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Circulation

You can register to have an electronic version of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, Section H for Hospital Pharmaceuticals (link to PDF copy) emailed to your nominated email address each month by subscribing at schedule.pharmac.govt.nz/subscribe.

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4	General Rules	Part I
5	Alimentary Tract and Metabolism	Part II
28	Blood and Blood Forming Organs	
42	Cardiovascular System	
65	Dermatologicals	
72	Genito-Urinary System	
76	Hormone Preparations	
86	Infections	
110	Musculoskeletal System	
117	Nervous System	
145	Oncology Agents and Immunosuppressants	
243	Respiratory System and Allergies	
252	Sensory Organs	
259	Various	
267	Extemporaneous Compounds (ECPs)	
270	Special Foods	
288	Vaccines	
300	Optional Pharmaceuticals	Part III
301	Index	

Introducing Pharmac

Introducing Pharmac

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (Pharmac) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. Pharmac negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list.

Pharmac's role:

"to secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that are reasonably achievable from pharmaceutical treatment and from within the amount of funding provided."

Pae Ora (Healthy Futures) Act 2022

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about Pharmac and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the Pharmac website at https://pharmac.govt.nz/about.

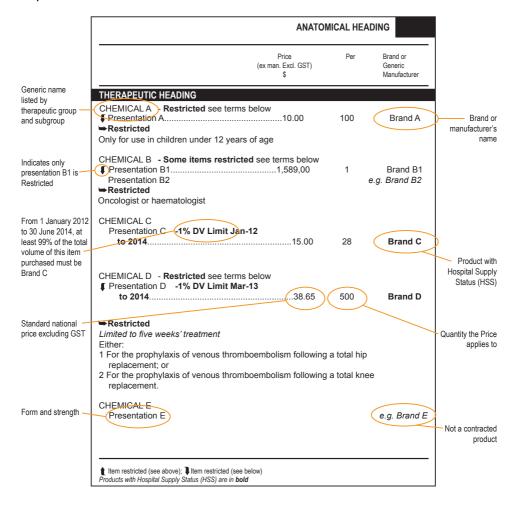
Glossary

Units of Measure gram g microgram..... mcg millimole......mmol kilogram.....kg milligram mg unit......u international unitiu millilitre......ml **Abbreviations** application app enteric coated......EC solutionsoln capsule cap granules.....grans suppositorysuppos cream.....crm injectioninj tablet......tab dispersibledisp liquidliq tincture.....tinc effervescent.....eff lotion......lotn emulsion emul ointment......oint

HSS Hospital Supply Status

Guide to Section H listings

Example



PART I: GENERAL RULES

General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A.

 $\label{eq:Read-the-general-Rules} \textbf{Read the } \underline{\textbf{General Rules}}: \underline{\textbf{https://pharmac.govt.nz/section-a}}.$

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

		Price excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antacids and Antiflatulents				
Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents				
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIN Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticone 20 Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simeticone	mg	IE		e.g. Mylanta
30 mg per 5 ml				e.g. Mylanta Double Strength
SIMETICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml Oral drops 40 mg per ml				
SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sa SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM	CARBON	IATE		e.g. Gaviscon Infant
Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbona 160 mg	ite			e.g. Gaviscon Extra Strength
Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carb 160 mg per 10 ml	onate	7.50	500 ml	Acidex
SODIUM CITRATE Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)		.25.00	90 ml	Biomed
Phosphate Binding Agents				
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg				
CALCIUM CARBONATE – Restricted see terms below Oral liq 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml)		.47.30 39.00	473 ml 500 ml	Calcium carbonate PAI Roxane
→ Restricted (RS1698) Initiation		00.00	000 1111	Tioxano
Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbonate inappropriate	tablets o	or where ca	alcium carbo	onate tablets are
Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Ag	ents			
Antipropulsives				
DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg				
LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 2 mg Cap 2 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			400 400	Nodia Diamide Relief
Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories				
BUDESONIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page Cap modified-release 3 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025		.87.60	90	Budesonide Te Arai

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1723)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes: or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis*: and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Diabetes; or
 - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
 - 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

Bectal toam 10% CFC tree (14 applications)	Rectal foam 10%	. CFC free (14 applications)	26.55	15 a	Colifoar
--	-----------------	------------------------------	-------	------	----------

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1%

MESALAZINE

LOALAZINL			
Tab EC 400 mg	49.50	100	Asacol
Tab long-acting 500 mg		100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg		90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g		100 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg		20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g		28	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml	41.30	7	Pentasa

,	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	an. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
DLSALAZINE			
Tab 500 mg	93.37	100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg	53.00	100	Dipentum
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM			
Rectal foam 20 mg per dose (14 applications)	74.10	1	Essential Prednisolone
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE			
Cap 100 mg			
SULFASALAZINE			
Tab 500 mg	16.52	100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg	17.86	100	Salazopyrin EN
Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders			
Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations			
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE			
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	15.00	30 g	Proctosedyl
Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	9.90	12	Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE AND	CINCHOCAI	ΝE	
Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 5 mg per g	13.05	30 g	Ultraproct
Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 1 mg	8.61	12	Ultraproct
Management of Anal Fissures			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE			
Oint 0.2%	22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants			
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY]			
Inj 5%, 5 ml vial			
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Motility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	19.00	5	Robinul
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE			
Tab 10 mg	6.35	100	Buscopan
Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1.91	1	Spazmol
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 135 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	8.50	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants			
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective			
MISOPROSTOL			
Tab 200 mcg	47.73	120	Cytotec

ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **H2 Antagonists CIMETIDINE** Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg **FAMOTIDINE** Tab 20 mg Tab 40 mg Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial RANITIDINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1703) Initiation Fither: 1 For continuation use; or 2 Routine prevention of allergic reactions.. **Proton Pump Inhibitors** LANSOPRAZOLE 100 Lanzol Relief 100 Lanzol Relief **OMEPRAZOLE** Tab dispersible 10 mg → Restricted (RS1027) Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. → Restricted (RS1027) Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. 90 Omeprazole actavis 10 90 Omeprazole actavis 20 90 Omeprazole actavis 40 Powder for oral lig......42.50 5 a Midwest 5 Dr Reddy's Omeprazole 5 Omezol IV PANTOPRAZOI F 90 Panzop Relief Panzop Relief Inj 40 mg vial Site Protective Agents

COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE 50 Gastrodenol

SUCRALFATE

Tab 1 g

8

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Bile and Liver Therapy

L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below

- Grans for oral liquid 3 q
- → Restricted (RS1261)

Initiation

For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated.

RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1416)

Initiation

For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose.

Diabetes

Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors

AC	AR	BC	SE

Tab 50 mg	8.95	90	Accarb
Tab 100 mg	15.29	90	Accarb

Hyperglycaemic Agents

 Restricted 	caa tarme	holow
- nesincieu	300 (011113	DEIOW

1	Cap 25 mg110.00	100	Proglicem
t	Cap 100 mg280.00	100	Proglicem
	Oral liq 50 mg per ml		Proglycem

→ Restricted (RS1028)

Initiation

For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.

GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE

lr	ii 1 ma svrinae ki	t32.00	1 (Glucagen H	lvpok	it

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Tab 1.5 g

Tab 3.1 g

Tab 4 g

Oral soln 15 g per 80 ml sachet.......70.00 50 HypoPak Glucose

Gel 40%

GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE

Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet

Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations

INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE

Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per ml,			
3 ml prefilled pen	52.15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen

INSULIN ISOPHANE

Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge

(ex	Price man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE		_	
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge	42.66	5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge	42.66	5	Humalog Mix 50
NSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 ml			
vial Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN GLARGINE		_	
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		5 5	Lantus SoloStar Lantus
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe NSULIN GLULISINE	51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		5 5	Apidra Apidra Solostar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen NSULIN LISPRO Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	40.07	5	Apidra Solosiai
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN NEUTRAL Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg	7.50	100	Daonil
GLICLAZIDE Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	20.10	500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE			
Tab 5 mg	4.58	100	Minidiab

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻	Γ)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027	14.74	1,000	Metformin Viatris
Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Aug-23 to 2027	11.28	500	Metformin Viatris
IOGLITAZONE			
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.15	90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7.25	90	Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	12.00	90	Vexazone
ILDAGLIPTIN			
Tab 50 mg	35.00	60	Galvus
ILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	35.00	60	Galvumet
Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Galvumet

GLP-1 Agonists

DULAGLUTIDE

LIRAGLUTIDF

SGI T2 Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1852)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For continuation use; or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for a GLP-1 agonist; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*; or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*; and
 - 3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS*	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
EMPAGLIFLOZIN - Restricted see terms on the previous page				
Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonis	t.			
1 Tab 10 mg	58.56	30	Jardiance	
1 Tab 25 mg	58.56	30	Jardiance	
EMPAGLIFLOZIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restric Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonis		e previous	page	
Tab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet	
Tab 5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet	
Tab 12.5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet	
Tab 12.5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet	
Digestives Including Enzymes				

PANCREATIC ENZYME

Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 U protease))

Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph Eur 100 Creon 10000 Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U. lipase 25,000 Ph Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U)94.38 100 Creon 25000 Modified release granules pancreatin 60.12 mg (amylase 3,600 Ph Eur 20 g Creon Micro Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph. Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease) URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below 100 Ursosan

→ Restricted (RS1824)

Initiation - Alaqille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis

Fither:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults: and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation - Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

continued...

P	rice			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)	_	Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Initiation - prevention of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1732 trial; and
- 2 The patient has leukaemia/lymphoma and is receiving inotuzumab ozogamicin.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and

sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.g. PicoPrep Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM CHLORIDE AND CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 52.9 g with ascorbic acid 6 g, potassium chloride

740 mg, sodium chloride 2.6 g and sodium sulphate 5.6 g per

sachet (1) and powder for oral soln citric acid 12 g with magnesium

carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

(2) e.g. Prepkit Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg,

sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g,

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg,

sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g,

210 g sachet e.g. Glycoprep Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH/WITHOUT SODIUM SULFATE, SODIUM ASCORBATE, ASCORBIC ACID

Powd for oral soln 100g with potassium chloride 1g, sodium chloride 2g

and sodium sulfate 9g per sach(1), powd for oral soln 40g with

potassium chloride 1.2g and sodium chloride 3.2g per sach(1) and

powd for oral soln ascorbic acid 7.54g and sodium ascorbate

Bulk-Forming Agents

ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK

STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Powder for oral soln

(e	Pricex man. e	xcl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Faecal Softeners				
OCUSATE SODIUM				
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
OCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES				,
Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025		3.50	200	Laxsol
ARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml				
OLOXAMER				
Oral drops 10% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4.17	30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral				
ETHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below				5
Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial		6.00 6.00	1 7	Relistor Relistor
• Restricted (RS1601) iltiation – Opioid induced constipation oth:	2.	0.00	,	rioliotoi
The patient is receiving palliative care; and				
2 Fither:				
			lerated.	
Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a			lerated.	
Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Osmotic Laxatives LYCEROL	re unabl	e to be to		
Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Osmotic Laxatives	re unabl	e to be to	elerated.	Lax-suppositories Glycerol
Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Osmotic Laxatives LYCEROL	re unabl	e to be to		Lax-suppositories Glycerol
2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Cosmotic Laxatives LYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations. ACTULOSE	1	e to be to	20	Glycerol
2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Cosmotic Laxatives ELYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations. ACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1	e to be to 0.39	20 500 ml	Glycerol Laevolac
2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Cosmotic Laxatives LYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations. ACTULOSE	1	e to be to 0.39	20 500 ml	Glycerol Laevolac
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2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Cosmotic Laxatives ELYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	nre unablo	e to be to 0.39 3.61 ID SODIL	20 500 ml	Glycerol Laevolac
2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Cosmotic Laxatives ELYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations. ACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 ACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBON Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, sodium bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, sodium bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026. ODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE	10	e to be to 0.39 3.61 ID SODIL	20 500 ml JM CHLO	Giycerol Laevolac RIDE
2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Cosmotic Laxatives ELYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		0.39 3.61 ID SODIU	20 500 ml JM CHLO	Giycerol Laevolac RIDE
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2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Cosmotic Laxatives ELYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations. ACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 LACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBON Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, sodium bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, sodium bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026. ODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml – 5 DV Jun-23 to 2025.		0.39 3.61 ID SODIU 8.50	20 500 ml JM CHLO 30	Giycerol Laevolac RIDE Molaxole Micolette
2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral induced 2.8 Oral indu		0.39 3.61 ID SODIU 8.50	20 500 ml JM CHLO 30 50	Giycerol Laevolac RIDE Molaxole Micolette
2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Cosmotic Laxatives ELYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		0.39 3.61 ID SODIU 8.50	20 500 ml JM CHLO 30 50	Giycerol Laevolac RIDE Molaxole
2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation a Cosmotic Laxatives ELYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations. ACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 ACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBON Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, sodium bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, sodium bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026. ODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml – 9 DV Jun-23 to 2025. ODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%		e to be to 0.39 3.61 ID SODIU 8.50 5.89 2.50	20 500 ml JM CHLO 30 50	Giycerol Laevolac RIDE Molaxole Micolette

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)
e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

SENNOSIDES

Tab 7.5 mg

SODIUM PICOSULFATE - Restricted see terms below

¶ Oral soln 7.5 mg per ml7.40 30 ml Dulcolax SP Drop

→ Restricted (RS1843)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient is a child with problematic constipation despite an adequate trial of other oral pharmacotherapies including macrogol where practicable; and
- 2 The patient would otherwise require a high-volume bowel cleansing preparation.

Metabolic Disorder Agents

ALGI UCOSIDASE ALEA - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1793)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
 - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
 - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
 - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT: and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT: and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

ARGININE

Tab 1,000 mg

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Ini 500 mg per ml. 10 ml vial

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1794)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
 - 2.2 A 5,10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
 - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Cap 100 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1330)

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

CARGLUMIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

- Tab disp 200 mg
- → Restricted (RS1831)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

For the acute in-patient treatment of organic acidaemias as an alternative to haemofiltration.

COENZYME Q10 - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1832)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to coenzyme Q10 supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to coenzyme Q10 supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Restricted (RS1795) Initiation	2,234.00	1	Naglazyme	

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates: and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to FRT.

HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

Elaprase

→ Restricted (RS1546)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT): and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below

Aldurazvme

→ Restricted (RS1607)

Initiation

Metabolic physician All of the following:

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

continued...

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
` c	Por	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT): and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 250 mg
- Cap 500 mg
- Oral lig 500 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 50 mg
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

RIBOFI AVIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1833)

Initiation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to riboflavin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to riboflavin supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1796)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 1 month

All of the following:

continued...

|--|

continued...

- 1 Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or actively planning to become pregnant; and
- 2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient has demonstrated an adequate response to a 2 to 4 week trial of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction in phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; or
 - 1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has previously demonstrated response to treatment with
- sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with sapropterin will not continue after delivery; or
 - 2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the first renewal for treatment with sapropterin; or
 - 2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second or subsequent pregnancy to support management of their PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab 500 mg

↓ Grans 483 mg per g......2,016.00 174 g Pheburane

Oral liq 250 mg per ml

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1797)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TALIGLUCERASE ALFA - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1897)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of symptomatic type 1 or type 3* Gaucher disease confirmed by the demonstration of specific deficiency of glucocerebrosidase in leukocytes or cultured skin fibroblasts, and genotypic analysis; and
- 2 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) or the disease might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has haematological complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.2 Patient has skeletal complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.3 Patient has significant liver dysfunction or hepatomegaly attributable to Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.4 Patient has reduced vital capacity from clinically significant or progressive pulmonary disease due to Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.5 Patient is a child and has experienced growth failure with significant decrease in percentile linear growth over a 6-12 month period; and
- 4 Taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

Continuation

Metabolic physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 3 years

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has demonstrated a symptomatic improvement and has maintained improvements in the main symptom or symptoms for which therapy was started; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated a clinically objective improvement or no deterioration in haemoglobin levels, platelet counts and liver and spleen size; and
- 3 RRadiological (MRI) signs of bone activity performed at two years since initiation of treatment, and five yearly thereafter, demonstrate no deterioration shown by the MRI, compared with MRI taken immediately prior to commencement of therapy or adjusted dose; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Patient is adherent with regular treatment and taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

TAURINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- Cap 1,000 mg

→ Restricted (RS1834)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected specific mitochondrial disorder that may respond to taurine supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of a specific mitochondrial disorder which responds to taurine supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TRIENTINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2025 → Restricted (RS2026) Initiation	2,022.00	100	Trientine Waymade

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Wilson disease: and
- 2 Treatment with D-penicillamine has been trialled and discontinued because the person has experienced intolerable side effects or has not received sufficient benefit; and
- 3 Treatment with zinc has been trialled and discontinued because the person has experienced intolerable side effects or has not received sufficient benefit, or zinc is considered clinically inappropriate as the person has symptomatic liver disease and requires copper chelation.

TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 300 mg

(Any Cap 300 mg to be delisted 1 October 2024)

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab eff 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)

Copper

→ Restricted (RS1928)

Initiation - Moderate to severe burns

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and
- 2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist.

COPPER - Restricted see terms above

1 Tab 2.5 mg, chelated

COPPER CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 0.4 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Fluoride

SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

lodine

POTASSIUM IODATE

POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE

Oral lig 10% with iodine 5%

3.04	100	Ferro-tab
	100	Ferro-tab
5.98		
	100	Ferro-F-Tabs
2.55 13.10	30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan
150.00	1	Ferinject
100.00	5	Venofer
34.50	5	Ferrosig
	13.10	13.10 500 ml150.00 1100.00 5

Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental)

Suspension 8% MAGNESIUM OXIDE

Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental)

Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE. MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE AND MAGNESIUM CITRATE

Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium amino acid chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg elemental magnesium)

MAGNESIUM SULPHATE

Inj 100 mg per ml, 40 ml bag

Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag

10 Inresa 10 Martindale

Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Selenium

SELENIUM - Restricted see terms below

Oral liq 150 mcg per 3 drops

e.g. Clinicians selenium oral drops

■ Inj 300 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

⇒ Restricted (RS1929)

Initiation - Moderate to severe burns

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and
- 2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist.

Zinc

ZINC

Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops

ZINC CHI ORIDE

Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule

ZINC SULPHATE

Mouth and Throat

Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Soln 0.15%

Spray 0.15%

Spray 0.3%

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORIDE

Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Oral spray

CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE

Paste

Powder

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Mouthwash 0.2%

DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL

Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE

Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives

AMPHOTERICIN B

Oral gel 20 mg per g......4.74

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Decozol

40 g

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NYSTATIN Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	 2.22	24 ml	Nilstat

Other Oral Agents

HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]

Inj 20 mg per ml

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

→ Restricted (RS1175)

Otolaryngologist

Vitamins

Multivitamin Preparations

MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1498)

Initiation

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or
 - 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or
 - 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1499)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
- 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).</p>

(ex	man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MULTIVITAMINS				
Tab (BPC cap strength) - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		18.50	1,000	Mvite
cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg, alph tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg, riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 mg, cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg → Restricted (RS1620)	na			e.g. Vitabdeck
nitiation				
Any of the following:				
 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome. 	; or			
Powder vitamin A 3200 mcg with vitamin D 100 mcg, vitamin E 54.2 m, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 108 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 41 mg, vitamin B6 3.6 mg, folic acid 600 mcg, vitam B12 9 mcg, biotin 120 mcg, pantothenic acid 24 mg, choline 1250 mg and inositol 700 mg	nin	74.88	200 g	Paediatric Seravit
→ Restricted (RS1178)			J	
nitiation				
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism. Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 m with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1)				e.g. Pabrinex IV
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 m with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1)				•
Vitamin A				
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml Oral liq 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml				
Vitamin B				
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		.2.46	3	Hydroxocobalamin Panpharma
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Tab 50 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial			90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Pyridoxine multichem

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	4.65	100	Thiamine multichem
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC	 .11.25	500	Bplex
Vitamin C			
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 Tab chewable 250 mg	 .12.50	500	Cvite
Vitamin D			
ALFACALCIDOL			
Cap 0.25 mcg		100	One-Alpha
Cap 1 mcg		100	One-Alpha
Oral drops 2 mcg per ml	 .60.68	20 ml	One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL			
Cap 0.25 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		100	Calcitriol-AFT
Cap 0.5 mcg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	 .13.68	100	Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL			
Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	 3.65	12	Vit.D3
Oral lig 188 mcg per ml (7,500 iu per ml)	 9.00	5 ml	Clinicians

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

- Oral liq 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1632)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A.D.E.K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 u
- Cap 500 u
- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1176)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Antianaemics

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

EPOETIN ALFA - Restricted see terms below

† † † † † †	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	100.00 150.00 96.50 125.00 145.00 175.00	6 6 6 6 6 6	Binocrit Binocrit Binocrit Binocrit Binocrit Binocrit Binocrit Binocrit
	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe		6 1	Binocrit Binocrit

→ Restricted (RS1660)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Roth
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment: and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic S Per Manufacturer

FPOFTIN BFTA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1661)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L: and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Haematologist; and
- 2 For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative; and
- 3 *Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID 26.60 1,000 Folic Acid multichem Tab 0.8 mg 5 mg 1,000 Folic Acid multichem Tab 5 mg 100 Folic Acid Viatris Oral liq 50 mcg per ml 30.26 25 ml Biomed Inj 5 mg per ml 10 ml vial 10 ml vial 10 ml vial 10 ml vial

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

e.g. Driclor

Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

→ Restricted (RS1500)

Initiation

For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 10.000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1332)

Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Either:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure: or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

FLTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg3,100.00	28	Revolade

→ Restricted (RS1648)

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
 - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding: or
 - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

continued...

	Price			Brand or
(e	x man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter: or
 - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

4 T....

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

EMICIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 30 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
1	Inj 60 mg in 0.4 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
	Inj 105 mg in 0.7 ml vial		Hemlibra
t	Inj 150 mg in 1 ml vial17,846.00	1	Hemlibra

⇒ Restricted (RS1998)

Initiation - Severe Haemophilia A with or without FVIII inhibitors

Haematologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia A with a severe bleeding phenotype (endogenous factor VIII activity less than or equal to 2%); and
- 2 Emicizumab is to be administered at a dose of no greater than 3 mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks followed by the equivalent of 1.5 mg/kg weekly.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POLIDOCANOL

Ini 0.5%. 30 ml vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule			
THROMBIN Powder			
TRANEXAMIC ACID Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025 Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	5.95	60 5	Mercury Pharma Tranexamic-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Anticoagulant Reversal Agents	5.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT
IDARUCIZUMAB − Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Restricted (RS1535)	4,250.00	2	Praxbind

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding,

Blood Factors

or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

EFTRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Re	estricted see terms below		
Inj 250 iu vial	612.50	1	Alprolix
Inj 500 iu vial	1,225.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 2,000 iu vial	4,900.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 3,000 iu vial	7,350.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 4,000 iu vial		1	Alprolix
⇒ Restricted (RS1684)	-,		

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
_	Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
1	Inj 5 mg syringe	5,891.50	1	NovoSeven RT
1	Ini 8 ma syringe	9.426.40	1	NovoSeven RT

→ Restricted (RS1704)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is by named patient application to the Haemophilia Treaters Group, subject to access criteria.

FACTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 U1,315.00	1	FEIBA NF
t	Inj 1,000 U2,630.00	1	FEIBA NF
t	lnj 2,500 U6,575.00	1	FEIBA NF

→ Restricted (RS1705)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restrict	ted see terms below		
Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe	287.50	1	Xyntha
Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
→ Restricted (RS1706)	,		,

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	210.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 500 iu vial	420.00	1	Advate
	lnj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
t	Inj 1,500 iu vial	.1,260.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	.1,680.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	.2,520.00	1	Advate
	•			

→ Restricted (RS1707)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 500 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS

→ Restricted (RS1708)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

RURIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial300.00	1	Adynovate
t	Inj 500 iu vial	1	Adynovate
		1	Adynovate
		1	Adynovate
	Producted (PO4000)		•

→ Restricted (RS1682)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	-	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Vitamin K				
PHYTOMENADIONE Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			5 5	Konakion MM Konakion MM

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 250 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1181)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

DABIGATRAN

Cap 75 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202627.99	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202627.99	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202627.99	60	Pradaxa

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1182)

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1183)

Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml,

100 ml bag

ENOXAPARIN SODIUM

Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	31.28	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule			
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	42.49	10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane Forte
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe	143.86	10	Clexane Forte

	Pric	e		Brand or
	(ex man. ex		Per	Generic Manufacturer
ONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe				
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe				
Restricted (RS1184)				
itiation or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or he	narin intal	oronoo		
EPARIN SODIUM	ραιιι ιποι	ciance.		
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml vial – 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025	83	3.00	10	Heparin Sodium
11 0,000 to por 111, 0 111 viai		5.00	10	Panpharma
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	362	2.98	50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	127	7.44	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule				
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	70	0.33	5	Hospira
EPARINISED SALINE				
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	96	5.91	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
HENINDIONE				
Tab 10 mg				
Tab 25 mg				
Tab 50 mg				
ROTAMINE SULPHATE				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
IVAROXABAN				
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			28	Xarelto
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	14	1.56	28	Xarelto
ODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM CHL	-			
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 74.6	mcg			
per ml, 5,000 ml bag				
ARFARIN SODIUM				
Tab 1 mg		7.50	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg	47	000	100	Manana
Tab 3 mg Tab 5 mg			100 100	Marevan Marevan
Tab 5 mg	18	5.30	100	Malevali
Antiplatelets				
SPIRIN				
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		1.95	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
-		2.65	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg				
LOPIDOGREL				
Tab 75 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		5.07	84	Arrow - Clopid
PYRIDAMOLE				•
Tab 25 mg				
Tab long-acting 150 mg	13	3.93	60	Pytazen SR

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EPTIFIBATIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	180.38	1	Eptifibatide Viatris
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial	526.50	1	Mylan Eptifibatide Viatris
→ Restricted (RS1759) Initiation Any of the following:			

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary thrombus on coronary angiography; or
- 3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

LYSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 500 mg

→ Restricted (RS1689)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and
- 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure.

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 90 mg − **5% DV Dec-24 to 2027**......20.35 56 **Ticagrelor Sandoz**

⇒ Restricted (RS1774)

Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

Initiation – thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure* in the last 60 days; or
 - 1.2 Patient is about to have a neurological stenting procedure performed*; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance using the P2Y12 (VerifyNow) assay or another appropriate platelet function assay and requires antiplatelet treatment with ticagrelor; or
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of a new cerebral ischemic event; or
 - 2.2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of transient ischemic attack symptoms referable to the stent...

Continuation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.

Initiation - Percutaneous coronary intervention with stent deployment

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Patient has undergone percutaneous coronary intervention; and

continued...

e.g. Aspegic

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient has had a stent deployed in the previous 4 weeks; and
- 3 Patient is clopidogrel-allergic**.

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Notes: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Note: ** Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICL OPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial

Ini 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Inj 5,000 iu vial

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Inj 50,000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 250,000 iu vial

Inj 500,000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1536)

Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.1.2 Either:
 - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10×10^6 /L on day 5 after

BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS				
	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
4 days of G-CSF treatment; or 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1×10^6 CD34 cells/kg	have failed afte	r one a	oheresis	procedure; or
3.2 Both:	,	·	'	•
3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CS3.2.2 Any of the following:3.2.2.1 Both:	F mobilisation; a	nd		
3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts	of > 5 × 10 ⁹ /l·a	ind		
3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood			n or equa	al to 10 $ imes$ 10^6 /L; or
3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 $\times 10^6$ CD34 cells/kg				
3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts a	-		-	as been received; or
3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF	pius chemothera	ару паѕ	ialleu.	
Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors				
FILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below		_		
 Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial 			10 4	Nivestim Neupogen
Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027			10	Nivestim
→ Restricted (RS1188)				
Haematologist or oncologist				
PEGFILGRASTIM − Restricted see terms below Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe − 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	65.0	Λ	1	Ziextenzo
→ Restricted (RS1743)	05.0	U	'	LIGATORIZO
Initiation				
For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemological to 5%*).	therapy for canc	er (febr	ile neutro	ppenia risk greater than or
Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taki	ng into account o	other ris	k factors	as defined by the European
Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guide				
Fluids and Electrolytes				
Intravenous Administration				
CALCIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial				
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe				e.g. Baxter
CALCIUM GLUCONATE				o a Movel looth
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES				e.g. Max Health
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol	ا/اد			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,				
bag		6	18	Plasma-Lyte 148
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmo	ol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	29.2	8	12	Plasma-Lyte 148
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]		-		-,
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesiu				
98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l glucons	ate,	4	10	Diama L. 4. 4.40 0 50'

¹ Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag227.64

12

Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	25.20	18	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	16.92	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag	52.00	10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 100 ml bag		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag		30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag		20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		1	Biomed
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chl	oride		
0.45%, 3,000 ml bag			
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chloride	oride		
15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor			
0.18%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor			_
0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor			- .
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	303.72	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	186.24	12	Baxter
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 ml	lhan 512.16	48	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 m	•	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 m	•	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml l	•	48	Baxter
•	ougo_o.o_		D anto.
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE	474.57	10	Hamina
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule	1/4.5/	10	Hospira
RINGER'S SOLUTION			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l,			
chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag			
SODIUM ACETATE			
lai 4 mmal nar ml 00 ml amnaula			

Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule

		rice		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
-		\$	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM BICARBONATE				
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial		00.50		D'amand
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial			1	Biomed Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial		24.10	ı	Biomed
SODIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		12.00	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297) Initiation				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
		40.00	00	DD D. JElisch
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		12.00	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297) Initiation				
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
		44.70	00	DD Davieland
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		11.70	30	BD PosiFlush
Restricted (RS1297)				
Initiation For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.				
,		F 00	00	Fussanius Kahi
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule			5 18	Biomed Baxter
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag			12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag			60	Baxter
III 0.3 %, 30 IIII bag		47.75	75	Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag			48	Baxter
11 0.0 70, 100 111 Day		05.60	60	Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag			24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag			18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag			12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle				
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE]	l			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule		56.30	5	Biomed
WATER				
Inj 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		7 60	50	Multichem
Inj 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 250 ml bag				
lnj 500 ml bag				
Inj, 1,000 ml bag		20.52	12	Baxter
Oral Administration				
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE				
Powder	1	69.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES				
Powder for oral soln - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		9.53	50	Electral
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]				
Soln with electrolytes - 5% DV May-24 to 2025		6.53 1	.000 ml	Hydralyte - Lemonade
		5.00	,500 1111	, arany to bonnoniado
PHOSPHORUS Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)				
rab en 500 mg (16 mmo)				

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol) Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) Oral liq 2 mmol per ml	. 15.35	200	Span-K
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg	 8.52	100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder	 .84.65	454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag	 129.00	10	Gelofusine

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

2 60

QΛ

90 90

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System

ACE Inhibitors

CAPTOPRIL

100 ml **DP-Captopril**

→ Restricted (RS1263)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or
- 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or
- 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surgery.

CILAZAPHIL - Restricted :	For continuation only
Tah 0.5 mg	

=	Tab 0.5 mg	90	Zapril
-	Tab 2.5 mg5.79	90	Zapril
	Tab 5 mg	90	Zapril

ENALAPRIL MA	LEATE
--------------	-------

Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20251.75	90	Acetec
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	90	Acetec
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	90	Acetec

LIS

3			
ISINOPRIL			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	.11.07	90	Ethics Lisinopril
			Teva Lisinopril

Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	11.67
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	14.69

Ethics Lisinopri
Teva Lisinopril
Fthics Lisinopri

Teva Lisinopril

Arrow-Quinapril 5

PERINDOPRIL

Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20271.79	30	Coversyl
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20272.44	30	Coversyl
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	30	Coversyl

QUINAPRIL

Tab 10 mg	5.18	90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg	7.95	90	Arrow-Quinapril 20
MANIPPII			

RAMIPRIL

Cap 1.25 mg	90	rryzan
Cap 2.5 mg	90	Tryzan
Cap 5 mg	90	Tryzan
Cap 10 mg	90	Tryzan

ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics

QU	INAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restricted: For continuation only		
\Rightarrow	Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg4.10	30	Accuretic 10
\rightarrow	Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	30	Accuretic 20

	rab to mg war my around out azido	12.0g		00	7100010110 11
→	Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide	12.5 mg5	.25	30	Accuretic 20

	-	rice			Brand or
	(ex man.		GST)	_	Generic
		\$		Per	Manufacturer
Angiotensin II Antagonists					
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL					
Tab 4 mg		2.00)	90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg				90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg				90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg		5.26	;	90	Candestar
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM					
Tab 12.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		2.00)	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026				84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026				84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026				84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics					
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE					
Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg		4.10)	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 16/12.5
Tab 32 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg		5.25	i	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 32/12.5
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE					
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 t	o 2025	4.00)	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide

Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors

SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN - Restricted see terms below		
■ Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg	56	Entresto 24/26
■ Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg190.00	56	Entresto 49/51
■ Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg	56	Entresto 97/103
→ Restricted (RS2014)		

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
 - 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or
 - 2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 35%; or
 - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practical, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure treatments.

Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers

DOXAZOSIN		
Tab 2 mg17.35	500	Doxazosin Clinect
Tab 4 mg20.94	500	Doxazosin Clinect

		Price excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Cap 10 mg				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
PRAZOSIN				
Tab 1 mg		5.53	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 2 mg			100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 5 mg			100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Cap 1 mg			100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 2 mg			100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 5 mg			100	Prazosin Mylan
, -		0.02	100	. Tazooni Wylan
TERAZOSIN – Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Tab 1 mg				
Antiarrhythmics				
ADENOSINE				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		62 73	6	Adenocor
ing 5 mg por mi, 2 mi viai		34.50	5	Adsine
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027			5	Adenosine Baxter
→ Restricted (RS1266)		100.00	J	Additionic Buxton
Initiation				
For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.				
	24)			
(Adenocor Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial to be delisted 1 December 202	(4)			
AJMALINE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
➡ Restricted (RS1001)				
Cardiologist				
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		3.49	30	Aratac
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025			30	Aratac
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025			10	Max Health
ATROPINE SULPHATE				
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		15.00	10	Martindale
		. 10.00	10	Martindalo
DIGOXIN		7.00	0.40	
Tab 62.5 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		.16.90	240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml				
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial				
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE				
Cap 100 mg				
FLECAINIDE ACETATE				
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		.19.95	60	Flecainide BNM
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026			90	Flecainide Controlled
			00	Release Teva
Cap long-acting 200 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		.54.28	90	Flecainide Controlled
Cap long-acting 200 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026			90	Flecainide Controlled Release Teva

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

IVABRADINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 5 mg
- → Restricted (RS1566)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker;
 or
 - 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 150 mg1	62.00	100	Teva
Cap 250 mg			Teva

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Antihypotensives

MIDODDINE	Description of the Assessment Control
MID (II) RINE	- Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 2.5 mg38	3.23 1	00	Midodrine Medsurge
t	Tab 5 mg	.98 1	00	Midodrine Medsurge

⇒ Restricted (RS1427)

Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers

ATENOLOL		
Tab 50 mg9.33	500	Viatris
Tab 100 mg14.20	500	Atenolol Viatris
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	300 ml	Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE		
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	90	Ipca-Bisoprolol
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	90	Ipca-Bisoprolol
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 20262.71	90	Ipca-Bisoprolol
CARVEDILOL		
Tab 6.25 mg2.24	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg2.30	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg2.95	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
CELIPROLOL - Restricted: For continuation only		
→ Tab 200 mg		
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		
LABETALOL		
Tab 50 mg		

Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Trandate

Trandate

100

100

Tab 100 mg14.50

Tab 200 mg27.00

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	4.20	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	3.65	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	5.24	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	9.76	90	Myloc CR
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	5.66	100	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		60	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg	23.40	28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	26.50	5	Metoprolol IV Mylan
			Metoprolol IV Viatris
IADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	19.19	100	Nadolol BNM
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	30.39	100	Nadolol BNM
PROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	7.04	100	Drofate
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	IPCA-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg	18.17	100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	37.50	500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100	Mylan

Calcium Channel Blockers

Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers

/WEODII INE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.45	90	Vasorex
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.21	90	Vasorex
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Vasorex
FELODIPINE			
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg	1.45	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg	4.07	90	Felo 5 ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg	4.32	90	Felo 10 ER

ISRADIPINE

AMI ODIDINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 2.5 mg

NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1699)

Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
- 2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
- 3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

		Price		Brand or
INFEDIPINE				
Tab long-acting 10 mg.			Per	Manufacturer
Tab long-acting 10 mg.	VIFEDIPINE			
Tab long-acting 20 mg		19.42	56	Tensinine MR10
Tab long-acting 30 mg				
A 78				
Tab long-acting 60 mg	rab long-acting 30 mg			
Tab long-acting 60 mg .52.81 100 Mylan (24 hr release) Cap 5 mg IMINODIPINE .350.00 100 Nimotop Tab 30 mg − 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 .350.00 100 Nimotop Other Calcium Channel Blockers .37.50 5 Nimotop DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE .350.00 .65.35 500 Diltitazem CD Clinect Cap long-acting 180 mg − 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027 .700 30 Cardizem CD Cap long-acting 180 mg − 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027 .9.30 30 Cardizem CD In j 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial .9.30 30 Cardizem CD In j 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial .9.30 30 Cardizem CD In j 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial .9.30 10 Pexsig VERHEXILINE MALEATE .9.30 10 Pexsig VERHEXILINE MALEATE .7.01 100 Isoptin Tab 100 mg .0.11,74 100 Isoptin Tab 80 mg .1.17,4 100 Isoptin Tab 10 ng-acting 120 mg .1.17,4 100 Isoptin <td></td> <td>4.78</td> <td>14</td> <td>, , ,</td>		4.78	14	, , ,
IMMODIPNE Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025				,
Tab 30 mg	Tab long-acting 60 mg	52.81	100	Mylan (24 hr release)
Tab 30 mg — 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	Cap 5 mg			
Tab 30 mg — 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	VIMODIPINE			
Inj 0.2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV May-24 to 2025		350.00	100	Nimoton
Other Calcium Channel Blockers				•
Tab 30 mg	III] 0.2 IIIg per IIII, 50 IIII viai = 3 % DV May-24 to 2023	337.30	3	ишоюр
Tab 30 mg Cap long-acting 120 mg — 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
Tab 30 mg Cap long-acting 120 mg — 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	NII TIAZEM HYDROCHI ORIDE			
Cap long-acting 120 mg — 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025				
Cap long-acting 180 mg — 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		6E 2E	500	Diltiazem CD Clinest
Cap long-acting 240 mg — 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				
### PERHEXILINE MALEATE Tab 100 mg		9.30	30	Cardizem CD
Tab 100 mg	Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Tab 100 mg	PERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 40 mg		62 90	100	Peysia
Tab 40 mg	· ·		100	Toxolg
Tab 80 mg				
Tab long-acting 120 mg	•		100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 240 mg	Tab 80 mg	11.74	100	
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	Tab long-acting 120 mg	36.02	100	Isoptin SR
Centrally-Acting Agents CEONIDINE	Tab long-acting 240 mg	15.12	30	Isoptin SR
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			5	•
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	Controlly Action Aments			
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	Centrally-Acting Agents			
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	CLONIDINE			
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	11.70	4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			4	Mylan
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mcg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025 29.32 112 Clonidine Teva Tab 150 mcg 37.07 100 Catapres Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule 29.68 10 Medsurge METHYLDOPA Tab 250 mg 15.10 100 Methyldopa Mylan Methyldopa Mylan Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 September 2024) Diuretics Loop Diuretics SUMETANIDE Tab 1 mg 16.36 100 Burinex Surinex Sur				•
Tab 25 mcg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025	0, 0,		•	,
Tab 150 mcg		20.00	440	
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	· ·			
METHYLDOPA Tab 250 mg				•
Tab 250 mg	Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	29.68	10	Medsurge
Tab 250 mg	METHYLDOPA			
Methyldopa Viatris		15.10	100	Methyldopa Mylan
Methyldopa Mylan Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 September 2024) Diuretics Loop Diuretics BUMETANIDE Tab 1 mg	1 ab 200 mg		100	
Diuretics Loop Diuretics BUMETANIDE Tab 1 mg	Methyldona Mylan Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 September 2024)			worry dopa viatro
Loop Diuretics BUMETANIDE Tab 1 mg 16.36 100 Burinex	month dopa mytan Tub 200 mg to be delibled T depletibet 2024)			
Loop Diuretics BUMETANIDE Tab 1 mg 16.36 100 Burinex	Diuretics			
- BUMETANIDE Tab 1 mg16.36 100 Burinex				
Tab 1 mg16.36 100 Burinex	Loop Diuretics			
	BUMETANIDE			
	Tab 1 mg	16.36	100	Burinex
	Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial			

	D:		-
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]			
Tab 40 mg		1,000	IPCA-Frusemide
Tab 500 mg		50	Urex Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml		30 ml	Lasix
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule		5 6	Furosemide-Baxter Lasix
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL			
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 20%, 500 ml bag	1,178.10	18	Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE			
Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg			
MILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDI Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg	E		
Potassium Sparing Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg			
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	33.71	25 ml	Biomed
PLERENONE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	15.84	30	Inspra
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	25.00	30	Inspra
→ Restricted (RS1640)			
nitiation			
Soth: 1 Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%	; and		
2 Either:			
2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactor2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant advers		ıl dosina d	of spiropolactone
, , ,	se encet wille on optime	ii dosiiig (or aprioriolactoric.
PIRONOLACTONE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	3 68	100	Spiractin
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025		100	Spiractin
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE]			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	51.50	500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	29.21	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE]			
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	6.95	50	Hygroton
NDAPAMIDE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	16.00	90	Dapa-Tabs

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

MFTOI AZONE

Tab 5 mg

Vasopressin receptor antagonists

TOLVAPTAN - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 15 mg	873.50	28	Jinarc
■ Tab 30 mg	873.50	28	Jinarc
■ Tab 45 mg + 15 mg	1,747.00	56	Jinarc
↓ Tab 60 mg + 30 mg	1,747.00	56	Jinarc
■ Tab 90 mg + 30 mg	1,747.00	56	Jinarc
⇒ Restricted (RS1930)			

Initiation – autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease; and
- 2 Patient has an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) of greater than or equal to 25 ml/min/1.73 m² at treatment initiation: and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with a decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 5 mL/min/1.73 m² within
 - 3.2 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with an average decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 2.5 mL/min/1.73 m² per year over a five-year period.

Continuation – autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has not developed end-stage renal disease, defined as an eGFR of less than 15 mL/min/1.73 m²; and
- 2 Patient has not undergone a kidney transplant.

Lipid-Modifying Agents

Fibrates BF7AFIBRATE Tab 200 mg19.46 90 Bezalip Bezalip Retard Tab long-acting 400 mg.......21.21 30 HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins) **ATORVASTATIN** 500 Lorstat 500 Lorstat 500 Lorstat 500 Lorstat **PRAVASTATIN** Tab 10 mg Tab 20 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026......7.16 Clinect 100

100

Clinect

Tab 40 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026......12.25

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ROSUVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026	1.29	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
■ Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026	1.69	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
■ Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	2.71	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
■ Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
→ Restricted (RS1868)			

Initiation - cardiovascular disease risk

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient is considered to be at risk of cardiovascular disease; and
 - 1.2 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has a calculated risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
 - 2.2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atoryastatin and/or simyastatin.

Initiation - familial hypercholesterolemia

Both:

- 1 Patient has familial hypercholesterolemia (defined as a Dutch Lipid Criteria score greater than or equal to 6); and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - established cardiovascular disease

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has proven coronary artery disease (CAD); or
 - 1.2 Patient has proven peripheral artery disease (PAD); or
 - 1.3 Patient has experienced an ischaemic stroke; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.4 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - recurrent major cardiovascular events

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced a recurrent major cardiovascular event (defined as myocardial infarction, ischaemic stroke, coronary revascularisation, hospitalisation for unstable angina) in the last 2 years; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.0 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

SIMVASTATIN

Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.68	90	Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.54	90	Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4.11	90	Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	8.81	90	Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris

(Simvastatin Mylan Tab 40 mg to be delisted 1 December 2024) (Simvastatin Mylan Tab 80 mg to be delisted 1 September 2024)

Resins

CHOLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral liq 4 g

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral liq 5 g

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
COLESTYRAMINE Powder for oral suspension 4 g sachet	61.50	50	Colestyramine - Mylan
Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors			
EZETIMIBE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1.76	30	Ezetimibe Sandoz
EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg	5.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg	8.15	30	Zimybe

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

Nitrates

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Ini 1 mg per ml. 10 ml ampoule

Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	118.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose	7.48	250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day	15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day	18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	22.49	100	Ismo 20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	9.80	30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Duride

Other Cardiac Agents

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

I Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial − **5% DV Nov-24 to 2027**......509.60 1 **Simdax**

Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1007)

Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

Initiation - Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Sympathomimetics			
ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule	4.98 13.27	5	Aspen Adrenaline DBL Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial			55271011011101110
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule		10	Aspen Adrenaline
1.11.10.000.10	27.00	5	Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe			
DOBUTAMINE	04.40	_	
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	61.13	5	Dobutamine-hameln
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE	00.05	10	Marri I a altia I tal
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	38.05	10	Max Health Ltd
EPHEDRINE	140.00	10	Enhadrina luna
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		10 10	Ephedrine Juno Max Health
ISOPRENALINE (ISOPROTERENOL)		10	Max ricaldi
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
METARAMINOL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per mi, 10 mi synnge Inj 10 mg per mi, 1 mi ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	53.00	10	Torbay
NORADRENALINE		10	Torbay
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	45.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	163.38	25	Neosynephrine HCL
Vecadileters			• •

Vasodilators

ALPROSTADIL - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mcg vial
- Inj 20 mcg vial
- → Restricted (RS1992)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has erectile dysfunction; and
- 2 Patient is to receive a penile Doppler ultrasonography.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Dav	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE		_	
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	2,030.33	5	Prostin VR
DIAZOXIDE			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
■ Tab 25 mg			
Restricted (RS1008)			
Initiation			
Either:			
 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers. 	e, in patients who are ir	ntolerant o	or have not responded to
Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	68.00	10	Milrinone-Baxter
MINOXIDIL			
Tab 10 mg	78.40	100	Loniten
NICORANDIL			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2025	21.73	60	Max Health
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2025		60	Max Health
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	257.12	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]			
Tab 400 mg			
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			

Endothelin Receptor Antagonists

AMBRISENTAN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 5 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	200.00	30	Ambrisentan Viatris
■ Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	200.00	30	Ambrisentan Viatris
⇒ Restricted (RS1981)			

Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

Inj 50 mg vial

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Por	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
- 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with both sildenafil and bosentan; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
- 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil or bosentan) for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy including bosentan and has experienced intolerable side effects on bosentan; and
- 5.3 Both:
 - 5.3.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy; and
 - 5.3.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (eg due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease).

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Both:
 - 5.2.2.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
 - 5.2.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.3 Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
- 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

The patient is continuing to derive benefit from ambrisentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool**. Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

	02.117.11			
t	Tab 62.5 mg	.119.85	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
t	Tab 125 mg	.119.85	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's

→ Restricted (RS1982)

Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*: and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:

Pric	е		Brand or	١
(ex man. ex	cl. GST)		Generic	
\$		Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
- 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil; or
- 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II. III or IV: and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}): and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy; and
 - 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil) for at least three months and has experienced an inadequate therapeutic response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would likely benefit from initial dual therapy.

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II. III or IV: and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and

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	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
- 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
- 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
- 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from bosentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool**.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20270.72	4	Vedafil
	Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-27 to 2027		Vedafil
1	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202711.22	12	Vedafil

Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1983)

Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital

F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and

- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH is confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) of greater than 20 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) that is less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 2 Wood Units or at least 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH is non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures.

Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide: or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

Prostacyclin Analogues

EPOPROSTENOL - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1984)

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
 - 5.3 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool.

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	D	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
- 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
- 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
- 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
- 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV: or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool: and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from epoprostenol treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

ILOPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule	380.00	5	llomedin
t	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	185.03	30	Vebulis
=	Restricted (RS1985)			

Initiation – PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
· ¢ / p	or Manufacturer	

continued...

- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 5.2 Fither:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil and both the funded endothelin receptor antagonists (i.e. both bosentan and ambrisentan); or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to endothelin receptor antagonists.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease: or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has an absolute contraindication to or has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to or experienced intolerable side effects with a funded endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.3 Fither:
 - 5.3.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.3.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy.

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list: or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

5.2.3 Both:

- 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
- 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from iloprost treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol) MAFENIDE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below	 8.56	10 g	Crystaderm
Powder 50 g sachet → Restricted (RS1299) Initiation			
For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% Oint 2%		5 g 5 g	Foban Foban
SULFADIAZINE SILVER Crm 1%	 .15.44 10.80	50 g	Ascend Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	 .21.87	5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% → Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only			
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% − 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	 1.10	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE → Crm 1% - Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1%			
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 5% DV May-24 to 2026	 4.09	100 ml	Sebizole
METRONIDAZOLE Gel 0.75%			
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% − 5% DV May-24 to 2026 Lotn 2% − Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%	 0.90	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	 4.25	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN Lotn 5% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	 4.28	30 ml	A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	11 26	60	Oratane
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	 18.75	120	Oratane
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	 26.73	120	Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05%	 15.57	50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE			
Crm, aqueous, BP	 3.45	100 g	healthE Calamine Aqueous
CROTAMITON Crm 10%	 3.29	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	 1.47	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	 4.30	500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone 5%
Crm 10% pump bottle	 4.52	500 ml	healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL			
CrmOint - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2025		20 g 500 g	Orion Evara
Oint, BP	1.26	20 g	healthE
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%			e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients			
AQUEOUS CREAM Crm 100 g			
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Crm 500 g Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.	1.73	500 g	GEM Aqueous Cream
CETOMACROGOL Crm BP, 500 g Crm BP, 100 g	1.99	500 g	Cetomacrogol-AFT
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,	1.65	100 g	healthE
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% – 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025	2.13 3.50	500 ml 1,000 ml	Evara Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT Oint BP - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.30	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g. Oint BP, 500 g - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	3.13	500 g	Emulsifying Ointment
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g. GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN		3	ADE
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%	%		e.g. QV cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION Crm, 500 g Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.		500 g	Fatty Cream AFT
Crm, 100 g Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.		1	healthE Fatty Cream
PARAFFIN			
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% – 5% DV May to 2025		100 g	White Soft Liquid Paraffin AFT
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. White soft	0.79	10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to botl White soft, - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	h white soft paraffin		
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 500 g or less and gr Yellow soft	reater than 30 g.		
Lotn liquid paraffin 85%			e.g QV Bath Oil

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT			
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA	1.07	100 ~	haalthE Llraa Craam
Crm 10%	1.3/	100 g	healthE Urea Cream
WOOL FAT Crm			
Corticosteroids			
Conticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	36.00	50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.	00.00	FO =	Dinnessans
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.	36.00	50 g	Diprosone
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE Crm 0.1%	4.52	50 a	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1%		50 g 50 g	Beta Cintment
Lotn 0.1%		50 ml	Betnovate
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	2.40	30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	2.33	30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE – Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Crm 0.1%			
Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE	1 70	20 ~	Ethica
Crm 1%, 30 g - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to		30 g	Ethics
Crm 1%, 500 g - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025		500 g	Noumed
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.		3	
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% – 5% DV Jun-2	24		
to 2026		250 ml	DP Lotn HC
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.1%		100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1%		100 g 100 ml	Locoid Locoid Crelo
Milky emul 0.1%	12.33	100 1111	Locold Creio
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE Crm 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1 95	15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE			
Crm 0.1%	1.95	15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
	3.10	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1%	1.95	15 g	Elocon
	2.90	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1%	4.50	30 ml	Elocon

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Crm 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.49	100 g	Aristocort
Oint 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.54	100 a	Aristocort

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1125)

Initiation Fither:

1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or

2 For continuation use.

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]

Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%

HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE

15 q Micreme H

HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN

15 g Pimafucort

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN

Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100.000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g

Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations

ACITRETIN		
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	60	Novatretin
Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	60	Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL		
Foam spray 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g59.95	60 g	Enstilar
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 40.92	60 g	Daivobet
Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 14.31	30 g	Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL		
Oint 50 mcg per g40.00	120 g	Daivonex
COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR		
Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%		
METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN]		
Tab 10 mg		
Lotn 1.2%		
PIMECROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below		
□ Crm 1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	15 g	Elidel
Pactuisted (DC1701)	•	

→ Restricted (RS1781)

Dermatologist, paediatrician or ophthalmologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the eyelid; and
- 2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical corticosteroids: periorificial dermatitis, rosacea. documented epidermal atrophy, documented allergy to topical corticosteroids, cataracts, glaucoma, or raised intraocular pressure.

DERMATOLOGICALS

		Price excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCE	EIN			
Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium -	5% DV			
Feb-24 to 2026		5.41	500 ml	Pinetarsol
POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE Tab 400 mg				
Crystals				
TACROLIMUS				
		.33.00	30 g	Zematop
→ Restricted (RS1859) Initiation				
Dermatologist or paediatrician				
Both:				
1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the face; and				
2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to to documented epidermal atrophy or documented allergy to topic			periorificial	dermatitis, rosacea,
documented epidermal altophy of documented altergy to topic	Jai Corticost	croids.		
Cools Dronovotions				
Scalp Preparations				
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE		0.04	400 1	D . O .
Scalp app 0.1%		9.84	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Scalp app 0.05% – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		6 26	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE		0.20	00 1111	Definion
Scalp lotn 0.1%		6.57	100 ml	Locoid
Wat Daniel				
Wart Preparations				
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN				
Soln 0.5%		.33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline
SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator				
Sticks with applicator				
Other Skin Preparations				
DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE				
Powder 2%				
IMIQUIMOD				
Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet		.21.72	24	Perrigo
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY		6.50	000 ~	Marine Blue Lotion SPF
Lotn - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		6.50	200 g	50+
Authorologica				•••
Antineoplastics				
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM		F F0	00	P4di
Crm 5% – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027			20 g	Efudix
METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted se ↓ Crm 16%	e terms bel	OW		
→ Restricted (RS1127)				
Dermatologist or plastic surgeon				

DERMATOLOGICALS

Р	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Wound Management Products

CALCIUM GLUCONATE Gel 2.5%

e.g. Orion

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anti-Infective Agents

ACETIC ACID

Soln 3% Soln 5%

ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID

Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Crm 1%

Lotn 1%

CLOTRIMAZOLE

 Vaginal crm 1% with applicator - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025
 35 g
 Clomazol

 Vaginal crm 2% with applicator - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025
 3.85
 20 g

Clomazol

MICONAZOLE NITRATE

NYSTATIN

Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026....5.70 75 g

a Nilstat

Contraceptives

Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives

CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL

Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

Combined Oral Contraceptives

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL

Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
NTRA-UTERINE DEVICE			
IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		1	Choice TT380 Short
IUD 33.6 mm length × 29.9 mm width - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 IUD 35.5 mm length × 19.6 mm width - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		1	Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception			5.10100 20uu 070
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	1.75	1	Levonorgestrel BNM
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
EVONORGESTREL			
Tab 30 mcg		84	Microlut
Subdermal implant (2 \times 75 mg rods) – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		1	Jadelle
Intra-uterine device 52 mg - 1% DV Nov-23 to 31 Oct 2024		1	Mirena
Intra-uterine device 13.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-23 to 31 Oct 2024 MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE	215.60	1	Jaydess
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe	9.18	1	Depo-Provera
NORETHISTERONE			
Tab 350 mcg	12.25	84	Noriday 28
Obstetric Preparations			
·			
Antiprogestogens			
MIFEPRISTONE			
Tab 200 mg			
Oxytocics			
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
DINOPROSTONE			
Pessaries 10 mg			
Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g	65.39	1	Prostin E2
Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g	82.33	1	Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE			
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	160.00	5	DBL Ergometrine
DXYTOCIN			
Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	4.98	5	Oxytocin BNM
Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	5.98	5	Oxytocin BNM
DXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE			
Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	- 5%		
DV Dec-22 to 2025		5	Syntometrine
Tocolytics			
PROGESTERONE			

		Price . excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mcg ampoule • Restricted (RS1130) bstetrician				
Destrogens				
ESTRIOL Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Pessaries 500 mcg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			15 g 15	Ovestin Ovestin
Urologicals				
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors				
INASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 → Restricted (RS1131) iitiation oth:		4.79	100	Ricit
Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and Either: 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blod 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective.	ckers or these a			
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers				
AMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms belo Cap 400 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Restricted (RS1132) itiation oth: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or	d		100	Tamsulosin-Rex
Urinary Alkalisers				
OTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below Oral liq 3 mmol per ml Restricted (RS1133) ititation oth:		35.70	200 ml	Biomed
1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two		the applic	cation.	
ODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		3.50	28	Ural
Urinary Antispasmodics				
XYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg Oral lig 5 mg per 5 ml		5.42	100	Alchemy Oxybutynin

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl.	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE				
Tab 5 mg	2.05	30	Solifenacin Viatris	
Tab 10 mg		30	Solifenacin Viatris	

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

- Tab 2.5 mg
- → Restricted (RS1302)

CYPROTERONE ACETATE

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

OTI TIOTETIONE AGETATE			
Tab 50 mg	14.37	50	Siterone
Tab 100 mg	28.03	50	Siterone
TESTOSTERONE			
Gel (transdermal) 16.2 mg per g - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2027	52.00	88 g	Testogel
Patch 5 mg per day	225.00	30	Androderm
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	85.00	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			

TESTOSTERONE ESTERS

Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg, testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate

30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE

→ Cap 40 mg - **Restricted:** For continuation only

Calcium Homeostasis

Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule121.0	00 5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below		
■ Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 25.2	24 28	Cinacalet Devatis
■ Tab 60 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 50.4		Cinacalet Devatis
B 111 1 (D01001)		

⇒ Restricted (RS1931)

CALCITONIN

Initiation - parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. C	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate.

Continuation - parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

Initiation - primary hyperparathyroidism

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has primary hyperparathyroidism; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 3 mmol/L with or without symptoms; or
 - 2.2 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 2.85 mmol/L with symptoms; and
- 3 Surgery is not feasible or has failed; and
- 4 Patient has other comorbidities, severe bone pain, or calciphylaxis.

Initiation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has tertiary hyperparathyroidism and markedly elevated parathyroid hormone (PTH) with hypercalcaemia;
 - 1.2 Patient has symptomatic secondary hyperparathyroidism and elevated PTH; and
- 2 Patient is on renal replacement therapy; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Residual parathyroid tissue has not been localised despite repeat unsuccessful parathyroid explorations; or
 - 3.2 Parathyroid tissue is surgically inaccessible; or
 - 3.3 Parathyroid surgery is not feasible.

Continuation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had a kidney transplant, and following a treatment free interval of at least 12 weeks a clinically acceptable parathyroid hormone (PTH) level to support ongoing cessation of treatment has not been reached; or
- 2 The patient has not received a kidney transplant and trial of withdrawal of cinacalcet is clinically inappropriate.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg1.50	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg2.65	30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml52.80	25 ml	Biomed

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	7.86	10	Hameln
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	13.10	10	Hameln
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	11.46	100	Florinef
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg	8 10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg		100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		1	Solu-Cortef
, ,		•	3014 301101
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)	440.00	400	Mardard
Tab 4 mg		100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Via
Inj 125 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Via
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Via
Inj 1 g vial	32.84	1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	47.06	5	Depo-Medrol
PREDNISOLONE			•
Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
	0.00	30 1111	neulpieu
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg	18.58	500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 2.5 mg	21.04	500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 20 mg	50.51	500	Prednisone Clinect
FRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 10% DV Feb-24 to 2026	21.42	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Kenacort-A 40
FRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Hormone Replacement Therapy			
Oestrogens			
DESTRADIOL			
Tab 1 mg			
Patch 25 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
· po. 46,	18.30	J	Lyllana
Patch 50 mcg per day		8	Estradot
. a.c. oo mog por aay	18.81	0	Lyllana
Patch 75 mcg per day		8	Estradot
i atori 70 mog per day	20.84	U	Lyllana
Patch 100 mcg per day		8	Estradot
i atori 100 iliog per day	21.35	0	
DECEDARIOL VALERATE	21.00		Lyllana
DESTRADIOL VALERATE			_
Tab 1 mg		84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg	12.36	84	Progynova

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Gen

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)

Tab 300 mcg

Tab 625 mcg

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations

OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol

(12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Progestogens

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 2.5 mg	30	Provera
Tab 5 mg20.13	100	Provera
Tab 10 mg	30	Provera

Other Endocrine Agents

CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 0.5 mg4.43	2	Dostinex
	17.94	8	Dostinex

→ Restricted (RS1855) Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Inhibition of lactation: or
 - 2 Patient has hyperprolactinemia; or
 - 3 Patient has acromegaly.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

CLOMIFENE CITRATE

GESTRINONE

Cap 2.5 mg

METYRAPONE

Cap 250 mg

PENTAGASTRIN

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Other Oestrogen Preparations

OESTRADIOL

Implant 50 mg

OFSTRIOL

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Progestogen Preparations			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE Tab 100 mg	133.57	100	Provera HD
NORETHISTERONE Tab 5 mg	5.49	30	Primolut N
Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogu	ies		
CORTICORELIN (OVINE) Inj 100 mcg vial THYROTROPIN ALFA Inj 900 mcg vial			
Adrenocorticotropic Hormones			
TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN] Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		1 1	Synacthen Synacthen Depot
GnRH Agonists and Antagonists			
BUSERELIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial GONADORELIN Inj 100 mcg vial GOSERELIN			
Implant 3.6 mg, syringe – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026 Implant 10.8 mg, syringe – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026 LEUPRORELIN ACETATE		1	Zoladex Zoladex
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe		1 1	Lucrin Depot 1-month Lucrin Depot 3-month
Gonadotrophins			
CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Growth Hormone			
SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below I Inj 5 mg cartridge	69.75	1 1 1	Omnitrope Omnitrope Omnitrope

continued...

F	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price	Brand o	or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generio	:
\$.	Per Manufa	cturer

continued...

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and</p>
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m²/day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.</p>

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

	Price		Brand or
(ex	x man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test

Pı	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for somatropin for childhood deficiency in children and no longer meets the renewal criteria under this indication; and
 - 3.2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
 - 3.3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
 - 3.4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
 - 3.5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until the serum IGF-I is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE

Minirin Melt

30

Price Brand or Generic (ex man. excl. GST) Per Manufacturer \$

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

Tab 20 mca

→ Restricted (RS1301)

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Ini 20 mcg vial

Inj 100 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 50 mg35.00 100 PTU

→ Restricted (RS1276)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

PROTIRFI IN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DESMOPRESSIN Wafer 120 mcg47.00

DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg	25.00	30	Minirin
Tab 200 mcg	54.45	30	Minirin
Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	34.95	6 ml	Desmopressin-PH&T
Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			

Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml

TERLIPRESSIN

Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule......215.00 5 Glypressin



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Antibacterials** Aminoglycosides AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe **Biomed** Ini 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe 5 **DBL Amikacin** → Restricted (RS1041) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule95.00 **DBI** Gentamicin 5 10 Pfizer PAROMOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below 16 Humatin → Restricted (RS1603) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE - Restricted see terms below Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1043) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist **TOBRAMYCIN ■** Powder → Restricted (RS1475) Initiation For addition to orthopaedic bone cement. 5 Tobramycin (Viatris) → Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist Ini 100 mg per ml. 5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist ■ Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml - **5% DV Dec-23 to 2026**............395.00 56 dose **Tobramycin BNM** ⇒ Restricted (RS1435) Initiation Patient has cystic fibrosis. Carbapenems ERTAPENEM - Restricted see terms below Invanz → Restricted (RS1045) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms below Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX → Restricted (RS1046) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEROPENEM - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 → Restricted (RS1047) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist		10 10	Meropenem-AFT Meropenem-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation			
CEFALEXIN Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	5.85 7.88	20 20 100 ml 100 ml	Cephalexin ABM Cephalexin ABM Flynn Cefalexin Sandoz Flynn
CEFAZOLIN Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	3.39 3.59	5 5 5	Cefazolin-AFT Cefazolin-AFT Cefazolin-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation			
CEFACLOR Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 CEFOXITIN Inj 1 g vial CEFUROXIME Tab 250 mg Inj 750 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	3.75	100 100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor Ranbaxy-Cefaclor Cefuroxime Devatis
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		10	Cefuroxime Devatis
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation			
CEFOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 CEFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below		1 10	Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime
Inj 1 g vial − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1048) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special CEFTRIAXONE		10	Ceftazidime Kabi
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	3.59 7.85	5 5	Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation	1			
CEFEPIME - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 1 g vial − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	35.00	10	Cefepime Kabi	
, 9	3.19	1	Cefepime-AFT	
Inj 2 g vial − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	55.00	10	Cefepime Kabi	
. •	4.99	1	Cefepime-AFT	
(Cefepime Kabi Inj 1 g vial to be delisted 1 December 2024)			·	
(Cefepime Kabi Inj 2 g vial to be delisted 1 December 2024)				
→ Restricted (RS1049)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				

Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation

CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL – **Restricted** see terms below

■ Inj 600 mg vial1,834.25
10 Zinforo

→ Restricted (RS1446)

Initiation - multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Either:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

Macrolides

AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 250 mg
- ■ Tab 500 mg
 2.57
 2
 Zithromax

 ■ Grans for oral lig 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml)
 16.97
 15 ml
 Zithromax
- → Restricted (RS1598)

Initiation – bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms*; or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Price	е		Brand or
(ex man. ex	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	14	Klacid
	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	14	Klacid
1	Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml192.00	50 ml	Klacid
		1	Klacid IV
	- · · · · · (DO:)		

→ Restricted (RS1709)

Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or
- 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surgical or dental procedures if amoxicillin is contra-indicated.

Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

FRYTHROMYCIN (AS FTHYI SUCCINATE)

Tab 400 mg	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)

Ini 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	1	Ervthrocin IV
-------------------------------------	---	---------------

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Tab 250 mg
- → Tab 500 mg



	Price	-	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ROXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab dispersible 50 mg			
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	25.00	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
→ Restricted (RS1569)			
nitiation			
Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.			
Penicillins			
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Sep-24 to 2025	43.45	500	Alphamox
	27.50		Miro-Amoxicillin
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2025		500	Alphamox
	41.00		Miro-Amoxicillin
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral lig 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial		10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial		10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial		10	Ibiamox
Alphamox Cap 250 mg to be delisted 1 September 2024)	21.04	10	IDIAITION
Alphamox Cap 500 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 202		10	Curam Duo 500/125
Grans for oral liq 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml		100 ml	Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial		10	Amoxiclav multichem
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial	26.90	10	Amoxiclav multichem
			Cerobact
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN			
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe	375.97	10	Bicillin LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	16 50	10	Sandoz
,		10	Culluoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN	45.70	050	Floritaria dilla AFT
Cap 250 mg		250	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Cap 500 mg		500	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.00	5	Flucil
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg	3.84	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg		50	Cilicaine VK
1 0		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral lig 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4.24		
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4.24		
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below			DinToz. AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		1	PipTaz-AFT

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
(ex	man. excl. (GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

PROCAINE PENICILLIN

Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe

TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1054)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

Quinolones

CIPROFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg − 5% DV Nov-24 to 2026	2.42	28	Cipflox
·	1.95		Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
↓ Tab 500 mg − 5% DV Nov-24 to 2026	4.25	10	Ciprofloxacin - Torrent
·	3.10	28	Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
↓ Tab 750 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2026	5.95	28	Cipflox
·	4.80		Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
■ Oral liq 50 mg per ml			•
■ Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	125.00	10	Ciprofloxacin Kabi
(Cipflox Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 November 2024)			
(Ciprofloxacin - Torrent Tab 500 mg to be delisted 1 November 2024)			
(Cipflox Tab 750 mg to be delisted 1 December 2024)			
→ Restricted (RS1055)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
MOXIFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 400 mg	42.00	5	Avelox
■ Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	413.40	10	Moxifloxacin Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1644)			

Initiation - Mycobacterium infection

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Active tuberculosis; and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications; or
 - 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or
 - 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
 - 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or
 - 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications; or
- 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated; or
- 3 Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact with a confirmed multi-drug resistant tuberculosis case.

