## April 2025 Volume 13

#### Editor:

Kaye Wilson, Doris Chong, Sophie Molloy email: enquiry@pharmac.govt.nz Telephone +64 4 460 4990 Level 9, 40 Mercer Street PO Box 10 254 Wellington 6143

Freephone Information Line 0800 66 00 50 (9am – 5pm weekdays)

### Circulation

You can register to have an electronic version of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, Section H for Hospital Pharmaceuticals (link to PDF copy) emailed to your nominated email address each month by subscribing at schedule.pharmac.qovt.nz/subscribe.

#### Production

Typeset automatically from XML and T<sub>E</sub>X. XML version of the Schedule available from schedule.pharmac.govt.nz/pub/HML

### **Programmers**

Anrik Drenth

email: texschedule@pharmac.govt.nz @Pharmaceutical Management Agency



ISSN 1179-3708 pdf

This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence. In essence, you are free to copy, distribute and adapt it, as long as you attribute the work to Pharmac and abide by the other licence terms. To view a copy of this licence, visit: creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/. Attribution to Pharmac should be in written form and not by reproduction of the Pharmac logo. While care has been taken in compiling this Schedule, Pharmac takes no responsibility for any errors or omissions, and shall not be liable for any consequences arising there from.

Part I	General Rules	4
Part II	Alimentary Tract and Metabolism	5
	Blood and Blood Forming Organs	29
	Cardiovascular System	43
	Dermatologicals	66
	Genito-Urinary System	73
	Hormone Preparations	77
	Infections	87
	Musculoskeletal System	112
	Nervous System	119
	Oncology Agents and Immunosuppressants	148
	Respiratory System and Allergies	256
	Sensory Organs	266
	Various	273
	Extemporaneous Compounds (ECPs)	281
	Special Foods	284
	Vaccines	302
Part III	Optional Pharmaceuticals	313
·	Index	314

Introducing Pharmac

# **Introducing Pharmac**

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (Pharmac) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. Pharmac negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list.

#### Pharmac's role:

"to secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that are reasonably achievable from pharmaceutical treatment and from within the amount of funding provided."

Pae Ora (Healthy Futures) Act 2022

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about Pharmac and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the Pharmac website at <a href="https://pharmac.govt.nz/about">https://pharmac.govt.nz/about</a>.

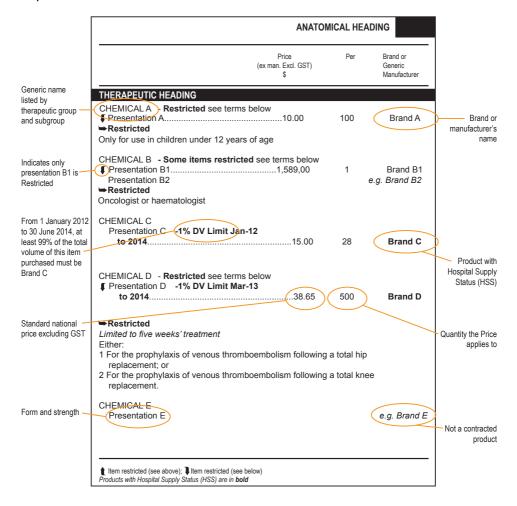
# Glossary

#### Units of Measure gram ...... g microgram..... mcg millimole......mmol kilogram.....kg milligram ..... mg unit......u international unit ......iu millilitre......ml **Abbreviations** application ...... app enteric coated......EC solution .....soln capsule ...... cap granules.....grans suppository ......suppos cream.....crm injection .....inj tablet......tab dispersible ......disp liquid ......liq tincture.....tinc effervescent.....eff lotion......lotn emulsion ...... emul ointment......oint

HSS Hospital Supply Status

# **Guide to Section H listings**

### Example



## **PART I: GENERAL RULES**

General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A.

 $\label{eq:Read-the-general-Rules} \textbf{Read the } \underline{\textbf{General Rules}} : \underline{\textbf{https://pharmac.govt.nz/section-a}}.$ 

# PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

		Price excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antacids and Antiflatulents				
Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents				
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIN Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticone 20 Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simeticone	mg	IE		e.g. Mylanta
30 mg per 5 ml				e.g. Mylanta Double Strength
SIMETICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml Oral drops 40 mg per ml				
SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sa SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM	CARBON	IATE		e.g. Gaviscon Infant
Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbona 160 mg	ite			e.g. Gaviscon Extra Strength
Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carb 160 mg per 10 ml	onate	7.50	500 ml	Acidex
SODIUM CITRATE Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)		.25.00	90 ml	Biomed
Phosphate Binding Agents				
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg				
CALCIUM CARBONATE – Restricted see terms below  Oral liq 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml)		.47.30 39.00	473 ml 500 ml	Calcium carbonate PAI Roxane
→ Restricted (RS1698) Initiation		00.00	000 1111	Tioxano
Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbonate inappropriate	tablets o	or where ca	alcium carbo	onate tablets are
Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Ag	ents			
Antipropulsives				
DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg				
LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE  Tab 2 mg  Cap 2 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			400 400	Nodia <b>Diamide Relief</b>
Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories				
BUDESONIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page  Cap modified-release 3 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025		.87.60	90	Budesonide Te Arai

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ P6	er Manufacturer

#### → Restricted (RS1723)

## Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Diabetes: or
  - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
  - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
  - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
  - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
  - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
  - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

## Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

### Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

#### Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis\*: and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Diabetes; or
  - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
  - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
  - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
  - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
  - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
  - 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
  - 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

### Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

### HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications)	57 09	15 a	Colifoam

### HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1%

#### MESALAZINE

JALAZINE			
Tab EC 400 mg	49.50	100	Asacol
Tab long-acting 500 mg		100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg	85.50	90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g		100 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg		20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g	50.96	28	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml		7	Pentasa

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DLSALAZINE Tab 500 mg		.93.37	100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg		.53.00	100	Dipentum
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Cap 100 mg				
SULFASALAZINE Tab 500 mg		10.40	100	Salazopyrin
Tab 500 mg			100	Salazopyrin EN
Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders				
Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations				
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE				
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g			30 g 12	Proctosedyl Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocaine				1100000001
hydrochloride 5 mg per g		. 13.05	30 g	Ultraproct
hydrochloride 1 mg		8.61	12	Ultraproct
Management of Anal Fissures				
SLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%		.22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants				
DILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial				
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Motil	lity			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE				
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		. 19.00	5	Robinul
YOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		2.25	20	Hyoscine Butylbromic
Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		1.91	1	(Adiramedica) Spazmol
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 135 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			90	Colofac
		0.00	30	Joine
Antiulcerants				
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective				
/IISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg		<i>1</i> 7 72	120	Cytotec
140 200 110g		. 71.10	120	Cytolec

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **H2 Antagonists**

### CIMETIDINE

Tab 200 mg

Tab 400 mg

### **FAMOTIDINE**

Tab 20 mg

Tab 40 mg

Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial

### RANITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 300 mg
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1703)

#### Initiation

### Either:

- 1 For continuation use; or
- 2 Routine prevention of allergic reactions..

## **Proton Pump Inhibitors**

### LANSOPRAZOLE

Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	4.04	100	Lanzol Relief
Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5.43	100	Lanzol Relief

#### **OMEPRAZOLE**

- Tab dispersible 10 mg
- → Restricted (RS1027)

#### Initiation

Only for use in tube-fed patients.

- Tab dispersible 20 mg
- → Restricted (RS1027)

### Initiation

Only for use in tube-fed patients.

2.06	90	Omeprazole Teva
		Omeprazole actavis 10
2.02	90	Omeprazole Teva
		Omeprazole actavis 20
3.18	90	Omeprazole Teva
		Omeprazole actavis 40
42.50	5 g	Midwest
	5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazole
11.95	5	Omezol IV
1.99	90	Panzop Relief
2.74	90	Panzop Relief

50

HypoPak Glucose

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Site Protective Agents			
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE  Tab 120 mg	 . 14.51	50	Gastrodenol
SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g			

# Bile and Liver Therapy

L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below

- Grans for oral liquid 3 g
- → Restricted (RS1261)

### Initiation

For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated.

RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1416)

#### Initiation

For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose.

					_
D	а	n	Θ	re	S

## Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors

AC/		

Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	11.20	90	Accarb
Tah 100 mg = 5% DV Fah-25 to 2027	17 38	an	Accarh

## **Hyperglycaemic Agents**

DIA	AZOXIDE — <b>Restricted</b> see terms below		
1	Cap 25 mg110.00	100	Proglicem
	Cap 100 mg	100	Proglicem
	Oral liq 50 mg per ml	30 ml	Proglycem

#### → Restricted (RS1028)

#### nitiation

For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.

### GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 1 mg syringe kit	gen H	ypok
----------------------	-------	------

### GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Tab 1.5 g

Tab 3.1 g

Tab 4 g
Oral soln 15 g per 80 ml sachet......70.00

Gel 40%

GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE
Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet

(	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per n 3 ml prefilled pen		5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
NSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		J	NOVOIVIIX 30 1 IEXT ETT
NSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per ml,			
3 ml cartridgeInj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per ml,		5	Humalog Mix 25
3 ml cartridge		5	Humalog Mix 50
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge	94.50	5 5 1	Lantus SoloStar Lantus Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe INSULIN GLULISINE	51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	46.07	1 5 5	Apidra Apidra Apidra Solostar
NSULIN LISPRO Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inculin - Chart-Acting Proparations			

# **Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations**

### **INSULIN NEUTRAL**

Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge

10

	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE	 7.50	100	Daonil
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	 20.10	500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE Tab 5 mg - <b>5% DV Mar-25 to 2027</b>	 6.86	100	Minidiab
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE  Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027  Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Aug-23 to 2027		1,000 500	Metformin Viatris Metformin Viatris
PIOGLITAZONE  Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027  Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	 6.15 7.25	90 90	Vexazone Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027VILDAGLIPTIN		90	Vexazone
Tab 50 mg VILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE	 35.00	60	Galvus
Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride  Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride		60 60	Galvumet Galvumet

## **GLP-1 Agonists**

### DULAGLUTIDE - Restricted see terms below

Note: Not to be given in combination with another funded GLP-1 agonist or empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride unless receiving empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride for the treatment of heart failure.

Trulicity

→ Restricted (RS2102)

#### Initiation

For continuation only.

### LIRAGLUTIDE - Restricted see terms below

Note: Not to be given in combination with another funded GLP-1 agonist or empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride unless receiving empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride for the treatment of heart failure. Victoza

## → Restricted (RS2096)

## Initiation

Either:

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
  - 2.2 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of all of the following funded blood glucose lowering agents for a period of least 6 months, where clinically appropriate: empagliflozin, metformin, and vildagliptin; and
  - 2.3 Any of the following:
    - 2.3.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity\*; or
    - 2.3.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)\*: or
    - 2.3.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated

	Price		Brand or
(6	ex man. excl. GS1		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

cardiovascular risk assessment calculator\*: or

- 2.3.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult\*; or
- 2.3.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)\*.

Notes: \* Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin: creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause identified.
- c) Funded GLP-1a treatment is not to be given in combination with (empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride) unless receiving (empagliflozin or empagliflozin in combination with metformin hydrochloride) for the treatment of heart failure.

## SGLT2 Inhibitors

#### → Restricted (RS2069)

## Initiation - heart failure reduced ejection fraction

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Patient is in NYHA functional class II or III or IV: and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 40%; or
  - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practicable, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard funded chronic heart failure treatment.

### Initiation - Type 2 Diabetes

Any of the following:

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for a GLP-1 agonist; or
- 3 All of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
  - 3.2 Any of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity\*: or
    - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)\*; or
    - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator\*: or
    - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult\*; or
    - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)\*; and
  - 3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.

Notes: \* Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

 a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack,

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.

- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.
- c) Funded [empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride] treatment is not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 unless receiving (empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride] for the treatment of heart failure

### EMPAGLIFLOZIN - Restricted see terms on the previous page

<b>1</b> Tab 10 mg	58.56	30 30	Jardiance Jardiance
EMPAGLIFLOZIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted s			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Tab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
Tab 5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Jardiamet
Tab 12.5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
Tab 12.5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet

## **Digestives Including Enzymes**

#### PANCREATIC ENZYME

Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 U protease))

proteasejj			
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph Eur			
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U)	34.93	100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 Ph			
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U)	94.38	100	Creon 25000
Modified release granules pancreatin 60.12 mg (amylase 3,600 Ph Eur			
U, lipase 5,000 Ph Eur U, protease 200 Ph Eur U)	34.93	20 g	Creon Micro
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph.			
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)			
RSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	33.95	100	Ursosan

→ Restricted (RS2103)

# Initiation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis

Either:

UR

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

## Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults: and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

## Initiation - Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy: and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

continued...

### Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

### Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

## Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

### Initiation - prevention of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome

The individual has leukaemia/lymphoma and requires prophylaxis for medications/therapies with a high risk of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome.

## Laxatives

## **Bowel-Cleansing Preparations**

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.g. PicoPrep Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM CHLORIDE AND CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 52.9 g with ascorbic acid 6 g, potassium chloride

740 mg, sodium chloride 2.6 g and sodium sulphate 5.6 g per

sachet (1) and powder for oral soln citric acid 12 g with magnesium

carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.a. Prepkit Orange

Glycoprep Orange

#### MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg,

sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g,

3 64.32 12 Glycoprep Orange

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg,

sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g.

210 a sachet e.g. Glycoprep Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH/WITHOUT SODIUM SULFATE. SODIUM ASCORBATE, ASCORBIC ACID

Powd for oral soln 100g with potassium chloride 1g, sodium chloride 2g

and sodium sulfate 9g per sach(1), powd for oral soln 40g with

potassium chloride 1.2g and sodium chloride 3.2g per sach(1) and

powd for oral soln ascorbic acid 7.54g and sodium ascorbate 

Plenvu 3

# **Bulk-Forming Agents**

ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK

500 q Konsyl-D

STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Powder for oral soln

14

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	) Per	Generic Manufacturer
Faecal Softeners			
OCUSATE SODIUM			
Tab 50 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
OCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES  Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025	3.50	200	Laxsol
ARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml			
OLOXAMER Oral drops 10% – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>	4.17	30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral			
IETHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial	36.00 246.00	1 7	Relistor Relistor
<ul> <li>Restricted (RS2057)</li> <li>nitiation – Opioid induced constipation</li> <li>oth:         <ol> <li>The patient is receiving palliative care; and</li> <li>Either:                  <ol> <li>Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipati</li> <li>Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipati</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ul>		olerated.	
<ul> <li>nitiation – Opioid induced constipation outside of palliative care imited to 14 days treatment</li> <li>Il of the following:</li> <li>1 Individual has opioid induced constipation; and</li> <li>2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation, inclinappropriate; and</li> </ul>		g preparat	ions, are ineffective or
3 Mechanical bowel obstruction has been excluded.			
Osmotic Laxatives			
Suppos 2.8/4.0 g - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	10.39	20	Lax-suppositories Glycerol
Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations. ACTULOSE			
Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	3.61	500 ml	Laevolac
IACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICAR Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, so bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, s bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg - 5% I	dium	UM CHLO	RIDE
Feb-24 to 2026		30	APO Health Macrogol Molaxole
ODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE	I <b>50</b> /.		
Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 m DV Jun-23 to 2025		50	Micolette

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL  Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025  Suppos 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027  SENNOSDES		200 10	Bisacodyl Viatris Lax-Suppositories
Tab 7.5 mg  SODIUM PICOSULFATE − Restricted see terms below  ■ Oral soln 7.5 mg per ml  Restricted (RS1843)	7.40	30 ml	Dulcolax SP Drop

#### Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient is a child with problematic constipation despite an adequate trial of other oral pharmacotherapies including macrogol where practicable; and
- 2 The patient would otherwise require a high-volume bowel cleansing preparation.

# **Metabolic Disorder Agents**

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1793)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
  - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
  - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene): or
  - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

#### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT: and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

#### **ARGININE**

Tab 1.000 mg

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

### BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1794)

### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
  - 2.2 A 5.10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
  - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

## BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1330)

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

CARGLUMIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1831)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

For the acute in-patient treatment of organic acidaemias as an alternative to haemofiltration.

## COENZYME Q10 - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Cap 120 mg
- Cap 160 mg

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

#### → Restricted (RS1832)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to coenzyme Q10 supplementation.

#### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

## Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to coenzyme Q10 supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

#### GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Fither
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
  - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis VI.

#### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to FRT.

#### HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

#### IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1546)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
- 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

## LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1607)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 1 The patient 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts: or
  - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

### LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 250 mg
- Cap 500 mg
- Oral liq 500 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 50 mg
- → Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

RIBOFLAVIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1833)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to riboflavin supplementation.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

#### Continuation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to riboflavin supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

#### SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1796)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 1 month

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or actively planning to become pregnant; and
- 2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient has demonstrated an adequate response to a 2 to 4 week trial of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction in phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; or
  - 1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has previously demonstrated response to treatment with sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with sapropterin will not continue after delivery; or
  - 2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the first renewal for treatment with sapropterin; or
  - 2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second or subsequent pregnancy to support management of their PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

### SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

#### SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms on the next page

Tab 500 mg

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

Brand or

Generic

Manufacturer

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

→ Restricted (RS1797)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.

#### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TALIGLUCERASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1897)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of symptomatic type 1 or type 3\* Gaucher disease confirmed by the demonstration of specific deficiency of glucocerebrosidase in leukocytes or cultured skin fibroblasts, and genotypic analysis; and
- 2 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) or the disease might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has haematological complications of Gaucher disease; or
  - 3.2 Patient has skeletal complications of Gaucher disease; or
  - 3.3 Patient has significant liver dysfunction or hepatomegaly attributable to Gaucher disease; or
  - 3.4 Patient has reduced vital capacity from clinically significant or progressive pulmonary disease due to Gaucher disease: or
  - 3.5 Patient is a child and has experienced growth failure with significant decrease in percentile linear growth over a 6-12 month period; and
- 4 Taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication

#### Continuation

Metabolic physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 3 years

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has demonstrated a symptomatic improvement and has maintained improvements in the main symptom or symptoms for which therapy was started; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated a clinically objective improvement or no deterioration in haemoglobin levels, platelet counts and liver and spleen size; and
- 3 RRadiological (MRI) signs of bone activity performed at two years since initiation of treatment, and five yearly thereafter, demonstrate no deterioration shown by the MRI, compared with MRI taken immediately prior to commencement of therapy or adjusted dose; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT: and
- 5 Patient is adherent with regular treatment and taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

TAURINE - Restricted see terms below

- **↓** Powder
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1834)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected specific mitochondrial disorder that may respond to taurine supplementation.

#### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

#### Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of a specific mitochondrial disorder which responds to taurine supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TRIENTINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2026)

#### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Wilson disease; and
- 2 Treatment with D-penicillamine has been trialled and discontinued because the person has experienced intolerable side effects or has not received sufficient benefit; and
- 3 Treatment with zinc has been trialled and discontinued because the person has experienced intolerable side effects or has not received sufficient benefit, or zinc is considered clinically inappropriate as the person has symptomatic liver disease and requires copper chelation.

#### Minerals

#### Calcium

#### CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab eff 1.25 g (500 mg elemental)

Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)

## Copper

#### → Restricted (RS1928)

## Initiation - Moderate to severe burns

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and
- 2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist.

#### COPPER - Restricted see terms above

1 Tab 2.5 mg, chelated

COPPER CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 0.4 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GS' \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Fluoride			
SODIUM FLUORIDE Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)			
lodine			
POTASSIUM IODATE  Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to</b> POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE  Oral liq 10% with iodine 5%	<b>2026</b> 5.99	90	NeuroTabs
Iron			
FERROUS FUMARATE  Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027  FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID		100	Ferro-tab
Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg - 5%  Dec-24 to 2027  FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID  Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg		100	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS SULFATE Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) – <b>5% DV Jan-23</b> Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 20</b>		30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan
FERROUS SULFATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID  Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid	500 mg		
RON (AS FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE) – Restricted see terms Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial  Restricted (RS1417)		1	Ferinject
nitiation  Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappor  RON (AS SUCROSE)	ropriate.		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Venofer
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	27.05	5	Ferrosig

Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag

MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental)

Suspension 8%

MAGNESIUM OXIDE

Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental)

Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE, MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE AND MAGNESIUM CITRATE

Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium amino acid chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg elemental magnesium)

MAGNESIUM SULPHATE

Inj 100 mg per ml, 40 ml bag

Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag

Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag

### Selenium

SELENIUM - Restricted see terms below

■ Oral lig 150 mcg per 3 drops

e.g. Clinicians selenium oral drops

Inj 300 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

⇒ Restricted (RS1929)

Initiation - Moderate to severe burns

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and

2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist.

#### Zinc

ZINC

Oral lig 5 mg per 5 drops

ZINC CHI ORIDE

Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule

ZINC SULPHATE

## **Mouth and Throat**

# Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Soln 0.15%

Spray 0.15%

Spray 0.3%

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORIDE

Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Oral spray

CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE

Paste

24

Powder

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg				
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Paste 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5.4	9	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives				
AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg	5.8	6	20	Fungilin
MICONAZOLE Oral gel 20 mg per g - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5.1	9 .	40 g	Decozol
NYSTATIN  Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.2	2 2	24 ml	Nilstat
Other Oral Agents				

HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] Inj 20 mg per ml

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

→ Restricted (RS1175)

Otolaryngologist

## **Vitamins**

## Multivitamin Preparations

MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below 180 Clinicians Multivit &

Mineral Boost

→ Restricted (RS1498)

#### Initiation

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or
  - 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or
  - 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below

Clinicians Renal Vit 30

→ Restricted (RS1499)

#### Initiation

Fither:

- 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
- 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m<sup>2</sup> body surface area (BSA).

(		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MULTIVITAMINS				
Tab (BPC cap strength) - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		18.50	1,000	Mvite
cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg, aly tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg, riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 mg cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg				e.g. Vitabdeck
→ Restricted (RS1620)				
nitiation				
Any of the following:				
<ol> <li>Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or</li> <li>Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrom</li> <li>Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome.</li> </ol>	e; or			
Powder vitamin A 3200 mcg with vitamin D 100 mcg, vitamin E 54.2 vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 108 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, riboflav 4.4 mg, niacin 41 mg, vitamin B6 3.6 mg, folic acid 600 mcg, vita B12 9 mcg, biotin 120 mcg, pantothenic acid 24 mg, choline 1250 mg and inositol 700 mg	in ımin	74.88	200 g	Paediatric Seravit
→ Restricted (RS1178)			J	
nitiation				
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.				
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxing				
hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule (Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1)  Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1)	1) e mg			e.g. Pabrinex IV
Vitamin A				
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml Oral liq 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml				
Vitamin B				
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027		3.95	3	Hydroxocobalamin Panpharma
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE		0.46	00	Warmin Bo of
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			90	Vitamin B6 25
Tab 50 mglnj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		<b>43.45</b>	500	Pyridoxine multichem
Inj 100 mg per mi, 2 mi viai Inj 100 mg per mi, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per mi, 30 ml vial				

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	Τ)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 50 mg - <b>5% DV Apr-23 to 2025</b>	100	Thiamine multichem
Tab 100 mg	100	Tillatilito illationo
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		e.g. Benerva
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		e.g. Denerva
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		
, , ,		
VITAMIN B COMPLEX		
Tab strong, BPC11.25	500	Bplex
Vitamin C		
ASCORBIC ACID		
Tab 100 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-23 to 2025</b>	500	Cvite
Tab chewable 250 mg	000	o viilo
Tab onewable 200 mg		
Vitamin D		
ALFACALCIDOL		
Cap 0.25 mcg	100	One-Alpha
1 0	100	•
Cap 1 mcg		One-Alpha
Oral drops 2 mcg per ml60.68	20 ml	One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL		
Cap 0.25 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 20257.89	100	Calcitriol XL
		Calcitriol-AFT
Cap 0.5 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	100	Calcitriol XL
		Calcitriol-AFT
Oral liq 1 mcg per ml		
Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
COLECALCIFEROL		
*****-***	40	V:+ D0
Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) – <b>5% DV Jun-24 to 2026</b>	12	Vit.D3
Oral liq 188 mcg per ml (7,500 iu per ml)9.00	5 ml	Clinicians

## Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

- Oral liq 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1632)

## Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
  - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

### Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

## Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and

	Price		Brand or
(ex	man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A.D.E.K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
  - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

#### ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 u
- Cap 500 u
- Oral liq 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1176)

## Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

#### Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
  - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

#### Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

#### Initiation - Other indications

#### All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
  - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

# **Antianaemics**

## Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

#### FPOFTIN ALFA - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	250.00	6	Binocrit
1	inj 2,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	100.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe	150.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe	96.50	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	125.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe	145.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe	175.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	197.50	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	250.00	1	Binocrit

#### → Restricted (RS1660)

#### Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; or
  - 3.3 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

## Initiation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

#### Continuation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

### Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

#### FPOFTIN BFTA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1661)

#### Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
  - 3.2 Both
    - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; or
  - 3.3 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

### Initiation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

### Continuation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

#### Initiation - all other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Haematologist; and
- 2 For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative; and
- 3 \*Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID			
Tab 0.8 mg	26.60	1,000	Folic Acid multichem
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027	5.82	100	Folic Acid Viatris
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml	31.77	25 ml	Biomed
Ini 5 mg per ml 10 ml vial			

e.g. Driclor

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

# Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

→ Restricted (RS1500)

Initiation

For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 10.000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1332)

Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Either:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure; or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

#### ELTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg3,100.00	28	Revolade

→ Restricted (RS1648)

### Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
  - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding; or
  - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

### Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

### Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

#### Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

Pric	e		Brand or	
(ex man. ex	cl. GS	T)	Generic	
\$		Per	r Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter: or
  - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

## Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

### Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and 2 Either:
- - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
  - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

### Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

#### EMICIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 30 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 60 mg in 0.4 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 105 mg in 0.7 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 150 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra

### → Restricted (RS1998)

#### Initiation - Severe Haemophilia A with or without FVIII inhibitors

Haematologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia A with a severe bleeding phenotype (endogenous factor VIII activity less than or equal to 2%); and
- 2 Emicizumab is to be administered at a dose of no greater than 3 mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks followed by the equivalent of 1.5 mg/kg weekly.

#### FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

### **POLIDOCANOL**

Ini 0.5%. 30 ml vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule THROMBIN Powder			
TRANEXAMIC ACID  Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	5.39	60 5 5	Mercury Pharma Tranexamic-AFT Tranexamic-AFT
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents			
IDARUCIZUMAB − Restricted see terms below  Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial  Restricted (RS1535)	4,250.00	2	Praxbind

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

### **Blood Factors**

EFTRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Res	stricted see terms below		
Inj 250 iu vial	612.50	1	Alprolix
Inj 500 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 2,000 iu vial	4,900.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 3,000 iu vial	7,350.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 4,000 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Pactricted (RS1684)			

#### → Restricted (RS1684)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

ΕP	TACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Res	stricted see terms below		
t	Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
	, , , ,	•		

## ⇒ Restricted (RS1704)

#### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is by named patient application to the Haemophilia Treaters Group, subject to access criteria.

# FACTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 500 U	1	FEIBA NF
1	Inj 1,000 U2,630.00	1	FEIBA NF
t	Inj 2,500 U6,575.00	1	FEIBA NF

### → Restricted (RS1705)

#### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MODOOTOOO ALEA IDECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIII - Baada	Ψ	1 61	Wallulacturer
MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restrict			
Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe	287.50	1	Xyntha
Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
→ Restricted (RS1706)			•

#### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

### NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1,000 iu vial870.00	1	RIXUBIS
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial2,610.00	1	RIXUBIS

## **→ Restricted** (RS1679)

#### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

## OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 iu vial	1	Advate
t	lnj 1,000 iu vial840.00	1	Advate
	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1	Advate
	Inj 3,000 iu vial2,520.00	1	Advate

#### → Restricted (RS1707)

## Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

### OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

<b></b> Inj	250 iu vial	37.50	1	Kogenate FS
<b></b> Inj	500 iu vial4	75.00	1	Kogenate FS
	1,000 iu vial99		1	Kogenate FS
	2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS

## → Restricted (RS1708)

#### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

#### RURIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	Adynovate
1	lnj 2,000 iu vial2,400.00	1	Adynovate

### → Restricted (RS1682)

#### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

## Vitamin K

### PHYTOMENADIONE

Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

## **Antithrombotics**

## **Anticoagulants**

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 250 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1181)

### Initiation

#### Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

#### CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

#### DARIGATRAN

Cap 75 mg - <b>5% DV Jul-24 to 2026</b> 27.99	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202627.99	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg - <b>5% DV Jul-24 to 2026</b> 27.99	60	Pradaxa

## DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1182)

#### Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

#### DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1183)

#### Initiation

#### Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

### DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml,

100 ml bag

#### **ENOXAPARIN SODIUM**

Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe – <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b> 21.90 10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule	
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe – <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b> 29.74	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202742.47	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b> 56.62	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202770.91	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b> 88.11	Clexane Forte
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe – <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b> 100.70	Clexane Forte

#### FONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 2.5 ma in 0.5 ml svringe
- Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1184)

### Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
EPARIN SODIUM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml vial – <b>5% DV Jul-23 to 2025</b>	83.00	10	Heparin Sodium Panpharma
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Pfizer
	25.49	10	Wockhardt
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule	103.70		Wockhardt PSF
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 mi ampoule	70.33	5	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 10 ml vial		25	Pfizer
EPARINISED SALINE			1 11201
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	96 91	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule		00	1 11201
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
HENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
ROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
IVAROXABAN			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	15.60	30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	14.56	28	Xarelto
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	14.56	28	Xarelto
ODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM	CHLORIDE		
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride per ml, 5,000 ml bag	74.6 mcg		
/ARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	7.50	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg			
Tab 3 mg		100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg	13.50	100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
SPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	1.95	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
	12.65	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			
LOPIDOGREL		_	
Tab 75 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	5.07	84	Arrow - Clopid
IPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg			<b>5</b>
Tab long-acting 150 mg	13.93	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule  PTIFIBATIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page			<b>=</b>
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		1	Eptifibatide Viatris Eptifibatide Viatris

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1759)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary thrombus on coronary angiography; or
- 3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

LYSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 500 mg

e.g. Aspegic

→ Restricted (RS1689)

#### Initiation

Both:

- 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and
- 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure.

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 90 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 .......20.35 56 Ticagrelor Sandoz

→ Restricted (RS1774)

#### Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

# Initiation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure\* in the last 60 days; or
  - 1.2 Patient is about to have a neurological stenting procedure performed\*; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance using the P2Y12 (VerifyNow) assay or another appropriate platelet function assay and requires antiplatelet treatment with ticagrelor; or
  - 2.2 Fither:
    - 2.2.1 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of a new cerebral ischemic event; or
    - 2.2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of transient ischemic attack symptoms referable to the stent.

# Continuation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.

# Initiation - Percutaneous coronary intervention with stent deployment

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone percutaneous coronary intervention; and
- 2 Patient has had a stent deployed in the previous 4 weeks; and
- 3 Patient is clopidogrel-allergic\*\*.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

# Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

#### Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Notes: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

Note: \*\* Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

#### **TICLOPIDINE**

Tab 250 mg

# Fibrinolytic Agents

#### **ALTEPLASE**

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

#### TENECTEPI ASE

Inj 50 mg vial

#### UROKINASE

Inj 5,000 iu vial

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Inj 50,000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 250,000 iu vial

Inj 500,000 iu vial

# **Colony-Stimulating Factors**

# **Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells**

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1536)

# Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
    - 3.1.2 Either:
      - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10  $\times$   $10^6$ /L on day 5 after 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or
      - 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1  $\times\,10^6$  CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or

Ziextenzo AU

	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
			That is a said of a

continued...

- 3.2 Both:
  - 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
  - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
    - 3.2.2.1 Both:
      - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of >  $5 \times 10^9$ /L; and
      - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to  $10 \times 10^6$ /L; or
    - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1  $imes 10^6$  CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
    - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or
- 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

# **Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors**

FILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	86.60	10	Nivestim
Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial	520.00	4	Neupogen
Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	133.72	10	Nivestim
⇒ Restricted (RS1188)			
Haematologist or oncologist			
PEGFILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe − 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	65.00	1	Ziextenzo

# → Restricted (RS1743)

#### Initiation

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5%\*).

Note: \*Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

# Fluids and Electrolytes

# Intravenous Administration

CALCIUM CHLORIDE Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			e.g. Baxter
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule			e.g. Max Health
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 ml			
bag	62.82	18	Plasma-Lyte 148
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,	00.70	40	Discours Late 440
1,000 ml bag	30.72	12	Plasma-Lyte 148
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium,			
98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate,			
glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag	239.04	12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	27.90	18	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	19.32	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag	52.00	10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 100 ml bag		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag		30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag		20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		1	Biomed
•		•	Diomica
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo 0.45%, 3,000 ml bag	ride		
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chlor 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	ride		
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlorid 0.18%, 1,000 ml baq		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlorid		12	Daxiei
0.45%, 1,000 ml bag	189.00	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlorid 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag	318 78	18	Baxter
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.16%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
			Danioi
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 ml	0	48	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml	•	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml	•	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml b	ag912.96	48	Baxter
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule	174.57	10	Hospira
RINGER'S SOLUTION			•
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l,			
	227 52	12	Baxter
chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag		12	שמאוכו
SODIUM ACETATE			
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			

<sup>1</sup> Item restricted (see → above); I Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	J.	rei	Manuacturer
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial	04.70		B: 1
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial		1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial	25.31	1	Biomed
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>		20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	12.00	30	BD PosiFlush
Restricted (RS1297)			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	12.00	30	BD PosiFlush
Restricted (RS1297)			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% <b>DV Mar-23 to 2025</b>	11.70	30	BD PosiFlush
Restricted (RS1297)			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>		20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule		5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag		60	Baxter Vietle
Ini 0.00/ 100 ml hog	147.75	75 40	Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag	105.60	48 60	Baxter Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag		24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle		12	Daxioi
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE] Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule	50.10	5	Biomed
		5	Diomed
WATER	7.00	50	Madelaham
Inj 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		50	Multichem
Inj 20 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	5.00	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 250 ml bag Inj 500 ml bag			
Inj, 1,000 ml bag	2/ 12	12	Baxter
III, 1,000 IIII bag	24.12	12	Daxiei
Oral Administration			
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES		3	
Powder for oral soln – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	9.53	50	Electral
		-	001141
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]	6 50	1	Hydralyte - Lemonade
Soln with electrolytes - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2025	0.53	1	nyuraryte - Lemonade
PHOSPHORUS			
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol) Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) Oral liq 2 mmol per ml	15.35	200	Span-K
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg	8.52	100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder	84.65	454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag	139.10	10	Gelofusine

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System

# **ACE Inhibitors**

# **CAPTOPRIL**

■ Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026 ......86.00 100 ml DP-Captopril

# ⇒ Restricted (RS1263)

# Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or
- 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or
- 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surgery.

#### FNALAPRII MALEATE

Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20251.75	90	Acetec
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	90	Acetec
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	90	Acetec
LISINOPRIL		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202511.07	90	Ethics Lisinopril
		Teva Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202511.67	90	Ethics Lisinopril
		Teva Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	90	Ethics Lisinopril
		Teva Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL		
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	30	Coversyl
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	30	Coversyl
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	30	Coversyl
QUINAPRIL		•
Tab 5 mg - <b>5% DV Mar-25 to 2027</b>	90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg - <b>5% DV Mar-25 to 2027</b>	90	Arrow Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg - <b>5% DV Mar-25 to 2027</b>	90	Arrow-Quinapril 20
-	30	Arrow-Quinapin 20
RAMIPRIL		_
Cap 1.25 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	90	Tryzan
Cap 2.5 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	90	Tryzan _
Cap 5 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	90	Tryzan
Cap 10 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b> 17.63	90	Tryzan

# **Angiotensin II Antagonists**

### CANDESARTAN CILEXETII

Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	90	Candestar

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM			
Tab 12.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.00	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.29	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4.57	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	4.10	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 16/12.5
Tab 32 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	5.25	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 32/12.5
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 t	<b>o 2025</b> 4.00	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide

# **Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors**

SA	CUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 24/26
t	Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 49/51
	Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg		56	Entresto 97/103
	Restricted (RS2014)			

### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
  - 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or
  - 2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV: and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 35%; or
  - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practical, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment: and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure treatments.

# **Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers**

DOXAZOSIN			
Tab 2 mg	.17.35	500	Doxazosin Clinect
Tab 4 mg	.20.94	500	Doxazosin Clinect

#### PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Cap 10 mg

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

# PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

44

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GS1)	Per	Manufacturer
RAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg	5.53	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 2 mg	7.00	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 5 mg	11.70	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Cap 1 mg	15.40	100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 2 mg	15.58	100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 5 mg	23.32	100	Prazosin Mylan
RAZOSIN - Restricted: For continuation only			
Tab 1 mg			
Antiarrhythmics			
DENOSINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Adsine
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	100.00	5	Adenosine Baxter
Restricted (RS1266)			
itiation			
or use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.			
MALINE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Restricted (RS1001)			
ardiologist			
/IIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	3.49	30	Aratac
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		30	Aratac
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	15.22	10	Max Health
ROPINE SULPHATE			
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	16.10	10	Hikma
, 555g pc, 7 apca			Juno
			Martindale
GOXIN			
Tab 62.5 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	7.80	240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	16.90	240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial			
SOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE			
Cap 100 mg			
ECAINIDE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	19 95	60	Flecainide BNM
		90	Flecainide Controlle
•		50	Release Teva
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026			
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	54.28	90	Fiecainide Controlle
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026  Cap long-acting 200 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		90	Release Teva
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		90 5	
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026			

Tab 5 mg

 Price
 Bra

 (ex man. excl. GST)
 Ge

 \$
 Per
 Ma

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# → Restricted (RS1566)

# Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker; or
  - 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

# MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 150 mg162.00	100	Teva
Cap 250 mg202.00	100	Teva

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

# **Antihypotensives**

MII	DODRINE - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 2.5 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	5.68		MAR-Midodrine Midodrine Medsurge
t	Tab 5 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	3.88	100	MAR-Midodrine Midodrine Medsurge

# → Restricted (RS1427)

# Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

В	eta-A	\dre	no	cer	otor	ВΙ	ock	(er	S

is
ol
ol
ol
doz
doz
doz

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
IETOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	4.20	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	5.24	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	9.76	90	Myloc CR
IETOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	5.66	100	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		60	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		5	Metoprolol IV Mylan
			Metoprolol IV Viatris
ADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	19.19	100	Nadolol BNM
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	Nadolol BNM
ROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	7.04	100	Drofate
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	IPCA-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg		100	Cardinol LA
Oral lig 4 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
OTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	37.50	500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100	Mylan

# **Calcium Channel Blockers**

# **Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers**

AMLODIFINE		
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	90	Vasorex
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20261.21	90	Vasorex
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20261.31	90	Vasorex
FELODIPINE		
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20272.18	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20276.57	90	Felo 5 ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20276.95	90	Felo 10 ER

# **ISRADIPINE**

AMI ODIDINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 2.5 mg

NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1699)

# Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
- 2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
- 3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
IIFEDIPINE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg	19.42	56	Tensipine MR10
Tab long-acting 20 mg		100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg		100	Mylan (24 hr release)
	4.78	14	Mylan Italy (24 hr release)
Tab long-acting 60 mg Cap 5 mg	52.81	100	Mylan (24 hr release)
IIMODIPINE			
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	350.00	100	Nimotop
Inj 0.2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – <b>5% DV May-24 to 2025</b>		5	Nimotop
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 30 mg			
Cap long-acting 120 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	65.35	500	Diltiazem CD Clinect
Cap long-acting 180 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	7.00	30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	9.30	30	Cardizem CD
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
PERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg	62.90	100	Pexsig
ERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			-
Tab 40 mg	7.01	100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg.		100	Isoptin SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg		30	Isoptin SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Isoptin
Centrally-Acting Agents			
CLONIDINE	44.70	4	Mulan
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	17.90	4	Mylan
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mcg - <b>5% DV Nov-22 to 2025</b>		112	Clonidine Teva
Tab 150 mcg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	40.41	100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	14.10	5	Catapres
METHYLDOPA			
Tab 250 mg	15.10	100	Methyldopa Viatris
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
·	16.36	100	Burinex

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]				
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		.12.80	1,000	IPCA-Frusemide
Tab 500 mg		.25.00	50	Urex Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			30 ml	Lasix
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			5 6	Furosemide-Baxter Lasix
Osmotic Diuretics				
MANNITOL				
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag	5	882 84	12	Baxter
Inj 20%, 500 ml bag			18	Baxter
, ,		-00.00		Jame.
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE				
Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE				
Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg				
Potassium Sparing Diuretics				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 5 mg				
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		.35.40	25 ml	Biomed
EPLERENONE - Restricted see terms below				
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027			30	Inspra
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		.25.00	30	Inspra
⇒ Restricted (RS1640)				
Initiation Both:				
1 Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%; an	d			
2 Either:	u			
2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactone;	or			
2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant adverse e		e on optimal	dosing of	spironolactone.
SPIRONOLACTONE		•	-	
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025		3.68	100	Spiractin
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025			100	Spiractin
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		.35.70	25 ml	Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics				
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE]				
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		.51.50	500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026			500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE				
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		.30.67	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE]				
Tab 25 mg - <b>5% DV Apr-23 to 2025</b>		6.95	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE				,,,
Tab 2.5 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		.16.00	90	Dapa-Tabs
<u> </u>				

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

**METOLAZONE** 

Tab 5 mg

# Vasopressin receptor antagonists

TOI VAPTAN - Restricted see terms below

 Tab 15 mg
 873.50
 28
 Jinarc

 Tab 30 mg
 873.50
 28
 Jinarc

 Tab 45 mg + 15 mg
 1,747.00
 56
 Jinarc

 Tab 60 mg + 30 mg
 1,747.00
 56
 Jinarc

 Tab 90 mg + 30 mg
 1,747.00
 56
 Jinarc

→ Restricted (RS1930)

# Initiation – autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease; and
- 2 Patient has an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) of greater than or equal to 25 ml/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup> at treatment initiation; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with a decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 5 mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup> within one-year; or
  - 3.2 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with an average decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 2.5 mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup> per year over a five-year period.

