml,
523 ml bag

- Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag
- Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832

e.g. Cardioplegia

Electrolyte Solution

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHLOROFORM Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

COLLODION FLEXIBLE

Liq

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

Soln 30.00 100 ml Midwest

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml ampoule

DITHRANOL

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN			
Suspension	 .30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
SLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE			
Suspension	 .30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL			
Liq	 3.23	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
IYDROCORTISONE	40.05	0.5	·
Powder	 .49.95	25 g	ABM
ACTOSE			
Powder			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Paste			
MENTHOL			
Crystals			
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Powder			
/IETHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder	0.00	25 a	Midwest
	 0.90	25 g	Midwest
METHYLCELLULOSE Powder	36.05	100 g	Midwest
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN	.00.00	., 0	014 1 140
Suspension	.30.95	473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE			
Suspension	 .30.95	473 ml	Ora-Blend
DLIVE OIL			
Liq			
PARAFFIN			
Liq			
HENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder			
PHENOL			
Liq			
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
OLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE			
Liq			
POVIDONE K30 Powder			
ALICYLIC ACID			
Powder			
ILVER NITRATE			
Crystals			
ODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder BP	10 05	500 g	Midwest

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per \$ Manufacturer SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SUI PHUR

Precipitated Sublimed

SYRUP

Liq (pharmaceutical grade)......14.95 500 ml Midwest

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

UREA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1% ZINC OXIDE

Powder

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

→ Restricted (RS1467)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Fat

→ Restricted (RS1468)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism: or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia; or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

t	Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	15.38	200 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		38.44	500 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		15.38	200 ml	Calogen (strawberry)

SPECIAL FOODS

MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, bottle		Price (ex man. excl. GS [*] \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 Restricted (RS1469) Initiation – Use as an additive Either: Protein losing enteropathy; or 	t Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, bottle t Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page	37.50	500 ml	
Initiation – Use as an additive Either: 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or 2 High protein needs. Initiation – Use as a module For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms above 1 Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can 1 Powder 6 g protein per 7 g, can	Protein			
Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above 1 Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can 1 Powder 6 g protein per 7 g, can	Initiation – Use as an additive Either: 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or 2 High protein needs. Initiation – Use as a module			
Powder 89 g protein, less than 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 g, can	Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associ PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms above 1 Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275	iated with all of the		
CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT − Restricted see terms below I Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, can			227 g	Resource Beneprotein
CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT − Restricted see terms below Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, can			225 g	Protifar
Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, can	Other Supplements			
1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or 2.2 Cancer in children; or 2.3 Faltering growth; or 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or 2.5 Premature and post premature infants. HUMAN MILK FORTIFIER Powder 0.325 g protein, 0.37 g carbohydrate and 0.175 g fat per 1 g sachet	Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, can → Restricted (RS1212) Initiation		400 g	
Powder 0.325 g protein, 0.37 g carbohydrate and 0.175 g fat per 1 g sachet	 Infant or child aged four years or under; and Any of the following: Cystic fibrosis; or Cancer in children; or Faltering growth; or Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or 			
	Powder 0.325 g protein, 0.37 g carbohydrate and 0.175 g fat per 1 g sachet	33.48	50	
Food/Fluid Thickeners		net		e.g. FM 85

NOTE:

continued...

SPECIAL FOODS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, Health NZ Hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by Pharmac; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

Pharmac intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN Powder	24.00	380 g	Aptamil Feed Thickener
GUAR GUM Powder			e.g. Guarcol
MAIZE STARCH Powder	.8.29	300 g	Nutilis
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM Powder			e.g. Instant Thick
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID Powder			e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted (RS2047)

Initiation

Either:

1 For the dietary management of inherited metabolic disease; or

1 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per

2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy.

Supplements for Glutaric Aciduria Type 1

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

t	100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can	e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant e.g. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid	
A٨	IINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE) - Restricted see terms above		
t	Powder (neutral) 5 g protein, 5.4 g carbohydrate, 2.3 g fat and 2 g fibre		
	per 18 g sachet750.30	30	GA1 Anamix Junior
t	Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet349.65	30	GA Explore 5
t	Powder, 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 3.7 g fibre per		
	100 g, 400 g can260.00	400 g	GA1 Anamix Infant



	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Homocystinuria			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see		ous page	
Powder (neutral), 10 g protein, 11.5 g carbohydrate and 4.5 g fat pe 36 g sachet		30	HCU Anamix Junior
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.55 g fat per 25 g sache		30	HCU Express 15
Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet Powder (neutral) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500	349.65	30	HCU Explore 5
can	480.42	500 g	XMET Maxamum
5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can	d	400 g	HCU Anamix Infant
0.44 g fibre per 125 ml bottle	1,684.80	30	HCU Lophlex LQ
Liquid (orange), 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g to per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	ibre 941.40	36	HCU Anamix Junior LQ
Supplements for MSUD and Short chain enoyl coA h	ydratase defic	ciency	
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VA Powder (neutral) 10 g protein, 11.5 g carbohydrate and 4.5 g fat pe	,	ed see term	s on the previous page
36 g sachet		30	MSUD Anamix Junior
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 25 g sachet.		30	MSUD Express 15
 Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet Powder (orange) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 		30	MSUD Explore 5
can		500 g	MSUD Maxamum
Powder (unflavoured) 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can		400 g	MSUD Anamix Infant
Powder (unflavoured) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g	J ,	J	
500 g can		500 g	MSUD Maxamum
Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g fat an 0.5 g fibre per 125 ml pouch		30	MSUD Lophlex LQ 20
Liquid (orange) 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fi			- F

MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle941.40

_	(ex	Price man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
S	upplements for Phenylketonuria			
ΑN	IINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restricted see	terms on page	285	
t	Tab 8.33 mg		75	Phlexy 10
t	Powder (Berry), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 g sache	et 449.28	60	PKU Restore Powder
•	Powder (Lemon), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g sachet	883 50	30	PKU Express 20
t	Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g		00	1 110 Exp1000 E0
	sachet		30	PKU Express 20
T	Powder (Neutral), 5.0 g protein, 5.2 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g		20	DKI I Evalore E
t	sachetPowder (Orange), 10 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 0.4 g fat per 25 g	220.00	30	PKU Explore 5
•	sachet	441.75	30	PKU Explore 10
t	Powder (Orange), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g			·
•	sachet	883.50	30	PKU Express 20
T	Powder (Orange), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 g sachet	110 28	60	PKU Restore Powder
t	Powder (Raspberry), 10 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 0.4 g fat per 25 g		00	T NO Hestore I owder
	sachet		30	PKU Explore 10
t	Powder (Tropical), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g	202 52		DI/II E OO
t	sachetPowder (berry) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per	883.50	30	PKU Express 20
•	28 g sachet	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex Powder
t	Powder (chocolate) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per			
	100 g, 36 g sachet	393.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
τ	Powder (neutral) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per	000.00	20	DKI I Landay Dawday
t	28 g sachet Powder (neutral) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex Powder
•	100 g, 36 g sachet	393.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
t	Powder (orange) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per			
•	28 g sachet	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex Powder
T	Powder (orange) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 q, 36 g sachet	202.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
t	Powder (unflavoured), 5 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate per 12.5 g	393.00	30	FRO Anamix Junior
	sachets	234.00	30	PKU First Spoon
t	Powder (vanilla) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per			
•	100 g, 36 g sachet	393.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
T	Powder (orange) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can	320.00	500 g	XP Maxamum
t	Powder (unflavoured) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g,	020.00	555 g	manamalli
	500 g can		500 g	XP Maxamum
t	Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per		400	DIGITA : 1 C :
t	100 g, 400 g can Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per	1/4./2	400 g	PKU Anamix Infant
•	100 ml, bottle	13.10	125 ml	PKU Anamix Junior LQ
				(Berry)
				PKU Ànamix Junior LQ
				(Orange) PKU Anamix Junior LQ
				(Unflavoured)
t	Liquid (juicy berries) 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per			,
	100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle	939.00	60	PKU Lophlex LQ 10