Initiation - Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

Either:

1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ continued... 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics. Initiation - Penetrating eye injury Ophthalmologist Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury. Initiation - Mycoplasma genitalium All of the following: 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium and is symptomatic; and 2 Fither: 2.1 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; or 2.2 Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; and 3 Treatment is only for 7 days. NORFLOXACIN Tab 400 mg245.00 100 Arrow-Norfloxacin **Tetracyclines** DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg DOXYCYCLINE → Tab 50 mg - Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg64.43 500 Doxine Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg - Restricted: For continuation only **TETRACYCLINE** 28 Accord Cap 500 mg TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below Ini 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1059) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist Other Antibacterials AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below 10 Azactam → Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CHLORAMPHENICOL - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial → Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CLINDAMYCIN - Restricted see terms on the next page Dalacin C 24 ■ Oral liq 15 mg per ml

10

Hameln

Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule − 5% DV Aug-23 to 202535.10

(e)	Price man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1061)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted see te	rms below		
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	65.00	1	Colistin-Link
→ Restricted (RS1062)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialis	Ċ		
DAPTOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	115.36	1	Daptomycin Dr Reddy's
Restricted (RS1063)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
FOSFOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet			e.g. UroFos
→ Restricted (RS1315)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Restricted (RS1065)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID – Restricted see terms below	101.00	40	7
		10 150 ml	Zyvox Zyvox
■ Oral liq 20 mg per ml Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		10	Linezolid Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1066)	100.00	10	Liliczolia Rabi
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
METHENAMINE (HEXAMINE) HIPPURATE			
Tab 1 g - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	19.95	100	Hiprex
NITROFURANTOIN			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	22 20	100	Nifuran
Tab 100 mg		100	Nifuran
Cap modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		100	Macrobid
PIVMECILLINAM – Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 200 mg			
⇒ Restricted (RS1322)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 250 mg	135.70	36	Fucidin
→ Restricted (RS1064)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULFADIAZINE SODIUM - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 500 mg			e.g. Sulfadiazin-Heyl;
·			Wockhardt
Restricted (RS1067)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal med	icine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below	40.00	,	
Inj 400 mg vial	49.95	1	Targocid
Restricted (RS1068)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg	18.55	50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOL	E]		
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg	64.80	500	Trisul
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml	5.00	100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
VANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	3.38	1	Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1069)			•
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

→ Restricted (RS1410)

Oncologist

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERICIN B

→ Restricted (RS1071)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Inj 50 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1316)

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u17.09	50	Nilstat
Cap 500,000 u15.47	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

FL	UCONAZOLE – Restricted see terms on the next page			
t	Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	4.10	28	Mylan
t	Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	0.45	1	Mylan
t	Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	8.90	28	Mylan
	Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml		35 ml	Diflucan
t	Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	3.11	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
	Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Fluconazole-Baxter

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1072)			
Consultant			
ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
	6.83	15	Itrazole
Oral liquid 10 mg per ml			
⇒ Restricted (RS1073)			
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infection	us disease specialis	it	
POSACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	206.00	24	Posaconazole Juno
	342.51	105 ml	Devatis
⇒ Restricted (RS1074)			
Initiation			
Haematologist or infectious disease specialist			
Re-assessment required after 6 weeks			

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 50 mg9	1.00	56	Vttack
t	Tab 200 mg	0.00	56	Vttack
t	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml1,523	3.22	70 ml	Vfend
	Inj 200 mg vial - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025		1	AFT
	Restricted (RS1075)			

Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

	Price			Brand or
(I	ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025110.00) 1	Alchemy Caspofungin
t	Inj 70 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025135.00) 1	Alchemy Caspofungin

⇒ Restricted (RS1076)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- → Restricted (RS1279)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

TERBINAFINE

Antimycobacterials

Antileprotics

CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below

Cap 50 mg

→ Restricted (RS1077)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg	268.50	100	Dapsone
1	Tab 100 mg	329.50	100	Dapsone

→ Restricted (RS1078)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

Antituberculotics

BEDAQUILINE	 Restricted 	l see term	s on	the	next p	page
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ı	Tab 100 mg	3,084.51	24	Sirturo
		24.162.00	188	Sirturo

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. excl.	GST)	D	Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1977)

Initiation - multi-drug resistant tuberculosis

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The person has multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB); and
- 2 Ministry of Health's Tuberculosis Clinical Network has reviewed the individual case and recommends bedaquiline as part of the treatment regimen.

CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below

Cap 250 mg

→ Restricted (RS1079)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

Tab	

⇒ Restricted (RS1080)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

ISONIAZID - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 100 mg23.00 100 PSM

→ Restricted (RS1281)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg	89.82	100	Rifinah
t	Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg	179.13	100	Rifinah

⇒ Restricted (RS1282)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

■ Grans for oral lig 4 g	Paser
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→ Restricted (RS1083)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

PROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1084)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1085)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below

 ■ Cap 150 mg.......353.71
 30
 Mycobutin

→ Restricted (RS1086)

Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	100	Rifadin
1	Cap 300 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	100	Rifadin
	Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	60 ml	Rifadin
t	Inj 600 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1	Rifadin

→ Restricted (RS1087)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatrician or public health physician

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Antiparasitics Anthelmintics** ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below Tab 400 mg → Restricted (RS1088) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below Stromectol → Restricted (RS1283) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist MFBFNDAZOLF Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20275.18 6 Vermox Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml **PRAZIQUANTEL** Tab 600 mg **Antiprotozoals** ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below ■ Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg → Restricted (RS1090) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms below Inj 60 mg vial → Restricted (RS1091) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below 12 Malarone Junior ■ Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg......64.00 12 Malarone → Restricted (RS1092) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below → Restricted (RS1093) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rheumatologist MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below → Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rheumatologist **METRONIDAZOLE** 250 Metroavl 21 Metrogyl 100 ml Flagyl-S 10 **Baxter**

10

Flagyl

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
NITAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 500 mg	1.680.00	30	Alinia
■ Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml			7 1111100
→ Restricted (RS1095)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ORNIDAZOLE			
Tab 500 mg	36.16	10	Arrow-Ornidazole
PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg vial	216.00	5	Pentacarinat
→ Restricted (RS1096)		Ū	Tomadamat
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

PRIMAQUINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 15 mg
- Tab 7.5 mg
- → Restricted (RS1097)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

PYRIMETHAMINE - Restricted see terms below

- ¶ Tab 25 mg
- → Restricted (RS1098)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal medicine specialist

QUININE DIHYDROCHI ORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule
- Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1099)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1898)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.



	Price		Brand or
(ex mar	. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

100 15

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Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

1 Tab 200 mg

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

EFAVIRENZ - Restricted see terms on the previous page

• Tab 200 Hig		90	Stocili
1 Tab 600 mg		30	Efavirenz Milpharm
•	63.38		Stocrin
Oral liq 30 mg per ml			
ETRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
1 Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
1 Tab 200 mg	84.00	60	Nevirapine Viatris
Oral suspension 10 mg per ml		240 ml	Viramune Suspension

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1899)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	1 61	Wandacture
continued Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HI guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/Initiation – Percutaneous exposure		l Sexual H	lealth Medicine clinical
Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.			
ABACAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page Tab 300 mg Oral liq 20 mg per ml	180.00	60	Ziagen
ABACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms of	on the previous page		
1 Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg − 5% DV May-23 to 2025		30	Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris
EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL	- Restricted see to	erms on th	e previous page
t Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 (300 mg as a maleate)	•	30	Viatris
EMTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page t Cap 200 mg	307.20	30	Emtriva
LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 150 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 1 Oral liq 10 mg per ml	98.00	60	Lamivudine Viatris
STAVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page Cap 30 mg Cap 40 mg			
Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml			
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] — Restricted see terms on the previous page t Cap 100 mg t Oral liq 10 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	30.45	100 200 ml 5	Retrovir Retrovir Retrovir IV
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the Tab 300 mg with lamivudine 150 mg		60	Lamivudine/Zidovudine Viatris

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1900)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or



Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	I. GST)	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
- 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
- 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ΔΤΔ7ΔΝΔ\/ΙΒ SHI PHΔΤΕ	- Restricted see terms on the previous page
A LAZAMAVID SULFDATE	- nestricted see terms on the previous page

t	Cap 150 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025 85.00	60	Atazanavir Mylan
	Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025110.00	60	Atazanavir Mylan
			Atazanavir Viatris

(Atazanavir Mylan Cap 200 mg to be delisted 1 December 2024)

DARUNAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page

t	Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	.150.00	60	Darunavir Viatris
t	Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Fab-24 to 2026	225 00	60	Darunavir Viatrie

INDINAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Cap 200 mg

1 Cap 400 mg

LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page				
Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	150.00	60	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan	
Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg	295.00	120	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan	
RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page				
1 Tab 100 mg	43.31	30	Norvir	

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1901)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

			INFECTIONS
	Price ex man. excl. GST	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/). Initiation – Percutaneous exposure	, Viral Hepatitis a	nd Sexual F	Health Medicine clinical
Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive. DOLUTEGRAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 50 mg	1,090.00	30	Tivicay
DOLUTEGRAVIR WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the prior Tab 50 mg with lamivudine 300 mg	1,090.00	30	Dovato
RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM – Restricted see terms on the previous p 1 Tab 400 mg	1,090.00	60 60	Isentress Isentress HD
Antivirals			
Hepatitis B			
ENTECAVIR Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	12.04	30	Entecavir (Rex)
LAMIVUDINE Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Oral liq 5 mg per ml TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	270.00	28 240 ml 30	Zetlam Zeffix Tenofovir Disoproxil Viatris
Hepatitis C			
GLECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR Note: the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved direct distri Pharmac's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/maviret. Tab 100 mg with pibrentasvir 40 mg		urther detai 84	ils can be found on
LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR − Restricted see terms below I Tab 90 mg with sofosbuvir 400 mg Restricted (RS1528)	·	28	Harvoni
Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatmen HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility accord Pharmaceutical Schedule).	` '	,	•
Herpesviridae			
ACICLOVIR Tab dispersible 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 Tab dispersible 400 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Tab dispersible 800 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	5.81	25 56 35	Lovir Lovir Lovir

CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms below

Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1108)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologist or oral surgeon

Aciclovir-Baxter



	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FOSCARNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle			
→ Restricted (RS1109)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial	380.00	5	Cymevene
→ Restricted (RS1110)			•
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
VALACICLOVIR			
Tab 500 mg	6.50	30	Vaclovir
Tab 1,000 mg	13.76	30	Vaclovir
VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 450 mg	132.00	60	Valganciclovir Viatris
→ Restricted (RS1799)			· ·
nitiation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valga	anciclovir for CMV prophyla	axis.	
Continuation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
Either:			
1 Both:			
1.1 Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and	I received anti-thymocyte g	lobulin a	nd requires valganciclovir
therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and	on atalanda manalanta da fallan		de la companya de la della Companya
1.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga	anciciovir propriyiaxis follov	ving anti-	-tnymocyte globulin; or
2 Both:			
2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a	acute rejection and require	s further	valganciclovir therapy for
 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and 	,		
2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valgations.	,		
Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga Initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis	,		
Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist	,		
Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga Initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment	,		
Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following:	,		•
2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga Initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and	,		•
2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either:	anciclovir prophylaxis follov	ving puls	e methylprednisolone.
2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the page	anciclovir prophylaxis follov	ving puls	e methylprednisolone.
2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga nitiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the page.	anciclovir prophylaxis follov	ving puls	e methylprednisolone.
2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the parallel service in the parallel service	anciclovir prophylaxis follow	ving puls	e methylprednisolone.
2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the pacador of the recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. nitiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients.	anciclovir prophylaxis follow	ving puls	e methylprednisolone.
2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga nitiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the pacada	anciclovir prophylaxis follow	ving puls	e methylprednisolone.
2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga nitiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the pacada 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. nitiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients.	anciclovir prophylaxis follow	ving puls	e methylprednisolone.

- 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
- 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
- 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms on the next page

▼ Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) -

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
--

→ Restricted (RS1902)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml
- → Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1369)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

COVID-19 Treatments

MOLNUPIRAVIR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1893)

Initiation

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

NIRMATRELVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1894)

Initiation

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

REMDESIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: Remdesivir to be provided to Health NZ Hospitals at a cost of \$0.00 as stock has been purchased directly by Pharmac.

I Veklurv

→ Restricted (RS1912)

Initiation - Treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

Initiation - COVID-19 in hospitalised patients

Therapy limited to 5 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is hospitalised with confirmed (or probable) symptomatic COVID-19; and
- 2 Patient is considered to be at high risk of progression to severe disease; and
- 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 7 days; and
- 4 Patient does not require, or is not expected to require, mechanical ventilation; and
- 5 Not to be used in conjunction with other funded COVID-19 antiviral treatments; and
- 6 Treatment not to exceed five days.

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Ini 60 m iu. 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1113)

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below Ini 180 mcg prefilled syringe	748.50	4	Pegasys

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

→ Restricted (RS1827)

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400.000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C. genotype 1: and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease: and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Initiation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*: and
 - 2.2 Patient is intolerant of hydroxyurea; and
 - 2.3 Treatment with anagrelide and busulfan is not clinically appropriate; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder; and
 - 3.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Continuation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 Remains intolerant of hydroxyurea and treatment with anagrelide and busulfan remains clinically inappropriate; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has ocular surface squamous neoplasia*.

Continuation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation – post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has received an allogeneic bone marrow transplant* and has evidence of disease relapse.

Continuation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient is responding and ongoing treatment remains appropriate.



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
(ex man. excl. doi)	_	
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Anticholinesterases			
EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
→ Restricted (RS1015)			
,			
Initiation			
For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.			
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	33.81	10	Max Health
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROM			
		10	May Llaalth
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampo	oule26.13	10	Max Health
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE			
Tab 60 mg	50.28	100	Mestinon
-			
Antirheumatoid Agents			
HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE - Restricted see terms below			
	0.70	100	Diagnarii
↓ Tab 200 mg	8./8	100	Plaquenil
→ Restricted (RS1776)			
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 Rheumatoid arthritis; or			
2 Systemic or discoid lupus erythematosus; or			
3 Malaria treatment or suppression; or			
4 Relevant dermatological conditions (cutaneous forms of lupus	and lichen planus, cut	aneous v	asculitides and mucosal
ulceration); or	and nonon plantas, sat		
5 Sarcoidosis (pulmonary and non-pulmonary).			
5 Salcoldosis (pulliforlary and non-pulliforlary).			
LEFLUNOMIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	6.00	30	Arava
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	6.00	30	Arava
PENICILLAMINE			
	67.00	100	D. Danamina
Tab 125 mg		100	D-Penamine
Tab 250 mg	110.12	100	D-Penamine
SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE			
Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
, cog o.o apouo			
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism			
Bisphosphonates			
ALENDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 70 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	3.10	4	Fosamax
•		-	
ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL	4.00		
Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu -5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	1.99	4	Fosamax Plus

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Prolia

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	32.49	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	88.11	1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	94.34	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 35 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	2.50	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID			
Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, bag - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	22.53	100 ml	Zoledronic Acid Viatris
Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism			

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal: or
 - 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
 - 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 3.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 4 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance is less than 35 mL/min; and
- 5 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes); and
- 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment with any other funded antiresorptive agent for this condition or teriparatide.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with denosumab.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price		Brand or	_
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.
- e) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: risedronate sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

RALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1666)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2.4 ml − 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025......195.00
1 Teriparatide - Teva

→ Restricted (RS1143)

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and

	Price		Brand or
(ex n	man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- a) The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- b) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- c) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYAI URONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	17.99	1,000	Ipca-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	22.50	500	Ipca-Allopurinol
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 50 mg			
→ Tab 100 mg	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
COLCHICINE			
Tab 500 mcg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	6.00	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4.73	28	Febuxostat (Teva)
■ Tab 120 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	11.78	28	Febuxostat (Teva)
→ Restricted (RS1844)			
Initiation – Gout			

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose: or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); or
 - 2.4 The patient has previously had an initial Special Authority approval for benzbromarone for treatment of gout...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient is scheduled to receive cancer therapy carrying an intermediate or high risk of tumour lysis syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has a documented history of allopurinol intolerance.

Continuation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents		
ATRACURIUM BESYLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule10.	.00 5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule12.	.50 5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20273.	.70 100) Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule11.		Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule306.	.82 5	Medsurge
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial467.	.50 1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial388.		Dysport
Inj 500 u vial1,295.	.00 2	Dysport
DANTROLENE		
Cap 25 mg112.	.13 100) Dantrium
Cap 50 mg77.) Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial994.	.56 6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE		
Tab 100 mg20.	.76 100) Norflex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	.06 10	Hameln
SUXAMETHONIUM CHI ORIDE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	.40 10	Martindale
VECURONIUM BROMIDE	.0	.nai unaaio
Inj 10 mg vial		
iij io iig viai		

1,000

30

200 ml

Relieve

Brufen SR

Ethics

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM				
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade				
SUGAMMADEX - Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Restricted (RS1370) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraine 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intuneuromuscular blockade; or 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is condisease, morbid obesity or COPD); or 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.	following rapid sequer dicated or undesirable, neuromuscular blocka bated and requires a r); or ide is red apid rev	quired; or ersal of anaesthesia and	
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs CELECOXIB Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025		60 30	Celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer	
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Tab EC 25 mg		50 20 50 100 5 10 10 10	Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren D Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren SR Voltaren Voltaren Voltaren Voltaren Voltaren	
ETORICOXIB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 30 mg ↓ Tab 60 mg ↓ Tab 90 mg ↓ Tab 120 mg → Restricted (RS1592) Initiation For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.				

→ Tab 400 mg - Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 600 mg - Restricted: For continuation only

Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

IBUPROFEN

Tab 200 mg - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2026.....21.40

Oral liq 20 mg per ml2.25

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

			Brand or
,		Per	Generic Manufacturer
	<u>· </u>		
	12.07	28	Oruvail SR
	32.69	500	Noflam 250
		250	Noflam 500
	.6.47	28	Naprosyn SR 750
	.8.62	28	Naprosyn SR 1000
	46.00	10	Dynastat
	18.50	100	Tilcotil
		1	AFT
	(ex man.	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	(ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per \$ Pe

Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain

CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1309)

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

Rilutek 56

→ Restricted (RS1351)

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory: or
 - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

TETRABENAZINE

112 Motetis

Anticholinergics

BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg9.59	9 60	Benztrop
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule95.00) 5	Phebra

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

AMANTADINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Tab 5 mg

Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents

APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	59.50	5	Movapo

5 Movapo

BROMOCRIPTINE

Cap 5 mg

ENTACAPONE

100 Comtan

Symmetrel

60

(ex man. excl. GS	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	
\$	Per	Manufacturer
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE		
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg13.25	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg13.75	100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg	100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg22.85	100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg	100	Madopar 250
	100	Madopai 200
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA		
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg21.11	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg		
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg43.65	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg38.39	100	Sinemet
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 0.25 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 202518.66	100	Ramipex
RASAGILINE		
Tab 1mg53.50	30	Azilect
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 0.25 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	84	Donin
		Ropin
Tab 1 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	84	Ropin
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	84	Ropin
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 14.50	84	Ropin
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only		
→ Tab 5 mg		
TOLCAPONE		
Tab 100 mg	100	Tasmar
100 100 mg	100	rasmar
Anaesthetics		
General Anaesthetics		
	6	Suprane
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	6	Suprane
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle1,350.00 DEXMEDETOMIDINE		·
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	6 5	Dexmedetomidine
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle		·
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle		Dexmedetomidine
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle		Dexmedetomidine
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle		Dexmedetomidine
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle		Dexmedetomidine
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	5	Dexmedetomidine Viatris
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	5	Dexmedetomidine Viatris Aerrane
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	5 6 5	Dexmedetomidine Viatris Aerrane Biomed
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	5 6 5 5	Dexmedetomidine Viatris Aerrane Biomed Biomed
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	5 6 5	Dexmedetomidine Viatris Aerrane Biomed
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	5 6 5 5	Dexmedetomidine Viatris Aerrane Biomed Biomed
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	5 6 5 5	Dexmedetomidine Viatris Aerrane Biomed Biomed
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	5 6 5 5	Dexmedetomidine Viatris Aerrane Biomed Biomed
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	5 6 5 5 5	Dexmedetomidine Viatris Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketalar
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	5 6 555 5	Dexmedetomidine Viatris Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketalar Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	5 6 5 5 5	Dexmedetomidine Viatris Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketalar

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

		111	ENVOUS STSTEW
(e	Price x man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SEVOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule	930.00	6	Baxter
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE Gel 20%			
BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 18% with tetracaine hydrochloride 2%			e.g. ZAP Topical Anaesthetic Gel
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	62.50	5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 5% DV Feb-24 to 202	26 28.00	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack	16.20	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack	16.56	5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		Ü	Maroani
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	450.00	_	
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	150.00	5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 10 ml ampoule	04.50	_	Managia with Advanalina
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial		5 5	Marcain with Adrenaline Marcain with Adrenaline
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL		Ū	Maroani Mari Adronamio
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	160.00	5	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag – 5% DV Jan-23			
to 2025	122.50	5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Jan-23		_	
to 2025	127.50	5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe	36.00	5	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe		5	Biomed
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	26.67	5	Marcain Heavy

	F	rice		Brand or
		excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
COCAINE HADDOCHI ODIDE		Ψ	rei	Manufacturer
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Paste 5%				
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe				
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe		28.76	1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE				
Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06%				
Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%				
ETHYL CHLORIDE				
Spray 100%				
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]				
Crm 4%		5.40	5 g	LMX4
		27.00	30 g	LMX4
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			ŭ	
Gel 2%		4.87	20 g	Orion
Soln 4%				
Spray 10% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2%		44.00	200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack				
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule		0.50	25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial			5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule			25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial			5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 10%, 5 ml ampoule				
Gel 2%, 11 ml urethral syringe - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		59.50	10	Instillagel Lido
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE				
Inj 1% with adreanline 1:100,000, 20 ml vial				
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23				
to 2025			10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		50.00	5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 mi dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		60.00	5	Xylocaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE	AND TET	RACAINE I	HYDROCI	HLORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%,				
syringe		19.70	1	Topicaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHR	INE HYD	ROCHLOR	IDE	
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%				
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE				
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%		45.00	30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg			20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g		45.00	5	EMLA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		43.60	50	Scandonest 3%
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Citanest
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	9.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	10.25	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	32.85	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	43.40	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	11.00	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	13.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	11.75	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 4%			-

Analgesics

Non-Opioid Analgesics

ASPIRIN

Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

- Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle
- → Restricted (RS1292)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

	_	Brand or
· ·		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
2026 19.75	1,000	Pacimol
	,	
17.92	1.000	Noumed Paracetamol
		Avallon
3.98		Paracetamol (Ethics)
3.35	200 ml	Pamol
		Paracetamol Kabi
	10	i didocidinoi itabi
4 20	10	Gacet
		Gacet
	. •	
16.55	50	Gacet
	tical, or whe	re there is reduced
24 hours.		
13.91	25 ml	Biomed
	\$ 202619.75 17.9210.50 3.983.3515.00 4.295.3916.55	(ex man. excl. GST)

Opioid Analgesics

For use in neonatal patients only.

→ Restricted (RS1763)

Initiation

ALFENTANIL	_	Madauma
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5	Medsurge
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025 5.92	100	Noumed
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	100	Aspen
		Noumed
Tab 60 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	100	Noumed
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE		
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	60	DHC Continus
FENTANYL		
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe		
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule3.75	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe165.00	10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule9.41	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026114.25	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 9.28	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 15.50	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202716.37	5	Fentanyl Sandoz

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	1.45	10	Methadone BNM
Oral liq 2 mg per ml	6.40	200 ml	Biodone
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	6.40	200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml	7.50	200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	68.90	10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral lig 1 mg per ml	19.00	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 2 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 5 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 10 mg per ml	40.25	200 ml	RA-Morph
MORPHINE SULPHATE			,
Tab immediate-release 10 mg	2.80	10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg		10	Sevredol
Cap long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Oral lig 2 mg per ml		300 ml	Oramorph
, 31	29.80	100 ml	Oramorph CDC S29
	16.31		Wockhardt
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	114.25	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	27.25	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	63.75	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	5.38	5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	4.68	5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5	Medsurge
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	6.28	5	Medsurge
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			

MORPHINE TARTRATE

Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. \$	Per	Manufacturer
XYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	2.49	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 5 mg	13.77	100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	2.49	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 10 mg			Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	3.41	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 20 mg	26.77	100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027			Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	12.99	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Cap immediate-release 5 mg			OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg			OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg			OxyNorm
Oral lig 1 mg per ml			Oxycodone Lucis S29
Oral lig 5 mg per 5 ml			OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			. ,
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4.37	5	Hameln
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027			Hameln
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027			Hameln
, , ,		ŭ	
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg - 5% DV	07.50	4 000	
Jan-23 to 2025	27.50	1,000	Paracetamol + Codeir (Relieve)
ETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	8.68	10	Noumed Pethidine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	29.88	5	DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	30.72	5	DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride
EMIFENTANIL			
Inj 1 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	14.95	5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			Remifentanil-AFT
RAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
	1.05	20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026			Tramal SR 150
			Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026			
Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2026	3.33	100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	10.00	_	Tromal EO
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-24 to 2026			Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	9.00	5	Tramal 100

Brand or

Generic

Price

(ex man. excl. GST)

	(ex man. excl. GST	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
AMITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.99	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	3.14	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg		30	Clomipramine Teva
Tab 25 mg		30	Clomipramine Teva
Cap 10 mg		28	Clomipramine Teva
Cap 25 mg	11.19	28	Clomipramine Teva
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For co	ontinuation only		
→ Tab 75 mg	3.85	30	Dosulepin Viatris
→ Cap 25 mg	7.83	50	Dosulepin Mylan
			Dosulepin Viatris
(Dosulepin Mylan Cap 25 mg to be delisted 1 October 2024)			
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Cap 10 mg			
→ Cap 25 mg			
→ Cap 50 mg			
IMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	5.48	50	Tofranil
•	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg	8.80	50	Tofranil
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation of	nlv		
→ Tab 25 mg	,		
→ Tab 75 mg			
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only	,		
→ Tab 30 mg			
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	2.46	100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		180	Norpress
,	0.20	100	Norpicaa
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg			
3			
TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE			
Tab 10 mg			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
MOCLOBEMIDE			
Tab 150 mg	11.80	60	Aurorix
Tab 300 mg	19.25	60	Aurorix

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Antidepressants				
MIRTAZAPINE				
Tab 30 mg		2.60	28	Noumed
Tab 45 mg		3.45	30 28	Noumed Noumed
			30	Noumed
VENLAFAXINE		0.00	0.4	Enleten VD
Cap 37.5 mg			84 84	Enlafax XR Enlafax XR
Cap 150 mg			84	Enlafax XR
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors				
CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE				
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		2.86	84	Celapram
ESCITALOPRAM				·
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		0.79	28	Ipca-Escitalopram
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1.49	28	lpca-Escitalopram
FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025			28 90	Fluox Arrow-Fluoxetine
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	•••••	3.13	90	Allow-Fluoxellile
PAROXETINE Tab 20 mg = 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		A 11	90	Loxamine
SERTRALINE		7.11	00	Loxumine
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		0.99	30	Setrona
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025			30	Setrona
Antiepilepsy Drugs				
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus				
CLONAZEPAM				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
DIAZEPAM			_	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			5 5	Hospira Stesolid
Rectal tubes 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		.54.56	5	Stesolia
LORAZEPAM				
Inj 2 mg vial				
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial				
PARALDEHYDE				
Soln 97%				
Inj 5 ml ampoule				
PHENYTOIN SODIUM		104 50	F	Lloopiro
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			5 5	Hospira Hospira
ing so mg por mi, s mi ampoule		107.01	J	Ποοριια

	Price	-	Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
Control of Epilepsy				
CARBAMAZEPINE				
Tab 200 mg	14.53	100	Tegretol Tegretol AU	
Tab long-acting 200 mg	16.98	100	Tegretol CR	
Tab 400 mg	34.58	100	Tegretol	
Tab long-acting 400 mg	39.17	100	Tegretol CR	
Oral liq 20 mg per ml	26.37	250 ml	Tegretol	
CLOBAZAM				
Tab 10 mg				
CLONAZEPAM				
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml				
ETHOSUXIMIDE				
Cap 250 mg	140.88	100	Zarontin	
Oral lig 50 mg per ml		200 ml	Zarontin	
GABAPENTIN				
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin				
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	6.45	100	Nupentin	
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		100	Nupentin	
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		100	Nupentin	
LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			•	
■ Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat	
■ Tab 100 mg		14	Vimpat	
y	200.24	56	Vimpat	
■ Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat	
•	300.40	56	Vimpat	
■ Tab 200 mg	400.55	56	Vimpat	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial				
→ Restricted (RS1988)				

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has focal epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine, and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment.

LAMOTRIGINE

Tab dispersible 2 mg55.00	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg50.00	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg4.20	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg5.11	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg6.75	56	Logem

	Price	_,	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	Γ) Per	Generic Manufacturer
LEVETIRACETAM	,		
Tab 250 mg	5.84	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg		60	Everet
Tab 750 mg		60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg		60	Everet
Oral lig 100 mg per ml		300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	38.95	10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2025	248.50	500	Noumed
1 4 5 1 5 1 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5			Phenobarbitone
	40.00		PSM
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2025	398.50	500	Noumed
(POMT 1 45			Phenobarbitone
(PSM Tab 15 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
PHENYTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 100 mg			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
PREGABALIN			
Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin			
Cap 25 mg	2.25	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 75 mg		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 150 mg	4.01	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 300 mg	7.38	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
PRIMIDONE			•
Tab 250 mg			
SODIUM VALPROATE			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab EC 200 mg			
Tab EC 500 mg			
Oral lig 40 mg per ml			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	9 98	1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL - Restricted see terms below			-p
_	500.20	60	Diacomit
Cap 250 mg		60 60	Diacomit Diacomit
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		00	Diacolliil
→ Restricted (RS1989) Initiation			

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial sodium valproate or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
TOPIRAMATE			
Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
•	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg	18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg	31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	20.84	60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	26.04	60	Topamax
VIGABATRIN − Restricted see terms below ¶ Tab 500 mg			
Powder for oral soln 500 mg per sachet → Restricted (RS1865)	71.58	60	Sabril

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.3 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and
- 2 Either
 - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Antimigraine Preparations

Acute Migraine Treatment

DIHYDROFRGOTAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL

Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
RIZATRIPTAN	Ψ	1 61	Wallulacturei
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.84	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		90	Sumagran
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		90	Sumagran
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025	29.30	2	Clustran
Prophylaxis of Migraine			
PIZOTIFEN			
Tab 500 mcg	23.21	100	Sandomigran
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents			
APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg	30.00	3	Emend Tri-Pack
Restricted (RS1154)			
Initiation Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthrac	veling-based chemoth	orany for	the treatment of
malignancy.	yoline-based onemoti	iciapy ioi	the treatment of
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	3.70	100	Serc
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg	0.49	10	Nausicalm
CYCLIZINE LACTATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	16.36	10	Hameln
DOMPERIDONE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	4.00	100	Domperidone Viatris
DROPERIDOL			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	43.85	10	Droperidol Panpharma
GRANISETRON	4.00		D
Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.20	1	Deva
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE			
Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Patch 1 mg per 72 hours	17 70	2	Scopoderm TTS
T dion i mg per 72 nouis	88.50	10	Scopolamine - Mylan
⇒ Restricted (RS1155)	33.33		oopoiaoj.a
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow sa			
where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately responded 2. Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least			
ineffective: or	casi iwo olilei alleilla	iive iieaii	nents have proven
3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyc	lizine, droperidol and	a 5HT3 a	intagonist have proven
ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.			
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.57	100	Metoclopramide
-			Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	7.00	10	Baxter

Price

Brand or

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ONDANSETRON			
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	2.27	50	Periset
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	0.56	10	Periset ODT
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	4.10	50	Periset
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	0.90	10	Periset ODT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	1.42	5	Ondansetron-AFT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	1.89	5	Ondansetron-AFT
PROCHLORPERAZINE			
Tab buccal 3 mg			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	25.00	250	Nausafix
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Suppos 25 mg			
TROPISETRON			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
ing i mg por mi, o mi ampoulo			

Antipsychotic Agents

^-		_		П
Ge	n	е	ra	ı

AMISULPRIDE		
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20275.84	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202735.06	60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml		
ARIPIPRAZOLE		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202510.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202510.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202510.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202510.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 25 mg15.62	100	Largactil
Tab 100 mg36.73	100	Largactil
Oral lig 10 mg per ml		3
Oral lig 20 mg per ml		
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule30.79	10	Largactil
CLOZAPINE		•
Tab 25 mg	50	Clopine
13.37	100	Clopine
6.69	50	Clozaril
13.37	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg8.67	50	Clopine
17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg	50	Clopine
34.65	100	Clopine
17.33	50	Clozaril
34.65	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg34.65	50	Clopine
69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml67.62	100 ml	Versacloz

	Price	- `\	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
HALOPERIDOL	<u> </u>		
Tab 500 mcg	6 23	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg		100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg		100	Serenace
Oral lig 2 mg per ml		100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule		100 1111	Serenace
	21.00	10	Ocionado
_EVOMEPROMAZINE	10.10	400	
Tab 25 mg		100	Nozinan
Tab 100 mg	41./5	100	Nozinan
EVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	24.48	10	Wockhardt
LITHIUM CARBONATE			
Tab long-acting 400 mg	72.00	100	Priadel
Cap 250 mg		100	Douglas
DLANZAPINE			2 0 ag.ao
	1.40	20	Zunina
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.89	28	Zypine ODT
Inj 10 mg vial			
PERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
QUETIAPINE			
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.36	90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
<u> </u>			autupt.
RISPERIDONE	0.47	00	Diamonidano (Tours)
Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 3 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	10.29	30 ml	Risperon
ZIPRASIDONE			
Cap 20 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg	38.39	60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg	46.55	60	Zusdone
CUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
CUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE	21 45	100	Clanival
Tab 10 mg	31.45	100	Clopixol

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Depot Injections				
ARIPIPRAZOLE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 300 mg vial		1	Abilify Maintena	
Inj 400 mg vial	341.96	1	Abilify Maintena	
→ Restricted (RS2017)				
Initiation				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
Either:				

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has a current Special Authority approval for olanzapine depot injection, risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; and
 - 1.2 Patient has tried but has experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with olanzapine depot injection, risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 Patient has been unable to access olanzapine depot injection due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection, or otherwise would have been initiated on olanzapine depot injection but has been unable to due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection. (see Note below for the olanzapine Special Authority criteria for new olanzapine depot injection patients prior to 1 April 2024).