# Continuation - autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has not developed end-stage renal disease, defined as an eGFR of less than 15 mL/min/1.73 m²; and
- 2 Patient has not undergone a kidney transplant.

# **Lipid-Modifying Agents**

#### **Fibrates**

#### BEZAFIBRATE

Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	22.65	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	21.54	30	Bezalip Retard

# **HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)**

ΔΤ	OR'	VAS	TΔ	TIN

ATOTIVAOTATIN			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.31	30	Lorstat
•	5.16	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.45	28	Lipitor
•	8.12	500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	13.79	500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1.52	30	Lorstat
•	25.39	500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	7.16	100	Clinect
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	12.25	100	Clinect

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ROSUVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 5 mg − 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026	1.29	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
Tab 10 mg − 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026	1.69	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg − 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
Tab 40 mg − 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026      Restricted (RS1868)		30	Rosuvastatin Viatris

#### Initiation - cardiovascular disease risk

Fither:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient is considered to be at risk of cardiovascular disease; and
  - 1.2 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity: or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has a calculated risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
  - 2.2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atoryastatin and/or simyastatin.

### Initiation - familial hypercholesterolemia

Both:

- 1 Patient has familial hypercholesterolemia (defined as a Dutch Lipid Criteria score greater than or equal to 6); and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

### Initiation - established cardiovascular disease

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has proven coronary artery disease (CAD); or
  - 1.2 Patient has proven peripheral artery disease (PAD); or
  - 1.3 Patient has experienced an ischaemic stroke; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.4 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

# Initiation - recurrent major cardiovascular events

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced a recurrent major cardiovascular event (defined as myocardial infarction, ischaemic stroke, coronary revascularisation, hospitalisation for unstable angina) in the last 2 years; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.0 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

# SIMVASTATIN

111111111111111111111111111111111111111			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.68	90	Simvastatin Mylan
			Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.54	90	Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4.11	90	Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	8.81	90	Simvastatin Viatris

# Resins

# CHOLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral liq 4 g

# COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral lig 5 g

#### COLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral suspension 4 g sachet	61.50	50	Colestyramine - Mylan
1 Owder for oral suspension 4 g sacriet	01.50	50	Oblestyrainine - wyia

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors			
EZETIMIBE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1.76	30	<b>Ezetimibe Sandoz</b>
EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg	5.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg	6.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg	8.15	30	Zimybe

# Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

**ACIPIMOX** 

Cap 250 mg

# **Nitrates**

#### **GLYCERYL TRINITRATE**

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Ini 1 mg per ml 10 ml ampoule

ing it mig per mil, to mil ampoulo			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	118.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose		250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day	15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day		30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	22.49	100	Ismo 20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	9.80	30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	13.50	90	Duride

# **Other Cardiac Agents**

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial − 5% DV Nov-24 to 2027 ......509.60
  Simdax
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1007)

# Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

# Initiation - Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	_	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Sympathomimetics			
ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule	4.98	5	Aspen Adrenaline
	13.27		DBL Adrenaline
	25.30	10	Hameln
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial			
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule	49.00	10	Aspen Adrenaline
	27.00	5	Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe			
DOBUTAMINE			
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Dec-24 to 2027</b>	61.13	5	Dobutamine-hameln
		Ŭ	Dobutaninio namoni
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	46.00	10	Dopamine Basi
inj 40 mg per mi, 5 mi ampoule – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	40.30	10	Max Health Ltd
EPHEDRINE			Max nealli Liu
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	142.00	10	Ephedrine Juno
Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml symige = 5% <b>DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		10	Max Health
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		10	Max ricalul
ISOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL]			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
METARAMINOL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	53.00	10	Torbay
NORADRENALINE			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	45.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	310.42	25	Neosynephrine HCL
,g po, opoo.o		_0	

# **Vasodilators**

ALPROSTADIL - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10 mcg vial

Inj 20 mcg vial

→ Restricted (RS1992)

Initiation

Both:

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
<ol> <li>Patient has erectile dysfunction; and</li> <li>Patient is to receive a penile Doppler ultrasonography.</li> </ol>			
ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	2,030.33	5	Prostin VR
DIAZOXIDE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE  ↓ Tab 25 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1008) Initiation Either:			
<ol> <li>For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or</li> <li>For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, in ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers.</li> </ol>	patients who are in	ntolerant o	or have not responded to
Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	68.00	10	Milrinone-Baxter
MINOXIDIL Tab 10 mg	78.40	100	Loniten
NICORANDIL			
Tab 10 mg - <b>5% DV May-24 to 2025</b> Tab 20 mg - <b>5% DV May-24 to 2025</b>		60 60	Max Health Max Health
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE	27.44	00	IVIAX FICATUI
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	257.12	5	Hospira
DENITO VIEVI I INIE IO VDENITIEVI I INIE)			

# PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]

Tab 400 mg

SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE

Inj 50 mg vial

# **Endothelin Receptor Antagonists**

AMBRISENTAN - Restricted see terms below			
	200.00	30	<b>Ambrisentan Viatris</b>
■ Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	200.00	30	<b>Ambrisentan Viatris</b>
⇒ Restricted (RS1981)			
Initiation - DAH monothorany			

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1 All of the following:
  - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
  - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
  - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
  - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
  - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
    - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †; or
    - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
    - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
  - 5.2 Any of the following:
    - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with both sildenafil and bosentan; or
    - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
    - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

#### Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or

<del></del>		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$ Por	Manufacturer

continued...

developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or

- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
  - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
  - 5.2 Either:
    - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil or bosentan) for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
    - 5.2.2 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy including bosentan and has experienced intolerable side effects on bosentan; and
  - 5.3 Both:
    - 5.3.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy; and
    - 5.3.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (eg due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease).

# Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

# All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
  - 5.2 Any of the following:
    - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
    - 5.2.2 Both
      - 5.2.2.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and

	Price		Brand	d or
(ex)	man. excl.	GST)	Gene	ric
	\$	F	er Manu	facturer

continued...

- 5.2.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
- 5.2.3 Both:
  - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; and
  - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

#### Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

The patient is continuing to derive benefit from ambrisentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool\*\*. Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

\*\* the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

# BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 62.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	100.00	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
t	Tab 125 mg - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	100.00	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
_	Restricted (RS1082)			-

#### Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)\*: and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*: or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
` ¢ ´ Do	r Manufacturor

continued...

- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
  - 5.2 Any of the following:
    - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil: or
    - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil: or
    - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

### Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)\*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II. III or IV: and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*: or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type: or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy; and
  - 5.2 Either:
    - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil) for at least three months and has experienced an inadequate therapeutic response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
    - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would likely benefit from initial dual therapy.

#### Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)\*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
  - 5 Both:
    - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH triple therapy; and
    - 5.2 Any of the following:
      - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
      - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
      - 5.2.3 Both:
        - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; and
        - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

### Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from bosentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool\*\*.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

\*\* the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

# **Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors**

SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4	Vedafil
į	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	12	Vedafil

Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1983)

Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$ P	Per Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

# Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)\*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH is confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) of greater than 20 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) that is less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 2 Wood Units or at least 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH is non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †: or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*: or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures.

#### Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

# Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
  - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
  - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

\*\* the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

# **Prostacyclin Analogues**

#### EPOPROSTENOL - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 mcg vial	1	Veletri
1	Inj 1.5 mg vial73.21	1	Veletri

→ Restricted (RS1984)

# Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*: or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
  - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
  - 5.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
  - 5.3 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool.

# Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Por	Manufacturer

### continued...

- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*: or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
  - 5.2 Any of the following:
    - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
    - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV: or
    - 5.2.3 Both:
      - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool; and
      - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

# Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from epoprostenol treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and

\*\* the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

#### II OPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule	380.00	5	llomedin
1	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	185.03	30	Vebulis
$\rightarrow$	Restricted (RS1985)			

#### Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist,

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*: or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
  - 5.2 Fither:
    - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil and both the funded endothelin receptor antagonists (i.e. both bosentan and ambrisentan); or
    - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to endothelin receptor antagonists.

# Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:

Pric	e		Brand or
(ex man. ex	kcl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
- 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
  - 5.1 lloprost is to be used as PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
  - 5.2 Either:
    - 5.2.1 Patient has an absolute contraindication to or has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
    - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to or experienced intolerable side effects with a funded endothelin receptor antagonist; and
  - 5.3 Either:
    - 5.3.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
    - 5.3.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy.

# Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II. III or IV: and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
  - 5.2 Any of the following:
    - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
    - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
    - 5.2.3 Both:
      - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; and
      - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

#### Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from iloprost treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

\*\* the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE  Crm 1%	8.56	10 g	Crystaderm
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]  Crm 2% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027  Oint 2% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027  SULFADIAZINE SILVER	1.69	5 g 5 g	Foban Foban
Crm 1%(Ascend Crm 1% to be delisted 1 July 2025)	10.80	50 g	Ascend Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026  CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8%  Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	21.87	5 ml	MycoNail
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% − 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025  Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	1.10	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE  Crm 1% – 5% DV Jun-25 to 2027  Foaming soln 1%	8.04	20 g	Pevaryl
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 5% DV May-24 to 2026  METRONIDAZOLE Gel 0.75%	4.09	100 ml	Sebizole
MICONAZOLE NITRATE  Crm 2% - 5% DV May-24 to 2026  → Lotn 2% - Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%  NYSTATIN  Crm 100,000 u per g	0.90	15 g	Multichem

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	 4.25	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1% PERMETHRIN			
Lotn 5% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	 4.28	30 ml	A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN  Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027  Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027  Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	 .18.75	60 120 120	Oratane Oratane Oratane
TRETINOIN  Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE Crm, aqueous, BP - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	 3.45	100 g	healthE Calamine Aqueous
CROTAMITON Crm 10% - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	 3.49	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE  Crm 10% pump bottle	 4.52	460 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle – <b>5% DV Apr-25 to 2025</b>		460 g	10% healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% tube - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	 1.47	100 g	5% healthE Dimethicone 5%
ZINC Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)

# **DERMATOLOGICALS**

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL		Ψ	1 01	Manufacturer
Crm		1.63	20 g	Orion
Oint - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2025			500 g	Evara
Oint, BP		1.26	20 g	healthE
INC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%				e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients				
QUEOUS CREAM				
Crm 100 g - <b>5% DV Mar-25 to 2027</b>		1.25	100 g	Evara
Crm 500 g - <b>5% DV Mar-25 to 2027</b> Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g of less.		1.65	500 g	Evara
ETOMACROGOL Crm BP, 100 g - <b>5% DV Jun-25 to 2027</b>		0.00	100 g	Cetomacrogol Crean
OIII DF, 100 g = 3 % DV Juli-23 to 2021		0.33	100 g	AFT
Crm BP, 500 g - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		2.29	500 g	Cetomacrogol-AFT
ETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL				
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2025		2.13	460 g	Evara
		3.50	920 g	Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.  Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,		1.65	100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			•	
MULSIFYING OINTMENT				
Oint BP - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		2.30	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.		0.40		
Oint BP, 500 g - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		3.13	500 g	Emulsifying Ointme
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.				ADE
LYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN				
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%	6			e.g. QV cream
IL IN WATER EMULSION				•
Crm, 100 g - <b>5% DV Apr-25 to 2027</b>		1.43	100 g	Fatty Emulsion Crea (Evara)
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.				, ,
Crm, 500 g - <b>5% DV Apr-25 to 2027</b>		2.10	500 g	Fatty Emulsion Crea (Evara)
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 a				• •

Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.

		DEITIN	IATOLOGICALO
	Price		Brand or Generic
(	ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Manufacturer
PARAFFIN			
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% - 5% DV May-2			
to 2025	1.84	100 g	White Soft Liquid
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			Paraffin AFT
White soft		10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both White soft, -5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		and yellow 450 g	EVARA White Soft
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 500 g or less and gre Yellow soft	ater than 30 g.		Paraffin
Lotn liquid paraffin 85%			e.g QV Bath Oil
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT			•
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP;
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			Hydroderm Lotn e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA			
Crm 10%	1.37	100 g	healthE Urea Cream
WOOL FAT Crm			
Citi			
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	36.00	50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.	26.00	E0 ~	Dingasana
Oint 0.05% - <b>5% DV Jul-24 to 2026</b>	30.00	50 g	Diprosone
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Crm 0.1% - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	5.85	50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.90	50 g	Beta Ointment
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	30.00	50 ml	Betnovate
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>		30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	2.33	30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Crm 0.1%			
Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE  Crm 1%, 30 g - <b>5% DV Apr-23 to 2025</b>	1 70	20 a	Ethics
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to		30 g	Eulics
Crm 1%, 500 g – <b>5% DV Aug-23 to 2025</b>	-	500 g	Noumed
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.		-	
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% – <b>5% DV Jun-2</b>			DD 1 1 110
to 2026	12.83	250 ml	DP Lotn HC

	Price (ex man. excl. G	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.1%	4.85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1%		100 g	Locoid
Milky emul 0.1%	12.33	100 ml	Locoid Crelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.95	15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.95	15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE			
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.25	15 g	<b>Elocon Alcohol Free</b>
	3.50	50 g	<b>Elocon Alcohol Free</b>
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.25	15 g	Elocon
	3.50	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	4.99	30 ml	Elocon
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Crm 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.49	100 g	Aristocort
Oint 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.54	100 g	Aristocort

# **Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents**

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1125)

### Initiation

Either:

- 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or
- 2 For continuation use.

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]

Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%

HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE

THE HOOOTHISONE WITH MICONAZOLL		
Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	15 g	Micreme H
HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN		
Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%3.35	15 g	Pimafucort

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN

Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g

# **Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations**

ACITRETIN		
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202626.20	60	Novatretin
Cap 25 mg - <b>5% DV Jul-24 to 2026</b> 57.37	60	Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL		
Foam spray 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g59.95	60 g	Enstilar
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202740.92	60 g	Daivobet
Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202714.31	30 g	Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL		
Oint 50 mcg per g40.00	120 g	Daivonex
COAL TAR WITH CALLOW IS A CIR AND CHILDING		

COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%

DERMATOLOGICALS Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN] Tab 10 mg Lotn 1.2% PIMECROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below Elidel 15 a → Restricted (RS1781) Initiation Dermatologist, paediatrician or ophthalmologist Both: 1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the eyelid; and 2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical corticosteroids: periorificial dermatitis, rosacea, documented epidermal atrophy, documented allergy to topical corticosteroids, cataracts, glaucoma, or raised intraocular pressure. PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium - 5% DV **Pinetarsol** 

500 ml

#### POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Tab 400 mg

Crystals

# **TACROLIMUS**

30 g Zematop

→ Restricted (RS1859)

#### Initiation

Dermatologist or paediatrician

#### Both:

- 1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the face; and
- 2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical corticosteroids: periorificial dermatitis, rosacea, documented epidermal atrophy or documented allergy to topical corticosteroids.

# **Scalp Preparations**

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE		
Scalp app 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Scalp app 0.05% - <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1%	100 ml	Locoid

# Wart Preparations

PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5% ..... 3.5 ml Condvline

SILVER NITRATE

Sticks with applicator

# Other Skin Preparations

DIPHEMANII METII SUI FATE

Powder 2%

# **DERMATOLOGICALS**

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet	 .21.72	24	Perrigo
Lotn – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	 6.50	200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+

# **Antineoplastics**

FLUOROURACIL SODIUM

METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1127)

Dermatologist or plastic surgeon

# **Wound Management Products**

CALCIUM GLUCONATE

Gel 2.5% e.g. Orion

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Anti-Infective Agents**

ACETIC ACID

Soln 3%

Soln 5%

ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID

Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyguinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and

ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator

CHI ORHEXIDINE GI UCONATE

Crm 1%

Lotn 1%

CLOTRIMAZOLE

35 a Clomazol Clomazol 20 g

MICONAZOLE NITRATE

40 a Micreme

NYSTATIN

Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 .... 5.70 75 a Nilstat

## Contraceptives

## Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives

CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOFSTRADIOL

Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

168 Ginet

## Combined Oral Contraceptives

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

Lo-Oralcon 20 ED

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

84 Oralcon 30 ED

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

84 Alvacen Brevinor 1/28

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL

Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

(ex r	Price nan. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width - 5% <b>DV Nov-24 to 2025</b>	29.80	1	Choice 380 7med Nsha Silver/copper Short
IUD 33.6 mm length $\times$ 29.9 mm width $-$ 5% DV Nov-24 to 2025IUD 35.5 mm length $\times$ 19.6 mm width $-$ 5% DV Nov-24 to 2025		1 1	TCu 380 Plus Normal Cu 375 Standard
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	1.75	1	Levonorgestrel BNM
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
DESOGESTREL Tab 75 mcg	24.50	84	Cerazette
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg Intra-uterine device 52 mg Intra-uterine device 13.5 mg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2025	269.50 215.60	112 1 1 2	Microlut Mirena Jaydess <b>Jadelle</b>
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe NORETHISTERONE	10.56	1	Depo-Provera
Tab 350 mcg	12.25	84	Norethinderone - CDC Noriday Noriday 28
Obstetric Preparations			
Antiprogestogens			
MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg			
Oxytocics			
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE			
Pessaries 10 mg Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g		1 1	Prostin E2 Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	160.00	5	DBL Ergometrine
OXYTOCIN  Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025  Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		5 5	Oxytocin BNM Oxytocin BNM

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE				
Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – DV Dec-22 to 2025		.32.40	5	Syntometrine
Tocolytics				
PROGESTERONE Cap 100 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		14.85	30	Utrogestan
TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms below  ¶ Inj 500 mcg ampoule  → Restricted (RS1130)  Obstetrician				
Oestrogens				
OESTRIOL				
Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 5% <b>DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>			15 g 15	Ovestin Ovestin
Urologicals				
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors				
FINASTERIDE — Restricted see terms below  I Tab 5 mg — 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026  → Restricted (RS1131) Initiation Both:		4.79	100	Ricit
Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and     Either:				
<ul><li>2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers of</li><li>2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective</li></ul>			dicated; or	
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers				
TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted see terms below  ↓ Cap 400 mcg − 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025  → Restricted (RS1132) Initiation Both:		22.31	100	Tamsulosin-Rex
<ul><li>1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and</li><li>2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these</li></ul>	e are con	traindicated.		
Urinary Alkalisers				
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below  ■ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml  ■ Restricted (RS1133) Initiation Both:		37.49	200 ml	Biomed
1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and	nrior to	tha applicati	on	

2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the application.

## **GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM**

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	3.50	28	Ural
Urinary Antispasmodics			
OXYBUTYNIN           Tab 5 mg           Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml           SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE	5.42	100	Alchemy Oxybutynin
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-25 to 2027	2.05 1.95	30	Solifenacin Viatris Solifenacin succinate Max Health
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-25 to 2027	3.72 3.53	30	Solifenacin Viatris Solifenacin succinate Max Health

(Solifenacin Viatris Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 June 2025) (Solifenacin Viatris Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 June 2025)

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Anabolic Agents**

**OXANDROLONE** 

→ Restricted (RS1302)

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

## **Androgen Agonists and Antagonists**

CYPROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027		50	Siterone
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027	31.00	50	Siterone
TESTOSTERONE			
Gel (transdermal) 16.2 mg per g, 88 g - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	52.00	60	Testogel
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	85.00	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg,			
testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate			
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE			
→ Cap 40 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	86.00	1	Reandron 1000

## **Calcium Homeostasis**

CALCITONIN			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	121.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below			
<b>↓</b> Tab 30 mg − <b>5% DV Dec-24 to 2027</b>	25.24	28	Cinacalet Devatis
■ Tab 60 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		28	<b>Cinacalet Devatis</b>
B Add A - d. (D04004)			

→ Restricted (RS1931)

Initiation - parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
  - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
  - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
  - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
  - 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

thiosulfate.

### Continuation - parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

## Initiation - primary hyperparathyroidism

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has primary hyperparathyroidism; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 3 mmol/L with or without symptoms; or
  - 2.2 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 2.85 mmol/L with symptoms; and
- 3 Surgery is not feasible or has failed; and
- 4 Patient has other comorbidities, severe bone pain, or calciphylaxis.

### Initiation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has tertiary hyperparathyroidism and markedly elevated parathyroid hormone (PTH) with hypercalcaemia;
  - 1.2 Patient has symptomatic secondary hyperparathyroidism and elevated PTH; and
- 2 Patient is on renal replacement therapy; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Residual parathyroid tissue has not been localised despite repeat unsuccessful parathyroid explorations; or
  - 3.2 Parathyroid tissue is surgically inaccessible; or
  - 3.3 Parathyroid surgery is not feasible.

### Continuation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Either:

- 1 The patient has had a kidney transplant, and following a treatment free interval of at least 12 weeks a clinically acceptable parathyroid hormone (PTH) level to support ongoing cessation of treatment has not been reached; or
- 2 The patient has not received a kidney transplant and trial of withdrawal of cinacalcet is clinically inappropriate.

#### ZOLEDRONIC ACID

## Corticosteroids

#### **BETAMETHASONE**

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

### BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

### DEXAMETHASONE

30 IIII ETTI COTTE		
Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	30	Dexmethsone
Oral lig 1 mg per ml 53.86	25 ml	Riomed

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	7.86	10	Hameln
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		10	Hameln
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	11 46	100	Florinef
5	11.40	100	Tionici
HYDROCORTISONE	0.10	100	Douglas
Tab 5 mg			Douglas
Tab 20 mg		100	Douglas Solu-Cortef
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	3.96	1	Solu-Cortet
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg		100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial	22.30	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 125 mg vial	34.10	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 500 mg vial	43.01	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 1 g vial	52.54	1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	47.06	5	Depo-Medrol
PREDNISOLONE			'
Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml	0.00	00 1111	riculpicu
PREDNISONE	10.50	F00	Duadaisana Olivasat
Tab 1 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 2.5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 20 mg	50.51	500	Prednisone Clinect
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 10% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	52.63	5	Kenacort-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			

## **Hormone Replacement Therapy**

## **Oestrogens**

**OESTRADIOL** 

Tab 1 mg

Gel (transdermal) 0.06% (750 mcg/actuation) - 5% DV Nov-24			
to 31 Oct 2027	14.25	80 g	Estrogel
Patch 25 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	21.35		Lyllana
Patch 50 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	21.55		Lyllana
Patch 75 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	22.37		Lyllana
Patch 100 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	22.77		Lyllana

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OESTRADIOL VALERATE Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg		84 84	Progynova Progynova
OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE) Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg			

## **Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations**

### **OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE**

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol

(12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

## OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

## **Progestogens**

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 2.5 mg	6.56	30	Provera
Tab 5 mg	20.13	100	Provera
Tab 10 mg		30	Provera

## **Other Endocrine Agents**

CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below		
<b>■</b> Tab 0.5 mg4.43	2	Dostinex
17.94	8	Dostinex
⇒ Restricted (RS1855)		

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Inhibition of lactation; or
- 2 Patient has hyperprolactinemia; or
- 3 Patient has acromegaly.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

**CLOMIFENE CITRATE** 

**GESTRINONE** 

Cap 2.5 mg

**METYRAPONE** 

Cap 250 mg

PENTAGASTRIN

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

## **Other Oestrogen Preparations**

**OESTRADIOL** 

Implant 50 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OESTRIOL	Ψ	rei	Manuacturer
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	7.70	30	Ovestin
Other Progestogen Preparations			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE Tab 100 mg	133.57	100	Provera HD
NORETHISTERONE Tab 5 mg	5.49	30	Primolut N
Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogue	ogues		
CORTICORELIN (OVINE) Inj 100 mcg vial THYROTROPIN ALFA Inj 900 mcg vial			
Adrenocorticotropic Hormones			
TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN] Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	86.25	1	Synacthen
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	690.00	1	UK Synacthen Synacthen Depot
<b>GnRH Agonists and Antagonists</b>			
BUSERELIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial GONADORELIN Inj 100 mcg vial GOSERELIN			
Implant 3.6 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026 Implant 10.8 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1 1	Zoladex Zoladex
LEUPRORELIN ACETATE			
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe		1 1	Lucrin Depot 1-month Lucrin Depot 3-month
Gonadotrophins			
CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Growth Hormone			
SOMATROPIN – Restricted see terms below  Inj 5 mg cartridge – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027  Inj 10 mg cartridge – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027  Inj 15 mg cartridge – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027  Restricted (RS1826)  Initiation – growth hormone deficiency in children	80.21	1 1 1	Omnitrope Omnitrope Omnitrope

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
  - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
  - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
  - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
  - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

### Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

### Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

#### Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

### Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl.		Generic	
\$	Pe	r Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

## Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

### Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
  - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m<sup>2</sup> /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.

## Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

#### Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Both:
    - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
    - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
  - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

#### Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

#### Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mgg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

### Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
  - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
  - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
  - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
  - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
  - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
  - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 3 All of the following:
  - 3.1 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for somatropin for childhood deficiency in children and no longer meets the renewal criteria under this indication; and
  - 3.2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
  - 3.3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
  - 3.4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
  - 3.5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until the serum IGF-I is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

## **Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations**

**CARBIMAZOLE** 

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

#### IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

## **LEVOTHYROXINE**

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

#### LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

→ Restricted (RS1301)

## Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Ini 20 mcg vial

Inj 100 mcg vial

#### POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

### POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

### PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms below

### → Restricted (RS1276)

#### Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

#### PROTIRFI IN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

## **Vasopressin Agents**

## ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

## DESMOPRESSIN

Wafer 120 mcg47.00	30	Minirin Melt
DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE		
Tab 100 mcg25.00	30	Minirin
Tab 200 mcg54.45	30	Minirin
Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml		
Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose, 6 ml - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2026	60	Desmopressin-PH&T

TERLIPRESSIN
Inj 0.2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 ......110.00

5 Terlipressin Ever Pharma

<sup>1</sup> Item restricted (see → above); I Item restricted (see → below)

	Pric (ex man. ex		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials				
Aminoglycosides				
AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	0.0			B: 1
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	22	.93	1	Biomed
Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	160	97	5	DBL Amikacin
→ Restricted (RS1041)		.07	Ū	DDE AIIIIKUUIII
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist			
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	95	.00	5	DBL Gentamicin
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	36	.70	5	Cidomycin P/Free
		.38	10	Gentamicin Amdipharm
		.90	50	Gentamicin Noridem
DAROMOMYON Bratistad as town halos	18	.38	10	Pfizer
PAROMOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below  Gap 250 mg	106	00	16	Humatin
→ Restricted (RS1603)	120	.00	10	Пишаші
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologis	st			
STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below				
Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule				
⇒ Restricted (RS1043)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist			
TOBRAMYCIN				
Restricted (RS1475)				
Initiation				
For addition to orthopaedic bone cement.			_	
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	15	.50	5	Tobramycin (Viatris)
→ Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	aliat			
	alist			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial  → Restricted (RS1044)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist			
■ Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml − 5% DV Dec-23 to 202		00	56 dose	Tobramycin BNM
→ Restricted (RS1435)	<b>J</b>	.00	00 0000	Tobianiyoni Diriw
Initiation				
Patient has cystic fibrosis.				
Carbapenems				
ERTAPENEM – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below				
Inj 1 g vial	70	.00	1	Invanz
→ Restricted (RS1045)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms on the next pa	•			
Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial	60	.00	1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1046)  Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist  MEROPENEM – Restricted see terms below  I Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026			10 10	Meropenem-AFT Meropenem-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation				
CEFALEXIN  Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025  Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025  Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025  Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		5.85 7.88	20 20 100 ml 100 ml	Cephalexin ABM Cephalexin ABM Flynn Cefalexin Sandoz Flynn
CEFAZOLIN Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		3.59	5 5 5	Cefazolin-AFT Cefazolin-AFT Cefazolin-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation				
CEFACLOR Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 CEFOXITIN Inj 1 g vial CEFUROXIME Tab 250 mg		3.75	100 100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Inj 750 mg vial  – <b>5% DV Jun-24 to 2026</b> Inj 1.5 g vial  – <b>5% DV Jun-24 to 2026</b>		8.16 .13.01	10 10	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefuroxime Devatis
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation				
CEFOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 CEFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below			1 10	Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime
Inj 1 g vial − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026      Restricted (RS1048)  Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special content of the conten		.25.80	10	Ceftazidime Kabi
Inj ceftazidime 2,000 mg with avibactam 500 mg, vial  → Restricted (RS2104) Initiation Both:	2,2	250.00	10	Zavicefta

1 Prescribed by, or recommended by a clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist, or in accordance with a

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health NZ H 2 Either: 2.1 Proven infection with a carbapenem-resistant micro-orgar 2.2 Probable infection with a carbapenem-resistant micro-orgor or infectious disease specialist.  CEFTRIAXONE	nism, based on mic anism, based on as	ssessment	by a clinical microbiologist
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025.	3.59	1 5 5	Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation			
CEFEPIME - Restricted see terms below  Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027  Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027  → Restricted (RS1049)  Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist		1	Cefepime-AFT Cefepime-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation			
CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL — Restricted see terms below  Inj 600 mg vial	1,834.25	10	Zinforo

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Either:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

## Macrolides

### AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- 7ithromax 15 ml Zithromax
- → Restricted (RS1598)

## Initiation - bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome\*: or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome\*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms\*; or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	Τ)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

### Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis\*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis\*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
  - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

#### Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis\*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

#### Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

### Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

## CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	14	Klacid
	7.31	12	Klaricid
t	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 202714.58	14	Klacid
t	Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml192.00	50 ml	Klacid
		1	Klacid IV
	= '		

### → Restricted (RS1709)

### Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication: or
- 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surgical or dental procedures if amoxicillin is contra-indicated.

### Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

#### Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)			
Tab 400 mg		100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	9.41	100 ml	E-Mycin
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)			
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	10.00	1	Erythrocin IV
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation onl	ly		
→ Tab 250 mg	•		
→ Tab 500 mg			
ROXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab dispersible 50 mg			
Tab 150 mg - <b>5% DV Aug-23 to 2026</b>	13.19	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
Tab 300 mg - <b>5% DV Aug-23 to 2026</b>		50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
⇒ Restricted (RS1569)			, <b>, .</b>
Initiation			
Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.			
Penicillins			
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Sep-24 to 2025	27.50	500	Miro-Amoxicillin
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2025	41.00	500	Miro-Amoxicillin
Grans for oral lig 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.22	100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.81	100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial	15.97	10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial		10	Ibiamox
lnj 1 g vial	21.64	10	Ibiamox
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026.	1.59	10	Curam Duo 500/125
Grans for oral lig 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml - 5% D			
May-25 to 2027		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml - 5% D			<b>.</b>
Jun-25 to 2027		100 ml	Amoxiclay Devatis
			Forte
	4.65		Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial -5% DV Sep-25 to 202		10	Amoxiclav multichem
	22.48		Synermox
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-25 to 20	<b>027</b> 26.90	10	Amoxiclav multichem
			Cerobact
	29.61		Synermox
(Curam Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml to be			
(Amoxiclav multichem Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial to be of			
(Amoxiclav multichem Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial to be	e delisted 1 Septe	mber 2025)	)
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN			
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe	432.37	10	Bicillin LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 5% <b>DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>	16.50	10	Sandoz
and the second s			

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. (	GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
FLUCLOXACILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Aug-25 to 2027	15.79	250	Flucloxacillin-AFT
	22.58		Staphlex
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Aug-25 to 2027	52.99	500	Flucloxacillin-AFT
	72.71		Staphlex
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	4.89	100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.00	5	Flucil
(Flucloxacillin-AFT Cap 250 mg to be delisted 1 August 2025)			
(Flucloxacillin-AFT Cap 500 mg to be delisted 1 August 2025)			
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.68	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4.24	100 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial − 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	3.59	1	PipTaz-AFT
⇒ Restricted (RS1053)		•	1 10102 / 11 1
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	llist		
PROCAINE PENICILLIN			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe			
, , , ,			
TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID - Restricted see terms below	V		

- Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1054)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

## Quinolones

CIPROFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below			
<b>↓</b> Tab 250 mg − <b>5% DV Nov-24 to 2026</b>	1.95	28	Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
<b>↓</b> Tab 500 mg − <b>5% DV Nov-24 to 2026</b>	3.10	28	Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
<b>↓</b> Tab 750 mg - <b>5% DV Dec-24 to 2026</b>	4.80	28	Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
■ Oral liq 50 mg per ml			
■ Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	.125.00	10	Ciprofloxacin Kabi
⇒ Restricted (RS1055)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
MOXIFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 400 mg	42.00	5	Avelox
Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	.413.40	10	Moxifloxacin Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1644)			
Initiation – Mycobacterium infection			

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist Any of the following:

1 Both:

INFECTIONS
Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
continued  1.1 Active tuberculosis; and 1.2 Any of the following: 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications; or 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications or 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated; or 3 Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact with a confirmed multi-drug resistant tuberculosis case.  Initiation – Pneumonia Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist Either: 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.  Initiation – Penetrating eye injury Ophthalmologist Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.  Initiation – Mycoplasma genitalium All of the following: 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium and is symptomatic; and 2 Either: 2.1 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; or 2.2 Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; and 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.  NORFLOXACIN Tab 400 mg
Tetracyclines
DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg

## Cap 300 mg DOXYCYCLINE → Tab 50 mg - **Restricted**: For continuation only Tab 100 mg .......64.43 500 Doxine Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg - Restricted: For continuation only **TETRACYCLINE** Tab 250 mg ......58.20 28 Accord Cap 500 mg TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Inj 50 mg vial→ Restricted (RS1059)



	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Antibacterials			
AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial	364.92	10	Azactam
→ Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLORAMPHENICOL – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial			
⇒ Restricted (RS1277)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CLINDAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
<b>↓</b> Cap 150 mg − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4.94	24	Dalacin C
■ Oral liq 15 mg per ml     ■ Init 450 mg per ml     ■ Init 450 mg per ml	05.40	10	Hamala
Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule − 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025     Restricted (RS1061)	35.10	10	HameIn
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted	see terms below		
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		1	Colistin-Link
Inj 2 million iu, 10 ml vial		10	Colomycin
(Colistin-Link Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial to be delisted 1 June 2025	·)		
Restricted (RS1062)	1-11-4		
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory sp	ecialist		
DAPTOMYCIN − Restricted see terms below  Inj 500 mg vial − 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	115.06	1	Dantamusin Dr Baddula
→ Restricted (RS1063)	115.30	'	Daptomycin Dr Reddy's
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
FOSFOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet -5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	18.70	1	UroFos
→ Restricted (RS1315)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
<ul> <li>Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1065)</li> </ul>			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
	194.60	10	Zyvox
■ Oral liq 20 mg per ml		150 ml	Zyvox
■ Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	155.00	10	Linezolid Kabi
Restricted (RS1066)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
METHENAMINE (HEXAMINE) HIPPURATE  Tab 1 g - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	10.0F	100	Hinrov
-	18.80	100	Hiprex
NITROFURANTOIN  Tab 50 mg - <b>5% DV Dec-24 to 2027</b>	22.20	100	Nifuran
Tab 100 mg		100	Nifuran
Cap modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		100	Macrobid
PIVMECILLINAM - Restricted see terms on the next page			
<b>↓</b> Tab 200 mg			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GS' \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1322)  Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms belo	w		
Tab 250 mg		36	Fucidin
→ Restricted (RS1064)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist SULFADIAZINE SODIUM - <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			e.g. Sulfadiazin-Heyl; Wockhardt
→ Restricted (RS1067) Dinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foet	al madiaina anasialist		
FICOPI ANIN — <b>Restricted</b> see terms below	ai medicine specialist		
Inj 400 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	38.85	1	Teicoplanin Medsurge
→ Restricted (RS1068)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	27.83	50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZ	•		
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 t		500	Trisul
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml - 5% DV A to 2028		100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			- I
/ANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	3.38	1	Mylan
Restricted (RS1069)			

## **Antifungals**

### **Imidazoles**

KETOCONAZOLE

Tab 200 mg

→ Restricted (RS1410)

Oncologist

## **Polyene Antimycotics**

AMPHOTERICIN B

→ Restricted (RS1071)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:



	Price			Brand or
(I	(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Roth
  - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection: and
  - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Ini 50 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1316)

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

#### **NYSTATIN**

Tab 500,000 u17.09	50	Nilstat
Cap 500.000 u	50	Nilstat

### **Triazoles**

FLU	JCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below		
t	Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 20264.10	28	Mylan
t	Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1	Mylan
t	Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	28	Mylan
t	Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml	35 ml	Diflucan
t	Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
t	Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
$\rightarrow$	Restricted (RS1072)		
Co	nsultant		
ITF	RACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below		
t	Cap 100 mg	60	Itracap
	6.83	15	Itrazole
t	Oral liquid 10 mg per ml		
$\rightarrow$	Restricted (RS1073)		
	nical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialis	t	
	SACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025206.00	24	Posaconazole Juno
Ĭ	Oral lig 40 mg per ml - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	105 ml	Devatis
<u> </u>	Restricted (RS2052)	100 1111	Devalis

#### Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
  - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

#### Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
  - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
  - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

## Initiation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Posaconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
  - 2.2 Prescribing posaconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

## Continuation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

d The

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Posaconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
  - 2.2 Prescribing posaconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

#### VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Aug-25 to 2028	71.00	56	Vttack
	Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Aug-25 to 2028		56	Vttack
	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml		70 ml	Vfend
	Inj 200 mg vial - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025		1	AFT
	Restricted (RS2053)			

### Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

#### Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

## Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

### Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:



Price	Brai	nd or
(ex man. excl. GST)		neric
\$ P	er Mar	nufacturer

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- Fither
  - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis: or
  - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

### Initiation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Voriconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
  - 2.2 Prescribing voriconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

## Continuation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Voriconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
  - 2.2 Prescribing voriconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand - Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

## Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	110.00	1	Alchemy Caspofungin
t	Inj 70 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	135.00	1	Alchemy Caspofungin

#### → Restricted (RS1076)

#### Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
  - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- → Restricted (RS1279)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TERBINAFINE Tab 250 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>	8.97	84	Deolate
Antimycobacterials			
Antileprotics			
CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below  ↓ Cap 50 mg → Restricted (RS1077)  Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist  DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below  ↓ Tab 25 mg		100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics			
BEDAQUILINE - Restricted see terms below  ↓ Tab 100 mg  → Restricted (RS1977) Initiation - multi-drug resistant tuberculosis Limited to 6 months treatment Both:	3,084.51	24	Sirturo
<ol> <li>The person has multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB); and</li> <li>Ministry of Health's Tuberculosis Clinical Network has reviewed the of the treatment regimen.</li> </ol>	ne individual case	and recon	nmends bedaquiline as part
CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below <b>↓</b> Cap 250 mg  → Restricted (RS1079)  Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below	ist		
		56	Myambutol
ISONIAZID − Restricted see terms below  ¶ Tab 100 mg − 5% DV May-25 to 2027	94.50 327.41 23.00	100	Isoniazid Teva <b>Noumed Isoniazid</b> PSM
(PSM Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)  → Restricted (RS1281)			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physici	an or internal med	icine phys	ician

ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below

1 Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20

1	Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	100	Rifinah
1	Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	100	Rifinah
	B 111 1 (B01000)		

→ Restricted (RS1282)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	,	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below			
■ Grans for oral liq 4 g	280.00	30	Paser
⇒ Restricted (RS1083)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe	cialist		
PROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 250 mg	305.00	100	Peteha
⇒ Restricted (RS1084)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe	cialist		
PYRAZINAMIDE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
<b>↓</b> Tab 500 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1085)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe	cialist		
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 150 mg	353.71	30	Mycobutin
→ Restricted (RS1086)			,
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialis	st or respiratory speci	ialist	
RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below			
	58.54	100	Rifadin
		100	Rifadin
■ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		1	Rifadin
→ Restricted (RS1087)			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, pae	ediatrician or public h	ealth physi	cian

## **Antiparasitics**

## **Anthelmintics**

ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 400 mg
- → Restricted (RS1088)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1283)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

**MEBENDAZOLE** 

Stromectol

Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml

**PRAZIQUANTEL** 

Tab 600 mg

## **Antiprotozoals**

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg
- → Restricted (RS1090)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

	ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms below					
■ Inj 60 mg vial					
→ Restricted (RS1091)					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted s	ee term	is belo	)W		
Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg				12	Malarone Junior
Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg		.64.00	)	12	Malarone
→ Restricted (RS1092)					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below					
Tab 250 mg					
→ Restricted (RS1093) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rhe	umatolo	aiet			
	umatoic	yısı			
MEFLOQUINE − <b>Restricted</b> see terms below <b>1</b> Tab 250 mg					
→ Restricted (RS1094)					
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rhe	umatolo	aist			
METRONIDAZOLE		3			
Tab 200 mg - <b>5% DV Mar-25 to 2027</b>		25.86	3	250	Metronidamed
Tab 400 mg - <b>5% DV Mar-25 to 2027</b>				21	Metronidamed
Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml				100 ml	Flagyl-S
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		.18.00	)	10	Baxter
Suppos 500 mg		.24.48	3	10	Flagyl
NITAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below					
■ Tab 500 mg	1,6	0.086	)	30	Alinia
■ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml					
Restricted (RS1095)					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
ORNIDAZOLE		00 5		40	
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		.36.52	2	10	Arrow-Ornidazole
PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE – Restricted see terms below				_	
Inj 300 mg vial	2	216.00	)	5	Pentacarinat
Restricted (RS1096)					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
PRIMAQUINE - Restricted see terms below  1 Tab 15 mg					
■ Tab 15 mg ■ Tab 7.5 mg					
→ Restricted (RS1097)					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
PYRIMETHAMINE - Restricted see terms below					
■ Tab 25 mg					
→ Restricted (RS1098)					
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal me	edicine s	specia	ılist		
QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below					
■ Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule					
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial					
Restricted (RS1099)					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM STIBOGI UCONATE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

## **Antiretrovirals**

## Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

#### → Restricted (RS1898)

### Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

#### Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

## Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
  - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

FFAVIREN7	- Restricted see terms above

t	Tab 600 mg	65.38	30	Efavirenz Milpharm
t	Oral liq 30 mg per ml			•
ΕT	FRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms above			
t	Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NE	EVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms above			
t	Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	198.25	60	Nevirapine Viatris
t	Oral suspension 10 mg per ml	203.55	240 ml	Viramune Suspension

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

## **Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors**

#### → Restricted (RS1899)

### Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

### Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

## Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
  - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

#### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ABACAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms above

ABAGATAT COLI TATLE TROUBLES CON COMO CONTO			
Tab 300 mg	180.00	60	Ziagen
Oral liq 20 mg per ml			
ABACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above			
<b>1</b> Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg - <b>5% DV May-23 to 2025</b>	29.50	30	Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris
EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Re	estricted see	terms abov	е
Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg			
(300 mg as a maleate)	106.88	30	Viatris
Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg			
(300 mg as a fumarate)	106.88	30	Triovir
EMTRICITABINE - Restricted see terms above			
<b>t</b> Cap 200 mg	307.20	30	Emtriva
LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms above			
1 Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	98.00	60	Lamivudine Viatris
t Oral lig 10 mg per ml		00	
STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms above			
t Cap 30 mg			
t Cap 40 mg			
1 Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml			
- 1 onder to old oom 1 mg por m			
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] – <b>Restricted</b> see terms above	150.05	100	Datussiu
t Cap 100 mg	152.25	100	Retrovir
Oral liq 10 mg per ml		200 ml	Retrovir
t Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	/50.00	5	Retrovir IV

	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the previo		60	Lamivudine/Zidovudine
- 142 000 mg mm rammo noo mg			Viatris

## **Protease Inhibitors**

### → Restricted (RS1900)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

## Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
  - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

#### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ATAZANAVIR SUI PHATE - Restricted see terms above

THE THE THE THE TRANSPORT OF THE TRANSPO		
<b>1</b> Cap 150 mg - <b>5% DV May-23 to 2025</b> 85.00	60	Atazanavir Mylan Atazanavir Viatris
t Cap 200 mg - <b>5% DV Jun-24 to 2025</b> 110.00	60	Atazanavir Viatris
DARUNAVIR - Restricted see terms above		
150.00 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	60	Darunavir Viatris
Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	60	Darunavir Viatris
INDINAVIR – <b>Restricted</b> see terms above  t Cap 200 mg  cap 400 mg		
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms above		
Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	60	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	120	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms above		
Tab 100 mg43.31	30	Norvir

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

## Strand Transfer Inhibitors

#### → Restricted (RS1901)

### Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

#### Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

## Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
  - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

#### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

DOLUTEGRAVIR	<ul> <li>Restricted</li> </ul>	d see terms above
--------------	--------------------------------	-------------------

1 ab 50 mg	1,090.00	30	Tivicay
DOLUTEGRAVIR WITH LAMIVUDINE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms above <b>1</b> Tab 50 mg with lamivudine 300 mg	1 090 00	30	Dovato
RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM – <b>Restricted</b> see terms above		00	Borato
<b>1</b> Tab 400 mg	1,090.00	60	Isentress
1 Tab 600 mg	1,090.00	60	Isentress HD

## **Antivirals**

## **Hepatitis B**

ENTECAVIR Tab 0.5 mg - <b>5% DV Mar-24 to 2026</b> 12.04	30	Entecavir (Rex)
LAMIVUDINE		
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	28	Zetlam
Oral liq 5 mg per ml270.00	240 ml	Zeffix
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL		
Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil
Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a fumarate)15.00	30	<b>Viatris</b> Ricovir



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer

## **Hepatitis C**

### GLECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR

Note: the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/maviret.

Tab 100 mg with pibrentasvir 40 mg ......24,750.00 Maviret

LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR - Restricted see terms below

Harvoni

→ Restricted (RS1528)

Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCTP). Applications will be considered by HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Access Criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

## Herpesviridae

#### **ACICLOVIR**

Tab dispersible 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	25	Lovir
Tab dispersible 400 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	56	Lovir
Tab dispersible 800 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	35	Lovir
Inj 250 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5	Aciclovir-Baxter

CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms below

Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1108)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologist or oral surgeon

FOSCABNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below

Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

⇒ Restricted (RS1109)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1110)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

VALACICI OVIR

Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	9.64	30	Vaclovir
Tab 1,000 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	17.78	30	Vaclovir

VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below

**1** Tab 450 mg − **5% DV Feb-25 to 2027** 140.89 60 Valganciclovir Viatris

→ Restricted (RS1799)

### Initiation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

### Continuation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

1 Both:

1.1 Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and

continued...

Cymevene

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and
  - 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone.

### Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Relevant specialist

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
  - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and
- 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease.

## Initiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

#### Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
  - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
  - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

## **HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment**

### EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate).......15.45 30 Teva (Teva Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) to be delisted 1 August 2025)

→ Restricted (RS1902)

#### Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

#### Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

#### Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

# Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

### Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical quidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

### Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

### Influenza

#### OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml
- → Restricted (RS1307)

#### Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

#### ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

⇒ Restricted (RS1369)

#### Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

## **COVID-19 Treatments**

#### NIRMATRELVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1894)

#### Initiation

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

Price			Brand or	_
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic	
\$		Per	Manufacturer	

REMDESIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: Remdesivir to be provided to Health NZ Hospitals at a cost of \$0.00 as stock has been purchased directly by Pharmac.

→ Restricted (RS1912)

### Initiation - Treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability. Initiation – COVID-19 in hospitalised patients

Therapy limited to 5 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is hospitalised with confirmed (or probable) symptomatic COVID-19; and
- 2 Patient is considered to be at high risk of progression to severe disease; and
- 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 7 days; and
- 4 Patient does not require, or is not expected to require, mechanical ventilation; and
- 5 Not to be used in conjunction with other funded COVID-19 antiviral treatments; and
- 6 Treatment not to exceed five days.

### **Immune Modulators**

#### **INTERFERON ALFA-2B**

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

### INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Ini 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1113)

#### Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

### PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1827)

# Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400.000IU/ml.

### Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Fither
  - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed: or
    - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

#### Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
  - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
  - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

### Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

#### Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal: and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
  - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease: and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

#### Initiation – myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma\*; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder\*; and
  - 2.2 Patient is intolerant of hydroxyurea; and
  - 2.3 Treatment with anagrelide and busulfan is not clinically appropriate; or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder; and
  - 3.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Continuation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma\*; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder\*; and
    - 3.2.2 Fither:
      - 3.2.2.1 Remains intolerant of hydroxyurea and treatment with anagrelide and busulfan remains clinically inappropriate; or
      - 3.2.2.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

### Initiation – ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has ocular surface squamous neoplasia\*.

### Continuation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

### Initiation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has received an allogeneic bone marrow transplant\* and has evidence of disease relapse.

### Continuation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient is responding and ongoing treatment remains appropriate.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anticholinesterases				
EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial				
<ul><li>Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule</li><li>→ Restricted (RS1015)</li></ul>				
Initiation				
For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.				
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10.05	10	Max Health
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BRC		.40.23	10	Wax nealli
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml am		.26.13	10	Max Health
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE				
Tab 60 mg		.50.28	100	Mestinon
Antirheumatoid Agents				
HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE SULPHATE				
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027		7.80	100	Ipca-
				Hydroxychloroquin
		8.78		Plaquenil
(Plaquenil Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)				
LEFLUNOMIDE				
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			30	Arava
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		6.00	30	Arava
PENICILLAMINE Tab 125 mg		67.23	100	D-Penamine
Tab 250 mg			100	D-Penamine
SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE				
Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule				
Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule				
Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule				
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism				
Bisphosphonates				
ALENDRONATE SODIUM				
Tab 70 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		3.10	4	Fosamax
ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2020	6	1.99	4	Fosamax Plus
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		.94.34	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM  Tab 35 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		2.50	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID		2.00	7	mocuronate danuoz
ZOLLDI IOINIO AOID		.22.53	1	Zoledronic Acid Viatris

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

## Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

#### DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Note: Denosumab inj 60 mg per 1 ml pre-filled syringe is Medsafe approved for use in osteoporosis. Denosumab inj 120 mg per 1.7 ml vial is Medsafe approved for use in hypercalcaemia of malionancy.

t	Inj 120 mg per 1.7 ml vial500.00	1	Xgeva
t	Inj 60 mg per 1 ml prefilled syringe250.00	1	Prolia

→ Restricted (RS2097)

### Initiation - Osteoporosis

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has established osteoporosis; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, with a documented T-Score less than or equal to -2.5, that incorporates BMD measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DEXA); or
  - 2.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture, demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
  - 2.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
  - 2.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0; or
  - 2.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm that incorporates BMD measured using DEXA; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Bisphosphonates are contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance or eGFR is less than 35 mL/min; or
  - 3.2 The patient has experienced at least two symptomatic new fractures or a BMD loss greater than 2% per year, after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent; or
  - 3.3 Bisphosphonates result in intolerable side effects; or
  - 3.4 Intravenous bisphosphonates cannot be administered due to logistical or technical reasons.

#### Initiation – Hypercalcaemia

Both:

- 1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; and
- 2 Patient has severe renal impairment.

### RALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 60 mg .......53.76 28 Evista

### → Restricted (RS1666)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

Pri	ice		Brand or
(ex man. e	excl. G	ST)	Generic
 9	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

#### Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
   Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2.4 ml − 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025......195.00

00 1 Teriparatide - Teva

⇒ Restricted (RS1143)

#### Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

#### Notes:

- a) The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- b) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- c) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

### **Enzymes**

### **HYALURONIDASE**

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

## Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

17.99	1,000	Ipca-Allopurinol
22.50	500	Ipca-Allopurinol
	17.99 22.50	

BENZBROMARONE – **Restricted**: For continuation only

→ Tab 50 mg

 → Tab 100 mg
 100
 Benzbromaron AL 100

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
COLCHICINE Tab 500 mcg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	6.00	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below  1 Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4 73	28	Febuxostat (Teva)
Tab 120 mg − 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026      Restricted (RS1844)  Initiation – Gout		28	Febuxostat (Teva)
mination – dout			

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
  - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
  - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); or
  - 2.4 The patient has previously had an initial Special Authority approval for benzbromarone for treatment of gout...

### Initiation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient is scheduled to receive cancer therapy carrying an intermediate or high risk of tumour lysis syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has a documented history of allopurinol intolerance.

### Continuation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

#### **PROBENECID**

Tab 500 mg

### RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

**Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents** 

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

#### ATRACURIUM BESYLATE Medsurge Tracrium 5 Medsurae Tracrium (Tracrium Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 June 2025) (Tracrium Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 June 2025) **BACLOFEN** 100 Pacifen Oral lig 1 mg per ml Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule ......11.55 1 Lioresal Intrathecal

Sintetica Baclofen Intrathecal

10

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN			
Inj 100 u vial	467.50	1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial	388.50	1	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial	1,295.00	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE			
Cap 25 mg	145.77	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg		100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial	1,143.74	6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule ORPHENADRINE CITRATE Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	23.25	100	Norflex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule ROCURONIUM BROMIDE	20.23	100	NOTITEA
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% <b>DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>	37.06	10	Hameln
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	35.40	10	Martindale
VECURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 10 mg vial – <b>5% DV Apr-25 to 2027</b>	380.00	10	Vecure
Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade			

SU	JGAMMADEX – Restricted see terms below			
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	80.64	10	Sugammadex BNM
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20272	201.60	10	Sugammadex BNM

#### → Restricted (RS1370)

Any of the following:

Initiation

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade: or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

## Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CELECOXIB			
Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025	3.45	60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025	3.20	30	Celecoxib Pfizer

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible		20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg - 5% DV Aug-25 to 2028		100	Voltaren SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule		5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg	7.00	10	Voltaren
ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 30 mg			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 90 mg			
■ Tab 120 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1592)			
Initiation			
For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.			
IBUPROFEN			
Tab 200 mg - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2026	21.40	1,000	Relieve
→ Tab 400 mg - <b>Restricted</b> : For continuation only			
→ Tab 600 mg - <b>Restricted</b> : For continuation only			
Tab long-acting 800 mg – <b>5% DV Apr-25 to 2027</b>		30	Ibuprofen SR BNM
Oral liq 20 mg per ml - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	2.85	200 ml	Ethics
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
INDOMETACIN [INDOMETHACIN]			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
Cap long-acting 75 mg			
Inj 1 mg vial			
Suppos 100 mg			
KETOPROFEN			
Cap long-acting 200 mg	12.07	28	Oruvail SR
MEFENAMIC ACID - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Cap 250 mg			
NAPROXEN			
Tab 250 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	39.23	500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>		250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		28	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		28	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB			
Inj 40 mg vial – 5% <b>DV Dec-24 to 2027</b>	46.00	10	Dynastat
. •		10	- y naotat
SULINDAC Tob 100 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 200 mg			
TENOXICAM			
Tab 20 mg - <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>		100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial	9.95	1	AFT

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

## **Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain**

CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1309)

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders**

### Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1351)

### Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
  - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
  - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
  - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
  - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

#### TETRABENAZINE

### **Anticholinergics**

#### BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg	60	Benztrop
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule95.00	5	Phebra

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

## **Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents**

AMANITADINE UVDDOCHI ODIDE		

Cap 100 mg38.24	60	Symmetrel
APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Ini 10 mg per ml. 2 ml ampoule	5	Movapo

**BROMOCRIPTINE** 

Cap 5 mg

lav	Price	CCT		Brand or Generic
(ex	man. excl. \$	. (351)	Per	Manufacturer
ENTACAPONE				
Tab 200 mg - <b>5% DV Jul-25 to 2027</b>	18.0	14	100	Comtan
	13.7			Entacapone Viatris
(Comtan Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 July 2025)				·
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE				
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg	13.2	.5	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg			100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg			100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg			100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg	26.2	.5	100	Madopar 250
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA		_		
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	26.4	.9	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg	7 440		100	Cinamat CD
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202 Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			100 100	Sinemet CR Sinemet
		.5	100	Silletilet
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA AND ENTACAPONE				
Tab 50 mg with carbidopa 12.5 mg and entacapone 200 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027	27.0	11	100	Stalevo
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg and entacapone 200 mg - 5% DV	27.0	'1	100	Statevo
Jul-25 to 2027		8	100	Stalevo
Tab 150 mg with carbidopa 37.5 mg and entacapone 200 mg - 5% DV				
Jul-25 to 2027	44.9	6	100	Stalevo
Tab 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg and entacapone 200 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027	51.0	13	100	Stalevo
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE	01.2	.0	100	Otalevo
Tab 0.25 mg - <b>5% DV Dec-22 to 2025</b>	5.5	1	100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025			100	Ramipex
RASAGILINE				•
Tab 1 mg	53.5	0	30	Azilect
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 0.25 mg - <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>	4.0	5	84	Ropin
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			84	Ropin
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	6.4	8	84	Ropin
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	14.5	0	84	Ropin
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Tab 5 mg				
TOLCAPONE				
Tab 100 mg	152.3	8	100	Tasmar
Anaesthetics				
General Anaesthetics				
DESFLURANE				
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	1,350.0	0	6	Suprane
DEXMEDETOMIDINE				•
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV May-24 to 2026	42.0	0	5	Dexmedetomidine
•				Viatris
ETOMIDATE				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)
e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IOOFILIDANE	Ψ	rei	ivialiulaciulei
ISOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle KETAMINE	2,730.00	6	Aerrane
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	146 00	5	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe		5	Biomed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial.		5	Ketalar
, , ,			Ketamine-Baxter
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial PROPOFOL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4.35	5	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	19.50	10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% <b>DV Jan-23 to 2025</b> SEVOFLURANE		10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule	930.00	6	Baxter
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE Gel 20%			
BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 18% with tetracaine hydrochloride 2%			e.g. ZAP Topical Anaesthetic Gel
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b> Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 5% DV Feb-24 to		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack	16.20	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack	16.56	5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	10.30	5	Marcalli
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag		5	Marcain
(Marcain Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag to be delisted 1 November 202	(5)		
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 10 ml ampoule	04.50	F	Maraain with Advance!
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		5 5	Marcain with Adrenaline Marcain with Adrenaline
inj 5 mg per ini with auterialine 1.200,000, 20 mil vial	00.00	J	Marcalli Willi Aureliallile

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
UPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	165.00	5	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Jan-2			
to 2025		5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Jan-2		_	
to 2025	127.50	5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	00.00	-	Discount
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe		5 5	Biomed Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	57.35	5	Biomed
UPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	26.67	5	Marcain Heavy
OCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe			
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	30.77	1	Biomed
OCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06%			
Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			
THYL CHLORIDE			
Spray 100%			
• •			
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]  Crm 4%	E 40	Εα	LMX4
GIIII 4%	27.00	5 g 30 g	LMX4
IDOCAINE (LICNOCAINE) LIVEROCLII ORIDE	27.00	50 g	LIVIX4
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE	4.07	00 ~	Orion
Gel 2% Soln 4%	4.87	20 g	Onon
Spray 10% – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>	79.05	50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2%		200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack	44.00	200 1111	Mucosootile
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule	15.00	25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 10%, 5 ml ampoule		·	
Gel 2%, 11 ml urethral syringe – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	59.50	10	Instillagel Lido
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 1% with adreanline 1:100,000, 20 ml vial			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule - <b>5% DV Jan-23</b>			
inj 1% with autenaline 1:100,000, 5 mi ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23	22.00	10	Xylocaine
to 2025		5	Xylocaine Xylocaine
to 2025		J	Aylocallic
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial			

			-
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALIN		HYDRO	CHLORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%			<b>-</b>
syringe		1	Topicaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPH Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%	IRINE HYDROCHLOR	RIDE	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE			
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%		30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg		20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	45.00	5	EMLA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			0 1
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge		50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge	43.60	50	Scandonest 3%
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial	100.00	5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule			
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN			
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	9.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% <b>DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		5 5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 5% <b>DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>	17.00	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 4%			
Analgesics			
Allaigesics			
Non-Opioid Analgesics			
ASPIRIN			
Tab dispersible 300 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	5.65	100	Ethics Aspirin
CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below			•
	11.95	45 g	Zo-Rub HP
		9	Zostrix HP
→ Restricted (RS1145)			
Initiation			
For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.			
METHOXYFLURANE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the next page			
Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

### ⇒ Restricted (RS1292)

### Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

### NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

### PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab soluble 500 mg

Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026	19.75	1,000	Pacimol
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack			
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack			
Tab 500 mg - bottle pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026	17.92	1,000	<b>Noumed Paracetamol</b>
Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Jun-23 to 2025	3.98	200 ml	Paracetamol (Ethics)
Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Apr-23 to 2025	3.35	200 ml	Pamol
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	15.00	10	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 25 mg			
Suppos 50 mg			
Suppos 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.29	10	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5.39	10	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	16.55	50	Gacet

### → Restricted (RS1146)

#### Initiation

Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are unavailable or impractical, or where there is reduced absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 24 hours.

### SUCROSE

■ Oral liq 66.7% (preservative free)

### → Restricted (RS1763)

#### Initiation

For use in neonatal patients only.

## **Opioid Analgesics**

ALFENTANIL		
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5	Medsurge
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	100	Noumed
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	100	Noumed
Tab 60 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 202513.89	100	Noumed
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE		
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	60	<b>DHC Continus</b>

	Price	<b>T</b> )	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS'	Per	Generic Manufacturer
TENT AND (I		101	Manadataror
FENTANYL	44.50	_	Diamed Festend
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		5 10	Biomed Fentanyl Boucher and Muir
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV May-25 to 2027</b>			
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag		10	Biomed Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV May-25 to 2027		10	
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	136.50	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	0.00	-	Fautanal Oandaa
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour – <b>5% DV Dec-24 to 2027</b>		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	16.37	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	1.45	10	Methadone BNM
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.80	200 ml	Biodone
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.80	200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	9.65	200 ml	<b>Biodone Extra Forte</b>
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	19.00	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 5 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 10 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
		200 1111	1 b t morph
MORPHINE SULPHATE	0.00	40	Ca. wa dal
Tab immediate-release 10 mg		10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg		10	Sevredol
Cap long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		300 ml	Oramorph
	29.80	100 ml	Oramorph CDC S29
ini 1 ma nov mi 100 mi hoa F0/ BV F-b 04 t- 0000	16.31	_	Wockhardt
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	63./5	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe	405.00	40	B: 1
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	4.68	5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		_	
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5	Medsurge
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	6.28	5	Medsurge
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			

MORPHINE TARTRATE

Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	١	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST	) Per	Manufacturer
DXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE	<u> </u>		
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	2.40	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 5 mg		100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 10 mg		100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 20 mg		100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Oral lig 1 mg per ml		250 ml	Oxycodone Lucis S29
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	37.00	250 1111	Oxycodolie Lucis 329
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4 27	5	Hameln
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Hameln
		5 5	Hameln
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	14.90	5	пашеш
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg - 5% DV			
Jan-23 to 2025	27.50	1,000	Paracetamol + Codeir
			(Relieve)
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - <b>5% DV Aug-23 to 2025</b>	8.68	10	Noumed Pethidine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe		. •	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	20.88	5	DBL Pethidine
ing 50 mg per mi, 1 mi ampodie	23.00	3	Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	30.72	5	DBL Pethidine
ing 50 mg per mi, 2 mi ampoule		J	Hydrochloride
DEALIE ENT AND			riyarodillollae
REMIFENTANIL	44.05	-	D 15 11 A F.T.
Inj 1 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	20.95	5	Remifentanil-AFT
FRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	1.95	20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	3.80	20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2026		100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	10.00	5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		5	Tramal 100
, , ,		-	
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
•			
AMITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.99	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	3.14	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline

 $<sup>\</sup>mathbf{t}$  Item restricted (see  $\Rightarrow$  above);  $\mathbf{t}$  Item restricted (see  $\Rightarrow$  below)

		rice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 10 mg		10.17	30	Clomipramine Teva
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027		16.99	50	APO Clomipramine
		11.99	30	Clomipramine Teva
Cap 10 mg			28	Clomipramine Teva
Cap 25 mg		35.50	28	Clomipramine Teva
(Clomipramine Teva Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 July 2025)				
Clomipramine Teva Tab 25 mg to be delisted 1 July 2025)				
Clomipramine Teva Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 July 2025)				
(Clomipramine Teva Cap 25 mg to be delisted 1 July 2025)				
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For cor	ntinuation	only		
→ Tab 75 mg		,	30	Dosulepin Viatris
→ Cap 25 mg			50	Dosulepin Viatris
				p
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only  → Cap 10 mg				
, ,				
→ Cap 25 mg → Cap 50 mg				
, ,				
MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 10 mg			50	Tofranil
		6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg			28	Imipramine Crescent
		8.80	50	Tofranil
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation on	ly			
→ Tab 25 mg				
→ Tab 75 mg				
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE – <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only				
→ Tab 30 mg				
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		2.46	100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - <b>5% DV May-23 to 2025</b>			180	Norpress
<b>,</b>				
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective				
PHENELZINE SULPHATE				
Tab 15 mg				
FRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE				
Tab 10 mg				
Tab To mg				
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors				
MOCLOBEMIDE				
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		23.60	60	Aurorix
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			60	Aurorix
1 db 000 mg		00.00	00	Autona
Other Antidepressants				
MIRTAZAPINE				
		0.00	00	Noumed
		2.60	30	noumea
Tab 30 mg Tab 45 mg			30	Noumed

Price   Price   Rex man. excl. GST)   Per   Brand or Generic	NEITVOOS STSTEM			
Cap 37.5 mg		(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic
Cap 75 mg	VENLAFAXINE			
10.32	Cap 37.5 mg	8.29	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 150 mg	Cap 75 mg			
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors	0 450			
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors	Cap 150 mg			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
Tab 10 mg		2.86	84	Celapram
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	ESCITALOPRAM			
FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE  Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025				•
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		1.49	28	lpca-Escitalopram
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		0.50	00	FI
PAROXETINE				
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			90	Allow-Fluoxettile
SERTRALINE		4 11	90	Loxamine
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025			00	
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Åpr-23 to 2025		0.99	30	Setrona
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus  CLONAZEPAM Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule  DIAZEPAM Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	ů i			Setrona
CLONAZEPAM Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule  DIAZEPAM Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule  DIAZEPAM  Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
DIAZEPAM  Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Rectal tubes 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		27.92	5	Hospira
Inj 2 mg vial Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial  PARALDEHYDE Soln 97% Inj 5 ml ampoule  PHENYTOIN SODIUM Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule  Control of Epilepsy  CARBAMAZEPINE Tab 200 mg  14.53 Tegretol Tegretol AU	Rectal tubes 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025			•
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial  PARALDEHYDE Soln 97% Inj 5 ml ampoule  PHENYTOIN SODIUM Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule  Control of Epilepsy  CARBAMAZEPINE Tab 200 mg  14.53 Tegretol Tegretol AU	LORAZEPAM			
Soln 97% Inj 5 ml ampoule  PHENYTOIN SODIUM Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Inj 5 ml ampoule  PHENYTOIN SODIUM  Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM         Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule       .104.58       5       Hospira         Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule       .154.01       5       Hospira             Control of Epilepsy         CARBAMAZEPINE         Tab 200 mg       .14.53       100       Tegretol Tegretol AU				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule       104.58       5       Hospira         Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule       154.01       5       Hospira             Control of Epilepsy         CARBAMAZEPINE         Tab 200 mg       14.53       100       Tegretol Tegretol AU				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		104.58	5	Hospira
CARBAMAZEPINE Tab 200 mg	Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	154.01	5	
Tab 200 mg14.53 100 Tegretol Tegretol AU	Control of Epilepsy			
Tegretol AU	CARBAMAZEPINE			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Tab 200 mg	14.53	100	
	Tab long-acting 200 mg	16.98	100	0
Tab 400 mg				•
Tab long-acting 400 mg39.17 100 Tegretol CR		39.17		Tegretol CR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml26.37 250 ml Tegretol	Oral liq 20 mg per ml	26.37	250 ml	Tegretol

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price	_	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
OLODA ZAM	Ψ	1 01	Manadataror
CLOBAZAM Tab 10 mg			
· ·			
CLONAZEPAM			
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE			
Cap 250 mg	140.88	100	Zarontin
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		200 ml	Zarontin
GABAPENTIN			
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with prega	balin		
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		100	Nupentin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		100	Nupentin
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		100	Nupentin
ACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
Tab 100 mg		14	Vimpat
•	200.24	56	Vimpat
Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat .
•	300.40	56	Vimpat .
Tab 200 mg	400.55	56	Vimpat
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			•
→ Restricted (RS1988)			
nitiation			

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has focal epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine, and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

#### Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment.

### LAMOTRIGINE

Tab dispersible 2 mg	55.00	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg		30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg	4.20	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg	5.11	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg	6.75	56	Logem
LEVETIRACETAM			
Tab 250 mg	5.84	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg	10.51	60	Everet
Tab 750 mg	16.71	60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg	21.82	60	Everet
Oral liq 100 mg per ml	44.78	300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	38.95	10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2025	248.50	500	Noumed
-			Phenobarbitone
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2025	398.50	500	Noumed
			Phenobarbitone

	P (ex man.	rice excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PHENYTOIN					
Tab 50 mg					
PHENYTOIN SODIUM Cap 30 mg Cap 100 mg Oral liq 6 mg per ml					
PREGABALIN					
Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin					
Cap 25 mg		2.25		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 75 mg		2.65		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 150 mg		4.01		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 300 mg		7.38		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
PRIMIDONE Tab 250 mg					
SODIUM VALPROATE					
Tab 100 mg					
Tab EC 200 mg					
Tab EC 500 mg					
Oral liq 40 mg per ml					
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial		9.98		1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL - Restricted see terms below					
				60	Diacomit
Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet	5	09.29		60	Diacomit
→ Restricted (RS1989)					
Initiation					
Paediatric neurologist					
Re-assessment required after 6 months					
Both:					
<ol> <li>Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and</li> <li>Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate cours following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.</li> </ol>	ses of so	dium	valpro	ate, clob	pazam and at least two of the
Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial sodium vanot required to trial sodium valproate.	alproate o	r topi	ramate	e. Those	e who can father children are

### Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

### **TOPIRAMATE**

Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate	
	26.04		Topamax	
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis	
Tab 50 mg	18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate	
	44.26		Topamax	
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis	
Tab 100 mg	31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate	
	75.25		Topamax	
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis	
Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate	
	129.85		Topamax	
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis	
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	20.84	60	Topamax	
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	26.04	60	Topamax	

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VIGABATRIN - Restricted see terms below				
Tab 500 mg				0
Powder for oral soln 500 mg per sachet  → Restricted (RS1865)		/1.58	60	Sabril
Initiation				
Re-assessment required after 15 months				
Both:				
1 Any of the following:				
1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or				
1.2 Both:				
<ul><li>1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and</li><li>1.2.2 Either:</li></ul>				
1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with     1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy a	patient h	as experienc		
1.3 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex; and				
2 Either:				
2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual	field testi	ng (ideally be	fore start	ing therapy and on a
6-monthly basis thereafter); or	-\ 4			I fi alala
2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid condition Continuation	s) to mor	litor the patie	nt's visua	i fields.
Both:				
The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained impro     Either:	vement i	n seizure rate	e or sever	ity and or quality of life; and
<ol> <li>Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing of treatment with vigabatrin; or</li> </ol>	(ideally	every 6 mont	hs) on an	ongoing basis for duration
2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid condition	s) to mor	nitor the patie	nt's visua	I fields.
Antimigraine Preparations				
Acute Migraine Treatment				
DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg				
RIZATRIPTAN				
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4.84	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN				

**Prophylaxis of Migraine** 

**PIZOTIFEN** 

90

90

2

100

Sumagran

Sumagran

Sandomigran

Clustran

Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025 ......29.30

Tab 500 mcg......23.21

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	` \$	Per	Manufacturer
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents			
APREPITANT – Restricted see terms below	04.00	0	Forest Tri Deals
Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg − 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	21.90	3	Emend Tri-Pack
Restricted (RS1154)			
Initiation			
Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthrac	ycline-based chemoth	nerapy fo	or the treatment of
malignancy.			
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	3.70	100	Serc
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
	0.66	10	Nausicalm
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	0.00	10	Nausicaim
CYCLIZINE LACTATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	16.36	10	Hameln
DOMPERIDONE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	4.00	100	Domperidone Viatris
•		100	Domportuono vianto
DROPERIDOL	40.05	40	
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	43.85	10	Droperidol Panpharma
GRANISETRON			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.20	1	Deva
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE			
Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Patch 1 mg per 72 hours	99.50	10	Scopolamine - Mylan
	00.00	10	Scopolariline - Mylari
→ Restricted (RS1155)			
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
<ol> <li>Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow s</li> </ol>			
where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respo-			
2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at le	east two other alterna	tive treat	ments have proven
ineffective; or			
3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyc	lizine, droperidol and	a 5HT3	antagonist have proven
ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.			
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1 57	100	Metoclopramide
Tab 10 Hig - 3/6 DV Wai-24 to 2020	1.57	100	Actavis 10
Oral lig 5 mg per 5 ml			Actavis 10
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	7.00	10	Baxter
	7.00	10	Baxter
ONDANSETRON			
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025		50	Periset
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		10	Periset ODT
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025		50	Periset
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		10	Periset ODT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	1.42	5	Ondansetron-AFT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	1.89	5	Ondansetron-AFT
PROCHLORPERAZINE			
Tab buccal 3 mg			
Tab 5 mg - <b>5% DV Mar-24 to 2026</b>	25.00	250	Nausafix
	23.00	250	INGUBAIIA
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Suppos 25 mg			

<sup>1</sup> Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Per Manufacturer

### **TROPISETRON**

Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

## **Antipsychotic Agents**

A	1	
	neral	

AMISULPRIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5.84	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	14.47	60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	35.06	60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
ARIPIPRAZOLE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	10.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	10.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	10.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	10.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	10.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mg	15.62	100	Largactil
Tab 100 mg		100	Largactil
Oral lig 10 mg per ml			ŭ
Oral liq 20 mg per ml			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	30.79	10	Largactil
CLOZAPINE			•
Tab 25 mg	6.69	50	Clopine
- a.s =0 g	13.37	100	Clopine
	6.69	50	Clozaril
	13.37	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg	8.67	50	Clopine
ŭ	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg	17.33	50	Clopine
•	34.65	100	Clopine
	17.33	50	Clozaril
	34.65	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg	34.65	50	Clopine
	69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	147.30	100 ml	Versacloz
HALOPERIDOL			
Tab 500 mcg	6.23	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg	9.43	100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg	29.72	100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml	23.84	100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule	21.55	10	Serenace
LEVOMEPROMAZINE			
Tab 25 mg	16.10	100	Nozinan
Tab 100 mg		100	Nozinan
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	24.48	10	Wockhardt
) - 0 h			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Manufacturer
THIUM CARBONATE			
Tab long-acting 400 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	82 80	100	Priadel
Cap 250 mg	22.36	100	Douglas
LANZAPINE			2009.00
Tab 2.5 mg - <b>5% DV Aug-24 to 2026</b>	1.40	30	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
,		28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.89	28	Zypine ODT
Inj 10 mg vial			
ERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
UETIAPINE			
Tab 25 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>	2.36	90	Quetapel
	0.79	30	Quetiapine Viatris
	13.11	500	Quetiapine Viatris
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		90	Quetapel
•		00	Quetaper
ISPERIDONE	0.70		D: 1.1
Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		20	Risperdal
	2.17	60	Risperidone (Teva)
	4.01		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.44	60	Risperdal
			Risperidone (Teva)
	3.68		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.72	60	Risperdal
			Risperidone (Teva)
	5.38		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 3 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4.50	60	Risperdal
			Risperidone (Teva)
	8.57		Risperidone Sandoz
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	6.25	60	Risperdal
			Risperidone (Teva)
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	10.29	30 ml	Risperon
PRASIDONE			
Cap 20 mg	17.90	60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg		60	Zusdone
		00	<u></u>
UCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
, ,			
UCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Depot Injections			
ARIPIPRAZOLE - Restricted see terms below  Inj 300 mg vial  Inj 400 mg vial  → Restricted (RS2058)  Initiation  Either:		1	Abilify Maintena Abilify Maintena
1 Fisher			

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
  - 1.2 All of the following:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received treatment with oral atypical antipsychotic agents but has been unable to adhere:
    - 1.2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in last 12 months; or
  - 2 Patient has been unable to access olanzapine depot injection due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection, or otherwise would have been initiated on olanzapine depot injection but has been unable to due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection. (see Note below for the olanzapine Special Authority criteria for new olanzapine depot injection patients prior to 1 April 2024).

Notes: The Olanzapine depot injection Special Authority criteria that apply to criterion 2 in this Aripiprazole Special Authority application are as follows:

- The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or risperidone depot injection; or
- All of the following:
  - The patient has schizophrenia; and
  - The patient has tried but has not been able to adhere with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
  - The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	20.90	5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.39	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	55.90	5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Inj 210 mg vial	252.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Inj 300 mg vial	414.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Inj 405 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Restricted (RS2018)			

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PALIPERIDONE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 50 mg syringe	271.95	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 75 mg syringe	357.42	1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 100 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 150 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
→ Restricted (RS2059)			-

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Fither:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection or aripiprazole depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
  - 2.2 The patient has been unable to adhere to treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
  - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

### PALIPERIDONE PALMITATE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 175 mg syringe815	5.85 1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 263 mg syringe1,072		Invega Trinza
	Inj 350 mg syringe		Invega Trinza
	Inj 525 mg syringe		Invega Trinza
	Postrioted (PC1000)		•

#### → Restricted (RS1932)

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Both:

- 1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
- 2 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone once-monthly depot injection.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

#### PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

### RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
1	Inj 50 mg vial	1	Risperdal Consta

### → Restricted (RS2060)

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Fither:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection or

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

#### continued...

aripiprazole depot injection; or

- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
  - 2.2 The patient has not been able to adhere to treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
  - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

### ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.80	5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			e.g. Clopixol Conc

### **Anxiolytics**

BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202713.95	100	Buspirone Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	100	<b>Buspirone Viatris</b>
CLONAZEPAM		
Tab 500 mcg5.64	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg10.78	100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM		
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 202695.00	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026115.00	500	Arrow-Diazepam
		-
→ Restricted (RS2054)		
Initiation		

Relevant specialist

Only for use in children where diazepam tablets are not appropriate.

#### I ORAZEPAM

Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	100	Ativan

### **OXAZEPAM**

Tab 10 mg

Tab 15 mg

## **Multiple Sclerosis Treatments**

### → Restricted (RS1993)

Initiation - Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

Р	rice			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	¢		Por	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
  - 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
  - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
  - 1.4 All of the following:
    - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
    - 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
    - 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
    - 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
    - 1.4.5 Fither:
      - 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
      - 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
  - 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
  - 1.6 Any of the following:
    - 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
    - 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
    - 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
    - 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
    - 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active approval for ocrelizumab and does not have primary progressive MS.

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

# Continuation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

### DIMETHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

ι	Cap 120 mg	520.00	14	Tecfidera
t	Cap 240 mg	2,000.00	56	Tecfidera

### FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

### GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

### NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms on page 137 Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted. Avonex Pen Avonex (Avonex Pen Ini 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector to be delisted 1 September 2025) INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms on page 137 Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted. 1 Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on page 137 Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted. Tvsabri

TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms on page 137

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

**1** Tab 14 mg − **5% DV Apr-25 to 2026** .......263.96 28 **Teriflunomide Sandoz** 

### **Multiple Sclerosis Treatments - Other**

### OCRELIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

→ Restricted (RS1997)

#### Initiation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
  - 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
  - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
  - 1.4 All of the following:
    - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
    - 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
    - 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
    - 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
    - 1.4.5 Either:
      - 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
      - 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
  - 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
  - 1.6 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Por	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
- 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
- 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
- 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
- 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for either dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab or teriflunomide.

