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Circulation

Accessible in an electronic format at no cost from the Pharmac website www.pharmac.govt.nz/schedule.

You can register to have an electronic version of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, Section H for Hospital Pharmaceuticals (link to PDF copy) emailed to your nominated email address each month by subscribing at schedule.pharmac.govt.nz/subscribe.

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Programmers

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Introducing Pharmac

Introducing Pharmac

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (Pharmac) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. Pharmac negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

Pharmac's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about Pharmac and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the Pharmac website at https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/about.

Glossary

Units of Measure gram g microgram..... mcg millimole......mmol unit......u kilogram......kg milligram mg international unitiu millilitre..... ml **Abbreviations** application app enteric coated FC solution soln suppositorysuppos capsule cap granules......grans cream.....crm injectioninj tablet......tab dispersibledisp liquidliq tincture.....tinc effervescent.....eff lotion......lotn

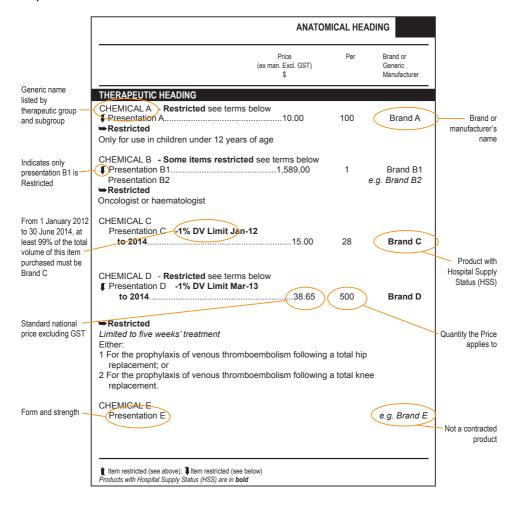
ointment......oint

HSS Hospital Supply Status

emulsion emul

Guide to Section H listings

Example



PART I: GENERAL RULES

General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A.

Read the <u>General Rules</u>: <u>https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/section-a</u>.

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Antacids and Antiflatulents

Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIMETICONE

Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticone 20 mg

Oral lig 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simeticone

30 ma per 5 ml

e.g. Mylanta

e.a. Mvlanta Double Strength

SIMETICONE

Oral drops 100 mg per ml

Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml

Oral drops 40 mg per ml

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE

Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sachet

e.a. Gaviscon Infant

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

160 mg

e.g. Gaviscon Double Strenath

Oral lig 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

500 ml

Acidex

SODIUM CITRATE

90 ml

Biomed

Phosphate Binding Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 600 mg

CALCIUM CARBONATE - Restricted see terms below

500 ml Roxane

→ Restricted (RS1698)

Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbonate tablets or where calcium carbonate tablets are inappropriate..

Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Agents

Antipropulsives

DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE

Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg

LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 2 mg10.75 400 Nodia 400 Diamide Relief

Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories

BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Cap 3 mg

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Pe	er Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1723)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes: or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis*: and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Diabetes; or
 - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
 - 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1%

MESALAZINE

O/ LE/ ZIIVE			
Tab EC 400 mg	49.50	100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg		100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023	56.10	100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg	85.50	90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g	118.10	100 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg		20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g	50.96	28	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml	41.30	7	Pentasa

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OLSALAZINE				
Tab 500 mg		.93.37	100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg		.53.00	100	Dipentum
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM				
Rectal foam 20 mg per dose (14 applications)		.74.10	1	Essential Prednisolone
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE				
Cap 100 mg				
SULFASALAZINE				
Tab 500 mg		.14.00	100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		. 15.53	100	Salazopyrin EN
Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders				
Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations				
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE				
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g		. 15.00	30 g	Proctosedyl
Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g		9.90	12	Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALA	TE AND C	INCHOCAIN	ΙE	
Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocain	ie			
hydrochloride 5 mg per g		6.35	30 g	Ultraproct
Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchol				
hydrochloride 1 mg		2.66	12	Ultraproct
Management of Anal Fissures				
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2% - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024		.22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Scierosants				
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial				
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Mo	tility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE				
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		.65.45	10	Max Health
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE				
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		6.35	100	Buscopan
Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023			5	Buscopan
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 135 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023		9.20	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants				
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective				
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg			120	Cytotec

ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **H2 Antagonists CIMETIDINE** Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg **FAMOTIDINE** Tab 20 mg Tab 40 mg Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial RANITIDINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1703) Initiation Fither: 1 For continuation use; or 2 Routine prevention of allergic reactions.. **Proton Pump Inhibitors** LANSOPRAZOLE 100 Lanzol Relief 100 Lanzol Relief **OMEPRAZOLE** Tab dispersible 10 mg → Restricted (RS1027) Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. Tab dispersible 20 mg → Restricted (RS1027) Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients. 90 Omeprazole actavis 10 90 Omeprazole actavis 20 90 Omeprazole actavis 40 Powder for oral lig......42.50 5 a Midwest 5 Dr Reddy's Omeprazole 5 Omezol IV PANTOPRAZOI F 100 Panzop Relief Panzop Relief 100 Inj 40 mg vial

Site Protective Agents

COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE 50 Gastrodenol

SUCRALFATE

Tab 1 g

8

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$

Per Manufacturer

Bile and Liver Therapy

L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below

- Grans for oral liquid 3 q
- → Restricted (RS1261)

Initiation

For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated.

RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 550 mg − **1% DV Mar-21 to 2023**625.00 56 **Xifaxan**

→ Restricted (RS1416)

Initiation

For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose.

Diabetes

Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors

$\Lambda \cap \Lambda$	DDC	CE	

Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 20248.95	90	Accarb
3.50		Glucobay
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 202415.29	90	Accarb
6.40		Glucobay

(Glucobay Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 December 2021)

(Glucobay Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 December 2021)

Hyperglycaemic Agents

DIAZOVIDE Postricted see terms below

וט	AZONIDE - nestricted see terms below			
1	Cap 25 mg	110.00	100	Proglicem
t	Cap 100 mg	280.00	100	Proglicem
	Oral liq 50 mg per ml		30 ml	Proglycem
	Postriated (PC1000)			0,

→ Restricted (RS1028)

Initiation

For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.

GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Tab 1.5 g Tab 3.1 g

Tab 4 g

Oral soln 15 g per 80 ml sachet - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2023......70.00 50 HypoPak Glucose

Gel 40%

GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE

Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet

Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations

INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE

	ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NSULIN ISOPHANE					
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge					
NSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE					
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per ml 3 ml cartridge		. 42.66	i	5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per ml		. 42.66	;	5	Humalog Mix 50
NSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE					
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 n vial	nl				
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge					
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge					
Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge					
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations					
NSULIN GLARGINE					
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen				5	Lantus SoloStar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				5	Lantus
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		.63.00	1	1	Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations					
NSULIN ASPART					
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial					
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe		51 10		5	NovoRapid FlexPen
		.51.19	'	5	Novonapiu riexreii
NSULIN GLULISINE Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		27 03		1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge				5	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen				5	Apidra Solostar
NSULIN LISPRO					
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial					
lnj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge					
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations					
NSULIN NEUTRAL					
Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial					
Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge					
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents					
GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		7 50	1	100	Daonil
-		1 .50	'	100	Daviiii
GLICLAZIDE Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		15 19		500	Glizide
1 ab 00 mg 1/0 by 1407-20 to 2020		. 10.10		500	GIIZIUC

	Price ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLIPIZIDE			
Tab 5 mg	3.27	100	Minidiab
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab immediate-release 500 mg	8.63	1,000	Apotex
Tab immediate-release 850 mg		500	Apotex
PIOGLITAZONE			
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6.80	90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		90	Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	12.25	90	Vexazone
VILDAGLIPTIN			
Tab 50 mg	35.00	60	Galvus
VILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	35.00	60	Galvumet
Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride	35.00	60	Galvumet

GLP-1 Agonists

→ Restricted (RS1857)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for an SGLT-2 inhibitor; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*: or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*: or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*; and
 - 3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

DULAGLUTIDE - Restricted see terms above

Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded SGLT-2 inhibitor.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

SGLT2 Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1852)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for a GLP-1 agonist; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*: or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*; and
 - 3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

30

Jardiance

EMPAGLIFLOZIN - Restricted see terms above

Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonist.

t	Tab 25 mg	58.56	30	Jardiance
	MPAGLIFLOZIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see			
	Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonist.			
t	Tab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
t	Tah 5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride	58 56	60	lardiamet

•	rab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metionnin mydroenionae	00	dardiarrict
t	Tab 5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride58.56	60	Jardiamet
t	Tab 12.5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride58.56	60	Jardiamet
t	Tab 12.5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride58.56	60	Jardiamet

Digestives Including Enzymes

PANCREATIC ENZYME

Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 U protease))

Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph Eur			
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U)	34.93	100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 Ph			
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U)	94.38	100	Creon 25000
Modified release granules pancreatin 60.12 mg (amylase 3,600 Ph Eur			
U, lipase 5,000 Ph Eur U, protease 200 Ph Eur U)	34.93	20 g	Creon Micro
Powder paperentin 60.12 mg /2.600 Ph. Fur. u/amylese F.000 Ph		-	

Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph.

Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 Restricted (RS1824)	32.95	100	Ursosan	
Initiation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepa	atic cholestasis			

Either:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation - Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Initiation - prevention of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1732 trial; and
- 2 The patient has leukaemia/lymphoma and is receiving inotuzumab ozogamicin.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.a. PicoPrep

MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium

chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate

48 Glycoprep-C

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate

80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet e.g. Glycoprep-C

	Price (ex man. excl \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE Powder for oral soln 52.9 g with ascorbic acid 6 g, potassium chlorid 740 mg, sodium chloride 2.6 g and sodium sulphate 5.6 g per sachet (1) and powder for oral soln citric acid 12 g with magne oxide 3.5 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet (2)	de sium			e.g. Prepkit-C
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARB Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulp 5.685 g per sachet – 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022	n hate		ORIDE A	AND SODIUM SULPHATE Klean Prep
Bulk-Forming Agents				
ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK Powder for oral soln − 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA − Restricted: For continuation only Powder for oral soln	12.2	20 5	00 g	Konsyl-D
Faecal Softeners				
DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 Tab 120 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES			100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml	3.1	0 2	200	Laxsol
POLOXAMER Oral drops 10% – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	3.9	98 3	0 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral				
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE − Restricted see terms below Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial → Restricted (RS1601) Initiation − Opioid induced constipation Both: 1 The patient is receiving palliative care; and	36.0 246.0		1 7	Relistor Relistor
Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation			ated.	
Osmotic Laxatives				
GLYCEROL Suppos 1.27 g Suppos 2.55 g Suppos 3.6 g	9.2	25	20	PSM
LACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	3.3	3 50	00 ml	Laevolac

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARB	ONATE AND SODIU	M CHLO	RIDE
Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, sodi	um		
bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg			
Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, soc	dium		
bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg - 1% DV	1		
Oct-20 to 2023	6.70	30	Molaxole
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE			
Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml	- 1%		
DV Nov-19 to 2022		50	Micolette
SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID			
Oral lig 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14%			
Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL			
Tab 5 mg	5 00	200	Lax-Tabs
Suppos 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		10	Lax-Suppositories
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10	Lax-ouppositories
SENNOSIDES Table 7.5 man			
Tab 7.5 mg			
SODIUM PICOSULFATE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Oral soln 7.5 mg per ml	7.40	30 ml	Dulcolax SP Drop
→ Restricted (RS1843)			
Initiation			
Both:			
1 The patient is a child with problematic constipation despite an action	dequate trial of other	oral phar	macotherapies including

- macrogol where practicable; and
- 2 The patient would otherwise require a high-volume bowel cleansing preparation.

Metabolic Disorder Agents

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

Myozyme

→ Restricted (RS1793)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease;
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
 - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
 - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
 - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and

continued...

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and

- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

ARGININE

Tab 1,000 mg

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1794)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
 - 2.2 A 5.10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
 - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Cap 50 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1330)

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

CARGLUMIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1831)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

For the acute in-patient treatment of organic acidaemias as an alternative to haemofiltration.

COENZYME Q10 - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1832)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to coenzyme Q10 supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to coenzyme Q10 supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1795)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis VI.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT.

HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below Inj 2 mg per ml, 3 ml vial	4,608.30	1	Elaprase	

⇒ Restricted (RS1546)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1607)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 250 mg
- Oral lig 500 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

- ¶ Tab 50 mg
- → Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

RIBOFI AVIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1833)

Initiation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to riboflavin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to riboflavin supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1796)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 1 month

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or actively planning to become pregnant; and
- 2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient has demonstrated an adequate response to a 2 to 4 week trial of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction in phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy: or
 - 1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has previously demonstrated response to treatment with sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with sapropterin will not continue after delivery; or
 - 2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the first renewal for treatment with sapropterin; or
 - 2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second or subsequent pregnancy to support management of their PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

SODIUM PHENYI BUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab 500 mg

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1797)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TALIGLUCERASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1034) Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher Treatment Panel.

TAURINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 1,000 mg
- → Restricted (RS1834)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected specific mitochondrial disorder that may respond to taurine supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of a specific mitochondrial disorder which responds to taurine supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 300 mg

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab eff 1.25 g (500 mg elemental)

Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)

Fluoride

20

SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	(ex man	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
lodine					
POTASSIUM IODATE Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE Oral liq 10% with iodine 5%		4.5	8	90	NeuroTabs
Iron					
FERROUS FUMARATE Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental)FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID		3.0	9	100	Ferro-tab
Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg		4.6	8	60	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS SULFATE Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 FERROUS SULFATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID				30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan
Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500 IRON (AS FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE) − Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	w	150.0	0	1	Ferinject
→ Restricted (RS1417) Initiation Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropria IDON (AS SUCCES) TON (AS SUCCES)	ıte.				
IRON (AS SUCROSE) Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		100.0	0	5	Venofer
IRON POLYMALTOSE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		34.5	0	5	Ferrosig
Magnesium					

MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE

Cap 750 mg (150 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE

Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag

MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental)

Suspension 8%

MAGNESIUM OXIDE

Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental)

Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE. MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE AND MAGNESIUM CITRATE

Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium amino acid chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg elemental magnesium)

	Price	`	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
MAGNESIUM SULPHATE			
Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-21 to 2023	25.53	10	Martindale
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag	20.00	10	wai tiridale
Zinc			
ZINC			
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops			
ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule			
ZINC SULPHATE			
Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental) - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	11.00	100	Zincaps
Mouth and Throat			
Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15%			
Spray 0.3%			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHL Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride	ORIDE		
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray			
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE			
Paste Powder			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE			
Mouthwash 0.2%			
CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE			
Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01% DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL			
Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg			
RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE		_	
Paste 0.1% – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	5.33	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives			
AMPHOTERICIN B	F.00	00	F willing
Lozenge 10 mg MICONAZOLE	5.86	20	Fungilin
Oral gel 20 mg per g - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	4.74	40 g	Decozol
NYSTATIN		•	
Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	1.76	24 ml	Nilstat
Other Oral Agents			
HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] Inj 20 mg per ml			

Price Brand or Generic (ex man. excl. GST) Per Manufacturer \$ SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe → Restricted (RS1175) Otolaryngologist

THYMOL GLYCFRIN

Compound, BPC......9.15 **PSM** 500 ml

(PSM Compound, BPC to be delisted 1 February 2022)

Vitamins

Multivitamin Preparations

MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

180 Clinicians Multivit & Mineral Boost

→ Restricted (RS1498)

Initiation

Limited to 3 months treatment

Roth:

- 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or
 - 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or
 - 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below

Clinicians Renal Vit **↓** Cap 6.49 30 → Restricted (RS1499)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
- 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MULTIVITAMINS				
Tab (BPC cap strength) − 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	alpha], ng,	.11.45	1,000	Mvite e.g. Vitabdeck
➡ Restricted (RS1620)				J
Initiation				
Any of the following: 1 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or 2 Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndi 3 Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome.	ome; or			
Powder vitamin A 3200 mcg with vitamin D 100 mcg, vitamin E 54 vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 108 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, ribof 4.4 mg, niacin 41 mg, vitamin B6 3.6 mg, folic acid 600 mcg, B12 9 mcg, biotin 120 mcg, pantothenic acid 24 mg, choline 1250 mg and inositol 700 mg → Restricted (RS1178)	lavin			e.g. Paediatric Seravit
Initiation				
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism. Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyrido hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampou Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyrido.	500 mg le (1)			e.g. Pabrinex IV
hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyrido hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic aci	500 mg xine d			e.g. Pabrinex IM
1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ampoule (1)	1111			e.g. Pabrinex IV
Vitamin A				<u> </u>
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml Oral liq 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml				
Vitamin B				
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE		1.89	3	Neo-B12
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 Tab 50 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial			90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Apo-Pyridoxine

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg	7.09	100	Max Health
Tab 100 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC	7.15	500	Bplex
Vitamin C			
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 Tab chewable 250 mg	9.90	500	Cvite
Vitamin D			
ALFACALCIDOL Cap 0.25 mcg Cap 1 mcg Oral drops 2 mcg per ml	87.98	100 100 20 ml	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL Cap 0.25 mcg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Cap 0.5 mcg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		100 100	Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) – 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023 Oral liq 188 mcg per ml (7,500 iu per ml)		12 4.8 ml	Vit.D3 Puria

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- **→ Restricted (RS1632)**

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A.D.E.K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 u
- Cap 500 u
- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1176)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

Antianaemics

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

EPOETIN ALFA - Restricted see terms below

1	nj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 250.00	6	Binocrit
↓ i	nj 2,000 iu in 1 ml syringe – 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 100.00	6	Binocrit
1	nj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022150.00	6	Binocrit
1	nj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 96.50	6	Binocrit
1	nj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022	6	Binocrit
1	nj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022145.00	6	Binocrit
1	nj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 175.00	6	Binocrit
1	nj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022197.50	6	Binocrit
t I	nj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022250.00	1	Binocrit

→ Restricted (RS1660)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price	Bı	and or
(ex man. excl. GST)	G	eneric
\$ F	Per M	anufacturer

FPOFTIN BFTA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1661)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

*Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID

Tab 0.8 mg	21.84	1,000	Apo-Folic Acid
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-21 to 2024		500	Apo-Folic Acid
·	5.82	100	Folic Acid Mylan
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml	26.00	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			

(Apo-Folic Acid Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 December 2021)

e.g. Driclor

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

→ Restricted (RS1500)

Initiation

For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10,000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1332)

Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Either:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure; or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

ELTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg1,550.00	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg3,100.00	28	Revolade

→ Restricted (RS1648)

Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
 - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding; or
 - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

continued...

	Price	e			Brand or	
(ex	man. ex	cl.	GST)		Generic	
	\$			Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter: or
 - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

FMICIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

•			
ŧ	Inj 30 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 60 mg in 0.4 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 105 mg in 0.7 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 150 mg in 1 ml vial17,846.00	1	Hemlibra

→ Restricted (RS1780)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia A and history of bleeding and bypassing agent usage within the last six months; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has had greater than or equal to 6 documented and treated spontaneous bleeds within the last 6 months if on an on-demand bypassing agent regimen; or

continued...

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 Patient has had greater than or equal to 2 documented and treated spontaneous bleeds within the last 6 months if on a bypassing agent prophylaxis regimen; and
- 3 Patient has a high-titre inhibitor to Factor VIII (greater than or equal to 5 Bethesda units per ml) which has persisted for six months or more: and
- 4 There is no immediate plan for major surgery within the next 12 months; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient has failed immune tolerance induction (ITI) after an initial period of 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The Haemophilia Treaters Group considers the patient is not a suitable candidate for ITI; and
- 6 Treatment is to be administered at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks followed by the equivalent of 1.5 mg/kg weekly.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had no more than two spontaneous and clinically significant treated bleeds after the end of the loading dose period (i.e. after the first four weeks of treatment until the end of the 24-week treatment period); and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POLIDOCANOL

Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial

SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE

Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule

THROMBIN

Powder

TRANEXAMIC ACID

Tab 500 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	9.45	60	Mercury Pharma
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	5.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	5.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT

Anticoagulant Reversal Agents

IDARUCIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1535)

Initiation

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

EFTRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 250 iu vial612.50	1	Alprolix
	Inj 500 iu vial		Alprolix
	Inj 1,000 iu vial2,450.00		Alprolix
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial4,900.00	1	Alprolix
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		Alprolix

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1684)

For patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 1 mg syringe	2,356.60 5,891.50	1 1 1	NovoSeven RT NovoSeven RT NovoSeven RT NovoSeven RT
ŧ	Inj 8 mg syringe	9,426.40	1	NovoSeven R1

→ Restricted (RS1704)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is by named patient application to the Haemophilia Treaters Group, subject to access criteria

FACTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 U1,315.00	1	FEIBA NF
1	Inj 1,000 U2,630.00	1	FEIBA NF
t	lnj 2,500 U	1	FEIBA NF

→ Restricted (RS1705)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe287.50	1	Xyntha
t	Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe575.00	1	Xyntha
t	Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
	Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe2,300.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe3,450.00	1	Xyntha

→ Restricted (RS1706)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria

NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 500 iu vial435.00	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial870.00	1	RIXUBIS
		1	RIXUBIS
_	Inj 3,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS

→ Restricted (RS1679)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 250 iu vial	210.00	1	Advate
ţ	Inj 500 iu vial	420.00	1	Advate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
t	Inj 1,500 iu vial	1,260.00	1	Advate
1	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1,680.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	2,520.00	1	Advate

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1707)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
t	Inj 500 iu vial	475.00	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1,900.00	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS

→ Restricted (RS1708)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria

RURIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	300.00	1	Adynovate
t	Inj 500 iu vial	600.00	1	Adynovate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Adynovate
	lnj 2,000 iu vial		1	Adynovate

→ Restricted (RS1682)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

Vitamin K

PHYTOMENADIONE

Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIBUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 250 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1181)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

DABIGATRAN

Cap 75 mg76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg	60	Pradaxa

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	D	Generic
	<u></u>	Per	Manufacturer
DANAPAROID – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule			
⇒ Restricted (RS1182)			
Initiation	hanarin intalaranaa		
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or	neparin intolerance.		
DEFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
→ Restricted (RS1183) Initiation			
Haematologist			
Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a	result of chemotheran	v or regi	imen-related toxicities
DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CIT	•	y or regi	inon rolated toxiolites.
•			
Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per r 100 ml bag	ш,		
ENOXAPARIN SODIUM			
Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	31.28	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule			
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringeInj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe		10 10	Clexane Forte Clexane Forte
	140.00	10	Clexalle i Oile
FONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms below Ini 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe			
 Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe 			
→ Restricted (RS1184)			
Initiation			
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or	heparin intolerance.		
HEPARIN SODIUM			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	245.26	50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule			
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	70.33	5	Hospira
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	203.68	50	Pfizer
HEPARINISED SALINE			
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	65.48	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN			
Tab 10 mg	83.10	30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg		28	Xarelto
Tah 20 mg	77 56	28	Xarelto

Tab 20 mg77.56

28

Xarelto

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	١	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GS1 \$	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUN	CHLORIDE		
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride per ml, 5,000 ml bag	74.6 mcg		
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	6.46	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg			
Tab 3 mg		100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg	11.48	100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 10% DV Nov-19 to 2022	1.95	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
-	10.80	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	4.60	84	Clopidogrel Multichem
DIPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	10.90	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
EPTIFIBATIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	138.75	1	Integrilin
■ Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial	405.00	1	Integrilin
➡ Restricted (RS1759)			
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergo			

- 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary thrombus on coronary angiography; or
- 3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

LYSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 500 mg

→ Restricted (RS1689)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and
- 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure.

