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Circulation

You can register to have an electronic version of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, Section H for Hospital Pharmaceuticals (link to PDF copy) emailed to your nominated email address each month by subscribing at schedule.pharmac.govt.nz/subscribe.

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Introducing Pharmac

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (Pharmac) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. Pharmac negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list.

Pharmac's role:

"to secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that are reasonably achievable from pharmaceutical treatment and from within the amount of funding provided."

Pae Ora (Healthy Futures) Act 2022

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about Pharmac and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the Pharmac website at https://pharmac.govt.nz/about.

Glossary

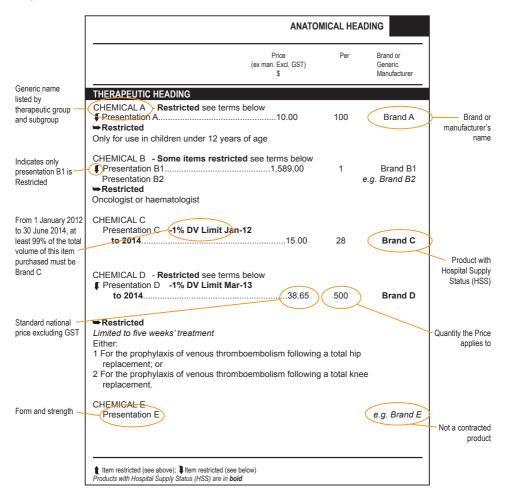
Units of Measure

gram g kilogram kg international unit iu	5	millimole mmol unit u
Abbreviations		
applicationapp capsulecap creamcrm dispersibledisp effervescenteff emulsionemul	granulesgrans injectioninj liquidliq lotionlotn	suppositorysuppos tablettab

HSS Hospital Supply Status

Guide to Section H listings

Example



General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A.

Read the General Rules : https://pharmac.govt.nz/section-a.

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per		Brand or Generic Manufacturer		
Antacids and Antiflatulents					
Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents					
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AN Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticor Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simet 30 mg per 5 ml	ne 20 mg		e.g. Mylanta e.g. Mylanta Double		
SIMETICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml Oral drops 40 mg per ml			Strength		
SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 m SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALC Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium car	IUM CARBONATE		e.g. Gaviscon Infant		
160 mg	bonato		e.g. Gaviscon Extra Strength		
Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium 160 mg per 10 ml SODIUM CITRATE	7.50	500 ml	Acidex		
Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)	25.00	90 ml	Biomed		
Phosphate Binding Agents					
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg CALCIUM CARBONATE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral liq 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml)		473 ml	Calcium carbonate PAI		
→ Restricted (RS1698) Initiation Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbo inappropriate	39.00 onate tablets or where ca	500 ml alcium cart	Roxane		
Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory	Agents				
Antipropulsives					
DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPH Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE	IATE				
Tab 2 mg Cap 2 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		400 400	Nodia Diamide Relief		
Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories					
BUDESONIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page Cap modified-release 3 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025	97.60	90	Budesonide Te Arai		

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	_	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1723)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes; or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis*; and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Diabetes; or
 - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
 - 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications)		15 g	Colifoam	
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1%				
MESALAZINE				
Tab EC 400 mg		100	Asacol	
Tab long-acting 500 mg		100	Pentasa	
Tab 800 mg		90	Asacol	
Modified release granules 1 g	118.10	100 g	Pentasa	
Suppos 500 mg	22.80	20	Asacol	
Suppos 1 g		28	Pentasa	
Enema 1 g per 100 ml	41.30	7	Pentasa	

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DLSALAZINE			
Tab 500 mg Cap 250 mg		100 100	Dipentum Dipentum
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Cap 100 mg		100	Diponani
SULFASALAZINE			
Tab 500 mg Tab EC 500 mg		100 100	Salazopyrin Salazopyrin EN
Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders		100	
Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations			
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE			
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g		30 g	Proctosedyl
Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g		12	Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVAL		NE	
Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchoca hydrochloride 5 mg per g		30 g	Ultraproct
Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinch	ocaine	•	
hydrochloride 1 mg	8.61	12	Ultraproct
Management of Anal Fissures			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%		30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants		Ū	,
DILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial			
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut M	lotility		
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		5	Robinul
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	6.35 2.25	100 20	Buscopan Hyoscine Butylbromide
	2.25	20	(Adiramedica)
Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Buscopan Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 April 2025)	1.91	1	Spazmol
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 135 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	8.50	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants			
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective			
MISOPROSTOL			
Tab 200 mcg		120	Cytotec

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

(P ex man.	rice excl. GS	ST)	Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
H2 Antagonists				
CIMETIDINE				
Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg				
FAMOTIDINE				
Tab 20 mg				
Tab 40 mg Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial				
RANITIDINE – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 150 mg				
Tab 300 mg				
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
→ Restricted (RS1703) Initiation				
Either:				
1 For continuation use; or				
2 Routine prevention of allergic reactions				
Proton Pump Inhibitors				
LANSOPRAZOLE				
Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			100	Lanzol Relief
Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		5.43	100	Lanzol Relief
DMEPRAZOLE Tab dispersible 10 mg				
➤ Restricted (RS1027)				
nitiation				
Dnly for use in tube-fed patients.				
Tab dispersible 20 mg				
→ Restricted (RS1027) nitiation				
Dnly for use in tube-fed patients.				
Cap 10 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		.2.06	90	Omeprazole Teva
				Omeprazole actavis 10
Cap 20 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		.2.02	90	Omeprazole Teva
Con 40 mg = 5% DV Max 24 to 2026		0.10	00	Omeprazole actavis 20
Cap 40 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		.3.10	90	Omeprazole Teva Omeprazole actavis 40
Powder for oral liq		42.50	5 g	Midwest
Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazole
Inj 40 mg vial – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		11.95	5	Omezol IV
		1.00	00	Damaan Dallaf
Tab EC 20 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2025 Tab EC 40 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2025			90 90	Panzop Relief Panzop Relief
Inj 40 mg vial			30	
, u ··				

		Price excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Site Protective Agents				
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg		. 14.51	50	Gastrodenol
SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g				
Bile and Liver Therapy				
-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE – Restricted see terms below Grans for oral liquid 3 g → Restricted (RS1261)				
nitiation For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not resp where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN – Restricted see terms below	conded to tre	eatment v	vith, or are in	tolerant to lactulose, or
Tab 550 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1416) nitiation		625.00	56	Xifaxan
For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial	of maximum	tolerated	I doses of lac	tulose.
Diabetes				
Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors				
CARBOSE Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			90 90	Accarb Accarb
Hyperglycaemic Agents				
DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms below Cap 25 mg Cap 100 mg Oral liq 50 mg per ml		280.00	100 100 30 ml	Proglicem Proglicem Proglycem
GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1 mg syringe kit GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Tab 1.5 g Tab 3.1 g		.32.00	1	Glucagen Hypokit
Tab 4 g Oral soln 15 g per 80 ml sachet Gel 40% GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet		.70.00	50	HypoPak Glucose

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u pe 3 ml prefilled pen INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		.52.15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge INSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per r			_	
3 ml cartridge Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per r		.42.66	5	Humalog Mix 25
3 ml cartridge INSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 vial Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 n cartridge Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 n cartridge Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 n cartridge	i ml nl nl	42.66	5	Humalog Mix 50
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		.94.50	5 5 1	Lantus SoloStar Lantus Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe		51 19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
INSULIN GLULISINE Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		.27.03	1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen INSULIN LISPRO Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			5 5	Apidra Apidra Solostar
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations				

INSULIN NEUTRAL

Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge

	l (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents					
GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg		7.50		100	Daonil
GLICLAZIDE Tab 80 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		.20.10		500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		6.86		100	Minidiab
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE Tab immediate-release 500 mg – 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027 Tab immediate-release 850 mg – 1% DV Aug-23 to 2027				1,000 500	Metformin Viatris Metformin Viatris
PIOGLITAZONE Tab 15 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Tab 30 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Tab 45 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		7.25		90 90 90	Vexazone Vexazone Vexazone
/ILDAGLIPTIN Tab 50 mg				60	Galvus
VILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride				60 60	Galvumet Galvumet
GLP-1 Agonists					
DULAGLUTIDE Restricted: For continuation only. Note: Not to be given in con GLP-1 agonist.	nbination w	rith a fu	unded	SGLT-2	inhibitor or other
Inj 1.5 mg per 0.5 ml prefilled pen		115.23		4	Trulicity
.IRAGLUTIDE Restricted: For continuation only. Note: Not to be given in con GLP-1 agonist.	nbination w	rith a fu	unded	SGLT-2	inhibitor or other
Inj 6 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled pen		383.72		3	Victoza
SGLT2 Inhibitors					

→ Restricted (RS2069)

Initiation - heart failure reduced ejection fraction

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Patient is in NYHA functional class II or III or IV; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 40%; or
 - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practicable, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard funded chronic heart failure treatment.

Initiation – Type 2 Diabetes

Any of the following:

continued...

Pric	e		Brand or
(ex man. ex	kcl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 For continuation use; or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for a GLP-1 agonist; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*; or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*; and
 - 3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.
- c) Funded [empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride] treatment is not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 unless receiving (empagliflozin / empagliflozin with metformin hydrochloride] for the treatment of heart failure.

EMPAGLIFLOZIN - Restricted see terms on the previous page

t t	Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg	58.56 58.56	30 30	Jardiance Jardiance
ΕN	IPAGLIFLOZIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted set	e terms on the	previous	page
	Tab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Jardiamet
t	Tab 5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
t	Tab 12.5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
t	Tab 12.5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet

Digestives Including Enzymes

PANCREATIC ENZYME

Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 U protease))			
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph Eur			
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U)	34.93	100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 Ph			
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U)	94.38	100	Creon 25000
Modified release granules pancreatin 60.12 mg (amylase 3,600 Ph Eur			
U, lipase 5,000 Ph Eur U, protease 200 Ph Eur U)	34.93	20 g	Creon Micro
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph.			
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)			
URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms on the next page			
	33.95	100	Ursosan

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1824)

Initiation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis Either:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation – Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation – Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation – Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Initiation - prevention of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1732 trial; and
- 2 The patient has leukaemia/lymphoma and is receiving inotuzumab ozogamicin.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet e.g. PicoPrep Orange MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM CHLORIDE AND CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 52.9 g with ascorbic acid 6 g, potassium chloride 740 mg, sodium chloride 2.6 g and sodium sulphate 5.6 g per sachet (1) and powder for oral soln citric acid 12 g with magnesium carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

(2)

e.g. Prepkit Orange

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CH			
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg. sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per	,		
70 g sachet - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		3 12	Glycoprep Orange Glycoprep Orange
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per 210 g sachet			e.g. Glycoprep Orange
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CH	ILORIDE WITH/WIT	HOUT SO	0 7 7 7 0
ASCORBATE, ASCORBIC ACID Powd for oral soln 100g with potassium chloride 1g, sodium chlorid and sodium sulfate 9g per sach(1), powd for oral soln 40g with potassium chloride 1.2g and sodium chloride 3.2g per sach(1) powd for oral soln ascorbic acid 7.54g and sodium ascorbate 48.11g per sach(1) – 5% DV Oct-23 to 2026	h) and	3	Plenvu
Bulk-Forming Agents			
ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK			
Powder for oral soln - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		500 g	Konsyl-D
STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA – Restricted: For continuation only → Powder for oral soln			
Faecal Softeners			
DOCUSATE SODIUM			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100	Coloxyl
Tab 120 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.98	100	Coloxyl
DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025	3 50	200	Laxsol
PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml		200	
POLOXAMER Oral drops 10% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.17	30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral			
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial		1	Relistor
	246.00	7	Relistor
➡ Restricted (RS2057) Initiation – Opioid induced constipation Both:			
 The patient is receiving palliative care; and Either: 			
2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation	,	alaratad	

2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation are unable to be tolerated.

14

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

		rice excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
Initiation – Opioid induced constipation outside of palliative ca Limited to 14 days treatment	are			
All of the following:				
1 Individual has opioid induced constipation; and				
2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation, ir	ncluding bowe	l-cleansin	g preparati	ons, are ineffective or
inappropriate; and				
3 Mechanical bowel obstruction has been excluded.				
Osmotic Laxatives				
GLYCEROL		10.00		
Suppos 2.8/4.0 g - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		10.39	20	Lax-suppositories Glycerol
Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentation	IS.			diyceror
Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		3.61	500 ml	Laevolac
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE. SODIUM BICA			UM CHLO	RIDE
Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg,	-			
bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg				
Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg				
bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg -59				
Feb-24 to 2026		8.50	30	Molaxole
Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5	ml _ 5%			
DV Jun-23 to 2025.		35.89	50	Micolette
SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID				
Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14%				
Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%		2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives				
BISACODYL				
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			200	Bisacodyl Viatris
Suppos 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		4.14	10	Lax-Suppositories
SENNOSIDES				
Tab 7.5 mg				
SODIUM PICOSULFATE – Restricted see terms below Oral soln 7.5 mg per ml		740	30 ml	Dulcolax SP Drop
■ Restricted (RS1843)		7.40	30 111	Duicolax of Drop
Initiation				
Both:				
1 The patient is a child with problematic constipation despite a	an adequate tr	rial of othe	er oral phar	macotherapies including
macrogol where practicable; and				
2 The patient would otherwise require a high-volume bowel cl	eansing prepa	aration.		
Metabolic Disorder Agents				
ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms on the next page				
Inj 50 mg vial	1.1	42.60	1	Myozyme
	,			, ,

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	I. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1793)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
 - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides: or
 - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
 - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT): and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

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Re-assessment required after 12 months
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All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT: and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation: and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

ARGININE

Tab 1,000 mg		
Cap 500 mg		
Powder		
Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		
Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		
BETAINE – Restricted see terms below		
Powder for oral soln	180 g	Cystadane
→ Restricted (RS1794)	Ŧ	-
Initiation		
Metabolic physician		
Re-assessment required after 12 months		

continued...

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

All of the following:

P	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
 - 2.2 A 5,10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
 - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- ↓ Cap 100 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1330)

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

CARGLUMIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

- Tab disp 200 mg
- ➡ Restricted (RS1831)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

For the acute in-patient treatment of organic acidaemias as an alternative to haemofiltration.

COENZYME Q10 - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 120 mg
- Cap 160 mg
- → Restricted (RS1832)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to coenzyme Q10 supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to coenzyme Q10 supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1795)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and

2 Either:

continued...

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ		1.01	
 continued 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galace by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fib 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient VI. 	roblasts; or			
Continuation				
Metabolic physician				
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:				
 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patie Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and 	•			
 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe di influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and 	sease where th	e long i	term pro	gnosis is unlikely to be
4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that migh ERT.	t reasonably be	expec	ted to co	ompromise a response to
HAEM ARGINATE				
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 2 mg per ml, 3 ml vial	4,608.3	0	1	Elaprase
→ Restricted (RS1546) Initiation				
Metabolic physician				
Limited to 24 weeks treatment				
All of the following:				
1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (muco) 2 Either:		,.		
2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-su assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or				od cells by either enzyme
2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate	•			
3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell tran idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and	nsplant (HSCT)	within	the next	3 months and treatment with
 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respi (ERT); and 	iratory failure pr	ior to s	tarting E	nzyme Replacement Therapy
5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivale greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.	ent to 12 weeks	pre- ar	nd 12 we	eeks post-HSCT) at doses no
LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 100 U per ml, 5 ml vial	1,335.1	6	1	Aldurazyme
→ Restricted (RS1607)				
Metabolic physician				
Limited to 24 weeks treatment				
All of the following:				
1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucop 2 Either:	oolysacchardosi	s I-H);	and	
 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduror assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or 	nidase deficiend	cy in wł	nite bloo	d cells by either enzyme

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- I Tab 500 mg
- Cap 250 mg
- I Oral liq 500 mg per 10 ml
- ↓ Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- I Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

➡ Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

I Tab 50 mg

→ Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

RIBOFLAVIN - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 100 mg
- Cap 100 mg
- ➡ Restricted (RS1833)

Initiation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to riboflavin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to riboflavin supplementation; and 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE – **Restricted** see terms below

Tab soluble 100 mg	1,452.70	30	Kuvan
➡ Restricted (RS1796)			
Initiation			
Metabolic physician			
Re-assessment required after 1 month			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or actively		•	

- 2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	Г)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient has demonstrated an adequate response to a 2 to 4 week trial of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction in phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; or
- 1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has previously demonstrated response to treatment with sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with sapropterin will not continue after delivery; or
 - 2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the first renewal for treatment with sapropterin; or
 - 2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second or subsequent pregnancy to support management of their PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

SC	DDIUM BENZOATE		
	Cap 500 mg		
	Powder		
	Soln 100 mg per ml		
	Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule		
~~			
SC	DDIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE – Some items restricted see terms below		
	Tab 500 mg		
ŧ	Grans 483 mg per g2,016.00 174 g	g Pheburane	
	Oral liq 250 mg per ml		
	Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
⇒	Restricted (RS1797)		
Ini	itiation		
Me	etabolic physician		
Re	e-assessment required after 12 months		
Fo	or the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate	synthetase, orniti	nine
	inscarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.	-	
Co	ontinuation		
Me	etabolic physician		
Re	e-assessment required after 12 months		
	e treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.		
Т۵	ALIGLUCERASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below		
Ţ		Elelyso	
	Restricted (RS1897)	Liciyoo	
	itiation		
	etabolic physician		
	e-assessment required after 12 months		
All	of the following:		continued
			oonanucu

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- continued...
 - 1 The patient has a diagnosis of symptomatic type 1 or type 3* Gaucher disease confirmed by the demonstration of specific deficiency of glucocerebrosidase in leukocytes or cultured skin fibroblasts, and genotypic analysis; and
 - 2 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) or the disease might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
 - 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has haematological complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.2 Patient has skeletal complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.3 Patient has significant liver dysfunction or hepatomegaly attributable to Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.4 Patient has reduced vital capacity from clinically significant or progressive pulmonary disease due to Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.5 Patient is a child and has experienced growth failure with significant decrease in percentile linear growth over a 6-12 month period; and
 - 4 Taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

Continuation

Metabolic physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 3 years

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has demonstrated a symptomatic improvement and has maintained improvements in the main symptom or symptoms for which therapy was started; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated a clinically objective improvement or no deterioration in haemoglobin levels, platelet counts and liver and spleen size; and
- 3 RRadiological (MRI) signs of bone activity performed at two years since initiation of treatment, and five yearly thereafter, demonstrate no deterioration shown by the MRI, compared with MRI taken immediately prior to commencement of therapy or adjusted dose; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Patient is adherent with regular treatment and taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

TAURINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- Cap 1,000 mg
- ↓ Powder

→ Restricted (RS1834)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected specific mitochondrial disorder that may respond to taurine supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of a specific mitochondrial disorder which responds to taurine supplementation; and 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2025	2,022.00	100	Trientine Waymade
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	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	ın. excl	. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS2026)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Wilson disease; and
- 2 Treatment with D-penicillamine has been trialled and discontinued because the person has experienced intolerable side effects or has not received sufficient benefit; and
- 3 Treatment with zinc has been trialled and discontinued because the person has experienced intolerable side effects or has not received sufficient benefit, or zinc is considered clinically inappropriate as the person has symptomatic liver disease and requires copper chelation.

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE			
Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	7.28	250	Calci-Tab 500
Tab eff 1.25 g (500 mg elemental)			
Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)			

Copper

→ Restricted (RS1928)

Initiation - Moderate to severe burns

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and
- 2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist.

COPPER - Restricted see terms above

1 Tab 2.5 mg, chelated

COPPER CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 0.4 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Fluoride

SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

lodine

POTASSIUM IODATE Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 5.99 POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE Oral liq 10% with iodine 5%	90	NeuroTabs
Iron		
FERROUS FUMARATE Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	100	Ferro-tab

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
	ې ب	Fei	
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID			
Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg - 5% D Dec-24 to 2027		100	Forra E Taba
FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID		100	Ferro-F-Tabs
Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg			
FERROUS SULFATE			
Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) – 5% DV Jan-23 to	2025 2.55	30	Ferrograd
Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml -5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		500 ml	Ferodan
FERROUS SULFATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID			
Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 50	00 mg		
IRON (AS FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE) - Restricted see terms b	•		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Ferinject
→ Restricted (RS1417)			,
Initiation			
Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inapprop	oriate.		
IRON (AS SUCROSE)		_	
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5	Venofer
IRON POLYMALTOSE		_	_ .
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Ferrosig
Magnesium			
MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE			
Cap 750 mg (150 mg elemental)			
MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE			
Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental)			
Suspension 8%			
MAGNESIUM OXIDE			
Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental)			
Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental)			
MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE, MAGNESIU		ELATE ANI	D MAGNESIUM CITRATE
Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium ami			
chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg eler	nental		
magnesium)			
MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 100 mg per ml, 40 ml bag			
Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag			
Inj 2 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule	75.06	10	Inresa
Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		10	Martindale
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag			
Selenium			
SELENIUM – Restricted see terms on the next page			
Oral liq 150 mcg per 3 drops			e.g. Clinicians selenium
Inj 300 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			oral drops

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 Restricted (RS1929) Initiation – Moderate to severe burns Limited to 3 months treatment Both: Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit special 			
Zinc			
ZINC Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule ZINC SULPHATE Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental)		100	Zincaps
Mouth and Throat			
Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3% BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CH Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE	HLORIDE		
Mouthwash 0.2% – 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027 DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg	3.99	200 ml	healthE
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Paste 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5.49	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives			
AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg	5.86	20	Fungilin
MICONAZOLE Oral gel 20 mg per g – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 NYSTATIN	5.19	40 g	Decozol
Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.22	24 ml	Nilstat

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Other Oral Agents			
HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] Inj 20 mg per ml			
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] – Restricted se ↓ Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe → Restricted (RS1175) Otolaryngologist	ee terms below		
Vitamins			
Multivitamin Preparations			
MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see		180	Clinicians Multivit &
→ Restricted (RS1498)			Mineral Boost
Initiation			
Limited to 3 months treatment Both:			
 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and Any of the following: 			
 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface a 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-derma 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake 	Il or deep dermal burns; o		
MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below			
✓ Cap → Restricted (RS1499)	7.28	30	Clinicians Renal Vit
Initiation			
Either:			

- Either:
 - 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
 - 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MULTIVITAMINS		Ψ		
Tab (BPC cap strength) – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		18.50	1,000	Mvite
I cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg, a tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 m cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg	alpha g,		.,	e.g. Vitabdeck
→ Restricted (RS1620)				
Initiation Any of the following:				
 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndro Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome. 	me; or			
Powder vitamin A 3200 mcg with vitamin D 100 mcg, vitamin E 54.3 vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 108 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, ribofla 4.4 mg, niacin 41 mg, vitamin B6 3.6 mg, folic acid 600 mcg, vi B12 9 mcg, biotin 120 mcg, pantothenic acid 24 mg, choline 1250 mg and inositol 700 mg	ivin tamin	74 88	200 g	Paediatric Seravit
→ Restricted (RS1178)		. / 4.00	200 g	
Initiation				
 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism. Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxi hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 50 with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxi hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 50 with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxi hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 m ampoule (1) 	00 mg (1) ne 00 mg ne			e.g. Pabrinex IV
Vitamin A				
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml Oral liq 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml				
Vitamin B				
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		2.46	3	Hydroxocobalamin Panpharma
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE				'
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Tab 50 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial			90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Pyridoxine multichem

ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISI	M
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Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 20254.65 Tab 100 mg	100	Thiamine multichem
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC11.25	500	Bplex
Vitamin C		
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	500	Cvite
Vitamin D		
ALFACALCIDOL		-
Cap 0.25 mcg	100 100	One-Alpha One-Alpha
Oral drops 2 mcg per ml	20 ml	One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL		
Cap 0.25 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 20257.89	100	Calcitriol-AFT
Cap 0.5 mcg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 13.68 Oral liq 1 mcg per ml lnj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	100	Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL		
Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	12 5 ml	Vit.D3 Clinicians

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

I Oral liq 156 u per ml

➡ Restricted (RS1632)

Initiation – Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically
 - inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation – Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- ↓ Cap 500 u

↓ Oral lig 156 u per ml

➡ Restricted (RS1176)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation – Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation – Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Antianaemics	¥	-	
Annanaemics			
Hypoplastic and Haemolytic			
EPOETIN ALFA – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	250.00	6	Binocrit
inj 2,000 iu in 1 ml syringe		6	Binocrit
Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe		6	Binocrit
Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe		6	Binocrit
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe		6	Binocrit
Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe		6	Binocrit
 Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe Inj 10 000 iu in 1 ml syringe 		6	Binocrit
		6 1	Binocrit
	250.00	I	Binocrit
Restricted (RS1660) Initiation – chronic renal failure			
All of the following:			
1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and			
2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and			
3 Any of the following:			
3.1 Both:			
3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and	00		
3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to	30mi/min; or		
3.2 Both:			
3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and	45		
3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to	45mi/min; or		
3.3 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.			
Initiation – myelodysplasia*			
Re-assessment required after 2 months			
All of the following:			
 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); ar 			
2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and			
3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on th	e WHO classification-	based pr	ognostic scoring system for
myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and			
4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency ha	ve been excluded; an	d	
5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and	·····		-1.
6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and w	iii not exceed 80,000 i	u per we	ek.
Continuation – myelodysplasia*			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced		t; and	
2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; a			
3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and w	III not exceed 80,000 i	u per we	ek.
Initiation – all other indications			

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

	Price			Brand or
(ex r	man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

EPOETIN BETA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 4,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe

➡ Restricted (RS1661)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; or
 - 3.3 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Haematologist; and
- 2 For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative; and
- 3 *Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Megaloblastic

FO	LIC	A	C	D	

Tab 0.8 mg		1,000	Folic Acid multichem	
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027	5.82	100	Folic Acid Viatris	
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml		25 ml	Biomed	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial				

30

		00010	
	Price (ex man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Scleros	ants		
ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Topical soln 20% w/v			e.g. Driclor
→ Restricted (RS1500) Initiation			
For use as a haemostatis agent.			
APROTININ – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 10,000 klU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1332)			
Initiation			
Cardiac anaesthetist			
Either:			
 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass proce Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where th adverse effects of the drug. 		ssive blee	eding outweighs the potential
ELTROMBOPAG – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg		28	Revolade
↓ Tab 50 mg	3,100.00	28	Revolade
→ Restricted (RS1648)			
Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenec Haematologist	tomy		
Re-assessment required after 6 weeks			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and			
2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and fail	iled after therapy of 3 r	nonths ea	ch (or 1 month for rituximab);
and			
3 Any of the following:			
 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platel mucocutaneous bleeding; or 	•		0
3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20),000 platelets per mici	rolitre and	has evidence of active
bleeding; or	000 platalata par mia	valitra	
3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10		ontre.	
Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation f Haematologist	or spieneciomy		
Limited to 6 weeks treatment			
The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splen	ectomy.		
Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-sple			
Haematologist	-		
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment duri	ng the initial approval o	or subseq	uent renewal periods and
further treatment is required.			
Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,(Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicate		litre	
Haematologist	a to spicilectonity		
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication	on to splenectomy for c	linical rea	isons; and

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

continued...

	Price		Brand or	
(ex ma	n. excl.	GST)	Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

EMICIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 30 mg in 1 ml vial) 1	Hemlibra
	Inj 60 mg in 0.4 ml vial7,138.00		Hemlibra
	Inj 105 mg in 0.7 ml vial		Hemlibra
	Inj 150 mg in 1 ml vial 17,846.00		Hemlibra

→ Restricted (RS1998)

Initiation - Severe Haemophilia A with or without FVIII inhibitors

Haematologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia A with a severe bleeding phenotype (endogenous factor VIII activity less than or equal to 2%); and
- 2 Emicizumab is to be administered at a dose of no greater than 3 mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks followed by the equivalent of 1.5 mg/kg weekly.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POLIDOCANOL

Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial

	(ex man.	ice excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule		þ		rei	Manufacturer
THROMBIN Powder					
TRANEXAMIC ACID Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025 Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027				60 5	Mercury Pharma Tranexamic-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027				5	Tranexamic-AFT
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents					
IDARUCIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	4,25	50.00		2	Praxbind

Initiation

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

EFTRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms	below		
Inj 250 iu vial	2.50	1	Alprolix
Inj 500 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 1,000 iu vial2,45		1	Alprolix
Inj 2,000 iu vial4,90	0.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 3,000 iu vial7,35	0.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 4,000 iu vial	0.00	1	Alprolix

→ Restricted (RS1684)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 2 mg syringe	2,356.60	1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
→ Restricted (RS1704)			

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is by named patient application to the Haemophilia Treaters Group. subject to access criteria.

FACTOR FIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 U 1,315.0	00 1	FEIBA NF
t	Inj 1,000 U2,630.0	00 1	FEIBA NF
	Inj 2,500 U		FEIBA NF
_	Destricted (DC170E)		

➡ Restricted (RS1705)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restri	cted see terms below		
Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe	2,300.00	1	Xyntha
Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha

→ Restricted (RS1706)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial1,740.00	1	RIXUBIS
		1	RIXUBIS

(RIXUBIS Inj 500 iu vial to be delisted 1 February 2025)

→ Restricted (RS1679)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

l	Inj 250 iu vial	210.00	1	Advate
l	Inj 500 iu vial		1	Advate
ſ	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
	Inj 1,500 iu vial		1	Advate
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1,680.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	2,520.00	1	Advate

(Advate Inj 250 iu vial to be delisted 1 February 2025)

(Advate Inj 1,500 iu vial to be delisted 1 February 2025)

➡ Restricted (RS1707)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

Inj 250 iu vial	 1	Kogenate FS
Inj 500 iu vial	1	Kogenate FS
Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	Kogenate FS
Inj 2,000 iu vial	1	Kogenate FS
Inj 3,000 iu vial	1	Kogenate FS
→ Restricted (RS1708)		e e

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RURIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] -	Restricted see terms	below	
Inj 250 iu vial		1	Adynovate
Inj 500 iu vial	600.00	1	Adynovate
Inj 1,000 iu vial	1,200.00	1	Adynovate
Inj 2,000 iu vial	2,400.00	1	Adynovate
(Adynovate Inj 250 iu vial to be delisted 1 February 2025)	·		

(Adynovate Inj 500 iu vial to be delisted 1 February 2025)

→ Restricted (RS1682)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

Vitamin K

PHYTOMENADIONE			
Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 250 mg vial
- ➡ Restricted (RS1181)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

DABIGATRAN

Cap 75 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	9 60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	9 60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	9 60	Pradaxa

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1182)

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule
- ➡ Restricted (RS1183)

Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml,

100 ml bag

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
NOXAPARIN SODIUM	Ŧ			
Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	21.90	10	Clexane	
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule		10	Olexane	
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane	
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane	
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane	
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane	
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane Forte	
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane Forte	
DNDAPARINUX SODIUM – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe				
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe				
Restricted (RS1184)				
itiation				
or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or	heparin intolerance			
EPARIN SODIUM				
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml vial – 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025	83.00	10	Heparin Sodium	
		10	Panpharma	
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			i anphainia	
Inj 1.000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	362.08	50	Hospira	
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Pfizer	
	25.49	10	Wockhardt	
	103.70	10	Wockhardt PSF	
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule	105.70		WOCKHAIULT OF	
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	70.33	5	Hospira	
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 10 ml vial		25	Pfizer	
		_0		
EPARINISED SALINE	06.01	50	Pfizer	
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Plizer	
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
IENINDIONE				
Tab 10 mg				
Tab 25 mg				
Tab 50 mg				
ROTAMINE SULPHATE				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
VAROXABAN				
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		30	Xarelto	
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	14.56	28	Xarelto	
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	14.56	28	Xarelto	
DDIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM C	HLORIDE			
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 74				
per ml, 5,000 ml bag				
	7 50	100	Marayan	
Tab 1 mg		100	Marevan	
Tab 2 mg	10.00	100	Marayan	
	12.00	100	Marevan	
Tab 3 mg Tab 5 mg		100	Marevan	

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026			Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg	12.65	5 990	Ethics Aspirin EC
CLOPIDOGREL Tab 75 mg – 5% DV May-23 to 2025		' 84	Arrow - Clopid
DIPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg Tab long-acting 150 mg Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		8 60	Pytazen SR
EPTIFIBATIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			Eptifibatide Viatris
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial → Restricted (RS1759) nitiation) 1	Eptifibatide Viatris
 Any of the following: 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes underg 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra 3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention. 	01		
YSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted s ↓ Inj 500 mg → Restricted (RS1689) nitiation soft:	see terms below		e.g. Aspegic
 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required p cardiology procedure; and Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure. 	rior to an urgent inte	erventional neu	ro-radiology or intervention
ICAGRELOR – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 90 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		56	Ticagrelor Sandoz
nitiation Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically f diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coror given in the last 24 hours and is not planned. nitiation – thrombosis prevention neurological stenting Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:			
1 Either:			
1.1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure*1.2 Patient is about to have a neurological stenting procedure			
2 Either:			
2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance us function assay and requires antiplatelet treatment w 2.2 Fither.		yNow) assay o	or another appropriate plate

2.2 Either:

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.1 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of a new cerebral ischemic event; or
- 2.2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of transient ischemic attack symptoms referable to the stent..