		Price ex man. excl. GST	١	Brand or Generic
	(6	\$	Per	Manufacturer
t	Liquid (juicy berries) 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre			
	per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle		30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
T .	Liquid (juicy orange) 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
t	Liquid (juicy tropical) 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle		30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
t	Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250 m carton		18	Easiphen Liquid
t	Powder (Neutral), 14.3 g protein, 25 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can		4	PKU Start
t	Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per		•	
	100 g, 109 g pot	1,123.20	36	PKU Lophlex Sensations 20 (berries)
GL'	YCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME PHENY	LALANINE – Re	stricted s	see terms on page 285
t	Powder (Neutral), 10 g protein, 0.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 15 g			
	sachet	449.28	30	PKU Build 10
Ţ	Powder (neutral), 15 g protein, 15 g carbohydrate, 4.5 g fat per 40 g	070.00		01
t	sachet		30	Glytactin Bettermilk
t	Powder (unflavoured) 10 g protein, 4 g carbohydrate per 12.5 g sache Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 31 g sachet		30 30	PKU GMPro Mix-In PKU Build 20 Raspberry
•	rowder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbonydrate per 31 g sauret		30	Lemonade PKU Build 20 Smooth
t	Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 32 g sachet	898.56	30	PKU Build 20 Chocolate
t	Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 33 g sachet	898.56	30	PKU Build 20 Vanilla
t	Powder 20 g protein, 4.9 g carbohydrate per 33.4 g sachet	936.00	30	PKU GMPro Ultra
				Lemonade PKU GMPro Ultra Vanilla
ţ	Powder 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet		30	PKU sphere20 Lemon
t	Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Chocolate PKU sphere20 Red Berry PKU sphere20 Vanilla
t t	Powder 20 g protein, 6.7 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet Liquid (Coffee Mocha), 15 g protein, 3.1 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Banana
•	250 ml, carton	684.45	30	PKU Glytactin RTD
•	11.11/1.1.1.1.45			15 Lite
t	Liquid (chocolate), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250		00	DICH Obstactive DTD 45
t	carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15 PKU GMPro LQ
t	Liquid (neutral),10 g protein, 8.5 g carbohydrate per 250 ml carton Liquid (original), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250 ml		18	FRU GIVIPIO LQ
•	carton 15 g protein, 22 g carbonydrate, 5.3 g tat per 250 mi		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15
t	Liquid (vanilla), 15 g protein, 3.3 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat per 250 ml,		30	1 NO GIYIACIIII N 10 15
-	carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15 Lite

Protein Free Supplements

PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT CONTAINING CARBOHYDRATE, FAT WITH ADDED VITAMINS AND MINERALS – **Restricted** see terms on page 285

t	Powder (neutral) nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g,		
	400 g can49.29	400 g	Energivit

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Tyrosinaemia			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSIN	NE) - Restrict	ed see terms	on page 285
Powder (neutral) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g sachet	471.00	30	TYR Anamix Junior
Powder (neutral), 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 sachet	349.65	30	TYR Explore 5
100 g, 400 g can	260.00	400 g	TYR Anamix Infant
per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	941.40	36	TYR Anamix Junior LQ
0.5 g fibre per 125 ml pouch		30	TYR Lophlex LQ 20
GLYCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME TYRO page 285		ENYLALANIN	E - Restricted see terms of
Powder (Red Berry), 20 g protein, 6.3 carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat per 35 sachet	1,398.60	30	TYR Sphere 20
Powder (Vanilla), 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat per 35 g sachet	0	30	TYR Sphere 20
X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products			
GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 285 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle			
GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 285 Liquid, bottle	131.80	500 ml	GTO Oil
Supplements for Glycogen Storage Disease			
HIGH AMYLOPECTIN CORN-STARCH - Restricted see terms on page Powder 0 g protein, 53 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 60 g sachet		30	Glycosade
Supplements for Organic Acidaemias			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THI		VALINE) - R	lestricted see terms on
Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre 100 g, 400 g can	260.00 VALINE) – R e	•	MMA/PA Anamix Infant terms on page 285
fibre per 18 g sachet	750.30 t1,048.95	30	MMA/PA Anamix Junior MMA/PA Express 15 MMA/PA Explore 5
Single Dose Amino Acids			
ARGININE – Restricted see terms on page 285 Powder 1.7 g protein, 1.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Arginine2000
CITRULLINE – Restricted see terms on page 285 Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Citrulline1000
SOLEUCINE – Restricted see terms on page 285 Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet			Isoleucine50

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
LEUCINE - Restricted see terms on page 285	Ψ	1 01	Manadator
Powder 0.08 g protein, 3.7 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Leucine100
PHENYLALANINE - Restricted see terms on page 285			
Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Phenylalanine50
TYROSINE - Restricted see terms on page 285			
Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Tyrosine1000
VALINE – Restricted see terms on page 285	141.05	30	Valine50
Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	valineou
Other Fat Modified Products			
ELEMENTAL FEED WITH HIGH MEDIUM CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDES	- Restricted see ter	ms on pag	e 285
Powder (neutral), 12.5 g protein, 60 g carbohydrate and 16.4 g fat			_
100 g sachet	47.01	10	Emsogen
Essential Amino Acids			
ESSENTIAL AMINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms on page	je 285		
Powder (neutral) 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can	313.73	200 g	Essential Amino Acid Mix
Specialised Formulas			
Diabetic Products			
Destricted (DC1015)			
→ Restricted (RS1215) Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss	and malnutrition that	requires r	utritional support; or
2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for	or 5 days: or		
4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high n	utrient losses and/or	increased	nutritional needs from
causes such as catabolism; or			
5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or6 For patients being tube-fed; or			
7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.			
DIABETIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			
Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre pe	er		
100 ml, 200 ml bottle	2.25	200 ml	Diasip (strawberry)
LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			Diasip (vanilla)
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 50	0 ml		
bottle	4.65	500 ml	Glucerna Select
Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1.000 ml bottle			e.g. Nutrison Advanced
1,000 IIII DOUIC			Diason

LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - **Restricted** see terms above

1 Liquid 7 g protein, 10.9 g carbohydrate, 2.7 g fat and 2 g fibre per

200 ml

Nutren Diabetes (Vanilla)

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products

→ Restricted (RS1216)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Malabsorption; or
- 2 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or
- 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or
- 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or
- 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or
- 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding.

AMINO ACID ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above

Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet......4.50 80 g

AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

18 Elemental 028 Extra (grapefruit) Elemental 028 Extra

Vivonex TEN

(pineapple & orange)
Elemental 028 Extra (summer fruits)

PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

t Liquid 4 g protein, 17.7 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml, bottle7.47 500 ml Nutrison Advanced

Peptisorb

PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL EFED 1.5 KCAI /MI - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle....22.39 1,000 ml Vital

PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g,
400 g can
e.g. Peptamen Junior

Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 400 g

can e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+

PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

t Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton.......4.95 237 ml Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)

Fat Modified Products

FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below

¶ Powder 12.8 g protein, 68.6 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, can 62.90

400 g

Monogen

→ Restricted (RS1470)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or
- 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or
- 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

SPECIAL FOODS Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Hepatic Products** → Restricted (RS1217) Initiation For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant. HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above 400 a Heparon Junior High Calorie Products → Restricted (RS1317) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted: or 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or 3 Both: 3.1 Any of the following: 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements. ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above 500 ml Fresubin 2kcal HP Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bottle6.82 500 ml **Nutrison Concentrated** Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per 1.000 ml Ensure Two Cal HN RTH OBAL FFFD 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbohydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 200 ml Two Cal HN PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 4.5 g protein, 14.3 g carbohydrate and 2.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag9.60 500 ml Survimed OPD **High Protein Products** HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 10 g protein, 12.9 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat and 0.64 g fibre 500 ml Fresubin Intensive → Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the next page