Notes: The Olanzapine depot injection Special Authority criteria that apply to criterion 2 in this Aripiprazole Special Authority application are as follows:

- The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or risperidone depot injection; or
- All of the following:
 - The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of aripiprazole depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	20.90	5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.39	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	55.90	5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Inj 210 mg vial	252.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Inj 300 mg vial	414.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Inj 405 mg vial	504.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
- Postricted (PC0010)			**

→ Restricted (RS2018)

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PALIPERIDONE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 50 mg syringe	271.95	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 75 mg syringe	357.42	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 100 mg syringe	435.12	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 150 mg syringe	435.12	1	Invega Sustenna
→ Restricted (RS1381)			·

Initiation

initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE PALMITATE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 175 mg syringe	815.85	1	Invega Trinza
t	Inj 263 mg syringe	1,072.26	1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 350 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 525 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
	Destricted (DC1000)			-

→ Restricted (RS1932)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
- 2 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone once-monthly depot injection.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

BISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial13	35.98	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial17	78.71	1	Risperdal Consta
	Inj 50 mg vial21	17.56	1	Risperdal Consta

→ Restricted (RS1380)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
- 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
- 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.80	5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			e.g. Clopixol Conc

Anxiolytics

BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	3.95 1	00	Buspirone Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	2.50 1	00	Buspirone Viatris
CLONAZEPAM			
Tab 500 mcg5	5.64 1	00	Paxam
Tab 2 mg	0.78 1	00	Paxam
DIAZEPAM			
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 202695	5.00 5	00	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026115	5.00 5	00	Arrow-Diazepam
LORAZEPAM			
Tab 1 mg		50	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg12	2.50 1	00	Ativan
OXAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 15 mg			

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted (RS1993)

Initiation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
 - 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
 - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
 - 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
	Per Manufacturer	

- not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic): and
- 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
- 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
- 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
- 1.4.5 Either:
 - 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
 - 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
- 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
- 1.6 Any of the following:
 - 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
 - 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
 - 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
 - 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
 - 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active approval for ocrelizumab and does not have primary progressive MS.

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Continuation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

DIMETHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

I	Cap 120 mg	520.00	14	Tecfidera
t	Cap 240 mg	2,000.00	56	Tecfidera

FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

t	Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector1,170.00	4	Avonex Pen
t	Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe1,170.00	4	Avonex

INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

1 Ini 8 million iu per ml. 1 ml vial

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on page 135

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms on page 135

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments - Other

OCRELIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

- → Restricted (RS1997)

Initiation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
 - 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
 - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
 - 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
 - 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
 - 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
 - 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
 - 1.4.5 Either:
 - 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
 - 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
 - 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
 - 1.6 Any of the following:
 - 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
 - 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
 - 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
 - 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
 - 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for either dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab or teriflunomide.



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Continuation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Initiation - Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Diagnosis of primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) meets the 2017 McDonald criteria and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
- 2 Patient has an EDSS 2.0 (score equal to or greater than 2 on pyramidal functions) to EDSS 6.5; and
- 3 Patient has no history of relapsing remitting multiple sclerosis.

Continuation - Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of less than or equal to 6.5 at any time in the last six months (ie patient has walked 20 metres with bilateral assistance/aids, without rest in the last six months).

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHI ORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - **Restricted**: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

→ Restricted (RS1576)

Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and
- 4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

Continuation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a

		N	IERVOUS SYSTEM
	Price ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no gre Initiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are cont	ater than 10 mg pe	r day.	
Both:			
1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are cor2 For in-hospital use only.	traindicated; and		
MIDAZOLAM Tab 7.5 mg Oral liq 2 mg per ml Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	3.95	10	Midazolam Viatris Mylan Midazolam
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	3.52	5	Midazolam Viatris Mylan Midazolam
PHENOBARBITONE Inj 130 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			,
TEMAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.40	25	Normison
TRIAZOLAM – Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 125 mcg			

Spinal Muscular Atrophy

NUSINERSEN - Restricted see terms below

Spinraza

→ Restricted (RS1938)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

→ Tab 250 mcg **ZOPICLONE** Tab 7.5 mg

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with nusinersen; and
- 3 Nusinersen not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

RISDIPI AM - Restricted see terms below

Note: the supply of risdiplam is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://pharmac.govt.nz/risdiplam

- Powder for oral soln 750 mcg per ml, 60 mg per bottle......14,100.00 80 ml Evrysdi
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1954)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with risdiplam; and
- 3 Risdiplam not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE				
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24	to 2026	43.02	28	APO-Atomoxetine
		18.41		Generic Partners
Cap 18 mg - 5% DV Aug-24	to 2026	45.57	28	APO-Atomoxetine
		27.06		Generic Partners
Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Aug-24	to 2026	44.30	28	APO-Atomoxetine
		29.22		Generic Partners
Cap 40 mg - 5% DV Aug-24	to 2026	46.21	28	APO-Atomoxetine
		29.22		Generic Partners
Cap 60 mg - 5% DV Aug-24	to 2026	51.31	28	APO-Atomoxetine
		46.51		Generic Partners
Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Aug-24	to 2026	65.20	28	APO-Atomoxetine
		56.45		Generic Partners
Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-24	4 to 2026	65.71	28	APO-Atomoxetine
_		58.48		Generic Partners

(Generic Partners Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)

(Generic Partners Cap 18 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)

(Generic Partners Cap 25 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)

(Generic Partners Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)

(Generic Partners Cap 60 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)

(Generic Partners Cap 80 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)

(Generic Partners Cap 100 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)

CAFFEINE

Tab 100 mg

			NE	RVOUS SYSTEM
		Price		Brand or
	(ex man	excl. GST)		Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms below				
 ■ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025		29.80	100	Noumed
→ Restricted (RS1169) Initiation – ADHD Paediatrician or psychiatrist Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), Initiation – Narcolepsy Neurologist or respiratory specialist	diagnosed acc	ording to DS	M-IV or I	Dexamfetamine CD 10 criteria.
Re-assessment required after 24 months				
Patient suffers from narcolepsy.				
r attent suriors from narodopsy.				

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

METHYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below 30 Concerta Methylphenidate ER -Teva 30 Concerta Methylphenidate ER -Teva Tab extended-release 36 mg......71.93 30 Concerta Methylphenidate ER -Teva Tab extended-release 54 mg......86.24 Concerta 30 Methylphenidate ER -Teva 30 Rubifen Ritalin 30 Rubifen 30 Rubifen 30 Rubifen SR 30 Ritalin I A Ritalin LA 30 Ritalin I A 30 Ritalin LA

⇒ Restricted (RS1294)

Initiation - ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

P	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation – Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
 - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1803) Initiation – Narcolepsy

Militation – Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
 - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Treatments for Dementia

DC	NEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
	Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	3.70	84	Ipca-Donepezil
	Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	5.50	84	Ipca-Donepezil
R۱۱	VASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below			
1	Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour	38.00	30	Rivastigmine Patch BNM
_				5
1	Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour	38.00	30	Rivastigmine Patch BNM
_	Destricted (DC1/26)			10

→ Restricted (RS1436)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

NERVOUS SYSTEM

P	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

BUPRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below							
t	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	28	Buprenorphine				
t	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 34.00	28	Naloxone BNM Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM				

⇒ Restricted (RS1172)

Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Initiation - Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab modified-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM Tab 200 mg236	40	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 202683:	33	30	Naltraccord
→ Restricted (RS1173)		28	Naltrexone AOP

Initiation – Alcohol dependence

Both:

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence; and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

NERVOUS SYSTEM

·	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
NICOTINE Come items restricted as a torrest halour	Ψ	101	Warialacturer
NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below			
Patch 7 mg per 24 hours	19.62	28	Habitrol
Patch 14 mg per 24 hours	21.57	28	Habitrol
Patch 21 mg per 24 hours	24.72	28	Habitrol
■ Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
Lozenge 1 mg	22.53	216	Habitrol
Lozenge 2 mg	24.68	216	Habitrol
■ Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
Gum 2 mg	23.02	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
•			Habitrol (Mint)
Gum 4 mg	25.98	204	Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint)
			riabilior (iviiii)

→ Restricted (RS1873)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction: or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or
- 3 Patient would be admitted to a mental health inpatient unit, but is unable to due to COVID-19 self-isolation requirement; or
- 4 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

VARENICLINE – **Restricted** see terms below

t	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 42	6.67	53	Varenicline Pfizer	
t	Tab 1 mg1	7.62	56	Varenicline Pfizer	
→ Restricted (RS1702)					

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking;
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to guit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Chemotherapeutic Agents

Alkylating Agents

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg vial
 77.00
 1
 Ribomustin

 Inj 100 mg vial
 308.00
 1
 Ribomustin
- → Restricted (RS1917)

Initiation - treatment naive CLL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and
- 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of < 6; and
- 6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m² on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). Chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and
 - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen; and
 - 3.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with obinutuzumab for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 3.3 All of the following:
 - 3.3.1 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
 - 3.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+): and
 - 3.3.3 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
 - 3.4 Bendamustine is to be administered as monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of rituximab in combination with bendamustine; and
 - 1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with obinutuzumab for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
 - 2.2 Fither:

(ex man. e	ice excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
2.2.1 Both:			
2.2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum o	f 6 cycle	s in relaps	ed patients (in combination
with rituximab when CD20+); and			
2.2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of	12 montl	ns or more	e; or
2.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a	maximur	n of 6 cycl	es in rituximab refractory
patients.			
Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, marginal zo	one and ly	mphoplas	macytic/ Waldenström's
macroglobulinaemia.			
Initiation – Hodgkin's lymphoma*	a a a i a li a t		
Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant sp Limited to 6 months treatment	pecialist		
All of the following:			
Patient has Hodgkin's lymphoma requiring treatment; and			
2 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0-2; and			
3 Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy; and			
4 Patient's disease relapsed or was refractory following prior chemotherapy;	and		
5 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with gemcitabine and v	vinorelbin	e (BeGeV) at a maximum dose of no
greater than 90 mg/m2 twice per cycle, for a maximum of four cycles.			
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.			
BUSULFAN			
T-1: 0			
Tab 2 mg	39.25	100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	39.25	100	Myleran
•	39.25	100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		100	BiCNU
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 71			•
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 202571 CHLORAMBUCIL			BiCNU
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 202571 CHLORAMBUCIL Tab 2 mg			BiCNU
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 202571 CHLORAMBUCIL Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE	10.00	1	BICNU BICNU S29
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 202571 CHLORAMBUCIL Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10.00	1 50	BICNU BICNU S29 Cyclonex
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	10.00 15.00 35.65	1 50 1	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	10.00 15.00 35.65	1 50	BICNU BICNU S29 Cyclonex
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	15.00 35.65 71.25	50 1 1	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial — 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	45.00 85.65 71.25	50 1 1	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	45.00 85.65 71.25	50 1 1	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	15.00 15.65 71.25 96.00	50 1 1 1 1	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	15.00 35.65 71.25 96.00 30.00	50 1 1 1 20	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	15.00 35.65 71.25 96.00 30.00 32.59 99.15	50 1 1 1 1	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	15.00 35.65 71.25 96.00 30.00	50 1 1 1 20	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	15.00 35.65 71.25 96.00 30.00 32.59 99.15	50 1 1 1 20	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	45.00 85.65 71.25 96.00 80.00 82.59 99.15 30.00	50 1 1 1 20	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu Medac
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	45.00 85.65 71.25 96.00 80.00 82.59 99.15 30.00	50 1 1 1 1 20 20	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	15.00 35.65 71.25 96.00 30.00 32.59 99.15 30.00	50 1 1 1 1 20 20	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu Medac Melpha
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	15.00 35.65 71.25 96.00 30.00 32.59 99.15 30.00	50 1 1 1 1 20 20	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Cyclonex Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu Medac

DBL Bleomycin Sulfate

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE

Price (ex man. excl. GS)	<u> </u>	Brand or Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]		
Inj 0.5 mg vial255.00	1	Cosmegen
DAUNORUBICIN		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial171.93	1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial11.50	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 50 mg vial		- · · · · -
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial69.99	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
PIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial30.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial99.99	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
DARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 5 mg vial109.74	1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial233.64	1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C		
Inj 5 mg vial		
Inj 20 mg vial	1	Teva
ITOZANTRONE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe
11] 2 11g por 111, 10 111 via	'	WINOZUMIONO EDOWO

Antimetabolites

AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1904)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
 - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Continuation

Haematologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

CAPECITABINE

Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	9.80	60	Capecitabine Viatris
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	46.50	120	Capecitabine Viatris

	Price (ex man. excl. GS		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	749.96	1	Leustatin
		•	2000101111
CYTARABINE	470.00	_	D."
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	48.80	1	Cytarabine DBL
			Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 10 mg		20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	634.00	5	Fludarabine Ebewe
, •	126.80	1	Fludarabine Sagent
FLUOROURACIL			·
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10.51	1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Fluorouracil Accord
		1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	19.36	I	FIGOTOGRACII ACCORD
GEMCITABINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 43.3 mg per ml (equivalent to 38 mg per ml gemcitabine), 26.3 m	l vial		
– 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		1	DBL Gemcitabine
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	25 90	25	Puri-nethol
■ Oral suspension 20 mg per ml		100 ml	Xaluprine
Oral suspension 20 mg per mi	420.00	100 1111	
→ Restricted (RS1635)			Allmercap
nitiation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per da	ıy.		
Continuation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per da	ıy.		
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7.80	90	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		90	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe	14.61	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe		i	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe		i	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 13 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
, 01		1	
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe		-	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	30.00	5	Methotrexate DBL
let 05 man and 00 miletal	45.00		Onco-Vial
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	45.00	1	DBL Methotrexate
let 400 mm and 40 ml etal	05.00		Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	67.99	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
PEMETREXED - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Inj 100 mg vial	60.89	1	Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 500 mg vial		i	Juno Pemetrexed
	1 / . / /		Jano i Ginglioned

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1596)

Initiation - Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
 - 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days.

THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

Other Cytotoxic Agents

AMSACRINE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

Inj 75 mg

ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 0.5 mg

ARSENIC TRIOXIDE

BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

■ Inj 3.5 mg vial - 5% DV May-23 to 2025.......74.93 1 DBL Bortezomib

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	「) Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	1 61	Manulaciulei
⇒ Restricted (RS1725)			
Initiation – multiple myeloma/amyloidosis			
Either:			
1 The patient has symptomatic multiple myeloma; or			
2 The patient has symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis.			
DACARBAZINE			
Inj 200 mg vial	72.11	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE			
Cap 50 mg	340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg		10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)			
Inj 100 mg vial	40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA [HYDROXYCARBAMIDE]			
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	20.72	100	Devatis
IBRUTINIB - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 140 mg	3,217.00	30	Imbruvica
■ Tab 420 mg		30	Imbruvica
➡ Restricted (RS1933)			
Initiation – chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring thera	py; and		

- 2 Patient has not previously received funded ibrutinib; and
- 3 Ibrutinib is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 Both:
 - 4.1.1 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion or TP53 mutation; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with venetoclax monotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received at least one prior immunochemotherapy for CLL; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient's CLL has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with venetoclax in combination with rituximab regimen; or
 - 4.3 Patient's CLL is refractory to or has relapsed within 36 months of a venetoclax regimen.

Continuation - chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are Unapproved indications.

IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE

Accord

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
LENALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below				
	5,122.76	28	Revlimid	
		21	Revlimid	
, ,	6,207.00	28	Revlimid	
	5,429.39	21	Revlimid	
, ,	7,239.18	28	Revlimid	
	7,627.00	21	Revlimid	
→ Restricted (RS1836)	·			

Initiation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- 2 Patient has not previously been treated with lenalidomide; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed symptomatic multiple myeloma and has undergone first-line treatment that included an autologous stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has at least a stable disease response in the first 100 days after transplantation; and
- 3 Lenalidomide maintenance is to be commenced within 6 months of transplantation; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 15 mg/day.

Continuation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

NIRAPARIB -	- Restricted s	ee terms	on the	next pag	ıe
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Î	Cap 100 mg	8,929.84	56	Zejula
		13,393.50	84	Zejula

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2027)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has advanced high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one line** of treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 3 Patient has experienced a partial or complete response to the preceding treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient has not previously received funded treatment with a PARP inhibitor; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the preceding platinum-based regimen; or
 - 5.2 Patient commenced treatment with niraparib prior to 1 May 2024; and
- 6 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 7 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 2 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 3 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 4 Fither
 - 4.1 Treatment with niraparib to cease after a total duration of 36 months from commencement; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with niraparib is being used in the second-line or later maintenance setting.

Notes: * "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.

**A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments

OLAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

ĺ	Tab 100 mg	3,701.00	56	Lynparza
ĺ	Tab 150 mg	3,701.00	56	Lynparza

→ Restricted (RS1925)

Initiation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

1

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 All of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed, advanced disease; and
 - 3.1.2 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.1.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to the first-line platinum-based regimen; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease progression occurring at least 6 months after the last dose of the penultimate line** of platinum-based chemotherapy; and

	Price		Brand or
(ex m	an. excl. C	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to treatment with the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 3.2.4 Patient has not previously received funded olaparib treatment; and
- 4 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 5 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 6 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 No evidence of progressive disease; or
 - 2.2 Evidence of residual (not progressive) disease and the patient would continue to benefit from treatment in the clinician's opinion; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 5 Fither:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 5.1.2 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the funded treatment period of olaparib will not be continued beyond 2 years if the patient experiences a complete response to treatment and there is no radiological evidence of disease at 2 years; or
 - 5.2 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy.

Notes: *Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.

**A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1788)

Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Lymphoma

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has lymphoma requiring L-asparaginase containing protocol (e.g. SMILE).

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 50 mg.......980.00 50 Natulan

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
TEMOZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below				
	9.13	5	Temaccord	
	16.38	5	Temaccord	
	35.98	5	Temaccord	
		5	Temaccord	
		5	Temaccord	
⇒ Restricted (BS1994)				

→ Restricted (RS1994)

Initiation - gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has a glioma.

Continuation - gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

Continuation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 50 mg378.00	28	Thalomid
	Cap 100 mg756.00		Thalomid

→ Restricted (RS1192)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or
- 3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

TRFTINOIN

Cap 10 mg	479.50	100	Vesanoid
VENETOCLAX - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg	1,771.86	42	Venclexta
■ Tab 10 mg		2	Venclexta
■ Tab 50 mg	239.44	7	Venclexta
■ Tab 100 mg		120	Venclexta
⇒ Restricted (RS1713)			

Initiation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 7 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one prior therapy for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

Initiation - previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion by FISH testing or TP53 mutation by sequencing; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Platinum Compounds

CARBOPLATIN

(Carboplatin Ebewe Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial to be delisted 1 December 2024)

(e	Price x man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CISPLATIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	18.90	1	Cisplatin Accord
	29.66		DBL Cisplatin
(DBL Cisplatin Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial to be delisted 1 December 202-	4)		
OXALIPLATIN			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	33.35	1	Alchemy Oxaliplatin
Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors			

ALECTINIB - Restricted see terms below

224 Alecensa

→ Restricted (RS1712)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyrosine kinase gene rearrangement using an appropriate ALK test; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria; and
- 2 The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

DASATINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 20 mg3,774.06	60	Sprycel
	Tab 50 mg6,214.20		Sprycel
	Tab 70 mg		Sprycel
	Postwisted (PO4005)		

→ Restricted (RS1685)

Initiation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis or accelerated phase; and
 - 1.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or
- - 2.1 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoid leukaemia (Ph+ ALL); and
 - 2.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase; and
 - 3.2 Maximum dose of 100 mg/day; and
 - 3.3 Any of the following:
 - 3.3.1 Patient has documented treatment failure* with imatinib; or
 - 3.3.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; or
 - 3.3.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML defined by the Sokal or EURO scoring system; or
 - 3.3.4 Patients is enrolled in the KISS study** and requires dasatinib treatment according to the study protocol.

Price		Brand or	_
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

Continuation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib*: and
- 2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum dasatinib dose of 140 mg/day for accelerated or blast phase CML and Ph+ ALL, and 100 mg/day for chronic phase CML.

Note: *treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines. **Kinase-Inhibition Study with Sprycel Start-up https://www.cancertrialsnz.ac.nz/kiss/

ERLOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027280.84	30	Alchemy
t	Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027484.24	30	Alchemy

→ Restricted (RS1885)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Erlotinib to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1887)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Both:

	Price		Brand or
(6	ex man. excl. GS1		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to intolerance; and
- 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Gefitinib to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

IMATINIB MESILATE

Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	44.93	60	Imatinib-Rex
Cap 400 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	69.76	30	Imatinib-Rex

LAPATINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1828)

Initiation

For continuation use only.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

MIDOSTAURIN - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS2033)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 2 Condition must be FMS tyrosine kinase 3 (FLT3) mutation positive; and
- 3 Patient must not have received a prior line of intensive chemotherapy for acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 4 Patient is to receive standard intensive chemotherapy in combination with midostaurin only; and
- 5 Midostaurin to be funded for a maximum of 4 cycles.

NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg4,680.00	120	Tasigna
t	Cap 200 mg6,532.00	120	Tasigna

→ Restricted (RS2010)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.			Generic
\$	F	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, high risk chronic phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI); or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) precluding further treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

PALBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 75 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
t		21	Ibrance
			Ibrance

⇒ Restricted (RS2034)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
 - 1.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 1.4 Fither:
 - 1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
 - 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal or without menstrual-potential state; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic treatment for metastatic disease; and
 - 1.5 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 1.6 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for ribociclib; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse reaction to ribociclib that cannot be managed by dose reductions and requires treatment discontinuation; and
 - 2.3 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of ribociclib.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of palbociclib.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms below				
	1,334.70	30	Votrient	
	2,669.40	30	Votrient	

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

RIBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg	21	Kisqali
	3,767.00	42	Kisqali
	5.650.00	63	Kisgali

→ Restricted (RS2035)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
 - 1.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
 - 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal or without menstrual-potential state; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued

- 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic endocrine treatment for metastatic disease; or
- 1.4.3 Both:
 - 1.4.3.1 Patient commenced treatment with ribociclib in combination with an endocrine partner prior to 1 July 2024; and
 - 1.4.3.2 There is no evidence of progressive disease; and
- 1.5 Treatment to be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 1.6 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for palbociclib; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse reaction to palbociclib that cannot be managed by dose reductions and requires treatment discontinuation; and
 - 2.3 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of palbociclib.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of ribociclib.

RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 5 mg2,500.00	56	Jakavi
t	Tab 10 mg5,000.00	56	Jakavi
t	Tab 15 mg5,000.00	56	Jakavi
t	Tab 20 mg5,000.00	56	Jakavi

→ Restricted (RS1726)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy; and
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

Continuation

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist Re-assessment required after 12 months

Dath.

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below				
	208.38	28	Sunitinib Pfizer	
	416.77	28	Sunitinib Pfizer	
■ Cap 50 mg		28	Sunitinib Pfizer	
→ Restricted (RS1886)				
Initiation – RCC				

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive: or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

1 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
- 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease): or
- 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation - GIST pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 Sunitinib is to be discontinued at progression; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol. 2007. 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

DOCETAXEL Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	24.91	1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL			
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	47.30	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	19.59	1	Anzatax
	24.00		Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	26.69	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	37.89	1	Anzatax
	44.00		Paclitaxel Ebewe
(Paclitaxel Ebewe Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
(Paclitaxel Ebewe Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
(Paclitaxel Ebewe Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
(Paclitaxel Ebewe Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial to be delisted 1 August 2024)			

Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects			
CALCIUM FOLINATE			
Tab 15 mg	135.33	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	18.25	5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	7.28	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	9.49	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial	22.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial	25.14	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	72.00	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
DEXRAZOXANE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
↓ Inj 500 mg			e.g. Cardioxane

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1695)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediatric haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline given with curative intent; and
- 2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetime dose of anthracycline will exceed 250mg/m2 doxorubicin equivalent or greater; and
- 3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracycline treatment; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a child or young adult; or
 - 4.2 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for secondary malignancy.

MFSNA

Tab 400 mg314.00	50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg448.50	50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule	15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule407.40	15	Uromitexan

Vinca Alkaloids

VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	270.37	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	51.37	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	102.73	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
VINORELBINE			
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025	30.00	1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025	40.00	1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025	60.00	1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	12.00	1	Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	56.00	1	Navelbine
(Navelbine Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial to be delisted 1 October 2024)			

Endocrine Therapy

ABIRATERONE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

(Navelbine Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 October 2024)

→ Restricted (RS1888)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases; and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 All of the following:

	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
- 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
- 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
- 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
- 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Abiraterone acetate to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

BICALUTAMIDE

Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE		
Tab 250 mg119.50	100	Flutamin
FULVESTRANT - Restricted see terms below		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml prefilled syringe	2	Faslodex
→ Restricted (RS1732)		

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment with an aromatase inhibitor or tamoxifen for their locally advanced or metastatic disease; and
- 3 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly following loading doses; and
- 4 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic		
	\$	Per	Manufacturer		
OCTREOTIDE – Some items restricted see terms below					
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	27.58	5	Max Health		
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	32.71	5	Max Health		
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	113.10	5	Max Health		
■ Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	439.97	1	Octreotide Depot Teva		
	438.40		Sandostatin LAR		
■ Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	647.03	1	Octreotide Depot Teva		
	583.70		Sandostatin LAR		
Inj depot 30 mg prefilled syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	718.55	1	Octreotide Depot Teva		
, , , , , ,	670.80		Sandostatin LAR		
(Octreotide Depot Teva Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe to be delisted	ed 1 December 2024)				
(Octreotide Depot Teva Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe to be delisted	(Octreotide Depot Teva Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe to be delisted 1 December 2024)				
(Octreotide Depot Teva Inj depot 30 mg prefilled syringe to be delisted	ed 1 December 2024)				

→ Restricted (RS1889)

Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma: and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas: and

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

Initiation - pre-operative acromegaly

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Patient has a large pituitary tumour, greater than 10 mm at its widest; and
- 3 Patient is scheduled to undergo pituitary surgery in the next six months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Continuation – Acromegaly - pandemic circumstances Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

TAMOXIFEN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	15.00	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	.5.32	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz

Aromatase Inhibitors

ΔN	AST	rr(170	ΙF

Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	. 4.39	30	Anatrole
EXEMESTANE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2026	9.86	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4.67	30	Letrole

Imaging Agents

AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

1	Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial	4,400.00	1	Gliolan
		44.000.00	10	Gliolan

→ Restricted (RS1565)

Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN

0.0200. 0			
Cap 25 mg	44.63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg	88.91	50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg	177.81	50	Neoral
Oral liq 100 mg per ml		50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
	49.60	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	99.30	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
■ Cap 1 mg		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
		50	Tacrolimus Sandoz

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1990)

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - non-transplant indications*

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
 - 2.2 Patient is a child with nephrotic syndrome*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Fusion Proteins

ETANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 25 mg autoinjector690.00	4	Enbrel
	Inj 25 mg vial690.00	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg autoinjector	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg syringe	4	Enbrel

→ Restricted (RS1879)

Initiation – polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

for polyarticular course JIA; or

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baselinee; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Fither:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

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Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plague psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plague psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

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Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

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Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum

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tolerated dose); and

- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
 - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 2 mg per ml. 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1202)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB (AMGEVITA) - Restricted see terms below

ADALINIONAD (AMGLVITA) Hestiteted see terms below		
Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe − 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026 190.00	1	Amgevita
Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled pen − 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026375.00	2	Amgevita
■ Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026375.00	2	Amgevita

→ Restricted (RS1940)

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease* that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatological and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatments appropriate for the particular symptom(s).

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Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and
- 3 Patient has 3 or more active lesions; and
- 4 The patient has a DLQI of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application.

Continuation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 4 or more from baseline.

Initiation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin. or acitretin: and
 - 2.3 A PASI assessment or (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2 Fither:

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- 1.2.1 The patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2.2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 2.2.2 The patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300 or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and

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3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 PCDAI score is 15 or less: or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complex peri-anal fistula; and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or

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- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiology imaging; and
 - 2.4 Patient has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more NSAIDs, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following BASMI measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or

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- 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender; and
- 2.6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

For applications where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose).

Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline: or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:

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- 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine or leflunomide at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Fither
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically

	Price		Brand or
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continued...

significant response in the opinion of the physician; or

2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroguine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate: and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept and/or tocilizumab for (AOSD); and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
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- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, NSAIDs and methotrexate: and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient's SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
- 2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of each of methotrexate, sulphasalazine and leflunomide, at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 3.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 3.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not responded adequately to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation – inflammatory bowel arthritis – peripheral

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate, or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

ADALIMUMAB (HUMIRA - ALTERNATIVE BRAND) - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 20 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe	2	Humira
1	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled pen	2	HumiraPen

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Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1922)

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response to treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Continuation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and
- 3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Initiation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with

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adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and

- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Fither:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation – Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 A maximum of 8 doses.

Continuation - Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated clinical improvement and continues to require treatment; and
- 2 A maximum of 8 doses.

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continued...

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment: and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

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2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita); and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

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Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation – Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

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continued...

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Fither
 - 4.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
 - 4.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
 - 2.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has demonstrated a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1872)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	GST)	Generic
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- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
 - 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months; or
 - 2.2 Patient has previously* (*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
- 2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
- 3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomography) subfield > 350 micrometers; and
- 5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy.

Continuation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and
- 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction in intra-retinal cysts, central retinal thickness, and sub-retinal fluid); and
- 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy; and
- 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, patient has retrialled with at least one injection of bevacizumab and had no response.

BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1203)

Initiation

For use in solid organ transplants.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
BENRALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled pen → Restricted (RS1920)	3,539.00	1	Fasenra	

Initiation – Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eq. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded: and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 × 10^9 cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long-acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the anti-inflammatory reliever therapy plus maintenance regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids: or
 - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months: and
- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised mepolizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Fither:
 - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
 - 9.2 Both:
 - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
 - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with benralizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1691)

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolarvngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

	Price			Brand or
(€	ex man. excl. (GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.

Continuation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses: and
- 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and
- 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease regrowth as a result of treatment.

Initiation - ocular conditions

Fither:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation: or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

BRENTUXIMAB VEDOTIN - Restricted see terms below

Adcetris

→ Restricted (RS2002)

Initiation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma after two or more lines of chemotherapy:
 - 1.1.2 Patient is ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 1.2.2 Patient has previously undergone autologous stem cell transplant; and
- 2 Patient has not previously received funded brentuximab vedotin; and
- 3 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 4 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

Initiation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-1; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received brentuximab vedotin; and
- 4 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 5 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

CASIRIVIMAB AND IMDEVIMAB - Restricted see terms below

Initiation - Treatment of profoundly immunocompromised patients

Limited to 2 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 The patient is in the community (treated as an outpatient) with mild to moderate disease severity*; and
- 3 Patient is profoundly immunocompromised** and is at risk of not having mounted an adequate response to vaccination against COVID-19 or is unvaccinated; and
- 4 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and
- 5 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and
- 6 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximum dose of no greater than 2,400 mg.

Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Ministry of Health Website

** Examples include B-cell depletive illnesses or patients receiving treatment that is B-Cell depleting.

Initiation - mild to moderate COVID-19-hospitalised patients

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 2 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Patient is an in-patient in hospital with mild to moderate disease severity*; and
- 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and
- 4 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Age > 50; or
 - 5.2 BMI > 30: or
 - 5.3 Patient is Maori or Pacific ethnicity; or
 - 5.4 Patient is at increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19, excluding pregnancy, as described on the Ministry of Health website (see Notes); and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient is unvaccinated; or
 - 6.2 Patient is seronegative where serology testing is readily available or strongly suspected to be seronegative where serology testing is not available; and
- 7 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximum dose of no greater than 2,400 mg.

Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Ministry of Health Website

**(https://www.health.govt.nz/our-work/diseases-and-conditions/covid-19-novel-coronavirus/covid-19-information-specific-audiences/covid-19-advice-higher-risk-people)

CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Erbitux
1	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1	Erbitux

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1613)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and
- 3 Patient has good performance status; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

GEMTUZUMAB OZOGAMICIN - Restricted see terms below

Mylotarg

→ Restricted (RS1923)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has not received prior chemotherapy for this condition; and
- 2 Patient has de novo CD33-positive acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient does not have acute promyelocytic leukaemia; and
- 4 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin will be used in combination with standard anthracycline and cytarabine (AraC); and
- 5 Patient is being treated with curative intent: and
- 6 Patient's disease risk has been assessed by cytogenetic testing to be good or intermediate; and
- 7 Patient must be considered eligible for standard intensive remission induction chemotherapy with standard anthracycline and cytarabine (AraC); and
- 8 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin to be funded for one course only (one dose at 3 mg per m² body surface area or up to 2 vials of 5 mg as separate doses).

Note: Acute myeloid leukaemia excludes acute promyelocytic leukaemia and acute myeloid leukaemia that is secondary to another haematological disorder (eg myelodysplasia or myeloproliferative disorder).

INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

Remicade

→ Restricted (RS1941)

Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

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(ex man. ex	ccl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

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- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Jouri.

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab; or
 - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

Price		Brand or
 (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection;
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and

	Price			Brand or
(€	ex man. excl. (GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less: or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complete peri-anal fistula.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - fulminant ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis: and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patients SCCAI is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patients PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate,

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

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cyclosporin, or acitretin; and

- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course: and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and
- 2.3 Fither:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- a) Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- b) Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has had axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and

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- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroillitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not experienced an adequate response to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 Patient has a BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10-point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
 - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, patient has experienced at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient has experienced at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

MEPOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg prefilled pen1,638.00	1	Nucala
	Inj 100 mg vial1,638.00	1	Nucala

(Nucala Inj 100 mg vial to be delisted 1 August 2024)

→ Restricted (RS2024)

Initiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded: and

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- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 x 10^9 cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the single maintenance and reliever therapy regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids; or
 - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months: and
- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised benralizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Either:
 - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
 - 9.2 Both:
 - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
 - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

1 Ani

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with mepolizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

Initiation - eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis; and
- 2 The patient has trialled and not received adequate benefit from at least one of the following for at least three months (unless contraindicated to all): azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, leflunomide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, or rituximab; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has trialled prednisone for a minimum of three months and is unable to maintain disease control at doses below 7.5 mg per day; or
 - 3.2 Corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Continuation – eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has no evidence of clinical disease progression.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1919)

Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

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- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL; and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to $1.5 \times 10^9/L$ and platelets greater than or equal to $75 \times 10^9/L$

Initiation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has follicular lymphoma; or
 - 1.2 Patient has marginal zone lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen*: and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has been previously treated with no more than four chemotherapy regimens; and
- 5 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 1000 mg for a maximum of 6 cycles in combination with chemotherapy*.

Note: * includes unapproved indications

Continuation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has no evidence of disease progression following objutuzumab induction therapy; and
- 2 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum of 1000 mg every 2 months for a maximum of 2 years; and
- 3 Obinutuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe450.00	1	Xolair
1	Ini 150 mg vial450.00	1	Xolair

→ Restricted (RS1652)

Initiation - severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol

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50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and

- 6 Either
 - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
 - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation - severe asthma

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

Initiation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
 - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
 - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response* following 4 doses: or
 - 4.2 Complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

Continuation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and
 - 2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: *Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

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→ Restricted (RS1995)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1870)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or

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2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	0 2	Mabthera
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	0 1	Mabthera
=	Restricted (RS1785)		

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroguine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and

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- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Fither:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms on the next page

ŧ	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	275.33	2	Riximyo
1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	688.20	1	Riximyo

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→ Restricted (RS1973)

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

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- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
 - 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
 - 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; or
 - 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

1 Fither:

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- 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
- 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment;
 - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
 - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and
- 2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*: and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre: or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Both:

- 1 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or

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persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or

2.2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g or or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
 - 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. Initiation – Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ABO-incompatible organ transplant

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

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Initiation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
 - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Fither:

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- 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
- 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects

Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Initiation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 × 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

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Initiation – severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1.000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation – severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and
- 4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

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Initiation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both
 - 2.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Continuation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

Initiation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has biopsy-proven primary/idiopathic membranous nephropathy*: or
 - 1.2 Patient has PLA2 antibodies with no evidence of secondary cause, and an eGFR of > 60ml/min/1.73m2; and
- 2 Patient remains at high risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease despite more than 3 months of treatment with conservative measures (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Continuation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for membranous nephropathy*: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful, but the condition has relapsed, and the patient now requires repeat treatment; or
 - 2.2 Patient achieved partial response to treatment and requires repeat treatment (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Notes:

- a) Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.
- b) High risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease defined as > 5g/day proteinuria.
- c) Conservative measures include renin-angiotensin system blockade, blood-pressure management, dietary sodium and protein restriction, treatment of dyslipidaemia, and anticoagulation agents unless contraindicated or the patient has experienced intolerable side effects.
- d) Partial response defined as a reduction of proteinuria of at least 50% from baseline, and between 0.3 grams and 3.5 grams per 24 hours.

Initiation - B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*

Limited to 2 years treatment

All of the following:

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- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*; and
- 2 Treatment must be in combination with an intensive chemotherapy protocol with curative intent; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 per dose for a maximum of 18 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - desensitisation prior to transplant

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient requires desensitisation prior to mismatched allogenic stem cell transplant*; and
- 2 Patient would receive no more than two doses at 375 mg/m2 of body-surface area.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pemiphiqus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has severe rapidly progressive pemphigus; and
 - 1.2 Is used in combination with systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day); and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 Skin involvement is at least 5% body surface area; or
 - 1.3.2 Significant mucosal involvement (10 or more mucosal erosions) or diffuse gingivitis or confluent large erosions: or
 - 1.3.3 Involvement of two or more mucosal sites; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has pemphigus; and
- 2.2 Patient has not experienced adequate clinical benefit from systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day) in combination with a steroid sparing agent, unless contraindicated.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pemiphiqus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced adequate clinical benefit from rituximab treatment, with improvement in symptoms and healing of skin ulceration and reduction in corticosteroid requirement; and
- 2 Patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of IgG4-RD*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs for at least 3 months has been ineffective in lowering corticosteroid dose below 5 mg per day (prednisone equivalent) without relapse; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs is contraindicated or associated with evidence of toxicity or intolerance; and
- 3 Total rituximab dose used should not exceed a maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Continuation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Treatment with rituximab for IgG4-RD* was previously successful and patient's disease has demonstrated sustained response, but the condition has relapsed; or
 - 1.2 Patient is receiving maintenance treatment for IgG4-RD*; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

SECUKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1863)

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a Health NZ Hospital, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secultinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and

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- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation – ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks initial treatment of secukinumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-secukinumab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefitted from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 150 mg monthly.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; and

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- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior secukinumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TIXAGEVIMAB WITH CILGAVIMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 100 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial with cilgavimab 100 mg per ml,1.5 ml vial0.00
1 Evusheld

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1911)

Initiation

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/Evusheld). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
1	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Actemra

→ Restricted (RS2025)

Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1731 trial; and
 - 1.2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
 - 1.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg, maximum of 12 mg/kg); or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research ENABLE trial programme; and
 - 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or Immune Effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome (ICANS) following CAR T-Cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS or ICANS for CAR T-cell therapy at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

Initiation - previous use

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis; or
 - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease; or
 - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis: or
 - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and

continued...

- 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
 - 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 4 Fither
 - 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints;
 - 5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.4.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Initiation - moderate to severe COVID-19

Therapy limited to 1 dose

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8mg/kg IV for a maximum of one dose; and
- 5 Tocilizumab is not to be administered in combination with barcitinib.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. (GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or

2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB (HERZUMA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027100	0.00	1	Herzuma
t	Inj 440 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027293	3.35	1	Herzuma
	B (D00005)			

→ Restricted (RS2005)

Initiation - early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH + (including FISH or other current technology; and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment).

Continuation - early breast cancer*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology; and
 - 1.2 The patient received prior adjuvant trastuzumab treatment for early breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or

	Price		Brand or
(ex n	man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.3.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; or
- 1.3.3 he cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 1.4 Fither:
 - 1.4.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 1.4.2 All of the following:
 - 1.4.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.4.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 1.5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab in the metastatic setting for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Note: * For patients with relapsed HER-2 positive disease who have previously received adjuvant trastuzumab for early breast cancer

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 1.3 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
- 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
- 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Initiation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has locally advanced or metastatic gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction or oesophageal cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 2+ FISH+ or IHC3+ (or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has an FCOG score of 0-2.

Continuation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 2 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TRASTUZUMAB EMTANSINE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 100 mg vial2,320.00	1	Kadcyla
t	Inj 160 mg vial	1	Kadcyla

→ Restricted (RS1908)

Initiation - early breast cancer

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has early breast cancer expressing HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+; and
- 2 Documentation of pathological invasive residual disease in the breast and/or auxiliary lymph nodes following completion of surgery; and
- 3 Patient has completed systemic neoadjuvant therapy with trastuzumab and chemotherapy prior to surgery; and
- 4 Disease has not progressed during neoadjuvant therapy; and
- 5 Patient has left ventricular ejection fraction of 45% or greater; and
- 6 Adjuvant treatment with trastuzumab emtansine to be commenced within 12 weeks of surgery; and
- 7 Trastuzumab emtansine to be discontinued at disease progression; and
- 8 Total adjuvant treatment duration must not exceed 42 weeks (14 cycles).

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease*; or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
 - 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Patient has not received prior funded trastuzumab emtansine treatment; and
- 7 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine;
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: *Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

USTEKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 130 mg vial4,162.00	1	Stelara
	Inj 90 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe4,162.00	1	Stelara

⇒ Restricted (RS1942)

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for Crohn's disease and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria: or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to be administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both
 - 2.1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for ulcerative colitis and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for ulcerative colitis; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for ulcerative colitis are contraindicated.

Continuation – ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy*; and
- 2 Ustekinumab will be used at a dose no greater than 90 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Criterion marked with * is for an unapproved indication.

VEDOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1943)

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.4 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.5 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Any of the following:

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(ex man. e	excl. G	ST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
- 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
- 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed: and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less: or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.3 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20*; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation – ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy *; and
- 2 Vedolizumab will be used at a dose no greater than 300 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

ATEZOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1986)

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 3 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with at least two cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Atezolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period: and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Atezolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with atezolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

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Initiation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically or cytologically documented stage III, locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Patient has received two or more cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy concurrently with definitive radiation therapy;
- 3 Patient has no disease progression following the second or subsequent cycle of platinum-based chemotherapy with definitive radiation therapy treatment; and
- 4 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0 or 1; and
- 5 Patient has completed last radiation dose within 8 weeks of starting treatment with durvalumab; and
- 6 Patient must not have received prior PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitor therapy for this condition; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
 - 7.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 8 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression.

Continuation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
 - 2.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 3 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression; and
- 4 Total continuous treatment duration must not exceed 12 months.

NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	1,051.98	1	Opdivo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	2,629.96	1	Opdivo
_	Postricted (PC0015)			

→ Restricted (RS2015)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with nivolumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation - less than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period: and
 - 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Continuation - more than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2016)

Initiation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma

Medical oncologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and

F	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with pembrolizumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma, less than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period: and
 - 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Continuation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma, more than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 50% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; or
 - 6.2 Both:
 - 6.2.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 1% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; and
 - 6.2.2 Chemotherapy is determined to be not in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment; and
- 7 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 8 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 9 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period: and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 The patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 7 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 8 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation – non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Other Immunosuppressants

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE) Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule2,774.48 5 **ATGAM** ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial **AZATHIOPRINE** Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 20257.36 60 Azamun 100 Azamun Inj 50 mg vial Inj 100 mg vial BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms below OncoTICE → Restricted (RS1206) Initiation For use in bladder cancer. EVEROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below Afinitor 30 30 **Afinitor** ⇒ Restricted (RS1811) Initiation Neurologist or oncologist Re-assessment required after 3 months

1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and

Both:

2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Cap 250 mg	Tab 500 mg35.90	50	CellCept
	Cap 250 mg	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml	Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml187.25	165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial	Inj 500 mg vial133.33	4	CellCept

PICIBANIL

Inj 100 mcg vial

SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

Į	Tab 1 mg74	9.99	100	Rapamune
	Tab 2 mg		100	Rapamune
ſ	Oral liq 1 mg per ml44	9.99	60 ml	Rapamune

⇒ Restricted (RS1991)

Initiation

1

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min: or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis: or
- . HUS or TTP; or
- Leukoencepthalopathy: or
- · Significant malignant disease

Initiation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformation*; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Malformations are not adequately controlled by sclerotherapy and surgery; or
 - 2.2 Malformations are widespread/extensive and sclerotherapy and surgery are not considered clinically appropriate; or
 - 2.3 Sirolimus is to be used to reduce malformation prior to consideration of surgery; and
- 3 Patient is being treated by a specialist lymphovascular malformation multi-disciplinary team; and
- 4 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1 (see Note).

Continuation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had either a complete response or a partial response to treatment, or patient has stable disease according to RECIST version 1.1 (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has stabilised or responded clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

documents in patient notes; and

- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45;228-47)

Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Nephrologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Evidence of renal angiomyolipoma(s) measuring 3 cm or greater and that have shown interval growth.

Continuation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of renal angiomyolipoma reduction or stability by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound; and
- 2 Demonstrated stabilisation or improvement in renal function; and
- 3 The patient has not experienced angiomyolipoma haemorrhage or significant adverse effects to sirolimus treatment; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has epilepsy with a background of documented tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Vigabatrin has been trialled and has not adequately controlled seizures; and
 - 2.1.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least two of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Vigabatrin is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least three of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); and
- 3 Seizures have a significant impact on quality of life; and
- 4 Patient has been assessed and surgery is considered inappropriate for this patient, or the patient has been assessed and would benefit from mTOR inhibitor treatment prior to surgery.

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, and topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

$\label{lem:continuation-refractory} \textbf{Continuation-refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex}^{\star}$

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

demonstrated significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate (e.g. 50% reduction in seizure frequency) or severity and/or patient quality of life compared with baseline prior to starting sirolimus treatment.

	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. (GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

JAK inhibitors

BARICITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 2 mg	28	Olumiant
t	Tab 4 mg	28	Olumiant

→ Restricted (RS1876)

Initiation - moderate to severe COVID-19*

Limited to 14 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19*; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Baricitinib is to be administered at doses no greater than 4 mg daily for up to 14 days; and
- 5 Baricitinib is not to be administered in combination with tocilizumab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

UPADACITINIB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1861)

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Antiallergy Preparations

Allergic Emergencies

ADRENALINE - Restricted see terms below

- ⇒ Restricted (RS1944)

Initiation - anaphylaxis

Either:

- 1 Patient has experienced a previous anaphylactic reaction which has resulted in presentation to a hospital or emergency department; or
- 2 Patient has been assessed to be at significant risk of anaphylaxis by a relevant practitioner.

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe.......2,668.00 1 Firazyr
- → Restricted (RS1501)

Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Allergy Desensitisation

BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1117)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive: and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1118)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive: and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

	Price		Brand or
(e	x man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1119) Initiation Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising ager	nt.		
Allergy Prophylactics			
BUDESONIDE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE	3.29	200 dose 200 dose	SteroClear SteroClear
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	1.98	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.03%SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%	5.23	15 ml	Univent
Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2026		100 200 ml	Zista Histaclear
FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg Tab 120 mg Tab 180 mg			
LORATADINE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		100 100 ml	Lorafix Haylor Syrup
PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Oral liq 1 mg per ml	1.58 3.39	50 50 100 ml 5	Allersoothe Allersoothe Allersoothe Hospira

IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE

Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule11.73 20

Ipratropium IVAX

Univent

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE

Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per dose

Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml

Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents

GLYCOPYRRONIUM

Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised tiotropium or umeclidinium.

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE

Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or umeclidinium.

UMFCI IDINIUM

Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or tiotropium bromide.

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted (RS1518)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL - Restricted see terms above

UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms above

Inhaled Corticosteroid with Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonist and Beta Agonist

FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH UMECLIDINIUM AND VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms on the next page

■ Powder for inhalation fluticasone furoate 100 mcg with umeclidinium

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2028)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of COPD confirmed by spirometry or spirometry has been attempted and technically acceptable results are not possible; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is currently receiving an inhaled corticosteroid with long acting beta-2 agonist (ICS/LABA) or a long acting muscarinic antagonist with long acting beta-2 agonist (LAMA/LABA); and
 - 2.1.2 Any of the following:

Clinical criteria:

- 2.1.2.1 Patient has a COPD Assessment Test (CAT) score greater than 10; or
- 2.1.2.2 Patient has had 2 or more exacerbations in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.3 Patient has had one exacerbation requiring hospitalisation in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.4 Patient has had an eosinophil count greater than or equal to $0.3 \times 10^{\circ}9$ cells/L in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.2 Patient is currently receiving multiple inhaler triple therapy (inhaled corticosteroid with long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist ICS/LAMA/LABA) and met at least one of the clinical criteria above prior to commencing multiple inhaler triple therapy.

Antifibrotics

NINTEDANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 100 mg2,554.00	60	Ofev
t	Cap 150 mg3,870.00	60	Ofev

→ Restricted (RS1813)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 267 mg	90	Esbriet
t	Tab 801 mg3,645.00	90	Esbriet

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1814)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

SAI BUTAMOI

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

o, 1250 i, 11110 2			
Oral lig 400 mcg per ml	40.00	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
, , , ,			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	3.80	200 dose	SalAir
•	6.80		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule	8.96	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule	9.43	20	Asthalin
TERBUTALINE SULPHATE			
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Powder for inhalation, 200 mcg per dose (equivalent to 250 mcg			
metered dose), breath activated	22.20	120 dose	Bricanyl Turbuhaler

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml

Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

	ex man.	Price excl. (\$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%				
Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%				
Nasal drops 0.05% Nasal drops 0.1%				
1433a1 U10p3 0.176				
Inhaled Corticosteroids				
BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE				
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose			200 dose	Beclazone 50
A available to the class of OO areas are a class		14.01	000	Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose		17.52	200 dose	Beclazone 100 Ovar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose			200 dose	Beclazone 250
BUDESONIDE		,	200 0000	2001020110 200
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose				
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose				
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose				
FLUTICASONE				
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose			120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose			60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose			60 dose 120 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler Flixotide
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose			120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose			60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists				
MONTELUKAST				
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		3 10	28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025			28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		2.90	28	Montelukast Viatris
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists				
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE				
Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose				
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE				
Powder for inhalation 4.5 mcg per dose, breath activated (equivalen eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg metered dose)	t to			
INDACATEROL				
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose		.61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose			30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
SALMETEROL				
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose		.26.25	120 dose	Serevent

60 dose

Serevent Accuhaler

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

60 dose

Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg44.08

BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Powder for inhalation 160 mcg with 4.5 mcg eformoterol fumarate per dose (equivalent to 200 mcg budesonide with 6 mcg eformoterol fumarate metered dose)	120 dose 120 dose	DuoResp Spiromax Symbicort Turbuhaler
dose (equivalent to 400 mcg budesonide with 12 mcg eformoterol fumarate metered dose)	120 dose 60 dose	DuoResp Spiromax Symbicort Turbuhaler
FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg44.08	30 dose	Breo Ellipta
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg	120 dose 60 dose 120 dose	Seretide Seretide Accuhaler Seretide

wetry ixaritrinies			
AMINOPHYLLINE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule180	0.00 5	5 DBL	Aminophylline
CAFFEINE CITRATE			
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)16	5.10 25	ml Biome	ed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule66	5.40 5	5 Biome	ed
THEOPHYLLINE			
Tab long-acting 250 mg24	.90 10	00 Nuelii	n-SR
Oral lig 80 mg per 15 ml	.95 500	ml Nueli	n

Mucolytics and Expectorants

DORNASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1787)

Mathylvanthinas

Initiation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Patient has previously undergone a trial with, or is currently being treated with, hypertonic saline; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has required one or more hospital inpatient respiratory admissions in the previous 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 exacerbations due to CF, requiring oral or intravenous (IV) antibiotics in in the previous 12 month period; or

continued...

Seretide Accuhaler

Pi	rice			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.3 Patient has had 1 exacerbation due to CF, requiring oral or IV antibiotics in the previous 12 month period and a Brasfield score of < 22/25; or</p>
- 3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA).

Continuation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatment.

Initiation - significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

Initiation - pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab elexacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and

Tab elexacaftor 100 mg with tezacaftor 50 mg, ivacaftor 75 mg (56) and

⇒ Restricted (RS1950)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Patient is 6 years of age or older; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has two cystic fibrosis-causing mutations in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane regulator (CFTR) gene (one from each parental allele); or
 - 3.2 Patient has a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has a heterozygous or homozygous F508del mutation; or
 - 4.2 Patient has a G551D mutation or other mutation responsive in vitro to elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor (see note a); and
- 5 The treatment must be the sole funded CFTR modulator therapy for this condition; and
- 6 Treatment with elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition.

Notes:

 a) Eligible mutations are listed in the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Trikafta prescribing information https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2021/212273s004lbl.pdf

IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 150 mg	56	Kalydeco
t	Oral granules 50 mg, sachet	56	Kalydeco
	Oral granules 75 mg, sachet		Kalydeco

→ Restricted (RS1818)

Initiation

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene on at least 1 allele: or
 - 2.2 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation (G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele; and
- 3 Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition; and
- 5 Patient must not have an acute upper or lower respiratory infection, pulmonary exacerbation, or changes in therapy (including antibiotics) for pulmonary disease in the last 4 weeks prior to commencing treatment with ivacaftor; and
- 6 The dose of ivacaftor will not exceed one tablet or one sachet twice daily; and
- 7 Applicant has experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Pulmonary Surfactants

BERACTANT

Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial

PORACTANT ALFA

Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial	425.00	1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial	695.00	1	Curosurf

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

	f (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations					
Antibacterials					
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 Ear drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5% - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025				5 g 10 ml	Devatis Chlorsig
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose CIPROFLOXACIN					· ·
Eye drops 0.3%		9.73	3	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%					
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%					
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%					
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%		5.29	9	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%				Ü	
TOBRAMYCIN					
Eye oint 0.3%				3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals					
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%					
Antivirals					
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3%		.14.88	3	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations					
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		.16.30)	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramicid 50 mcg per ml	in				
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulph		HATE	=		
6,000 u per g		5.39	9	3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml		4.50)	5 ml	Maxitrol
DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%		10.6	4	5 ml	Tobradex

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIQQUINOL

Ear drops 0.02% with cliqquinol 1%

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NYSTATIN

Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and

Anti-Inflammatory Preparations

Corticosteroids

DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	5 ml	Maxidex
Ocular implant 700 mcg	1	Ozurdex

→ Restricted (RS1606)

Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
 - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

SENSORY ORGANS

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
		Ψ	FEI	wanuaciuiei
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1%		3.09	5 ml	FML
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12%				· ··· <u>-</u>
Eye drops 1%		7.00 6.92	5 ml 10 ml	Pred Forte Prednisolone- AFT
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)		.43.26	20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs				
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1%(Voltaren Ophtha Eye drops 0.1% to be delisted 1 December 2024) KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5% NEPAFENAC		8.80	5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Eye drops 0.3%				
Decongestants and Antiallergics				
Antiallergic Preparations				
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05%				
LODOXAMIDE Eye drops 0.1%		8.71	10 ml	Lomide
OLOPATADINE Eye drops 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		2.17	5 ml	Olopatadine Teva
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Eye drops 2% - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		2.62	10 ml	Allerfix
Decongestants				
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1%		4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations				
Diagnostic Dyes				
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg	1	25.00	12	Fluorescite
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose LISSAMINE GREEN Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg				

SENSORY ORGANS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

ROSE BENGAL SODIUM Ophthalmic strips 1%

Irrigation Solutions

MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION.

Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride

0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml

Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bag

Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium

15 ml Balanced Salt Solution

e.g. Balanced Salt Solution

e.g. Balanced Salt Solution

Balanced Salt Solution

500 ml

Ocular Anaesthetics

OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.4%, single dose

PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%

TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose

Viscoelastic Substances

HYPROMELLOSE

Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe

Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]

Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe50.00	1	Healon GV
Inj 18 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	1	Healon GV Pro
Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 202560.00	1	Healon 5
Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	1	Healon
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULPHATE		
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe		

and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.55 ml syringe.......74.00

Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe......67.00

Duovisc

Duovisc

00 1 Viscoat

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Other

DISODIUM EDETATE

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE

Soln trans epithelial riboflavin

Inj 0.1%

Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500

Glaucoma Preparations

Beta Blockers

DET	$\Lambda V \cap I$	\cap

Betoptic S 5 ml 5 ml Betoptic

(Betoptic S Eve drops 0.25% to be delisted 1 July 2025)

(Betoptic Eye drops 0.5% to be delisted 1 July 2025)

TIMOLOI

5 ml

5 ml

Arrow-Timolol Arrow-Timolol

⇒ Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming - **Restricted**: For continuation only

Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors

ACETAZOLAMIDE

Tab 250 mg17.03 Inj 500 mg

Diamox

BRINZOLAMIDE

Azopt

Eye drops 1% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027......5.11

5 ml

5 ml

100

DORZOLAMIDE - Restricted: For continuation only

DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL

Dortimopt

Miotics

ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE

Inj 20 mg vial with diluent

CARBACHOL

Inj 150 mcg vial

PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 1%	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 2%	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Eve drops 4%	15 ml	Isopto Carpine

PILOCARPINE NITRATE

Eye drops 2%, single dose

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03%	5.95	3 ml	Bimatoprost Multichem
LATANOPROST Eye drops 0.005%	1.82	2.5 ml	Teva
LATANOPROST WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.005% with timolol 0.5% – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4.95	2.5 ml	Arrow - Lattim
TRAVOPROST Eye drops 0.004% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.80	2.5 ml	Travatan
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5%BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE	19.77	5 ml	lopidine
Eye drops 0.2%BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL MALEATE	4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5% – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7.13	5 ml	Combigan
Anticholinergic Agents ATROPINE SULPHATE			
Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose Eye drops 1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	18.27	15 ml	Atropt
CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
TROPICAMIDE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	7.15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			

Ophthalmic gel 0.2%

Poly Gel

30



	Pric			Brand or
	(ex man. ex	xcl. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE				
Eve drops 0.5%				
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose				
Eye drops 1%				
Eye drops 1%, single dose				
, , , ,				
HYPROMELLOSE		0.50	451	Maderia
Eye drops 0.5%	18	9.50	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN				
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%	2	2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose				
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN				
Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%				
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT				
	,	0.00	0.5	Dalu Viaa
Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%		3.03	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL				
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3%, 10 ml bottle				
Note: Only for use in compounding an eye drop formulation				
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, single	dose10	0.78	30	Systane Unit Dose
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE				
Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose				
RETINOL PALMITATE	,	0.00	r	V:A DOC
Oint 138 mcg per g		3.80	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]				
Eye drops 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	13	3.58	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM

Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings

Antidotes

ACETYLCYSTEINE

Tab eff 200 mg

AMYI NITRITF

Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

ETHANOL

Lia 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

(Hameln Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 December 2024)

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

PRALIDOXIME CHLORIDE

Inj 1 g vial

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN

Inj 250 ml vial



Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Ini 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CHARCOAL

Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DEFERASIROX - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 125 mg dispersible	276.00	28	Exjade
Tab 250 mg dispersible		28	Exjade
Tab 500 mg dispersible		28	Exjade

→ Restricted (RS1444)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per µL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 - 1.0 cells per uL).

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels. .

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 500 mg	533.17	100	Ferriprox
t	Oral liq 100 mg per ml	266.59	250 ml	Ferriprox
	- · · · · · (-0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

→ Restricted (RS1445)

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE

Inj 500 mg vial	151.31	10	DBL Desferrioxamine
			Mesylate for Ini BP

		· ·		D 1
		Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
•	(CX IIIdii.	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DICOBALT EDETATE				
Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule				
DIMERCAPROL				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID				
Cap 100 mg				e.g. PCNZ, Optimus
				Healthcare, Chemet
Cap 200 mg				e.g. PCNZ, Optimus
•				Healthcare,
				Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule				
Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
Antiseptics and Disinfectants				
CHLORHEXIDINE				
Soln 0.1%				
Soln 4%				
Soln 5%		. 15.50	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE				
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5%				
Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%				
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL				
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70% Soln 2% with ethanol 70%				
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml		1.55	1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL			•	
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%				
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL				
Soln 70%, 500 ml		5.65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE				
→ Restricted (RS1354)				
Initiation				
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.		7.40	CF	Datadiaa
Oint 10% Soln 10%			65 g 100 ml	Betadine Riodine
Soln 5%		4.13	100 1111	rilouine
Soln 7.5%				
Soln 10%,		3.83	15 ml	Riodine
		6.99	500 ml	Riodine
Pad 10%				
Swab set 10%				
POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30%				
Soin 10% with ethanol 70%				



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE Soln

Contrast Media

Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	30.00	100 ml	Gastrografin
Oral liquid 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml,			o.ao.i.og.a
100 ml bottle	496.80	10 ml	Gastrografin Ger
	399.00		Gastrografin S29
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle	90.00	1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			
Oral lig 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL			
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	410.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL			,
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	260.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	94.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	98.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle	515.00	6	Omnipaque

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
BARIUM SULPHATE			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet	507.50	50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle	17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube	36.51	454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	155.35	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag	282.30	12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle	220.00	24	CT Plus+
Grans for oral liq 960 mg per g (96% w/w), 176 g bottle	530.00	24	Vanilla SilQ MD
Grans for oral liq 980 mg per g (98% w/w), 310 g bottle		24	Vanilla SilQ HD
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	441.12	24	VoLumen
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle	140.94	24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle	237.76	24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle		3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle		1	Liquibar
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			·
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g.	1 a		
sachetsachet	•	50	E-Z-Gas II
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE	102.93	30	L-2-Gas II
	١		
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	ı g		0 ~ F 7 CAC II
sachet			e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBENIC ACID			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	324.74	10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringesyring per fill (equivalent to 1 fillion per fill), 5 fill prefilled	120.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled		3	dadovist 1.0
syringesyring per nii (equivalent to 1 minor per nii); 7.5 mii premied		5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled		o	dadovist 1.0
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADOTERIC ACID		10	Gudoviot 1.0
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe	172 00	10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 13 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
111 27 3.32 111g por 1111 (0.3 111110) por 1111/, 3 1111 bodie		1	Domini

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefill syringe		1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		5 10	Magnevist Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	159.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial	180.00 720.00	1 4	Definity Definity
Diagnostic Agents			
ARGININE Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle			
HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial			
MANNITOL Powder for inhalation			e.g. Aridol
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg			·
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u vial Inj 80 u vial			
Inj 100 u ampoule SINCALIDE			
Inj 5 mcg per vial			
Diagnostic Dyes			
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln			
INDIGO CARMINE Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
INDOCYANINE GREEN Inj 25 mg vial			
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE] Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	240.35	5	Proveblue
PATENT BLUE V			
Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule Inj 2.5%, 5 ml prefilled syringe		5 5	Obex Medical InterPharma

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Irrigation Solutions

CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE

→ Restricted (RS1683)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body surface area (BSA); and
- 2 For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of large burn areas requiring debridement/skin grafting; and
- 3 The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the area to be covered.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 100 ml bottle		
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule29.76	30	Pfizer
GLYCINE		
Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag33.50	4	B Braun
SODIUM CHLORIDE		
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag28.80	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule12.50	20	InterPharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle16.10	10	Baxter Sodium Chloride 0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi
WATER		
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag30.95	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle	10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Soln 10%

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Gen

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Cardioplegia Solutions

ELECTROLYTES

Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmol/l potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1,000 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml bag

Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag

Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag

Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml baq

e.g. Custodiol-HTK

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832

e.g. Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solution

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Generic Manufacturer

Brand or

Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE

Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHI OROFORM

Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

COLLODION FLEXIBLE

Lia

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

Soln 30.00 100 ml Midwest

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml $\,$

ampoule

DITHRANOL

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN	20.05	470 ml	Oro Sweet SE
Suspension	30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
iLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE Suspension	20.05	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
•		4/3 1111	Ola-Sweet
iLYCEROL Liq	3.23	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
YDROCORTISONE Powder	49 95	25 g	ABM
ACTOSE		20 g	/ IDIVI
Powder			
IAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE			
Paste			
IENTHOL			
Crystals			
IETHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
IETHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE			
Powder	8.98	25 g	Midwest
IETHYLCELLULOSE			
Powder		100 g	Midwest
Suspension	30.95	473 ml	Ora-Plus
IETHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
IETHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE	20.05	473 ml	Ora-Blend
Suspension		4/3 1111	Ola-Diellu
DLIVE OIL Liq			
ARAFFIN			
Liq			
HENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder			
HENOL			
Liq			
ILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
OLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE			
Liq OVIDONE K30 Powder			
Powder			
ALICYLIC ACID Powder			
ILVER NITRATE Crystals			
ODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder BP	10.05	500 g	Midwest

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM CITRATE Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SUI PHUR

Precipitated

Sublimed

SYRUP

500 ml Midwest

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

UREA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1%

ZINC OXIDE

Powder

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

→ Restricted (RS1467)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

400 g Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted (RS1468)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism: or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or 8 Biliary atresia; or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites: or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

t	Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	15.38	200 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		38.44	500 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		15.38	200 ml	Calogen (strawberry)

((Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see term Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	37.50	page 500 ml 4	MCT Oil Liquigen
Protein			
→ Restricted (RS1469) Initiation – Use as an additive Either: 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or 2 High protein needs. Initiation – Use as a module For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nut Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associal PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms above 1 Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275	ated with all of the		
t Powder 6 g protein per 7 g, can	8.95 0 g,	227 g 225 g	Resource Beneprotein Protifar
Other Supplements			
CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms be Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, can		400 g	Duocal Super Soluble Powder
→ Restricted (RS1212) Initiation Both: 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or 2.2 Cancer in children; or 2.3 Faltering growth; or 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or 2.5 Premature and post premature infants. HUMAN MILK FORTIFIER Powder 0.325 g protein, 0.37 g carbohydrate and 0.175 g fat per 1 g	20.40		
sachetPowder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sach		50	Human Milk Fortifier e.g. FM 85

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

continued...