Continuation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.

Initiation - Percutaneous coronary intervention with stent deployment

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone percutaneous coronary intervention; and
- 2 Patient has had a stent deployed in the previous 4 weeks; and
- 3 Patient is clopidogrel-allergic**.

Initiation – Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation – Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Notes: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Note: ** Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Inj 5,000 iu vial Inj 10,000 iu vial Inj 50,000 iu vial Inj 100,000 iu vial Inj 250,000 iu vial Inj 500,000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR	 Restricted 	see terms	on the next	page

t	lnj 20 mg per ml,	1.2 ml vial	8,740.00	1	Mozobil
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	Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	<u>ې</u>	Fei	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1536)

Initiation – Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the fellowing

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.1.2 Either:
 - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10 \times 10^6 /L on day 5 after 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or
 - 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10⁶ CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or

3.2 Both:

- 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
- 3.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.2.1 Both:
 - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of > 5 $\times 10^9$ /L; and
 - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10 \times 10⁶/L; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 $\times 10^{6}$ CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or
- 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors

FILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10	Nivestim	
Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial	4	Neupogen	
Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10	Nivestim	
→ Restricted (RS1188)			
Haematologist or oncologist			
PEGFILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	1	Ziextenzo	
		Ziextenzo AU	
Bestricted (BS17/3)			

Restricted (RS1743)

Initiation

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5%*).

Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

Fluids and Electrolytes

Intravenous Administration

CALCIUM CHLORIDE

Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe

e.g. Baxter

(e	Price ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule			e.g. Max Health
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 l	ml		
bag Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,		18	Plasma-Lyte 148
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,			
1,000 ml bag		12	Plasma-Lyte 148
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium,			
98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate,			
glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag	239.04	12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml baglnj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,		18	Baxter
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
SLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag		10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 100 ml bag		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag		30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag		20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag Inj 10%, 500 ml bag		12 18	Baxter Glucose 10% Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 300 mi bag Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		1	Biomed
SLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
LUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlori 0.45%, 3,000 ml bag	ide		
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chlorid 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	de		
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag	е	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
LUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag	318.78	18	Baxter
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	204.84	12	Baxter
OTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE	1.01	Manufacturon
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 ml bag563.5	2 48	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml bag 192.7		Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml bag 299.4		Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml bag912.9		Baxter
	0 40	Daxiel
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE		
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule174.5	7 10	Hospira
RINGER'S SOLUTION		
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l,		
chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	2 12	Baxter
SODIUM ACETATE		
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule		
SODIUM BICARBONATE		
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial		
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial23.5		Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial24.1	0 1	Biomed
SODIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	0 20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	5 50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 12.0	0 30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)		
Initiation		
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.		
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 12.0	0 30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)	0 00	
Initiation		
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.		
	0 00	BD DeciEluch
↓ Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	0 30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297) Initiation		
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.		
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		Fresenius Kabi
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule		Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag		Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag165.8		Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag124.2		Baxter
147.7		Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag88.8		Baxter
105.6		Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag50.4		Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag27.5		Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	6 12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle		
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE]		
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule	0 5	Biomed

	F	Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST \$	Г) Per	Generic Manufacturer
WATER Inj 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025 Inj 20 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Inj 250 ml bag			50 20	Multichem Fresenius Kabi
Inj 500 ml bag Inj, 1,000 ml bag		.24.12	12	Baxter
Oral Administration				
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder	1	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES Powder for oral soln – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		9.53	50	Electral
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Soln with electrolytes - 5% DV May-24 to 2025		6.53	1,000 ml	Hydralyte - Lemonade
PHOSPHORUS Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)				
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol) Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) Oral lig 2 mmol per ml		.15.35	200	Span-K
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg		8.52	100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml				
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder		.84.65	454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders				
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag	1	139.10	10	Gelofusine

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	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System	n		
ACE Inhibitors			
CAPTOPRIL			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		100 ml	DP-Captopril
→ Restricted (RS1263)			
nitiation .ny of the following:			
1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or			
2 For use in tube-fed patients; or			
3 For management of rebound transient hypertension follow	ving cardiac surgery.		
CILAZAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 0.5 mg		90	Zapril
→ Tab 2.5 mg		90	Zapril
→ Tab 5 mg		90	Zapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025		90	Acetec
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025		90	Acetec
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	2.35	90	Acetec
ISINOPRIL			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	11.07	90	Ethics Lisinopril
			Teva Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 00 mg 5% DV Oat 00 to 2005	14.60	00	Teva Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		90	Ethics Lisinopril Teva Lisinopril
			reva Lisiliopili
ERINDOPRIL Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1 70	30	Coversyl
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		30	Coversyl
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		30	Coversyl
	0.04	00	ooversyn
Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	10.24	90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		90	Arrow-Quinapril 20
		00	
Cap 1.25 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	17.05	90	Truzon
Cap 1.25 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90 90	Tryzan Tryzan
Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90	Tryzan
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90	Tryzan
			•
Angiotensin II Antagonists			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL	0.00	00	Condector
Tab 4 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Tab 16 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90 90	Candestar Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90 90	Candestar
100 02 mg 0/0 04 1 00-20 10 2021		00	Janacolai

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	l (ex man.	Price			Brand or Generic
	(ex man.	\$	G31)	Per	Manufacturer
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM					
Tab 12.5 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026				84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		2.29	9	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		2.86	6	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		4.57	7	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics					
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE					
Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg		4.10)	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 16/12.5
Tab 32 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg		5.25	5	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 32/12.5
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE					
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 t	o 2025	4.00)	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibito	ors				

SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg	00 56	Entresto 24/26
t	Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg190.0	00 56	Entresto 49/51
t	Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg190.0	00 56	Entresto 97/103

➡ Restricted (RS2014)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
 - 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or
 - 2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 35%; or
 - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practical, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure treatments.

Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers

DOXAZOSIN Tab 2 mg Tab 4 mg	500 500	Doxazosin Clinect Doxazosin Clinect
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 10 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PRAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg	5 53	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 2 mg		100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 5 mg		100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Cap 1 mg		100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 2 mg		100	Prazosin Mylan
		100	2
Cap 5 mg	23.32	100	Prazosin Mylan
TERAZOSIN – Restricted: For continuation only			
➡ Tab 1 mg			
Antiarrhythmics			
Andannyunnics			
ADENOSINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Adsine
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Adenosine Baxter
➡ Restricted (RS1266)			
Initiation			
For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.			
AJMALINE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
→ Restricted (RS1001)			
Cardiologist			
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	3 /0	30	Aratac
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	۰۰۰۰۰، ۵.45 ۸ ۸۵	30	Aratac
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		10	Max Health
		10	
ATROPINE SULPHATE			
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	16.10	10	Juno
			Martindale
DIGOXIN			
Tab 62.5 mcg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	7.80	240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial			
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE			
Cap 100 mg			
	10.05	00	Flore Inde DMM
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		60	Flecainide BNM
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		90	Flecainide Controlled
Can lang acting 000 mg EV DV Aug 22 to 2026	F4 00	00	Release Teva
Cap long-acting 200 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	54.28	90	Flecainide Controlled
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	102 20	5	Release Teva Almarytm
ווון זיס וווץ אפר וווו, זיס וווי מוואסטופ		5	Tambocor
VABRADINE - Restricted see terms below	100.10		rambucur
_			
↓ Tab 5 mg			
➡ Restricted (RS1566)			
Initiation			
Both:			

continued...

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary ang 2 Either: 	iography; and		
2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per	r minute while taking a m	aximally to	plerated dose of beta blocke
or 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.			
MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 150 mg		100	Teva
	202.00	100	Teva
PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg			
Antihypotensives			
MIDODRINE – Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	MAR-Midodrine
↓ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Midodrine Medsurge MAR-Midodrine Midodrine Medsurge
➡ Restricted (RS1427)			Midourne Medsurge
Initiation Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.			
Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers			
ATENOLOL			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		500	Viatris
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		500	Atenolol Viatris
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		300 ml	Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE	1.00	00	Inco Bioonvolal
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026 Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90 90	lpca-Bisoprolol Ipca-Bisoprolol
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90	Ipca-Bisoprolol
CARVEDILOL			
Tab 6.25 mg	2.24	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg	2.95	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
CELIPROLOL – Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 200 mg			
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
LABETALOL			
Tab 50 mg	44.50	100	Tuondata
Tab 100 mg		100	Trandate Trandate
Tab 200 mg Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	27.00	100	Tanuale
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	4.20	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	3.65	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	5.24	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	9.76	90	Myloc CR

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Dei		Drand ar
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. eccr) \$	Per	Manufacturer
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		60	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg.		28	Slow-Lopresor
lnj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		5	Metoprolol IV Mylan
) 312 72 72			Metoprolol IV Viatris
NADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	Nadolol BNM
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	Nadolol BNM
PROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	7 04	100	Drofate
Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	IPCA-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg		100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml		100	
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	37 50	500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100	Mylan
Tab 100 mg 576 DV 041725 to 2025		100	Wylan
Calcium Channel Blockers			
Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers			
MLODIPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1 45	90	Vasorex
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90 90	Vasorex
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90 90	Vasorex
5		30	Vasolex
	0.40	00	
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90 90	Felo 5 ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	0.95	90	Felo 10 ER
SRADIPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Cap 2.5 mg			
VICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1699)			
nitiation			
Anaesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist			
Any of the following:			
1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an inter-	avenous agent; or		
2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or			
3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiop	ulmonary bypass.		
IFEDIPINE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg	19.42	56	Tensipine MR10
Tab long-acting 20 mg	17.72	100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg		100	Mylan (24 hr release)
	4.78	14	Mylan Italy (24 hr
			release)
Tab long-acting 60 mg		100	Mylan (24 hr release)
Cap 5 mg			

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IMODIPINE			
Tab 30 mg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	350.00	100	Nimotop
Inj 0.2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV May-24 to 2025		5	Nimotop
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 30 mg			
Cap long-acting 120 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	65.35	500	Diltiazem CD Clinect
Cap long-acting 180 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	9.30	30	Cardizem CD
lnj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
PERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg	62.90	100	Pexsig
			-
Tab 40 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg		100	Isoptin SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg		30	Isoptin SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Isoptin
Centrally-Acting Agents CLONIDINE Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mcg – 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025 Tab 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027 Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 January 2 Medsurge Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 January 2 METHYLDOPA Tab 250 mg		4 4 112 100 5 10	Mylan Mylan Mylan Clonidine Teva Catapres Catapres Medsurge Methyldopa Viatris
Diuretics Loop Diuretics			
	10.00	100	Durinov
Tab 1 mg	10.30	100	Burinex
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial			
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1,000	IPCA-Frusemide
Tab 500 mg		50	Urex Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml		30 ml	Lasix
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		5	Furosemide-Baxter
Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule	60 6E	6	Lasix

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bag		12 18	Baxter Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDI Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg	E		
Potassium Sparing Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml	99.71	25 ml	Biomed
EPLERENONE – Restricted see terms below		23 111	Diomeu
 ↓ Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 ↓ Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1640) Initiation Both: 1 Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40% 	25.00	30 30	Inspra Inspra
 2 Either: 2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolacto 2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant adverse 	ne; or	l dosing c	of spironolactone.
SPIRONOLACTONE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	3.68	100	Spiractin
Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Oral liq 5 mg per ml		100 25 ml	Spiractin Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE Oral liq 50 mg per ml	29.21	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE] Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 METOLAZONE Tab 5 mg		90	Dapa-Tabs

	ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
Vasopressin receptor antagonists				
TOLVAPTAN – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 15 mg		28	Jinarc	
I Tab 30 mg		28	Jinarc	
Tab 45 mg + 15 mg	1,747.00	56	Jinarc	
Tab 60 mg + 30 mg	1,747.00	56	Jinarc	
Tab 90 mg + 30 mg	1,747.00	56	Jinarc	
➡ Restricted (RS1930)				
Initiation outcome language neuroptic kidney dies				

Drico

Drand or

Initiation – autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease; and
- 2 Patient has an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) of greater than or equal to 25 ml/min/1.73 m² at treatment initiation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with a decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 5 mL/min/1.73 m² within one-year; or
 - 3.2 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with an average decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 2.5 mL/min/1.73 m² per year over a five-year period.

Continuation - autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has not developed end-stage renal disease, defined as an eGFR of less than 15 mL/min/1.73 m²; and
- 2 Patient has not undergone a kidney transplant.

Lipid-Modifying Agents

Fibrates

BEZAFIBRATE		
Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	30	Bezalip Retard
11110 Oc & Deductore Inhibitory (Otation)		
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)		
ATORVASTATIN		
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202713.79	500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN		
Tab 10 mg		
Tab 20 mg – 5% DV May-24 to 20267.16	100	Clinect
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 202612.25	100	Clinect
ROSUVASTATIN – Restricted see terms on the next page		
I Tab 5 mg − 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
I Tab 10 mg − 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 20262.71	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
↓ Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 20264.55	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris

1 Item restricted (see \rightarrow above); **1** Item restricted (see \rightarrow below)

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
Ψ	1 61	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1868)

Initiation - cardiovascular disease risk

Fither:

- 1 Both
 - 1.1 Patient is considered to be at risk of cardiovascular disease; and
 - 1.2 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has a calculated risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years: and
 - 2.2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - familial hypercholesterolemia

Both:

- 1 Patient has familial hypercholesterolemia (defined as a Dutch Lipid Criteria score greater than or equal to 6); and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - established cardiovascular disease Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has proven coronary artery disease (CAD); or
 - 1.2 Patient has proven peripheral artery disease (PAD); or
 - 1.3 Patient has experienced an ischaemic stroke: and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.4 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastation and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - recurrent major cardiovascular events

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced a recurrent major cardiovascular event (defined as myocardial infarction, ischaemic stroke, coronary revascularisation, hospitalisation for unstable angina) in the last 2 years; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.0 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin

SIMVASTATIN

Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	3 90	Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 20262.54	4 90	Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		Simvastatin Viatris

Resins

CHOLESTYRAMINE Powder for oral liq 4 g		
COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE Grans for oral liq 5 g		
COLESTYRAMINE Powder for oral suspension 4 g sachet61.50	50	Colestyramine - Mylan
Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors		
EZETIMIBE Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 1.76	30	Ezetimibe Sandoz

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg	5.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg	6.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg	7.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg		30	Zimybe

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

Nitrates

GLYCERYL TRINITRATE		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule118.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose7.48	250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE		
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	100	Ismo 20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	90	Duride
Other Cardiac Agents		
I EVOSIMENDAN – Bestricted see terms below		
↓ Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 5% DV Nov-24 to 2027	1	Simdax
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		Jilluax
→ Restricted (RS1007)		
Initiation – Heart transplant		
Fither:		
	rangelant: or	
1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for t	ranspiant, or	
2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.		
Initiation – Heart failure		
Cardiologist or intensivist		
For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to	o dobutamine.	
Sympathomimetics		
Sympathonimetros		
ADRENALINE		

ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule	98	5	Aspen Adrenaline
13.	27		DBL Adrenaline
25.	30 1	0	Hameln
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial			
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule49.0	00 1	0	Aspen Adrenaline
27.0	00	5	Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe			
DOBUTAMINE			
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202761.	13	5	Dobutamine-hameIn

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE	*	-	
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Dopamine Basi Max Health Ltd
EPHEDRINE	140.00	10	Enhadring lung
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		10 10	Ephedrine Juno Max Health
ISOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL] Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule METARAMINOL Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	50.00	10	Torbay
NORADRENALINE Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	45.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		25	Neosynephrine HCL
Vasodilators			
ALPROSTADIL - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 10 mcg vial ↓ Inj 20 mcg vial → Restricted (RS1992) Initiation Both: 1 Patient has erectile dysfunction; and 2 Patient is to receive a penile Doppler ultrasonography.			
ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DIAZOXIDE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE ↓ Tab 25 mg → Restricted (RS1008) Initiation Either:	2,030.33	5	Prostin VR

continued...

		excl. GST)	_	Generic
			Per	Manufacturer
		\$	rei	Manulaciulei
continued 1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or				
 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers. 	in patients	who are int	olerant c	or have not responded to
Inj 20 mg ampoule		25.90	5	Apresoline
VILRINONE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		68.00	10	Milrinone-Baxter
VINOXIDIL Tab 10 mg		78.40	100	Loniten
VICORANDIL Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2025		21.73	60	Max Health
Tab 20 mg – 5% DV May-24 to 2025		27.44	60	Max Health
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial				
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	2	57.12	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]				
Tab 400 mg SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE				
Inj 50 mg vial				
Endothelin Receptor Antagonists				
AMBRISENTAN – Restricted see terms below	-			
Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			30 30	Ambrisentan Viatris Ambrisentan Viatris
→ Restricted (RS1981)				
nitiation – PAH monotherapy Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant pra	atitionar on	the recomm	nondatio	n of a recairatory capacialist
cardiologist or rheumatologist	cutioner on	the recomi	nenualio	in or a respiratory specialis
imited to 6 months treatment				
All of the following:				
 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical cla 	assifications	s; and		
3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organizati			tional cla	iss II, III or IV; and
4 Any of the following:				
4.1 All of the following:	ination: and			
4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheteri4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greaters			less peri	Fontan repair): and
4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) I	less than o	equal to 1	5 mmHg	; and
4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 W cm^{-5}); and	ood Units o	or greater th	an 160 I	nternational Units (dyn s
4.1.5 Any of the following:				
4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-re				essment using iloprost or te below for link to these
guidelines) †; or 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable		to coloium	ontonc	int transforment and are the

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 Both:

- 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with both sildenafil and bosentan; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Initiation – PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil or bosentan) for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy including bosentan and has experienced intolerable side effects on bosentan; and
 - 5.3 Both:

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 5.3.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy; and
- 5.3.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (eg due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease).

Initiation – PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 Both:

- 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Both:
 - 5.2.2.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
 - 5.2.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist,

 Price		Brand or
 (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer

continued...

cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

The patient is continuing to derive benefit from ambrisentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool**. Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH</u>

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 62.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027.	 60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
t	Tab 125 mg - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	 60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's

➡ Restricted (RS1982)

Initiation – PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 Both:

- 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil; or
 - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Initiation – PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist,

Price	\ \	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

cardiologist or rheumatologist *Limited to 6 months* treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy; and
 - 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil) for at least three months and has experienced an inadequate therapeutic response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would likely benefit from initial dual therapy.

Initiation – PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) † ; or
- 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 Both:

- 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH triple therapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from bosentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool**.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and</u> treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

SII	DENAFIL – Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20270.72	4	Vedafil
	Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 1.45		Vedafil
		12	Vedafil

Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1983)

Initiation – tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH is confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) of greater than 20 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) that is less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 2 Wood Units or at least 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH is non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures.

Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and</u> treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

Prostacyclin Analogues

EΡ	OPROSTENOL – Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Inj 500 mcg vial	1	Veletri
t	Inj 1.5 mg vial	1	Veletri

 Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS1984)

Initiation – PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
 - 5.3 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool.

Initiation – PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s

continued...

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or
			Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

 cm^{-5}); and

4.1.5 Any of the following:

- 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
- 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 Both:

- 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from epoprostenol treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and</u> treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

ILOPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule	.380.00	5	llomedin
t	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	.185.03	30	Vebulis

→ Restricted (RS1985)

Initiation – PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
- 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
- 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
- 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 Both:

- 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
- 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil and both the funded endothelin receptor antagonists (i.e. both bosentan and ambrisentan); or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to endothelin receptor antagonists.

Initiation – PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures ; and

- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has an absolute contraindication to or has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to or experienced intolerable side effects with a funded endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.3 Either:
 - 5.3.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.3.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy.

Initiation – PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:

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- 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	

5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from iloprost treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and</u> treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol)	8.56	10 g	Crystaderm
MAFENIDE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Powder 50 g sachet → Restricted (RS1299) nitiation			
For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Oint 2% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		5 g 5 g	Foban Foban
SULFADIAZINE SILVER Crm 1%	15.44 10.80	50 g	Ascend Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	21 87	5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% → Soln 1% - Restricted: For continuation only		0 111	in joor an
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1.10	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE → Crm 1% - Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1%			
<pre>KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% - 5% DV May-24 to 2026 METRONIDAZOLE</pre>	4.09	100 ml	Sebizole
Gel 0.75% VICONAZOLE NITRATE			
Crm 2% – 5% DV May-24 to 2026 → Lotn 2% – Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%	0.90	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	4.25	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN Lotn 5% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.28	30 ml	A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1%			
Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN Cap 5 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	11.26	60	Oratane
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		120	Oratane
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	26.73	120	Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE			
Crm, aqueous, BP - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	3.45	100 g	healthE Calamine Aqueous
CROTAMITON Crm 10% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	1.47	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	4.30	500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone
Crm 10% pump bottle	4.52	500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	(ex man: exel: 001) \$	Per	Manufacturer
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL			
Crm		20 g	Orion
Oint - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2025		500 g	Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.		000 g	LValu
Oint, BP	1.26	20 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less.	1.20	20 y	nealuiL
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT			
Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%			e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients			
AQUEOUS CREAM			
Crm 100 g - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		100 g	Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			
Crm 500 g - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	1.65	500 g	Evara
	1.73	000 g	GEM Aqueous Cream
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g			
(GEM Aqueous Cream Crm 500 g to be delisted 1 March 2025)	•		
CETOMACROGOL			
Crm BP, 500 g – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.29	500 g	Cetomacrogol-AFT
Crm BP, 100 g			
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL			
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,	1 65	100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.		100 g	neanne
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% – 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025	0.10	500 ml	Evara
	3.50	1,000 ml	Evara
Note: DV/ limit applies to the peak sizes of greater than 100 a		1,000 mi	Evala
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g			
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT			
Oint BP - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.30	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.			
Oint BP, 500 g - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	3.13	500 g	Emulsifying Ointment
		0	ADE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.			
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN			
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10	1%		e.g. QV cream
	0.10		c.g. QV cicam
DIL IN WATER EMULSION			
Crm, 100 g - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	1.43	100 g	Fatty Emulsion Cream
			(Evara)
	1.59		healthE Fatty Cream
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			
Crm, 500 g - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	2.04	500 g	Fatty Cream AFT
	2.10	-	Fatty Emulsion Cream
			(Evara)
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g			N P P
healthE Fatty Cream Crm, 100 g to be delisted 1 April 2025)			
(Fatty Cream AFT Crm, 500 g to be delisted 1 April 2025)			
r any ordani Ar i offit, out y to be densited i April 2020)			

	(ex man	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN					
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% – 5% DV Ma to 2025	•	1.84	1	100 g	White Soft Liquid Paraffin AFT
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. White soft Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to bo	th white s	oft pai	raffin a		
White soft, - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		4.74	1	450 g	EVARA White Soft Paraffin
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 500 g or less and g Yellow soft	greater th	an 30	g.		i didiini
Lotn liquid paraffin 85%					e.g QV Bath Oil
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT					
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%					e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%					e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA					
Crm 10% WOOL FAT Crm		1.37	7	100 g	healthE Urea Cream
Corticosteroids					
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE Crm 0.05% – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.		.36.00)	50 g	Diprosone
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.		.36.00)	50 g	Diprosone

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE		
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20277.90	50 g	Beta Ointment
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	50 ml	Betnovate
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE		
Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 20252.40	30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 20252.33	30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE		

Crm 0.05%

DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE - Restricted: For continuation only

➡ Crm 0.1%

➡ Fatty oint 0.1%

HYDROCORTISONE

Crm 1%, 30 g – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1.78	30 g	Ethics
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to 100 g.		•	
Crm 1%, 500 g – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	.20.40	500 g	Noumed
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% – 5% DV Jun-24			
to 2026	. 12.83	250 ml	DP Lotn HC

		Price excl. GS	ST)	Brand or Generic
	·	\$	Per	Manufacturer
IYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE				
Crm 0.1%		4.85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1%		.10.28	100 g	Locoid
Milky emul 0.1%		.12.33	100 ml	Locoid Crelo
/ETHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE				
Crm 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4 95	15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			15 g	Advantan
IOMETASONE FUROATE				
Crm 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		0.05	15 a	Elocon Alcohol Free
Giii 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			15 g	
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		3.50	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oilil 0.1% - 3% DV Fed-23 to 2027			15 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		3.50	50 g	Elocon
		4.99	30 ml	Elocon
RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE				
Crm 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			100 g	Aristocort
Oint 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		6.54	100 g	Aristocort
Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents ETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted s	aa tarma k	alaw		
 → Restricted (RS1125) nitiation Either: For the treatment of intertrigo; or For continuation use. 				
ETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDI Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%	C ACID]			
HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE				
Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		2.85	15 g	Micreme H
YDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN			- 3	
Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%		3 35	15 g	Pimafucort
			•	
RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GR Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg an gramicidin 250 mcg per g			STATIN	
Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations				
CITRETIN				
Cap 10 mg – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		.26.20	60	Novatretin
Cap 25 mg – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026			60	Novatretin
ETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL		50.05	00	Frailler
Foam spray 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g			60 g	Enstilar
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2			60 g	Daivobet
Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to	2027	. 14.31	30 g	Daivobet
ALCIPOTRIOL				
		40.00	100	

120 g

Daivonex

COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%

1 Item restricted (see \rightarrow above); **1** Item restricted (see \rightarrow below)

(ex 1	-	Price excl. \$. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN] Tab 10 mg Lotn 1.2%					
PIMECROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below ↓ Crm 1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 → Restricted (RS1781) Initiation Dermatologist, paediatrician or ophthalmologist Both:		. 33.0	0	15 g	Elidel
 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the eyelid; and Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical conduction documented epidermal atrophy, documented allergy to topical corticor pressure. 					
PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium – 5% DV					
Feb-24 to 2026		5.4	1	500 ml	Pinetarsol
POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE Tab 400 mg Crystals					
TACROLIMUS ↓ Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 → Restricted (RS1859) Initiation		. 33.0	0	30 g	Zematop
Dermatologist or paediatrician Both:					
 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the face; and Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical conduction documented epidermal atrophy or documented allergy to topical cortications 				periorificial	dermatitis, rosacea,

Scalp Preparations		
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE Scalp app 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 12.95	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Scalp app 0.05% – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	30 ml	Dermol
Scalp lotn 0.1%	100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations		
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5%	3.5 ml	Condyline

Other Skin Preparations

DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2%

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	τ)	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. 65 \$	Per	Manufacturer
IMIQUIMOD			
Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet	21.72	24	Perrigo
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY			
Lotn – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	6.50	200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
Antineoplastics			
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM Crm 5% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5 50	00 -	Et. dia
		20 g	Efudix
METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted se Crm 16%	ee terms below		
→ Restricted (RS1127)			
Dermatologist or plastic surgeon			
Wound Management Products			
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			

Gel 2.5%

72

e.g. Orion

-	Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
·	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Agents			
ACETIC ACID			
Soln 3% Soln 5%			
ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC A Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator	CID		
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Crm 1% Lotn 1%			
CLOTRIMAZOLE			
Vaginal crm 1% with applicator - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		35 g	Clomazol
Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	3.85	20 g	Clomazol
Vaginal crm 2% with applicator	6.89	40 g	Micreme
VYSTATIN		- 5	
Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) $-$ 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 .	5.70	75 g	Nilstat
Contraceptives			
Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives			
CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5.08	168	Ginet
		100	Ginet
Combined Oral Contraceptives			
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL			
Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg			
Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets -5% DV			
Aug-23 to 2025 Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 5% DV	1.50	84	Lo-Oralcon 20 ED
Aug-23 to 2025	1.50	84	Oralcon 30 ED
Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg			
Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mgTab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg and 7 inert tab	. 12.25	84	Alyacen
Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg			Brevinor 1/28
· ····································			

	(ex man.	rice excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices					
NTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width - 5% DV Nov-24 to 2025		29.80	0	1	Choice 380 7med Nsha Silver/copper
IUD 33.6 mm length × 29.9 mm width – 5% DV Nov-24 to 2025 IUD 35.5 mm length × 19.6 mm width – 5% DV Nov-24 to 2025				1 1	Short TCu 380 Plus Normal Cu 375 Standard
Emergency Contraception					
EVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		1.7	5	1	Levonorgestrel BNM
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives					
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Intra-uterine device 52 mg Intra-uterine device 13.5 mg	1(2(06.92 69.50	2)	84 1 1	Microlut Jadelle Mirena Jaydess
INITAGENIE GOLGE 13.5 ING IEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe IORETHISTERONE				1	Depo-Provera
Tab 350 mcg	······································	12.2	5	84	Norethinderone - CDC Noriday Noriday 28
Obstetric Preparations					
Antiprogestogens					
AIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg					
Oxytocics					
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE Pessaries 10 mg Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g		6E 01	2	1	Prostin E2

vaginai gei i mg in 3 g			Prostin E2	
Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g	82.33	1	Prostin E2	
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE				
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	160.00	5	DBL Ergometrine	
OXYTOCIN				
Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		5	Oxytocin BNM	
Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	5.98	5	Oxytocin BNM	
OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE				
Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule -5%				
DV Dec-22 to 2025		5	Syntometrine	

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Tocolytics			
PROGESTERONE Cap 100 mg − 5% DV May-23 to 2025 TERBUTALINE − Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mcg ampoule → Restricted (RS1130) Obstetrician	14.85	30	Utrogestan
OESTRIOL Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Pessaries 500 mcg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		15 g 15	Ovestin Ovestin
Urologicals			
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors			
FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 → Restricted (RS1131) Initiation Both: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 Either: 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blocke 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective	rs or these are contrain	100 dicated; or	Ricit
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers			
 TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 400 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 → Restricted (RS1132) Initiation Both: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or the 		100	Tamsulosin-Rex
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml → Restricted (RS1133) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and 2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two yee		200 ml	Biomed
SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		28	Ural

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Urinary Antispasmodics			
OXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	5.42	100	Alchemy Oxybutynin
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE Tab 5 mg Tab 10 mg		30 30	Solifenacin Viatris Solifenacin Viatris

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

Tab 2.5 mg

⇒ Restricted (RS1302)

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

CYPROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg	14.37	50	Siterone
Tab 100 mg	28.03	50	Siterone
TESTOSTERONE			
Gel (transdermal) 16.2 mg per g – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2027	52.00	88 g	Testogel
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	85.00	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg, testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate			
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE			
Cap 40 mg – Restricted: For continuation only			
Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	86.00	1	Reandron 1000
Calcium Homeostasis			
CALCITONIN		_	
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	121.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		28	Cinacalet Devatis
Tab 60 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	50.47	28	Cinacalet Devatis
→ Restricted (RS1931)			
Initiation – parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis			
Nephrologist or endocrinologist			

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
- 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
- 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

thiosulfate.