1.000 ml

Nutrison Protein Plus

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 12.00

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.26 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 10 g protein, 10.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle8.67
500 ml
Nutrison Protein Intense

→ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

➡ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

Infant Formulas

AMINO ACID FORMULA – **Restricted** see terms on the next page

•	Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbonydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 mi,		
	400 g can		e.g. Neocate
t	Powder 13 g protein, 49 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate SYNEO
t	Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate Junior
			Unflavoured
t	Powder 13.3 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.6 g fat per 100 g, can 43.60	400 g	Alfamino
t	Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate Gold
			(Unflavoured)
t	Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can 55.61	400 g	Neocate Junior Vanilla
t	Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can	400 g	Alfamino Junior
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can65.72	400 g	Elecare LCP
		•	(Unflavoured)
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can 65.72	400 g	Elecare (Unflavoured) Elecare (Vanilla)



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1867)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled for 2-4 weeks and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis; or
- 4 Ultra-short gut; or
- 5 Severe Immune deficiency.

Continuation

All of the following:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula; and
- 3 Amino acid formula is required for a nutritional deficit.

Initiation - patients who are currently funded under RS1502 or SA1557

Limited to 3 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a valid initiation or renewal approval for extensively hydrolysed formula (RS1502); and
- 2 Patient is unable to source funded Aptamil powder at this time; and
- 3 The approval only applies to funded dispensings of Neocate Gold and Neocate Syneo.

Note: This criteria is short term funding to cover an out-of-stock situation on some extensively hydrolysed formula powder funded under Hospital Restriction RS1502. There is no continuation criteria under this criterion.

ENTERAL LIQUID PEPTIDE FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 4.2 g protein, 18.6 g carbohydrate and 6.58 g fat per 100 ml......18.66 500 ml Nutrini Peptisorb Energy

→ Restricted (RS1775)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has impaired gastrointestinal function and either cannot tolerate polymeric feeds, or polymeric feeds are unsuitable; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Severe malabsorption; or
 - 2.2 Short bowel syndrome: or
 - 2.3 Intractable diarrhoea; or
 - 2.4 Biliary atresia: or
 - 2.5 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malabsorption; or
 - 2.6 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.7 Proven fat malabsorption; or
 - 2.8 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
 - 2.9 Intestinal failure; or
 - 2.10 Both:
 - 2.10.1 The patient is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
 - 2.10.2 The patient is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an enteral liquid peptide formula; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 A semi-elemental or partially hydrolysed powdered feed has been reasonably trialled and considered unsuitable; or
 - 3.2 For step down from intravenous nutrition.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

		;	SPECIAL FOODS
	Price (ex man. excl. GS'	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Continuation Both:			
An assessment as to whether the patient can be transitioned thydrolysed formula has been undertaken; and The outcome of the assessment is that the patient continues to	·	·	•
EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms	nelow		
can	-	900 g	Allerpro Syneo 1
₱ Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 m	l, 900 g	•	, ,
can		900 g	Allerpro Syneo 2
Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 Restricted (RS1502)	g, can18.10	450 g	Pepti-Junior
Initiation			
Any of the following: 1 Both:			
1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intole	erance or allergy to it	ts protein co	ontent; and
1.2 Either:			
1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled w1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappro			or
2 Severe malabsorption; or			
3 Short bowel syndrome; or			
4 Intractable diarrhoea; or			
5 Biliary atresia; or			
6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or7 Cystic fibrosis; or			
8 Proven fat malabsorption; or			
Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorates.	orption: or		
10 Intestinal failure; or	' '		
11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.			
Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an	immediate IgE media	ated allergio	reaction.
Continuation			
Both:			
1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to	a cows' milk protein	or soy infai	nt formula has been
undertaken; and	raquira an autonoius	مراح المراجع المراجع	ad infant formula
2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to	require an extensive	ely nyarolys	ed infant formula.
FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA			
Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 10 400 g can	0 g,		e.g. Galactomin 19
LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA			
Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 m	l, 900 g		
can			e.g. Karicare Aptamil
Powder 1.5 a protein 7.2 a carbabudrate and 2.6 a fat per 100 m	l 000 a		Gold De-Lact

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

can LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA e.g. S26 Lactose Free

Locasol

Locasol

400 g

400 q

Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

Powder 14.8 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.7 g fat per 100 g and

Powder 14.6 g protein, 55.2 g carbohydrate and 25.8 g fat per 100 g, can 46.18

tuna fish oil (DHA), can.......46.18

(Locasol Powder 14.6 g protein, 55.2 g carbohydrate and 25.8 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 March 2025)

	Pric	ce			Brand or
(ex r	man. e	xcl. (GST)		Generic
	\$			Per	Manufacturer

PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL EFED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

- Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per
 - 125 ml Infatrini

→ Restricted (RS1614)

Initiation - Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering growth Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or
 - 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
- 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding.

PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 0.75 100 ml S26 LBW Gold RTF

Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml

e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml e.g. Karicare Aptamil

→ Restricted (RS1224)

Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

Gold+Preterm

Ketogenic Diet Products

HIGH FAT FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14.3 g protein, 2.8 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100 g, can36.92 300 g Ketocal

4:1 (Unflavoured)

Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)

300 g Ketocal

Powder 15.4 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 68.6 g fat per 100 g, can36.92

3:1 (Unflavoured)

→ Restricted (RS1225)

Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

Paediatric Products

→ Restricted (RS1473)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
- 2 Any of the following:

2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes of feeding; or 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Filtering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding; or 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days. AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, and 4.9 fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Nutrini Low Energy Multitibre RTH AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Nutrini RTH Liquid 2.6 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Pediasure RTH Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate and 4.7 g fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Pediasure RTH Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Nutrini Energy Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 3.9 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml — 7.00 500 ml Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.6 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate, 4.5g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml — 7.00 500 ml Frebini Cinginal Fibre AEDIATRIC CORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle — 7.00 500 ml Previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle — 1.30 200 ml Previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle — 1.90 200 ml Previous page Liquid 3.9 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle — 1.90 200 ml Previous page Liquid				SPECIAL FOODS
2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes of feeding; or 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Filtering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding; or 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days. AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, and 4.9 fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Nutrini Low Energy Multitibre RTH AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Nutrini RTH Liquid 2.6 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Pediasure RTH Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate and 4.7 g fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Pediasure RTH Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Nutrini Energy Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml — 6.50 500 ml Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 3.9 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml — 7.00 500 ml Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.6 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate, 4.5g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml — 7.00 500 ml Frebini Cinginal Fibre AEDIATRIC CORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle — 7.00 500 ml Previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle — 1.30 200 ml Previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle — 1.90 200 ml Previous page Liquid 3.9 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle — 1.90 200 ml Previous page Liquid		(ex man. excl. G		Generic
2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to a days. AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	continued			
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per 100 ml, bag	 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding 	ing to oral feeding; c		g; or
AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 4.69 500 ml Voltrini RTH Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 500 ml Voltrini RTH Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 7.00 ml, bottle 7.00 ml, bottle 7.00 ml Voltrini RTH Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5.7 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 7.00 ml, bottle 7.00 ml, bottle 7.00 ml Voltrini RTH Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 7.00 ml Voltrini Energy Nutrini Energy Nutrini Energy Nutrini Energy Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre 8.00 ml Voltrini Energy Multi Fibre 9.00 ml Voltrini Energy Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre 9.00 ml Voltrini Energy Fibre 9.00	PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see tel	rms on the previous	page	
Multifibre RTH AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml	Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibr	re per		
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml	• •			0,
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.7 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml	Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 n Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 n Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml,	nl	500 ml 500 ml 500 ml	Nutrini RTH
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, bottle			•	Erobini Enorgy
100 ml, bottle	Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 n	nl, bottle 7.46		3,
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate, 4.5g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml			500 ml	0,
100 ml	PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML - Restric	eted see terms on th	e previous p	page
AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g fibre per 100 ml	Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate, 4.5g fat and 0.8 g fibre	e per		
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g fibre per 100 ml				•
100 ml			the previous	s page
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	100 ml	7.00	500 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can			200 ml	Pediasure (Strawberry)
Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml,	, can1.66	250 ml	
Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms o	n the previous page		
100 ml, bottle	Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 n	ml, bottle 1.90	200 ml	
(Chocolate) Fortini Multi Fibre (Strawberry) Fortini Multi Fibre (Unflavoured) Fortini Multi Fibre (Vanilla) Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle		•	000!	Fautini Multi Filoso
Fortini Multi Fibre (Unflavoured) Fortini Multi Fibre (Unflavoured) Fortini Multi Fibre (Vanilla) Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle	100 ml, bottie	1.90	200 MI	(Chocolate) Fortini Multi Fibre
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle				Fortini Multi Fibre
500 ml bottle	•			Fortini Multi Fibre
Renal Products DW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the next page		•	500 ml	Pediasure Plus
DW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the next page			300 1111	. 55.55.51 100
	nenai Products			
Powder 7.5 g protein, 57.6 g carbonydrate and 25.9 g rat per 100 g, can64.26 400 g Kindergen	OW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the Powder 7.5 g protein, 57.6 g carbohydrate and 25.9 g fat per 10		400 g	Kindergen

Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
3.31	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
13.72 13.24	4	Renilon 7.5 (apricot) Renilon 7.5 (caramel) Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
56.00	10	Impact Advanced Recovery
surgery. ns below8.64 tocol 2 to 3	4 hours befo	preOp
	excl. GST) \$3.31 13.72 13.24 56.00 surgery. ns below8.64	excl. GST) \$ Per 3.31 220 ml 13.72 4 13.24 4 56.00 10 surgery. ns below

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

Any of the following:

For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or
- 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 5 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or
- 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.

	TERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Ţ	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	9.00	1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per			
	100 ml, bottle	8.68	1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy Multi
ŧ	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can	0.17	250 ml	Fibre Ensure Plus HN
	Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20 g carbonydrate and 3 g fat per 100 ml, can Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbonydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bag		1,000 ml	Ensure Plus HN RTH
		0.00	1,000 1111	LIISUIE FIUS I IIV ITITI
•	Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per 100 ml, bag	0.60	1.000 ml	Jevity HiCal RTH
t	Liquid 7.5 g protein, 17 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag		1,000 ml	Fresubin HP Energy
		3.00	1,000 1111	Tresubilitii Lileigy
_	TERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page	0.50	4 000	For each in Original
t	Liquid 3.8 g protein, 13.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bag		1,000 ml	Fresubin Original
	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	6.90	1,000 ml	Nutrison RTH
·	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	7.01	1.000 ml	Nutrison Multi Fibre
t	100 ml, bottle Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle		1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH
	Liquid 4 g protein, 13.0 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per	0.50	1,000 1111	Osmolite HTTT
•	100 ml. bottle	6 56	1.000 ml	Jevity RTH
ГΝ	,	0.50	1,000 1111	Jevily IIIII
	TERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page			
·	Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	7 07	1.000	Jevity Plus RTH
	• • •		,	Jevily Flus n i n
	TERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the p	previous pa	age	
ı	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	0.05	1 0001	Nictria and OOO Cameralata
	100 ml, bottle	9.05	1,000 ml	Nutrison 800 Complete Multi Fibre
ΕN	TERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the prev	ioue paga		Mulli Fibre
	Liquid 3.8 g protein, 13.0 g carbohydrate, 3.4 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	nous page		
•	100 ml, bag	7.00	1.000 ml	Fresubin Original Fibre
ГΝ			,	r resubili Original r ibre
	TERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the pr	evious pag	ge	
•	Liquid 7.5 g protein, 16.2 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, bag	0.00	1,000 ml	Fresubin HP Energy
	100 III, bay	9.00	1,000 1111	Fibre
НΙ	GH PROTEIN ORAL FEED 2.4 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the pre	vious nad	۵	TIDIO
t	•	vious pag		
•	125 ml bottle			e.g. Fortisip Compact
				Protein

Price (ex man. excl. GS		Brand or Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on page 298 Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate)
Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can14.00	840 g	Ensure (Vanilla) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital
		Formula (Vanilla)
ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 298		
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml, 237 ml carton		e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 298		-
Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	200 ml	Fortijuice (Apple) Fortijuice (Orange) Fortijuice (Strawberry)
Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can 1.65 Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
bottle1.76	200 ml	Fortisip (banana) Fortisip (chocolate) Fortisip (strawberry) Fortisip (vanilla)
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 1.56	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,		Liisuic i lus (vaililla)
carton	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest)
(Ensure Plus (Banana) Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 (Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 (Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fa	00 ml, carton	to be delisted 1 April 2025)
2025) (Ensure Plus (Vanilla) Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 n		
ORAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 298	, 50/10//10	20 20
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per		
100 ml, 200 ml bottle	200 ml	Fortisip Multi Fibre (chocolate) Fortisip Multi Fibre (strawberry) Fortisip Multi Fibre (vanilla)

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per \$

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Bacterial and Viral Vaccines

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe
 - 10 Infanrix IPV

→ Restricted (RS1387) Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation: or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens;
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE -Restricted see terms below

Ini 30IU diphtheria with 40IU tetanus and 25mcg pertussis toxoids.

25mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8mcg pertactin, 80D-AgU polio virus, 10mcg hepatitis B antigen 10mcg H.

influenzae type b with tetanus toxoid 20-40mcg in 0.5ml syringe -

10 Infanrix-hexa

→ Restricted (RS2051)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children under the age of 10 years for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) for (re-)immunisation of children under the age of 18 years post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) for (re-)immunisation of children under the age of 10 years who are post chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; undergoing renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 4 Up to five doses for children under the age of 10 years receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

Bacterial Vaccines

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Ini Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin). Danish strain 10 **BCG Vaccine AJV**
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1233)

Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and

3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

10 Boostrix

→ Restricted (RS1790)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trimester of each pregnancy; or; or
- 2 A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants admitted to a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit or Specialist Care Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed to maternal vaccination at least 14 days prior to birth; or; or
- 3 A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 5 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 65 years old; or
- 6 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 45 years old who have not had 4 previous tetanus doses; or
- 7 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or
- 8 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 9 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1520)

Initiation

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE

Inj 10 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 55 mcg of tetanus toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial –

→ Restricted (RS2019)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV,

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or

- 1.2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 1.3 One dose for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 1.4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 1.5 A maximum of two doses for person pre and post-immunosuppression*; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
 - 2.2.2 One dose for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

Inj 5 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of

→ Restricted (RS2037)

Initiation - Children under 12 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for patients pre- and post- splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post- solid organ transplant; or
- 2 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Notes: infants from 6 weeks to less than 6 months of age require a 2+1 schedule, infants from 6 months to less than 12 months of age require a 1+1 schedule. Refer to the Immunisation Handbook for recommended booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL B MULTICOMPONENT VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2020)

Initiation - Primary immunisation for children up to 12 months of age

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Three doses for children up to 12 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation; or
- 2 Up to three doses (dependent on age at first dose) for a catch-up programme for children from 13 months to 59 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation, from 1 March 2023 to 31 August 2025.

