April 2024 Volume 12

Editor:

Kaye Wilson & Ayeshah Khan email: enquiry@pharmac.govt.nz Telephone +64 4 460 4990 Level 9, 40 Mercer Street PO Box 10 254 Wellington 6143

Freephone Information Line 0800 66 00 50 (9am – 5pm weekdays)

Circulation

You can register to have an electronic version of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, Section H for Hospital Pharmaceuticals (link to PDF copy) emailed to your nominated email address each month by subscribing at schedule.pharmac.qovt.nz/subscribe.

Production

Typeset automatically from XML and T_EX. XML version of the Schedule available from schedule.pharmac.govt.nz/pub/HML

Programmers

Anrik Drenth

email: texschedule@pharmac.govt.nz ©Pharmaceutical Management Agency



ISSN 1179-3708 pdf

This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence. In essence, you are free to copy, distribute and adapt it, as long as you attribute the work to Pharmac and abide by the other licence terms. To view a copy of this licence, visit: creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/. Attribution to Pharmac should be in written form and not by reproduction of the Pharmac logo. While care has been taken in compiling this Schedule, Pharmac takes no responsibility for any errors or omissions, and shall not be liable for any consequences arising there from.

Part I	General Rules	4
Part II	Alimentary Tract and Metabolism	5
	Blood and Blood Forming Organs	29
	Cardiovascular System	43
	Dermatologicals	67
	Genito-Urinary System	74
	Hormone Preparations	78
	Infections	88
	Musculoskeletal System	111
	Nervous System	118
	Oncology Agents and Immunosuppressants	146
	Respiratory System and Allergies	243
	Sensory Organs	252
	Various	259
	Extemporaneous Compounds (ECPs)	267
	Special Foods	270
	Vaccines	289
Part III	Optional Pharmaceuticals	299
	Index	300

Introducing Pharmac

Introducing Pharmac

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (Pharmac) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. Pharmac negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list.

Pharmac's role:

"to secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that are reasonably achievable from pharmaceutical treatment and from within the amount of funding provided."

Pae Ora (Healthy Futures) Act 2022

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about Pharmac and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the Pharmac website at https://pharmac.govt.nz/about.

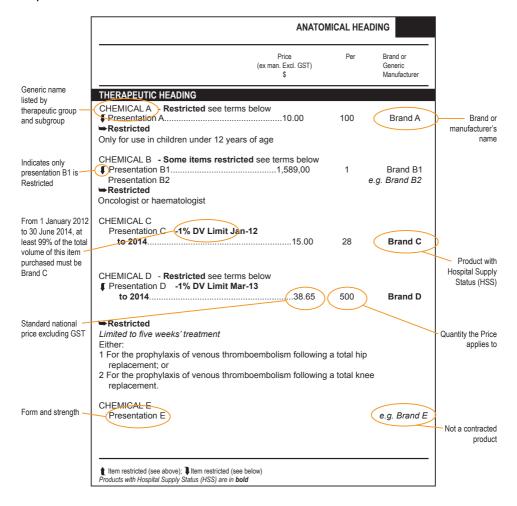
Glossary

Units of Measure gram g microgram..... mcg millimole......mmol kilogram.....kg milligram mg unit......u international unitiu millilitre......ml **Abbreviations** application app enteric coated......EC solutionsoln capsule cap granules.....grans suppositorysuppos cream.....crm injectioninj tablet......tab dispersibledisp liquidliq tincture.....tinc effervescent.....eff lotion......lotn emulsion emul ointment......oint

HSS Hospital Supply Status

Guide to Section H listings

Example



PART I: GENERAL RULES

General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A.

 $\label{eq:Read-Rules} \textbf{Read the } \underline{\textbf{General Rules}}: \underline{\textbf{https://pharmac.govt.nz/section-a}}.$

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

	(ex man	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antacids and Antiflatulents				
Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents				
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIN Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticone 20 Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simeticone	mg	NE		e.g. Mylanta
30 mg per 5 ml				e.g. Mylanta Double Strength
SIMETICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml Oral drops 40 mg per ml				
SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sac SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM C Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbona	CARBO	NATE		e.g. Gaviscon Infant
160 mg				e.g. Gaviscon Extra Strength
Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbo		7.50	500 ml	Acidex
SODIUM CITRATE Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l) – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		25.00	90 ml	Biomed
Phosphate Binding Agents				
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg				
CALCIUM CARBONATE – Restricted see terms below 1 Oral liq 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml)		47.30 39.00	473 ml 500 ml	Calcium carbonate PAI Roxane
→ Restricted (RS1698) Initiation		39.00	300 IIII	noxane
Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbonate inappropriate	tablets	or where ca	lcium carbo	nate tablets are
Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Age	ents			
Antipropulsives				
DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg				
LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 2 mg Cap 2 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			400 400	Nodia Diamide Relief
Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories				
BUDESONIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page Cap modified-release 3 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025		87.60	90	Budesonide Te Arai

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1723)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes: or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis*: and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Diabetes; or
 - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
 - 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

Bectal toam 10% CFC tree (14 applications)	Rectal foam 10%	. CFC free (14 applications)	26.55	15 a	Colifoar
--	-----------------	------------------------------	-------	------	----------

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1%

MESALAZINE

LOALAZINL			
Tab EC 400 mg	49.50	100	Asacol
Tab long-acting 500 mg		100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg		90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g		100 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg		20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g		28	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml	41.30	7	Pentasa

	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OLSALAZINE	00.07	400	D: .
Tab 500 mg		100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg	53.00	100	Dipentum
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM			
Rectal foam 20 mg per dose (14 applications)	74.10	1	Essential Prednisolone
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Cap 100 mg			
SULFASALAZINE			
Tab 500 mg	16.52	100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg	17.86	100	Salazopyrin EN
Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders			
Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations			
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE			
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	15.00	30 g	Proctosedyl
Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	9.90	12	Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE AND	CINCHOCAIN	٧E	
Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 5 mg per g	11.06	30 g	Ultraproct
Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 1 mg	7.30	12	Ultraproct
Management of Anal Fissures			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE			
Oint 0.2% - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024	22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Scierosants			
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY]			
lnj 5%, 5 ml vial			
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Motility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	19.00	5	Robinul
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE		•	
Tab 10 mg	6.35	100	Buscopan
Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		1	Spazmol
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE			-r
Tab 135 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	8.50	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants			
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective			
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg	47.73	120	Cytotec
1ab 200 11log	+1.13	120	Oyiolec

H2 Antagonists CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg FAMOTIDINE Tab 20 mg Tab 40 mg Tab 40 mg		
Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg FAMOTIDINE Tab 20 mg		
Tab 20 mg		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial		
RANITIDINE - Restricted see terms below I Tab 150 mg I Tab 300 mg Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1703) Initiation Either: 1 For continuation use; or 2 Routine prevention of allergic reactions		
Proton Pump Inhibitors		
LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	100 100	Lanzol Relief Lanzol Relief
OMEPRAZOLE ¶ Tab dispersible 10 mg → Restricted (RS1027) Initiation		
Only for use in tube-fed patients. I Tab dispersible 20 mg Restricted (RS1027) Initiation		
Only for use in tube-fed patients.		
Cap 10 mg -5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 2.06 Cap 20 mg -5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 2.02 Cap 40 mg -5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 3.18 Powder for oral liq 42.50 Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent -5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 37.38 Inj 40 mg vial -5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 11.95	90 90 90 5 g 5 5	Omeprazole actavis 10 Omeprazole actavis 20 Omeprazole actavis 40 Midwest Dr Reddy's Omeprazole Omezol IV
PANTOPRAZOLE Tab EC 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2025	90 90	Panzop Relief Panzop Relief

COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg14.51 50 Gastrodenol

SUCRALFATE

Tab 1 g

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Bile and Liver Therapy

L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below

- Grans for oral liquid 3 q
- → Restricted (RS1261)

Initiation

For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated.

RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1416)

Initiation

For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose.

Diabetes

Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors

Λ,	\sim $^{\wedge}$	п	n	\sim	ŖΕ

Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	8.95	90	Accarb
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	5.29	90	Accarb

Hyperglycaemic Agents

DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 25 mg110.00	100	Proglicem
	Cap 100 mg		Proglicem
	Oral lig 50 mg per ml		Proglycem

→ Restricted (RS1028)

Initiation

For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.

GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE

Ini	32.00	Glucagen Hypokit	

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Tab 1.5 g

Tab 3.1 g

Tab 4 q

Oral soln 15 g per 80 ml sachet......70.00 50 HypoPak Glucose

Gel 40%

GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE

Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet

Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations

INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE

Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per m	nl,		
3 ml prefilled pen	52.15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen

INSULIN ISOPHANE

Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial

Ini insulin human 100 u per ml. 3 ml cartridge

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE			
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per 3 ml cartridge		5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per 3 ml cartridge		5	Humalog Mix 50
NSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 1 vial	0 ml		
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 cartridge	ml		
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 cartridge			
Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 cartridge	ml		
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen	04.50	5	Lantus SoloStar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		5	Lantus
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
lnj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe NSULIN GLULISINE	51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	27.03	1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		5	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen NSULIN LISPRO	46.07	5	Apidra Solostar
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN NEUTRAL Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	7.50	100	Daonil
GLICLAZIDE			
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	20.10	500	Glizide

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ETFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027	14.74	1,000	Metformin Viatris
Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Aug-23 to 2027	11.28	500	Metformin Viatris
OGLITAZONE			
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6.80	90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		90	Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		90	Vexazone
ILDAGLIPTIN			
Tab 50 mg	35.00	60	Galvus
ILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	35.00	60	Galvumet
Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Galvumet

GLP-1 Agonists

DULAGLUTIDE - Restricted see terms below

Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded SGLT-2 inhibitor or other GLP-1 agonist.

Inj 1.5 mg per 0.5 ml prefilled pen115.23 4 Trulicity

→ Restricted (RS1999)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 2.2 2.2 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of ALL of the following funded blood glucose lowering agents for a period of least 6 months, where clinically appropriate: empagliflozin, metformin, and vildagliptin (see note a)*; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 Patient is Maori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 2.3.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note b)*; or
 - 2.3.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*: or
 - 2.3.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 2.3.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note c)*.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Due to the ongoing supply issues with GLP-1 agonists, we strongly urge prescribers to consider initiating patients on other hypoglycaemic agents, provided they are not contraindicated. Please also consider discontinuing GLP-1 agonist treatment where the patient is not receiving clinically meaningful benefit.
- b) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- c) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin: creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m² in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

LIRAGLUTIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded SGLT-2 inhibitor or other GLP-1 agonist.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2000)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 2.2 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of ALL of the following funded blood glucose lowering agents for a period of least 6 months, where clinically appropriate: empagliflozin, metformin, and vildagliptin (see note a)*; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 2.3.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note b)*; or
 - 2.3.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*; or
 - 2.3.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 2.3.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note c)*.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Due to the ongoing supply issues with GLP-1 agonists, we strongly urge prescribers to consider initiating patients on other hypoglycaemic agents, provided they are not contraindicated. Please also consider discontinuing GLP-1 agonist treatment where the patient is not receiving clinically meaningful benefit.
- b) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- c) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m² in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

SGLT2 Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1852)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for a GLP-1 agonist; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*: or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*; and
 - 3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.

continued...

	Price		Brand or
(I	ex man. excl. (GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

EMPAGLIFLOZIN - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note:	Not to be give	n in combinatio	n with a funder	d GLP-1 agonist.

t	Tab 10 mg58.56	30	Jardiance
t	Tab 25 mg58.56	30	Jardiance

EMPAGLIFLOZIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonist.

	Tab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride			Jardiamet Jardiamet
t	Tab 12.5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet Jardiamet

Digestives Including Enzymes

PANCREATIC ENZYME

Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 U protease))

Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph Eur		
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U) - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024	100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 Ph		
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U) - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 94.38	100	Creon 25000
Modified release granules pancreatin 60.12 mg (amylase 3,600 Ph Eur		
U, lipase 5,000 Ph Eur U, protease 200 Ph Eur U)34.93	20 g	Creon Micro
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph.		
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)		

URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

100

→ Restricted (RS1824)

Initiation - Alaqille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis

Fither:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury: and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation - Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and

continued...

Ursosan

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Initiation - prevention of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1732 trial; and
- 2 The patient has leukaemia/lymphoma and is receiving inotuzumab ozogamicin.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.g. PicoPrep Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM CHLORIDE AND CITRIC ACID WITH

MAGNESIUM CARBONATE HYDRATE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 52.9 g with ascorbic acid 6 g, potassium chloride

740 mg, sodium chloride 2.6 g and sodium sulphate 5.6 g per

sachet (1) and powder for oral soln citric acid 12 g with magnesium

carbonate hydrate 7.4 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.g. Prepkit Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg,

sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g,

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g.