Continuation – parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.
- Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

Initiation - primary hyperparathyroidism

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has primary hyperparathyroidism; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 3 mmol/L with or without symptoms; or
 - 2.2 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 2.85 mmol/L with symptoms; and
- 3 Surgery is not feasible or has failed; and
- 4 Patient has other comorbidities, severe bone pain, or calciphylaxis.

Initiation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- All of the following:
 - 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has tertiary hyperparathyroidism and markedly elevated parathyroid hormone (PTH) with hypercalcaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient has symptomatic secondary hyperparathyroidism and elevated PTH; and
 - 2 Patient is on renal replacement therapy; and
 - 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Residual parathyroid tissue has not been localised despite repeat unsuccessful parathyroid explorations; or
 - 3.2 Parathyroid tissue is surgically inaccessible; or
 - 3.3 Parathyroid surgery is not feasible.

Continuation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had a kidney transplant, and following a treatment free interval of at least 12 weeks a clinically acceptable parathyroid hormone (PTH) level to support ongoing cessation of treatment has not been reached; or
- 2 The patient has not received a kidney transplant and trial of withdrawal of cinacalcet is clinically inappropriate.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

	Ini 4 mg per 5 ml. vial – 5% DV	Dec-24 to 2027			Zoledronic acid Viatris
--	---------------------------------	----------------	--	--	-------------------------

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml52.80	25 ml	Biomed

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	1	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	7.86	10	Hameln
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	13.10	10	Hameln
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	11.46	100	Florinef
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg	8.10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg	20.32	100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	3.96	1	Solu-Cortef
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg		100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial	22.30	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 125 mg vial	34.10	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 1 g vial		1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	47.06	5	Depo-Medrol
PREDNISOLONE			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 2.5 mg	21.04	500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 20 mg	50.51	500	Prednisone Clinect
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 10% DV Feb-24 to 2026	21.42	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Kenacort-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL

Tab Ting			
Gel (transdermal) 0.06% (750 mcg/actuation) - 5% DV Nov-24			
to 31 Oct 2027		80 g	Estrogel
Patch 25 mcg per day		8	Estradot
	21.35		Lyllana
Patch 50 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	21.55		Lyllana
Patch 75 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	22.37		Lyllana
Patch 100 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	22.77		Lyllana

	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DESTRADIOL VALERATE			
Tab 1 mg	12.36	84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg	12.36	84	Progynova
DESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)			
Tab 300 mcg			
Tab 625 mcg			
Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations			
DESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate			
Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate			
Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol			
(12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)			
DESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone			
acetate			
Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone			
acetate			
Progestogens			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 2.5 mg	6.56	30	Provera
Tab 5 mg		100	Provera
Tab 10 mg	10.28	30	Provera
Other Endocrine Agents			
CABERGOLINE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 0.5 mg	4.43	2	Dostinex
,	17.94	8	Dostinex
→ Restricted (RS1855)			
nitiation			
Any of the following:			
1 Inhibition of lactation; or			
2 Patient has hyperprolactinemia; or			
3 Patient has acromegaly.			
Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.			
CLOMIFENE CITRATE	00.04	10	Mulan Claminhar
Tab 50 mg	29.84	10	Mylan Clomiphen
GESTRINONE			
Cap 2.5 mg			
METYRAPONE			
Cap 250 mg			
PENTAGASTRIN			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			

OESTRADIOL

Implant 50 mg

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Dor	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OESTRIOL		~~	• "
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		30	Ovestin
Other Progestogen Preparations			
other Progestogen Preparations			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE			
Tab 100 mg		100	Provera HD
NORETHISTERONE			D () () ()
Tab 5 mg	5.49	30	Primolut N
Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogu	ies		
	200		
CORTICORELIN (OVINE)			
Inj 100 mcg vial			
THYROTROPIN ALFA			
Inj 900 mcg vial			
Adrenocorticotropic Hormones			
•			
TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN] Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	96.25	1	Synaathan
		I	Synacthen UK Synacthen
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		1	Synacthen Depot
GnRH Agonists and Antagonists			
BUSERELIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial			
GONADORELIN			
Inj 100 mcg vial			
GOSERELIN			
Implant 3.6 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1	Zoladex
Implant 10.8 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1	Zoladex
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe		1 1	Lucrin Depot 1-month
Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe		1	Lucrin Depot 3-month
Gonadotrophins			
CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA			
Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Growth Hormone			
SOMATROPIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg cartridge – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Omnitrope
Inj 10 mg cartridge - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Omnitrope
Inj 15 mg cartridge − 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Omnitrope
→ Restricted (RS1826)			
Initiation – growth hormone deficiency in children Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Either:			continued.
Broducto with Heapital Supply Status (HSS) are in hold			

Prie	се		Brand or
(ex man. e	xcl. GS		Generic
 \$	5	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation – Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* All of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

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Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for somatropin for childhood deficiency in children and no longer meets the renewal criteria under this indication; and
 - 3.2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
 - 3.3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
 - 3.4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
 - 3.5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until the serum IGF-I is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	l (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ODINE					
Soln BP 50 mg per ml					
EVOTHYROXINE					
Tab 25 mcg					
Tab 50 mcg					
Tab 100 mcg					
↓ Tab 20 mcg → Restricted (RS1301)					
nitiation					
or a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cance	r who are du	e to re	ceive	radioiodir	ne therapy.
Inj 20 mcg vial					
Inj 100 mcg vial					
POTASSIUM IODATE					
Tab 170 mg					
POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE					
Cap 200 mg					
PROPYLTHIOURACIL – Restricted see terms below					
[[] Tab 50 mg		.35.00)	100	PTU
→ Restricted (RS1276)					
nitiation					
Both:					
 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is con 	ntraindicated				
	Initalinulcaleu				
PROTIRELIN					
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule					
Vasopressin Agents					
RGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]					
Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule					
DESMOPRESSIN		47.00	`	20	Minivin Malt
Wafer 120 mcg		.47.00)	30	Minirin Melt
ESMOPRESSIN ACETATE		05.00	、	00	Minim
Tab 100 mcg Tab 200 mcg				30 30	Minirin Minirin
Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026				6 ml	Desmopressin-PH&1
Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			•	0.11	
Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule					
Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml					
ERLIPRESSIN					
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		215.00)	5	Glypressin
		110.00)		Terlipressin Ever

Pharma

(Glypressin Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 February 2025)

	Price (ex man. excl. 0 \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
AMIKACIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	21.43	1	Biomed
 Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 	160.07	5	DBL Amikacin
 Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Restricted (RS1041) 		Э	DDL Amikacin
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	95.00	5	DBL Gentamicin
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Cidomycin P/Free
	91.90	50	Gentamicin Noridem
	18.38	10	Pfizer
PAROMOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 250 mg		16	Humatin
➡ Restricted (RS1603)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist			
STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
 Restricted (RS1043) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia 	liet		
TOBRAMYCIN	101		
↓ Powder			
→ Restricted (RS1475)			
Initiation			
For addition to orthopaedic bone cement.			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Tobramycin (Viatris)
➡ Restricted (RS1044)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
➡ Restricted (RS1044)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		56 dose	Tobramycin BNM
→ Restricted (RS1435)			
Initiation Datiant has quatic fibracia			
Patient has cystic fibrosis.			
Carbapenems			
ERTAPENEM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial	70.00	1	Invanz
➡ Restricted (RS1045)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial	60.00	1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. G		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. G	Per	Manufacturer
Restricted (RS1046)			
inical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
EROPENEM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		10	Meropenem-AFT
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		10	Meropenem-AFT
Restricted (RS1047)			-
nical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generati	on		
FALEXIN			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	Flynn
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
	10.38		Flynn
	0.00	-	
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		5 5	Cefazolin-AFT Cefazolin-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		5 5	Cefazolin-AFT
iiij 2 g viai – 5% DV wai-24 to 2020		5	Celazoliii-AF I
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generat	ion		
FACLOR			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		100	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
FOXITIN			
Inj 1 g vial			
FUROXIME			
Tab 250 mg			
Inj 750 mg vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	0.40	40	
		10	Cefuroxime Devatis
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		10	Cefuroxime Devatis
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	13.01		
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati FOTAXIME	13.01 on	10	Cefuroxime Devatis
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati FOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial		10	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati FOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		10	Cefuroxime Devatis
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati FOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 FTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below		10 1 10	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati FOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 FTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		10	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati FOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 FTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1048)		10 1 10	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation EFOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 EFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1048) Inical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory s		10 1 10	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati EFOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 EFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1048) inical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory s EFTRIAXONE		10 1 10	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime Ceftazidime Kabi
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati FOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 FTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1048) nical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory s FTRIAXONE Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10 1 10 10	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime Ceftazidime Kabi Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati FOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 FTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1048) nical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory s FTRIAXONE Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10 1 10 10 10 1 5	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime Ceftazidime Kabi Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati FOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 FTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1048) nical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory s FTRIAXONE Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10 1 10 10	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime Ceftazidime Kabi Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati FOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 FTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1048) nical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory s FTRIAXONE Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025		10 1 10 10 10 1 5	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime Ceftazidime Kabi Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT
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Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generati EFOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 EFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1048) inical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory s EFTRIAXONE Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10 1 10 10 10 1 5	Cefuroxime Devatis Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime Ceftazidime Kabi Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1049) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Genera	ition		
CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL – Restricted see terms below Inj 600 mg vial Restricted (RS1446) Initiation – multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist Either: 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivi		10 pies.	Zinforo
Macrolides			
 AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Tab 500 mg	and atypical Mycobacte and atypical Mycobacte nt or bone marrow transpla nylaxis for bronchiolitis oblit Pseudomonas aeruginosa o	nt and req erans syn	uires treatment for drome*; or
 3 Either: 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their b 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for 12 month period. Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A trifibrosis will be subsidised in the community. Continuation – non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis* Respiratory specialist or paediatrician <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin tree 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has n fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless completed stores and the second stores are second. 	treatment of infective resp naximum of 24 months of a atment for non-cystic fibros ot received any further azit	iratory exa azithromyc is bronchi hromycin	acerbations within a cin treatment for non-cystic ectasis; and treatment for non-cystic

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ontinued 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 month	s' azithromvcin cumulativ	e treatment	(see note).
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A	•		· /
brosis will be subsidised in the community.			
nitiation – other indications			
Re-assessment required after 5 days for any other condition.			
Continuation – other indications			
Re-assessment required after 5 days			
or any other condition.			
CLARITHROMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	8.53	14	Klacid
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		14	Klacid
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml		50 ml	Klacid
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	9.10	1	Klacid IV
nitiation – Tab 250 mg and oral liquid			
ny of the following:			
1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or			
2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug	resistance or intolerance	to standar	d pharmaceutical agents;
3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or			
3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg			
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg 			
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg lelicobacter pylori eradication. 			
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg lelicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion 			
3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following:			
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion vny of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 	ical or dental procedures	if amoxicilli	n is contra-indicated.
3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg lelicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion wny of the following:	ical or dental procedures	if amoxicilli	n is contra-indicated.
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg lelicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion sury of the following: Atypical mycobacterial infection; or Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. 	ical or dental procedures	if amoxicilli	n is contra-indicated.
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion uny of the following: Atypical mycobacterial infection; or Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug Community-acquired pneumonia. 	ical or dental procedures	if amoxicilli	n is contra-indicated.
3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Ny of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	ical or dental procedures resistance or intolerance 	if amoxicilli e to standare	n is contra-indicated.
3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg	ical or dental procedures resistance or intolerance 	if amoxicilli e to standard 100	n is contra-indicated. d pharmaceutical agents; E-Mycin
3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg hitiation – Tab 500 mg lelicobacter pylori eradication. hitiation – Infusion ny of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)	ical or dental procedures resistance or intolerance 	if amoxicilli e to standard 100 100 ml	n is contra-indicated. d pharmaceutical agents; E-Mycin E-Mycin
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg lelicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion nny of the following: Atypical mycobacterial infection; or Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	ical or dental procedures resistance or intolerance 	if amoxicilli e to standard 100 100 ml	n is contra-indicated. d pharmaceutical agents; E-Mycin E-Mycin
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 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg	ical or dental procedures resistance or intolerance 	if amoxicilli e to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml	n is contra-indicated. d pharmaceutical agents; r E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surginitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion ny of the following: Atypical mycobacterial infection; or Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)	ical or dental procedures resistance or intolerance 	if amoxicilli e to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml	n is contra-indicated. d pharmaceutical agents; E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surginitiation – Tab 500 mg lelicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion ny of the following: Atypical mycobacterial infection; or Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	ical or dental procedures resistance or intolerance 	if amoxicilli e to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml	n is contra-indicated. d pharmaceutical agents; E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion Inny of the following: Atypical mycobacterial infection; or Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg	ical or dental procedures resistance or intolerance 	if amoxicilli e to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml 1	n is contra-indicated. d pharmaceutical agents; o E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin Erythrocin IV
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion why of the following: Atypical mycobacterial infection; or Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg	ical or dental procedures resistance or intolerance 	if amoxicilli e to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml 1	n is contra-indicated. d pharmaceutical agents; E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin Erythrocin IV Arrow-Roxithromycin
 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surg nitiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. nitiation – Infusion why of the following: Atypical mycobacterial infection; or Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug Community-acquired pneumonia. ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) Tab 400 mg	ical or dental procedures resistance or intolerance 	if amoxicilli e to standard 100 100 ml 100 ml 1	n is contra-indicated. d pharmaceutical agents; E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin Erythrocin IV

Initiation

90

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Penicillins			
MOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Sep-24 to 2025	27.50	500	Miro-Amoxicillin
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2025	41.00	500	Miro-Amoxicillin
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.22	100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.81	100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial	15.97	10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial	17.43	10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial	21.64	10	Ibiamox
MOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20	26 1 50	10	Curam Duo 500/125
Grans for oral lig 25 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg -3% DV Feb-24 to 20		10	Surain Duo 300/123
		100 ml	Augmontin
May-25 to 2027			Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml - 59		100 ml	Amovialou Dourti-
Jun-25 to 2027			Amoxiclav Devatis
	4.65		Forte Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial		10	Amoxiclav multichem
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial		10	Amoxiclav multichem
		10	Cerobact
Curam Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml i	to he delisted 1 June	2025)	ocrobuot
		2020)	
	075.07		D: :::: I A
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe		10	Bicillin LA
ENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		10	Sandoz
LUCLOXACILLIN			
Cap 250 mg	15 79	250	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Cap 500 mg		500	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml -5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		100 111	Flucloxin
		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026			
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	0.00	5	Flucil
HENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]		_	
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4.24	100 ml	AFT
PERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM – Restricted see terms below	v		
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		1	PipTaz-AFT
▶ Restricted (RS1053)			•
inical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe	ecialist		
ROCAINE PENICILLIN Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe CARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID – Restricted see terms be	elow		
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe ICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID – Restricted see terms be Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial	elow		
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe ICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID – Restricted see terms be			

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Quinolones			
CIPROFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Nov-24 to 2026 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Nov-24 to 2026 Tab 750 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2026 Oral liq 50 mg per ml Oral liq 100 mg per ml Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	3.10	28 28 28	lpca-Ciprofloxacin lpca-Ciprofloxacin lpca-Ciprofloxacin
 Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle → Restricted (RS1055) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist 	125.00	10	Ciprofloxacin Kabi
MOXIFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 400 mg ↓ Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 → Restricted (RS1644) Initiation – Mycobacterium infection Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory sp Any of the following:	413.40	5 10	Avelox Moxifloxacin Kabi
 1.1 Active tuberculosis; and 1.2 Any of the following: 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line area with known resistance), as part of regim 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepat 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or significant doc	e medications (tuberculo en containing other seco e ethambutol use); or otoxicity from tuberculos de effects following a rea	ond-line ag sis medica asonable t	gents; or tions; or trial of first-line medications;
 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact Initiation – Pneumonia Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist Either: 			
Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresp Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal Initiation – Penetrating eye injury Ophthalmologist			antibiotics.
Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a pe Initiation – Mycoplasma genitalium All of the following:		·	
 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycop Either: At the stried and failed to clear infection using azithromy Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; and 	ycin; or	symptom	hatic; and
3 Treatment is only for 7 days. NORFLOXACIN Tab 400 mg		100	Arrow-Norfloxacin

\$	I. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
~ 4			
64.4	43	500	Doxine
58.2	20	28	Accord
364.9	92	10	Azactam
4.9	94	24	Dalacin C
35.	10	10	Hameln
		1	Colistin-Link
115.3	36	1	Daptomycin Dr Reddy'
18.	70	1	UroFos
	58.2 364.9 35. s belov 115.3	64.43 58.20 58.20 364.92 4.94 35.10 s below 65.00 115.36 18.70	58.20 28 364.92 10 4.94 24 35.10 10 s below 65.00 1 115.36 1

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LINCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1065)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		10	Zyvox
Oral liq 20 mg per ml		150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		10	Linezolid Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1066)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
	10.05	100	Illinear
Tab 1 g - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		100	Hiprex
NITROFURANTOIN		100	
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		100	Nifuran Nifuran
Tab 100 mg Cap modified-release 100 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		100 100	Macrobid
	01.20	100	Macrobiu
PIVMECILLINAM – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 200 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1322) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ů l			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg	125 70	36	Fucidin
 ➡ Restricted (RS1064) 		30	FUCIUIT
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULFADIAZINE SODIUM – Restricted see terms below			
I Tab 500 mg			e.g. Sulfadiazin-Heyl;
			Wockhardt
➡ Restricted (RS1067)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal	medicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		1	Targocid
·	38.85		Teicoplanin Medsurge
(Targocid Inj 400 mg vial to be delisted 1 April 2025)			
Restricted (RS1068) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
- ·			
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg Tab 300 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	27.83	50	ТМР
C C		50	1 1411
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOL Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2		500	Trisul
Oral lig 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg per ml		100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		100 111	Dopini
VANCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	3 38	1	Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1069)		'	jiun
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
• · · · · · · · ·			

INFE	CTIONS
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F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	,	-	

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE ↓ Tab 200 mg → Restricted (RS1410) Oncologist

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERIC	IN B

➡ Restricted (RS1071)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Inj 50 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1316)

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u	50	Nilstat
Cap 500,000 u	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

FLUCONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below		
	28	Mylan
Cap 150 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 20260.45	1	Mylan
Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	28	Mylan
I Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml	35 ml	Diflucan
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
➡ Restricted (RS1072)		
Consultant		
ITRACONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below		
Cap 100 mg	15	Itrazole
I Oral liquid 10 mg per ml		
→ Restricted (RS1073)		
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist		
POSACONAZOLE – Restricted see terms on the next page		
Tab modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	24	Posaconazole Juno
✔ Oral liq 40 mg per ml - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	105 ml	Devatis

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		_	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS2052)

Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist *Re-assessment required after 6 weeks*

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

Initiation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Posaconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing posaconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

Continuation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Posaconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing posaconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 50 mg91.00	56	Vttack
	Tab 200 mg	56	Vttack
	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml1,523.22	70 ml	Vfend
	Inj 200 mg vial - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	1	AFT

➡ Restricted (RS2053)

Initiation – Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation – Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Voriconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing voriconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

Continuation - Invasive fungal infection prophylaxis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is at risk of invasive fungal infection; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Voriconazole is prescribed by, or recommended by a haematologist, transplant physician, infectious disease specialist, paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist; or
 - 2.2 Prescribing voriconazole is in accordance with a protocol or guideline that has been endorsed by the Health New Zealand Te Whatu Ora Hospital in the specific settings where there is a greater than 10% risk of invasive fungal infection (IFI).

Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 50 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	 1	Alchemy Caspofungin
Inj 70 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	 1	Alchemy Caspofungin
→ Restricted (RS1076)		

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

continued...

	F (ex man.	Price excl. (\$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed Both: 	under an e	stablish	ned pr	otocol; c	r
2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease treatment to be appropriate.	e physiciar	n or a cl	inical	microbic	ologist) considers the
FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 500 mg ↓ Cap 500 mg → Restricted (RS1279) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist TERBINAFINE					
Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		8.97		84	Deolate
Antimycobacterials					
Antileprotics					
CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 50 mg → Restricted (RS1077) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 25 mg ↓ Tab 100 mg ↓ Tab 100 mg ↓ Restricted (RS1078) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist				100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics					
BEDAQUILINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg		084.51 162.00		24 188	Sirturo Sirturo
 → Restricted (RS1977) Initiation – multi-drug resistant tuberculosis Limited to 6 months treatment Both: The person has multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB); ar Ministry of Health's Tuberculosis Clinical Network has reviewe of the treatment regimen. 	nd		ise ar	id recom	
CYCLOSERINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg → Restricted (RS1079) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist or respirator		.49.34		56	Myambutol
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist	cialist				

INFECTIONS

	ex man.	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ISONIAZID - Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027		.94.50 327.41 23.00	100	lsoniazid Teva Noumed Isoniazid PSM
(PSM Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025) → Restricted (RS1281)				
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physicia	in or in	ternal medici	ne physic	an
ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms below		00.00	100	Difinals
 Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 			100 100	Rifinah Rifinah
 ➡ Restricted (RS1282) 		173.15	100	minian
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physicia	in or int	ternal medici	ne physici	an
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below				
Grans for oral lig 4 g	2	280.00	30	Paser
→ Restricted (RS1083)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist	st			
PROTIONAMIDE – Restricted see terms below				
↓ Tab 250 mg	3	305.00	100	Peteha
→ Restricted (RS1084)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist	st			
PYRAZINAMIDE – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 500 mg				
 Restricted (RS1085) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist 	ct			
	51			
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below Cap 150 mg		252 71	30	Mycobutin
→ Restricted (RS1086)		555.71	50	wycobulin
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or	respira	atory specialis	st	
RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms below				
↓ Cap 150 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		.58.54	100	Rifadin
€ Cap 300 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			100	Rifadin
I Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1	134.98	1	Rifadin
→ Restricted (RS1087)			ul	
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediat	trician	or public hea	ith physic	an

Antiparasitics

Anthelmintics

ALBENDAZOLE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 200 mg			
↓ Tab 400 mg			
➡ Restricted (RS1088)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
IVERMECTIN – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 3 mg	4	Stromectol	
➡ Restricted (RS1283)			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist			

	Price (ex man. excl. (Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. (\$	Per	Manufacturer
EBENDAZOLE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5.18	6	Vermox
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml			
RAZIQUANTEL			
Tab 600 mg			
Antiprotozoals			
RTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE – Restricted see terms	below		
Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg			
Restricted (RS1090)			
nical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
RTESUNATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 60 mg vial			
Restricted (RS1091)			
inical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	data di secondo di di		
OVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restri Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg			Molorone lunior
Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg		12 12	Malarone Junior Malarone
Restricted (RS1092)		12	Malaione
inical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	t or rheumatologist		
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093)	t or rheumatologist		
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg	t or rheumatologist		
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094)	-		
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis	-		
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis ETRONIDAZOLE	t or rheumatologist		
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis	t or rheumatologist	250	Metrogyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	t or rheumatologist 33.15 25.86		Metronidamed
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis ETRONIDAZOLE	t or rheumatologist 	250 21	Metronidamed Metrogyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	t or rheumatologist 	21	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	t or rheumatologist 		Metronidamed Metrogyl
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	t or rheumatologist 	21 100 ml	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S
Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	t or rheumatologist 	21 100 ml 10	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter
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Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis EFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) inical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialis ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Tab 400 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg Interced I March 2025) Retrogyl Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) ITAZOXANIDE – Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml Restricted (RS1095) inical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist RNIDAZOLE Tab 500 mg – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	t or rheumatologist 	21 100 ml 10 10 30	Metronidamed Metrogyl Metronidamed Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl Alinia

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

100

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or
			Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

PRIMAQUINE – **Restricted** see terms below

- I Tab 15 mg
- ↓ Tab 7.5 mg

➡ Restricted (RS1097)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

PYRIMETHAMINE - Restricted see terms below

➡ Restricted (RS1098)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal medicine specialist

QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule
- Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

➡ Restricted (RS1099)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- ↓ Tab 500 mg
- → Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1898)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EFAVIRENZ - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Tab 600 mg t Oral liq 30 mg per ml		30	Efavirenz Milpharm
ETRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 t Oral suspension 10 mg per ml		60 240 ml	Nevirapine Viatris Viramune Suspension

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1899)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

ABACAVIR SULPHATE – Restricted see terms above t Tab 300 mg t Oral liq 20 mg per ml	180.00	60	Ziagen
ABACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	29.50	30	Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris
EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Re	stricted see te	rms abov	е
t Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate)	106.88	30	Viatris
EMTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms above t Cap 200 mg	307.20	30	Emtriva
LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms above t Tab 150 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 t Oral liq 10 mg per ml	98.00	60	Lamivudine Viatris

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Cap 30 mg t Cap 40 mg t Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml			
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Cap 100 mg t Oral liq 10 mg per ml t Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		100 200 ml 5	Retrovir Retrovir Retrovir IV
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on Tab 300 mg with lamivudine 150 mg		60	Lamivudine/Zidovudine Viatris

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1900)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml: or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

ATAZANAVIR SULP	HATE – Restricted see terms above
* O 450 5	A

t Cap 150 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		60	Atazanavir Mylan
Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025	110.00	60	Atazanavir Viatris
DARUNAVIR – Restricted see terms above			
t Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	150.00	60	Darunavir Viatris
t Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	225.00	60	Darunavir Viatris
INDINAVIR – Restricted see terms above t Cap 200 mg t Cap 400 mg			
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms above			
t Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	150.00	60	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		120	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page t Tab 100 mg	43.31	30	Norvir	

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

➡ Restricted (RS1901)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission Either:

itner:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

DOLUTEGRAVIR – Restricted see terms above t Tab 50 mg	1,090.00	30	Tivicay
DOLUTEGRAVIR WITH LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms above t Tab 50 mg with lamivudine 300 mg.	1,090.00	30	Dovato
RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM – Restricted see terms above t Tab 400 mg t Tab 600 mg	1,090.00 1,090.00	60 60	Isentress Isentress HD

Antivirals

Hepatitis B

ENTECAVIR		
Tab 0.5 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	30	Entecavir (Rex)
LAMIVUDINE		· · ·
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	28	Zetlam
Oral liq 5 mg per ml270.00	240 ml	Zeffix
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL		
Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil Viatris

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Hepatitis C	•	101	manuadalor
LECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR			
Note: the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved dir Pharmac's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/maviret.	ect distribution supply. Fi	urther deta	ails can be found on
Tab 100 mg with pibrentasvir 40 mg		84	Maviret
EDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR – Restricted see terms belo Tab 90 mg with sofosbuvir 400 mg		28	Harvoni
• Restricted (RS1528)	24,505.40	20	
ote: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C T			
epCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibilit narmaceutical Schedule).	y according to the Access	Criteria (set out in Section B of the
Herpesviridae			
CICLOVIR			
Tab dispersible 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		25	Lovir
Tab dispersible 400 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Tab dispersible 800 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		56 35	Lovir Lovir
Inj 250 mg vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		5	Aciclovir-Baxter
DOFOVIR – Restricted see terms below		Ũ	
Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Restricted (RS1108)			
inical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngolo	gist or oral surgeon		
DSCARNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle			
Restricted (RS1109)			
inical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ANCICLOVIR – Restricted see terms below		_	
Inj 500 mg vial		5	Cymevene
Restricted (RS1110) inical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ALACICLOVIR			
Tab 500 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	9.64	30	Vaclovir
Tab 1,000 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	17.78	30	Vaclovir
ALGANCICLOVIR – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 450 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		60	Valganciclovir Viatris
Restricted (RS1799)			
itiation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis			
e-assessment required after 3 months			
atient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valg	anciclovir for CMV prophy	ylaxis.	
ontinuation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis			
e-assessment required after 3 months ther:			
1 Both:			

1.1 Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and

INFECTIONS

		Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued	Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valgance	iclovir prophylaxis fol	lowing anti	-thymocyte alobulin: or
2 Both:	a allon to to toolive a maximum of oo days of valgane		iowing and	anymooyte globallin, or
	Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for act CMV prophylaxis; and	ute rejection and requ	ires further	r valganciclovir therapy for
2.2	Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valgand	ciclovir prophylaxis fol	lowing puls	se methylprednisolone.
Initiation – L Relevant spe	ung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis			
	<i>months</i> treatment			
All of the follo	owing:			
1 Patier 2 Either	nt has undergone a lung transplant; and :			
2.1	The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patie	nt is cytomegalovirus	negative;	or
	The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and			
	nt has a high risk of CMV disease.			
I nitiation – C Both:	Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients			
	nt is immunocompromised; and			
	f the following:			
	Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invas	ive disease; or		
	Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absenc			
2.3	Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.			
HIV Prop	hylaxis and Treatment			
	BINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted s			
	mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300 mg as a male DV Jun-23 to 2025	,	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil
J /0	5 V 0011-25 10 2025		50	Emtricitabine Viat
I Tab 200 → Restricte	mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a suc d (RS1902)	ccinate)15.45	30	Teva
	Confirmed HIV			
	onfirmed HIV infection.			
I nitiation – F Either:	Prevention of maternal transmission			
	ntion of maternal foetal transmission; or nent of the newborn for up to eight weeks.			
Initiation – F Both:	Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupation	nal exposure to HIV		
	ment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposur f the following:	re; and		
2.2	Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment wi Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the o	ith a known HIV positi	ive person;	; or
	prophylaxis is required.			
nitiation – F	Percutaneous exposure			

Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

 Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.
- Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- I Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml

→ Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

t	Powder for inhalation 5 mg	37.38	20 dose	Relenza Rotadisk
⇒	Restricted (RS1369)			

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

COVID-19 Treatments

MOLNUPIRAVIR – Restricted see terms below Cap 200 mg	0.00	40	Lagevrio
➡ Restricted (RS1893)			•
Initiation			
Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-a	antivirals). N	ote the su	upply of treatment is via
Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for mo	ore informatio	n about t	his and stock availability.
NIRMATRELVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Tab 150 mg with ritonavir 100 mg	0.00	30	Paxlovid

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price		Brand or
(e	x man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1894)

Initiation

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

REMDESIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: Remdesivir to be provided to Health NZ Hospitals at a cost of \$0.00 as stock has been purchased directly by Pharmac.

→ Restricted (RS1912)

Initiation – Treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability. Initiation – COVID-19 in hospitalised patients

Therapy limited to 5 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is hospitalised with confirmed (or probable) symptomatic COVID-19; and
- 2 Patient is considered to be at high risk of progression to severe disease; and
- 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 7 days; and
- 4 Patient does not require, or is not expected to require, mechanical ventilation; and
- 5 Not to be used in conjunction with other funded COVID-19 antiviral treatments; and
- 6 Treatment not to exceed five days.

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

- Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen
- Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen
- Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1113)

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1827)

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment Any of the following:

1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or

- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/ml.

INFECTIONS

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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continued...

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Initiation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and

continued...

 Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 2.2 Patient is intolerant of hydroxyurea; and
- 2.3 Treatment with anagrelide and busulfan is not clinically appropriate; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder; and
 - 3.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Continuation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 Remains intolerant of hydroxyurea and treatment with anagrelide and busulfan remains clinically inappropriate; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation – ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has ocular surface squamous neoplasia*.

Continuation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has received an allogeneic bone marrow transplant* and has evidence of disease relapse.