Initiation - Person is one year of age or over

Any of the following:

1 up to two doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 up to two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to two doses for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 up to two doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Initiation – Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Two doses for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, Youth Justice residences, or prisons; or
 - 2.2 Two doses for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Note: *Immunosuppression due to corticosteroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A,

6B, 7F, 9V, 14, 18C, 19A, 19F and 23F in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV

→ Restricted (RS1936)

Initiation - Primary course for previously unvaccinated children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 3 doses

A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated children up to the age of 59 months inclusive.

Initiation - High risk individuals who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Two doses are funded for high risk individuals (over the age of 12 months and under 18 years) who have previously received two doses of the primary course of PCV10.

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re)immunisation of high-risk children aged under 5 years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
 - 2.2 primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 cerebrospinal fluid leaks: or
 - 2.8 receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.12 diabetes: or
- 2.13 Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk individuals 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re-)immunisation of individuals 5 years and over with HIV, pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, intracranial shunts, cerebrospinal fluid leaks or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

→ Restricted (RS1587)

Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes; or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

■ Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer → Restricted (RS1243) Initiation For use during typhoid fever outbreaks. Viral Vaccines **COVID-19 VACCINE** Inj 3 mcg bretovameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; infant vaccine, yellow cap..... 0.00 10 Comirnaty Omicron (JN.1) ⇒ Restricted (RS2042) Initiation – initial dose Up to three doses for previously unvaccinated children aged 6 months - 4 years at high risk of severe illness. Inj 3 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.2 ml, 0.4 ml vial; infant vaccine, maroon Comirnaty Omicron cap0.00 10 XBB.1.5 ⇒ Restricted (RS2042) Initiation - initial dose Up to three doses for previously unvaccinated children aged 6 months - 4 years at high risk of severe illness. Ini 10 mcg bretovameran per 0.3 ml. 0.48 ml vial; paediatric vaccine. 10 Comirnaty Omicron (JN.1) ⇒ Restricted (RS2041) Initiation - initial dose Either: 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated children aged 5-11 years old; or 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised children aged 5-11 years old. Inj 10 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; paediatric vaccine, 10 Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5) → Restricted (RS2041) Initiation - initial dose Fither: 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated children aged 5-11 years old; or 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised children aged 5-11 years old. Inj 30 mcg bretovameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; adult vaccine, light Comirnaty Omicron 10 (JN.1) → Restricted (RS2040) Initiation - initial dose Any of the following: 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 12-15 years old; or 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised people aged 12-15 years old; or 3 Up to two doses for previously unvaccinated people 16-29 years old; or 4 Up to four doses for people aged 16-29 at high risk of severe illness; or 5 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 30 and older. Initiation - additional dose One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is given at least 6 months after last dose. Continuation - additional dose

One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is given at least 6 months after last dose.

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
t	Inj 30 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; adult vaccine, light grey cap0.00	10	Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5)

→ Restricted (RS2040)

Initiation - initial dose

Any of the following:

- 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 12-15 years old; or
- 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised people aged 12-15 years old; or
- 3 Up to two doses for previously unvaccinated people 16-29 years old; or
- 4 Up to four doses for people aged 16-29 at high risk of severe illness; or
- 5 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 30 and older.

Initiation - additional dose

One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is given at least 6 months after last dose. Continuation - additional dose

One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is given at least 6 months after last dose.

Ini 30 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 2.25 ml vial; adult vaccine, dark

10 Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5)

→ Restricted (RS2036)

Initiation - initial dose

Any of the following:

- 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 12-15 years old; or
- 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised people aged 12-15 years old; or
- 3 Up to two doses for previously unvaccinated people 16-29 years old; or
- 4 Up to four doses for people aged 16-29 at high risk of severe illness; or
- 5 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 30 and older.

Initiation - additional dose

One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is given at least 6 months after last dose. Continuation - additional dose

One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is given at least 6 months after last dose.

(Comirnaty Omicron XBB.1.5 Inj 3 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.2 ml, 0.4 ml vial; infant vaccine, maroon cap to be delisted 1 February 2025)

(Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5) Inj 10 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; paediatric vaccine, light blue cap to be delisted 1 February 2025)

(Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5) Inj 30 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; adult vaccine, light grey cap to be delisted 1 February 2025)

(Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5) Inj 30 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 2.25 ml vial; adult vaccine, dark grey cap to be delisted 1 February 2025)

HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	Havrix Junior
1	Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	Havrix 1440

→ Restricted (RS1638)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients: or
- 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE

Engerix-B

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2049)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 For patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients prior to planned immunosuppression for greater than 28 days; or
- 8 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 9 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 10 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients: or
- 11 Following needle stick injury.

→ Restricted (RS2050)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAq) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 For patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients prior to planned immunosuppression for greater than 28 days; or
- 8 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 9 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 10 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or
- 11 Following needle stick injury; or
- 12 For dialysis patients; or
- 13 For liver or kidney transplant patients.

HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VACCINE [HPV] - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS2038)

Initiation - Children aged 14 years and under

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Children aged 14 years and under.

Initiation - other conditions

Either:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2.2.2 Up to 3 doses people with a transplant (including stem cell); or

2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and under; or
 - 1.2 Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and over; and
- 2 The person has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The person has not previously had an HPV vaccine.

INFLUENZA VACCINE

→ Restricted (RS2013)

Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease: or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation - chronic respiratory disease

Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions

Either:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes: or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease: or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease: or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 1.6 HIV: or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders: or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
 - 1.16 Is a child 4 years of age or under (inclusive) who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ continued... significant respiratory illness; or 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a Public Hospital. Initiation - Serious mental health conditions or addiction Any of the following: 1 schizophrenia: or 2 major depressive disorder; or 3 bipolar disorder: or 4 schizoaffective disorder; or 5 person is currently accessing secondary or tertiary mental health and addiction services. MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Injection, measles virus 1.000 CCID50, mumps virus 5.012 CCID50. Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent 10 **Priorix** → Restricted (RS1487) Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months Therapy limited to 3 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children: or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Initiation - first dose after 12 months Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below **IPOL** → Restricted (RS1398) Initiation Therapy limited to 3 doses Fither: 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. **RABIES VACCINE** Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose, Rotarix Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose, 10 Rotarix ⇒ Restricted (RS1590) Initiation Therapy limited to 2 doses

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

continued...

Both:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and
- 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over.

VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE]

Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial −5% DV Dec-24 to 2027......0.00 10 Varilrix

→ Restricted (RS1591)

Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Either:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2039)

Initiation - people aged 18 years and over (Shingrix)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 Pre- and post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant or cellular therapy; or
- 2 Pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 3 Haematological malignancies: or
- 4 People living with poorly controlled HIV infection; or
- 5 Planned or receiving disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs targeted synthetic, biologic, or conventional synthetic) for polymyalgia rheumatica, systemic lupus erythematosus or rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 6 End stage kidney disease (CKD 4 or 5):: or
- 7 Primary immunodeficiency.



