	Introd	ucina	Pharmac
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Part III

Optional Pharmaceuticals **302**

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Introducing Pharmac

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (Pharmac) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. Pharmac negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list.

Pharmac's role:

"to secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that are reasonably achievable from pharmaceutical treatment and from within the amount of funding provided."

Pae Ora (Healthy Futures) Act 2022

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about Pharmac and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the Pharmac website at https://pharmac.govt.nz/about.

Glossary

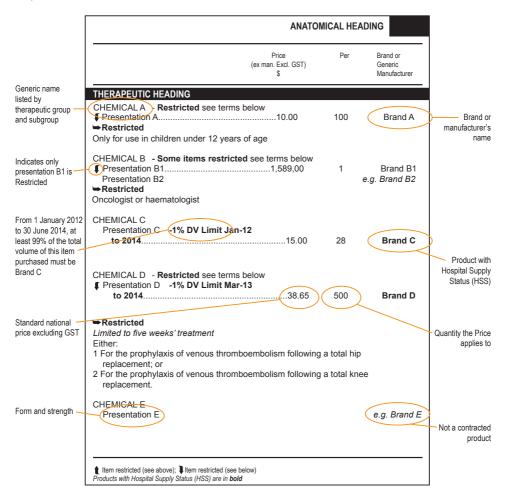
Units of Measure

gram g kilogram kg international unit iu	5	millimole mmol unit u
Abbreviations		
applicationapp capsulecap creamcrm dispersibledisp effervescenteff emulsionemul	granulesgrans injectioninj liquidliq lotionlotn	suppositorysuppos tablettab

HSS Hospital Supply Status

Guide to Section H listings

Example



General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A.

Read the General Rules : https://pharmac.govt.nz/section-a.

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antacids and Antiflatulents			
Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents			
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AN Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticor Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simet 30 mg per 5 ml	ne 20 mg		e.g. Mylanta e.g. Mylanta Double
SIMETICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml Oral drops 40 mg per ml			Strength
SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 m SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALC Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium car	IUM CARBONATE		e.g. Gaviscon Infant
160 mg	bonato		e.g. Gaviscon Extra Strength
Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium 160 mg per 10 ml SODIUM CITRATE	7.50	500 ml	Acidex
Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)	25.00	90 ml	Biomed
Phosphate Binding Agents			
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg CALCIUM CARBONATE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral liq 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml)		473 ml	Calcium carbonate PAI
→ Restricted (RS1698) Initiation Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbo inappropriate	39.00 onate tablets or where ca	500 ml alcium cart	Roxane
Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory	Agents		
Antipropulsives			
DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPH Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE	IATE		
Tab 2 mg Cap 2 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		400 400	Nodia Diamide Relief
Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories			
BUDESONIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page Cap modified-release 3 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025	97.60	90	Budesonide Te Arai

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	_	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1723)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes; or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis*; and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Diabetes; or
 - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
 - 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications)		15 g	Colifoam	
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1%				
MESALAZINE				
Tab EC 400 mg		100	Asacol	
Tab long-acting 500 mg		100	Pentasa	
Tab 800 mg		90	Asacol	
Modified release granules 1 g	118.10	100 g	Pentasa	
Suppos 500 mg	22.80	20	Asacol	
Suppos 1 g		28	Pentasa	
Enema 1 g per 100 ml	41.30	7	Pentasa	

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
DLSALAZINE			
Tab 500 mg		100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg	53.00	100	Dipentum
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM			
Rectal foam 20 mg per dose (14 applications)		1	Essential Prednisolone
Essential Prednisolone Rectal foam 20 mg per dose (14 application	ns) to be delisted 1 Octo	ber 2024)	
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE			
Cap 100 mg			
SULFASALAZINE			.
Tab 500 mg Tab EC 500 mg		100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg		100	Salazopyrin EN
Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders	i		
Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations			
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE			
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g		30 g	Proctosedyl
Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g		12	Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVAL		NE	
Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchoca		00	1.00 million and a state
hydrochloride 5 mg per g Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinch		30 g	Ultraproct
hydrochloride 1 mg		12	Ultraproct
Management of Anal Fissures			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE			
Oint 0.2%	22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants			
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY]			
Inj 5%, 5 ml vial			
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut M	lotility		
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		5	Robinul
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE			
Tab 10 mg		100	Buscopan
Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1.91	1	Spazmol
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 135 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	8.50	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants			
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective			
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective		120	Cytotec

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
H2 Antagonists					
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg					
FAMOTIDINE Tab 20 mg Tab 40 mg Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial					
RANITIDINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 150 mg ↓ Tab 300 mg ↓ Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1703) Initiation Either:					
 For continuation use; or Routine prevention of allergic reactions 					
Proton Pump Inhibitors					
LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 OMEPRAZOLE ↓ Tab dispersible 10 mg → Restricted (RS1027) Initiation Only for your in type for patients				100 100	Lanzol Relief Lanzol Relief
Only for use in tube-fed patients. ↓ Tab dispersible 20 mg → Restricted (RS1027) Initiation					
Only for use in tube-fed patients. Cap 10 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Cap 20 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Cap 40 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Powder for oral liq Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Inj 40 mg vial – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		2.02 3.18 .42.50 .37.38		90 90 90 5 g 5 5	Omeprazole actavis 10 Omeprazole actavis 20 Omeprazole actavis 40 Midwest Dr Reddy's Omeprazole Omezol IV
PANTOPRAZOLE Tab EC 20 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2025 Tab EC 40 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2025 Inj 40 mg vial		1.99		90 90	Panzop Relief Panzop Relief
Site Protective Agents					
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g		.14.51		50	Gastrodenol

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	(ox man. oxol. do1 \$	Per	Manufacturer
Bile and Liver Therapy			
L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE – Restricted see terms below Grans for oral liquid 3 g			
→ Restricted (RS1261) Initiation			
For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not respo	nded to treatment wi	th, or are ir	ntolerant to lactulose, or
where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below			
	625.00	56	Xifaxan
➡ Restricted (RS1416)			
Initiation			
For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of	maximum tolerated of	loses of la	ctulose.
Diabetes			
Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors			
ACARBOSE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90	Accarb
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90	Accarb
Hyperglycaemic Agents			
DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 25 mg		100	Proglicem
↓ Cap 100 mg		100	Proglicem
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	620.00	30 ml	Proglycem
➡ Restricted (RS1028)			
Initiation			
For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism	۱.		
GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 1 mg syringe kit		1	Glucagen Hypokit
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Tab 1.5 g			
Tab 3.1 g			
Tab 4 g			
Oral soln 15 g per 80 ml sachet	70.00	50	HypoPak Glucose
Gel 40%			
GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE			
Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet			
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE			
Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u p 3 ml prefilled pen		5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
INSULIN ISOPHANE		-	
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
,			

INSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u pe 3 ml cartridge		5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u pe 3 ml cartridge		5	Humalog Mix 50
INSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE			
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, vial			
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, cartridge			
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, cartridge	3 ml		
Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, cartridge	3 ml		
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN GLARGINE	04 50	F	Lantus SoloStar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		5 5	Lantus
lnj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe	51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
INSULIN GLULISINE Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	27.03	1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		5	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		5	Apidra Solostar
NSULIN LISPRO			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN NEUTRAL			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE	7.50	100	Descil
Tab 5 mg		100	Daonil
GLICLAZIDE Tab 80 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE Tab 5 mg	4.58	100	Minidiab

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	rice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
(ex indi.	\$ \$	Per	Manufacturer
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027	14.74	1,000	Metformin Viatris
Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Aug-23 to 2027	11.28	500	Metformin Viatris
PIOGLITAZONE			
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.15	90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		90	Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	12.00	90	Vexazone
VILDAGLIPTIN			
Tab 50 mg	35.00	60	Galvus
VILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	35.00	60	Galvumet
Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride	35.00	60	Galvumet
- -			
GLP-1 Agonists			

DULAGLUTIDE

Restricted: For continuation only. Note: Not to be given	in combination with a funded	SGLT-2	2 inhibitor or other	
GLP-1 agonist.		00212		
Inj 1.5 mg per 0.5 ml prefilled pen		4	Trulicity	
LIRAGLUTIDE				
Restricted: For continuation only. Note: Not to be giver	n in combination with a funded	SGLT-2	2 inhibitor or other	
GLP-1 agonist.				
Inj 6 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled pen		3	Victoza	

SGLT2 Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1852)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For continuation use; or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for a GLP-1 agonist; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*; or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*; and
 - 3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	⁻) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EMPAGLIFLOZIN - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonist.			
Tab 10 mg		30	Jardiance
t Tab 25 mg		30	Jardiance
EMPAGLIFLOZIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricte Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonist.	d see terms on th	e previous	page
 t Tab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride 	58 56	60	Jardiamet
t Tab 5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Jardiamet
t Tab 12.5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Jardiamet
Tab 12.5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Jardiamet
		00	bardiamet
Digestives Including Enzymes			
PANCREATIC ENZYME			
Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 protease))	U		
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph	Eur		
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U)		100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 Ph	า		
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U)		100	Creon 25000
Modified release granules pancreatin 60.12 mg (amylase 3,600 Ph I			
U, lipase 5,000 Ph Eur U, protease 200 Ph Eur U)		20 g	Creon Micro
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph.			
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)			
URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below			
		100	Ursosan
→ Restricted (RS1824)			
Initiation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cl	olestasis		

- Fither:
 - 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
 - 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation – Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation – Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation – Haematological transplant

Both:

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- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

continued...

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
continued Initiation – Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis Both:				

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Initiation – prevention of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1732 trial; and
- 2 The patient has leukaemia/lymphoma and is receiving inotuzumab ozogamicin.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PI	COSULFAT	ΓE	
Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and			
sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet			e.g. PicoPrep Orange
MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIU MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE Powder for oral soln 52.9 g with ascorbic acid 6 g, potassium chloride 740 mg, sodium chloride 2.6 g and sodium sulphate 5.6 g per sachet (1) and powder for oral soln citric acid 12 g with magnesium carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet	M CHLORI	DE AND C	ITRIC ACID WITH
(2)			e.g. Prepkit Orange
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg,			
sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g,			
70 g sachet – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		3	Glycoprep Orange
	64.32	12	Glycoprep Orange
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet			e.g. Glycoprep Orange
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			0 7 1 1 0
ASCORBATE, ASCORBIC ACID	VVIII/VVII	1001 301	DIDINI SULLATE, SUDIDINI
Powd for oral soln 100g with potassium chloride 1g, sodium chloride 2g and sodium sulfate 9g per sach(1), powd for oral soln 40g with potassium chloride 1.2g and sodium chloride 3.2g per sach(1) and powd for oral soln ascorbic acid 7.54g and sodium ascorbate			
48.11g per sach(1) - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2026	18.52	3	Plenvu
Bulk-Forming Agents			
ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK Powder for oral soln – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	20.00	500 g	Konsyl-D
STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA - Restricted: For continuation only			

➡ Powder for oral soln

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Faecal Softeners			
DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Tab 120 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES		100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg – 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025 PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml POLOXAMER	3.50	200	Laxsol
Oral drops 10% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.17	30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral			
 METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial → Restricted (RS1601) Initiation - Opioid induced constipation Both: The patient is receiving palliative care; and Either: Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation 	246.00 are ineffective; or	1 7 Dierated.	Relistor Relistor
Osmotic Laxatives			
GLYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations.	10.39	20	Lax-suppositories Glycerol
LACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	3.61	500 ml	Laevolac
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARB Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, sodi bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, soc bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg - 5% DV	DNATE AND SODI		
Feb-24 to 2026 SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml		30	Molaxole
DV Jun-23 to 2025. SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14%		50	Micolette
Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Suppos 10 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		200 10	Bisacodyl Viatris Lax-Suppositories

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

14

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SENNOSIDES			
Tab 7.5 mg			
SODIUM PICOSULFATE – Restricted see terms below	7.40	00	
↓ Oral soln 7.5 mg per ml	7.40	30 ml	Dulcolax SP Drop
Initiation			
Both:			
 The patient is a child with problematic constipation despite a macrogol where practicable; and 	n adequate trial of other	oral phar	macotherapies including
2 The patient would otherwise require a high-volume bowel cle	eansing preparation.		
Metabolic Disorder Agents			
ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mg vial	1,142.60	1	Myozyme
→ Restricted (RS1793)			
nitiation			
Aetabolic physician			
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:			
 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial app 	lication and has been di	annoend v	with infantile Pompe disease
and		aynoseu i	Mut initanule i onipe diseas
2 Any of the following:			
 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of ac villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or 	id alpha-glucosidase by	prenatal o	diagnosis using chorionic
2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, ar	nd urinary tetrasaccharic	e testing	indicating a diagnostic
elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, ar			testing indicating a
disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosida			. In the second second second
2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicatin molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causin			e tetrasacchandes, and
3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for re-			zvme replacement therapy
(ERT); and	spiratory landre prior to t		zyme replacement therapy
4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe dise	ease where the prognosi	s is unlike	ly to be influenced by ERT
or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response	to ERT; and		, ,
5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater th	an 20 mg/kg every 2 we	eks.	
Continuation			
letabolic physician			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the pa			and
2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater th			onnronriato nro modioation

- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ARGININE				-	
Tab 1,000 mg					
Cap 500 mg					
Powder					
Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial					
Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial					
BETAINE - Restricted see terms below					
Powder for oral soln		575.00)	180 g	Cystadane
➡ Restricted (RS1794)					.,
Initiation					
Metabolic physician					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
All of the following:					
1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and 2 Any of the following:					
2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or					
2.2 A 5,10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR)	deficiency	/; or			
2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and	-				
3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved desp	oite a suff	icient f	trial of	appropria	te vitamin supplementation.
Continuation					
Metabolic physician					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from tr	eatment.				
BIOTIN – Restricted see terms below					
↓ Cap 50 mg					
Cap 100 mg					
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial					
➡ Restricted (RS1330)					
Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian					
CARGLUMIC ACID – Restricted see terms below					
Tab disp 200 mg					
➡ Restricted (RS1831)					
Initiation					
Metabolic physician					
For the acute in-patient treatment of organic acidaemias as an alternat	ive to had	emotilit	ration.		
COENZYME Q10 – Restricted see terms below					
Cap 120 mg					
Cap 160 mg					
→ Restricted (RS1832)					
Initiation Matabalia abuaisian					
Metabolic physician Re-assessment required after 6 months					
The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respo	and to co	anzum	e 010	sunnlam	entation
Continuation		on zym		Suppleme	
Metabolic physician					
Re-assessment required after 24 months					
Both:					
1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of met	abolism t	hat res	sponds	s to coenz	yme Q10 supplementation:
and					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
• The based on the second se					

2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. exc \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GALSULFASE – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	2,234.	00	1	Naglazyme
→ Restricted (RS1795)				
Initiation				
Metabolic physician				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
Both:	ridaaia V/II. and			
 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccha Either: 	nuosis vi, anu			
2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-ace	tvl-galactosamine-4-s	ulfatase	(arylsulf;	atase B) deficiency confirmer
by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or		anataoo	(arylound	
2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and		who is k	nown to	have mucopolvsaccharidosis
VI.	,			
Continuation				
Metabolic physician				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
All of the following:				
1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and t				
2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse rea	actions which were no	t preven	table by	appropriate pre-medication
and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and	avara diagona whara t	ha lana i		maaia ia unlikalu ta ha
3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or su influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); an		ne long	term proj	griosis is unlikely to be
4 Patient has not developed another medical condition the			ted to co	mnromise a response to
ERT.	at might reasonably b	e expee		
HAEM ARGINATE				
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
IDURSULFASE – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 3 ml vial		30	1	Elaprase
→ Restricted (RS1546)				
Initiation				
Metabolic physician				
Limited to 24 weeks treatment				
All of the following:				
1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome	e (mucopolysacchardo	isis II); a	nd	
2 Either:				
2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduror	nate 2-sulfatase deficie	ency in w	hite bloc	d cells by either enzyme
assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the i	duronato 2-cultataco d	iono: an	Ч	
3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem				2 months and treatment with
idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; a) within	line next	
4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation		prior to s	tarting E	nzvme Replacement Therapy
(ERT); and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,
5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 week	s pre- ar	nd 12 we	eks post-HSCT) at doses no
greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.				
LARONIDASE – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 100 U per ml, 5 ml vial	1,335.	16	1	Aldurazyme
→ Restricted (RS1607)				-
()				
nitiation				
Initiation Metabolic physician				
Initiation				continued

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- ↓ Tab 500 mg
- Cap 250 mg
- € Cap 500 mg
- I Oral liq 500 mg per 10 ml
- I Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- ↓ Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

➡ Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

- I Tab 50 mg
- → Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

RIBOFLAVIN – **Restricted** see terms below

- Tab 100 mg
- Cap 100 mg

➡ Restricted (RS1833)

Initiation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to riboflavin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 24 months Both:

- Both:
 - 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to riboflavin supplementation; and
 - 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

Tab soluble 100 mg	1,452.70	30	Kuvan
→ Restricted (RS1796)			
Initiation			
Metabolic physician			
Re-assessment required after 1 month			
All of the following:			

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer	Price	Brand or	

continued...

- 1 Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or actively planning to become pregnant; and
- 2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient has demonstrated an adequate response to a 2 to 4 week trial of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction in phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; or
 - 1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has previously demonstrated response to treatment with sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with sapropterin will not continue after delivery; or
 - 2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the first renewal for treatment with sapropterin; or
 - 2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second or subsequent pregnancy to support management of their PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg			
Powder			
Soln 100 mg per ml			
Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule			
SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			
Grans 483 mg per g	2,016.00	174 g	Pheburane
Oral liq 250 mg per ml			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
➡ Restricted (RS1797)			
Initiation			
Metabolic physician			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency	of carbamylphos	sphate sy	nthetase, ornithine
transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.			
Continuation			
Metabolic physician			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatme	ent.		
TALIGLUCERASE ALFA - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Inj 200 unit vial	1,072.00	1	Elelyso

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1897)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of symptomatic type 1 or type 3* Gaucher disease confirmed by the demonstration of specific deficiency of glucocerebrosidase in leukocytes or cultured skin fibroblasts, and genotypic analysis; and
- 2 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) or the disease might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has haematological complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.2 Patient has skeletal complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.3 Patient has significant liver dysfunction or hepatomegaly attributable to Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.4 Patient has reduced vital capacity from clinically significant or progressive pulmonary disease due to Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.5 Patient is a child and has experienced growth failure with significant decrease in percentile linear growth over a 6-12 month period; and
- 4 Taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).
- Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

Continuation

Metabolic physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 3 years

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has demonstrated a symptomatic improvement and has maintained improvements in the main symptom or symptoms for which therapy was started; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated a clinically objective improvement or no deterioration in haemoglobin levels, platelet counts and liver and spleen size; and
- 3 RRadiological (MRI) signs of bone activity performed at two years since initiation of treatment, and five yearly thereafter, demonstrate no deterioration shown by the MRI, compared with MRI taken immediately prior to commencement of therapy or adjusted dose; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Patient is adherent with regular treatment and taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

TAURINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- ↓ Cap 1,000 mg
- Powder

➡ Restricted (RS1834)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected specific mitochondrial disorder that may respond to taurine supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of a specific mitochondrial disorder which responds to taurine supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TRIENTINE - Restricted see terms below				
↓ Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2025	2,0	022.00	100	Trientine Waymade
→ Restricted (RS2026)				•
Initiation				
All of the following: 1 Patient has confirmed Wilson disease; and				
2 Treatment with D-penicillamine has been trialled and disco	ntinued becau	se the pers	on has exi	perienced intolerable side
effects or has not received sufficient benefit; and				
3 Treatment with zinc has been trialled and discontinued bec	ause the pers	on has exp	erienced ir	tolerable side effects or has
not received sufficient benefit, or zinc is considered clinicall	y inappropriat	e as the pe	rson has s	ymptomatic liver disease
and requires copper chelation.				
TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE				
Cap 300 mg				
(Any Cap 300 mg to be delisted 1 October 2024)				
Minerals				
Calcium				
CALCIUM CARBONATE				
Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		7.28	250	Calci-Tab 500
Tab eff 1.25 g (500 mg elemental)				
Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)				
Copper				
→ Restricted (RS1928)				
Initiation – Moderate to severe burns				
Limited to 3 months treatment				
Both:				
1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burr	is; and			
2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specia	alist.			
COPPER – Restricted see terms above				
t Tab 2.5 mg, chelated				
COPPER CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms above				
t Inj 0.4 mg per ml, 10 ml vial				
Fluoride				
SODIUM FLUORIDE				
Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)				
lodine				
POTASSIUM IODATE				
Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) - 5% DV Feb-24 to	2026	5.99	90	NeuroTabs
POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE			00	
Oral lig 10% with iodine 5%				

(ex		Price excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Iron				
FERROUS FUMARATE Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		3.49	100	Ferro-tab
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg - 5% DV				
Dec-24 to 2027 FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg		5.98	100	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS SULFATE Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan
FERROUS SULFATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500 mg				
IRON (AS FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE) – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	[.]	150.00	1	Ferinject
Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropriate. IRON (AS SUCROSE) Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		100.00	5	Venofer
IRON POLYMALTOSE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			5	Ferrosig
Magnesium				
MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE Cap 750 mg (150 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE				
Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental) Suspension 8%				
MAGNESIUM OXIDE Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental) Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental)				
MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE, MAGNESIUM AN Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium amino aci chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg elemental magnesium)	d	ACID CH	ELATE ANI	D MAGNESIUM CITRATE
MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 100 mg per ml, 40 ml bag Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag				
Inj 2 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag			10 10	Inresa Martindale

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Selenium			
SELENIUM – Restricted see terms below Oral liq 150 mcg per 3 drops			e.g. Clinicians selenium oral drops
 Inj 300 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1929) Initiation - Moderate to severe burns Limited to 3 months treatment Both: Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; a Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist 			oral drops
Zinc			
ZINC Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule ZINC SULPHATE			
Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental)	11.00	100	Zincaps
Mouth and Throat Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3%			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLu Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray	ORIDE		
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Mouthwash 0.2% – 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027 DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg	3.99	200 ml	healthE
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Paste 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5.49	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives			
AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg		20	Fungilin
MICONAZOLE Oral gel 20 mg per g – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		40 g	Decozol

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

(ex n	-	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NYSTATIN Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		2.2	2	24 ml	Nilstat
Other Oral Agents					
HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] Inj 20 mg per ml SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] – Restricted see terms be Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe → Restricted (RS1175) Otolaryngologist	elow	I			
Vitamins					
Multivitamin Preparations					
MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms bel		.23.3	5	180	Clinicians Multivit & Mineral Boost
 → Restricted (RS1498) Initiation Limited to 3 months treatment Both: Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and Any of the following: Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.					Mineral Doost
MULTIVITAMIN RENAL – Restricted see terms below		7.2	В	30	Clinicians Renal Vit
→ Restricted (RS1499) Initiation Either:					

- 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
- 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST)			Brand or		
	(ex man.	\$	Per	Generic Manufacturer		
MULTIVITAMINS						
 Tab (BPC cap strength) - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mm tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 1 riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1 cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg 	cg, alpha mg, 2 mg,	. 18.50	1,000	Mvite e.g. Vitabdeck		
→ Restricted (RS1620)						
Initiation Any of the following:						
 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syn Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome. 	ndrome; or					
Powder vitamin A 3200 mcg with vitamin D 100 mcg, vitamin E vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 108 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, ril 4.4 mg, niacin 41 mg, vitamin B6 3.6 mg, folic acid 600 mc B12 9 mcg, biotin 120 mcg, pantothenic acid 24 mg, cholin 1250 mg and inositol 700 mg	ooflavin g, vitamin e	.74.88	200 g	Paediatric Seravit		
→ Restricted (RS1178) Initiation						
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.						
 Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyri hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic aci with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml amp lnj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyri hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic aci with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyri hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic. 	d 500 mg oule (1) doxine d 500 mg doxine			e.g. Pabrinex IV		
1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, ampoule (1)	10 ml					
Vitamin A						
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml Oral liq 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml						
Vitamin B						
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		2.46	3	Hydroxocobalamin Panpharma		
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Tab 50 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial			90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Pyridoxine multichem		

Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 4.65 Tab 100 mg	100	Thiamine multichem
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC11.25	500	Bplex
Vitamin C		
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 12.50 Tab chewable 250 mg	500	Cvite
Vitamin D		
ALFACALCIDOL		
Cap 0.25 mcg	100 100	One-Alpha One-Alpha
Cap 1 mcg	20 ml	One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL		'
Cap 0.25 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 20257.89	100	Calcitriol-AFT
Cap 0.5 mcg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 13.68 Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	100	Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL		
Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	12 5 ml	Vit.D3 Clinicians

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

I Oral liq 156 u per ml

⇒ Restricted (RS1632)

Initiation – Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation – Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:

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- 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
- 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST	Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- ↓ Cap 500 u

↓ Oral liq 156 u per ml

→ Restricted (RS1176)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation – Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation – Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	÷		manaraotaroi
Antianaemics			
Hypoplastic and Haemolytic			
EPOETIN ALFA – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	250.00	6	Binocrit
Inj 2,000 iu in 1 ml syringe		6	Binocrit
Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe	150.00	6	Binocrit
Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe	96.50	6	Binocrit
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	125.00	6	Binocrit
Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe	145.00	6	Binocrit
Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe		6	Binocrit
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe		6	Binocrit
Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	250.00	1	Binocrit
→ Restricted (RS1660)			
Initiation – chronic renal failure			
All of the following:			
1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and			
2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and			
3 Either:			
3.1 Both:			
3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and			
3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to	30ml/min; or		
3.2 Both:			
3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and			
3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to	45ml/min; and		
4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.			
Initiation – myelodysplasia*			
Re-assessment required after 2 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); a	nd		
2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and			
3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on th	ne WHO classification-	based pro	gnostic scoring system for
myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and		ام	
4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and			

- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation – myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative. Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

EPOETIN BETA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 4,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe

➡ Restricted (RS1661)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Haematologist; and
- 2 For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative; and
- 3 *Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID			
Tab 0.8 mg		1,000	Folic Acid multichem
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027	5.82	100	Folic Acid Viatris
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			

	Dries		Drand ar
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Scleros	ants		
ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			
			e.g. Driclor
→ Restricted (RS1500)			
Initiation			
For use as a haemostatis agent.			
APROTININ – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 10,000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial → Restricted (RS1332)			
Initiation			
Cardiac anaesthetist			
Either:			
 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass proce Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where th adverse effects of the drug. 		sive blee	ding outweighs the potential
ELTROMBOPAG – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg	1,550.00	28	Revolade
↓ Tab 50 mg	3,100.00	28	Revolade
→ Restricted (RS1648)			
Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenec	tomy		
Haematologist Re-assessment required after 6 weeks			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and			
2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and fai	led after therapy of 3 m	onths eac	h (or 1 month for rituximab):
and			
3 Any of the following:			
3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platel	ets per microlitre and ha	s eviden	ce of significant
mucocutaneous bleeding; or			•
3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20	,000 platelets per micro	litre and	has evidence of active
bleeding; or			
3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10		litre.	
Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation f	or splenectomy		
Haematologist			
Limited to 6 weeks treatment	a atamu /		
The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splen Continuation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-sple			
Haematologist	enectomy		
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment durin	ng the initial approval or	subseau	ent renewal periods and
further treatment is required.	ig ale illusi approval el	ousooqu	ent fononal ponodo and
Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,0	000 platelets per microlit	re	
Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicate			
Haematologist	•		
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
All of the following:			

All of the following:

30

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant muccoutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

EMICIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 30 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
	Inj 60 mg in 0.4 ml vial7,138.00	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 105 mg in 0.7 ml vial12,492.00	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 150 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra

→ Restricted (RS1998)

Initiation - Severe Haemophilia A with or without FVIII inhibitors

Haematologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia A with a severe bleeding phenotype (endogenous factor VIII activity less than or equal to 2%); and
- 2 Emicizumab is to be administered at a dose of no greater than 3 mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks followed by the equivalent of 1.5 mg/kg weekly.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9% Soln 500 ml

POLIDOCANOL

Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial

	P (ex man.	rice excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule					
THROMBIN Powder					
TRANEXAMIC ACID Tab 500 mg – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		10.4	5	60	Mercury Pharma
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		5.9 5.9	5	5 5	Tranexamic-AFT Tranexamic-AFT
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents					
IDARUCIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	4,2	50.00	0	2	Praxbind

Initiation

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding. or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

EFTRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted s	ee terms below		
Inj 250 iu vial	612.50	1	Alprolix
Inj 500 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 2,000 iu vial	4,900.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 3,000 iu vial	7,350.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 4,000 iu vial	9,800.00	1	Alprolix

→ Restricted (RS1684)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
→ Restricted (RS1704)	,		

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is by named patient application to the Haemophilia Treaters Group, subject to access criteria.

FACTOR FIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 U1,315.0	0 1	FEIBA NF
t	lnj 1,000 U2,630.0	0 1	FEIBA NF
	Inj 2,500 U6,575.0		FEIBA NF
	Pastrioted (PS1705)		

→ Restricted (RS1705)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricte	d see terms below		
Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha

→ Restricted (RS1706)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

NONACOG GAMMA,	[RECOMBINANT FACTO	R IX] – Restricted see terms below
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ſ	Inj 500 iu vial		1	RIXUBIS
			•	TINCODIO
ŧ	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	RIXUBIS
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1,740.00	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	RIXUBIS
⇒	Restricted (RS1679)			

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	210.00	1	Advate
	Inj 500 iu vial		1	Advate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
t	Inj 1,500 iu vial		1	Advate
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Advate
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Advate

➡ Restricted (RS1707)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
t	Inj 500 iu vial	475.00	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
		,		

➡ Restricted (RS1708)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

RURIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	1	Adynovate
t	Inj 500 iu vial	1	Advnovate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		Advnovate
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		Adynovate

➡ Restricted (RS1682)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Vitamin K			
PHYTOMENADIONE			
Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM
Antithrombotics			
Anticoagulants			
IVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 250 mg vial Restricted (RS1181) hitiation Either: 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin r 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures		lerance; or	
CITRATE SODIUM Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule			
DABIGATRAN			
Cap 75 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		60	Pradaxa
ANAPAROID – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule			
Restricted (RS1182)			
itiation	h to to to to		
or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistan	ce or neparin intolerance	Э.	
EFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
Restricted (RS1183) itiation			
aematologist			
atient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome	as a result of chemothe	rany or req	men-related toxicities
EXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACII			
Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg			
100 ml bag	per m,		
NOXAPARIN SODIUM			
Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	21 00	10	Clexane
		10	VISAULE
ini 40 ma in 0.4 mi ampoule	29 74	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule Ini 40 mg in 0.4 ml svringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			•••••
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane
		10 10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Clexane

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
FONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe			
→ Restricted (RS1184) Initiation			
Initiation For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or h	anarin intolerance		
HEPARIN SODIUM			
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml vial – 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025		10	Heparin Sodium Panpharma
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			Falipilatilia
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	127.44	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule			
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	70.33	5	Hospira
HEPARINISED SALINE			
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	96.91	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	15.60	30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		28	Xarelto
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	14.56	28	Xarelto
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM CH	ILORIDE		
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 74. per ml, 5,000 ml bag	.6 mcg		
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	7.50	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg			
Tab 3 mg		100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg		100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	1.95 12.65	90 990	Ethics Aspirin EC Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			-
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	5.07	84	Arrow - Clopid
DIPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 150 mg	13.93	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EPTIFIBATIDE - Restricted see terms below	Ψ	1 01	
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Eptifibatide Viatris Mylan
 Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Eptifibatide Viatris
 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes under 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected in 3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention. 	tra-coronary thrombus on co		
LYSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricte ↓ Inj 500 mg → Restricted (RS1689) Initiation Both:	d see terms below		e.g. Aspegic
 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is require cardiology procedure; and Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure 		tional neu	rro-radiology or interventional
TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 90 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1774) Initiation		56	Ticagrelor Sandoz
Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specificall diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute co given in the last 24 hours and is not planned. Initiation – thrombosis prevention neurological stenting Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:			

- Both:
 - 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure* in the last 60 days; or
 - 1.2 Patient is about to have a neurological stenting procedure performed*; and
 - 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance using the P2Y12 (VerifyNow) assay or another appropriate platelet function assay and requires antiplatelet treatment with ticagrelor; or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of a new cerebral ischemic event; or
 - 2.2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of transient ischemic attack symptoms referable to the stent..

Continuation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.