Continuation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient is responding and ongoing treatment remains appropriate.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	(ox man: oxol: oo1 \$	Per	Manufacturer
	Ŷ	1.01	manalaotaloi
Anticholinesterases			
EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
➡ Restricted (RS1015)			
nitiation			
For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.			
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	49.05	10	Max Health
		10	
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROM	NIDE		
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml amp	oule26.13	10	Max Health
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE			
Tab 60 mg	50.29	100	Mestinon
Tab 00 mg		100	Mesuiton
Antirheumatoid Agents			
Antimeumatoid Agents			
HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE SULPHATE			
Tab 200 mg – 5% DV May-25 to 2027	7.80	100	lpca-
Tab 200 Trig = 378 DV Way-23 to 2027		100	
			Hydroxychloroquir
	8.78		Plaquenil
Plaquenil Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)	0.1.0		
, ,			
EFLUNOMIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	6.00	30	Arava
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	6.00	30	Arava
PENICILLAMINE			
Tab 125 mg	67.23	100	D-Penamine
Tab 250 mg		100	D-Penamine
C C		100	Difenanine
SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE			
Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Duran Affection Done Metcheliam			
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism			
Bisphosphonates			
ALENDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 70 mg – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	3 10	4	Fosamax
		+	i Jouinux
ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL			_
Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	1.99	4	Fosamax Plus
AMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	32 49	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Pamisol
		1	
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	94.34	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 35 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	2.50	4	Risedronate Sandoz
OLEDRONIC ACID			
	00 50	100 ml	Zaladrania Asid Vistria
Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, bag – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		100 mi	Zoledronic Acid Viatris

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism				
DENOSUMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 60 mg prefilled syringe	3	26.00	1	Prolia
1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; a	nd			
2 Either:	inu			
2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal; o 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and	or			
 3 Any of the following: 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fractur (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fractur densitometry scanning cannot be performed 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractur 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates E 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval 	deviations below the r re demonstrated radiol because of major logi es demonstrated radio 3.0 (see Note); or equal to 3%, calculate BMD measurements (s for alendronate (Unde	ogically, a stical, tech ologically; d using a ee Note);	nal value and either antical or p or published or	in young adults (i.e. T-Score the patient is elderly, or pathophysiological reasons; or I risk assessment algorithm
 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patie The patient has experienced at least one symptoma funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see 	tic new fracture after a Notes); and	at least 12	months'	continuous therapy with a
 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment teriparatide. 	with any other funded	antiresor	ptive ager	nt for this condition or
Notes:				
 a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed t 	omography (QCT) are	not accer	otable.	
b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a measurement for treatment with denosumab.				
c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for se definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minin fall from a standing height or less.	e WHO defines severe Fragility fractures are	e (establis fractures	hed) ostee that occu	pporosis as a T-score below r as a result of mechanical
 d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater r relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% body above or below the affected vertebral body. 				
 e) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for t sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an withdrawal dovelops during the use of one activeces 	n tab 70 mg or tab 70 n intolerance of a seve	ng with ch rity neces:	nolecalcife sitating pe	erol 5,600 iu once weekly; ermanent treatment

withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

RALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms on the next page

112

t	Tab 60 mg	53.76	28	Evista

|--|

→ Restricted (RS1666)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2.4 ml – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025...... 195.00 1 Teriparatide - Teva

Price	е		Brand or
(ex man. ex	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS1143)

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- a) The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- b) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- c) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL			
Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	17.99	1,000	Ipca-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	22.50	500	Ipca-Allopurinol
BENZBROMARONE – Restricted: For continuation only Tab 50 mg			
→ Tab 100 mg	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
COLCHICINE			
Tab 500 mcg – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	6.00	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4.73	28	Febuxostat (Teva)
Tab 120 mg – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	11.78	28	Febuxostat (Teva)
➡ Restricted (RS1844)			

Initiation – Gout

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- maximum tolerated dose; or
- 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); or
- 2.4 The patient has previously had an initial Special Authority approval for benzbromarone for treatment of gout...

Initiation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient is scheduled to receive cancer therapy carrying an intermediate or high risk of tumour lysis syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has a documented history of allopurinol intolerance.

Continuation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule	0 5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule20.4	5 5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0 100	Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	5 1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	2 5	Medsurge
490.9	1 10	Sintetica Baclofen Intrathecal
(Medsurge Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 March 2025)		
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial	D 1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial	0 1	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial1,295.00	0 2	Dysport
DANTROLENE		
Cap 25 mg	3 100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg77.00	0 100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial	6 6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE		
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5 100	Norflex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		10	Hameln
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	35.40	10	Martindale
VECURONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 10 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		10	Vecure
Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade			
neversers of Neuromuscular Diockaue			
SUGAMMADEX – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		10	Sugammadex BNM
↓ Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	201.60	10	Sugammadex BNM

Restricted (RS1370)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade; or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CELECOXIB

Cap 100 mg – 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025	.45 6	60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg – 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025		30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 20272	.19 5	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible1	.50 2	20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20272	.19 5	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg19	.60 1	00	Voltaren SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule13	.20	5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg	.44	10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg	.22	10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg7	.00	10	Voltaren

ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below

- ↓ Tab 30 mg
- ↓ Tab 60 mg
- ↓ Tab 90 mg
- ↓ Tab 120 mg

➡ Restricted (RS1592)

Initiation

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For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.

	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IBUPROFEN			
Tab 200 mg - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2026	 21.40	1,000	Relieve
→ Tab 400 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
➡ Tab 600 mg - Restricted: For continuation only Tab long-acting 800 mg - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	2.05	30	Brufen SR
Tab long-acting 800 mg - 5% DV Api-25 to 2027	 3.65	30	Ibuprofen SR BNM
Oral liq 20 mg per ml – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		200 ml	Ethics
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
(Brufen SR Tab long-acting 800 mg to be delisted 1 April 2025)			
INDOMETACIN [INDOMETHACIN]			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
Cap long-acting 75 mg			
Inj 1 mg vial Suppos 100 mg			
11 5			
KETOPROFEN Cap long-acting 200 mg	10.07	28	Oruvail SR
	 12.07	20	Oluvali Sh
MEFENAMIC ACID – Restricted: For continuation only → Cap 250 mg			
1 5			
NAPROXEN Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	20.02	500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		28	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		28	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB			
Inj 40 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	 46.00	10	Dynastat
SULINDAC			•
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 200 mg			
TENOXICAM			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	 18.50	100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial	 9.95	1	AFT
Text's d Baseleste for to'st and Marco d B '			
Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain			
CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Crm 0.025%	 9.75	45 g	Zo-Rub Osteo
		÷	Zostrix
→ Restricted (RS1309)			

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders			
Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related	Disorders		
 RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below I Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	ration of 5 years or less		Rilutek e initial application; and
3.3 The patient is able to swallow. TETRABENAZINE			
Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	106.59	112	Motetis
Anticholinergics			
BENZATROPINE MESYLATE Tab 2 mg Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg		60 5	Benztrop Phebra
Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents			
AMANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 100 mg APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule BROMOCRIPTINE Cap 5 mg		60 5 5	Symmetrel Movapo Movapo
ENTACAPONE Tab 200 mg		100	Comtan

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		100	Madopar 250
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg		100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25	to 2027 44.99	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Sinemet
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	5.51	100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		100	Ramipex
RASAGILINE			
Tab 1 mg	53 50	30	Azilect
		00	Azilout
	4.05	0.4	Dawin
Tab 0.25 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		84	Ropin
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		84	Ropin
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		84	Ropin
Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		84	Ropin
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation or → Tab 5 mg	hly		
TOLCAPONE			
Tab 100 mg	152.38	100	Tasmar
-			
Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics			
DESFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	1,350.00	6	Suprane
DEXMEDETOMIDINE			
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		5	Dexmedetomidine
			Viatris
ETOMIDATE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
ISOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	2,730.00	6	Aerrane
KETAMINE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	141 75	5	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe		5	Biomed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	Ketalar
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM		-	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
PROPOFOL	4.05	-	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		5	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

SEVOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle		Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule Local Anaesthetics ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1% ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:00,000, 12 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:00,000, 12 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:00,000, 12 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:00,000, 12 ml dental cartridge BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 20% BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 18% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 20% BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack — 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	SEVOFLURANE			
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Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe	Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Jan	-23		
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe			5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe54.60 5 Biomed BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE		00.00	5	Piomod
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE				
			5	Diomou
		5 26.67	5	Marcain Heavy
	nij 0.5 /0 with glucose 0 /0, 4 nii ampoule - 3 /0 D ¥ Sep-22 10 202	. 20.07	5	marcani ricavy

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe			D
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe		1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06% Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			
ETHYL CHLORIDE Spray 100%			
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] Crm 4%	5.40	5 g	LMX4
0111 4 /0	27.00	30 g	LMX4
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE	27.00	00 g	LIVIX4
Gel 2%	4 87	20 g	Orion
Soln 4%		20 9	Chich
Spray 10% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2%		200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial Inj 10%, 5 ml ampoule		5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Gel 2%, 11 ml urethral syringe – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	59 50	10	Instillagel Lido
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE		10	instinuger Eluo
Inj 1% with adreanline 1:100,000, 20 ml vial			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23			
to 2025		10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		-	V la si s
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		5	Xylocaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE		NE HYDROC	HLORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%,			- · ·
syringe LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHF			Topicaine
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%		OTIDE	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE			
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%		30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g		20 5	EMLA EMLA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		50 50	Scandonest 3% Scandonest 3%
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
·			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		5	Citanest
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	9.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	43.40	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	11.75	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			

Gel 4%

Analgesics

Non-Opioid Analgesics

ASPIR	IN
-------	----

Tab dispersible 300 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	5.65	100	Ethics Aspirin
CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below			
Crm 0.075%1	1.95	45 g	Zo-Rub HP Zostrix HP

→ Restricted (RS1145)

Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

■ Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1292)

Initiation

Both:

1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and

2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

	Price	Γ)	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Manufacturer
PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab soluble 500 mg			
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-2	2 to 2026 19.75	1,000	Pacimol
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack			
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack			
Tab 500 mg - bottle pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026		1,000	Noumed Paracetamol
Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml – 20% DV Jun-23 to 2025		200 ml	Paracetamol (Ethics)
Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml – 20% DV Apr-23 to 2025		200 ml	Pamol
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		10	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 25 mg			
Suppos 50 mg			
Suppos 125 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		10	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5.39	10	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		50	Gacet
➡ Restricted (RS1146)			
Initiation			
Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are		cal, or whe	re there is reduced
absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed even	ery 24 hours.		
SUCROSE			
Oral liq 25%		25 ml	Biomed
I Oral lig 66.7% (preservative free)			
➡ Restricted (RS1763)			
Initiation			
For use in neonatal patients only.			

Opioid Analgesics

ALFENTANIL		
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5	Medsurge
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	100	Noumed
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	100	Aspen
		Noumed
Tab 60 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 202513.89	100	Noumed
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE		
Tab long-acting 60 mg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	60	DHC Continus
FENTANYL		
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5	Biomed Fentanyl
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe 165.00	10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-25 to 2027	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 136.50	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz

	Price	T \	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
IETHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	1.45	10	Methadone BNM
Oral lig 2 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.80	200 ml	Biodone
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	7.80	200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		10	AFT
IORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 2 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 10 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
IORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab immediate-release 10 mg	2.80	10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg		10	Sevredol
Cap long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		300 ml	Oramorph
	29.80	100 ml	Oramorph CDC S29
	16.31		Wockhardt
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	27.25	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	63.75	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	5.38	5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	4.68	5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5	Medsurge
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	6.28	5	Medsurge
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
IORPHINE TARTRATE			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule			
XYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	2.49	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 5 mg	13.77	100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	2.49	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 10 mg		100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	3.41	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 20 mg		100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Cap immediate-release 20 mg		20	OxyNorm
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		250 ml	Oxycodone Lucis S29
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Hameln
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Hameln
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Hameln
OxyNorm Cap immediate-release 20 mg to be delisted 1 March 202	5)		

t Item restricted (see \rightarrow above); **f** Item restricted (see \rightarrow below)

124

100

100

100

30

30

28

28

30 50 Arrow-Amitriptyline

Arrow-Amitriptyline Arrow-Amitriptyline

Clomipramine Teva

Clomipramine Teva Clomipramine Teva

Clomipramine Teva

Dosulepin Viatris

Dosulepin Viatris

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg - 5% DV			
Jan-23 to 2025	27.50	1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine (Relieve)
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	8.68	10	Noumed Pethidine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe	00.00	5	DBI Pethidine
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	29.88	5	Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride
REMIFENTANIL			
Inj 1 mg vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	20.95	5	Remifentanil-AFT
TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg – 5% DV Jan-24 to 2026 Oral soln 10 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	3.33	100	Arrow-Tramadol
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		5	Tramal 100

Antidepressants

Cyclic and Related Agents

AMITRIPTYLINE	
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	3.14
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE	
Tab 10 mg	
Tab 25 mg	
Cap 10 mg	
Cap 25 mg	
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted:	For continuation only
➡ Tab 75 mg	
→ Cap 25 mg	
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation	only

- ➡ Cap 10 mg
- ➡ Cap 25 mg
- ➡ Cap 50 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	5.48	50	Tofranil
-	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg	4.93	28	Imipramine Crescent
	8.80	50	Tofranil
 IAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation or Tab 25 mg Tab 75 mg 	nly		
IANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation only Tab 30 mg			
IORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg – 5% DV May-23 to 2025	2.46	100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		180	Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
•			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
MOCLOBEMIDE			
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	23.60	60	Aurorix
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		60	Aurorix
Other Antidepressants			
/IRTAZAPINE			
Tab 30 mg		28	Noumed
5		30	Noumed
Tab 45 mg		28	Noumed
		30	Noumed
ENLAFAXINE			
Cap 37.5 mg	8.29	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg		84	Enlafax XR
Cap 150 mg	13.95	84	Enlafax XR
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
Tab 20 mg – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		84	Celapram
SCITALOPRAM			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	0 70	28	Ipca-Escitalopram
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		20 28	Ipca-Escitalopram
с і		20	
LUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE	0.50	00	Fluey
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		28 90	Fluox Arrow-Fluoxetine
Cap 20 mg – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	3.13	90	Allow-Fluoxeline

Loxamine

90

PAROXETINE Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 20254.11

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	-	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SERTRALINE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	0.99	30	Setrona
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1.74	30	Setrona
Antiepilepsy Drugs			
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
DIAZEPAM			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	27 92	5	Hospira
Rectal tubes 5 mg – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		5	Stesolid
Rectal tubes 10 mg		U U	
LORAZEPAM			
Inj 2 mg vial			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE			
Soln 97%			
Inj 5 ml ampoule			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	154.01	5	Hospira
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE			
Tab 200 mg		100	Tegretol
ŭ			Tegretol AU
Tab long-acting 200 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg		100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml		250 ml	Tegretol
CLOBAZAM			
Tab 10 mg			
CLONAZEPAM			
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE	140.00	100	Zarontin
Cap 250 mg Oral lig 50 mg per ml		200 ml	Zarontin
		200 111	
GABAPENTIN			
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin	0.45	400	Normanita
Cap 100 mg – 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		100	Nupentin
Cap 300 mg – 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		100 100	Nupentin
Cap 400 mg – 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	10.20	100	Nupentin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
LACOSAMIDE – Restricted see terms below				
↓ Tab 50 mg		14	Vimpat	
I Tab 100 mg		14	Vimpat	
-	200.24	56	Vimpat	
↓ Tab 150 mg		14	Vimpat	
-	300.40	56	Vimpat	
Tab 200 mg		56	Vimpat	

Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

⇒ Restricted (RS1988)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Patient has focal epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine, and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment.

LAMOTRIGINE

Tab dispersible 2 mg55.00	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg50.00	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg4.20	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg5.11	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg6.75	56	Logem
LEVETIRACETAM		
Tab 250 mg	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg	60	Everet
Tab 750 mg	60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg21.82	60	Everet
Oral liq 100 mg per ml	300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE		
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2025	500	Noumed
		Phenobarbitone
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2025	500	Noumed
		Phenobarbitone
PHENYTOIN		
Tab 50 mg		
PHENYTOIN SODIUM		
Cap 30 mg		
Cap 100 mg		
Oral lig 6 mg per ml		
PREGABALIN		
Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin		
Cap 25 mg	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 75 mg	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 150 mg	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 300 mg	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
	00	i iogudulli i izoi

1 Item restricted (see \rightarrow above); **1** Item restricted (see \rightarrow below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PRIMIDONE	•		
Tab 250 mg			
SODIUM VALPROATE			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab EC 200 mg			
Tab EC 500 mg			
Oral lig 40 mg per ml			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	9.98	1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 250 mg		60	Diacomit
Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet		60	Diacomit
→ Restricted (RS1989)			
nitiation			
Paediatric neurologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
Both:			
Continuation Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced	d seizure frequency fron	n baselin	e.
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced	l seizure frequency fron	n baselin	е.
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced		n baselin 60	e. Arrow-Topiramate
aediatric neurologist atient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced OPIRAMATE			
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced OPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg			Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis
aediatric neurologist atient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced OPIRAMATE			Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced OPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg	11.07 26.04 11.07 	60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced OPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg		60 60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced OPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced OPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg		60 60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced OPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg		60 60 60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced OPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg		60 60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced OPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg		60 60 60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced OPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg		60 60 60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced TOPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg Cap sprinkle 15 mg		60 60 60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced TOPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg Cap sprinkle 15 mg Cap sprinkle 25 mg /IGABATRIN – Restricted see terms below		60 60 60 60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Topiramate Actavis
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced TOPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg Cap sprinkle 15 mg Cap sprinkle 25 mg IGABATRIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg	11.07 26.04 11.07 18.81 44.26 18.81 31.99 75.25 31.99 .55.19 129.85 55.19 20.84 .26.04	60 60 60 60 60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Topiramate Actavis Topamax Topiramate Actavis Topamax Topamax
Paediatric neurologist Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced TOPIRAMATE Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg Cap sprinkle 15 mg Cap sprinkle 25 mg /IGABATRIN – Restricted see terms below	11.07 26.04 11.07 18.81 44.26 18.81 31.99 75.25 31.99 .55.19 129.85 55.19 20.84 .26.04	60 60 60 60	Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate Topamax Topiramate Actavis Topiramate Actavis

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

1 Any of the following:

1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or

continued...

	Price		Brand or
(ex	man. excl. C	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
- 1.3 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Antimigraine Preparations

Acute Migraine Treatment

DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg		
RIZATRIPTAN		
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN		
Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	90	Sumagran
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	90	Sumagran
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025	2	Clustran
Prophylaxis of Migraine		
PIZOTIFEN		
Tab 500 mcg23.21	100	Sandomigran
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents		
APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below		
↓ Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	3	Emend Tri-Pack
Initiation	horopyfo	the treatment of
Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline-based chemot malignancy.	пегару то	r the treatment of
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	100	Serc

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	0.66	10	Nausicalm
CYCLIZINE LACTATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	16.36	10	HameIn
		10	hamem
DOMPERIDONE	4.00	100	Domooridon o Vietrio
Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	4.00	100	Domperidone Viatris
DROPERIDOL			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		10	Droperidol Panpharma
GRANISETRON			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.20	1	Deva
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE			
Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Patch 1 mg per 72 hours	17 70	2	Scopoderm TTS
	88.50	10	Scopolamine - Mylan
➡ Restricted (RS1155)	00.00	10	
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow	saliva in the treatment	of malior	ancy or chronic disease
where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately resp		•	
2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at instantian and	least two other alterna	live treat	inents have proven
ineffective; or			
3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cy ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.	clizine, dropendoi and	aonio	antagonist have proven
(Scopoderm TTS Patch 1 mg per 72 hours to be delisted 1 January 2	2025)		
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.57	100	Metoclopramide
			Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	7.00	10	Baxter
ONDANSETRON			
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	2.27	50	Periset
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		10	Periset ODT
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	4.10	50	Periset
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		10	Periset ODT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	1.42	5	Ondansetron-AFT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5	Ondansetron-AFT
PROCHLORPERAZINE			
Tab buccal 3 mg			
Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	25.00	250	Nausafix
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		200	HUNGUIN
Suppos 25 mg			
TROPISETRON			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. G		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Antipsychotic Agents			
General			
AMISULPRIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5.84	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	14.47	60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	35.06	60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
ARIPIPRAZOLE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mg	15.62	100	Largactil
Tab 100 mg		100	Largactil
Oral liq 10 mg per ml		100	Largaotti
Oral liq 20 mg per ml			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	30.79	10	Largactil
CLOZAPINE		10	Largaotti
Tab 25 mg	6 60	50	Clanina
1 ab 25 mg		50 100	Clopine
	13.37 6.69	50	Clopine Clozaril
	13.37	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg		50	Clopine
Tab 50 mg		100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg		50	Clopine
Tab 100 mg	34.65	100	Clopine
	17.33	50	Clozaril
	34.65	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg		50	Clopine
Tab 200 mg		100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		100 ml	Versacloz
		100 111	VOIGGOIGE
HALOPERIDOL	6.00	100	Coronaca
Tab 500 mcg		100	Serenace Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg		100	
Tab 5 mg		100 100 ml	Serenace Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule		100 mi 10	Serenace
	21.35	10	Selenace
LEVOMEPROMAZINE			
Tab 25 mg		100	Nozinan
Tab 100 mg	41.75	100	Nozinan
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	24.48	10	Wockhardt
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	82 80	100	Priadel
Cap 250 mg		100	Douglas
	00		

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ **OI ANZAPINE** 30 Zypine 30 Zypine Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026......2.42 28 Zypine ODT 30 Zvpine Zypine ODT 28 Inj 10 mg vial PERICYAZINE Tab 2.5 mg Tab 10 mg QUETIAPINE 90 Quetapel 90 Quetapel Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 10.97 90 Quetapel Quetapel 90 RISPERIDONE 20 Risperdal **Risperidone (Teva)** 2.17 60 4.01 **Risperidone Sandoz** 60 Risperdal Risperidone (Teva) 3.68 **Risperidone Sandoz** Risperdal 60 Risperidone (Teva) 5.38 **Risperidone Sandoz** 60 Risperdal Risperidone (Teva) **Risperidone Sandoz** 8.57 60 **Risperidone (Teva)** Risperon Oral lig 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 10.29 30 ml ZIPRASIDONE 60 **Zusdone Zusdone** 60 Zusdone 60 Zusdone 60 ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE 100 Clopixol Depot Injections ARIPIPRAZOLE - Restricted see terms below 1 Abilify Maintena 1 Abilify Maintena → Restricted (RS2058) Initiation Fither[.]

continued...

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received treatment with oral atypical antipsychotic agents but has been unable to adhere; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in last 12 months; or
- 2 Patient has been unable to access olanzapine depot injection due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection, or otherwise would have been initiated on olanzapine depot injection but has been unable to due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection. (see Note below for the olanzapine Special Authority criteria for new olanzapine depot injection patients prior to 1 April 2024).

Notes: The Olanzapine depot injection Special Authority criteria that apply to criterion 2 in this Aripiprazole Special Authority application are as follows:

- The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or risperidone depot injection; or
- All of the following:
 - The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - The patient has tried but has not been able to adhere with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	 5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	 5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	 5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	 5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE – Restricted: For continuation only		
→ Inj 210 mg vial	 1	Zyprexa Relprevv
➡ Inj 300 mg vial	 1	Zyprexa Relprevv
➡ Inj 405 mg vial	 1	Zyprexa Relprevv
Restricted (RS2018)		

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE – **Restricted** see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg syringe	 1	Invega Sustenna
ſ	Inj 50 mg syringe	 1	Invega Sustenna
t	lnj 75 mg syringe	 1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 100 mg syringe	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 150 mg syringe	1	Invega Sustenna
	$\mathbf{P}_{\rm rel}$		- 9

→ Restricted (RS2059)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

	Price			Brand or
(ex mar	. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has been unable to adhere to treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE PALMITATE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 175 mg syringe	815.85	1	Invega Trinza
t	Inj 263 mg syringe1,		1	Invega Trinza
l	Inj 350 mg syringe1,		1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 525 mg syringe1,		1	Invega Trinza
	B (D0 1000)			0

⇒ Restricted (RS1932)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
- 2 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone once-monthly depot injection.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial	1	Risperdal Consta
	lnj 50 mg vial	1	Risperdal Consta

➡ Restricted (RS2060)

Initiation

- *Re-assessment required after 12 months* Either:
 - 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
 - 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not been able to adhere to treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

Pric	ce		Brand or
(ex man. e	,		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule1	9.80	5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			e.g. Clopixol Conc
Anxiolytics			
BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202713	3.95	100	Buspirone Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	2.50	100	Buspirone Viatris
CLONAZEPAM			
Tab 500 mcg	5.64	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg		100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM			
Tab 2 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	5.00	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		500	Arrow-Diazepam
Oral lig 10 mg per 10 ml			
→ Restricted (RS2054)			
nitiation			
Relevant specialist			
Only for use in children where diazepam tablets are not appropriate.			
LORAZEPAM			
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20271		250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 20271	3.13	100	Ativan
DXAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg			

Tab 10 mg Tab 15 mg

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted (RS1993)

Initiation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
 - 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
 - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
 - 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
 - 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and

 Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
- 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and

1.4.5 Either:

- 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
- 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
- 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
- 1.6 Any of the following:
 - 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
 - 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
 - 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
 - 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
 - 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active approval for ocrelizumab and does not have primary progressive MS.

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Continuation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

DIMETHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment	nts simultaneously is	s not perr	nitted.
t Cap 120 mg		14	Tecfidera
t Cap 240 mg	2,000.00	56	Tecfidera
FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment	nts simultaneously is	s not perr	nitted.
t Cap 0.5 mg	2,200.00	28	Gilenya
GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page	e		
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment		s not perr	nitted.
1 Inj 40 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	1,137.48	12	Copaxone
INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms on the previou	s page		
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment	1 0	s not perr	nitted.
t Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector		4	Avonex Pen
1 Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe		4	Avonex
INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms on the previous	page		
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment	nts simultaneously is	s not perr	nitted.
t Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial		·	
NATALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment	nts simultaneously is	s not perr	nitted.
t Inj 20 mg per ml, 15 ml vial		1	Tysabri

		rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms on page 136				
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat Tab 14 mg - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2026				
t Tab 14 mg – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2026		59.90 63.96	28	Aubagio Teriflunomide Sandoz
(Aubagio Tab 14 mg to be delisted 1 April 2025)	-			
Multiple Sclerosis Treatments - Other				
OCRELIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			not pern 1	nitted. Ocrevus
Either:				
1 All of the following:				
 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDorby a neurologist; and 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 – 6.0; and 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in 24 months; and 1.4 All of the following: 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by t not necessarily have been seen by them durin that the clinical features were characteristic); a 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with char of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s) 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one previous attack (where relevant); and 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished for fever (T> 37.5°C); and 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is a recurrent pa 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent pa 	n the previou the applying r ig the attack, and acteristic nev); and week and ha om the effect h to change e point; or roxysmal syn	s 12 month neurologist but the neu v symptom is started a s of genera ither the E nptom of m	or gener. rologist/ 's)/sign(s t least or Il fatigue; DSS or a ultiple sc	significant attacks in the pas al physician (the patient may physician must be satisfied) or substantially worsening he month after the onset of a and is not associated with a t least one of the Kurtze
seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, l 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scar				
1.6 Any of the following:	n wiu iir uie p	aət 24 11101	iino, ailu	
1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MR	RI scanning (i	n criterion §	immedi	ately above) is a gadolinium
enhancing lesion; or	aian ahawing	diffusion	otriction	or
 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a less 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a presence of a recent attack that occurred within a sign of the any inflammatory activity is a presence of a recent attack that occurred within a sign of the any inflammatory activity is a presence of a recent attack that occurred within a sign of the any inflammatory activity is a presence of a recent attack that occurred within a sign of the any inflammatory activity is a presence of a recent attack that occurred within a sign of the any inflammatory activity is a presence of the any inflammatory	with associa cominent T2 le the last 2 ye	ted local sv esion that c ears; or	velling; o learly is i	r responsible for the clinical
1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new 2 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for either dir				
beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab or terifluno		at o , miyulli	iou, yiali	ווופוופו מטכומוכ, ווונפוופוטוו

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Continuation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Initiation – Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Diagnosis of primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) meets the 2017 McDonald criteria and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
- 2 Patient has an EDSS 2.0 (score equal to or greater than 2 on pyramidal functions) to EDSS 6.5; and
- 3 Patient has no history of relapsing remitting multiple sclerosis.

Continuation – Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of less than or equal to 6.5 at any time in the last six months (ie patient has walked 20 metres with bilateral assistance/aids, without rest in the last six months).

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHLORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

🛏 Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 3 mg
 - Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

⇒ Restricted (RS1576)

Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and
- 4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

Continuation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and

continued...

		Price			Brand or
	(ex man.	exci. (\$	191)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued					
4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no	o greater tha	an 10 m	ig per	day.	
nitiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are Both:	contraindic	ated			
 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are For in-hospital use only. 	e contraindic	ated; a	nd		
MIDAZOLAM Tab 7.5 mg					
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		00 50		40	Mida a la se Día a s
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml plastic ampoule				10	Midazolam-Pfizer
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-25 to 2027				10	Midazolam Viatris
		7.80 16.75			Midazolam-Baxter
Ini E ma nor ml. 2 ml amnoula E9/ DV May 25 to 2027				5	Mylan Midazolam Midazolam Viatris
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 5% DV May-25 to 2027	•••••	4.75		5	Midazolam-Baxter
		4.75 5.50			Mylan Midazolam
Midazolam Viatris Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Ma	av 2025)	5.50			Wylan Wildazolani
Midazolam Vians nij 1 mg per mi, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Ma Mylan Midazolam Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Ma					
Milazolam Viatris Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Ma					
Mylan Midazolam Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Ma	• •				
PHENOBARBITONE	<i>y</i> 2020/				
Inj 130 mg per ml, 1 ml vial					
Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule					
TEMAZEPAM					
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	•••••	1.40		25	Normison
FRIAZOLAM – Restricted: For continuation only					
→ Tab 125 mcg					
→ Tab 250 mcg					
ZOPICLONE					
Tab 7.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		.21.85		500	Zopiclone Actavis
Spinal Muscular Atrophy					
VUSINERSEN – Restricted see terms below					
Inj 12 mg per 5 ml vial		00.00		1	Spinraza
→ Restricted (RS1938)					
nitiation					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
Il of the following:					
 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 get 	ne deletion,	homoz	ygous	SMN1	point mutation, or compou
heterozygous mutation; and					
2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and					
3 Either:					
 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and sympto 3.2 Both: 	oms of SMA	type I,	ll or l	lla prior	to three years of age; or
3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and					
3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.					

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 Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 (ox man: oxol: doi) \$	Per	Manufacturer

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with nusinersen; and
- 3 Nusinersen not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

RISDIPLAM - Restricted see terms below

Note: the supply of risdiplam is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://pharmac.govt.nz/risdiplam

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with risdiplam; and
- 3 Risdiplam not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE

Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 18 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 40 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 60 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	65.20	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	65.71	28	APO-Atomoxetine
CAFFEINE Tab 100 mg			
DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025		100	Noumed Dexamfetamine
Restricted (RS2071) Initiation – ADHD Paediatrician or psychiatrist			Dexametanine

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria. continued...