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

### Continuation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

### Initiation - Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Diagnosis of primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) meets the 2017 McDonald criteria and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
- 2 Patient has an EDSS 2.0 (score equal to or greater than 2 on pyramidal functions) to EDSS 6.5; and
- 3 Patient has no history of relapsing remitting multiple sclerosis.

### Continuation - Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of less than or equal to 6.5 at any time in the last six months (ie patient has walked 20 metres with bilateral assistance/aids, without rest in the last six months).

## **Sedatives and Hypnotics**

CHI ORAL HYDRATE

Oral lig 100 mg per ml

Oral lig 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

Tab 3 mc

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

→ Restricted (RS1576)

#### Initiation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and

		N	ERVOUS SYSTEM
	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no	greater than 10 mg p	oer day; ar	nd
4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.			
Continuation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disc Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:	order		
1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from fu 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin d recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no	liscontinuation within	the past 12	
Initiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are of Both:	0	,	
<ul><li>1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are</li><li>2 For in-hospital use only.</li></ul>	contraindicated; and		
MIDAZOLAM Tab 7.5 mg Oral liq 2 mg per ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule		10	Midazolam-Pfizer
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV May-25 to 2027	7.80 16.75	10	Midazolam Viatris <b>Midazolam-Baxter</b> Mylan Midazolam
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	4.75	5	Midazolam Viatris <b>Midazolam-Baxter</b>
Attional and Visition In the Assessment of the A	5.50		Mylan Midazolam
(Midazolam Viatris Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Ma (Mylan Midazolam Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Ma (Midazolam Viatris Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Ma (Mylan Midazolam Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Ma	y 2025) y 2025)		
PHENOBARBITONE Inj 130 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TEMAZEPAM Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.40	25	Normison
TRIAZOLAM – <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only  → Tab 125 mcg  → Tab 250 mcg			
ZOPICLONE Tab 7.5 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	21.85	500	Zopiclone Actavis
Spinal Muscular Atrophy			
NUSINERSEN – Restricted see terms below	120 000 00	1	Spinraza
■ UU 17 UU DEC 5 (ULVISI	1201000000		2001/2/2

Spinraza

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
    - 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with nusinersen; and
- 3 Nusinersen not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

#### RISDIPLAM - Restricted see terms below

Note: the supply of risdiplam is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://pharmac.govt.nz/risdiplam

Powder for oral soln 750 mcg per ml. 60 mg per bottle......14.100.00 80 ml Evrysdi

→ Restricted (RS1954)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
    - 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with risdiplam; and
- 3 Risdiplam not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

### Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

۸т	$\sim$	NXI	ETI	NIE

Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	43.02	28	<b>APO-Atomoxetine</b>
Cap 18 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	45.57	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 40 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	46.21	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 60 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	51.31	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	65.20	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	65.71	28	APO-Atomoxetine

		INI	EKVOUS SYSTEM		
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer		
CAFFEINE Tab 100 mg					
DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE − Restricted see terms below  Tab 5 mg − 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025	29.80	100	Noumed		
→ Restricted (RS2071) Initiation – ADHD			Dexamfetamine		
Paediatrician or psychiatrist Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.					
Initiation – Narcolepsy Neurologist or respiratory specialist Patient suffers from narcolepsy.					
LISDEXAMFETAMINE DIMESILATE - Restricted see terms below					
	60.00	30	Vyvanse		
	60.00	30	Vyvanse		
	60.00	30	Vyvanse		

### Initiation

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

→ Restricted (RS2070)

#### Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with lisdexamfetamine dimesilate and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder); and
  - 2.2 Diagnosed according to DSM-V or ICD 11 criteria; and
  - 2.3 Any of the following:
    - 2.3.1 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formulation of atomoxetine or methylphenidate hydrochloride (extended-release) and has not received sufficient benefit or has experienced intolerable side effects; or
    - 2.3.2 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formulation of dexamfetamine sulfate (immediate-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or treatment adherence difficulties; or
    - 2.3.3 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate release dexamfetamine sulfate: or
    - 2.3.4 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or treatment adherence difficulties: or
    - 2.3.5 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate release methylphenidate hydrochloride; or
    - 2.3.6 Both:
      - 2.3.6.1 Patient would have been prescribed a subsidised formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (extended-release) but has been unable to access due to supply issues with methylphenidate hydrochloride (extended-release); and
      - 2.3.6.2 Other alternative stimulant presentations (methylphenidate or dexamfetamine) are not appropriate; and
  - 2.4 Lisdexamfetamine dimesilate is not to be used in combination with another funded methylphenidate presentation.

	lov	Price man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	(ex	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
ME	THYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below				
t	Tab extended-release 18 mg	58.96	30	Concerta	
	•	7.75		Methylphenidate ER - Teva	
t	Tab extended-release 27 mg	65.44	30	Concerta	
		11.45		Methylphenidate ER - Teva	
t	Tab extended-release 36 mg	71.93	30	Concerta	
		15.50		Methylphenidate ER - Teva	
t	Tab extended-release 54 mg	86.24	30	Concerta	
		22.25		Methylphenidate ER - Teva	
t	Tab immediate-release 5 mg	3.20	30	Rubifen	
t	Tab immediate-release 10 mg	4.00	30	Ritalin	
		3.00		Rubifen	
1	Tab immediate-release 20 mg	7.85	30	Rubifen	
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg	10.95	30	Rubifen SR	
1	Cap modified-release 10 mg	19.41	30	Ritalin LA	
1	Cap modified-release 20 mg	27.72	30	Ritalin LA	
t	Cap modified-release 30 mg		30	Ritalin LA	
t	Cap modified-release 40 mg		30	Ritalin LA	
$\rightarrow$	➡ Restricted (RS2105)				

### Initiation - ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

### Initiation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

#### Initiation - Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Either
  - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
  - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

### Initiation - Narcolepsy\* (extended-release only)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Note: \*narcolepsy is not a registered indication for Concerta or Ritalin LA.

MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	14.27	30	Modafinil Max Health
		29.13	60	Modavigil

(Modavigil Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)

→ Restricted (RS2106)

### Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Either:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
--

#### continued...

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eve movement periods; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
  - 1.3 Either:
    - 1.3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
    - 1.3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient meets the Hospital Restriction criteria for methylphenidate hydrochloride for narcolepsy; and
  - 2.2 Patient is unable to access methylphenidate hydrochloride presentations due to an out of stock (see note).

Note: Criterion 2 is to permit short-term funding to cover an out-of-stock of methylphenidate hydrochloride.

# **Treatments for Dementia**

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	3.70	84	Ipca-Donepezil
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	5.50	84	Ipca-Donepezil
RIVASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below			
<b>■</b> Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	49.40	30	Rivastigmine Patch
			BNM 5
■ Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	49.40	30	Rivastigmine Patch
(D0.100)			BNM 10

# → Restricted (RS1436)

# Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

# **Treatments for Substance Dependence**

BUPRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below		
<b>■</b> Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg - <b>5% DV Dec-22 to 2025</b> 11.76	28	Buprenorphine
■ Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	28	Naloxone BNM Buprenorphine
		Naloxone BNM

→ Restricted (RS1172)

Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:



	Pi	rice			Brand or
(ex r	man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
		\$		Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

#### Initiation - Maintenance treatment

#### All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent: and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

#### BUPROPION HYDROCHI ORIDE

Tab modified-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	30	<b>∠yban</b>
DISULFIRAM		
Tab 200 mg236.40	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below		
<b>↓</b> Tab 50 mg − <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</b> 83.33	30	Naltraccord
77.77	28	Naltrexone AOP
102.60	30	Naltrexone Max Health
138.88	50	Revia

(Revia Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 July 2025)

# → Restricted (RS1173)

# Initiation - Alcohol dependence

Both:

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence; and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

# Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

# NICOTINE - Some items restricted see terms below

	Patch 7 mg per 24 hours	19.62	28	Habitrol
	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours		28	Habitrol
	Patch 21 mg per 24 hours		28	Habitrol
t	Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
	Lozenge 1 mg	22.53	216	Habitrol
	Lozenge 2 mg	24.68	216	Habitrol
1	Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
	Gum 2 mg	23.02	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
	•			Habitrol (Mint)
	Gum 4 mg	25.98	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
	•			Habitrol (Mint)

# → Restricted (RS1873)

# Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction; or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units: or
- 3 Patient would be admitted to a mental health inpatient unit, but is unable to due to COVID-19 self-isolation requirement; or
- 4 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VARENICLINE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 42	16.67	53	Champix
Tab 1 mg  → Restricted (RS1702)		56	Champix

#### Initiation

# All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
  - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

# **Chemotherapeutic Agents**

# Alkylating Agents

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Bendamustine Sandoz Bendamustine Sandoz
- **I** Inj 100 mg vial − **5% DV Apr-25 to 2027** ......200.20

⇒ Restricted (RS2061) Initiation - CLL\*

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 3 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m<sup>2</sup> on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: Indication marked with a \* includes indications that are unapproved. 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).

# Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and
    - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+): or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen; and
    - 3.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with obinutuzumab for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
  - 3.3 All of the following:
    - 3.3.1 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
    - 3.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
    - 3.3.3 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
  - 3.4 Bendamustine is to be administered as monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

#### Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of rituximab in combination with bendamustine; and
  - 1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with obinutuzumab for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
  - 2.2 Fither:
    - 2.2.1 Both:
      - 2.2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
- 2.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/ Waldenström's macroglobulinaemia.

# Initiation - Hodgkin's lymphoma\*

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Limited to 6 months treatment

# All of the following:

DI ICI II EAN

- 1 Patient has Hodgkin's lymphoma requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient's disease relapsed or was refractory following prior chemotherapy; and
- 5 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with gemcitabine and vinorelbine (BeGeV) at a maximum dose of no greater than 90 mg/m2 twice per cycle, for a maximum of four cycles.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

Е	BUSULFAN		
	Tab 2 mg89.25	100	Myleran
	Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
(	CARMUSTINE		
	Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025710.00	1	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Novadoz
(	CHLORAMBUCIL		
	Tab 2 mg		
(	CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE		
	Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	50	Cyclonex
	Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202747.46	1	Endoxan
	Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202795.06	1	Endoxan
١	FOSFAMIDE		
	Inj 1 g vial96.00	1	Holoxan
	Inj 2 g vial180.00	1	Holoxan
ı	LOMUSTINE		
	Cap 40 mg	20	Medac
	MELPHALAN		
	Tab 2 mg		
	Inj 50 mg vial - <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</b>	1	Melpha
-	THIOTEPA		
	Inj 15 mg vial – <b>5% DV Apr-24 to 2026</b>	1	Tepadina
	Inj 100 mg vial – <b>5% DV Apr-24 to 2026</b>	1	Tepadina
ı	, y , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics		
E	BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE		
	Inj 15,000 iu vial185.16	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
[	DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]		
	Inj 0.5 mg vial	1	Cosmegen
Г	DAUNORUBICIN		ŭ
٠	Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial171.93	1	Pfizer
	, 01		

		Price . excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		11.50	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 50 mg vial				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		23.00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		69.99	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		30.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial			1	Epirubicin Ebewe
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 5 mg vial		109.74	1	Zavedos
lnj 10 mg vial		233.64	1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C				
Inj 5 mg vial				
Inj 20 mg vial	1,	250.00	1	Teva
MITOZANTRONE				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe

# **Antimetabolites**

AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mg vial − 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 ......50.00
1 Azacitidine Dr Reddy's

→ Restricted (RS1904)

# Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome: or
  - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
  - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

#### Continuation

Haematologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

## CAPECITABINE

CAFECITABINE			
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	9.80	60	Capecitabine Viatris
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	46.50	120	Capecitabine Viatris
CLADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	749.96	1	Leustatin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CYTARABINE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	472.00	5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	Cytarabine DBL Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 10 mg	412.00	20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		5	Fludarabine Ebewe
, 00	126.80	1	Fludarabine Sagent
LUOROURACIL	.20.00	•	i idadidəniə bağını
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 5% <b>DV Dec-24 to 2027</b>	10.51	1	Fluorouracil Accord
, 01		1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial.		1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	19.30	ı	Fluorouracii Accord
SEMCITABINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 43.3 mg per ml (equivalent to 38 mg per ml gemcitabine), 26.3 n	nl vial		
– 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	18.94	1	DBL Gemcitabine
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	25.90	25	Puri-nethol
Oral suspension 20 mg per ml	428.00	100 ml	Xaluprine
1 01			Allmercap
→ Restricted (RS1635)			
nitiation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per d	av.		
Continuation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per d	av		
The patient requires a total access in loss than one rail or mig tablet per a	uy.		
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - <b>5% DV Dec-24 to 2027</b>	7.80	90	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		90	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		00	TTOXULO
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe – <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>	20 17	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
, , , ,		1	
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		•	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	30.00	5	Methotrexate DBL
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	45.00	1	Onco-Vial DBL Methotrexate
inj 20 mg pet mi, 20 mi viai	45.00	ı	Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</b>		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
		'	monionexale Ebewe
PEMETREXED			
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		1	Pemetrexed-AFT
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	29.99	1	Pemetrexed-AFT
HIOGUANINE			
Tab 40 mg			
· ~~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Other Cytotoxic Agents			
AMSACRINE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule Inj 75 mg			
ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 0.5 mg			
ARSENIC TRIOXIDE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	4,817.00	10	Phenasen
BORTEZOMIB – Restricted see terms below  Inj 3.5 mg vial – 5% DV May-23 to 2025  Restricted (RS2043)	74.93	1	DBL Bortezomib
Initiation – plasma cell dyscrasia The patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström r DACARBAZINE		uiring tre	atment.
Inj 200 mg vial	72.11	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE  Cap 50 mg  Cap 100 mg  Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	340.73	20 10 1	Vepesid Vepesid Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE) Inj 100 mg vial	40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA [HYDROXYCARBAMIDE] Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	20.72	100	Devatis
IBRUTINIB – Restricted see terms below  ↓ Tab 140 mg  ↓ Tab 420 mg  → Restricted (RS1933)		30 30	Imbruvica Imbruvica

Price

Brand or

# Initiation - chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)

All of the following:

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- 1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring therapy; and
- 2 Patient has not previously received funded ibrutinib; and
- 3 Ibrutinib is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 Both:
    - 4.1.1 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion or TP53 mutation; and
    - 4.1.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with venetoclax monotherapy; or
  - 4.2 All of the following:
    - 4.2.1 Patient has received at least one prior immunochemotherapy for CLL; and
    - 4.2.2 Patient's CLL has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
    - 4.2.3 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with venetoclax in combination with rituximab regimen; or
  - 4.3 Patient's CLL is refractory to or has relapsed within 36 months of a venetoclax regimen.

# Continuation - chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)\*. Indications marked with \* are Unapproved indications.

# IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 20 mg per mi, 5 mi viai	52.57	1	Accord
LENALIDOMIDE (VIATRIS) - Restricted see terms below			
	76.92	21	Lenalidomide Viatris
	50.30	21	Lenalidomide Viatris
	62.13	21	Lenalidomide Viatris
	65.09	21	Lenalidomide Viatris
⇒ Restricted (RS2044)			

#### Initiation - Plasma cell dyscrasia

Any relevant practitioner

#### Both:

- 1 Patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient is not refractory to prior lenalidomide use.

# Initiation - Myelodysplastic syndrome

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 Patient has low or intermediate-1 risk myelodysplastic syndrome (based on IPSS or an IPSS-R score of less than 3.5) associated with a deletion 5g cytogenetic abnormality; and
- 2 Patient has transfusion-dependent anaemia.

# Continuation - Myelodysplastic syndrome

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Both:

- 1 Patient has not needed a transfusion in the last 4 months; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression.

#### NIRAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg13,393.50	84	Zejula
		56	Zejula
	13.393.50	84	Zeiula

#### ⇒ Restricted (RS2027)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has advanced high-grade serous\* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one line\*\* of treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 3 Patient has experienced a partial or complete response to the preceding treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient has not previously received funded treatment with a PARP inhibitor; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the preceding platinum-based regimen; or

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5.2 Patient commenced treatment with niraparib prior to 1 May 2024; and
- 6 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 7 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 2 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 3 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 4 Either
  - 4.1 Treatment with niraparib to cease after a total duration of 36 months from commencement; or
  - 4.2 Treatment with niraparib is being used in the second-line or later maintenance setting.

Notes: \* "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.

\*\*A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments

#### OLAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 100 mg3,701.00	56	Lynparza
t	Tab 150 mg3,701.00	56	Lynparza

# ⇒ Restricted (RS1925)

# Initiation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a high-grade serous\* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 All of the following:
    - 3.1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed, advanced disease; and
    - 3.1.2 Patient has received one line\*\* of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
    - 3.1.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to the first-line platinum-based regimen; or
  - 3.2 All of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has received at least two lines\*\* of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
    - 3.2.2 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease progression occurring at least 6 months after the last dose of the penultimate line\*\* of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
    - 3.2.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to treatment with the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
    - 3.2.4 Patient has not previously received funded olaparib treatment; and
- 4 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 5 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 6 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

#### Continuation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 No evidence of progressive disease; or
  - 2.2 Evidence of residual (not progressive) disease and the patient would continue to benefit from treatment in the clinician's opinion; and
  - 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
  - 4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
  - 5 Either:
    - 5.1 Both:
      - 5.1.1 Patient has received one line\*\* of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
      - 5.1.2 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the funded treatment period of olaparib will not be continued beyond 2 years if the patient experiences a complete response to treatment and there is no radiological evidence of disease at 2 years; or
    - 5.2 Patient has received at least two lines\*\* of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy.

Notes: \*Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.

\*\*A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

#### PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1788)

# Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

#### Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

#### Initiation - Lymphoma

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has lymphoma requiring L-asparaginase containing protocol (e.g. SMILE).

#### PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

#### POMALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 1 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027	14	Pomolide
	71.18	21	Pomolide
t	Cap 2 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 202794.90	14	Pomolide
	142.35	21	Pomolide
t	Cap 3 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027142.35	14	Pomolide
	213.53	21	Pomolide
t	Cap 4 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027189.81	14	Pomolide
	284.71	21	Pomolide

# → Restricted (RS2045)

# Initiation - Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

	Price			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide.

# Continuation - Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has no evidence of disease progression.

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 50 mg	980.00	50	Natulan
TEMOZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
	9.13	5	Temaccord
			Temozolomide Taro
	16.38	5	Temaccord
■ Cap 100 mg	35.98	5	Temaccord
■ Cap 140 mg		5	Temaccord
■ Cap 250 mg		5	Temaccord
<b>-</b>			

# → Restricted (RS1994)

#### Initiation - gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has a glioma.

# Continuation - gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

# Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour\*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

# Initiation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

# Continuation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a \* is an unapproved indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Cap 50 mg378.00	28	Thalomid
t	Cap 100 mg756.00	28	Thalomid

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

# ⇒ Restricted (RS2046)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Either:

- 1 The patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; or
- 2 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

#### Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

#### **TRETINOIN**

Cap 10 mg	479.50	100	Vesanoid
VENETOCLAX - Restricted see terms below			
<b>↓</b> Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg	1,771.86	42	Venclexta
	13.68	2	Venclexta
	239.44	7	Venclexta
	8,209.41	120	Venclexta

#### → Restricted (RS1713)

# Initiation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 7 months

#### All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one prior therapy for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

#### Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

# Initiation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation\*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion by FISH testing or TP53 mutation by sequencing; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

# Continuation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation\*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)\* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)\*. Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

(	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Platinum Compounds			
CARBOPLATIN			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	25.73	1	Carboplatin Accord DBL Carboplatin
CISPLATIN			·
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Cisplatin Accord
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	18.90	1	Cisplatin Accord
OXALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	33.35	1	Alchemy Oxaliplatin
Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors			
ALECTINIB - Restricted see terms below			
<b>■</b> Cap 150 mg	7,935.00	224	Alecensa
→ Restricted (RS1712)			
Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:  1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-sm	all call lung concer	ond	
2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyr			ement using an appropriate
ALK test; and	Osine Kinase gene	rcarrang	cilicit using an appropriate
3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2.			
Continuation			
Re-assessment required after 6 months  Both:			
No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria;     The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.	and		
AXITINIB - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 1 mg		28	Inlyta
<b>↓</b> Tab 5 mg	2,682.00	28	Inlyta
Restricted (RS2107)			
Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 4 months			
All of the following:  1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and			
2 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and			
3. The nationt has documented disease progression following one of	ravious lina of traati	ment: and	d

- 3 The patient has documented disease progression following one previous line of treatment; and
- 4 The patient has ECOG performance status of 0-2.

# Continuation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

No evidence of disease progression..

<b>CRIZOTINIB</b>	- Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 200 mg	60	Xalkori
t	Cap 250 mg	60	Xalkori

→ Restricted (RS2108)

# Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

#### continued...

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has a ROS1 rearrangement using an appropriate ROS1 test; and
- 3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-3; and
- 4 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 Response to treatment has been determined by comparable radiological assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression..

#### DASATINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	132.88	60	Dasatinib-Teva
t	Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	304.13	60	Dasatinib-Teva
	Tab 70 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		60	Dasatinib-Teva
-	Restricted (RS2055)			

# Initiation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis or accelerated phase; or
- 2 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoid leukaemia (Ph+ ALL); or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase; and
  - 3.2 Any of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has documented treatment failure\* with imatinib; or
    - 3.2.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; or
    - 3.2.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML defined by the Sokal or EURO scoring system.

#### Continuation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib\*; and
- 2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: \*treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

#### FRI OTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027280.84	30	Alchemy
1	Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027484.24	30	Alchemy
	<b>5</b> ( <b>5</b> 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		

⇒ Restricted (RS2078)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
  - 3.2 Patient has received prior treatment in the adjuvant setting and/or while awaiting EGFR results; or

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. exc	l. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

3.3 Both:

3.3.1 The patient has discontinued osimertinib or getitinib due to intolerance; and

3.3.2 The cancer did not progress while on osimertinib or gefitinib.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

# GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2079)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 Patient has received prior treatment in the adjuvant setting and/or while awaiting EGFR results; or
  - 2.3 Both:
    - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued osimertinib or erlotinib due to intolerance; and
    - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on osimertinib or erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed.

# **IMATINIB MESILATE**

Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	.44.93	60	Imatinib-Rex
Cap 400 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	.69.76	30	Imatinib-Rex

#### LAPATINIB - Restricted see terms below

Tab 250 mg

→ Restricted (RS1828)

#### Initiation

For continuation use only.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology);
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

# LENVATINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 4 mg3,407.40	30	Lenvima
t	Cap 10 mg3,407.40	30	Lenvima

→ Restricted (RS2098)

# Initiation - thyroid cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Pe	r Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with lenvatinib and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid cancer; and
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 Patient must have symptomatic progressive disease prior to treatment; or
    - 2.2.2 Patient must progressive disease at critical anatomical sites with a high risk of morbidity or mortality where local control cannot be achieved by other measures; and
  - 2.3 Any of the following:
    - 2.3.1 A lesion without iodine uptake in a RAI scan; or
    - 2.3.2 Receiving cumulative RAI greater than or equal to 600 mCi; or
    - 2.3.3 Experiencing disease progression after a RAI treatment within 12 months; or
    - 2.3.4 Experiencing disease progression after two RAI treatments administered within 12 months of each other; and
  - 2.4 Patient has thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) adequately supressed; and
  - 2.5 Patient is not a candidate for radiotherapy with curative intent; and
  - 2.6 Surgery is clinically inappropriate; and
  - 2.7 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

# Continuation - thyroid cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

#### Initiation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma; and
- 2 Patient has preserved liver function (Childs-Pugh A); and
- 3 Transarterial chemoembolisation (TACE) is unsuitable; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 5 Fither:
  - 5.1 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy for their disease in the palliative setting; or
  - 5.2 Both:
    - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity from treatment with atezolizumab with bevacizumab; and
    - 5.2.2 No disease progression since initiation of atezolizumab with bevacizumab.

#### Continuation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

# Initiation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
  - 1.2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology; and
  - 1.3 The patient has documented disease progression following one previous line of treatment; and
  - 1.4 The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
  - 1.5 Lenvatinib is to be used in combination with everolimus; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has received funded treatment with nivolumab for the second line treatment of metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and

	Price		Brand or	
(ex	man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity from treatment with nivolumab; and
- 2.3 Lenvatinib is to be used in combination with everolimus; and
- 2.4 There is no evidence of disease progression.

#### Continuation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

MIDOSTAURIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2033)

#### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 2 Condition must be FMS tyrosine kinase 3 (FLT3) mutation positive; and
- 3 Patient must not have received a prior line of intensive chemotherapy for acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 4 Patient is to receive standard intensive chemotherapy in combination with midostaurin only; and
- 5 Midostaurin to be funded for a maximum of 4 cycles.

# NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

 Cap 150 mg
 4,680.00
 120
 Tasigna

 Cap 200 mg
 6,532.00
 120
 Tasigna

→ Restricted (RS2010)

#### Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, high risk chronic phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure\* with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI); or
  - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) precluding further treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: \*treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

#### Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

#### OSIMERTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 40 mg9,31	10.00	30	Tagrisso
t	Tab 80 mg9,31	10.00	30	Tagrisso

#### → Restricted (RS2080)

#### Initiation - NSCLC - first line

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, incurable, non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient is treatment naïve: or
  - 2.2 Patient has received prior treatment in the adjuvant setting and/or while awaiting EGFR results; or
  - - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued defitinib or erlotinib due to intolerance; and
    - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib or erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that the cancer expresses activating mutations of EGFR; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG performance status 0-3; and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

#### Continuation - NSCLC - first line

Re-assessment required after 6 months

response to or stable disease with treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period.

## Initiation - NSCLC - second line

Re-assessment required after 4 months

# All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, incurable, non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG performance status 0-3; and
- 3 The patient must have received previous treatment with erlotinib or gefitinib; and
- 4 There is documentation confirming that the cancer expresses T790M mutation of EGFR following progression on or after erlotinib or gefitinib; and
- 5 The treatment must be given as monotherapy; and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

#### Continuation - NSCLC - second line

Re-assessment required after 6 months

response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period.

#### PALBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 75 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
		21	Ibrance
t	Tab 125 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
$\rightarrow$	Restricted (RS2034)		

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
  - 1.2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
  - 1.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
  - 1.4 Fither:
    - 1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
    - 1.4.2 Both:
      - 1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal or without menstrual-potential state: and
      - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic treatment for metastatic disease; and
  - 1.5 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and

|--|

continued...

- 1.6 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for ribociclib; and
  - 2.2 Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse reaction to ribociclib that cannot be managed by dose reductions and requires treatment discontinuation; and
  - 2.3 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
  - 2.4 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of ribociclib.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of palbociclib.

## PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg - <b>5% DV May-25 to 2027</b> 172.88	30	Pazopanib Teva
	1,334.70		Votrient
t	Tab 400 mg - <b>5% DV May-25 to 2027</b> 464.00	30	Pazopanib Teva
	2,669.40		Votrient

(Votrient Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025) (Votrient Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)

→ Restricted (RS2089)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma of predominantly clear cell histology; and
  - 12 Fither
    - 1.2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; and
  - 1.3 The patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and The patient has intermediate or poor prognosis defined as:
  - 1.4 Any of the following:
    - 1.4.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; or
    - 1.4.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal: or
    - 1.4.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); or
    - 1.4.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; or
    - 1.4.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; or
    - 1.4.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
  - 2.2 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
  - 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
  - 2.4 Pazopanib to be used for a maximum of 3 months.

# Continuation

164

Re-assessment required after 3 months

No evidence of disease progression.

RIBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 200 mg	00 21	Kisqali
	3,767.	00 42	Kisqali
	5.650.	00 63	Kisgali

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

#### → Restricted (RS2035)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
  - 1.2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
  - 1.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
  - 1.4 Any of the following:
    - 1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
    - 1.4.2 Both:
      - 1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal or without menstrual-potential state; and
      - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic endocrine treatment for metastatic disease; or
    - 1.4.3 Both:
      - 1.4.3.1 Patient commenced treatment with ribociclib in combination with an endocrine partner prior to 1 July 2024; and
      - 1.4.3.2 There is no evidence of progressive disease; and
  - 1.5 Treatment to be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
  - 1.6 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for palbociclib; and
  - 2.2 Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse reaction to palbociclib that cannot be managed by dose reductions and requires treatment discontinuation; and
  - 2.3 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
  - 2.4 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of palbociclib.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Both:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of ribociclib.

#### RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 5 mg2,500.00	56	Jakavi
1	Tab 10 mg5,000.00	56	Jakavi
t	Tab 15 mg5,000.00	56	Jakavi
t		56	Jakavi

#### → Restricted (RS1726)

#### Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or

2.2 Both:

	Price			Brand or
(ex r	man. exc	d. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS: and
- 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy;
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

# SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 12.5 mg	.208.38	28	Sunitinib Pfizer
_	Cap 25 mg		28	Sunitinib Pfizer
_	Cap 50 mg		28	Sunitinib Pfizer

→ Restricted (RS2109)

#### Initiation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
  - 2 The patient has not previously received funded sunitinib.

# Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 4 months

No evidence of disease progression.

# Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib: or
  - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

## Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
  - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease): or
  - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

# Continuation - GIST pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 Sunitinib is to be discontinued at progression; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

#### **Taxanes** DOCETAXE **DBL** Docetaxel Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 ......24.91 **Anzatax** 1 **Anzatax** Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects CALCIUM FOLINATE Tab 15 mg .......135.33 10 DBL Leucovorin Calcium Ini 3 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule Calcium Folinate Ebewe 5 Calcium Folinate Sandoz 1 5 Furofolic Calcium Folinate Sandoz 1 163.35 5 Eurofolic Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial......22.51 Calcium Folinate Fbewe Calcium Folinate Sandoz Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial......72.00 Calcium Folinate Sandoz **Furofolic** (Calcium Folinate Ebewe Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 November 2025) (Calcium Folinate Sandoz Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2025) (Calcium Folinate Sandoz Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2025) (Calcium Folinate Ebewe Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2025) (Calcium Folinate Sandoz Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2025) (Calcium Folinate Sandoz Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2025)

DEXRAZOXANE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 500 mg

→ Restricted (RS1695)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediatric haematologist All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline given with curative intent; and
- 2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetime dose of anthracycline will exceed 250mg/m2 doxorubicin

continued...

e.g. Cardioxane

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued equivalent or greater; and 3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracycline to the equivalent of the equivalent	or young adult; or		
MESNA			
Tab 400 mg		50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg		50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		15 15	Uromitexan Uromitexan
Vinca Alkaloids			
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	270.37	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	74.52	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	102.73	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
VINORELBINE			
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025		1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025		1	Vinorelbine Te Arai Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 80 mg - 5% <b>DV Oct-23 to 2025</b>	60.00	I	vinoreibine le Arai
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Endocrine Therapy			
ABIRATERONE ACETATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
■ Tab 250 mg	4,276.19	120	Zytiga
→ Restricted (RS1888)			
Initiation			
Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:			
Patient has prostate cancer; and			
2 Patient has metastases; and			
3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and			
4 Either:			
4.1 All of the following:			
4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and			
4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum F		anti-andr	ogen therapy; and
4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; a			
4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane	chemotherapy; or		

4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and

continued...

4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

4.2 All of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

## Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline: and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

# Continuation - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Abiraterone acetate to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

# BICAL LITAMIDE

BICALO I AIVIIDE		
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE		
Tab 250 mg119.50	100	Flutamin
FULVESTRANT - Restricted see terms below		
■ Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml prefilled syringe	2	Faslodex
B 111 1 (D01700)		

#### → Restricted (RS1732)

#### Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### All of the following:

- 1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment with an aromatase inhibitor or tamoxifen for their locally advanced or metastatic disease; and
- 3 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly following loading doses; and
- 4 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression.

#### OCTRECTIDE

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml vial	48.50	5	Omega
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml vial	27.58	5	Omega
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml vial	113.10	5	Omega
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	27.58	5	Max Health
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Max Health
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	113.10	5	Max Health
TAMOXIFEN CITRATE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	15.00	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	5.32	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz

	-	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Aromatase Inhibitors				
ANASTROZOLE  Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026  EXEMESTANE		4.39	30	Anatrole
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2026		9.86	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE Tab 2.5 mg - <b>5% DV Dec-24 to 2027</b>		4.36 4.67	28 30	Accord <b>Letrole</b>

# **Long-acting Somatostatin Analogues**

# → Restricted (RS2100)

## Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea\* and vomiting\* due to malignant bowel obstruction\*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has not been successful; and
- 3 Treatment to be given for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

#### Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Treatment with surgery and radiotherapy is not suitable or was unsuccessful; or
  - 2.2 Treatment is for an interim period while awaiting the beneficial effects of radiotherapy; and
- 3 Treatment with a dopamine agonist has been unsuccessful.

#### Continuation - acromegaly

Without reassessment for applications where IGF1 levels have decreased since starting treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly, treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have no decreased 3 months after treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

# Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery: or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Gastrinoma: and
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 Surgery has been unsuccessful; or
    - 2.2.2 Patient has metastatic disease after treatment with H2 antagonist or proton pump inhibitors has been unsuccessful: or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
  - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has not been successful; or

F	rice			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
  - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

# Initiation - pre-operative acromegaly

Limited to 12 months treatment

#### All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Patient has a large pituitary tumour, greater than 10 mm at its widest; and
- 3 Patient is scheduled to undergo pituitary surgery in the next six months.

Notes: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

The use of a long-acting somatostatin analogue in patients with fistulae, oesophageal varices, miscellaneous diarrhoea and hypotension will not be funded under Special Authority

# LANREOTIDE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

·	inj 60 mg per 0.5 mi, 0.5 mi synnge – 5% DV Aug-25 to 2027	- 1	wytorac
t	Inj 90 mg per 0.5 ml, 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Sep-25 to 2027562.92	1	Mytolac
t	Inj 120 mg per 0.5 ml, 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Aug-25 to 2027646.70	1	Mytolac
0	CTREOTIDE LONG-ACTING - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
t	Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	Sandostatin LAR
t	Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027583.70	1	Sandostatin LAR
t	Ini depot 30 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 670.80	1	Sandostatin I AR

# **Imaging Agents**

t	Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial	4,400.00	1	Gliolan
		44.000.00	10	Gliolan

# → Restricted (RS1565)

# Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

# **Immunosuppressants**

## Calcineurin Inhibitors

$\sim$	$\sim$	$\sim$	$\neg \cap$	ח	NI
	IUL	.os	٢U	m	IV

Cap 25 mg	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg88.91	50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg		Neoral
Oral lig 100 mg per ml		Neoral
lnj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule276.30		Sandimmun
ACPOLIMITS Postricted see terms on the part page		

#### TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms on the next page Con O E mo

t	Cap 0.5 mg	.49.60	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
t	Cap 0.75 mg	.99.30	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	Cap 1 mg		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	Cap 5 mg		50	Tacrolimus Sandoz

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Price	Brand	d or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Gene	ric
` ¢ ´ p	Par Mani	ifacturer

# ⇒ Restricted (RS2110)

# Initiation - organ transplant recipients

#### Either:

- 1 For use in organ transplant recipients: or
- 2 The individual is receiving induction therapy for an organ transplant.

## Initiation - non-transplant indications\*

Any specialist

# Both:

- 1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
  - 2.2 Patient is a child with nephrotic syndrome\*.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

# **Fusion Proteins**

# ETANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg autoinjector690.00	4	Enbrel
	Inj 25 mg vial	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg autoinjector	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg syringe	4	Enbrel
	,		

## → Restricted (RS2062)

# Initiation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Fither:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for polyarticular course JIA; or

## 2 All of the following:

- 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.3 Any of the following:
  - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
  - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
  - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

# Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

	Price		Brand or
(ex	x man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

# continued...

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

## Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.3 Any of the following:
    - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
    - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
    - 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

# Continuation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baselinee; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

#### Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
  - 12 Fither
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects: or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
  - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
  - 2.5 Either:
    - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
    - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
  - 2.6 Either:
    - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
    - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

## Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

# Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
  - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
  - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
  - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and

#### 2.5 Either:

- 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
- 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

#### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

# Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or secukinumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and

Pr	ice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
 (	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.4 Either:
  - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
  - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
  - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
  - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

# Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

# Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plague psoriasis; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
  - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

#### Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
  - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
  - 1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10: and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course: and

4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

# Continuation - severe chronic plague psoriasis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.1.2 Either:
      - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: or
      - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.2.2 Either:
      - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
      - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: or
  - 1.3 Both:
    - 1.3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.3.2 Either:
      - 1.3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
      - 1.3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing etanercept; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

#### Initiation – pvoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum\*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

# Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement: and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

#### Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Fither:
    - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
    - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
  - 1.2 Fither:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

#### Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

# Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis\* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

# Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
  - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

## Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1202)

#### Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

# ADALIMUMAB (AMGEVITA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026190.00	1	Amgevita
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled pen - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026375.00	2	Amgevita
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026375.00	2	Amgevita

⇒ Restricted (RS2063)

#### Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease\* that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s); or
  - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatological and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatments appropriate for the particular symptom(s).

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

# Initiation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 Patient has 3 or more active lesions; and
- 4 The patient has a DLQI of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application.

## Continuation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 4 or more from baseline.

#### Initiation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
    - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Any of the following:
    - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
    - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
    - 2.1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
  - 2.3 A PASI assessment or (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

# Continuation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
  - 1.2 Fither:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced a 75% or more reduction in PASI score, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
  - 2.2 Fither:

Pri	ice		Brand or
(ex man. e	excl. G	ST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
- 2.2.2 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
  - 3.2 Fither:
    - 3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
    - 3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing adalimumab.

# Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum\*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300 or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
  - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
  - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

### Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed.

### Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
  - 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed.

### Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
  - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
  - 2.3 Patient has complex peri-anal fistula; and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

### Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

### Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
  - 2.2 Any of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
    - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
    - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

### Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.		Generic
\$	Pe	er Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

### Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
  - 2.2 Any of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
    - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
    - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

#### Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

### Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis for more than six months; and
  - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
  - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiology imaging; and
  - 2.4 Patient has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more NSAIDs, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 2.5 Either:
    - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following BASMI measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or

- 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender; and
- 2.6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

# Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

For applications where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

### Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
    - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.3 Either:
    - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
    - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose).

#### Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

# Initiation – Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Roth:
  - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
    - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for polyarticular course JIA; or

continued...

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price		Branc	d or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Gene	ric
\$	P	er Manu	ıfacturer

continued...

- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.3 Any of the following:
    - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
    - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
    - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

# Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

### Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
    - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine or leflunomide at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
  - 2.4 Either:
    - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
    - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
  - 2.5 Any of the following:
    - 2.5.1 Patient has CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
    - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
    - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

### Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

# Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

### Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Fither:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Fither:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or

# 2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 2.5 Either:
  - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
  - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Either:
  - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
  - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

#### Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

#### Fither:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

# Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

#### Rheumatologist

#### Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept and/or tocilizumab for (AOSD); and
  - 1.2 Either
    - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or

continued...

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, NSAIDs and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

#### Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Patient's SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
  - 2.2 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

### Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
- 2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy.

### Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis\* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of each of methotrexate, sulphasalazine and leflunomide, at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 3.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
  - 3.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or

Pri	ice		Brand or
(ex man. e	excl. G	ST)	Generic
 9	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

### Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not responded adequately to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

### Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

#### Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate, or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
  - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

### Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

# ADALIMUMAB (HUMIRA - ALTERNATIVE BRAND) - Restricted see terms on the next page

	The stricted acc terms on the line in	loni pago		
t	Inj 20 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe	6	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe	16	2	Humira
t	Ini 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled pen		2	HumiraPen

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

### ⇒ Restricted (RS1922)

### Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response to treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

# Continuation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and
- 3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

### Initiation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with

Pi	rice			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and

- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.1.2 Fither:
      - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
      - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.2.2 Either:
      - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
      - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 A maximum of 8 doses.

# Continuation - Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated clinical improvement and continues to require treatment; and
- 2 A maximum of 8 doses.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

### Initiation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
  - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
  - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
  - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment: and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

# Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
  - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita: or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
  - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
  - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
  - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
  - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
  - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita: or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
  - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
  - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
  - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita); and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

### Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

# Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

### Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

# Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

### Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Fither
  - 4.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
  - 4.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

#### Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
  - 2.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

# Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

#### Continuation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has demonstrated a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1872)

Either:

# Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
    - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy: or
    - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
  - 12 Fither:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
    - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
  - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
  - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
  - 2 Either:
    - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months; or
    - 2.2 Patient has previously\* (\*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment.

# Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

# Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
- 2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
- 3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomography) subfield > 350 micrometers; and
- 5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy.

#### Continuation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and
- 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction in intra-retinal cysts, central retinal thickness, and sub-retinal fluid); and
- 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy; and
- 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, patient has retrialled with at least one injection of bevacizumab and had no response.

#### BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1203)

#### Initiation

For use in solid organ transplants.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
BENRALIZUMAB – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below  Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled pen  → <b>Restricted</b> (RS1920)	3,539.00	1	Fasenra	

# Initiation – Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eq. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded: and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 × 10^9 cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long-acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the anti-inflammatory reliever therapy plus maintenance regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Fither:
  - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids: or
  - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months: and
- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised mepolizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Fither:
  - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
  - 9.2 Both:
    - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
      - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

# Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with benralizumab; or
  - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control

# BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial - 10% DV Aug-25 to 31 Aug 202869.00	1	Vegzelma
t	Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial - 10% DV Aug-25 to 31 Aug 2028276.00	1	Vegzelma

→ Restricted (RS2111)

### Initiation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with bevacizumab, and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma; and
  - 2.2 Patient has preserved liver function (Child-Pugh A); and
  - 2.3 Transarterial chemoembolisation (TACE) is unsuitable: and
  - 2.4 Any of the following:
    - 2.4.1 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy for the treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma; or
    - 2.4.2 Patient received funded lenvatinib before 1 March 2025; or
    - 2.4.3 Both:
      - 2.4.3.1 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity from treatment with lenvatinib; and
      - 2.4.3.2 No disease progression since initiation of lenvatinib; and
  - 2.5 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
  - 2.6 To be given in combination with atezolizumab.

# Continuation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

no evidence of disease progression.

### Initiation - advanced or metastatic ovarian cancer

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 The patient has FIGO Stage IV epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has previously untreated advanced (FIGO Stage IIIB or IIIC) epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
    - 1.2.2 Either:
      - 1.2.2.1 Debulking surgery is inappropriate; or
      - 1.2.2.2 The cancer is sub-optimally debulked (maximum diameter of any gross residual disease greater than 1cm); and
- 2 Bevacizumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 15 mg/kg every three weeks; and
- 3 18 weeks concurrent treatment with chemotherapy is planned.

#### Continuation - advanced or metastatic ovarian cancer

Re-assessment required after 4 months

no evidence of disease progression.

### Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses: and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.

#### Continuation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and
- 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and
- 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease regrowth as a result of treatment.

#### Initiation - Ocular Conditions

Fither:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation; or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

### BEVACIZUMAB (OCULAR) - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1691)

### Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

#### Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.

# Continuation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses: and
- 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and
- 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease regrowth as a result of treatment.

### Initiation - ocular conditions

### Either:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation: or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

### BRENTUXIMAB VEDOTIN - Restricted see terms below

# → Restricted (RS2002)

### Initiation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma after two or more lines of chemotherapy; and
    - 1.1.2 Patient is ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma; and
    - 1.2.2 Patient has previously undergone autologous stem cell transplant; and
- 2 Patient has not previously received funded brentuximab vedotin; and
- 3 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 4 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

# Continuation – relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

### Initiation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-1; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received brentuximab vedotin; and
- 4 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 5 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

### Continuation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

#### CASIRIVIMAB AND IMDEVIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1874)

# Initiation - Treatment of profoundly immunocompromised patients

Limited to 2 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 The patient is in the community (treated as an outpatient) with mild to moderate disease severity\*; and
- 3 Patient is profoundly immunocompromised\*\* and is at risk of not having mounted an adequate response to vaccination against COVID-19 or is unvaccinated; and
- 4 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and
- 5 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and
- 6 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximum dose of no greater than 2,400 mg.

Notes: \* Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Ministry of Health Website

\*\* Examples include B-cell depletive illnesses or patients receiving treatment that is B-Cell depleting.

#### Initiation - mild to moderate COVID-19-hospitalised patients

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 2 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Patient is an in-patient in hospital with mild to moderate disease severity\*; and
- 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and
- 4 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 Age > 50; or
  - 5.2 BMI > 30; or
  - 5.3 Patient is Māori or Pacific ethnicity; or
  - 5.4 Patient is at increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19, excluding pregnancy, as described on the Ministry of Health website (see Notes); and
- 6 Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 6.1 Patient is unvaccinated: or
- 6.2 Patient is seronegative where serology testing is readily available or strongly suspected to be seronegative where serology testing is not available; and
- 7 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximum dose of no greater than 2,400 mg.

Notes: \* Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Ministry of Health Website

\*\*(https://www.health.govt.nz/our-work/diseases-and-conditions/covid-19-novel-coronavirus/covid-19-information-specific-audiences/covid-19-advice-higher-risk-people)

### CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial364.00	1	Erbitux
1	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial1,820.00	1	Erbitux

⇒ Restricted (RS2064)

### Initiation - head and neck cancer, locally advanced

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Cisplatin is contraindicated or has resulted in intolerable side effects; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

#### Initiation - colorectal cancer, metastatic

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic colorectal cancer located on the left side of the colon (see Note); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming disease is RAS and BRAF wild-type; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with cetuximab; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Cetuximab is to be used in combination with chemotherapy; or
  - 5.2 Chemotherapy is determined to not be in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment.

### Continuation - colorectal cancer, metastatic

Re-assessment required after 6 months

No evidence of disease progression.

Note: Left-sided colorectal cancer comprises of the distal one-third of the transverse colon, the splenic flexure, the descending colon, the sigmoid colon, or the rectum.

### GEMTUZUMAB OZOGAMICIN - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 5 mg vial .......12,973.00 1 Mylotarg

# → Restricted (RS1923) Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has not received prior chemotherapy for this condition; and
- 2 Patient has de novo CD33-positive acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient does not have acute promyelocytic leukaemia; and
- 4 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin will be used in combination with standard anthracycline and cytarabine (AraC); and
- 5 Patient is being treated with curative intent; and
- 6 Patient's disease risk has been assessed by cytogenetic testing to be good or intermediate; and
- 7 Patient must be considered eligible for standard intensive remission induction chemotherapy with standard anthracycline and cytarabine (AraC); and
- 8 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin to be funded for one course only (one dose at 3 mg per m² body surface area or up to 2 vials of 5 mg as separate doses).

Note: Acute myeloid leukaemia excludes acute promyelocytic leukaemia and acute myeloid leukaemia that is secondary to another haematological disorder (eg myelodysplasia or myeloproliferative disorder).

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below  Inj 100 mg - 5% DV Sep-20 to 2025	428.00	1	Remicade	

⇒ Restricted (RS2065)

#### Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
  - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

#### Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

### Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
  - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

### Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$	F	Per	Manufacturer

### continued...

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab; or
  - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis.

#### Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

### Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
  - 2.2 Any of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
    - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
    - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

#### Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	Γ)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

#### Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and
  - 1.2 Fither:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
  - 2.2 Any of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective: or
    - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose; or
    - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

### Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.</p>

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

# Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

### Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
  - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
  - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.		Generic
\$	Pe	er Manufacturer

continued...

3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

### Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
  - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

### Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

# Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
  - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

#### Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
  - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
  - 2.3 Patient has complete peri-anal fistula.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
  - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

#### Initiation - acute fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

#### Continuation - fulminant ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

### Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patients SCCAI is greater than or equal to 4; or
  - 2.2 Patients PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids.

### Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Fither
  - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
  - 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

# Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
  - 1.2 Fither:
    - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab; or
    - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Any of the following:
    - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
    - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
    - 2.1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10: and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
  - 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course: and
  - 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

### Continuation – plaque psoriasis

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.2 Either:
  - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
  - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: or
- 1.3 Both:
  - 1.3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
  - 1.3.2 Either
    - 1.3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
    - 1.3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing infliximab; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement: and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
  - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

### Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
  - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and
  - 2.3 Either:
    - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
    - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

#### Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 1 The patient 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
  - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	Per	Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- a) Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- b) Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

#### Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum\*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

# Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment: and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

### Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has had axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not experienced an adequate response to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 Patient has a BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

# Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10-point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

### Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and

Pr	ice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
 (	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated): and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
  - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
  - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

### Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 Following initial treatment, patient has experienced at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient has experienced at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

### INOTUZUMAB OZOGAMICIN - Restricted see terms below

Besponsa

→ Restricted (RS2112)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory CD22-positive B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma, including minimal residual disease; and
- 2 Patient has ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient has Philadelphia chromosome positive B-Cell ALL; and
    - 3.1.2 Patient has previously received a tyrosine kinase inhibitor; or
- 3.2 Patient has received one prior line of treatment involving intensive chemotherapy; and
- 4 Treatment is to be administered for a maximum of 3 cycles.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is not proceeding to a stem cell transplant; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has experienced complete disease response; or
  - 2.2 Patient has experienced complete remission with incomplete haematological recovery; and
- 3 Treatment with inotuzumab ozogamicin is to cease after a total duration of 6 cycles.

#### MEPOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Nucala

Inj 100 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS2024)

#### Initiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following: continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 × 10°9 cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the single maintenance and reliever therapy regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids; or
  - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months; and
- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised benralizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Fither:
  - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
  - 9.2 Both:
    - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
    - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

### Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with mepolizumab; or
  - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

### Initiation - eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis; and
- 2 The patient has trialled and not received adequate benefit from at least one of the following for at least three months (unless contraindicated to all): azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, leflunomide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, or rituximab; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient has trialled prednisone for a minimum of three months and is unable to maintain disease control at doses below 7.5 mg per day; or
  - 3.2 Corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Continuation - eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has no evidence of clinical disease progression.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1919)

### Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and</p>
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts\* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL; and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

\* greater than or equal to  $1.5 \times 10^9$ /L and platelets greater than or equal to  $75 \times 10^9$ /L

# Initiation – follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Patient has follicular lymphoma; or
  - 1.2 Patient has marginal zone lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen\*; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has been previously treated with no more than four chemotherapy regimens; and
- 5 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 1000 mg for a maximum of 6 cycles in combination with chemotherapy\*.

Note: \* includes unapproved indications

# Continuation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has no evidence of disease progression following obinutuzumab induction therapy; and
- 2 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum of 1000 mg every 2 months for a maximum of 2 years; and
- 3 Obinutuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe450.00	1	Xolair
1	Inj 150 mg vial450.00	1	Xolair

→ Restricted (RS1652)

# Initiation - severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Fither:
  - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
  - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less: and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

#### Continuation - severe asthma

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

#### Initiation – severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
    - 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
  - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
  - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response\* following 4 doses; or
  - 4.2 Complete response\* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

# Continuation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has previously had a complete response\* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response\* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: \*Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PALIVIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2081)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Palivizumab to be administered during the annual RSV season; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Both
    - 2.1.1 Infant was born in the last 12 months; and
    - 2.1.2 Infant was born at less than 32 weeks zero days' gestation; or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 Child was born in the last 24 months; and
    - 2.2.2 Any of the following:
      - 2.2.2.1 Child has severe lung, airway, neurological or neuromuscular disease that requires ongoing ventilatory/respiratory support (see Note A) in the community; or
      - 2.2.2.2 Both:
        - 2.2.2.2.1 Child has haemodynamically significant heart disease; and
        - 2.2.2.2.2 Any of the following:
          - 2.2.2.2.2.1 Child has unoperated simple congenital heart disease with significant left to right shunt (see Note B); or
          - 2.2.2.2.2.2 Child has unoperated or surgically palliated complex congenital heart disease; or
          - 2.2.2.2.3 Child has severe pulmonary hypertension (see Note C); or
          - 2.2.2.2.2.4 Child has moderate or severe left ventricular (LV) failure (see Note D); or
      - 2.2.2.3 Child has severe combined immune deficiency, confirmed by an immunologist, but has not received a stem cell transplant; or
      - 2.2.2.4 Child has inborn errors of immunity (see Note E) that increase susceptibility to life-threatening viral respiratory infections, confirmed by an immunologist.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Palivizumab to be administered during the annual RSV season; and
- 2 Child was born in the last 24 months; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Child has severe lung, airway, neurological or neuromuscular disease that requires ongoing ventilatory/respiratory support (see Note A) in the community; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Child has haemodynamically significant heart disease; and
    - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
      - 3.2.2.1 Child has unoperated simple congenital heart disease with significant left to right shunt (see Note B);

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2.2.2 Child has unoperated or surgically palliated complex congenital heart disease; or
- 3.2.2.3 Child has severe pulmonary hypertension (see Note C); or
- 3.2.2.4 Child has moderate or severe left ventricular (LV) failure (see Note D); or
- 3.3 Child has severe combined immune deficiency, confirmed by an immunologist, but has not received a stem cell transplant; or
- 3.4 Child has inborn errors of immunity (see Note E) that increase susceptibility to life-threatening viral respiratory infections, confirmed by an immunologist.

#### Notes:

- a) Ventilatory/respiratory support includes those on home oxygen, CPAP/VPAP and those with tracheostomies in situ managed at home
- b) Child requires/will require heart failure medication, and/or child has significant pulmonary hypertension, and/or infant will require surgical palliation/definitive repair within the next 3 months
- c) Mean pulmonary artery pressure more than 25 mmHg
- d) LV Ejection Fraction less than 40%
- e) Inborn errors of immunity include, but are not limited to. IFNAR deficiencies

#### PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1995)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
  - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
  - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
  - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

### RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

_		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$ P	Per Manufacturer

#### → Restricted (RS1870)

### Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
    - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
    - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
  - 12 Fither
    - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
    - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
  - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
  - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

### Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

### RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1,075	.50 2	Mabthera
	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,688		Mabthera
	Postvisted (D01705)		

### → Restricted (RS1785)

#### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

#### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
  - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
  - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
  - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Fither:
  - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
  - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

#### Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl. (	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

#### Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

## RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial275.33	2	Riximyo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial688.20	1	Riximyo

⇒ Restricted (RS1973)

### Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

### Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

#### Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder\*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder\*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia\*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Fither:

	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia\* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy: and
  - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia\* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
  - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. \*Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

## Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia\* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. \*Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

### Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
  - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
  - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
  - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

### Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

## Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive: or
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive: or
    - 2.2.2 Both:
      - 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment: and

continued...

- 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
- 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; or
  - 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

## Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
  - 1.2 All of the following:
    - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL;
    - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
    - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
    - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and
- 2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

### Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease\*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

### Continuation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia\*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Continuation – warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre: or
  - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
  - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
  - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy); and

F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications. Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Both:

- 1 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
  - 2.2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia\* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia\* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

#### Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis\*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
  - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
  - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
  - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
  - 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis\*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE\*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Continuation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE\* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection\*.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - ABO-incompatible organ transplant

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant\*.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

## Initiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS\* or FRNS\*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome\*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a \* are unapproved indications.

## Initiation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS\* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a \* are unapproved indications.

## Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome\*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1.000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and

- 2 Either
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
  - 2.2 All of the following:
    - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD; and
    - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
    - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

## Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

### Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
    - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

#### Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
    - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

### Initiation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Fither
  - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
- 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab.

#### Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 x 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

### Initiation - graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

## Initiation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
    - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease: or
  - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

### Continuation – severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

## Initiation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

	Price		Brand or
(ex mar	. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
    - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
  - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

### Continuation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

#### Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and
- 4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

### Initiation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 9 months

#### Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
  - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
  - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

## Continuation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 24 months

#### Both:

- 1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

### Initiation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has biopsy-proven primary/idiopathic membranous nephropathy\*; or
  - 1.2 Patient has PLA2 antibodies with no evidence of secondary cause, and an eGFR of > 60ml/min/1.73m2; and
- 2 Patient remains at high risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease despite more than 3 months of treatment with conservative measures (see Note): and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Continuation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for membranous nephropathy\*; and
- 2 Fither
  - 2.1 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful, but the condition has relapsed, and the patient now requires repeat treatment; or
  - 2.2 Patient achieved partial response to treatment and requires repeat treatment (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

#### Notes:

- a) Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.
- b) High risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease defined as > 5g/day proteinuria.
- c) Conservative measures include renin-angiotensin system blockade, blood-pressure management, dietary sodium and protein restriction, treatment of dyslipidaemia, and anticoagulation agents unless contraindicated or the patient has experienced intolerable side effects.
- d) Partial response defined as a reduction of proteinuria of at least 50% from baseline, and between 0.3 grams and 3.5 grams per 24 hours.

### Initiation - B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma\*

Limited to 2 years treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma\*; and
- 2 Treatment must be in combination with an intensive chemotherapy protocol with curative intent; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 per dose for a maximum of 18 doses.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Initiation - desensitisation prior to transplant

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

#### Both:

- 1 Patient requires desensitisation prior to mismatched allogenic stem cell transplant\*; and
- 2 Patient would receive no more than two doses at 375 mg/m2 of body-surface area.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Initiation - pemiphiqus\*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has severe rapidly progressive pemphigus; and
  - 1.2 Is used in combination with systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day); and
  - 1.3 Any of the following:
    - 1.3.1 Skin involvement is at least 5% body surface area; or
    - 1.3.2 Significant mucosal involvement (10 or more mucosal erosions) or diffuse gingivitis or confluent large erosions; or
    - 1.3.3 Involvement of two or more mucosal sites; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has pemphigus; and
  - 2.2 Patient has not experienced adequate clinical benefit from systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day) in combination with a steroid sparing agent, unless contraindicated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation - pemiphigus\*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced adequate clinical benefit from rituximab treatment, with improvement in symptoms and healing of skin ulceration and reduction in corticosteroid requirement; and
- 2 Patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation – immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD\*)

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of IgG4-RD\*; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs for at least 3 months has been ineffective in lowering corticosteroid dose below 5 mg per day (prednisone equivalent) without relapse; or
  - 2.2 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs is contraindicated or associated with evidence of toxicity or intolerance; and
- 3 Total rituximab dose used should not exceed a maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD\*)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Treatment with rituximab for IgG4-RD\* was previously successful and patient's disease has demonstrated sustained response, but the condition has relapsed; or
  - 1.2 Patient is receiving maintenance treatment for IgG4-RD\*; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### SECUKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe	799.50	1	Cosentyx
		1,599.00	2	Cosentyx

#### → Restricted (RS2066)

#### Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a Health NZ Hospital, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
  - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl	. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

#### Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
  - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

#### Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
  - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
  - 1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

### Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Either:
    - 1.1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
    - 1.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
  - 1.2 Both:

Price	)		Brand or
(ex man. exc	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
- 1.2.2 Fither:
  - 1.2.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
  - 1.2.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

### Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
  - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks initial treatment of secukinumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-secukinumab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefitted from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 150 mg monthly.

### Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
    - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
  - 2.4 Either:
    - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints;
    - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
  - 2.5 Any of the following:

Pr	ice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
 (	\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
- 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

## Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior secukinumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

### SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 100 mg vial	57 1	Sylvant
t	Inj 400 mg vial	33 1	Sylvant

⇒ Restricted (RS1525)

#### Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

### Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

#### TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	) 1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	) 1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	) 1	Actemra

### ⇒ Restricted (RS2067)

### Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Fither:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
  - 1.2 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg, maximum of 12 mg/kg); or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research ENABLE trial programme; and
  - 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or Immune Effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome (ICANS) following

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

CAR T-Cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and

2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS or ICANS for CAR T-cell therapy at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

#### Initiation - previous use

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis: or
  - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
  - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease: or
  - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis: or
  - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

### Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fithe
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
  - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and
  - 3.2.2 Either:
    - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
    - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

#### Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated: or
  - 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
  - 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 5 Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
- 5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

## Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

#### Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Either:
    - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
    - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

### Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
  - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
  - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and

Pri	ice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	Day	Generic
3	<b>5</b>	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.3 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.4 Any of the following:
  - 2.4.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
  - 2.4.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
  - 2.4.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

### Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

#### Initiation - moderate to severe COVID-19

Therapy limited to 1 dose

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8mg/kg IV for a maximum of one dose; and
- 5 Tocilizumab is not to be administered in combination with barcitinib.

#### Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

### Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

### Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

### Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

toxicity or intolerance; and

- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

#### Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB (HERZUMA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027100.00	1	Herzuma
t	Inj 440 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027293.35	1	Herzuma

#### ⇒ Restricted (RS2005)

### Initiation - early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH + (including FISH or other current technology; and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment).

#### Continuation - early breast cancer\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology; and
  - 1.2 The patient received prior adjuvant trastuzumab treatment for early breast cancer; and
  - 1.3 Any of the following:
    - 1.3.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
    - 1.3.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; or
    - 1.3.3 he cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
  - 1.4 Either:
    - 1.4.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
    - 1.4.2 All of the following:
      - 1.4.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
      - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
      - 1.4.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
  - 1.5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab in the metastatic setting for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
  - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
  - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Note: \* For patients with relapsed HER-2 positive disease who have previously received adjuvant trastuzumab for early breast cancer

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued

#### Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
  - 2.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
  - 3.2 All of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
    - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
    - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
  - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
  - 1.3 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
  - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
  - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

### Initiation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has locally advanced or metastatic gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction or oesophageal cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 2+ FISH+ or IHC3+ (or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG score of 0-2.

### Continuation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 2 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TRASTUZUMAB DERUXTECAN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2082)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease; or
  - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Patient has not received prior funded trastuzumab deruxtecan treatment; and
- 6 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

## Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab deruxtecan; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

#### TRASTUZUMAB EMTANSINE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 100 mg vial2,320.00	1	Kadcyla
t	Inj 160 mg vial	1	Kadcyla

## ⇒ Restricted (RS2083)

### Initiation - early breast cancer

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has early breast cancer expressing HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+; and
- 2 Documentation of pathological invasive residual disease in the breast and/or axiliary lymph nodes following completion of surgery; and
- 3 Patient has completed systemic neoadjuvant therapy with trastuzumab and chemotherapy prior to surgery; and
- 4 Disease has not progressed during neoadjuvant therapy; and
- 5 Patient has left ventricular ejection fraction of 45% or greater; and
- 6 Adjuvant treatment with trastuzumab emtansine to be commenced within 12 weeks of surgery; and
- 7 Trastuzumab emtansine to be discontinued at disease progression; and
- 8 Total adjuvant treatment duration must not exceed 42 weeks (14 cycles).

#### Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Either
  - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease\*; or
  - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy\*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Fither:
  - 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
  - 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 Patient has not received prior funded trastuzumab emtansine or trastuzumab deruxtecan treatment; or
  - 6.2 Both:
    - 6.2.1 Patient has discontinued trastuzumab deruxtecan due to intolerance; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

6.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on trastuzumab deruxtecan; and

7 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: \*Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

#### USTEKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 130 mg vial4,162.00	1	Stelara
t	Inj 90 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe4,162.00	1	Stelara

⇒ Restricted (RS1942)

#### Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease: and
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for Crohn's disease and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
    - 2.2.2 Both:
      - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
      - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
  - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to be administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

### Initiation - Crohn's disease - children\*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria: or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2.2.2 Both:

2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and

2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
  - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for ulcerative colitis and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
    - 2.2.2 Both:
      - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for ulcerative colitis: and
      - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for ulcerative colitis are contraindicated.

#### Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
  - 1.2 PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy\*; and
- 2 Ustekinumab will be used at a dose no greater than 90 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Criterion marked with \* is for an unapproved indication.

VEDOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1943)

#### Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
  - 2.2 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
  - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	_	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.4 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
- 2.5 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
  - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed: and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300 mg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation - Crohn's disease - children\*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
  - 2.2 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
  - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

### Continuation - Crohn's disease - children\*

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
  - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

#### Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis: and
- 2 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
- 2.2 Patient has a SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
- 2.3 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20\*; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

#### Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
  - 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy \*; and
- 2 Vedolizumab will be used at a dose no greater than 300 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

## Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

ATEZOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Tecentria

→ Restricted (RS2099)

## Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 3 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG 0-2: and
- 5 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with at least two cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy;
- 6 Atezolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks: and
- 7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

### Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment: or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease: and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

recent treatment period; and

- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Atezolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with atezolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

### Initiation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with atezolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma; and
  - 2.2 Patient has preserved liver function (Child-Pugh A); and
  - 2.3 Transarterial chemoembolisation (TACE) is unsuitable; and
  - 2.4 Any of the following:
    - 2.4.1 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy for the treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma; or
    - 2.4.2 Patient received funded lenvatinib before 1 March 2025; or
    - 2.4.3 Both:
      - 2.4.3.1 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity from treatment with lenvatinib; and
      - 2.4.3.2 No disease progression since initiation of lenvatinib; and
  - 2.5 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
  - 2.6 To be given in combination with bevacizumab.

## Continuation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

no evidence of disease progression.

DURVALUMAB - Restricted see terms below		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial4,700.00	1	Imfinzi
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2.4 ml vial	1	Imfinzi
Backdated (B00004)		

### → Restricted (RS2084)

## Initiation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has histologically or cytologically documented stage III, locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); or
  - 1.2 Patient has histologically or cytologically documented stage IIb (T1N2a only), locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Patient has received two or more cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy concurrently with definitive radiation therapy; and
- 3 Patient has no disease progression following the second or subsequent cycle of platinum-based chemotherapy with definitive radiation therapy treatment; and
- 4 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0 or 1; and
- 5 Patient has completed last radiation dose within 8 weeks of starting treatment with durvalumab; and
- 6 Patient must not have received prior PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitor therapy for this condition; and
- 7 Either:
  - 7.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
  - 7.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

8 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression.

### Continuation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Either:
- 2.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
  - 2.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 3 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression; and
- 4 Total continuous treatment duration must not exceed 12 months.

### IPILIMUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	5,000.00	1	Yervoy
t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 40 ml vial	20,000.00	1	Yervoy
	Destricted (DO0445)			

### → Restricted (RS2115)

### Initiation - renal cell carcinoma

Limited to 4 months treatment

#### Either:

- 1 The patient is currently on treatment with ipilimumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
  - 2.2 The patient is treatment naive; and
  - 2.3 The patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
  - 2.4 The disease is predominantly of clear cell histology; and
  - 2.5 Any of the following:
    - 2.5.1 The patient has sarcomatoid histology; or
    - 2.5.2 Haemoglobin levels less than the lower limit of normal: or
    - 2.5.3 Corrected serum calcium level greater than 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); or
    - 2.5.4 Neutrophils greater than the upper limit of normal; or
    - 2.5.5 Platelets greater than the upper limit of normal; or
    - 2.5.6 Interval of less than 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; or
    - 2.5.7 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
- 2.6 Ipilimumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 1 mg/kg for up to four cycles in combination with nivolumab.

#### NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial1,051.98	1	Opdivo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial2,629.96	1	Opdivo

⇒ Restricted (RS2113)

#### Initiation

Medical oncologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Fither:
  - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
  - 4.2 Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
- 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with nivolumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

#### Continuation - less than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
    - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
    - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease: and
  - 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
  - 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
  - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
  - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

## Continuation - more than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months Both:

1 Dot

- 1 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months: and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 All of the following:
    - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
      - 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
      - 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
      - 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
    - 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
    - 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
  - 2.2 All of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
    - 2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
    - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

### Initiation - renal cell carcinoma, first line

Limited to 4 months treatment

Fither:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with nivolumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2.2 The patient is treatment naive; and
- 2.3 The patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 2.4 The disease is predominantly of clear cell histology; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
  - 2.5.1 The patient has sarcomatoid histology; or
  - 2.5.2 Haemoglobin levels less than the lower limit of normal; or
  - 2.5.3 Corrected serum calcium level greater than 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); or
  - 2.5.4 Neutrophils greater than the upper limit of normal; or
  - 2.5.5 Platelets greater than the upper limit of normal; or
  - 2.5.6 Interval of less than 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; or
  - 2.5.7 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
- 2.6 Nivolumab is to be used in combination with ipilimumab for the first four treatment cycles at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg; and
- 2.7 Nivolumab is to be used at a maximum maintenance dose of 240 mg every 2 weeks (or equivalent).

## Initiation - renal cell carcinoma, second line

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic renal-cell carcinoma; and
- 2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology; and
- 3 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has documented disease progression following one or two previous regimens of antiangiogenic therapy; and
- 5 Patient has not previously received a funded immune checkpoint inhibitor; and
- 6 Nivolumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 240 mg every 2 weeks (or equivalent) and discontinued at disease progression.

### Continuation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Nivolumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 240 mg every 2 weeks (or equivalent) and discontinued at disease progression.

### PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

### Initiation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma

Medical oncologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
  - 4.2 Roth:

Price	1		Brand or
(ex man. exc	d. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
- 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with pembrolizumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

## Continuation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma, less than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
    - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
    - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease: and
  - 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
  - 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
  - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
  - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

## Continuation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma, more than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 All of the following:
    - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
      - 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
      - 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
      - 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
    - 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
    - 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
  - 2.2 All of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
    - 2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
    - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

## Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 50% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; or
  - 6.2 Both:
    - 6.2.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 1% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; and
    - 6.2.2 Chemotherapy is determined to be not in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment; and
- 7 Patient has an ECOG 0-2: and
- 8 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 9 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

## Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

#### Initiation – non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 The patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG 0-2: and
- 7 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 8 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

### Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period: and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

#### Initiation - breast cancer, advanced

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Either:
    - 2.1.1 Patient has recurrent or de novo unresectable, inoperable locally advanced triple-negative breast cancer (that does not express ER, PR or HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+ [including FISH or other technology]); or
    - 2.1.2 Patient has recurrent or de novo metastatic triple-negative breast cancer (that does not express ER, PR or HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+ [including FISH or other technology]; and
  - 2.2 Patient is treated with palliative intent; and
  - 2.3 Patient's cancer has confirmed PD-L1 Combined Positive Score (CPS) is greater than or equal to 10; and
  - 2.4 Patient has received no prior systemic therapy in the palliative setting; and
  - 2.5 Patient has an ECOG score of 0-2; and
  - 2.6 Pembrolizumab is to be used in combination with chemotherapy; and
  - 2.7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
  - 2.8 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

### Continuation - breast cancer, advanced

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment: or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by a comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 4 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 5 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	Τ)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

#### Initiation – head and neck squamous cell carcinoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

#### Fither:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has recurrent or metastatic head and neck squamous cell carcinoma of mucosal origin (excluding nasopharyngeal carcinoma) that is incurable by local therapies; and
  - 2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy in the recurrent or metastatic setting; and
  - 2.3 Patient has a positive PD-L1 combined positive score (CPS) of greater than or equal to 1; and
  - 2.4 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
  - 2.5 Either:
    - 2.5.1 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; or
    - 2.5.2 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
  - 2.6 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

## Continuation - head and neck squamous cell carcinoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment: or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 4 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

### Initiation - MSI-H/dMMR advanced colorectal cancer

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

#### Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Either:
    - 2.1.1 Patient has deficient mismatch repair (dMMR) or microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) metastatic colorectal cancer: or
    - 2.1.2 Patient has deficient mismatch repair (dMMR) or microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) unresectable colorectal cancer; and
  - 2.2 Patient is treated with palliative intent; and
  - 2.3 Patient has not previously received funded treatment with pembrolizumab; and
  - 2.4 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
  - 2.5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
  - 2.6 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

### Continuation - MSI-H/dMMR advanced colorectal cancer

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 3 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

#### Initiation - Urothelial carcinoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has inoperable locally advanced (T4) or metastatic urothelial carcinoma; and
  - 2.2 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
  - 2.3 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with chemotherapy; and
  - 2.4 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

### Continuation - Urothelial carcinoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease: and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Pembrolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 4 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

### Initiation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Either:
    - 2.1.1 Both:
      - 2.1.1.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma after two or more lines of chemotherapy; and
      - 2.1.1.2 Patient is ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant; or
    - 2.1.2 Patient has relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma and has previously undergone an autologous stem cell transplant; and
  - 2.2 Patient has not previously received funded pembrolizumab; and
  - 2.3 Pembrolizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 200 mg once every 3 weeks.

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

## Continuation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has received a partial or complete response to pembrolizumab; and
- 2 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

## Other Immunosuppressants

5	ATGAM
60	Azamun
100	Azamun
1	OncoTICE
30	Afinitor
30	Afinitor
	60 100

# Fab 10 mg ..... → Restricted (RS2076)

**Initiation**Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and
- 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

## Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

#### Initiation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and

## **ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS**

Pi	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1.2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology; and
- 1.3 The patient has documented disease progression following one previous line of treatment; and
- 1.4 The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 1.5 Everolimus is to be used in combination with lenvatinib; or

#### 2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has received funded treatment with nivolumab for the second line treatment of metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity from treatment with nivolumab; and
- 2.3 Everolimus is to be used in combination with lenvatinib; and
- 2.4 There is no evidence of disease progression.

#### Continuation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

### MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg35.90	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg35.90	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml187.25	165 ml	CellCept
Ini 500 mg vial	4	CellCept

### **PICIBANIL**

Inj 100 mcg vial

#### SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 1 mg	749.99	100	Rapamune
1	Tab 2 mg	1,499.99	100	Rapamune
	Oral liq 1 mg per ml		60 ml	Rapamune

→ Restricted (RS1991)

#### Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min: or
- · Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- . HUS or TTP: or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- · Significant malignant disease

## Initiation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations\*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformation\*; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Malformations are not adequately controlled by sclerotherapy and surgery; or
  - 2.2 Malformations are widespread/extensive and sclerotherapy and surgery are not considered clinically appropriate; or
  - 2.3 Sirolimus is to be used to reduce malformation prior to consideration of surgery; and
- 3 Patient is being treated by a specialist lymphovascular malformation multi-disciplinary team: and
- 4 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1 (see Note).

continued...

## **ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS**

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Continuation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had either a complete response or a partial response to treatment, or patient has stable disease according to RECIST version 1.1 (see Note); or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has stabilised or responded clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documents in patient notes; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47)

Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

### Initiation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex\*

Nephrologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex\*; and
- 2 Evidence of renal angiomyolipoma(s) measuring 3 cm or greater and that have shown interval growth.

### Continuation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of renal angiomyolipoma reduction or stability by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound; and
- 2 Demonstrated stabilisation or improvement in renal function; and
- 3 The patient has not experienced angiomyolipoma haemorrhage or significant adverse effects to sirolimus treatment; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

## Initiation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex\*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has epilepsy with a background of documented tuberous sclerosis complex\*; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Vigabatrin has been trialled and has not adequately controlled seizures; and
    - 2.1.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least two of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 Vigabatrin is contraindicated: and
    - 2.2.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least three of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); and
- 3 Seizures have a significant impact on quality of life; and
- 4 Patient has been assessed and surgery is considered inappropriate for this patient, or the patient has been assessed and would benefit from mTOR inhibitor treatment prior to surgery.

continued...

## ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, and topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

### Continuation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex\*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

demonstrated significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate (e.g. 50% reduction in seizure frequency) or severity and/or patient quality of life compared with baseline prior to starting sirolimus treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

### JAK inhibitors

UPADACITINIB - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 15 mg .......1,271.00 28 RINVOQ

## → Restricted (RS1861)

## Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
  - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and
    - 3.2.2 Either:
      - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
      - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

#### Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

## **Antiallergy Preparations**

## Allergic Emergencies

### ADRENALINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 0.15 mg per 0.3 ml auto-injector - 5% DV Jul-23 to 202590.0	00 1	Ep	ipen Jr
t	Inj 0.3 mg per 0.3 ml auto-injector - 5% DV Jul-23 to 202590.0	00 1	Ep	ipen

→ Restricted (RS1944)

### Initiation - anaphylaxis

#### Either:

- 1 Patient has experienced a previous anaphylactic reaction which has resulted in presentation to a hospital or emergency department; or
- 2 Patient has been assessed to be at significant risk of anaphylaxis by a relevant practitioner.

#### ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1501)

#### Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

## Allergy Desensitisation

#### BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- ¶ Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

•	ing 500 mag viai with andone		
1	Initiation Kit - 5 vials freeze dried venom with diluent	1	VENOX
1	Initiation kit - 1 vial freeze dried venom with diluent	1	VENOX
1	Maintenance Kit - 1 vial freeze dried venom with diluent	1	VENOX

(VENOX Initiation Kit - 5 vials freeze dried venom with diluent to be delisted 1 May 2025)

#### → Restricted (RS1117)

#### Initiation

#### Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

#### PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1118)

### Initiation

#### Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

### YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1119)

## Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

Allergy	Prophy	/lactics
---------	--------	----------

BUDESONIDE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.59	200 dose	SteroClear
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.89	200 dose	SteroClear
FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	1.98	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.03%	5.23	15 ml	Univent
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%			

Antihistami	nes

Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE         Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2026       1.71         Oral liq 1 mg per ml       3.99	100 200 ml	<b>Zista</b> Histaclear	
CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE  Tab 4 mg			
FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg			
Tab 120 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027	30	Fexaclear	
Tab 180 mg - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027	30	Fexaclear	
LORATADINE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	100	Lorafix	
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	100 ml	Haylor Syrup	
PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	50	Allersoothe	
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 20251.58	50	Allersoothe	
Oral liq 1 mg per ml3.39	100 ml	Allersoothe	
10.47		Phenergan Elixir	
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule21.09	5	Hospira	

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES				
	Price (ex man. excl	. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anticholinergic Agents				
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE  Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose  Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule  Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			10	Pharmascience
(Pharmascience Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be de	11.7 listed 1 May 2		20	Univent
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Ago	nists			
SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE  Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per dose  Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml  ampoule		)4	20	Duolin
Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents				
GLYCOPYRRONIUM  Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the pa or umeclidinium.  Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		_	ı treatmer 30 dose	nt with subsidised tiotropium  Seebri Breezhaler
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE  Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also re or umeclidinium.  Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg per dose	eceiving treat	ment wi		
Powder for inhalation 18 mcg per dose  UMECLIDINIUM  Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receivin tiotropium bromide.  Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg per dose	g treatment w	vith subs	30 dose sidised inl 30 dose	Spiriva haled glycopyrronium or Incruse Ellipta
Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acti	ng Beta-A	dreno	ceptor	Agonists
→ Restricted (RS1518) Initiation  Re-assessment required after 2 years  Both:  1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagon  2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additionate Continuation  Re-assessment required after 2 years  Both:  1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and  2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (pressure)	al benefit from	nined).		
Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting be receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long a				a it the patient is also

30 dose

60 dose

Ultibro Breezhaler

Spiolto Respimat

\$\bigl\$ Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg with olodaterol 2.5 mcg ......81.00 **1** Item restricted (see → above); **1** Item restricted (see → below)

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above 

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL - Restricted see terms above

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

## Inhaled Corticosteroid with Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonist and Beta Agonist

BUDESONIDE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM AND EFORMOTEROL - Restricted see terms below

- Aerosol inhaler budesonide 160 mcg with glycopyrronium 7.2 mcg and
- → Restricted (RS2085)

## Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of COPD confirmed by spirometry or spirometry has been attempted and technically acceptable results are not possible; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Patient is currently receiving an inhaled corticosteroid with long acting beta-2 agonist (ICS/LABA) or a long acting muscarinic antagonist with long acting beta-2 agonist (LAMA/LABA); and
    - 2.1.2 Any of the following:

Clinical criteria:

- 2.1.2.1 Patient has a COPD Assessment Test (CAT) score greater than 10; or
- 2.1.2.2 Patient has had 2 or more exacerbations in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.3 Patient has had one exacerbation requiring hospitalisation in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.4 Patient has had an eosinophil count greater than or equal to  $0.3 \times 10^{\circ}9$  cells/L in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.2 Patient is currently receiving multiple inhaler triple therapy (inhaled corticosteroid with long-acting muscarinic antagonist and long-acting beta-2 agonist ICS/LAMA/LABA) and met at least one of the clinical criteria above prior to commencing multiple inhaler therapy.

#### FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH UMECLIDINIUM AND VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms below

- Powder for inhalation fluticasone furgate 100 mcg with umeclidinium
- → Restricted (RS2028)

# Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of COPD confirmed by spirometry or spirometry has been attempted and technically acceptable results are not possible; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Patient is currently receiving an inhaled corticosteroid with long acting beta-2 agonist (ICS/LABA) or a long acting muscarinic antagonist with long acting beta-2 agonist (LAMA/LABA); and
    - 2.1.2 Any of the following:

### Clinical criteria:

- 2.1.2.1 Patient has a COPD Assessment Test (CAT) score greater than 10; or
- 2.1.2.2 Patient has had 2 or more exacerbations in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.3 Patient has had one exacerbation requiring hospitalisation in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.4 Patient has had an eosinophil count greater than or equal to  $0.3 \times 10^9$  cells/L in the previous 12 months: or
- 2.2 Patient is currently receiving multiple inhaler triple therapy (inhaled corticosteroid with long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist ICS/LAMA/LABA) and met at least one of the clinical criteria above prior to commencing multiple inhaler triple therapy.