Initiation - Percutaneous coronary intervention with stent deployment

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	-	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has undergone percutaneous coronary intervention; and
- 2 Patient has had a stent deployed in the previous 4 weeks; and
- 3 Patient is clopidogrel-allergic**.

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation – Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Notes: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Note: ** Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial Inj 10 mg vial Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Inj 5,000 iu vial Inj 10,000 iu vial Inj 50,000 iu vial Inj 100,000 iu vial Inj 250,000 iu vial Inj 500,000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1.2 ml vial	1	Mozobil
➡ Restricted (RS1536)		
Initiation – Autologous stem cell transplant		
Haematologist		
Limited to 3 days treatment		
All of the following:		
1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and		
2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and		
3 Any of the following:		
3.1 Both:		

3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and

3.1.2 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
continued		
3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or	equal to	10 $ imes$ 10^6 /L on day 5 after
3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 $\times 10^6$ CD34 cells/kg have failed after one	anhorosi	is procedure: or
3.2 Both:	apricico	
3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and		
3.2.2 Any of the following:		
3.2.2.1 Both:		
3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of > 5×10^9 /L; and		
3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less t	han or eq	ual to $10 \times 10^6 / l \cdot or$
3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1×10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one		
3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before	•	
3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy h	0	
	ao ranoa.	
Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors		
FILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below		
Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10	Nivestim
Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial	4	Neupogen
Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10	Nivestim
→ Restricted (RS1188)		
Haematologist or oncologist		
PEGFILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	1	Ziextenzo
→ Restricted (RS1743)		
nitiation For available of not transmis in patients undergoing high viel, chamatherapy for sonace (fo	المعالم الم	transmis viels areater than ar
For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (fe equal to 5%*).	une neul	nopenia risk greater than or
Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taking into account other	risk facto	rs as defined by the Europe

Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

Fluids and Electrolytes

Intravenous Administration

CALCIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			e.g. Baxter
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule			e.g. Max Health
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 ml			
bag	57.06	18	Plasma-Lyte 148
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,			
1,000 ml bag	29.28	12	Plasma-Lyte 148

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium			
98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate			
glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag		12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5%
			Glucose
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	25.20	18	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag		10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 100 ml bag		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag		30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag		60 20	Baxter Glucose 5% Fresenius Kabi
lnj 5%, 500 ml bag Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		20 12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		1	Biomed
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE		-	
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chl 0.45%, 3,000 ml bag			
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chlo 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	oride		
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor			
0.18%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor			
0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor		10	Deuter
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1.000 ml bag	175 //	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			Banon
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 m	bag 512.16	48	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1.000 m	•	40 12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 m	0	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml	0	48	Baxter
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE	U		
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule		10	Hospira
,,			· · •

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
INGER'S SOLUTION	•	-	
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol	/I.		
chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	.,		
ODIUM ACETATE			
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
ODIUM BICARBONATE			
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial			
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial		1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial	24.10	1	Biomed
ODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4.00	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	5.25	50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025.	12.00	30	BD PosiFlush
Restricted (RS1297)			
itiation			
or use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	12.00	30	BD PosiFlush
Restricted (RS1297)			
itiation			
or use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 202	5 11.70	30	BD PosiFlush
◆ Restricted (RS1297) itiation			
or use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	E 00	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule		20 5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag		60	Baxter
	147.75	75	Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag		48	Baxter
	105.60	60	Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag		24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle	-		
ODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE		_	B ¹
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule		5	Biomed
ATER	-		
Inj 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		50	Multichem
Inj 20 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	5.00	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 250 ml bag			
Inj 500 ml bag Inj, 1,000 ml bag	20 52	12	Baxter
<i>,, ,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		12	Bunton
Oral Administration			
Oral Administration ALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE		300 g	

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price).	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Powder for oral soln - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	9.53	50	Electral
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Soln with electrolytes - 5% DV May-24 to 2025	6.53	1,000 ml	Hydralyte - Lemonade
PHOSPHORUS			
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)			•
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol)		200	Span-K
Oral liq 2 mmol per ml			
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg	9.50	100	Sodibic
1 0	0.52	100	Soupic
SODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg			
Oral lig 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYBENE SULPHONATE			
Powder		454 a	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED			
Inj 4%, 500 ml bag		10	Gelofusine

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System			
ACE Inhibitors			
CAPTOPRIL Gral liq 5 mg per ml – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		100 ml	DP-Captopril
 → Restricted (RS1263) Initiation Any of the following: For use in children under 12 years of age; or For use in tube-fed patients; or For management of rebound transient hypertension following 	cardiac surgery.		
CILAZAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only			
➡ Tab 0.5 mg		90	Zapril
 ➡ Tab 2.5 mg ➡ Tab 5 mg 		90 90	Zapril Zapril
5		90	Zapin
ENALAPRIL MALEATE	1 75	90	Acetec
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025 Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025		90 90	Acetec
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025		90	Acetec
	2.00		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	11.07	90	Ethics Lisinopril Teva Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	11.67	90	Ethics Lisinopril Teva Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		90	Ethics Lisinopril Teva Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL			
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		30	Coversyl
Tab 4 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		30	Coversyl
Tab 8 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		30	Coversyl
QUINAPRIL			
Tab 5 mg		90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg Tab 20 mg		90 90	Arrow-Quinapril 10 Arrow-Quinapril 20
RAMIPRIL	i.J	50	
	17.05	00	Truzon
Cap 1.25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Cap 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90 90	Tryzan Tryzan
Cap 5 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90	Tryzan
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90	Tryzan
Angiotensin II Antagonists			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL			
Tab 4 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.68	90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5.24	90	Candestar

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM			
Tab 12.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.00	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		84	Losartan Actavis
		• •	
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4.57	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE	4.40		
Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	4.10	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ
			16/12.5
Tab 32 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	5.25	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 32/12.5
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 20)25 4.00	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors			
SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 24/26
Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg		56	Entresto 49/51
 Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg 		56	Entresto 97/103
с с с		50	Entresio 97/103
→ Restricted (RS2014)			
Initiation			
All of the following:			
 Patient has heart failure; and 			
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II: or			
2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or			
2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III, of			

3 Either:

- 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 35%; or
- 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practical, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure treatments.

Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers

DOXAZOSIN Tab 2 mg	500 500	Doxazosin Clinect Doxazosin Clinect
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 10 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Manufacturer
PRAZOSIN	· · · ·		
Tab 1 mg	5 53	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 7 mg		100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 5 mg		100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Cap 1 mg		100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 2 mg		100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 5 mg		100	Prazosin Mylan
TERAZOSIN – Restricted: For continuation only	20102		
Tab 1 mg			
Antiarrhythmics			
ADENOSINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	62.73	6	Adenocor
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	34.50	5	Adsine
↓ Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Adenosine Baxter
→ Restricted (RS1266)			
Initiation			
For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.			
(Adenocor Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial to be delisted 1 December 2024)			
AJMALINE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
→ Restricted (RS1001)			
Cardiologist			
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	3.49	30	Aratac
Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		30	Aratac
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		10	Max Health
ATROPINE SULPHATE			
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Juno
			Martindale
DIGOXIN			
Tab 62.5 mcg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	7.80	240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	16.90	240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial			
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE			
Cap 100 mg			
FLECAINIDE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		60	Flecainide BNM
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		90	Flecainide Controlled
			Release Teva
Cap long-acting 200 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	54.28	90	Flecainide Controlled
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule		5	Release Teva Tambocor
IVABRADINE – Restricted see terms below		5	
Tab 5 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1566)			
Initiation			
Both:			
			continued

continued...

	Price		Brond or	
	(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Brand or Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
continued				
 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary anglo Either: 	graphy; and			
2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per n or	ninute while taking a r	maximally to	plerated dose of beta blocker;	
2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.				
MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Cap 150 mg		100	Teva	
Cap 250 mg	202.00	100	Teva	
PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg				
<u> </u>				
Antihypotensives				
MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below				
		100	MAR-Midodrine	
	58 88	100	Midodrine Medsurge MAR-Midodrine	
		100	Midodrine Medsurge	
→ Restricted (RS1427)			-	
Initiation Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.				
Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers				
ATENOLOL				
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	11.00	500	Viatris	
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		500	Atenolol Viatris	
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		300 ml	Atenolol-AFT	
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE Tab 2.5 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	1 36	90	Ipca-Bisoprolol	
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90	Ipca-Bisoprolol	
Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	2.71	90	Ipca-Bisoprolol	
CARVEDILOL				
Tab 6.25 mg Tab 12.5 mg		60 60	Carvedilol Sandoz Carvedilol Sandoz	
Tab 25 mg		60 60	Carvedilol Sandoz	
CELIPROLOL – Restricted: For continuation only				
➡ Tab 200 mg				
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial				
LABETALOL Tab 50 mg				
Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg	14.50	100	Trandate	
Tab 200 mg		100	Trandate	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule				
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE	4.00	00	Myloc CR	
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026 Tab long-acting 47.5 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90 90	Myloc CR	
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90	Myloc CR	
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90	Myloc CR	

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

(6	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
/ETOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	5.66	100	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	7.55	60	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg	23.40	28	Slow-Lopresor
lnj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		5	Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol IV Viatris
ADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	Nadolol BNM
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	Nadolol BNM
ROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	7.04	100	Drofate
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		100	IPCA-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg		100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
DTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100	Mylan
Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers			
	4.45	00	M
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90 90	Vasorex Vasorex
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90 90	Vasorex
		30	Vasolex
	0.10	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Tab long-acting 5 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		30 90	Felo 5 ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		90 90	Felo 10 ER
	0.00	50	I CIO IO EII
RADIPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg Cap 2.5 mg			
CARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
Restricted (RS1699) tiation			
aesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist			
y of the following:			
1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intrave	nous agent: or		
2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or	nous agent, or		
3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulm	ionary bypass		
	onary bypass.		
FEDIPINE	10.40	50	Tanaining MD40
Tab long-acting 10 mg		56	Tensipine MR10
Tab long-acting 20 mg.		100 100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg		100	Mylan (24 hr release) Mylan Italy (24 hr
	4./0	14	Mylan Italy (24 nr

			release)
Tab long-acting 60 mg	52.81	100	Mylan (24 hr rel
Cap 5 mg			

hr release)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NIMODIPINE			
Tab 30 mg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 Inj 0.2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 5% DV May-24 to 2025		100 5	Nimotop Nimotop
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 30 mg			
Cap long-acting 120 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		500	Diltiazem CD Clinect
Cap long-acting 180 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	9.30	30	Cardizem CD
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
PERHEXILINE MALEATE	00.00	100	Develo
Tab 100 mg	62.90	100	Pexsig
ERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 40 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg		100	Isoptin SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg		30 5	Isoptin SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	25.00	5	Isoptin
Centrally-Acting Agents			
CLONIDINE			
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mcg – 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025		112	Clonidine Teva
Tab 150 mcg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	14.10	5	Catapres
	29.68	10	Medsurge
Medsurge Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Januar	y 2025)		
/IETHYLDOPA			
Tab 250 mg	15.10	100	Methyldopa Viatris
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
BUMETANIDE			
Tab 1 mg		100	Burinex
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial			
UROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]			
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1,000	IPCA-Frusemide
Tab 500 mg		50	Urex Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml		30 ml	Lasix
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		5	Furosemide-Baxter
Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule		6	Lasix

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bag		12 18	Baxter Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg	<u>.</u>		
Potassium Sparing Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
EPLERENONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 ↓ Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1640) Initiation Both: 1 Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%; 2 Either: 2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolacton 2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant adverse	and e; or	30 30	Inspra Inspra
SPIRONOLACTONE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Oral liq 5 mg per ml		100 100 25 ml	Spiractin Spiractin Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE Oral liq 50 mg per ml	29.21	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE] Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	6.95	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 METOLAZONE Tab 5 mg	16.00	90	Dapa-Tabs

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Vasopressin receptor antagonists				
TOLVAPTAN – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 15 mg		28	Jinarc	
I Tab 30 mg		28	Jinarc	
Tab 45 mg + 15 mg	1,747.00	56	Jinarc	
Tab 60 mg + 30 mg		56	Jinarc	
Tab 90 mg + 30 mg	1,747.00	56	Jinarc	
➡ Restricted (RS1930)				
Initiation outonemed dominant nelvevetic kidney disease				

Initiation – autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

Re-assessment required after 12 montr

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease; and
- 2 Patient has an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) of greater than or equal to 25 ml/min/1.73 m² at treatment initiation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with a decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 5 mL/min/1.73 m² within one-year; or
 - 3.2 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with an average decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 2.5 mL/min/1.73 m² per year over a five-year period.

Continuation – autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

Both:

- 1 Patient has not developed end-stage renal disease, defined as an eGFR of less than 15 mL/min/1.73 m²; and
- 2 Patient has not undergone a kidney transplant.

Lipid-Modifying Agents

Fibrates

BEZAFIBRATE			
Tab 200 mg	19.46	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg	21.21	30	Bezalip Retard

HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)

ATORVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5.16	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	7.16	100	Clinect
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		100	Clinect
ROSUVASTATIN - Restricted see terms on the next page			
	1.29	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026		30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	2.71	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		30	Rosuvastatin Viatris

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

➡ Restricted (RS1868)

Initiation - cardiovascular disease risk

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient is considered to be at risk of cardiovascular disease; and
 - 1.2 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has a calculated risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
 - 2.2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - familial hypercholesterolemia

Both:

- 1 Patient has familial hypercholesterolemia (defined as a Dutch Lipid Criteria score greater than or equal to 6); and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation – established cardiovascular disease

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has proven coronary artery disease (CAD); or
 - 1.2 Patient has proven peripheral artery disease (PAD); or
 - 1.3 Patient has experienced an ischaemic stroke; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.4 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation – recurrent major cardiovascular events

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced a recurrent major cardiovascular event (defined as myocardial infarction, ischaemic stroke, coronary revascularisation, hospitalisation for unstable angina) in the last 2 years; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.0 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

SIMVASTATIN

Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.68	90	Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.54	90	Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 40 mg – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4.11	90	Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 80 mg – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 (Simvastatin Mylan Tab 40 mg to be delisted 1 December 2024)	8.81	90	Simvastatin Viatris

Resins

50

CHOLESTYRAMINE Powder for oral liq 4 g		
COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE Grans for oral liq 5 g		
COLESTYRAMINE		
Powder for oral suspension 4 g sachet61.50	50	Colestyramine - Mylan
Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors		
EZETIMIBE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 1.76	30	Ezetimibe Sandoz

t Item restricted (see → above); ↓ Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg	5.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg	6.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg	7.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg		30	Zimybe

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

Nitrates

GLYCERYL TRINITRATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose	7.48	250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day	15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day		30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100	Ismo 20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	9.80	30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Duride
Other Cardiac Agents			
LEVOSIMENDAN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 5% DV Nov-24 to 2027		1	Simdax
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
➡ Restricted (RS1007)			
Initiation – Heart transplant			
Either:			
1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been	accepted for tra	nsplant: or	
2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.		- F	
Initiation – Heart failure			
Cardiologist or intensivist			
For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is nor	n-responsive to a	dobutamine.	
Sympathomimetics			
ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule		5	Aspen Adrenaline
	13.27		DBL Adrenaline
	25 30	10	Hameln

	25.30	10	Hameln
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial			
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule	49.00	10	Aspen Adrenaline
	27.00	5	Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe			
DOBUTAMINE			
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	61.13	5	Dobutamine-hameIn

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price		Prond or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		10	Max Health Ltd
EPHEDRINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		10	Ephedrine Juno
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		10	Max Health
ISOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL] Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
METARAMINOL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		10	Torbay
NORADRENALINE			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	45.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE		10	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		25	Neosynephrine HCL
Vasodilators			
ALPROSTADIL – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 10 mcg vial			
Inj 20 mcg vial			
→ Restricted (RS1992) Initiation			
Both:			
1 Patient has erectile dysfunction; and			
2 Patient is to receive a penile Doppler ultrasonography.			
ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	2,030.33	5	Prostin VR
DIAZOXIDE			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE	· · ·		
↓ Tab 25 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1008)			
Initiation			
Either:			
1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or			
2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrat ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers.	e, in patients who are in	tolerant	or have not responded to
Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		10	Milrinone-Baxter
MINOXIDIL			
Tab 10 mg		100	Loniten
NICORANDIL			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2025		60	Max Health
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2025	27.44	60	Max Health
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	257.12	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]			
Tab 400 mg			
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			
Inj 50 mg vial			
Endothelin Receptor Antagonists			
AMBRISENTAN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		30	Ambrisentan Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		30	Ambrisentan Viatris
→ Restricted (RS1981)			
nitiation – PAH monotherapy Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant p	ractitioner on the recom	mondati	on of a reeniratory energialist
cardiologist or rheumatologist		menuali	
Limited to 6 months treatment			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and			
2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical	classifications; and		
3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organiz	ation (NYHA/WHO) fund	ctional cla	ass II, III or IV; and
4 Any of the following:			
4.1 All of the following:			
4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cathet			
4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) gr			
4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWF			
4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 cm^{-5}); and	wood onlis or greater t	1100	memational Onits (dyn S
4.1.5 Any of the following:			
4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-	responsive in vasoread	tivity acc	esement using iloprost or
יוויז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז א	responsive in vasoreac	uvity ass	content using iloptost of

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or

4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or

- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 Both:

- 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with both sildenafil and bosentan; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Initiation – PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 All of the following:

- 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
- 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil or bosentan) for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	-	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

5.2.2 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy including bosentan and has experienced intolerable side effects on bosentan; and

5.3 Both:

- 5.3.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy; and
- 5.3.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (eg due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease).

Initiation – PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Both:
 - 5.2.2.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
 - 5.2.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

continued...

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ontinued					
ontinuation					
espiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practi	tioner o	n the	recomn	nendatio	on of a respiratory specialist,
ardiologist or rheumatologist					
e-assessment required after 2 years					
he patient is continuing to derive benefit from ambrisentan treatment a	ccording	, to a	validate	d PAH	risk stratification tool**.
otes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found he	ere: 202	22 EC	S/ERS	Guidelir	nes for the diagnosis and
eatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH					
the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine i					
sufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH	risk str	atifica	tion too	l, where	e currently no such validated
ols exist for PAH risk stratification in children.					
OSENTAN – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 62.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027		100.0	0	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
Tab 125 mg - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027		100.0	0	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
Restricted (RS1982)					
itiation – PAH monotherapy					
espiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practi	tioner o	n the	recomn	nendatio	on of a respiratory specialist,
ardiologist or rheumatologist					
<i>imited to 6 months</i> treatment					
I of the following:					

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:

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- 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil; or
 - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy; and
 - 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil) for at least three months and has experienced an inadequate therapeutic response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would likely benefit from initial dual therapy.

Initiation – PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

 cm^{-5}); and

4.1.5 Any of the following:

- 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
- 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from bosentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool**.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and</u> treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 0.72	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4	Vedafil
	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 11.22	12	Vedafil

Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial

➡ Restricted (RS1983)

Initiation – tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

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- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation – tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH is confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) of greater than 20 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) that is less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 2 Wood Units or at least 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH is non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures.

Initiation – tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH</u>

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Price (ex man. excl. G8 \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Prostacyclin Analogues			
EPOPROSTENOL – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 500 mcg vial ↓ Inj 1.5 mg vial → Restricted (RS1984)		1 1	Veletri Veletri
Initiation – PAH dual therapy Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant pr cardiologist or rheumatologist <i>Limited to 6 months</i> treatment All of the following:	actitioner on the rec	ommendatio	on of a respiratory specialist,
 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical c PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organiza Any of the following: 		unctional cla	ass III or IV; and
 4.1 All of the following: 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cathete 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) gree 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 cm⁻⁵); and 4.1.5 Any of the following: 	ater than 20 mmHg less than or equal t	o 15 mmHg	; and
 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/guidelines) †; or 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptativalidated risk stratification tool**; or 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / h 	ERS Guidelines for ole response to calci	PAH (see no um antagon	ote below for link to these ist treatment, according to a
4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital he developmental lung disorders including severe chronic4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart c complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the mir	art disease or PAH of neonatal lung disea lisease and elevated	due to idiopa ase; or d pulmonary	athic, congenital or pressures or a major
 5 All of the following: 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as part of PAH dual therap 	y with either sildena	fil or an end	othelin receptor antagonist;
and 5.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV 5.3 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three according to a validated risk stratification tool.		s in an unad	cceptable risk category
Initiation – PAH triple therapy Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant pr cardiologist or rheumatologist <i>Limited to 6 months</i> treatment All of the following:	actitioner on the rec	ommendatio	on of a respiratory specialist,
 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical of PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organiza Any of the following: 		unctional cla	ass III or IV; and

4.1 All of the following:

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
- 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
- 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
- 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
- 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 Both:

- 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from epoprostenol treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH</u>

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

ILOPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule	0.00	5	llomedin
t	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	5.03	30	Vebulis

➡ Restricted (RS1985)

Initiation – PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and

continued...

Pric	e		Brand or
(ex man. ex	xcl. GST)		Generic
 \$		Per	Manufacturer

- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 Both:

- 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
- 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil and both the funded endothelin receptor antagonists (i.e. both bosentan and ambrisentan); or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to endothelin receptor antagonists.

Initiation – PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

5 All of the following:

- 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
- 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has an absolute contraindication to or has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to or experienced intolerable side effects with a funded endothelin receptor antagonist; and
- 5.3 Either:
 - 5.3.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.3.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy.

Initiation – PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

5.2.3 Both:

- 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
- 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

64

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from iloprost treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and</u> treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Pri (ex man. e	excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations				
Antibacterials				
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol) MAFENIDE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Powder 50 g sachet		8.56	10 g	Crystaderm
→ Restricted (RS1299) nitiation For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%				
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			5 g	Foban
Oint 2% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 SULFADIAZINE SILVER		1.69	5 g	Foban
Crm 1%		5.44 0.80	50 g	Ascend Flamazine
Antifungals		0.00		Tidilidžine
AMOROLFINE				
Nail soln 5% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2	21.87	5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% → Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only				
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		1.10	20 g	Clomazol
 ⇒ Crm 1% - Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1% 				
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		4.09	100 ml	Sebizole
METRONIDAZOLE Gel 0.75%				
 WICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% - 5% DV May-24 to 2026 → Lotn 2% - Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2% 		0.90	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g				
Antiparasitics				
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		4.25	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	f (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%					
PERMETHRIN Lotn 5% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4.28		30 ml	A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%					
Antiacne Preparations					
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%					
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%					
ISOTRETINOIN Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		.18.75		60 120 120	Oratane Oratane Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		.16.82		50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations					
CALAMINE Crm, aqueous, BP		3.45		100 g	healthE Calamine Aqueous
CROTAMITON Crm 10% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		3.49		20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients					
Barrier Creams					
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		1.47		100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		4.30		500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone 5%
Crm 10% pump bottle		4.52		500 ml	healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC Crm					e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste					e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL			
Crm Oint – 5% DV Nov-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.		20 g 500 g	Orion Evara
Oint, BP	1.26	20 g	healthE
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%			e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients			
AQUEOUS CREAM			
Crm 100 g			
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Crm 500 g	1 73	500 g	GEM Aqueous Cream
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.	1.75	500 g	
CETOMACROGOL			
Crm BP, 500 g - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.29	500 g	Cetomacrogol-AFT
Crm BP, 100 g			
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL			
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,	1.65	100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025	2 13	500 ml	Evara
	3.50	1,000 ml	Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.		.,	
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT			
Oint BP - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.30	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.			
Oint BP, 500 g - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	3.13	500 g	Emulsifying Ointment
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.			ADE
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN			
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%	6		e.g. QV cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION			g
Crm, 500 g	2.04	500 g	Fatty Cream AFT
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.		Ũ	
Crm, 100 g	1.59	1	healthE Fatty Cream
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			
PARAFFIN			
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% - 5% DV May- to 2025		100 a	White Coff Liquid
10 2025	1.04	100 g	White Soft Liquid Paraffin AFT
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			
White soft		10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both White soft, - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		and yellow 450 g	e soft paraffin. EVARA White Soft Paraffin
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 500 g or less and gr	eater than 30 g.		
Yellow soft			a a OV Bath Off
Lotn liquid paraffin 85%			e.g QV Bath Oil

(e	Price ex man. excl. GST; \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP;
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			Hydroderm Lotn e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA Crm 10%	1.37	100 g	healthE Urea Cream
WOOL FAT Crm			
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.		5 3	
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE	F 0F	50 -	Data Oraam
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		50 g 50 g	Beta Cream Beta Ointment
Lotn 0.1%		50 g 50 ml	Betnovate
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			201101010
Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	2.40	30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE - Restricted: For continuation only			
 → Crm 0.1% → Fatty oint 0.1% 			
HYDROCORTISONE			
Crm 1%, 30 g - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to ¹		30 g	Ethics
Crm 1%, 500 g – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.	20.40	500 g	Noumed
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% - 5% DV Jun-24	Ļ		
to 2026	12.83	250 ml	DP Lotn HC
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.1%	4 95	100 a	Loopid Lipportoom
Oint 0.1%		100 g 100 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid
Milky emul 0.1%		100 g	Locoid Crelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			
Crm 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.95	15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.95	15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE			
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
	3.50	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		15 g	Elocon Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	3.50 4 99	50 g 30 ml	Elocon
	4.33	00 111	LIUUUII

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

(e	Price ex man. excl. GST \$	^[] Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Crm 0.02% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Oint 0.02% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100 g 100 g	Aristocort Aristocort	
Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents				
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see to ↓ Crm 0.1% with clioquiniol 3% → Restricted (RS1125) Initiation Either: 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or 2 For continuation use.	erms below			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC AC Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%	DID]			
HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	2.85	15 g	Micreme H	
HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%	3.35	15 g	Pimafucort	
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMIC Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g	CIDIN AND NYS	TATIN		
Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations				
ACITRETIN				
Cap 10 mg – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		60	Novatretin	
Cap 25 mg – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		60	Novatretin	
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL				
Foam spray 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g		60 g	Enstilar	
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		60 g	Daivobet	
Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7 14.31	30 g	Daivobet	
CALCIPOTRIOL	(0.00	400	D :	
Oint 50 mcg per g		120 g	Daivonex	
COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%				
METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN] Tab 10 mg Lotn 1.2%				
PIMECROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below ↓ Crm 1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		15 g	Elidel	

Both:

1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the eyelid; and

2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical corticosteroids: periorificial dermatitis, rosacea, documented epidermal atrophy, documented allergy to topical corticosteroids, cataracts, glaucoma, or raised intraocular pressure.

DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCE	IN		
Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium -	5% DV		
Feb-24 to 2026	5.41	500 ml	Pinetarsol
POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE			
Tab 400 mg Crystals			
TACROLIMUS			
↓ Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		30 g	Zematop
→ Restricted (RS1859)			
Initiation			
Dermatologist or paediatrician Both:			
1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the face; and			
2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to to		: periorificial	dermatitis, rosacea,
documented epidermal atrophy or documented allergy to topic	cal corticosteroids.		
Scalp Preparations			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Scalp app 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			·
Scalp app 0.05% – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	6.26	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE			
Scalp lotn 0.1%	6.57	100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations			
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN			
Soln 0.5%		3.5 ml	Condyline
SILVER NITRATE			
Sticks with applicator			
Other Skin Preparations			
DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2%			
IMIQUIMOD			
Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet	21.72	24	Perrigo
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY			
Lotn - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	6.50	200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF
			50+
Antineoplastics			
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM			
Crm 5% - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5.56	20 g	Efudix
METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted se	e terms below		
↓ Crm 16% → Restricted (RS1127)			
Dermatologist or plastic surgeon			
J J			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	

Wound Management Products

CALCIUM GLUCONATE Gel 2.5%

e.g. Orion

Price (ex man. excl. C \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Agents		
ACETIC ACID Soln 3% Soln 5%		
ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator		
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Crm 1% Lotn 1%		
CLOTRIMAZOLE Vaginal crm 1% with applicator – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	35 g	Clomazol
Vaginal crm 2% with applicator - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	20 g	Clomazol
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Vaginal crm 2% with applicator6.89	40 g	Micreme
NYSTATIN Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 5.70	75 g	Nilstat
Contraceptives		
Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives		
CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	168	Ginet
Combined Oral Contraceptives		
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg		
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	84	Lo-Oralcon 20 ED
Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	84	Oralcon 30 ED
Tab 30 mcg with revolvingestrer 130 mcg ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg and 7 inert tab	84	Brevinor 1/28
Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg and 7 inert tab	04	

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GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

Pri (ex man. e	excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	9.80 6.80	1 1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard TCu 380 Plus Normal Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	1.75	1	Levonorgestrel BNM
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg	6.92 9.50 5.60	84 1 1 1	Microlut Jadelle Mirena Jaydess Depo-Provera
Tab 350 mcg1	2.25	84	Norethinderone - CDC Noriday 28

Obstetric Preparations

Antiprogestogens

MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg

Oxytocics

CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
DINOPROSTONE			
Pessaries 10 mg			
Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g	65.39	1	Prostin E2
Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g	82.33	1	Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE			
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	160.00	5	DBL Ergometrine
OXYTOCIN			
Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	4.98	5	Oxytocin BNM
Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	5.98	5	Oxytocin BNM
OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE			
Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule -5%			
DV Dec-22 to 2025	32.40	5	Syntometrine

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Tocolytics			
PROGESTERONE Cap 100 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025 TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 500 mcg ampoule → Restricted (RS1130) Obstetrician	14.85	30	Utrogestan
OESTRIOL Crm 1 mg per g with applicator – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Pessaries 500 mcg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		15 g 15	Ovestin Ovestin
Urologicals			
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors			
FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 → Restricted (RS1131) Initiation Both: Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and Either: 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blocker 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective 	's or these are contrain	100 dicated; or	Ricit
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers			
 TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 400 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 → Restricted (RS1132) Initiation Both: Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or the 		100 I.	Tamsulosin-Rex
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral lig 3 mmol per ml		200 ml	Biomed
2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two yes SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		tion. 28	Ural

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	 Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Urinary Antispasmodics			
OXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	 5.42	100	Alchemy Oxybutynin
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE Tab 5 mg Tab 10 mg	2.05 3.72	30 30	Solifenacin Viatris Solifenacin Viatris

P	rice			Brand or
(ex man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

Tab 2.5 mg

⇒ Restricted (RS1302)

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

CYPROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg	14.37	50	Siterone
Tab 100 mg	28.03	50	Siterone
TESTOSTERONE			
Gel (transdermal) 16.2 mg per g - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2027	52.00	88 g	Testogel
Patch 5 mg per day	225.00	30	Androderm
(Androderm Patch 5 mg per day to be delisted 1 November 2024)			
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	85.00	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg, testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate			
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE			
➡ Cap 40 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	86.00	1	Reandron 1000
Calcium Homeostasis			
CALCITONIN			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	121.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET – Restricted see terms below			
	25.24	28	Cinacalet Devatis
↓ Tab 60 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	50.47	28	Cinacalet Devatis
➡ Restricted (RS1931)			
Initiation — parathyroid caroinoma or calcinhylaxis			

Initiation – parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 All of the following:

1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and

- 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
- 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or

2 All of the following:

2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and

2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 3 mmol/L); and
- 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate.

Continuation - parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.
- Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

Initiation - primary hyperparathyroidism

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has primary hyperparathyroidism; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 3 mmol/L with or without symptoms; or
 - 2.2 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 2.85 mmol/L with symptoms; and
- 3 Surgery is not feasible or has failed; and
- 4 Patient has other comorbidities, severe bone pain, or calciphylaxis.

Initiation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has tertiary hyperparathyroidism and markedly elevated parathyroid hormone (PTH) with hypercalcaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient has symptomatic secondary hyperparathyroidism and elevated PTH; and
- 2 Patient is on renal replacement therapy; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Residual parathyroid tissue has not been localised despite repeat unsuccessful parathyroid explorations; or
 - 3.2 Parathyroid tissue is surgically inaccessible; or
 - 3.3 Parathyroid surgery is not feasible.