Pric	се		Brand or
(ex man. ex	xcl. GST)	Per	Generic
		Per	Manufacturer

Diagnostic Agents

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST

PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at schedule.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

apply to thom.			
BETA-HCG LOW SENSITIVITY URINE TEST KIT			
Note: For use in abortion services only.			
Midstream	16.28	1 test	CheckTop
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips	20.00	1	CareSens N Premier
Theter with 30 lancets, a landing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips	10.00	'	Caresens N
	10.00		Caresens N POP
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			Calesens IV I OI
Blood glucose test strips	10.56	50 test	CareSens N
		50 test	CareSens PRO
Test strips	10.50	50 lest	Calebells FINO
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
Test strips		10 strip	KetoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METE	:R		
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic			
test strips	20.00	1	CareSens Dual
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE			
Small	2.70	1	e-chamber Mask
PEAK FLOW METER		•	o onambor maon
Low Range	0.54	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low
Low halige	3.54	ı	Range
Normal Range	0.54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
•	3.54	ı	Milli-Wilght Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE			
Cassette - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	16.00	40 test	David One Step
			Cassette
	40.00		Pregnancy Test
	12.00		Smith BioMed Rapid
(One'th B': Mad Barid Brown Test Occupits to be delicted A March 2005)			Pregnancy Test
(Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test Cassette to be delisted 1 March 2025)			
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			
Test strip	22.00	50 strip	Ketostix
SPACER DEVICE			
220 ml (single patient)	3.65	1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)		1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml	6.50	1	Volumatic

- Symbols -		Agents Affecting the		Amgevita	179
Xaluprine	150	Renin-Angiotensin System	43	Amikacin	
8-methoxypsoralen		Agents for Parkinsonism and Re		Amiloride hydrochloride	
- A -		Disorders		Amiloride hydrochloride with	
A-Scabies	67	Agents Used in the Treatment of		furosemide	49
Abacavir sulphate	102	Poisonings		Amiloride hydrochloride with	
Abacavir sulphate with		Ajmaline		hydrochlorothiazide	49
lamivudine	102	Albalon		Aminolevulinic acid	
Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris		Albendazole	99	hydrochloride	171
Abciximab	179	Alchemy Caspofungin	97	Aminophylline	262
Abilify Maintena	133	Alchemy Oxaliplatin	158	Amiodarone hydrochloride	45
Abiraterone acetate	168	Alchemy Oxybutynin	76	Amisulpride	132
Acarbose	9	Aldurazyme	18	Amitriptyline	125
Accarb	9	Alecensa	158	Amlodipine	
Acetazolamide	269	Alectinib	158	Amorolfine	66
Acetec	43	Alendronate sodium	111	Amoxicillin	91
Acetic acid		Alendronate sodium with		Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid	91
Extemporaneously Compou	nded	colecalciferol	111	Amoxiclav Devatis Forte	91
Preparations		Alfacalcidol	27	Amoxiclav multichem	91
Genito-Urinary	73	Alfamino	293	Amphotericin B	
Acetic acid with hydroxyquinolin	ne,	Alfamino Junior	293	Alimentary	24
glycerol and ricinoleic acid		Alfentanil	123	Infections	
Acetic acid with propylene		Alglucosidase alfa	15	Amsacrine	151
glycol	271	Alinia		Amyl nitrite	272
Acetylcholine chloride		Allerfix	267	Anabolic Agents	77
Acetylcysteine		Allerpro Syneo 1	295	Anaesthetics	119
Aciclovir		Allerpro Syneo 2	295	Anagrelide hydrochloride	151
Infections	105	Allersoothe	256	Analgesics	122
Sensory	265	Allmercap	150	Anastrozole	171
Aciclovir-Baxter		Allopurinol	114	Anatrole	
Acid Citrate Dextrose A	35	Almarytm	45	Androgen Agonists and	
Acidex	5	Alpha tocopheryl		Antagonists	77
Acipimox	52	Alpha tocopheryl acetate	28	Anoro Ellipta	258
Acitretin	70	Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers	44	Antabuse	145
Act-HIB	302	Alphamox 125	91	Antacids and Antiflatulents	5
Actemra	231	Alphamox 250		Anti-Infective Agents	73
Actinomycin D	149	Alprolix	33	Anti-Infective Preparations	
Adalimumab (Amgevita)	179	Alprostadil	53	Dermatological	66
Adalimumab (Humira - alternat	ive	Alprostadil hydrochloride	54	Sensory	265
brand)	189	Alteplase	38	Anti-Inflammatory Preparations	266
Adapalene	67	Alum	280	Antiacne Preparations	67
Adcetris	199	Aluminium chloride	31	Antiallergy Preparations	255
Adenosine	45	Aluminium hydroxide	5	Antianaemics	29
Adenosine Baxter	45	Aluminium hydroxide with		Antiarrhythmics	45
Adrenaline		magnesium hydroxide and		Antibacterials	87
Cardiovascular	53	simeticone	<u>5</u>	Anticholinergic Agents	257
Respiratory	255	Alyacen	73	Anticholinesterases	111
Adsine		Amantadine hydrochloride	118	Antidepressants	125
Advantan	70	AmBisome	95	Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal	
Advate	34	Ambrisentan		Anti-Inflammatory Agents	<u>5</u>
Adynovate	35	Ambrisentan Viatris	54	Antiepilepsy Drugs	127
Aerrane	119	Amethocaine		Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and	d
Afinitor	250	Nervous	122	Local Sclerosants	31
Aflibercept	196	Sensory	268	Antifibrotics	259

			_
Antifungals95	Arrow-Norfloxacin92	Azithromycin	89
Antihypotensives46	Arrow-Ornidazole100	Azopt26	69
Antimigraine Preparations130	Arrow-Quinapril 1043	AZT10	03
Antimycobacterials98	Arrow-Quinapril 2043	Aztreonam	93
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents 130	Arrow-Quinapril 543	-B-	
Antiparasitics99	Arrow-Roxithromycin90	Bacillus calmette-guerin (BCG) 25	50
Antipruritic Preparations67	Arrow-Timolol269	Bacillus calmette-guerin	
Antipsychotic Agents132	Arrow-Topiramate129	vaccine30	01
Antiretrovirals101	Arrow-Tramadol125	Baclofen1	
Antirheumatoid Agents111	Arsenic trioxide151	Bacterial and Viral Vaccines30	
Antiseptics and Disinfectants274	Artemether with lumefantrine100	Bacterial Vaccines30	
Antispasmodics and Other Agents	Artesunate100	Balanced Salt Solution26	
Altering Gut Motility7	Articaine hydrochloride120	Baricitinib2	
Antithrombotics35	Articaine hydrochloride with	Barium sulphate2	
Antithymocyte globulin	adrenaline120	Barrier Creams and Emollients	
(equine) 250	Asacol6	Basiliximab19	
Antithymocyte globulin (rabbit)250	Ascend	BCG Vaccine AJV30	
Antiulcerants7	Ascorbic acid	BD PosiFlush	
Antivirals 104	Alimentary27	Beclazone 100	
Anxiolytics		Beclazone 250	
Anzatax167	Extemporaneously Compounded	Beclazone 50	
Apidra	Preparations	Beclomethasone dipropionate20	
•	Aspen Adrenaline53	Bedaquiline	n
Apidra Solostar	Aspirin		
APO-Atomoxetine141 APO-Candesartan HCTZ	Blood	Bee venom	
	Nervous	Bendamustine hydrochloride	
16/12.5	Asthalin	Bendamustine Sandoz14	
APO-Candesartan HCTZ	Atazanavir Mylan	Bendrofluazide	+8
32/12.5	Atazanavir Sulphate	Bendroflumethiazide	,,
Appropriation 118	Atazanavir Viatris103	[Bendrofluazide]	
Apraclonidine270	Atenolol	Benralizumab19	
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Apresoline54	Atenolol-AFT46	Benzatropine mesylate1	
Aprotinin31	Atezolizumab241	Benzbromaron AL 1001	
Aptamil Feed Thickener285	ATGAM250	Benzbromarone1	
Aqueous cream68	Ativan136	Benzocaine12	2(
Arachis oil [Peanut oil]280	Atomoxetine141	Benzocaine with tetracaine	
Aratac45	Atorvastatin50	hydrochloride12	2(
Arava111	Atovaquone with proguanil	Benzoin28	
Arginine	hydrochloride100	Benzoyl peroxide	
Alimentary16	Atracurium besylate115	Benztrop1	18
Various276	Atropine sulphate	Benzydamine hydrochloride	24
Arginine2000289	Cardiovascular45	Benzydamine hydrochloride with	
Argipressin [Vasopressin]86	Sensory270	cetylpyridinium chloride	24
Aripiprazole132–133	Atropt270	Benzylpenicillin sodium [Penicillin	
Aripiprazole Sandoz132	Aubagio138	G]	
Aristocort70	Augmentin91	Beractant26	
Arrotex-Prazosin S2945	Aurorix126	Beta Cream	69
Arrow - Clopid37	Avelox92	Beta Ointment	69
Arrow - Lattim270	Avonex137	Beta Scalp	
Arrow-Amitriptyline125	Avonex Pen137	Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists26	60
Arrow-Bendrofluazide49	Azacitidine149	Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers	46
Arrow-Brimonidine270	Azacitidine Dr Reddy's149	Beta-hCG low sensitivity urine test	
Arrow-Diazepam136	Azactam93	kit3	13
Arrow-Fluoxetine126	Azamun250	Betadine2	74
Arrow-Losartan &	Azathioprine250	Betahistine dihydrochloride13	30
Hydrochlorothiazide44	Azilect119	Betaine	