Price)		Brand or
(ex man. exc	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, Health NZ Hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by Pharmac; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

Pharmac intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN Powder	380 g	Aptamil Feed Thickener
GUAR GUM Powder		e.g. Guarcol
MAIZE STARCH Powder	300 g	Nutilis
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM Powder		e.g. Instant Thick
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID Powder		e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted (RS2012)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of inherited metabolic disease; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Supplements for Glutaric Aciduria Type 1

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per

100 g, 400 g can e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.g. XLYS Low TRY

Maxamaid

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE) - Restricted see terms above

Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet......349.65 30 GA Explore 5

e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

			1 201/12 1 0000
_	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
S	Supplements for Homocystinuria		
AN t t t	MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) — Restricted see terms on the previous Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.55 g fat per 25 g sachet	s page 30 30	HCU Express 15 HCU Explore 5 e.g. HCU Anamix Infant e.g. XMET Maxamaid e.g. XMET Maxamum e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ
S	Supplements for MSUD and Short chain enoyl coA hydratase deficient	ency	
t t	MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) — Restricted Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 25 g sachet1,048.95 Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet349.65 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can	see terms 30 30	on the previous page MSUD Express 15 MSUD Explore 5 e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant
t	Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can		e.g. MSUD Maxamum

1 Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per

100 ml, 125 ml bottle

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Phenylketonuria			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restric	ted see terms on page	272	5 11 15
 Tab 8.33 mg Powder (Berry), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 Powder (Lemon), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 		60	e.g. Phlexy-10 PKU Restore Powder
sachet Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per	883.50	30	PKU Express 20
sachet	883.50	30	PKU Express 20
sachet		30	PKU Explore 5
sachet	r 34 g	30	PKU Explore 10
sachet	20 g	30	PKU Express 20
sachet. Powder (Raspberry), 10 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 0.4 g fat	per 25 g	60	PKU Restore Powder
sachet	r 34 g	30	PKU Explore 10
sachet Powder 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per 28		30	PKU Express 20 e.g. PKU Lophlex Powder (neutral)
Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g sachet			e.g. PKU Anamix Junior (van/choc/neutral
 Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g	n 178.79	400 g	e.g. PKU Anamix Infant e.g. XP Maxamum e.g. Phlexy-10 PKU Start
 Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
125 ml bottle Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre p			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
100 ml, bottle		125 ml	PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Orange) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Unflavoured)
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 m bottle	ıl, 125 ml		e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 m 62.5 ml bottle			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
t Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml bottle			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
t Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml bottle			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, carton	250 ml		e.g. Easiphen

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre pe	r		
100 g, 109 g pot			e.g. PKU Lophlex Sensations 20 (berries)
ILYCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME PHE	NYLALANINE - Res	stricted	see terms on page 272
Powder (Neutral), 10 g protein, 0.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 19			
sachet Powder (neutral), 15 g protein, 15 g carbohydrate, 4.5 g fat per 40	g	30	PKU Build 10
sachet		30	Glytactin Bettermilk
Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 31 g sachet	898.56	30	PKU Build 20 Raspberry Lemonade PKU Build 20 Smooth
Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 32 g sachet	898.56	30	PKU Build 20 Chocolate
Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 33 g sachet		30	PKU Build 20 Vanilla
Powder 20 g protein, 4.9 g carbohydrate per 33.4 g sachet		30	PKU GMPro Ultra
		00	Lemonade
Powder 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Lemon
Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Chocolate PKU sphere20 Red Berr PKU sphere20 Vanilla
Powder 20 g protein, 6.7 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Banana
Liquid (Coffee Mocha), 15 g protein, 3.1 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat		00	THO OPHOTOLO Bartaria
250 ml, carton	684.45	30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15 Lite
Liquid (chocolate), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 2			DIGITAL TO DED 15
carton Liquid (original), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250	ml,	30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15
carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15
Liquid (vanilla), 15 g protein, 3.3 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat per 250 carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15 Lite
Protein Free Supplements			
ROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 272	1		
Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g			e.g.Energivit
Supplements for Tyrosinaemia			
MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROS	INE) - Restricted se	e terms	on page 272
Powder (neutral), 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12. sachet	-	30	TYR Explore 5
Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, sachet	36 g		e.g. TYR Anamix Junion
Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibr 100 g, 400 g can	re per		· ·
Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can			e.g. TYR Anamix Infant e.g. XPHEN, TYR
Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle			Maxamaid e.g. TYR Anamix Junior
			LQ

			rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	COMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME TYR	OSINE AN	D PHENYL	ALANINE	- Restricted see terms o
	Powder (Red Berry), 20 g protein, 6.3 carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat per 3 sachet		98.60	30	TYR Sphere 20
t	Powder (Vanilla), 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat per 35 sachet	-	98.60	30	TYR Sphere 20
S	upplements for Urea Cycle Disorders				
AM t	INO ACID SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on page 272 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can				e.g. Dialamine e.g. Essential Amino Acid Mix
X	Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products				
1	CEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 272 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle CEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 272				
	Liquid, bottle	1	31.80	500 ml	GTO Oil
S	upplements for Glycogen Storage Disease				
	H AMYLOPECTIN CORN-STARCH - Restricted see terms on particle of protein, 53 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 60 g sachet	•	41.62	30	Glycosade
S	upplements for Organic Acidaemias				
	INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THE 272	HREONINE	AND VAL	INE) – Re	stricted see terms on
	Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibr	e per			o a MMA/DA Anomiy
t t	100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can				e.g. MMA/PA Anamix Infant e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid e.g. XMTVI Maxamum
	INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) – Restricted see tern Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibr		e 272		e.g. Ami vi maxamam
t t	100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can				e.g. IVA Anamix Infant e.g. XLEU Maxamaid e.g. XLEU Maxamum
•	INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE, THREONINE AN				rms on page 272
1	Powder, 15 g protein, 3.4 g carbohydrate, 0.05 g fat per 25 g sach Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sache			30 30	MMA/PA Express 15 MMA/PA Explore 5
S	ingle Dose Amino Acids				
AR(GININE – Restricted see terms on page 272 Powder 1.7 g protein, 1.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	2	11.45	30	Arginine2000
TIC t	RULLINE – Restricted see terms on page 272 Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	2	11.45	30	Citrulline1000
SC t	DLEUCINE - Restricted see terms on page 272 Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet			30	Isoleucine50

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LEUCINE – Restricted see terms on page 272 Powder 0.08 g protein, 3.7 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Leucine100
PHENYLALANINE – Restricted see terms on page 272 • Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Phenylalanine50
TYROSINE - Restricted see terms on page 272 • Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Tyrosine1000
VALINE - Restricted see terms on page 272 • Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Valine50

Specialised Formulas

Diabetic Products

→ Restricted (RS1215)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days, or
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 6 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.

DIABETIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle2.25	200 ml Diasip (strawberry) Diasip (vanilla))
LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml		
	500 ml Glucerna Select	
t Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml,		
1,000 ml bottle	e.g. Nutrison Adva	anced
	Diason	
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		
Liquid 7 g protein, 10.9 g carbohydrate, 2.7 g fat and 2 g fibre per		

Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products

→ Restricted (RS1216)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Malabsorption: or
- 2 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas: or

continued...

Nutren Diabetes (Vanilla)

200 ml

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
continued			
 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; o 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding 			
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the previous Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet.		80 g	Vivonex TEN
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms of Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 m			
carton		18	Elemental 028 Extra (grapefruit) Elemental 028 Extra (pineapple &
			orange) Elemental 028 Extra (summer fruits)
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see		age	
Liquid 4 g protein, 17.7 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 m		500 ml	Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted se Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 10	0 ml, bottle22.39	page 1,000 ml	Vital
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the pre Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per			
400 g can	100 g,		e.g. Peptamen Junior
Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100	g, 400 g		- 9
can			e.g. MCT Pepdite; MC Pepdite 1+
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see term Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml		237 ml	Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)
Fat Modified Products			
FAT-MODIFIED FEED – Restricted see terms below Powder 12.8 g protein, 68.6 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per Restricted (RS1470) nitiation	100 g, can62.90	400 g	Monogen
Any of the following: 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or			
Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.	module and at least on	e further pr	roduct listed in Section D
Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria a	ssociated with all of the	products u	sed in the modular formul
Hepatic Products			
→ Restricted (RS1217) nitiation			
For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant.			
HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above ↑ Powder 12 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g	, can93.97	400 g	Heparon Junior

278

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

High Calorie Products

→ Restricted (RS1317)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted: or
- 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Any of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis: or
 - 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
 - 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
 - 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and
 - 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements.

ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

t	Liquid 10 g protein, 17.5 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bag6.50	500 ml	Fresubin 2kcal HP
t	Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bottle6.82	500 ml	Nutrison Concentrated
•			

Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per

1.000 ml Ensure Two Cal HN RTH

ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbohydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per

200 ml Two Cal HN

PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 4.5 g protein, 14.3 g carbohydrate and 2.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag...........9.60

500 ml Survimed OPD

High Protein Products

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 10 g protein, 12.9 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat and 0.64 g fibre

500 ml

Fresubin Intensive

→ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 12.00 1.000 ml Nutrison Protein Plus → Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:

continued...

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ continued... 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.26 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 10 g protein, 10.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 8.67 500 ml Nutrison Protein Intense → Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per Nutrison Protein Plus 1,000 ml Multi Fibre ⇒ Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. Infant Formulas fot nor 100 m

AMINO ACID FORMULA -	- Hestricted see terms below
■ Danielau 4 OF a mustain	O 1 a corbobydrata and O E a

•	Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbonydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml,		
	400 g can		e.g. Neocate
1	Powder 13 g protein, 49 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate SYNEO
t	Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate Junior
		-	Unflavoured
1	Powder 13.3 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.6 g fat per 100 g, can 43.60	400 g	Alfamino
1	Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate Gold
			(Unflavoured)
t	Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate Junior Vanilla
t	Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can43.60	400 g	Alfamino Junior
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can65.72	400 g	Elecare LCP
			(Unflavoured)
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can65.72	400 g	Elecare (Unflavoured)
		-	Elecare (Vanilla)
	- · · · · · (DO ()		

→ Restricted (RS1867)

Initiation

Any of the following:

continued...

SPECIAL FOODS

Price		
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled for 2-4 weeks and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis; or
- 4 Ultra-short gut; or
- 5 Severe Immune deficiency.

Continuation

All of the following:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula; and
- 3 Amino acid formula is required for a nutritional deficit.

Initiation - patients who are currently funded under RS1502 or SA1557

Limited to 3 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a valid initiation or renewal approval for extensively hydrolysed formula (RS1502); and
- 2 Patient is unable to source funded Aptamil powder at this time; and
- 3 The approval only applies to funded dispensings of Neocate Gold and Neocate Syneo.

Note: This criteria is short term funding to cover an out-of-stock situation on some extensively hydrolysed formula powder funded under Hospital Restriction RS1502. There is no continuation criteria under this criterion.

ENTERAL LIQUID PEPTIDE FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 4.2 g protein, 18.6 g carbohydrate and 6.58 g fat per 100 ml18.66 500 ml Nutrini Peptisorb Energy

→ Restricted (RS1775)

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has impaired gastrointestinal function and either cannot tolerate polymeric feeds, or polymeric feeds are unsuitable; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Severe malabsorption: or
 - 2.2 Short bowel syndrome; or
 - 2.3 Intractable diarrhoea; or
 - 2.4 Biliary atresia: or
 - 2.5 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malabsorption: or
 - 2.6 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.7 Proven fat malabsorption; or
 - 2.8 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
 - 2.9 Intestinal failure: or
 - 2.10 Both:
 - 2.10.1 The patient is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
 - 2.10.2 The patient is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an enteral liquid peptide formula; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 A semi-elemental or partially hydrolysed powdered feed has been reasonably trialled and considered unsuitable; or
 - 3.2 For step down from intravenous nutrition.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the patient can be transitioned to a cows milk protein or soy infant formula or extensively hydrolysed formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the patient continues to require an enteral liquid peptide formula.

Price (ex man. excl	CCT)	Brand or Generic
(ex man. exci	Per	Manufacturer
EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below		
₱ Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g		
can36.2	20 900 g	Allerpro Syneo 1
Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g	000	All 0
can		Allerpro Syneo 2 Pepti-Junior
➤ Restricted (RS1502)	10 450 g	repu-Junioi
Initiation		
Any of the following:		
1 Both:		
1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergent.1.2 Either:	y to its protein co	ontent; and
1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contra		or
2 Severe malabsorption; or	indicated, or	
3 Short bowel syndrome; or		
4 Intractable diarrhoea; or		
5 Biliary atresia; or		
6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or		
7 Cystic fibrosis; or		
8 Proven fat malabsorption; or		
 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or 10 Intestinal failure: or 		
11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.		
Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE i	madiatad allardid	reaction
Continuation	modiated allergic	Todollon.
Both:		
1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk prundertaken; and	otein or soy infa	nt formula has been
2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an exte	nsively hydrolys	ed infant formula.
FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA		
Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g,		
400 g can		e.g. Galactomin 19
LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA		o.g. da.doto
Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g		
can		e.g. Karicare Aptamil
 -		Gold De-Lact
Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g		
can		e.g. S26 Lactose Free
LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA		
Powder 14.6 g protein, 55.2 g carbohydrate and 25.8 g fat per 100 g, can46.1	8 400 g	Locasol
PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below		
Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per		
100 ml, bottle	30 125 ml	Infatrini
⇒ Restricted (RS1614)		

continued...

Initiation - Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering growth

Both:

SPECIAL FOODS

	Price		Brand or
(6	ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or
 - 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
 - 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding.

PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

1	Liquid 2.2 a protein, 8.4 d	carbohydrate and 4.4	g fat per 100 ml, bottle	0.75 100 ml	S26 LBW Gold RTF
---	-----------------------------	----------------------	--------------------------	-------------	------------------

Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml

e.a. Pre Nan Gold RTF

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm

→ Restricted (RS1224)

Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

Ketogenic Diet Products

HIGH FAT FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14.3 g protein, 2.8 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100 g, can 36.92 300 a Ketocal

> 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)

Powder 15.4 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 68.6 g fat per 100 g, can 36.92 300 q Ketocal

3:1 (Unflavoured)

⇒ Restricted (RS1225)

Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

Paediatric Products

→ Restricted (RS1473)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes of feeding; or
 - 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
 - 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or
 - 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or
 - 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days.

1-	Price	r \	Brand or
(e	x man. excl. GS	Per	Generic Manufacturer
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms or	the previous n	ane	
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per	Tale previous p	ugo	
100 ml, bag	6.27	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy
••• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Multifibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on th	e previous page)	
t Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml		500 ml	Frebini Original
Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bot		500 ml	Nutrini RTH
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag.	3.32	500 ml	Pediasure RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on	the previous pag	ge	
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.7 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml	6.50	500 ml	Frebini Energy
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, bot	tle7.46	500 ml	Nutrini Energy RTH
1 Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per			
100 ml, bottle	7.14	500 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi
			Fibre
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted se	e terms on the	previous pa	ige
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate, 4.5g fat and 0.8 g fibre per			
100 ml		500 ml	Frebini Original Fibre
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted	see terms on the	e previous _l	page
t Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g fibre per			
100 ml		500 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the pro-			
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	÷1.33	200 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate)
			Pediasure (Strawberry)
1 Liquid 0.0 a protain 11.0 a conhabitation and E a fet now 100 ml con	1.00	050 ml	Pediasure (Vanilla)
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can.		250 ml	Pediasure (Vanilla)
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the		000	Faction (Observed acres)
Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml, bot	tie 1.90	200 ml	Fortini (Strawberry) Fortini (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per			rutiiii (valiiia)
100 ml, bottle	1 90	200 ml	Fortini Multi Fibre
100 m, 5000		200 1111	(Chocolate)
			Fortini Multi Fibre
			(Strawberry)
			Fortini Multi Fibre
			(Unflavoured)
			Fortini Multi Fibre
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml,			(Vanilla)
500 ml bottle	8 67	500 ml	Pediasure Plus
		000 1111	r calabare r lab
Renal Products			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see t	arms halow		
■ Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre	Sillis DCIOW		
per 100 ml, bottle	6.08	500 ml	Nepro HP RTH
(Nepro HP RTH Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and			
2024)	9	,	
⇒ Restricted (RS1229)			
Initiation			
For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the next p	•		
Powder 7.5 g protein, 57.6 g carbohydrate and 25.9 g fat per 100 g, c	an64.26	400 g	Kindergen

284

					SPECIAL 1 CODS
	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1227) Initiation For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML I Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre 100 ml, carton		3.31		220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 bottle Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 carton	7 ml 5 ml 			4	Renilon 7.5 (apricot) Renilon 7.5 (caramel) Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
Surgical Products					
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms be Liquid 10.4 g protein, 8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 0 g fibre per 100 ml, 250 ml carton		.56.00)	10	Impact Advanced Recovery
→ Restricted (RS1231) Initiation Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head PREOPERATIVE CARROHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/MI - Restricted		·	•		,

PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

■ Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml

bottle......8.64 preOp

→ Restricted (RS1415)

Initiation

Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to 3 hours before major abdominal surgery.

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

Any of the following:

For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

continued...

	SPECIAL FOODS				
			GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
COI	ntinued				
	 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient loss causes such as catabolism; or 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or 5 For patients being tube-fed; or 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria 	or ses a	nd/or ii	ncreased	nutritional needs from
t t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bottle Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per			•	Nutrison Energy
	100 ml, bottle	8.68	3 1	,000 mI	
t	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can	2.17	7	250 ml	Ensure Plus HN
t	Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per				
t					•
		9.00	, ,	,000 1111	Flesubili FIF Ellergy
t		6 50) 1	000 ml	Fresubin Original
t				•	Nutrison RTH
t					
	•			•	Nutrison Multi Fibre
I		6.56	5 1	,000 ml	Osmolite RTH
t		6 50	: 1	000 ml	lovity DTU
ΕN		0.50	, ,	,000 1111	Jevily HTTT
t	, , , ,				
-		7.87	7	1,000	Jevity Plus RTH
ΕN				,)	,
t	4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9.05	5 1	,000 ml	Nutrison 800 Complete
ΕN	TERAL FEED WITH FIRRE 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous	nue n	ane		Mulli Fibre
		υαο μ	ugu		
_		7.00) 1	,000 ml	Fresubin Original Fibre
ΕN	TERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the pre	vious	page		ŭ
t	nued 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or 5 For patients being tube-fed; or 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria. ERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML — Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bottle				
	100 ml, bag	9.80) 1	,000 ml	٠,

HIGH PROTEIN ORAL FEED 2.4 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Only to be used for patients currently on or would be using Fortisip or Fortisip Multi Fibre

t Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

e.g. Fortisip Compact

(e.g. Fortisip Compact Protein Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle to be delisted 1 December 2024)

_			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OF	RAL FEED - Restricted see terms on page 285		
t	Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)
t	Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can14.00	840 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla)
OF	RAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 285		
t	Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,		
	237 ml carton		e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
OF	RAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 285		
t	Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	200 ml	Fortijuice (Apple) Fortijuice (Orange) Fortijuice (Strawberry)
t	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can 1.65 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
	carton1.56	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml		
	bottle1.76	200	Fortisip (banana) Fortisip (chocolate) Fortisip (strawberry) Fortisip (vanilla)
OF	RAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 285		
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	200 ml	Fortisip Multi Fibre (chocolate) Fortisip Multi Fibre (strawberry) Fortisip Multi Fibre (vanilla)



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

10

Infanrix IPV

Bacterial and Viral Vaccines

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe

→ Restricted (RS1387)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens;
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE -

Restricted see terms below

Ini 30IU diphtheria with 40IU tetanus and 25mcg pertussis toxoids.

25mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8mcg pertactin, 80D-AgU polio virus, 10mcg hepatitis B antigen 10mcg H.

influenzae type b with tetanus toxoid 20-40mcg in 0.5ml syringe -

10 Infanrix-hexa → Restricted (RS1478)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for children up to and under the age of 10 who are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

Bacterial Vaccines

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain

1331. live attenuated, vial with diluent - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 0.00

BCG Vaccine AJV

→ Restricted (RS1233)

Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

				VACCINES
		Price . excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(SA Man	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted se	e terms	below		
 Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin and 2.5 mc pertactin in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 ⇒ Restricted (RS1790) 		0.00	10	Boostrix
Initiation				
Any of the following:				
 A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trimeste A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants admitte Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed to m A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age 7 up immunisation; or 	d to a N aternal	leonatal Intervaccination a	nsive Car at least 14	days prior to birth; or; or
4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)imm transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- severely immunosuppressive regimens; or		•	•	•
 5 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 65 years old; 6 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 45 years old 7 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunises 8 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 9 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds. 	who hav		previous t	tetanus doses; or
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate so	hedule	for catch up	programn	nes.
HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see te	rms belo	OW		
Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjugated tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syringe plu vial 0.5 ml	IS	0.00	1	Hiberix
Inj 10 mcg vial with diluent syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2026			1	Act-HIB
(Hiberix Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjuga			•	
prefilled syringe plus vial 0.5 ml to be delisted 1 December 2024)				p
Restricted (RS1520)				
Initiation The area finited to 4 days				
Therapy limited to 1 dose Any of the following:				
1 For primary vaccination in children; or				
2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immund. 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the	t splene suppres	ctomy; pre- o	or post sons; or	lid organ transplant, pre- or
paediatrician.				
MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE				
Inj 10 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a t				
of approximately 55 mcg of tetanus toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml via		0.00		
5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS2019)		0.00	1	MenQuadfi
Initiation				

1.1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant;

continued...

Either:

1 Any of the following:



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

٥r

- 1.2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 1.3 One dose for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 1.4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 1.5 A maximum of two doses for person pre and post-immunosuppression*; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
 - 2.2.2 One dose for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

Inj 5 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of

→ Restricted (RS2037)

Initiation - Children under 12 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for patients pre- and post- splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post- solid organ transplant; or
- 2 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Notes: infants from 6 weeks to less than 6 months of age require a 2+1 schedule, infants from 6 months to less than 12 months of age require a 1+1 schedule. Refer to the Immunisation Handbook for recommended booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL B MULTICOMPONENT VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS2020)

Initiation - Primary immunisation for children up to 12 months of age

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Three doses for children up to 12 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation; or
- 2 Up to three doses (dependent on age at first dose) for a catch-up programme for children from 13 months to 59 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation, from 1 March 2023 to 31 August 2025.

Initiation - Person is one year of age or over

Any of the following:

- 1 up to two doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 2 up to two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or

					VACCINES
		Price			Brand or
	(ex man	. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
		Ψ		101	Wartalacturer
continued					
3 up to two doses for person who has previously had meningococca	al disea	ase of	any gro	oup; or	
4 up to two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or 5 up to two doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression*.					
Initiation – Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive)					
Therapy limited to 2 doses					
Both:					
1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive); and					
2 Either:					
2.1 Two doses for individuals who are entering within the next school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, militar2.2 Two doses for individuals who turn 13 years of age while li	ry barra	acks, \	outh J	ustice res	sidences, or prisons; or
Note: *Immunosuppression due to corticosteroid or other immunosuppre	essive t	herap	y must	be for a p	period of greater than
28 days.					
MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms					
Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe		0.0	0	1	Neisvac-C
(Neisvac-C Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe to be delisted 1 December 2024, → Restricted (RS1935))				
Initiation – Children under 12 months of age					
Any of the following:					
1 Up to three doses for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for	patient	s with	HIV. co	ompleme	nt deficiency (acquired or
inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid org					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
2 Two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any grou					
3 Two doses for child who has previously had meningococcal disea		ny gro	oup; or		
4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or					
5 A maximum of two doses for child pre- and post-immunosuppress					
Notes: children under 12 months of age require two doses 8 weeks apar recommended booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.	rt. Hete	er to ti	ne imm	unisation	Handbook for
*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy	v muet i	ha for	a narin	d of area	tor than 28 days
PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see				a or grea	tor than 20 days.
inj 1 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9		Delow			
14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 4					
18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe		0.0	0	10	Synflorix
⇒ Restricted (RS1768)			-	. •	-,
Initiation					
A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated individuals u	up to th	e age	of 59 n	nonths in	clusive.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A,

6B. 7F. 9V. 14. 18C. 19A. 19F and 23F in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV

1 Prevenar 13 10 Prevenar 13

→ Restricted (RS1936)

Initiation - Primary course for previously unvaccinated children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 3 doses

A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated children up to the age of 59 months inclusive.



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - High risk individuals who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Two doses are funded for high risk individuals (over the age of 12 months and under 18 years) who have previously received two doses of the primary course of PCV10.

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re)immunisation of high-risk children aged under 5 years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
 - 2.2 primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 diabetes: or
 - 2.13 Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk individuals 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re-)immunisation of individuals 5 years and over with HIV, pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, intracranial shunts, cerebrospinal fluid leaks or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

→ Restricted (RS1587)

Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

(ex man. excl. GST) Ge	rand or Jeneric Janufacturer
------------------------	------------------------------------

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes: or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

→ Restricted (RS1243)

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines

COVID-19 VACCINE

→ Restricted (RS2042)

Initiation - initial dose

Up to three doses for previously unvaccinated children aged 6 months - 4 years at high risk of severe illness.

→ Restricted (RS2041)

Initiation - initial dose

Either:

- 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated children aged 5-11 years old; or
- 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised children aged 5-11 years old.

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Inj 30 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; adult vaccine, lig	ht				
grey cap		0.00)	10	Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5)
→ Restricted (RS2040)					
nitiation – initial dose					
Any of the following: 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 12-15 years of	ld: or				
2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised people aged 12-15 years to		l: or			
3 Up to two doses for previously unvaccinated people 16-29 years	old; or	.,			
4 Up to four doses for people aged 16-29 at high risk of severe illne	ess; or				
5 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 30 and older. nitiation – additional dose					
One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over,	addition	nal do	se is a	iven at le	east 6 months after last dose
Continuation – additional dose			3		
One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over,		nal do	se is g	iven at le	east 6 months after last dose
Inj 30 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 2.25 ml vial; adult vaccine, da		0.00	٠	10	Comirnati Omiaran
grey cap		0.00	J	10	Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5)
→ Restricted (RS2036)					(125.110)
nitiation – initial dose					
Any of the following:					
1 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 12-15 years of					
 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised people aged 12-15 yr 3 Up to two doses for previously unvaccinated people 16-29 years 		ı; or			
4 Up to four doses for people aged 16-29 at high risk of severe illne					
5 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 30 and older.					
nitiation – additional dose	a al al:4: a	حامامہ	:		C
One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, Continuation – additional dose	addition	nai do	se is g	iven at i	east 6 months after last dose
One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over,	additior	nal do	se is g	iven at le	east 6 months after last dose
HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below					
In 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		0.00)	1	Havrix Junior
Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027				1	Havrix 1440
→ Restricted (RS1638) nitiation					
Any of the following:					
1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or					
2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or					
3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A case	S.				
HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE		0.04	n	4	Emmarily D
Inj 10 mcg per 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1588)		0.00	J	1	Engerix-B
nitiation					

Any of the following:

1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or

2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or

	Р	rice		Brand or
(6	ex man.	excl. GS		Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients: or
- 10 Following needle stick injury.
- Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe −5% DV Dec-24 to 20270.00 1 Engerix-B
- → Restricted (RS1671)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or
- 10 Following needle stick injury: or
- 11 For dialysis patients; or
- 12 For liver or kidney transplant patients.

HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VACCINE [HPV] - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2038)

Initiation - Children aged 14 years and under

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Children aged 14 years and under.

Initiation - other conditions

Fither:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or
 - 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses people with a transplant (including stem cell); or
 - 2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and under; or
 - 1.2 Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and over; and
- 2 The person has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The person has not previously had an HPV vaccine.



	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
INFLUENZA VACCINE Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (quadrivalent vaccine)	120.00	10	Influvac Tetra	

(2024 formulation)

→ Restricted (RS2013)

Initiation – People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation - chronic respiratory disease

Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions

Either:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes; or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease; or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 1.6 HIV: or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies: or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
 - 1.16 Is a child 4 years of age or under (inclusive) who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a Public Hospital.

Initiation - Serious mental health conditions or addiction

Any of the following:

- 1 schizophrenia; or
- 2 major depressive disorder; or
- 3 bipolar disorder; or
- 4 schizoaffective disorder: or
- 5 person is currently accessing secondary or tertiary mental health and addiction services.

·			
	rice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
(OX IIIIII)	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below			
Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50, Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent			
0.5 ml − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1487)	0.00	10	Priorix
Initiation – first dose prior to 12 months			
Therapy limited to 3 doses Any of the following:			
For primary vaccination in children; or For revaccination following immunosuppression; or			
3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.			
Initiation – first dose after 12 months			
Therapy limited to 2 doses			
Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or			
2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or			
3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for careful properties.	atch un nroc	ırammes	
POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE – Restricted see terms below	aton up prog	jiaiiiiios.	
Inj 80 D-antigen units in 0.5 ml syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00	1	IPOL
→ Restricted (RS1398)			
Initiation			
Therapy limited to 3 doses Either:			
1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or			
2 For revaccination following immunosuppression. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for	or oatab up i	oroaromn	200
RABIES VACCINE	or calcir up p	piogramii	165.
Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent			
ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE – Restricted see terms below			
■ Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose,			
prefilled oral applicator - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00	10	Rotarix
■ Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose,	0.00	10	Rotarix
squeezable tube → Restricted (RS1590)	0.00	10	Holanx
Initiation			
Therapy limited to 2 doses			
Both:			
1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over.			
VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE]			
Inj 1350 PFU prefiiled syringe	0.00	1	Varivax
→ Restricted (RS1591)		10	Varivax
Initiation – primary vaccinations			
Therapy limited to 1 dose			
Either:			



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027

0.00 10 Varilrix

→ Restricted (RS1591)

Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Either:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or

	Price excl. GS	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
			- Thairmanaidh -

- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella: or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

(Varivax Inj 1350 PFU prefiiled syringe to be delisted 1 December 2024)

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2039)

Initiation - people aged 18 years and over (Shingrix)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 Pre- and post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant or cellular therapy; or
- 2 Pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 3 Haematological malignancies; or
- 4 People living with poorly controlled HIV infection; or
- 5 Planned or receiving disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs targeted synthetic, biologic, or conventional synthetic) for polymyalgia rheumatica, systemic lupus erythematosus or rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 6 End stage kidney disease (CKD 4 or 5):: or
- 7 Primary immunodeficiency.