Continuation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had a kidney transplant, and following a treatment free interval of at least 12 weeks a clinically acceptable parathyroid hormone (PTH) level to support ongoing cessation of treatment has not been reached; or
- 2 The patient has not received a kidney transplant and trial of withdrawal of cinacalcet is clinically inappropriate.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		Zoledronic acid Viatris
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Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml52.80	25 ml	Biomed

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ox man one act) \$	Per	Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		10	HameIn
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	13.10	10	Hameln
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		100	Florinef
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg		100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg		100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		1	Solu-Cortef
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg		100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 125 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 1 g vial		1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		5	Depo-Medrol
PREDNISOLONE			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			•
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 2.5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 20 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 10% DV Feb-24 to 2026	21.42	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Kenacort-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL Tab 1 mg

iabiling			
Patch 25 mcg per day	14.50	8	Estradot
	21.35		Lyllana
Patch 50 mcg per day		8	Estradot
·	21.55		Lyllana
Patch 75 mcg per day		8	Estradot
	22.37		Lyllana
Patch 100 mcg per day		8	Estradot
	22.77		Lyllana
OESTRADIOL VALERATE			,
Tab 1 mg		84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg	12.36	84	Progynova

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

_	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer

OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE) Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations

OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

- Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate
 - Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate
 - Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol
 - (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

- Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate
- Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Progestogens

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 2.5 mg	6.56	30	Provera
Tab 5 mg	20.13	100	Provera
Tab 10 mg		30	Provera

Other Endocrine Agents

CABERGOLINE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 0.5 mg		2	Dostinex
➡ Restricted (RS1855)	17.94	8	Dostinex
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 Inhibition of lactation: or			
2 Patient has hyperprolactinemia; or			
3 Patient has acromegaly.			
Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.			
CLOMIFENE CITRATE			
Tab 50 mg	29.84	10	Mylan Clomiphen
GESTRINONE			
Cap 2.5 mg			
METYRAPONE			
Cap 250 mg			
PENTAGASTRIN			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Other Oestrogen Preparations			
OESTRADIOL			
Implant 50 mg			
OESTRIOL			
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	7.70	30	Ovestin
ů –			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Progestogen Preparations			
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE Tab 100 mg		100	Provera HD
NORETHISTERONE Tab 5 mg	5.49	30	Primolut N
Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogu	ies		
CORTICORELIN (OVINE) Inj 100 mcg vial			
THYROTROPIN ALFA Inj 900 mcg vial			
Adrenocorticotropic Hormones			
TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN] Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		1 1	Synacthen Synacthen Depot
GnRH Agonists and Antagonists			
BUSERELIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial GONADORELIN Inj 100 mcg vial GOSERELIN			
Implant 3.6 mg, syringe – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026 Implant 10.8 mg, syringe – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1 1	Zoladex Zoladex
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe		1 1	Lucrin Depot 1-month Lucrin Depot 3-month
Gonadotrophins			
CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Growth Hormone			
SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 5 mg cartridge - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 ↓ Inj 10 mg cartridge - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 ↓ Inj 15 mg cartridge - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1826) Initiation - growth hormone deficiency in children Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> Either:	80.21	1 1 1	Omnitrope Omnitrope Omnitrope

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or
- 2 All of the following:
 - Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation – Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation – Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* All of the following:

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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- continued...
 - 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
 - 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for somatropin for childhood deficiency in children and no longer meets the renewal criteria under this indication; and
 - 3.2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
 - 3.3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
 - 3.4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
 - 3.5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until the serum IGF-I is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE

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t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ODINE					
Soln BP 50 mg per ml					
EVOTHYROXINE					
Tab 25 mcg					
Tab 50 mcg Tab 100 mcg					
0					
LOTHYRONINE SODIUM					
► Restricted (RS1301)					
nitiation					
For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cance	r who are du	e to re	ceive	radioiodir	ne therapy.
Inj 20 mcg vial					
Inj 100 mcg vial					
POTASSIUM IODATE					
Tab 170 mg					
POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE					
Cap 200 mg					
PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms below					
Tab 50 mg		.35.00		100	PTU
→ Restricted (RS1276)					
nitiation					
Both:					
 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is control 	ntraindicated				
PROTIRELIN					
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule					
Vasopressin Agents					
RGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]					
Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule					
DESMOPRESSIN					
Wafer 120 mcg		.47.00		30	Minirin Melt
DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE					
Tab 100 mcg		.25.00		30	Minirin
Tab 200 mcg				30	Minirin
Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		.34.95		6 ml	Desmopressin-PH&T
Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule					
Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule					
Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml					

TERLIPRESSIN			
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	215.00	5	Glypressin
	110.00		Terlipressin Ever
			Pharma

(Glypressin Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 February 2025)



	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below			
 Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe 	21.43	1	Biomed
 Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 	160 07	5	DBL Amikacin
→ Restricted (RS1041)		5	
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci	alist		
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE		_	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5 10	DBL Gentamicin Pfizer
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		10	FIIZEI
PAROMOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below Cap 250 mg	126.00	16	Humatin
 Cap 230 fig	120.00	10	Tumaun
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologi	st		
STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
→ Restricted (RS1043)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci	alist		
TOBRAMYCIN			
Powder Destricted (DC1 (77))			
→ Restricted (RS1475) Initiation			
For addition to orthopaedic bone cement.			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	15.50	5	Tobramycin (Viatris)
⇒ Restricted (RS1044)		Ū	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci	alist		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1044)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci			
Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml – 5% DV Dec-23 to 202	6 395.00	56 dose	Tobramycin BNM
→ Restricted (RS1435)			
Initiation Patient has cystic fibrosis.			
Fallent has cysile indicais.			
Carbapenems			
ERTAPENEM – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Inj 1 g vial	70.00	1	Invanz
→ Restricted (RS1045)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN – Restricted see terms below Ini 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial	60.00	1	Iminonom (Cilactatin
Inj soo niy win soo niy ciasiaili vidi		I	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX
→ Restricted (RS1046)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	(ex man.	ice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEROPENEM – Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 → Restricted (RS1047) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			10 10	Meropenem-AFT Meropenem-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generatio	n			
CEFALEXIN Cap 250 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Cap 500 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		. 5.85 . 7.88	20 20 100 ml 100 ml	Cephalexin ABM Cephalexin ABM Flynn Cefalexin Sandoz
CEFAZOLIN Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		.3.59	5 5 5	Flynn Cefazolin-AFT Cefazolin-AFT Cefazolin-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generatio				
CEFACLOR				
Cap 250 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 CEFOXITIN Inj 1 g vial CEFUROXIME			100 100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Tab 250 mg Inj 750 mg vial <i>–</i> 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		.8.16	10	Cefuroxime Devatis
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026			10	Cefuroxime Devatis
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generatio	n			
CEFOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial		1 90	1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			10	DBL Cefotaxime
CEFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		25.80	10	Ceftazidime Kabi
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		.0.79	1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025			5 5	Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation	on		
CEFEPIME – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 ↓ Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 (<i>Cefepime Kabi Inj 1 g vial to be delisted 1 December 2024</i>) (<i>Cefepime Kabi Inj 2 g vial to be delisted 1 December 2024</i>) → Restricted (RS1049) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	3.19	10 1 10 1	Cefepime Kabi Cefepime-AFT Cefepime Kabi Cefepime-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation	on		
CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL – Restricted see terms below Inj 600 mg vial		10 apies.	Zinforo
Macrolides			
 AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below I Tab 250 mg Tab 500 mg Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml)		ant and req terans syn or Pseudo month per	uires treatment for drome*; or monas related gram iod; or

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	Price		Brand or
(ex mar	n. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days For any other condition.

Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days For any other condition.

CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	14	Klacid
	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	14	Klacid
t	Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml 192.00	50 ml	Klacid
t	Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	1	Klacid IV

→ Restricted (RS1709)

Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or
- 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surgical or dental procedures if amoxicillin is contra-indicated.

Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

Initiation – Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

Tab 400 mg 16.95	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml6.77	100 ml	E-Mycin
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)		
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 10.00	1	Erythrocin IV

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation only

- ➡ Tab 250 mg
- ➡ Tab 500 mg

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ROXITHROMYCIN – Some items restricted see terms below				
Tab dispersible 50 mg				
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		13.19	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		25.00	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
→ Restricted (RS1569)				
nitiation				
Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.				
Penicillins				
MOXICILLIN				
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Sep-24 to 2025		27.50	500	Miro-Amoxicillin
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2025			500	Miro-Amoxicillin
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial			10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial			10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial			10	Ibiamox
MOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID				
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2	026	1 59	10	Curam Duo 500/125
Grans for oral lig 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml			100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavularic acid 0.25 mg per ml			100 ml	Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial			10	Amoxiclav multichem
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial		26.90	10	Amoxiclav multichem
		20.00	10	Cerobact
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN				
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe	3	75.97	10	Bicillin LA
ENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]				
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		16.50	10	Sandoz
Cap 250 mg		15 79	250	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Cap 500 mg			500	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026			10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026			10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			5	Flucil
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			Ū	
Cap 250 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		7 69	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027			50 50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral lig 250 mg per 5 ml – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			100 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM – Restricted see terms belo				
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		2 50	1	DinToz-AET
Fing 4 g with tazobactani 0.5 g viai – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 ⇒ Restricted (RS1053)		.0.09	I	PipTaz-AFT
 Restricted (RS1053) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory sp 	ocialist			
	ooialist			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe				
ICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID - Restricted see terms of	n the next pa	ge		

						INFECTIONS
		(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	Restricted (RS1054) ical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	ılist				
G	uinolones					
) Lif	ROFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below					
	Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Nov-24 to 2026		2.4 1.9		28	Cipflox Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
I	Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Nov-24 to 2026				10	Ciprofloxacin - Torrent
r			3.1		28	Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
l	Tab 750 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2026				28	Cipflox
I	Oral liq 50 mg per ml Oral liq 100 mg per ml Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		4.8	U		Ipca-Ciprofloxacin
I	Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		125.0	0	10	Ciprofloxacin Kabi
Ci Ci ⇒	oflox Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 November 2024) profloxacin - Torrent Tab 500 mg to be delisted 1 November 2024) oflox Tab 750 mg to be delisted 1 December 2024) Restricted (RS1055) nical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist XIFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below					
	Tab 400 mg		.42.0	0	5	Avelox
[Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	······································	413.4	0	10	Moxifloxacin Kabi
	Restricted (RS1644)					
	iation – Mycobacterium infection ctious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specia	lict				
	v of the following:	liot				
	1 Both:					
	1.1 Active tuberculosis; and 1.2 Any of the following:					
	 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line metaarea with known resistance), as part of regimen or 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethal. 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxi 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effort 	dications ontaining ambutol city from	(tube othe use); tube	erculosi r secor or culosis	nd-line ag s medica	gents; or tions; or
	2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to c3 Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact with					
nfe	iation – Pneumonia ctious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist rer:					
	ات. ۱۰. است		+ line	tractor	ant. ar	

1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or

2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

Initiation - Penetrating eye injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued… Initiation – Mycoplasma genitalium All of the following:			
 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycopl. Either: 	asma genitalium and is	s sympton	natic; and
2.1 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromyo 2.2 Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; an			
3 Treatment is only for 7 days.			
NORFLOXACIN Tab 400 mg		100	Arrow-Norfloxacin
Tetracyclines			
DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg			
DOXYCYCLINE → Tab 50 mg – Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	64.43	500	Doxine
MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg ➡ Cap 100 mg – Restricted: For continuation only			
TETRACYCLINE Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg		28	Accord
TIGECYCLINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1059)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Other Antibacterials			
AZTREONAM – Restricted see terms below		10	Azactam
Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLORAMPHENICOL – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 1 g vial → Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CLINDAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	4.94	24	Dalacin C
 Oral liq 15 mg per ml Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025 → Restricted (RS1061) 		10	Hameln
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] – Restricted Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		page 1	Colistin-Link

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1062)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	cialist		
DAPTOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	115.36	1	Daptomycin Dr Reddy's
→ Restricted (RS1063)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
FOSFOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
 Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet Restricted (RS1315) 			e.g. UroFos
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1065)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID – Restricted see terms below			
		10	Zyvox
Oral liq 20 mg per ml		150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	155.00	10	Linezolid Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1066)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
METHENAMINE (HEXAMINE) HIPPURATE	10.05	100	Linvoy
Tab 1 g - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		100	Hiprex
NITROFURANTOIN Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	00.00	100	Nifuran
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Tab 100 mg		100	Nifuran
Cap modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		100	Macrobid
PIVMECILLINAM – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 200 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1322)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg	135.70	36	Fucidin
→ Restricted (RS1064)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULFADIAZINE SODIUM – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 500 mg			e.g. Sulfadiazin-Heyl;
➡ Restricted (RS1067)			Wockhardt
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal	medicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below	•		
Inj 400 mg vial		1	Targocid
➡ Restricted (RS1068)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg	07.00		
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	27.83	50	ТМР

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXA Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoul	5 to 2027115.74	500 100 ml	Trisul Deprim
VANCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		1	Mylan
Antifungals			
Imidazoles			
KETOCONAZOLE ↓ Tab 200 mg → Restricted (RS1410) Oncologist			
Polyene Antimycotics			
AMPHOTERICIN B ↓ Inj (liposomal) 50 mg vial	3,450.00	10	AmBisome
 Restricted (RS1071) Initiation Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialisi Either: Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescrib Both: Possible invasive fungal infection; and A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious dise treatment to be appropriate. 	bed under an established	i protocol; o	r
 Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1316) Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis 	t, oncologist, respiratory	specialist c	r transplant specialist
NYSTATIN Tab 500,000 u Cap 500,000 u		50 50	Nilstat Nilstat
Triazoles			
FLUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below I Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 I Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 I Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 I Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial Restricted (RS1072)		28 1 28 35 ml 1 1	Mylan Mylan Diflucan Fluconazole-Baxter Fluconazole-Baxter

Consultant

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. der) \$	Per	Manufacturer
TRACONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below			
	6.83	15	Itrazole
I Oral liquid 10 mg per ml			
→ Restricted (RS1073)			
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectiou	s disease specialist		
POSACONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		24	Posaconazole Juno
↓ Oral liq 40 mg per ml – 5% DV May-23 to 2025		105 ml	Devatis
→ Restricted (RS1074) Initiation			
Haematologist or infectious disease specialist			
Re-assessment required after 6 weeks			
Both:			
1 Either:			
1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or			
1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and	is at high risk for asp	ergillus inf	ection; and
2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction there	apy or re-induction th	erapy.	
Continuation			
Haematologist or infectious disease specialist			
Re-assessment required after 6 weeks			
Both:			
1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis duri	ng remission inductio	n therapy;	and
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-indu			
2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation the2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.	rapy; or		
VORICONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below	01.00	50	Vttool
 Tab 50 mg Tab 200 mg 		56 56	Vttack Vttack
 Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml 		70 ml	Vfend
 Inj 200 mg vial – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025. 		1	AFT
→ Restricted (RS1075)			
Initiation – Proven or probable aspergillus infection			
Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist			
Both:			
1 Patient is immunocompromised; and			
2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.			
Initiation – Possible aspergillus infection			
Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist			
All of the following:			
1 Patient is immunocompromised; and			
2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and	·		ha ann an Arta
3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physic	ian) considers the tre	earment to	pe appropriate.
Initiation – Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds			
Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist			
All of the following:			

1 Patient is immunocompromised; and

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

2 Either:

- 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
- 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Other Antifungals

Other Antifungais		
CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1 1	Alchemy Caspofungin Alchemy Caspofungin
Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory Either:		
 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established Both: 	l protocol; o	or and the second s
2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinic treatment to be appropriate.	cal microbic	ologist) considers the
FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 500 mg ↓ Cap 500 mg → Restricted (RS1279) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist TERBINAFINE		
Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	84	Deolate
Antimycobacterials		
Antileprotics		
CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 50 mg → Restricted (RS1077) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 25 mg	100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics		
BEDAQUILINE - Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 100 mg	24 188	Sirturo Sirturo

	Price		Brand or
(e)	(man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
-> Destricted (DC1077)			
➡ Restricted (RS1977) Initiation – multi-drug resistant tuberculosis			
Limited to 6 months treatment			
Both:			
1 The person has multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB); and			
 Ministry of Health's Tuberculosis Clinical Network has reviewed the of the treatment regimen. 	individual case	and recon	nmends bedaquiline as part
CYCLOSERINE – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 250 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1079)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialis	t		
ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 100 mg			
↓ Tab 400 mg		56	Myambutol
➡ Restricted (RS1080)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialis	t		
ISONIAZID – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 100 mg	94.50	100	Isoniazid Teva
	23.00		PSM
→ Restricted (RS1281)			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician	or internal med	licine phys	ician
ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Rifinah
I Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	179.13	100	Rifinah
→ Restricted (RS1282)			:-:
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician	i or internal med	licine priys	ician
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below			_
Grans for oral liq 4 g		30	Paser
→ Restricted (RS1083)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialis	l		
PROTIONAMIDE – Restricted see terms below	005.00	400	Databa
Tab 250 mg.		100	Peteha
 Restricted (RS1084) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialis 	ł		
	L		
PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1085)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialis	t		
RIFABUTIN – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg	353 71	30	Mycobutin
➡ Restricted (RS1086)		00	Wyoobatin
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or r	espiratory speci	alist	
RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms on the next page			
↓ Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	58.54	100	Rifadin
Cap 300 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		100	Rifadin
↓ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		1	Rifadin

	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Restricted (RS1087) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, pae	diatrician d	or pub	lic hea	llth phys	ician
Antiparasitics					
Anthelmintics					
ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Restricted (RS1088) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist VERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 3 mg				4	Stromectol Vermox
PRAZIQUANTEL Tab 600 mg					
Antiprotozoals					
ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE – Restricted see terms belo Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg Restricted (RS1090) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ARTESUNATE – Restricted see terms below Inj 60 mg vial Restricted (RS1091) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg Restricted (RS1092) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or r	d see term	.25.00 .64.00)	12 12	Malarone Junior Malarone
MEFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 250 mg → Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or r METRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg	heumatolo	ogist .33.15 5.23 .25.00 .18.00	}))	250 21 100 ml 10 10	Metrogyl Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NITAZOXANIDE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 500 mg ↓ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml → Restricted (RS1095)	1,680.00	30	Alinia
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ORNIDAZOLE			
Tab 500 mg		10	Arrow-Ornidazole
PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg vial		5	Pentacarinat
→ Restricted (RS1096)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PRIMAQUINE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 15 mg			
Tab 7.5 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1097)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PYRIMETHAMINE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg → Restricted (RS1098)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foel	tal medicine enerialist		
QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below	tal medicine specialist		
↓ Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
 Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial 			
→ Restricted (RS1099)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1100)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SPIRAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1101) Maternal-foetal medicine specialist			

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1898) Initiation – Confirmed HIV Patient has confirmed HIV infection. Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV Both:

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

EFAVIRENZ - Restricted see terms on the previous page

	90	Stocrin
	30	Efavirenz Milpharm
63.38		Stocrin
	60	Intelence
	60	Nevirapine Viatris
	240 ml	Viramune Suspension

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1899)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

		INFECTIONS
Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued		
Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis a	Ind Sexual I	Health Medicine clinical
guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/). Initiation – Percutaneous exposure		
Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.		
ABACAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Tab 300 mg	60	Ziagen
ABACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the previous pa Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg – 5% DV May-23 to 2025	ge 30	Abacavir/lamivudine
	00	Viatris
EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see	e terms on th	ne previous page
Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg	00	Vietrie
(300 mg as a maleate)106.88 EMTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page	30	Viatris
t Cap 200 mg	30	Emtriva
LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
t Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	60	Lamivudine Viatris
t Oral liq 10 mg per ml		
STAVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page		
t Cap 30 mg t Cap 40 mg		
Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml		
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
t Cap 100 mg	100	Retrovir
Oral liq 10 mg per ml	200 ml 5	Retrovir Retrovir IV
	5	
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page Tab 300 mg with lamivudine 150 mg	60	Lamivudine/Zidovudine
		Viatris

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1900)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission Either:

- - 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
 - 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.
- Initiation Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or

 Pric	се			Brand or
(ex man. e	xcl. G	ST)		Generic
 \$		Pe	er	Manufacturer

- 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
- 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
- 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Strand Transfer Inhibitors		
RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page t Tab 100 mg	30	Norvir
		Mylan
t Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	120	Lopinavir/Ritonavir
t Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	60	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page		
t Cap 200 mg t Cap 400 mg		
INDINAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Tab 600 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	60	Darunavir Viatris
t Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	60	Darunavir Viatris
DARUNAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page	<u></u>	Down on the Victoria
(Atazanavir Mylan Cap 200 mg to be delisted 1 December 2024)		
(Atazanavir Mulan Can 200 mg to be delicted 1 December 2024)		Atazanavir Viatris
t Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025110.00	60	Atazanavir Mylan
t Cap 150 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	60	Atazanavir Mylan
ATAZANAVIR SULPHATE – Restricted see terms on the previous page	<u></u>	Atomore da Malon

➡ Restricted (RS1901)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and

2 Any of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
- 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
- 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or

					INFECTIONS
	l (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a per whose HIV status is unknown.	son from a	a high	HIV p	revalence	e country or risk group
Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for H guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep Initiation – Percutaneous exposure		lepatit	is and	Sexual H	lealth Medicine clinical
Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.					
DOLUTEGRAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page					
t Tab 50 mg)	30	Tivicay
DOLUTEGRAVIR WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the Tab 50 mg with lamivudine 300 mg)	30	Dovato
RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM - Restricted see terms on the previous	s page				
t Tab 400 mg	,			60	Isentress
t Tab 600 mg	1,0	090.00)	60	Isentress HD
Antivirals					
Hepatitis B					
ENTECAVIR					
Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		.12.04	1	30	Entecavir (Rex)
LAMIVUDINE					
Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Oral liq 5 mg per ml				28 240 ml	Zetlam Zeffix
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL		270.00	,	240 111	Zenix
Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		. 15.00)	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil Viatris
Hepatitis C					
GLECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR					
Note: the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved direct dis Pharmac's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/maviret.	stribution	supply	. Furl	ther detai	ls can be found on
Tab 100 mg with pibrentasvir 40 mg	24,	750.00)	84	Maviret
LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR – Restricted see terms below					
↓ Tab 90 mg with sofosbuvir 400 mg → Restricted (RS1528)	24,3	363.46	6	28	Harvoni
Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatm	ent Panel	(Hep	CTP).	Applicatio	ons will be considered by
HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility accord Pharmaceutical Schedule).					
Herpesviridae					
ACICLOVIR					
Tab dispersible 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025				25	Lovir
Tab dispersible 400 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025				56	Lovir
Tab dispersible 800 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025				35 5	Lovir Aciclovir-Baxter
, ,		. 10.70	,	0	
Inj 250 mg vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027				5	Aciclovir-Baxter

CIDOFOVIR – Restricted see terms on the next page \P Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

			Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (
	logist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngolog	ist or oral surg	eon		
	ODIUM – Restricted see terms below				
, ,,	er ml, 250 ml bottle				
Restricted (RS1109) logist or infectious disease specialist				
	 – Restricted see terms below 				
	- Restricted see terms below ial	9	380.00	5	Cymevene
→ Restricted (00.00	U	Oymovene
	logist or infectious disease specialist				
ALACICLOVIR					
Tab 500 mg	- 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		9.64	30	Vaclovir
Tab 1,000 n	ng – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		.17.78	30	Vaclovir
	VIR – Restricted see terms below				
	– 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	1	140.89	60	Valganciclovir Viatris
Restricted (
	splant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis				
	required after 3 months ergone a solid organ transplant and requires valga	nciclovir for C	MV prophyla	vie	
Continuation -	Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis			X13.	
	required after 3 months				
Either:	,				
1 Both:					
	atient has undergone a solid organ transplant and erapy for CMV prophylaxis; and	received anti-	thymocyte gl	lobulin a	nd requires valganciclovir
1.2 P	atient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga	nciclovir propl	nylaxis follow	ing anti-	thymocyte globulin; or
2 Both:				•	
	atient has received pulse methylprednisolone for a MV prophylaxis; and	acute rejection	and requires	s further	valganciclovir therapy for
	atient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valga	nciclovir proph	nylaxis follow	ing puls	e methylprednisolone.
nitiation – Lun	g transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis				
Relevant specia					
	onths treatment				
All of the following					
2 Either:	as undergone a lung transplant; and				
	ne donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the pa ne recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and	tient is cytome	egalovirus ne	gative; o	or
3 Patient h	as a high risk of CMV disease.				
nitiation – Cyto Both:	omegalovirus in immunocompromised patients	6			
1 Patient is 2 Any of th	immunocompromised; and e following:				
	atient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue inv	asive disease	; or		
	atient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in abse	nce of disease	e; or		

2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

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					INFECTIONS
	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment					
EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted s Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300 mg as a male 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	ate) –		5	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil
→ Restricted (RS1902)					Emtricitabine Viatr
Initiation – Confirmed HIV					
Patient has confirmed HIV infection.					
Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission					
Either: 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or					
2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.					
nitiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupation	nal exposu	re to H	ніх		
Both:					
1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposur	re; and				
2 Any of the following:					
2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercours					
2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment w2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the oppophylaxis is required.					
Initiation – Percutaneous exposure					
Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positiv	/e.				
nitiation – Pre-exposure prophylaxis					
Re-assessment required after 24 months					
Both:					
 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symp seroconversion; and 	otoms of ac	ute HI	V infec	tion and	has been assessed for HIV
2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HI	V exposure	and u	ise of F	PrEP is c	linically appropriate.
Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for	HIV, Viral H	lepatit	tis and	Sexual I	Health Medicine clinical
guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)					
Continuation – Pre-exposure prophylaxis Re-assessment required after 24 months					
Roth					

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- I Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml

⇒ Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Either:

continued...

INFECTIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 (ox man: oxol: cccr) \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

→ Restricted (RS1369)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Health NZ Hospital approved infections control plan.

COVID-19 Treatments			
MOLNUPIRAVIR – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Cap 200 mg	0.00	40	Lagevrio
➡ Restricted (RS1893)			
Initiation			
Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-a			
Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for mo	re informat	tion about	this and stock availability.
NIRMATRELVIR WITH RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 150 mg with ritonavir 100 mg	0.00	30	Paxlovid
→ Restricted (RS1894)			
Initiation	utivizata)	N	
Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-a	,		
Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for mo		ION ADOUL	this and stock availability.
REMDESIVIR – Restricted see terms below			
Note: Remdesivir to be provided to Health NZ Hospitals at a cost of \$0.00 a	as stock na	is been pu	rchased directly by Pharmac
↓ Inj 100 mg vial	760.57	1	Veklury
➡ Restricted (RS1912)			
Initiation – Treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19			
Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-a			
Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for mo	re informat	tion about	this and stock availability.
Initiation – COVID-19 in hospitalised patients			
Therapy limited to 5 doses			
All of the following:			
1 Patient is hospitalised with confirmed (or probable) symptomatic COVID-			
2 Patient is considered to be at high risk of progression to severe disease;	and		
3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 7 days; and			
4 Patient does not require, or is not expected to require, mechanical ventila	ation; and		

- 5 Not to be used in conjunction with other funded COVID-19 antiviral treatments; and
- 6 Treatment not to exceed five days.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ **Immune Modulators INTERFERON ALFA-2B** Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Ini 30 m iu. 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below Ini 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1113) Initiation Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma. PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below Pegasys → Restricted (RS1827) Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C. genotype 1: and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or
			Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation – Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Initiation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 2.2 Patient is intolerant of hydroxyurea; and
 - 2.3 Treatment with anagrelide and busulfan is not clinically appropriate; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder; and
 - 3.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Continuation – myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 Remains intolerant of hydroxyurea and treatment with anagrelide and busulfan remains clinically inappropriate; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

INFECTIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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continued...

Initiation – ocular surface squamous neoplasia
Ophthalmologist
Re-assessment required after 12 months
Patient has ocular surface squamous neoplasia*.
Continuation – ocular surface squamous neoplasia
Ophthalmologist
Re-assessment required after 12 months
The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications
Initiation – post-allogenic bone marrow transplant
Re-assessment required after 3 months
Patient has received an allogeneic bone marrow transplant* and has evidence of disease relapse.
Continuation – post-allogenic bone marrow transplant
Re-assessment required after 3 months
Patient is responding and ongoing treatment remains appropriate.
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anticholinesterases			
EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Restricted (RS1015) Initiation For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.			
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	.48.25	10	Max Health
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIU Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampou PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE	.26.13	10	Max Health
Tab 60 mg	 .50.28	100	Mestinon
Antirheumatoid Agents HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 200 mg → Restricted (RS1776) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Rheumatoid arthritis; or 2 Systemic or discoid lupus erythematosus; or 3 Malaria treatment or suppression; or 4 Relevant dermatological conditions (cutaneous forms of lupus a ulceration); or 5 Sarcoidosis (pulmonary and non-pulmonary).		100 Ineous va	Plaquenil sculitides and mucosal
LEFLUNOMIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 PENICILLAMINE Tab 125 mg Tab 50 mg	 6.00 .67.23	30 30 100	Arava Arava D-Penamine
Tab 250 mg SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule	 110.12	100	D-Penamine
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism			
Bisphosphonates			
ALENDRONATE SODIUM	2 10	4	Focamay

Tab 70 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	4	Fosamax
ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL		
Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	4	Fosamax Plus

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per		Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	94.34	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM Tab 35 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	2.50	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, bag – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		100 ml	Zoledronic Acid Viatris

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

l	Inj 60 mg prefilled syringe	 1	Prolia
•	Restricted (RS1665)		

Initiation

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All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal; or
 - 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
 - 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 3.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 4 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance is less than 35 mL/min; and
- 5 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes); and
- 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment with any other funded antiresorptive agent for this condition or teriparatide.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with denosumab.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.
- e) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: risedronate sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

RALOXIFENE – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Tab 60 mg53.76	28	Evista
→ Restricted (RS1666)		

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE – **Restricted** see terms below

Initiation

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Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- a) The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- b) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- c) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL

Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Tab 300 mg – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		1,000 500	Ipca-Allopurinol Ipca-Allopurinol
BENZBROMARONE – Restricted: For continuation only			
 ➡ Tab 50 mg ➡ Tab 100 mg 	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
COLCHICINE Tab 500 mcg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	6.00	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4.73	28	Febuxostat (Teva)
↓ Tab 120 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 → Restricted (RS1844)		28	Febuxostat (Teva)

→ Restricted (RS184

Initiation - Gout

Both:

1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and

2 Any of the following:

- 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
- 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
- 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); or
- 2.4 The patient has previously had an initial Special Authority approval for benzbromarone for treatment of gout...

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient is scheduled to receive cancer therapy carrying an intermediate or high risk of tumour lysis syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has a documented history of allopurinol intolerance.