210 g sachet e.g. Glycoprep Orange

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH/WITHOUT SODIUM SULFATE, SODIUM ASCORBATE, ASCORBIC ACID

Powd for oral soln 100g with potassium chloride 1g, sodium chloride 2g

and sodium sulfate 9g per sach(1), powd for oral soln 40g with

potassium chloride 1.2g and sodium chloride 3.2g per sach(1) and

powd for oral soln ascorbic acid 7.54g and sodium ascorbate

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Bulk-Forming Agents				
ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK Powder for oral soln − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA − Restricted: For continuation only → Powder for oral soln		.20.00	500 g	Konsyl-D
Faecal Softeners				
DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Tab 120 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES		4.98	100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025 PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml		3.50	200	Laxsol
POLOXAMER Oral drops 10% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4.17	30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral				
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial			1	Relistor
Restricted (RS1601) Initiation – Opioid induced constipation Both: 1 The patient is receiving palliative care; and 2 Either: 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation	n are inef		7 erated.	Relistor
Osmotic Laxatives				
GLYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations.		.10.39	20	Lax-suppositories Glycerol
Carl liq 10 g per 15 ml - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	ONATE / um dium		500 ml M CHLOR	Laevolac IDE
Feb-24 to 2026SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml	- 5%		30	Molaxole
DV Jun-23 to 2025		. 35.89	50	Micolette

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Suppos 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 SENNOSIDES		200 10	Bisacodyl Viatris Lax-Suppositories
Tab 7.5 mg SODIUM PICOSULFATE − Restricted see terms below I Oral soln 7.5 mg per ml	7.40	30 ml	Dulcolax SP Drop

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient is a child with problematic constipation despite an adequate trial of other oral pharmacotherapies including macrogol where practicable; and
- 2 The patient would otherwise require a high-volume bowel cleansing preparation.

Metabolic Disorder Agents

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1793)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
 - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
 - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene): or
 - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

continued...

Price			
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT: and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

ARGININE

Tab 1.000 mg

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1794)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
 - 2.2 A 5.10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
 - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1330)

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

CARGLUMIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1831)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

For the acute in-patient treatment of organic acidaemias as an alternative to haemofiltration.

COENZYME Q10 - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Cap 120 mg
- Cap 160 mg

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1832)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to coenzyme Q10 supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to coenzyme Q10 supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis VI.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to FRT.

HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1546)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Either:

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
- 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1607)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 1 The patient 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts: or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 250 mg
- Cap 500 mg
- Oral liq 500 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 50 mg
- → Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

RIBOFLAVIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1833)

Initiation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to riboflavin supplementation.

continued...

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to riboflavin supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1796)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 1 month

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or actively planning to become pregnant; and
- 2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient has demonstrated an adequate response to a 2 to 4 week trial of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction in phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; or
 - 1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has previously demonstrated response to treatment with sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with sapropterin will not continue after delivery; or
 - 2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the first renewal for treatment with sapropterin; or
 - 2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second or subsequent pregnancy to support management of their PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms on the next page

Tab 500 mg

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1797)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TALIGLUCERASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 200 unit vial.......1,072.00 1 Elelyso

→ Restricted (RS1897)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of symptomatic type 1 or type 3* Gaucher disease confirmed by the demonstration of specific deficiency of glucocerebrosidase in leukocytes or cultured skin fibroblasts, and genotypic analysis; and
- 2 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) or the disease might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has haematological complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.2 Patient has skeletal complications of Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.3 Patient has significant liver dysfunction or hepatomegaly attributable to Gaucher disease; or
 - 3.4 Patient has reduced vital capacity from clinically significant or progressive pulmonary disease due to Gaucher disease: or
 - 3.5 Patient is a child and has experienced growth failure with significant decrease in percentile linear growth over a 6-12 month period; and
- 4 Taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

Continuation

Metabolic physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 3 years

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has demonstrated a symptomatic improvement and has maintained improvements in the main symptom or symptoms for which therapy was started; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated a clinically objective improvement or no deterioration in haemoglobin levels, platelet counts and liver and spleen size; and
- 3 RRadiological (MRI) signs of bone activity performed at two years since initiation of treatment, and five yearly thereafter, demonstrate no deterioration shown by the MRI, compared with MRI taken immediately prior to commencement of therapy or adjusted dose; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT: and
- 5 Patient is adherent with regular treatment and taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

TAURINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- Cap 1,000 mg
- Powder
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1834)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected specific mitochondrial disorder that may respond to taurine supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of a specific mitochondrial disorder which responds to taurine supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 300 mg

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab eff 1.25 g (500 mg elemental)

Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)

Copper

→ Restricted (RS1928)

Initiation - Moderate to severe burns

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and
- 2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist.

COPPER - Restricted see terms above

1 Tab 2.5 mg, chelated

COPPER CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 0.4 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Fluoride

SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

lodine

22

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026................5.99 90 NeuroTabs

POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE

Oral liq 10% with iodine 5%

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

		Price			Brand or
(6	ex man.	excl.	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Iron					
FERROUS FUMARATE Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) - 5% DV May-22 to 2024		3.0	4	100	Ferro-tab
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg - 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024		5.9	8	100	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg		0.0	0	100	Tener russ
FERROUS SULFATE Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) - 5% DV Jan-23 to 202	5	2.5	5	30	Ferrograd
Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025				500 ml	Ferodan
FERROUS SULFATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500 m	ng				
IRON (AS FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE) – Restricted see terms below ↓ Ini 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		150.0	0	1	Ferinject
→ Restricted (RS1417) Initiation				·	,
Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropriate	e.				
IRON (AS SUCROSE) Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		100.0	Λ	5	Venofer
IRON POLYMALTOSE		100.0	o	J	VOLIDICI
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		.34.5	0	5	Ferrosig
Magnacium					

Magnesium

MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE

Cap 750 mg (150 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE

Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag

MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental)

Suspension 8%

MAGNESIUM OXIDE

Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental)

Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE. MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE AND MAGNESIUM CITRATE

Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium amino acid

chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg elemental magnesium)

MAGNESIUM SULPHATE

Inj 100 mg per ml, 40 ml bag

Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag

Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer Selenium SELENIUM - Restricted see terms below Oral lig 150 mcg per 3 drops eg Clinicians selenium oral drops Inj 300 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1929) Initiation - Moderate to severe burns Limited to 3 months treatment Both: 1 Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and 2 Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist. Zinc **ZINC** Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule ZINC SULPHATE Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental)......11.00 100 Zincaps **Mouth and Throat** Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% **Spray 0.3%** BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORIDE Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Mouthwash 0.2% CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01% DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Kenalog in Orabase 5 q Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives AMPHOTERICIN B 20 Fungilin

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
MICONAZOLE Oral gel 20 mg per g - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	4.74	40 g	Decozol	
NYSTATIN Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.22	24 ml	Nilstat	

Other Oral Agents

HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]

Ini 20 ma per ml

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1175)

Otolaryngologist

Vitamins

Multivitamin Preparations

⇒ Restricted (RS1498)

Initiation

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or
 - 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or
 - 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1499)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
- 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).</p>

Mineral Boost

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MULTIVITAMINS				
Tab (BPC cap strength) − 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	1 mcg, alpha 0.2 mg, sid 12 mg, de 1.9 mg,	18.50	1,000	Mvite e.g. Vitabdeck
Restricted (RS1620)				
Initiation Any of the following:				
Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gu Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome.				
Fowder vitamin A 3200 mcg with vitamin D 100 mcg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 108 mcg thiamine 3.2 m, 4.4 mg, niacin 41 mg, vitamin B6 3.6 mg, folic acid 600 B12 9 mcg, biotin 120 mcg, pantothenic acid 24 mg, cf 1250 mg and inositol 700 mg → Restricted (RS1178)	g, riboflavin) mcg, vitamin			e.g. Paediatric Seravit
Initiation				
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.				
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml a lnj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic	acid 500 mg ampoule (1) pyridoxine			e.g. Pabrinex IV
with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascor 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg	pyridoxine bic acid			e.g. Pabrinex IM
ampoule (1)				e.g. Pabrinex IV
Vitamin A				
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml Oral liq 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml				
Vitamin B				
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Nov-22 to 2024		2.46	3	Hydroxocobalamin Panpharma
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Tab 50 mg			90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Pyridoxine multichem

Price (ex man. excl. (GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	100	Thiamine multichem e.g. Benerva
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC	500	Bplex
Vitamin C		
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	500	Cvite
Vitamin D		
ALFACALCIDOL Cap 0.25 mcg 26.32 Cap 1 mcg 87.98 Oral drops 2 mcg per ml 60.68	100 100 20 ml	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL Cap 0.25 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	100 100	Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	12 5 ml	Vit.D3 Clinicians

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1632)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A.D.E.K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 u
- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1176)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer

Antianaemics

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

EPOETIN ALFA - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	250.00	6	Binocrit
1	inj 2,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	100.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe	150.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe	96.50	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	125.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe	145.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe	175.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	197.50	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	250.00	1	Binocrit

→ Restricted (RS1660)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
¢ Por	Manufacturor

FPOFTIN BFTA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 ju in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1661)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

*Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID

Tab 0.8 mg	26.60	1,000	Folic Acid multichem
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2027	5.82	100	Folic Acid Viatris
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml	30.26	25 ml	Biomed
Ini 5 mg per ml. 10 ml vial			

e.g. Driclor

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

→ Restricted (RS1500)

Initiation

For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 10.000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1332)

Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Either:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure; or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

ELTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg3,100.00	28	Revolade

→ Restricted (RS1648)

Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
 - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding; or
 - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

continued...

Pric	e		Brand or	
(ex man. ex	cl. GS	T)	Generic	
\$		Per	r Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter: or
 - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and 2 Either:
- - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

EMICIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 30 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
	Inj 60 mg in 0.4 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 105 mg in 0.7 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 150 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra

→ Restricted (RS1998)

Initiation - Severe Haemophilia A with or without FVIII inhibitors

Haematologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia A with a severe bleeding phenotype (endogenous factor VIII activity less than or equal to 2%); and
- 2 Emicizumab is to be administered at a dose of no greater than 3 mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks followed by the equivalent of 1.5 mg/kg weekly.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POLIDOCANOL

Ini 0.5%. 30 ml vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule THROMBIN Powder			
TRANEXAMIC ACID Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	5.95	60 5 5	Mercury Pharma Tranexamic-AFT Tranexamic-AFT
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents			
IDARUCIZUMAB − Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Restricted (RS1535)	4,250.00	2	Praxbind

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding,

Blood Factors

or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

EFTRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below		
Inj 250 iu vial	1	Alprolix
	1	Alprolix

→ Restricted (RS1684)

For patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricte	ed see terms below		
Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 8 mg syringe	9,426.40	1	NovoSeven RT
→ Restricted (RS1704)			

Initiation

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is by named patient application to the Haemophilia Treaters Group, subject to access criteria.

FΑ	CTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below		
t	Inj 500 U1,315.00	1	FEIBA NF
		1	FEIBA NF
		1	FEIBA NF

→ Restricted (RS1705)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted	see terms below		
Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe	287.50	1	Xyntha
Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe	575.00	1	Xyntha
Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe	1,150.00	1	Xyntha
Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe → Restricted (RS1706)		1	Xyntha

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 500 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
į		1	
	Inj 3,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
•	7,0,000	•	

→ Restricted (RS1679)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	210.00	1	Advate
1	Inj 500 iu vial	420.00	1	Advate
1	Inj 1,000 iu vial	840.00	1	Advate
1	Inj 1,500 iu vial	1,260.00	1	Advate
1	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1,680.00	1	Advate
t	lnj 3,000 iu vial	2,520.00	1	Advate

→ Restricted (RS1707)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALEA IRECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIII (KOGENATE ES) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 500 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
		•		J

→ Restricted (RS1708)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

RURIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

ţ	Inj 250 iu vial	300.00	1	Adynovate
t	Inj 500 iu vial	600.00	1	Adynovate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Adynovate
	lnj 2,000 iu vial		1	Adynovate

→ Restricted (RS1682)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Vitamin K			
PHYTOMENADIONE Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	8.00 9.21	5 5	Konakion MM Konakion MM

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 250 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1181)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

DABIGATRAN

Cap 75 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	27.99	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	27.99	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	27.99	60	Pradaxa

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1182)

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 80 mg per ml. 2.5 ml ampoule
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1183)

Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

04 00

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml,

100 ml bag

ENOXAPARIN SODIUM

inj 20 mg in 0.2 mi syringe	31.28	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule			
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	42.49	10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane Forte
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe	143.86	10	Clexane Forte

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe				
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe				
→ Restricted (RS1184)				
nitiation For use in honerin induced thrombocuteneenis, honerin resistance o	r honorin int	toloranoo		
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance o	ı nepanınını	werance.		
HEPARIN SODIUM Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml vial - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025		83 00	10	Heparin Sodium
III] 5,000 to per till, 5 till viar – 3 /6 DV 001-23 to 2025		.00.00	10	Panpharma
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag				Tanphama
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	2	245.26	50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		.86.11	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule				
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		.70.33	5	Hospira
HEPARINISED SALINE				
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		.65.48	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
PHENINDIONE				
Tab 10 mg				
Tab 25 mg				
Tab 50 mg				
PROTAMINE SULPHATE				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
RIVAROXABAN				
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		.14.56	28	Xarelto
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		.14.56	28	Xarelto
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM (CHLORIDE			
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 7	'4.6 mcg			
per ml, 5,000 ml bag				
NARFARIN SODIUM				
Tab 1 mg		7.50	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg				
Tab 3 mg			100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg		. 13.50	100	Marevan
Antiplatelets				
ASPIRIN				
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		1.95	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
			990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg				•
CLOPIDOGREL				
Tab 75 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		5.07	84	Arrow - Clopid
DIPYRIDAMOLE				1
Tab 25 mg				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Tab long-acting 150 mg		.13.93	60	Pytazen SR

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

36

e.g. Aspegic

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EPTIFIBATIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	180.38	1	Eptifibatide Viatris Mylan
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial → Restricted (RS1759) Initiation Any of the following:	526.50	1	Eptifibatide Viatris

1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or

- 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary thrombus on coronary angiography; or
- 3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

LYSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 500 mg

→ Restricted (RS1689)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and
- 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure.