Diagnostic Agents

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST

PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at schedule.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips	BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP Blood glucose test strips		1	Caresens N
Blood glucose test strips	DI COD CI LICOCE DIA CNOCTIC TECT CEDID		Caresens N POP
Test strips		EO toot	CaroCana N
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP Test strips			
Test strips	·	JU 1631	Carecens i i io
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic test strips		10 otrin	Vata Cana
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic test strips 20.00 1 CareSens Dual MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE Small 2.70 1 e-chamber Mask PEAK FLOW METER 2.70 1 e-chamber Mask Low Range 9.54 1 Mini-Wright AFS Low Range Normal Range 9.54 1 Mini-Wright Standard PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE 20.00 40 test Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE 22.00 50 strip Ketostix SPACER DEVICE 22.00 50 strip Ketostix SPACER DEVICE 22.00 1 e-chamber Turbo 510 ml (single patient) 5.95 1 e-chamber La Grande	·	10 Strip	KetoSens
test strips 20.00 1 CareSens Dual MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE 2.70 1 e-chamber Mask PEAK FLOW METER 2.70 1 e-chamber Mask PEAK FLOW METER 8 1 Mini-Wright AFS Low Range Normal Range 9.54 1 Mini-Wright Standard PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE 20.00 50 smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE 22.00 50 strip Ketostix SPACER DEVICE 22.00 50 strip Ketostix SPACER DEVICE 22.00 50 strip c-chamber Turbo 510 ml (single patient) 5.95 1 e-chamber La Grande	DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE Small			
Small	test strips20.00	1	CareSens Dual
PEAK FLOW METER Low Range 9.54 1 Mini-Wright AFS Low Range Normal Range 9.54 1 Mini-Wright Standard PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE Cassette 12.00 40 test Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE Test strip 22.00 50 strip Ketostix SPACER DEVICE 220 ml (single patient) 3.65 1 e-chamber Turbo 510 ml (single patient) 5.95 1 e-chamber La Grande	MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE		
Low Range 9.54 1 Mini-Wright AFS Low Range Normal Range 9.54 1 Mini-Wright Standard PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE Cassette 12.00 40 test Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE Test strip 22.00 50 strip Ketostix SPACER DEVICE 220 ml (single patient) 3.65 1 e-chamber Turbo 510 ml (single patient) 5.95 1 e-chamber La Grande	Small	1	e-chamber Mask
Normal Range	PEAK FLOW METER		
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PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE Cassette 12.00 40 test Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE 22.00 50 strip Ketostix SPACER DEVICE 220 ml (single patient) 3.65 1 e-chamber Turbo 510 ml (single patient) 5.95 1 e-chamber La Grande	•		Range
Cassette 12.00 40 test Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE Test strip 22.00 50 strip Ketostix SPACER DEVICE 220 ml (single patient) 3.65 1 e-chamber Turbo 510 ml (single patient) 5.95 1 e-chamber La Grande	Normal Range9.54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
Pregnancy Test	PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE		
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE Test strip 22.00 50 strip Ketostix SPACER DEVICE 220 ml (single patient) 3.65 1 e-chamber Turbo 510 ml (single patient) 5.95 1 e-chamber La Grande	Cassette	40 test	Smith BioMed Rapid
Test strip			Pregnancy Test
SPACER DEVICE 220 ml (single patient) 3.65 1 e-chamber Turbo 510 ml (single patient) 5.95 1 e-chamber La Grande	SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE		
SPACER DEVICE 220 ml (single patient) 3.65 1 e-chamber Turbo 510 ml (single patient) 5.95 1 e-chamber La Grande	Test strip22.00	50 strip	Ketostix
220 ml (single patient) 3.65 1 e-chamber Turbo 510 ml (single patient) 5.95 1 e-chamber La Grande		•	
510 ml (single patient)		1	e-chamber Turbo
	, , ,	•	
	800 ml	1	Volumatic

- Symbols -	Aerrane	118	Sensory	
Xaluprine148		239	Amgevita	
8-methoxypsoralen69	Aflibercept	191	Amikacin	
- A -	Agents Affecting the		Amiloride hydrochloride	48
A-Scabies66	Renin-Angiotensin System.	42	Amiloride hydrochloride with	
Abacavir sulphate101			furosemide	48
Abacavir sulphate with	Disorders	117	Amiloride hydrochloride with	
lamivudine 101	Agents Used in the Treatment	of	hydrochlorothiazide	48
Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris101	Poisonings	259	Aminolevulinic acid	
Abciximab175			hydrochloride	167
Abilify Maintena133	Albendazole	98	Aminophylline	249
Abiraterone acetate164	Alchemy Caspofungin	96	Amiodarone hydrochloride	44
Acarbose			Amisulpride	131
Accarb	Alchemy Oxybutynin	74	Amitriptyline	125
Accuretic 1042			Amlodipine	
Accuretic 2042			Amorolfine	65
Acetazolamide256	Alectinib	156	Amoxicillin	90
Acetec42	Alendronate sodium	110	Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid	90
Acetic acid	Alendronate sodium with		Amoxiclav multichem	90
Extemporaneously Compounded	colecalciferol	110	Amphotericin B	
Preparations267			Alimentary	23
Genito-Urinary72		280	Infections	
Acetic acid with hydroxyguinoline,	Alfamino Junior		Amsacrine	
glycerol and ricinoleic acid			Amyl nitrite	
Acetic acid with propylene	Alglucosidase alfa		Anabolic Agents	
glycol258			Anaesthetics	
Acetylcholine chloride256			Anagrelide hydrochloride	
Acetylcysteine259			Analgesics	
Aciclovir	Allerpro Syneo 2		Anastrozole	
Infections103			Anatrole	
Sensory252			Androderm	
Aciclovir-Baxter	•		Androgen Agonists and	
Acid Citrate Dextrose A	•		Antagonists	76
Acidex			Anoro Ellipta	
Acipimox51			Antabuse	
Acitretin	•		Antacids and Antiflatulents	
Act-HIB	•		Anti-Infective Agents	
Actemra	•		Anti-Infective Preparations	/ _
Actinomycin D147			Dermatological	65
Adalimumab (Amgevita)175			Sensory	
Adalimumab (Humira - alternative	Alprostadil hydrochloride		Anti-Inflammatory Preparations	
brand) 184			Antiacne Preparations	
Adapalene			Antiallergy Preparations	
Adcetris			Antianaemics	
Adenocor 44			Antiarrhythmics	
Adenosine	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Antibacterials	
Adenosine Baxter	•			
Adrenaline	magnesium hydroxide and simeticone	E	Anticholinergic Agents Anticholinesterases	
			Antidepressants	
Cardiovascular	,		AntidepressantsAntidiarrhoeals and Intestinal	120
Respiratory243				
Adventer 44			Anti-Inflammatory Agents	
Advantan		53	Antiepilepsy Drugs	
Advate		404	Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and	
Adynovate33	Nervous	121	Local Sclerosants	30

Antifibrotics246	Hydrochlorothiazide4	3 Azathioprine23
Antifungals94	Arrow-Norfloxacin	2 Azilect11
Antihypotensives45	Arrow-Ornidazole	9 Azithromycin8
Antimigraine Preparations 129	Arrow-Quinapril 104	2 Azopt25
Antimycobacterials96	Arrow-Quinapril 204	
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents 130	Arrow-Quinapril 54	2 Aztreonam9
Antiparasitics98	Arrow-Roxithromycin	0 - B -
Antipruritic Preparations66	Arrow-Timolol25	6 Bacillus calmette-guerin (BCG) 23
Antipsychotic Agents131	Arrow-Topiramate12	9 Bacillus calmette-guerin
Antiretrovirals99	Arrow-Tramadol12	
Antirheumatoid Agents110	Arsenic trioxide14	9 Baclofen11
Antiseptics and Disinfectants261	Artemether with lumefantrine	8 Bacterial and Viral Vaccines28
Antispasmodics and Other Agents	Artesunate	8 Bacterial Vaccines28
Altering Gut Motility7	Articaine hydrochloride11	
Antithrombotics34	Articaine hydrochloride with	Baricitinib24
Antithymocyte globulin	adrenaline11	9 Barium sulphate26
(equine) 239	Asacol	
Antithymocyte globulin (rabbit) 239	Ascend6	5 bicarbonate26
Antiulcerants7	Ascorbic acid	Barrier Creams and Emollients6
Antivirals103	Alimentary2	6 Basiliximab19
Anxiolytics135	Extemporaneously Compounded	BCG Vaccine AJV28
Anzatax163	Preparations26	7 BD PosiFlush4
Apidra10	Aspen Adrenaline	2 Beclazone 10024
Apidra Solostar10	Aspirin	Beclazone 25024
APO-Atomoxetine140	Blood	
APO-Candesartan HCTZ	Nervous12	
16/12.543	Asthalin24	
APO-Candesartan HCTZ	Atazanavir Mylan10	
32/12.543	Atazanavir sulphate10	
Apomorphine hydrochloride117	Atazanavir Viatris10	
Apraclonidine257	Atenolol4	
Aprepitant130	Atenolol Viatris4	
Apresoline53	Atenolol-AFT4	
Aprotinin30	Atezolizumab23	, ,
Aptamil Feed Thickener272	ATGAM23	' '
Aqueous cream67	Ativan13	
Arachis oil [Peanut oil]267	Atomoxetine14	0 Benzbromarone11
Aratac44	Atorvastatin4	
Arava110	Atovaquone with proguanil	Benzocaine with tetracaine
Arginine	hydrochloride	8 hydrochloride 11
Alimentary16	Atracurium besylate11	
Various264	Atropine sulphate	Benzoyl peroxide6
Arginine2000276	Cardiovascular4	·
Argipressin [Vasopressin]85	Sensory25	
Aripiprazole131, 133	Atropt25	
Aripiprazole Sandoz131	Aubagio13	
Aristocort69	Augmentin	
Arrotex-Prazosin S2944	Aurorix	
Arrow - Clopid35	Avallon	
Arrow - Lattim257	Avelox	
Arrow-Amitriptyline	Avonex13	
Arrow-Bendrofluazide48	Avonex Pen13	
Arrow-Brimonidine257	Azacitidine14	
Arrow-Diazepam135	Azacitidine Dr Reddy's14	
Arrow-Fluoxetine	Azactam	
Arrow-Losartan &	Azamun23	9 Betahistine dihydrochloride13

Betaine	16	Botulism antitoxin	259	Calcium polystyrene sulphonate	40
Betamethasone	77	Bplex		Calcium Resonium	
Betamethasone dipropionate	68	Brentuximab vedotin	194	Calogen (neutral)	
Betamethasone dipropionate with		Breo Ellipta	249	Calogen (strawberry)	
calcipotriol		Brevinor 1/28	72	Candesartan cilexetil	
Betamethasone sodium phosphat		Bricanyl Turbuhaler		Candesartan cilexetil with	
with betamethasone acetate		Brimonidine tartrate		hydrochlorothiazide	43
Betamethasone valerate		Brimonidine tartrate with timolol		Candestar	43
Betamethasone valerate with	,	maleate	257	Capecitabine	
clioquinol	69	Brinzolamide		Capecitabine Viatris	
Betamethasone valerate with sodi		Bromocriptine		Capsaicin	
fusidate [Fusidic acid]		Brufen SR		Musculoskeletal	116
Betaxolol		Budesonide		Nervous	
Betnovate		Alimentary	5	Captopril	
Betoptic		Respiratory2		Carbachol	
Betoptic S		Budesonide Te Arai	-	Carbamazepine	
Bevacizumab		Budesonide with eformoterol		Carbasorb-X	
Bexsero		Bumetanide		Carbimazole	
Bezafibrate		Bupafen		Carbomer	
Bezalip		Bupivacaine hydrochloride		Carboplatin	
Bezalip Retard		Bupivacaine hydrochloride with		Carboplatin Accord	
Bicalutamide		adrenaline	119	Carboplatin Ebewe	159
Bicillin LA		Bupivacaine hydrochloride with		Carboprost trometamol	
BiCNU		fentanyl	119	Carboxymethylcellulose	
BiCNU S29		Bupivacaine hydrochloride with		Alimentary	29
Bile and Liver Therapy		glucose	119	Extemporaneously Compounde	
Biliscopin		Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM		Preparations	
Bimatoprost		Buprenorphine with naloxone		Cardinol LA	
Bimatoprost Multichem		Bupropion hydrochloride		Cardizem CD	
Binarex		Burinex		CareSens Dual	
Binocrit		Buscopan		Caresens N	
Biodone		Buserelin		Caresens N POP	
Biodone Extra Forte		Buspirone hydrochloride		CareSens N Premier	
Biodone Forte		Buspirone Viatris		CareSens PRO	
Biotin		Busulfan		Carglumic acid	
Bisacodyl		- C -	140	Carmellose sodium with pectin and	
Bisacodyl Viatris		Cabergoline	70	gelatine	
Bismuth subgallate		Caffeine		Alimentary	25
Bismuth subnitrate and iodoform	207	Caffeine citrate		Sensory	
paraffin	265	Calamine		Carmustine	
Bisoprolol fumarate		Calci-Tab 500		Carvedilol	
Bivalirudin		Calcipotriol		Carvedilol Sandoz	
Bleomycin sulphate		Calcitonin		Casirivimab and imdevimab	
Blood glucose diagnostic test	140	Calcitriol		Caspofungin	
meter	300	Calcitriol-AFT		Catapres	30
Blood glucose diagnostic test	500	Calcium carbonate		Ceenu	
strip	200	Calcium carbonate PAI		Cefaclor	
Blood ketone diagnostic test		Calcium Channel Blockers		Cefalexin	
		Calcium chloride		Cefalexin Sandoz	
strip				Cefazolin	
Bonney's blue dye		Calcium folinate Calcium Folinate Ebewe		Cefazolin-AFT	
Boostrix					
Boric acid Bortezomib		Calcium Folinate Sandoz Calcium gluconate	103	Cefepime Cefepime Kabi	ठेरे ००
					მბ
			20	Cofonimo AET	00
Bosentan Dr Boddy's	56	Blood		Cefepime-AFT	8
Bosentan Dr Reddy's Botox	56 56		71	Cefepime-AFT	88 87

Cefoxitin8	7 Cilicaine VK	90	Clotrimazole	
Ceftaroline fosamil8	8 Cimetidine	8	Dermatological	6
Ceftazidime8	7 Cinacalcet	76	Genito-Urinary	
Ceftazidime Kabi8	7 Cinacalet Devatis	76	Clove oil	
Ceftriaxone8	7 Cinchocaine hydrochloride w	ith	Clozapine	13 ⁻
Ceftriaxone-AFT8			Clozaril	
Cefuroxime8	7 Cipflox	91	Clustran	130
Cefuroxime Devatis8	•		Co-trimoxazole	94
Celapram12	6 Infections	91	Coal tar	26
Celecoxib11		252	Coal tar with salicylic acid and	
Celecoxib Pfizer11	5 Ciprofloxacin - Torrent	91	sulphur	69
Celiprolol4	5 Ciprofloxacin Kabi	91	Cocaine hydrochloride	120
CellCept24			Cocaine hydrochloride with	
Centrally-Acting Agents4	7 Ciprofloxacin with		adrenaline	120
Cephalexin ABM8		252	Codeine phosphate	
Cerobact9			Extemporaneously Compou	nded
Cetirizine hydrochloride24			Preparations	
Cetomacrogol6			Nervous	
Cetomacrogol with glycerol6			Coenzyme Q10	
Cetomacrogol-AFT6			Colchicine	
Cetrimide26			Colecalciferol	
Cetuximab			Colestimethate	
Charcoal			Colestipol hydrochloride	
Chemotherapeutic Agents14			Colestyramine	
Chickenpox vaccine29		13	Colestyramine - Mylan	
Chloral hydrate13			Colgout	
Chlorambucil14		263	Colifoam	
Chloramphenicol	Citrulline1000		Colistin sulphomethate	
Infections9			[Colestimethate]	9:
Sensory25			Colistin-Link	
Chlorhexidine26			Collodion flexible	
Chlorhexidine gluconate	Clexane Forte		Colloidal bismuth subcitrate	
Alimentary2			Colofac	
Extemporaneously Compounded	Clinicians		Colony-Stimulating Factors	
Preparations26			Coloxyl	
Genito-Urinary7		24	Combigan	
Chlorhexidine with	Clinicians Renal Vit		Comirnaty Omicron	
cetrimide			(XBB.1.5)	293-294
Chlorhexidine with ethanol26			Comirnaty Omicron XBB.1.5	
Chloroform			Compound electrolytes	
Chloroquine phosphate9			Compound electrolytes with glu	
Chlorothiazide4			[Dextrose]	
Chlorpheniramine maleate24		65	Compound hydroxybenzoate	
Chlorpromazine hydrochloride 13			Compound sodium lactate	
Chlorsig25	•		[Hartmann's solution]	39
Chlortalidone [Chlorthalidone]4			Comtan	
Chlorthalidone4			Concerta	
Choice Load 3757	•		Condyline	
Choice TT380 Short7			Contraceptives	7
Choice TT380 Standard			Contrast Media	
Cholestyramine5		47	Copaxone	
Choriogonadotropin alfa8			Copper	
Ciclopirox olamine			Copper chloride	ۍ ص
Ciclosporin	8 Clopixol		Corticorelin (ovine)	
Cidofovir10	3 Clostridium botulinum type A	102, 100	Corticosteroids	
Cilazapril4			Dermatological	69
Unazapin4	L (VAIII	114	Domacological	00

Hormone Preparations		DBL Bortezomib149	Preparations267
Cosentyx		DBL Cefotaxime87	Dextrose with sodium citrate and
Cosmegen		DBL Cisplatin156	citric acid [Acid Citrate Dextrose
Coversyl		DBL Dacarbazine150	A]34
COVID-19 vaccine	293	DBL Desferrioxamine Mesylate for Inj	DHC Continus122
Creon 10000	12	BP260	Diabetes
Creon 25000	12	DBL Docetaxel163	Diacomit128
Creon Micro	12	DBL Ergometrine73	Diagnostic Agents
Crotamiton		DBL Gemcitabine148	Vaccines299
Crystaderm	65	DBL Gentamicin86	Various264
CT Plus+		DBL Leucovorin Calcium163	Diagnostic and Surgical
Curam	90	DBL Methotrexate Onco-Vial148	Preparations254
Curam Duo 500/125	90	DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride 124	Diamide Relief
Curosurf	251	DBL Vincristine Sulfate164	Diamox256
Cvite		Decongestants247	Diasip (strawberry)27
Cyclizine hydrochloride		Decongestants and	Diasip (vanilla)277
Cyclizine lactate		Antiallergics	Diatrizoate meglumine with sodium
Cyclogyl		Decozol23	amidotrizoate
		Deferasirox	Diatrizoate sodium
Cyclonex			
Cyclopentolate hydrochloride		Deferiprone	Diazepam126, 135
Cyclophosphamide		Defibrotide34	Diazoxide
Cycloserine		Definity264	Alimentary
Cymevene		Demeclocycline hydrochloride92	Cardiovascular50
Cyproheptadine hydrochloride		Denosumab111	Dichlorobenzyl alcohol with
Cyproterone acetate	76	Deolate96	amylmetacresol23
Cyproterone acetate with		Deoxycoformycin153	Diclofenac Sandoz118
ethinyloestradiol	. 72	Depo-Medrol78	Diclofenac sodium
Cystadane	16	Depo-Provera73	Musculoskeletal118
Cysteamine hydrochloride	267	Depo-Testosterone76	Sensory254
Cytarabine	148	Deprim94	Dicobalt edetate26
Cytotec	7	Dermol68, 70	Diflucan94
- D -		Desferrioxamine mesilate260	Diflucortolone valerate68
D-Penamine	110	Desflurane118	Digestives Including Enzymes12
Dabigatran		Desmopressin85	Digoxin44
Dacarbazine		Desmopressin acetate85	Digoxin immune Fab259
Dactinomycin [Actinomycin D]		Desmopressin-PH&T85	Dihydrocodeine tartrate122
Daivobet		Dexamethasone	Dihydroergotamine mesylate129
Daivonex		Hormone Preparations77	Diltiazem CD Clinect4
Dalacin C		Sensory253	Diltiazem hydrochloride4
Danaparoid		Dexamethasone phosphate78	Dimercaprol26
Dantrium		Dexamethasone with framycetin and	Dimercaptosuccinic acid26
Dantrium IV		gramicidin252	Dimethicone
Dantrolene		Dexamethasone with neomycin	Dimethyl fumarate
Daonil		sulphate and polymyxin B	•
			Dimethyl sulfoxide265
Dapa-Tabs		sulphate	Dinoprostone
Dapsone		Dexamethasone with	Dipentum
Daptomycin		tobramycin252	Diphemanil metilsulfate70
Daptomycin Dr Reddy's		Dexamfetamine sulfate141	Diphenoxylate hydrochloride with
Darunavir		Dexmedetomidine118	atropine sulphate
Darunavir Viatris		Dexmedetomidine Viatris118	Diphtheria antitoxin260
Dasatinib		Dexmethsone77	Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis
Daunorubicin		Dexrazoxane163	vaccine289
DBL Adrenaline		Dextrose	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis and
DBL Amikacin	86	Alimentary9	polio vaccine288
DBL Aminophylline		Blood38-40	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio,
DBL Bleomycin Sulfate	146	Extemporaneously Compounded	hepatitis B and haemophilus

			_
influenzae type B vaccine 288	B Dulcolax SP Drop15	disoproxil	10
Diprosone68	B Duocal Super Soluble Powder271	Emtriva	. 10
Dipyridamole3	5 Duolin245	Emulsifying ointment	6
Disodium edetate256	Duolin Cipla245	Emulsifying Ointment ADE	6
Disodium hydrogen phosphate with	DuoResp Spiromax249	Enalapril maleate	
sodium dihydrogen	Duovisc255	Enbrel	.16
phosphate26	7 Duride51	Endocrine Therapy	. 16
Disopyramide phosphate44		Endoxan	.14
Disulfiram143		Engerix-B294-	-29
Dithranol267		Enlafax XR	
Diuretics4	7 - E-	Enoxaparin sodium	3
Dobutamine52	e-chamber La Grande300	Enstilar	
Dobutamine-hameln52	e-chamber Mask300	Ensure (Chocolate)	. 28
Docetaxel163	B e-chamber Turbo300	Ensure (Vanilla)	. 28
Docusate sodium	E-Mycin89	Ensure Plus (Banana)	. 28
Alimentary14	E-Z-Cat Dry263	Ensure Plus (Chocolate)	. 28
Sensory258	B E-Z-Gas II263	Ensure Plus (Fruit of the	
Docusate sodium with	E-Z-Paste263	Forest)	28
sennosides14	Econazole nitrate65	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)	
Dolutegravir103	B Edrophonium chloride110	Ensure Plus HN	. 28
Dolutegravir with lamivudine103	B Efavirenz100	Ensure Plus HN RTH	. 28
Domperidone 130	Efavirenz Milpharm100	Ensure Two Cal HN RTH	. 27
Domperidone Viatris130		Entacapone	.11
Donepezil hydrochloride142	tenofovir disoproxil 101	Entecavir	
Dopamine hydrochloride52	2 Eformoterol fumarate248	Entecavir (Rex)	. 10
Dornase alfa249		Entresto 24/26	4
Dortimopt256		Entresto 49/51	4
Dorzolamide256		Entresto 97/103	4
Dorzolamide with timolol256	6 Efudix70	Entyvio	. 23
Dostinex79	Elaprase17	Enzymes	.11
Dosulepin [Dothiepin]	Elecare (Unflavoured)280	Ephedrine	5
hydrochloride128	Elecare (Vanilla)280	Ephedrine Juno	5
Dosulepin Mylan125		Epilim IV	.12
Dosulepin Viatris125	5 Electral40	Epipen	.24
Dotarem263		Epipen Jr	
Dothiepin125	5 Elelyso19	Epirubicin Ebewe	.14
Dovato103	B Elemental 028 Extra	Epirubicin hydrochloride	.14
Doxapram25	(grapefruit)278	Eplerenone	
Doxazosin4	B Elemental 028 Extra (pineapple &	Epoetin alfa	2
Doxazosin Clinect43	3 orange)278	Epoetin beta	2
Doxepin hydrochloride125	Elemental 028 Extra (summer	Epoprostenol	6
Doxine92	2 fruits)278	Eptacog alfa [Recombinant factor	
Doxorubicin Ebewe147	7 Elexacaftor with tezacaftor, ivacaftor	VIIa]	
Doxorubicin hydrochloride147	7 and ivacaftor250	Eptifibatide	3
Doxycycline92	2 Elidel69	Eptifibatide Viatris	3
DP Lotn HC68	B Elocon68	Erbitux	. 19
DP-Captopril42		Ergometrine maleate	7
Dr Reddy's Omeprazole	B Eltrombopag30	Erlotinib	. 15
Drofate46		Ertapenem	8
Droperidol130	Emicizumab31	Erythrocin IV	
Droperidol Panpharma130) EMLA120	Erythromycin (as	
Drugs Affecting Bone	Empagliflozin12	ethylsuccinate)	8
Metabolism 110		Erythromycin (as lactobionate)	
Dual blood glucose and blood ketone	hydrochloride12	Erythromycin (as stearate)	
diagnostic test meter 300		Esbriet	.24
Dulaglutide1		Escitalopram	. 12

Esmolol hydrochloride	45	Ferodan	22	Fluorometholone	25
Essential Prednisolone	7	Ferric subsulfate	31	Fluorouracil	
Estradot	78	Ferriprox	260	Fluorouracil Accord	148
Etanercept	168	Ferro-F-Tabs	22	Fluorouracil sodium	70
Ethambutol hydrochloride	97	Ferro-tab	22	Fluox	120
Ethanol		Ferrograd	22	Fluoxetine hydrochloride	120
Ethanol with glucose	259	Ferrosig		Flupenthixol decanoate	
Ethanol, dehydrated	259	Ferrous fumarate		Flutamide	16
Ethics Aspirin		Ferrous fumarate with folic acid	22	Flutamin	16
Ethics Aspirin EC		Ferrous gluconate with ascorbic		Fluticasone	24
Ethics Lisinopril		acid		Fluticasone furoate with	
Ethinyloestradiol with		Ferrous sulfate		umeclidinium and vilanterol	24
desogestrel	72	Ferrous sulfate with ascorbic		Fluticasone furoate with	
Ethinyloestradiol with		acid	22	vilanterol	24
levonorgestrel	72	Fexofenadine hydrochloride	244	Fluticasone propionate	
Ethinyloestradiol with		Filgrastim		Fluticasone with salmeterol	
norethisterone	72	Finasteride		Flynn	
Ethosuximide		Fingolimod		FML	
Ethyl chloride		Firazyr	243	Foban	
Etomidate		Flagyl		Folic acid	
Etopophos		Flagyl-S		Folic Acid multichem	
Etoposide		Flamazine		Folic Acid Viatris	
Etoposide (as phosphate)		Flecainide acetate		Fondaparinux sodium	
Etoricoxib		Flecainide BNM		Food Modules	
Etravirine		Flecainide Controlled Release		Food/Fluid Thickeners	
Evara		Teva	44	Fortijuice (Apple)	
EVARA White Soft Paraffin		Fleet Phosphate Enema		Fortijuice (Orange)	
Everet		Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy		Fortijuice (Strawberry)	
Everolimus		Flixotide		Fortini (Strawberry)	
Evista		Flixotide Accuhaler		Fortini (Vanilla)	
Evrysdi		Florinef		Fortini Multi Fibre (Chocolate)	
Evusheld		Fluanxol		Fortini Multi Fibre (Strawberry)	
Exemestane		Flucil		Fortini Multi Fibre	
Exjade		Flucloxacillin		(Unflavoured)	28
Extemporaneously Compound		Flucloxacillin-AFT		Fortini Multi Fibre (Vanilla)	
Preparations		Flucloxin		Fortisip (banana)	
Eylea	191	Fluconazole		Fortisip (chocolate)	
Ezetimibe		Fluconazole-Baxter		Fortisip (strawberry)	
Ezetimibe Sandoz		Flucytosine		Fortisip (vanilla)	
Ezetimibe with simvastatin		Fludara Oral		Fortisip Multi Fibre (chocolate)	
- F -		Fludarabine Ebewe		Fortisip Multi Fibre	20
Factor eight inhibitor bypassir	na	Fludarabine phosphate		(strawberry)	28.
fraction		Fludarabine Sagent		Fortisip Multi Fibre (vanilla)	
Famotidine		Fludrocortisone acetate	78	Fosamax	
Fasenra		Fluids and Electrolytes		Fosamax Plus	
Faslodex		Flumazenil		Foscarnet sodium	
Fatty Cream AFT		Flumazenil-Baxter		Fosfomycin	
Febuxostat		Flumetasone pivalate with	209	Framycetin sulphate	
			252		
Febuxostat (Teva)		clioquinolFluocortolone caproate with	200	Frebini Energy	
FEIBA NF Felo 10 ER		fluocortolone pivalate and		Frebini Energy Fibre Frebini Original	
Felo 5 ER		cinchocaine	7		
		Fluorescein sodium		Frebini Original Fibre Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT	
FelodipineFentanyl		Fluorescein sodium with lignoca		Fresubin 2kcal HP	
		•			
Fentanyl Sandoz		hydrochloride		Fresubin HP Energy	
Ferinject	22	Fluorescite	254	Fresubin HP Energy Fibre	28

Fresubin Intensive	279	Glucose [Dextrose]	healthE Calamine Aqueous	6
Fresubin Original	286	Alimentary9	healthE Dimethicone 10%	6
Fresubin Original Fibre	286	Blood39	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion	
Frusemide	48	Extemporaneously Compounded	healthE Dimethicone 5%	
Fucidin	93	Preparations267	healthE Fatty Cream	6
Fucithalmic	252	Glucose with potassium chloride39	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid	
Fulvestrant	165	Glucose with potassium chloride and	healthE Urea Cream	6
Fungilin	23	sodium chloride39	Hemlibra	3
Furosemide [Frusemide]	48	Glucose with sodium chloride39	Heparin sodium	3
Furosemide-Baxter	48	Glucose with sucrose and	Heparin Sodium Panpharma	3
Fusidic acid		fructose9	Heparinised saline	
Dermatological	65, 69	Glycerin with sodium saccharin268	Heparon Junior	27
Infections		Glycerin with sucrose268	Hepatitis A vaccine	29
Sensory	252	Glycerol	Hepatitis B recombinant	
- G -		Alimentary14	vaccine	
GA Explore 5	272	Extemporaneously Compounded	Herzuma	.22
Gabapentin	127	Preparations268	Hiberix	
Gacet	122	Glycerol with paraffin67	Hiprex	9
Gadobenic acid		Glyceryl trinitrate	Histaclear	
Gadobutrol	263	Alimentary7	Histamine acid phosphate	
Gadoteric acid	263	Cardiovascular51	Holoxan	14
Gadovist 1.0	263	Glycine265	Hormone Replacement Therapy	7
Gadoxetate disodium	264	Glycoprep Orange13	HPV	29
Galsulfase	17	Glycopyrronium245	Humalog Mix 25	1
Galvumet	11	Glycopyrronium bromide7	Humalog Mix 50	
Galvus	11	Glycopyrronium with	Human Milk Fortifier	27
Ganciclovir	104	indacaterol245	Human papillomavirus (6, 11, 16, 18	,
Gardasil 9	295	Glycosade276	31, 33, 45, 52 and 58) vaccine	
Gastrodenol	8	Glypressin85	[HPV]	29
Gastrografin	262	Glytactin Bettermilk275	Humatin	
Gastrografin Ger	262	Gonadorelin80	Humira	18
Gastrografin S29	262	Goserelin80	HumiraPen	18
Gazyva	205	Granisetron130	Hyaluronic acid	
Gefitinib	157	GTO Oil276	Alimentary	2
Gelatine, succinylated	41	- H -	Sensory255,	25
Gelofusine	41	Habitrol144	Hyaluronic acid with lidocaine	
GEM Aqueous Cream	67	Habitrol (Fruit)144	[lignocaine]	2
Gemcitabine Hydrochloride	148	Habitrol (Mint)144	Hyaluronidase	11
Gemtuzumab ozogamicin	196	Haem arginate17	Hydralazine hydrochloride	5
Gentamicin sulphate		Haemophilus influenzae type B	Hydralyte - Lemonade	4
Infections	86	vaccine 289	Hydrocortisone	
Sensory	252	Haldol133	Dermatological	6
Gestrinone	79	Haldol Concentrate133	Extemporaneously Compounded	
Gilenya	136	Haloperidol132	Preparations	.26
Ginet	72	Haloperidol decanoate133	Hormone Preparations	7
Glatiramer acetate	136	Hartmann's solution39	Hydrocortisone acetate	
Glaucoma Preparations	256	Harvoni103	Hydrocortisone acetate with	
Glecaprevir with pibrentasvir.	103	Havrix 1440294	pramoxine hydrochloride	
Glibenclamide	10	Havrix Junior294	Hydrocortisone and paraffin liquid	
Gliclazide	10	Haylor Syrup244	and lanolin	
Gliolan		HCU Explore 5273	Hydrocortisone butyrate68	
Glipizide		HCU Express 15273	Hydrocortisone with miconazole	6
Glizide		Healon255	Hydrocortisone with natamycin and	
Glucagen Hypokit		Healon 5255	neomycin	
Glucagon hydrochloride	9	Healon GV255	Hydrogen peroxide	6
Glucerna Select	277	Healon GV Pro255	•	

Hydroxocobalamin		Inresa	22	Isoprenaline [Isoproterenol]	52
Alimentary	25	Inspra		Isopropyl alcohol	
Various		Instillagel Lido		Isoproterenol	
Hydroxocobalamin Panpharma		Insulin aspart		Isoptin	
hydroxycarbamide		Insulin aspart with insulin aspart		Isoptin SR	
Hydroxychloroquine		protamine	9	Isopto Carpine	
Hydroxyurea		Insulin glargine		Isosorbide mononitrate	
[hydroxycarbamide]	150	Insulin glulisine		Isotretinoin	
Hygroton		Insulin isophane		Ispaghula (psyllium) husk	
Hylo-Fresh		Insulin lispro		Isradipine	
Hyoscine butylbromide		Insulin lispro with insulin lispro		Itch-Soothe	
Hyoscine hydrobromide		protamine	10	Itraconazole	
Hyperuricaemia and Antigout		Insulin neutral		Itrazole	
HypoPak Glucose		Insulin neutral with insulin		Ivabradine	
Hypromellose25		isophane	10	Ivacaftor	
Hypromellose with dextran		Intelence		Ivermectin	
- -	200	Interferon alfa-2b		- J -	
Ibiamox	90	Interferon beta-1-alpha		Jadelle	79
Ibrance		Interferon beta-1-beta		Jakavi	
Ibrutinib		Interferon gamma		Jardiamet	
Ibuprofen		Intra-uterine device		Jardiance	
Icatibant		Invanz		Jaydess	
Idarubicin hydrochloride		Invega Sustenna			
•		•		Jevity HiCal RTH Jevity Plus RTH	
Idarucizumab		Invega TrinzaIodine		Jevity RTH	
IdursulfaseIfosfamide		lodine with ethanol		Jinarc	
llomedin				Juno Pemetrexed	
		lodised oillodixanol		- K -	140
Illoprost		lohexol		••	220
Imaging Agents				Kadcyla Kalydeco	
Imatinib mesilate		lopidineloscan		Kenacomb	
Imatinib-Rex					
Imbruvica		Ipca-Allopurinol		Kenacort A 10	
Imfinzi		Ipca-Bisoprolol		Kenacort-A 40	
Imipenem with cilastatin		Ipca-Ciprofloxacin		Kenalog in Orabase	
Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX		lpca-Donepezil		Ketalar	
Imipramine hydrochloride		Ipca-Escitalopram		Ketamine	
Imiquimod		IPCA-Frusemide		Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)	
Immune Modulators		IPCA-Metoprolol	46	Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured)	
Immunosuppressants	168	IPCA-Propranolol		Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)	283
Impact Advanced Recovery		IPOL		Ketoconazole	0.0
Incruse Ellipta		Ipratropium bromide		Dermatological	
Indacaterol		Ipratropium IVAX		Infections	
Indapamide		Iressa		Ketoprofen	
Indigo carmine		Irinotecan hydrochloride		Ketorolac trometamol	
Indinavir		Iron (as ferric carboxymaltose)		KetoSens	
Indocyanine green		Iron (as sucrose)		Ketostix	
Indometacin [Indomethacin]		Iron polymaltose		Keytruda	
Indomethacin		Irrigation Solutions		Kindergen	284
Infanrix IPV		Isentress		Kisqali	160
Infanrix-hexa		Isentress HD		Klacid	
Infatrini		Ismo 20		Klacid IV	
Infliximab		Ismo 40 Retard		Kogenate FS	33
Influenza vaccine	296	Isoflurane		Konakion MM	
Influvac Tetra		Isoleucine50		Konsyl-D	
(2024 formulation)		Isoniazid		Kuvan	18
Inhaled Corticosteroids	248	Isoniazid with rifampicin	97	-L-	