Continuation – Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

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Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE

Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule10.00	5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule12.50	5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	100	Pacifen
Oral lig 1 mg per ml	100	
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	5	Medsurge
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN	Ū	medealge
	4	Detev
Inj 100 u vial	1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial	1	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial1,295.00	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE		
Cap 25 mg112.13	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg77.00	100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial	6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE		
Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	100	Norflex
-	100	Nomex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	10	HameIn
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	10	Martindale
	10	martinouio
VECURONIUM BROMIDE	40	M
Inj 10 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-25 to 2027	10	Vecure

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	GT) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade			
 SUGAMMADEX - Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	following rapid seq dicated or undesira f neuromuscular blo ubated and requires ontraindicated (for o	ble); or ockade is req a rapid reve	uired; or rsal of anaesthesia and
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
CELECOXIB Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025 Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025		60 30	Celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Tab EC 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Tab 50 mg dispersible Tab EC 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Tab long-acting 75 mg Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule Suppos 12.5 mg Suppos 25 mg Suppos 50 mg Suppos 100 mg ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below		50 20 50 100 5 10 10 10 10	Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren D Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren SR Voltaren Voltaren Voltaren Voltaren Voltaren Voltaren
 I Tab 30 mg I Tab 60 mg I Tab 90 mg I Tab 120 mg → Restricted (RS1592) Initiation For in-vivo investigation of allergy only. IBUPROFEN 			
 Tab 200 mg - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2026 → Tab 400 mg - Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 600 mg - Restricted: For continuation only → Tab long-acting 800 mg Oral liq 20 mg per ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial 	3.05	1,000 30 200 ml	Relieve Brufen SR Ethics

Price (ex man. excl. (\$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
INDOMETACIN [INDOMETHACIN]		
Cap 25 mg		
Cap 50 mg		
Cap long-acting 75 mg		
Inj 1 mg vial		
Suppos 100 mg		
KETOPROFEN		
Cap long-acting 200 mg12.07	28	Oruvail SR
MEFENAMIC ACID - Restricted: For continuation only → Cap 250 mg		
NAPROXEN		
Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	28	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g - 5% DV Feb-25 to 202711.50	28	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB		
Inj 40 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10	Dynastat
SULINDAC		
Tab 100 mg		
Tab 200 mg		
TENOXICAM		
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 202518.50	100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial9.95	1	AFT
Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain		
CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Crm 0.025%	45 g	Zo-Rub Osteo
	10.9	Zostrix
➡ Restricted (RS1309)		

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders	Ţ.		
Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related	Disorders		
RILUZOLE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 → Restricted (RS1351) Initiation	117.00	56	Rilutek
Veurologist or respiratory specialist Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:			
 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease di The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital of The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and Any of the following: 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or 			he initial application; and
 5.3 The patient is able to swallow. Continuation Re-assessment required after 18 months All of the following: The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and Any of the following: The patient is ambulatory; or The patient is able to use upper limbs; or The patient is able to swallow. 			
TETRABENAZINE Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		112	Motetis
Anticholinergics			
BENZATROPINE MESYLATE Tab 2 mg Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg		60 5	Benztrop Phebra
Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents			
MANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 100 mg		60	Symmetrel
APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5 5	Movapo Movapo
BROMOCRIPTINE Cap 5 mg			
ENTACAPONE Tab 200 mg		100	Comtan

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price	-\	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
EVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		100	Madopar 250
EVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg	26.49	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2	2027 44.99	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Sinemet
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		100	Ramipex
RASAGILINE			
Tab 1mg		30	Azilect
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4.05	84	Ropin
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		84	Ropin
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		84	Ropin
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		84	Ropin
ELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation only Tab 5 mg OLCAPONE			
Tab 100 mg	152.38	100	Tasmar
Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics			
DESFLURANE	4 959 99		
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	1,350.00	6	Suprane
DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV May-24 to 2026	42.00	5	Dexmedetomidine
			Viatris
TOMIDATE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
SOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	2,730.00	6	Aerrane
ETAMINE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	141.75	5	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe		5	Biomed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	Ketalar
IETHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
PROPOROL		5	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
	4.35		
PROPOFOL Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			
	19.50	10 10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SEVOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	930.00	6	Baxter
THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM			
Inj 500 mg ampoule			
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE			
Gel 20%			
BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 18% with tetracaine hydrochloride 2%			e.g. ZAP Topical
			Anaesthetic Gel
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	62.50	5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		_	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack		5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag			
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	150.00	5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag		5	Marcalli
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial	94.50	5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		5	Marcain with Adrenaline
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag		5	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe		-	
	_		

BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Jan-23

Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Jan-23

Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe......54.60

Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025......26.67

5

5

5

5

5

Bupafen

Bupafen

Biomed

Biomed

Marcain Heavy

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE	φ	1 01	manulaciulei
Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe			
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe		1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06%			
Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			
ETHYL CHLORIDE			
Spray 100%			
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]			
Crm 4%	5.40	5 g	LMX4
0111 4 /0	27.00	30 g	LMX4
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE	27.00	00 g	
Gel 2%	4 87	20 g	Orion
Soln 4%	4.07	209	Olion
Spray 10% – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2%		200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule	9.50	25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial	6.85	5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	9.00	25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial	7.15	5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 10%, 5 ml ampoule			
Gel 2%, 11 ml urethral syringe - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		10	Instillagel Lido
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 1% with adreanline 1:100,000, 20 ml vial			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23			
to 2025		10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge	<u> </u>	-	Vulaasias
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		5	Xylocaine
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE		E HYDROC	HLORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%,			
syringe		1	Topicaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPH	RINE HYDROCHLO	RIDE	
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%			
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE			
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%	45.00	30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg	115.00	20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	45.00	5	EMLA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge		50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		50	Scandonest 3%
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		5	Citanest
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		_	
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	17.60	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			

Gel 4%

Analgesics

Non-Opioid Analgesics

ASPIRIN		
Tab dispersible 300 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	100	Ethics Aspirin
CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Crm 0.075%11.95	45 g	Zo-Rub HP
		Zostrix HP

➡ Restricted (RS1145)

Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1292)

Initiation

Both:

1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and

2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

(ex man. excl. \$ PARACETAMOL – Some items restricted see terms below Tab soluble 500 mg Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1,000 tablet pack – 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026 19.73 Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - bottle pack – 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026	Per	Generic Manufacturer
PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms below Tab soluble 500 mg Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 202619.75 Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026		
Tab soluble 500 mg Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1,000 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026	- 4 000	
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026	- 4 000	
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - bottle pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026	5 1.000	Pacimol
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - bottle pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026	.,	
Tab 500 mg - bottle pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026		
Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml − 20% DV Jun-23 to 2025 10.50 3.94 3.94 Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml − 20% DV Apr-23 to 2025 3.33 Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	2 1.000	Noumed Paracetamol
3.94 Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml – 20% DV Apr-23 to 2025		Avallon
Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml − 20% DV Apr-23 to 2025		Paracetamol (Ethics)
 Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	5 200 ml	Pamol
Suppos 25 mg Suppos 50 mg Suppos 125 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 4.29		Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 50 mg Suppos 125 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		
Suppos 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 5 3	9 10	Gacet
Ouppool 200 mg 0/0 01 1 00-27 10 2020	9 10	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		Gacet
➡ Restricted (RS1146)		
Initiation		
Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are unavailable or imp	ractical, or where	there is reduced
absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 24 hours.		
SUCROSE		
Oral lig 25%	1 25 ml	Biomed
↓ Oral lig 66.7% (preservative free)		
→ Restricted (RS1763)		
Initiation		
For use in neonatal patients only.		
Opioid Analgesics		

ALFENTANIL		
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5	Medsurge
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 15 mg – 5% DV May-23 to 2025	100	Noumed
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	100	Aspen
		Noumed
Tab 60 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 202513.89	100	Noumed
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE		
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	60	DHC Continus
FENTANYL		
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5	Biomed Fentanyl
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule9.41	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5	Fentanyl Sandoz

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price	_	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	1.45	10	Methadone BNM
Oral liq 2 mg per ml – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		200 ml	Biodone
Oral lig 5 mg per ml – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral lig 10 mg per ml – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral lig 1 mg per ml	19.00	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 2 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 5 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 10 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
MORPHINE SULPHATE			- F
Tab immediate-release 10 mg		10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg	5.52	10	Sevredol
Cap long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		300 ml	Oramorph
	29.80	100 ml	Oramorph CDC S29
	16.31		Wockhardt
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	114.25	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	27.25	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	63.75	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	135.00	10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	5.38	5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	4.68	5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5	Medsurge
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	6.28	5	Medsurge
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			

MORPHINE TARTRATE

Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

	Price	-	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	Г) Per	Generic Manufacturer
	φ		
OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE	0.40	00	0
Tab controlled-release 5 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 5 mg.		100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 10 mg		100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab immediate-release 20 mg.		100	Oxycodone Amneal
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Cap immediate-release 5 mg		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg		20	OxyNorm
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		250 ml	Oxycodone Lucis S29
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml		250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	4.07	-	Usuala
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Hameln
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Hameln
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		5	Hameln
(OxyNorm Cap immediate-release 5 mg to be delisted 1 December 202			
(OxyNorm Cap immediate-release 10 mg to be delisted 1 October 2024	!)		
(OxyNorm Cap immediate-release 20 mg to be delisted 1 March 2025)			
(OxyNorm Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml to be delisted 1 October 2024)			
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg - 5% DV			
Jan-23 to 2025		1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine
		,	(Relieve)
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			· · · ·
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	8 68	10	Noumed Pethidine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe		10	Nounicu i cuntante
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	29.88	5	DBL Pethidine
		0	Hvdrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	30.72	5	DBL Pethidine
		5	Hydrochloride
REMIFENTANIL			riyaroomonac
Inj 1 mg vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	14.05	F	Remifentanil-AFT
		5 5	
Inj 2 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	20.95	э	Remifentanil-AFT
TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg – 5% DV Jan-24 to 2026	3.33	100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml			
lnj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV May-24 to 2026		5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV May-24 to 2026	9.00	5	Tramal 100

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	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
AMITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	3.14	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg		30	Clomipramine Teva
Tab 25 mg		30	Clomipramine Teva
Cap 10 mg		28	Clomipramine Teva
Cap 25 mg	11.19	28	Clomipramine Teva
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For con			
➡ Tab 75 mg	3.85	30	Dosulepin Viatris
→ Cap 25 mg	7.83	50	Dosulepin Mylan
			Dosulepin Viatris
(Dosulepin Mylan Cap 25 mg to be delisted 1 October 2024)			
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Cap 10 mg			
→ Cap 25 mg			
→ Cap 50 mg			
MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	5.48	50	Tofranil
	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg	8.80	50	Tofranil
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation on	ly		
→ Tab 25 mg			
→ Tab 75 mg			
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 30 mg			
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg – 5% DV May-23 to 2025		100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		180	Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE			
Tab 15 mg			
TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE			
Tab 10 mg			
,			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
MOCLOBEMIDE			
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		60	Aurorix
Tab 300 mg – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		60	Aurorix

	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Antidepressants			
MIRTAZAPINE			
Tab 30 mg	 2.60	28	Noumed
		30	Noumed
Tab 45 mg	 3.45	28	Noumed
Ĵ		30	Noumed
VENLAFAXINE			
Cap 37.5 mg	 8.29	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg	 10.32	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 150 mg	 13.95	84	Enlafax XR
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	 2.86	84	Celapram
ESCITALOPRAM			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	 0.79	28	Ipca-Escitalopram
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	 1.49	28	Ipca-Escitalopram
FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	 2.50	28	Fluox
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
PAROXETINE			
Tab 20 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4 11	90	Loxamine
-	 4.11	00	Loxumine
SERTRALINE	0.00	20	Setrona
Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		30 30	Setrona
Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	 1.74	30	Selrona
Antiepilepsy Drugs			
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
DIAZEPAM			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	27.92	5	Hospira
Rectal tubes 5 mg – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		5	Stesolid
Rectal tubes 10 mg	 - 1.00	0	
_ORAZEPAM			
Inj 2 mg vial Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE			
Soln 97%			
Inj 5 ml ampoule			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			

HENYTOIN SODIUM		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule104.58	5	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule154.01	5	Hospira

		rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Control of Epilepsy				
CARBAMAZEPINE				
Tab 200 mg		14.53	100	Tegretol
Tab long acting 200 mg		16.00	100	Tegretol AU Tegretol CR
Tab long-acting 200 mg Tab 400 mg			100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg			100	Tegretol CR
Oral lig 20 mg per ml			250 ml	Tegretol
		20.07	200 111	regretor
Tab 10 mg				
CLONAZEPAM				
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml				
ETHOSUXIMIDE				
Cap 250 mg	1	40.88	100	Zarontin
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		56.35	200 ml	Zarontin
GABAPENTIN				
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin				
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		6.45	100	Nupentin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		8.45	100	Nupentin
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		10.26	100	Nupentin
ACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below				
Tab 50 mg		25.04	14	Vimpat
Tab 100 mg			14	Vimpat
ŭ		00.24	56	Vimpat
		75.10	14	Vimpat
-		00.40	56	Vimpat
Tab 200 mg	4	00.55	56	Vimpat
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial				
→ Restricted (RS1988)				
nitiation				
Re-assessment required after 15 months				

Both:

- 1 Patient has focal epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine, and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment.

LAMOTRIGINE

Tab dispersible 2 mg55.00	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg4.20	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg6.75	56	Logem

	Pri	се		Brand or
	(ex man. e		ST)	Generic
	\$	6	Per	Manufacturer
EVETIRACETAM				
Tab 250 mg		5.84	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg	1	0.51	60	Everet
Tab 750 mg	1	6.71	60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg	2	1.82	60	Everet
Oral liq 100 mg per ml	4	4.78	300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	3	8.95	10	Levetiracetam-AFT
HENOBARBITONE				
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2025	24	8 50	500	Noumed
		0.00	000	Phenobarbitone
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2025		8.50	500	Noumed
5				Phenobarbitone
HENYTOIN				
Tab 50 mg				
HENYTOIN SODIUM				
Cap 30 mg				
Cap 100 mg				
Oral lig 6 mg per ml				
REGABALIN				
Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin		0.05	FC	Dragahalin Dfizar
Cap 25 mg			56 56	Pregabalin Pfizer Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 75 mg			56	Pregabalin Prizer
Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg			56 56	Pregabalin Pfizer
1 0		7.50	50	Fleyaballit Flizer
RIMIDONE				
Tab 250 mg				
ODIUM VALPROATE				
Tab 100 mg				
Tab EC 200 mg				
Tab EC 500 mg				
Oral liq 40 mg per ml				
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial		9.98	1	Epilim IV
TIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below				
Cap 250 mg	50	9.29	60	Diacomit
Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet			60	Diacomit
→ Restricted (RS1989)				
nitiation				
aediatric neurologist				
Re-assessment required after 6 months				
oth:				

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial sodium valproate or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ox main oxor) \$	Per	Manufacturer
OPIRAMATE			
Tab 25 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg		60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg		60	Topamax
IGABATRIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg			
Powder for oral soln 500 mg per sachet Restricted (RS1865) itiation	71.58	60	Sabril

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

1 Any of the following:

1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or

- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
- 1.3 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Antimigraine Preparations

Acute Migraine Treatment

DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL

Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
RIZATRIPTAN			
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.84	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN			
	14.41	00	Cumerren
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		90	Sumagran
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		90	Sumagran
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen – 5% DV Apr-24 to 202	25	2	Clustran
Prophylaxis of Migraine			
PIZOTIFEN			
Tab 500 mcg	23.21	100	Sandomigran
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents			
VPREPITANT – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg – 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027		3	Emend Tri-Pack
nitiation			
	throeveling board abomath	aranı fa	w the treatment of
Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or ant	inracycline-based chemotr	ierapy to	or the treatment of
nalignancy.			
ETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	3 70	100	Serc
5		100	Sele
YCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	0.66	10	Nausicalm
-			
YCLIZINE LACTATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		10	Hameln
OMPERIDONE			
Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	4.00	100	Domperidone Viatris
5	4.00	100	Dompendone viatilis
DROPERIDOL			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		10	Droperidol Panpharma
RANISETRON			
	1.00	4	Davia
Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.20	1	Deva
IYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE			
Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Patch 1 mg per 72 hours	17 70	2	Scopoderm TTS
- Destricted (DO1155)	88.50	10	Scopolamine - Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1155)			
nitiation			
ny of the following:			
1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swall	ow saliva in the treatment	of malia	nancy or chronic disease
where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately re			
2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of	at least two other alterna	tive treat	ments have proven
ineffective; or			
3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where	e cyclizine, droperidol and	a 5HT3	antagonist have proven
ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		U
	0005)		
-	rv 2025)		
	19 2020/		
Scopoderm TTS Patch 1 mg per 72 hours to be delisted 1 Januar	19 2020)		
Scopoderm TTS Patch 1 mg per 72 hours to be delisted 1 Januar METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE		100	Metoclonramide
Scopoderm TTS Patch 1 mg per 72 hours to be delisted 1 Januar		100	Metoclopramide
Scopoderm TTS Patch 1 mg per 72 hours to be delisted 1 Januar IETOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		100	Metoclopramide Actavis 10
Scopoderm TTS Patch 1 mg per 72 hours to be delisted 1 Januar METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE		100 10	•

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ONDANSETRON			
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	2.27	50	Periset
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	0.56	10	Periset ODT
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025		50	Periset
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	0.90	10	Periset ODT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	1.42	5	Ondansetron-AFT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	1.89	5	Ondansetron-AFT
PROCHLORPERAZINE Tab buccal 3 mg Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Suppos 25 mg	25.00	250	Nausafix
TROPISETRON			

Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Antipsychotic Agents

General

AMISULPRIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	5.84	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	35.06	60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
ARIPIPRAZOLE			
Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg – 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mg		100	Largactil
Tab 100 mg		100	Largactil
Oral lig 10 mg per ml			Ū
Oral liq 20 mg per ml			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		10	Largactil
CLOZAPINE			
Tab 25 mg	6.69	50	Clopine
Ŭ	13.37	100	Clopine
	6.69	50	Clozaril
	13.37	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg	8.67	50	Clopine
-	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg		50	Clopine
-	34.65	100	Clopine
	17.33	50	Clozaril
	34.65	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg	34.65	50	Clopine
	69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	67.62	100 ml	Versacloz

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price	_	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
HALOPERIDOL	+		
Tab 500 mcg	6.23	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg		100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg		100	Serenace
Oral lig 2 mg per ml		100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule		10	Serenace
EVOMEPROMAZINE		10	Coronado
Tab 25 mg	16 10	100	Nozinan
		100	Nozinan
Tab 100 mg	41./5	100	INUZILIALI
EVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	24.48	10	Wockhardt
ITHIUM CARBONATE			
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Priadel
Cap 250 mg		100	Douglas
			-
Tab 2.5 mg – 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	1 40	30	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		30	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		28	Zypine ODT
Inj 10 mg vial	2.00	20	Lypine OD1
PERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
QUETIAPINE			
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.36	90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.40	90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
RISPERIDONE			
Tab 0.5 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	0.72	20	Risperdal
Tab 0.5 mg 570 DV Mai-24 to 2020	2.17	60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 1 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperdal
Tab T Hig = 5% DV Mai-24 to 2020	2.44	00	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	0 70	60	Risperdal
Tab 2 Hig = 5 % DV Mai-24 to 2020		00	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 3 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4 50	60	Risperdal
Tab 5 mg = 5 % DV Mai-24 to 2020		00	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 4 mg 5% DV Mar 24 to 2026	6.05	60	
Tab 4 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60 20 ml	Risperidone (Teva)
Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	10.29	30 ml	Risperon
ZIPRASIDONE			
Cap 20 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg		60	Zusdone
UCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
	01 45	100	Clanival
Tab 10 mg		100	Clopixol

t Item restricted (see \Rightarrow above); **t** Item restricted (see \Rightarrow below) *e.g. Brand* indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Depot Injections			
ARIPIPRAZOLE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 300 mg vial ↓ Inj 400 mg vial → Restricted (RS2017)		1 1	Abilify Maintena Abilify Maintena

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has a current Special Authority approval for olanzapine depot injection, risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; and
- 1.2 Patient has tried but has experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with olanzapine depot injection, risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 Patient has been unable to access olanzapine depot injection due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection, or otherwise would have been initiated on olanzapine depot injection but has been unable to due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection. (see Note below for the olanzapine Special Authority criteria for new olanzapine depot injection patients prior to 1 April 2024).

Notes: The Olanzapine depot injection Special Authority criteria that apply to criterion 2 in this Aripiprazole Special Authority application are as follows:

- The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or risperidone depot injection; or
- All of the following:
 - The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of aripiprazole depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE – Restricted: For continuation only			
➡ Inj 210 mg vial	252.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
➡ Inj 300 mg vial	414.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
➡ Inj 405 mg vial	504.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
- Bestvieted (BC0010)			

Restricted (RS2018)

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PALIPERIDONE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 25 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 50 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 75 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 100 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
Inj 150 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna

➡ Restricted (RS1381)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE PALMITATE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 175 mg syringe	815.85	1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 263 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 350 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 525 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
				•

➡ Restricted (RS1932)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
- 2 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone once-monthly depot injection.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- ➡ Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial	.135.98	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial	.178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial	.217.56	1	Risperdal Consta
	Destricted (DC1000)			

➡ Restricted (RS1380)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:

Pric			Brand or
(ex man. e \$		Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued			
2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and			
2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral a	atypical anti	psychotic	agents; and
2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care,			
treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.			
Continuation			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of			on than was the case
during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsych	otic depot i	njection.	
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule1	9.80	5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			e.g. Clopixol Conc
Anvialution			
Anxiolytics			
BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 1	3.95	100	Buspirone Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	2.50	100	Buspirone Viatris
CLONAZEPAM			
Tab 500 mcg	5.64	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg		100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM			
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	5.00	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		500	Arrow-Diazepam
LORAZEPAM			•
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	0.20	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		100	Ativan
ΟΧΑΖΕΡΑΜ			

OXAZEPAM

Tab 10 mg

Tab 15 mg

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

➡ Restricted (RS1993)

Initiation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

1 All of the following:

- 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
- 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
- 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
- 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and

- 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
- 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
- 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
- 1.4.5 Either:
 - 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
 - 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
- 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
- 1.6 Any of the following:
 - 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
 - 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
 - 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
 - 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
 - 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active approval for ocrelizumab and does not have primary progressive MS.

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Continuation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

DIMETHYL FUMARATE – **Restricted** see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

t Cap 120 mg		14	Tecfidera
t Cap 240 mg	2,000.00	56	Tecfidera
FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment	nts simultaneously is	s not perr	nitted.
t Cap 0.5 mg	2,200.00	28	Gilenya
GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment		s not perr	nitted.
t Inj 40 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025			Copaxone
INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms on the previou	s page		
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatmer	nts simultaneously is	s not perr	nitted.
1 Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector		4	Avonex Pen
t Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe		4	Avonex
INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms on the previous	page		
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatmer	ata aimultanaayahyi	not norr	nittad

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial

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	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 NATALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms on page 135 Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment Inj 20 mg per ml, 15 ml vial TERIFLUNOMIDE – Restricted see terms on page 135 Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment Tab 14 mg 	1,750.00 nents simultaneous	1	Tysabri
Multiple Sclerosis Treatments - Other		20	Aubagio
OCRELIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		ly is not peri 1	nitted. Ocrevus
Either: 1 All of the following:			
 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonaby a neurologist; and 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 – 6.0; and 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in 24 months; and 1.4 All of the following: 	-		
 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by th not necessarily have been seen by them during that the clinical features were characteristic); ar 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic 	the attack, but the nd cteristic new symp	neurologist	physician must be satisfied
of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one v previous attack (where relevant); and 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from fever (T> 37.5°C); and 1.4.5 Either:	veek and has starte		
 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough Functional System scores by at least 1 p 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent part seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, LI 	oint; or oxysmal symptom hermitte's sympton	of multiple so ı); and	clerosis (tonic
 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan 1.6 Any of the following: 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI enhancing lesion; or 			

- 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
- 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
- 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
- 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for either dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab or teriflunomide.

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Continuation – Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Initiation – Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Diagnosis of primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) meets the 2017 McDonald criteria and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
- 2 Patient has an EDSS 2.0 (score equal to or greater than 2 on pyramidal functions) to EDSS 6.5; and
- 3 Patient has no history of relapsing remitting multiple sclerosis.

Continuation – Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of less than or equal to 6.5 at any time in the last six months (ie patient has walked 20 metres with bilateral assistance/aids, without rest in the last six months).

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHLORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

➡ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

- Image: Tab modified-release 2 mg 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027
 30
 Vigisom

 Image: Tab 3 mg
 Tab 3 mg
 30
 Vigisom
- Iab 3 mg

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

→ Restricted (RS1576)

Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and
- 4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

Continuation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a

	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no	o greater that	an 10	mg pe	r day.	
Initiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are o	-		51	,	
Both: 1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are 2 For in-hospital use only.	contraindic	cated;	and		
MIDAZOLAM Tab 7.5 mg					
Oral liq 2 mg per ml					
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027		3.9	5	10	Midazolam Viatris
		7.8	-		Midazolam-Baxter
bi Franciscum Contamenta - 50/ DV tan 05 ta 0007		3.9		-	Mylan Midazolam
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027		3.5 4.7		5	Midazolam Viatris Midazolam-Baxter
		4.7	-		Mylan Midazolam
(Midazolam Viatris Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Jar (Mylan Midazolam Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Jar (Midazolam Viatris Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Jar (Mylan Midazolam Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Jar PHENOBARBITONE Inj 130 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule TEMAZEPAM Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 TRIAZOLAM – Restricted: For continuation only	nuary 2025) nuary 2025) nuary 2025))	0	25	Normison
→ Tab 125 mcg					
→ Tab 250 mcg					
ZOPICLONE Tab 7.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		.21.8	5	500	Zopiclone Actavis
Spinal Muscular Atrophy					
NUSINERSEN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 12 mg per 5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1938) Initiation	120,0	0.00	0	1	Spinraza
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:					
 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 ger heterozygous mutation; and Patient is 18 years of age or under; and Either: 	ne deletion,	homo	ozygou	s SMN1	point mutation, or compound
3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and sympto3.2 Both:	oms of SMA	type	I, II or	IIIa prior	to three years of age; or
3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.					

F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	-	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with nusinersen; and
- 3 Nusinersen not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

RISDIPLAM - Restricted see terms below

Note: the supply of risdiplam is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://pharmac.govt.nz/risdiplam

I Powder for oral soln 750 mcg per ml, 60 mg per bottle......14,100.00 80 ml Evrysdi
 → Restricted (RS1954)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with risdiplam; and
- 3 Risdiplam not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE

140

Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	43.02	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 18 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	45.57	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 40 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 60 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	51.31	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	65.20	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		28	APO-Atomoxetine
CAFFEINE Tab 100 mg			
DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025		100	Noumed Dexamfetamine
Restricted (RS1169) Initiation – ADHD Paediatrician or psychiatrist			Dexametamine

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria. continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); ↓ Item restricted (see → below)

			Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		(ex man	\$	Per	Manufacturer
n	inued				
	ation – Narcolepsy				
	rologist or respiratory specialist				
	assessment required after 24 months				
	ent suffers from narcolepsy.				
	tinuation – Narcolepsy				
	rologist or respiratory specialist				
	assessment required after 24 months				
	treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from				
	THYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms				
	Tab extended-release 18 mg		.58.96	30	Concerta
			7.75		Methylphenidate ER -
	Tak sata dada da 27 ma		05.44	00	Teva
	Tab extended-release 27 mg			30	Concerta
			11.45		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
	Tab extended-release 36 mg		71.93	30	Concerta
			15.50	00	Methylphenidate ER -
			10.00		Teva
	Tab extended-release 54 mg		.86.24	30	Concerta
	C C		22.25		Methylphenidate ER -
					Teva
	Tab immediate-release 5 mg			30	Rubifen
	Tab immediate-release 10 mg		3.00	30	Ritalin
					Rubifen
	Tab immediate-release 20 mg			30	Rubifen
	Tab sustained-release 20 mg			30	Rubifen SR
	Cap modified-release 10 mg			30	Ritalin LA
	Cap modified-release 20 mg			30	Ritalin LA
	Cap modified-release 30 mg			30	Ritalin LA
	Cap modified-release 40 mg		.30.60	30	Ritalin LA
	Restricted (RS1294)				
	ation – ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release for	mulations)			
	diatrician or psychiatrist				
	ent has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), dia			M-IV or I	CD 10 criteria.
	ation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release rologist or respiratory specialist	se iormulat	ions)		
	assessment required after 24 months				
	ent suffers from narcolepsy.				
	tinuation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-re	aloaco form	ulatione)		
	rologist or respiratory specialist		ulationsj		
	assessment required after 24 months				
	treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from	n treatment			
	ation – Extended-release and modified-release formulations				
	diatrician or psychiatrist				
oth					
	 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disord 	ler) diagnos	ed according	n to DSM	I-IV or ICD 10 criteria: an
	2 Either:	ior, ulayiloa		9.0000	The officer to official, an
	2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of meth-	vlnhanidata	hydrochlorid	e (immo	diata-ralaase or
	sustained-release) which has not been effective due t			•	
	2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diver	•			

2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

	 rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MODAFINIL – Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg	 29.13	60	Modavigil

→ Restricted (RS1803) Initiation

Initiation – Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and

2 Either:

- 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
- 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and

3 Either:

- 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
- 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation – Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026 Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	84 84	lpca-Donepezil Ipca-Donepezil
RIVASTIGMINE – Restricted see terms below Fatch 4.6 mg per 24 hour	30	Rivastigmine Patch BNM
Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour	 30	5 Rivastigmine Patch BNM 10

➡ Restricted (RS1436)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Т	reatments for Substance Dependence		
	PRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 202511.76	28	Buprenorphine
t	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	28	Naloxone BNM Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM

	Price			Brand or
	(ex man. excl \$. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1172)				
nitiation – Detoxification				
All of the following:				
 Patient is opioid dependent; and 				
2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service a			y of Hea	lth; and
3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by t	he Ministry of H	ealth.		
nitiation – Maintenance treatment				
All of the following:				
1 Patient is opioid dependent; and				
2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and				
3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment and			ipproved	by the Ministry of Health;
4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by t	he Ministry of H	ealth.		
3UPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE Tab modified-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM				_,
Tab 200 mg	236.4	10	100	Antabuse
VALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			100	/ intababo
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	000	20	30	Naltraccord
• Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2020			28	Naltrexone AOP
	138.8		50	Revia
→ Restricted (RS1173)	100.0		00	Tiovia
nitiation – Alcohol dependence				
Both:				
1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and	recognised com	prehen	sive trea	tment programme for alcoh
2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation	of, a physician v	vorking	in an Ale	cohol and Drug Service.
nitiation – Constipation				
For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.				
VICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below				
Patch 7 mg per 24 hours		62	28	Habitrol
Patch 14 mg per 24 hours			28	Habitrol
Patch 21 mg per 24 hours	24.7	72	28	Habitrol
Oral spray 1 mg per dose				e.g. Nicorette QuickMis Mouth Spray
Lozenge 1 mg			216	Habitrol
Lozenge 2 mg	24.6	68	216	Habitrol
Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge				e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
Gum 2 mg)2	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
Cum 4 mg		0	204	Habitrol (Mint)
Gum 4 mg	25.8	10	204	Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint)
→ Restricted (RS1873)				
nitiation				
Any of the following:				
1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' ins	truction; or			
2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or				

- 3 Patient would be admitted to a mental health inpatient unit, but is unable to due to COVID-19 self-isolation requirement; or
- 4 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VARENICLINE – Restricted see terms below Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 42	16.67	53	Varenicline Pfizer
Tab Using × train tring × 42 Tab 1 mg Tab 1 mg Bestricted (R\$1702)		56	Varenicline Pfizer

Restricted (RS1702)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and

3 Either:

- 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
- 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

	Price (ex man. excl. \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Chemotherapeutic Agents				
Alkylating Agents				
BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see ter Inj 25 mg vial inj 100 mg vial Restricted (RS1917) Initiation – treatment naive CLL All of the following:	77.0		1 1	Ribomustin Ribomustin
 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive sta The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose F Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum d 6 cycles. 	CR; and score of < 6; and ose of 100 mg/m ² on day	s 1 and 2	2 every 4	4 weeks for a maximum of
Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy reg Initiation – Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas Re-assessment required after 9 months			emothe	rapy treatment is considered
All of the following:				
1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring trea	atment; and			
2 Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and				
3 Any of the following: 3.1 Both:				
3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered fo CD20+); or	r a maximum of 6 cycles	in coml	oination	with rituximab when
3.2 Both:				
3.2.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed chemo-immunotherapy regimen; and				•
3.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in	combination with obinut	uzumab f	or a ma	ximum of 6 cycles; or
3.3 All of the following:				
3.3.1 The patient has not received prior benu3.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for rituximab when CD20+); and		in relaps	ed patie	nts (in combination with
3.3.3 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-	free interval of 12 months	s or more	; or	
3.4 Bendamustine is to be administered as mono	herapy for a maximum o	f 6 cycles	s in ritux	imab refractory patients.
Continuation – Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas				

Re-assessment required after 9 months Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of rituximab in combination with bendamustine; and
- 1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with obinutuzumab for a maximum of 6 cycles; or

2 Both:

2.1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and

2.2 Either:

(ex r	Pric nan.e: \$	xel. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ontinued				
2.2.1 Both:				
 2.2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maxim with rituximab when CD20+); and 2.2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interview. 				
2.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy				
patients. Jote: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, margi nacroglobulinaemia.	nal zor	ne and lyn	nphoplas	macytic/ Waldenström's
nitiation – Hodgkin's lymphoma*				
Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a relev <i>imited to 6 months</i> treatment	ant sp	ecialist		
All of the following:				
 Patient has Hodgkin's lymphoma requiring treatment; and Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0-2; and 				
3 Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy; and				
 4 Patient's disease relapsed or was refractory following prior chemothe 	rapv: a	and		
5 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with gencitabine			(BeGeV)) at a maximum dose of no
greater than 90 mg/m2 twice per cycle, for a maximum of four cycles				
lote: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.				
BUSULFAN				
Tab 2 mg	89	9.25	100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
CARMUSTINE				
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	71(0.00	1	BiCNU BiCNU S29 Novadoz
				HOVAGOL
CHLORAMBUCIL				
Tab 2 mg				
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE	145	5.00	50	Cvclonex
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027			50 1	Cyclonex Endoxan
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE	47	7.46		
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	47	7.46	1	Endoxan
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	47 95	7.46 5.06	1	Endoxan
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE	47 95 96	7.46 5.06 6.00	1 1	Endoxan Endoxan
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial	47 95 96	7.46 5.06 6.00	1 1 1	Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial	47 95 96 180	7.46 5.06 6.00 0.00	1 1 1	Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial OMUSTINE	47 95 96 180 132	7.46 5.06 6.00 0.00 2.59	1 1 1 1	Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial COMUSTINE Cap 10 mg Cap 40 mg	47 99 96 180 132 399	7.46 5.06 6.00 0.00 2.59	1 1 1 1 20	Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial OMUSTINE Cap 10 mg Cap 40 mg Ceenu Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025)	47 99 96 180 132 399	7.46 5.06 5.00 0.00 2.59 9.15	1 1 1 1 20	Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial COMUSTINE Cap 10 mg Cap 40 mg Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025) Ceenu Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025)	47 99 96 180 132 399	7.46 5.06 5.00 0.00 2.59 9.15	1 1 1 1 20	Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial OMUSTINE Cap 10 mg Cap 40 mg Ceenu Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025) Ceenu Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025) HELPHALAN	47 99 96 180 132 399	7.46 5.06 5.00 0.00 2.59 9.15	1 1 1 1 20	Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial OMUSTINE Cap 10 mg Cap 40 mg Ceenu Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025) Ceenu Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025) MELPHALAN Tab 2 mg		7.46 5.06 0.00 0.00 2.59 9.15 0.00	1 1 1 20 20	Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu Medac
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial COMUSTINE Cap 10 mg Cap 40 mg Cap 40 mg Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025) Ceenu Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025) MELPHALAN Tab 2 mg Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		7.46 5.06 0.00 0.00 2.59 9.15 0.00	1 1 1 1 20	Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial OMUSTINE Cap 10 mg Cap 40 mg Cap 40 mg Ceenu Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025) Ceenu Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025) MELPHALAN Tab 2 mg Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 CHIOTEPA		7.46 5.06 5.00 0.00 2.59 9.15 0.00	1 1 1 20 20	Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu Medac Melpha
Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FOSFAMIDE Inj 1 g vial Inj 2 g vial OMUSTINE Cap 10 mg Cap 40 mg Ceenu Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025) Ceenu Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 January 2025) MELPHALAN Tab 2 mg		7.46 5.06 5.00 0.00 2.59 9.15 0.00 3.25 3.00	1 1 1 20 20	Endoxan Endoxan Holoxan Ceenu Ceenu Medac

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE			
Inj 15,000 iu vial		1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]			
Inj 0.5 mg vial	255.00	1	Cosmegen
DAUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	171.93	1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	11.50	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 50 mg vial Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	23.00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			Doxorabioin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			·
Inj 5 mg vial		1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial		1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C			
Inj 5 mg vial			
Inj 20 mg vial		1	Teva
MITOZANTRONE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe
Antimetabolites			
AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg vial	75.06	1	Azacitidine Dr Reddy's
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:			

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
 - The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
Continuation			
Haematologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a haen	natologist		
Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:			
 No evidence of disease progression; and The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from 	n treatment.		
CAPECITABINE			
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	9.80	60	Capecitabine Viatris
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025		120	Capecitabine Viatris
CLADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	749.96	1	Leustatin
CYTARABINE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	Cytarabine DBL
			Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			F L 1 0 1
Tab 10 mg		20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		5 1	Fludarabine Ebewe Fludarabine Sagent
	120.00	I	Fluuarabille Sayelli
FLUOROURACIL Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	10.51	1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		1	Fluorouracil Accord
GEMCITABINE HYDROCHLORIDE		•	
Inj 43.3 mg per ml (equivalent to 38 mg per ml gemcitabine), 26.3 n	al vial		
- 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		1	DBL Gemcitabine
MERCAPTOPURINE		I	
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		25	Puri-nethol
I Oral suspension 20 mg per ml		100 ml	Xaluprine
			Allmercap
➡ Restricted (RS1635)			
Initiation			

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Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.