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1774)

Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

continued...

e.g. Aspegic

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure* in the last 60 days; or
 - 1.2 Patient is about to have a neurological stenting procedure performed*; and
- 2 Either
 - 2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance using the P2Y12 (VerifyNow) assay or another appropriate platelet function assay and requires antiplatelet treatment with ticagrelor; or
 - 22 Fither
 - 2.2.1 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of a new cerebral ischemic event; or
 - 2.2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of transient ischemic attack symptoms referable to the stent...

Continuation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.

Initiation - Percutaneous coronary intervention with stent deployment

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone percutaneous coronary intervention; and
- 2 Patient has had a stent deployed in the previous 4 weeks; and
- 3 Patient is clopidogrel-allergic**.

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Notes: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Note: ** Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Inj 5,000 iu vial

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Inj 50,000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 500,000 iu vial

BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1536)

Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.1.2 Either:
 - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10 \times 10^6 /L on day 5 after 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or
 - 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1×10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.2.1 Both:
 - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of $> 5 \times 10^9$ /L; and
 - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10×10^6 /L; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 imes 10⁶ CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or
 - 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors

FII GRASTIM - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-21 to 202496.22	10	Nivestim
t	Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial520.00	4	Neupogen
t	Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024148.58	10	Nivestim

→ Restricted (RS1188)

Haematologist or oncologist

PEGFILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1743)

Initiation

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5%*).

Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Fluids and Electrolytes

Intravenous Administration

intravenous Administration			
CALCIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			a a Davidan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			e.g. Baxter
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			e.g. Max Health
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule			е.у. мах пеаш
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 ml			
bag	44.10	18	Plasma-Lyte 148
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			,
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,			D
1,000 ml bag	27.24	12	Plasma-Lyte 148
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium, 98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate,			
glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag	211.92	12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5%
g-acces <u>_c</u> (c /c/, , , , ccc			Glucose
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	23.40	18	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	15 79	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]	13.72	12	Daxiei
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag	16.80	10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 100 ml bag		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag		30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		20 12	Fresenius Kabi Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 10% Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag	337.32	18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	15.00	1	Biomed
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.45%, 3,000 ml bag			
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chloride 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag	203.40	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag	159.96	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride			
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	282.72	12	Baxter

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS

	Price		Brand or
(6	ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag	163.32	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	173.40	12	Baxter
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 ml b	an 476 64	48	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml t		12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml t	•	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml ba	-	48	Baxter
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE	9		
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule	151 00	10	Hospira
	131.00	10	Ποδριια
RINGER'S SOLUTION			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l,			
chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag			
SODIUM ACETATE			
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial			
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial		1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial	20.50	1	Biomed
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	2.80	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack	160.90	480	BD PosiFlush
⇒ Restricted (RS1297)			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack	162.91	480	BD PosiFlush
⇒ Restricted (RS1297)			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack	170.35	480	BD PosiFlush
⇒ Restricted (RS1297)			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	5.00	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule		5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag	71.28	18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag	109.80	60	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag	78.24	48	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag	44.64	24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	15.12	12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle			

BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS

	Price	-	Brand or
(e	x man. excl. GS	Per	Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE]			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule	48.70	5	Biomed
WATER			
Inj 10 ml ampoule	7.19	50	Pfizer
Inj 20 ml ampoule	5.00	20	Fresenius Kabi
1:050 11			Multichem
Inj 250 ml bag			
Inj 500 ml bag Inj. 1,000 ml bag	10.08	12	Baxter
iii, 1,000 iii bag	10.00	12	Daxio
Oral Administration			
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES		•	
Powder for oral soln - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	9.77	50	Electral
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Soln with electrolytes (2 × 500 ml)	6.55	1,000 ml	Pedialyte - Bubblegum
PHOSPHORUS			
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)			
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol)	8.90	200	Span-K
Oral liq 2 mmol per ml			
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Cap 840 mg	8.52	100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab 600 mg			
Oral liq 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder	84.65	454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED			
•	120.00	10	Gelofusine

·		
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED		
Inj 4%, 500 ml bag120.00	10	Gelofusine

Price Brand or Generic Manufacturer

(ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System

ACE Inhibitors

CAPTOPRII	

95 ml Capoten

→ Restricted (RS1263)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or
- 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or

3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surg	ery.		
CILAZAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022	.2.09	90	Zapril
→ Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	.4.80	90	Zapril
→ Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	. 8.35	90	Zapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022	.1.82	100	Acetec
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022	.2.02	100	Acetec
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022	.2.42	100	Acetec
LISINOPRIL			
Tab 5 mg	.2.07	90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg		90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg	.3.17	90	Ethics Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL			
Tab 2 mg	.3.75	30	Apo-Perindopril
Tab 4 mg		30	Apo-Perindopril
(Apo-Perindopril Tab 2 mg to be delisted 1 October 2021)			
(Apo-Perindopril Tab 4 mg to be delisted 1 October 2021)			
QUINAPRIL			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	.5.97	90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		90	Arrow-Quinapril 20
ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics			
OLIMADDII WITH HYDDOCHI ODOTHIAZIDE			

IIMIA DDII	OCHI OBOTHI	AZIDE

Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	3.83	30	Accuretic 10
Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	4.92	30	Accuretic 20

Angiotensin II Antagonists

CANDESARTAN CII EXETII

Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 20242.	00 90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	31 90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		Candestar

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM			
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023	1.56	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023	1.84	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023	3.50	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics			
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	1.88	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide

Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors

SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 24/26
Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 49/51
Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 97/103
→ Restricted (RS1738)			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II: or
 - 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or
 - 2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV: and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 35%; or
 - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practical, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure treatments.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: Due to the angiotensin II receptor blocking activity of sacubitril with valsartan it should not be co-administered with an ACE inhibitor or another ARB.

Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers

DOXAZOSIN		
Tab 2 mg17.35	500	Apo-Doxazosin
Tab 4 mg20.94	500	Apo-Doxazosin

PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 10 mg

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PRAZOSIN – Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 1 mg	7.00	100 100 100	Apo-Prazosin Apo-Prazosin Apo-Prazosin
Antiarrhythmics			
ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Restricted (RS1266) Initiation For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.	62.73	6	Adenocor
AJMALINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1001) Cardiologist			
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		30 30	Aratac Aratac
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 ATROPINE SULPHATE	16.37	10	Max Health
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	15.09	10	Martindale
DIGOXIN Tab 62.5 mcg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Tab 250 mcg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial		240 240	Lanoxin PG Lanoxin
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE Cap 100 mg			
FLECAINIDE ACETATE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	19.95	60	Flecainide BNM
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	39.51	90	Flecainide Controlled Release Teva
Cap long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	61.06	90	Flecainide Controlled Release Teva
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Tambocor

continued...

Initiation Both:

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$	Per Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker;

Teva

2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

	EETINE THE ROOT EOTINE			
(Cap 150 mg	162.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
				USP
				Teva
(Cap 250 mg	202.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
				USP

(Mexiletine Hydrochloride USP Cap 150 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022) (Mexiletine Hydrochloride USP Cap 250 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 5 mg
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1427)

Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers

500	Mylan Atenolol	
500	Mylan Atenolol	
300 ml	Atenolol-AFT	
90	Bisoprolol Mylan	
90	Bisoprolol Mylan	
30	Bosvate	
90	Bisoprolol Mylan	
60	Carvedilol Sandoz	
60	Carvedilol Sandoz	
60	Carvedilol Sandoz	
100	Trandate	
100	Trandate	
	500 300 ml 90 90 30 90 60 60 60	500 Mylan Atenolol 300 ml Atenolol-AFT 90 Bisoprolol Mylan 90 Bisoprolol Mylan 30 Bosvate 90 Bisoprolol Mylan 60 Carvedilol Sandoz 60 Carvedilol Sandoz 60 Carvedilol Sandoz 7 Carvedilol Sandoz 7 Carvedilol Sandoz

	Price (ex man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg	1.45	30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg	2.15	30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg	4.27	30	Betaloc CR
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg	5.66	100	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg		60	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-19 to 31 Jan 2022		5	Metoprolol IV Mylan
NADOLOL			•
Tab 40 mg	16.69	100	Apo-Nadolol
Tab 80 mg		100	Apo-Nadolol
PINDOLOL – Restricted: For continuation only			, .p
→ Tab 5 mg	13.99	100	Apo-Pindolol
→ Tab 5 fig → Tab 10 mg		100	Apo-Pindolol
→ Tab 10 mg		100	Apo-Pindolol
(Apo-Pindolol Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)		100	Apo-Finacioi
(Apo-Pindolol Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022) (Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)			
(Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022) (Apo-Pindolol Tab 15 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)			
PROPRANOLOL	4.04	400	. 5
Tab 10 mg		100	Apo-Propranolol
Tab 40 mg		100	Apo-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg	18.17	100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	32.58	500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	10.98	100	Mylan

Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers

AMLODIPINE		
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 20231.08	90	Vasorex
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023	90	Vasorex
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023	90	Vasorex
FELODIPINE		
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg1.45	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20244.07	90	Felo 5 ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	90	Felo 10 ER

ISRADIPINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 2.5 mg

NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1699)

Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
- 2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
- 3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

NI	F	Е	DI	PI	ΙN	Ε
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Tab long-acting 10 mg	18.80	56	Tensipine MR10
Tab long-acting 20 mg	17.72	100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg		100	Mylan (24 hr release)
Tab long-acting 60 mg	52.81	100	Mylan (24 hr release)
			, ,

1 ab 1011y-actility 60 111y52.61	100	iviyiaii (24 i
Cap 5 mg		
NIMODIPINE		
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022	100	Nimotop
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Jul-20 to 202267.50	1	Nimotop

Other Calcium Channel Blockers

DIL	AZEM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg				
Tab 60 mg	8.50	100	Dilzem	
Cap long-acting 120 mg	33.42	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD	
Cap long-acting 180 mg	50.05	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD	
Cap long-acting 240 mg		500	Apo-Diltiazem CD	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			•	
Dilzem Tab 60 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)				
-				

PERHEXII INF MAI FATE

PENNEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	100	Pexsig	
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 40 mg7.01	100	Isoptin	
Tab 80 mg11.74	100	Isoptin	
Tab long-acting 120 mg	100	Isoptin SR	
Tab long-acting 240 mg15.12	30	Isoptin SR	
Ini 2.5 mg ner ml. 2 ml amnoule 25.00	5	Isontin	

Centrally-Acting Agents

CLONIDI	NE

Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	10.34	4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	13.18	4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	16.93	4	Mylan
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mcg	.8.75	112	Clonidine BNM
Tab 150 mcg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	37.07	100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	29.68	10	Medsurge
METHVI DODA			

100 Methyldopa Mylan

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
BUMETANIDE Tab 1 mg Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial	16.36	100	Burinex
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE] Tab 40 mg Tab 500 mg Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	25.00 11.20 1.15	1,000 50 30 ml 5 6	Apo-Furosemide Urex Forte Lasix Furosemide-Baxter Lasix
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bag		12 18	Baxter Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg			
Potassium Sparing Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml	30.00	25 ml	Biomed
EPLERENONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 25 mg		30 30	Inspra Inspra
1 Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%; ar 2 Either: 2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactone; 2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant adverse e	or	l dosina of	spironolactone.
SPIRONOLACTONE Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	4.38 11.80	100 100 25 ml	Spiractin Spiractin Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CHLOROTHIAZIDE Oral liq 50 mg per ml	26.00	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE]	20.00	20 1111	Diomed
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	6.50	50	Hygroton
NDAPAMIDE	10.45	00	Dana Taka
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 METOLAZONE	10.45	90	Dapa-Tabs
Tab 5 mg			
Lipid-Modifying Agents			
Fibrates			
BEZAFIBRATE		0.5	
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		90 30	Bezalip Bezalip Retard
		00	Dozump Froturu
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)			
ATORVASTATIN Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	6 16	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	14.92	500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	26.54	500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN Tab 10 mm			
Tab 10 mg Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023	2 11	28	Pravastatin Mylan
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023		28	Pravastatin Mylan
SIMVASTATIN			•
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		90 90	Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Mylan
Resins			Omraotatiii iiiytaii
CHOLESTYRAMINE Powder for oral lig 4 g			
COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Grans for oral liq 5 g			
· •			
Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors			
EZETIMIDE Booksiska da o o komo o balanc			

EZETIMIBE – Restricted see terms below		
■ Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 1.95	30	Ezetimibe Sandoz
— (— 0.100)		

→ Restricted (RS1005)

Initiation

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and creatine kinase more than 10 x normal) when treated with one statin; or
 - 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or
 - 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atoryastatin.

EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg5.15	30	Zimybe
t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg6.15	30	Zimybe
1	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg7.15	30	Zimybe
1	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg8.15	30	Zimybe

→ Restricted (RS1006)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

Nitrates

GLYCERYL TRINITRATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose	6.09	250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day	15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day	18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	19.55	100	Ismo 20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	9.25	90	Duride

Other Cardiac Agents

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1007)

Initiation - Heart transplant

Fither:

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM				
	Price (ex man. exc \$	I. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have be For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant. Initiation – Heart failure	een accepted f	or trans	plant; or	
Cardiologist or intensivist For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is	non-responsiv	e to dob	outamine.	
Sympathomimetics				
ADRENALINE				
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule	4.9 10.7		5	Aspen Adrenaline DBL Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial	40.4	20	10	Annan Adranalina
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule	49.0		5	Aspen Adrenaline Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe	27.	50	J	Поорна
DOBUTAMINE				
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	61.	13	5	Dobutamine-hameIn
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024			10	Max Health Ltd
EPHEDRINE				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	30.0	63	10	Max Health
ISOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL] Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
METARAMINOL Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe				
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe				
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023	55.2	20	10	Torbay
NORADRENALINE				
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe				
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe				
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			40	
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	45.0	JU	10	Noradrenaline BNM
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	1404	77	25	Naccypophrina HCI
ing to mig per mil, i mil ampoule	142.0	J I	20	Neosynephrine HCL

W A				H				
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ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE Prostin VR

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ DIAZOXIDE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg → Restricted (RS1008) Initiation Fither: 1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or 2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, in patients who are intolerant or have not responded to ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers. Inj 20 mg ampoule......25.90 Apresoline MILRINONE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024......71.00 10 Milrinone-Baxter Primacor (Primacor Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 December 2021) MINOXIDIL Tab 10 mg70.00 100 Loniten NICORANDII Ikorel 60 Ikorel 60 PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule217.90 Hospira PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE] Tab 400 mg SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE Ini 50 mg vial **Endothelin Receptor Antagonists**

AMBRISENTAN – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 5 mg − 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023	1,550.00	30	Ambrisentan Mylan
		30	Ambrisentan Mylan
⇒ Restricted (RS1621)			
Initiation			

Fither:

1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for ambrisentan by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel;

2 In-hospital stabilisations in emergency situations.

BUCENTAN	- Restricted see terms helow	

t	Tab 62.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	119.85	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
t	Tab 125 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	119.85	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's

→ Restricted (RS1622)

Initiation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

-		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	° Por	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
 - 1.2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
 - 1.3 PAH is at NYHA/WHO functional class II, III, or IV; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Both:
 - 1.4.1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 1.4.1.2 Either:
 - 1.4.1.2.1 Patient is intolerant or contraindicated to sildenafil; or
 - 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease; or
 - 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Fither:
 - 1.4.2.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and failed to respond; or
 - 1.4.2.2.2 Patient deteriorated while on a PAH monotherapy; or
 - 1.4.3 Both:
 - 1.4.3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 1.4.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 1.4.3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
 - 1.4.3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised; or
 - 1.4.3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy; or
 - 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Continuation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 1.2 Patient is stable or has improved while on bosentan; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and either failed to respond or later deteriorated; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHAWHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised: or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors				
SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below I Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 I Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 I Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 I nj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1798)	1.70	4 4 12	Vedafil Vedafil Vedafil	

Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon: and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 PAH is in Group 1 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; or
 - 1.2.2 PAH is in Group 4 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications: or
 - 1.2.3 PAH is in Group 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
 - 1.3.2 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class III: or
 - 1.3.3 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
 - 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1.1 Patient has a pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 1.4.1.2 Either:
 - 1.4.1.2.1 Patient has a mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) > 25 mmHg; or
 - 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is peri Fontan repair; and
 - 1.4.1.3 Patient has a pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 3 Wood Units or at least 240 International Units (dyn s cm-5); or
 - 1.4.2 Testing for PCWP, PAPm, or PVR cannot be performed due to the patient's young age; or
- 2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 3 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

Initiation - injection

Both:

-	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Prostacyclin Analogues

EPOPROSTENOL - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 mcg vial36.61	1	Veletri
t	Inj 1.5 mg vial73.21	1	Veletri

→ Restricted (RS1624)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for epoprostenol by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

ILOPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 202230	5.00	5	Clinect
t	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	0.10	30	Ventavis

→ Restricted (RS1625)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for iloprost by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol) MAFENIDE ACETATE − Restricted see terms below ↓ Powder 50 g sachet → Restricted (RS1299)	 8.56	15 g	Crystaderm
Initiation For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Oint 2% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 SULFADIAZINE SILVER	 1.59	5 g 5 g	Foban Foban
Crm 1%	 .10.80	50 g	Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 CICLOPIROX OLAMINE	 . 14.93	5 ml	MycoNail
Nail soln 8% → Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only	 5.72	7 ml	Apo-Ciclopirox
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% → Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only ECONAZOLE NITRATE → Crm 1% – Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1%	 0.77	20 g	Clomazol
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 METRONIDAZOLE Gel 0.75%	 3.23	100 ml	Sebizole
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% − 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023 Lotn 2% − Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2% NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g	 0.81	15 g	Multichem
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	 4.98	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

	 Price		Brand or
	excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON]			
Lotn 0.5%			
Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN Crm 5% - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	5.75	30 g	Lyderm
Lotn 5% – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		30 ml	A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN			
Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE			
Crm 0.1%			
Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN			
Cap 5 mg		60	Oratane
Cap 10 mg		120 120	Oratane Oratane
TRETINOIN	 .20.40	120	Oralanc
Crm 0.05% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	 .15.57	50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE			
Crm, aqueous, BP	 1.26	100 g	healthE Calamine Aqueous Cream BP
CROTAMITON Crm 10% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	 3.29	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHOOMS			
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	 1.53	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle	 4.48	500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone 5%
Crm 10% pump bottle		500 ml	healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC			
Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)
Paste			- ' '

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL				
Crm		1.63	20 g	Orion
Oint		4.25	500 g	Boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.				
Oint, BP		1.26	20 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less.				
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT				
Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%				e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients				
AQUEOUS CREAM				
Crm 100 g		1.05	100 g	Pharmacy Health
Note: DV/Ports and restable and below of 400 months				SLS-free
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.		1.00	E00 ~	Daughar
Crm 500 g Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.		1.92	500 g	Boucher
11 1 3				
CETOMACROGOL		0.40	E00 ~	haalth C
Crm BP, 500 g Crm BP, 100 g			500 g 1	healthE healthE
•		1.42	1	Health
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, -1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		1.65	100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.		1.00	100 g	Healthic
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% – 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		2.35	500 ml	ADE
3,			1,000 ml	ADE
		2.35	500 ml	Boucher
		3.10	1,000 ml	Boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.				
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT				
Oint BP - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		1.84	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.				
Oint BP, 500 g - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023		3.40	500 g	Emulsifying Ointment
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.				ADE
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN				
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10	0/_			e.g. QV cream
	/0			e.g. Qv cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION Crm, 500 g		0.10	E00 ~	OAM Fath, Emulaian
OIII, 500 g		2.19	500 g	O/W Fatty Emulsion Cream
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.				Ordani
Crm, 100 g		1.44	1	healthE Fatty Cream
PARAFFIN				•
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%		1.97	100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or greater.			J	
White soft			10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to bot				
White soft, - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022		4.99	450 g	healthE
Yellow soft				o a OV Doth Oil
Lotn liquid paraffin 85%				e.g QV Bath Oil

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT			
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA			
Crm 10%	1.37	100 g	healthE Urea Cream
WOOL FAT			
Crm			
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023	36.00	50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.			
Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023	36.00	50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE	4.50		
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		50 g 50 ml	Beta Ointment Betnovate
	10.00	30 1111	Delilovale
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	2.10	30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.05%			200
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE – Restricted: For continuation only			
⇒ Crm 0.1%			
⇒ Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE			
Crm 1%, 100 g - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	3.70	100 g	Hydrocortisone (PSM)
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to		ŭ	, ,
Crm 1%, 500 g - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	17.15	500 g	Hydrocortisone (PSM)
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% - 1% DV Oct-2	.0		
to 2023	10.57	250 ml	DP Lotn HC
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE	4.05	100 -	L i al 1 i
Crm 0.1% Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		100 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid
Milky emul 0.1% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		100 g 100 ml	Locoid Crelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE		100 1111	200014 01010
Crm 0.1% – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	4.46	15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE		0	
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	1.95	15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
	3.10	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		15 g	Elocon
Late 0.40/ _ F0/ PM Fals 00 to 0000	2.90	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	4.50	30 ml	Elocon

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

		DERI	MATOLOGICALS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Crm 0.02% – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Oint 0.02% – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		100 g 100 g	Aristocort Aristocort
Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL − Restricted set Crm 0.1% with clioquiniol 3% Restricted (RS1125) Initiation Either: 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or 2 For continuation use.	e terms below		
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%	ACID]		
HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE			

Micreme H 15 q

HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN 15 g Pimafucort Pimafucort

Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%......3.35 15 g (Pimafucort Crm 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5% to be delisted 1 May 2022)

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN

Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g

Psoriasis and Eczema Preparati	ions
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ACITRETIN		
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	60	Novatretin
Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	60	Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL		
Foam spray 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g59.95	60 g	Enstilar
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-21 to 202439.35	60 g	Daivobet
Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 15.90	30 g	Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL		
Oint 50 mcg per g40.00	120 g	Daivonex
COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR		
Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%		
METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN]		
Tab 10 mg		
Lotn 1.2%		
PIMECROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below		
	15 g	Elidel
⇒ Restricted (RS1781)	J	
Initiation		
Dermatologist, paediatrician or ophthalmologist		

continued...