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 90 mg − **5% DV Mar-23 to 2024**23.85 56 **Ticagrelor Sandoz**

→ Restricted (RS1774)

Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

Initiation – thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure* in the last 60 days; or
 - 1.2 Patient is about to have a neurological stenting procedure performed*; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance using the P2Y12 (VerifyNow) assay or another appropriate platelet function assay and requires antiplatelet treatment with ticagrelor; or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of a new cerebral ischemic event; or
 - 2.2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of transient ischemic attack symptoms referable to the stent..

Continuation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.

Initiation - Percutaneous coronary intervention with stent deployment

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Patient has undergone percutaneous coronary intervention; and

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2 Patient has had a stent deployed in the previous 4 weeks; and
- 3 Patient is clopidogrel-allergic**.

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Notes: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Note: ** Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICL OPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial

Ini 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Ini 5.000 iu vial

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Inj 50,000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 250,000 iu vial Inj 500,000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1536)

Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.1.2 Either:
 - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10×10^6 /L on day 5 after

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	

continued...

4 days of G-CSF treatment; or

3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10⁶ CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or

- 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.2.1 Both:
 - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of $> 5 \times 10^9$ /L: and
 - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10×10^6 /L; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1×10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or
- 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors

FII GRASTIM	Doctricted	caa tarme	holow

t	Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-21 to 202496.22	10	Nivestim
1	Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial520.00	4	Neupogen
1	Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024148.58	10	Nivestim

→ Restricted (RS1188)

Haematologist or oncologist

PEGFILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below

Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe − 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025......65.00
1 Ziextenzo

→ Restricted (RS1743)

Initiation

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5%*).

Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

Fluids and Electrolytes

Intravenous Administration

חוחר

Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe e.g. Baxter

CALCIUM GLUCONATE

Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule e.g. Max Health

COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES

Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 ml

pag.......57.06 18 Plasma-Lyte 148

Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, aluconate 23 mmol/l,

COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium,

98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate, glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag227.64 12 Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5%

Glucose

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Day	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	25.20	18	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	16.92	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag	52.00	10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 100 ml bag	95.00	50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag	61.50	30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag	66.00	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag	120.36	12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag	118.26	18	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	34.75	5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag	362.34	18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	17.50	1	Biomed
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
	and at a		
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 20.45%, 3,000 ml bag			
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chlo 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	oride		
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlori	ide		
0.18%, 1,000 ml bag	218.52	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlori	ide		
0.45%, 1,000 ml bag	171.84	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlori	ide		
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	303.72	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag	175.44	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	186.24	12	Baxter
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
lnj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 ml	han 512 16	48	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 m	o .	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 m	•	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml		48	Baxter
	oug020.02	70	Daxioi
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE	474.57	40	11 control
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule	1/4.5/	10	Hospira
RINGER'S SOLUTION			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l, chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag			
SODIUM ACETATE			
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ODIUM BICARBONATE	·		
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial			
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial	23.52	1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial		1	Biomed
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4 00	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025.		30	BD PosiFlush
Restricted (RS1297)			22 . 00
nitiation			
or use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 .	12.00	30	BD PosiFlush
• Restricted (RS1297)	12.00	30	DD FUSIFIUSII
nitiation			
or use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
•	F 44.70	00	DD Daniffluck
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2029	5 11./0	30	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)			
nitiation			
or use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule		5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag	150.72	12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag	118.20	60	Baxter
	147.75	75	Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag	84.48	48	Baxter
	105.60	60	Baxter-Viaflo
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag	48.00	24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	16.32	12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle			
ODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE (SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE]		
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule	•	5	Biomed
/ATER			
Inj 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	7.60	50	Multichem
Inj 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 250 ml bag		20	i icaciilua itabi
Inj 500 ml bag			
Inj, 1,000 ml bag	20.52	12	Baxter
11j, 1,000 111 bag			Duxioi
Oral Administration			
ALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE	160.05	200 ~	Calaium Dasanium
Powder	109.00	300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Powder for oral soln - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	9.53	50	Electral
OMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
	6.52	1,000 ml	Hydralyte - Lemonade
Soln with electrolytes – 5% DV May-24 to 2025	0.00		
Soln with electrolytes - 5% DV May-24 to 2025		1,000 ml	Pedialyte - Bubblegum

	-	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PHOSPHORUS				
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)				
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE				
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol) Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) Oral liq 2 mmol per ml		.15.35	200	Span-K
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg		8.52	100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml				
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE				
Powder		.84.65	454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders				
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag	1	129.00	10	Gelofusine

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System

ACE Inhibitors

CAPTOPRIL

■ Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Apr-24 to 202686.00 100 ml DP-Captopril

→ Restricted (RS1263)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or
- 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or
- 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surgery.

CILAZAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only		
→ Tab 0.5 mg	9 90	Zapril
→ Tab 2.5 mg5.7	9 90	Zapril
→ Tab 5 mg10.0	5 90	Zapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20251.7	5 90	Acetec
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20251.9		Acetec
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20252.3	5 90	Acetec
LISINOPRIL		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202511.0	7 90	Ethics Lisinopril
		Teva Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202511.6	7 90	Ethics Lisinopril
		Teva Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202514.6	9 90	Ethics Lisinopril
		Teva Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL		
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20241.5		Coversyl
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20242.9	5 30	Coversyl
Tab 8 mg5.0	2 30	Coversyl
QUINAPRIL		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 20245.9	7 90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 20245.1	8 90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 20247.9	5 90	Arrow-Quinapril 20
RAMIPRIL		
Cap 1.25 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2024	0 90	Tryzan
Cap 2.5 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2024	0 90	Tryzan
Cap 5 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2024	5 90	Tryzan
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 20247.0		Tryzan

ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics

QU	INAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restricted: For continuation only		
	Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 4.10	30	Accuretic 10
\Rightarrow	Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 5.25	30	Accuretic 20

Angiotensin II Antagonists CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL Tab 4 mg − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	2.28 3.31 5.26 2.00 2.29 2.86	90 90 90 90	Candestar Candestar Candestar
Tab 4 mg − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Tab 8 mg − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Tab 16 mg − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Tab 16 mg − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Tab 32 mg − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 LOSARTAN POTASSIUM Tab 12.5 mg − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Tab 25 mg − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Tab 50 mg − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Tab 100 mg − 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg Tab 32 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg − 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN − Restricted see terms below ■ Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg ■ Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg ■ Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg ■ Restricted (RS2014) Initiation All of the following: 1 Patient has heart failure; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or	2.28 3.31 5.26 2.00 2.29 2.86	90 90	Candestar Candestar
Tab 16 mg = 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	3.31 5.26 2.00 2.29 2.86	90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	5.26 2.00 2.29 2.86		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM Tab 12.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.00 2.29 2.86	90	
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.29 2.86		Candestar
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.86	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg		84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	4.57	84	Losartan Actavis
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	-	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg			
Tab 32 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg			
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN - Restricted see terms below Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg		30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 16/12.5
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg − 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN − Restricted see terms below I Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg I Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg Restricted (RS2014) Initiation All of the following: 1 Patient has heart failure; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or	5.25	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 32/12.5
SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN — Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg	4.00	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazi
Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg Restricted (RS2014) Initiation All of the following: 1 Patient has heart failure; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or			
Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg			
Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg Restricted (RS2014) Initiation All of the following: 1 Patient has heart failure; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or		56	Entresto 24/26
 → Restricted (RS2014) Initiation All of the following: Patient has heart failure; and Any of the following: Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or 		56	Entresto 49/51
Initiation All of the following: 1 Patient has heart failure; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or	190.00	56	Entresto 97/103
All of the following: 1 Patient has heart failure; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or			
Patient has heart failure; and Any of the following: 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or			
 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or 			
2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or			
2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or			
2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and			
3 Either:			
3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF		or equal	to 35% or
3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practical, and in the opinion of the tr treatment; and	of less than		*
4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure tr			

Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers

DOXAZOSIN			
Tab 2 mg	17.35	500	Doxazosin Clinect
Tab 4 mg	20.94	500	Doxazosin Clinect

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 10 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
PRAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg	5.53	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 2 mg	7.00	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 5 mg	11.70	100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Cap 1 mg	15.40	100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 2 mg		100	Prazosin Mylan
Cap 5 mg	23.32	100	Prazosin Mylan
TERAZOSIN – Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 1 mg			
Antiarrhythmics			
ADENOSINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	62.73	6	Adenocor
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	02.73	U	Adeliocol
⇒ Restricted (RS1266)			
Initiation			
For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.			
AJMALINE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Restricted (RS1001)			
Cardiologist			
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		30	Aratac
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		30	Aratac
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	15.22	10	Max Health
ATROPINE SULPHATE			
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	15.09	10	Martindale
DIGOXIN			
Tab 62.5 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	7.80	240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	16.90	240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial			
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE			
Cap 100 mg			
FLECAINIDE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		60	Flecainide BNM
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	35.78	90	Flecainide Controlled
Cap long-acting 200 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	54.28	90	Release Teva Flecainide Controlled
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	104.00	5	Release Teva Tambocor
iiij 10 iiig pei iiii, 13 iiii aiiipodie	104.00	J	i allibucui

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

IVABRADINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 5 mg
- → Restricted (RS1566)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker;
 - 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 150 mg162	2.00 1	00	Teva
Cap 250 mg202	2.00 1	00	Teva

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE	 Restricted see terms below 	
-		

ŧ	Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2024	38.23	100	Midodrine Medsurge
1	Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2024	59.98	100	Midodrine Medsurge

⇒ Restricted (RS1427)

Initiation

ATENOLOL

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers

Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2024	9.33	500	Viatris
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		500	Atenolol Viatris Mylan Atenolol
Oral liq 5 mg per ml(Mylan Atenolol Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 July 2024)	49.85	300 ml	Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	1.36	90	Ipca-Bisoprolol
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	1.91	90	Ipca-Bisoprolol
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90	Ipca-Bisoprolol
CARVEDILOL			
Tab 6.25 mg	2.24	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
CELIPROLOL – Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 200 mg			

ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

LABETALOL

Tab	50	mg

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2024 14.50	100	Trandate
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 202427.00	100	Trandate
Ini E ma nor ml. 20 ml ampaula		

Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

(ex man. excl. GST) Rer Generic Manufacturer				
### METOPROLOL SUCCINATE Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		Price		Brand or
### TOPROLOL SUCCINATE Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026				
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		<u> </u>	Per	Manutacturer
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	4.20	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026. 9.76 90 Myloc CR METOPROLOL TARTRATE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027 5.66 100 IPCA-Metoprolol Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027 7.55 60 IPCA-Metoprolol Tab long-acting 200 mg 23.40 28 Slow-Lopresor Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial. 26.50 5 Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol IV Viatris NADOLOL Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 19.19 100 Nadolol BNM Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 30.39 100 Nadolol BNM PROPRANOLOL Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027 7.04 100 Drofate Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027 8.75 100 IPCA-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 18.17 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule SOTALOL Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 37.50 500 Mylan	Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	3.65	90	Myloc CR
METOPROLOL TARTRATE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	Tab long-acting 95 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	5.24	90	Myloc CR
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	Tab long-acting 190 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	9.76	90	Myloc CR
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		5.66	100	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg				•
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			28	•
Metoprolol IV Viatris NADOLOL Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024				
NADOLOL Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024	.,			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 19.19 100 Nadolol BNM Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 30.39 100 Nadolol BNM PROPRANOLOL Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027 70.04 100 Drofate Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027 8.75 100 IPCA-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 18.17 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule SOTALOL Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 37.50 500 Mylan	NADOLOI			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024		19 19	100	Nadolol BNM
PROPRANOLOL Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027				
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027	•		100	Madoloi Bitili
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027 8.75 100 IPCA-Propranolol Cap long-acting 160 mg 18.17 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule SOTALOL Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 37.50 500 Mylan		7.04	100	Duefete
Cap long-acting 160 mg 100 Cardinol LA Oral liq 4 mg per ml 1nj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule SOTALOL Tab 80 mg 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 37.50 500 Mylan				
Oral liq 4 mg per ml Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule SOTALOL Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025				•
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule SOTALOL Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		18.17	100	Cardinol LA
SOTALOL Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025				
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	inj 1 mg per mi, 1 mi ampoule			
·	SOTALOL			
Tab 160 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	37.50	500	Mylan
··· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Tab 160 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	14.00	100	Mylan