Continuation

Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per day.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(cx man. cxci. ccci) \$	Per	Manufacturer
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7.80	90	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		90	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	24.53	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	20.72	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	55.00	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	Methotrexate DBL
			Onco-Vial
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	45.00	1	DBL Methotrexate
			Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	67.99	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
PEMETREXED – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg vial	60.89	1	Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Juno Pemetrexed

→ Restricted (RS1596)

Initiation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
 - 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days.

		ice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$ <u>´</u>	Per	Manufacturer
HIOGUANINE				
Tab 40 mg				
Other Cytotoxic Agents				
MSACRINE				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule				
ARSENIC TRIOXIDE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	4.8-	17.00	10	Phenasen
BORTEZOMIB – Restricted see terms below		17.00	10	Thendoen
Inj 3.5 mg vial – 5% DV May-23 to 2025		74.93	1	DBL Bortezomib
Restricted (RS2043)				
nitiation – plasma cell dyscrasia				
he patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström mac	roglobulina	aemia, requ	iring trea	atment.
DACARBAZINE				
Inj 200 mg vial	7	72.11	1	DBL Dacarbazine
TOPOSIDE			~~	
Cap 50 mg Cap 100 mg			20 10	Vepesid Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			10	Rex Medical
TOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)				nox modical
Inj 100 mg vial		40.00	1	Etopophos
IYDROXYUREA [HYDROXYCARBAMIDE]				
Cap 500 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		20.72	100	Devatis
BRUTINIB – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 140 mg		17.00	30	Imbruvica
Tab 420 mg	9,65	52.00	30	Imbruvica
→ Restricted (RS1933)				
nitiation – chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)				
Re-assessment required after 6 months Il of the following:				
 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring thera 	anv: and			
2 Patient has not previously received funded ibrutinib; and	ipy, and			
3 Ibrutinib is to be used as monotherapy; and				
4 Any of the following:				
4.1 Both:				
4.1.1 There is documentation confirming that patient has4.1.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects w				
4.2 All of the following:			.,,	
4.2.1 Patient has received at least one prior immunoch				
4.2.2 Patient's CLL has relapsed within 36 months of p4.2.3 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects v				with rituximab regimen
4.3 Patient's CLL is refractory to or has relapsed within 36 r	nonths of a	a venetocla:	k regime	en.

4.3 Patient's CLL is refractory to or has relapsed within 36 months of a venetoclax regimen.

ONCOEDGI	AGENTS AND IM		SUFFRESSANTS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
Continuation – chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Both:			
 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and 			
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitt	ing from treatment.		
Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lympho	cytic lymphoma (SLL) ar	nd B-cel	prolymphocytic leukaemia
(B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are Unapproved indications.			
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1	Accord
LENALIDOMIDE (REVLIMID) – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 5 mg.	5 122 76	28	Revlimid
Cap 10 mg	,	28	Revlimid
Cap 15 mg		28	Revlimid
Cap 25 mg.		21	Revlimid
(Revlimid Cap 5 mg to be delisted 1 February 2025)	,		
(Revlimid Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 February 2025)			
(Revlimid Cap 15 mg to be delisted 1 February 2025)			
(Revlimid Cap 25 mg to be delisted 1 February 2025)			
→ Restricted (RS1836)			
Initiation – Relapsed/refractory disease			
Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with prog	pressive disease; and		
2 Patient has not previously been treated with lenalidomide; an	d		
3 Either:			
3.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for m	ultiple myeloma; or		
3.2 Both:			
3.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatm			
3.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 of	0,		
bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes furthe	er treatment with either o	of these	treatments; and
4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 m	g/day in combination wit	th dexar	nethasone.
Continuation – Relapsed/refractory disease			
Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
Both:			
 No evidence of disease progression; and 			
2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting	from treatment.		
Initiation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cel	I transplant (SCT)		
Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
 Patient has newly diagnosed symptomatic multiple myeloma. 	and has undergone first	line trea	atment that included an

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed symptomatic multiple myeloma and has undergone first-line treatment that included an autologous stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has at least a stable disease response in the first 100 days after transplantation; and
- 3 Lenalidomide maintenance is to be commenced within 6 months of transplantation; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 15 mg/day.

Pi	rice			Brand or
(ex man.	excl. (GST)		Generic
	\$	P	er	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation – Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

LENALIDOMIDE (VIATRIS) - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028	76.92	21	Lenalidomide Viatris			
t	Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028		21	Lenalidomide Viatris			
	Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028		21	Lenalidomide Viatris			
	Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-25 to 31 Jan 2028		21	Lenalidomide Viatris			
⇒	→ Restricted (RS2044)						

Initiation – Plasma cell dyscrasia

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 Patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including Waldenström macroglobulinaemia, requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient is not refractory to prior lenalidomide use.

Initiation - Myelodysplastic syndrome

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Patient has low or intermediate-1 risk myelodysplastic syndrome (based on IPSS or an IPSS-R score of less than 3.5) associated with a deletion 5q cytogenetic abnormality; and
- 2 Patient has transfusion-dependent anaemia.

Continuation - Myelodysplastic syndrome

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has not needed a transfusion in the last 4 months; and
- 2 No evidence of disease progression.

NIRAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 100 mg	8,929.84	56	Zejula
		13,393.50	84	Zejula

➡ Restricted (RS2027)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:

- 1 Patient has advanced high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one line** of treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 3 Patient has experienced a partial or complete response to the preceding treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient has not previously received funded treatment with a PARP inhibitor; and

	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

5 Either:

5.1 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the preceding platinum-based regimen; or

- 5.2 Patient commenced treatment with niraparib prior to 1 May 2024; and
- 6 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 7 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 2 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 3 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment with niraparib to cease after a total duration of 36 months from commencement; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with niraparib is being used in the second-line or later maintenance setting.

Notes: * "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component. **A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments

OLAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg	56	Lynparza
t	Tab 150 mg3,701.00	56	Lynparza

➡ Restricted (RS1925)

Initiation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 All of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed, advanced disease; and
 - 3.1.2 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.1.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to the first-line platinum-based regimen; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease progression occurring at least 6 months after the last dose of the penultimate line** of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to treatment with the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
 - 3.2.4 Patient has not previously received funded olaparib treatment; and
- 4 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 5 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 6 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

 Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 No evidence of progressive disease; or
 - 2.2 Evidence of residual (not progressive) disease and the patient would continue to benefit from treatment in the clinician's opinion; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 5.1.2 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the funded treatment period of olaparib will not be continued beyond 2 years if the patient experiences a complete response to treatment and there is no radiological evidence of disease at 2 years; or
 - 5.2 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy.

Notes: *Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component. **A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1788)

Initiation – Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

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- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation – Lymphoma

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has lymphoma requiring L-asparaginase containing protocol (e.g. SMILE).

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

POMALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Cap 1 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027	14	Pomolide
	71.18	21	Pomolide
t	Cap 2 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027	14	Pomolide
	142.35	21	Pomolide
t	Cap 3 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027 142.35	14	Pomolide
	213.53	21	Pomolide
t	Cap 4 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 31 Jul 2027 189.81	14	Pomolide
	284.71	21	Pomolide

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS2045)			
nitiation – Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia			
Any relevant practitioner			
Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:			
 Patient has relapsed or refractory plasma cell dyscrasia, not i 	including Waldenström	macroale	hulinaemia requiring
treatment; and		macroyic	buillaettila, tequitilig
2 Patient has not received prior funded pomalidomide.			
Continuation – Relapsed/refractory plasma cell dyscrasia			
Any relevant practitioner			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Patient has no evidence of disease progression.			
	090.00	50	Natulan
Cap 50 mg		50	Natulari
FEMOZOLOMIDE – Restricted see terms below Cap 5 mg	0.12	5	Temaccord
• Cap 5 mg	9.13	5	Temozolomide Taro
Cap 20 mg		5	Temaccord
Cap 100 mg		5	Temaccord
Cap 140 mg		5	Temaccord
Cap 250 mg		5	Temaccord
→ Restricted (RS1994) nitiation – gliomas			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Patient has a glioma.			
Continuation – gliomas			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Freatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment	ient.		
nitiation – Neuroendocrine tumours Re-assessment required after 9 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable	wall differentiated neuro	andoarin	o tumourt, and
2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitable		Jenuochi	ie turnour, anu
3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a		atment p	er cycle at a maximum dose
of 200 mg/m ² per day; and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- · F	,
4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.			

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

Continuation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
continued				
1 No evidence of disease progression; and				
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is b	enefitting from treatment	t.		
Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication.	Temozolomide is not fu	inded for the	treatment of relapsed h	nigh
grade glioma.				
THALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below				
€ Cap 50 mg		28	Thalomid	
		28	Thalomid	
→ Restricted (RS2046)				
Initiation				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
Either:				
1 The patient has plasma cell dyscrasia, not including W	aldenström macroglobul	inaemia, req	uiring treatment; or	
2 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.				
2 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum. Continuation				
Continuation	ial approval period.			
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init		nanagement	programme operated b	oy th
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier	in the thalidomide risk r	nanagement	programme operated b	oy tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier	in the thalidomide risk r	nanagement	programme operated b	oy tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi	in the thalidomide risk r	nanagement	programme operated b	oy th
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi	in the thalidomide risk r	Ū	programme operated b Vesanoid	oy th
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi TRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	in the thalidomide risk r	Ū		vy tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi IRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	in the thalidomide risk r nation therapy regimen 479.50) 100	Vesanoid	y tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi TRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	in the thalidomide risk r nation therapy regimen) 100 6 42		oy tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi TRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	in the thalidomide risk r nation therapy regimen) 100 6 42 6 2	Vesanoid Venclexta	y tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi TRETINOIN Cap 10 mg VENETOCLAX – Restricted see terms below Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg Tab 10 mg Tab 50 mg	in the thalidomide risk r nation therapy regimen 479.50 	0 100 6 42 8 2 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta	oy tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi TRETINOIN Cap 10 mg VENETOCLAX Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg Tab 10 mg	in the thalidomide risk r nation therapy regimen 479.50 	0 100 6 42 8 2 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta	vy tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi FRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	in the thalidomide risk r nation therapy regimen 	0 100 6 42 8 2 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta	vy tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi TRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	in the thalidomide risk r nation therapy regimen 	0 100 6 42 8 2 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta	y tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi TRETINOIN Cap 10 mg VENETOCLAX - Restricted see terms below Image: Tab 14 x 10 mg, 7 x 50 mg, 21 x 100 mg Image: Tab 50 mg	in the thalidomide risk r nation therapy regimen 	0 100 6 42 8 2 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta	y tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi TRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	in the thalidomide risk r nation therapy regimen 	0 100 6 42 8 2 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta	₽y tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi IRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	in the thalidomide risk r nation therapy regimen 	0 100 6 42 8 2 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta	vy tł
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the init Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combi IRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	in the thalidomide risk r nation therapy regimen 	0 100 6 42 2 2 7 120	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta	oy ti

- 3 Patient has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Initiation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaen	nia with 17p deletion or T	°P53 mu	tation*
Haematologist Re-assessment required after 6 months			
1			
All of the following:			
 Patient has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leuka 	'		
2 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p del	etion by FISH testing or T	P53 mut	ation by sequencing; and
3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.			

Continuation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation* Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Platinum Compounds

CARBOPLATIN		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	Carboplatin Accord
45.20		Carboplatin Ebewe
(Carboplatin Ebewe Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial to be delisted 1 December 2024)		
CISPLATIN		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	1	Cisplatin Accord
29.66		DBL Cisplatin
(DBL Cisplatin Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial to be delisted 1 December 2024)		
OXALIPLATIN		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Alchemy Oxaliplatin
Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors		
ALEOTINID Destricted as terms below		
ALECTINIB – Restricted see terms below		

t	Cap 150 mg	7,935.00	224	Alecensa	
-	Postricted (PC1710)				

→ Restricted (RS1712) Initiation

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyrosine kinase gene rearrangement using an appropriate ALK test; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria; and
- 2 The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

DASATINIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 20 mg	60	Sprycel
t	Tab 50 mg6,214.20	60	Sprycel
t	Tab 70 mg7,692.58	60	Sprycel

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1685)

Initiation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Any of the following:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis or accelerated phase; and
- 1.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoid leukaemia (Ph+ ALL); and
 - 2.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase; and
 - 3.2 Maximum dose of 100 mg/day; and
 - 3.3 Any of the following:
 - 3.3.1 Patient has documented treatment failure* with imatinib; or
 - 3.3.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; or
 - 3.3.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML defined by the Sokal or EURO scoring system; or
 - 3.3.4 Patients is enrolled in the KISS study** and requires dasatinib treatment according to the study protocol.

Continuation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months*

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib*; and
- 2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum dasatinib dose of 140 mg/day for accelerated or blast phase CML and Ph+ ALL, and 100 mg/day for chronic phase CML.

Note: *treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines. **Kinase-Inhibition Study with Sprycel Start-up https://www.cancertrialsnz.ac.nz/kiss/

ERLOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027	280.84	30	Alchemy
t	Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2027	484.24	30	Alchemy

→ Restricted (RS1885)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

158

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

	(ex mar	Price I. excl. G \$	ST) Per		Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 continued 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indi 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months. Continuation – pandemic circumstances 	icates NSCL	.C has no	t progres	sed;	and
Re-assessment required after 6 months Il of the following: 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and contin 2 Erlotinib to be discontinued at progression; and 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to CO					
EFITINIB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 250 mg			30		Iressa
Re-assessment required after 4 months Il of the following: 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, n		. No. 0			0
 2 Either: 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or 2.2 Both: 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinil 	intolerance;			Lung	
 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses a 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months. continuation 	activating m	utations o	f EGFR t	yrosi	ine kinase; and
Re-assessment required after 6 months Noth:					
 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indi Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months. 	icates NSCL	.C has no	t progres	sed;	and
Continuation – pandemic circumstances Re-assessment required after 6 months II of the following:					
 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and contin Gefitinib to be discontinued at progression; and The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to CO 					
MATINIB MESILATE Cap 100 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Cap 400 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			60 30		Imatinib-Rex Imatinib-Rex
APATINIB - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 250 mg → Restricted (RS1828) hitiation For continuation use only. Continuation Re-assessment required after 12 months					
Il of the following: 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 and	HC 3+ or I	SH+ (incl	uding FIS	SH oi	other current technolog

	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the pre3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.		montł	ns whils	t on lapa	atinib; and
MIDOSTAURIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 25 mg → Restricted (RS2033) Initiation	10,	981.0	0	56	Rydapt
 All of the following: 1 Patient has a diagnosis of acute myeloid leukaemia; and 2 Condition must be FMS tyrosine kinase 3 (FLT3) mutation posi 3 Patient must not have received a prior line of intensive chemot 4 Patient is to receive standard intensive chemotherapy in combi 5 Midostaurin to be funded for a maximum of 4 cycles. 	herapy for				
NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below					
↓ Cap 150 mg				120	Tasigna
Cap 200 mg	6,	532.0	0	120	Tasigna
 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in and Either: 	blast cris	is, hig	h risk c	hronic p	hase, or in chronic phase;
 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with a t 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with a and 					
3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.					
Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines. Continuation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 6 months</i>					
 All of the following: 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leuka 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is bene 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only. 					
PALBOCICLIB – Restricted see terms below					
↓ Tab 75 mg	,			21	Ibrance
Tab 100 mg Tab 125 mg				21 21	Ibrance Ibrance
Tab 125 mg	4,	000.0	0	21	Ibrance
Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:					

continued...

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			Price			Brand or
		(ex man	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued						
1 All of t	the following:					
1.2 1.3	Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metasta There is documentation confirming disease is hormor Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and Either:				HER2-n	egative; and
	1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during pr1.4.2 Both:	ior endocrin	e thera	apy; or		
	1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally postmenopausal or without menstrual-p1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic	otential stat	e; and			
1.6	Treatment must be used in combination with an endo Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a		'			
	the following:	haaialih: ana				
2.2 2.3	Patient has an active Special Authority approval for ri Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse react and requires treatment discontinuation; and Treatment must be used in combination with an endo There is no evidence of progressive disease since ini	tion to riboci	clib th r; and		ot be m	anaged by dose reductions
Both:	ent required after 12 months					
	nent must be used in combination with an endocrine pa is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of).			
	- Restricted see terms below mg mg d (RS1198)				30 30	Votrient Votrient
Initiation Re-assessme All of the follo	ent required after 3 months wing:					
	atient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and f the following:					
2.2	The patient is treatment naive; or The patient has only received prior cytokine treatmen Both:	t; or				
	2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 32.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib		starting	g treatr	nent due	e to intolerance; and
4 The di	atient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grad isease is of predominant clear cell histology; and the following:	le 0-2); and				
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.	/L); and t of systemic		py; and	I	

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.
- Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

RIBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg1,883.00	21	Kisqali
	3,767.00	42	Kisqali
	5,650.00	63	Kisqali

➡ Restricted (RS2035)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
 - 1.3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
 - 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal or without menstrual-potential state; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic endocrine treatment for metastatic disease; or
 - 1.4.3 Both:
 - 1.4.3.1 Patient commenced treatment with ribociclib in combination with an endocrine partner prior to 1 July 2024; and
 - 1.4.3.2 There is no evidence of progressive disease; and
 - 1.5 Treatment to be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 1.6 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with a CDK4/6 inhibitor; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for palbociclib; and
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced a grade 3 or 4 adverse reaction to palbociclib that cannot be managed by dose reductions and requires treatment discontinuation; and
 - 2.3 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
 - 2.4 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of palbociclib.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 There is no evidence of progressive disease since initiation of ribociclib.

RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 5 mg2,500.00) 56	Jakavi
	Tab 10 mg		Jakavi
	Tab 15 mg		Jakavi
	Tab 20 mg		Jakavi

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS1726)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy; and
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

Continuation

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 12.5 mg	08.38	28	Sunitinib Pfizer
t	Cap 25 mg	16.77	28	Sunitinib Pfizer
t	Cap 50 mg		28	Sunitinib Pfizer

➡ Restricted (RS1886)

Initiation – RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or

2.4 Both:

- 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
- 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and

5 All of the following:

- 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
- 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
- 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
- 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
- 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation – GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and

2 Either:

- 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
- 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation – GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
 - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation – GIST pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 Sunitinib is to be discontinued at progression; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

Taxanes

164

DOCETAXEL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	.24.91	1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL			
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial – 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	.19.59	1	Anzatax
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	.37.89	1	Anzatax

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects			
CALCIUM FOLINATE			
Tab 15 mg		10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	7.28	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	9.49	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	72.00	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz Eurofolic
DEXRAZOXANE - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Inj 500 mg			e.g. Cardioxane
➡ Restricted (RS1695)			
Initiation			
Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediatri All of the following:	ic haematologist		
1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline	given with curative inten	t; and	
2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetim	e dose of anthracycline	will excee	ed 250mg/m2 doxorubicin
equivalent or greater; and			Ū
3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracycline	e treatment; and		
4 Either:			
4.1 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a chil	d or young adult; or		
4.2 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for second	ndary malignancy.		
MESNA			
Tab 400 mg		50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg		50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule		15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		15	Uromitexan
Vinca Alkaloids			
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
lnj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	74 52	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
lnj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
		U	BBE Vinchound Ganate
VINORELBINE	20.00	4	Vineralhina Ta Arai
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025		1 1	Vinorelbine Te Arai Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025 Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025		1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		1	Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1	Navelbine
(Navelbine Ini 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial to be delisted 1 October 2024		1	INAVEIDINE
(Navelbine Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 October 2024) (Navelbine Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 October 2024)	/		
Endocrine Therapy			
ABIRATERONE ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the next pa	ne		
Tab 250 mg		120	Zytiga
▼ Tab 200 Hig		120	∠yuya
Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in bold			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1888)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases; and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
 - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
 - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation – pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Abiraterone acetate to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

DICALUTAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	4.18	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE			
Tab 250 mg	119.50	100	Flutamin
FULVESTRANT – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml prefilled syringe		2	Faslodex
→ Restricted (RS1732)			
Initiation			
Medical oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			

- 1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment with an aromatase inhibitor or tamoxifen for their locally advanced or metastatic disease; and

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ontinued			
3 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly following	loading doses; and		
4 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.			
Continuation			
ledical oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
1 Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from	treatment; and		
2 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly; and			
3 No evidence of disease progression.			
DCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml vial		5	Omega
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Max Health
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Max Health
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Max Health
Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		1	Octreotide Depot Teva
I have a second se	438.40		Sandostatin LAR
Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		1	Octreotide Depot Teva Sandostatin LAR
Inj depot 30 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		1	Octreotide Depot Teva
• Inj depot 30 mg premied synnge - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2021	670.80	1	Sandostatin LAR
Octreotide Depot Teva Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe to be deliste			Sandostatin LAN
Octreotide Depot Teva Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe to be deliste			
Octreotide Depot Teva Inj depot 30 mg prefilled syringe to be deliste	ed 1 December 2024)		
→ Restricted (RS1889)	,		
nitiation – Malignant bowel obstruction			
All of the following:			
1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bow	,		
2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agent	s, corticosteroids and	analgesio	cs for at least 48 hours ha

- failed; and 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - $2.3\;$ The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
GF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 we	eks.			
nitiation – Other indications Any of the following:				
1 VIPomas and glucagonomas - for patients who are seriously ill	in order to	improve th	eir clinica	I state prior to definitive
surgery; or				
2 Both:				
2.1 Gastrinoma; and				
2.2 Either:				
2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonisi	ts (or proto	on pump inh	ibitors) ha	ave failed: or
3 Both:			ibitoro) ne	
3.1 Insulinomas; and				
3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or				
4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance	e therapy;	or		
5 Both:	., .			
5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and		y 5HIAA ana	alysis); ar	nd
5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreol				
Initiation – pre-operative acromegaly	liue			
Limited to 12 months treatment				
All of the following:				
1 Patient has acromegaly; and				
2 Patient has a large pituitary tumour, greater than 10 mm at its v		b		
3 Patient is scheduled to undergo pituitary surgery in the next six Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications	months.			
Continuation – Acromegaly - pandemic circumstances				
Re-assessment required after 6 months				
All of the following:				
1 Patient has acromegaly; and				
2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued				
3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVII	J-19 const	raints on the	e nealth s	ector.
Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Tab 20 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			60 60	Tamoxifen Sandoz Tamoxifen Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-25 to 2020			00	Tallioxileli Salluoz
Aromatase Inhibitors				
ANASTROZOLE				
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		4.39	30	Anatrole
EXEMESTANE				
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2026		9.86	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE				
Tab 2.5 mg – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027		4.67	30	Letrole
Imaging Agents				
AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms Powder for oral soln. 30 mg per ml. 1.5 g vial			1	Gliolan
Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial		100.00 00.00	1 10	Gliolan
	- -, ·		10	Gilolun

t Item restricted (see \Rightarrow above); **f** Item restricted (see \Rightarrow below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

\$ Per Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS1565)

Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN

Cap 25 mg	 50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg	 50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg	 50	Neoral
Oral liq 100 mg per ml	 50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	 10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Cap 0.5 mg	 100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
↓ Cap 0.75 mg	 100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Cap 1 mg	 100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
↓ Cap 5 mg	 50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Ini 5 mg per ml 1 ml ampoule		

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

⇒ Restricted (RS1990)

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - non-transplant indications*

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
 - 2.2 Patient is a child with nephrotic syndrome*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Fusion Proteins

ETANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg autoinjector	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 25 mg vial	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg autoinjector1,050.00	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg syringe	4	Enbrel

→ Restricted (RS1879)

Initiation – polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

Price		Brand or
ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
- 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation – oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baselinee; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and

- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or

1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

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(ex man.	excl. G	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment. **Continuation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis**

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

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- 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or

1.2 Both:

1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an elevated enythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
 - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1202)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB (AMGEVITA) - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026 190.00	1	Amgevita
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled pen - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026	2	Amgevita
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026375.00	2	Amgevita

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1940)

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease* that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatological and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatments appropriate for the particular symptom(s).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and
- 3 Patient has 3 or more active lesions; and
- 4 The patient has a DLQI of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application.

Continuation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 4 or more from baseline.

Initiation – Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:

2.1 Either:

- 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
- 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 2.3 A PASI assessment or (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 2.2.2 The patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300 or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

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- 1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
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continued...

3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complex peri-anal fistula; and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation – Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years Fither:

Eitner:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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- 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
- 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Fither:

1 Both:

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- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for ankylosing spondylitis; or

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- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiology imaging; and
 - 2.4 Patient has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more NSAIDs, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following BASMI measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender; and
 - 2.6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

For applications where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose).

Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

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Initiation – Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for polyarticular course JIA; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation – Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine or leflunomide at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

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- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Continuation – Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years Either:

1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically

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- significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept and/or tocilizumab for (AOSD); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, NSAIDs and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient's SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

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- 1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
- 2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of each of methotrexate, sulphasalazine and leflunomide, at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or

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- 3.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 3.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not responded adequately to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate, or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

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Continuation – inflammatory bowel arthritis – peripheral

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

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- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

ADALIMUMAB (HUMIRA - ALTERNATIVE BRAND) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe1,599.96	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe1,599.96	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled pen1,599.96	2	HumiraPen

→ Restricted (RS1922)

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response to treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Continuation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* All of the following:

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- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and
- 3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Initiation – Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation – Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or

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- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 A maximum of 8 doses.

Continuation – Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated clinical improvement and continues to require treatment; and
- 2 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* All of the following:

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation – Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and

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3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and

2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and

3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation – Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months*

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

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Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation – Ocular inflammation – severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita); and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation – Arthritis – oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation – Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks

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- treatment; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation – Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
 - 4.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
 - 2.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months*

All of the following:

1 Either:

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- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	iST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Arr 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the F Continuation – Still's disease – adult-onset (AOSD) Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist 	lumira brand of a	adalimuma	b for this indication.
Re-assessment required after 6 months the patient has demonstrated a sustained improvement in inflammatory	-	nctional sta	itus.
AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 40 mg per ml, 0.1 ml vial	1,250.00	1	Eylea
Initiation – Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner <i>Re-assessment required after 3 months</i> Either:			
1 All of the following:			
1.1 Any of the following:			
1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or); or		
1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes of	her than wet AM	D; and	
1.2 Either:			
 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmiti bevacizumab; or 	s or severe post	erior uveitis	s following treatment with
1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to four weeks apart; and	dry despite three	e intraocula	r injections of bevacizumab
1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumate			or
 Either: 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treat 	mont of wAMD a	nd was for	ind to be intelerent to
ranibizumab within 3 months; or		nu was iou	
2.2 Patient has previously* (*before June 2018) received trea while on treatment.	atment with ranib	izumab for	wAMD and disease was stable
Continuation – Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration			
Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following:			
1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and			
2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity sco			
3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated	eye.		
Initiation – Diabetic Macular Oedema Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner			
Re-assessment required after 4 months			
All of the following:			
 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); a Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bev Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 – 6/36 with functi Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomogra There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy 	vacizumab when onal awareness phy) subfield > 3	of reductio	n in vision; and
			continued

	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ontinued					
ontinuation – Diabetic Macular Oedema					
phthalmologist or nurse practitioner					
Pe-assessment required after 12 months					
Il of the following:					
 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduct fluid); and 		nal cy	vsts, ce	ntral reti	nal thickness, and sub-retin
3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acui	tv score: and				
4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal a					
5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with afliberce bevacizumab and had no response.		retria	lled wit	h at leas	t one injection of
ASILIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below					
Inj 20 mg vial	2,5	560.0	0	1	Simulect
 Restricted (RS1203) 					
itiation					
or use in solid organ transplants.					
ENRALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below					
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled pen	3,5	539.0	0	1	Fasenra
• Restricted (RS1920)					
itiation – Severe eosinophilic asthma					
espiratory physician or clinical immunologist					
e-assessment required after 12 months Il of the following:					
0					
 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asth 	ma documente	d by a	rocnir	atony nh	veician or clinical
immunologist; and		ubya	a iespii	atory pri	ysicial of clinical
 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, excluded; and 	central airway	obstr	ruction,	bronchio	blitis etc. have been
4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than $0.5 \times$	10 [^] 9 cells/L in	the la	ist 12 m	onths: a	nd
5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy inc per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long-acting beta-2	luding inhaled agonist, or bud	cortic lesoni	osteroio ide/form	ds (equiv noterol a	alent to at least 1000 mcg s part of the
anti-inflammatory reliever therapy plus maintenance regim 6 Either:	ien, unless con	irainc	licaleu		ieraleu, anu
6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing s exacerbation is defined as either documented use					
corticosteroids; or 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroid 3 months; and	s of at least the	e equi	valent	of 10 mg	per day over the previous
7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidise	d mepolizumah): and			
8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made the first dose to assess response to treatment; and	ess. Baseline	meas	sureme		
9 Either:					
 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biol 9.2 Both: 	ogical therapy	for the	eir seve	ere eosin	ophilic asthma; or
9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previo 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatme					nerapy and discontinued

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

within 12 months of commencing treatment.

Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with benralizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial

➡ Restricted (RS1691)

Initiation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

- All of the following:
 - 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and
 - 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and

3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.

Continuation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and
- 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and
- 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease regrowth as a result of treatment.