L-ornithine L-aspartate		Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydroch		Lyllana	
Labetalol		with adrenaline and tetracai		Lynparza	
Lacosamide		hydrochloride		Lysine acetylsalicylate [Ly	
Lactose		Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydroch	nloride	asprin]	
Lactulose		with phenylephrine		Lysine asprin	36
Laevolac		hydrochloride	120	- M -	
Lagevrio		Lidocaine [Lignocaine] with		m-Eslon	
Lamictal		prilocaine		Mabthera	
Lamivudine		Lidocaine-Baxter	120	Macrobid	
Lamivudine Viatris		lignocaine		Macrogol 3350 with ascor	
Lamivudine/Zidovudine Viatri		Alimentary		potassium chloride, so	
Lamotrigine		Nervous		chloride and citric acid	
Lanoxin		Lincomycin		magnesium carbonate	•
Lanoxin PG		Linezolid		and sodium picosulfate	
Lansoprazole		Linezolid Kabi		Macrogol 3350 with potas	
Lantus		Lioresal Intrathecal		chloride and sodium ch	
Lantus SoloStar		Liothyronine sodium		Macrogol 3350 with potas	
Lanzol Relief		Lipid-Modifying Agents		chloride and sodium ch	
Lapatinib		Lipiodol Ultra Fluid		without sodium sulfate	
Largactil		Liquibar		ascorbate, ascorbic ac	
Laronidase		Liquigen		Macrogol 3350 with potas	
Lasix		Liraglutide		chloride, sodium bicart	
Latanoprost		Lisinopril		sodium chloride	
Latanoprost with timolol		Lissamine green		Madopar 125	
Lax-Suppositories		Lithium carbonate		Madopar 250	
Lax-suppositories Glycerol		LMX4		Madopar 62.5	
Laxatives		Lo-Oralcon 20 ED		Madopar HBS	
Laxsol		Local Preparations for Anal and		Madopar Rapid	
Ledipasvir with sofosbuvir		Rectal Disorders		Mafenide acetate	
Leflunomide		Locasol		Magnesium amino acid ch	
Lenalidomide		Locoid		Magnesium chloride	22
Letrole		Locoid Crelo		Magnesium hydroxide	
Letrozole		Locoid Lipocream		Alimentary	
Leucine100	277	Lodoxamide		Extemporaneously Cor	
Leukotriene Receptor		Logem		Preparations	
Antagonists		Lomide		Magnesium oxide	
Leuprorelin acetate		Lomustine		Magnesium oxide with ma	
Leustatin		Long-Acting Beta-Adrenocepto		aspartate, magnesium	
Levetiracetam		Agonists		chelate and magnesiur	
Levetiracetam-AFT		Loniten		citrate	
Levocabastine		Loperamide hydrochloride		Magnesium sulphate	
Levocarnitine		Lopinavir with ritonavir		Magnevist	
Levodopa with benserazide		Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan		Malarone	
Levodopa with carbidopa		Lorafix		Malarone Junior	
Levomepromazine	132	Loratadine		Malathion [Maldison]	
Levomepromazine		Lorazepam		Maldison	66
hydrochloride		Lormetazepam		Mannitol	
Levonorgestrel		Lorstat		Cardiovascular	
Levonorgestrel BNM		Losartan Actavis		Various	
Levosimendan		Losartan potassium	43	Mantoux	
Levothyroxine		Losartan potassium with		Maprotiline hydrochloride	
Lidocaine [Lignocaine]	120	hydrochlorothiazide		Marcain	119
Lidocaine [Lignocaine]		Lovir		Marcain Heavy	119
hydrochloride		Loxamine		Marcain Isobaric	
Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydrod		Lucrin Depot 1-month		Marcain with Adrenaline	
with adrenaline	120	Lucrin Depot 3-month	80	Marevan	35

Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+		Methopt258 Midazolam Viatris	
Martindale Pharma		Methotrexate148 Midodrine	
Mask for spacer device		Methotrexate DBL Onco-Vial148 Midostaurin	
Maviret	103	Methotrexate Ebewe148 Mifepristone	73
Maxidex		Methotrexate Sandoz148 Milrinone	
Maxitrol	252	Methoxsalen Milrinone-Baxter	53
MCT Oil	271	[8-methoxypsoralen]69 Minerals	21
Measles, mumps and rubella		Methoxyflurane121 Mini-Wright AFS Low Range	300
vaccine	297	Methyl aminolevulinate Mini-Wright Standard	
Mebendazole	98	hydrochloride70 Minidiab	
Mebeverine hydrochloride	7	Methyl hydroxybenzoate268 Minims Prednisolone	254
Medac	146	Methylcellulose268 Minirin	85
Medrol		Methylcellulose with glycerin and Minirin Melt	85
Medroxyprogesterone	80	sodium saccharin	
Medroxyprogesterone acetate		Methylcellulose with glycerin and Minoxidil Minoxidil	
Genito-Urinary		sucrose	
Hormone Preparations		Methyldopa47 Miro-Amoxicillin	
Mefenamic acid		Methyldopa Mylan47 Mirtazapine	
Mefloquine		Methyldopa Viatris47 Misoprostol	
Meglumine gadopentetate		Methylene blue264 Mitomycin C	
Meglumine iotroxate		Methylnaltrexone bromide	1/17
		Methylphenidate ER - Teva141 Mitozantrone Ebewe	
MelatoninMelpha		Methylphenidate hydrochloride141 Mivacurium chloride	
Melphalan			114
			OF
Meningococcal (A, C, Y and V		succinate)	
conjugate vaccine		Methylprednisolone aceponate68 MMA/PA Explore 5	
Meningococcal B multicompor		Methylprednisolone acetate	
vaccine	290	Methylthioninium chloride [Methylene Moclobemide	
Meningococcal C conjugate	004	blue]	
vaccine		Methylxanthines249 Modavigil	
MenQuadfi		Metoclopramide Actavis 10	
Menthol		Metoclopramide hydrochloride 130 Molnupiravir	
Mepivacaine hydrochloride		Metoclopramide hydrochloride with Mometasone furoate	
Mepivacaine hydrochloride with		paracetamol129 Monogen	278
adrenaline		Metolazone	
Mepolizumab	204	Metoprolol IV Mylan46 aspartate	
Mercaptopurine	148	Metoprolol IV Viatris46 Monosodium I-aspartate	266
Meropenem	87	Metoprolol succinate46 Montelukast	
Meropenem-AFT	87	Metoprolol tartrate46 Montelukast Viatris	248
Mesalazine		Metrogyl98 Moroctocog alfa [Recombinant	factor
Mesna	164	Metronidazole VIII]	33
Mestinon	110	Dermatological65 Morphine hydrochloride	123
Metabolic Disorder Agents	15	Infections98 Morphine sulphate	
Metabolic Products	<mark>272</mark>	Metyrapone79 Morphine tartrate	
Metaraminol	52	Mexiletine hydrochloride45 Motetis	
Metformin hydrochloride		Miacalcic	
Metformin Viatris		Mianserin hydrochloride125 Movapo	117
Methacholine chloride		Micolette	
Methadone BNM		Miconazole	
Methadone hydrochloride		Miconazole nitrate Mozobil	
Extemporaneously Compo	unded	Dermatological65 MSUD Explore 5	
Preparations		Genito-Urinary72 MSUD Express 15	
Nervous		Micreme72 Mucolytics and Expectorants	2/0
Methenamine (Hexamine)	120	Micreme H	100
hippurate	QQ.	Microlut	269
Methohexital sodium	110	Midazolam	
IVICTIONICALIAI SUUIUIII	110	wildazolari ros iviulipie oderosis mediments	100

Multivitamin and mineral		Nepro HP RTH	284	NovoRapid FlexPen	
supplement	24	Neupogen	38	NovoSeven RT	
Multivitamin renal	24	NeuroTabs		Nozinan	13
Multivitamins	25	Nevirapine	100	Nucala	20
Mupirocin	65	Nevirapine Viatris	100	Nuelin	24
Muscle Relaxants and Related		Nicardipine hydrochloride	46	Nuelin-SR	
Agents	114	Nicorandil		Nupentin	12
Mvite	25	Nicotine	144	Nusinersen	
Myambutol	97	Nifedipine	47	Nutilis	27
Mycobutin		Nifuran		Nutren Diabetes (Vanilla)	27
MycoNail		Nilotinib	158	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre	
Mycophenolate mofetil	240	Nilstat		Nutrini Energy RTH	28
Mydriacyl		Alimentary	24	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre	
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics		Genito-Urinary		RTH	28
Mylan (24 hr release)	47	Infections		Nutrini Peptisorb Energy	28
Mylan Clomiphen		Nimenrix	290	Nutrini RTH	
Mylan Italy (24 hr release)		Nimodipine		Nutrison 800 Complete Multi	
Mylan Midazolam		Nimotop		Fibre	28
Myleran		Nintedanib		Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb	
Myloc CR		Niraparib	151	Nutrison Concentrated	
Mylotarg		Nirmatrelvir with ritonavir		Nutrison Energy	28
Myozyme		Nitazoxanide	99	Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre	
- N -		Nitrates	51	Nutrison Multi Fibre	
Nadolol	46	Nitroderm TTS 10	51	Nutrison Protein Intense	28
Nadolol BNM	46	Nitroderm TTS 5	51	Nutrison Protein Plus	27
Naglazyme	17	Nitrofurantoin	93	Nutrison Protein Plus Multi	
Naloxone hydrochloride		Nitrolingual Pump Spray	51	Fibre	28
Naltraccord		Nivestim		Nutrison RTH	
Naltrexone AOP	143	Nivolumab	235	Nyefax Retard	4
Naltrexone hydrochloride	143	Nodia	<mark>5</mark>	Nystatin	
Naphazoline hydrochloride		Noflam 250	116	Alimentary	2
Naphcon Forte		Noflam 500		Dermatological	
Naprosyn SR 1000		Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammator		Genito-Urinary	
Naprosyn SR 750		Drugs		Infections	
Naproxen		Nonacog gamma, [Recombina		- 0 -	
Natalizumab		factor IX]		Obinutuzumab	20
Natamycin		Noradrenaline		Obstetric Preparations	
Natulan	153	Noradrenaline BNM		Ocrelizumab	
Nausafix		Norethisterone		Ocrevus	
Nausicalm		Genito-Urinary	73	Octocog alfa [Recombinant factor	
Navelbine		Hormone Preparations		VIII] (Advate)	
Nefopam hydrochloride		Norethisterone with mestranol.		Octocog alfa [Recombinant factor	
Neisvac-C		Norflex		VIII] (Kogenate FS)	
Neo-Mercazole		Norfloxacin		Octreotide	
Neocate Gold (Unflavoured)		Noriday 28		Octreotide Depot Teva	
Neocate Junior Unflavoured		Normison	139	Ocular Lubricants	
Neocate Junior Vanilla		Norpress		Oestradiol	
Neocate SYNEO		Nortriptyline hydrochloride	125	Oestradiol valerate	
Neoral		Norvir		Oestradiol with norethisterone	
Neostigmine metilsulfate		Noumed Dexamfetamine		acetate	7
Neostigmine metilsulfate with		Noumed Paracetamol		Oestriol	/
glycopyrronium bromide	110	Noumed Pethidine		Genito-Urinary	7.
Neosynephrine HCL		Noumed Phenobarbitone		Hormone Preparations	7
Nepafenac		Novasource Renal (Vanilla)		Oestrogens	
Nepro HP (Strawberry)		Novatretin		Oestrogens (conjugated equine)	
Nepro HP (Vanilla)		NovoMix 30 FlexPen		Oestrogens with	

medroxyprogesterone		Oxybuprocaine hydrochloride	255	Pediasure (Chocolate)	28
acetate	79	Oxybutynin	74	Pediasure (Strawberry)	28
Ofev	246	Oxycodone Amneal		Pediasure (Vanilla)	28
Oil in water emulsion	67	Oxycodone hydrochloride	124	Pediasure Plus	28
Oily phenol [Phenol oily]	7	Oxycodone Lucis S29	124	Pediasure RTH	28
Olanzapine132-	133	Oxycodone Sandoz	124	Pegaspargase	15
Olaparib	152	Oxymetazoline hydrochloride		Pegasys	
Olive oil	268	OxyNorm		Pegfilgrastim	3
Olopatadine	254	Oxytocin	73	Pegylated interferon alfa-2a	
Olopatadine Teva	254	Oxytocin BNM	73	Pembrolizumab	
Olsalazine		Oxytocin with ergometrine		Pemetrexed	14
Olumiant	242	maleate	73	Penicillamine	110
Omalizumab	206	Ozurdex	253	Penicillin G	9
Omeprazole	8	- P -		Penicillin V	
Omeprazole actavis 10	8	Pacifen	114	Pentacarinat	
Omeprazole actavis 20		Pacimol	122	Pentagastrin	79
Omeprazole actavis 40		Paclitaxel	163	Pentamidine isethionate	
Omezol IV		Paclitaxel Ebewe		Pentasa	
Omnipaque		Paediatric Seravit		Pentostatin [Deoxycoformycin]	
Omnitrope		Palbociclib		Pentoxifylline [Oxpentifylline]	
Onbrez Breezhaler		Paliperidone		Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)	
Oncaspar LYO		Paliperidone palmitate		Pepti-Junior	28
OncoTICE		Pamidronate disodium		Perflutren	
Ondansetron		Pamisol		Perhexiline maleate	
Ondansetron-AFT		Pamol		Pericyazine	
One-Alpha		Pancreatic enzyme		Perindopril	
Opdivo		Pancuronium bromide		Periset	
Optional Pharmaceuticals		Pantoprazole		Periset ODT	
Ora-Blend		Panzop Relief		Perjeta	
Ora-Blend SF		Papaverine hydrochloride		Permethrin	
Ora-Plus		Paper wasp venom		Perrigo	
Ora-Sweet		Para-aminosalicylic Acid		Pertuzumab	
Ora-Sweet SF		Paracetamol		Peteha	
Oralcon 30 ED		Paracetamol (Ethics)		Pethidine hydrochloride	
Oramorph		Paracetamol Kabi		Pexsig	
Oramorph CDC S29		Paracetamol with codeine		Pfizer Exemestane	
Oratane		Paraffin	127	Pheburane	
Ornidazole		Alimentary	14	Phenasen	
Orphenadrine citrate		Dermatological		Phenelzine sulphate	
Oruvail SR		Extemporaneously Compour		Phenindione	
Oseltamivir		Preparations		Phenobarbitone128	
Osmolite RTH		Paraffin liquid with soft white	200	Phenobarbitone sodium	
Other Cardiac Agents		paraffin	259	Phenol	200
Other Endocrine Agents		Paraffin liquid with wool fat		Extemporaneously Compounded	٨
Other Oestrogen Preparations		Paraffin with wool fat		Preparations	
Other Otological Preparations		Paraldehyde		Various	
	200	Parecoxib		Phenol oily	
Other Progestogen	00				
Preparations		Paromomycin		Phenol with ioxaglic acid	20:
Other Skin Preparations	/ U	Paroxetine		Phenothrin	
Ovestin Capita Urinary	74	Paser		Phenoxybenzamine	4
Genito-Urinary		Patent blue V		hydrochloride	4
Hormone Preparations		Paxam		Phenoxymethylpenicillin [Penicillin	
Oxaliplatin		Paxlovid		V]	
Oxandrolone		Pazopanib		Phentolamine mesylate	
Oxazepam		Peak flow meter		Phenylalanine50	27
Oxpentifylline	. 53	Peanut oil	26/		

Dhamalan bring broduce able vide	Dissinator	07	Describation	100
Phenylephrine hydrochloride	Plerixafor	3/	Pregabalin	
Cardiovascular	Pneumococcal (PCV10) conjugate	104	Pregabalin Pfizer	
Sensory257	vaccine	91	Pregnancy test - hCG urine	
Phenytoin	Pneumococcal (PCV13) conjugate	104	preOp	
Phenytoin sodium126, 128	vaccine	91	Prevenar 13	
Phosphorus40	Pneumococcal (PPV23)		Priadel	
Phytomenadione34	polysaccharide vaccine 2		Prilocaine hydrochloride	12
Picibanil240	Pneumovax 232		Prilocaine hydrochloride with	
Pilocarpine hydrochloride256	Podophyllotoxin		felypressin	
Pilocarpine nitrate	Polidocanol		Primaquine	
Extemporaneously Compounded	Poliomyelitis vaccine2		Primidone	
Preparations268	Poloxamer		Primolut N	
Sensory256	Poly Gel2		Primovist	
Pimafucort69	Poly-Tears2		Priorix	
Pimecrolimus69	Poly-Visc2		Probenecid	
Pine tar with trolamine laurilsulfate	Polycal2	270	Procaine penicillin	
and fluorescein70	Polyethylene glycol 400 and		Procarbazine hydrochloride	150
Pinetarsol70	propylene glycol2	258	Prochlorperazine	13 ⁻
Pioglitazone11	Polyhexamethylene biguanide2	268	Proctosedyl	
Piperacillin with tazobactam90	Polyvinyl alcohol with povidone2	258	Procyclidine hydrochloride	117
Pipothiazine palmitate134	Poractant alfa2	251	Progesterone	7
PipTaz-AFT90	Posaconazole	95	Proglicem	
Pirfenidone246	Posaconazole Juno	95	Proglycem	
Pituitary and Hypothalamic	Potassium chloride39,	41	Progynova	
Hormones and Analogues80	Potassium chloride with sodium		Prolia	
Pivmecillinam93	chloride	39	Promethazine hydrochloride	24
Pizotifen130	Potassium citrate		Propafenone hydrochloride	4
PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry)274	Potassium dihydrogen		Propamidine isethionate	
PKU Anamix Junior LQ	phosphate	39	Propofol	
(Orange) 274	Potassium iodate		Propranolol	
PKÙ Anamix Junior LQ	Alimentary	21	Propylthiouracil	8
(Unflavoured)274	Hormone Preparations		Prostin E2	
PKU Build 10275	Potassium iodate with iodine		Prostin VR	
PKU Build 20 Chocolate275	Potassium perchlorate		Protamine sulphate	
PKU Build 20 Raspberry	Potassium permanganate		Protifar	
Lemonade275	Povidone K302		Protionamide	
PKU Build 20 Smooth275	Povidone-iodine2		Protirelin	
PKU Build 20 Vanilla275	Povidone-iodine with ethanol2		Proveblue	
PKU Explore 10274	Pradaxa		Provera	
PKU Explore 5274	Pralidoxime chloride2		Provera HD	
PKU Express 20274	Pralidoxime iodide2		Proxymetacaine hydrochloride	
PKU Glytactin RTD 15275	Pramipexole hydrochloride1		Pseudoephedrine	200
PKU Glytactin RTD 15 Lite275	Pravastatin		hydrochloride	24
PKU GMPro Ultra Lemonade275	Praxbind		Psoriasis and Eczema	27
PKU Restore Powder274	Praziquantel		Preparations	60
PKU sphere20 Banana275	Prazosin		PTU	
•	Prazosin Mylan		Pulmonary Surfactants	
PKU sphere 20 Lemon 275	Pred Forte2			
PKU sphere 20 Lemon			Pulmozyme	
PKU sphere 20 Red Berry	Prednisolone Prednisolone acetate		Puri-nethol Pyrazinamide	
PKU sphere20 Vanilla275				
PKU Start	Prednisolone sodium Prednisolone sodium	/	Pyridostigmine bromide	
Plaquenil)E 4	Pyridoxal-5-phosphate	18
Plasma-Lyte 148	phosphate2	254	Pyridoxine hydrochloride	
Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose38	Prednisolone- AFT2		Pyridoxine multichem	
Plendil ER	Prednisone		Pyrimethamine	
Plenvu13	Prednisone Clinect	/8	Pytazen SR	3

- Q -		Rifinah	97	Salmeterol	248
Quetapel	132	Rilutek	117	Salmonella typhi vaccine	
Quetiapine	132	Riluzole	117	Sandimmun	
Quinapril		Ringer's solution	39	Sandomigran	130
Quinapril with		RINVOQ		Sandostatin LAR	
hydrochlorothiazide	42	Riodine		Sapropterin Dihydrochloride	18
Quinine dihydrochloride	99	Risdiplam		Scalp Preparations	
Qvar		Risedronate Sandoz	111	Scandonest 3%	
- R -		Risedronate sodium	111	Sclerosing Agents	25
RA-Morph	123	Risperdal Consta	134	Scopoderm TTS	
Rabies vaccine		Risperidone		Scopolamine - Mylan	130
Raloxifene	112	Risperidone (Teva)		Sebizole	6
Raltegravir potassium	103	Risperon		Secretin pentahydrochloride	
Ramipex		Ritalin	141	Secukinumab	
Ramipril		Ritalin LA		Sedatives and Hypnotics	
Ranbaxy-Cefaclor		Ritonavir		Seebri Breezhaler	
Ranibizumab		Rituximab (mabthera)	209	Selegiline hydrochloride	118
Ranitidine		Rituximab (riximyo)		Selenium	2
Rapamune		Rivaroxaban		Sennosides	
Rasagiline		Rivastigmine		Serc	
Rasburicase		Rivastigmine Patch BNM 10		Serenace	
Readi-CAT 2		Rivastigmine Patch BNM 5		Seretide	
Reandron 1000		Riximyo		Seretide Accuhaler	249
Recombinant factor IX		RIXUBIS		Serevent	
Recombinant factor VIIa		Rizamelt		Serevent Accuhaler	
Recombinant factor VIII		Rizatriptan		Sertraline	
Rectogesic		Robinul		Setrona	
Red back spider antivenom		Rocuronium bromide		Sevoflurane	
Redipred		Ronapreve		Sevredol	
Relenza Rotadisk		Ropin		Shingles vaccine	
Relistor		Ropinirole hydrochloride		Shingrix	
Remdesivir		Ropivacaine hydrochloride		Sildenafil	
Remicade		Ropivacaine Kabi		Siltuximab	
Remifentanil		Rose bengal sodium		Silver nitrate	
Remifentanil-AFT		Rosuvastatin		Dermatological	70
Renilon 7.5 (apricot)		Rosuvastatin Viatris		Extemporaneously Compound	
Renilon 7.5 (caramel)		Rotarix		Preparations	
Resonium A		Rotavirus oral vaccine		Simdax	5
Resource Beneprotein		Roxithromycin		Simeticone	
Respiratory Stimulants		Rubifen		Simulect	
Retinol		Rubifen SR		Simvastatin	
Retinol Palmitate		Rurioctocog alfa pegol [Recom		Simvastatin Mylan	
ReTrieve		factor VIII]		Simvastatin Viatris	
Retrovir		Ruxolitinib		Sincalide	
Retrovir IV		Rydapt		Sinemet	
Revlimid		- S -		Sinemet CR	
Revolade		S26 LBW Gold RTF	283	Sirolimus	
Ribociclib		Sabril		Sirturo	
Riboflavin		Sacubitril with valsartan		Siterone	
Riboflavin 5-phosphate		SalAir		Slow-Lopresor	
Ribomustin		Salazopyrin		Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy	
Ricit		Salazopyrin EN	7	Test	300
Rifabutin		Salbutamol		Snake antivenom	
Rifadin		Salbutamol with ipratropium		Sodibic	
Rifampicin		bromide	245	Sodium acetate	
Rifaximin		Salicylic acid		Sodium acid phosphate	
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Sodium alginate with magnesium	Sodium tetradecyl sulphate.	32	Sustagen Hospital Formula	
alginate5	Sodium thiosulfate	259	(Chocolate)	28
Sodium alginate with sodium	Sodium valproate	128	Sustagen Hospital Formula	
bicarbonate and calcium	Sodium with potassium	266	(Vanilla)	28
carbonate5	Solifenacin succinate		Suxamethonium chloride	
Sodium aurothiomalate110	Solifenacin Viatris	75	Sylvant	22
Sodium benzoate19	Solu-Cortef	78	Symbicort Turbuhaler	24
Sodium bicarbonate	Solu-Medrol	78	Symmetrel	
Blood40-41	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial	78	Sympathomimetics	5
Extemporaneously Compounded	Somatropin	80	Synacthen	
Preparations268	Sotalol		Synacthen Depot	8
Sodium calcium edetate261	Soya oil	259	Synflorix	
Sodium chloride	Spacer device	300	Syntometrine	
Blood40-41	Span-K		Syrup	
Respiratory247, 251	Spazmol	<mark>7</mark>	Systane Unit Dose	25
Various265	Specialised Formulas		- T -	
Sodium chloride with sodium	Spinal Muscular Atrophy		Tacrolimus	
bicarbonate247	Spinraza		Dermatological	<mark>7</mark>
Sodium citrate	Spiolto Respimat		Oncology	16
Alimentary5	Spiractin		Tacrolimus Sandoz	16
Extemporaneously Compounded	Spiramycin		Tagitol V	
Preparations269	Spiriva		Talc	
Sodium citrate with sodium chloride	Spiriva Respimat		Taliglucerase alfa	
and potassium chloride35	Spironolactone		Tambocor	
Sodium citrate with sodium lauryl	Sprycel		Tamoxifen citrate	
sulphoacetate14	Standard Feeds		Tamoxifen Sandoz	16
Sodium citro-tartrate74	Starch		Tamsulosin hydrochloride	
Sodium cromoglicate	Stavudine		Tamsulosin-Rex	
Alimentary7	Stelara	231	Targocid	
Respiratory244	Sterculia with frangula	13	Tasigna	
Sensory254	SteroClear		Tasmar	
Sodium dihydrogen phosphate	Stesolid	126	Taurine	2
[Sodium acid phosphate]40	Stimulants / ADHD Treatmer	nts 140	Tecentriq	23
Sodium fluoride21	Stiripentol		Tecfidera	
Sodium fusidate [Fusidic acid]	Stocrin		Tegretol	
Dermatological65	Streptomycin sulphate		Tegretol AU	
Infections93	Stromectol		Tegretol CR	
Sensory252	Sucralfate		Teicoplanin	9
Sodium hyaluronate [Hyaluronic acid]	Sucrose		Temaccord	
Alimentary24	Sugammadex		Temazepam	
Sensory255, 258	Sugammadex BNM		Temozolomide	
Sodium hyaluronate [Hyaluronic acid]	Sulfadiazine silver		Tenecteplase	
with chondroitin sulphate255	Sulfadiazine sodium		Tenofovir disoproxil	
Sodium hydroxide265	Sulfasalazine	7	Tenofovir Disoproxil Emtricitabii	
Sodium hypochlorite262	Sulindac	116	Viatr	
Sodium metabisulfite269	Sulphacetamide sodium		Tenofovir Disoproxil Viatris	
Sodium nitrite259	Sulphur		Tenoxicam	
Sodium nitroprusside	Sulprix		Tensipine MR10	
Cardiovascular53	Sumagran		Tepadina	14
Optional Pharmaceuticals300	Sumatriptan		Terazosin	
Sodium phenylbutyrate19	Sunitinib		Terbinafine	
Sodium phosphate with phosphoric	Sunitinib Pfizer		Terbutaline	
acid14	Sunscreen, proprietary		Terbutaline sulphate	
Sodium picosulfate15	Suprane		Teriflunomide	
Sodium polystyrene sulphonate41	Surgical Preparations		Teriparatide	
Sodium stibogluconate99	Survimed OPD		Teriparatide - Teva	11
•			•	

Terlipressin	85	Muscular Pain	116	Tubersol	299
Testogel	7 6	Topiramate	129	Two Cal HN	279
Testosterone		Topiramate Actavis	129	TYR Explore 5	275
Testosterone cipionate	7 6	Torbay		TYR Sphere 20	276
Testosterone esters		Tracrium		Tyrosine1000	
Testosterone undecanoate		Tramadol hydrochloride		Tysabri	137
Tetrabenazine	117	Tramal 100		. U -	
Tetracaine [Amethocaine] hydrod		Tramal 50		Ultibro Breezhaler	245
Nervous		Tramal SR 100	124	Ultraproct	
Sensory	255	Tramal SR 150	124	Umeclidinium	
Tetracosactide [Tetracosactrin]		Tramal SR 200		Umeclidinium with vilanterol	
Tetracosactrin		Trandate		Univent	244
Tetracycline		Tranexamic acid		Upadacitinib	
Teva Lisinopril		Tranexamic-AFT		Ural	
Thalidomide		Tranylcypromine sulphate		Urea	
Thalomid		Trastuzumab (Herzuma)		Dermatological	68
Theobroma oil		Trastuzumab emtansine		Extemporaneously Compounder	
Theophylline		Travatan		Preparations	
Thiamine hydrochloride		Travoprost		Urex Forte	
Thiamine multichem	26	Treatments for Dementia		Urografin	
Thioguanine		Treatments for Substance		Urokinase	
Thiopental [Thiopentone]		Dependence	143	Urologicals	
sodium	119	Trelegy Ellipta		Uromitexan	
Thiopentone		Tretinoin		Ursodeoxycholic acid	
Thiotepa		Dermatological	66	Ursosan	
Thrombin		Oncology		Ustekinumab	
Thyroid and Antithyroid		Trexate		Utrogestan	
Preparations	84	Tri-sodium citrate		- V -	
Thyrotropin alfa		Triamcinolone acetonide	200	Vaclovir	104
Ticagrelor	36	Alimentary	23	Valaciclovir	
Ticagrelor Sandoz	36	Dermatological	69	Valganciclovir	
Ticarcillin with clavulanic acid		Hormone Preparations		Valganciclovir Viatris	104
Ticlopidine		Triamcinolone acetonide with		Valine50	
Tigecycline		gramicidin, neomycin and		Vancomycin	
Tilcotil		nystatin	253	Vanilla SilQ HD	
Timolol		Triamcinolone acetonide with	200	Vanilla SilQ MD	
Tiotropium bromide		neomycin sulphate, gramicidin		Varenicline	
Tiotropium bromide with	240	and nystatin		Varenicline Pfizer	
olodaterol	245	Triamcinolone hexacetonide		Varibar - Honey	
Tivicay		Triazolam		Varibar - Nectar	
Tixagevimab with cilgavimab		Trichloracetic acid		Varibar - Pudding	
TMP		Trientine		Varibar - Thin Liquid	
Tobradex		Trientine dihydrochloride		Varicella vaccine [Chickenpox	200
Tobramycin	252	Trientine Waymade		vaccine]	207
Infections	96	Trikafta		Varicella zoster vaccine [Shingles	251
Sensory	252	Trimethoprim		vaccine]	200
		Trimethoprim with	94	Varilrix	
Tobramycin (Viatris)					
Tobramycin BNM		sulphamethoxazole	04	VarivaxVasodilators	
Tobrex		[Co-trimoxazole]		Vasopressin	
Tocilizumab				Vacoprocip Agento	ot
Tofranil Tolcapone		Trometamol		Vasopressin Agents Vasorex	
Tolvantan	110	Tropicamide		VasorexVebulis	
Tolvaptan		Tropisetron			
Topamax		Trulicity		Vecuronium bromide	
Topicaine	120	Tryzan		Vedafil	
Topical Products for Joint and		Tuberculin PPD [Mantoux] test	299	Vedolizumab	232

Veklury	106	Extemporaneously Compounded	Zypine.
Veletri		Preparations269	Zypine
Venclexta		X -	Zyprexa
Venetoclax	155	X-Opaque-HD263	Zytiga
Venlafaxine	126	Xanthan269	Zyvox
Venofer		Xarelto35	,
VENOX		Xifaxan9	
Ventolin	247	Xolair206	
Vepesid		Xylocaine120	
Verapamil hydrochloride		Xylometazoline hydrochloride248	
Vermox		Xyntha33	
Versacloz		- Y -	
Vesanoid	155	Yellow jacket wasp venom243	
Vexazone	11	- Z -	
Vfend		Zanamivir105	
Victoza	11	Zapril42	
Vigabatrin		Zarontin127	
Vigisom		Zavedos147	
Vildagliptin		Zeffix103	
Vildagliptin with metformin		Zejula151	
hydrochloride	11	Zematop70	
Vimpat		Zetlam103	
Vinblastine sulphate		Ziagen101	
Vincristine sulphate		Zidovudine [AZT]101	
Vinorelbine		Zidovudine [AZT] with	
Vinorelbine Te Arai		lamivudine 101	
Viral Vaccines		Ziextenzo38	
Viramune Suspension		Zimybe	
ViruPOS		Zinc	
Viscoat		Alimentary23	
Visipaque		Dermatological	
Vit.D3		Zinc and castor oil67	
VitA-POS		Zinc chloride23	
Vital		Zinc oxide	
Vitamin B complex		Zinc sulphate23	
Vitamin B6 25		Zinc with wool fat	
Vitamins		Zincaps	
Vivonex TEN		Zincaps	
Voltaren		Ziprasidone	
		Zista244	
Voltaren Onbtha		Zista	
Voltaren Ophtha Voltaren SR		Zoladex80	
Volumatic			
		Zoledronic acid	
VoLumen		Hormone Preparations77	
Voriconazole		Musculoskeletal111	
Votrient		Zoledronic acid Viatris	
Vttack	95	Hormone Preparations77	
- W -	0.5	Musculoskeletal111	
Warfarin sodium		Zopiclone	
Wart Preparations	/0	Zostrix	
Water	40	Zostrix HP121	
Blood		Zuclopenthixol acetate	
Various		Zuclopenthixol decanoate	
White Soft Liquid Paraffin AFT	67	Zuclopenthixol hydrochloride132	
Wool fat		Zusdone	
Dormatological	60	7vhan 1/13	

Zypine	132
Zypine ODT	132
Zyprexa Relprevv	133
Zytiga	164
Zwyx	93