Both:

		Price excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the eyelid; and 2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topi documented epidermal atrophy, documented allergy to topical c pressure.				
PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium – 1% Nov-20 to 2023 POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE Tab 400 mg Crystals	6 DV	4.44	500 ml	Pinetarsol
Scalp Preparations				
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE Scalp app 0.1% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		9.84	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Scalp app 0.05% - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		5.69	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		6.57	100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations				
IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet		.21.72	24	Perrigo
PODOPHYLLOTOXÍN Soln 0.5%		.33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline
SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator				
Other Skin Preparations				
DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2%				
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY Lotn – 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		5.10	200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
Antineoplastics				
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM Crm 5% − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted see Crm 16% Restricted (RS1127) Dermatologist or plastic surgeon			20 g	Efudix
Wound Management Products				
CALCIUM GLUCONATE				

e.g. Orion

Gel 2.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per \$

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anti-Infective Agents

ACETIC ACID

Soln 3%

Soln 5%

ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID

Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyguinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and

ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator

CHI ORHEXIDINE GI UCONATE

Crm 1%

Lotn 1%

CLOTRIMAZOLE

Vaginal crm 1% with applicator - 1% DV Jan-20 to 20222.50 35 a Clomazol Clomazol 20 g

MICONAZOLE NITRATE

40 a Micreme

NYSTATIN

Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 4.00 75 a Nilstat

Contraceptives

Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives

CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYI OFSTRADIOL

Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% DV

168 Ginet

Combined Oral Contraceptives

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets2.18 84 Microgynon 20 ED 84 Levlen FD Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg

Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg......9.45 84 Microgynon 50 ED

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg and 7 inert tab - 1% DV Mar-20

84 Brevinor 1/28

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL

Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
NTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length \times 23.2 mm width $-$ 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 IUD 33.6 mm length \times 29.9 mm width $-$ 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 IUD 35.5 mm length \times 19.6 mm width $-$ 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	18.45	1 1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception			
.EVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg	4.95	1	Postinor-1
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022 Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Intra-uterine device 52 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 31 Oct 2022 Intra-uterine device 13.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 31 Oct 2022 MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE	106.92	84 1 1	Microlut Jadelle Mirena Jaydess
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg		1 84	Depo-Provera Noriday 28
Obstetric Preparations			
Antiprogestogens			
MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg			
Oxytocics			
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE Pessaries 10 mg Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g		1 1	Prostin E2 Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	160.00	5	DBL Ergometrine
DXYTOCIN Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule DXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DV Jan-22 to 2024	4.98 - 5 %	5 5 5	Oxytocin BNM Oxytocin BNM Syntometrine
Tocolytics			

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST)

Generic Per Manufacturer \$

→ Restricted (RS1533)

Initiation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Continuation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Treatment is required for second or subsequent pregnancy; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 3.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 500 mcg ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1130)

Obstetrician

Oestrogens

OESTRIOL

Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	15 g	Ovestin
Pessaries 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	15	Ovestin

Urologicals

5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors

FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below

100 Ricit

→ Restricted (RS1131)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or
 - 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers.

Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers

TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

100 Tamsulosin-Rex

→ Restricted (RS1132)

Initiation

Both:

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
continued 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these	e are contraindicated.			

1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are compared to the patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers.	ontraindicated	d.	
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml → Restricted (RS1133) Initiation Both:	31.80	200 ml	Biomed
 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years prior to 	to the applica	ition.	
SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	2.22	28	Ural
Urinary Antispasmodics			
OXYBUTYNIN – Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 5 mg → Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	11.70 60.40	500 473 ml	Apo-Oxybutynin Apo-Oxybutynin
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	2.05	30	Solifenacin Mylan

30

Solifenacin Mylan

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

→ Restricted (RS1302)

CYPROTERONE ACETATE

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

CIFROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	14.37	50	Siterone
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	28.03	50	Siterone
TESTOSTERONE			
Patch 5 mg per day	90.00	30	Androderm
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	85.00	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg, testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate			
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE			
Cap 40 mg	21.00	60	Andriol Testocaps
Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	86.00	1	Reandron 1000

Calcium Homeostasis

CALCITONIN			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule121.0	0 5	M	1iacalcic
CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 30 mg210.3	0 28	3 S	ensipar
Postricted (PS1540)			

→ Restricted (RS1540)

Initiation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
 - 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate

Price			Brand or
ex man. excl. GS	ST)		Generic
\$	Pe	er	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

I Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial − **5% DV Dec-21 to 2024**......18.00 1 Zoledronic acid Mylan

→ Restricted (RS1825)

Initiation - bone metastases

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or
- - 2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and
 - 2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement: and
 - 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cord compression, radiation to bone or surgery to bone).

Initiation - early breast cancer

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal state; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum of 2 years.

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Oral liq 1 mg per ml	2.65	30 30 25 ml	Dexmethsone Dexmethsone Biomed
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022	9.25	10	Dexamethasone Phosphate Panpharma
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022 FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE	.16.37	10	Dexamethasone Phosphate Panpharma

Florinef 100

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg	8.10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg	20.32	100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024	4.38	1	Solu-Cortef
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg	112.00	100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg	194.00	20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial	18.90	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 125 mg vial	28.90	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 500 mg vial	22.78	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 1 g vial	27.83	1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	44.40	5	Depo-Medrol
PREDNISOLONE			'
Oral lig 5 mg per ml – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg	18 58	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg		500	Apo-Prednisone
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Apr-21 to 2023	20.90	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 3% DV Apr-21 to 2023		5	Kenacort-A 40
		J	Nondout-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL

rab i ing		
Patch 25 mcg per day6.12	8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day7.04	8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day7.91	8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day7.91	8	Estradot
OESTRADIOL VALERATE		
Tab 1 mg12.36	84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg	84	Progynova Progynova

OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)

Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations

OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

	Price excl. G \$	ST)	er	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogestero acetate Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesteron acetate				
Progestogens				
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 2.5 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 10 mg	 .17.50	10	0 00 0	Provera Provera Provera
Other Endocrine Agents				
CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 0.5 mg	 3.75 15.20		2	Dostinex Dostinex
→ Restricted (RS1855) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Inhibition of lactation; or 2 Patient has hyperprolactinemia; or 3 Patient has acromegaly. Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. CLOMIFENE CITRATE Tab 50 mg GESTRINONE Cap 2.5 mg METYRAPONE Cap 250 mg PENTAGASTRIN Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	 .29.84	1	0	Mylan Clomiphen
Other Oestrogen Preparations ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 10 mcg	.17.60	10	00	NZ Medical and
DESTRADIOL Implant 50 mg DESTRIOL Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023	 7.00	3	80	Scientific Ovestin
Other Progestogen Preparations				
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE Tab 100 mg	 116.15	10	00	Provera HD
IORETHISTERONE Tab 5 mg	F 40		0	Primolut N

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Per Manufacturer

Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues

CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE)

Inj 100 mcg vial

THYROTROPIN ALFA

Inj 900 mcg vial

Adrenocorticotropic Hormones

TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN]

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	75.00	1	Synacthen
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	690.00	1	Synacthen Depot

GnRH Agonists and Antagonists

BUSERFLIN

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial

GONADORFI IN

Inj 100 mcg vial

GOSERELIN

olant 3.6 mg, syringe - 1% DV May-21 to 2023	Teva
plant 10.8 mg, syringe - 1% DV May-21 to 2023	Teva

LEUPRORELIN ACETATE

Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	221.60	1	Lucrin Depot 1-month
Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	591.68	1	Lucrin Depot 3-month

Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

Growth Hormone

SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 5 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 202469.75	1	Omnitrope
t	Inj 10 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 202469.75	1	Omnitrope
t	Inj 15 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024139.50	1	Omnitrope

→ Restricted (RS1826)

Initiation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
- 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
- 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation – short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.

Continuation – short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and
- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight oximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation – adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for somatropin for childhood deficiency in children and no longer meets the renewal criteria under this indication; and
 - 3.2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
 - 3.3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
 - 3.4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
 - 3.5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until the serum IGF-I is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE

Tab 5 mg

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

Tab 20 mcg

→ Restricted (RS1301)

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Inj 20 mcg vial

Inj 100 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 50 mg35.00 100 PTU

→ Restricted (RS1276)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

PROTIRFI IN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

		PRESSINI

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule DECMODDECCIN

DESIMORE	YEOOIIN
14/-4	100

water 120 mcg	47.00	30	Minimi Meit	
DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE				
Tab 100 mcg	25.00	30	Minirin	

D

Tab 200 mcg	54.45	30	Minirin
Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	27.95	6 ml	Desmopressin-PH&T

47.00

Minirin Malt

Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml

TERLIPRESSIN

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule	450.00	5	Glypressin
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule	215.00	5	Glypressin

			INI ECTIONS
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	1 01	Manufacturer
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	18.50	1	Biomed
 Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 	100 05	5	DBL Amikacin
→ Restricted (RS1041)	199.93	J	DDL Allikacili
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	llist		
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	25.00	5	DBL Gentamicin
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		10	Pfizer
PAROMOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 250 mg	126.00	16	Humatin
→ Restricted (RS1603)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologis	t		
STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
→ Restricted (RS1043)	liot		
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	IIISI		
TOBRAMYCIN ↓ Powder			
→ Restricted (RS1475)			
Initiation			
For addition to orthopaedic bone cement.			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	18.50	5	Tobramycin Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1044)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	llist		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1044)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special			
Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml - 1% DV May-21 to 2023	3395.00	56 dose	Tobramycin BNM
→ Restricted (RS1435) Initiation			
Patient has cystic fibrosis.			
Tallott flad dydlio fibrodio.			
Carbapenems			
ERTAPENEM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial − 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022	70.00	1	Invanz
Restricted (RS1045)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN – Restricted see terms below	60.00	1	Iminonom i Cilactatin
■ Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	00.00	1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX
→ Restricted (RS1046)			IIDA
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

	Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
MEROPENEM - Restricted see terms below	<u> </u>		
■ Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023	33.92	10	Meropenem-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023		10	Meropenem-AFT
→ Restricted (RS1047)			more perioni 7 ii 1
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation			
CEFALEXIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	3.33	20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg	3.95	20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml	8.75	100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml	11.75	100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
CEFAZOLIN			
	2 20	5	AFT
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	۳۵.۵ ۱۸۱۵ و	5 5	AFT
III] I g viai – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	3.49	5	AFI
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation			
CEFACLOR	04.70	100	Dambarn, Octob
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.53	100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
CEFOXITIN			
Inj 1 g vial			
CEFUROXIME			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	45.02	50	Zinnat
Inj 750 mg vial – 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023		10	Cefuroxime-AFT
Inj 1.5 g vial – 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023	13.69	10	Cefuroxime-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation			
CEFOTAXIME	4.00		0.4.1.0.1
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	45.00	10	DBL Cefotaxime
DEFTAZIDIME - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	2.69	1	Ceftazidime-AFT
→ Restricted (RS1048)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	ist		
CEFTRIAXONE			
· · · · · · · · - · · -	0.00	4	Coffriewana AFT
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		5	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	1.98	1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation			
CEFEPIME - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		10	Cefepime Kabi
_	3.75	1	Cefepime-AFT
Inj 2 g vial − 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	55.00	10	Cefepime Kabi
	5.69	1	Cefepime-AFT
(Cefepime-AFT Inj 1 g vial to be delisted 1 January 2022)			•
(Cefepime-AFT Inj 2 g vial to be delisted 1 January 2022)			
Jelepline-Ar I IIIJ 2 g viai to be delisted T January 2022)			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1049)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation

CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1446)

Initiation – multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Either:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

Macrolides

AΖ	ITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below		
1	Tab 250 mg8.19	30	Apo-Azithromycin
	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Dec-21 to 2024	2	Apo-Azithromycin
	2.57		Zithromax
t	Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml)14.38	15 ml	Zithromax

(Apo-Azithromycin Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)

(Apo-Azithromycin Tab 500 mg to be delisted 1 December 2021)

⇒ Restricted (RS1598)

Initiation – bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms*; or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:



	Price			Brand or
(ex man.	excl. (GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
	8.53		Klacid
t	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
	14.58		Klacid
1	Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml192.00	50 ml	Klacid
t	Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-20 to 20239.87	1	Martindale

(Apo-Clarithromycin Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 February 2022)

(Apo-Clarithromycin Tab 500 mg to be delisted 1 February 2022)

→ Restricted (RS1709)

Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or
- 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surgical or dental procedures if amoxicillin is contra-indicated.

Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

Tab 400 mg16.95	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Tab 250 mg
- → Tab 500 mg

ROXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms on the next page

ŧ	Tab dispersible 50 mg	8.29	10	Rulide D
	Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022	8.28	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
	Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022	16.33	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1569)

Initiation

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.

Penicillins			
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	22.50	500	Alphamox
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	36.98	500	Alphamox
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	1.40	100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial	15.97	10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial		10	Ibiamox
lnj 1 g vial		10	Ibiamox
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 1% DV Jul-21 to 2023	0.89	10	Curam Duo 500/125
Grans for oral lig 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml		100 ml	Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		10	Amoxiclav multichem
.,,	28.18		m-Amoxiclav
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	26.90	10	Amoxiclay multichem
., ., .,	43.30		m-Amoxiclay
(m-Amoxiclav Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial to be delisted 1 Dec	ember 202	1)	
(m-Amoxiclav Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial to be delisted 1 D	ecember 20	21)	
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN			
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe	344 93	10	Bicillin LA
	0 1 1.00		Didmin Liv
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]	44.00	40	Condon
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	11.09	10	Sandoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN			
Cap 250 mg		250	Staphlex
Cap 500 mg		500	Staphlex
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial		10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	5.70	5	Flucil
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	3.84	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	2.99	100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	3.99	100 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial	38.00	10	PipTaz Sandoz
Til + g with tazobaotam o.o g via	00.00	10	PiperTaz Sandoz
→ Restricted (RS1053)			porraz oanaoz
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist			
PROCAINE PENICILLIN			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe	123 50	5	Cilicaine
		J	Omodific
TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID – Restricted see terms on the next	page		
Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial			



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1054)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

Quinolones

CIPROFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	2.42	28	Cipflox
■ Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	3.40	28	Cipflox
■ Tab 750 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	5.95	28	Cipflox
■ Oral liq 50 mg per ml			
■ Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	68.20	10	Cipflox
→ Restricted (RS1055)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
MOXIFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	42.00	5	Avelox
Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle − 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	39.00	1	Moxifloxacin Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1644)			

Initiation - Mycobacterium infection

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Active tuberculosis: and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications: or
 - 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or
 - 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
 - 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or
 - 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications; or
- 2 Mycobacterium ayium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated; or
- 3 Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact with a confirmed multi-drug resistant tuberculosis case.

Initiation - Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

Either:

- 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or
- 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

Initiation - Penetrating eye injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

Initiation - Mycoplasma genitalium

All of the following:

- 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium and is symptomatic; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; or
 - 2.2 Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; and
- 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.

NORFLOXACIN

	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Tetracyclines			
DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg			
DOXYCYCLINE Tab 50 mg - Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg	 64.43	500	Doxine
MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
TETRACYCLINE Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg	 21.42	28	Accord
TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1059) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Other Antibacterials			
AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial → Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CHLORAMPHENICOL - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial → Restricted (RS1277)	 364.92	10	Azactam
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CLINDAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below Cap 150 mg – 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	 4.61	24	Dalacin C
 ↓ Oral liq 15 mg per ml ↓ Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 → Restricted (RS1061) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist 	 39.00	10	Dalacin C
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] – Restricted se Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial → Restricted (RS1062) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci		1	Colistin-Link
DAPTOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial → Restricted (RS1063) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	 243.52	1	Cubicin
FOSFOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below ■ Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet ■ Restricted (RS1315) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			e.g. UroFos



	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
LINCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1065)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 600 mg − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	276.89	10	Zyvox
Oral liq 20 mg per ml		150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	155.00	10	Linezolid Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1066)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
METHENAMINE (HEXAMINE) HIPPURATE			
Tab 1 g	40.01	100	Hiprex
NITROFURANTOIN			
Tab 50 mg	22.20	100	Nifuran
Tab 100 mg		100	Nifuran
Cap modified-release 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-21 to 2023	86.40	100	Macrobid
PIVMECILLINAM - Restricted see terms below			
→ Restricted (RS1322)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	34.50	12	Fucidin
→ Restricted (RS1064)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULPHADIAZINE - Restricted see terms below			
→ Restricted (RS1067)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal m	edicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg vial	56.50	1	Teicoplanin Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1068)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	18.55	50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOLE	∃]		
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20)24 64.80	500	Trisul
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml	2.97	100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
VANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	2.35	1	Mylan
➡ Restricted (RS1069)			-
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

- ⇒ Restricted (RS1410)

Oncologist

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERICIN B

⇒ Restricted (RS1071)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Inj 50 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1316)

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u	50	Nilstat
Cap 500.000 u	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

FI	UCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
	Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	2.75	28	Mylan
t	Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	0.65	1	Mylan
	Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		28	Mylan
	Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml1		35 ml	Diflucan
t	Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Jul-21 to 2022	2.80	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
	, ,			Fluconazole-Claris
t	Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV May-21 to 2022	3.45	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
	•			Fluconazole-Claris

(Fluconazole-Claris Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2021)

→ Restricted (RS1072)

Consultant

ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

■ Oral liquid 10 mg per ml

⇒ Restricted (RS1073)

Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
POSACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab modified-release 100 mg	869.86	24	Noxafil
■ Oral liq 40 mg per ml	761.13	105 ml	Noxafil
⇒ Restricted (RS1074)			

Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

	continue botton			
Tab 50 mg		91.00	56	Vttack
■ Tab 200 mg		350.00	56	Vttack
■ Powder for oral sus	spension 40 mg per ml	1,437.00	70 ml	Vfend
	% DV Oct-19 to 2022		1	Neo Health
, ,				

→ Restricted (RS1075)

Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised: and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Antifungals			
CASPOFUNGIN – Restricted see terms below I Inj 50 mg vial – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 Inj 70 mg vial – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 Restricted (RS1076) Initiation		1	Max Health Max Health
Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, of Either: 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed.			
 2 Both: 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease treatment to be appropriate. 	se physician or a clinica	ıl microbi	ologist) considers the
FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 500 mg → Restricted (RS1279) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
TERBINAFINE Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Aug-21 to 2023	8.15	84	Deolate
Antimycobacterials			
Antileprotics			
CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 50 mg → Restricted (RS1077) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 25 mg → Restricted (RS1078) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist	268.50 329.50	100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics			
CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below Cap 250 mg Restricted (RS1079) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specthamBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg Tab 400 mg Restricted (RS1080) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist o	49.34	56	Myambutol

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

ISONIAZID - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1281)