Calcium Channel Blockers

Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers

AMLODIPINE		
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20261.45	90	Vasorex
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 20261.21	90	Vasorex
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	90	Vasorex
FELODIPINE		
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg1.45	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20244.07	90	Felo 5 ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20244.32	90	Felo 10 ER

ISRADIPINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 2.5 mg

NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1699)

Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
- 2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
- 3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IIFEDIPINE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg	19.42	56	Tensipine MR10
Tab long-acting 20 mg	17.72	100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg		100	Mylan (24 hr release)
	4.78	14	Mylan Italy (24 hr release)
Tab long-acting 60 mg Cap 5 mg	52.81	100	Mylan (24 hr release)
IIMODIPINE			
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	350.00	100	Nimotop
Inj 0.2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 5% DV May-24 to 2025		5	Nimotop
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 30 mg			
Cap long-acting 120 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	65 35	500	Diltiazem CD Clinect
Cap long-acting 180 mg = 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2027		30	Cardizem CD
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	9.50	30	Cardizein CD
PERHEXILINE MALEATE Tab 100 mg	62.90	100	Pexsig
/ERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			9
Tab 40 mg	7.01	100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg		100	Isoptin SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg		30	Isoptin SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Isoptin
Centrally-Acting Agents			
CLONIDINE			
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	11.70	4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE	00.00	440	a =
Tab 25 mcg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025		112	Clonidine Teva
Tab 150 mcg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 METHYLDOPA	29.68	10	Medsurge
Tab 250 mg	15.10	100	Methyldopa Mylan
Methyldopa Mylan Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 September 2024)			Methyldopa Viatris
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
•			
BUMETANIDE		405	ъ .
Tab 1 mg	16.36	100	Burinex
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial			

		· ·		P. 1
		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]				
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2024		8.00	1,000	IPCA-Frusemide
Tab 500 mg			50	Urex Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			30 ml	Lasix
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			5 6	Furosemide-Baxter Lasix
Osmotic Diuretics				
MANNITOL				
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag	8	302.56	12	Baxter
Inj 20%, 500 ml bag	1,1	178.10	18	Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE				
Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg				
Potassium Sparing Diuretics				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 5 mg				
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		33 71	25 ml	Biomed
EPLERENONE - Restricted see terms below			20	2.000
■ Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		18.50	30	Inspra
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		.25.00	30	Inspra
→ Restricted (RS1640)				-r -
nitiation				
Both:				
1 Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%; a2 Either:	nd			
2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactone	or			
2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant adverse		e on optimal	dosing of	spironolactone.
SPIRONOLACTONE				
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025		3.68	100	Spiractin
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025			100	Spiractin
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		.34.65	25 ml	Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics				
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE]				
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026			500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		.61.00	500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE				
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		.29.21	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE]				
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		6.95	50	Hygroton
NDAPAMIDE				
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		.16.00	90	Dapa-Tabs
			~~	

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per Manufacturer

METOLAZONE

Tab 5 mg

Vasopressin receptor antagonists

TO	LVAPTAN - Restricted see terms below
t	Tab 15 mg
•	Tab 00

28 Jinarc 28 Jinarc 56 Jinarc 56 Jinarc Jinarc

→ Restricted (RS1930)

Initiation – autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease; and
- 2 Patient has an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) of greater than or equal to 25 ml/min/1.73 m² at treatment initiation: and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with a decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 5 mL/min/1.73 m² within
 - 3.2 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with an average decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 2.5 mL/min/1.73 m² per year over a five-year period.

Continuation – autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has not developed end-stage renal disease, defined as an eGFR of less than 15 mL/min/1.73 m²; and
- 2 Patient has not undergone a kidney transplant.

Lipid-Modifying Agents

Fibrates

BF7AFIBRATE

Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	19.46	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	21.21	30	Bezalip Retard

HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)

ATORVASTATIN

			0
Lorstat	500	6.16	Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024
Lorstat	500	9.24	
Lorstat	500	14.92	Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024
Lorstat	500	26.54	Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024

		Manufacturer
7.16	100	Clinect
2.11	28	Pravastatin Mylan
		Pravastatin Viatris
12.25	100	Clinect
3.61	28	Pravastatin Mylan
1.29	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
1.69	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
2.71	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
4.55	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
		1.69 30 2.71 30

Initiation - cardiovascular disease risk

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient is considered to be at risk of cardiovascular disease; and
 - 1.2 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has a calculated risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
 - 2.2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - familial hypercholesterolemia

Both:

- 1 Patient has familial hypercholesterolemia (defined as a Dutch Lipid Criteria score greater than or equal to 6); and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - established cardiovascular disease

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has proven coronary artery disease (CAD); or
 - 1.2 Patient has proven peripheral artery disease (PAD); or
 - 1.3 Patient has experienced an ischaemic stroke; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.4 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - recurrent major cardiovascular events

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced a recurrent major cardiovascular event (defined as myocardial infarction, ischaemic stroke, coronary revascularisation, hospitalisation for unstable angina) in the last 2 years; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.0 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM			
	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SIMVASTATIN Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.68	90	Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		90 90	Simvastatin Viatris Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	8.81	90	Simvastatin Viatris Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris
(Simvastatin Mylan Tab 80 mg to be delisted 1 September 2024)			
Resins			
CHOLESTYRAMINE Powder for oral liq 4 g COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE Grans for oral liq 5 g COLESTYRAMINE Powder for oral suspension 4 g sachet	61.50	50	Colestyramine - Mylan
Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors			
EZETIMIBE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	5.15 6.15 7.15	30 30 30 30 30	Ezetimibe Sandoz Zimybe Zimybe Zimybe Zimybe Zimybe
Other Lipid-Modifying Agents		00	Zimyoo
, , , ,			
ACIPIMOX Cap 250 mg			
Nitrates			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day	7.48 15.73	5 250 dose 30 30	Hospira Nitrolingual Pump Spray Nitroderm TTS 5 Nitroderm TTS 10
SOSORBIDE MONONITRATE	22.49	100 30 90	Ismo 20 Ismo 40 Retard Duride

¹ Item restricted (see → above); **1** Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

Other Cardiac Agents

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1007)

Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

Initiation - Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

Sympathomimetics			
ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule		5	Aspen Adrenaline
	12.65		DBL Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial	40.00	10	Annan Adranalina
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule	27.00	10 5	Aspen Adrenaline Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe	27.00	3	Ποοριια
DOBUTAMINE			
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	61.13	5	Dobutamine-hameln
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	38.65	10	Max Health Ltd
EPHEDRINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	142.00	10	Ephedrine Juno
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	34.31	10	Max Health
ISOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL]			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
METARAMINOL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per mi, 5 mi syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	53.00	10	Torbay
NORADRENALINE			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	45.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	163.38	25	Neosynephrine HCL
Vasodilators			
ALPROSTADIL – Restricted see terms below Inj 10 mcg vial Restricted (RS1992) Initiation Both: 1 Patient has erectile dysfunction; and 2 Patient is to receive a penile Doppler ultrasonography. ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 500 mcg per ml, 20 ml ampoule HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg Restricted (RS1008) Initiation Either: 1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or 2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate,		5	Prostin VR or have not responded to
ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers. Inj 20 mg ampoule	25 90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE	20.00	J	Aprodomio
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule $$ – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 MINOXIDIL		10	Milrinone-Baxter
Tab 10 mg	78.40	100	Loniten
NICORANDIL Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2025	25.57	60	lkorel
Tab 10 mg - 3 % DV Way-24 to 2023	21.73	00	Max Health
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2025	32.28	60	Ikorel
(Ikorel Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 May 2024) (Ikorel Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 May 2024) PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	27.44		Max Health
Inj 30 mg per ml, 11m viai Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	257.12	5	Hospira
Endothelin Receptor Antagonists			
AMBRISENTAN − Restricted see terms on the next page ¶ Tab 5 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 ¶ Tab 10 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		30 30	Ambrisentan Viatris Ambrisentan Viatris

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

54

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1981)

Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II. III or IV: and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with both sildenafil and bosentan; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV: and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s

		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

$$cm^{-5}$$
); and

- 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil or bosentan) for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy including bosentan and has experienced intolerable side effects on bosentan; and
 - 5.3 Both:
 - 5.3.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy; and
 - 5.3.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (eg due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease).

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or

- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Both:
 - 5.2.2.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
 - 5.2.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

The patient is continuing to derive benefit from ambrisentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool**. Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 62.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	119.85	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
1	Tab 125 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	119.85	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
_	Postrioted (PC1000)			

→ Restricted (RS1982)

Initiation – PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or

Price		Brand or	_
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$ 1	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
- 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil; or
 - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*: and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II. III or IV: and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy; and
 - 5.2 Either:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil) for at least three months and has experienced an inadequate therapeutic response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

would likely benefit from initial dual therapy.

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*: and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II. III or IV: and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list: or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from bosentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool**.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors				
SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	0.85	4	Vedafil	

→ Restricted (RS1983)

Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and

Vedafil

Vedafil

12

- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and

- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH is confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) of greater than 20 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) that is less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 2 Wood Units or at least 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH is non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †: or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures.

Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

Initiation - injection

Both:

Pi	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

Prostacyclin Analogues

EPOPROSTENOL - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 mcg vial36.61	1	Veletri
t	Inj 1.5 mg vial73.21	1	Veletri

→ Restricted (RS1984)

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

5.3 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool.

Initiation – PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV: or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from epoprostenol treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Manufacturer	
5	llomedin	
30	Vebulis	
	5 30	5 Ilomedin 30 Vebulis

Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these quidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
 - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 5.2 Fither:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil and both the funded endothelin receptor antagonists (i.e. both bosentan and ambrisentan); or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to endothelin receptor antagonists.

Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
- 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) † : or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**: or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.2 Fither:
 - 5.2.1 Patient has an absolute contraindication to or has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil: or
 - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to or experienced intolerable side effects with a funded endothelin receptor antagonist; and
 - 5.3 Either:
 - 5.3.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 5.3.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy.

Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
 - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
 - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s cm^{-5}); and
 - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
 - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
 - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool**; or
 - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
 - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or

	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or

- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 5.2 Any of the following:
 - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
 - 5.2.3 Both:
 - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool**; and
 - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from iloprost treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

** the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol)	 8.56	10 g	Crystaderm
MAFENIDE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Powder 50 g sachet → Restricted (RS1299) Initiation			
For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Oint 2% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 SULFADIAZINE SILVER		5 g 5 g	Foban Foban
Crm 1%	 .10.80	50 g	Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	 .21.87	5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% → Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only			
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% − 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	 1.10	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE → Crm 1% – Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1%			
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 5% DV May-24 to 2026	 4.09	100 ml	Sebizole
METRONIDAZOLE Gel 0.75%			
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% − 5% DV May-24 to 2026 Lotn 2% − Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%	 0.90	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	 4.25	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN Lotn 5% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.28	30 ml	A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1%			
Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	11.26	60	Oratane
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	18.75	120	Oratane
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	26.73	120	Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	15.57	50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE			
Crm, aqueous, BP	3.45	100 g	healthE Calamine Aqueous
CROTAMITON Crm 10% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	3.29	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	1.47	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone
Crm 10% pump bottle		500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone
			10%
ZINC Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)

Crm					
Crm		(ex man. e	xcl. GST)	Per	Generic
Oint, BP	ZINC AND CASTOR OIL				
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g. Oint, BP	Crm		1.63	20 g	Orion
Oint, BP			4.25	500 g	Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less. INC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15 25% with wool fat 4% Emollients IQUEOUS CREAM Crm 100 g Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Crm 500 g - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024					
Emollients QUEOUS CREAM Cm 100 g Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Cm 500 g - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024			1.26	20 g	healthE
Emollients QUEOUS CREAM Cm 100 g Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Cm 500 g - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024	Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less.				
Collection Col	ZINC WITH WOOL FAT				
QUEOUS CREAM	Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%				e.g. Sudocrem
Crm 100 g	Emollients				
Crm 100 g	AQUEOUS CREAM				
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Cm 500 g - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024					
Crm 500 g - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
CETOMACROGOL			1.73	500 g	GEM Aqueous Cream
Crm BP, 500 g - 5% DV May-22 to 2024				ŭ	•
Crm BP, 100 g ETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,	CETOMACROGOL				
Crm BP, 100 g ETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,			1.99	500 a	Cetomacrogol-AFT
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL Crm 90% with glycerol 10% Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Crm 90% with glycerol 10% 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025 3.50 ml Evara S.50 ml S.50 ml Evara S.50 ml S.50 ml Evara S.50 ml S.5	, ,			3	
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,	•				
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025			1.65	100 a	healthF
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025				.00 9	
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g. ### SMULSIFYING OINTMENT Oint BP - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			2.13	500 ml	Evara
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT Oint BP - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	0 ,			,000 ml	Evara
Oint BP - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.				
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g. Oint BP, 500 g - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	MULSIFYING OINTMENT				
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g. Oint BP, 500 g - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	Oint BP - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		2.30	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g. SELYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10% Crm, 500 g - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025				Ü	•
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g. SELYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10% Crm, 500 g – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	Oint BP, 500 g - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		3.13	500 g	Emulsifying Ointment
CARAFFIN Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% and liquid paraffin 10% Oint liquid paraffin 50% and liquid paraffin 10% Crm, 500 g - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025					ADE
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10% Crm, 500 g – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.				
OIL IN WATER EMULSION Crm, 500 g - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN				
Crm, 500 g - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%	6			e.g. QV cream
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g. Crm, 100 g - 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024	DIL IN WATER EMULSION				
Crm, 100 g - 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024	Crm, 500 g - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025		2.04	500 g	Fatty Cream AFT
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. PARAFFIN Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% – 5% DV May-23 to 2025					
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% – 5% DV May-23 to 2025	, J		1.59	1	healthE Fatty Cream
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% – 5% DV May-23 to 2025	Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.				
to 2025	PARAFFIN				
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. White soft	Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% - 5% DV May-	23			
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. White soft	to 2025		1.84	100 g	White Soft Liquid
White soft				-	Paraffin AFT
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both white soft paraffin and yellow soft paraffin. White soft, - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026			. 70	4.0	
White soft, -5% DV Jun-24 to 2026					
Paraffin 4.99 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 500 g or less and greater than 30 g. Yellow soft Lotn liquid paraffin 85% Paraffin healthE e.g QV Bath Oil			•		
4.99 healthE Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 500 g or less and greater than 30 g. Yellow soft Lotn liquid paraffin 85% e.g QV Bath Oil	wnite soπ, - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026		4./4	450 g	
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 500 g or less and greater than 30 g. Yellow soft Lotn liquid paraffin 85% e.g QV Bath Oil			4.99		
Yellow soft Lotn liquid paraffin 85% e.g QV Bath Oil	Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 500 g or less and gr				
Lotn liquid paraffin 85% e.g QV Bath Oil	11 1 0	- 210. 111411	9.		
					e.g QV Bath Oil
	healthE White soft, to be delisted 1 June 2024)				-