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
° Por	Manufacturer

## **Antifibrotics**

NINTEDANIB - Restricted see terms below			
	554.00	60	Ofev
■ Cap 150 mg		60	Ofev
→ Restricted (RS1813)			

### Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
  - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
  - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

### Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

## PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 267 mg	1,215.00	90	Esbriet
t	Tab 801 mg	3,645.00	90	Esbriet

→ Restricted (RS1814)

## Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
  - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
  - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

continued...

	Price		Brand or	
(ex	man. excl. G		Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

### Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

## **Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists**

#### **SALBUTAMOL**

Oral liq 400 mcg per ml - 5% DV May-25 to 202750.00	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose4.18	200 dose	SalAir
6.80		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml. 2.5 ml ampoule	20	Asthalin

#### TERBUTALINE SUI PHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose

Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Powder for inhalation, 200 mcg per dose (equivalent to 250 mcg

metered dose), breath activated.......22.20 120 dose Bricanyl Turbuhaler

## **Decongestants**

#### OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml

Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

#### PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

### SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

### SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

## XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%

Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%

Nasal drops 0.05%

Nasal drops 0.1%

## **Inhaled Corticosteroids**

### BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
14.01		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	Beclazone 100
17.52		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose22.67	200 dose	Beclazone 250

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic		
	(EX IIIdil.	\$		Per	Manufacturer
BUDESONIDE					
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule					
Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule					
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose					
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose					
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose					
FLUTICASONE					
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose				0 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose			-	) dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose				) dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose				0 dose	Flixotide
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose				0 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose		.11.93	60	) dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists					
MONTELUKAST					
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		3.10		28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025				28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		2.90		28	Montelukast Viatris
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists					
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE					
Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose					
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE					
Powder for inhalation 4.5 mcg per dose, breath activated (equivale	nt to				
eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg metered dose)					
INDACATEROL					
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose		.61.00	30	) dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose		.61.00	30	) dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
SALMETEROL					
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose		.26.25	12	0 dose	Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		.26.25	60	) dose	Serevent Accuhaler
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adre	nocept	or Ag	onis	ts	
BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL					
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg					
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg					
Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg					
Powder for inhalation 160 mcg with 4.5 mcg eformoterol fumarate	oer				
dose (equivalent to 200 mcg budesonide with 6 mcg eformoter	ol				
fumarate metered dose)			12	0 dose	DuoResp Spiromax
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg		.33.74	12	0 dose	Symbicort Turbuhaler
Powder for inhalation 320 mcg with 9 mcg eformoterol fumarate pe					
dose (equivalent to 400 mcg budesonide with 12 mcg eformote					
fumarate metered dose)				0 dose	DuoResp Spiromax
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg		.33.74	60	) dose	Symbicort Turbuhaler
FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL					
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg		.44.08	30	) dose	Breo Ellipta

	Price		Brand or
(ex	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg	25.79	120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	33.74	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg	32.60	120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	44.08	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Methylxanthines			
AMINOPHYLLINE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	180.00	5	DBL Aminophylline
CAFFEINE CITRATE			
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)	16.91	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule	69.70	5	Biomed
THEOPHYLLINE			
Tab long-acting 250 mg	25.65	100	Nuelin-SR
Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml	18.49	500 ml	Nuelin
Mucolytics and Expectorants			

DORNASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1787)

## Initiation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Patient has previously undergone a trial with, or is currently being treated with, hypertonic saline; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has required one or more hospital inpatient respiratory admissions in the previous 12 month period; or
  - 3.2 Patient has had 3 exacerbations due to CF, requiring oral or intravenous (IV) antibiotics in in the previous 12 month period; or
  - 3.3 Patient has had 1 exacerbation due to CF, requiring oral or IV antibiotics in the previous 12 month period and a Brasfield score of < 22/25; or
  - 3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA).

### Continuation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatment.

#### Initiation - significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

## Initiation - pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

		excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer	
ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR	R – Rest	tricted see t	erms belo	W	

- Tab elexacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and
  - Trikafta
- Tab elexacaftor 100 mg with tezacaftor 50 mg, ivacaftor 75 mg (56) and ivacaftor 150 mg (28).......27,647.39

Drico

- Trikafta

Drand or

→ Restricted (RS2114)

#### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Patient is 6 years of age or older; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Patient has two cystic fibrosis-causing mutations in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane regulator (CFTR) gene (one from each parental allele); or
  - 3.2 Patient has a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 Patient has a heterozygous or homozygous F508del mutation; or
  - 4.2 Patient has a G551D mutation or other mutation responsive in vitro to elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor (see note a); and
- 5 The treatment must be the sole funded CFTR modulator therapy for this condition; and
- 6 Treatment with elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition.

#### Notes:

a) Eligible mutations are listed in the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Trikafta prescribing information https://nctr-crs.fda.gov/fdalabel/services/spl/set-ids/f354423a-85c2-41c3-a9db-0f3aee135d8d/spl-doc

#### IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 150 mg29,386	.00 56	Kalydeco
	Oral granules 50 mg, sachet29,386		Kalvdeco
	Oral granules 75 mg, sachet		Kalydeco
	Postulated (DC4040)		,

#### → Restricted (RS1818)

#### Initiation

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- - 2.1 Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene on at least 1 allele: or
  - 2.2 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation (G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele; and
- 3 Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition; and
- 5 Patient must not have an acute upper or lower respiratory infection, pulmonary exacerbation, or changes in therapy (including antibiotics) for pulmonary disease in the last 4 weeks prior to commencing treatment with ivacaftor; and
- 6 The dose of ivacaftor will not exceed one tablet or one sachet twice daily; and
- 7 Applicant has experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis.

#### SODIUM CHLORIDE

90 ml Biomed

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

**Pulmonary Surfactants** 

**BERACTANT** 

Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial

PORACTANT ALFA

 Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial
 425.00
 1
 Curosurf

 Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial
 695.00
 1
 Curosurf

## **Respiratory Stimulants**

**DOXAPRAM** 

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

## **Sclerosing Agents**

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

(6	ex man.	rice excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations					
Antibacterials					
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		1 00	<u> </u>	5 g	Devatis
Ear drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5% – <b>5% DV Sep-23 to 2025</b> Eye drops 0.5%, single dose				10 ml	Chlorsig
CIPROFLOXACIN  Eye drops 0.3% - <b>5% DV Mar-25 to 2027</b>		10.85	5	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%					•
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%					
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%					
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%		5.29	)	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%				Ü	
TOBRAMYCIN		40.45	_		
Eye oint 0.3%				3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals					
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%					
Antivirals					
ACICLOVIR  Eye oint 3% – <b>5% DV Feb-25 to 2027</b>		15.89	)	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations					
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		16.30	)	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN  Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramicidin	1				
50 mcg per ml  DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN E		HATE	<u>.</u>		
Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulphate 6,000 u per g		5.39	)	3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml		4.50	)	5 ml	Maxitrol
DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%		12.64	1	5 ml	Tobradex

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

#### FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIQQUINOL

Ear drops 0.02% with cliqquinol 1%

### TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NYSTATIN

Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and

## **Anti-Inflammatory Preparations**

## Corticosteroids

### DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	5 ml	Maxidex
Ocular implant 700 mcg	1	Ozurdex

## → Restricted (RS1606)

#### Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Fither
  - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
  - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

## Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

#### Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

#### Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

	Price		
	(ex man. excl. GS	Per	Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROMETHOLONE			
Eye drops 0.1%	3.09	5 ml	FML
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Eye drops 0.12%			
Eye drops 1%	7.00	5 ml	Pred Forte
	6.92	10 ml	Prednisolone- AFT
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE	40.00	00.1	
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)	43.26	20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Eye drops 0.1%	4.05	40.1	B
Eye drops 0.1%, single dose - 5% DV Jul-25 to 2027	1.85 5.54	10 dose 30 dose	Diclofenac Devatis Diclofenac Devatis
KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL	5.54	30 dose	Diciolenac Devaus
Eye drops 0.5%			
NEPAFENAC			
Eye drops 0.3%			
(Any Eye drops 0.3% to be delisted 1 July 2025)			
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
LEVOCABASTINE			
Eye drops 0.05%			
LODOXAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.1%	8.71	10 ml	Lomide
OLOPATADINE			
Eye drops 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	2.17	5 ml	Olopatadine Teva
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE			
Eye drops 2% - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	2.62	10 ml	Allerfix
Decongestants			
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Eye drops 0.1% – <b>5% DV Jan-25 to 2027</b>	5 65	15 ml	Albalon
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations			
Diagnostic Dyes			
ELLIORESCEIN SODILIM			

12

Fluorescite

FLUORESCEIN SODIUM

Eye drops 2%, single dose

Inj 10%, 5 ml vial .......125.00

Ophthalmic strips 1 mg

FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

LISSAMINE GREEN

Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg

**ROSE BENGAL SODIUM** 

Ophthalmic strips 1%

## **Irrigation Solutions**

#### MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION

Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium

chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%. 250 ml

Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bag

10.50 500 ml

FA 00

1

1

1

1

1

15 ml

Balanced Salt Solution

**Balanced Salt Solution** 

e.g. Balanced Salt Solution

e.g. Balanced Salt Solution

### **Ocular Anaesthetics**

OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Eye drops 0.4%, single dose

PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%

TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose

### Viscoelastic Substances

#### **HYPROMELLOSE**

Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe

Ini 2%, 2 ml syringe

#### SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]

ını 14 mg per mi, 0.85 mi syringe	50.00
Inj 18 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	50.00
Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	60.00
Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	28.50

#### SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULPHATE

Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe	
and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml	
syringe	64.00
Ini 20 ma nor mi with abandraitin aulahata 40 ma nor mi 0 E mi awinga	

Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe......67.00  $\,$ 

Healon GV

Healon GV Pro

Healon

Duovisc

Duovisc Viscoat

SENSORY ORGANS			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other			
DISODIUM EDETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE			
Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1% Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500			
Glaucoma Preparations			
Beta Blockers			
BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25% Eye drops 0.5% (Betoptic S Eye drops 0.25% to be delisted 1 December 2025) (Betoptic Eye drops 0.5% to be delisted 1 December 2025)		5 ml 5 ml	Betoptic S Betoptic
TIMOLOL  Eye drops 0.25% − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026  Eye drops 0.5% − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026  ⇒ Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming − Restricted: For continuation only		5 ml 5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Arrow-Timolol
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors			
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg - <b>5% DV Sep-25 to 2027</b>	17.03 13.96	100	Diamox <b>Medsurge</b>
(Diamox Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 September 2025)  BRINZOLAMIDE  Eye drops 1% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5.11	5 ml	Azopt
DORZOLAMIDE - <b>Restricted</b> : For continuation only  ⇒ Eye drops 2%			
DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	3.58	5 ml	Dortimopt
Miotics			
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent  CARBACHOL Inj 150 mcg vial			
PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE  Eye drops 1%  Eye drops 2%  Eye drops 4%  PILOCARPINE NITRATE	5.35	15 ml 15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine

PILOCARPINE NITRATE Eye drops 2%, single dose

**<sup>1</sup>** Item restricted (see → above); **1** Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	5.15	3 ml	Lumigan
Eye drops 0.005% – <b>5% DV Mar-25 to 2027</b>	2.08	2.5 ml	Teva
Eye drops 0.005% with timolol 0.5% - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 TRAVOPROST	4.95	2.5 ml	Arrow - Lattim
Eye drops 0.004% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.80	2.5 ml	Travatan
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5%	19.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL MALEATE	5.16	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7.13	5 ml	Combigan
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Eye drops 1% – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>	18.27	15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose	25.16	15 ml	Cyclogyl
TROPICAMIDE  Eye drops 0.5%  Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	20.52	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose	24.82	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose	8.25	30	Poly Gel

(Poly Gel Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose to be delisted 1 July 2025)

Ophthalmic gel 0.2%



	Price	-	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Manufacturer
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE			
Eye drops 0.5%			
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%			
Eye drops 1%, single dose			
HYPROMELLOSE			
Eye drops 0.5%	19.50	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN			
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%	2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
PARAFFIN I IQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN			
Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%			
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT			
Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	3.63	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL			
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3%, 10 ml bottle			
Note: Only for use in compounding an eye drop formulation Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, singl	e dose10.78	30	Systane Unit Dose
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE			-,
Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose			
RETINOL PALMITATE			
Oint 138 mcg per g	3.80	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]			
Eye drops 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	13.58	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

## **Other Otological Preparations**

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL

Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM

Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

10

10

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings**

#### **Antidotes**

### **ACETYLCYSTEINE**

Tab eff 200 mg

52.88

Hikma Acetylcysteine

DBL Acetylcysteine

Martindale Pharma

(Martindale Pharma Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 November 2025)

AMYI NITRITE

Lig 98% in 3 ml capsule

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

**ETHANOL** 

Liq 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED

Ini 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

**FLUMAZENIL** 

**HYDROXOCOBALAMIN** 

Inj 5 q vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

## PRALIDOXIME CHLORIDE

Ini 1 a vial

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

## SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

Ini 250 mg per ml. 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle



Price (ex man. excl. GST) (cm. small per limits)

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

### **Antitoxins**

**BOTULISM ANTITOXIN** 

Inj 250 ml vial

**DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN** 

Ini 10.000 iu vial

### **Antivenoms**

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Ini 50 ml vial

## Removal and Elimination

#### CHARCOAL

#### DEFERASIROX - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 125 mg dispersible276.00	28	Exjade
	Tab 250 mg dispersible		Exjade
t	Tab 500 mg dispersible	) 28	Exjade

⇒ Restricted (RS1444)

#### Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2\*; or
  - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
  - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis: or
  - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

### Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2\* and liver MRI T2\* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2\* and liver MRI T2\* levels.

### DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 500 mg	533.17	100	Ferriprox
1	Oral lig 100 mg per ml	266.59	250 ml	Ferriprox

→ Restricted (RS1445)

#### Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

			VARIOUS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE Inj 500 mg vial	332.88	10	DBL Desferrioxamine Mesylate for Inj BP
DICOBALT EDETATE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPROL Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare,
Cap 200 mg			Chemet e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			Chemet
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE Soln 0.1% Soln 4% Soln 5%	15.50	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE  Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5%  Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70% Soln 2% with ethanol 70% Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml	1.55	1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 1% with ethanol 70%			
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL Soln 70%, 500 ml	5.65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE  ■ Vaginal tab 200 mg  ■ Restricted (RS1354)			

Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.

Initiation

Soln 5% Soln 7.5%

Pad 10% Swab set 10% 65 g

100 ml

15 ml

500 ml

6.99

Betadine

Riodine

Riodine

Riodine



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL

Soln 10% with ethanol 30%

Soln 10% with ethanol 70%

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Soln

## **Contrast Media**

## **Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media**

DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE  Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100 ml			
bottle	30.00	100 ml	Gastrografin
Oral liquid 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml,			
100 ml bottle		10 ml	Gastrografin Ger
	399.00		Gastrografin S29
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle	120.00	1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL			
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	410.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL			
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	275.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL	,		
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	117 00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	420.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle		6	Omnipaque
(Omnipaque Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle to be delisted to	June 2025)		

## Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

BARIUM SULPHATE			
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle	17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle1	89.15	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
1	59.05	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Grans for oral liq 960 mg per g (96% w/w), 176 g bottle5	30.00	24	Vanilla SilQ MD
Grans for oral liq 980 mg per g (98% w/w), 310 g bottle4	90.00	24	Vanilla SilQ HD
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 450 ml bottle	97.50	12	Readi-CAT 2
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	15.95	1	Neulumex
1	91.40	12	Neulumex
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle	52.35	3	Tagitol V

**<sup>1</sup>** Item restricted (see → above); **1** Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g	. 4 a		
sachet	•	50 g	E-Z-Gas II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe		5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefille	ed	-	
syringe	189.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefille			
syringe		10	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 65 ml bottle		10	Gadovist 1.0
GADOTERIC ACID	•		
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe	172.00	10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	9.10	1	Dolarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml pref			
syringe	300.00	1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE			,
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	169.15	100 ml	Biliscopin
· · ·		100 1111	2300рії
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial		1	Definity
	720.00	4	Definity

## **ARGININE**

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

## HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE

Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial

Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial

Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MANNITOL			
Powder for inhalation			e.g. Aridol
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg			
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u vial Inj 80 u vial Inj 100 u ampoule			
SINCALIDE Inj 5 mcg per vial			
Diagnostic Dyes			
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln			
INDIGO CARMINE Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule INDOCYANINE GREEN			
Inj 25 mg vial			
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE] Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	259.57	5	Proveblue
PATENT BLUE V			
Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule		5	Obex Medical
Inj 2.5%, 5 ml prefilled syringe	420.00	5	InterPharma
Irrigation Solutions			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE  Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 500 ml bottle			
Tingation soin 0.013 /8 with cellinitide 0.13 /8, 300 mil bottle			
→ Restricted (RS1683) Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 3 months All of the following:			
<ol> <li>Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body sur</li> <li>For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of larg</li> <li>The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the</li> </ol>	ge burn areas requiring d	ebrideme	ent/skin grafting; and
Continuation			
Re-assessment required after 3 months  The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is	benefiting from the treatr	ment.	
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 100 ml bottle Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule	29.76	30	Pfizer
GLYCINE			
Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag	96.28	4	B Braun
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag		4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampouleIrrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle		20 10	InterPharma Baxter Sodium Chloride
ingation soin 0.3 /o, 1,000 in bottle	19.50	10	0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle	21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

((	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
WATER			
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag	 57.74	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle		10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle	 21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi

## **Surgical Preparations**

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

**PHENOL** 

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Soln 10%

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## Cardioplegia Solutions

#### **ELECTROLYTES**

Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmol/l potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1.000 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml bag

Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag

Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag

Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Custodiol-HTK

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832

e.g. Cardioplegia
Electrolyte Solution

## **EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS**

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations**

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

**BISMUTH SUBGALLATE** 

Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

**CETRIMIDE** 

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

**CHLOROFORM** 

Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

**COLLODION FLEXIBLE** 

Lia

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

Soln .......30.00 100 ml Midwest

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml  $\,$ 

ampoule

**DITHRANOL** 

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

## EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	<b>a</b>	Per	wanuacurer
ELYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension	30.95	5 473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
LYCERIN WITH SUCROSE Suspension	30.95	5 473 ml	Ora-Sweet
iLYCEROL			
Liq	3.23	3 500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
YDROCORTISONE Powder	49.95	5 25 g	ABM
ACTOSE		- 3	
Powder			
IAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Paste			
IENTHOL			
Crystals			
IETHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
IETHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE			NAC-descript
Powder	8.98	3 25 g	Midwest
IETHYLCELLULOSE Bowdor	26.05	100 ~	Midwost
Powder Suspension		U	Midwest Ora-Plus
IETHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN		, 7/01111	Jiu i iuo
Suspension		5 473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
IETHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE Suspension	30 OE	5 473 ml	Ora-Blend
Suspension		7/3/11/1	Ola-Dieliu
Liq Liq			
ARAFFIN			
Liq			
HENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder			
HENOL			
Liq			
ILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
OLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq			
OVIDONE K30 Powder			
ALICYLIC ACID			
Powder			
ILVER NITRATE Crystals			
ODIUM BICARBONATE Powder BP	40.05	5 500 g	Midwest

## **EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS**

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SULPHUR

Precipitated

Sublimed

**SYRUP** 

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

UREA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1%

ZINC OXIDE

Powder

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Food Modules**

## Carbohydrate

## → Restricted (RS1467)

#### Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

#### Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

## CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

### Fat

## → Restricted (RS1468)

### Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism: or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia; or 9 For use in a keto
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

#### Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

### LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

t	Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	15.38	200 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		38.44	500 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		15.38	200 ml	Calogen (strawberry)

Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MCT Oil Liquigen
one further product listed in sused in the modular formula.
Resource Beneprotein  Protifar
Duocal Super Soluble Powder
Human Milk Fortifier

## Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

continued...



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, Health NZ Hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by Pharmac; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section

Pharmac intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN Powder	24.00	380 a	Aptamil Feed Thickener
GUAR GUM	2 1.00	000 g	Apariii i ood Tiilokoffor
Powder			e.g. Guarcol
MAIZE STARCH Powder	8.29	300 g	Nutilis
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM Powder			e.g. Instant Thick
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID Powder			e.g. Easy Thick

## **Metabolic Products**

### → Restricted (RS2047) Initiation

## Either:

- 1 For the dietary management of inherited metabolic disease; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy.

## **Supplements for Glutaric Aciduria Type 1**

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

•	1 Owder 13.1 g protein, 43.3 g carbonydrate, 23 g lat and 3.3 g libre per	
	100 g, 400 g can	e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant
t	Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can	e.g. XLYS Low TRY
		Maxamaid

AMINO ACID FORMULA	(WITHOUT LYSINE)	- Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 a protein 40.5 a carbohydrate 23 a fat and 5.3 a fibre per

ΑN	IINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE) - Restricted see terms above			
t	Powder (neutral) 5 g protein, 5.4 g carbohydrate, 2.3 g fat and 2 g fibre			
	per 18 g sachet75	0.30	30	GA1 Anamix Junior
t	Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet34	9.65	30	GA Explore 5
t	Powder, 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 3.7 g fibre per			
	100 g, 400 g can26	0.00	400 g	GA1 Anamix Infant

36

MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Homocystinuria			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see	e terms on the previ	ous page	
Powder (neutral), 10 g protein, 11.5 g carbohydrate and 4.5 g fat p		00	HOLLA a suria de la ciar
36 g sachet		30	HCU Anamix Junior
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.55 g fat per 25 g sach	,	30	HCU Express 15
Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sache		30	HCU Explore 5
Powder (neutral) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 50			
can		500 g	XMET Maxamum
Powder (unflavoured) 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat			
5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can		400 g	HCU Anamix Infant
Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein, 9.3 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g fat a			
0.44 g fibre per 125 ml bottle		30	HCU Lophlex LQ
Liquid (orange), 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g			
per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	941.40	36	HCU Anamix Junior LQ
Supplements for MSUD and Short chain enoyl coA I	nydratase defic	ciency	
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VA	ALINE) - Restricte	d see term	s on the previous page
Powder (neutral) 10 g protein, 11.5 g carbohydrate and 4.5 g fat pe	,	u see term	is on the previous page
36 g sachet		30	MSUD Anamix Junior
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 25 g sache		30	MSUD Express 15
Powder, 15 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 25 g sache  Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sache		30	MSUD Explore 5
		30	MOOD Explore 5
Powder (orange) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 50	•	F00	MOUD M
can		500 g	MSUD Maxamum
Powder (unflavoured) 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat		400	MCLID Anamin Infant
5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can		400 g	MSUD Anamix Infant
Powder (unflavoured) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100			MOUDM
500 g can		500 g	MSUD Maxamum
Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g fat a		00	MOUD Lamble LO CC
0.5 g fibre per 125 ml pouch		30	MSUD Lophlex LQ 20
Liquid (orange) 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g	iibre		

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Phenylketonuria			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restric	ted see terms on pag	ge 286	
Tab 8.33 mg		75	Phlexy 10
Powder (Berry), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20		60	PKU Restore Powder
Powder (Lemon), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per		00	DIZLI Everena 00
sachet		30	PKU Express 20
sachetsachet		30	PKU Express 20
Powder (Neutral), 5.0 g protein, 5.2 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat pe		00	1 NO Exp1033 20
sachet		30	PKU Explore 5
Powder (Orange), 10 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 0.4 g fat per	<sup>-</sup> 25 g		·
sachet		30	PKU Explore 10
Powder (Orange), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per		00	DIVILE 00
sachet		30	PKU Express 20
Powder (Orange), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 2 sachet		60	PKU Restore Powder
Powder (Raspberry), 10 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 0.4 g fat		00	i No nestore i owder
sachet	441.75	30	PKU Explore 10
Powder (Tropical), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat pe			
sachet		30	PKU Express 20
Powder (berry) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre		00	DIZILI - militara Danisiani
28 g sachetPowder (chocolate) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g		30	PKU Lophlex Powder
100 g, 36 g sachet	303 NN	30	PKU Anamix Junior
Powder (neutral) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fib		00	I NO Anamix bullion
28 g sachet		30	PKU Lophlex Powder
Powder (neutral) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat	per		'
100 g, 36 g sachet		30	PKU Anamix Junior
Powder (orange) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fib			
28 g sachet		30	PKU Lophlex Powder
Powder (orange) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat 100 g, 36 g sachet	per	20	DIZLI Anomiy lunior
Powder (unflavoured), 5 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate per 12.5 g		30	PKU Anamix Junior
sachetssachets		30	PKU First Spoon
Powder (vanilla) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat j		00	1 NO 1 Hot Opcom
100 g, 36 g sachet		30	PKU Anamix Junior
Powder (Neutral), 14.3 g protein, 25 g fat per 100 g, $4 \times 400$ g c		1,600 g	PKU Start
Powder (orange) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g,	500 g		
can		500 g	XP Maxamum
Powder (unflavoured) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 10		500	VD.14
500 g can		500 g	XP Maxamum
Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g f 100 g, 400 g can	174 72	400 g	PKU Anamix Infant
Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre pe		400 g	I NO Allallix Illialli
100 ml, 125 ml bottle		1	PKU Anamix Junior LQ
,			(Berry)
			PKU Anamix Junior LQ
t Handa (talan bandar) 40 mant 1 7 mart			(Orange)
Liquid (juicy berries) 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fib		60	DKILL apples I O 10
100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle  Liquid (juicy berries) 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g		60	PKU Lophlex LQ 10
per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle		30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
t Itom restricted (see → above): I Itom restricted (see >			:o _opon La Lo

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

_				
		Price		Brand or
	(6	x man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
_			1 61	Manufacturer
l	Liquid (juicy orange) 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre		00	DIVITE STATE OF CO.
•	per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle		30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
Ţ	Liquid (juicy tropical) 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre pe 100 ml, 125 ml bottle		30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
t	Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250 m		30	PRO Lopillex LQ 20
•	carton		18	Easiphen Liquid
t	Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per		.0	Lasiphon Liquid
	100 g, 109 g pot	1.123.20	36	PKU Lophlex Sensations
	g, g p	,		20 (berries)
GL	YCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME PHENY	LALANINE - Res	tricted se	ee terms on page 286
t	Powder (Neutral), 10 g protein, 0.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 15 g			
	sachet	449.28	30	PKU Build 10
t	Powder (neutral), 15 g protein, 15 g carbohydrate, 4.5 g fat per 40 g			
	sachet		30	Glytactin Bettermilk
t	Powder (unflavoured) 10 g protein, 4 g carbohydrate per 12.5 g sache		30	PKU GMPro Mix-In
t	Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 31 g sachet	898.56	30	PKU Build 20 Raspberry
				Lemonade PKU Build 20 Smooth
t	Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 32 g sachet	898 56	30	PKU Build 20 Chocolate
ì	Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 33 g sachet		30	PKU Build 20 Vanilla
t	Powder 20 g protein, 4.9 g carbohydrate per 33.4 g sachet		30	PKU GMPro Ultra
	3, , . g , g ,			Lemonade
				PKU GMPro Ultra Vanilla
Ţ	Powder 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet		30	PKU sphere20 Lemon
l	Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Chocolate
				PKU sphere20 Red Berry
ŧ	Douglar 20 a protoin 6.7 a carbohydrate par 25 a cachet	020.00	30	PKU sphere20 Vanilla PKU sphere20 Banana
•	Powder 20 g protein, 6.7 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PNO sprierezo bariaria
•	Liquid (Coffee Mocha), 15 g protein, 3.1 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat 250 ml, carton	694.45	30	PKU Glytactin RTD
	200 IIII, Gartoii	004.43	30	15 Lite
t	Liquid (chocolate), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250 r	ml,		TO LIKE
	carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15
t	Liquid (neutral),10 g protein, 8.5 g carbohydrate per 250 ml carton		18	PKU GMPro LQ
t	Liquid (original), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250 ml,			
	carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15
t	Liquid (vanilla), 15 g protein, 3.3 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat per 250 ml,			
	carton	684.45	30	PKU Glytactin RTD
				15 Lite

# **Protein Free Supplements**

PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT CONTAINING CARBOHYDRATE, FAT WITH ADDED VITAMINS AND MINERALS – Restricted see terms on page 286

t	Powder (neutral) nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g,		
	400 g can	400 g	Energivit

	Price (ex man. excl. GS <sup>*</sup>	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Tyrosinaemia			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROS		see terms on	page 286
Powder (neutral) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat p 100 g, 36 g sachet	471.00	30	TYR Anamix Junior
sachet  Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib	349.65	30	TYR Explore 5
100 g, 400 g can	260.00	400 g	TYR Anamix Infant
per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	941.40	36	TYR Anamix Junior LQ
0.5 g fibre per 125 ml pouch	1,684.80	30	TYR Lophlex LQ 20
GLYCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME TYP page 286		YLALANINE	<ul> <li>Restricted see terms or</li> </ul>
Powder (Red Berry), 20 g protein, 6.3 carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat per sachet		30	TYR Sphere 20
Powder (Vanilla), 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat per 3 sachet		30	TYR Sphere 20
X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products			
GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 286			
Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle  GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 286			
1 Liquid, bottle	131.80	500 ml	GTO Oil
Supplements for Glycogen Storage Disease			
HIGH AMYLOPECTIN CORN-STARCH - Restricted see terms on p Powder 0 g protein, 53 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 60 g sachet		30	Glycosade
Supplements for Organic Acidaemias			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, T page 286		ALINE) – Re	stricted see terms on
Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib 100 g, 400 g can		400 g	MMA/PA Anamix Infant
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE, THREONINE AND Powder (neutral), 5 g protein, 5.4 g carbohydrate, 2.3 g fat and 2.	ND VALINE) - Rest	ricted see te	rms on page 286
fibre per 18 g sachet	750.30	30	MMA/PA Anamix Junior
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.4 g carbohydrate, 0.05 g fat per 25 g saci Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sach		30 30	MMA/PA Express 15 MMA/PA Explore 5
Single Dose Amino Acids			
ARGININE - Restricted see terms on page 286  Powder 1.7 g protein, 1.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Arginine2000
CITRULLINE - Restricted see terms on page 286			-
Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Citrulline1000
Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Isoleucine50

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

290

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LEUCINE - Restricted see terms on page 286	<u> </u>		
Powder 0.08 g protein, 3.7 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Leucine100
Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Phenylalanine50
TYROSINE - <b>Restricted</b> see terms on page 286  Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Tyrosine1000
VALINE - Restricted see terms on page 286  Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Valine50
Other Fat Modified Products			
	Destricted ass tor		• 00C
ELEMENTAL FEED WITH HIGH MEDIUM CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDES -  Powder (neutral), 12.5 g protein, 60 g carbohydrate and 16.4 g fat		nis on pag	e 200
100 g sachet		10	Emsogen
Essential Amino Acids			
ESSENTIAL AMINO ACID FORMULA - <b>Restricted</b> see terms on page Powder (neutral) 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can		200 g	Essential Amino Acid Mix
Specialised Formulas			
Diabetic Products			
→ Restricted (RS1215) Initiation Any of the following:			
<ol> <li>For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss a</li> <li>For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or</li> <li>For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for</li> <li>For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high numbers.</li> </ol>	or 5 days; or	·	
causes such as catabolism; or 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or 6 For patients being tube-fed; or			
7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.			
DIABETIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			
Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre pe		1	Diasip (strawberry)
,			Diasip (vanilla)
LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 500	) ml		
bottle		1	Glucerna Select
Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle			e.g. Nutrison Advanced Diason
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			Diacon
t Liquid 7 g protein, 10.9 g carbohydrate, 2.7 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	2.10	1	Nutren Diabetes (vanilla)
1			(

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products** → Restricted (RS1216) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Malabsorption: or 2 Short bowel syndrome: or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas: or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease: or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. AMINO ACID ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet, 80 g sachet 4.50 Vivonex TEN AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml 18 Elemental 028 Extra (grapefruit) Elemental 028 Extra (pineapple & orange) Elemental 028 Extra (summer fruits) PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 4 g protein, 17.7 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml Nutrison Advanced bottle 7 47 Peptisorb PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, 1 Vital PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g. e.g. Peptamen Junior Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 400 g e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT can Pepdite 1+ PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton........4.95 237 ml Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla) **Fat Modified Products** 

FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below

Powder 12.8 g protein, 68.6 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, can .... 62.90

→ Restricted (RS1470)

Initiation

Any of the following:

continued...

400 a

Monogen

			SPECIAL FOODS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued  1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient mod the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.  Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associ		·	
Hepatic Products  → Restricted (RS1217) Initiation For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant.  HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above  † Powder 12 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, can	93.97	400 g	Heparon Junior
High Calorie Products			
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1317) Initiation</li> <li>Any of the following:         <ol> <li>Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or</li> <li>Patient requires low electrolyte; or</li> <li>Both:                 <ol> <li>Any of the following:</li></ol></li></ol></li></ul>	ml 6.82 er 13.64	1 1 1	Nutrison Concentrated Ensure Two Cal HN RTH Two Cal HN
High Protein Products			
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see term	ns below		

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle ......12.00 1,000 ml Nutrison Protein Plus

→ Restricted (RS1327)

### Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer continued... 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.26 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 10 g protein, 10.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle ......... 8.67 500 ml Nutrison Protein Intense → Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per Nutrison Protein Plus 1,000 ml Multi Fibre ⇒ Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. Infant Formulas AMINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

t	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		a a Nacasta
	400 g can		e.g. Neocate
1	Powder 13 g protein, 49 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate SYNEO
1	Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate Junior
		ŭ	Unflavoured
1	Powder 13.3 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.6 g fat per 100 g, can 43.60	400 g	Alfamino
1	Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate Gold
		•	(Unflavoured)
t	Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can55.61	400 g	Neocate Junior Vanilla
t	Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can43.60	400 g	Alfamino Junior
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can65.72	400 g	Elecare LCP (Unflavoured)
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can65.72	400 g	Elecare (Unflavoured) Elecare (Vanilla)
	B (D04007)		(

→ Restricted (RS1867)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

Pri			Brand or
 (ex man. e	excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled for 2-4 weeks and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis; or
- 4 Ultra-short gut; or
- 5 Severe Immune deficiency.

#### Continuation

#### All of the following:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula; and
- 3 Amino acid formula is required for a nutritional deficit.

#### Initiation - patients who are currently funded under RS1502 or SA1557

Limited to 3 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a valid initiation or renewal approval for extensively hydrolysed formula (RS1502); and
- 2 Patient is unable to source funded Aptamil powder at this time; and
- 3 The approval only applies to funded dispensings of Neocate Gold and Neocate Syneo.

Note: This criteria is short term funding to cover an out-of-stock situation on some extensively hydrolysed formula powder funded under Hospital Restriction RS1502. There is no continuation criteria under this criterion.

#### ENTERAL LIQUID PEPTIDE FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

■ Liquid 4.2 g protein, 18.6 g carbohydrate and 6.58 g fat per 100 ml,

#### → Restricted (RS1775)

#### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has impaired gastrointestinal function and either cannot tolerate polymeric feeds, or polymeric feeds are unsuitable; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Severe malabsorption; or
  - 2.2 Short bowel syndrome; or
  - 2.3 Intractable diarrhoea; or
  - 2.4 Biliary atresia; or
  - 2.5 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malabsorption; or
  - 2.6 Cystic fibrosis: or
  - 2.7 Proven fat malabsorption; or
  - 2.8 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
  - 2.9 Intestinal failure; or
  - 2.10 Both:
    - 2.10.1 The patient is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
    - 2.10.2 The patient is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an enteral liquid peptide formula; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 A semi-elemental or partially hydrolysed powdered feed has been reasonably trialled and considered unsuitable; or
- 3.2 For step down from intravenous nutrition.

  Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Continuation

Both:



SPECIAL FOODS			
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued  1 An assessment as to whether the patient can be transitioned hydrolysed formula has been undertaken; and 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the patient continues	•	•	·
EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms	below .		
Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100 r			
can  Powder 1.6 g protein 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 g		900 g	Allerpro Syneo 1
Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 i	. •	900 g	Allerpro Syneo 2
■ Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100		450 g	Pepti-Junior
→ Restricted (RS1502)			
Initiation Any of the following:			
1 Both:			
<ul><li>1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe into</li><li>1.2 Either:</li></ul>	lerance or allergy to its	protein co	ontent; and
<ul><li>1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled</li><li>1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappr</li></ul>			or
2 Severe malabsorption; or			
Short bowel syndrome; or     Intractable diarrhoea; or			
5 Biliary atresia; or			
6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or			
7 Cystic fibrosis; or			
<ul><li>8 Proven fat malabsorption; or</li><li>9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabs</li></ul>	sorption: or		
10 Intestinal failure; or	301 paro11, 01		
11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.			
Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of ar <b>Continuation</b> Both:	n immediate IgE mediate	ed allergio	reaction.
1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned t	o a cows' milk protein o	r sov infar	nt formula has been
undertaken; and	·	•	
2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to	o require an extensively	hydrolyse	ed infant formula.
FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA			
Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 1	00 g,		e.g. Galactomin 19
400 g can LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA			e.g. Galacioniin 19
Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 r	ml. 900 a		
can	,		e.g. Karicare Aptamil
Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 r	ml 000 a		Gold De-Lact
can	III, 900 g		e.g. S26 Lactose Free
LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA			J
Powder 14.8 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.7 g fat per 1 tuna fish oil (DHA), can		400 g	Locasol
PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see		е	
Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibr			Infatric:
100 ml, 125 ml bottle	2.80	1	Infatrini

### SPECIAL FOODS

	Price			Brand or
(ex n	nan. excl.	GST)	_	Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

#### → Restricted (RS1614)

#### Initiation – Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering growth

#### Both:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or
  - 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
- 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding.

#### PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 0.75	00 ml S26 L	.BW Gold RTF
--	-------------	--------------

Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml

e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm

### ⇒ Restricted (RS1224)

### Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

#### THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

### **Ketogenic Diet Products**

#### HIGH FAT FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14.3 g protein, 2.8 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100 g, can ...... 36.92 300 g Ketocal

4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)

Powder 15.4 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 68.6 g fat per 100 g, can ...... 36.92 300 a Ketocal

3:1 (Unflavoured)

### → Restricted (RS1225)

#### Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

#### Paediatric Products

#### → Restricted (RS1473)

#### Initiation

Both:

- 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes of feeding; or
  - 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
  - 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
  - 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements: or
  - 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or
  - 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days.



	Price		Brand or
(e	x man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms of	n the previous pag	ge	
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle	6.27	1	Nutrini Low Energy Multi Fibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the	e previous page		TIDIC IIIII
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, 500 g			
bottle		1	Pediasure RTH  Nutrini RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on		-	ואענוווו ה ו ה
t Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle		1	Nutrini Energy RTH
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per		•	
100 ml, 500 ml bottle		1	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the pr			
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, 200 l		1	Pediasure (chocolate)
		•	Pediasure (strawberry) Pediasure (vanilla)
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 i		1	Dadiaaura (vanilla)
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the		ļ	Pediasure (vanilla)
t Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml,	orcvious page		
200 ml bottle	1.90	1	Fortini (Strawberry)
1 Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per			Fortini (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	1.90	1	Fortini Multi Fibre
			(chocolate) Fortini Multi Fibre
			(strawberry) Fortini Multi Fibre
			(unflavoured) Fortini Multi Fibre
t Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml,			(vanilla)
500 ml bottle	8.67	1	Pediasure Plus
Renal Products			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms below			
Fowder 7.5 g protein, 57.6 g carbohydrate and 25.9 g fat per 100 g, c → Restricted (RS1227)	an64.26	400 g	Kindergen
Initiation For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease.			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML			
Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre pe			
100 ml, 220 ml carton	3.31	1	Nepro HP (strawberry) Nepro HP (vanilla)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see term Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 23 bottle Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125	7 ml		
carton	13.72	4	Renilon 7.5 (apricot) Renilon 7.5 (caramel)
bottle  → Restricted (RS1228)  Initiation	40.04	4	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)

For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.

### **Surgical Products**

HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 10.4 g protein, 8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 0 g fibre per 

10 Impact Advanced Recovery

⇒ Restricted (RS1231)

#### Initiation

Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head or neck surgery.

PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Oral lig 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle 8.64 preOp

→ Restricted (RS1415)

#### Initiation

Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to 3 hours before major abdominal surgery.

### Standard Feeds

#### → Restricted (RS1214)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or
  - 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
  - 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 5 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or
- 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.