85

100

PSM

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

	Delete		Donal or
	Price (ex man. excl. GST	٦)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg	89.82	100	Rifinah
Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg − 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	179.13	100	Rifinah
→ Restricted (RS1282)			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physic	ian or internal med	licine physi	ician
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below			
Grans for oral liq 4 g	280.00	30	Paser
→ Restricted (RS1083)			
Olinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	ılist		
PROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	305.00	100	Peteha
→ Restricted (RS1084)			
Olinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	ılist		
PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
→ Restricted (RS1085)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	ılist		
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg	299.75	30	Mycobutin
→ Restricted (RS1086)			
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist of	r respiratory spec	alist	
RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		100	Rifadin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		100	Rifadin
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	134.98	1	Rifadin
→ Restricted (RS1087)	and the control of the	101 1	
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paedi	atrician or public h	eaith phys	ician

Antiparasitics

Anthelmintics

ALBENDAZOLE	 Restricted see terms 	below
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- → Restricted (RS1088)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1283)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

MEBENDAZOLE

Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml

PRAZIQUANTEL

Tab 600 mg

Price		Branc	d or
(ex man. excl. C	GST)	Gene	eric
\$	P	Per Manu	ufacturer

Antiprotozoals

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg
- → Restricted (RS1090)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 60 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1091)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below 12 Malarone Junior Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg......64.00 12 Malarone

→ Restricted (RS1092)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1093)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rheumatologist

MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below

- ⇒ Restricted (RS1094)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rheumatologist

MFTRONIDAZOI F

Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	33.15	250	Metrogyl
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	5.23	21	Metrogyl
Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml	25.00	100 ml	Flagyl-S
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023		10	Baxter
Suppos 500 mg	24.48	10	Flagyl
NITAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 500 mg	1,680.00	30	Alinia
→ Restricted (RS1095)			

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

ORNIDAZOI F Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024

	-,	
PENTAMIDINE IS	SETHIONATE - Restricted see terms below	

36.16

10

5

Arrow-Ornidazole

Pentacarinat

In it is not not the initial of the

→ Restricted (RS1096)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

PRIMAQUINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 15 mg
- → Restricted (RS1097)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

PYRIMETHAMINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 25 mg
- → Restricted (RS1098)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal medicine specialist



	Price			Brand or
(ex mar	. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

QUININE DIHYDROCHI ORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule
- Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1099)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1571)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

EFAVIRENZ - Restricted see terms above

t Tab 600 mg	1 Tab 200 mg − 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	84.00	60	Nevirapine Alphapharm
t Tab 600 mg				
1 Tab 600 mg		770.00	60	Intelence
↑ T-1-000	Oral liq 30 mg per ml	53.38	30	Stocrin
Tab 200 mg	1 ab 200 mg	190.15		

240 ml

Viramune Suspension

Price Brand or Generic (ex man. excl. GST) Per Manufacturer

60

Alphapharm

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1572)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

AB/ t	ACAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms above Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 Oral liq 20 mg per ml		60 240 ml	Ziagen Ziagen
AB/	ACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms abov Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	~	30	Kivexa
	AVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - F	Restricted see	terms abov	е
t	Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) – 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022	106.88	30	Mylan
	TRICITABINE - Restricted see terms above Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	307.20	30	Emtriva
LAN 1	/IVUDINE - Restricted see terms above Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	84.50	60	Lamivudine Alphapharm
t	Oral liq 10 mg per ml			
t	AVUDINE - Restricted see terms above Cap 30 mg Cap 40 mg Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml			
ZID t t	OVUDINE [AZT] – Restricted see terms above Cap 100 mg Oral liq 10 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	30.45	100 200 ml 5	Retrovir Retrovir Retrovir IV
ZID	OVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above			



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1573)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ATAZANAVIR SUI PHATE - Restricted see terms above

1 Cap 150 mg − 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022		60	Teva
1 Cap 200 mg − 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022	188.91	60	Teva
DARUNAVIR - Restricted see terms above			
1 Tab 400 mg − 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023	132.00	60	Darunavir Mylan
1 Tab 600 mg − 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023	196.65	60	Darunavir Mylan
INDINAVIR - Restricted see terms above t Cap 200 mg Cap 400 mg			
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see ter	ms above		
1 Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg − 5% DV Feb-2	2 to 2024183.75	60	Kaletra
	150.00		Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
1 Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg − 5% DV Feb-2	2 to 2024 463.00	120	Kaletra
	295.00		Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
1 Oral liq 80 mg with ritonavir 20 mg per ml	735.00	300 ml	Kaletra
(Kaletra Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg to be delisted	ed 1 February 2022)		
(Kaletra Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg to be deliste	ed 1 February 2022)		

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms above

→ Restricted (RS1574)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

continued...

30

Norvir

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

DOLUTEGRAVIR -	 Restricted se 	e terms on	the	previous	page
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t	Tab 50 mg	1,090.00	30	Tivicay
	LTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM - Restricted see terms on the previous page			-
t	Tab 400 mg	1,090.00	60	Isentress
t	Tab 600 mg	1,090.00	60	Isentress HD

Antivirals

Hepatitis B

ENTECAVIR		
Tab 0.5 mg52.0	00 30	Entecavir Sandoz
LAMIVUDINE		
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	5 28	Zetlam
Oral liq 5 mg per ml270.0	00 240 ml	Zeffix
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL		
Tab 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate)	0 30	Tenofovir Disoproxil Teva

Hepatitis C

GLECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR

Note: the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply.	Further detai	ls can be found on	
Pharmac's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/maviret.			
Tab 100 mg with pibrentasvir 40 mg24,750.00	84	Maviret	
LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR - Restricted see terms below			

Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCTP). Applications will be considered by HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Access Criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Harvoni



	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Herpesviridae			
ACICLOVIR			
Tab dispersible 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	1.60	25	Lovir
Tab dispersible 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		56	Lovir
Tab dispersible 800 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	5.98	35	Lovir
Inj 250 mg vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	10.00	5	Aciclovir-Baxter
CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1108)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologis	t or oral surgeon		
FOSCARNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle			
→ Restricted (RS1109)			
Olinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial	380.00	5	Cymevene
→ Restricted (RS1110)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
/ALACICLOVIR			
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6.50	30	Vaclovir
Tab 1,000 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	13.76	30	Vaclovir
/ALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 450 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	132.00	60	Valganciclovir Mylai
→ Restricted (RS1799)			,
nitiation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

Continuation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and
 - 1.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and
 - 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone.

Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Relevant specialist

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
 - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease.

Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Roth:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
 - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate)
- 1% DV Jun-19 to 202261.15 30 Teva
- → Restricted (RS1800)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis (refer to local health pathways or https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/ for training materials); and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis and Hep B if not immune and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks:
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 3 months and is not contraindicated for treatment; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks: and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative and is not at risk of HIV seroconversion; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 All of the following:
 - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and



Price	Brand or	_
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$ P	Per Manufacturer	

continued...

- 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
- 6.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
- 6.2 All of the following:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis (refer to local health pathways or https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/ for training materials); and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis and Hep B if not immune and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 12 months and is not contraindicated for treatment; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks; and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative and is not at risk of HIV seroconversion; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 All of the following:
 - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
 - 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
 - 6.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
 - 6.2 All of the following:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml
- → Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

7ANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- ⇒ Restricted (RS1369)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1113)

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1827)

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400.000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C. genotype 1: and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.



Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C. genotype 1: and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Notes: Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines.

Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

Initiation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 2.2 Patient is intolerant of hydroxyurea; and
 - 2.3 Treatment with an agrelide and busulfan is not clinically appropriate; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

3.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Continuation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Either
 - 3.1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 Remains intolerant of hydroxyurea and treatment with anagrelide and busulfan remains clinically inappropriate; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation – ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has ocular surface squamous neoplasia*.

Continuation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation – post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has received an allogeneic bone marrow transplant* and has evidence of disease relapse.

Continuation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient is responding and ongoing treatment remains appropriate.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

		Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
Anticholinesterases				
EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below				
■ Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
→ Restricted (RS1015)				
Initiation				
For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.				
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE		00.00	50	A - t 7
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		.98.00	50	AstraZeneca
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMI				
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampor				
5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		.26.13	10	Max Health
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		4E 70	100	Maatinan
1ab 60 mg - 1% DV NOV-19 to 2022		.45.79	100	Mestinon
Antirheumatoid Agents				
HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 200 mg		7.98	100	Plaguenil
→ Restricted (RS1776)				·
Initiation				
Any of the following:				
1 Rheumatoid arthritis; or				
Systemic or discoid lupus erythematosus; or				
Malaria treatment or suppression; or A Pelayant dermatalogical conditions (outpress) forms of lunus of	and liahan	nlanua auta	200110.1/0	noulitides and musecal
4 Relevant dermatological conditions (cutaneous forms of lupus a ulceration); or	and lichen	i piarius, cuta	illeous va	scullines and mucosal
5 Sarcoidosis (pulmonary and non-pulmonary).				
LEFLUNOMIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		6.00	20	Arovo
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023			30 30	Arava Arava
-		0.00	30	Alava
PENICILLAMINE Tab 125 mg		67.22	100	D-Penamine
Tab 250 mg			100	D-Penamine
· ·		110.12	100	D i chamine
SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE				
Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule				
Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule				
,				
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism				
Bisphosphonates				
ALENDRONATE SODIUM				
Tab 70 mg - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022		2.44	4	Fosamax
ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL				
Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022		1.51	4	Fosamax Plus
·				

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
27.53	1	Pamisol
74.67	1	Pamisol
79.95	1	Pamisol
3.10	4	Risedronate Sandoz
60.00	100 ml	Aclasta
	(ex man. excl. GST \$ 27.53	(ex man. excl. GST)

Initiation – Inherited bone fragility disorders

Any specialist

Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disorder (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta).

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any specialist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
 - 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 1.4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

equivalents); and

2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
 - 2.2 Bone deformity; or
 - 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
 - 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
 - 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
 - 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
 - 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1665)

Initiation

All of the following:

1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal; or
 - 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and
 - 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note): or
 - 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
 - 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 3.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
 - 4 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance is less than 35 mL/min; and
 - 5 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes); and
 - 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment with any other funded antiresorptive agent for this condition or teriparatide.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with denosumab.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.
- e) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: risedronate sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

BALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1666)

Initiation

Any of the following:

1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1143)

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- a) The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- b) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily, zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- c) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYAI URONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Hyperuricaemia and Antigout			
ALLOPURINOL			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	11.47	500	DP-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	28.57	500	DP-Allopurinol
BENZBROMARONE – Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 50 mg → Tab 100 mg	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
COLCHICINE			
Tab 500 mcg	9.58	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2023	39.50	28	Adenuric
v	20.00		Febuxostat multichem
■ Tab 120 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2023	39.50	28	Adenuric
	20.00	_0	Febuxostat multichem
(Adenuric Tab 80 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)	20.00		

(Adenuric Tab 80 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022) (Adenuric Tab 120 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)

→ Restricted (RS1844)

Initiation - Gout

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); or
 - 2.4 The patient has previously had an initial Special Authority approval for benzbromarone for treatment of gout...

Note: In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. The efficacy and safety of febuxostat have not been fully evaluated in patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine clearance less than 30 ml/minute). No dosage adjustment of febuxostat is necessary in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

Initiation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient is scheduled to receive cancer therapy carrying an intermediate or high risk of tumour lysis syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has a documented history of allopurinol intolerance.

Continuation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 1.5 mg vial

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

100

Norflex

→ Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

3			
ATRACURIUM BESYLATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule	10.00	5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	12.50	5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN			
Tab 10 mg	4.20	100	Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml			
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	11.55	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	306.82	5	Medsurge
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN			
Inj 100 u vial	467.50	1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial		1	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial	1,295.00	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE			
Cap 25 mg	97.50	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg	77.00	100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial	888.00	6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	33.92	5	Mivacron
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	67.17	5	Mivacron
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE			

PANCURONIUM BROMIDE

Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

ROCURONIUM BROMIDE

Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	- 1% DV Aug-20 to 20223	1.14 10	Hameln
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SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-21 to 202323.40

Martindale 10

VECURONIUM BROMIDE

Inj 10 mg vial

CLICANANADEV

Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade

Postricted and terms below

St	DGAININADEX - nestricted see terms below		
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	10	Bridion
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	10	Bridion

→ Restricted (RS1370)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and

1.000

Relieve

F	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

neuromuscular blockade: or

- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory	Drugs
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CELECOXIB			
Cap 100 mg	5.80	60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg	3.30	30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	1.99	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible	1.50	20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	1.99	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg	22.80	500	Apo-Diclo SR
	19.60	100	Voltaren SR
Tab long-acting 100 mg	25.15	500	Apo-Diclo SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	13.20	5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg	2.04	10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg	2.44	10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg	4.22	10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg	7.00	10	Voltaren
(Apo-Diclo SR Tab long-acting 75 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)			

(Apo-Diclo SR Tab long-acting 100 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)

ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 30 mg
- Tab 60 mg
- Tab 90 mg
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1592)

Initiation

For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.

IBUPROFFN

Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Feb-21 to 202421.40

→ Tab 400 mg - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 600 mg - **Restricted**: For continuation only

Tab long-acting 800 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024......3.05 Brufen SR Ibuprofen SR BNM 5.99 200 ml **Fthics**

Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

(Ibuprofen SR BNM Tab long-acting 800 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)

INDOMETHACIN

Cap 25 mg

Cap 50 mg

Cap long-acting 75 mg Ini 1 mg vial

Suppos 100 mg

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
KETOPROFEN Cap long-acting 200 mg MEFENAMIC ACID − Restricted: For continuation only → Cap 250 mg	12.07	28	Oruvail SR
NAPROXEN Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab long-acting 750 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab long-acting 1 g - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	28.71 6.47	500 250 28 28	Noflam 250 Noflam 500 Naprosyn SR 750 Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB Inj 40 mg vial SULINDAC Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg	100.00	10	Dynastat
TENOXICAM Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100 1	Tilcotil AFT

Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain

CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1309)

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RII UZOLF - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 50 mg − **5% DV Dec-21 to 2024**......130.00 56 **Rilutek**

→ Restricted (RS1351)

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

TETRABENAZINE

Anticholinergics

BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab	2 mg	9.59	60	Benztrop
lni 1	mg per ml. 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	95.00	5	Phebra

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents

AMANTADINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Cap 100 mg38.24	60	Symmetrel
APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Ini 10 mg per ml. 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2023	5	Movapo

BROMOCRIPTINE

→ Tab 2.5 mg - Restricted: For continuation only Cap 5 mg

(Any Tab 2.5 mg to be delisted 1 March 2022)

Movapo

)i		Donald an
		Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man.	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ENTACAPONE				
Tab 200 mg		.22.00	100	Entapone
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE				
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		12.25	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg			100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg			100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg			100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg			100	Madopar 250
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA				
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		21 11	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg		21.11	100	Silieniet
Tab long-acting 700 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-21 to	0 2023	43.65	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023			100	Sinemet
		.00.00	100	Omemer
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE		0.40	100	Daminau
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022			100 100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		.20.73	100	Ramipex
RASAGILINE				
Tab 1mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024		.53.50	30	Azilect
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		2.85	84	Ropin
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		3.95	84	Ropin
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		5.48	84	Ropin
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		12.50	84	Ropin
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only	y			
→ Tab 5 mg	•			
TOLCAPONE				
Tab 100 mg	1	52.38	100	Tasmar
3				
Anaesthetics				
General Anaesthetics				
DESFLURANE				
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	1.9	850.00	6	Suprane
		00.00	Ü	Ouprano
DEXMEDETOMIDINE		07.00	5	Dexmedetomidine-Teva
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023		.97.00	Э	Dexinedetomidine-Teva
ETOMIDATE				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
ISOFLURANE				
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	1,0	20.00	6	Aerrane
KETAMINE				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	1	35.00	5	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022			5	Biomed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			5	Ketamine-Baxter
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			5	Ketalar
(Ketamine-Baxter Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Jai			-	
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM	,	,		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial				
ing to my per mi, so mi viai				

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

			IIIVOOO O IOI EIII
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PROPOFOL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 10% DV Dec-19 to 2022		5	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 10% DV Oct-19 to 2022		10 10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 10% DV Oct-19 to 2022	39.00	10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
SEVOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	840.00	6	Baxter
THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule			
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE Gel 20%			
BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 18% with tetracaine hydrochloride 2%			e.g. ZAP Topical Anaesthetic Gel
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		_	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Aug-20 t		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Aug-20 to	2023 16.20	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Aug-20 to	2023 16 56	5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	2020 10.50	J	Marvain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag — 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	150.00	5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial – 1% DV	Διια-19		
to 2022	94.50	5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial -1% DV A	•	_	Managin with
to 2022	80.50	5	Marcain with Adrenaline

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GS	Γ) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
UPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL				
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Ap to 2022		5	Biomed	
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe				
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Nov- to 2022	112.50	5	Bupafen	
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Nov- to 2022		5	Bupafen	
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe			-	
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe		5	Biomed Bupafen NRFit	
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	46.00	5	Biomed	
UPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE				
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule	38.00	5	Marcain Heavy	
Paste 5%				
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	28.76	1	Biomed	
OCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06% Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%				
THYL CHLORIDE Spray 100%				
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]				
Crm 4%	5.40	5 g	LMX4	
	27.00	30 g	LMX4	
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE				
Gel 2%	4.87	20 g	Orion	
Soln 4% Spray 10% – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	75.00	50 ml	Yuloosins	
Oral (gel) soln 2%		50 mi 200 ml	Xylocaine Mucosoothe	
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack		200 1111	Hudooodiio	
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack				
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule	8.75	25	Lidocaine-Baxter Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	6.20	5	Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-21 to 2022		25	Lidocaine-Baxter Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Jul-21 to 2022	6.45	5	Lidocaine-Baxter Lidocaine-Claris	
			Liuocaii ie-Ciaris	
Gel 2%, 11 ml urethral syringe - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	42.00	10	Instillagel Lido	

(Lidocaine-Claris Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 January 2022)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
		rei	iviariuracturer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-19		4.0	v
to 2022		10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge	50.00	5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1:7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	60.00	5	Xylocaine
.IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE		HYDROC	CHI ORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%,			OTILOT IIDL
syringe		1	Topicaine
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXID.		·	i opioanio
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe		10	Pfizer
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHF			THEO
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%	RINE HYDROCHLOI	HIDE	
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE	45.00	00	ENAL A
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%		30 g 20	EMLA EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g		20 5	EMLA
, ,	45.00	5	LIVILA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE	40.60	50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge		50 50	Scandonest 3%
•	45.00	30	ocaridoriest 5 /6
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial	100.00	5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Citatiesi
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN			
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE	0.05	5	Daniyasaina Kahi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5 5	Ropivacaine Kabi Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per mi, 20 mi bag – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	16.60	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	198.50	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	270.00	5	Naropin
TETRACAINE (AMETHOCAINE) HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 4%			

NERVOUS SYSTEM			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Analgesics			
Non-Opioid Analgesics			
ASPIRIN Tab dispersible 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below		100	Ethics Aspirin
	ition of less than on		
NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 30 mg			
PARACETAMOL – Some items restricted see terms below Tab soluble 500 mg Tab 500 mg - blister pack – 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - bottle pack – 1% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml – 20% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml – 20% DV Nov-20 to 2023	17.92 5.45	1,000 1,000 1,000 ml 1,000 ml	Pacimol Noumed Paracetamol Paracare Paracare Double Strength
 Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023. Suppos 25 mg – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022. Suppos 50 mg – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022. Suppos 125 mg. Suppos 250 mg. Suppos 500 mg. 	58.50 58.50 3.29 3.79	10 20 20 10 10 50	Paracetamol Kabi Biomed Biomed Gacet Gacet Gacet
→ Restricted (RS1146) Initiation Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are una absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 2 SUCROSE		cal, or wher	e there is reduced
Oral liq 25% - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	13.00	25 ml	Biomed

Initiation

For use in neonatal patients only.