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
DADAFFINIA//TUMOOL FAT	Ψ	1 61	Manufacturer
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			e.g. AlphaKeri;BK;DP;
Lotti ilquiu paratiiti 15.5 /6 witti wooi lat 0.0 /6			Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA			• .
Crm 10%	1.37	100 g	healthE Urea Cream
WOOL FAT			
Crm			
O and it a substruction			
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	36.00	50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.	00.00		. .
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.	36.00	50 g	Diprosone
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE Crm 0.1% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	153	50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		50 g	Beta Circum Beta Cintment
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		50 ml	Betnovate
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	2.33	30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE – Restricted : For continuation only			
→ Crm 0.1%			
Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE Crm 1%, 30 g - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1 79	30 g	Ethics
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to		50 g	Lunes
Crm 1%, 500 g - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025		500 g	Noumed
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% - 5% DV Jun-2			
to 2026HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE	12.83	250 ml	DP Lotn HC
Crm 0.1%	4.85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		100 g	Locoid
Milky emul 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		100 ml	Locoid Crelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.95	15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE			
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	3.10 1.95	50 g 15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free Elocon
Ont O.170 O/ODT 1 OD LE TO EVET	2.90	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		30 ml	Elocon

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE	3	Per	Manufacturer
Crm 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100 g	Aristocort
Oint 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.54	100 g	Aristocort

Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1125)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or
- 2 For continuation use.

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]

Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%

HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE

HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN

Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g

Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations

ACITRETIN		
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026	60	Novatretin
Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-24 to 202657.37	60	Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL		
Foam spray 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g59.95	60 g	Enstilar
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-21 to 202439.35	60 g	Daivobet
Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 15.90	30 g	Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL		
Oint 50 mcg per g40.00	120 g	Daivonex
COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR		
Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%		
METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN]		
Tab 10 mg		
Lotn 1.2%		
PIMECROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below		
□ Crm 1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	15 g	Elidel

⇒ Restricted (RS1781)

Initiation

Dermatologist, paediatrician or ophthalmologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the eyelid; and
- 2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical corticosteroids: periorificial dermatitis, rosacea, documented epidermal atrophy, documented allergy to topical corticosteroids, cataracts, glaucoma, or raised intraocular pressure.

		Price excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESC Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium -	- 5% DV	- 4·	500 :	D
Feb-24 to 2026POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE Tab 400 mg Crystals		5.41	500 ml	Pinetarsol
TACROLIMUS • Oint 0.1% – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 • Restricted (RS1859)		.33.00	30 g	Zematop
Initiation Dermatologist or paediatrician Both:				
 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the face; and Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to documented epidermal atrophy or documented allergy to top 			periorificial	dermatitis, rosacea,
Scalp Preparations				
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE Scalp app 0.1% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		9.84	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Scalp app 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		6.26	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		6.57	100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations				
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5%SILVER NITRATE		.33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline
Sticks with applicator				
Other Skin Preparations DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2%				
IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet		.21.72	24	Perrigo
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY Lotn - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		6.50	200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
Antineoplastics				
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM Crm 5% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024			20 g	Efudix
METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted s ↓ Crm 16% → Restricted (RS1127) Dermatologist or plastic surgeon	ee terms be	low		

DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price			Brand or
(ex mar	. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

Wound Management Products

CALCIUM GLUCONATE Gel 2.5%

e.g. Orion

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anti-Infective Agents

ACETIC ACID

Soln 3% Soln 5%

ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID

Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Crm 1%

Lotn 1%

CLOTRIMAZOLE

 Vaginal crm 1% with applicator - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025
 35 g
 Clomazol

 Vaginal crm 2% with applicator - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025
 3.85
 20 g

Clomazol

MICONAZOLE NITRATE

 Micreme

NYSTATIN

Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026....5.70

75 a

168

Nilstat

Contraceptives

Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives

CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL

Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

. 5.08

Ginet

Combined Oral Contraceptives

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 5% DV

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg and 7 inert tab12.25 84 Brevinor 1/28

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL

Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	GEI.		THINAITI STOTEW
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
$\begin{split} &\text{INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE}\\ &\text{IUD 29.1 mm length} \times 23.2 \text{ mm width } -5\% \text{ DV Apr-23 to 2025} \dots\\ &\text{IUD 33.6 mm length} \times 29.9 \text{ mm width } -5\% \text{ DV Apr-23 to 2025} \dots\\ &\text{IUD 35.5 mm length} \times 19.6 \text{ mm width } -5\% \text{ DV Apr-23 to 2025} \dots \end{split}$	29.80	1 1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	1.75	1	Levonorgestrel BNM
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL			
Tab 30 mcg	16 50	84	Microlut
Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		1	Jadelle
Intra-uterine device 52 mg - 1% DV Nov-23 to 31 Oct 2024		1	Mirena
Intra-uterine device 13.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-23 to 31 Oct 2024 MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE		1	Jaydess
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe	9.18	1	Depo-Provera
Tab 350 mcg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	12.25	84	Noriday 28
Obstetric Preparations			
Antiprogestogens			
MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg			
Oxytocics			
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE Pessaries 10 mg Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g	65 20	1	Prostin E2
Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g		1	Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	160.00	5	DBL Ergometrine
OXYTOCIN			
Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	4.98	5	Oxytocin BNM
Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		5	Oxytocin BNM
OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE			•
	F0/		
Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - DV Dec-22 to 2025		5	Syntometrine
Tocolytics			
PROGESTERONE			
Cap 100 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	14.85	30	Utrogestan
Products with Hospital Cumply Ctatus (HCC) are in hald			

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mcg ampoule → Restricted (RS1130) Dbstetrician			
Oestrogens			
OESTRIOL Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Pessaries 500 mcg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		15 g 15	Ovestin Ovestin
Urologicals			
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors			
FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Restricted (RS1131) Initiation Both:	4.79	100	Ricit
Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and Either: 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha bloc 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective.	ckers or these are contra		r
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers			
TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below ♣ Cap 400 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 → Restricted (RS1132) Initiation Both: 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or	22.31	100 ed.	Tamsulosin-Rex
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below Oral liq 3 mmol per ml Restricted (RS1133) Initiation Both:	35.70	200 ml	Biomed
The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two		ation.	
SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	3.50	28	Ural
Urinary Antispasmodics			
OXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	5.42	100	Alchemy Oxybutynin

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2024	2.05	30	Solifenacin Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2024	3.72	30	Solifenacin Viatris

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

→ Restricted (RS1302)

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

CYPROTERONE AC	EIAIE
----------------	-------

Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	14.37	50	Siterone
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	28.03	50	Siterone

TESTOSTERONE

Gel (transdermal) 16.2 mg per g - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2027	2.00	88 g	Testogel
Patch 5 mg per day225	5.00	30	Androderm

TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial......85.00

Depo-Testosterone

TESTOSTERONE ESTERS

Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg, testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate

TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE

30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Cap 40 mg - Restricted: For continuation only

Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial......86.00 Reandron 1000

Calcium Homeostasis

\sim 1	01-	-		N.I.
CAL	Ci.	1()	NI	N

Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	121.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 30 mg − 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024	42.06	28	Cinacalet Devatis
↓ Tab 60 mg − 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024	84.12	28	Cinacalet Devatis

→ Restricted (RS1931)

Initiation - parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g., painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L): and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate

Continuation - parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

Initiation - primary hyperparathyroidism

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has primary hyperparathyroidism; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 3 mmol/L with or without symptoms; or
 - 2.2 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 2.85 mmol/L with symptoms; and
- 3 Surgery is not feasible or has failed; and
- 4 Patient has other comorbidities, severe bone pain, or calciphylaxis.

Initiation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has tertiary hyperparathyroidism and markedly elevated parathyroid hormone (PTH) with hypercalcaemia;
 - 1.2 Patient has symptomatic secondary hyperparathyroidism and elevated PTH; and
- 2 Patient is on renal replacement therapy; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Residual parathyroid tissue has not been localised despite repeat unsuccessful parathyroid explorations; or
 - 3.2 Parathyroid tissue is surgically inaccessible; or
 - 3.3 Parathyroid surgery is not feasible.

Continuation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had a kidney transplant, and following a treatment free interval of at least 12 weeks a clinically acceptable parathyroid hormone (PTH) level to support ongoing cessation of treatment has not been reached; or
- 2 The patient has not received a kidney transplant and trial of withdrawal of cinacalcet is clinically inappropriate.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml52.80	25 ml	Biomed

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	7.86	10	Hameln
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		10	Hameln
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	11.46	100	Florinef
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg	8 10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg		100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024		1	Solu-Cortef
		'	Join-Ooitei
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)	110.00	100	Madral
Tab 4 mg		100 20	Medrol Medrol
Tab 100 mg		20 1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Via
Inj 40 mg vialInj 125 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Via
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Via
Inj 1 g vial		1	Solu-Medrol
	02.07	•	Cold Wicaro
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE	47.00	-	Dana Madral
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	47.06	5	Depo-Medrol
PREDNISOLONE			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg	18.58	500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 2.5 mg	21.04	500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 20 mg	50.51	500	Prednisone Clinect
FRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 10% DV Feb-24 to 2026	21.42	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	52.63	5	Kenacort-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
, 01 ,			

Oestrogens

OESTRADIO	L

OESTRADIOL		
Tab 1 mg		
Patch 25 mcg per day14.50	8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day14.50	8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day14.50	8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day14.50	8	Estradot
OESTRADIOL VALERATE		
Tab 1 mg12.36	84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg12.36	84	Progynova

OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)

Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations

OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol

(12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Progestogens

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 2.5 mg	30	Provera
Tab 5 mg17.50	100	Provera
Tab 10 mg8.94	30	Provera

Other Endocrine Agents

CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 0.5 mg	4.43	2	Dostinex
		17.94	8	Dostinex

→ Restricted (RS1855)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Inhibition of lactation; or
- 2 Patient has hyperprolactinemia; or
- 3 Patient has acromegaly.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

CLOMIFENE CITRATE

GESTRINONE

Cap 2.5 mg

METYRAPONE

Cap 250 mg

PENTAGASTRIN

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Other Oestrogen Preparations

OESTRADIOL

Implant 50 mg

OESTRIOL

Other Progestogen Preparations

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE

Tab 100 mg116.15 100 Provera HD

	Prio (ex man. e \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NORETHISTERONE Tab 5 mg		5.49	30	Primolut N

Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues

CORTICORELIN (OVINE)

Inj 100 mcg vial

THYROTROPIN ALFA

Inj 900 mcg vial

Adrenocorticotropic Hormones

TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN]			
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	86.25	1	Synacthen
Ini 1 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule	690.00	1	Synacthen Depot

GnRH Agonists and Antagonists

BUSERFLIN

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial

GONADORELIN

Inj 100 mcg vial

GOSERELIN

Implant 3.6 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	66.48	1	Zoladex
Implant 10.8 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	138.23	1	Zoladex
LEUPRORELIN ACETATE			
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	221.60	1	Lucrin Depot 1-month
Ini 11 25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	591.68	1	Lucrin Depot 3-month

Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

Growth Hormone

SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below		
I Inj 5 mg cartridge − 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 69.75	1	Omnitrope
Inj 10 mg cartridge − 5% DV Jan-22 to 202469.75	1	Omnitrope
Inj 15 mg cartridge − 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	1	Omnitrope
Postrioted (PS1826)		•

Initiation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>

P	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	rei	Manuacturei

continued...