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

		Price excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ontinued				
nitiation – Narcolepsy				
leurologist or respiratory specialist				
Patient suffers from narcolepsy.				
ISDEXAMFETAMINE DIMESILATE – Restricted see terms below		00.00	00	Manage
Cap 30 mg			30	Vyvanse
Cap 50 mg Cap 70 mg			30 30	Vyvanse Vyvanse
Restricted (RS2070)		.00.00	30	vyvarise
nitiation				
Paediatrician or psychiatrist				
Either:				
1 Patient is currently on treatment with lisdexamfetamine dime	silate and m	et all rem	aining crit	eria prior to commencing
treatment; or				
2 All of the following:				
2.1 ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder); a				
2.2 Diagnosed according to DSM-V or ICD 11 criteria; and	d			
2.3 Any of the following:				
2.3.1 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formula				
(extended-release) and has not received suffic				
2.3.2 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formula not been effective due to significant administra				
2.3.3 There is significant concern regarding the risk				
sulfate; or			or infined	
2.3.4 Patient is taking a currently subsidised formula	ation of meth	vlphenida	ate hydroc	hloride (immediate-release o
sustained release) which has not been effectiv				
adherence difficulties; or				
2.3.5 There is significant concern regarding the risk	of diversion	or abuse	of immed	iate release methylphenidate
hydrochloride; or				
2.3.6 Both:				
2.3.6.1 Patient would have been prescribed a s	ubsidised fo	rmulation	of methyl	phenidate hydrochloride
(extended-release) but has been unable	e to access o	due to sup	opiy issues	s with methylphenidate
hydrochloride (extended-release); and 2.3.6.2 Other alternative stimulant presentation:	e (mothylph	onidato o	dovamfo	amina) are not appropriate:
and		eniuale Ol	uexaiille	ammer are not appropriate,
2.4 Lisdexamfetamine dimesilate is not to be used in com	hination wit	h another	funded m	athylphanidata presentation

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	`	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Manufacturer
ETHYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms b	elow		
Tab extended-release 18 mg		30	Concerta
	7.75	00	Methylphenidate ER -
	1.10		Teva
Tab extended-release 27 mg		30	Concerta
	11.45		Methylphenidate ER -
			Teva
Tab extended-release 36 mg	71.93	30	Concerta
-	15.50		Methylphenidate ER -
			Teva
Tab extended-release 54 mg		30	Concerta
	22.25		Methylphenidate ER -
			Teva
Tab immediate-release 5 mg		30	Rubifen
Tab immediate-release 10 mg	3.00	30	Ritalin
			Rubifen
Tab immediate-release 20 mg	7.85	30	Rubifen
Tab sustained-release 20 mg	10.95	30	Rubifen SR
Cap modified-release 10 mg	15.60	30	Ritalin LA
Cap modified-release 20 mg	20.40	30	Ritalin LA
Cap modified-release 30 mg	25.52	30	Ritalin LA
Cap modified-release 40 mg		30	Ritalin LA
Restricted (RS2072)			
itiation – ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release form	nulations)		
aediatrician or psychiatrist			
atient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diag	nosed according to D	SM-IV or	ICD 10 criteria.
itiation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release	e formulations)		
eurologist or respiratory specialist			
tient suffers from narcolepsy.			
tiation – Extended-release and modified-release formulations			
ediatrician or psychiatrist			
th:			
1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorde	r). diagnosed accordi	na to DSN	I-IV or ICD 10 criteria: and
2 Either:	<i>,,</i> 0	0	,
2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methyl	phenidate hydrochlor	ide (imme	diate-release or
sustained-release) which has not been effective due to		· ·	
2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of divers			
hydrochloride.			
•			
DDAFINIL - Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV May-25 to 2027		30	Modafinil Max Health
	29.13	60	Modavigil
Iodavigil Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)			
Restricted (RS2073)			
itiation – Narcolepsy			
eurologist or respiratory specialist			
of the following:			

1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and

2 Either:

continued...

Pric	е		Brand or
(ex man. ex	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

- 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
- 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and

3 Either:

- 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
- 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	84	Ipca-Donepezil
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	84	Ipca-Donepezil
RIVASTIGMINE – Restricted see terms below		
Fatch 4.6 mg per 24 hour - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	30	Rivastigmine Patch
		BNM 5
Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	30	Rivastigmine Patch
		BNM 10

Restricted (RS1436)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence		
BUPRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	28	Buprenorphine
Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	28	Naloxone BNM Buprenorphine
→ Restricted (RS1172) Initiation – Detoxification All of the following:		Naloxone BNM

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Initiation – Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

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- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Dev	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab modified-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	15.00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM			
Tab 200 mg	236.40	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		30	Naltraccord
	77.77	28	Naltrexone AOP
	102.60	30	Naltrexone Max Health
	138.88	50	Revia
→ Restricted (RS1173)			
nitiation – Alcohol dependence			
Both:			
1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a	a recognised comprehen	sive trea	tment programme for alcoho
dependence; and	, , , , .		
2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation	n of, a physician working	in an Ald	cohol and Drug Service.
Initiation – Constipation			
For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.			
NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below	10.00		
Patch 7 mg per 24 hours		28	Habitrol
Patch 14 mg per 24 hours		28	Habitrol
Patch 21 mg per 24 hours	24.72	28	Habitrol
Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
Lozenge 1 mg		216	Habitrol
Lozenge 2 mg	24.68	216	Habitrol
Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
Gum 2 mg	23.02	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
			Habitrol (Mint)
Gum 4 mg	25.98	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
			Habitrol (Mint)
➡ Restricted (RS1873)			

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction; or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or
- 3 Patient would be admitted to a mental health inpatient unit, but is unable to due to COVID-19 self-isolation requirement; or
- 4 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

VARENICLINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 42	16.67	53	Varenicline Pfizer
t	Tab 1 mg	17.62	56	Varenicline Pfizer
⇒	Restricted (RS1702)			

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and

3 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
- 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

		Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Chemot	herapeutic Agents			
	· · ·			
	ng Agents			
	TINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms bel g vial – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		1	Bendamustine Sandoz Ribomustin
Inj 100 ∎	ng vial – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		1	Bendamustine Sandoz Ribomustin
(Ribomustin				
1 The 2 Patie 3 Beno 6 cyc	patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring tre nt has ECOG performance status 0-2; and lamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of les.	100 mg/m² on days 1 a		
lymphocytic Initiation –	tion marked with a * includes indications that are unap lymphoma (SLL). Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas tent required after 9 months owing:	proved. 'Chronic lymp	hocytic leu	ıkaemia (CLL)' includes small
1 The 2 Patie	atient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment nt has ECOG performance status of 0-2; and of the following:	and		
•	1 Both:			
	 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a ma. CD20+); or 	ximum of 6 cycles (in	combinatio	on with rituximab when
3.3	2 Both:			
	3.2.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within chemo-immunotherapy regimen; and	12 months of a rituxim	ab contain	ing combined
2	3.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combi 3 All of the following:	nation with obinutuzun	hab for a m	naximum of 6 cycles; or
0.	 3.3.1 The patient has not received prior bendamust 3.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a matrituximab when CD20+); and 		elapsed pa	atients (in combination with
	3.3.3 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free int		,	
	Bendamustine is to be administered as monotherapy	r for a maximum of 6 c	ycles in ritu	uximab refractory patients.
	n – Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas ent required after 9 months			
1 Both				
1.:	Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 mor Bendamustine is to be administered in combination v			
2 Both 2.	Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen	within the last 12 mon	ths; and	

continued...

	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
ontinued			
2.2 Either:			
2.2.1 Both:			
2.2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum with rituximab when CD20+); and		·	
2.2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval2.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for patients.			
lote: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, margina	zone an	d lymphopla:	smacytic/ Waldenström's
nacroglobulinaemia.			
nitiation – Hodgkin's lymphoma*			
Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant	t specialis	st	
<i>Limited to 6 months</i> treatment			
1 Patient has Hodgkin's lymphoma requiring treatment; and			
2 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0-2; and			
3 Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy; and			
4 Patient's disease relapsed or was refractory following prior chemothera	oy; and		
5 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with gemcitabine ar		bine (BeGeV) at a maximum dose of no
greater than 90 mg/m2 twice per cycle, for a maximum of four cycles.			
ote: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.			
USULFAN			
Tab 2 mg	89.25	100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
ARMUSTINE			
Inj 100 mg vial <i>–</i> 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	.710.00	1	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Novadoz
CHLORAMBUCIL			
Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		50	Cyclonex
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	95.06	1	Endoxan
FOSFAMIDE	00.00		Helever
lnj 1 g vial lnj 2 g vial		1	Holoxan Holoxan
	. 100.00	I	ΠΟΙΟΧάΠ
OMUSTINE Cap 10 mg	122 50	20	Ceenu
Cap 10 mg Cap 40 mg		20 20	Ceenu Ceenu
	880.00	20	Medac
Ceenu Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025)	500100		
Ceenu Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025)			
/ELPHALAN			
Tab 2 mg			
Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	48.25	1	Melpha
THIOTEPA			
Inj 15 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1	Tepadina
Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-24 to 20261		1	Tepadina

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE			
Inj 15,000 iu vial		1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]			
Inj 0.5 mg vial	255.00	1	Cosmegen
DAUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	171.93	1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	44.50		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 50 mg vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	23.00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			Boxorabioin Eborro
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg vial		1	Zavedos
lnj 10 mg vial	233.64	1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C			
Inj 5 mg vial			
Inj 20 mg vial	1,250.00	1	Teva
MITOZANTRONE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe
Antimetabolites			
AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1904) Initiation Haematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months	50.00	1	Azacitidine Dr Reddy's
All of the following:			

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
 - The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
Continuation			
Haematologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a haen	natologist		
Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:			
 No evidence of disease progression; and The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from 	n treatment.		
CAPECITABINE			
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	9.80	60	Capecitabine Viatris
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025		120	Capecitabine Viatris
CLADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	749.96	1	Leustatin
CYTARABINE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	Cytarabine DBL
			Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			F L 1 0 1
Tab 10 mg		20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		5 1	Fludarabine Ebewe Fludarabine Sagent
	120.00	I	Fluuarabille Sayelli
FLUOROURACIL Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10.51	1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		1	Fluorouracil Accord
GEMCITABINE HYDROCHLORIDE		•	
Inj 43.3 mg per ml (equivalent to 38 mg per ml gemcitabine), 26.3 n	al vial		
- 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		1	DBL Gemcitabine
MERCAPTOPURINE		I	
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		25	Puri-nethol
I Oral suspension 20 mg per ml		100 ml	Xaluprine
			Allmercap
➡ Restricted (RS1635)			
Initiation			

Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.

Continuation

Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
I ETHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7.80	90	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		90	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	29.17	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	24.53	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	20.72	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	Methotrexate DBL Onco-Vial
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	45.00	1	DBL Methotrexate Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
EMETREXED			
Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	60.89	1	Juno Pemetrexed
	8.99		Pemetrexed-AFT
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	217.77	1	Juno Pemetrexed
	29.99		Pemetrexed-AFT
Juno Pemetrexed Inj 100 mg vial to be delisted 1 April 2025)			

(Juno Pemetrexed Inj 500 mg vial to be delisted 1 April 2025)

THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

Other Cytotoxic Agents

AMSACRINE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule		
Inj 75 mg		
ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Cap 0.5 mg		
ARSENIC TRIOXIDE		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial4,817.00	10	Phenasen
BORTEZOMIB – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 3.5 mg vial – 5% DV May-23 to 2025	1	DBL Bortezomib
→ Restricted (RS2043)		
Initiation – plasma cell dyscrasia		
The patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, re	quiring tre	atment.
DACARBAZINE		
Inj 200 mg vial	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE		
Cap 50 mg	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg	10	Vepesid Dev Madiael
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)		E . 1
Inj 100 mg vial40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA [HYDROXYCARBAMIDE]		
Cap 500 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	100	Devatis

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RUTINIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 140 mg		30	Imbruvica
Tab 420 mg	9,652.00	30	Imbruvica
Restricted (RS1933)			
itiation – chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) e-assessment required after 6 months			
of the following:			
1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requirin	a therapy: and		
2 Patient has not previously received funded ibrutinib; and	g thorapy, and		
3 Ibrutinib is to be used as monotherapy; and			
4 Any of the following:			
4.1 Both:			
4.1.1 There is documentation confirming that pai	ient has 17p deletion or TF	53 mutat	tion; and
4.1.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side ef	fects with venetoclax mono	therapy;	or
4.2 All of the following:			
4.2.1 Patient has received at least one prior imm	unochemotherapy for CLL;	and	
4.2.2 Patient's CLL has relapsed within 36 mont	ns of previous treatment; a	nd	
4.2.3 Patient has experienced intolerable side ef	fects with venetoclax in cor	nbination	with rituximab regimen;
4.3 Patient's CLL is refractory to or has relapsed within	n 36 months of a venetocl	ax regime	en.
ontinuation – chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)			
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e-assessment required after 12 months			
th:			
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 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is ben 			
 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is ben 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lym 	phocytic lymphoma (SLL) a	and B-cel	l prolymphocytic leukaem
 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is ben ote: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lym -PLL)*. Indications marked with * are Unapproved indications 	phocytic lymphoma (SLL) a	and B-cel	l prolymphocytic leukaemi
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3.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or

3.2 Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
- 3.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation – Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed symptomatic multiple myeloma and has undergone first-line treatment that included an autologous stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has at least a stable disease response in the first 100 days after transplantation; and
- 3 Lenalidomide maintenance is to be commenced within 6 months of transplantation; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 15 mg/day.

Continuation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

LENALIDOMIDE (VIATRIS) - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028		21	Lenalidomide Viatris
t	Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028		21	Lenalidomide Viatris
t	Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028	62.13	21	Lenalidomide Viatris
t	Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028		21	Lenalidomide Viatris

➡ Restricted (RS2044)

Initiation – Plasma cell dyscrasia

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 Patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient is not refractory to prior lenalidomide use.

Initiation – Myelodysplastic syndrome

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has low or intermediate-1 risk myelodysplastic syndrome (based on IPSS or an IPSS-R score of less than 3.5) associated with a deletion 5q cytogenetic abnormality; and
- 2 Patient has transfusion-dependent anaemia.

		rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
Continuation – Myelodysplastic syndrome				
Any relevant practitioner				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
Both:				
1 Patient has not needed a transfusion in the last 4 months; and 2 No evidence of disease progression.				
NIRAPARIB – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 100 mg		93.50	84	Zejula
Cap 100 mg		29.84	56	Zejula
	13,3	93.50	84	Zejula
➡ Restricted (RS2027)	,			,

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has advanced high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one line** of treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 3 Patient has experienced a partial or complete response to the preceding treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient has not previously received funded treatment with a PARP inhibitor; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the preceding platinum-based regimen; or
 - 5.2 Patient commenced treatment with niraparib prior to 1 May 2024; and
- 6 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 7 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- All of the following:
 - 1 No evidence of progressive disease; and
 - 2 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
 - 3 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
 - 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment with niraparib to cease after a total duration of 36 months from commencement; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with niraparib is being used in the second-line or later maintenance setting.

Notes: * "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component. **A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments

OLAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 100 mg	3,701.00	56	Lynparza
↓ Tab 150 mg		56	Lynparza
→ Restricted (RS1925)			
Initiation – Ovarian cancer			
Medical oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			

All of the following:

1 Patient has a high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 All of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed, advanced disease; and
 - 3.1.2 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.1.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to the first-line platinum-based regimen; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease progression occurring at least 6 months after the last dose of the penultimate line** of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to treatment with the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
 - 3.2.4 Patient has not previously received funded olaparib treatment; and
- 4 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 5 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 6 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 No evidence of progressive disease; or
 - 2.2 Evidence of residual (not progressive) disease and the patient would continue to benefit from treatment in the clinician's opinion; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 5.1.2 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the funded treatment period of olaparib will not be continued beyond 2 years if the patient experiences a complete response to treatment and there is no radiological evidence of disease at 2 years; or
 - 5.2 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy.

Notes: *Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component. **A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

- - 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and

		Price		Brand or
		(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
on	tinued			
	2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive m	ulti-agent chemotherapy	treatment	t protocol.
nit	iation – Relapsed ALL			
Lim	ited to 12 months treatment			
Bot	h:			
	1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; a	nd		
	2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive m	ulti-agent chemotherapy	treatment	t protocol.
nit	iation – Lymphoma			
Lim	ited to 12 months treatment			
Pat	ient has lymphoma requiring L-asparaginase containing protoc	ol (e.g. SMILE).		
PEI	NTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]			
	Inj 10 mg vial			
PO	MALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
ſ	Cap 1 mg – 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027		14	Pomolide
	алт () алт — с то у — с с с с с с с с с с с с с с с с с с 	71.18	21	Pomolide
l	Cap 2 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027		14	Pomolide
		142.35	21	Pomolide
l	Cap 3 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027		14	Pomolide
		213.53	21	Pomolide
l	Cap 4 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027		14	Pomolide
_	Bestvisted (DC0045)	284.71	21	Pomolide
	Restricted (RS2045) iation – Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia			
	relevant practitioner			
	assessment required after 6 months			
Bot				
000	 Patient has relapsed or refractory plasma cell dyscrasia, no 	t including Waldenström	macroale	bulinaemia requiring
	treatment; and		maorogic	buinaemia, requiring
Coi	2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide.			
	2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide. ntinuation – Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia			
Any	2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide.			
Any Re-	2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide. ntinuation – Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia relevant practitioner			
Any <i>Re</i> - Pat	2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide. ntinuation – Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia relevant practitioner assessment required after 12 months			
Any <i>Re</i> - Pat	2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide. ntinuation – Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia relevant practitioner <i>assessment required after 12 months</i> ient has no evidence of disease progression. DCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE		50	Natulan
Any <i>Re</i> - Pat PR(2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide. ntinuation – Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia relevant practitioner <i>assessment required after 12 months</i> ient has no evidence of disease progression. DCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 50 mg.		50	Natulan
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Any Re- Pat PRI FEI	2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide. ntinuation – Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia relevant practitioner <i>assessment required after 12 months</i> ient has no evidence of disease progression. DCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 50 mg	9.13		Temaccord
Any Re- Pat PRI FEI	2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide. ntinuation – Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia relevant practitioner <i>assessment required after 12 months</i> tient has no evidence of disease progression. DCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 50 mg	9.13	5	Temaccord Temozolomide Taro
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	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	`\$	Per	Manufacturer
continued			

continued... Continuation – gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation – ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

Continuation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 No evidence of disease progression; and

2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

t	Cap 50 mg		28	Thalomid
t	Cap 100 mg	756.00	28	Thalomid
	Restricted (RS2046)			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

- 1 The patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; or
- 2 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

TRETINOIN

	Cap 10 mg	100	Vesanoid
	NETOCLAX – Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg1,771.86	42	Venclexta
t	Tab 10 mg	2	Venclexta
t	Tab 50 mg	7	Venclexta
t	Tab 100 mg	120	Venclexta

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	T)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1713)

Initiation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 7 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one prior therapy for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

Initiation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion by FISH testing or TP53 mutation by sequencing; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

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Re-assessment required after 6 months

The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Platinum Compounds

CARBOPLATIN Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	Carboplatin Accord
CISPLATIN		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial9.45	1	Cisplatin Accord
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	Cisplatin Accord
OXALIPLATIN		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial33.35	1	Alchemy Oxaliplatin
Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors		
ALECTINIB – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Cap 150 mg7,935.00	224	Alecensa
→ Restricted (RS1712)		
Initiation		
Re-assessment required after 6 months		
All of the following:		continued

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyrosine kinase gene rearrangement using an appropriate ALK test; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria; and
- 2 The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

DASATINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	60	Dasatinib-Teva
	3,774.06		Sprycel
t	Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 304.13	60	Dasatinib-Teva
	6,214.20		Sprycel
t	Tab 70 mg - 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027415.75	60	Dasatinib-Teva
	7,692.58		Sprycel

(Sprycel Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) (Sprycel Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) (Sprycel Tab 70 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025) → Restricted (RS2055)

Initiation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis or accelerated phase; or
- 2 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoid leukaemia (Ph+ ALL); or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has documented treatment failure* with imatinib; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML defined by the Sokal or EURO scoring system.

Continuation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib*; and
- 2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: *treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

ERLOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027	30	Alchemy
t	Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027	30	Alchemy

→ Restricted (RS1885)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months All of the following:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation – pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Erlotinib to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg	918.00	30	Iressa
➡	Restricted (RS1887)			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation – pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Gefitinib to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

IMATINIB MESILATE

Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	44.93	60	Imatinib-Rex
Cap 400 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	69.76	30	Imatinib-Rex

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LAPATINIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg			
➡ Restricted (RS1828)			
Initiation			
For continuation use only.			
Continuation			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER- and 	2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (inclu	ding FISH o	r other current technology);
2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the	e previous 12 months w	nilst on lapa	tinib; and
3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab;	and		
4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.			
LENVATINIE - Restricted see terms below			

LENVATINIB – **Restricted** see terms below

t	Cap 4 mg	30	Lenvima
			Lenvima
	Restricted (RS2074)		

Initiation - thyroid cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with lenvatinib and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid cancer; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient must have symptomatic progressive disease prior to treatment; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient must progressive disease at critical anatomical sites with a high risk of morbidity or mortality where local control cannot be achieved by other measures; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 A lesion without iodine uptake in a RAI scan; or
 - 2.3.2 Receiving cumulative RAI greater than or equal to 600 mCi; or
 - 2.3.3 Experiencing disease progression after a RAI treatment within 12 months; or
 - 2.3.4 Experiencing disease progression after two RAI treatments administered within 12 months of each other; and
 - 2.4 Patient has thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) adequately supressed; and
 - 2.5 Patient is not a candidate for radiotherapy with curative intent; and
 - 2.6 Surgery is clinically inappropriate; and
 - 2.7 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation – thyroid cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

Initiation - unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma; and
- 2 Patient has preserved liver function (Childs-Pugh A); and
- 3 Transarterial chemoembolisation (TACE) is unsuitable; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy for their disease in the palliative setting.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ontinued	Ŷ	1 61	Manulacturei
ontinued Continuation – unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
here is no evidence of disease progression.			
nitiation – renal cell carcinoma			
Re-assessment required after 4 months			
lither:			
1 All of the following:			
1.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; ar	nd		
1.2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology;			
1.3 The patient has documented disease progression f		e of treatm	ient; and
1.4 The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0			
1.5 Lenvatinib is to be used in combination with everoli	imus; or		
2 All of the following:	- I. C. M		
 Patient has received funded treatment with nivolun carcinoma; and 	had for the second line tre	eatment of	metastatic renai celi
2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity	from treatment with nivol	imah. and	
2.3 Lenvatinib is to be used in combination with everoli		inab, and	
2.4 There is no evidence of disease progression.			
Continuation – renal cell carcinoma			
Re-assessment required after 4 months			
here is no evidence of disease progression.			
IDOSTAURIN – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 25 mg		56	Rydapt
→ Restricted (RS2033)			
nitiation			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has a diagnosis of acute myeloid leukaemia; and			
2 Condition must be FMS tyrosine kinase 3 (FLT3) mutation		مامنط امبياده	amia, and
 3 Patient must not have received a prior line of intensive che 4 Patient is to receive standard intensive chemotherapy in c 			
5 Midostaurin to be funded for a maximum of 4 cycles.		ann only, a	nu
IILOTINIB – Restricted see terms below Cap 150 mg	4 600 00	100	Tooigno
Cap 150 mg Cap 200 mg	,	120 120	Tasigna Tasigna
Restricted (RS2010)	0,002.00	120	i asiyina
itiation			
laematologist			
e-assessment required after 6 months			

All of the following:

1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, high risk chronic phase, or in chronic phase; and

2 Either:

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- 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI); or
- 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) precluding further treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and

Price			Brand or	
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic	
 \$		Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

PALBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 75 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
	Tab 100 mg4,000.00		Ibrance
t	Tab 125 mg	21	Ibrance

➡ Restricted (RS2034)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
 - 1.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
 - 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal or without menstrual-potential state; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic treatment for metastatic disease; and
 - 1.5 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 1.6 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for ribociclib; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse reaction to ribociclib that cannot be managed by dose reductions and requires treatment discontinuation; and
 - 2.3 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of ribociclib.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of palbociclib.

PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

Tab 200 mg – 5% DV May-25 to 2027		30	Pazopanib Teva
	1,334.70		Votrient
		30	Pazopanib Teva
	2,669.40		Votrient
(Votrient Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)			

(Votrient Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 May 2025)

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS1198)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

RIBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg 1,883.00	21	Kisqali
	3,767.00		Kisqali
	5,650.00	63	Kisqali

→ Restricted (RS2035)

Initiation

164

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
 - 1.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
 - 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal or without menstrual-potential state; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic endocrine treatment for metastatic disease; or
 - 1.4.3 Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.4.3.1 Patient commenced treatment with ribociclib in combination with an endocrine partner prior to 1 July 2024; and
- 1.4.3.2 There is no evidence of progressive disease; and
- 1.5 Treatment to be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 1.6 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for palbociclib; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse reaction to palbociclib that cannot be managed by dose reductions and requires treatment discontinuation; and
 - 2.3 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of palbociclib.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of ribociclib.

RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 5 mg2,50	0.00 56	Jakavi
	Tab 10 mg5,00		Jakavi
	Tab 15 mg		Jakavi
	Tab 20 mg		Jakavi

➡ Restricted (RS1726)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy; and
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

Continuation

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

SU	INITINIB – Restricted see terms on the next page			
t	Cap 12.5 mg	208.38	28	Sunitinib Pfizer
	Cap 25 mg		28	Sunitinib Pfizer
	Cap 50 mg		28	Sunitinib Pfizer

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl.	. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1886) Initiation – RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation – RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation – GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and

2 Either:

- 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
- 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- disease); or
- 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation – GIST pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 Sunitinib is to be discontinued at progression; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

Taxanes

Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	24.91	1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL			
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	19.59	1	Anzatax
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	37.89	1	Anzatax

Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects

CALCIUM FOLINATE

Tab 15 mg	
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	7.28
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	9.49
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	72.00

DEXRAZOXANE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 500 mg

➡ Restricted (RS1695)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediatric haematologist All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline given with curative intent; and
- 2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetime dose of anthracycline will exceed 250mg/m2 doxorubicin equivalent or greater; and
- 3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracycline treatment; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a child or young adult; or
 - 4.2 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for secondary malignancy.

e.g. Cardioxane

Eurofolic

DBL Leucovorin Calcium

Calcium Folinate Ebewe Calcium Folinate Sandoz

Calcium Folinate Sandoz

Calcium Folinate Ebewe

Calcium Folinate Sandoz Calcium Folinate Sandoz

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	Price		Brand or
(e	man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
MESNA	•	-	
Tab 400 mg	314.00	50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg		50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule		15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		15	Uromitexan
Vinca Alkaloids			
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	270.37	5	Hospira
/INCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
INORELBINE			
Cap 20 mg – 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025	30.00	1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025		1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025		1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Endocrine Therapy			
ABIRATERONE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below			

t	Tab 250 mg	4,276.19	120	Zytiga
⇒	Restricted (RS1888)			

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases; and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
 - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
 - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefi	iting from trea	tment.		
Continuation – pandemic circumstances Re-assessment required after 6 months				
All of the following:				
 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and contin Abiraterone acetate to be discontinued at progression; and No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to CC 				
BICALUTAMIDE Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		4.18	28	Binarex
EUTAMIDE Tab 250 mg			100	Flutamin
FULVESTRANT – Restricted see terms below				
 Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml prefilled syringe → Restricted (RS1732) 	1,0	068.00	2	Faslodex
nitiation				
Medical oncologist				
Re-assessment required after 6 months				
All of the following:				
	motostatia br	anot noncor	and	
1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or				rifen for their locally
1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or 2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment w				tifen for their locally
 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or Patient has disease progression following prior treatment w advanced or metastatic disease; and 	ith an aromata	ase inhibitor		tifen for their locally
1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or 2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment w	ith an aromata	ase inhibitor		tifen for their locally
 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or Patient has disease progression following prior treatment w advanced or metastatic disease; and Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly following 	ith an aromata	ase inhibitor		tifen for their locally
 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or Patient has disease progression following prior treatment w advanced or metastatic disease; and Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly followin Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression. 	ith an aromata	ase inhibitor		tifen for their locally
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1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and

2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has

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failed; and

3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation – acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Initiation – Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

Initiation - pre-operative acromegaly

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Patient has a large pituitary tumour, greater than 10 mm at its widest; and
- 3 Patient is scheduled to undergo pituitary surgery in the next six months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Continuation – Acromegaly - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

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ontinued					
 Patient has acromegaly; and The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued tree The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 					
AMOXIFEN CITRATE					
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026				60 60	Tamoxifen Sandoz Tamoxifen Sandoz
Aromatase Inhibitors					
NASTROZOLE					
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		.4.39		30	Anatrole
XEMESTANE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2026		0.96		30	Pfizer Exemestane
ETROZOLE		.9.00		30	Flizer Exemestane
Tab 2.5 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		.4.67		30	Letrole
-					
Imaging Agents					
MINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms be	low				
Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial				1	Gliolan
→ Restricted (RS1565)	44,00	00.00		10	Gliolan
nitiation – high grade malignant glioma					
All of the following:					
1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme;					
2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection	n; and				
3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.					
Immunosuppressants					
Calcineurin Inhibitors					
		44.00		50	Neevel
Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg				50 50	Neoral Neoral
Cap 100 mg				50 50	Neoral
Oral liq 100 mg per ml				50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				10	Sandimmun
ACROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below					
Cap 0.5 mg	4	49.60		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 0.75 mg				100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 1 mg				100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 5 mg				50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule					
→ Restricted (RS1990)					
nitiation – organ transplant recipients					
Any specialist					

For use in organ transplant recipients.

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Initiation - non-transplant indications*

Any specialist

Both:

1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
 - 2.2 Patient is a child with nephrotic syndrome*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Fusion Proteins

ETANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg autoinjector690.00	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 25 mg vial	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg autoinjector	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg syringe	4	Enbrel

➡ Restricted (RS2062)

Initiation – polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

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- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an

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improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or

2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baselinee; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and

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- 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and

2.5 Either:

- 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
- 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and

2.6 Either:

- 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:

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2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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- less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
- 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm
• ··		

Continuation – ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the

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following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

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Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as

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 \$	Per	Manufacturer

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assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or

1.3 Both:

- 1.3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
- 1.3.2 Either:
 - 1.3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing etanercept; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and

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- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an elevated enythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months*

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
 - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and

2 Either:

- 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

➡ Restricted (RS1202)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB (AMGEVITA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026 190.00	1	Amgevita
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled pen - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026	2	Amgevita
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026 375.00	2	Amgevita

→ Restricted (RS2063)

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease* that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatological and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatments appropriate for the particular symptom(s).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and
- 3 Patient has 3 or more active lesions; and

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4 The patient has a DLQI of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application.

Continuation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 4 or more from baseline.

Initiation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
 - 2.3 A PASI assessment or (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced a 75% or more reduction in PASI score, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 2 Both:

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- 2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
- 2.2 Either:

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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- 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
- 2.2.2 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or

3 Both:

- 3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
- 3.2 Either:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing adalimumab.

Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300 or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or

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2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and

3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complex peri-anal fistula; and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation – Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months Fither:

ither:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner *Re-assessment required after 2 years* Any of the following:

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- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation – Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation – ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiology imaging; and
 - 2.4 Patient has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more NSAIDs, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following BASMI measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side

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flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or

- 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender; and
- 2.6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation – ankylosing spondylitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

For applications where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose).

Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for polyarticular course JIA; or

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- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine or leflunomide at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Any relevant practitioner *Re-assessment required after 2 years* Either:

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- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Continuation – Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept and/or tocilizumab for (AOSD); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or

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1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, NSAIDs and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient's SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation – ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
- 2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of each of methotrexate, sulphasalazine and leflunomide, at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 3.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 3.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years Either:

1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or

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2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation – inflammatory bowel arthritis – axial

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not responded adequately to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate, or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

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- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

ADALIMUMAB (HUMIRA - ALTERNATIVE BRAND) - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe1,599.96	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe1,599.96	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled pen1,599.96	2	HumiraPen

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS1922)

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response to treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Continuation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and
- 3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Initiation – Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and

- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation – Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation – Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- All of the following:
 - 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
 - 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
 - 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
 - 4 A maximum of 8 doses.

Continuation – Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated clinical improvement and continues to require treatment; and
- 2 A maximum of 8 doses.

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Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months*

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation – Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months*

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

1 Any of the following:

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- 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
- 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner *Re-assessment required after 12 months* Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita); and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

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- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation – Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

	Price		Brand or
(6	ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
 - 4.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
 - 2.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has demonstrated a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

Inj 40 mg per ml, 0.1 ml vial	00 1	1	Eylea
→ Restricted (RS1872)			
Initiation – Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration			
Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner			

Re-assessment required after 3 months Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. C	GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months; or
 - 2.2 Patient has previously* (*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

Initiation – Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
- 2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
- 3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomography) subfield > 350 micrometers; and
- 5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy.