(ex ma	Price an. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page	)		
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml,			
1,000 ml bottle	9.00	1	Nutrison Energy
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per			
100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	8.68	1	Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre
Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml,			
1,000 ml bag	8.68	1	Ensure Plus HN RTH
Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per	0.00		Leader LEO-L DTU
100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle		1	Jevity HiCal RTH
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml ca	in2.17	1	Ensure Plus HN
NTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the previous page			
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml,			
1,000 ml bottle	6.90	1	Nutrison RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per			
100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	7.21	1	Nutrison Multi Fibre
Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml,	0.50		O
1,000 ml bottle	6.56	1	Osmolite RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per	6.56	1	lovity DTU
100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle		ı	Jevity RTH
ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the previous page	<del>)</del>		
Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per			
100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle		1	Jevity Plus RTH
NTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the	previous pag	je	
Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per			
100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	9.05	1	Nutrison 800 Complete
			Multi Fibre
HIGH PROTEIN ORAL FEED 2.4 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the p	revious page		
Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml,			
125 ml bottle			e.g. Fortisip Compact
			Protein
DRAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the previous page			_ /= /
Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can	26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate)
			Ensure (Vanilla)
Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can	14.00	840 g	Sustagen Hospital
			Formula
			(Chocolate)
			Sustagen Hospital
			Formula (Vanilla)
DRAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,			
237 ml carton			e.g. Resource Fruit
			Beverage

# **SPECIAL FOODS**

_			
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
_	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OF	RAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 299		
t	Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle3.30	200 ml	Fortijuice (Apple)
			Fortijuice (Orange)
			Fortijuice (Strawberry)
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	bottle 1.76	1	Fortisip (Banana)
		•	Fortisip (Chocolate)
			Fortisip (Strawberry)
			Fortisip (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,		i ortisip (varilla)
•	200 ml bottle	1	Ensure Plus (Banana)
	200 111 500.00		Ensure Plus (Chocolate)
			Ensure Plus (Fruit of the
			forest)
			Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml,		Liisare i ius (variiia)
•	237 ml can	1	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
^-			Liisure i ius (variila)
OF	RAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 299		
τ	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per		
	100 ml, 200 ml bottle1.76	1	Fortisip Multi Fibre
			(chocolate)
			Fortisip Multi Fibre
			(strawberry)
			Fortisip Multi Fibre
			(vanilla)



### **Bacterial and Viral Vaccines**

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe

# → Restricted (RS1387) Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE -

### Restricted see terms below

Inj 30IU diphtheria with 40IU tetanus and 25mcg pertussis toxoids,

25mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8mcg pertactin, 80D-AgU polio virus, 10mcg hepatitis B antigen 10mcg H.

...... 0.00 10 Infanrix-hexa

#### → Restricted (RS2051)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children under the age of 10 years for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) for (re-)immunisation of children under the age of 18 years post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) for (re-)immunisation of children under the age of 10 years who are post chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; undergoing renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 4 Up to five doses for children under the age of 10 years receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

### **Bacterial Vaccines**

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1233)

#### Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and

3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

0 10 Boostrix

→ Restricted (RS1790)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trimester of each pregnancy; or; or
- 2 A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants admitted to a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit or Specialist Care Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed to maternal vaccination at least 14 days prior to birth; or; or
- 3 A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 5 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 65 years old; or
- 6 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 45 years old who have not had 4 previous tetanus doses; or
- 7 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or
- 8 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 9 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1520)

#### Initiation

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

#### MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE

Inj 10 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 55 mcg of tetanus toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial –

→ Restricted (RS2019)

#### Initiation

Fither:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV,



continued...

complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or

- 1.2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 1.3 One dose for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 1.4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 1.5 A maximum of two doses for person pre and post-immunosuppression\*; or

#### 2 Both:

- 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
- 2.2 Either:
  - 2.2.1 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
  - 2.2.2 One dose for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

\*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

Inj 5 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of

#### → Restricted (RS2037)

#### Initiation - Children under 12 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for patients pre- and post- splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post- solid organ transplant; or
- 2 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child pre- and post-immunosuppression\*.

Notes: infants from 6 weeks to less than 6 months of age require a 2+1 schedule, infants from 6 months to less than 12 months of age require a 1+1 schedule. Refer to the Immunisation Handbook for recommended booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.

\*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

#### MENINGOCOCCAL B MULTICOMPONENT VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

#### → Restricted (RS2020)

#### Initiation – Primary immunisation for children up to 12 months of age

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Three doses for children up to 12 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation; or
- 2 Up to three doses (dependent on age at first dose) for a catch-up programme for children from 13 months to 59 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation, from 1 March 2023 to 31 August 2025.

#### Initiation - Person is one year of age or over

Any of the following:

1 up to two doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 2 up to two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to two doses for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 up to two doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression\*.

### Initiation – Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

#### Both:

- 1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Two doses for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, Youth Justice residences, or prisons; or
  - 2.2 Two doses for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Note: \*Immunosuppression due to corticosteroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

#### PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A,

6B, 7F, 9V, 14, 18C, 19A, 19F and 23F in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV

#### → Restricted (RS1936)

#### Initiation - Primary course for previously unvaccinated children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 3 doses

A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated children up to the age of 59 months inclusive.

### Initiation - High risk individuals who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Two doses are funded for high risk individuals (over the age of 12 months and under 18 years) who have previously received two doses of the primary course of PCV10.

#### Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

#### Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re)immunisation of high-risk children aged under 5 years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
  - 2.2 primary immune deficiencies; or
  - 2.3 HIV infection: or
  - 2.4 renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
  - 2.5 are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
  - 2.6 cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
  - 2.7 cerebrospinal fluid leaks: or
  - 2.8 receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
  - 2.9 chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
  - 2.10 pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
  - 2.11 cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or



continued...

- 2.12 diabetes; or
- 2.13 Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

#### Initiation - High risk individuals 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re-)immunisation of individuals 5 years and over with HIV, pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, intracranial shunts, cerebrospinal fluid leaks or primary immunodeficiency.

#### Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

#### → Restricted (RS1587)

### Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

#### Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
  - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
  - 2.3 With HIV infection; or
  - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
  - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
  - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
  - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
  - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
  - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
  - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
  - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
  - 2.12 With diabetes; or
  - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
  - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

### Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

### SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

■ Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

#### ⇒ Restricted (RS1243)

#### Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

### **Viral Vaccines**

#### COVID-19 VACCINE

Inj 3 mcg bretovameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; infant vaccine, yellow cap.....0.00 10 Comirnaty Omicron (JN.1)

#### → Restricted (RS2042)

#### Initiation - initial dose

Up to three doses for previously unvaccinated children aged 6 months – 4 years at high risk of severe illness.

Inj 10 mcg bretovameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; paediatric vaccine,

#### ⇒ Restricted (RS2041)

#### Initiation - initial dose

#### Fither:

- 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated children aged 5-11 years old; or
- 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised children aged 5-11 years old.
- Inj 30 mcg bretovameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; adult vaccine, light

#### → Restricted (RS2040)

#### Initiation - initial dose

Any of the following:

- 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 12-15 years old; or
- 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised people aged 12-15 years old; or
- 3 Up to two doses for previously unvaccinated people 16-29 years old; or
- 4 Up to four doses for people aged 16-29 at high risk of severe illness; or
- 5 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 30 and older.

#### Initiation - additional dose

One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is given at least 6 months after last dose.

#### Continuation - additional dose

One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is given at least 6 months after last dose.

#### HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	<b>Havrix Junior</b>
1	Ini 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	Havrix 1440

### → Restricted (RS1638)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or
- 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

#### HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2049)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 For patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients prior to planned immunosuppression for greater than 28 days; or
- 8 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 9 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 10 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients: or
- 11 Following needle stick injury.

#### → Restricted (RS2050)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAq) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 For patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients prior to planned immunosuppression for greater than 28 days; or
- 8 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 9 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 10 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or
- 11 Following needle stick injury; or
- 12 For dialysis patients; or
- 13 For liver or kidney transplant patients.

HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VACCINE [HPV] - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS2038)

Initiation - Children aged 14 years and under

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Children aged 14 years and under.

Initiation - other conditions

Either:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
  - 2.2 Any of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or



continued...

2.2.2 Up to 3 doses people with a transplant (including stem cell); or

2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

### Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and under; or
  - 1.2 Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and over; and
- 2 The person has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The person has not previously had an HPV vaccine.

#### INFLUENZA VACCINE

#### → Restricted (RS2013)

#### Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

#### Initiation - cardiovascular disease

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease: or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

### Initiation - chronic respiratory disease

Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

#### Initiation - Other conditions

#### Either:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Diabetes: or
  - 1.2 chronic renal disease: or
  - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
  - 1.4 Autoimmune disease: or
  - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
  - 1.6 HIV: or
  - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
  - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
  - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
  - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
  - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
  - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
  - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
  - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
  - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
  - 1.16 Is a child 4 years of age or under (inclusive) who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ continued... significant respiratory illness; or 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a Public Hospital. Initiation - Serious mental health conditions or addiction Any of the following: 1 schizophrenia: or 2 major depressive disorder; or 3 bipolar disorder: or 4 schizoaffective disorder; or 5 person is currently accessing secondary or tertiary mental health and addiction services. MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50. Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent 10 **Priorix** → Restricted (RS1487) Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months Therapy limited to 3 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children: or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Initiation - first dose after 12 months Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below **IPOL** → Restricted (RS1398) Initiation Therapy limited to 3 doses Fither: 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. **RABIES VACCINE** Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose, Rotarix Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose, Rotarix 10

Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose,

10

Rotarix

#### → Restricted (RS1590)

#### Initiation

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and
- 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over.

#### VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE]

→ Restricted (RS1591)

#### Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Either:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

#### Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression\*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of
- varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: \* immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

### VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

 Inj 50 mcg per 0.5 ml vial plus vial
 0.00
 1
 Shingrix

 10
 Shingrix

→ Restricted (RS2039)

#### Initiation - people aged 18 years and over (Shingrix)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 Pre- and post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant or cellular therapy; or
- 2 Pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or



	Price			Brand or
(ex mai	n. exc	I. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

### continued...

- 3 Haematological malignancies; or
- 4 People living with poorly controlled HIV infection; or
- 5 Planned or receiving disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs targeted synthetic, biologic, or conventional synthetic) for polymyalgia rheumatica, systemic lupus erythematosus or rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 6 End stage kidney disease (CKD 4 or 5);; or
- 7 Primary immunodeficiency.

# **Diagnostic Agents**

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST
Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 .......0.00 1 Tubersol

### PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

# **Optional Pharmaceuticals**

RETA-HCG LOW SENSITIVITY LIBINE TEST KIT

#### NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at <a href="schedule.pharmac.govt.nz">schedule.pharmac.govt.nz</a>. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

Note: For use in abortion services only.			
Midstream	16.28	1 test	CheckTop
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips	20.00 10.00	1	CareSens N Premier Caresens N Caresens N POP
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
Blood glucose test strips	10.56	50 test	CareSens N
Test strips	10.56	50 test	CareSens PRO
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
Test strips	15.50	10 strip	KetoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER	}		
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic			
test strips	20.00	1	CareSens Dual
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE			
Small	2.70	1	e-chamber Mask
PEAK FLOW METER			
Low Range	9.54	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low
<u>-</u>		·	Range
Normal Range	9.54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE			· ·
Cassette - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	16.00	40 test	David One Step Cassette Pregnancy Test
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			• ,
Test strip	22.00	50 strip	Ketostix
SPACER DEVICE		от от ф	
220 ml (single patient)	3.65	1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)		i	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml		1	Volumatic

- Symbols -		Agents Affecting the		Amgevita	179
Xaluprine	151	Renin-Angiotensin System	43	Amikacin	
8-methoxypsoralen		Agents for Parkinsonism and Re		Amiloride hydrochloride	
- A -		Disorders		Amiloride hydrochloride with	
A-Scabies	67	Agents Used in the Treatment of		furosemide	49
Abacavir sulphate	103	Poisonings		Amiloride hydrochloride with	
Abacavir sulphate with		Ajmaline		hydrochlorothiazide	49
lamivudine	103	Albalon		Aminolevulinic acid	
Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris	103	Albendazole	100	hydrochloride	171
Abciximab	179	Alchemy Caspofungin	98	Aminophylline	263
Abilify Maintena	135	Alchemy Oxaliplatin	158	Amiodarone hydrochloride	45
Abiraterone acetate	168	Alchemy Oxybutynin	76	Amisulpride	133
Acarbose	9	Aldurazyme		Amitriptyline	126
Accarb	9	Alecensa		Amlodipine	
Acetazolamide	270	Alectinib	158	Amorolfine	66
Acetec	43	Alendronate sodium	112	Amoxicillin	91
Acetic acid		Alendronate sodium with		Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid	91
Extemporaneously Compounde	d	colecalciferol	112	Amoxiclav Devatis Forte	
Preparations		Alfacalcidol	27	Amoxiclav multichem	91
Genito-Urinary		Alfamino	294	Amphotericin B	
Acetic acid with hydroxyquinoline,		Alfamino Junior	294	Alimentary	25
glycerol and ricinoleic acid	73	Alfentanil	124	Infections	
Acetic acid with propylene		Alglucosidase alfa	16	Amsacrine	152
glycol	272	Alinia		Amyl nitrite	273
Acetylcholine chloride		Allerfix		Anabolic Agents	
Acetylcysteine		Allerpro Syneo 1		Anaesthetics	
Aciclovir		Allerpro Syneo 2		Anagrelide hydrochloride	
Infections	106	Allersoothe		Analgesics	
Sensory	266	Allmercap		Anastrozole	
Aciclovir-Baxter		Allopurinol		Anatrole	170
Acid Citrate Dextrose A	35	Almarytm	45	Androgen Agonists and	
Acidex	5	Alpha tocopheryl		Antagonists	77
Acipimox	52	Alpha tocopheryl acetate	28	Anoro Ellipta	259
Acitretin		Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers		Antabuse	
Act-HIB	303	Alphamox 125	91	Antacids and Antiflatulents	5
Actemra	232	Alphamox 250	91	Anti-Infective Agents	73
Actinomycin D	149	Alprolix	33	Anti-Infective Preparations	
Adalimumab (Amgevita)	179	Alprostadil	53	Dermatological	66
Adalimumab (Humira - alternative		Alprostadil hydrochloride	54	Sensory	266
brand)	188	Alteplase	38	Anti-Inflammatory Preparations	267
Adapalene	67	Alum	281	Antiacne Preparations	67
Adcetris	199	Aluminium chloride	31	Antiallergy Preparations	256
Adenosine	45	Aluminium hydroxide	5	Antianaemics	29
Adenosine Baxter	45	Aluminium hydroxide with		Antiarrhythmics	45
Adrenaline		magnesium hydroxide and		Antibacterials	87
Cardiovascular	53	simeticone	5	Anticholinergic Agents	258
Respiratory	256	Alyacen	73	Anticholinesterases	112
Adsine	45	Amantadine hydrochloride	119	Antidepressants	126
Advantan	70	AmBisome	95	Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal	
Advate		Ambrisentan	54	Anti-Inflammatory Agents	5
Adynovate	34	Ambrisentan Viatris	54	Antiepilepsy Drugs	128
Aerrane	121	Amethocaine		Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and	1
Afinitor	252	Nervous	123	Local Sclerosants	31
Aflibercept	195	Sensory	269	Antifibrotics	260

Antifungals95	Arrow-Losartan &	Azathioprine252
Antihypotensives46	Hydrochlorothiazide44	
Antimigraine Preparations131	Arrow-Norfloxacin93	Azithromycin89
Antimycobacterials99	Arrow-Ornidazole101	
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents 132	Arrow-Quinapril 1043	
Antiparasitics100	Arrow-Quinapril 2043	
Antipruritic Preparations67	Arrow-Quinapril 543	
Antipsychotic Agents133	Arrow-Roxithromycin91	
Antiretrovirals102	Arrow-Timolol270	
Antirheumatoid Agents112	Arrow-Topiramate130	
Antiseptics and Disinfectants275	Arrow-Tramadol126	
Antispasmodics and Other Agents	Arsenic trioxide	
Altering Gut Motility7	Artemether with lumefantrine100	
Antithrombotics35	Artesunate101	
Antithymocyte globulin	Articaine hydrochloride	Barium sulphate276
(equine)252	Articaine hydrochloride with	Barrier Creams and Emollients
	adrenaline121	
Antithymocyte globulin (rabbit) 252		
Antivirula 105	Asacol6	
Antivirals	Ascend	
Anxiolytics	Ascorbic acid	Beclazone 10026
Anzatax167	Alimentary27	
Apidra	Extemporaneously Compounded	Beclazone 5026
Apidra Solostar10	Preparations281	
APO Clomipramine127	Aspen Adrenaline53	
APO Health Macrogol15	Aspirin	Bee venom256
APO-Atomoxetine142	Blood36	
APO-Candesartan HCTZ	Nervous123	
16/12.544	Asthalin261	
APO-Candesartan HCTZ	Atazanavir Mylan104	
32/12.544	Atazanavir sulphate104	
Apomorphine hydrochloride119	Atazanavir Viatris104	
Apraclonidine271	Atenolol46	Benzathine benzylpenicillin9
Aprepitant 132	Atenolol Viatris46	Benzatropine mesylate119
Apresoline54	Atenolol-AFT46	
Aprotinin31	Atezolizumab242	Benzbromarone114
Aptamil Feed Thickener286	ATGAM252	
Aqueous cream68	Ativan137	
Arachis oil [Peanut oil]281	Atomoxetine142	
Aratac	Atorvastatin50	
Arava112	Atovaquone with proguanil	Benzoyl peroxide6
Arginine	hydrochloride101	
Alimentary17	Atracurium besylate115	
Various277	Atropine sulphate	Benzydamine hydrochloride with
Arginine2000290	Cardiovascular45	
Argipressin [Vasopressin]86	Sensory271	, , ,
Aripiprazole133, 135	Atropt271	
Aripiprazole Sandoz	Augmentin91	Beractant265
Aristocort	Aurorix127	
Arrotex-Prazosin S2945	Avelox 92	Besponsa210 Beta Cream60
	Avonex	
Arrow - Clopid		
	Avonex Pen	
Arrow Pondroft voride		
Arrow-Bendrofluazide	Azacitidine	
Arrow-Brimonidine	Azacitidine Dr Reddy's150	
Arrow-Diazepam137	Azactam94	
Arrow-Fluoxetine128	Azamun252	Betadine275

Betahistine dihydrochloride132	Botox116	Calcium gluconate
Betaine17	Botulism antitoxin274	Blood3
Betamethasone78	Bplex27	Dermatological7
Betamethasone dipropionate69	Brentuximab vedotin199	Calcium Homeostasis7
Betamethasone dipropionate with	Breo Ellipta262	Calcium polystyrene sulphonate4
calcipotriol70	Brevinor 1/2873	Calcium Resonium4
Betamethasone sodium phosphate	Breztri Aerosphere259	Calogen (neutral)28
with betamethasone acetate 78	Bricanyl Turbuhaler261	Calogen (strawberry)28
Betamethasone valerate69, 71	Brimonidine tartrate271	Candesartan cilexetil4
Betamethasone valerate with	Brimonidine tartrate with timolol	Candesartan cilexetil with
clioquinol70	maleate271	hydrochlorothiazide 4
Betamethasone valerate with sodium	Brinzolamide270	Candestar4
fusidate [Fusidic acid]70	Bromocriptine119	Capecitabine15
Betaxolol270	Budesonide	Capecitabine Viatris15
Betnovate69	Alimentary5	Capsaicin
Betoptic270	Respiratory257, 262	Musculoskeletal11
Betoptic S270	Budesonide Te Arai5	Nervous12
Bevacizumab197	Budesonide with eformoterol262	Captopril4
Bevacizumab (Ocular)199	Budesonide with glycopyrronium and	Carbachol27
Bexsero304	eformoterol259	Carbamazepine12
Bezafibrate50	Bumetanide48	Carbasorb-X27
Bezalip50	Bupafen122	Carbimazole8
Bezalip Retard50	Bupivacaine hydrochloride121	Carbomer27
Bicalutamide169	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	Carboplatin15
Bicillin LA91	adrenaline121	Carboplatin Accord15
BiCNU149	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	Carboprost trometamol7
BiCNU S29149	fentanyl122	Carboxymethylcellulose
Bile and Liver Therapy9	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	Alimentary2
Biliscopin277	glucose 122	Extemporaneously Compounded
Bimatoprost271	Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM 145	Preparations28
Binarex169	Buprenorphine with naloxone145	Cardinol LA4
Binocrit29	Bupropion hydrochloride146	Cardizem CD4
Biodone	Burinex48	CareSens Dual31
Biodone Extra Forte125	Buserelin81	Caresens N31
Biodone Forte125	Buspirone hydrochloride137	Caresens N POP31
Biotin17	Buspirone Viatris137	CareSens N Premier31
Bisacodyl16	Busulfan149	CareSens PRO31
Bisacodyl Viatris16	- C -	Carglumic acid1
Bismuth subgallate281	Cabergoline80	Carmellose sodium with pectin and
Bismuth subnitrate and iodoform	Caffeine 143	gelatine
paraffin279	Caffeine citrate263	Alimentary2
Bisoprolol fumarate46	Calamine67	Sensory27
Bivalirudin35	Calci-Tab 50022	Carmustine14
Bleomycin sulphate149	Calcipotriol70	Carvedilol4
Blood glucose diagnostic test	Calcitonin77	Carvedilol Sandoz4
meter 313	Calcitriol27	Casirivimab and imdevimab20
Blood glucose diagnostic test	Calcitriol XL27	Caspofungin9
strip313	Calcitriol-AFT27	Catapres4
Blood ketone diagnostic test	Calcium carbonate5, 22	Cefaclor8
strip313	Calcium carbonate PAI5	Cefalexin8
Bonney's blue dye278	Calcium Channel Blockers47	Cefalexin Sandoz8
Boostrix303	Calcium chloride39	Cefazolin8
Boric acid281	Calcium folinate167	Cefazolin-AFT8
Bortezomib152	Calcium Folinate Ebewe167	Cefepime8
Bosentan57	Calcium Folinate Sandoz167	Cefepime-AFT8
Bosentan Dr Reddy's57		

Cefotaxime	88	Cholestyramine	51	Clopine	13
Cefotaxime Sandoz	88	Choriogonadotropin alfa	81	Clopixol	134, 13
Cefoxitin	88	Ciclopirox olamine	66	Clostridium botulinum type A	
Ceftaroline fosamil	89	Ciclosporin	171	toxin	110
Ceftazidime	88	Cidofovir		Clotrimazole	
Ceftazidime Kabi	88	Cidomycin P/Free	87	Dermatological	6
Ceftazidime with avibactam	88	Cilicaine VK	92	Genito-Urinary	
Ceftriaxone	89	Cimetidine		Clove oil	
Ceftriaxone-AFT	89	Cinacalcet	77	Clozapine	13
Cefuroxime	88	Cinacalet Devatis	77	Clozaril	
Cefuroxime Devatis	88	Cinchocaine hydrochloride with	1	Clustran	13 <sup>-</sup>
Celapram	128	hydrocortisone	7	Co-trimoxazole	9!
Celecoxib	116	Ciprofloxacin		Coal tar	28
Celecoxib Pfizer	116	Infections	92	Coal tar with salicylic acid and	l
Celiprolol	46	Sensory	266	sulphur	70
CellCept	253	Ciprofloxacin Kabi		Cocaine hydrochloride	12
Centrally-Acting Agents	48	Ciprofloxacin Teva	266	Cocaine hydrochloride with	
Cephalexin ABM		Ciprofloxacin with		adrenaline	12
Cerazette		hydrocortisone	266	Codeine phosphate	
Cerobact	91	Ciproxin HC Otic		Extemporaneously Compo	unded
Cetirizine hydrochloride	257	Cisplatin		Preparations	
Cetomacrogol	68	Cisplatin Accord		Nervous	
Cetomacrogol Cream AFT		Citalopram hydrobromide		Coenzyme Q10	1
Cetomacrogol with glycerol		Citanest		Colchicine	11
Cetomacrogol-AFT		Citrate sodium		Colecalciferol	
Cetrimide		Citric acid	281	Colestimethate	94
Cetuximab	201	Citric acid with magnesium car		Colestipol hydrochloride	
Champix		hydrate and sodium		Colestyramine	
Charcoal		picosulfate	14	Colestyramine - Mylan	
CheckTop		Citric acid with sodium		Colgout	11
Chemotherapeutic Agents		bicarbonate	277	Colifoam	
Chickenpox vaccine		Citrulline1000	290	Colistin sulphomethate	
Chloral hydrate		Cladribine	150	[Colestimethate]	94
Chlorambucil		Clarithromycin		Colistin-Link	
Chloramphenicol		Clexane		Collodion flexible	
Infections	94	Clexane Forte		Colloidal bismuth subcitrate	
Sensory		Clindamycin	94	Colofac	
Chlorhexidine		Clinicians		Colomycin	
Chlorhexidine gluconate		Clinicians Multivit & Mineral		Colony-Stimulating Factors	
Alimentary	24	Boost	25	Coloxyl	
Extemporaneously Compou		Clinicians Renal Vit	25	Combigan	
Preparations		Clobazam	129	Comirnaty Omicron (JN.1)	
Genito-Urinary		Clobetasol propionate		Compound electrolytes	
Chlorhexidine with		Clobetasone butyrate		Compound electrolytes with gl	
cetrimide	275, 278	Clofazimine	99	[Dextrose]	
Chlorhexidine with ethanol	,	Clomazol		Compound hydroxybenzoate	28
Chloroform		Dermatological	66	Compound sodium lactate	
Chloroquine phosphate		Genito-Urinary		[Hartmann's solution]	40
Chlorothiazide		Clomifene citrate		Comtan	
Chlorpheniramine maleate		Clomipramine hydrochloride		Concerta	
Chlorpromazine hydrochloride		Clomipramine Teva		Condyline	
Chlorsig		Clonazepam128-		Contraceptives	
Chlortalidone [Chlorthalidone]		Clonidine		Contrast Media	27
Chlorthalidone		Clonidine hydrochloride		Copaxone	
Choice 380 7med Nsha Silver		Clonidine Teva		Copper	
Short		Clopidogrel		Copper chloride	
				F.F. 2	

Corticorelin (ovine)	81	Daunorubicin149	tobramycin26
Corticosteroids		David One Step Cassette Pregnancy	Dexamfetamine sulfate14
Dermatological	69	Test313	Dexmedetomidine12
Hormone Preparations	78	DBL Acetylcysteine273	Dexmedetomidine Viatris12
Cosentyx		DBL Adrenaline53	Dexmethsone7
Cosmegen		DBL Amikacin87	Dexrazoxane16
Coversyl		DBL Aminophylline263	Dextrose
COVID-19 vaccine		DBL Bleomycin Sulfate149	Alimentary
Creon 10000	13	DBL Bortezomib152	Blood39-4
Creon 25000		DBL Carboplatin158	Extemporaneously Compounded
Creon Micro	13	DBL Cefotaxime88	Preparations28
Crizotinib		DBL Dacarbazine152	Dextrose with sodium citrate and
Crotamiton	67	DBL Desferrioxamine Mesylate for Inj	citric acid [Acid Citrate Dextrose
Crystaderm	66	BP275	A]3
Cu 375 Standard		DBL Docetaxel167	DHC Continus12
Curam		DBL Ergometrine74	Diabetes
Curam Duo 500/125		DBL Gemcitabine151	Diacomit13
Curosurf		DBL Gentamicin87	Diagnostic Agents
Cvite		DBL Leucovorin Calcium167	Vaccines31
Cyclizine hydrochloride		DBL Methotrexate Onco-Vial151	Various27
Cyclizine lactate		DBL Naloxone Hydrochloride273	Diagnostic and Surgical
Cyclogyl		DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride126	Preparations26
Cyclonex		DBL Vincristine Sulfate168	Diamide Relief
Cyclopentolate hydrochloride		Decongestants261	Diamox27
Cyclophosphamide		Decongestants and	Diasip (strawberry)29
Cycloserine		Antiallergics	Diasip (vanilla)
Cymevene		Decozol	Diatrizoate meglumine with sodium
Cyproheptadine hydrochloride		Deferasirox274	amidotrizoate27
Cyproterone acetate		Deferiprone274	Diatrizoate sodium27
Cyproterone acetate with		Defibrotide35	Diazepam128, 13
ethinyloestradiol	73	Definity277	Diazoxide
Cystadane		Demeclocycline hydrochloride93	Alimentary
Cysteamine hydrochloride		Denosumab113	Cardiovascular5
Cytarabine		Deolate	Dichlorobenzyl alcohol with
Cytotec		Deoxycoformycin155	amylmetacresol2
- D -		Depo-Medrol	Diclofenac Devatis26
D-Penamine	112	Depo-Provera74	Diclofenac Sandoz11
Dabigatran		Depo-Testosterone77	Diclofenac sodium
Dacarbazine		Deprim95	Musculoskeletal11
Dactinomycin [Actinomycin D]		Dermol	Sensory26
Daivobet		Desferrioxamine mesilate275	Dicobalt edetate27
Daivonex		Desflurane	Diflucan9
Dalacin C		Desmopressin	Diflucortolone valerate6
Danaparoid		Desmopressin acetate	Digestives Including Enzymes1
Dantrium		Desmopressin-PH&T86	Digoxin4
Dantrium IV		Desogestrel	Digoxin immune Fab27
Dantrolene		Dexamethasone	Dihydrocodeine tartrate
Daonil		Hormone Preparations78	Dihydroergotamine mesylate13
Dapa-Tabs		Sensory267	Diltiazem CD Clinect4
Dapsone		Dexamethasone phosphate79	Diltiazem hydrochloride4
Daptomycin		Dexamethasone with framycetin and	Dimercaprol27
Daptomycin Dr Reddy's		gramicidin266	Dimercaptosuccinic acid27
Darunavir		Dexamethasone with neomycin	Dimethicone
Darunavir Viatris		sulphate and polymyxin B	Dimethyl fumarate13
Dasatinib		sulphate266	Dimethyl sulfoxide27
Dasatinib-Teva		Dexamethasone with	Dinoprostone
Dasaliiin-16va	105	DOVALLICITIOSOLIC MITT	Dillohiogionie

Dipentum7	DP Lotn HC69	Eltrombopag3
Diphemanil metilsulfate71	DP-Captopril43	Emend Tri-Pack132
Diphenoxylate hydrochloride with	Dr Reddy's Omeprazole8	Emicizumab32
atropine sulphate5	Drofate47	EMLA123
Diphtheria antitoxin274	Droperidol132	Empagliflozin1
Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis	Droperidol Panpharma132	Empagliflozin with metformin
vaccine303	Drugs Affecting Bone	hydrochloride1
Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis and	Metabolism112	Emsogen29
polio vaccine302	Dual blood glucose and blood ketone	Emtricitabine
Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio,	diagnostic test meter313	Emtricitabine with tenofovir
hepatitis B and haemophilus	Dulaglutide11	disoproxil107
influenzae type B vaccine302	Dulcolax SP Drop16	Emtriva103
Diprosone	Duocal Super Soluble Powder285	Emulsifying ointment
Dipyridamole36	Duolin258	Emulsifying Ointment ADE68
Disodium edetate270	DuoResp Spiromax262	Enalapril maleate4
		•
Disodium hydrogen phosphate with	Duovisc	Enbrel
sodium dihydrogen	Duride	Endocrine Therapy
phosphate	Durvalumab243	Endoxan
Disopyramide phosphate45	Dynastat117	Energivit
Disulfiram146	Dysport116	Engerix-B307–308
Dithranol	-E-	Enhertu23
Diuretics48	e-chamber La Grande313	Enlafax XR128
Dobutamine53	e-chamber Mask313	Enoxaparin sodium3
Dobutamine-hameln53	e-chamber Turbo313	Enstilar70
Docetaxel167	E-Mycin91	Ensure (Chocolate)300
Docusate sodium	E-Z-Gas II277	Ensure (Vanilla)300
Alimentary15	Easiphen Liquid289	Ensure Plus (Banana)30
Sensory272	Econazole nitrate66	Ensure Plus (Chocolate)30
Docusate sodium with	Edrophonium chloride112	Ensure Plus (Fruit of the
sennosides 15	Efavirenz102	forest) 30°
Dolutegravir105	Efavirenz Milpharm102	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)30
Dolutegravir with lamivudine105	Efavirenz with emtricitabine and	Ensure Plus HN300
Domperidone 132	tenofovir disoproxil103	Ensure Plus HN RTH300
Domperidone Viatris132	Eformoterol fumarate262	Ensure Two Cal HN RTH293
Donepezil hydrochloride145	Eformoterol fumarate dihydrate262	Entacapone120
Dopamine Basi53	Eftrenonacog alfa [Recombinant	Entacapone Viatris120
Dopamine hydrochloride53	factor IX] 33	Entecavir105
Dornase alfa263	Efudix72	Entecavir (Rex)105
Dortimopt270	Elaprase18	Entresto 24/2644
Dorzolamide270	Elecare (Unflavoured)294	Entresto 49/5144
Dorzolamide with timolol270	Elecare (Vanilla)294	Entresto 97/10344
Dostinex80	Elecare LCP (Unflavoured)294	Entyvio240
Dosulepin [Dothiepin]	Electral41	Enzymes114
hydrochloride127	Electrolytes280	Ephedrine53
Dosulepin Viatris127	Elelyso21	Ephedrine Juno53
Dotarem277	Elemental 028 Extra	Epilim IV130
Dothiepin	(grapefruit)292	Epipen256
Dovato	Elemental 028 Extra (pineapple &	Epipen Jr256
Doxapram265	orange) 292	Epirubicin Ebewe150
Doxazosin44	Elemental 028 Extra (summer	Epirubicin hydrochloride150
Doxazosin Clinect44	fruits)292	Eplerenone49
Doxepin hydrochloride127	Elexacaftor with tezacaftor, ivacaftor	Epoetin alfa29
Doxine	and ivacaftor264	Epoetin beta30
Doxorubicin Ebewe150	Elidel71	Epoprostenol6
Doxorubicin hydrochloride	Elocon70	Eptacog alfa [Recombinant factor
Doxycycline93	Elocon Alcohol Free70	VIIa]33
- 0.1, 0, 0 m 10 m 10 m 10 m		· //wj 00

Eptifibatide	36	fraction	33	Fludarabine phosphate	151
Eptifibatide Viatris	36	Famotidine	8	Fludarabine Sagent	151
Erbitux	201	Fasenra	197	Fludrocortisone acetate	79
Ergometrine maleate	74	Faslodex	169	Fluids and Electrolytes	39
Erlotinib	159	Fatty Emulsion Cream (Evara)	68	Flumazenil	273
Ertapenem	87	Febuxostat		Flumazenil-Baxter	273
Erythrocin IV	91	Febuxostat (Teva)	115	Flumetasone pivalate with	
Erythromycin (as		FEIBA NF	33	clioquinol	267
ethylsuccinate)	91	Felo 10 ER	47	Fluocortolone caproate with	
Erythromycin (as lactobionate)	91	Felo 5 ER	47	fluocortolone pivalate and	
Erythromycin (as stearate)	91	Felodipine	47	cinchocaine	7
Esbriet		Fentanyl	125	Fluorescein sodium	268
Escitalopram	128	Fentanyl Sandoz	125	Fluorescein sodium with lignocaine	;
Esmolol hydrochloride	46	Ferinject	23	hydrochloride	268
Essential Amino Acid Mix		Ferodan	23	Fluorescite	268
Estradot	79	Ferric subsulfate	32	Fluorometholone	268
Estrogel	79	Ferriprox	274	Fluorouracil	151
Etanercept	172	Ferro-F-Tabs	23	Fluorouracil Accord	151
Ethambutol hydrochloride		Ferro-tab	23	Fluorouracil sodium	72
Ethanol		Ferrograd	23	Fluox	128
Ethanol with glucose	273	Ferrosig		Fluoxetine hydrochloride	
Ethanol, dehydrated		Ferrous fumarate		Flupenthixol decanoate	
Ethics Aspirin		Ferrous fumarate with folic acid	23	Flutamide	169
Ethics Aspirin EC		Ferrous gluconate with ascorbi	С	Flutamin	169
Ethics Lisinopril		acid		Fluticasone	262
Ethinyloestradiol with		Ferrous sulfate	23	Fluticasone furoate with	
desogestrel	73	Ferrous sulfate with ascorbic		umeclidinium and vilanterol	259
Ethinyloestradiol with		acid	23	Fluticasone furoate with	
levonorgestrel	73	Fexaclear	257	vilanterol	262
Ethinyloestradiol with		Fexofenadine hydrochloride	257	Fluticasone propionate	257
norethisterone	73	Filgrastim		Fluticasone with salmeterol	
Ethosuximide	129	Finasteride	75	Flynn	8
Ethyl chloride	122	Fingolimod	138	FML	268
Etomidate		Firazyr		Foban	
Etopophos	152	Flagyl	101	Folic acid	30
Etoposide		Flagyl-S		Folic Acid multichem	
Etoposide (as phosphate)		Flamazine		Folic Acid Viatris	
Etoricoxib		Flecainide acetate		Fondaparinux sodium	
Etravirine		Flecainide BNM		Food Modules	
Eurofolic		Flecainide Controlled Release		Food/Fluid Thickeners	
Evara	68	Teva	45	Fortijuice (Apple)	301
EVARA White Soft Paraffin	69	Fleet Phosphate Enema	16	Fortijuice (Orange)	
Everet	129	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy		Fortijuice (Strawberry)	
Everolimus	252	Flixotide		Fortini (Strawberry)	
Evista	113	Flixotide Accuhaler	262	Fortini (Vanilla)	
Evrysdi	142	Florinef	79	Fortini Multi Fibre (chocolate)	
Exemestane		Fluanxol	135	Fortini Multi Fibre (strawberry)	298
Exjade	274	Flucil	92	Fortini Multi Fibre	
Extemporaneously Compounded		Flucloxacillin	92	(unflavoured)	298
Preparations	281	Flucloxacillin-AFT	92	Fortini Multi Fibre (vanilla)	
Eylea	195	Flucloxin		Fortisip (Banana)	
Ezetimibe		Fluconazole		Fortisip (Chocolate)	
Ezetimibe Sandoz	52	Fluconazole-Baxter		Fortisip (Strawberry)	
Ezetimibe with simvastatin	52	Flucytosine		Fortisip (Vanilla)	
-F-		Fludara Oral		Fortisip Multi Fibre (chocolate)	
Factor eight inhibitor bypassing		Fludarabine Ebewe		Fortisip Multi Fibre	