Initiation - ocular conditions

Either:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation; or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

BRENTUXIMAB VEDOTIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2002)

Initiation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma after two or more lines of chemotherapy; and
 - 1.1.2 Patient is ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 1.2.2 Patient has previously undergone autologous stem cell transplant; and

Adcetris

Price		Brand or
ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient has not previously received funded brentuximab vedotin; and
- 3 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 4 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation – relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

Initiation – anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-1; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received brentuximab vedotin; and
- 4 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 5 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

CASIRIVIMAB AND IMDEVIMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 120 mg per ml casirivimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1)	0.00	1	Ronapreve
⇒ Restricted (RS1874)	0.00	1	nonapieve
Initiation – Treatment of profoundly immunocompromised patients			
Limited to 2 weeks treatment			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and			
2 The patient is in the community (treated as an outpatient) with mild to	moderate dise	ease seve	erity*; and
3 Patient is profoundly immunocompromised** and is at risk of not havi	ng mounted ar	n adequat	e response to vaccination
against COVID-19 or is unvaccinated; and			
4 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and			
5 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical vent			
6 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximum dose	e of no greater	than 2,40)0 mg.
Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Ministry of H	lealth Website		
** Examples include B-cell depletive illnesses or patients receiving treatment	that is B-Cell	depleting	
Initiation – mild to moderate COVID-19-hospitalised patients			
Any relevant practitioner			
Limited to 2 weeks treatment			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19: and			

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Patient is an in-patient in hospital with mild to moderate disease severity*; and
- 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and
- 4 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and

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		excl. GS \$		Per	Generic Manufacturer
		ð		rei	Manulaciulei
continued					
5 Any of the following:					
5.1 Age > 50; or 5.2 BMI > 30; or					
5.3 Patient is Māori or Pacific ethnicity; or					
5.4 Patient is at increased risk of severe illness from COV Health website (see Notes); and	ID-19, exclu	uding pre	gnan	cy, as o	described on the Ministry of
6 Either:					
6.1 Patient is unvaccinated; or					
6.2 Patient is seronegative where serology testing is readi serology testing is not available; and	ly available	or strong	ly su	specte	d to be seronegative where
7 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximi	um dose of	no greate	er tha	ın 2,40	0 mg.
Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Minis	-				
**(https://www.health.govt.nz/our-work/diseases-and-conditions/covid	d-19-novel-	coronavir	us/co	vid-19	-information-specific-
audiences/covid-19-advice-higher-risk-people)					
CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below		004.00		1	Erbitux
 Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial 				1	Erbitux
 Inj 5 ing per ini, 100 ini via		520.00		1	LIDIUX
Initiation					
Medical oncologist					
All of the following:					
1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell	cancer of th	ie head a	nd ne	eck; an	d
2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and3 Patient has good performance status; and					
4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.					
GEMTUZUMAB OZOGAMICIN – Restricted see terms below					
Inj 5 mg vial	12 (973.00		1	Mylotarg
→ Restricted (RS1923)	······································	570.00			wyotarg
Initiation					
All of the following:					
1 Patient has not received prior chemotherapy for this condition	; and				
2 Patient has de novo CD33-positive acute myeloid leukaemia;	and				
3 Patient does not have acute promyelocytic leukaemia; and					
4 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin will be used in combination with sta	indard anth	racycline	and	cytarab	oine (AraC); and
 5 Patient is being treated with curative intent; and 6 Patient's disease risk has been assessed by cytogenetic testi 	na to he ao	od or inte	rmer	liate: a	nd
7 Patient must be considered eligible for standard intensive rem					
and cytarabine (AraC); and				.,	
8 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin to be funded for one course only (o	ne dose at	3 mg per	m² b	ody su	rface area or up to 2 vials of
5 mg as separate doses).					
Note: Acute myeloid leukaemia excludes acute promyelocytic leukae another haematological disorder (eg myelodysplasia or myeloprolifer			oid le	eukaem	hia that is secondary to
INFLIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below					
Inj 100 mg − 5% DV Sep-20 to 2025 ⇒ Pastricted (PS1041)		428.00		1	Remicade
➡ Restricted (RS1941) Initiation – Graft vs host disease					
Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.					
, , ,					

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
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Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation – ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab; or
- 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either: 1 Both:

1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

200

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner *Re-assessment required after 6 months* All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

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Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation – fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complete peri-anal fistula.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Any relevant practitioner *Re-assessment required after 2 years* Both:

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- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist Limited to 6 weeks treatment

- Both:
 - 1 Patient has acute, fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
 - 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation – fulminant ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patients SCCAI is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patients PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner *Re-assessment required after 2 years* Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
- 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

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Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation – plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the

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	(ex man	excl. \$		Per	Generic Manufacturer
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skin area affected, or sustained at this le value; and	evel, as com	npared	to the p	re-inflix	imab treatment baseline
2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/l	kg every 8	weeks.			
Initiation – neurosarcoidosis	-				
Neurologist					
Re-assessment required after 18 months					
All of the following:					
1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and					
2 Patient has CNS involvement; and					
3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and					
4 Either:					
4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or					
4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inap	propriate.				
Continuation – neurosarcoidosis					
Neurologist					

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- a) Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- b) Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
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Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- All of the following:
 - 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
 - 2 Patient has had axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
 - 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
 - 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
 - 5 Patient has not experienced an adequate response to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
 - 6 Patient has a BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment .

Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10-point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

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continued					
Continuation – Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral) Re-assessment required after 2 years					
Either:					
 Following initial treatment, patient has experienced at leas 	t a 50% decre	ase in ar	tive inint	count from	haseline and a
clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of				count non	
 Patient has experienced at least a continuing 30% improve treating physician. 			unt from	baseline in	the opinion of the
MEPOLIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below					
Inj 100 mg prefilled pen	1.	638.00	1	Nuc	ala
↓ Inj 100 mg vial	,				
→ Restricted (RS2024)					
Initiation – Severe eosinophilic asthma					
Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
All of the following:					
1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and	na daaumanta	dhuar	aniratan	, nhuaiaian	or olinical
 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthr immunologist; and 	na documente	u by a re	spiratory	physician	or clinical
3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction,	central airway	obstruct	ion bror	chiolitis etc	have been
excluded; and	oonna an nay	0000100			. nave been
4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than $0.5 \times$	10^9 cells/L ir	the last	12 mont	hs; and	
5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy incl	uding inhaled	corticost	eroids (e	quivalent to	o at least 1000 mcg
per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long acting beta-2 a				ol as part c	f the single
maintenance and reliever therapy regimen, unless contrain	ndicated or not	tolerate	d; and		
6 Either:					
6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing sy					
exacerbation is defined as either documented use of	of oral corticos	teroids f	or at leas	st 3 days or	parenteral
corticosteroids; or 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids	of at loast the		ont of 10	ma nor da	v over the provious
3 months: and		equiva		niy per ua	y over the previous
7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised	l henralizumał	o and			
8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or l			ements o	f the patier	t's asthma control
using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made					
the first dose to assess response to treatment; and			-	•	
9 Either:					
9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biology	ogical therapy	for their	severe e	osinophilic	asthma; or
9.2 Both:					
9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previo					
9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatmer		s anti-IL	5 biologic	al therapy	and discontinued
within 12 months of commencing treatment.					
Continuation – Severe eosinophilic asthma					
Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist					
Re-assessment required after 2 years					

Both:

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- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with mepolizumab; or

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ONCO	OLOGY AGENTS AND IM	MUNC	SUPPRESSANTS
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continued			
 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid us control. 	se by 50% or by 10 mg/day while	e mainta	ning or improving asthma
Initiation – eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiiti Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 The patient has eosinophilic granulomatosis with pol 2 The patient has trialled and not received adequate b (unless contraindicated to all): azathioprine, cycloph and	yangiitis; and enefit from at least one of the fo		
 3 Either: 3.1 The patient has trialled prednisone for a minir doses below 7.5 mg per day; or 3.2 Corticosteroids are contraindicated. 	num of three months and is una	ble to m	aintain disease control at
Continuation – eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyar Re-assessment required after 12 months	ngiitis		
Patient has no evidence of clinical disease progression.			
OBINUTUZUMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 25 mg per ml, 40 ml vial	5,910.00	1	Gazyva
Haematologist			
Limited to 6 months treatment			
All of the following:			
1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CI	D20+ chronic lymphocytic leukae	emia req	uiring treatment; and
2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and	markiditian with a spars . C and	ha Cum	ulativa Illagoo Dating Caala
3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to co (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearand)		ne Cum	ulative littless Rating Scale
 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* CLL; and 		Isequen	ce of marrow infiltration by
5 Patient has good performance status; and			
6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cur maximum of 6 cycles.	nulative dose of 8,000 mg and i	n combir	ation with chlorambucil for a
Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lympl	hocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity	refers o	nlv to illness/impairment other

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to 1.5×10^9 /L and platelets greater than or equal to 75×10^9 /L

Initiation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has follicular lymphoma; or
 - 1.2 Patient has marginal zone lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen*; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has been previously treated with no more than four chemotherapy regimens; and

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continued...

5 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 1000 mg for a maximum of 6 cycles in combination with chemotherapy*.

Note: * includes unapproved indications

Continuation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has no evidence of disease progression following obinutuzumab induction therapy; and
- 2 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum of 1000 mg every 2 months for a maximum of 2 years; and
- 3 Obinutuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe450.00	1	Xolair
t	Inj 150 mg vial	1	Xolair
	Destricted (DO1050)		

➡ Restricted (RS1652) Initiation – severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older ; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
 - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation - severe asthma

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

Initiation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and

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(e	ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
		\$		Per	Manufacturer

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2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and

- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
 - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
 - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response* following 4 doses; or
 - 4.2 Complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

Continuation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and
- 2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: *Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 30 mg per ml, 14 ml vial	3,927.00	1	Perjeta
⇒	Restricted (RS1995)			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1870)

Initiation – Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

Continuation – Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1,0	075.50	2	Mabthera
1	lni 10 mg per ml. 50 ml vial 26	688 30	1	Mabthera

→ Restricted (RS1785)

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Both:

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- 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
- 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or

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- 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	275.33	2	Riximyo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	688.20	1	Riximyo

➡ Restricted (RS1973)

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

- Either: 1 Both
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or

2 Both:

- The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant. Initiation – aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.
- Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation – aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

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- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
 - 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
 - 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; or
 - 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

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- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
 - 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
 - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and
- 2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist *Re-assessment required after 8 weeks* All of the following:

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- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre; or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre

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and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and

- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks Both:

- 1 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
 - 2.2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

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Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
- 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and Maximum of four 1000 ms infusions of citiwing between the second se
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

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itiation – ABO-incompatible organ transplant atient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant*.	
ote: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.	
itiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)	
ephrologist	
e-assessment required after 8 weeks	
l of the following:	
1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and	
2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and	
3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptal side effects; and	ble
 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total 4 weeks. 	l of
ote: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications. ontinuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) ephrologist	
e-assessment required after 8 weeks I of the following:	
 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total 4 weeks. 	
ote: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.	
itiation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)	
ephrologist	
e-assessment required after 8 weeks I of the following:	
1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective and	;
2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and	
3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and 4. The total intrinsic decrement would not account the account of 0.75 , m_0/m_0^2 of hadrony free account of 0.75 .	l af
4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m ² of body surface area per week for a total 4 weeks.	l of
ote: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications. ontinuation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS) ephrologist	
e-assessment required after 8 weeks	
I of the following:	
 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 mon but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and 	ths,

- The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.
- Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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Initiation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
 - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

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Initiation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 × 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation – graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Initiation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- All of the following:
 - 1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and
 - 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
 - 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

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Initiation – anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and
- 4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Continuation – CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

Initiation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has biopsy-proven primary/idiopathic membranous nephropathy*; or
 - 1.2 Patient has PLA2 antibodies with no evidence of secondary cause, and an eGFR of > 60ml/min/1.73m2; and

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continued...

- 2 Patient remains at high risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease despite more than 3 months of treatment with conservative measures (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Continuation – Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for membranous nephropathy*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful, but the condition has relapsed, and the patient now requires repeat treatment; or
 - 2.2 Patient achieved partial response to treatment and requires repeat treatment (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Notes:

- a) Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.
- b) High risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease defined as > 5g/day proteinuria.
- c) Conservative measures include renin-angiotensin system blockade, blood-pressure management, dietary sodium and protein restriction, treatment of dyslipidaemia, and anticoagulation agents unless contraindicated or the patient has experienced intolerable side effects.
- d) Partial response defined as a reduction of proteinuria of at least 50% from baseline, and between 0.3 grams and 3.5 grams per 24 hours.

Initiation - B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*

Limited to 2 years treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*; and
- 2 Treatment must be in combination with an intensive chemotherapy protocol with curative intent; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 per dose for a maximum of 18 doses.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – desensitisation prior to transplant

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient requires desensitisation prior to mismatched allogenic stem cell transplant*; and
- 2 Patient would receive no more than two doses at 375 mg/m2 of body-surface area.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pemiphigus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

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- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has severe rapidly progressive pemphigus; and
 - 1.2 Is used in combination with systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day); and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 Skin involvement is at least 5% body surface area; or
 - 1.3.2 Significant mucosal involvement (10 or more mucosal erosions) or diffuse gingivitis or confluent large erosions; or
 - 1.3.3 Involvement of two or more mucosal sites; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has pemphigus; and
- 2.2 Patient has not experienced adequate clinical benefit from systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day) in combination with a steroid sparing agent, unless contraindicated.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pemiphigus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced adequate clinical benefit from rituximab treatment, with improvement in symptoms and healing of skin ulceration and reduction in corticosteroid requirement; and
- 2 Patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of IgG4-RD*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs for at least 3 months has been ineffective in lowering corticosteroid dose below 5 mg per day (prednisone equivalent) without relapse; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs is contraindicated or associated with evidence of toxicity or intolerance; and
- 3 Total rituximab dose used should not exceed a maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Treatment with rituximab for IgG4-RD* was previously successful and patient's disease has demonstrated sustained response, but the condition has relapsed; or
 - 1.2 Patient is receiving maintenance treatment for IgG4-RD*; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

SECUKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe799.5	0 1	С	osentyx
	1,599.0	0 2	С	osentyx
⇒	Restricted (RS1863)			

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a Health NZ Hospital, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and

2 Either:

2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
 - 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
- 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
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continued...

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and 2 Either:

- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
- 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks initial treatment of secukinumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-secukinumab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefitted from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 150 mg monthly.

Initiation – psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- Either:
 - 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; or
 - 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior secukinumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg vial		Sylvant	
Inj 400 mg vial	1	Sylvant	
→ Restricted (RS1525)			
Initiation			
Haematologist or rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease 	; and		
2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and			
3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 wee	eks.		
Continuation			
Haematologist or rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflan	nmatory mark	ers and functional status	s.
TIXAGEVIMAB WITH CILGAVIMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial with cilgavimab 100 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial0.00	1	Evusheld	
→ Restricted (RS1911)			
Initiation			
Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/Evusheld). Note the			s
approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about	ut this and sto	ock availability.	
TOCILIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00		Actemra	
Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra	
Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial1,100.00	1	Actemra	
→ Restricted (RS2025)			
Initiation – cytokine release syndrome			
Therapy limited to 3 doses			
Either:			
1 All of the following:			
1.1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1731 trial;	and		
1.2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome asso	ciated with the	e administration of	

- 1.2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 1.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg, maximum of 12 mg/kg); or
- 2 All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research ENABLE trial programme; and
- 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or Immune Effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome (ICANS) following CAR T-Cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and
- 2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS or ICANS for CAR T-cell therapy at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

Initiation – previous use

Any relevant practitioner Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis; or
 - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease; or
 - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
 - 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
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continued...

- 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
 - 5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

6 Either:

- 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months*

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Health NZ Hospital; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
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continued...

- 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.3 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.4.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months*

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Initiation – moderate to severe COVID-19

Therapy limited to 1 dose

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8mg/kg IV for a maximum of one dose; and
- 5 Tocilizumab is not to be administered in combination with barcitinib.

Continuation – Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

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- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB (HERZUMA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027 100.00	1	Herzuma
t	Inj 440 mg vial – 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027	1	Herzuma

➡ Restricted (RS2005)

Initiation - early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH + (including FISH or other current technology; and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment).

Continuation - early breast cancer*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology; and
 - 1.2 The patient received prior adjuvant trastuzumab treatment for early breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 1.3.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; or
 - 1.3.3 he cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 1.4.2 All of the following:
 - 1.4.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.4.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
 - 1.5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:

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- 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab in the metastatic setting for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
- 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
- 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: * For patients with relapsed HER-2 positive disease who have previously received adjuvant trastuzumab for early breast cancer

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 1.3 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Initiation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has locally advanced or metastatic gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction or oesophageal cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 2+ FISH+ or IHC3+ (or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG score of 0-2.

Continuation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 2 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TR	ASTUZUMAB EMTANSINE – Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Inj 100 mg vial2,320.00	1	Kadcyla
t	Inj 160 mg vial	1	Kadcyla

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1908)

Initiation - early breast cancer

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has early breast cancer expressing HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+; and
- 2 Documentation of pathological invasive residual disease in the breast and/or auxiliary lymph nodes following completion of surgery; and
- 3 Patient has completed systemic neoadjuvant therapy with trastuzumab and chemotherapy prior to surgery; and
- 4 Disease has not progressed during neoadjuvant therapy; and
- 5 Patient has left ventricular ejection fraction of 45% or greater; and
- 6 Adjuvant treatment with trastuzumab emtansine to be commenced within 12 weeks of surgery; and
- 7 Trastuzumab emtansine to be discontinued at disease progression; and
- 8 Total adjuvant treatment duration must not exceed 42 weeks (14 cycles).

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease*; or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
 - 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Patient has not received prior funded trastuzumab emtansine treatment; and
- 7 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: *Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

USTEKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 130 mg vial4,162.00	1	Stelara
t	Inj 90 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe4,162.00	1	Stelara

→ Restricted (RS1942)

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- ither:
 - 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
 - 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for Crohn's disease and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2.2 Both:

2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to be administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Initiation – ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months Fither:

- Either:
 - 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
 - 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for ulcerative colitis and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for ulcerative colitis; and 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for ulcerative colitis are contraindicated.

Continuation – ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or 1.2 PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy*; and
- Istekinumab will be used at a dose no greater than 90 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Criterion marked with * is for an unapproved indication.

VEDOLIZUMAB ·	- Restricted	see terms	helow
VLDOLIZOWAD .	- nesincieu	366 (61113	DEIOW

t	Inj 300 mg vial3,313.00	1	Entyvio
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➡ Restricted (RS1943)

Initiation – Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.4 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.5 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

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- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
- 2.2 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
- 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.3 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20*; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
- 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy *; and
- 2 Vedolizumab will be used at a dose no greater than 300 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors				
ATEZOLIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 60 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	9,503.00	1	Tecentriq	
→ Restricted (RS1986)				
Initiation – non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy				
Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a	medical oncold	ogist		
Re-assessment required after 4 months		•		continued
All of the following:				
Draducte with Lleanited Concells Otetra (LICO) are in held				

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 3 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with at least two cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Atezolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist *Re-assessment required after 4 months*

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Atezolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with atezolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

DURVALUMAB - Restricted see terms below

nj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	4,700.00	1	Imfinzi
nj 50 mg per ml, 2.4 ml vial	1,128.00	1	Imfinzi

➡ Restricted (RS1926)

Initiation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Medical oncologist

1

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically or cytologically documented stage III, locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Patient has received two or more cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy concurrently with definitive radiation therapy; and
- 3 Patient has no disease progression following the second or subsequent cycle of platinum-based chemotherapy with definitive radiation therapy treatment; and
- 4 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0 or 1; and
- 5 Patient has completed last radiation dose within 8 weeks of starting treatment with durvalumab; and
- 6 Patient must not have received prior PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitor therapy for this condition; and

7 Either:

- 7.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
- 7.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 8 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
Continuation – Non-small cell lung cancer			
Medical oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 3 months All of the following:			
1 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is b	enefitting from treat	ment: and	I
2 Either:	onontang nom aoat	inoni, ano	
 2.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no great 2.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg ever 3 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease prog 4 Total continuous treatment duration must not exceed 12 months 	y 4 weeks; and gression; and	every 2 we	eeks; or
NIVOLUMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial		1	Opdivo
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	2,629.96	1	Opdivo
→ Restricted (RS2015)			
Initiation Medical oncologist			
Limited to 4 months treatment			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uv	eal) stage III or IV;	and	
2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented	clinically and radiol	ogically; a	and
3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and			
4 Either:			
4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or4.2 Both:			
4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority a pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatn			nd has discontinued
4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was			
5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed a not be continued if their disease progresses.	nd acknowledges th	at funded	treatment with nivolumab w
Continuation – less than 24 months on treatment			

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months Fither:

1 All of the following:

- 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

	l (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Continuation – more than 24 months on treatment					
Nedical oncologist Re-assessment required after 4 months Both:					
 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months; an Either: 	nd				
2.1 All of the following:					
2.1.1 Any of the following:					
 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial res 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and 					
2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has I assessment following the most recent treatm	ent period; ar	id j	·		0
2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate	and the patier	nt is be	enefittii	ng from t	he treatment; or
2.2 All of the following: 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatmen	t with nivolun	och for		no othor	then envere toxicity or
disease progression; and			Teasu	ins other	linall severe loxicity of
2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and	d				
2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous		n nivo	lumab.		
PEMBROLIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below					
Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	4,6	680.00)	1	Keytruda
→ Restricted (RS2016)					
nitiation – unresectable or metastatic melanoma					
Iedical oncologist .imited to 4 months treatment					
Il of the following:					
1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excludin	ng uveal) stag	e III or	IV; an	d	
2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is docume	ented clinically	and r	adiolog	gically; a	nd
3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and					
4 Either:					
4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or4.2 Both:					
4.2 Dott. 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Author	rity approval fr	or nivo	lumah	and has	discontinued nivolumab
within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to i			amub	and nuo	
4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient	t was on nivol	umab	; and		
5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed pembrolizumab will not be continued if their disease progree		wledge	es that	funded t	reatment with
Continuation – unresectable or metastatic melanoma, less tha Aedical oncologist	an 24 months	on tr	eatme	nt	
Re-assessment required after 4 months					
1 All of the following:					
1 1 Any of the following:					

- 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
 þ	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Continuation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma, more than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months Both:

- 1 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 50% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; or
 - 6.2 Both:
 - 6.2.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 1% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; and
 - 6.2.2 Chemotherapy is determined to be not in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment; and
- 7 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 8 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and

	Price			Brand or
(e	x man. excl.	GST)	_	Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

9 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 The patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 7 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 8 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Other Immunosuppressants

ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE)

Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	2,774.48	5	ATGAM
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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT)			
Inj 25 mg vial			
AZATHIOPRINE			
Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		60	Azamun
Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 Inj 50 mg vial	8.10	100	Azamun
Inj 100 mg vial			
, ,	holow		
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) – Restricted see terms ↓ Inj 2-8 × 10 ⁻⁸ CFU vial		1	OncoTICE
→ Restricted (RS1206)		I	ONCOTIOL
Initiation			
For use in bladder cancer.			
EVEROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below			
I Tab 5 mg	4,555.76	30	Afinitor
Tab 10 mg	6,512.29	30	Afinitor
➡ Restricted (RS1811)			
Initiation			
Neurologist or oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:			
 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant c 	ell astrocutomas (SEGA	c) that roou	ire treatment
Continuation		is) inai iequ	
Neurologist or oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation b	y MRI within the last 3 r	nonths; and	
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is bene			
3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.			
MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL			
Tab 500 mg		50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg		100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml		165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial		4	CellCept
PICIBANIL			
Inj 100 mcg vial			
SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
I Tab 1 mg	749.99	100	Rapamune
Tab 2 mg		100	Rapamune
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		60 ml	Rapamune
➡ Restricted (RS1991)			
Initiation For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.			
Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inl	nibitor treatment as defir	ned by refra	ctory rejection: or intolerant

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min; or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	I. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- · Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- HUS or TTP; or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- Significant malignant disease

Initiation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformation*; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Malformations are not adequately controlled by sclerotherapy and surgery; or
 - 2.2 Malformations are widespread/extensive and sclerotherapy and surgery are not considered clinically appropriate; or
 - 2.3 Sirolimus is to be used to reduce malformation prior to consideration of surgery; and
- 3 Patient is being treated by a specialist lymphovascular malformation multi-disciplinary team; and
- 4 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1 (see Note).

Continuation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had either a complete response or a partial response to treatment, or patient has stable disease according to RECIST version 1.1 (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has stabilised or responded clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documents in patient notes; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47)

Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Nephrologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Evidence of renal angiomyolipoma(s) measuring 3 cm or greater and that have shown interval growth.

Continuation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of renal angiomyolipoma reduction or stability by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound; and
- 2 Demonstrated stabilisation or improvement in renal function; and
- 3 The patient has not experienced angiomyolipoma haemorrhage or significant adverse effects to sirolimus treatment; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

242

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has epilepsy with a background of documented tuberous sclerosis complex*; and

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

2 Either:

- 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Vigabatrin has been trialled and has not adequately controlled seizures; and
 - 2.1.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least two of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); or
- 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Vigabatrin is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least three of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); and
- 3 Seizures have a significant impact on quality of life; and
- 4 Patient has been assessed and surgery is considered inappropriate for this patient, or the patient has been assessed and would benefit from mTOR inhibitor treatment prior to surgery.

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, and topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation – refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex* Neurologist

iveurologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

demonstrated significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate (e.g. 50% reduction in seizure frequency) or severity and/or patient quality of life compared with baseline prior to starting sirolimus treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

JAK inhibitors

BARICITINIB – Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 2 mg	0.00	28	Olumiant	
Tab 4 mg		28	Olumiant	
→ Restricted (RS1876)				
Initiation – moderate to severe COVID-19*				
Limited to 14 days treatment				
All of the following:				
1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19*; and				
2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental or	xygen; and			
3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corti			licated; and	
4 Baricitinib is to be administered at doses no greater than 4 mg daily for	or up to 14 day	s; and		
5 Baricitinib is not to be administered in combination with tocilizumab.				
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.				
UPADACITINIB – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 15 mg	1,271.00	28	RINVOQ	
➡ Restricted (RS1861)				
Initiation – Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalir	numab or etai	nercept)		
Rheumatologist				
Limited to 6 months treatment				
All of the following:				
1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimum	hab and/or etar	nercept fo	r rheumatoid arthri	tis; and

2 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
- 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Health NZ Hospital; and 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Continuation – Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

		Price excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiallergy Preparations				
Allergic Emergencies				
ADRENALINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 0.15 mg per 0.3 ml auto-injector - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025 Inj 0.3 mg per 0.3 ml auto-injector - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025 → Restricted (RS1944) Initiation - anaphylaxis Either:			1 1	Epipen Jr Epipen
 Patient has experienced a previous anaphylactic reaction which department; or Patient has been assessed to be at significant risk of anaphylax 				to a hospital or emergency
CATIBANT – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe → Restricted (RS1501) Initiation	2,6	668.00	1	Firazyr
Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> Both: 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-ph angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upor Continuation <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from tr	esterase on an acti	inhibitor o	deficiency; a	and
Allergy Desensitisation				
BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below Maintenance kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent Initiation Kit - 5 vials freeze dried venom with diluent Maintenance Kit - 1 vial freeze dried venom with diluent → Restricted (RS1117) Initiation Both:			1 1	VENOX VENOX
 RAST or skin test positive; and Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising a 	igent.			
PAPER WASP VENOM – Restricted see terms below Treatment kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent → Restricted (RS1118) Initiation Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and				
 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising a YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM – Restricted see terms on the new 	0			

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
 Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1119) Initiation Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and			
2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising	g agent.		
Allergy Prophylactics			
BUDESONIDE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027 FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE	2.89	200 dose 200 dose	SteroClear SteroClear
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	1.98	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%	5.23	15 ml	Univent
Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2026 Oral liq 1 mg per ml		100 200 ml	Zista Histaclear
CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 4 mg			
FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg Tab 120 mg Tab 180 mg			
LORATADINE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		100	Lorafix
Oral liq 1 mg per ml PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE		100 ml	Haylor Syrup
Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Oral liq 1 mg per ml Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	1.58 3.39	50 50 100 ml 5	Allersoothe Allersoothe Allersoothe Hospira
Anticholinergic Agents		-	
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	11.73 5.86 11.73	20 10 20	Ipratropium IVAX Pharmascience Univent

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

246

		Price excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Ag	onists			
SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per dos Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule		11.04	20	Duolin Duolin Cipla
Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents				
GLYCOPYRRONIUM Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the p or umeclidinium.	atient is al	so receivir	ng treatmen	t with subsidised tiotropium
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		61.00	30 dose	Seebri Breezhaler
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also or umeclidinium.	receiving t	reatment v	vith subsidis	sed inhaled glycopyrronium
Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 18 mcg per dose			60 dose 30 dose	Spiriva Respimat Spiriva
UMECLIDINIUM Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receive tiotropium bromide.	ing treatme	ent with sul	osidised inh	aled glycopyrronium or
Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg per dose		61.50	30 dose	Incruse Ellipta

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted (RS1518)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above	-		
t Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg81.0	00	30 dose	Ultibro Breezhaler
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL – Restricted see terms above			
t Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg with olodaterol 2.5 mcg	00	60 dose	Spiolto Respimat
UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms above			
		·	

t Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg77.00 30 dose Anoro Ellipta

Inhaled Corticosteroid with Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonist and Beta Agonist

FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH UMECLIDINIUM AND VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Powder for inhalation fluticasone furoate 100 mcg with umeclidinium		
	62.5 mcg and vilanterol 25 mcg104.24	30 dose	Trelegy Ellipta

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or
			Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS2028)

Initiation

- Both:
 - 1 Patient has a diagnosis of COPD confirmed by spirometry or spirometry has been attempted and technically acceptable results are not possible; and
 - 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is currently receiving an inhaled corticosteroid with long acting beta-2 agonist (ICS/LABA) or a long acting muscarinic antagonist with long acting beta-2 agonist (LAMA/LABA); and
 - 2.1.2 Any of the following:
 - Clinical criteria:
 - 2.1.2.1 Patient has a COPD Assessment Test (CAT) score greater than 10; or
 - 2.1.2.2 Patient has had 2 or more exacerbations in the previous 12 months; or
 - 2.1.2.3 Patient has had one exacerbation requiring hospitalisation in the previous 12 months; or
 - 2.1.2.4 Patient has had an eosinophil count greater than or equal to 0.3 × 10⁹ cells/L in the previous 12 months; or
 - 2.2 Patient is currently receiving multiple inhaler triple therapy (inhaled corticosteroid with long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist ICS/LAMA/LABA) and met at least one of the clinical criteria above prior to commencing multiple inhaler triple therapy.