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and</p>
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Fither
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.</p>

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred;
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and
- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight oximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Fither:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak

	Price			Brand or
(ex m	an. excl	. GST)	_	Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
- 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
- 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
- 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients; or

3 All of the following:

- 3.1 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for somatropin for childhood deficiency in children and no longer meets the renewal criteria under this indication; and
- 3.2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3.3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 3.4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 3.5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until the serum IGF-I is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

I FVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

→ Restricted (RS1301)

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Inj 20 mcg vial

Inj 100 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 50 mg35.00

35.00 100 PTU

30

Minirin Melt

47 00

→ Restricted (RS1276)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

PROTIRFI IN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DESMOPRESSIN Wafer 120 mcg

Talor 120 mag		00	William William
DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE			
Tob 100 mag	05.00	20	Minirin

 Tab 100 mcg
 25.00
 30
 Minirin

 Tab 200 mcg
 54.45
 30
 Minirin

Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml

TERLIPRESSIN



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Antibacterials** Aminoglycosides AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe **Biomed** Ini 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe 5 **DBL Amikacin** → Restricted (RS1041) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule95.00 **DBI** Gentamicin 5 10 Pfizer PAROMOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below 16 Humatin → Restricted (RS1603) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE - Restricted see terms below Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1043) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist **TOBRAMYCIN ■** Powder → Restricted (RS1475) Initiation For addition to orthopaedic bone cement. 5 Tobramycin (Viatris) → Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist Ini 100 mg per ml. 5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist ■ Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml - **5% DV Dec-23 to 2026**............395.00 56 dose **Tobramycin BNM** ⇒ Restricted (RS1435) Initiation Patient has cystic fibrosis. Carbapenems ERTAPENEM - Restricted see terms below Invanz → Restricted (RS1045) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms below Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX → Restricted (RS1046) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

MEROPENEM - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	٠		
	D	Per	wanulacturer
inj 500 mg viai – 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	22.40	10	Marananam AFT
Ini 1 a viol E9/ DV Ive 04 to 0006		10 10	Meropenem-AFT
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	44.97	10	Meropenem-AFT
Restricted (RS1047)			
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation	n		
EFALEXIN			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	Flynn
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
	10.38		Flynn
EFAZOLIN Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	3 30	5	Cefazolin-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		5	Cefazolin-AFT
Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		5	Cefazolin-AFT
, ,		J	Jeiazoiiii-Ai I
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation	n		
EFACLOR			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		100	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	3.75	100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
CEFOXITIN			
Inj 1 g vial			
CEFUROXIME			
Tab 250 mg			
Inj 750 mg vial – 5% DV May-24 to 2026	8 16	10	Cefuroxime Devatis
111 700 111g vici 070 DV IIIdy E4 to 2020	8.59	10	Cefuroxime-AFT
Inj 1.5 g vial – 5% DV May-24 to 2026		10	Cefuroxime Devatis
ing no great 0/0 by may by to bobo	13.69	10	Cefuroxime-AFT
Cefuroxime-AFT Inj 750 mg vial to be delisted 1 May 2024)	10.00		Colaroninio / ii 1
Cefuroxime-AFT Inj 1.5 g vial to be delisted 1 May 2024)			
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation	n		
EFOTAXIME			
Inj 500 mg vial	1.90	1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		10	DBL Cefotaxime
EFTAZIDIME - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	25.80	10	Ceftazidime Kabi
• Restricted (RS1048)			J. Marianio (Mari
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe	ecialist		
	79.000		
	0.70	4	Coffrigues AET
EFTRIAXONE Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
	3.59	1 5 5	Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT



	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generat	<u> </u>	1 01	manadatat
CEFEPIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		10	Cefepime Kabi
 Inj 2 g vial − 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 ⇒ Restricted (RS1049) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist 	55.00	10	Cefepime Kabi
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generat	ion		
CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms below			

→ Restricted (RS1446)

Initiation - multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Fither:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

Macrolides

AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 500 mg 1% DV Dec-21 to 2024......2.57 2 Zithromax
- → Restricted (RS1598)

Initiation – bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*: or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms*: or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	14	Klacid
	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 202714.58		Klacid
	Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml192.00		Klacid
	Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		Klacid IV
	9.87		Martindale

(Martindale Inj 500 mg vial to be delisted 1 July 2024)

→ Restricted (RS1709)

Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or
- 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surgical or dental procedures if amoxicillin is contra-indicated.

Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

Tab 400 mg	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml6.77	100 ml	E-Mycin

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Tab 250 mg
- → Tab 500 mg

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	Γ)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ROXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	13.19	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	25.00	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
→ Restricted (RS1569)			
Initiation			
Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.			
Penicillins			
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Sep-24 to 2025	43 45	500	Alphamox
ουρ 200 mg - 0 /0 5 γ ουρ 2 γ 10 2020	27.50	000	Miro-Amoxicillin
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2025		500	Alphamox
σαρ σσσ mg - σ70 27 7 tag 21 to 2020	41.00	000	Miro-Amoxicillin
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial		10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial		10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial		10	Ibiamox
(Alphamox Cap 250 mg to be delisted 1 September 2024)			
(Alphamox Cap 500 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1 50	10	Curam Duo 500/125
Grans for oral lig 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml		100 ml	Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 20 %		100 1111	Amoxiclay multichem
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 28		10	Amoxiclav multichem
	.02 1		Amoxidat manionim
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN	075 07	10	Bicillin LA
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe	3/5.9/	10	DICIIIIII LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	16.50	10	Sandoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV May-22 to 2024	15.79	250	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV May-22 to 2024	52.99	500	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial – 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Jul-24 to 2026		10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	6.00	5	Flucil
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	3.84	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4.24	100 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below			
■ Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	3.59	1	PipTaz-AFT
⇒ Restricted (RS1053)			•
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist		
PROCAINE PENICILLIN			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe			
, g			

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

P	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

TICARCII I IN WITH CLAVUL ANIC ACID. - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1054)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

Quinolones

CIPROFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below			
	2.42	28	Cipflox
	5.95	28	Cipflox
■ Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	125.00	10	Ciprofloxacin Kabi
⇒ Restricted (RS1055)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
MOXIFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below			
	42.00	5	Avelox
Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	413.40	10	Moxifloxacin Kabi
⇒ Restricted (RS1644)			

Initiation - Mycobacterium infection

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Active tuberculosis: and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications; or
 - 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or
 - 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
 - 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or
 - 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications; or
- 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated; or
- 3 Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact with a confirmed multi-drug resistant tuberculosis case.

Initiation - Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

Either:

- 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or
- 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

Initiation - Penetrating eye injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

Initiation - Mycoplasma genitalium

All of the following:

- 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium and is symptomatic; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; or
 - 2.2 Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; and
- 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NORFLOXACIN			
Tab 400 mg	245.00	100	Arrow-Norfloxacin
Tetracyclines			
DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg			
DOXYCYCLINE → Tab 50 mg - Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg	64.43	500	Doxine
MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg – Restricted: For continuation only TETRACYCLINE			
Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg	58.20	28	Accord
TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1059) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Other Antibacterials			
AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial	364.92	10	Azactam
→ Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CLINDAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Cap 150 mg Oral liq 15 mg per ml	5.30	24	Dalacin C
Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule − 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025 → Restricted (RS1061) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	35.10	10	Hameln
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Restricted (RS1062) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe	65.00	1	Colistin-Link
DAPTOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025 → Restricted (RS1063)	115.36	1	Daptomycin Dr Reddy
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist FOSFOMYCIN – Restricted see terms on the next page Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet			e.g. UroFos

	Price	_	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	Per	Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1315)	•		
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1065)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID - Restricted see terms below			
▼ Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	276.89	10	Zyvox
Oral liq 20 mg per ml		150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	155.00	10	Linezolid Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1066) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
METHENAMINE (HEXAMINE) HIPPURATE			
Tab 1 g - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	19 95	100	Hiprex
NITROFURANTOIN		100	TIPICA
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2024	22 20	100	Nifuran
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2024		100	Nifuran
Cap modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		100	Macrobid
PIVMECILLINAM - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 200 mg			
⇒ Restricted (RS1322)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 250 mg	135.70	36	Fucidin
Restricted (RS1064)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULPHADIAZINE – Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 500 mg ■ Restricted (RS1067)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal n	nedicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below	rodionio opociano:		
Inj 400 mg vial − 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024	49.95	1	Targocid
⇒ Restricted (RS1068)			3
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	18.55	50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOLI			
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20		500	Trisul
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml	2.97	100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
VANCOMYCIN − Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	0.00	4	Mylon
Inj 500 mg vial − 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Restricted (RS1069)	3.38	1	Mylan
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

- → Restricted (RS1410)

Oncologist

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERICIN B

AmBisome 10

→ Restricted (RS1071)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Fither:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Inj 50 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1316)

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u17.09	50	Nilstat
Cap 500.000 u	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

FLUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below		
↓ Cap 50 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	28	Mylan
Cap 150 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1	Mylan
Cap 200 mg − 5% DV Dec-23 to 20268.90	28	Mylan
■ Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml129.02	35 ml	Diflucan
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
■ Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
→ Restricted (RS1072)		
Consultant		
ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below		
↓ Cap 100 mg6.83	15	Itrazole
→ Restricted (RS1073)		
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist		
POSACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms on the next page		
■ Tab modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	24	Posaconazole Juno
■ Oral liq 40 mg per ml - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	105 ml	Devatis

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1074)

Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 50 mg91.00	56	Vttack
t	Tab 200 mg350.00	56	Vttack
	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml	70 ml	Vfend
		1	AFT

→ Restricted (RS1075)

Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist Both:

Botn:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised: and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis: or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms on the next page

ŧ	Inj 50 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	110.00	1	Alchemy Caspotungin
t	Inj 70 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	135.00	1	Alchemy Caspofungin



INFECTIONS					
	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1076)					
Initiation Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, or Either:	ncologist,	respirat	ory sp	oecialist	or transplant specialist
1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed2 Both:	under an e	establis	hed p	rotocol;	or
2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious diseas treatment to be appropriate.	e physicia	n or a c	clinical	l microbi	ologist) considers the
FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 500 mg ↓ Cap 500 mg → Restricted (RS1279) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
TERBINAFINE Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		8.97		84	Deolate
Antimycobacterials					
Antileprotics					
CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 50 mg → Restricted (RS1077) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 25 mg				100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics					
BEDAQUILINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg		,084.51 ,162.00		24 188	Sirturo Sirturo
 → Restricted (RS1977) Initiation – multi-drug resistant tuberculosis Limited to 6 months treatment Both: 1 The person has multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB); a 	nd				
Manatū Hauora - Ministry of Health's Tuberculosis Clinical Ne bedaquiline as part of the treatment regimen.		reviewe	ed the	individu	al case and recommends
CYCLOSERINE − Restricted see terms below 1 Cap 250 mg → Restricted (RS1079) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spe	ecialist				
ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms on the r					

Myambutol

56

Tab 100 mg

	-	Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man.	\$	Per	Manufacturer
⇒ Restricted (RS1080)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist			
ISONIAZID - Restricted see terms below				
↓ Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		23.00	100	PSM
→ Restricted (RS1281)				
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physic	cian or int	ernal medici	ne physici	ian
ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg		89.82	100	Rifinah
■ Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	1	79.13	100	Rifinah
→ Restricted (RS1282)				
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physic	ian or int	ernal medici	ne physici	an
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below				
■ Grans for oral liq 4 g	2	280.00	30	Paser
→ Restricted (RS1083)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist			
PROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 250 mg	3	305.00	100	Peteha
→ Restricted (RS1084)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist			
PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 500 mg				
→ Restricted (RS1085)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist			
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below				
■ Cap 150 mg	3	353.71	30	Mycobutin
→ Restricted (RS1086)				
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist	or respira	tory speciali	st	
RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below				
■ Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			100	Rifadin
Cap 300 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			100	Rifadin
● Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	1	34.98	1	Rifadin
Restricted (RS1087)	randatan .	de Parla a sa	lula sa las sa bab	
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paed	iatrician d	or public nea	itri pnysici	an