(strawberry)		Gliclazide		HCU Anamix Infant	
Fortisip Multi Fibre (vanilla)		Gliolan		HCU Anamix Junior	
Fosamax		Glipizide		HCU Anamix Junior LQ	
Fosamax Plus		Glizide		HCU Explore 5	
Foscarnet sodium		Glucagen Hypokit		HCU Express 15	
Fosfomycin	94	Glucagon hydrochloride		HCU Lophlex LQ	
Framycetin sulphate		Glucerna Select	291	Healon	
Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT		Glucose [Dextrose]		Healon 5	
Frusemide		Alimentary		Healon GV	
Fucidin		Blood		Healon GV Pro	
Fucithalmic		Extemporaneously Compounde		healthE Calamine Aqueous	
Fulvestrant		Preparations		healthE Dimethicone 10%	
Fungilin		Glucose with potassium chloride		healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion	
Furosemide [Frusemide]	49	Glucose with potassium chloride a		healthE Dimethicone 5%	
Furosemide-Baxter	49	sodium chloride		healthE Glycerol BP Liquid	
Fusidic acid		Glucose with sodium chloride	40	healthE Urea Cream	
Dermatological	66, 70	Glucose with sucrose and		Hemlibra	
Infections		fructose	9	Heparin sodium	30
Sensory	266	Glycerin with sodium saccharin		Heparin Sodium Panpharma	30
- G -		Glycerin with sucrose	282	Heparinised saline	30
GA Explore 5	<mark>286</mark>	Glycerol		Heparon Junior	
GA1 Anamix Infant	<mark>286</mark>	Alimentary	15	Hepatitis A vaccine	30
GA1 Anamix Junior		Extemporaneously Compounde	d	Hepatitis B recombinant	
Gabapentin		Preparations	282	vaccine	30
Gacet	124	Glycerol with paraffin	68	Herzuma	23
Gadobutrol	<mark>277</mark>	Glyceryl trinitrate		Hikma	4
Gadoteric acid	<mark>277</mark>	Alimentary	7	Hikma Acetylcysteine	27
Gadovist 1.0	277	Cardiovascular	52	Hiprex	9
Gadoxetate disodium	277	Glycine	278	Histaclear	25
Galsulfase	18	Glycoprep Orange	14	Histamine acid phosphate	27
Galvumet	11	Glycopyrronium	258	Holoxan	149
Galvus	11	Glycopyrronium bromide	7	Hormone Replacement Therapy	7
Ganciclovir	106	Glycopyrronium with		HPV	30
Gardasil 9	308	indacaterol	258	Humalog Mix 25	10
Gastrodenol	9	Glycosade	290	Humalog Mix 50	10
Gastrografin	276	Glytactin Bettermilk	289	Human Milk Fortifier	28
Gastrografin Ger		Gonadorelin		Human papillomavirus (6, 11, 16, 1	18,
Gastrografin S29		Goserelin	81	31, 33, 45, 52 and 58) vaccine	
Gazyva		Granisetron	132	[HPV]	308
Gefitinib	160	GTO Oil	290	Humatin	8
Gelatine, succinylated	42	- H -		Humira	18
Gelofusine		Habitrol	146	HumiraPen	18
Gemcitabine Hydrochloride	151	Habitrol (Fruit)	146	Hyaluronic acid	
Gemtuzumab ozogamicin		Habitrol (Mint)		Alimentary	2
Gentamicin Amdipharm		Haem arginate		Sensory269	
Gentamicin Noridem		Haemophilus influenzae type B		Hyaluronic acid with lidocaine	•
Gentamicin sulphate		vaccine	303	[lignocaine]	2
Infections	87	Haldol		Hyaluronidase	
Sensory		Haldol Concentrate		Hydralazine hydrochloride	
Gestrinone		Haloperidol		Hydralyte - Lemonade	
Gilenya		Haloperidol decanoate		Hydrocortisone	
Ginet		Hartmann's solution		Dermatological	6
Glatiramer acetate		Harvoni		Extemporaneously Compounde	
Glaucoma Preparations		Havrix 1440		Preparations	
Glecaprevir with pibrentasvir	106	Havrix Junior		Hormone Preparations	
Glibenclamide	11	Haylor Syrup		Hydrocortisone acetate	
		, , ,	-		

Hydrocortisone acetate with	Indigo carmine	.278	IPOL	310
pramoxine hydrochloride 6	Indinavir	.104	Ipratropium bromide2	57-258
Hydrocortisone and paraffin liquid	Indocyanine green	.278	Iressa	160
and lanolin 69	Indometacin [Indomethacin]	.117	Irinotecan hydrochloride	150
Hydrocortisone butyrate70-71			Iron (as ferric carboxymaltose)	
Hydrocortisone with miconazole70		.302	Iron (as sucrose)	
Hydrocortisone with natamycin and	Infanrix-hexa	.302	Iron polymaltose	
neomycin 70			Irrigation Solutions	
Hydrogen peroxide66			Isentress	
Hydroxocobalamin	Influenza vaccine		Isentress HD	
Alimentary26			Ismo 20	
Various273		309	Ismo 40 Retard	
Hydroxocobalamin Panpharma26			Isoflurane	
hydroxycarbamide152			Isoleucine50	
Hydroxychloroquine sulphate 112			Isoniazid	
Hydroxyurea	Inresa		Isoniazid Teva	
[hydroxycarbamide] 152			Isoniazid with rifampicin	
Hygroton49			Isoprenaline [Isoproterenol]	
Hylo-Fresh 272			Isopropyl alcohol	
Hyoscine butylbromide		10	Isoproterenol	
Hyoscine Butylbromide	protamine	10	Isoptin	
(Adiramedica)			Isoptin SR	
Hyoscine hydrobromide132				
			Isopto CarpineIsosorbide mononitrate	
Hyperuricaemia and Antigout				
HypoPak Glucose		10	Isotretinoin	
Hypromellose		40	Ispaghula (psyllium) husk	
Hypromellose with dextran272	•		Isradipine	
- -	Insulin neutral	10	Itch-Soothe	
lbiamox91		40	Itracap	
Ibrance			Itraconazole	
lbrutinib			Itrazole	
Ibuprofen117			Ivabradine	
Ibuprofen SR BNM117			lvacaftor	
lcatibant256			Ivermectin	100
Idarubicin hydrochloride150	ŭ		- <b>J</b> -	_
Idarucizumab33			Jadelle	
Idursulfase18			Jakavi	
Ifosfamide149	•		Jardiamet	
llomedin62	•		Jardiance	
lloprost62			Jaydess	
Imaging Agents171			Jevity HiCal RTH	
Imatinib mesilate160			Jevity Plus RTH	
Imatinib-Rex160			Jevity RTH	
Imbruvica152			Jinarc	
Imfinzi243		. 271	Juno	4
Imipenem with cilastatin87	loscan		- K -	
Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX87			Kadcyla	
Imipramine Crescent127		46	Kalydeco	
Imipramine hydrochloride127			Kenacomb	
Imiquimod72			Kenacort-A 10	
Immune Modulators109	Process of the contract of the	.128	Kenacort-A 40	
Immunosuppressants171	IPCA-Frusemide	49	Kenalog in Orabase	2
Impact Advanced Recovery299		.112	Ketalar	
Incruse Ellipta258			Ketamine	12 <sup>-</sup>
Indacaterol262	•		Ketamine-Baxter	
Indapamide49			Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)	29
· ·	-		. ,	

Katagal 4:1 (Unflavoured)	207	Lausina 100	201	Locald	70 71
Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)		Leucine 100 Leukotriene Receptor	291	Locoid Crelo	
Ketoconazole	291	•	262		
	66	Antagonists		Locoid Lipocream	
Dermatological		Leuprorelin acetate		Lodoxamide	
Infections		Leustatin		Logem Lomide	
Ketoprofen		Levetiracetam		Lomustine	
Ketorolac trometamol		Levetiracetam-AFT			148
KetoSens		Levocabastine		Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor	200
Ketostix		Levocarnitine		Agonists	
Keytruda		Levodopa with benserazide		Loniten	
Kindergen		Levodopa with carbidopa	120	Loperamide hydrochloride	
Kisqali		Levodopa with carbidopa and	100	Lopinavir with ritonavir	
Klacid		entacapone		Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan	
Klacid IV		Levomepromazine	133	Lorafix	
Klaricid		Levomepromazine	100	Loratadine	
Kongenate FS		hydrochloride	133	Lorazepam128	
Konakion MM		Levonorgestrel	74	Lormetazepam	
Konsyl-D		Levonorgestrel BNM		Lorstat	
Kuvan	20	Levosimendan		Losartan Actavis	
- L -	0	Levothyroxine		Losartan potassium	44
L-ornithine L-aspartate		Lidocaine [Lignocaine]	122	Losartan potassium with	
Labetalol		Lidocaine [Lignocaine]	100	hydrochlorothiazide	
Lacosamide		hydrochloride		Lovir	
Lactose		Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydrochlo		Loxamine	
Lactulose		with adrenaline		Lucrin Depot 1-month	
Laevolac		Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydrochlo		Lucrin Depot 3-month	
Lamictal		with adrenaline and tetracaine		Lumigan	
Lamivudine		hydrochloride		Lyllana	
Lamivudine Viatris		Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydrochlo	riae	Lynparza	154
Lamivudine/Zidovudine Viatr		with phenylephrine	100	Lysine acetylsalicylate [Lysine	0-
Lamotrigine		hydrochloride	123	asprin]	
Lanoxin		Lidocaine [Lignocaine] with	400	Lysine asprin	31
Lanoxin PG		prilocaine		- M -	401
Lanreotide		Lidocaine-Baxter	122	m-Eslon	
Lansoprazole		lignocaine		Mabthera	
Lantus		Alimentary		Macrobid	92
Lantus SoloStar		Nervous1		Macrogol 3350 with ascorbic acid,	
Lanzol Relief		Lincomycin		potassium chloride, sodium	
Lapatinib		Linezolid		chloride and citric acid with	
Largactil		Linezolid Kabi		magnesium carbonate hydrate	
Laronidase		Lioresal Intrathecal		and sodium picosulfate	14
Lasix		Liothyronine sodium	86	Macrogol 3350 with potassium	
Latanoprost		Lipid-Modifying Agents		chloride and sodium chloride	14
Latanoprost with timolol		Lipiodol Ultra Fluid		Macrogol 3350 with potassium	,
Lax-Suppositories		Lipitor		chloride and sodium chloride wit	ih/
Lax-suppositories Glycerol		Liquigen	285	without sodium sulfate, sodium	
Laxatives		Liraglutide	11	ascorbate, ascorbic acid	
Laxsol		Lisdexamfetamine dimesilate	143	Macrogol 3350 with potassium	
Ledipasvir with sofosbuvir		Lisinopril		chloride, sodium bicarbonate an	
Leflunomide		Lissamine green		sodium chloride	
Lenalidomide (Viatris)		Lithium carbonate		Madopar 125	
Lenalidomide Viatris		LMX4		Madopar 250	
Lenvatinib		Lo-Oralcon 20 ED	73	Madopar 62.5	
Lenvima		Local Preparations for Anal and		Madopar HBS	
Letrole		Rectal Disorders		Madopar Rapid	
Letrozole	170	Locasol	296	Mafenide acetate	66

Magnesium amino acid chelate23	MenQuadfi303	Metoclopramide hydrochloride	132
Magnesium chloride23	Menthol282	Metoclopramide hydrochloride with	h
Magnesium hydroxide	Mepivacaine hydrochloride123	paracetamol	13 <sup>-</sup>
Alimentary23	Mepivacaine hydrochloride with	Metolazone	50
Extemporaneously Compounded	adrenaline123	Metoprolol IV Mylan	4
Preparations282	Mepolizumab210	Metoprolol IV Viatris	4
Magnesium oxide23		Metoprolol succinate	4
Magnesium oxide with magnesium	Meropenem88	Metoprolol tartrate	
aspartate, magnesium amino acid	Meropenem-AFT88	Metronidamed	
chelate and magnesium	Mesalazine6	Metronidazole	
citrate24	Mesna168	Dermatological	6
Magnesium sulphate24	Mestinon112	Infections	
Magnevist277	Metabolic Disorder Agents16	Metyrapone	80
Malarone101	Metabolic Products286	Mexiletine hydrochloride	
Malarone Junior101	Metaraminol53	Miacalcic	
Malathion [Maldison]67	Metformin hydrochloride11	Mianserin hydrochloride	12
Maldison67	Metformin Viatris11	Micolette	
Mannitol	Methacholine chloride278	Miconazole	
Cardiovascular49	Methadone BNM125	Miconazole nitrate	
Various278	Methadone hydrochloride	Dermatological	6
Mantoux312	Extemporaneously Compounded	Genito-Urinary	
Maprotiline hydrochloride127	Preparations282	Micreme	
MAR-Midodrine46		Micreme H	70
Marcain121	Methenamine (Hexamine)	Microlut	74
Marcain Heavy122		Midazolam	14
Marcain Isobaric121	Methohexital sodium121	Midazolam Viatris	
Marcain with Adrenaline121	Methopt272	Midazolam-Baxter	
Marevan36	Methotrexate151	Midazolam-Pfizer	
Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+72	Methotrexate DBL Onco-Vial151	Midodrine	40
Martindale Pharma273	Methotrexate Ebewe151	Midostaurin	162
Mask for spacer device313	Methotrexate Sandoz151	Mifepristone	
Maviret106	Methoxsalen	Milrinone	54
Maxidex	[8-methoxypsoralen]71	Milrinone-Baxter	
Maxitrol266		Minerals	2
MCT Oil285	•	Mini-Wright AFS Low Range	
Measles, mumps and rubella	hydrochloride72	Mini-Wright Standard	
vaccine310		Minidiab	
Mebendazole100		Minims Prednisolone	
Mebeverine hydrochloride7		Minirin	8
Medac149	•	Minirin Melt	8
Medrol79	Methylcellulose with glycerin and	Minocycline	
Medroxyprogesterone81	sucrose282	Minoxidil	54
Medroxyprogesterone acetate	Methyldopa48	Mirena	74
Genito-Urinary74		Miro-Amoxicillin	9
Hormone Preparations80		Mirtazapine	12
Mefenamic acid117	Methylnaltrexone bromide 15	Misoprostol	
Mefloquine 101	Methylphenidate ER - Teva144	Mitomycin C	
Meglumine gadopentetate277	Methylphenidate hydrochloride 144	Mitozantrone	
Meglumine iotroxate277		Mitozantrone Ebewe	
Melatonin	` `	Mivacurium chloride	
Melpha149	,	Mixed salt solution for eye	
Melphalan149		irrigation	269
Meningococcal (A, C, Y and W-135)	Methylthioninium chloride [Methylene	MMA/PA Anamix Infant	290
conjugate vaccine303		MMA/PA Anamix Junior	
Meningococcal B multicomponent	Methylxanthines263	MMA/PA Explore 5	
vaccine304		MMA/PA Express 15	
		•	

Moclobemide	127	- N -		Nitroderm TTS 5	5
Modafinil		Nadolol	47	Nitrofurantoin	
Modafinil Max Health		Nadolol BNM		Nitrolingual Pump Spray	5
Modavigil		Naglazyme		Nivestim	3
Molaxole		Naloxone hydrochloride		Nivolumab	
Mometasone furoate		Naltraccord		Nodia	
Monogen		Naltrexone AOP		Noflam 250	
Monosodium glutamate with so		Naltrexone hydrochloride		Noflam 500	
aspartate		Naltrexone Max Health		Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory	
Monosodium I-aspartate		Naphazoline hydrochloride		Drugs	110
Montelukast		Naprosyn SR 1000		Nonacog gamma, [Recombinant	
Montelukast Viatris		Naprosyn SR 750		factor IX]	34
Moroctocog alfa [Recombinant		Naproxen		Noradrenaline	
VIII]	34	Natalizumab		Noradrenaline BNM	
Morphine hydrochloride		Natamycin		Norethinderone - CDC	
Morphine sulphate		Natulan		Norethisterone	
Morphine tartrate	125	Nausafix		Genito-Urinary	7.
Motetis		Nausicalm		Hormone Preparations	
Mouth and Throat		Nefopam hydrochloride		Norethisterone with mestranol	
Movapo		Neo-Mercazole		Norflex	
Moxifloxacin		Neocate Gold (Unflavoured)		Norfloxacin	
Moxifloxacin Kabi		Neocate Junior Unflavoured		Noriday	
Mozobil		Neocate Junior Vanilla		Noriday 28	
MSUD Anamix Infant		Neocate SYNEO		Normison	
MSUD Anamix Junior		Neoral		Norpress	
MSUD Anamix Junior LQ		Neostigmine metilsulfate		Nortriptyline hydrochloride	
MSUD Explore 5		Neostigmine metilsulfate with	112	Norvir	
MSUD Express 15		glycopyrronium bromide	110	Noumed Dexamfetamine	
MSUD Lophlex LQ 20		Neosynephrine HCL		Noumed Isoniazid	
MSUD Maxamum		Nepafenac	268	Noumed Paracetamol	
Mucolytics and Expectorants		Nepro HP (strawberry)		Noumed Pethidine	
Mucosoothe		Nepro HP (vanilla)		Noumed Phenobarbitone	
Multiple Sclerosis Treatments		Neulumex		Novadoz	
Multivitamin and mineral	107	Neupogen		Novasource Renal (Vanilla)	
	25	NeuroTabs		Novatretin	
supplement Multivitamin renal		Nevirapine		NovoMix 30 FlexPen	
Multivitamins		Nevirapine Viatris		NovoRapid FlexPen	
		Nicardipine hydrochloride		NovoSeven RT	
Mupirocin  Muscle Relaxants and Related		Nicorandil		Nozinan	
		Nicotine		Nucala	
Agents Mvite		Nifedipine		Nuelin	
		•		Nuelin-SR	
Myambutol		Nifuran Nilotinib		Nupentin	
Mycobutin		Nilstat	102	Nusinersen	
MycoNail			05	Nutilis	
Mycophenolate mofetil		Alimentary			
Mydriacyl		Genito-Urinary		Nutren Diabetes (vanilla)	
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics		Infections		Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre	
Mylan (24 hr release)		Nimenrix		Nutrini Energy RTH	290
Mylan Clomiphen		Nimodipine		Nutrini Low Energy Multi Fibre	00
Mylan Italy (24 hr release)		Nimotop		RTH	
Mylan Midazolam		Nintedanib		Nutrini Peptisorb Energy	
Myleran	149	Niraparib	153	Nutrini RTH	29
Myloc CR		Nirmatrelvir with ritonavir		Nutrison 800 Complete Multi	00
Mylotarg		Nitazoxanide		Fibre Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb	
Myozyme		Nitrates			
Mytolac	1/1	Nitroderm TTS 10	52	Nutrison Concentrated	29

## **INDEX: Generic Chemicals and Brands**

Nutrison Energy300	Onbrez Breezhaler262	Paliperidone palmitate13
Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre300	Oncaspar LYO155	Palivizumab21
Nutrison Multi Fibre300	OncoTICE252	Pamidronate disodium11
Nutrison Protein Intense294	Ondansetron132	Pamisol11
Nutrison Protein Plus293	Ondansetron-AFT132	Pamol12
Nutrison Protein Plus Multi	One-Alpha27	Pancreatic enzyme1
Fibre294	Opdivo244	Pancuronium bromide11
Nutrison RTH300	Optional Pharmaceuticals313	Pantoprazole
Nyefax Retard48	Ora-Blend282	Panzop Relief
Nystatin	Ora-Blend SF282	Papaverine hydrochloride5
Alimentary25	Ora-Plus282	Paper wasp venom25
Dermatological66	Ora-Sweet282	Para-aminosalicylic Acid10
Genito-Urinary73	Ora-Sweet SF282	Paracetamol12
Infections96	Oralcon 30 ED73	Paracetamol (Ethics)12
-0-	Oramorph125	Paracetamol Kabi12
Obinutuzumab212	Oramorph CDC S29125	Paracetamol with codeine12
Obstetric Preparations74	Oratane67	Paraffin
Ocrelizumab	Ornidazole101	Alimentary1
Ocrevus	Orphenadrine citrate116	Dermatological6
Octocog alfa [Recombinant factor	Oruvail SR117	Extemporaneously Compounded
VIII] (Advate)34	Oseltamivir108	Preparations28
Octocog alfa [Recombinant factor	Osimertinib 162	Paraffin liquid with soft white
VIII] (Kogenate FS)34	Osmolite RTH300	paraffin27
Octreotide	Other Cardiac Agents52	Paraffin liquid with wool fat27
Octreotide Long-Acting171	Other Endocrine Agents80	Paraffin with wool fat6
Ocular Lubricants271	Other Oestrogen Preparations80	Paraldehyde12
Oestradiol79–80	Other Otological Preparations272	Parecoxib11
Oestradiol valerate80	Other Progestogen	Paromomycin8
Oestradiol with norethisterone	Preparations81	Paroxetine12
acetate80	Other Skin Preparations71	Paser10
Oestriol	Ovestin	Patent blue V27
Genito-Urinary75	Genito-Urinary75	Paxam13
Hormone Preparations81	Hormone Preparations81	Paxlovid10
Oestrogens75	Oxaliplatin158	Pazopanib16
Oestrogens (conjugated equine) 80	Oxandrolone77	Pazopanib Teva16
Oestrogens with	Oxazepam137	Peak flow meter31
medroxyprogesterone	Oxpentifylline54	Peanut oil28
acetate80	Oxybuprocaine hydrochloride269	Pediasure (chocolate)29
Ofev260	Oxybutynin76	Pediasure (strawberry)29
Oil in water emulsion68	Oxycodone Amneal126	Pediasure (vanilla)29
Oily phenol [Phenol oily]7	Oxycodone hydrochloride126	Pediasure Plus29
Olanzapine	Oxycodone Lucis S29126	Pediasure RTH29
Olaparib	Oxycodone Sandoz126	Pegaspargase15
Olive oil	Oxymetazoline hydrochloride261	Pegasys10
Olopatadine268	Oxytocin74	Pegfilgrastim3
Olopatadine Teva268	Oxytocin BNM74	Pegylated interferon alfa-2a10
Olsalazine7	Oxytocin with ergometrine	Pembrolizumab24
Omalizumab212	maleate	Pemetrexed15
Omeprazole8	Ozurdex	Pemetrexed-AFT15
Omeprazole actavis 108	-P-	Penicillamine11
Omeprazole actavis 208	Pacifen115	Penicillin G9
Omeprazole actavis 408	Pacimol	Penicillin V9
Omeprazole Teva8	Paclitaxel	Pentacarinat10
Omezol IV8	Paediatric Seravit	Pentagastrin8
Omnipaque	Palbociclib	Pentamidine isethionate10
Omnitrope81	Paliperidone	Pentasa
	r	

Pentostatin [Deoxycoformycin]		Pine tar with trolamine laurilsulfate		Podophyllotoxin	
Pentoxifylline [Oxpentifylline]	54	and fluorescein	71	Polidocanol	
Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)	292	Pinetarsol	71	Poliomyelitis vaccine	310
Pepti-Junior	296	Pioglitazone	11	Poloxamer	1
Perflutren	277	Piperacillin with tazobactam	92	Poly Gel	
Perhexiline maleate	48	Pipothiazine palmitate	136	Poly-Tears	27
Pericyazine	134	PipTaz-AFT	92	Poly-Visc	
Perindopril	43	Pirfenidone	260	Polycal	28
Periset		Pituitary and Hypothalamic		Polyethylene glycol 400 and	
Periset ODT		Hormones and Analogues	81	propylene glycol	27
Perjeta	215	Pivmecillinam	94	Polyhexamethylene biguanide	28
Permethrin		Pizotifen	131	Polyvinyl alcohol with povidone	27
Perrigo	72	PKU Anamix Infant	288	Pomalidomide	15
Pertuzumab	215	PKU Anamix Junior	288	Pomolide	15
Peteha	100	PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry)	288	Poractant alfa	26
Pethidine hydrochloride	126	PKU Anamix Junior LQ		Posaconazole	90
Pevaryl	66	(Orange)	288	Posaconazole Juno	9
Pexsig	48	PKU Build 10	289	Potassium chloride	40, 42
Pfizer Exemestane	170	PKU Build 20 Chocolate	289	Potassium chloride with sodium	
Pharmascience	258	PKU Build 20 Raspberry		chloride	40
Pheburane	20	Lemonade	289	Potassium citrate	7
Phenasen	152	PKU Build 20 Smooth	289	Potassium dihydrogen	
Phenelzine sulphate	127	PKU Build 20 Vanilla	289	phosphate	40
Phenergan Elixir	257	PKU Explore 10		Potassium iodate	
Phenindione		PKU Explore 5	288	Alimentary	2
Phenobarbitone		PKU Express 20		Hormone Preparations	
Phenobarbitone sodium	282	PKU First Spoon	288	Potassium iodate with iodine	2
Phenol		PKU Glytactin RTD 15	289	Potassium perchlorate	8
Extemporaneously Compound	ded	PKU Glytactin RTD 15 Lite		Potassium permanganate	7
Preparations		PKU GMPro LQ		Povidone K30	
Various		PKU GMPro Mix-In		Povidone-iodine	27
Phenol oily	7	PKU GMPro Ultra Lemonade	289	Povidone-iodine with ethanol	27
Phenol with ioxaglic acid		PKU GMPro Ultra Vanilla	289	Pradaxa	3
Phenothrin		PKU Lophlex LQ 10	288	Pralidoxime chloride	
Phenoxybenzamine		PKU Lophlex LQ 20288		Pralidoxime iodide	27
hydrochloride	44	PKU Lophlex Powder		Pramipexole hydrochloride	
Phenoxymethylpenicillin [Penicill		PKU Lophlex Sensations		Pravastatin	
V]		20 (berries)	289	Praxbind	
Phentolamine mesylate		PKU Restore Powder		Praziquantel	
Phenylalanine50		PKU sphere20 Banana		Prazosin	
Phenylephrine hydrochloride		PKU sphere20 Chocolate		Prazosin Mylan	
Cardiovascular	53	PKU sphere20 Lemon		Pred Forte	26
Sensory		PKU sphere20 Red Berry		Prednisolone	
Phenytoin		PKU sphere20 Vanilla		Prednisolone acetate	
Phenytoin sodium		PKU Start		Prednisolone sodium	
Phlexy 10		Plaquenil		phosphate	26
Phosphorus		Plasma-Lyte 148		Prednisolone- AFT	
Phytomenadione		Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose		Prednisone	
Picibanil		Plendil ER		Prednisone Clinect	
Pilocarpine hydrochloride		Plenvu		Pregabalin	
Pilocarpine nitrate		Plerixafor		Pregabalin Pfizer	
Extemporaneously Compound	ded	Pneumococcal (PCV13) conjugate		Pregnancy test - hCG urine	31
Preparations		vaccine	305	preOp	
Sensory		Pneumococcal (PPV23)	550	Prevenar 13	
Pimafucort		polysaccharide vaccine	306	Priadel	
Pimecrolimus		Pneumovax 23		Prilocaine hydrochloride	

Prilocaine hydrochloride with		- R -		Risedronate sodium	110
felypressin	123	RA-Morph	125	Risperdal	
Primaquine		Rabies vaccine		Risperdal Consta	
Primidone		Raloxifene		Risperidone	
Primolut N		Raltegravir potassium		Risperidone (Teva)	
Primovist		Ramipex		Risperidone Sandoz	
Priorix		Ramipril		Risperon	
Probenecid		Ranbaxy-Cefaclor		Ritalin	
Procaine penicillin		Ranibizumab		Ritalin LA	
Procarbazine hydrochloride		Ranitidine		Ritonavir	
Prochlorperazine		Rapamune	253	Rituximab (mabthera)	
Proctosedyl		Rasagiline	120	Rituximab (riximyo)	
Procyclidine hydrochloride	119	Rasburicase		Rivaroxaban	
Progesterone	75	Readi-CAT 2	276	Rivastigmine	
Proglicem		Reandron 1000	77	Rivastigmine Patch BNM 10	145
Proglycem	9	Recombinant factor IX	33-34	Rivastigmine Patch BNM 5	
Progynova		Recombinant factor VIIa	33	Riximyo	218
Prolia	113	Recombinant factor VIII	34	RIXUBIS	34
Promethazine hydrochloride	257	Rectogesic	7	Rizamelt	131
Propafenone hydrochloride	46	Red back spider antivenom	274	Rizatriptan	131
Propamidine isethionate	266	Redipred	79	Robinul	<mark>7</mark>
Propofol	121	Relenza Rotadisk	108	Rocuronium bromide	116
Propranolol		Relistor		Ronapreve	200
Propylthiouracil	86	Remdesivir	109	Ropin	120
Prostin E2	74	Remicade		Ropinirole hydrochloride	
Prostin VR	54	Remifentanil	126	Ropivacaine hydrochloride	
Protamine sulphate		Remifentanil-AFT		Ropivacaine Kabi	
Protifar	285	Renilon 7.5 (apricot)		Rose bengal sodium	
Protionamide		Renilon 7.5 (caramel)		Rosuvastatin	
Protirelin		Resonium A		Rosuvastatin Viatris	
Proveblue		Resource Beneprotein		Rotarix	
Provera		Respiratory Stimulants		Rotavirus oral vaccine	
Provera HD		Retinol		Roxithromycin	
Proxymetacaine hydrochloride	269	Retinol Palmitate		Rubifen	
Pseudoephedrine		ReTrieve		Rubifen SR	
hydrochloride	261	Retrovir		Rurioctocog alfa pegol [Recomb	
Psoriasis and Eczema	70	Retrovir IV		factor VIII]	
Preparations		Revia		Ruxolitinib	
PTU		Revolade		Rydapt	162
Pulmonary Surfactants		Ribociclib		- <b>S</b> - S26 LBW Gold RTF	207
Pulmozyme		Riboflavin		Sabril	
Puri-nethol Pyrazinamide		Riboflavin 5-phosphate		Sacubitril with valsartan	
		Ricovir		SalAir	
Pyridostigmine bromide Pyridoxal-5-phosphate		Rifabutin		Salazopyrin	
Pyridoxine hydrochloride		Rifadin		Salazopyrin EN	
Pyridoxine multichem		Rifampicin		Salbutamol	261
Pyrimethamine		Rifaximin		Salbutamol with ipratropium	201
Pytazen SR		Rifinah		bromide	258
- Q -		Rilutek		Salicylic acid	
Quetapel	134	Riluzole		Salmeterol	262
Quetiapine		Ringer's solution		Salmonella typhi vaccine	
Quetiapine Viatris	134	RINVOQ		Sandimmun	
Quinapril		Riodine		Sandomigran	
Quinine dihydrochloride	101	Risdiplam		Sandostatin LAR	
Qvar		Risedronate Sandoz	112	Sapropterin Dihydrochloride	

Scalp Preparations	71	Sodium bicarbonate	Health	70
Scandonest 3%		Blood41-42	Solifenacin Viatris	7
Sclerosing Agents		Extemporaneously Compounded	Solu-Cortef	7
Scopolamine - Mylan		Preparations282	Solu-Medrol	7
Sebizole		Sodium calcium edetate275	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial	7
Secretin pentahydrochloride		Sodium chloride	Somatropin	
Secukinumab		Blood41–42	Sotalol	
Sedatives and Hypnotics		Respiratory261, 264	Soya oil	
Seebri Breezhaler		Various278	Spacer device	
Selegiline hydrochloride		Sodium chloride with sodium	Span-K	
Selenium		bicarbonate261	Spazmol	
Sennosides		Sodium citrate	Specialised Formulas	20
Serc		Alimentary5	Spinal Muscular Atrophy	14
Serenace		Extemporaneously Compounded	Spinraza	
Seretide		Preparations283	Spiolto Respimat	
Seretide Accuhaler		·		
		Sodium citrate with sodium chloride	Spiractin	
Serevent		and potassium chloride	Spiramycin	
Serevent Accuhaler		Sodium citrate with sodium lauryl	Spiriva	
Sertraline		sulphoacetate	Spiriva Respimat	
Setrona		Sodium citro-tartrate	Spironolactone	
Sevoflurane		Sodium cromoglicate	Stalevo	
Sevredol		Alimentary7	Standard Feeds	
Shingles vaccine		Respiratory257	Staphlex	
Shingrix		Sensory268	Starch	
Sildenafil		Sodium dihydrogen phosphate	Stavudine	
Siltuximab	232	[Sodium acid phosphate]41	Stelara	
Silver nitrate		Sodium fluoride23	Sterculia with frangula	
Dermatological		Sodium fusidate [Fusidic acid]	SteroClear	
Extemporaneously Compo	unded	Dermatological66	Stesolid	
Preparations	282	Infections95	Stimulants / ADHD Treatments	
Simdax	52	Sensory266	Stiripentol	
Simeticone	5	Sodium hyaluronate [Hyaluronic acid]	Streptomycin sulphate	8
Simulect	196	Alimentary25	Stromectol	10
Simvastatin	51	Sensory269, 272	Sucralfate	
Simvastatin Mylan	51	Sodium hyaluronate [Hyaluronic acid]	Sucrose	
Simvastatin Viatris	51	with chondroitin sulphate269	Sugammadex	110
Sincalide	278	Sodium hydroxide279	Sugammadex BNM	110
Sinemet	120	Sodium hypochlorite276	Sulfadiazine silver	
Sinemet CR	120	Sodium metabisulfite283	Sulfadiazine sodium	9
Sintetica Baclofen Intrathecal	115	Sodium nitrite273	Sulfasalazine	
Sirolimus	253	Sodium nitroprusside	Sulindac	11
Sirturo	99	Cardiovascular54	Sulphacetamide sodium	26
Siterone	77	Optional Pharmaceuticals313	Sulphur	28
Slow-Lopresor	47	Sodium phenylbutyrate20	Sulprix	13
Snake antivenom		Sodium phosphate with phosphoric	Sumagran	
Sodibic		acid16	Sumatriptan	
Sodium acetate	40	Sodium picosulfate16	Sunitinib	
Sodium acid phosphate	41	Sodium polystyrene sulphonate42	Sunitinib Pfizer	
Sodium alginate with magnes		Sodium stibogluconate102	Sunscreen, proprietary	
alginate		Sodium tetradecyl sulphate33	Suprane	
Sodium alginate with sodium		Sodium thiosulfate273	Surgical Preparations	
bicarbonate and calcium		Sodium valproate130	Sustagen Hospital Formula	
carbonate	5	Sodium with potassium280	(Chocolate)	300
Sodium aurothiomalate		Solifenacin succinate	Sustagen Hospital Formula	
Sodium benzoate		Solifenacin succinate Max	(Vanilla)	30
Juliani Doneouto		SSSindoni Gudoniato Max	Suxamethonium chloride	
				1 11

## **INDEX: Generic Chemicals and Brands**

Sylvant	232	Terlipressin	86	Muscular Pain	118
Symbicort Turbuhaler	262	Terlipressin Ever Pharma	86	Topiramate	130
Symmetrel	119	Testogel	77	Topiramate Actavis	130
Sympathomimetics		Testosterone	77	Torbay	
Synacthen	81	Testosterone cipionate	77	Tracrium	11
Synacthen Depot	81	Testosterone esters	77	Tramadol hydrochloride	126
Synagis	214	Testosterone undecanoate	77	Tramal 100	126
Synermox	91	Tetrabenazine	119	Tramal 50	126
Syntometrine	75	Tetracaine [Amethocaine] hydro	chloride	Tramal SR 100	126
Syrup	283	Nervous		Tramal SR 150	126
Systane Unit Dose		Sensory	269	Tramal SR 200	126
- T -		Tetracosactide [Tetracosactrin]	81	Trandate	40
Tacrolimus		Tetracosactrin	81	Tranexamic acid	
Dermatological	71	Tetracycline	93	Tranexamic-AFT	
Oncology	171	Teva Lisinopril	43	Tranylcypromine sulphate	12
Tacrolimus Sandoz		Thalidomide	156	Trastuzumab (Herzuma)	236
Tagitol V	276	Thalomid		Trastuzumab deruxtecan	
Tagrisso	162	Theobroma oil	283	Trastuzumab emtansine	238
Talc	265	Theophylline	263	Travatan	27
Taliglucerase alfa	21	Thiamine hydrochloride	27	Travoprost	27
Tambocor	45	Thiamine multichem	27	Treatments for Dementia	14
Tambocor German		Thioguanine	151	Treatments for Substance	
Tamoxifen citrate	169	Thiopental [Thiopentone]		Dependence	14
Tamoxifen Sandoz	169	sodium	121	Trelegy Ellipta	259
Tamsulosin hydrochloride	75	Thiopentone	121	Tretinoin	
Tamsulosin-Rex	75	Thiotepa	149	Dermatological	6
Tasigna	162	Thrombin	33	Oncology	15
Tasmar	120	Thyroid and Antithyroid		Trexate	15
Taurine		Preparations		Tri-sodium citrate	283
TCu 380 Plus Normal	74	Thyrotropin alfa	81	Triamcinolone acetonide	
Tecentriq	242	Ticagrelor	37	Alimentary	
Tecfidera	138	Ticagrelor Sandoz	37	Dermatological	70
Tegretol		Ticarcillin with clavulanic acid	92	Hormone Preparations	79
Tegretol AU	128	Ticlopidine	38	Triamcinolone acetonide with	
Tegretol CR		Tigecycline	93	gramicidin, neomycin and	
Teicoplanin		Tilcotil		nystatin	267
Temaccord		Timolol		Triamcinolone acetonide with	
Temazepam	141	Tiotropium bromide	258	neomycin sulphate, gramicidin	
Temozolomide		Tiotropium bromide with		and nystatin	
Temozolomide Taro		olodaterol	258	Triamcinolone hexacetonide	
Tenecteplase		Tivicay	105	Triazolam	
Tenofovir disoproxil		TMP		Trichloracetic acid	
Tenofovir Disoproxil Emtricita		Tobradex	266	Trientine	
Viatr		Tobramycin		Trientine Waymade	
Tenofovir Disoproxil Viatris		Infections		Trikafta	
Tenoxicam		Sensory		Trimethoprim	9
Tensipine MR10		Tobramycin (Viatris)		Trimethoprim with	
Tepadina		Tobramycin BNM		sulphamethoxazole	
Terazosin		Tobrex		[Co-trimoxazole]	9
Terbinafine		Tocilizumab		Triovir	103
Terbutaline		Tofranil		Trisul	
Terbutaline sulphate		Tolcapone		Trometamol	
Teriflunomide		Tolvaptan		Tropicamide	27
Teriflunomide Sandoz		Topamax		Tropisetron	130
Teriparatide		Topicaine	123	Trulicity	
Teriparatide - Teva	114	Topical Products for Joint and		Tryzan	4

Tuberculin PPD [Mantoux] test.	312	Vasorex	47	Water	
Tubersol		Vebulis		Blood	41
Two Cal HN		Vecure		Various	
TYR Anamix Infant		Vecuronium bromide		White Soft Liquid Paraffin AFT	
TYR Anamix Junior		Vedafil		Wool fat	
TYR Anamix Junior LQ		Vedolizumab		Dermatological	69
TYR Explore 5		Vegzelma		Extemporaneously Compoun	
TYR Lophlex LQ 20		Veklury		Preparations	
TYR Sphere 20		Veletri		- X -	
Tyrosine1000		Venclexta		Xalkori	158
Tysabri		Venetoclax		Xanthan	
- U -		Venlafaxine		Xarelto	
UK Synacthen	81	Venofer		Xgeva	
Ultibro Breezhaler		VENOX		Xifaxan	
Ultraproct		Ventolin		XMET Maxamum	
Umeclidinium		Vepesid		Xolair	
Umeclidinium with vilanterol		Verapamil hydrochloride		XP Maxamum	
Univent		Vermox		Xylocaine	
Upadacitinib		VernoxVersacloz		Xylometazoline hydrochloride	
Ural		Versanoid		Xyntha	
Urea	70	Vexazone		- Y -	
Dermatological	60	Vfend		Yellow jacket wasp venom	257
		Victoza		Yervoy	
Extemporaneously Compour Preparations		Vigabatrin		- Z -	244
Urex Forte		Vigisom		Zanamivir	100
UroFos		Vildagliptin		Zarontin	
		Vildagliptin with metformin		Zavedos	
UrografinUrokinase		hydrochloride	11	Zavicefta	
Urologicals		Vimpat		Zeffix	
		•		Zejula	
Uromitexan		Vinblastine sulphate		Zematop	
Ursodeoxycholic acid		Vincristine sulphate			
Ursosan		Vinorelbine		Zetlam	
Ustekinumab		Vinorelbine Te Arai		Ziagen	
Utrogestan	/5	Viral Vaccines		Zidovudine [AZT]	100
- <b>V</b> -	100	Viramune Suspension		Zidovudine [AZT] with	10
Vaclovir		ViruPOS		lamivudine	
Valaciclovir		Viscoat		Ziextenzo	
Valganciclovir		Visipaque		Ziextenzo AU	
Valganciclovir Viatris		Vit.D3		Zimybe	52
Valine50		VitA-POS		Zinc	0.
Vancomycin		Vital		Alimentary	24
Vanilla SilQ HD		Vitamin B complex		Dermatological	67
Vanilla SilQ MD		Vitamin B6 25		Zinc and castor oil	
Varenicline		Vitamins		Zinc chloride	
Varibar - Honey		Vivonex TEN		Zinc oxide	
Varibar - Nectar		Voltaren		Zinc sulphate	
Varibar - Pudding	2/6	Voltaren D		Zinc with wool fat	
Varibar - Thin Liquid	276	Voltaren SR		Zincaps	
Varicella vaccine [Chickenpox		Volumatic		Zinforo	
vaccine]		Voriconazole		Ziprasidone	
Varicella zoster vaccine [Shingl		Votrient		Zista	
vaccine]		Vttack		Zithromax	
Varilrix		Vyvanse	143	Zo-Rub HP	
Vasodilators		- W -		Zo-Rub Osteo	
Vasopressin		Warfarin sodium		Zoladex	8
Vasonressin Agents	86	Wart Preparations	71		

## **INDEX: Generic Chemicals and Brands**

Zoledronic acid	
Hormone Preparations	78
Musculoskeletal	112
Zoledronic acid Viatris	
Hormone Preparations	78
Musculoskeletal	112
Zopiclone	141
Zopiclone Actavis	141
Zostrix	
Zostrix HP	123
Zuclopenthixol acetate	134
Zuclopenthixol decanoate	
Zuclopenthixol hydrochloride	134
Zusdone	
Zyban	146
Zypine	134
Zypine ODT	134
Zyprexa Relprevv	135
Zytiga	
_, •	0/