Continuation – Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and
- 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction in intra-retinal cysts, central retinal thickness, and sub-retinal fluid); and
- 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy; and
- 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, patient has retrialled with at least one injection of bevacizumab and had no response.

BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 20 mg vial	2,560.00	1	Simulect
➡ Restricted (RS1203)			
Initiation			
For use in solid organ transplants.			

t Item restricted (see → above); ↓ Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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 Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled pen		Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	⁻) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 → Restricted (RS1920) nitiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma Aspiratory physician or clinical immunologist Re-assessment required after 12 months Work of the following: Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mc per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long-acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonid/formoterol as part of the anti-inflammatory reliever therapy plus maintenance regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and Either:	BENRALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below			
 nitiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist <i>Reassessment required after 12 months</i> NI of the following: Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mc per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long-acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the anti-inflammatory reliever therapy plus maintenance regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and Either: A Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mc per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long-acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the anti-inflammatory reliever therapy plus maintenance regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and Either: A Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids; or B Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previou 3 months; and Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised mepolizumab; and Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks afte the first dose to assess response to treatment; and Either: P Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or B Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued wi		3,539.00	1	Fasenra
 Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> Nil of the following: Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mc per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long-acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the anti-inflammatory reliever therapy plus maintenance regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and Either: Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids in the previous 12 months; and Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised mepolizumab; and Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks afte the first dose to assess response to treatment; and Either: Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy; and 2.2.2 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and S.2.4 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and P.2.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy; and P.2.2 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and P.2.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy; and P.2.2 Patient was refractory or into				
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2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma				hannali
	•	50% or by 10 mg/day Wh	ne mainta	ining of improving asthma
	BEVACIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below Ini 25 mg per ml. 4 ml vial			

- Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial

⇒ Restricted (RS1691)

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

	Pri (ex man. e \$	excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
1 Maximum of 6 doses; and				
2 The patient has recurrent respiratory pa				
3 The treatment is for intra-lesional admin				
Continuation – Recurrent Respiratory Papille	matosis			
Otolaryngologist Re-assessment required after 12 months				
All of the following:				
1 Maximum of 6 doses: and				
2 The treatment is for intra-lesional admin	stration; and			
3 There has been a reduction in surgical t	eatments or disease regrowth as a	a result of t	reatment	t.
Initiation – ocular conditions				
Either:				
1 Ocular neovascularisation; or				
2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.				
BRENTUXIMAB VEDOTIN - Restricted see to	rms below			
Inj 50 mg vial		'5.18	1	Adcetris
→ Restricted (RS2002)				
Initiation – relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymp Re-assessment required after 6 months	noma			
All of the following:				
1 Either:				
1.1 Both:				
	ton, CD20 positive Hedelin huma	home offer	+	are lines of chamatheren
and	ctory CD30-positive Hodgkin lympl	noma aller	two or m	fore lines of chemotherapy;
1.1.2 Patient is ineligible for aut	plogous stem cell transplant: or			
1.2 Both:				
	ctory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymp	homa: and		
	lergone autologous stem cell trans			
2 Patient has not previously received fund	ed brentuximab vedotin: and			

- 2 Patient has not previously received funded brentuximab vedotin; and
- 3 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 4 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

Initiation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-1; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received brentuximab vedotin; and
- 4 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 5 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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continued Continuation – anaplastic large cell lymphoma Re-assessment required after 9 months All of the following:					
 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentu: Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is ber Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuxing 	nefitting fro	m trea	atment		
CASIRIVIMAB AND IMDEVIMAB – Restricted see terms below					
 Inj 120 mg per ml casirivimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) → Restricted (RS1874) 		0.0	0	1	Ronapreve
nitiation – Treatment of profoundly immunocompromised patien Limited to 2 weeks treatment All of the following:	its				
 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and The patient is in the community (treated as an outpatient) with Patient is profoundly immunocompromised** and is at risk of n against COVID-19 or is unvaccinated; and Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanic Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximu 	ot having i al ventilation	moun on; ar	ted an a	adequat	e response to vaccination
Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Minis * Examples include B-cell depletive illnesses or patients receiving tre nitiation – mild to moderate COVID-19-hospitalised patients				epleting	
Any relevant practitioner L <i>imited to 2 weeks</i> treatment All of the following:					
 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and Patient is an in-patient in hospital with mild to moderate diseas Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanic 					
5 Any of the following: 5.1 Age > 50; or		יו, מו	iu		
 5.2 BMI > 30; or 5.3 Patient is Māori or Pacific ethnicity; or 5.4 Patient is at increased risk of severe illness from COVI Health website (see Notes); and 	D-19, exclı	uding	pregna	incy, as	described on the Ministry of
 6 Either: 6.1 Patient is unvaccinated; or 6.2 Patient is seronegative where serology testing is readily serology testing is not available; and 	y available	or sti	rongly s	suspecte	ed to be seronegative where
7 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximu Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the <u>Minis</u> *(<u>https://www.health.govt.nz/our-work/diseases-and-conditions/covid</u>	try of Heal	th We	ebsite		
audiences/covid-19-advice-higher-risk-people)		501011	aviruo/	55 YIG-18	mornation opeome-
CETUXIMAB – Restricted see terms on the next page					

t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Erbitux
t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial1,820.00	1	Erbitux

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➡ Restricted (RS2064)

Initiation - head and neck cancer, locally advanced

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Cisplatin is contraindicated or has resulted in intolerable side effects; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

Initiation - colorectal cancer, metastatic

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic colorectal cancer located on the left side of the colon (see Note); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming disease is RAS and BRAF wild-type; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with cetuximab; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Cetuximab is to be used in combination with chemotherapy; or
 - 5.2 Chemotherapy is determined to not be in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment.

Continuation - colorectal cancer, metastatic

Re-assessment required after 6 months

No evidence of disease progression.

Note: Left-sided colorectal cancer comprises of the distal one-third of the transverse colon, the splenic flexure, the descending colon, the sigmoid colon, or the rectum.

GEMTUZUMAB OZOGAMICIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1923)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has not received prior chemotherapy for this condition; and
- 2 Patient has de novo CD33-positive acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient does not have acute promyelocytic leukaemia; and
- 4 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin will be used in combination with standard anthracycline and cytarabine (AraC); and
- 5 Patient is being treated with curative intent; and
- 6 Patient's disease risk has been assessed by cytogenetic testing to be good or intermediate; and
- 7 Patient must be considered eligible for standard intensive remission induction chemotherapy with standard anthracycline and cytarabine (AraC); and
- 8 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin to be funded for one course only (one dose at 3 mg per m² body surface area or up to 2 vials of 5 mg as separate doses).

Note: Acute myeloid leukaemia excludes acute promyelocytic leukaemia and acute myeloid leukaemia that is secondary to another haematological disorder (eg myelodysplasia or myeloproliferative disorder).

INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS2065)

Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

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Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation – ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Either:

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- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab; or
- 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either: 1 Both:

1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and

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- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation – Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner *Re-assessment required after 6 months* All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

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Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years Both:

1 Amure

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complete peri-anal fistula.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Any relevant practitioner *Re-assessment required after 2 years* Both:

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- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist Limited to 6 weeks treatment Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - fulminant ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patients SCCAI is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patients PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner *Re-assessment required after 2 years* Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
- 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

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Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom

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subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or

1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or

1.3 Both:

- 1.3.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
- 1.3.2 Either:
 - 1.3.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.3.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing infliximab; and

2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation – neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

 a) Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in

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Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.

b) Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has had axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not experienced an adequate response to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 Patient has a BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment .

Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10-point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and

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	(unles	t has tried and not experienced a response to at least three month s contraindicated); and the following:	is of s	ulfasala	azine at	a maximum tolerated dose
		Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more application; or	than	one mo	onth prio	r to the date of this
		Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no mapplication; or				
0		ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving pre- day and has done so for more than three months.	dnisor	ne thera	apy at a (dose of greater than 5 mg per
	sessme	 Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral) ent required after 2 years 				
1	Follow clinica Patien	ing initial treatment, patient has experienced at least a 50% decreatly significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician thas experienced at least a continuing 30% improvement in active g physician.	; or			
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Respir	ratory p	evere eosinophilic asthma hysician or clinical immunologist ent required after 12 months				
	he follo	5				
	Patien	t must be aged 12 years or older; and t must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documente iologist; and	ed by a	a respir	ratory ph	ysician or clinical
	Condit exclud	ions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway ed; and				
5	Patien per da mainte	t has a blood eosinophil count of greater than $0.5 \times 10^{\circ}9$ cells/L in t must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled y of fluticasone propionate) plus long acting beta-2 agonist, or bud nance and reliever therapy regimen, unless contraindicated or not	cortic lesoni	osteroi ide/forn	ds (equiv noterol a	alent to at least 1000 mcg
6	Either: 6.1	Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticos exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticos corticosteroids: or				
	6.2	Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the 3 months; and	e equi	ivalent	of 10 mg	per day over the previous
7	Troote	agent is not to be used in combination with subsidized bourglizumat	h: and			

- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised benralizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Either:
 - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or 9.2 Both:
 - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and

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(6	ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
		\$		Per	Manufacturer

9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

Continuation – Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with mepolizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

Initiation - eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis; and
- 2 The patient has trialled and not received adequate benefit from at least one of the following for at least three months (unless contraindicated to all): azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, leflunomide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, or rituximab; and

3 Either:

- 3.1 The patient has trialled prednisone for a minimum of three months and is unable to maintain disease control at doses below 7.5 mg per day; or
- 3.2 Corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Continuation - eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has no evidence of clinical disease progression.

OBINUTUZUMAB – **Restricted** see terms below

Inj 25 mg per ml, 40 ml vial	.5,910.00	1	Gazyva
→ Restricted (RS1919)			
Initiation			
Haematologist			
Limited to 6 months treatment			
All of the following:			

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL; and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to 1.5×10^{9} /L and platelets greater than or equal to 75×10^{9} /L

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient has follicular lymphoma; or
- 1.2 Patient has marginal zone lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen*; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has been previously treated with no more than four chemotherapy regimens; and
- 5 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 1000 mg for a maximum of 6 cycles in combination with chemotherapy*.

Note: * includes unapproved indications

Continuation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has no evidence of disease progression following obinutuzumab induction therapy; and
- 2 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum of 1000 mg every 2 months for a maximum of 2 years; and
- 3 Obinutuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe450.00) 1	Xolair
	Inj 150 mg vial		Xolair
	Destricted (DO1050)		

→ Restricted (RS1652)

Initiation – severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older ; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and 50 Fitherap.
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
 - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation – severe asthma

Respiratory specialist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

Initiation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
 - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
 - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response* following 4 doses; or
 - 4.2 Complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

Continuation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and
 - 2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: *Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

➡ Restricted (RS1995)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

➡ Restricted (RS1870)

Initiation – Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

Continuation – Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1,075.50	2	Mabthera
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,688.30	1	Mabthera

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(ex man. e	excl. GST)		Generic
\$	5	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1785)

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
- 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and

3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:

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- 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
- 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and

Price		Brand or
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continued...

9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and

3 Either:

- 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
- 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial275.33	2	Riximyo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial688.20	1	Riximyo

➡ Restricted (RS1973)

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist All of the following:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl	. GST)	_	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant. Initiation – aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation – aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
 - 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
 - 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status; and

4 Either:

- 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; or
- 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
- 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
 - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and

	Price			Brand or
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	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

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1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre; or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and

2 Any of the following:

- 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
- 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
- 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Both:

- 1 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
 - 2.2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
 - 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

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continued...

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – ABO-incompatible organ transplant

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
 - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and

3 Either:

3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a

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continued...

period of at least 12 months; or

- 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Initiation – Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 × 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Initiation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

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Continuation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and
- 4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

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1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Continuation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 24 months Both:

1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

Initiation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has biopsy-proven primary/idiopathic membranous nephropathy*; or
 - 1.2 Patient has PLA2 antibodies with no evidence of secondary cause, and an eGFR of > 60ml/min/1.73m2; and
- 2 Patient remains at high risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease despite more than 3 months of treatment with conservative measures (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Continuation – Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for membranous nephropathy*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful, but the condition has relapsed, and the patient now requires repeat treatment; or
 - 2.2 Patient achieved partial response to treatment and requires repeat treatment (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Notes:

- a) Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.
- b) High risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease defined as > 5g/day proteinuria.
- c) Conservative measures include renin-angiotensin system blockade, blood-pressure management, dietary sodium and protein restriction, treatment of dyslipidaemia, and anticoagulation agents unless contraindicated or the patient has experienced intolerable side effects.
- d) Partial response defined as a reduction of proteinuria of at least 50% from baseline, and between 0.3 grams and 3.5 grams per 24 hours.

Initiation - B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*

Limited to 2 years treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*; and
- 2 Treatment must be in combination with an intensive chemotherapy protocol with curative intent; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 per dose for a maximum of 18 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - desensitisation prior to transplant

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient requires desensitisation prior to mismatched allogenic stem cell transplant*; and
- 2 Patient would receive no more than two doses at 375 mg/m2 of body-surface area.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pemiphigus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Either:

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continued...

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has severe rapidly progressive pemphigus; and
 - 1.2 Is used in combination with systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day); and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 Skin involvement is at least 5% body surface area; or
 - 1.3.2 Significant mucosal involvement (10 or more mucosal erosions) or diffuse gingivitis or confluent large erosions; or
 - 1.3.3 Involvement of two or more mucosal sites; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has pemphigus; and
 - 2.2 Patient has not experienced adequate clinical benefit from systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day) in combination with a steroid sparing agent, unless contraindicated.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – pemiphigus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced adequate clinical benefit from rituximab treatment, with improvement in symptoms and healing of skin ulceration and reduction in corticosteroid requirement; and
- 2 Patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of IgG4-RD*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs for at least 3 months has been ineffective in lowering corticosteroid dose below 5 mg per day (prednisone equivalent) without relapse; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs is contraindicated or associated with evidence of toxicity or intolerance; and
- 3 Total rituximab dose used should not exceed a maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Treatment with rituximab for IgG4-RD* was previously successful and patient's disease has demonstrated sustained response, but the condition has relapsed; or
 - 1.2 Patient is receiving maintenance treatment for IgG4-RD*; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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	1,599.	.00 2	Cosentyx

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Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

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Re-assessment required after 4 months All of the following:

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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continued...

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a Health NZ Hospital, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
- 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.3 Patient has severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis where the plaques or lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis, and with a Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) score greater than 10; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand, foot, genital or flexural areas, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and for the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic	
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continued...

1 Either:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic localised genital or flexural plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 The patient has experienced a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks initial treatment of secukinumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-secukinumab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefitted from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 150 mg monthly.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Fither:

1 Both:

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- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and

Price		Brand or
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continued...

- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior secukinumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

SILTUXIMAB – **Restricted** see terms below

SILTONIMAD - Restricted see terms below			
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Inj 400 mg vial		1	Sylvant
➡ Restricted (RS1525)			
Initiation			
Haematologist or rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Ca	stleman's Disease; and	1	
2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has prover	n ineffective; and		
3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11	mg/kg every 3 weeks.		
Continuation			
Haematologist or rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained im	provement in inflamma	tory mark	ers and functional status.
TIXAGEVIMAB WITH CILGAVIMAB – Restricted see terms below			
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Initiation			
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approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for mo	,		
TOCILIZUMAB – Restricted see terms on the next page			,
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 Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial 		1	Actemra
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Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

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➡ Restricted (RS2067)

Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg, maximum of 12 mg/kg); or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research ENABLE trial programme; and
 - 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or Immune Effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome (ICANS) following CAR T-Cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS or ICANS for CAR T-cell therapy at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

Initiation - previous use

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis; or
 - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease; or
 - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and

3.2.2 Either:

- 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
- 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Initiation – Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
 - 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
 - 5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 4 months*

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.3 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.4.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months*

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Initiation - moderate to severe COVID-19

Therapy limited to 1 dose

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8mg/kg IV for a maximum of one dose; and
- 5 Tocilizumab is not to be administered in combination with barcitinib.

Continuation – Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months*

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Continuation – polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB (HERZUMA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027 100.00	1	Herzuma
t	Inj 440 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027	1	Herzuma

→ Restricted (RS2005)

Initiation – early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH + (including FISH or other current technology; and 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment).
- Continuation early breast cancer*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology; and
 - 1.2 The patient received prior adjuvant trastuzumab treatment for early breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 1.3.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; or
 - 1.3.3 he cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and

1.4 Either:

- 1.4.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
- 1.4.2 All of the following:
 - 1.4.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 1.4.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 1.5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab in the metastatic setting for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Note: * For patients with relapsed HER-2 positive disease who have previously received adjuvant trastuzumab for early breast cancer

Initiation – metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 1.3 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Initiation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has locally advanced or metastatic gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction or oesophageal cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 2+ FISH+ or IHC3+ (or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG score of 0-2.

Continuation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 2 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TRASTUZUMAB EMTANSINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg vial2,320.00	1	Kadcyla
t	Inj 160 mg vial	1	Kadcyla
	Bastalate d (BO4000)		

➡ Restricted (RS1908)

Initiation – early breast cancer

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has early breast cancer expressing HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+; and
- 2 Documentation of pathological invasive residual disease in the breast and/or auxiliary lymph nodes following completion of surgery; and
- 3 Patient has completed systemic neoadjuvant therapy with trastuzumab and chemotherapy prior to surgery; and
- 4 Disease has not progressed during neoadjuvant therapy; and
- 5 Patient has left ventricular ejection fraction of 45% or greater; and
- 6 Adjuvant treatment with trastuzumab emtansine to be commenced within 12 weeks of surgery; and
- 7 Trastuzumab emtansine to be discontinued at disease progression; and
- 8 Total adjuvant treatment duration must not exceed 42 weeks (14 cycles).

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease*; or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
 - 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Patient has not received prior funded trastuzumab emtansine treatment; and
- 7 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation – metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: *Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

US	TEKINUMAB – Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Inj 130 mg vial4,162.00	1	Stelara
t	Inj 90 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe4,162.00	1	Stelara

	Pri	ice			Brand or
(ex	(man. e	excl.	GST)	_	Generic
	9	\$		Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1942)

Initiation – Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for Crohn's disease and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to be administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.
- Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

	Price			Brand or
(ex mar	. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation – ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for ulcerative colitis and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for ulcerative colitis; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for ulcerative colitis are contraindicated.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
- 1.2 PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy*; and
- 2 Ustekinumab will be used at a dose no greater than 90 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Criterion marked with * is for an unapproved indication.

VEDOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

➡ Restricted (RS1943)

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.4 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.5 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 2 years Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- on biologic therapy; or
- 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
- 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation – Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300mg every 8 weeks.
- Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.3 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20*; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

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Re-assessment required after 2 years Both:

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
1 Either:			
1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more	from the SCCAI score s	ince initiat	ion on biologic therapy; or
1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more	e from the PUCAI score	since initia	ation on biologic therapy *; and
2 Vedolizumab will be used at a dose no greater than 300 m	g intravenously every 8	weeks.	

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

-
ATEZOLIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 60 mg per ml, 20 ml vial
Initiation – non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy
Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist
Re-assessment required after 4 months
All of the following:
1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer; and
2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
3 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating
mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
4 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
5 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with at least two cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy;
and
6 Atezolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of
16 weeks; and
7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.
Continuation – non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy
Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist
Re-assessment required after 4 months
All of the following:
1 Any of the following:
1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most
recent treatment period; and
3 No evidence of disease progression; and
4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
5 Atezolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
6 Treatment with atezolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent) and
dosed every 3 weeks).
DURVALUMAB – Restricted see terms below
Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
➡ Restricted (RS1926)
Initiation – Non-small cell lung cancer Medical oncologist
Re-assessment required after 3 months
All of the following:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl	. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has histologically or cytologically documented stage III, locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Patient has received two or more cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy concurrently with definitive radiation therapy; and
- 3 Patient has no disease progression following the second or subsequent cycle of platinum-based chemotherapy with definitive radiation therapy treatment; and
- 4 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0 or 1; and
- 5 Patient has completed last radiation dose within 8 weeks of starting treatment with durvalumab; and
- 6 Patient must not have received prior PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitor therapy for this condition; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
 - 7.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 8 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression.

Continuation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
 - 2.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 3 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression; and
- 4 Total continuous treatment duration must not exceed 12 months.

NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial1	1.051.98	1	Opdivo
	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Opdivo
⇒	Restricted (RS2068)			
Init	tiation			
Me	dical oncologist			

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with nivolumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation - less than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist *Re-assessment required after 4 months* Either:

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
 \$	Per Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Continuation - more than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months Both:

- 1 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease: and
 - 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Initiation – Renal cell carcinoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist Re-assessment required after 4 months Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with nivolumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has metastatic renal-cell carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology; and
 - 2.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 2.4 Patient has documented disease progression following one or two previous regimens of antiangiogenic therapy; and
 - 2.5 Nivolumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 240 mg every 2 weeks (or equivalent) and discontinued at disease progression.

	(ex man.	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
Continuation – Renal cell carcinoma					
Any relevant practitioner					
Re-assessment required after 4 months					
All of the following:					
1 Any of the following:	a traatmant: ar				
1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response t1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to tr					
1.3 Patient has stable disease; and	eatment, or				
2 No evidence of disease progression; and					
3 Nivolumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum	dose of 240 mg	every	/ 2 wee	eks (or e	quivalent) and discontinued
at disease progression.	-				. ,
PEMBROLIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below					
Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	4,	680.00)	1	Keytruda
➡ Restricted (RS2056)					
Initiation – unresectable or metastatic melanoma					
Medical oncologist					
Limited to 4 months treatment All of the following:					
 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (exclu 	ding uwool) stog	o III o		d	
2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is docu					and
3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and		anar	aalolo	giouny, c	
4 Either:					
4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or					
4.2 Both:					
4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Aut	hority approval fe	or nivo	olumab	and has	s discontinued nivolumab
within 12 weeks of starting treatment due					
4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the pat					
5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been info		wledg	es that	funded	treatment with
pembrolizumab will not be continued if their disease prog					
Continuation – unresectable or metastatic melanoma, less	than 24 months	s on tr	eatme	nt	
Medical oncologist Re-assessment required after 4 months					
Either:					
1 All of the following:					
1.1 Any of the following:					
1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete resp	onse to treatme	nt. or			
1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial respon					
1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and					
1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been	determined by	comns	rahla	radiolori	ic assessment following the

- 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:

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- 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
- 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
- 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Price		Brand or
ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
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continued...

Continuation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma, more than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 50% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; or
 - 6.2 Both:
 - 6.2.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 1% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; and
 - 6.2.2 Chemotherapy is determined to be not in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment; and
- 7 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 8 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 9 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist *Re-assessment required after 4 months*

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

- Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist
- Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 The patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 7 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 8 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - breast cancer, advanced

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

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- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has recurrent or de novo unresectable, inoperable locally advanced triple-negative breast cancer (that does not express ER, PR or HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+ [including FISH or other technology]); or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has recurrent or de novo metastatic triple-negative breast cancer (that does not express ER, PR or

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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(ex man. ex	xcl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+ [including FISH or other technology]; and

- 2.2 Patient is treated with palliative intent; and
- 2.3 Patient's cancer has confirmed PD-L1 Combined Positive Score (CPS) is greater than or equal to 10; and
- 2.4 Patient has received no prior systemic therapy in the palliative setting; and
- 2.5 Patient has an ECOG score of 0-2; and
- 2.6 Pembrolizumab is to be used in combination with chemotherapy; and
- 2.7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 2.8 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

Continuation - breast cancer, advanced

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following.
 - 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
 - 3 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by a comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 4 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
 - 5 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - head and neck squamous cell carcinoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has recurrent or metastatic head and neck squamous cell carcinoma of mucosal origin (excluding nasopharyngeal carcinoma) that is incurable by local therapies; and
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic therapy in the recurrent or metastatic setting; and
 - 2.3 Patient has a positive PD-L1 combined positive score (CPS) of greater than or equal to 1; and
 - 2.4 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; or
 - 2.5.2 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
 - 2.6 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

Continuation - head and neck squamous cell carcinoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 4 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation – MSI-H/dMMR advanced colorectal cancer

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist *Re-assessment required after 4 months*

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has deficient mismatch repair (dMMR) or microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) metastatic colorectal cancer; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has deficient mismatch repair (dMMR) or microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) unresectable colorectal cancer; and
 - 2.2 Patient is treated with palliative intent; and
 - 2.3 Patient has not previously received funded treatment with pembrolizumab; and
 - 2.4 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 2.5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
 - 2.6 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

Continuation – MSI-H/dMMR advanced colorectal cancer

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 3 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - Urothelial carcinoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has inoperable locally advanced (T4) or metastatic urothelial carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 2.3 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with chemotherapy; and
 - 2.4 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks.

Continuation - Urothelial carcinoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 3 Pembrolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 4 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Relevant specialist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with pembrolizumab and met all remaining criteria prior to commencing treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma after two or more lines of chemotherapy; and
 - 2.1.1.2 Patient is ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma and has previously undergone an autologous stem cell transplant; and
 - 2.2 Patient has not previously received funded pembrolizumab; and
 - 2.3 Pembrolizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 200 mg once every 3 weeks.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has received a partial or complete response to pembrolizumab; and
- 2 Treatment with pembrolizumab is to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Other Immunosuppressants

ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE) Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule2,7 ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial	74.48	5	ATGAM
AZATHIOPRINE			
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	7.36	60	Azamun
Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	8.10 1	100	Azamun
Inj 50 mg vial			
Inj 100 mg vial			
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2-8 × 10°8 CFU vial	49.37	1	OncoTICE
→ Restricted (RS1206)			
Initiation			
For use in bladder cancer.			
EVEROLIMUS – Restricted see terms on the next page			
Tab 5 mg4,5	55.76	30	Afinitor
Tab 10 mg6,5	12.29	30	Afinitor

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2076)

Initiation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

- - 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and

2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Initiation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
 - 1.2 The disease is of predominant clear-cell histology; and
 - 1.3 The patient has documented disease progression following one previous line of treatment; and
 - 1.4 The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
 - 1.5 Everolimus is to be used in combination with lenvatinib; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has received funded treatment with nivolumab for the second line treatment of metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity from treatment with nivolumab; and
 - 2.3 Everolimus is to be used in combination with lenvatinib; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of disease progression.

Continuation - renal cell carcinoma

Re-assessment required after 4 months

there is no evidence of disease progression.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg3	5.90	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg	5.90	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml18		165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial	3.33	4	CellCept
PICIBANIL			
Inj 100 mcg vial			
SIROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below			
1 Tab 1 mg	9.99	100	Rapamune
↓ Tab 2 mg1,49	9.99	100	Rapamune
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	9.99	60 ml	Rapamune
→ Restricted (RS1991)			

Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant

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		\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min; or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- · Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- HUS or TTP; or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- Significant malignant disease

Initiation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformation*; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Malformations are not adequately controlled by sclerotherapy and surgery; or
 - 2.2 Malformations are widespread/extensive and sclerotherapy and surgery are not considered clinically appropriate; or
 - 2.3 Sirolimus is to be used to reduce malformation prior to consideration of surgery; and
- 3 Patient is being treated by a specialist lymphovascular malformation multi-disciplinary team; and
- 4 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1 (see Note).

Continuation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had either a complete response or a partial response to treatment, or patient has stable disease according to RECIST version 1.1 (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has stabilised or responded clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documents in patient notes; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47)

Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Nephrologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Evidence of renal angiomyolipoma(s) measuring 3 cm or greater and that have shown interval growth.

Continuation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of renal angiomyolipoma reduction or stability by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound; and
- 2 Demonstrated stabilisation or improvement in renal function; and
- 3 The patient has not experienced angiomyolipoma haemorrhage or significant adverse effects to sirolimus treatment; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

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(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has epilepsy with a background of documented tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Vigabatrin has been trialled and has not adequately controlled seizures; and
 - 2.1.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least two of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Vigabatrin is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least three of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); and
- 3 Seizures have a significant impact on quality of life; and
- 4 Patient has been assessed and surgery is considered inappropriate for this patient, or the patient has been assessed and would benefit from mTOR inhibitor treatment prior to surgery.

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, and topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation – refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex* Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

demonstrated significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate (e.g. 50% reduction in seizure frequency) or severity and/or patient quality of life compared with baseline prior to starting sirolimus treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

JAK inhibitors

ΒA	RICITINIB – Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 2 mg0.00	28	Olumiant
		28	Olumiant

→ Restricted (RS1876)

Initiation – moderate to severe COVID-19*

Limited to 14 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19*; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Baricitinib is to be administered at doses no greater than 4 mg daily for up to 14 days; and
- 5 Baricitinib is not to be administered in combination with tocilizumab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

UPADACITINIB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 15 mg → Restricted (RS1861) Initiation – Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with an Rheumatologist Limited to 6 months treatment	28 hercept)	RINVOQ	
All of the following:			(

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(ex man. ex	xcl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and

3 Either:

- 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
- 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Continuation – Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiallergy Preparations			
Allergic Emergencies			
ADRENALINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 0.15 mg per 0.3 ml auto-injector - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025 Inj 0.3 mg per 0.3 ml auto-injector - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025 → Restricted (RS1944) Initiation - anaphylaxis Either:	90.00	1	Epipen Jr Epipen
 Patient has experienced a previous anaphylactic reaction whic department; or Patient has been assessed to be at significant risk of anaphyla 			a hospital or emergency
ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe → Restricted (RS1501) Initiation	2,668.00	1	Firazyr
Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist Re-assessment required after 12 months Both: 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pl	harvngeal or severe a	bdominal	attacks of acute hereditary
2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed up Continuation <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from t	-esterase inhibitor del oon an action plan for	iciency; a	nd
Allergy Desensitisation			
 BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below Maintenance kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluen Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent Initiation Kit - 5 vials freeze dried venom with diluent Maintenance Kit - 1 vial freeze dried venom with diluent Restricted (RS1117) Initiation Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and 		1 1	VENOX VENOX
2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising PAPER WASP VENOM – Restricted see terms below ↓ Treatment kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent ↓ Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent → Restricted (RS1118) Initiation	agent.		
Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising	agent.		
YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms on the ne	ext page		

- ↓ Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES

	ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 Restricted (RS1119) Initiation Both: RAST or skin test positive; and Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising a 	gent.	•			
Allergy Prophylactics					
BUDESONIDE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose		2.89	9 2	200 dose 200 dose 120 dose	SteroClear SteroClear Flixonase Hayfever &
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%				15 ml	Allergy
Antihistamines					
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2026 Oral liq 1 mg per ml CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 4 mg FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg Tab 120 mg Tab 120 mg Tab 180 mg				100 200 ml	Zista Histaclear
LORATADINE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 Oral liq 1 mg per ml PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Oral liq 1 mg per ml Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		1.43 1.39 1.58 3.39	3 9 3 9	100 100 ml 50 50 100 ml 5	Lorafix Haylor Syrup Allersoothe Allersoothe Hospira
Anticholinergic Agents IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule (Ipratropium IVAX Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be do (Pharmascience Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be do	delisted 1	5.86 11.73 Febri	6 3 <i>uary 2</i>	20 10 20 2025)	Ipratropium IVAX Pharmascience Univent

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
onists				
l 			20	Duolin Duolin Cipla
per 2.5 mi	атро	uie to t	oe delisted	1 1 April 2025)
		0		
	.61.00) 3	30 dose	Seebri Breezhaler
receiving	treatm	ient wit	th subsidis	ed inhaled glycopyrronium
			60 dose	Spiriva Respimat
	.50.3	7 3	30 dose	Spiriva
0				aled glycopyrronium or Incruse Ellipta
	ponists se l per 2.5 ml patient is a receiving ing treatm	\$ ponists se i per 2.5 ml ampo patient is also rea61.00 receiving treatm	ponists se i	\$ Per ponists Se I

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted (RS1518)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Inhaled Corticosteroid with Long-Acting Muscarinic	Antagonist and	l Beta A	gonist
FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH UMECLIDINIUM AND VILANTEROL ↓ Powder for inhalation fluticasone furoate 100 mcg with umeclidiniu 62.5 mcg and vilanterol 25 mcg	im	erms below 30 dose	v Trelegy Ellipta
 Patient has a diagnosis of COPD confirmed by spirometry or sp results are not possible; and Either: Both: Attent is currently receiving an inhaled corticosts 	,	·	
acting muscarinic antagonist with long acting beta	0 0		UNIST (ICO/LADA) UT a IONY

2.1.2 Any of the following:

Clinical criteria:

- 2.1.2.1 Patient has a COPD Assessment Test (CAT) score greater than 10; or
- 2.1.2.2 Patient has had 2 or more exacerbations in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.3 Patient has had one exacerbation requiring hospitalisation in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.1.2.4 Patient has had an eosinophil count greater than or equal to $0.3 \times 10^{\circ}9$ cells/L in the previous 12 months; or
- 2.2 Patient is currently receiving multiple inhaler triple therapy (inhaled corticosteroid with long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist ICS/LAMA/LABA) and met at least one of the clinical criteria above prior to commencing multiple inhaler triple therapy.