■ Oral liq 66.7% (preservative free)

Opioid Analgesics

→ Restricted (RS1763)

FENITANII	

Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023......24.75

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CODEINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	6.25	100	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	7.45	100	PSM
Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	14.25	100	PSM
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE			
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	8.60	60	DHC Continus
FENTANYL			
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	3.56	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag		10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		1	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	10.74	'	Diomed
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6 99	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
		O	r chiarry r canacz
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE	4.40	40	Made at the
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022		10	Methatabs
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		200 ml	Biodone Biodone
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	61.00	10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 10 mg per ml	27.74	200 ml	RA-Morph
MORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	2.80	10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		10	Sevredol
Cap long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	2.05	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	3.00	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	6.12	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	7.13	10	m-Eslon
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	24.50	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	52.00	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	5.61	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	7.28	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ORPHINE TARTRATE			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule			
XYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg	2 15	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 10 mg		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 20 mg		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 40 mg		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 80 mg		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Cap immediate-release 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	5.23	20	OxyNorm
Oral lig 5 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024		250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	7.28	5	OxyNorm
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	14.36	5	OxyNorm
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	30.60	5	OxyNorm
ARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg	26.51	1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine (Relieve)
ETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	4.70	10	PSM
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	29.88	5	DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	30.72	5	DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride
REMIFENTANIL			
Inj 1 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	13.95	5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	19.95	5	Remifentanil-AFT
RAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	1.52	20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Oral soln 10 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	2.80	100	Arrow-Tramadol
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	4 50	5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		5	Tramal 100
inj 30 mg per mi, 2 mi ampoule 176 by Oct-20 to 2023		3	Trailiai 100
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
MITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
1ab 25 mg - 1/8 by bec-20 to 2025			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

· ·	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	13.99	100	Apo-Clomipramine
· ·	10.17	30	Clomipramine Teva
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024		100	Apo-Clomipramine
	11.99	30	Clomipramine Teva
(Apo-Clomipramine Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 February 2022) (Apo-Clomipramine Tab 25 mg to be delisted 1 February 2022)			·
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation	only		
→ Cap 25 mg	7.83	50	Dosulepin Mylan
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
→ Cap 10 mg			
→ Cap 25 mg			
→ Cap 50 mg			
MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	.5.48	50	Tofranil
	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg	. 8.80	50	Tofranil
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 25 mg			
→ Tab 75 mg			
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 30 mg			
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	. 5.98	180	Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE	11.80	60	Aurorix
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors		60 60	Aurorix Aurorix
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Other Antidepressants			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Other Antidepressants MIRTAZAPINE	19.25	60	Aurorix
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Other Antidepressants	19.25		
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Other Antidepressants MIRTAZAPINE Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024	.2.63 2.60	30	Aurorix Apo-Mirtazapine Noumed
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Other Antidepressants MIRTAZAPINE Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024	.2.63 2.60	30 28	Aurorix Apo-Mirtazapine
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Other Antidepressants MIRTAZAPINE Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 (Apo-Mirtazapine Tab 30 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)	2.63 2.60 3.48	30 28 30	Apo-Mirtazapine Noumed Apo-Mirtazapine
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Other Antidepressants MIRTAZAPINE Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024	2.63 2.60 3.48	30 28 30	Apo-Mirtazapine Noumed Apo-Mirtazapine
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Other Antidepressants MIRTAZAPINE Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 (Apo-Mirtazapine Tab 30 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)	2.63 2.60 3.48	30 28 30	Apo-Mirtazapine Noumed Apo-Mirtazapine
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Other Antidepressants MIRTAZAPINE Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 (Apo-Mirtazapine Tab 30 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022) (Apo-Mirtazapine Tab 45 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)	2.63 2.60 3.48 3.45	30 28 30	Apo-Mirtazapine Noumed Apo-Mirtazapine
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Other Antidepressants MIRTAZAPINE Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 (Apo-Mirtazapine Tab 30 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022) (Apo-Mirtazapine Tab 45 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022) VENLAFAXINE	.2.63 2.60 .3.48 3.45	30 28 30 28	Apo-Mirtazapine Noumed Apo-Mirtazapine Noumed

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	1.91	84	PSM Citalopram
ESCITALOPRAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-21 to 2023	1.07 1.40	28	Escitalopram (Ethics) Escitalopram-Apotex
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-21 to 2023	1.92 2.49	28	Escitalopram (Ethics) Escitalopram-Apotex
(Escitalopram-Apotex Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 October 2021) (Escitalopram-Apotex Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 October 2021)			
FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE	4.00	00	
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2022		30 84	Fluox Fluox
PAROXETINE	2.91	04	FIUOX
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	3.61	90	Loxamine
SERTRALINE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	0.00	30	Setrona
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		30	Setrona
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	21.00	5	Rivotril
(Rivotril Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 October 2021) DIAZEPAM			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	23.66	5	Hospira
Rectal tubes 5 mg Rectal tubes 10 mg		5	Stesolid
LORAZEPAM			
Inj 2 mg vial Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE			
Soln 97%			
Inj 5 ml ampoule			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	88 63	5	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE			
Tab 200 mg		100	Tegretol CD
Tab long-acting 200 mg Tab 400 mg		100 100	Tegretol CR Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml	26.37	250 ml	Tegretol

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CLOBAZAM			
Tab 10 mg			
CLONAZEPAM			
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE			
Cap 250 mg	140.88	100	Zarontin
Oral lig 50 mg per ml		200 ml	Zarontin
GABAPENTIN			
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin			
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	2.65	100	Apo-Gabapentin
	6.45		Nupentin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	4.07	100	Apo-Gabapentin
	8.45		Nupentin
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	5.64	100	Apo-Gabapentin
	10.26		Nupentin
(Apo-Gabapentin Cap 100 mg to be delisted 1 February 2022)			
(Apo-Gabapentin Cap 300 mg to be delisted 1 February 2022)			
(Apo-Gabapentin Cap 400 mg to be delisted 1 February 2022)			
LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
■ Tab 100 mg	50.06	14	Vimpat
	200.24	56	Vimpat
■ Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat
	300.40	56	Vimpat
Tab 200 mg	400.55	56	Vimpat
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1151)			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy; and
 - 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

LAMOTRIGINE

Tab dispersible 2 mg55.00	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg50.00	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg - 5% DV Oct-19 to 2022	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg - 5% DV Oct-19 to 2022	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg - 5% DV Oct-19 to 20224.40	56	Logem

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LEVETIRACETAM Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022	8.79 14.39 18.59 44.78	60 60 60 60 300 ml	Everet Everet Everet Everet Levetiracetam-AFT Levetiracetam-AFT
Tab 15 mg Tab 30 mg Tab 30 mg PHENYTOIN Tab 50 mg PHENYTOIN SODIUM Cap 30 mg Cap 100 mg Oral liq 6 mg per ml		500 500	PSM PSM
PREGABALIN Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin Cap 25 mg Cap 75 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg PRIMIDONE Tab 250 mg	2.65 4.01	56 56 56 56	Pregabalin Pfizer Pregabalin Pfizer Pregabalin Pfizer Pregabalin Pfizer
SODIUM VALPROATE Tab 100 mg Tab EC 200 mg Tab EC 500 mg Oral liq 40 mg per ml Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	509.29	1 60 60	Epilim IV Diacomit Diacomit

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OPIRAMATE			
Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
·	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg	18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg	31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	20.84	60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	26.04	60	Topamax
· · ·			

VIGABATRIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1802)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Fither
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antimigraine Preparations			
Acute Migraine Treatment			
DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg			
RIZATRIPTAN Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	3.65	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	24.44 14.41	100 90	Apo-Sumatriptan Sumagran
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024		100 90	Apo-Sumatriptan Sumagran
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen – 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022 (Apo-Sumatriptan Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 February 2022) (Apo-Sumatriptan Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 February 2022)	34.00	2	lmigran
Prophylaxis of Migraine			
PIZOTIFEN Tab 500 mcg	23.21	100	Sandomigran
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents			
APREPITANT – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Restricted (RS1154)	30.00	3	Emend Tri-Pack
Initiation Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthrac malignancy.	ycline-based chemot	herapy fo	r the treatment of
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	3.88	84	Vergo 16
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	0.49	10	Nausicalm
CYCLIZINE LACTATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV May-21 to 2022	21.53	10	HameIn
DOMPERIDONE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 DROPERIDOL	2.85	100	Pharmacy Health
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	30.95	10	Droleptan
GRANISETRON Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023 HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE	1.20	1	Deva
Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Patch 1.5 mg	14.11	2	Scopoderm TTS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1155)

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective; or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	30 1	100	Metoclopramide Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml			Actavis 10
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 20229.9.9.9.9.	50	10	Pfizer
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	68	50	Onrex
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		10	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	57	50	Onrex
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		10	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule1.	50		Ondansetron-Baxter Ondansetron-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule	20	5	Ondansetron Kabi
PROCHLORPERAZINE Tab buccal 3 mg			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 20238.0 Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Suppos 25 mg	00 2	250	Nausafix
TROPISETRON Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule8.	95	1	Tropisetron-AFT
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule13.		1	Tropisetron-AFT

Antipsychotic Agents

General AMISLII PRIDE

/ IIIIIOOLI TIIDL			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	5.15	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	14.96	60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	29.78	60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml			•
ARIPIPRAZOLE			
Tab 5 mg	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz

	Price	-	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	14.83	100	Largactil
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	15.62	100	Largactil
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	36.73	100	Largactil
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			
Oral liq 20 mg per ml			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	30.79	10	Largactil
CLOZAPINE			
Tab 25 mg	6.69	50	Clopine
•	13.37	100	Clopine
	5.69	50	Clozaril
	11.36	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg		50	Clopine
1 4 5 5 1 1 g	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg		50	Clopine
· · - • · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	34.65	100	Clopine
	14.73	50	Clozaril
	29.45	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg		50	Clopine
1 ab 200 mg	69.30	100	Clopine
Oral lig 50 mg per ml		100 ml	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per mi	67.62	100 1111	Versacloz
HALOPERIDOL	07.02		VEISACIOZ
	6.00	100	Serenace
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022			Serenace
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100	
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	21.55	10	Serenace
LEVOMEPROMAZINE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022		100	Nozinan
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022	41.75	100	Nozinan
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	33.50	10	Nozinan
LITHIUM CARBONATE			
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024	72.00	100	Priadel
Cap 250 mg		100	Douglas
		100	Douglas
OLANZAPINE 10/ PWN 201 2000	4.05	00	
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		28	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	2.38	28	Zypine ODT
PERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
-			
QUETIAPINE	0.15	00	Occational
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	5.06	90	Quetapel
•			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		90 90	Quetapel Quetapel

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
RISPERIDONE	Ψ	1 01	Manadadad
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	1.86	60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		30 ml	Risperon
ZIPRASIDONE			·
Cap 20 mg	14.50	60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg		60	Zusdone
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE	04.45	400	01 1
Tab 10 mg	31.45	100	Clopixol
Depot Injections			
FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	20.90	5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.39	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol Concentrate
		Ü	rialdor Coriochirate
OLANZAPINE - Restricted see terms below	252.00	1	Zuprovo Bolprova
Inj 210 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
, 555g		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 405 mg vial → Restricted (RS1379)	504.00	ı	Zyprexa Relprevv
Initiation			
IIIIIauvii			

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 50 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 75 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 100 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 150 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1381)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 25 mg vial135.98	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial217.56	1	Risperdal Consta

→ Restricted (RS1380)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, i	1 ml ampoule19.80	5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml,	1 ml ampoule		e.g. Clopixol Conc

Anxiolytics

Tab 5 mg 20.23 100 Orion Tab 10 mg 13.16 100 Orion CLONAZEPAM Tab 500 mcg 5.64 100 Paxam Tab 2 mg 10.78 100 Paxam	, , , , ,			
Tab 10 mg	BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
CLONAZEPAM Tab 500 mcg	Tab 5 mg	20.23	100	Orion
Tab 500 mcg	Tab 10 mg	13.16	100	Orion
Tab 2 mg 100 Paxam DIAZEPAM 61.07 500 Arrow-Diazepam	CLONAZEPAM			
DIAZEPAM Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 61.07 500 Arrow-Diazepam	Tab 500 mcg	5.64	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 202361.07 500 Arrow-Diazepam	Tab 2 mg	10.78	100	Paxam
	DIAZEPAM			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 202373.60 500 Arrow-Diazepam	Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	61.07	500	Arrow-Diazepam
	Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	73.60	500	Arrow-Diazepam

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LORAZEPAM			
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	9.72	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	12.50	100	Ativan
OXAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg	6.17	100	Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg		100	Ox-Pam

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted (RS1842)

Initiation - Multiple sclerosis

Neurologist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) must be confirmed by a neurologist. Diagnosis must include MRI confirmation; and
- 2 Patients must have Clinically Definite Relapsing multiple sclerosis with or without underlying progression; and
- 3 Patients must have an EDSS score between 0 6.0 (inclusive); and
- 4 Patient has had at least 1 significant relapse of multiple sclerosis in the previous 12 months or 2 significant relapses in the past 24 months; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Each significant relapse must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the relapse but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
 - 5.2 Each significant relapse is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
 - 5.3 Each significant relapse has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous relapse; and
 - 5.4 Each significant relapse can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
 - 5.5 Either:
 - 5.5.1 Each significant relapse is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
 - 5.5.2 Each significant relapse is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
- 6 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MR scan within the past 24 months; and
- 7 Any of the following:
 - 7.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
 - 7.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
 - 7.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
 - 7.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent relapse that occurred within the last 2 years; or
 - 7.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MR scan.

Note: Natalizumab can only be dispensed from a pharmacy registered in the Tysabri Australasian Prescribing Programme operated by the supplier. Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Continuation - Multiple sclerosis

Neurologist or general physician

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (i.e. the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

	Pri			Brand or
	(ex man. e		Per	Generic Manufacturer
			FEI	iviariuracturer
DIMETHYL FUMARATE – Restricted see terms on the previous pa			:	
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat Cap 120 mg			is not pern 14	Tecfidera
t Cap 240 mg			56	Tecfidera
	2,00	0.00	50	reciluera
FINGOLIMOD – Restricted see terms on the previous page			: 4	
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat Cap 0.5 mg			28	Gilenya
, •		0.00	20	Gileriya
GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the previous		naauahi	io not norr	nittad
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat Inj 40 mg prefilled syringe			12	Copaxone
, , .	•	3.00	12	Ображине
INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms on the prev		برامريمم	io not norm	witte d
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector			4	Avonex Pen
Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe			4	Avonex
INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA – Restricted see terms on the previous		0.00	·	AVOITON
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat		neously	is not nern	nitted
Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial	monto omiana	ricousty	io not poin	mitod.
NATALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms on the previous page				
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat	ments simulta	neously	is not nern	nitted
Inj 20 mg per ml, 15 ml vial			1	Tysabri
OCRELIZUMAB – Restricted see terms on the previous page			•	. ,
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat	ments simulta	neously	is not nern	nitted
Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			1	Ocrevus
TERIFLUNOMIDE – Restricted see terms on the previous page				
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat	ments simulta	neously	is not pern	nitted.
Tab 14 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023			28	Aubagio
				•
Sedatives and Hypnotics				
CHI ODAL LIVEDRATE				
CHLORAL HYDRATE				
Oral liq 100 mg per ml Oral liq 200 mg per ml				
LORMETAZEPAM − Restricted: For continuation only Tab 1 mg				
· ·				
MELATONIN – Restricted see terms below Tab modified-release 2 mg	2	9 22	30	Circadin
Tab 3 mg	∠	.0.22	30	Circauiii
Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation	n. for in-hospi	ital use o	nlv.	
⇒ Restricted (RS1576)	,		,	
Initiation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorde	er			
Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
All of the following:				
1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing in	nsomnia seco	ndary to	a neurode	velopmental disorder
(including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or atte				er); and
2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried				

continued...

3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

Continuation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and
- 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day.

Initiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated

Both:

- 1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated; and
- 2 For in-hospital use only.

MIDAZOI AM

Tab 7.5 mg

Oral lig 2 mg per ml

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	- 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	3.95	10	Mylan Midazolam
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	- 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	3.52	5	Mylan Midazolam

PHENOBARBITONE

Inj 130 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

TEMAZEPAM

Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	25	Normison
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TRIAZOLAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 125 mcg

→ Tab 250 mcg

ZOPICLONE

Tab 7.5 mg

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOVETIME			
ATOMOXETINE			
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	18.41	28	Generic Partners
Cap 18 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	27.06	28	Generic Partners
Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	29.22	28	Generic Partners
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	29.22	28	Generic Partners
Cap 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	46.51	28	Generic Partners
Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	56.45	28	Generic Partners
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	58.48	28	Generic Partners
CAFFEINE			
Tab 100 mg			
DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	21.00	100	PSM

⇒ Restricted (RS1169)

Initiation – ADHD

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

METHYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab extended-release 18 mg58.96	30	Concerta
	7.75		Methylphenidate ER -
_			Teva
1	Tab extended-release 27 mg65.44	30	Concerta
	11.45		Methylphenidate ER -
_			Teva
1	Tab extended-release 36 mg71.93	30	Concerta
	15.50		Methylphenidate ER -
-			Teva
1	Tab extended-release 54 mg86.24	30	Concerta
	22.25		Methylphenidate ER -
-			Teva
1	Tab immediate-release 5 mg3.20	30	Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 10 mg3.00	30	Ritalin
			Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 20 mg7.85	30	Rubifen
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg10.95	30	Rubifen SR
t	Cap modified-release 10 mg15.60	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 20 mg20.40	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 30 mg25.52	30	Ritalin LA
t		30	Ritalin LA
_	Restricted (RS1294)		

→ Restricted (RS1294)

Initiation – ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
 - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

	-	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MODAFINIL – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 100 mg → Restricted (RS1803)		.64.00	60	Modavigil

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
 - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	4.34	90	Donepezil-Rex
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	6.64	90	Donepezil-Rex
RIVASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below			
	48.75	30	Generic Partners
	38.00		Rivastigmine Patch BNM 5
	48.75	30	Generic Partners
	38.00		Rivastigmine Patch
			BNM 10

(Generic Partners Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour to be delisted 1 February 2022) (Generic Partners Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour to be delisted 1 February 2022)

→ Restricted (RS1436)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Pe	r Manufacturer

Treatments for Substance Dependence

_	PRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	3.37	28	Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM
t	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 202253	3.12	28	Buprenorphine

⇒ Restricted (RS1172)

Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Initiation - Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab modified-release 150 mg - 1% DV Mar-21 to 202311.00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM		
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024 236.40	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below		
↓ Tab 50 mg − 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023 133.33	30	Naltraccord
⇒ Restricted (RS1173)		

Initiation - Alcohol dependence

Both:

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence; and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

NICOTINE - S	Some items rest	ricted see	terms on t	he next pa	age
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	Patch / mg per 24 hours	18.14	28	Habitrol
	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours	19.95	28	Habitrol
	Patch 21 mg per 24 hours	22.86	28	Habitrol
t	Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist
				Mouth Spray
	Lozenge 1 mg	19.18	216	Habitrol
	Lozenge 2 mg	21.02	216	Habitrol
t	Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
	Gum 2 mg	38.21	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
	•			Habitrol (Mint)
	Gum 4 mg	44.17	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
	•			Habitrol (Mint)

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1310)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction; or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or
- 3 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

VARENICLINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 42 - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6.67	53	Varenicline Pfizer
t	Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	17.62	56	Varenicline Pfizer
	- · · · · · (-0.1-00)			

⇒ Restricted (RS1702)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to guit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Chemotherapeutic Agents

Alkylating Agents

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1835)

Initiation - treatment naive CLL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and
- 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of < 6; and
- 6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m² on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). Chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and
 - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has relapsed refractory disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
 - 3.2.3 Either:
 - 3.2.3.1 Both:
 - 3.2.3.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
 - 3.2.3.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
 - 3.2.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Both:

- 1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/ Waldenström's macroglobulinaemia.

Initiation - Hodgkin's lymphoma*

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Hodgkin's lymphoma requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient's disease relapsed or was refractory following prior chemotherapy; and
- 5 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with gemcitabine and vinorelbine (BeGeV) at a maximum dose of no greater than 90 mg/m2 twice per cycle, for a maximum of four cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

BUSULFAN Tab 2 mg Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	89.25	100	Myleran
CARMUSTINE			
Inj 100 mg vial	1,387.00	1	BiCNU Bicnu Heritage
CHLORAMBUCIL			
Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	145.00	50	Cyclonex
	79.00		Endoxan
	158.00	100	Procytox
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	71.25	1	Endoxan
(Endoxan Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)			
(Procytox Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)			
IFOSFAMIDE			
lnj 1 g vial	96.00	1	Holoxan
Inj 2 g vial	180.00	1	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE			
Cap 10 mg	132.59	20	Ceenu
Cap 40 mg		20	Ceenu
MELPHALAN			
Tab 2 mg			
Inj 50 mg vial			
THIOTEPA			
Inj 15 mg vial			
Inj 100 mg vial			
•			

BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE			
Inj 15,000 iu vial	161.01	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]			
Inj 0.5 mg vial	255.00	1	Cosmegen

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DAUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	149.50	1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	11.50	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	69.99	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	30.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	99.99	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg vial		1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial	198.00	1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C			
Inj 20 mg vial	3,275.00	1	Teva
MITOZANTRONE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe

Antimetabolites

AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1418)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
 - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndrome resulting from chemical injury or prior treatment with chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and
- 4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression, and; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

CAPECITABINE

Tab 150 mg	– 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022	10.00	60	Capercit
Tab 500 mg -	– 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022	49.00	120	Capercit

	Price (ex man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CLADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	749.96	1	Leustatin
CYTARABINE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	400.00	5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	41.36	1	Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 10 mg	412.00	20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		5	Fludarabine Ebewe
FLUOROURACIL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	12.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
III] 30 IIIg pei IIII, 20 IIII viai – 376 DV Feb-22 to 2024	10.51	'	Flurouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
III] 30 IIIg pei IIII, 100 IIII viai – 3/8 DV Feb-22 to 2024	29.44	'	Flurouracil Accord
Fluorouracil Ebewe Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial to be delisted 1 Februa			Fiuldulacii Accolu
Fluorouracil Ebewe Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial to be delisted 1 February			
	,,		
GEMCITABINE	15.00	4	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023	15.69	1	Genicitabine Ebewe
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		25	Puri-nethol
■ Oral suspension 20 mg per ml	428.00	100 ml	Allmercap
→ Restricted (RS1635)			
nitiation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per do	ay.		
Continuation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per da	ay.		
METHOTOEVATE			
METHOTREXATE	0.00	00	T
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		90	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	33./1	90	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	4464	4	Mathatravata Canda-
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe		•	
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe		1 5	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	30.00	ວ	Methotrexate DBL
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	45.00	1	Onco-Vial DBL Methotrexate
, 20g por, 20 viai		'	Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
PEMETREXED – Restricted see terms on the next page	60.00	1	luna Damatrayad
Inj 100 mg vial		1	Juno Pemetrexed Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 500 mg vial		I	Juno Pernetrexed

	Price		Brand or
(ex n	nan. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1596)

Initiation - Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
 - 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days.

THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

Other Cytotoxic Agents

AMSACRINE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

Inj 75 mg

ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 0.5 mg

ARSENIC TRIOXIDE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	4,817.00	10	Phenasen
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BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
(70.1)			
→ Restricted (RS1725) Initiation – multiple myeloma/amyloidosis			
Either:			
The patient has symptomatic multiple myeloma; or The patient has symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis.			
DACARBAZINE			
Inj 200 mg vial	62.70	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE			
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	340.73	10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	7.90	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)			
Inj 100 mg vial	40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA [HYDROXYCARBAMIDE]			
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023	23.82	100	Devatis
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	71.44	1	Irinotecan Actavis 100
LENALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below		•	
Cap 5 mg	5 122 76	28	Revlimid
■ Cap 10 mg		21	Revlimid
- Oak 10 119	1,000.20		110111111111111111111111111111111111111

⇒ Restricted (RS1836)

Initiation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and

- 2 Patient has not previously been treated with lenalidomide; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

continued...