Antiparasitics

Anthelmintics

ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 200 mg
- **■** Tab 400 mg
- → Restricted (RS1088)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1283)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEBENDAZOLE				
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml		.7.97	6	Vermox
RAZIQUANTEL				
Tab 600 mg				
Antiprotozoals				
RTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms be	low			
Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg				
→ Restricted (RS1090)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
RTESUNATE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 60 mg vial				
→ Restricted (RS1091)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
TOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restrict				
Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg			12	Malarone Junior
Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg	(64.00	12	Malarone
→ Restricted (RS1092)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below				
Tab 250 mg				
→ Restricted (RS1093)				
linical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or	rneumatolog	JIST		
linical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or IEFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms <mark>below</mark>	rneumatolog	JIST		
MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg	r rheumatolog	JIST		
IEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094)	·	•		
MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg	·	•		
TEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or METRONIDAZOLE	rheumatoloç	gist		
IEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or IETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg	rheumatoloç	gist 33.15	250	Metrogyl
#EFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Dinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or #ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg	rheumatolog	gist 33.15 .5.23	21	Metrogyl
#EFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Dinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or #ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml	rheumatolog	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00	21 100 ml	Metrogyl Flagyl-S
#EFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Plinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or #ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	rheumatolog	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00	21 100 ml 10	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter
#EFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Dinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or #ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml	rheumatolog	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00	21 100 ml	Metrogyl Flagyl-S
#EFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Plinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or #ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	rheumatoloç	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48	21 100 ml 10	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter
#EFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Dinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or #ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	rheumatoloç	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48	21 100 ml 10	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter
#EFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Dinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or #ETRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg #ITAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml	rheumatoloç	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48	21 100 ml 10 10	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl
#EFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or METRONIDAZOLE	rheumatoloç	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48	21 100 ml 10 10	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl
#EFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or METRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg	rheumatoloç	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48	21 100 ml 10 10	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl
### REFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094)	rheumatolog	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48	21 100 ml 10 10	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl Alinia
#EFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or METRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg	rheumatoloç	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48	21 100 ml 10 10	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl
### REFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094)	rheumatolog	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48	21 100 ml 10 10	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl Alinia
### REFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094)	rheumatolog	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48 30.00	21 100 ml 10 10	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl Alinia
### RESTRICTED NOT SET TO SET	rheumatolog	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48 30.00	21 100 ml 10 10 30	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl Alinia
### REFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094)	rheumatolog	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48 30.00	21 100 ml 10 10 30	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl Alinia
### RESTRICTED NOT SET TO SET	rheumatolog	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48 30.00	21 100 ml 10 10 30	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl Alinia
REFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or METRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Suppos 500 mg Suppos 500 mg Tab 500 mg Tab 500 mg Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml Restricted (RS1095) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist DRNIDAZOLE Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE - Restricted see terms below Inj 300 mg vial Restricted (RS1096) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	rheumatolog	gist 33.15 .5.23 25.00 18.00 24.48 30.00	21 100 ml 10 10 30	Metrogyl Flagyl-S Baxter Flagyl Alinia

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1097)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

PYRIMETHAMINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 25 mg
- → Restricted (RS1098)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal medicine specialist

QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule
- Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1099)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 100 mg per ml. 1 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1898)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EFAVIRENZ - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
1 Tab 200 mg	190.15	90	Stocrin
1 Tab 600 mg	65.38	30	Efavirenz Milpharm
	63.38		Stocrin
Oral liq 30 mg per ml			
ETRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
1 Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
1 Tab 200 mg − 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	84.00	60	Nevirapine Alphapharm
y			Nevirapine Viatris
Oral suspension 10 mg per ml	203.55	240 ml	Viramune Suspension
(Nevirapine Alphapharm Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 July 2024)			'

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1899)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ABACAVIR SULPHATE – Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 300 mg		60 240 ml	Ziagen Ziagen
ABACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		30	Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris
EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Res	stricted see	terms abov	е
Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate)	106.88	30	Viatris
EMTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms above t Cap 200 mg	307.20	30	Emtriva

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
AMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	98.00	60	Lamivudine Viatris
TAVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page Cap 30 mg Cap 40 mg Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml			
IDOVUDINE [AZT] — Restricted see terms on the previous page Cap 100 mg Oral liq 10 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	152.25 30.45	100 200 ml 5	Retrovir Retrovir Retrovir IV
IDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms of Tab 300 mg with lamivudine 150 mg	on the previous page	60	Alphapharm Lamivudine/Zidovudine Viatris

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1900)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ATAZANAVIR SUI PHATE - Restricted see terms above

1 Cap 150 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025 85.00 1 Cap 200 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025 110.00	60 60	Atazanavir Mylan Atazanavir Mylan Atazanavir Viatris
DARUNAVIR - Restricted see terms above		
1 Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	60	Darunavir Viatris
Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	60	Darunavir Viatris



	(ex man. excl.	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
INDINAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page t Cap 200 mg Cap 400 mg			
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		60	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mvlan
1 Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	295.00	120	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 100 mg	43.31	30	Norvir

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1901)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
 - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

DOI LITEGRAVIR	- Restricted see terms above
DULUTEGRAVIA	- nestricted see terris above

t	Tab 50 mg	1,090.00	30	Tivicay
RA	LTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM - Restricted see terms above			
t	Tab 400 mg	1,090.00	60	Isentress
	Tab 600 mg		60	Isentress HD

Antivirals

Hepatitis B

ENTECAVIR			
Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	12.04	30	Entecavir (Rex)
LAMIVUDINE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	12.06	28	Zetlam
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	270.00	240 ml	Zeffix

			INFECTIONS
(ex	Price man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	15.00	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil Viatris
Hepatitis C			
GLECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR Note: the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved direct distribut Pharmac's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/maviret.	tion supply. Fu	rther deta	ils can be found on
Tab 100 mg with pibrentasvir 40 mg	.24,750.00	84	Maviret
Tab 90 mg with sofosbuvir 400 mg → Restricted (RS1528)	.24,363.46	28	Harvoni
Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment PathepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according Pharmaceutical Schedule).	(, ,		,
Herpesviridae			
ACICLOVIR Tab dispersible 200 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 Tab dispersible 400 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Tab dispersible 800 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	5.81 6.46	25 56 35	Lovir Lovir Lovir
Inj 250 mg vial − 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Aciclovir-Baxter
FOSCARNET SODIUM — Restricted see terms below ■ Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle → Restricted (RS1109) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	Ü		
GANCICLOVIR − Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial Restricted (RS1110) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	380.00	5	Cymevene
VALACICLOVIR Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6.50	30	Vaclovir
Tab 1,000 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		30	Vaclovir
VALGANCICLOVIR — Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 450 mg – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1799) Initiation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Re-assessment required after 3 months	132.00	60	Valganciclovir Viatris
Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir ficontinuation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Re-assessment required after 3 months Eithor:	or CMV prophy	laxis.	

continued...

Either:

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and
 - 1.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis: and
 - 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone.

Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Relevant specialist

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
 - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and
- 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease.

Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
 - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms below

30 Tenofovir Disoproxil Emtricitabine Viatr

⇒ Restricted (RS1902)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Roth:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.



Price		Brand or		
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic		
 \$	Per	Manufacturer		

continued

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical quidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml
- → Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Te Whatu Ora Hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

→ Restricted (RS1369)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Te Whatu Ora Hospital approved infections control plan.

COVID-19 Treatments

MOLNUPIRAVIR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1893)

Initiation

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NIRMATRELVIR WITH RITONAVIR − Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 150 mg with ritonavir 100 mg Restricted (RS1894) Initiation	 0.00	30	Paxlovid

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

REMDESIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: Remdesivir to be provided to Te Whatu Ora Hospitals at a cost of \$0.00 as stock has been purchased directly by Pharmac.

→ Restricted (RS1912)

Initiation - Treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/covid-oral-antivirals). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

Initiation – COVID-19 in hospitalised patients

Therapy limited to 5 doses

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is hospitalised with confirmed (or probable) symptomatic COVID-19; and
- 2 Patient is considered to be at high risk of progression to severe disease; and
- 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 7 days; and
- 4 Patient does not require, or is not expected to require, mechanical ventilation; and
- 5 Not to be used in conjunction with other funded COVID-19 antiviral treatments; and
- 6 Treatment not to exceed five days.

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2R

Ini 18 m iu. 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1113)

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1827)

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV: or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Fither:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Initiation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
- 2 All of the following:



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
- 2.2 Patient is intolerant of hydroxyurea; and
- 2.3 Treatment with an grelide and busulfan is not clinically appropriate; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder; and
 - 3.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Continuation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 Remains intolerant of hydroxyurea and treatment with anagrelide and busulfan remains clinically inappropriate; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation – ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has ocular surface squamous neoplasia*.

Continuation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has received an allogeneic bone marrow transplant* and has evidence of disease relapse.

Continuation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient is responding and ongoing treatment remains appropriate.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Anticholinesterases** EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below Ini 10 mg per ml. 15 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1015) Initiation For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis. NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE Max Health NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Ini 2.5 mg with alvcopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule -10 Max Health PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE 100 Mestinon **Antirheumatoid Agents** HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE - Restricted see terms below 100 Plaguenil → Restricted (RS1776) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Rheumatoid arthritis: or 2 Systemic or discoid lupus erythematosus; or 3 Malaria treatment or suppression: or 4 Relevant dermatological conditions (cutaneous forms of lupus and lichen planus, cutaneous vasculitides and mucosal ulceration): or 5 Sarcoidosis (pulmonary and non-pulmonary). **LEFLUNOMIDE** 30 Arava 30 Arava PENICILLAMINE **D-Penamine** 100 100 **D-Penamine** SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule **Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism**

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in bold

ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL

Bisphosphonates

ALENDRONATE SODIUM

Fosamax

Fosamax Plus

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	32.49	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	88.11	1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	94.34	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM Tab 35 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	2 50	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID		100 ml	Zoledronic Acid Viatris
Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, bag – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025 Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism	22.53	100 1111	Zoledi Offic Acid Viatris

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1665)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal: or
 - 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
 - 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 3.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 4 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance is less than 35 mL/min; and
- 5 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes); and
- 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment with any other funded antiresorptive agent for this condition or teriparatide.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with denosumab.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has guantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.

continued...

Prolia

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	I. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.
- e) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: risedronate sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

RALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1666)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

(Forteo Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2.4 ml to be delisted 1 June 2024)

→ Restricted (RS1143)

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- a) The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- b) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- c) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

			A 1
HWherlir	lesiem.	a and	Antigout
Hypciai	Oucill	u ullu	Ailtigoat

ALLOPURINOL			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	11.47	500	DP-Allopurinol
•	17.99	1,000	Ipca-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	28.57	500	DP-Allopurinol
ŭ	22.50		Ipca-Aliopurinol
(DP-Allopurinol Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 June 2024) (DP-Allopurinol Tab 300 mg to be delisted 1 June 2024)			
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 50 mg			
→ Tab 100 mg	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
COLCHICINE			
Tab 500 mcg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	6.00	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4.73	28	Febuxostat (Teva)
ŭ	20.00		Febuxostat multichem
■ Tab 120 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	11.78	28	Febuxostat (Teva)
ŭ	20.00		Febuxostat multichem
(Febuxostat multichem Tab 80 mg to be delisted 1 June 2024)			
(Fabruagetet multiphem Tab 100 mg to be delicted 1 June 2004)			

(Febuxostat multichem Tab 120 mg to be delisted 1 June 2024)

→ Restricted (RS1844)

Initiation - Gout

Both:

1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and

Tracrium

Dantrium

Dantrium IV

100

6

Р	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); or
 - 2.4 The patient has previously had an initial Special Authority approval for benzbromarone for treatment of gout...

Initiation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient is scheduled to receive cancer therapy carrying an intermediate or high risk of tumour lysis syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has a documented history of allopurinol intolerance.

Continuation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule10.00

Inj 20 mg vial994.56

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1016)

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE

Haematologist

Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	12.50	5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN			
Tab 10 mg	4.20	100	Pacifen
Oral lig 1 mg per ml			
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	11.55	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024			Medsurge
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN			
Inj 100 u vial	467.50	1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial	388.50	1	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial1,	295.00	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE			
Cap 25 mg	112.13	100	Dantrium

MIVAC	UR	UM	CHL	ORII	DΕ
	_			4.0	

Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

ORPHENADRINE CITRATE

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule ROCURONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	37.06	10	Hameln
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	35.40	10	Martindale

Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade

SU	GAMMADEX – Restricted see terms below			
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024	384.00	10	Sugammadex BNM
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024	960.00	10	Sugammadex BNM
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1370)			

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade: or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CELECOXIB			
Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025	3.45	60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025	3.20	30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	1.99	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible	1.50	20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	1.99	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg	19.60	100	Voltaren SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule		5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg	2.04	10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg	2.44	10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg	4.22	10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg	7.00	10	Voltaren

ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 30 mg
- Tab 60 mg
- Tab 90 mg
- → Restricted (RS1592)

Initiation

For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.