Antifibrotics

NI	NTEDANIB – Restricted see terms below		
t	Cap 100 mg2,554.00	60	Ofev
t	Cap 150 mg	60	Ofev

→ Restricted (RS1813) Initiation – idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis Respiratory specialist Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

PIRFENIDONE – Restricted see terms below	

	Tab 267 mg	90 90	Esbriet
•	Tab 601 mg	90	ESpher

→ Restricted (RS1814)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

SALBUTAMOL			
Oral liq 400 mcg per ml – 5% DV May-25 to 2027	50.00	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	3.80	200 dose	SalAir
	6.80		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule	8.96	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule	9.43	20	Asthalin
TERBUTALINE SULPHATE			
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Powder for inhalation, 200 mcg per dose (equivalent to 250 mcg			
metered dose), breath activated	22.20	120 dose	Bricanyl Turbuhaler

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

D ALLERGIES

200 dose

Beclazone 250

	RESPIRATORY S	YSTEM	AND ALLERGI
	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	「) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Decongestants			
OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg			
SODIUM CHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray isotonic SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Solition Checking with Solition BicArdona re			
XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.05% Aqueous nasal spray 0.1% Nasal drops 0.05% Nasal drops 0.1%			
Inhaled Corticosteroids			
BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	8.54 14.01	200 dose	Beclazone 50 Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose	12.50 17.52	200 dose	Beclazone 100 Qvar

BUDESONIDE Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose

FLUTICASONE

Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose7.19	120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose8.61	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose13.60	120 dose	Flixotide
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose24.62	120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose 11.93	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler

Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists

MONTELUKAST		
Tab 4 mg – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025	28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	28	Montelukast Viatris

Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE

Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose

Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose......22.67

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE			
Powder for inhalation 4.5 mcg per dose, breath activated (equivale eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg metered dose)	ent to		
NDACATEROL			
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose		30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose		120 dose	Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adre	enoceptor Age	onists	
SUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Powder for inhalation 160 mcg with 4.5 mcg eformoterol fumarate dose (equivalent to 200 mcg budesonide with 6 mcg eformote			
fumarate metered dose)		120 dose	DuoResp Spiromax
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg		120 dose	Symbicort Turbuhaler
Powder for inhalation 320 mcg with 9 mcg eformoterol fumarate p			eginereer randanaler
dose (equivalent to 400 mcg budesonide with 12 mcg eformo			
fumarate metered dose)		120 dose	DuoResp Spiromax
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg		60 dose	Symbicort Turbuhaler
LUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg		30 dose	Breo Ellipta
LUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg		120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg		60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg		120 dose 60 dose	Seretide Seretide Accuhaler
		00 0056	Selelide Accultater
Methylxanthines			
MINOPHYLLINE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		5	DBL Aminophylline
AFFEINE CITRATE			
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)		25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule		5	Biomed
HEOPHYLLINE			
Tab long-acting 250 mg		100	Nuelin-SR
Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml		500 ml	Nuelin
Mucolytics and Expectorants			
ORNASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below			
Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule		6	Pulmozyme
→ Restricted (RS1787)			-
itiation – cystic fibrosis			
lespiratory physician or paediatrician			
Re-assessment required after 12 months Il of the following:			continue
t the rollowing.			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

R		-	Y SY	STEM	AND ALLERGIES
	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis; and					
2 Patient has previously undergone a trial with, or is currently be	eing treated	d with	, hyper	tonic sal	ine; and
3 Any of the following:					
3.1 Patient has required one or more hospital inpatient res					
3.2 Patient has had 3 exacerbations due to CF, requiring o	ral or intra	venou	is (IV) a	antibiotic	is in in the previous 12 mont
period; or 3.3 Patient has had 1 exacerbation due to CF, requiring or	al or IV an	tihiotic	o in the		is 12 month pariod and a
Brasfield score of < 22/25; or	ai ui iv aii	ιοιοιι	,5 III U I	e previor	is 12 monul penoù anu a
3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary a	speraillosi	s (AB	PA).		
Continuation – cystic fibrosis	J	- (,		
Respiratory physician or paediatrician					
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to bene	fit from trea	atmen	ıt.		
Initiation – significant mucus production					
Limited to 4 weeks treatment					
Both:					
 Patient is an in-patient; and The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest tec 	hniques				
Initiation – pleural emphyema	iniques.				
Limited to 3 days treatment					
Both:					
1 Patient is an in-patient; and					
2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.					
ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTO	DR – Res	tricte	d see te	erms <mark>bel</mark>	ow
↓ Tab elexacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and				
ivacaftor 75 mg (28)		647.3	9	84	Trikafta
Tab elexacaftor 100 mg with tezacaftor 50 mg, ivacaftor 75 mg (5)					
ivacaftor 150 mg (28)	27,	647.3	9	84	Trikafta
➡ Restricted (RS1950) Initiation					
All of the following:					
1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and					
2 Patient is 6 years of age or older; and					
3 Either:					
3.1 Patient has two cystic fibrosis-causing mutations in the	cystic fibr	osis tr	ansme	mbrane	regulator (CFTR) gene (one
from each parental allele); or					
3.2 Patient has a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/	L by quant	titative	e piloca	rpine ior	tophoresis or by Macroduct
sweat collection system; and					
4 Either:					
4.1 Patient has a heterozygous or homozygous F508del m4.2 Patient has a G551D mutation or other mutation responses				ftor/tozo	aaftar/ivaaaftar (aaa nota a);
4.2 Patient has a G551D mutation of other mutation respon			-ievaca	nui/leza	נכמונטו/ועמטמונטו (See Hole a);
5 The treatment must be the sole funded CFTR modulator thera	ny for thie	condi	tion: ar	hd	
C Treatment with always for the sole funded of the mouth a size	py 101 ullo	atturner	:	dord the	warmen fan Alaia, aan ditian

6 Treatment with elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition.

Notes:

a) Eligible mutations are listed in the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Trikafta prescribing information https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2021/212273s004lbl.pdf

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
IVACAFTOR – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 150 mg		56	Kalydeco
Oral granules 50 mg, sachet		56	Kalydeco
I Oral granules 75 mg, sachet		56	Kalydeco
→ Restricted (RS1818)			
Initiation			
Respiratory specialist or paediatrician			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and			
2 Either:			
2.1 Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fil least 1 allele: or	brosis transmembrane conc	luctance	regulator (CFTR) gene on at
 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele; 		l, G551S,	S1251N, S1255P, S549N
3 Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 r		arnina ior	tonhoresis or by Macroduct
sweat collection system; and			itophoresis of by Macroduct
4 Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with	h standard therany for this c	ondition	and
5 Patient must not have an acute upper or lower respiratory			
(including antibiotics) for pulmonary disease in the last 4			
6 The dose of ivacaftor will not exceed one tablet or one sa		ucaunci	a with Wacanon, and
7 Applicant has experience and expertise in the manageme			
SODIUM CHLORIDE			D i i
Nebuliser soln 7%, 90 ml bottle	24.50	90 ml	Biomed
Pulmonary Surfactants			
BERACTANT			
Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial			
PORACTANT ALFA	405.00		0
Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial		1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial		1	Curosurf
Despiratory Stimulants			
Respiratory Stimulants			
DOXAPRAM			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	1.09	5 g	Devatis
Ear drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5% – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	1.45	10 ml	Chlorsig
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5% GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3% PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE	10.85	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
Eye drops 0.1% SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1% SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10% TOBRAMYCIN	5.29	5 g	Fucithalmic
Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%		3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals			
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%			
Antivirals			
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations			
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramicid 50 mcg per ml DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulph	in B SULPHATE	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
6,000 u per g Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b	5.39	3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN		5 ml	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%	12.64	5 ml	Tobradex

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	ī) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIOQUINOL Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%			
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN A			
Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 gramicidin 250 mcg per g	mg and 5.16	7.5 ml	Kenacomb
Anti-Inflammatory Preparations			
Corticosteroids			
DEXAMETHASONE			
Eye oint 0.1%		3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%		5 ml	Maxidex
Ccular implant 700 mcg	1,444.50	1	Ozurdex
→ Restricted (RS1606)			
Initiation – Diabetic macular oedema			
Depthalmologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:			
 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic le 	ans: and		
2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between $6/9 - 6/48$ with		of reduction	n in vision: and
3 Either:			
3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment w		and	
4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more free maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.	equently than once ev	ery 4 month	ns into each eye, and up to a
Continuation – Diabetic macular oedema			
Ophthalmologist Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Both:			
1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined			
2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more fre	equently than once ev	ery 4 month	ns into each eye, and up to a
maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.			
Initiation – Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular of Ophthalmologist	edema		
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and			
2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 - 6/48 with		of reductior	n in vision; and
3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed			
4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more fre	equently than once ev	ery 4 month	ns into each eye, and up to a
maximum of 3 implants per eye per year. Continuation – Women of child bearing age with diabetic macul	ar aadama		
Continuation – women of child bearing age with diabetic macul			

Ophthalmologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl \$. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1% PREDNISOLONE ACETATE	3.0	09 5 m	I FML	
Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1%	7.0 6.9			т
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)	43.2	26 20 do	se Minims Prednisol	one
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs				
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5% NEPAFENAC Eye drops 0.3%				
Decongestants and Antiallergics				
Antiallergic Preparations				
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05% LODOXAMIDE				
Eye drops 0.1%	8.7	71 10 m	nl Lomide	
OLOPATADINE Eye drops 0.1% – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 SODIUM CROMOGLICATE	2.1	17 5 m	Olopatadine Tev	a
Eye drops 2% – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	2.6	62 10 m	nl Allerfix	
Decongestants				
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1% – 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	5.6 4.1		nl Albalon Naphcon Forte	
(Naphcon Forte Eye drops 0.1% to be delisted 1 January 2025)				
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations				
Diagnostic Dyes				
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		00 12	Fluorescite	
Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose LISSAMINE GREEN Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg)			

10		ice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
OSE BENGAL SODIUM Ophthalmic strips 1%				
Irrigation Solutions				
 Alixed SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chlor 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodiu chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chlor 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodiu chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chlor 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodiu chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml 	ım ride ım ride	5.00	15 ml	Balanced Salt Solution e.g. Balanced Salt Solution e.g. Balanced Salt
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chlor 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodiu chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle	um	10.50	500 ml	Solution Balanced Salt Solution
Ocular Anaesthetics				
DXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose				
Viscoelastic Substances				
HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]				
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe Inj 18 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN S Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syring	6 	50.00 50.00 28.50	1 1 1 1	Healon GV Healon GV Pro Healon 5 Healon
and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml syringe Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml syring and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.55 n	ıl 6 ge	64.00	1	Duovisc
		74.00	1	Duovisc

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

		02	NSUNT UNGANS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other			
DISODIUM EDETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1% Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500			
Glaucoma Preparations Beta Blockers			
BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25% Eye drops 0.5% (Betoptic S Eye drops 0.25% to be delisted 1 December 2025) (Betoptic Eye drops 0.5% to be delisted 1 December 2025) TIMOLOL		5 ml 5 ml	Betoptic S Betoptic
Eye drops 0.25% − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Eye drops 0.5% − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 ⇒ Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming − Restricted: For continuation only	2.50	5 ml 5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Arrow-Timolol
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors			
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg Inj 500 mg BRINZOLAMIDE	17.03	100	Diamox
Eye drops 1% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 DORZOLAMIDE - Restricted: For continuation only → Eye drops 2%	5.11	5 ml	Azopt
DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	3.58	5 ml	Dortimopt
Miotics			
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent CARBACHOL			
Inj 150 mcg vial PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 1% Eye drops 2% Eye drops 4% PILOCARPINE NITRATE Eye drops 2%, single dose	5.35	15 ml 15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% – 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	5.15	3 ml	Bimatoprost Multichem Lumigan
(Bimatoprost Multichem Eye drops 0.03% to be delisted 1 January 2023) LATANOPROST Eye drops 0.005% – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027		2.5 ml	Teva
ATANOPROST WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.005% with timolol 0.5% – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4.95	2.5 ml	Arrow - Lattim
TRAVOPROST Eye drops 0.004% – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.80	2.5 ml	Travatan
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5%		5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027 BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL MALEATE	5.16	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7.13	5 ml	Combigan
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose Eye drops 1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		15 ml	Atropt
CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%	8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
Eye drops 1%, single dose IROPICAMIDE Eye drops 0.5%	7 15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose		15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2% (Poly Gel Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose to be delisted 1 July 2025)	8.25	30	Poly Gel
t Item restricted (see → above). I Item restricted (see → b	- ala)		

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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SENSORY ORGANS

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%	19.50	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1% Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose	2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%			
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	3.63	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3%, 10 ml bottle Note: Only for use in compounding an eye drop formulation Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, single dose	10.78	30	Systane Unit Dose
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose			
RETINOL PALMITATE Oint 138 mcg per g	3.80	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Eye drops 1 mg per ml – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	13.58	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings			
Antidotes			
ACETYLCYSTEINE Tab eff 200 mg Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		10	DBL Acetylcysteine
(Martindale Pharma Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 AMYL NITRITE Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB	52.88 April 2025)		Martindale Pharma
Inj 38 mg vial Inj 40 mg vial			
ETHANOL Liq 96%			
ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle			
ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule Inj 96%			
FLUMAZENIL Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Flumazenil-Baxter
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 5 g vial Inj 2.5 g vial			
NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027		5	DBL Naloxone
	35.26	10	Hydrochloride Hameln
(Hameln Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 April 2025) PRALIDOXIME CHLORIDE Inj 1 g vial			
PRALIDOXIME IODIDE Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SODIUM NITRITE Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
SODIUM THIOSULFATE Inj 250 mg per ml, 100 ml vial Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SOYA OIL Inj 20%, 500 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle			

	Pri (ex man. e \$	excl. GS	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antitoxins				
BOTULISM ANTITOXIN Inj 250 ml vial DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN				
Inj 10,000 iu vial				
Antivenoms				
RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM Inj 500 u vial SNAKE ANTIVENOM Inj 50 ml vial				
Removal and Elimination				
CHARCOAL Oral liq 200 mg per ml DEFERASIROX – Restricted see terms below Tab 125 mg dispersible Tab 250 mg dispersible Prestricted (RS1444) Initiation Haematologist	27	6.00 2.00	250 ml 28 28 28	Carbasorb-X Exjade Exjade Exjade
 Re-assessment required after 2 years All of the following: The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload d Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 m Any of the following: Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprocombination therapy have proven ineffective as meas Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe per Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per µL) or recurrent episod 0.5 - 1.0 cells per µL). 	ng/kg/day; and one monothera sured by serum rsistent vomitir r a history of agi	py or d ferritir ng or di ranuloc	eferiprone I levels, live arrhoea; or ytosis (defi	and desferrioxamine or or cardiac MRI T2*; or ned as an absolute neutrophil
 Continuation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 2 years</i> Either: For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatmed improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, c For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated a in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2 	ardiac MRI T2 and has resulte	* and li ed in cli	ver MRI T2 nical stabili	* levels; or
DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Oral liq 100 mg per ml	53	3.17	100 250 ml	Ferriprox Ferriprox

→ Restricted (RS1445)

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated. VARIOUS

VARIOUS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE			
Inj 500 mg vial	151.31	10	DBL Desferrioxamine Mesylate for Inj BP
DICOBALT EDETATE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPROL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID			
Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus
			Healthcare,
Cap 200 mg			Chemet e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 0.1%			
Soln 4%			
Soln 5%	15.50	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5%			
Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml		1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%			
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL			
Soln 70%, 500 ml	5.65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE			
➡ Restricted (RS1354)			
Initiation			
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.			
Oint 10%		65 g	Betadine
Soln 10% Soln 5%	4.99	100 ml	Riodine
Soln 5% Soln 7.5%			
Soln 10%,		15 ml	Riodine
	6.99	500 ml	Riodine
Pad 10%			
Swab set 10%			

VARIOUS

POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL

Soln 10% with ethanol 30%

Soln 10% with ethanol 70%

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Soln

Contrast Media

Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE Oral lig 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100 ml 100 ml Gastrografin Oral liquid 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml. 10 ml Gastrografin Ger 399.00 Gastrografin S29 Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle......120.00 Urografin 1 DIATRIZOATE SODIUM Oral lig 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet......156.12 50 loscan IODISED OIL 1 Lipiodol Ultra Fluid IODIXANOL Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle......275.00 10 Visipaque Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle......505.00 10 Visipaque 10 Visipaque 10 Visipaque Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle......1,020.00 10 Visipaque IOHEXOL 10 Omnipaque Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle......110.00 10 Omnipaque Omnipaque 10 Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle......200.00 10 Omnipaque 10 Omnipaque 10 Omnipaque 10 Omnipaque 10 Omnipaque

Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

B

BARIUM SULPHATE			
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle	17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	. 189.15	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	159.05	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Grans for oral liq 960 mg per g (96% w/w), 176 g bottle	530.00	24	Vanilla SilQ MD
Grans for oral liq 980 mg per g (98% w/w), 310 g bottle		24	Vanilla SilQ HD
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 450 ml bottle	97.50	12	Readi-CAT 2
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	15.95	1	Neulumex
	191.40	12	Neulumex
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle	52.35	3	Tagitol V

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Omnipaque

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 g			
sachet		50 g	E-Z-Gas II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media		Ū	
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled	100.00	~	On deviat 1.0
syringe		5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled	100.00	-	On deviat 1.0
syringe	189.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled	705.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
syringe		10	Gadovist 1.0
GADOTERIC ACID			a
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle	9.10	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled			
syringe		1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
		-	0
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	160 15	100 ml	Biliscopin
		100 111	ынасорн
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial		1	Definity
	720.00	4	Definity
Diagnostic Agents			
ARGININE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle			

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE

Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial

		Price excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MANNITOL Powder for inhalation METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u vial Inj 80 u vial Inj 100 u ampoule SINCALIDE Inj 5 mcg per vial				e.g. Aridol
Diagnostic Dyes				
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln INDIGO CARMINE Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule INDOCYANINE GREEN Inj 25 mg vial METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE] Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule PATENT BLUE V Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule Inj 2.5%, 5 ml prefilled syringe	4	40.00	5 5 5	Proveblue Obex Medical InterPharma
Irrigation Solutions CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 500 ml bottle				

→ Restricted (RS1683)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body surface area (BSA); and
- 2 For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of large burn areas requiring debridement/skin grafting; and
- 3 The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the area to be covered.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 100 ml bottle			
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule29	.76	30	Pfizer
GLYCINE			
Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag96	.28	4	B Braun
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag54	.40	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule12	.50	20	InterPharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle19	.50	10	Baxter Sodium Chloride
•			0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle21	.60	12	Fresenius Kabi

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

VARIOUS

VARIOUS

(Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
WATER			
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag	57.74	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle		10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle	21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE Soln 50% Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM HYDROXIDE Soln 10%

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

VARIOUS

	ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Bran Gene Mani	
Cardioplegia Solutions						
ELECTROLYTES Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmo potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chl 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmo tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride 1,000 ml bag	oride, bl/l				e.g.	Custodiol-HTK
Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, gli acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag					e.g.	Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.
Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glu acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg pe sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg ml, 527 ml bag	r ml,				e.g.	Cardioplegia
Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg p potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 m sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per n 523 ml bag	g ml,				e.g.	Enriched Solution
Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag					e.g.	Solution Cardioplegia Solution AHB783
Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesiur 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag	n and				e.g.	Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solutio
IONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle IONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml						

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations			
ACETIC ACID			
Liq			
ALUM Powder BP			
ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]			
Liq			
ASCORBIC ACID			
Powder			
BENZOIN Tincture compound BP			
BISMUTH SUBGALLATE			
Powder			
BORIC ACID			
Powder			
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Soln 1.5%			
CETRIMIDE			
Soln 40%			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Soln 20 %			
CHLOROFORM Lig BP			
CITRIC ACID			
Powder BP			
CLOVE OIL			
Liq COAL TAR			
Soln BP		200 ml	Midwest
CODEINE PHOSPHATE Powder			
COLLODION FLEXIBLE			
Liq			
COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE Soln	30.00	100 ml	Midwest
CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE		100 111	Midwest
Powder			
DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEI Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml ampoule			
DITHRANOL Powder			
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Powder			

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EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price		
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN			
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE Suspension	30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL		475111	Ola-Oweel
Liq	3.23	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
HYDROCORTISONE Powder		25 g	ABM
LACTOSE Powder		-	
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Paste			
MENTHOL Crystals			
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder		25 g	Midwest
METHYLCELLULOSE			
Powder Suspension		100 g 473 ml	Midwest Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend
OLIVE OIL Liq			
PARAFFIN Liq			
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder			
PHENOL Liq			
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq			
POVIDONE K30 Powder			
SALICYLIC ACID Powder			
SILVER NITRATE Crystals			
SODIUM BICARBONATE Powder BP	10.05	500 g	Midwest

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EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	(ex man.	Price excl. (\$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CITRATE Powder					
SODIUM METABISULFITE Powder					
STARCH Powder					
SULPHUR Precipitated Sublimed					
SYRUP Liq (pharmaceutical grade)		.14.95		500 ml	Midwest
THEOBROMA OIL Oint					
TRI-SODIUM CITRATE Crystals					
TRICHLORACETIC ACID Grans					
UREA Powder BP					
WOOL FAT Oint, anhydrous					
XANTHAN Gum 1%					
ZINC OXIDE Powder					

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

➡ Restricted (RS1467)

Initiation – Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children; or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation – Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

t Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, can6.72 400 g Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted (RS1468)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia; or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation – Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula. LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT – **Restricted** see terms above

t	Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	. 15.38	200 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		38.44	500 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		15.38	200 ml	Calogen (strawberry)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
IEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see t Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, bottle Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle /ALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liq		us page 500 ml 4	MCT Oil Liquigen
Protein			
Restricted (RS1469) initiation – Use as an additive Either: 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or 2 High protein needs. initiation – Use as a module for use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. lote: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria asso PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms above Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 2	ciated with all of th		
can Powder 6 g protein per 7 g, can Powder 89 g protein, less than 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per	100 g,	227 g	Resource Beneprotein
can		225 g	Protifar
Other Supplements			
CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, can		400 g	Duocal Super Soluble Powder
 2.2 Cancer in children; or 2.3 Faltering growth; or 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or 2.5 Premature and post premature infants. IUMAN MILK FORTIFIER 			
Powder 0.325 g protein, 0.37 g carbohydrate and 0.175 g fat per 1 sachet Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sa		50	Human Milk Fortifier <i>e.g. FM 85</i>

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	I. GST)	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, Health NZ Hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- · the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by Pharmac; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

Pharmac intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN Powder	380 g	Aptamil Feed Thickener
GUAR GUM Powder		e.g. Guarcol
MAIZE STARCH Powder	300 g	Nutilis
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM Powder		e.g. Instant Thick
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID Powder		e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted (RS2047)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For the dietary management of inherited metabolic disease; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy.

Supplements for Glutaric Aciduria Type 1

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

	Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can		e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant e.g. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid
٨N	IINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE) – Restricted see terms above		
t	Powder (neutral) 5 g protein, 5.4 g carbohydrate, 2.3 g fat and 2 g fibre		
	per 18 g sachet750.30	30	GA1 Anamix Junior
t	Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet	30	GA Explore 5
t	Powder, 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 3.7 g fibre per		
	100 g, 400 g can	400 g	GA1 Anamix Infant

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Homocystinuria			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) – Restricted so 1 Powder (neutral), 10 g protein, 11.5 g carbohydrate and 4.5 g fat	per		
36 g sachet Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.55 g fat per 25 g sac Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sacl	het1,048.95 net349.65	30 30 30	HCU Anamix Junior HCU Express 15 HCU Explore 5
 Powder (neutral) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 5 can Powder (unflavoured) 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g f 		500 g	XMET Maxamum
5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g cant t Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein, 9.3 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g fat		400 g	HCU Anamix Infant
0.44 g fibre per 125 ml bottle t Liquid (orange), 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25	1,684.80	30	HCU Lophlex LQ
per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle.		36 iciency	HCU Anamix Junior LQ

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

t	Powder (neutral) 10 g protein, 11.5 g carbohydrate and 4.5 g fat per		
	36 g sachet750.00	30	MSUD Anamix Junior
t	Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 25 g sachet1,048.95	30	MSUD Express 15
t	Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet	30	MSUD Explore 5
t	Powder (orange) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g		
	can454.71	500 g	MSUD Maxamum
t	Powder (unflavoured) 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and		
	5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can	400 g	MSUD Anamix Infant
t	Powder (unflavoured) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g,		
	500 g can	500 g	MSUD Maxamum
t	Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g fat and		
	0.5 g fibre per 125 ml pouch1,684.80	30	MSUD Lophlex LQ 20
t	Liquid (orange) 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre		
	per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle941.40	36	MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

upplements for Phenylketonuria IINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) – Restricted Tab 8.33 mg Powder (Berry), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 g s Powder (Lemon), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet. Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet. Powder (Neutral), 5.0 g protein, 5.2 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 11 sachet.	sachet4 g 8 g g 8 2.5 g	99.00 49.28 83.50	Per 281 75 60 30	Manufacturer Phlexy 10 PKU Restore Powder
 INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) – Restricted Tab 8.33 mg Powder (Berry), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 g s Powder (Lemon), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet Powder (Neutral), 5.0 g protein, 5.2 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12 	sachet4 g 8 g g 8 2.5 g	99.00 49.28 83.50	75 60	PKU Restore Powder
 Tab 8.33 mg Powder (Berry), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 g s Powder (Lemon), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet Powder (Neutral), 5.0 g protein, 5.2 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12 	sachet4 g 8 g g 8 2.5 g	99.00 49.28 83.50	75 60	PKU Restore Powder
 Powder (Berry), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 g s Powder (Lemon), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet. Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet. Powder (Neutral), 5.0 g protein, 5.2 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12 sachet. 	achet4 g g g g g 2.5 g	49.28 83.50	60	PKU Restore Powder
 Powder (Lemon), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet. Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet. Powder (Neutral), 5.0 g protein, 5.2 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12 g fat per 14 sachet. 	g 8 g 8 2.5 g	83.50		
sachet Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet Powder (Neutral), 5.0 g protein, 5.2 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12	8 1 g 		30	
Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 sachet Powder (Neutral), 5.0 g protein, 5.2 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12	4 g 8 2.5 g		00	PKU Express 20
sachet Powder (Neutral), 5.0 g protein, 5.2 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 1		83.50		
			30	PKU Express 20
sachat	2			
		20.88	30	PKU Explore 5
Powder (Orange), 10 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 0.4 g fat per 25	0	44 75	00	DKU Evelove 10
sachet Powder (Orange), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34		41.75	30	PKU Explore 10
sachet		83.50	30	PKU Express 20
Powder (Orange), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 g				<u></u>
sachet		49.28	60	PKU Restore Powder
Powder (Raspberry), 10 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 0.4 g fat per				
sachet		41.75	30	PKU Explore 10
Powder (Tropical), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 3 sachet		83 50	30	PKU Express 20
Powder (berry) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre pe		00.00	00	
28 g sachet		36.00	30	PKU Lophlex Powder
Powder (chocolate) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat				
100 g, 36 g sachet		93.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
Powder (neutral) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre	•		00	DKUL saktas Davida
28 g sachet Powder (neutral) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat pe		36.00	30	PKU Lophlex Powder
100 g, 36 g sachet		93.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
Powder (orange) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre			00	
28 g sachet	9	36.00	30	PKU Lophlex Powder
Powder (orange) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat pe				
100 g, 36 g sachet	3	93.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
Powder (unflavoured), 5 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate per 12.5 g	0	04.00	20	DKU First Cason
sachets Powder (vanilla) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per		.54.00	30	PKU First Spoon
100 g, 36 g sachet		93.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
Powder (orange) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 50				
can		20.00	500 g	XP Maxamum
Powder (unflavoured) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100				
500 g can		20.00	500 g	XP Maxamum
Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibr 100 g, 400 g can		74 72	400 g	PKU Anamix Infant
Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per		14.12	400 y	FILU Anamix Imani
100 ml, bottle		13.10	125 ml	PKU Anamix Junior L
				(Berry)
				PKU Anamix Junior L
				(Orange) PKU Anamix Junior L
				(Unflavoured)
Liquid (juicy berries) 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre	per			(crimatodrod)
100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle	•	39.00	60	PKU Lophlex LQ 10

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated. SPECIAL FOODS

	(Price ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	·	\$	Per	Manufacturer
L	iquid (juicy berries) 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre	9		
	per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle		30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
L	iquid (juicy orange) 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre			
	per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle		30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
L	iquid (juicy tropical) 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre p			
	100 ml, 125 ml bottle		30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
L	iquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250 n		40	E e de la constitución
-	carton		18	Easiphen Liquid
	Powder (Neutral), 14.3 g protein, 25 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can		4	PKU Start
5	Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per	1 100 00	00	DKULL and law Concerts
	100 g, 109 g pot	1,123.20	36	PKU Lophlex Sensatio 20 (berries)
Y	COMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME PHENY	'LALANINE – Re	stricted a	see terms on page 281
F	Powder (Neutral), 10 g protein, 0.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 15 g			
_	sachet		30	PKU Build 10
F	Powder (neutral), 15 g protein, 15 g carbohydrate, 4.5 g fat per 40 g			
_	sachet		30	Glytactin Bettermilk
	Powder (unflavoured) 10 g protein, 4 g carbohydrate per 12.5 g sach		30	PKU GMPro Mix-In
F	Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 31 g sachet	898.56	30	PKU Build 20 Raspber Lemonade PKU Build 20 Smooth
F	Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 32 g sachet	898 56	30	PKU Build 20 Chocolat
	Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 33 g sachet		30	PKU Build 20 Vanilla
	Powder 20 g protein, 4.9 g carbohydrate per 33.4 g sachet		30	PKU GMPro Ultra
				Lemonade PKU GMPro Ultra Van
F	Powder 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Lemon
F	Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Chocol
				PKU sphere20 Red Be
				PKU sphere20 Vanilla
	Powder 20 g protein, 6.7 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Banana
L	iquid (Coffee Mocha), 15 g protein, 3.1 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat			
	250 ml, carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD
				15 Lite
L	iquid (chocolate), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250		00	
	carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15
	iquid (neutral),10 g protein, 8.5 g carbohydrate per 250 ml carton		18	PKU GMPro LQ
L	iquid (original), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250 ml		00	
	carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15
L	iquid (vanilla), 15 g protein, 3.3 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat per 250 ml		20	DKU Chatastin DTD
	carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15 Lite

PR	DTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT CONTAINING CARBOHYDRATE, FAT WITH ADDEI	VITAMINS /	AND MINERALS	3 -
Res	stricted see terms on page 281			
t	Powder (neutral) nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g,			
	400 g can	400 g	Energivit	