Revlimid

Revlimid

Revlimid

Revlimid

21

28

7,239.18

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed symptomatic multiple myeloma and has undergone first-line treatment that included an autologous stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has at least a stable disease response in the first 100 days after transplantation; and
- 3 Lenalidomide maintenance is to be commenced within 6 months of transplantation; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 15 mg/day.

Continuation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

OLAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg3,701.00	56	Lynparza
t	Tab 150 mg3,701.00	56	Lynparza

→ Restricted (RS1722) Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation; and
- 3 Patient has received at least two lines of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease progression occurring at least 6 months after the last dose of the penultimate line of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 5 Patient's disease must have achieved partial or complete response to treatment with the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 6 Patient's disease has not progressed following prior treatment with olaparib; and
- 7 Treatment will be commenced within 8 weeks of the patient's last dose of the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 8 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 9 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Note: *Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1788)

Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Lymphoma

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has lymphoma requiring L-asparaginase containing protocol (e.g. SMILE).

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 50 mg	980.00	50	Natulan
TEMOZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
	9.13	5	Temaccord
Cap 20 mg − 1% DV May-20 to 2022	16.38	5	Temaccord
Cap 100 mg − 1% DV May-20 to 2022	35.98	5	Temaccord
Cap 140 mg − 1% DV May-20 to 2022	50.12	5	Temaccord
Cap 250 mg − 1% DV May-20 to 2022		5	Temaccord

→ Restricted (RS1645)

Initiation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or
 - 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
- 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day.

Continuation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has glioblastoma multiforme; and
 - 1.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
 - 2.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
 - 2.3 Adjuvant temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 24 months.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

Continuation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 50 mg378.	00	28	Thalomid
	Cap 100 mg	00	28	Thalomid

→ Restricted (RS1192)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma: or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or
- 3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

TRETINOIN

۷E	NETOCLAX – Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg1,771.86	42	Venclexta
t	Tab 10 mg95.78	14	Venclexta
t	Tab 50 mg239.44	7	Venclexta
t	Tab 100 mg	120	Venclexta

⇒ Restricted (RS1713)

Initiation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 7 months

All of the following:

continued...

100

Vesanoid

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one prior therapy for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

Initiation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion by FISH testing or TP53 mutation by sequencing; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation* Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Platinum Compounds

The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors

AL ECTIVID	Restricted see terms below	
ALECTINIE -	. Hastrictad saa tarms halow	

⇒ Restricted (RS1712)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyrosine kinase gene rearrangement using an appropriate

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Al K test: and

3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria; and
- 2 The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

DASATINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 20 mg3,77	74.06	60	Sprycel
t	Tab 50 mg6,2	14.20	60	Sprycel
	Tab 70 mg		60	Sprycel
	Restricted (RS1685)			

Initiation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis or accelerated phase; and
 - 1.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoid leukaemia (Ph+ ALL); and
 - 2.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase; and
 - 3.2 Maximum dose of 100 mg/day; and
 - 3.3 Any of the following:
 - 3.3.1 Patient has documented treatment failure* with imatinib: or
 - 3.3.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; or
 - 3.3.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML defined by the Sokal or EURO scoring system; or
 - 3.3.4 Patients is enrolled in the KISS study** and requires dasatinib treatment according to the study protocol.

Continuation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib*: and
- 2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum dasatinib dose of 140 mg/day for accelerated or blast phase CML and Ph+ ALL, and 100 mg/day for chronic phase CML.

Note: *treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines. **Kinase-Inhibition Study with Sprycel Start-up https://www.cancertrialsnz.ac.nz/kiss/

ERLOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 100 mg	764.00	30	Tarceva
	Tab 150 mg		30	Tarceva
	. B t-1 - t - (DO4004)			

→ Restricted (RS1804)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Pe	er Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1805)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive: or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

IMATINIB MESILATE

The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) is fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST only, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule

↓ Tab 100 mg2,400.00 60 Glivec

→ Restricted (RS1402)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable and/or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/dav.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determined).

Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023	58.23	60	Imatinib-Rex
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023	84.79	30	Imatinib-Rex

LAPATINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1828)

Initiation

For continuation use only.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 150 mg	4,680.00	120	Tasigna
t	Cap 200 mg	6,532.00	120	Tasigna

⇒ Restricted (RS1437)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, accelerated phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day: and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

PALBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

	12001022		
1	Cap 75 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
t		21	Ibrance
1	Cap 125 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance

→ Restricted (RS1731)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:

second or subsequent line setting

- 4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
- 4.2 Both:

first line setting

- 4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal state; and
- 4.2.2 Either:
 - 4.2.2.1 Patient has not received prior systemic treatment for metastatic disease; or
 - 4.2.2.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.2.2.1 Patient commenced treatment with palbociclib in combination with an endocrine agent prior to 1 April 2020; and
 - 4.2.2.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic endocrine treatment for metastatic disease; and
 - 4.2.2.2.2 I distributed to received prior systemic endomine to distribute of metastatic disease, and
 - 4.2.2.2.3 There is no evidence of progressive disease; and
- 5 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg	30	Votrient
t	Tab 400 mg2,669.40	30	Votrient

→ Restricted (RS1198)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms below

HONOLITHAD	ricotrioted and territo bolow		
	2,500.00	56	Jakavi
	5,000.00	56	Jakavi
	5,000.00	56	Jakavi
→ Restricted (

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy; and
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 12.5 mg2,315	5.38	28	Sutent
	Cap 25 mg		28	Sutent
	Cap 50 mg		28	Sutent
	Destricted (DO1000)			

→ Restricted (RS1806)

Initiation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease): or
 - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

Taxanes

DOCETAXEL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial	.46.89	1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL			
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	.47.30	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	.24.00	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	.26.69	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe

Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects

CALCIUM FOLINATE	
Tah 15 mg	

Tab 15 mg	114.69	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	18.25	5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	7.28	1	Calcium Folinate
			Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	9.49	1	Calcium Folinate
			Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial	22.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	25.14	1	Calcium Folinate
			Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	72.00	1	Calcium Folinate
			Sandoz

DEXRAZOXANE - Restricted see terms below

Ini 500 ma

→ Restricted (RS1695)

Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediatric haematologist All of the following:

continued...

e.a. Cardioxane

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline given with curative intent; and
- 2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetime dose of anthracycline will exceed 250mg/m2 doxorubicin equivalent or greater; and
- 3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracycline treatment; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a child or young adult; or
 - 4.2 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for secondary malignancy.

MESNA

20.0.		
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022314.00	50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022177.45	15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022407.40	15	Uromitexan

Vinca Alkaloids

VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	270.37	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	74.52	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	102.73	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
VINORELBINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	12.00	1	Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	56.00	1	Navelbine

Endocrine Therapy

ABIRATERONE ACETATE	 Restricted 	see	terms	below
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→ Restricted (RS1807)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases; and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
 - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
 - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

	D:		Daniel au
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. G31)	Per	Manufacturer
continued			
Continuation			
Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and			
2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and			
3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and			
4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefit	ing from treatment.		
BICALUTAMIDE	· ·		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023	4 21	28	Binarex
	4.21	20	Dillatex
FLUTAMIDE			-
Tab 250 mg	119.50	100	Flutamin
FULVESTRANT - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml prefilled syringe	1,068.00	2	Faslodex
→ Restricted (RS1732)			
Initiation			
Medical oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or I			
2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment wit	h an aromatase inhibito	r or tamo	xifen for their locally
advanced or metastatic disease; and			
3 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly following	loading doses; and		
4 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.			
Continuation			
Medical oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:	. to store the section of		
1 Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from	n treatment; and		
2 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly; and			
3 No evidence of disease progression.			
MEGESTROL ACETATE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 160 mg	63.53	30	Apo-Megestrol
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms on the next page	ge		
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	56.87	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.00	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	145.00	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe − 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	439.97	1	Octreotide Depot Teva
_	1,772.50		Sandostatin LAR
Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe − 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		1	Octreotide Depot Teva
.	2,358.75		Sandostatin LAR
Inj depot 30 mg prefilled syringe − 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		1	Octreotide Depot Teva
(Conductatin LAD Ini donot 10 mg =====fill=d ====i==== t= h====== d d	2,951.25		Sandostatin LAR
(Sandostatin LAR Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe to be delisted 1 l			

(Sandostatin LAR Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe to be delisted 1 March 2022) (Sandostatin LAR Inj depot 30 mg prefilled syringe to be delisted 1 March 2022)

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1856)

Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed: or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

Initiation - pre-operative acromegaly

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Patient has a large pituitary tumour, greater than 10 mm at its widest; and
- 3 Patient is scheduled to undergo pituitary surgery in the next six months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

	Price		Brand or
(ex r	nan. excl. GST)	Per	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
TAMOXIFEN CITRATE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		60	Tamoxifen Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	6.65	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz
Aromatase Inhibitors			
ANASTROZOLE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023	4.55	30	Anatrole
EXEMESTANE			
Tab 25 mg	14.50	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	5.84	30	Letrole
Imaging Agents			
AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below	V		
Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial	4,400.00	1	Gliolan
	44,000.00	10	Gliolan
→ Restricted (RS1565)			
Initiation – high grade malignant glioma			
All of the following:			

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN			
Cap 25 mg	44.63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg	88.91	50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg	177.81	50	Neoral
Oral liq 100 mg per ml	198.13	50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	276.30	10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 0.5 mg	49.60	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	99.30	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	84.30	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	248.20	50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
■ Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			

[→] Restricted (RS1651)

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - non-transplant indications*

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and
- 2 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Enbrel

Enbrel

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Fusion Proteins				
ETANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 25 mg autoinjector − 5% DV Feb-21 to 2024	690.00	4	Enbrel	
Ini 25 mg vial − 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024	690.00	4	Enbrel	

→ Restricted (RS1837) Initiation – polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for oligoarticular course JIA: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

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Both:

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baselinee; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 12 Fither
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- combination with intramuscular gold; or
- 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Fither:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints;
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
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continued...

- 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

continued...

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price		Brand or	_
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- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 1 The patient 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

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(ex n	nan. exc	I. GST)		Generic
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Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values: or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement: and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

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- 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
 - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically

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(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

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significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and

3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1202)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	2	Humira
t	lnj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen	2	HumiraPen
	lnj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe	2	Humira
-	Restricted (RS1838)		

Initiation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation – polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or

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2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

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- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
 - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 9 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or

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- 1.2 PCDAI score is 150 or less; or
- 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:

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- 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Fither:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Fither:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

Both:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and

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- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value: or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline

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value: and

2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules: and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, gastrointestinal, rheumatological, mucocutaneous and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to treatment with infliximab (see Notes); or

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- 2.2 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, gastrointestinal, rheumatological, mucocutaneous and/or vasculitic symptoms and has experienced intolerable side effects from treatment with infliximab; and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Note: Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al. J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from infliximab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if adalimumab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

1 Roth

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- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from infliximab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective: or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if adalimumab is withdrawn.

Initiation - hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and
- 3 The patient has 3 or more active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae); and
- 4 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application; and
- 5 Following the initial loading doses, adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days.

Continuation - hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and

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3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1659)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months; or
 - 2.2 Patient has previously* (*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO): and
- 2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
- 3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomography) subfield > 350 micrometers; and
- 5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy.

Continuation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and

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- 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction in intra-retinal cysts, central retinal thickness, and sub-retinal fluid): and
- 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy: and
- 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, patient has retrialled with at least one injection of bevacizumab and had no response.

BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 20 mg vial2,560.00 1 Simulect

→ Restricted (RS1203)

Initiation

For use in solid organ transplants.

BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1691)

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolarvngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses: and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.

Continuation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses: and
- 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and
- 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease regrowth as a result of treatment.

Initiation - ocular conditions

Either:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation: or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial364.0	0 1	Erbitux
1	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	0 1	Erbitux

→ Restricted (RS1613)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and
- 3 Patient has good performance status; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1839)

Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

Price		Brand or
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continued...

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab; or
 - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

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Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective: or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.</p>

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
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continued...

- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids: and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is greater than or equal to 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids: and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the

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(ex man.	excl. GST)	_	Generic
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patient was initiated on infliximab; or

- 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
 - 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
 - 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

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- 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
- 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and
 - 2.3 Fither:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- a) Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- b) Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine,

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
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steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved guality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

MEPOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg prefilled pen	1	Nucala
t	Inj 100 mg vial1,638.00	1	Nucala

→ Restricted (RS1733)

Initiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 x 10^9 cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the single maintenance and reliever therapy regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids; or
 - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with mepolizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1550)

Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and</p>
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL: and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to $1.5 \times 10^9/L$ and platelets greater than or equal to $75 \times 10^9/L$

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

 Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe
 450.00
 1
 Xolair

 Inj 150 mg vial
 450.00
 1
 Xolair

→ Restricted (RS1652)

Initiation - severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

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12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or

- 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation - severe asthma

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

Initiation – severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
 - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
 - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response* following 4 doses; or
 - 4.2 Complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

Continuation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and
 - 2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: *Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1551)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

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- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1637)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eve: and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	2	Mabthera
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,688.30	1	Mabthera

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1785)

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroguine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and

Price		Brand or
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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	275.33	2	Riximyo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	688.20	1	Riximyo
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→ Restricted (RS1847)

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation – haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

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continued...

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

Price	Brand or
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\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive: or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
 - 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
 - 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; or
 - 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
 - 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
 - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and

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2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued

Initiation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre; or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Both:

- 1 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
 - 2.2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment: and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of

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continued...

4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
- 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ABO-incompatible organ transplant

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
 - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects

Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

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period of at least 12 months; or

- 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects

Initiation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 x 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Initiation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease: or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

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Continuation – severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis; and
- c Ellner.
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and
- 4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Continuation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and

	Price			Brand or
(ex r	man. exc	d. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

Initiation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has biopsy-proven primary/idiopathic membranous nephropathy*: or
 - 1.2 Patient has PLA2 antibodies with no evidence of secondary cause, and an eGFR of > 60ml/min/1.73m2; and
- 2 Patient remains at high risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease despite more than 3 months of treatment with conservative measures (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Continuation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for membranous nephropathy*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful, but the condition has relapsed, and the patient now requires repeat treatment; or
 - 2.2 Patient achieved partial response to treatment and requires repeat treatment (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Notes:

- a) Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.
- b) High risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease defined as > 5g/day proteinuria.
- c) Conservative measures include renin-angiotensin system blockade, blood-pressure management, dietary sodium and protein restriction, treatment of dyslipidaemia, and anticoagulation agents unless contraindicated or the patient has experienced intolerable side effects.
- d) Partial response defined as a reduction of proteinuria of at least 50% from baseline, and between 0.3 grams and 3.5 grams per 24 hours.

Initiation - B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*

Limited to 2 years treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*; and
- 2 Treatment must be in combination with an intensive chemotherapy protocol with curative intent; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 per dose for a maximum of 18 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

SECUKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe7	99.50	1	Cosentyx
	1.5	99 NN	2	Cosentyx

→ Restricted (RS1841)

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a DHB

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	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

hospital in accordance with the General Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and

- 2 Eithe
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
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continued...

- 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks initial treatment of secukinumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-secukinumab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefitted from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 150 mg monthly.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for psoniatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Fither:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior secukinumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

_	Inj 100 mg vial		1	Sylvant
ŧ	Inj 400 mg vial	3,082.33	1	Sylvant
=	Restricted (RS1525)			-

Initiation

initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Actemra
	D - 4-1-4 1 (D04700)		

⇒ Restricted (RS1786)

Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

1 All of the following:

- 1.1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1731 trial; and
- 1.2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 1.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg, maximum of 12 mg/kg); or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research Phase I ENABLE trial; and
- 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or CAR T-Cell Related Encephalopathy Syndrome (CRES) associated with the administration of CAR T-cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and
- 2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS and CRES for CAR T-cell therapy (Neelapu et al. Nat Rev Clin Oncol 2018;15:47-62) at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - previous use

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis; or
 - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease; or
 - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
 - 3.2.2 Fither:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated: or
 - 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or

continued...

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

6 Fither:

- 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the General Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
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continued...

- 2.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.4.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.4.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

ŧ	Inj 150 mg vial	1	Herceptin
1	Inj 440 mg vial3,875.00	1	Herceptin

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1554)

Initiation - Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

Initiation – metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation – metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
- 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TRASTUZUMAB EMTANSINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg vial2,320.00	1	Kadcyla
1	Inj 160 mg vial3,712.00	1	Kadcyla

→ Restricted (RS1715)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease*; or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
 - 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: *Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	1	Opdivo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial2,629.96	1	Opdivo

⇒ Restricted (RS1809)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

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continued...

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 6 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with nivolumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; or
 - 1.2.2 Both:
 - 1.2.2.1 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
 - 1.2.2.2 Patient's disease has not progressed clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documented in patient notes; and
 - 1.3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Measurable disease includes by CT or MRI imaging or caliper measurement by clinical exam. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks. Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
 must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.

P	rice			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$	F	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1810)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 6 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with pembrolizumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; or
 - 1 2 2 Roth
 - 1.2.2.1 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
 - 1.2.2.2 Patient's disease has not progressed clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documented in patient notes; and
 - 1.3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and

P	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA. et al. Eur J Cancer 2009:45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Measurable disease includes by CT or MRI imaging or caliper measurement by clinical exam. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks. Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target) must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

ATGAM ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial AZATHIOPRINE 60 Azamun Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 20227.60 100 Azamun **Imuran** BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms below OncoTICE → Restricted (RS1206)

EVEROLIMUS - **Restricted** see terms below

Other Immunosuppressants ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE)

Tab 5 mg4,555.76 Afinitor 30 30 Afinitor

→ Restricted (RS1811)

For use in bladder cancer.

Initiation

Initiation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis: and
- 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, more frequent scanning should be performed with new onset of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomiting, or increase in seizure activity.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml	165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial	4	CellCept

PICIBANII

Inj 100 mcg vial

SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 1 mg749.99	100	Rapamune
t	Tab 2 mg	100	Rapamune
t	Oral liq 1 mg per ml	60 ml	Rapamune

→ Restricted (RS1812)

Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min: or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy: or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis: or
- HUS or TTP: or
- Leukoencepthalopathy: or
- · Significant malignant disease

Initiation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformation*; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Malformations are not adequately controlled by sclerotherapy and surgery; or
 - 2.2 Malformations are widespread/extensive and sclerotherapy and surgery are not considered clinically appropriate; or
 - 2.3 Sirolimus is to be used to reduce malformation prior to consideration of surgery; and
- 3 Patient is being treated by a specialist lymphovascular malformation multi-disciplinary team; and
- 4 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1 (see Note).

Continuation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

1.1 Patient's disease has had either a complete response or a partial response to treatment, or patient has stable

continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. (GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
φ	rei	Manufacturei

continued...

disease according to RECIST version 1.1 (see Note); or

- 1.2 Patient's disease has stabilised or responded clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documents in patient notes; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47)

Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Nephrologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Evidence of renal angiomyolipoma(s) measuring 3 cm or greater and that have shown interval growth.

Continuation – renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of renal angiomyolipoma reduction or stability by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound; and
- 2 Demonstrated stabilisation or improvement in renal function; and
- 3 The patient has not experienced angiomyolipoma haemorrhage or significant adverse effects to sirolimus treatment; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has epilepsy with a background of documented tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Vigabatrin has been trialled and has not adequately controlled seizures; and
 - 2.1.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least two of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Vigabatrin is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least three of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); and
- 3 Seizures have a significant impact on quality of life; and
- 4 Patient has been assessed and surgery is considered inappropriate for this patient, or the patient has been assessed and would benefit from mTOR inhibitor treatment prior to surgery.

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment, which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patients age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug, with good evidence of adherence. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

demonstrated significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate (e.g. 50% reduction in seizure frequency) or severity and/or patient quality of life compared with baseline prior to starting sirolimus treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antiallergy Preparations

Allergic Emergencies

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1501)

Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Allergy Desensitisation

BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Ini 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1117)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1118)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1119)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Allergy Prophylactics			
BUDESONIDE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		200 dose 200 dose	SteroClear SteroClear
FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	1.98	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%	5.23	15 ml	Univent
Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		100 200 ml 100 100 ml 50 50	Zista Histaclear Lorafix Haylor Syrup Allersoothe Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		100 ml 5	Allersoothe Hospira
Anticholinergic Agents			
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-20 to	2022 11.73	20	Univent
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Age	onists		
SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per dos Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		20	Duolin

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents

GLYCOPYRRONIUM

Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised tiotropium or umeclidinium.

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE

Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or umeclidinium.

Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg per dose50.37 60 dose Spiriva Respimat

UMECLIDINIUM

Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or tiotropium bromide.