Antifibrotics

NINTEDANIB - Restricted see terms below

	Cap 100 mg2,554.00		Ofev
t	Cap 150 mg	60	Ofev

➡ Restricted (RS1813)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 267 mg1,215.00	90	Esbriet
t	Tab 801 mg	90	Esbriet

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

F	Price			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)	_	Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS1814)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

SALBUTAMOL		
Oral liq 400 mcg per ml40.00	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	SalAir
6.80		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule9.43	20	Asthalin
TERBUTALINE SULPHATE		
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose		
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Powder for inhalation, 200 mcg per dose (equivalent to 250 mcg		
metered dose), breath activated	120 dose	Bricanyl Turbuhaler

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

		rice avel GS	т)	Brand or Generic
	(ex man.	excl. GS \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
LOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%				
Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%				
Nasal drops 0.05%				
Nasal drops 0.1%				
haled Corticosteroids				
CLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE				
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose		.8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
		14.01		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose			200 dose	Beclazone 100
		17.52		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose		22.67	200 dose	Beclazone 250
DESONIDE				
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose				
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose				
JTICASONE				
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose		7 10	120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose			60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose			60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose			120 dose	Flixotide
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose		24.62	120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose		11.93	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
eukotriene Receptor Antagonists				
NTELUKAST				
Tab 4 mg – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		.3.10	28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025		.3.10	28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		.2.90	28	Montelukast Viatris
ong-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists				
ORMOTEROL FUMARATE				
Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose				
ORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE	A			
Powder for inhalation 4.5 mcg per dose, breath activated (eque eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg metered dose)	livalent to			
DACATEROL				
		61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose			30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose		01.00		
		01.00		
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose			120 dose	Serevent

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

		Price			Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adr	enocep	tor A	goni	ists	
BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL					
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg					
Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg					
Powder for inhalation 160 mcg with 4.5 mcg eformoterol fumarate					
dose (equivalent to 200 mcg budesonide with 6 mcg eformote		44 50			Due Deen Oniverseu
fumarate metered dose) Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg				20 dose	DuoResp Spiromax Symbicort Turbuhaler
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with elonnoterol fulfiatate of mcg. Powder for inhalation 320 mcg with 9 mcg eformoterol fumarate p dose (equivalent to 400 mcg budesonide with 12 mcg eformo	er	.00.74	r I	120 0036	Symbicont rurbunaler
fumarate metered dose)		. 82.50) 1	20 dose	DuoResp Spiromax
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg		.33.74	ŀ	60 dose	Symbicort Turbuhaler
LUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL					
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg		.44.08	}	30 dose	Breo Ellipta
LUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL					0 11
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg				120 dose 60 dose	Seretide Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg				120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg				60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Methylxanthines					
MINOPHYLLINE					
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	······································	180.00)	5	DBL Aminophylline
AFFEINE CITRATE					
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)				25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule		.66.40)	5	Biomed
HEOPHYLLINE					
Tab long-acting 250 mg				100	Nuelin-SR
Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml		. 17.95)	500 ml	Nuelin
Mucolytics and Expectorants					
ORNASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below					
Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule		250.00)	6	Pulmozyme
Restricted (RS1787) itiation – cystic fibrosis					
espiratory physician or paediatrician					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
Il of the following:					
1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis; and					
2 Patient has previously undergone a trial with, or is currently be3 Any of the following:	ing treated	d with,	hyper	tonic salir	e; and
 3.1 Patient has required one or more hospital inpatient resp 3.2 Patient has had 3 exacerbations due to CF, requiring or period; or 					

 continued 3.3 Patient has had 1 exacerbation due to CF, requiring oral or IV antib Brasfield score of < 22/25; or 3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (Continuation – cystic fibrosis Respiratory physician or paediatrician The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatr Initiation – significant mucus production <i>Limited to 4 weeks</i> treatment Both: Patient is an in-patient; and The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques. Initiation – pleural emphyema <i>Limited to 3 days</i> treatment Both: Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema. ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR – Restries and ivacaftor 75 mg (28)	(ABPA). nent. cted see t		ow Trikafta
 Brasfield score of < 22/25; or 3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (Continuation – cystic fibrosis Respiratory physician or paediatrician The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatres Initiation – significant mucus production Limited to 4 weeks treatment Both: Patient is an in-patient; and The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques. Initiation – pleural emphyema Limited to 3 days treatment Both: Patient is an in-patient; and Patient is an in-patient; and Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema. ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR – Restriction viscaftor 75 mg (28)	(ABPA). nent. cted see t	erms belo 84	ow Trikafta
 Continuation – cystic fibrosis Respiratory physician or paediatrician The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatrent initiation – significant mucus production Limited to 4 weeks treatment Both: Patient is an in-patient; and The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques. Initiation – pleural emphyema Limited to 3 days treatment Both: Patient is an in-patient; and Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema. ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR – Restriction – ivacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and ivacaftor 75 mg (28)	nent. cted see t	84	Trikafta
 Respiratory physician or paediatrician The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatrent initiation – significant mucus production Limited to 4 weeks treatment Both: Patient is an in-patient; and The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques. Initiation – pleural emphyema Limited to 3 days treatment Both: Patient is an in-patient; and Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema. ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR – Restricted lease after 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and ivacaftor 75 mg (28)	cted see t 17.39	84	Trikafta
 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatr Initiation – significant mucus production Limited to 4 weeks treatment Both: Patient is an in-patient; and The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques. Initiation – pleural emphyema Limited to 3 days treatment Both: Patient is an in-patient; and Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema. ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR – Restricted trade to 3 days treatment Both: Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema. ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR – Restricted Tab elexacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and ivacaftor 75 mg (28)	cted see t 17.39	84	Trikafta
 Patient is an in-patient; and The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques. Initiation – pleural emphyema Limited to 3 days treatment Both: Patient is an in-patient; and Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema. ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR – Restricted Tab elexacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and ivacaftor 75 mg (28)	7.39	84	Trikafta
 Limited to 3 days treatment Both: Patient is an in-patient; and Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema. ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR - Restriction (Section 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and ivacaftor 75 mg (28)	7.39	84	Trikafta
 2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema. ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR - Restrictives 4 Tab elexacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and ivacaftor 75 mg (28)	7.39	84	Trikafta
 Tab elexacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and ivacaftor 75 mg (28)	7.39	84	Trikafta
 ivacaftor 75 mg (28)			
 ivacaftor 150 mg (28)	7.39	84	T :: 0
 All of the following: Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and Patient is 6 years of age or older; and Either: Patient has two cystic fibrosis-causing mutations in the cystic fibros from each parental allele); or Patient has a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantita 			Trikafta
 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and Patient is 6 years of age or older; and Either: A Patient has two cystic fibrosis-causing mutations in the cystic fibros from each parental allele); or Patient has a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantita 			
 2 Patient is 6 years of age or older; and 3 Either: 3.1 Patient has two cystic fibrosis-causing mutations in the cystic fibros from each parental allele); or 3.2 Patient has a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantita 			
from each parental allele); or 3.2 Patient has a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantita			
sweat collection system; and			
4 Either:			
 4.1 Patient has a heterozygous or homozygous F508del mutation; or 4.2 Patient has a G551D mutation or other mutation responsive in vitro and 	to elexaca	aftor/tezad	caftor/ivacaftor (see note a)
5 The treatment must be the sole funded CFTR modulator therapy for this co 6 Treatment with elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor must be given concomitant			rapy for this condition.
Notes: a) Eligible mutations are listed in the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Tri <u>https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2021/212273s004l</u>		cribing inf	formation
IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms below Tab 150 mg	6 00	56	Kalydeco
 I Oral granules 50 mg, sachet		56	Kalydeco
Oral granules 75 mg, sachet	6.00	56	Kalydeco
→ Restricted (RS1818) Initiation			
Respiratory specialist or paediatrician All of the following:			

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene on at least 1 allele; or
 - 2.2 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation (G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele; and
- 3 Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition; and
- 5 Patient must not have an acute upper or lower respiratory infection, pulmonary exacerbation, or changes in therapy (including antibiotics) for pulmonary disease in the last 4 weeks prior to commencing treatment with ivacaftor; and
- 6 The dose of ivacaftor will not exceed one tablet or one sachet twice daily; and
- 7 Applicant has experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Nebuliser soln 7%, 90 ml bottle	24.50	90 ml	Biomed
Pulmonary Surfactants			
BERACTANT Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial			
PORACTANT ALFA			
Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial	425.00	1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial	695.00	1	Curosurf

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations	¥		
Antibacterials			
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 Ear drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5% – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		5 g 10 ml	Devatis Chlorsig
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose			g
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3%	9.73	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%			
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%			
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%	5.29	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%			
TOBRAMYCIN	10.45	0.5 -	Tahaaa
Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%		3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals			
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%			
Antivirals			
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027	15.89	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations			
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramici 50 mcg per ml	din		
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXII Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulp			
6,000 u per g Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b		3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml	4.50	5 ml	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%	12.64	5 ml	Tobradex

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIOQUINOL Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%			
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN	AND NYSTATIN		
Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5	mg and		
gramicidin 250 mcg per g	5.16	7.5 ml	Kenacomb
Anti-Inflammatory Preparations			
Corticosteroids			
DEXAMETHASONE			
Eye oint 0.1%	5.86	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	4.50	5 ml	Maxidex
Ccular implant 700 mcg	1,444.50	1	Ozurdex
 → Restricted (RS1606) Initiation – Diabetic macular oedema Ophthalmologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic legent patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 – 6/48 with Either: 	functional awareness of with bevacizumab; or <i>v</i> ith anti-VEGF agents; equently than once even ned); and equently than once even	and ry 4 month	is into each eye, and up to a
Initiation – Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular o Ophthalmologist	edema		
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 – 6/48 with Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet complete Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more from maximum of 3 implants per eye per year. 	d a family; and		·
Continuation – Women of child bearing age with diabetic macul Ophthalmologist	lar oedema		
Re-assessment required after 12 months			

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

SENSORY ORGANS

	P	Price		Brand or
		excl. GS1	-)	Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
LUOROMETHOLONE				
Eye drops 0.1%		3.09	5 ml	FML
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE				
Eye drops 0.12%				
Eye drops 1%			5 ml	Pred Forte
		6.92	10 ml	Prednisolone- AFT
		10.00	00 daaa	Minims Prednisolone
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)		.43.20	20 dose	Minims Predhisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs				
ICLOFENAC SODIUM				
Eye drops 0.1%		8.80	5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Voltaren Ophtha Eye drops 0.1% to be delisted 1 December 2024)				·
ETOROLAC TROMETAMOL				
Eye drops 0.5%				
IEPAFENAC				
Eye drops 0.3%				
Decongestants and Antiallergics				
Antiallergic Preparations				
EVOCABASTINE				
Eye drops 0.05%				
ODOXAMIDE				
Eye drops 0.1%		8.71	10 ml	Lomide
DLOPATADINE				
Eye drops 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		2.17	5 ml	Olopatadine Teva
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE				•
Eye drops 2% – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		2.62	10 ml	Allerfix
Decongestants				
IAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Eye drops 0.1% – 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027			15 ml	Albalon
Nerthern Foste Fue drame 0.10(to be delicited 1. January 0005)		4.15		Naphcon Forte
Naphcon Forte Eye drops 0.1% to be delisted 1 January 2025)				
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations				
Diagnostic Dyes				
Diagnostic Dyes				
Diagnostic Dyes ELUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose	1	25.00	19	Fluorescite
Diagnostic Dyes EUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial	1	25.00	12	Fluorescite
Diagnostic Dyes ELUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg	1	25.00	12	Fluorescite
Diagnostic Dyes EUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial	1	25.00	12	Fluorescite

x man.	rice excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic
			rei	Manufacturer
ide m ide m	5.00		15 ml	Balanced Salt Solution e.g. Balanced Salt
ide m ide m				Solution e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
	10.50		500 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
SULPH	50.00 60.00 28.50		1 1 1 1	Healon GV Healon GV Pro Healon 5 Healon
ie nl			1	Duovisc
			1 1	Duovisc Viscoat
	m ide m ide m 	m	m	m

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated. SENSORY ORGANS

SENSORY ORGANS

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other		Ψ			
DISODIUM EDETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1% Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500					
Glaucoma Preparations					
Beta Blockers					
BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25% Eye drops 0.5% (Betoptic S Eye drops 0.25% to be delisted 1 July 2025) (Betoptic Eye drops 0.5% to be delisted 1 July 2025) TIMOLOL				5 ml 5 ml	Betoptic S Betoptic
Eye drops 0.25% − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Eye drops 0.5% − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 ⇒ Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming − Restricted: For continuation only				5 ml 5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Arrow-Timolol
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors					
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg Inj 500 mg		.17.03	3	100	Diamox
BRINZOLAMIDE Eye drops 1% – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 DORZOLAMIDE – Restricted: For continuation only ➡ Eye drops 2%		5.1 ⁻	1	5 ml	Azopt
DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% – 5% DV Feb-25 to 2027		3.58	3	5 ml	Dortimopt
Miotics					
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent CARBACHOL Inj 150 mcg vial PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 1% Eye drops 2% Eye drops 4% PILOCARPINE NITRATE Eye drops 2%, single dose		5.3	5	15 ml 15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% – 5% DV Jan-25 to 2027	5.15	3 ml	Bimatoprost Multichem Lumigan
(Bimatoprost Multichem Eye drops 0.03% to be delisted 1 January 2 LATANOPROST Eye drops 0.005%	,	2.5 ml	Teva
ATANOPROST WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.005% with timolol 0.5% – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4.95	2.5 ml	Arrow - Lattim
IRAVOPROST Eye drops 0.004% – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	6.80	2.5 ml	Travatan
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5% BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE	19.77	5 ml	lopidine
Eye drops 0.2%	4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL MALEATE Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5% – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	7.13	5 ml	Combigan
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose Eye drops 1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose TROPICAMIDE	8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	7.15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2% (Poly Gel Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose to be delisted 1 July 202		30	Poly Gel
Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in hold			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%	. 19.50	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1% Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose	2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%			
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	3.63	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3%, 10 ml bottle Note: Only for use in compounding an eye drop formulation Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, single dose POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose 	.10.78	30	Systane Unit Dose
RETINOL PALMITATE Oint 138 mcg per g	3.80	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Eye drops 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	.13.58	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings			
Antidotes			
ACETYLCYSTEINE Tab eff 200 mg Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule AMYL NITRITE Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB Inj 38 mg vial Inj 40 mg vial ETHANOL Liq 96% ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule	52.88	10	Martindale Pharma
Inj 96% FLUMAZENIL Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 (Hameln Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 December 20.	110.12	5 10	Flumazenil-Baxter Hameln
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 5 g vial Inj 2.5 g vial			
NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule PRALIDOXIME CHLORIDE Inj 1 g vial	35.26	10	Hameln
PRALIDOXIME IODIDE Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SODIUM NITRITE Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
SODIUM THIOSULFATE Inj 250 mg per ml, 100 ml vial Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SOYA OIL Inj 20%, 500 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle			
Antitoxins			

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN Inj 250 ml vial VARIOUS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN Inj 10,000 iu vial

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM Inj 500 u vial SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CHARCOAL Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DEFERASIROX – Restricted see terms below			
	276.00	28	Exjade
Tab 250 mg dispersible		28	Exjade
Tab 500 mg dispersible	1,105.00	28	Exjade
→ Restricted (RS1444)			

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

Continuation

Haematologist Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels.

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 500 mg	533.17	100	Ferriprox
Oral liq 100 mg per ml		250 ml	Ferriprox
→ Restricted (RS1445)			
Initiation			
Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to conger	nital inherited anaemia	a or acquire	ed red cell aplasia.
DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE			
Inj 500 mg vial		10	DBL Desferrioxamine
, ,			Mesylate for Inj BP

			VANIOUS
	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ICOBALT EDETATE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPROL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID			a a DONZ Ontimus
Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare,
			Chemet
Cap 200 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus
			Healthcare,
			Chemet
ODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
HLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 0.1%			
Soln 4%	45.50	500 ml	h M T
Soln 5%		500 ml	healthE
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5%			
Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%			
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml		1	healthE
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%			
SOPROPYL ALCOHOL			
Soln 70%, 500 ml		1	healthE
OVIDONE-IODINE		•	
Vaginal tab 200 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1354)			
nitiation			
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.			
Oint 10%		65 g	Betadine
Soln 10%	4.15	100 ml	Riodine
Soln 5%			
Soln 7.5% Soln 10%,	3 83	15 ml	Riodine
Cont 10 /0,	6.99	500 ml	Riodine
Pad 10%	0.00	000111	
Swab set 10%			
OVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 10% with ethanol 30% Soln 10% with ethanol 70%			

VARIOUS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ODIUM HYPOCHLORITE			
Soln			
Contrast Media			
Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
NATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 10	0 ml		
bottle		100 ml	Gastrografin
Oral liquid 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml,			-
100 ml bottle		10 ml	Gastrografin Ger
	399.00		Gastrografin S29
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle	90.00	1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
DDISED OIL			
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule		1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
DDIXANOL			
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	260.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
DHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	94.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle		6	Omnipaque

Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

BARIUM SULPHATE

Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle	17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	189.15	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	159.05	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Grans for oral liq 960 mg per g (96% w/w), 176 g bottle	530.00	24	Vanilla SilQ MD
Grans for oral liq 980 mg per g (98% w/w), 310 g bottle	490.00	24	Vanilla SilQ HD
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 450 ml bottle	97.50	12	Readi-CAT 2
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	15.95	1	Neulumex
	191.40	12	Neulumex
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle	52.35	3	Tagitol V
RIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 g			
sachet	90.25	50	E-Z-Gas II
	Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle Grans for oral liq 960 mg per g (96% w/w), 176 g bottle Grans for oral liq 980 mg per g (98% w/w), 310 g bottle Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 450 ml bottle Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle RIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 g	159.05 Grans for oral liq 960 mg per g (96% w/w), 176 g bottle 530.00 Grans for oral liq 980 mg per g (98% w/w), 310 g bottle 530.00 Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 450 ml bottle 97.50 Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle 97.50 Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle 15.95 INM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE 52.35 Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 g 97.50	Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle 189.15 250 ml 38.40 240 ml 159.05 230 ml Grans for oral liq 960 mg per g (96% w/w), 176 g bottle 530.00 24 Grans for oral liq 980 mg per g (98% w/w), 310 g bottle 490.00 24 Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 450 ml bottle 97.50 12 Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle 15.95 1 Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle 52.35 3 RIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 g 10

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	g		
sachet			e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe		5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled			
syringe		5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled			
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADOTERIC ACID			
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
lnj 279.30 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle	9.10	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefille	d		
syringe		1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
			0
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	159.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
		100 111	Billoopin
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial		1	Definity
	720.00	4	Definity
Diagnostic Agents			
RGININE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle			

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE

Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial VARIOUS

	f (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MANNITOL					
Powder for inhalation					e.g. Aridol
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg					
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE					
Inj 100 u vial					
Inj 80 u vial					
Inj 100 u ampoule					
SINCALIDE					
Inj 5 mcg per vial					
Diagnostic Dyes					
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE					
Soln					
INDIGO CARMINE					
Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule					
INDOCYANINE GREEN					
Inj 25 mg vial					
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE]					
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	2	240.3	5	5	Proveblue
PATENT BLUE V					
Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule				5	Obex Medical
Inj 2.5%, 5 ml prefilled syringe	4	420.0	0	5	InterPharma

Irrigation Solutions

VARIOUS

CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 500 ml bottle

➡ Restricted (RS1683)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body surface area (BSA); and
- 2 For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of large burn areas requiring debridement/skin grafting; and
- 3 The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the area to be covered.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 100 ml bottle			
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule	29.76	30	Pfizer
GLYCINE			
Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag	33.50	4	B Braun
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag	54.40	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule	12.50	20	InterPharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle	16.10	10	Baxter Sodium Chloride
			0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle	21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

VARIOUS

(ex)	Price man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
WATER			
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag	57.74	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle		10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle	21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE Soln 50% Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM HYDROXIDE Soln 10%

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

	Pric (ex man. e: \$	xcl. GST)	Per	Bran Gene Manu	
Cardioplegia Solutions					
ELECTROLYTES Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mr potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium c 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mr tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chlorid	hloride, nol/l				
1,000 ml bag Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.807 per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol	glutamic			e.g.	Custodiol-HTK
11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag				e.g.	Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.
Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, gj acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg p sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 m ml, 527 ml bag	oer ml,			e.g.	Cardioplegia
Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per	mg ml,				Enriched Solution
523 ml bag				e.g.	Cardioplegia Base Solution
Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml ba				e.g.	Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832
Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesi 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag	um and			e.g.	Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solutior
MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bott MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml	le				,

Cold Storage Solutions

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SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations			
ACETIC ACID			
Liq			
ALUM			
Powder BP			
ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL] Liq			
ASCORBIC ACID			
Powder			
BENZOIN			
Tincture compound BP			
BISMUTH SUBGALLATE Powder			
BORIC ACID Powder			
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Soln 1.5%			
CETRIMIDE			
Soln 40%			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE			
Soln 20 %			
CHLOROFORM			
CITRIC ACID Powder BP			
CLOVE OIL			
Liq			
COAL TAR			
Soln BP		200 ml	Midwest
CODEINE PHOSPHATE			
Powder COLLODION FLEXIBLE			
COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE			
Soln		100 ml	Midwest
CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGE	EN PHOSPHATE		
Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 n ampoule	h		
DITHRANOL Powder			
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Powder			

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN			
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE			
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL			
Lig		500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP
1			Liquid
HYDROCORTISONE			
Powder		25 g	ABM
LACTOSE			
Powder			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE			
Paste			
MENTHOL			
Crystals			
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Powder			
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE			
Powder	8 98	25 g	Midwest
METHYLCELLULOSE		20 g	manoor
Powder	36.95	100 g	Midwest
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN			
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE			
Suspension	30.95	473 ml	Ora-Blend
OLIVE OIL			
Liq			
PARAFFIN			
Lig			
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM			
Powder			
PHENOL			
Lig			
PILOCARPINE NITRATE			
Powder			
POVIDONE K30 Powder			
SALICYLIC ACID			
Powder			
SILVER NITRATE			
Crystals			
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder BP	10.05	500 g	Midwest

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	iST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CITRATE Powder			
SODIUM METABISULFITE Powder			
STARCH Powder			
SULPHUR Precipitated Sublimed			
SYRUP Liq (pharmaceutical grade)		500 ml	Midwest
THEOBROMA OIL Oint			
TRI-SODIUM CITRATE Crystals			
TRICHLORACETIC ACID Grans			
UREA Powder BP			
WOOL FAT Oint, anhydrous			
XANTHAN Gum 1%			
ZINC OXIDE Powder			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

➡ Restricted (RS1467)

Initiation – Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children; or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation – Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

t Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, can6.72 400 g Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted (RS1468)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia; or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites; or

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12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation – Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula. LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - **Restricted** see terms above

t	Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	15.38	200 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		38.44	500 ml	Calogen (neutral)
		15.38	200 ml	Calogen (strawberry)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT – Restricted set Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, bottle Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle WALNUT OIL – Restricted see terms on the previous page		page 500 ml 4	MCT Oil Liquigen
t Liq			
Protein			
 → Restricted (RS1469) Initiation – Use as an additive Either: Protein losing enteropathy; or High protein needs. Initiation – Use as a module For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least or Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria as PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms above Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g can 	ssociated with all of the		
t Powder 6 g protein per 7 g, can		227 g	Resource Beneprotein
t Powder 89 g protein, less than 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat p can	-	225 g	Protifar
Other Supplements			
CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terr ↓ Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, can → Restricted (RS1212) Initiation Both:		400 g	Duocal Super Soluble Powder
 Infant or child aged four years or under; and Any of the following: Cystic fibrosis; or Cancer in children; or Faltering growth; or Hornchopulmonary dysplasia; or Premature and post premature infants. HUMAN MILK FORTIFIER Powder 0.325 g protein, 0.37 g carbohydrate and 0.175 g fat pe sachet 		50	Human Milk Fortifier
Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g	sachet		e.g. FM 85

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

continued...

SPECIAL FOODS

 D.'		
Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, Health NZ Hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by Pharmac; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

Pharmac intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN Powder	380 g	Aptamil Feed Thickener
GUAR GUM Powder		e.g. Guarcol
MAIZE STARCH Powder	300 g	Nutilis
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM Powder		e.g. Instant Thick
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID Powder		e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted (RS2047)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For the dietary management of inherited metabolic disease; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy.

Supplements for Glutaric Aciduria Type 1

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

t	Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can		e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant
t	Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can		e.g. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid
AN	IINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE) – Restricted see terms above		
t	Powder (neutral) 5 g protein, 5.4 g carbohydrate, 2.3 g fat and 2 g fibre		
	per 18 g sachet750.30	30	GA1 Anamix Junior
t	Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet	30	GA Explore 5
t	Powder, 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 3.7 g fibre per		
	100 g, 400 g can260.00	400 g	GA1 Anamix Infant

SPECIAL F	OODS
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Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Homocystinuria		
MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) – Restricted see terms on the pre Powder (neutral), 10 g protein, 11.5 g carbohydrate and 4.5 g fat per	vious page	
36 g sachet	30	HCU Anamix Junior
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.55 g fat per 25 g sachet1,048.95	30	HCU Express 15
Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet	30	HCU Explore 5
can	500 g	XMET Maxamum
Powder (unflavoured) 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can	400 g	HCU Anamix Infant
Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein, 9.3 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g fat and 0.44 g fibre per 125 ml bottle	30	HCU Lophlex LQ
per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	36	HCU Anamix Junior L
Supplements for MSUD and Short chain enoyl coA hydratase def	iciency	
/INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) - Restrict Powder (neutral) 10 g protein, 11.5 g carbohydrate and 4.5 g fat per	ed see term	ns on the previous page
36 g sachet750.00	30	MSUD Anamix Junior
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 25 g sachet1,048.95	30	MSUD Express 15
Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet	30	MSUD Explore 5
Powder (orange) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can454.71	500 g	MSUD Maxamum
Powder (unflavoured) 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and		
5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can	400 g	MSUD Anamix Infant

	5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can260.00	400 g	MSUD Anamix Infant
t	Powder (unflavoured) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g,		
	500 g can454.71	500 g	MSUD Maxamum
t	Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g fat and	-	
	0.5 g fibre per 125 ml pouch1,684.80	30	MSUD Lophlex LQ 20
t	Liquid (orange) 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre		·
	per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	36	MSUD Anamix Junior LQ
	•		

	(ex m	Price an. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
s	upplements for Phenylketonuria			
AN	INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restricted see to	erms on page	274	
t	Tab 8.33 mg		75	Phlexy 10
I	Powder (Berry), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 g sachet.	449.28	60	PKU Restore Powder
t	Powder (Lemon), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g			
•	sachet	883.50	30	PKU Express 20
τ	Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g	000 50	00	
t	sachet Powder (Neutral), 5.0 g protein, 5.2 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g	883.50	30	PKU Express 20
•	sachet	220.88	30	PKU Explore 5
t	Powder (Orange), 10 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 0.4 g fat per 25 g	220.00	30	FRO Explore 5
•	sachet	441 75	30	PKU Explore 10
t	Powder (Orange), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g		00	
	sachet	883.50	30	PKU Express 20
t	Powder (Orange), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 g			
	sachet	449.28	60	PKU Restore Powder
t	Powder (Raspberry), 10 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 0.4 g fat per 25 g			
	sachet	441.75	30	PKU Explore 10
t	Powder (Tropical), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 34 g			
•	sachet	883.50	30	PKU Express 20
τ	Powder (berry) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per			
•	28 g sachet.	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex Powder
t	Powder (chocolate) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per	202.00	20	DKI L Anomiv Lunior
t	100 g, 36 g sachet Powder (neutral) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per	393.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
•	28 g sachet	036 00	30	PKU Lophlex Powder
t	Powder (neutral) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per	930.00	30	FRO LOphiex Fowder
•	100 g, 36 g sachet	393.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
t	Powder (orange) 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per		00	
-	28 g sachet	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex Powder
t	Powder (orange) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per			
	100 g, 36 g sachet	393.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
t	Powder (unflavoured), 5 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate per 12.5 g			
	sachets	234.00	30	PKU First Spoon
t	Powder (vanilla) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per			
	100 g, 36 g sachet	393.00	30	PKU Anamix Junior
t	Powder (orange) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g			
•	can	320.00	500 g	XP Maxamum
I	Powder (unflavoured) 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g,			XD M
•	500 g can	320.00	500 g	XP Maxamum
τ	Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per	174 70	100 -	DKI I Anomin Infort
ŧ	100 g, 400 g can	174.72	400 g	PKU Anamix Infant
•	Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	12 10	125 ml	PKU Anamix Junior LQ
		13.10	123 111	(Berry)
				PKU Anamix Junior LQ
				(Orange)
				PKU Anamix Junior LQ
				(Unflavoured)
t	Liquid (juicy berries) 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per			· · · · · /
	100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle	939.00	60	PKU Lophlex LQ 10

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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SPECIAL FOODS

	Price . excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
(ex man	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Liquid (juicy berries) 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre			
per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
Liquid (juicy orange) 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre			
per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
Liquid (juicy tropical) 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per			
100 ml, 125 ml bottle	936.00	30	PKU Lophlex LQ 20
Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml			
carton		18	Easiphen Liquid
Powder (Neutral), 14.3 g protein, 25 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can	715.16	4	PKU Start
Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per			
100 g, 109 g pot1,	123.20	36	PKU Lophlex Sensatio
			20 (berries)
YCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME PHENYLALAI	VINE - Rest	ricted see	terms on page 274
Powder (Neutral), 10 g protein, 0.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 15 g			
sachet	449.28	30	PKU Build 10
Powder (neutral), 15 g protein, 15 g carbohydrate, 4.5 g fat per 40 g			
sachet		30	Glytactin Bettermilk
Powder (unflavoured) 10 g protein, 4 g carbohydrate per 12.5 g sachet		30	PKU GMPro Mix-In
Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 31 g sachet	898.56	30	PKU Build 20 Raspber
			Lemonade PKU Build 20 Smooth
Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 32 g sachet	898 56	30	PKU Build 20 Chocola
Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 33 g sachet		30	PKU Build 20 Vanilla
Powder 20 g protein, 4.9 g carbohydrate per 33.4 g sachet		30	PKU GMPro Ultra
	000.00	00	Lemonade
			PKU GMPro Ultra Van
Powder 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet		30	PKU sphere20 Lemon
Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Chocol
			PKU sphere20 Red Be
			PKU sphere20 Vanilla
Powder 20 g protein, 6.7 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Banana
Liquid (Coffee Mocha), 15 g protein, 3.1 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat			
250 ml, carton	684.45	30	PKU Glytactin RTD
			15 Lite
Liquid (chocolate), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250 ml,	~~ / / =		
carton		30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15
Liquid (neutral),10 g protein, 8.5 g carbohydrate per 250 ml carton	280.80	18	PKU GMPro LQ
Liquid (original), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250 ml,	~~		
carton	684.45	30	PKU Glytactin RTD 15
Liquid (vanilla), 15 g protein, 3.3 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat per 250 ml,	004.45	00	DKU OLAS I DTC
carton	684.45	30	PKU Glytactin RTD
			15 Lite

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Tyrosinaemia			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYF Powder (neutral) 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fa	,	see terms or	n page 274
100 g, 36 g sachet Powder (neutral), 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per		30	TYR Anamix Junior
 Powder (neural), o g piolent, o o g carbonydrate, o.2 g fat por sachet		30	TYR Explore 5
100 g, 400 g can Liquid (orange) 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.2		400 g	TYR Anamix Infant
per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle Liquid (juicy berries), 20 g protein,8.8 g carbohydrate, 0.44 g fa	941.40 at and	36	TYR Anamix Junior LQ
0.5 g fibre per 125 ml pouch GLYCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME 1		30 YLALANINE	TYR Lophlex LQ 20 - Restricted see terms or
page 274 Powder (Red Berry), 20 g protein, 6.3 carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat p			
sachet Powder (Vanilla), 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat pe		30	TYR Sphere 20
sachet	1,398.60	30	TYR Sphere 20
X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products			
GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE – Restricted see terms on page 274 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle			
GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE – Restricted see terms on page 274 Liquid, bottle		500 ml	GTO Oil
Supplements for Glycogen Storage Disease			
HIGH AMYLOPECTIN CORN-STARCH – Restricted see terms o Powder 0 g protein, 53 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 60 g sachel		30	Glycosade
Supplements for Organic Acidaemias			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE page 274		ALINE) – Re	estricted see terms on
Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g 100 g, 400 g can		400 g	MMA/PA Anamix Infant
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE, THREONINE Powder (neutral), 5 g protein, 5.4 g carbohydrate, 2.3 g fat and	,	ricted see te	erms on page 274
fibre per 18 g sachet Powder, 15 g protein, 3.4 g carbohydrate, 0.05 g fat per 25 g s Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g s	achet1,048.95	30 30 30	MMA/PA Anamix Junior MMA/PA Express 15 MMA/PA Explore 5
Single Dose Amino Acids			
ARGININE – Restricted see terms on page 274 Powder 1.7 g protein, 1.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Arginine2000
CITRULLINE – Restricted see terms on page 274 Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Citrulline1000
ISOLEUCINE – Restricted see terms on page 274 Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet		30	Isoleucine50
tem restricted (see → above): I tem restricted (see			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