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	(ex man.	ice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Tyrosinaemia				
MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYRO	SINE) – Re	stricted se	e terms or	page 281
Powder (neutral) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat				
100 g, 36 g sachet Powder (neutral), 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 1.		71.00	30	TYR Anamix Junior
sachet		19.65	30	TYR Explore 5
Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fi	bre per			·
100 g, 400 g can Liquid (orange) 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25		60.00	400 g	TYR Anamix Infant
per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle		41.40	36	TYR Anamix Junior LQ
Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g fat	and			
0.5 g fibre per 125 ml pouch			30	TYR Lophlex LQ 20
GLYCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME TY age 281	ROSINE AN	D PHENYI	ALANINE	- Restricted see terms
Powder (Red Berry), 20 g protein, 6.3 carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat pe	r 35 g			
sachet		98.60	30	TYR Sphere 20
Powder (Vanilla), 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat per sachet.		08 60	30	TYR Sphere 20
Sachet		0.00	50	
X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products				
GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 281				
Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle				
GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE – Restricted see terms on page 281	47	1 00	500 ml	
Liquid, bottle		51.00	500 ml	GTO Oil
Supplements for Glycogen Storage Disease				
HGH AMYLOPECTIN CORN-STARCH - Restricted see terms on				
Powder 0 g protein, 53 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 60 g sachet	24	11.62	30	Glycosade
Supplements for Organic Acidaemias				
MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE,	THREONINE	AND VAL	INE) – Re	stricted see terms on
page 281			,	
Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fi 100 g, 400 g can		50.00	400 a	MMA/PA Anamix Infant
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE, THREONINE A			400 g • ted see te	
Powder (neutral), 5 g protein, 5.4 g carbohydrate, 2.3 g fat and 2		neoun		inio on page 201
fibre per 18 g sachet	75		30	MMA/PA Anamix Junio
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.4 g carbohydrate, 0.05 g fat per 25 g sad			30	MMA/PA Express 15
Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sac	net34	19.05	30	MMA/PA Explore 5
Single Dose Amino Acids				
RGININE - Restricted see terms on page 281				
Powder 1.7 g protein, 1.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	2	11.45	30	Arginine2000
CITRULLINE – Restricted see terms on page 281	0.	11 45	20	Citrulling 1000
Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	2	11.45	30	Citrulline1000
SOLEUCINE - Restricted see terms on page 281 Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet		41.05	30	Isoleucine50
				· • • • • • • • •

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SPECIAL FOODS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
EUCINE – Restricted see terms on page 281 Powder 0.08 g protein, 3.7 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Leucine100
PHENYLALANINE - Restricted see terms on page 281		50	Leucine 100
Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Phenylalanine50
TYROSINE - Restricted see terms on page 281			
Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Tyrosine1000
 /ALINE – Restricted see terms on page 281 Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet 	141.05	30	Valine50
		00	Vallioo0
Other Fat Modified Products			
ELEMENTAL FEED WITH HIGH MEDIUM CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDES -	Restricted see ter	ms on pag	je 281
Powder (neutral), 12.5 g protein, 60 g carbohydrate and 16.4 g fat p 100 g carbohydrate		10	Fmaagan
100 g sachet		10	Emsogen
Essential Amino Acids			
ESSENTIAL AMINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms on page	281		
Powder (neutral) 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can	313.73	200 g	Essential Amino Acid Mi
Specialised Formulas			
·			
Diabetic Products			
Protected (PO1015)			
→ Restricted (RS1215) nitiation			
Any of the following:			
1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss a	nd malnutrition that	requires r	nutritional support; or
 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 	5 dave: or		
 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nu 		increased	nutritional needs from
causes such as catabolism; or			
5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or			
6 For patients being tube-fed; or7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.			
v			
DIABETIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			
Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		200 ml	Diasip (strawberry)
		200 111	Diasip (vanilla)
OW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 500	ml		
bottle Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml,	4.65	500 ml	Glucerna Select
1,000 ml bottle			e.g. Nutrison Advanced
			Diason
OW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above			

t Liquid 7 g protein, 10.9 g carbohydrate, 2.7 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle......2.10 200 ml Nutren Diabetes (Vanilla)

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					SPECIAL FOODS
	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products					
 → Restricted (RS1216) nitiation Any of the following: Malabsorption; or Short bowel syndrome; or Enterocutaneous fistulas; or Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or Inflammatory bowel disease; or Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. 					
MINO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet MINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms ab		4.5	0	80 g	Vivonex TEN
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, carton		179.4	6	18	Elemental 028 Extra (grapefruit) Elemental 028 Extra (pineapple & orange) Elemental 028 Extra (summer fruits)
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see to Liquid 4 g protein, 17.7 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml,			7	500 ml	Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb
 PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 10 400 g can Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g can 	ml, bottle 00 g,		9 1	I,000 ml	Vital e.g. Peptamen Junior e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml,		4.9	5	237 ml	, Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)
Fat Modified Products					
 AT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below Powder 12.8 g protein, 68.6 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 10 → Restricted (RS1470) nitiation Any of the following: Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or Patient has a chyle leak; or Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient r the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults. Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria as: 	nodule and	at lea	ast one		

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SPECIAL FOODS

	F	Price			Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Hepatic Products					
→ Restricted (RS1217)					
Initiation For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant.					
HEPATIC ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above					
Powder 12 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, car	۱	.93.97	7	400 g	Heparon Junior
High Calorie Products					
→ Restricted (RS1317)					
Initiation					
Any of the following: 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or					
2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or					
3 Both:					
3.1 Any of the following:					
3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or					
3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or					
3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and					
3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirement	nts.				
ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above					
Liquid 10 g protein, 17.5 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bat Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bot				500 ml 500 ml	Fresubin 2kcal HP Nutrison Concentrated
 Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g rat per 100 mi, 20 Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre p 		0.02	-	500 11	Nutrison Concentrated
100 ml, bottle		. 13.64	↓ 1	,000 ml	Ensure Two Cal HN RTH
ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above					
Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbohydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibre p		0.07		000	
100 ml, bottle PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1KCAL/ML – Restricted see term		2.34	ŀ	200 ml	Two Cal HN
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 14.3 g carbohydrate and 2.8 g fat per 100 ml, l		9.60)	500 ml	Survimed OPD
High Protein Products					
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see term	ne holow				
Liquid 10 g protein, 12.9 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat and 0.64 g fill					
per 100 ml, bag		9.60)	500 ml	Fresubin Intensive
→ Restricted (RS1327)					
Initiation Both:					
1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and					
2 Any of the following:					
2.1 Patient has liver disease; or					
2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; o2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or	I				
2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using	high calo	rie pro	oduct.		
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see ter	ms on th	e next	page		
Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml,				,000 ml	Nutrison Protein Plus

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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				SPECIAL FOODS
	(ex man.	rice excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 → Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: The patient has a high protein requirement; and Any of the following: Patient has liver disease; or Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; o Patient's fluid restricted; or Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using I 		ia prod	uet	
 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using I HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.26 KCAL/ML - Restricted see ter ↓ Liquid 10 g protein, 10.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, b → Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: The patient has a high protein requirement; and Any of the following: Patient has liver disease; or Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; o Patient is fluid restricted; or Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using I 	orms below pottle	.8.67	500 ml	Nutrison Protein Intense
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see ter ↓ Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre p 100 ml, bottle	rms <mark>below</mark> ber		1,000 ml	Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre
Both: 1		ie prod	uct.	
Infant Formulas				
 AMINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms on the next page Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml 400 g can Powder 13 g protein, 49 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, car Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, c Powder 13.3 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.6 g fat per 100 g, 	n an	55.61	400 g 400 g 400 g	<i>e.g. Neocate</i> Neocate SYNEO Neocate Junior Unflavoured Alfamino
 Powder 13.5 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, 			400 g 400 g	Neocate Gold

- Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can55.61
- Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.........65.72
- Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can........65.72

	e.y. Neocale
400 g	Neocate SYNEO
400 g	Neocate Junior
	Unflavoured
400 g	Alfamino
400 g	Neocate Gold
	(Unflavoured)
400 g	Neocate Junior Vanilla
400 g	Alfamino Junior
400 g	Elecare LCP
	(Unflavoured)
400 g	Elecare (Unflavoured)
Ũ	Elecare (Vanilla)

SPECIAL FOODS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1867)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled for 2-4 weeks and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis; or
- 4 Ultra-short gut; or
- 5 Severe Immune deficiency.

Continuation

All of the following:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula; and
- 3 Amino acid formula is required for a nutritional deficit.

Initiation - patients who are currently funded under RS1502 or SA1557

Limited to 3 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a valid initiation or renewal approval for extensively hydrolysed formula (RS1502); and
- 2 Patient is unable to source funded Aptamil powder at this time; and
- 3 The approval only applies to funded dispensings of Neocate Gold and Neocate Syneo.

Note: This criteria is short term funding to cover an out-of-stock situation on some extensively hydrolysed formula powder funded under Hospital Restriction RS1502. There is no continuation criteria under this criterion.

ENTERAL LIQUID PEPTIDE FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

↓ Liquid 4.2 g protein, 18.6 g carbohydrate and 6.58 g fat per 100 ml......18.66 500 ml Nutrini Peptisorb Energy
 → Restricted (RS1775)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has impaired gastrointestinal function and either cannot tolerate polymeric feeds, or polymeric feeds are unsuitable; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Severe malabsorption; or
 - 2.2 Short bowel syndrome; or
 - 2.3 Intractable diarrhoea; or
 - 2.4 Biliary atresia; or
 - 2.5 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malabsorption; or
 - 2.6 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.7 Proven fat malabsorption; or
 - 2.8 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
 - 2.9 Intestinal failure; or
 - 2.10 Both:
 - 2.10.1 The patient is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
 - 2.10.2 The patient is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an enteral liquid peptide formula; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 A semi-elemental or partially hydrolysed powdered feed has been reasonably trialled and considered unsuitable; or
 - 3.2 For step down from intravenous nutrition.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

			SPECIAL TOODS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Continuation Both:			
 An assessment as to whether the patient can be transitioned to hydrolysed formula has been undertaken; and The outcome of the assessment is that the patient continues to 			·
XTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms be	elow		
Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100 ml,			
can Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 ml,	900 g	900 g	Allerpro Syneo 1
can Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g • Restricted (RS1502)		900 g 450 g	Allerpro Syneo 2 Pepti-Junior
i tiation ny of the following:			
1 Both:			
 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intoler 1.2 Either: 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled wit 	07		·
1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inapprop	oriate or contraindica	ted; or	
2 Severe malabsorption; or			
3 Short bowel syndrome; or4 Intractable diarrhoea; or			
5 Biliary atresia; or			
6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or			
7 Cystic fibrosis; or			
8 Proven fat malabsorption; or			
9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsor	ption; or		
10 Intestinal failure; or			
11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.	nmadiata laC madiat		a reaction
ote: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an in ontinuation oth:	nmediate ige mediat	ed allerg	c reaction.
 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a undertaken; and 	a cows' milk protein c	or soy infa	nt formula has been
2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to re	equire an extensively	/ hydrolys	sed infant formula.
RUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA			
Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 400 g can	g,		e.g. Galactomin 19
ACTOSE-FREE FORMULA			-
Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml,	900 g		
can			e.g. Karicare Aptamil
Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, can	900 g		Gold De-Lact e.g. S26 Lactose Free
Call DW-CALCIUM FORMULA			0.9. 020 Laciuse Fiel
Powder 14.6 g protein, 55.2 g carbohydrate and 25.8 g fat per 100	g. can 46.18	400 g	Locasol
Powder 14.8 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.7 g fat per 100			
tuna fish oil (DHA), can		400 g	Locasol
Locasol Powder 14.6 g protein, 55.2 g carbohydrate and 25.8 g fat pe		elisted 1 N	

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see	e terms below		
Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre			
100 ml, bottle	2.80	125 ml	Infatrini
➡ Restricted (RS1614) Initiation – Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering g	rowth		
Both:	growth		
1 Either:			
1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due	e to faltering growth;	and	
2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.			
Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolera growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clin and adjusting the frequency of feeding.			
PRETERM FORMULA – Restricted see terms below			
 Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml 		100 ml	S26 LBW Gold RTF
bottle Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml	, 70 ml		e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF
bottle			e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm
➡ Restricted (RS1224)			
Initiation	- Louis at the fault		
For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 THICKENED FORMULA	s kg at birth.		
Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 n	nl, 900 g		
can	, 0		e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR
Ketogenic Diet Products			
HIGH FAT FORMULA – Restricted see terms below			
Powder 14.3 g protein, 2.8 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100	0 g, can36.92	300 g	Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured)
Powder 15.4 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 68.6 g fat per 100	0 g, can36.92	300 g	Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla) Ketocal
Postriotod (PS1225)			3:1 (Unflavoured)

→ Restricted (RS1225)

Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

Paediatric Products

→ Restricted (RS1473) Initiation

Both:

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- 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
- 2 Any of the following:

					SPECIAL FOODS
	(ex man	Price . excl. (\$		er	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inset 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feedin 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or noth 	ng to oral fe	eeding;		eding	; or
AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML – Restricted see ter Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibr		previous	s page		
100 ml, bag				0 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 n Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 n Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see term	nl nl, bottle bag ns on the p	6.50 4.69 3.32 revious	50 50 50 page	0 ml 0 ml 0 ml	Frebini Original Nutrini RTH Pediasure RTH
 Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.7 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 n Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 n Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibr 	nl, bottle			0 ml 0 ml	Frebini Energy Nutrini Energy RTH
100 ml, bottle		7.14	50	0 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML – Restric Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate, 4.5g fat and 0.8 g fibre 100 ml	e per			ous p 0 ml	age Frebini Original Fibre
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restr	icted see t	erms on	the pre	vious	•
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g fibr 100 ml	e per			0 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on t Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml,			20	0 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry Pediasure (Vanilla)
Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml,				0 ml	Pediasure (Vanilla)
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms or Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 n				0 ml	Fortini (Strawberry) Fortini (Vanilla)
 Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibr 100 ml, bottle 	•	1.90	20	0 ml	Fortini Multi Fibre (Chocolate) Fortini Multi Fibre (Strawberry) Fortini Multi Fibre (Unflavoured) Fortini Multi Fibre (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 n 500 ml bottle		8.67	50	0 ml	Pediasure Plus
Renal Products					
OW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on the Powder 7.5 g protein, 57.6 g carbohydrate and 25.9 g fat per 10		64.26	4()0 g	Kindergen

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated. SPECIAL FOODS

(e	F x man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 → Restricted (RS1227) Initiation For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML ↓ Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, carton 		3.3	1	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
→ Restricted (RS1228) Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.					
 LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms t Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 r bottle Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 m carton Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 200 m bottle Restricted (RS1228) Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. 	ml nl nl		_	4	Renilon 7.5 (apricot) Renilon 7.5 (caramel) Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
Surgical Products					
 HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below Liquid 10.4 g protein, 8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 0 g fibre per 100 ml, 250 ml carton 		56.00)	10	Impact Advanced
Restricted (RS1231) Initiation Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head of PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted s Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200 m	ee terr nl	ns <mark>be</mark>	low	4	Recovery
bottle → Restricted (RS1415) Initiation		8.64	ŧ	4	preOp

Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to 3 hours before major abdominal surgery.

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:
- 1 Any of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ continued... 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or 5 For patients being tube-fed; or 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition: or 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria. ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bottle9.00 t 1.000 ml Nutrison Energy Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per t 1.000 ml Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can2.17 250 ml Ensure Plus HN t 1.000 ml Ensure Plus HN RTH Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per 1.000 ml Jevity HiCal RTH 1.000 ml Fresubin HP Energy ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page t 1.000 ml Fresubin Original t Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle6.90 1.000 ml Nutrison RTH Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per t 1.000 ml Nutrison Multi Fibre Osmolite RTH t Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle6.56 1.000 ml Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per t 1.000 ml Jevity RTH ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per t 1.000 Jevity Plus RTH ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per t 1.000 ml Nutrison 800 Complete Multi Fibre ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 3.8 g protein, 13.0 g carbohydrate, 3.4 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 1.000 ml Fresubin Original Fibre ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 7.5 g protein. 16.2 g carbohydrate. 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 1.000 ml Fresubin HP Energy Fibre HIGH PROTEIN ORAL FEED 2.4 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Only to be used for patients currently on or would be using Fortisip or Fortisip Multi Fibre Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle e.g. Fortisip Compact Protein (e.g. Fortisip Compact Protein Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle to be delisted 1 March 2025)

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated. SPECIAL FOODS

SPECIAL FOODS

Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on page 294		
Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate)
t Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can	840 g	Ensure (Vanilla) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla)
ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on page 294		
t Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,		
237 ml carton		e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 294		
Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	200 ml	Fortijuice (Apple) Fortijuice (Orange) Fortijuice (Strawberry)
t Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can 1.65	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 1.56	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
t Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,		
t Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
bottle	200	Fortisip (banana)
		Fortisip (chocolate) Fortisip (strawberry) Fortisip (vanilla)
(Ensure Plus (Banana) Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 (Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per (Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g	100 ml, carton	be delisted 1 April 2025) to be delisted 1 April 2025)
2025) (Ensure Dive (Venille) Liquid 6.25 a protein 20.0 a correctivete and 4.00 a fat par 10	0 ml contor to	he delicted 1 April 0005)
(Ensure Plus (Vanilla) Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100	o mi, canon to	ne delisted i April 2025)

ORAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 294

Fortisip Multi Fibre (chocolate) Fortisip Multi Fibre (strawberry) Fortisip Multi Fibre (vanilla)

200 ml

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	(ex man.	rice excl. GST \$	^r) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Bacterial and Viral Vaccines				
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Resti	ricted see	e terms b	elow	
 Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussi toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syr – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	ringe	.0.00	10	Infanrix IPV
Initiation				
Any of the following:				
 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmer primary immunisation; or 	es for chi	ldren (to t	the age of 1	. , .
3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)imm or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dia or		•	•	
4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transp				
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate scheo			•	
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HA	EMOPHI	LUS INF	LUENZAE	TYPE B VACCINE -
 Restricted see terms below Inj 30IU diphtheria with 40IU tetanus and 25mcg pertussis toxoids, 25mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8mcg pertactin, 80D-AgU polio virus, 10mcg hepatitis B antigen 10mcg H. influenzae type b with tetanus toxoid 20-40mcg in 0.5ml syringe 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 		.0.00	10	Infanrix-hexa
→ Restricted (RS2051)				
Initiation				
 Any of the following: 1 Up to four doses for children under the age of 10 years for prima 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) for (re-)immunisation or stem cell transplantation; or 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) for (re-)immunisation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; undergoing renal dialys 4 Up to five doses for children under the age of 10 years receiving Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programme 	f children f children is and oth solid orga	under the under the ner sever an transp	e age of 18 e age of 10 ely immuno: lantation.	years who are post suppressive regimens; or
complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation H programmes.	andbook	for the ap	opropriate s	chedule for catch up
Bacterial Vaccines				
 BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms be Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish st 1331, live attenuated, vial with diluent - 5% DV Dec-24 to 202 → Restricted (RS1233) Initiation All of the following: 	train	.0.00	10	BCG Vaccine AJV
For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as: 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past hist 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the			l in a countr	y with a rate of TB > or

	Price ex man. excl \$. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a cou Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www	,			
/ww.bcgatlas.org/index.php				
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE – Restricted se	e terms <mark>belo</mark>	W		
 Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin and 2.5 mcg pertactin in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Restricted (RS1790) 		00	10	Boostrix
nitiation				
any of the following:				
 A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trimeste A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants admitte Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed to m. A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age 7 up immunisation; or 	d to a Neona aternal vacci	ital Inte	nsive Ca at least 1	4 days prior to birth; or; or
4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)imm transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- o severely immunosuppressive regimens; or	r post solid c			
 5 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 65 years old; 6 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 45 years old v 7 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised 8 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 9 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds. 	/ho have no		previous	tetanus doses; or
lote: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate sc	hadula far a	atob up	program	moc
AEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE – Restricted see ter		aton up	piografi	
Inj 10 mcg vial with diluent syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		00	1	Act-HIB
nitiation Therapy limited to 1 dose Iny of the following:				
 For primary vaccination in children; or An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisatic transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immuno For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the paediatrician. 	splenectom suppressive	y; pre- regime	or post s ns; or	olid organ transplant, pre- c
IENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE				
Inj 10 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a tr of approximately 55 mcg of tetanus toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	-	00	1	MenQuadfi
→ Restricted (RS2019) itiation itiner:				

1 Any of the following:

1.1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV,

VACCINES

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or

- 1.2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 1.3 One dose for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 1.4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 1.5 A maximum of two doses for person pre and post-immunosuppression*; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
- 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
 - 2.2.2 One dose for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

Inj 5 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of

approximately 44 mcg of tetanus toxoid carrier in 0.5 ml vial.....0.00 1 Nimenrix

→ Restricted (RS2037)

Initiation - Children under 12 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for patients pre- and post- splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post- solid organ transplant; or
- 2 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Notes: infants from 6 weeks to less than 6 months of age require a 2+1 schedule, infants from 6 months to less than 12 months of age require a 1+1 schedule. Refer to the Immunisation Handbook for recommended booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL B MULTICOMPONENT VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 175 mcg per 0.5 ml prefilled syringe0.00	1	Bexsero
	Destricted (DS0000)	10	Bexsero

Restricted (RS2020)

Initiation – Primary immunisation for children up to 12 months of age Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Three doses for children up to 12 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation; or
- 2 Up to three doses (dependent on age at first dose) for a catch-up programme for children from 13 months to 59 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation, from 1 March 2023 to 31 August 2025.

Initiation - Person is one year of age or over

Any of the following:

1 up to two doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 up to two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to two doses for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 up to two doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression* .

Initiation – Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Two doses for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, Youth Justice residences, or prisons; or 0.1 Two doses for individuals who the the target of the prison will be target to the target of the prison of the target of target
 - 2.2 Two doses for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Note: *Immunosuppression due to corticosteroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A,

6B, 7F, 9V, 14,	18C, 19A, 19F and 2	3F in 0.5 ml syringe	– 5% DV

Dec-24 to 2027).00 1	I	Prevenar 13
	1	0	Prevenar 13

➡ Restricted (RS1936)

Initiation – Primary course for previously unvaccinated children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 3 doses

A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated children up to the age of 59 months inclusive.

Initiation – High risk individuals who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Two doses are funded for high risk individuals (over the age of 12 months and under 18 years) who have previously received two doses of the primary course of PCV10.

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re)immunisation of high-risk children aged under 5 years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
 - 2.2 primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 HIV infection; or
 - 2.4 renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.12 diabetes; or
- 2.13 Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk individuals 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re-)immunisation of individuals 5 years and over with HIV, pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or postsolid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, intracranial shunts, cerebrospinal fluid leaks or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

serotype) - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00	1	Pneumovax 23
Bostrictod (DS1597)			

➡ Restricted (RS1587) Initiation – High risk patients

Therepy limited to 2 decas

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection; or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes; or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe



Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1243) Initiation For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.		
Viral Vaccines		
COVID-19 VACCINE Inj 3 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.2 ml, 0.4 ml vial; infant vaccine, maroon cap0.00	10	Comirnaty Omicron
➡ Restricted (RS2042) Initiation – initial dose		XBB.1.5
Up to three doses for previously unvaccinated children aged 6 months – 4 years at high ris	k of seve	re illness.
Inj 10 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; paediatric vaccine, light blue cap0.00	10	Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5)
→ Restricted (RS2041) Initiation – initial dose Either:		
 One dose for previously unvaccinated children aged 5-11 years old; or Up to three doses for immunocompromised children aged 5-11 years old. 		
Inj 30 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; adult vaccine, light grey cap	10	Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5)
→ Restricted (RS2040)		
Initiation – initial dose Any of the following:		
 I One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 12-15 years old; or Up to three doses for immunocompromised people aged 12-15 years old; or Up to two doses for previously unvaccinated people 16-29 years old; or Up to four doses for people aged 16-29 at high risk of severe illness; or One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 30 and older. 		
Initiation – additional dose		
One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is Continuation – additional dose	-	
One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, additional dose is Inj 30 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 2.25 ml vial; adult vaccine, dark	given at le	east 6 months after last dose.
grey cap0.00	10	Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5)
Restricted (RS2036) Initiation – initial dose Any of the following:		
 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 12-15 years old; or Up to three doses for immunocompromised people aged 12-15 years old; or Up to two doses for previously unvaccinated people 16-29 years old; or Up to four doses for people aged 16-29 at high risk of severe illness; or One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 30 and older. 		
		continued

				VACCINES
	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Initiation – additional dose One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and Continuation – additional dose One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and		•		
HEPATITIS A VACCINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 ↓ Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1638) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease	0.00		1 1	Havrix Junior Havrix 1440
3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE ↓ Inj 10 mcg per 0.5 ml prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 202 → Restricted (RS2049) Initiation		0	1	Engerix-B
 Any of the following: 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis E 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface and 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive w and require additional vaccination or require a primary cours 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 For patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression for greater 8 For patients following immunosuppression; or 9 For solid organ transplant patients; or 10 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patient 11 Following needle stick injury. 	igen (HBsAg) posi ho are considered e of vaccination; o than 28 days; or is; or	itive; or not to h r	nave ach	nieved a positive serology
 Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS2050) Initiation 	0.00	0	1	Engerix-B
 Any of the following: 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis E 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface and 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive w and require additional vaccination or require a primary cours 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 For patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression for greater 8 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patient 11 Following needle stick injury; or 12 For dialysis patients; or 13 For liver or kidney transplant patients. 	igen (HBsAg) posi ho are considered te of vaccination; o	tive; or not to h		

	Drice		Drand ar
	Price		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Manufacturer
HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) V		stricted co	o torme bolow
Inj 270 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		10	Gardasil 9
→ Restricted (RS2038)		10	Gardash 5
Initiation – Children aged 14 years and under			
Therapy limited to 2 doses			
Children aged 14 years and under.			
Initiation – other conditions			
Either:			
1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or 2 Both:			
2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and			
2.2 Any of the following:			
2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or			
2.2.2 Up to 3 doses people with a transplant (includin	a stem cell): or		
2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.	g oto, ot,		
Initiation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis			
All of the following:			
1 Either:			
1.1 Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and	under: or		
1.2 Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and			
2 The person has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and	oron, and		
3 The person has not previously had an HPV vaccine.			
	100.00	10	Influvac Tetra
Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (quadrivalent vaccine)	120.00	10	(2024 formulation)
→ Restricted (RS2013)			
Initiation – People over 65			
The patient is 65 years of age or over.			
Initiation – cardiovascular disease			
Any of the following:			
1 Ischaemic heart disease; or			
2 Congestive heart failure; or			
3 Rheumatic heart disease; or			
4 Congenital heart disease; or			
5 Cerebro-vascular disease.			
Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-org	jan disease is exclude	ed from fun	ding.
Initiation – chronic respiratory disease			
Either:			
1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or			
2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.			
Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded	rom funding.		
Initiation – Other conditions			
Either:			
1 Any of the following:			
1.1 Diabetes; or			
1.2 chronic renal disease; or	volf not investigation		
1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cance	rs ii not invasive; or		
1.4 Autoimmune disease; or			

VACCINES

continued...

- 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
- 1.6 HIV; or
- 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
- 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
- 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
- 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
- 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
- 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
- 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
- 1.14 Down syndrome; or
- 1.15 Is pregnant; or
- 1.16 Is a child 4 years of age or under (inclusive) who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a Public Hospital.

Initiation - Serious mental health conditions or addiction

Any of the following:

- 1 schizophrenia; or
- 2 major depressive disorder; or
- 3 bipolar disorder; or
- 4 schizoaffective disorder; or
- 5 person is currently accessing secondary or tertiary mental health and addiction services.

MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50, Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent 0.5 ml – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00	10	Priorix
→ Restricted (RS1487)	0.00	10	THOMA
Initiation – first dose prior to 12 months			
Therapy limited to 3 doses			
Any of the following:			
 For primary vaccination in children; or 			
2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or			
3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.			
Initiation – first dose after 12 months			
Therapy limited to 2 doses			
Any of the following:			
1 For primary vaccination in children; or			
2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or			
3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.			
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule	for catch up pro	ogrammes	S.
POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 80 D-antigen units in 0.5 ml syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00	1	IPOL
→ Restricted (RS1398)			
Initiation			
Therapy limited to 3 doses			
Either:			
 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or For revaccination following immunosuppression. 			
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate sched	dule for catch up	program	imes.

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

(ex mai	Price n. excl. G \$	iST) Per		Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RABIES VACCINE Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent				
ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE – Restricted see terms below				
 Instituted see terms below Instituted see terms below Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose, 				
prefilled oral applicator – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00	10		Rotarix
• Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose,				
squeezable tube	0.00	10		Rotarix
➡ Restricted (RS1590) Initiation				
Therapy limited to 2 doses				
Both:				
 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; ar No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over. 	d			
VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE] Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00	10		Varilrix
→ Restricted (RS1591)				
Initiation – primary vaccinations Therapy limited to 1 dose				
Either:				
1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or				
2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1	uly 2017	, who hav	/e not	t previously had a varicella
infection (chickenpox).				
Initiation – other conditions				
Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following:				
1 Any of the following:				
for non-immune patients:				
1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for tr	ansplanta	ation; or		
1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or				
1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or				
1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or				
 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpat For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advid 		roposialia	st: or	
 For patients at least 2 years after bone manow transplantation, on advice For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice 			'	r
4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate				
5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic				
varicella; or				
6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocomprom			ig a p	rocedure leading to
immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical histor 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of			ara e	everely
immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune co clinical history of varicella.				
Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therap 28 days	y must b	e for a tre	eatme	ent period of greater than
/ARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see ter			ge	Chinariy
Inj 50 mcg per 0.5 ml vial plus vial	0.00	1		Shingrix

t	Inj 50 mcg per 0.5 ml vial plus vial	0.00	1	Shingrix
			10	Shingrix

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS2039)

Initiation - people aged 18 years and over (Shingrix)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 Pre- and post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant or cellular therapy; or
- 2 Pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 3 Haematological malignancies; or
- 4 People living with poorly controlled HIV infection; or
- 5 Planned or receiving disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs targeted synthetic, biologic, or conventional synthetic) for polymyalgia rheumatica, systemic lupus erythematosus or rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 6 End stage kidney disease (CKD 4 or 5);; or
- 7 Primary immunodeficiency.

Diagnostic Agents

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST

Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00 1	Tubersol
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(ex m	ian. e	ice excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Optional Pharmaceuticals					
OTE:					
addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmace ted in an addendum to Part III which is available at <u>schedule.pharmac.govt</u> Idendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmace oply to them.	. <u>nz</u> .	The	Option	nal Pharr	naceuticals listed in the
ETA-HCG LOW SENSITIVITY URINE TEST KIT Note: For use in abortion services only.			.	4 4 4	
	1	16.28	8	1 test	CheckTop
LOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER 1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips		20.00 10.00		1	CareSens N Premier Caresens N Caresens N POP
LOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP					
Blood glucose test strips				50 test	CareSens N
	1	10.56	0	50 test	CareSens PRO
LOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP Test strips	1	15.50	0.	10 strip	KetoSens
JAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST MET		.0.00	•	ro ouip	
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic					
test strips	2	20.00	0	1	CareSens Dual
IASK FOR SPACER DEVICE					
Small		.2.70	0	1	e-chamber Mask
EAK FLOW METER					M:
Low Range		.9.54	4	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low Range
Normal Range		.9.54	4	1	Mini-Wright Standard
REGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE					3
Cassette – 5% DV Mar-25 to 2027	1	16.00	0	40 test	David One Step Cassette Pregnancy Test
	1	12.00	0		Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test
Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test Cassette to be delisted 1 March 2025)					
Test strip	2	22.00	0 9	50 strip	Ketostix
PACER DEVICE					
220 ml (single patient)		.3.65	5	1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)				1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml		.6.50	0	1	Volumatic

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