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted (RS1518)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Roth

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg......81.00 30 dose Ultibro Breezhaler

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL - Restricted see terms above

UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms above

Antifibrotics

NINTEDANIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 100 mg	2,554.00	60	Ofev
1	Cap 150 mg	3.870.00	60	Ofev

→ Restricted (RS1813)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

	Price			Brand or
(ex man.		ST)		Generic
·	\$	ÉF	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 267 mg	90	Esbriet
	Tab 801 mg	90	Esbriet
t	Cap 267 mg	270	Esbriet

(Esbriet Cap 267 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)

⇒ Restricted (RS1814)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

	P (ex man.	rice excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists				
SALBUTAMOL Oral liq 400 mcg per ml Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		20.00	150 ml	Ventolin
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose		3.80	200 dose	SalAir Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 202	24	8.96	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule -5% DV Jan-22 to 202	24	9.43	20	Asthalin
TERBUTALINE SULPHATE Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation, 200 mcg per dose (equivalent to 250 mcg				
metered dose), breath activated		22.20	120 dose	Bricanyl Turbuhaler

Cough Suppressants

PHOLCODINE

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml

Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%

Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%

Nasal drops 0.05%

Nasal drops 0.1%

Inhaled Corticosteroids

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
•	9.30		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose	12.50	200 dose	Beclazone 100
••	15.50		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	22.67	200 dose	Beclazone 250

	Dries		Drand ar	
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
BUDESONIDE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose				
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose				
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose				
FLUTICASONE				
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose – 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023	7 10	120 dose	Flixotide	
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler	
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose	13.87	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler	
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023		120 dose	Flixotide	
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023		120 dose	Flixotide	
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler	
01				
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists				
MONTELLIZACT				
MONTELUKAST Tab 4 mg = 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	4.25	28	Montelukast Mylan	
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		28	Montelukast Mylan	
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		28	Montelukast Mylan	
145 10 mg 170 51 041 20 to 2022			montoraliaet mytan	
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists				
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE				
Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose				
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE				
Powder for inhalation 4.5 mcg per dose, breath activated (equivale	ent to			
eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg metered dose)				
INDACATEROL				
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler	
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose		30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler	
SALMETEROL				
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose	25.00	120 dose	Serevent	
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler	
1 Ondo 101 milatation of mag per doco	20.00	00 0000	COTO VOTIL 7 ICCUITATION	
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adre	enoceptor Ago	nists		
BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL				
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg				
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg				
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg				
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg				
Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg				
Powder for inhalation 160 mcg with 4.5 mcg eformoterol fumarate	per			
dose (equivalent to 200 mcg budesonide with 6 mcg eformote				
fumarate metered dose)		120 dose	DuoResp Spiromax	
Powder for inhalation 320 mcg with 9 mcg eformoterol fumarate per				
dose (equivalent to 400 mcg budesonide with 12 mcg eformot		100 :	D D 0:	
fumarate metered dose)	82.50	120 dose	DuoResp Spiromax	
FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL				
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg	44.08	30 dose	Breo Ellipta	

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	iT) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg - 1% DV Sep-20 to	2023 25.79	120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	33.74	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg - 1% DV Sep-20			
to 2023	32.60	120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	44.08	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler

Mast Cell Stabilisers

SODIUM CROMOGLICATE

Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose

(Any Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose to be delisted 1 November 2021)

Methylxanthines

AMINOPHYLLINE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule180	0.00	5	DBL Aminophylline
CAFFEINE CITRATE			
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml) - 1% DV Nov-19 to 202215	5.10 2	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV			
Nov-19 to 2022	3.25	5	Biomed
THEOPHYLLINE			
Tab long-acting 250 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 202223	3.02	100	Nuelin-SR
Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 202216	5.60 5	00 ml	Nuelin

Mucolytics and Expectorants

DORNASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule......250.00 6 Pulmozyme

→ Restricted (RS1787)

Initiation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Patient has previously undergone a trial with, or is currently being treated with, hypertonic saline; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has required one or more hospital inpatient respiratory admissions in the previous 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 exacerbations due to CF, requiring oral or intravenous (IV) antibiotics in in the previous 12 month period: or
 - 3.3 Patient has had 1 exacerbation due to CF, requiring oral or IV antibiotics in the previous 12 month period and a Brasfield score of < 22/25; or</p>
 - 3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA).

Continuation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatment.

Initiation – significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

Initiation – pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 150 mg29,386.00	56	Kalydeco
t	Oral granules 50 mg, sachet	56	Kalydeco
	Oral granules 75 mg, sachet	56	Kalydeco

→ Restricted (RS1818)

Initiation

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene on at least 1 allele; or
 - 2.2 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation (G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele; and
- 3 Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition; and
- 5 Patient must not have an acute upper or lower respiratory infection, pulmonary exacerbation, or changes in therapy (including antibiotics) for pulmonary disease in the last 4 weeks prior to commencing treatment with ivacaftor; and
- 6 The dose of ivacaftor will not exceed one tablet or one sachet twice daily; and
- 7 Applicant has experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Pulmonary Surfactants

BFRACTANT

Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial

PORACTANT ALFA

 Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial
 425.00
 1
 Curosurf

 Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial
 695.00
 1
 Curosurf

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

216

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations				
Antibacterials				
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 1% DV May-20 to 2022 Ear drops 0.5%			5 g	Devatis
Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		.1.54	10 ml	Chlorafast
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024		.9.73	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%				
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%		11.40	5 ml	Genoptic
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%				
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%		.5.29	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%				
TOBRAMYCIN Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%			3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals				
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%				
Antivirals				
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024		14.88	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations				
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		16.30	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramici 50 mcg per ml	din			
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulp		HATE		
6,000 u per g Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b			3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN Evo dropp 0.1% with tobropying 0.3%			5 ml	Maxitrol Tobradex
Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%		12.04	5 ml	TUDIAUEX



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIQQUINOL

Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NYSTATIN

Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and

Anti-Inflammatory Preparations

Corticosteroids

DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	5 ml	Maxidex
	1	Ozurdex

→ Restricted (RS1606)

Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
 - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema: and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

		<u> </u>	
	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1%	3.09	5 ml	FML
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1%	 7.00	5 ml	Pred Forte
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)	5.93 38.50	10 ml 20 dose	Prednisolone- AFT Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% – 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024 KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5% NEPAFENAC	 8.80	5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Eye drops 0.3%	 13.80	3 ml	llevro
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05%			
LODOXAMIDE Eye drops 0.1% OLOPATADINE	 8.71	10 ml	Lomide
Eye drops 0.1% - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2022	 2.20	5 ml	Olopatadine Teva
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Eye drops 2% - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	 1.79	5 ml	Rexacrom
Decongestants			
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1%	 4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations			
Diagnostic Dyes			
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose LISSAMINE GREEN Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg	 125.00	12	Fluorescite
ROSE BENGAL SODIUM Ophthalmic strips 1%			

	Price (ex man. exc \$	I. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Irrigation Solutions			
MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodi	um	00 45	Delegand Call Calcifor
chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle. Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodi chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml	oride	00 15 m	Balanced Salt Solution e.g. Balanced Salt
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodi			Solution
chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bag Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride			e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodi chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle	um	50 500 n	nl Balanced Salt Solution
Ocular Anaesthetics			
OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Viscoelastic Substances			
HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe			
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	50.0 50.0 60.0 28.5	00 1 00 1 00 1	Healon GV Healon GV Healon GV Pro Healon 5 Healon
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syri and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 m	inge nl		
syringeInj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml syrin and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.55	ige	00 1	Duovisc
syringeInj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syri			Duovisc Viscoat

		3L	NSONT UNGANS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other			
DISODIUM EDETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial			
RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1% Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500			
Glaucoma Preparations			
Beta Blockers			
BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25% Eye drops 0.5% TIMOLOL		5 ml 5 ml	Betoptic S Betoptic
Eye drops 0.25% – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	2.04	5 ml 5 ml 2.5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Arrow-Timolol Timoptol XE
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors			
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg Inj 500 mg	17.03	100	Diamox
BRINZOLAMIDE Eye drops 1% – 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 DORZOLAMIDE Eye drops 2%	7.30	5 ml	Azopt
DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	2.73	5 ml	Dortimopt
Miotics			
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent			
CARBACHOL Inj 150 mcg vial			
PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 1%		15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 4%	7.99	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Prostaglandin Analogues			

BIMATOPROST

Bimatoprost Multichem

3 ml

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LATANOPROST Eye drops 0.005% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	1.82	2.5 ml	Teva
LATANOPROST WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.005% with timolol 0.5% - 1% DV Sep-21 to 2023		2.5 ml	Arrow - Lattim
TRAVOPROST Eye drops 0.004% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	9.75	2.5 ml	Travatan
(Travopt Eye drops 0.004% to be delisted 1 December 2021)	7.30	5 ml	Travopt
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5%	10.77	5l	la mislima
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE	19.77	5 ml	lopidine
Eye drops 0.2% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	17.36	15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%	8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
Eye drops 1%, single dose TROPICAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	7.15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%	8.25	30	Poly Gel
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose			
Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose			

	F	Price			Brand or
(ex	man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
		\$		Per	Manufacturer
HYPROMELLOSE					
Eye drops 0.5%		. 19.5	0	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN					
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%		2.3	0	15 ml	Poly-Tears
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose					
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL					
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, single do	se	4.3	0	24	Systane Unit Dose
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN					
Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%					
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT					
Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%		3.6	3	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE				ŭ	•
Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose					
RETINOL PALMITATE					
Oint 138 mcg per g		3.8	n	5 g	VitA-POS
		0.0	•	o g	VIULTOO
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]		10.0	-	10 1	II.da Eraab
Eye drops 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		. 13.8	כ	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings

Antidotes

ACETYLCYSTEINE

Tab eff 200 mg

AMYL NITRITE

Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

ETHANOL

Liq 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024......110.12

Hameln

10

5

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

lnj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule22.60

DBL Naloxone

Hydrochloride

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Ini 20%. 500 ml bottle

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN

Inj 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

28

Exiade

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Ini 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CHARCOAL

	Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DE	FERASIROX - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 125 mg dispersible	276.00	28	Exjade
t	Tab 250 mg dispersible	552.00	28	Exjade

⇒ Restricted (RS1444)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels. liver or cardiac MRI T2*: or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis: or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per µL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 - 1.0 cells per uL).

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels. .

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 500 mg	533.17	100	Ferriprox
t	Oral liq 100 mg per ml	266.59	250 ml	Ferriprox

⇒ Restricted (RS1445)

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE

Inj 500 mg vial	84.53	10	DBL Desferrioxamine
			Mesylate for Inj BP

DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ DIMERCAPROL Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID Cap 100 mg e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare. Chemet e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Cap 200 mg Healthcare. Chemet SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Ini 200 mg per ml. 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule **Antiseptics and Disinfectants** CHI ORHEXIDINE Soln 4% Soln 5%......15.50 500 ml healthF CHI ORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5% Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5% CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70% Soln 2% with ethanol 70% healthE **IODINE WITH ETHANOL** Soln 1% with ethanol 70% ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL 1 healthE POVIDONE-IODINE Vaginal tab 200 mg → Restricted (RS1354) Initiation Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy. 65 g Betadine 100 ml Riodine Soln 5% Soln 7.5% Riodine 15 ml 500 ml Riodine 5.40 Pad 10% Swab set 10% POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30% Soln 10% with ethanol 70% SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Soln

			VARIOUS
(e	Price ex man. excl. GS ⁻¹	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contrast Media			
Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100	ml		
bottle		100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle		1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			· ·
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL			10004.1
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	410.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
	410.00	1	Lipiodoi Oitia Fidid
IODIXANOL	000.00	40	Visinsan
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10 10	Visipaque Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
		10	Vioipaquo
IOHEXOL	77.00	10	Omninagua
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottleInj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle	154.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	298.00	10	Omnipaque
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
·			
BARIUM SULPHATE			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet		50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle		148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube		454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle		250 ml 240 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40 145.04	240 mi 230 ml	Varibar - Nectar Varibar - Pudding
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag		12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	VoLumen
Oral lig 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle		24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle		3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle		1	Liquibar
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			•
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 c	n		
eachot	102.02	50	E 7 Coc II

E-Z-Gas II

50

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, a sachet	4 g		e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBENIC ACID			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	324.74	10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe	120.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled	t		
syringe	180.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled			
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADODIAMIDE			
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	200.00	10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	170.00	10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe	320.00	10	Omniscan
GADOTERIC ACID			
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe	172.00	10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle	9.10	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefil	led		
syringe	300.00	1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE			•
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	150.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
,			=•••p
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial	180.00	1	Definity
, 	720.00	4	Definity
	, _0.00	•	····· ·

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Proveblue

Diagnostic Agents

ARGININE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE

Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial

Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial

Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial

MANNITOI

Powder for inhalation

e.g. Aridol

METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE

Powder 100 mg

SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE

Ini 100 u ampoule

SINCAL IDE

Inj 5 mcg per vial

Diagnostic Dyes

BONNEY'S BLUE DYE

Soln

INDIGO CARMINE

Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

INDOCYANINE GREEN

Inj 25 mg vial

METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE]

ATENT BLUE V			
Ini 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule	440.00	5	Obex Medical

Inj 2.5%, 5 ml prefilled syringe.......420.00 5 InterPharma

Irrigation Solutions

CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 500 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1683)

Initiation

PA

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body surface area (BSA); and

Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule240.35

- 2 For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of large burn areas requiring debridement/skin grafting; and
- 3 The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the area to be covered.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

Pfizer 30

VARIOUS

•	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLYCINE			
Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag	31.20	4	B Braun
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag2	26.80	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule	.7.00	20	Interpharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle		10	Baxter Sodium Chloride 0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi
WATER			
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag2	28.80	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle		10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

\$ Per Manufacturer

Cardioplegia Solutions

ELECTROLYTES

- Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmol/l potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1.000 ml bag
- Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag
- Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml bag
- Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag
- Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag
- Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Ini 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Custodiol-HTK

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.

- e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution
- e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution
- e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832
- e.g. Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solution

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Gene Per Manu

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHLOROFORM Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

COLLODION FLEXIBLE

Lia

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml ampoule

DITHRANOL

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	(ex man. e	ice excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN				
Suspension – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	3	30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE				
Suspension - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	3	30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL				
Liq - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		.3.23	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
HYDROCORTISONE				
Powder	4	19.95	25 g	ABM
LACTOSE Powder				
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE				
Paste				
MENTHOL Crystals				
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Powder				
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE				
Powder – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		.8.98	25 g	Midwest
METHYLCELLULOSE			- 3	
Powder – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	3	36.95	100 g	Midwest
Suspension - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022			473 ml	Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN	١			
Suspension - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		30.95	473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE				
Suspension - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	3	30.95	473 ml	Ora-Blend
OLIVE OIL				
Liq				
PARAFFIN Lig				
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM				
Powder				
PHENOL				
Liq				
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder				
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE				
Liq				
POVIDONE K30 Powder				
SALICYLIC ACID Powder				
SILVER NITRATE Crystals				
SODIUM BICARBONATE				
Powder BP - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	1	10.05	500 g	Midwest
			J	

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SULPHUR

Precipitated

Sublimed

SYRUP

Liq (pharmaceutical grade) - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022......14.95 500 ml Midwest

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

UREA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1% ZINC OXIDE

Powder

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

→ Restricted (RS1467)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant: or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- 1 Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted (RS1468)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome: or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia: or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak: or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

1 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Liquid 50 q fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle

1 Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Liquigen e.g. MCT Oil

WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liq

Protein

→ Restricted (RS1469)

Initiation – Use as an additive

Either:

- 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or
- 2 High protein needs.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can

Powder 89 g protein, < 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 g, 225 g can

e.g. Protifar

Other Supplements

BREAST MILK FORTIFIER

Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet

Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet

CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

₱ Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

→ Restricted (RS1212)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.2 Cancer in children; or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth: or
 - 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
 - 2.5 Premature and post premature infants.

e.g. FM 85

e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier

e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer

e.g. Super Soluble
Duocal

SPECIAL FOODS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$

Per Manufacturer

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by Pharmac; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

Pharmac intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder e.g. Feed Thickener
Karicare Aptamil

GUAR GUM

Powder e.g. Guarcol

MAIZE STARCH

Powder e.g. Resource Thicken

Up: Nutilis

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM

Powder e.g. Instant Thick

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID

Powder e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted (RS1232) Initiation

A of the of all a

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g. 400 g can

e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

Maxamaid



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Homocystinuria Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- 1 Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle

- e.g. HCU Anamix Infant
- e.a. XMET Maxamaid
- e.g. XMET Maxamum
- e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ

Isovaleric Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- 1 Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. IVA Anamix Infant
- e.g. XLEU Maxamaid
- e.g. XLEU Maxamum

Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- 1 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

- e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant
- e.g. MSUD Maxamum
- e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior I O

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer Phenylketonuria Products AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restricted see terms on page 237 1 Tab 8.33 mg e.g. Phlexy-10 Powder 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per 28 g sachet e.a. PKU Lophlex Powder (unflavoured) Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g sachet e.a. PKU Anamix Junior (van/choc/unfl) 1 Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can e.g. PKU Anamix Infant Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can e.g. XP Maxamum 1 Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet e.a. Phlexv-10 Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle e.a. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 125 ml PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Orange) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Unflavoured) Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 Liquid 16 a protein, 7 a carbohydrate and 0.27 a fibre per 100 ml. 62.5 ml bottle e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml e.a. Easiphen

Propionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THREONINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on page 237

t	Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per
	100 g, 400 g can

Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per

100 g, 109 g pot

- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. MMA/PA Anamix Infant
- e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid

e.g. PKU Lophlex Sensations 20 (berries)

e.a. XMTVI Maxamum



SPECIAL FOODS					
	(ex	Price man. excl. GST	Γ) Per	Bran Gene Mani	
Protein Free Supplements					
PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT – Res Powder nil added protein and 67 g				e.g.	Energivit
Tyrosinaemia Products					
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT P Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohyd		- Restricted	see terms o	on page	e 237
sachet Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbo 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbo		r		e.g.	TYR Anamix Junior TYR Anamix Infant XPHEN, TYR
t Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate 100 ml, 125 ml bottle				Ü	Maxamaid TYR Anamix Junior
					LQ
Urea Cycle Disorders Produc					
AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT – Restrict Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbo Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200	ohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can			-	Dialamine Essential Amino Acid Mix
X-Linked Adrenoleukodystro	phy Products				
GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted Liquid, 500 ml bottle					
Specialised Formulas					
Diabetic Products					
2 For patients with pancreatic insu3 For patients who have, or are ex	spected to, eat little or nothing for 5 operative capacity and/or high nutrie	days; or			
LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML					
t Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydra	ate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml	3.75	500 ml		cerna Select

e.g. Nutrison Advanced

Diason

1,000 ml bag

				SPEC	CIAL FOODS
	Pri (ex man. e \$		T) Per	Bran Gene Mani	
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous					
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre per 100 ml, can		2.10	237 ml	Sus	tagen Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 7 g protein, 10.9 g carbohydrate, 2.7 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle		2.10	200 ml	Nutr	en Diabetes (Vanilla)
t Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle				U	Diasip
(Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla) Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 February 2022)	g fat and	1.9 g f	ibre per 10	00 ml, ca	n to be delisted 1
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products					
→ Restricted (RS1216) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding.					
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above 1 Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above		4.50	80 g	Vivo	nex TEN
 Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 carton PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms Liquid 4 g protein, 17.7 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml, 				e.g.	Elemental 028 Extra
1,000 ml bag				e.g.	Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see tern Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g	bottle1	8.06	1,000 m	I Vita	
400 g can Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 40				e.g.	Peptamen Junior
can	- 3			e.g.	MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+

Peptamen OS

1.0 (Vanilla)

237 ml

PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton.......4.95



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer Fat Modified Products FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below Powder 12.8 g protein, 68.6 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g. 400 g can e.g. Monogen Powder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can e.g. Monogen (e.g. Monogen Powder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can to be delisted 1 December 2021) → Restricted (RS1470) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or 2 Patient has a chyle leak: or 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults. Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula. **Hepatic Products** → Restricted (RS1217) Initiation For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant. HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above 400 g **Heparon Junior High Calorie Products** → Restricted (RS1317) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or 2 Patient requires low electrolyte: or 3 Both: 3.1 Any of the following: 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements: and 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements. ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above 500 ml Nutrison Concentrated Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per 1.000 ml Ensure Two Cal HN RTH TwoCal HN RTH

ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – **Restricted** see terms above

1 Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbohydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per

(TwoCal HN RTH (Vanilla) Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle to be delisted 1

(Vanilla)

February 2022)

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

High Protein Products

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1.000 ml bottle

e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus

→ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.26 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 10 g protein, 10.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.78 500 ml Nutrison Protein Intense

⇒ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Nutrison Protein
Plus Multi Fibre

⇒ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

		(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
lı	nfant Formulas					
_	IINO ACID FORMULA – Restricted see terms below Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml,					
	400 g can					e.g. Neocate
t	Powder 13 g protein, 49 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, 400	g				
t	can Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, 4	00 a				e.g. Neocate SYNEO unflavoured
	can	- · J				e.g. Neocate Junior Unflavoured
t	Powder 13.3 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.6 g fat per 100 g,	can	.43.60)	400 g	Alfamino
t	Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g,	can	.53.00)	400 g	Neocate Gold (Unflavoured)
t	Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g,	can	.53.00)	400 g	Neocate Junior Vanilla

→ Restricted (RS1765)

Initiation

Any of the following:

1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled for 2-4 weeks and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or

400 g

400 g

400 a

Alfamino Junior

Elecare (Vanilla)

(Unflavoured)

Elecare (Unflavoured)

Flecare I CP

2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or

Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can43.60

Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00

Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00

- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis; or
- 4 Ultra-short gut; or
- 5 Severe Immune deficiency.

Continuation

All of the following:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula; and
- 3 Amino acid formula is required for a nutritional deficit.