Betamethasone	78	Brentuximab vedotin	199	Calcium Homeostasis	7
Betamethasone dipropionate		Breo Ellipta		Calcium polystyrene sulphonate	
Betamethasone dipropionate with		Brevinor 1/28		Calcium Resonium	4
calcipotriol		Breztri Aerosphere		Calogen (neutral)	
Betamethasone sodium phospha		Bricanyl Turbuhaler		Calogen (strawberry)	28
with betamethasone acetate		Brimonidine tartrate		Candesartan cilexetil	۰،۷۰
			270	Candesartan cilexetil with	4
Betamethasone valerate	.09, 71	Brimonidine tartrate with timolol	070		
Betamethasone valerate with	70	maleate		hydrochlorothiazide	
clioquinol		Brinzolamide		Candestar	
Betamethasone valerate with sod		Bromocriptine		Capecitabine	
fusidate [Fusidic acid]		Brufen SR	11/	Capecitabine Viatris	. 14
Betaxolol		Budesonide	_	Capsaicin	
Betnovate		Alimentary		Musculoskeletal	
Betoptic		Respiratory256		Nervous	
Betoptic S		Budesonide Te Arai		Captopril	
Bevacizumab	198	Budesonide with eformoterol		Carbachol	
Bexsero	303	Budesonide with glycopyrronium ar		Carbamazepine	
Bezafibrate	50	eformoterol	258	Carbasorb-X	.27
Bezalip	50	Bumetanide	48	Carbimazole	8
Bezalip Retard	50	Bupafen	120	Carbomer	.27
Bicalutamide	169	Bupivacaine hydrochloride	120	Carboplatin	.15
Bicillin LA	91	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with		Carboplatin Accord	.15
BiCNU	148	adrenaline	120	Carboprost trometamol	
BiCNU S29	148	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with		Carboxymethylcellulose	
Bile and Liver Therapy		fentanyl	120	Alimentary	2
Biliscopin		Bupivacaine hydrochloride with		Extemporaneously Compounded	
Bimatoprost		glucose	. 120	Preparations	28
Binarex		Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM		Cardinol LA	
Binocrit		Buprenorphine with naloxone		Cardizem CD	
Biodone		Bupropion hydrochloride		CareSens Dual	
Biodone Extra Forte		Burinex		Caresens N	
Biodone Forte		Buscopan		Caresens N POP	
Biotin		Buserelin		CareSens N Premier	
				CareSens PRO	21
Bisacodyl		Buspirone hydrochloride			
Bisacodyl Viatris		Buspirone Viatris		Carglumic acid	
Bismuth subgallate	280	Busulfan	148	Carmellose sodium with pectin and	
Bismuth subnitrate and iodoform	070	- C -	00	gelatine	_
paraffin		Cabergoline	80	Alimentary	
Bisoprolol fumarate		Caffeine		Sensory	
Bivalirudin		Caffeine citrate		Carmustine	
Bleomycin sulphate	148	Calamine		Carvedilol	
Blood glucose diagnostic test		Calci-Tab 500		Carvedilol Sandoz	
meter	313	Calcipotriol		Casirivimab and imdevimab	. 19
Blood glucose diagnostic test		Calcitonin		Caspofungin	9
strip	313	Calcitriol	27	Catapres	
Blood ketone diagnostic test		Calcitriol-AFT	27	Cefaclor	
strip		Calcium carbonate		Cefalexin	
Bonney's blue dye	277	Calcium carbonate PAI	5	Cefalexin Sandoz	8
Boostrix		Calcium Channel Blockers	47	Cefazolin	8
Boric acid	280	Calcium chloride	39	Cefazolin-AFT	8
Bortezomib	151	Calcium folinate	167	Cefepime	
Bosentan		Calcium Folinate Ebewe	167	Cefepime-AFT	8
Bosentan Dr Reddy's		Calcium Folinate Sandoz		Cefotaxime	8
Botox		Calcium gluconate	-	Cefotaxime Sandoz	
Botulism antitoxin		Blood	40	Cefoxitin	
Bplex		Dermatological		Ceftaroline fosamil	
r		····			

Ceftazidime	88	Cilicaine VK	91	Genito-Urinary	73
Ceftazidime Kabi	88	Cimetidine	8	Clove oil	280
Ceftriaxone	88	Cinacalcet	<mark>77</mark>	Clozapine	132
Ceftriaxone-AFT	88	Cinacalet Devatis	<mark>77</mark>	Clozaril	132
Cefuroxime	88	Cinchocaine hydrochloride w	th	Clustran	130
Cefuroxime Devatis	88	hydrocortisone	7	Co-trimoxazole	94
Celapram	126	Ciprofloxacin		Coal tar	280
Celecoxib		Infections	92	Coal tar with salicylic acid and	
Celecoxib Pfizer	116	Sensory	265	sulphur	70
Celiprolol	46	Ciprofloxacin Kabi	92	Cocaine hydrochloride	121
CellCept	251	Ciprofloxacin Teva	265	Cocaine hydrochloride with	
Centrally-Acting Agents	48	Ciprofloxacin with		adrenaline	121
Cephalexin ABM	88	hydrocortisone	265	Codeine phosphate	
Cerobact		Ciproxin HC Otic		Extemporaneously Compound	ded
Cetirizine hydrochloride	256	Cisplatin	158	Preparations	
Cetomacrogol	68	Cisplatin Accord		Nervous	123
Cetomacrogol Cream AFT		Citalopram hydrobromide		Coenzyme Q10	
Cetomacrogol with glycerol		Citanest		Colchicine	
Cetomacrogol-AFT		Citrate sodium		Colecalciferol	
Cetrimide		Citric acid		Colestimethate	
Cetuximab		Citric acid with magnesium ca		Colestipol hydrochloride	
Charcoal		hydrate and sodium		Colestyramine	
CheckTop		picosulfate	13	Colestyramine - Mylan	51
Chemotherapeutic Agents		Citric acid with sodium		Colgout	
Chickenpox vaccine		bicarbonate	276	Colifoam	
Chloral hydrate		Citrulline1000		Colistin sulphomethate	
Chlorambucil		Cladribine		[Colestimethate]	93
Chloramphenicol		Clarithromycin		Colistin-Link	
Infections	93	Clexane		Collodion flexible	
Sensory		Clexane Forte		Colloidal bismuth subcitrate	
Chlorhexidine		Clindamycin		Colofac	
Chlorhexidine gluconate		Clinicians		Colony-Stimulating Factors	
Alimentary	24	Clinicians Multivit & Mineral		Coloxyl	
Extemporaneously Compou		Boost	25	Combigan	
Preparations		Clinicians Renal Vit		Comirnaty Omicron (JN.1)	
Genito-Urinary		Clobazam		Comirnaty Omicron	
Chlorhexidine with		Clobetasol propionate		(XBB.1.5)	306_307
cetrimide	27/ 277	Clobetasone butyrate		Comirnaty Omicron XBB.1.5	
Chlorhexidine with ethanol		Clofazimine		Compound electrolytes	
Chloroform		Clomazol		Compound electrolytes with gluc	
Chloroquine phosphate		Dermatological	66	[Dextrose]	
Chlorothiazide		Genito-Urinary		Compound hydroxybenzoate	
Chlorpheniramine maleate		Clomifene citrate		Compound sodium lactate	200
Chlorpromazine hydrochloride.		Clomipramine hydrochloride.		[Hartmann's solution]	40
				Comtan	
Chlorsig Chlortalidone [Chlorthalidone] .		Clonazanam		Concerta	
Chlorthalidone		Clonazepam			
Choice 380 7med Nsha Silver/		Clonidine hydrochloride	40	Condyline Contraceptives	
Short		Clonidine Teva		Contrast Media	
Cholestyramine		Clopidogrel		Copaxone	
Choriogonadotropin alfa		Clopine	100 100	Copper	
Ciclopirox olamine		Clopixol	133, 136	Copper chloride	
Ciclosporin	1/2	Clostridium botulinum type A	446	Corticorelin (ovine)	81
Cidofovir		toxin	115	Corticosteroids	_
Cidomycin P/Free		Clotrimazole		Dermatological	
Cilazapril	43	Dermatological	66	Hormone Preparations	78