SPECIAL FOODS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LEUCINE – Restricted see terms on page 274 Powder 0.08 g protein, 3.7 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Leucine100
PHENYLALANINE – Restricted see terms on page 274 Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet TYROSINE – Restricted see terms on page 274	141.05	30	Phenylalanine50
Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet		30	Tyrosine1000
Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Valine50
Other Fat Modified Products			
ELEMENTAL FEED WITH HIGH MEDIUM CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE Powder (neutral), 12.5 g protein, 60 g carbohydrate and 16.4 g	fat per		
100 g sachet		10	Emsogen
Essential Amino Acids			
ESSENTIAL AMINO ACID FORMULA – Restricted see terms on Powder (neutral) 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can	•	200 g	Essential Amino Acid Mix
Specialised Formulas			
Diabetic Products			
Destated (DO1015)			
 → Restricted (RS1215) Initiation Any of the following: For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight to For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothin For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or hig causes such as catabolism; or For use pre- and post-surgery; or For patients being tube-fed; or For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition. 	g for 5 days; or h nutrient losses and/	·	
Initiation Any of the following: 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight to 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothin 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or hig causes such as catabolism; or 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or 6 For patients being tube-fed; or 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition. DIABETIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above t Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre	g for 5 days; or h nutrient losses and/ pper	or increased	nutritional needs from
 Initiation Any of the following: For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight to For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothin For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or hig causes such as catabolism; or For use pre- and post-surgery; or For patients being tube-fed; or For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition. DIABETIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre 100 ml, 200 ml bottle 	g for 5 days; or h nutrient losses and/ per 2.25 ve	·	
 Initiation Any of the following: For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight to For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothin For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or hig causes such as catabolism; or For use pre- and post-surgery; or For patients being tube-fed; or For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition. DIABETIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above 1 Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre 100 ml, 200 ml bottle 	g for 5 days; or h nutrient losses and/ per 2.25 ve 500 ml	or increased	nutritional needs from Diasip (strawberry) Diasip (vanilla) Glucerna Select <i>e.g. Nutrison Advanced</i>
 Initiation Any of the following: For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight to For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothin For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or hig causes such as catabolism; or For use pre- and post-surgery; or For patients being tube-fed; or For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition. DIABETIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre 100 ml, 200 ml bottle LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 	g for 5 days; or h nutrient losses and/ per 2.25 ve 500 ml	or increased 200 ml	nutritional needs from Diasip (strawberry) Diasip (vanilla) Glucerna Select

	f (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products					
 → Restricted (RS1216) Initiation Any of the following: Malabsorption; or Short bowel syndrome; or Enterocutaneous fistulas; or Ensinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or Inflammatory bowel disease; or Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. 					
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above t Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms abo		4.50	0	80 g	Vivonex TEN
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 2 carton	50 ml	179.4	6	18	Elemental 028 Extra (grapefruit) Elemental 028 Extra (pineapple & orange) Elemental 028 Extra (summer fruits)
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terr Liquid 4 g protein, 17.7 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml, b		7.4	7	500 ml	Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb
 PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see to tail Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 m PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g 400 g can Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, can 	l, bottle g, 400 g		9 1	,000 ml	Vital e.g. Peptamen Junior e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms a Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, ca		4.9	5	237 ml	Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)
Fat Modified Products					
 FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below I Powder 12.8 g protein, 68.6 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 → Restricted (RS1470) Initiation Any of the following: Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or Patient has a chyle leak; or Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults. Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria association 	odule and	at lea	ist one		

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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SPECIAL FOODS

	F	Price			Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Hepatic Products				-	
→ Restricted (RS1217)					
Initiation					
For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant. HEPATIC ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above					
t Powder 12 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, car	۱	.93.97	,	400 g	Heparon Junior
High Calorie Products					
→ Restricted (RS1317)					
Initiation					
Any of the following: 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or					
2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or					
3 Both:					
3.1 Any of the following:					
3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or					
3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or					
3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and					
3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirement	ts.				
ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above					
 Liquid 10 g protein, 17.5 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bat Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bot 				500 ml 500 ml	Fresubin 2kcal HP Nutrison Concentrated
Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 mi, bot Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre p		0.02	•	500 m	Numbon Concentrated
100 ml, bottle		. 13.64	l 1	I,000 ml	Ensure Two Cal HN RTH
ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above					
Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbohydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibre p				000	The Orland
100 ml, bottle PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms		2.34		200 ml	Two Cal HN
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 14.3 g carbohydrate and 2.8 g fat per 100 ml, b		9.60)	500 ml	Survimed OPD
High Protein Products					
•					
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see term Liquid 10 g protein, 12.9 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat and 0.64 g fib					
 Elquid To g protein, 12.9 g carbonyurate and 5.2 g rat and 0.04 g nic per 100 ml, bag 		9.60)	500 ml	Fresubin Intensive
→ Restricted (RS1327)					
Initiation					
Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and					
2 Any of the following:					
2.1 Patient has liver disease; or					
2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or	r				
2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using l	high calo	rie nro	duct		
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML – Restricted see ter	•				
Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, b				I,000 ml	Nutrison Protein Plus
				,	

(ex m	Price an. excl \$. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1327) Initiation				
Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and				
2 Any of the following:				
 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high c 	alorio n	roduct		
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.26 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms be	•	iouuci.		
Liquid 10 g protein, 10.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle . A Restricted (RS1327) Initiation		67	500 ml	Nutrison Protein Intense
Both:				
1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and				
2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or				
2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or				
2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high c	alorio n	roduct		
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms be				
Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	10 W			
100 ml, bottle	12.5	54	1,000 ml	Nutrison Protein Plus
➡ Restricted (RS1327)				Multi Fibre
Initiation				
Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and				
2 Any of the following:				
2.1 Patient has liver disease; or				
2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or				
2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high c	alorie p	roduct.		
Infant Formulas				
AMINO ACID FORMULA – Restricted see terms on the next page				
Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 400 g can				e.g. Neocate
Powder 13 g protein, 49 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can			400 g	Neocate SYNEO
Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, can	55.6	61	400 g	Neocate Junior
Powder 13.3 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.6 g fat per 100 g, can .			400 g	Unflavoured Alfamino
Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can .	55.6	61	400 g	Neocate Gold
Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can .	55.6	61	400 g	(Unflavoured) Neocate Junior Vanilla
Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can	43.6	60	400 g	Alfamino Junior
Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can	65.7	2	400 g	Elecare LCP
Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can	65.7	2	400 g	(Unflavoured) Elecare (Unflavoured) Elecare (Vanilla)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

➡ Restricted (RS1867)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled for 2-4 weeks and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis; or
- 4 Ultra-short gut; or
- 5 Severe Immune deficiency.

Continuation

All of the following:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula; and
- 3 Amino acid formula is required for a nutritional deficit.

Initiation - patients who are currently funded under RS1502 or SA1557

Limited to 3 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a valid initiation or renewal approval for extensively hydrolysed formula (RS1502); and
- 2 Patient is unable to source funded Aptamil powder at this time; and
- 3 The approval only applies to funded dispensings of Neocate Gold and Neocate Syneo.

Note: This criteria is short term funding to cover an out-of-stock situation on some extensively hydrolysed formula powder funded under Hospital Restriction RS1502. There is no continuation criteria under this criterion.

ENTERAL LIQUID PEPTIDE FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

↓ Liquid 4.2 g protein, 18.6 g carbohydrate and 6.58 g fat per 100 ml......18.66 500 ml Nutrini Peptisorb Energy → Restricted (RS1775)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has impaired gastrointestinal function and either cannot tolerate polymeric feeds, or polymeric feeds are unsuitable; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Severe malabsorption; or
 - 2.2 Short bowel syndrome; or
 - 2.3 Intractable diarrhoea; or
 - 2.4 Biliary atresia; or
 - 2.5 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malabsorption; or
 - 2.6 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.7 Proven fat malabsorption; or
 - 2.8 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
 - 2.9 Intestinal failure; or
 - 2.10 Both:
 - 2.10.1 The patient is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
 - 2.10.2 The patient is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an enteral liquid peptide formula; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 A semi-elemental or partially hydrolysed powdered feed has been reasonably trialled and considered unsuitable; or
 - 3.2 For step down from intravenous nutrition.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued		
Continuation		
Both:		
1 An assessment as to whether the patient can be transitioned to a cows milk protein or soy but released formula has been undertaken; and	infant forr	nula or extensively
hydrolysed formula has been undertaken; and 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the patient continues to require an enteral liquid pe	ntide form	nula
		iuia.
EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA – Restricted see terms below		
Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can	a Allo	rpro Syneo 1
Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g	y Alle	ipio Syrieo I
can	n Alle	rpro Syneo 2
Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g, can 18.10 450	0	ti-Junior
→ Restricted (RS1502)	5 -1	
Initiation		
Any of the following:		
1 Both:		
1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protei1.2 Either:	n content;	and
1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of sympton 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or	is; or	
2 Severe malabsorption; or		
3 Short bowel syndrome; or		
4 Intractable diarrhoea; or		
5 Biliary atresia; or		
6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or		
7 Cystic fibrosis; or		
 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or 		
10 Intestinal failure; or		
11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.		
Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated alle	raic react	ion.
Continuation	3	
Both:		
1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy	nfant form	iula has been
undertaken; and		
2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydro	lysed infa	int formula.
FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA		
Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g,		
400 g can	e.g.	Galactomin 19
LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA		
Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g		
can	e.g.	Karicare Aptamil
		Gold De-Lact
Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g		0001
can	e.g.	S26 Lactose Free
LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA		1
Powder 14.6 g protein, 55.2 g carbohydrate and 25.8 g fat per 100 g, can46.18 400	J LOC	asol
Powder 14.8 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.7 g fat per 100 g and tuna fish oil (DHA), can		acol
tuna fish oil (DHA), can		asol 2025)
	i maiuli Z	020)

t Item restricted (see → above); ↓ Item restricted (see → below)

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Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer s PAEDIATRIC OBAL/ENTERAL EEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per ſ 125 ml Infatrini → Restricted (RS1614) Initiation - Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering growth Both: 1 Either: 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg. Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding. PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle0.75 100 ml S26 LBW Gold RTF Liquid 2.3 g protein. 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml. 90 ml ſ bottle e.a. Pre Nan Gold RTF ſ Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml bottle e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm → Restricted (RS1224) Initiation For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth. THICKENED FORMULA Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g e.g. Karicare Aptamil can Thickened AR Ketogenic Diet Products HIGH FAT FORMULA - Restricted see terms below Powder 14.3 g protein, 2.8 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100 g, can 36.92 300 a Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured)

→ Restricted (RS1225)

Initiation

ſ

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

Paediatric Products

→ Restricted (RS1473) Initiation

Both:

- 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
- 2 Any of the following:

continued...

Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)

3:1 (Unflavoured)

Ketocal

300 a

SPECIAL FOODS

Powder 15.4 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 68.6 g fat per 100 g, can 36.92

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)			Brand or Generic	
	(ex man. e		Per	Manufacturer	
ontinued					
 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be in 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube fee 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or no 	eding to oral feed	ding; or	f feeding;	or	
AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see	terms on the pre	evious pag	le		
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g f 100 ml, bag		6.27	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH	
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terr Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see ter) ml) ml, bottle nl, bag	6.50 4.69 3.32	500 ml 500 ml 500 ml	Frebini Original Nutrini RTH Pediasure RTH	
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.7 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100			500 ml	Frebini Energy	
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g f) ml, bottle		500 ml	Nutrini Energy RTH	
100 ml, bottle		7.14	500 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre	
AEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML - Restr	ricted see terms	on the pr	evious pa	ge	
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate, 4.5g fat and 0.8 g fil 100 ml	•	7.00	500 ml	Frebini Original Fibre	
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML – Res	stricted see tern	ns on the	previous p	bage	
	ibre per		previous p 500 ml	page Frebini Energy Fibre	
 Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g f 100 ml PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms o 	ibre per n the previous p	7.00 bage	500 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre	
 Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g f 100 ml PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms o 	ibre per n the previous p	7.00 bage		Frebini Energy Fibre Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry	
100 ml PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms of Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r	ibre per n the previous p nl, bottlen nl, can	7.00 bage 1.33	500 ml	•	
 Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g f 100 ml PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms o Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 	ibre per n the previous p nl, bottle nl, can on the previous 0 ml, bottle	7.00 page 1.33 1.66 s page	500 ml 200 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry Pediasure (Vanilla)	
 Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g f 100 ml PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms of Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fat 	ibre per n the previous p nl, bottle nl, can on the previous 0 ml, bottle bottle per	7.00 page 1.33 1.66 page 1.90	500 ml 200 ml 250 ml 200 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre Pediasure (Chocolate, Pediasure (Strawberry Pediasure (Vanilla) Pediasure (Vanilla) Fortini (Strawberry) Fortini (Vanilla)	
 Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g f 100 ml PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms o Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 	ibre per n the previous p nl, bottle nl, can on the previous 0 ml, bottle bottle per	7.00 page 1.33 1.66 page 1.90	500 ml 200 ml 250 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla) Pediasure (Vanilla) Fortini (Strawberry) Fortini (Vanilla) Fortini Multi Fibre (Chocolate) Fortini Multi Fibre	
 Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g f 100 ml PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms o Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fat 	ibre per n the previous p nl, bottle nl, can on the previous 0 ml, bottle bottle per	7.00 page 1.33 1.66 page 1.90	500 ml 200 ml 250 ml 200 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry Pediasure (Vanilla) Pediasure (Vanilla) Fortini (Strawberry) Fortini (Vanilla) Fortini Multi Fibre (Chocolate) Fortini Multi Fibre (Strawberry) Fortini Multi Fibre	
 Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g f 100 ml PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms of Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r Experimental Correction of the set of	ibre per n the previous p nl, bottle nl, can on the previous 0 ml, bottle bottle per	7.00 page 1.33 1.66 page 1.90	500 ml 200 ml 250 ml 200 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry Pediasure (Vanilla) Pediasure (Vanilla) Fortini (Strawberry) Fortini (Vanilla) Fortini Multi Fibre (Chocolate) Fortini Multi Fibre (Strawberry) Fortini Multi Fibre (Unflavoured) Fortini Multi Fibre	
 Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g f 100 ml PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms of Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fat 	ibre per n the previous p nl, bottle nl, can on the previous 0 ml, bottle ibre per 0 ml,	7.00 page 1.33 1.66 s page 1.90	500 ml 200 ml 250 ml 200 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry Pediasure (Vanilla) Pediasure (Vanilla) Fortini (Strawberry) Fortini (Vanilla) Fortini Multi Fibre (Chocolate) Fortini Multi Fibre (Strawberry) Fortini Multi Fibre (Unflavoured)	
 Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g f 100 ml PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms of Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 r PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g f 100 ml, bottle Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 	ibre per n the previous p nl, bottle nl, can on the previous 0 ml, bottle ibre per 0 ml,	7.00 page 1.33 1.66 s page 1.90	500 ml 200 ml 250 ml 200 ml 200 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla) Pediasure (Vanilla) Pediasure (Vanilla) Fortini (Strawberry) Fortini (Vanilla) Fortini Multi Fibre (Chocolate) Fortini Multi Fibre (Strawberry) Fortini Multi Fibre (Unflavoured) Fortini Multi Fibre (Vanilla)	

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

		Price excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
 Restricted (RS1227) itiation or children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease. OW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g 100 ml, carton. 		3.31	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
 Restricted (RS1228) itiation or patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. 				,
 DW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 m bottle Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml carton Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml bottle Restricted (RS1228) iitiation or patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. 	I, 237 ml , 125 ml , 200 ml		4	Renilon 7.5 (apricot) Renilon 7.5 (caramel) Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
Surgical Products				
IGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terr Liquid 10.4 g protein, 8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 0 g fibre g 100 ml, 250 ml carton	ber	. 56.00	10	Impact Advanced
 Restricted (RS1231) itiation hree packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, REOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restr Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml bottle * Restricted (RS1415) 	cted see ter 200 ml	ms below	4	Recovery

Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to 3 hours before major abdominal surgery.

Standard Feeds

➡ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:
- 1 Any of the following:

continued...

SPECIAL FOODS

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ontinued					
 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 		or			
2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothin					
3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high causes such as catabolism; or			id/or	increased	nutritional needs from
4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or5 For patients being tube-fed; or					
6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or	r				
7 For any other condition that meets the community Special A		ria.			
NTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the prev					
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml		9.00		1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre	•	0 60		1 000 ml	Nutricon Enormy Multi
100 ml, bottle		0.00		1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml,				250 ml	Ensure Plus HN
Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100		8.68		1,000 ml	Ensure Plus HN RTH
Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fi 100 ml, bag		8 68		1,000 ml	Jevity HiCal RTH
Liquid 7.5 g protein, 17 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml				1,000 ml	Fresubin HP Energy
NTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previo	-			,	
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 13.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 r		6.50		1,000 ml	Fresubin Original
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml		6.90		1,000 ml	Nutrison RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre		7.01		1 000 ml	Nutrison Multi Fibre
100 ml, bottle Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml				1,000 ml 1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fik				,	
100 ml, bottle		6.56		1,000 ml	Jevity RTH
NTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the prev					
Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fik		7 07		1 000	lovity Divo DTU
100 ml, 1,000 ml bag NTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML – Restricted see ter				1,000	Jevity Plus RTH
Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre		revious	spay	e	
100 ml, bottle		9.05		1,000 ml	Nutrison 800 Complete
					Multi Fibre
NTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms		ious pa	ige		
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 13.0 g carbohydrate, 3.4 g fat and 1.5 g fib 100 ml, bag		7 00		1,000 ml	Fresubin Original Fibro
NTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see term					
Liquid 7.5 g protein, 16.2 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fib					
100 ml, bag				1,000 ml	Fresubin HP Energy Fibre
IGH PROTEIN ORAL FEED 2.4 KCAL/ML – Restricted see term				•	
Only to be used for patients currently on or would be using Fort Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100		ip wut	i FIDľ	e	
125 ml bottle	,				e.g. Fortisip Compact
					Protein

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SPECIAL FOODS

((Price ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on page 287			
t Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, c	an26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)
Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can	14.00	840 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla)
ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on page 287			
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,			
237 ml carton			e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on page 287			
Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	3.30	200 ml	Fortijuice (Apple) Fortijuice (Orange) Fortijuice (Strawberry)
 Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, c Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml, 	an 1.65	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
carton		200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200			
bottle	1.76	200	Fortisip (banana) Fortisip (chocolate) Fortisip (strawberry) Fortisip (vanilla)
ORAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page	e 287		
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per			
100 ml, 200 ml bottle	1.76	200 ml	Fortisip Multi Fibre (chocolate) Fortisip Multi Fibre
			(strawberry) Fortisip Multi Fibre (vanilla)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Bacterial and Viral Vaccines			
Dacterial and Viral Vaccines			
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Res	tricted see terms be	low	
Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertus	sis		
toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg			
pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml sy			
- 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00	10	Infanrix IPV
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have complete	d primary immunisat	ion; or	
2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programm primary immunisation; or	nes for children (to th	e age of 1	0 years) to complete full
3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)im	nunisation for patient	ts post HS	CT, or chemotherapy; pre-
or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal d	ialysis and other sev	erely immu	inosuppressive regimens;
or A Final and a final at family block and it is a still a set of the set of			
4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ trans			
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate sche		•	
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND H Restricted see terms below	AEMOPHILUS INFLU	UENZAE I	YPE B VACCINE -
Inj 30IU diphtheria with 40IU tetanus and 25mcg pertussis toxoids,			
25mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8mcg pertactin,			
80D-AgU polio virus, 10mcg hepatitis B antigen 10mcg H.			
influenzae type b with tetanus toxoid 20-40mcg in 0.5ml syring			
5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 → Restricted (RS2051)	0.00	10	Infanrix-hexa
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 Up to four doses for children under the age of 10 years for prima	ary immunisation; or		
2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) for (re-)immunisation	of children under the	age of 18	years post haematopoietic
stem cell transplantation; or			
3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) for (re-)immunisation (
 chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; undergoing renal dialy 4 Up to five doses for children under the age of 10 years receiving 			suppressive regimens; or
Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programm	o 1		r the age of 10 years) to
complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation I			
programmes.			
Bacterial Vaccines			
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms b	elow		
Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish	strain		
1331, live attenuated, vial with diluent - 5% DV Dec-24 to 20	27 0.00	10	BCG Vaccine AJV
→ Restricted (RS1233)			
Initiation			
All of the following:			
For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as: 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past his	tony of TB: and		
2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the		n a countr	v with a rate of TB > or
			,

					VACCINES
	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and				_	
3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in					
Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http:/ www.bcgatlas.org/index.php	/www.health	.govt.r	nz/tube	rculosis	(Search for Downloads) or
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE – Restrict		S Delo	N		
Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertu toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin and 2.					
pertactin in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 20		0.0	0	10	Boostrix
→ Restricted (RS1790)					
Initiation					
Any of the following:					
1 A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trir					un Haiten Onenialist Oran
2 A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants ac Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed					
3 A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age					
immunisation; or	i up illo ugi	0110	youro		
4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisatio	on for I	patients	s post ha	aematopoietic stem cell
transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy;	pre- or post s	solid o	rgan tra	ansplant	, renal dialysis and other
severely immunosuppressive regimens; or					
 5 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 65 years 6 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 45 years 	'	io not	had 1	nroviouo	totanus dosos: or
7 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immu			nau 4	previous	letarius uuses, ui
8 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or	inood pation	, 01			
9 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds.					
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropria	ate schedule	for ca	tch up	program	mes.
HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted s	ee terms bel	ow			
Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjug					
tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syring			•		
vial 0.5 ml Inj 10 mcg vial with diluent syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2026				1	Hiberix Act-HIB
(Hiberix Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg co					
prefilled syringe plus vial 0.5 ml to be delisted 1 December 2024)	njugaleu lo i	ciana		1 43 0411	er protein 20 40 meg,
→ Restricted (RS1520)					
Initiation					
Therapy limited to 1 dose					
Any of the following:					
 For primary vaccination in children; or An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immur 	nisation for n	atients	: nost h	aemator	noietic stem cell
transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre o					
post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely im					5 1 1
3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, o	n the recom	menda	ation of	an inter	nal medicine physician or
paediatrician.					
MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE					
Inj 10 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated					
of approximately 55 mcg of tetanus toxoid carrier per 0.5 r 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027			•		
		0.0	0	1	MenQuadfi

	Price x man. excl. GS	ST)	Brand or Generic
(c/	\$\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS2019)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
 - 1.2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
 - 1.3 One dose for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
 - 1.4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
 - 1.5 A maximum of two doses for person pre and post-immunosuppression*; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
- 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
 - 2.2.2 One dose for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

 Inj 5 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 44 mcg of tetanus toxoid carrier in 0.5 ml vial.....0.00
 Nimenrix

Initiation - Children under 12 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for patients pre- and post- splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post- solid organ transplant; or
- 2 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of three doses (dependant on age at first dose) for child pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Notes: infants from 6 weeks to less than 6 months of age require a 2+1 schedule, infants from 6 months to less than 12 months of age require a 1+1 schedule. Refer to the Immunisation Handbook for recommended booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL B MULTICOMPONENT VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 175 mcg per 0.5 ml prefilled syringe0.00	1	Bexsero
Protvieted (DC0000)	10	Bexsero

→ Restricted (RS2020)

Initiation – Primary immunisation for children up to 12 months of age Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

ſ

- 1 Three doses for children up to 12 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation; or
- 2 Up to three doses (dependent on age at first dose) for a catch-up programme for children from 13 months to 59 months of

	Price		Brand or
(e	ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

age (inclusive) for primary immunisation, from 1 March 2023 to 31 August 2025.

Initiation - Person is one year of age or over

Any of the following:

- 1 up to two doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 2 up to two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to two doses for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 up to two doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression* .

Initiation - Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Two doses for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, Youth Justice residences, or prisons; or
 - 2.2 Two doses for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Note: *Immunosuppression due to corticosteroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe......0.00 1 Neisvac-C

(Neisvac-C Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe to be delisted 1 December 2024)

→ Restricted (RS1935)

Initiation - Children under 12 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
- 2 Two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 Two doses for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of two doses for child pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Notes: children under 12 months of age require two doses 8 weeks apart. Refer to the Immunisation Handbook for recommended booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A,

6B, 7F, 9V, 14, 18C,	19A, 19F and	I 23F in 0.5 m	I syringe -	- 5% DV			
Dec-24 to 2027					0.00	1	

➡ Restricted (RS1936)

Initiation – Primary course for previously unvaccinated children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 3 doses

A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated children up to the age of 59 months inclusive.

Initiation – High risk individuals who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Two doses are funded for high risk individuals (over the age of 12 months and under 18 years) who have previously received two doses of the primary course of PCV10.

continued...

Initiation – High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re)immunisation of high-risk children aged under 5 years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
 - 2.2 primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 HIV infection; or
 - 2.4 renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 diabetes; or
 - 2.13 Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk individuals 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re-)immunisation of individuals 5 years and over with HIV, pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, intracranial shunts, cerebrospinal fluid leaks or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

- PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE Restricted see terms below
- Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:

VACCINES

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
- 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
- 2.3 With HIV infection; or
- 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
- 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
- 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
- 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
- 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
- 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
- 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
- 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
- 2.12 With diabetes; or
- 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

↓ Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

➡ Restricted (RS1243)

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines

COVID-19 VACCINE

t	Inj 3 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.2 ml, 0.4 ml vial; infant vaccine, maroon			
	сар	0.00	10	Comirnaty Omicron
➡	Restricted (RS2042)			XBB.1.5
	tiation – initial dose			
Up	to three doses for previously unvaccinated children aged 6 months – 4 years a	at high risk	of severe	e illness.
t	Inj 10 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; paediatric vaccine,			
	light blue cap	0.00	10	Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5)
⇒	Restricted (RS2041)			
Ini	tiation – initial dose			
Eit	her:			

1 One dose for previously unvaccinated children aged 5-11 years old; or

2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised children aged 5-11 years old.

(ex ma	Price In. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Inj 30 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 0.48 ml vial; adult vaccine, light grey cap	0.00	10	Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5)
→ Restricted (RS2040)			
nitiation – initial dose Any of the following:			
 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 12-15 years old; or Up to three doses for immunocompromised people aged 12-15 years of Up to two doses for previously unvaccinated people 16-29 years old; or Up to four doses for people aged 16-29 at high risk of severe illness; o One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 30 and older. 	ld; or r		
nitiation – additional dose Dne additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, addit	onal doco ic	aivon at k	aast 6 months after last dos
Continuation – additional dose		given at it	
One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, addit	ional dose is	given at le	east 6 months after last dos
Inj 30 mcg raxtozinameran per 0.3 ml, 2.25 ml vial; adult vaccine, dark			
grey cap	0.00	10	Comirnaty Omicron (XBB.1.5)
→ Restricted (RS2036)			
nitiation – initial dose			
Any of the following: 1 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 12-15 years old; or			
 2 Up to three doses for immunocompromised people aged 12-13 years of 3 Up to two doses for previously unvaccinated people 16-29 years old; o 4 Up to four doses for people aged 16-29 at high risk of severe illness; o 5 One dose for previously unvaccinated people aged 30 and older. 	ld; or r		
nitiation – additional dose			
Dne additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, addit Continuation – additional dose	onal dose is	given at le	east 6 months after last dos
One additional dose every 6 months for people aged 30 years and over, addit	onal dose is	given at le	east 6 months after last dos
HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00	1	Havrix Junior
Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00	1	Havrix 1440
→ Restricted (RS1638)			
nitiation Any of the following:			
 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases. 			
HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE Inj 10 mcg per 0.5 ml prefilled syringe – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	0.00	1	Engerix-B
nitiation Any of the following:			
 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients c 	r hepatitis B	carriers; c	or

				VACCINES
	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ontinued				
 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive w and require additional vaccination or require a primary cours 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 For patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; o 7 For patients prior to planned immunosuppression for greate 8 For patients following immunosuppression; or 9 For solid organ transplant patients; or 10 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patien 11 Following needle stick injury. 	se of vaccination; c r r than 28 days; or		have ac	hieved a positive serology
Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 • Restricted (RS2050)	0.0	0	1	Engerix-B
nitiation .ny of the following:				
 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface an For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive w and require additional vaccination or require a primary course For HIV positive patients; or For hepatitis C positive patients; or For patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; o For patients following immunosuppression for greate For patients following immunosuppression; or For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patien Following needle stick injury; or For liver or kidney transplant patients. 	tigen (HBsAg) posi who are considered se of vaccination; c r r than 28 days; or ts; or	itive; or not to or	have ac	hieved a positive serology
IUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) Inj 270 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027 ★ Restricted (RS2038) hitiation - Children aged 14 years and under herapy limited to 2 doses			r icted s 10	ee terms below Gardasil 9
hildren aged 14 years and under. i tiation – other conditions ither:				
1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or 2 Both:				
2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and2.2 Any of the following:				
2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or2.2.2 Up to 3 doses people with a transplant (includ2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.				
nitiation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis II of the following:				

1 Either:

continued...

VACCINES

	(ex man.	excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
continued					
 1.1 Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and 1.2 Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and 2 The person has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and 3 The person has not previously had an HPV vaccine. 					
INFLUENZA VACCINE					
Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (quadrivalent vaccine)	······································	120.0	0	10	Influvac Tetra (2024 formulation)
➡ Restricted (RS2013)					(,
Initiation – People over 65					
The patient is 65 years of age or over.					
Initiation – cardiovascular disease					
Any of the following:					
 Ischaemic heart disease; or Congestive heart failure; or Rheumatic heart disease; or Congenital heart disease; or Cerebro-vascular disease. 					
Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-org	an disease	e is ex	cluded	from fu	ndina.
Initiation – chronic respiratory disease Either:			loiddod		inding.
 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function. 					
Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded f Initiation – Other conditions	rom fundin	ıg.			
Either: 1 Any of the following:					
1.1 Diabetes; or					
1.2 chronic renal disease; or					
1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cance	rs if not inv	/asive	or		
1.4 Autoimmune disease; or			,		
1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or					
1.6 HIV; or					
1.7 Transplant recipient; or					
1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or					
1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or					
1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or					
1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or	onaction	or			
1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decomp1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or	iciisaliuii, i	01			
1.14 Down syndrome; or					
1.15 Is pregnant; or					
1.16 Is a child 4 years of age or under (inclusive) who has b significant respiratory illness; or	een hospita	alised	for res	piratory	illness or has a history of
2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who a Public Hospital.	are comp	ulsori	y detai	ned long	g-term in a forensic unit with

Any of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ continued... 1 schizophrenia; or 2 major depressive disorder; or 3 bipolar disorder: or 4 schizoaffective disorder: or 5 person is currently accessing secondary or tertiary mental health and addiction services. MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50, Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent 10 Priorix Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months Therapy limited to 3 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Initiation - first dose after 12 months Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression: or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 80 D-antigen units in 0.5 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027......0.00 1 IPOL → Restricted (RS1398) Initiation Therapy limited to 3 doses Either: 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. **RABIES VACCINE** Ini 2.5 IU vial with diluent ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below ſ Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1.000.000 CCID50 per dose. 10 Rotarix Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1.000.000 CCID50 per dose. ſ squeezable tube0.00 10 Rotarix → Restricted (RS1590) Initiation Therapy limited to 2 doses Both: 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over.

VACCINES

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE] Inj 1350 PFU prefiiled syringe	0.00	1	Varivax
→ Restricted (RS1591) Initiation – primary vaccinations		10	Varivax

Initiation – primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Either:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation – other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - for non-immune patients:
 - 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
 - 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation: or
 - 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
 - 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
 - 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella: or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial − 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027......0.00 10 Varilrix → Restricted (RS1591)

Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Either:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation – other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation: or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant: or

continued...

 Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Brand or Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or

1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or

- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

(Varivax Inj 1350 PFU prefiiled syringe to be delisted 1 December 2024)

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] – Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mcg per 0.5 ml vial plus vial0.00	1	Shingrix
➡ Restricted (RS2039) Initiation – people aged 18 years and over (Shingrix) Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following:	10	Shingrix
 Pre- and post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant or cellular therapy; or Pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or Haematological malignancies; or People living with poorly controlled HIV infection; or 		
 5 Planned or receiving disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs – targeted synthetic) for polymyalgia rheumatica, systemic lupus erythematosus or rheumatoi 6 End stage kidney disease (CKD 4 or 5);; or 7 Primary immunodeficiency. 		
Diagnostic Agents		

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST

Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-24 to 2027	.0.00	1	Tubersol

	f (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Optional Pharmaceuticals				
OTE:				
addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional F sted in an addendum to Part III which is available at <u>schedule.pharr</u> ddendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the P oply to them.	nac.govt.nz	. The	Optional Phar	maceuticals listed in the
LOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER 1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test	t strips	.20.00 10.00		CareSens N Premier Caresens N Caresens N POP
LOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP Blood glucose test strips Test strips		.10.56	50 test 50 test	CareSens N CareSens PRO
OOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP Test strips			10 strip	KetoSens
JAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TE Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose di test strips	iagnostic		1	CareSens Dual
ASK FOR SPACER DEVICE Small			1	e-chamber Mask
AK FLOW METER Low Range		9.54	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low
Normal Range		9.54	1	Range Mini-Wright Standard

	Normal Hange	0.01		min might otandara
PI	REGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE Cassette	2.00	40 test	Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test
	ODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE Test strip	2.00	50 strip	Ketostix
SI	PACER DEVICE 220 ml (single patient) 510 ml (single patient) 800 ml	5.95		e-chamber Turbo e-chamber La Grande Volumatic

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