ENTERAL LIQUID PEPTIDE FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

1	Liquid 2.75 g protein, 13.7 g carbohydrate and 3.89 g fat per 100 ml10.45	500 ml	Nutrini Peptisorb
1	Liquid 4.2 g protein, 18.6 g carbohydrate and 6.58 g fat per 100 ml15.68	500 ml	Nutrini Peptisorb Energy

→ Restricted (RS1775)

All of the following:

Initiation

- 1 Patient has impaired gastrointestinal function and either cannot tolerate polymeric feeds, or polymeric feeds are unsuitable; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Severe malabsorption; or
 - 2.2 Short bowel syndrome; or
 - 2.3 Intractable diarrhoea: or
 - 2.4 Biliary atresia; or

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.5 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malabsorption; or
- 2.6 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2.7 Proven fat malabsorption; or
- 2.8 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 2.9 Intestinal failure; or
- 2.10 Both:
 - 2.10.1 The patient is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
 - 2.10.2 The patient is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an enteral liquid peptide formula; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 A semi-elemental or partially hydrolysed powdered feed has been reasonably trialled and considered unsuitable; or
 - 3.2 For step down from intravenous nutrition.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the patient can be transitioned to a cows milk protein or soy infant formula or extensively hydrolysed formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the patient continues to require an enteral liquid peptide formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA – **Restricted** see terms below Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

	. or do. no g proton, rio g odroon, didio dina or grat por roo m, coo g		
	can	900 a	Aptamil AllerPro SYNEO
		3	4
			1
1	Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g		

Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g,
450 g can

e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti
Junior

→ Restricted (RS1502)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
 - 2 Severe malabsorption; or
 - 3 Short bowel syndrome: or
 - 4 Intractable diarrhoea; or
 - 5 Biliary atresia; or
 - 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
 - 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or
 - 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
 - 10 Intestinal failure: or
 - 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated allergic reaction.

continued...

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ continued... Continuation Both: 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula. FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g. e.g. Galactomin 19 400 g can LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g e.a. S26 Lactose Free can LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA Powder 14.6 g protein, 55.2 g carbohydrate and 25.8 g fat per 100 g. 400 g can e.g. Locasol PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per 125 ml Infatrini → Restricted (RS1614) Initiation – Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering growth Both: 1 Either: 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg. Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding. PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 0.75 100 ml S26 I BW Gold RTF Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml bottle e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm ⇒ Restricted (RS1224) Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

		:	SPECIAL FOODS
	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Ketogenic Diet Products			
HIGH FAT FORMULA − Restricted see terms below Powder 14.4 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100	0 g, can35.50	300 g	Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)
Fowder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100	0 g, can 35.50	300 g	Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)
For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase defici conditions requiring a ketogenic diet. Paediatric Products	ency or glucose tran	sported type	e-1 deficiency and other
 → Restricted (RS1473) Initiation Both: Child is aged one to ten years; and Any of the following: The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inseed. Any condition causing malabsorption; or Faltering growth in an infant/child; or Increased nutritional requirements; or The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding. The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nother. 	ng to oral feeding; or	<i>0.</i>	or
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see ter Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibr			

PAFDIATRIC ENTERAI	FFFD 0.76 KCAL/MI	 Restricted see terms above 	ı

1 /	LEDIATITIO ENTETIALITED 0.70 NOALIME TICSUICICO SCC ICITIS ADOVC			
t	Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per 100 ml, bag	. 4.00	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy
	•			Multifibre RTH
РΔ	EDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			
t	Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag	2.69	500 ml	Pediasure RTH
•		.2.00	300 1111	i ediasale ittii
ı	Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml,			
	500 ml bag			e.g. Nutrini RTH
PΑ	EDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			
t	Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per			
•	100 ml, bag	6.00	500 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi
	100 III, bag	. 0.00	300 1111	Fibre
t	Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml,			ribie
•				o a Nutrini Energy DTII
	500 ml bag			e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH
PΑ	EDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			
t	Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	.1.07	200 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate)
				Pediasure (Strawberry)
				Pediasure (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, can	.1.34	250 ml	Pediasure (Vanilla)
- n			200	· outdouto (varima)
PP	EDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			
t	Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml,			
	200 ml bottle			e.g. Fortini
t	Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per			
	100 ml, 200 ml bottle			e.g. Fortini Multifibre
	•			

		Price . excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Renal Products				
LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted se	e terms	below		
↓ Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fib per 100 ml, bottle → Restricted (RS1229) Initiation		6.08	500 ml	Nepro HP RTH
For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.				
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED − Restricted see terms below Powder 7.5 g protein, 57.6 g carbohydrate and 25.9 g fat per 100 g 400 g can	,			e.g. Kindergen
⇒ Restricted (RS1227)				
Initiation For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML				
Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre 100 ml, carton		2.67	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
→ Restricted (RS1228)				
Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.				
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see term Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, car			237 ml	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 23	7 ml			
bottle ↓ Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 128 carton → Restricted (RS1228)	5 ml			e.g. Renilon 7.5
Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.				
,				
Surgical Products				
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms b Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydrate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g fibre pe 100 ml, carton	r	4.00	178 ml	Impact Advanced Recovery
→ Restricted (RS1231) Initiation				Hoodvory
Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricter • Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200	d see ter	• .		
bottle → Restricted (RS1415)		6.80	4	preOp
Initiation Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (El surgery.	RAS) pro	otocol 2 to 3	hours befo	ore major abdominal

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

Any of the following:

For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or
 - 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
 - 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from

	causes such as catabolism; or For use pre- and post-surgery; or For patients being tube-fed; or For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.	or increased	nunnonal neeus nom
EN t	ITERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag7.00 Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy e.g. Nutrison Energy
t	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can	250 ml 1,000 ml	Multi Fibre Ensure Plus HN Ensure Plus HN RTH Jevity HiCal RTH
t	ITERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.29 Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH Jevity RTH
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	1,000 1111	e.g. NutrisonStdRTH; NutrisonLowSodium
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle		e.g. Nutrison Low Sodium
ΕN	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1000 ml bag ITERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre
ΕN	Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag ITERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per		e.g. Jevity Plus RTH
•	100 ml, bottle	1,000 ml	Nutrison 800 Complete Multi Fibre

SPECIAL FOODS

		D 1
Price	`T\	Brand or Generic
(ex man. excl. GS	Per	Manufacturer
	1 01	manadataror
ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate)
A B C C C C C C C C C C		Ensure (Vanilla)
Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can14.00	840 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Choc) Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Van)
ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page		(/
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,		
237 ml carton		e.g. Resource Fruit
237 IIII Callon		Beverage
ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can 1.33	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,	000 1	E DI (D.)
carton1.26	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortijuice
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml		- ,
bottle		e.g. Fortisip
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per		- '
100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Bacterial and Viral Vaccines

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe

→ Restricted (RS1387)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens;
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE $\,-\,$

Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepatitis B

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for children up to and under the age of 10 who are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

Bacterial Vaccines

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial

Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ DIPHTHERIA. TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin and 2.5 mcg Boostrix 1 10 **Boostrix** → Restricted (RS1790) Initiation Any of the following: 1 A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trimester of each pregnancy; or; or 2 A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants admitted to a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit or Specialist Care Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed to maternal vaccination at least 14 days prior to birth; or; or 3 A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation: or 4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or 5 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 65 years old; or 6 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 45 years old who have not had 4 previous tetanus doses; or 7 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or 8 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 9 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below ■ Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjugated to tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syringe plus0.00 1 Hiberix → Restricted (RS1520) Initiation Therapy limited to 1 dose Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician. MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 4 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial -Menactra → Restricted (RS1848) Initiation Fither: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant;

continued...

1.2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.3 One dose for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 1.4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 1.5 A maximum of two doses for person pre and post-immunosuppression*: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
 - 2.2.2 One dose for individuals who are currently living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons, from 1 December 2019 to 30 November 2021.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL B MULTICOMPONENT VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1851)

Initiation - Infants under one year of age

Any of the following:

- 1 up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 2 up to three doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to three doses for child who or has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to three doses for bone marrow transplant patients: or
- 5 up to three doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Initiation - Person is one year of age or over

Any of the following:

- 1 up to two doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 2 up to two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to two doses for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 up to two doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Note: *Immunosuppression due to corticosteroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1849)

Initiation - Children under 9 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
- 2 Two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 Two doses for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of two doses for child pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Notes: children under nine months of age require two doses 8 weeks apart. Refer to the Immunisation Handbook for booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Synflorix

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9V.

14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 4,

18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - **0% DV Oct-20 to 2024** 0.00

→ Restricted (RS1768)

Initiation

A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated individuals up to the age of 59 months inclusive.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A,

⇒ Restricted (RS1769)

Initiation - High risk children who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Two doses are funded for high risk children (over the age of 12 months and under 18 years) who have previously received two doses of the primary course of PCV10.

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for children aged under 5 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies: or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection; or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts: or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks destation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes: or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk adults and children 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation of patients 5 years and over with HIV, for patients pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1587)

Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts: or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes: or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1243)

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines

HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1638)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or
- 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE



Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1588)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse: or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For solid organ transplant patients: or
- 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or
- 10 Following needle stick injury.
- **Engerix-B**

→ Restricted (RS1671)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients: or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients: or
- 10 Following needle stick injury; or
- 11 For dialysis patients; or
- 12 For liver or kidney transplant patients.

HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VACCINE [HPV] - Restricted see terms below

10 Gardasil 9

→ Restricted (RS1693)

Initiation - Children aged 14 years and under

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Children aged 14 years and under.

Initiation - other conditions

Either:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or
 - 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) patients; or
 - 2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

continued...

				VACCINES
		Price excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Initiation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis All of the following:				
 1 Either: 1.1 Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and ur 1.2 Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and o 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and 				
3 The patient has not previously had an HPV vaccine.				
INFLUENZA VACCINE Inj 30 mcg in 0.25 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine)		9.00	1	Afluria Quad Junior (2021 Formulation)
→ Restricted (RS1675) Initiation – cardiovascular disease for patients aged 6 months to 3: Any of the following:	5 month	s		,
1 Ischaemic heart disease; or 2 Congestive heart failure; or 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or 4 Congenital heart disease; or				
5 Cerebro-vascular disease. Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-orgal Initiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients aged 6 months			I from fu	nding.
Either: 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.				
Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded fro Initiation – Other conditions for patients aged 6 months to 35 months		g.		
Any of the following: 1 Diabetes; or				
2 Chronic renal disease; or3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not in4 Autoimmune disease; or	nvasive;	or		
5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or 6 HIV; or				
 7 Transplant recipient; or 8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or 9 Haemoglobinopathies; or 				
10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or 11 Has a cochlear implant; or				
12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation13 Pre and post splenectomy; or14 Down syndrome; or	; or			
15 Child who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a h	nistory of	significant r	espirato	ry illness.
Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (adjuvanted quadrivalent vaccine)		.90.00	10	Fluad Quad (2021 Formulation)
Restricted (RS1819)				

Initiation – People over 65 The patient is 65 years of age or over.

1

Influvac Tetra

(2021 Formulation)

Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine)......9.00

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1829)

Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients 3 and 4 years of age (inclusive)

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease: or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease: or
- 4 Congenital heart disease: or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients 3 and 4 years of age (inclusive)

Fither:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions for patients 3 and 4 years of age (inclusive)

Either:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes: or
 - 1.2 Chronic renal disease; or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease: or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 1.6 HIV: or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
 - 1.15 Has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital..
- Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (quadrivalent vaccine)......90.00

10 Afluria Quad

(2021 Formulation)

→ Restricted (RS1830)

Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients 5 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure: or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease: or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

continued...

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - chronic respiratory disease for patients 5 years and over

Fither:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions for patients 5 years and over

Fither:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes: or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease: or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency: or
 - 1.6 HIV; or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient: or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders: or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies: or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome: or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital.

MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

¶ Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50.

Rubella virus 1.000 CCID50: prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent

Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression: or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.

Initiation - first dose after 12 months

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression: or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

POLIOMYFLITIS VACCINF - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1398)

Initiation

Either:

Therapy limited to 3 doses

continued...



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

RABIES VACCINE

Ini 2.5 IU vial with diluent

ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose,

10 Rotarix

→ Restricted (RS1590) Initiation

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and
- 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over.

VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE]

Varivax 10 Varivax

→ Restricted (RS1591)

Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Fither:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1777)

Initiation - infants between 9 and 12 months of age

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

■ Varicella zoster virus (Oka strain) live attenuated vaccine [shingles

Zostavax

10 Zostavax

⇒ Restricted (RS1779)

Initiation - people aged 65 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged 65 years.

Initiation - people aged between 66 and 80 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged between 66 and 80 years inclusive from 1 April 2018 and 31 December 2021.

Diagnostic Agents

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST

PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at schedule.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips20.00 10.00	1	CareSens N Premier Caresens N Caresens N POP
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP		
Blood glucose test strips10.56	50 test	CareSens N
Test strips	50 test	CareSens PRO
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP		
Test strips	10 strip	KetoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic		
test strips20.00	1	CareSens Dual
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE		
Small	1	e-chamber Mask
PEAK FLOW METER		
Low Range	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low Range
Normal Range9.54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE		
Cassette	40 test	Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE		,
Test strip22.00	50 strip	Ketostix
SPACER DEVICE		
220 ml (single patient)2.95	1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)5.12	1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml6.50	1	Volumatic

- Symbols -	Renin-Angiotensin System 41	Amisulpride12
8-methoxypsoralen59	Agents for Parkinsonism and Related	Amitriptyline11
- A -	Disorders 107	Amlodipine4
A-Scabies56	Agents Used in the Treatment of	Amorolfine5
Abacavir sulphate89	Poisonings224	Amoxicillin7
Abacavir sulphate with	Ajmaline43	Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid7
lamivudine 89	Albendazole86	Amoxiclav multichem7
Abciximab	Aldurazyme18	Amphotericin B
Abiraterone acetate149	Alecensa141	Alimentary2
Acarbose9	Alectinib141	Infections8
Accarb9	Alendronate sodium98	Amsacrine13
Accuretic 1041	Alendronate sodium with	Amyl nitrite22
Accuretic 2041	colecalciferol98	Anabolic Agents6
Acetazolamide221	Alfacalcidol25	Anaesthetics10
Acetec41	Alfamino244	Anagrelide hydrochloride13
Acetic acid	Alfamino Junior244	Analgesics11
Extemporaneously Compounded	Alfentanil112	Anastrozole15
Preparations232	Alglucosidase alfa15	Anatrole15
Genito-Urinary61	Alinia87	Andriol Testocaps6
Acetic acid with hydroxyquinoline,	Allersoothe210	Androderm6
glycerol and ricinoleic acid61	Allmercap	Androgen Agonists and
Acetic acid with propylene	Allopurinol103	Antagonists6
glycol223	Alpha tocopheryl25	Anoro Ellipta21
Acetylcholine chloride221	Alpha tocopheryl acetate26	Antabuse13
Acetylcysteine224	Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers42	Antacids and Antiflatulents
Aciclovir	Alphamox79	Anti-Infective Agents6
Infections92	Alphamox 12579	Anti-Infective Preparations
Sensory217	Alphamox 25079	Dermatological5
Aciclovir-Baxter92	Alprolix31	Sensory21
Acid Citrate Dextrose A34	Alprostadil hydrochloride50	Anti-Inflammatory Preparations21
Acidex5	Alteplase36	Antiacne Preparations5
Acipimox49	Alum232	Antiallergy Preparations20
Acitretin59	Aluminium chloride29	Antianaemics2
Aclasta99	Aluminium hydroxide5	Antiarrhythmics4
Actemra	Aluminium hydroxide with	Antibacterials7
Actinomycin D133	magnesium hydroxide and	Anticholinergic Agents21
Adalimumab160	simeticone5	Anticholinesterases9
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Adenocor	AmBisome83	Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal
Adenosine43	Ambrisentan51	Anti-Inflammatory Agents
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Adrenaline50	Amethocaine	Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and
Advantan58	Nervous111	Local Sclerosants2
Advate32	Sensory220	Antifibrotics21
Adynovate33	Amikacin	Antifungals8
Aerrane108	Amiloride hydrochloride47	Antihypotensives4
Afinitor205	Amiloride hydrochloride with	Antimigraine Preparations12
Aflibercept170	furosemide47	Antimycobacterials8
Afluria Quad	Amiloride hydrochloride with	Antinausea and Vertigo Agents 12
(2021 Formulation) 258	hydrochlorothiazide 47	Antiparasitics8
Afluria Quad Junior	Aminolevulinic acid	Antipruritic Preparations5
(2021 Formulation) 257	hydrochloride 152	Antipsychotic Agents12
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Antiseptics and Disinfectants	226	Arrow-Diazepam	124	Azopt	22
Antispasmodics and Other Age	nts	Arrow-Losartan &		AZT	
Altering Gut Motility		Hydrochlorothiazide	42	Aztreonam	
Antithrombotics	33	Arrow-Norfloxacin	80	- B -	
Antithymocyte globulin		Arrow-Ornidazole	87	Bacillus calmette-guerin (BCG)	20
(equine)	205	Arrow-Quinapril 10	41	Bacillus calmette-guerin	
Antithymocyte globulin (rabbit).		Arrow-Quinapril 20		vaccine	25
Antiulcerants		Arrow-Quinapril 5		Baclofen	
Antivirals		Arrow-Roxithromycin		Bacterial and Viral Vaccines	25
Anxiolytics	124	Arrow-Timolol		Bacterial Vaccines	25
Apidra		Arrow-Topiramate	119	Balanced Salt Solution	22
Apidra Solostar		Arrow-Tramadol		Barium sulphate	22
Apo-Azithromycin		Arsenic trioxide	136	Barium sulphate with sodium	
Apo-Ciclopirox		Artemether with lumefantrine.	87	bicarbonate	22
Apo-Clarithromycin		Artesunate	87	Barrier Creams and Emollients	
Apo-Clomipramine		Articaine hydrochloride	109	Basiliximab	17
Apo-Diclo SR		Articaine hydrochloride with		BCG Vaccine	25
Apo-Diltiazem CD		adrenaline	109	BD PosiFlush	3
Apo-Doxazosin		Asacol		Beclazone 100	21
Apo-Folic Acid		Asamax		Beclazone 250	
Apo-Furosemide		Ascorbic acid		Beclazone 50	
Apo-Gabapentin		Alimentary	25	Beclomethasone dipropionate	
Apo-Megestrol		Extemporaneously Compo		Bee venom	
Apo-Metoprolol		Preparations		Bendamustine hydrochloride	
Apo-Mirtazapine		Aspen Adrenaline		Bendrofluazide	
Apo-Nadolol		Aspirin		Bendroflumethiazide	
Apo-Oxybutynin		Blood	35	[Bendrofluazide]	4
Apo-Perindopril		Nervous		Benzathine benzylpenicillin	
Apo-Pindolol		Asthalin		Benzatropine mesylate	
Apo-Prazosin		Atazanavir sulphate		Benzbromaron AL 100	
Apo-Prednisone		Atenolol		Benzbromarone	
Apo-Propranolol		Atenolol-AFT		Benzocaine	
Apo-Pyridoxine		ATGAM		Benzocaine with tetracaine	
Apo-Sumatriptan		Ativan		hydrochloride	10
Apomorphine hydrochloride		Atomoxetine		Benzoin	
Apraclonidine		Atorvastatin		Benzoyl peroxide	
Aprepitant		Atovaquone with proguanil		Benztrop	
Apresoline		hydrochloride	87	Benzydamine hydrochloride	
Aprotinin		Atracurium besylate		Benzydamine hydrochloride with	
Aptamil AllerPro SYNEO 1		Atropine sulphate		cetylpyridinium chloride	2
Aptamil AllerPro SYNEO 2		Cardiovascular	43	Benzylpenicillin sodium [Penicillin	
Aqueous cream		Sensory		G]	
Arachis oil [Peanut oil]		Atropt		Beractant	
Aratac		Aubagio		Beta Cream	
Arava		Augmentin		Beta Ointment	
Arginine		Aurorix		Beta Scalp	
Alimentary	16	Avelox		Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists	
Various		Avonex		Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers	
Argipressin [Vasopressin]		Avonex Pen		Betadine	
Aripiprazole		Azacitidine		Betahistine dihydrochloride	
Aripiprazole Sandoz		Azacitidine Dr Reddy's		Betaine	
Aristocort		Azactam		Betaloc CR	I'
Arrow - Lattim		Azamun		Betamethasone	
Arrow-Amitriptyline		Azathioprine		Betamethasone dipropionate	
Arrow-Bendrofluazide		Azilect		Betamethasone dipropionate with	J
Arrow-Brimonidine		Azithromycin		calcinotriol	5
/ NI O W - DITTION TO		/ 14-IU II OI II VOII I		ouioidou ioi	1

Betamethasone sodium phosp		Brevinor 1/28		Capecitabine	
with betamethasone acetate		Bricanyl Turbuhaler		Capercit	
Betamethasone valerate	58, 60	Bridion		Capoten	41
Betamethasone valerate with		Brilinta		Capsaicin	
clioquinol		Brimonidine tartrate	222	Musculoskeletal	
Betamethasone valerate with s	sodium	Brimonidine tartrate with		Nervous	
fusidate [Fusidic acid]	59	timolol	222	Captopril	41
Betaxolol	221	Brinzolamide	221	Carbachol	221
Betnovate		Bromocriptine		Carbamazepine	116
Betoptic	221	Brufen SR	105	Carbasorb-X	225
Betoptic S		Budesonide		Carbimazole	73
Bevacizumab		Alimentary	5	Carbomer	222
Bexsero	253	Respiratory2	10, 214	Carboplatin	
Bezafibrate	48	Budesonide with eformoterol		Carboplatin Ebewe	
Bezalip	48	Bumetanide		Carboprost trometamol	
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