Cosentyx	228	DBL Amikacin	87	Dextrose	
Cosmegen	149	DBL Aminophylline		Alimentary	
Coversyl	43	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate	148	Blood	40, 4
COVID-19 vaccine	306	DBL Bortezomib	151	Extemporaneously Compounde	ed
Creon 10000		DBL Cefotaxime	88	Preparations	
Creon 25000	12	DBL Dacarbazine	151	Dextrose with sodium citrate and	
Creon Micro	12	DBL Desferrioxamine Mesylat	e for Inj	citric acid [Acid Citrate Dextrose	Э
Crotamiton	67	BP	274	A]	3
Crystaderm	66	DBL Docetaxel	167	DHC Continus	12
Cu 375 Standard		DBL Ergometrine	74	Diabetes	
Curam	91	DBL Gemcitabine		Diacomit	12
Curam Duo 500/125	91	DBL Gentamicin	87	Diagnostic Agents	
Curosurf	264	DBL Leucovorin Calcium	167	Vaccines	31
Cvite	27	DBL Methotrexate Onco-Vial	150	Various	27
Cyclizine hydrochloride	131	DBL Naloxone Hydrochloride	272	Diagnostic and Surgical	
Cyclizine lactate		DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride		Preparations	26
Cyclogyl		DBL Vincristine Sulfate		Diamide Relief	
Cyclonex		Decongestants		Diamox	26
Cyclopentolate hydrochloride		Decongestants and		Diasip (strawberry)	29
Cyclophosphamide		Antiallergics	267	Diasip (vanilla)	
Cycloserine		Decozol		Diatrizoate meglumine with sodium	
Cymevene		Deferasirox	273	amidotrizoate	
Cyproheptadine hydrochloride		Deferiprone	273	Diatrizoate sodium	
Cyproterone acetate		Defibrotide		Diazepam12	7, 13
Cyproterone acetate with		Definity		Diazoxide	,
ethinyloestradiol	73	Demeclocycline hydrochloride		Alimentary	
Cystadane		Denosumab		Cardiovascular	
Cysteamine hydrochloride	280	Deolate		Dichlorobenzyl alcohol with	
Cytarabine		Deoxycoformycin		amylmetacresol	2
Cytotec		Depo-Medrol		Diclofenac Sandoz	
- D -		Depo-Provera		Diclofenac sodium	
D-Penamine	111	Depo-Testosterone		Musculoskeletal	11
Dabigatran	35	Deprim		Sensory	26
Dacarbazine	151	Dermol	69, 71	Dicobalt edetate	
Dactinomycin [Actinomycin D]		Desferrioxamine mesilate	274	Diflucan	9
Daivobet		Desflurane	119	Diflucortolone valerate	
Daivonex	70	Desmopressin	86	Digestives Including Enzymes	1
Dalacin C	93	Desmopressin acetate		Digoxin	
Danaparoid	35	Desmopressin-PH&T		Digoxin immune Fab	
Dantrium		Dexamethasone		Dihydrocodeine tartrate	
Dantrium IV	115	Hormone Preparations	78	Dihydroergotamine mesylate	
Dantrolene	115	Sensory		Diltiazem CD Clinect	
Daonil	11	Dexamethasone phosphate		Diltiazem hydrochloride	4
Dapa-Tabs		Dexamethasone with framyce		Dimercaprol	
Dapsone		gramicidin		Dimercaptosuccinic acid	
Daptomycin		Dexamethasone with neomyc		Dimethicone	66-6
Daptomycin Dr Reddy's		sulphate and polymyxin B		Dimethyl fumarate	
Darunavir		sulphate	265	Dimethyl sulfoxide	
Darunavir Viatris		Dexamethasone with		Dinoprostone	
Dasatinib		tobramycin	265	Dipentum	
Dasatinib-Teva		Dexamfetamine sulfate		Diphemanil metilsulfate	7
Daunorubicin		Dexmedetomidine		Diphenoxylate hydrochloride with	
David One Step Cassette Pregr		Dexmedetomidine Viatris		atropine sulphate	
Test		Dexmethsone		Diphtheria antitoxin	27
DBL Acetylcysteine		Dexrazoxane		Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis	
DBL Adrenaline				portable	

	000	D 4" " D		E 100 1 10 17 1	
vaccine	302	Drugs Affecting Bone		Empagliflozin with metformin	
Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis and		Metabolism		hydrochloride	
polio vaccine	301	Dual blood glucose and blood keto		Emsogen	290
Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio,		diagnostic test meter	313	Emtricitabine	102
hepatitis B and haemophilus		Dulaglutide	11	Emtricitabine with tenofovir	
influenzae type B vaccine	301	Dulcolax SP Drop	15	disoproxil	106
Diprosone	69	Duocal Super Soluble Powder	284	Emtriva	102
Dipyridamole	37	Duolin	257	Emulsifying ointment	68
Disodium edetate	.268	Duolin Cipla	257	Emulsifying Ointment ADE	68
Disodium hydrogen phosphate with		DuoResp Spiromax	262	Enalapril maleate	
sodium dihydrogen		Duovisc		Enbrel	
phosphate	280	Duride	52	Endocrine Therapy	
Disopyramide phosphate		Durvalumab	242	Endoxan	
Disulfiram		Dynastat	117	Energivit	
Dithranol		Dysport		Engerix-B30	
Diuretics		- E -		Enhertu	
Dobutamine		e-chamber La Grande	313	Enlafax XR	
Dobutamine-hameln		e-chamber Mask		Enoxaparin sodium	
Docetaxel		e-chamber Turbo		Enstilar	
Docusate sodium	. 107	E-Mycin		Ensure (Chocolate)	
Alimentary	14	E-Z-Gas II		Ensure (Vanilla)	
•					
Sensory	. 27 1	Easiphen Liquid		Ensure Plus (Banana)	
Docusate sodium with	4.4	Econazole nitrate		Ensure Plus (Chocolate)	300
sennosides		Edrophonium chloride		Ensure Plus (Fruit of the	000
Dolutegravir		Efavirenz		Forest)	
Dolutegravir with lamivudine		Efavirenz Milpharm	102	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)	
Domperidone		Efavirenz with emtricitabine and	400	Ensure Plus HN	
Domperidone Viatris		tenofovir disoproxil	102	Ensure Plus HN RTH	
Donepezil hydrochloride		Eformoterol fumarate		Ensure Two Cal HN RTH	
Dopamine Basi		Eformoterol fumarate dihydrate	261	Entacapone	
Dopamine hydrochloride		Eftrenonacog alfa [Recombinant		Entecavir	
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