	Price (ex man. excl.	CCT)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
BUPROFEN			
Tab 200 mg - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2026	21.40	1,000	Relieve
Tab 200 mg - 20 tablet pack	1.35	20	Relieve
→ Tab 400 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 600 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
Tab long-acting 800 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024			Brufen SR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml - 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024	2.25	200 ml	Ethics
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
(Relieve Tab 200 mg - 20 tablet pack to be delisted 1 June 2024)			
NDOMETACIN [INDOMETHACIN]			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
Cap long-acting 75 mg			
Inj 1 mg vial			
Suppos 100 mg			
KETOPROFEN			
Cap long-acting 200 mg	12.07	28	Oruvail SR
MEFENAMIC ACID - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Cap 250 mg			
NAPROXEN			
Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	32.69	500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	28.71	250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024			Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	8.62	28	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB			
Inj 40 mg vial	100.00	10	Dynastat
SULINDAC			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 200 mg			
TENOXICAM			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	18.50	100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial			AFT
, ,			

→ Restricted (RS1309)

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1351)

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

TETRABENAZINE

Anticholinergics

BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg	9.59	60	Benztrop
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	95.00	5	Phebra

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents

AMANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 100 mg38.	.24	60	Symmetrel
APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule59.	.50	5	Movapo
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule121.	.84	5	Movapo
BROMOCRIPTINE			
Cap 5 mg			

ENTACAPONE

		rice		Brand or
	*	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
		φ	rei	Manuacturer
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE		40.05	400	
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg			100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg			100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg			100 100	Madopar 125 Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg			100	Madopar 250
, ,		20.23	100	Madopai 230
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg	,	04.44	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg		21.11	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 700 mg with carbidopa 50 mg		13.65	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg			100	Sinemet
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE		50.00	100	Omornot
Tab 0.25 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		5.51	100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025			100	Ramipex
<u> </u>		10.00	100	nailiipex
RASAGILINE		-00	00	A-!last
Tab 1mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024		53.50	30	Azilect
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 0.25 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			84	Ropin
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			84	Ropin
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025			84	Ropin
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		14.50	84	Ropin
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation on	ıly			
→ Tab 5 mg				
TOLCAPONE				
Tab 100 mg	1	52.38	100	Tasmar
Anaesthetics				
Andesthetics				
General Anaesthetics				
DESFLURANE				
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	1,3	50.00	6	Suprane
DEXMEDETOMIDINE				
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		42.00	5	Dexmedetomidine
, ,				Viatris
		97.88		Dexmedetomidine-Teva
(Dexmedetomidine-Teva Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial to be delisted to	1 May 2024)			
ETOMIDATE				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
ISOFLURANE				
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	2,73	30.00	6	Aerrane
KETAMINE				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	14	41.75	5	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			5	Biomed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			5	Ketalar
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial				
,				

	Price		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Manufacturer
PROPOFOL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		5	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	19.50	10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	39.00	10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
SEVOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	930.00	6	Baxter
THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM			
Inj 500 mg ampoule			
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1:6 mi dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 mil dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000 1:0 mi dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE			
Gel 20%			
BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 18% with tetracaine hydrochloride 2%			e.g. ZAP Topical
			Anaesthetic Gel
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		_	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	62.50	5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		_	
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack	16.20	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	40.50	-	Manager
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack	16.56	5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	150.00	E	Marasin
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	150.00	5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag			
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 10 ml ampoule	_		
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial		5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	80.50	5	Marcain with Adrenaline

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	160.00	5	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Jan-	23		
to 2025		5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Jan-	-23		•
to 2025	127.50	5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe		5	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	54.60	5	Biomed
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2029	5 26.67	5	Marcain Heavy
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			•
Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe			
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	28.76	1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06%			
Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			
ETHYL CHLORIDE			
Spray 100%			
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]		_	
Crm 4%		5 g	LMX4
	27.00	30 g	LMX4
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 2%	4.87	20 g	Orion
Soln 4%	70.05	50 ··· l	Volestos
Spray 10% – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		50 ml 200 ml	Xylocaine Mucosoothe
Oral (gel) soln 2%	44.00	200 MI	Mucosootne
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule	0.50	25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 10%, 5 ml ampoule		O	Lidodaino Baxtoi
Gel 2%, 11 ml urethral syringe – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	59.50	10	Instillagel Lido
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE		. •	ouago. =.uo
Inj 1% with adreanline 1:100,000, 20 ml vial			
Inj 1% with adreamine 1:100,000, 20 mi viai Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-23			
to 2025		10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		5	Xylocaine Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 mil via		J	Ayiocailie
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1:8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2:2 m dental carmage	60.00	5	Xylocaine
, = /0 Hitti daronamio 1.200,000, 20 Hit vidi		•	

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	Γ\	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. G5)	Per	Manufacturer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALIN	E AND TETRACAINE	HYDROC	HLORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%	%, 5 ml		
syringe	19.70	1	Topicaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPI	HRINE HYDROCHLO	RIDE	
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%			
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE			
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%		30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg		20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	45.00	5	EMLA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE	40.00	50	0
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge		50 50	Scandonest 3% Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge	43.00	30	Scandonest 5%
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE	100.00	5	Citanest
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Gitariest
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 3% with relypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.6 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	9.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	17.60	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL	100.50	-	Managin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		5 5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag(Naropin Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag to be delist		5	Naropin
(Naropin Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag to be delist (Naropin Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag to be delist			
	cu i buly 2024)		
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 4%			
ddi 470			
Analgesics			
•			
Non-Opioid Analgesics			
ASPIRIN			
Tab dispersible 300 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	5.65	100	Ethics Aspirin
CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below			
Crm 0.075%	11.95	45 g	Zostrix HP
→ Restricted (RS1145)			
nitiation For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.			
or post-nerpetic neuralgia or diabetic periprieral neuropatity.			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

■ Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1292)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab soluble 500 mg

Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026 Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack	19.75	1,000	Pacimol
Tab 500 mg - bottle pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2026	17.92	1,000	Noumed Paracetamol
Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Jun-23 to 2025	10.50	200 ml	Avallon
	3.98		Paracetamol (Ethics)
Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Apr-23 to 2025	3.35	200 ml	Pamol
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	15.00	10	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 25 mg			
Suppos 50 mg			
Suppos 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.29	10	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5.39	10	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	16.55	50	Gacet

→ Restricted (RS1146)

Initiation

1

Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are unavailable or impractical, or where there is reduced absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 24 hours.

SUCROSE

Oral lig 25%	13 91	25 ml	Biomed

■ Oral lig 66.7% (preservative free)

→ Restricted (RS1763)

Initiation

For use in neonatal patients only.

Opioid Analgesics

ALFENTANIL Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5	Medsurge
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		•
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	100	Noumed
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	100	Aspen
•		Noumed
Tab 60 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	100	Noumed
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE		
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	60	DHC Continus

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FENTANYL			
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024	3.75	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag	210.00	10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	165.00	10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024		10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		1	Biomed
, , , , ,	136.50	5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6.99	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Biomed Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe to be delisted 1 June 2024		J	1 charry Canada
	/		
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		10	Methadone BNM
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		200 ml	Biodone
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	7.50	200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	68.90	10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral lig 1 mg per ml	11.98	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 2 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 5 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 10 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
MORPHINE SULPHATE	0.00	10	ا د سم عام ا
Tab immediate-release 10 mg		10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg	5.52	10	Sevredol
Cap long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	3.00	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	4.30	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		300 ml	Oramorph
	16.31	100 ml	Wockhardt
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	63.75	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	135.00	10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	5.38	5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5	Medsurge
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	5.53	5	Medsurge
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	6.28	5	Medsurge
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			•
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
MORPHINE TARTRATE			

MORPHINE TARTRATE

Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
DANCODONE HANDOOTH ODIDE	<u> </u>		manadalo.
DXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE	0.00	00	Ourse dens Condes
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Cap immediate-release 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	5.23	20	OxyNorm
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024	11.20	250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024	5.82	5	Hameln
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024	11.49	5	Hameln
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024	22.92	5	Hameln
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg - 5% DV			
Jan-23 to 2025		1 000	Paracetamol + Codein
Jan-23 to 2025	27.50	1,000	
			(Relieve)
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	8.68	10	Noumed Pethidine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	29.88	5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	30.72	5	DBL Pethidine
, 55 9 p5, = 6 p56		ŭ	Hydrochloride
REMIFENTANIL			,
Inj 1 mg vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	14.05	5	Remifentanil-AFT
		5 5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	20.95	5	Remitentanii-AF i
FRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	2.95	20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2026	3.33	100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	10.00	5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV May-24 to 2026		5	Tramal 100
, 55g p5:, 2 ap5a5		ŭ	
Antidepressants			
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
MITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.99	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	3.14	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	10.17	30	Clomipramine Teva
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024		30	Clomipramine Teva
			•
Cap 10 mg		28	Clomipramine Teva
Cap 25 mg	11.19	28	Clomipramine Teva
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For co	ntinuation only		
→ Tab 75 mg	,	30	Dosulepin Viatris
→ Cap 25 mg		50	Dosulepin Mylan
→ Oap 25 mg	7.00	30	Dosulepin Viatris
(Description Maries Com OF ments he delisted 1 October 2004)			Dosulepin viatris
(Dosulepin Mylan Cap 25 mg to be delisted 1 October 2024)			
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Cap 10 mg			
→ Cap 25 mg			
→ Cap 50 mg			
IMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	5.48	50	Tofranil
·	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg	8.80	50	Tofranil
ŭ			
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation of	nıy		
→ Tab 25 mg			
→ Tab 75 mg			
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation only	,		
→ Tab 30 mg			
· ·			
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	2.46	100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	6.29	180	Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE			
Tab 15 mg			
•			
TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE			
Tab 10 mg			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
mencumino extraces rype it minimizers			
MOCLOBEMIDE			
Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	11.80	60	Aurorix
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		60	Aurorix
1 42 000 mg			7.4.0
Other Antidepressants			
MIRTAZAPINE			
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024	2.60	28	Noumed
Tab 45 mg 19/ DV Jan 20 to 2024	∠.00		
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024	3.45	28	Noumed
VENLAFAXINE			
Cap 37.5 mg	8.29	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg		84	Enlafax XR
Cap 150 mg		84	Enlafax XR
- σαρ 130 mg	10.50	04	∟ιιιαιαλ ∧ι ι

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	2.86	84	Celapram
ESCITALOPRAM Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026 Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		28 28	Ipca-Escitalopram Ipca-Escitalopram
FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		28	Fluox
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025 PAROXETINE Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		90	Arrow-Fluoxetine Loxamine
SERTRALINE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		30	Setrona
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1.74	30	Setrona
Antiepilepsy Drugs			
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
DIAZEPAM		_	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5 5	Hospira Stesolid
ORAZEPAM Inj 2 mg vial Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE Soln 97% Inj 5 ml ampoule			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5 5	Hospira Hospira
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE			
Tab 200 mg Tab long-acting 200 mg		100 100	Tegretol Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg	34.58	100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg Oral lig 20 mg per ml		100 250 ml	Tegretol CR Tegretol
CLOBAZAM			•
Tab 10 mg			
CLONAZEPAM Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ETHOSUXIMIDE			
Cap 250 mg	140.88	100	Zarontin
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		200 ml	Zarontin
GABAPENTIN			
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin			
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	6.45	100	Nupentin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027	8.45	100	Nupentin
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027		100	Nupentin
LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
■ Tab 100 mg		14	Vimpat
v	200.24	56	Vimpat
■ Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat
-	300.40	56	Vimpat
■ Tab 200 mg	400.55	56	Vimpat
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			•

→ Restricted (RS1988)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has focal epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine, and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment.

LAMOTRIGINE

Tab dispersible 2 mg5	5.00	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg5		30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg		56	Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg	5.11	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg	6.75	56	Logem
LEVETIRACETAM			
Tab 250 mg	5.84	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg1		60	Everet
Tab 750 mg1	6.71	60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg2	1.82	60	Everet
Oral liq 100 mg per ml4	4.78	300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial3	8.95	10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 202524	8.50	500	Noumed
4	0.00		PSM Phenobarbitone
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 202539	8.50	500	Noumed
·			Phenobarbitone

(PSM Tab 15 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)

PHENYTOIN

Tab 50 mg

	-	Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
PHENYTOIN SODIUM		•		
Cap 30 mg				
Cap 100 mg				
Oral liq 6 mg per ml				
PREGABALIN				
Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin				
Cap 25 mg		2.25	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 75 mg		2.65	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 150 mg		4.01	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 300 mg		7.38	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
PRIMIDONE				
Tab 250 mg				
SODIUM VALPROATE				
Tab 100 mg				
Tab EC 200 mg				
Tab EC 500 mg				
Oral liq 40 mg per ml				
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial		9.98	1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL - Restricted see terms below				
■ Cap 250 mg	5	509.29	60	Diacomit
Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet	5	509.29	60	Diacomit
→ Restricted (RS1989)				
Initiation				
Paediatric neurologist				

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial sodium valproate or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

TOPIRAMATE

Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
-	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg	18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
-	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg	31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg		60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	26.04	60	Topamax

NERVOUS SYSTEM

(ex		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VIGABATRIN − Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Powder for oral soln 500 mg per sachet		.71.58	60	Sabril
⇒ Restricted (RS1865)				
Initiation Re-assessment required after 15 months				
Both:				
1 Any of the following:				
1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or				
1.2 Both:				
1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and 1.2.2 Either:				
1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with opin 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the pating optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agent.	ent h			
1.3 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex; and				
2 Either:				
2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field 6-monthly basis thereafter); or	testii	ng (ideally be	efore starti	ing therapy and on a
2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to	mor	itor the patie	nt's visua	l fields.
Continuation				
Both:				
 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvem Either: 	ent i	n seizure rate	e or sever	ity and or quality of life; and
2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ide	ally	every 6 mont	hs) on an	ongoing basis for duration
of treatment with vigabatrin; or	•	•	,	ŭ ŭ
2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to	mor	itor the patie	nt's visua	I fields.
Antimigraine Preparations				
Acute Migraine Treatment				
Acute migranie freatment				
DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL				
Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg				
RIZATRIPTAN				
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4.84	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN				
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027			90	Sumagran
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2027			90	Sumagran
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025		.29.30	2	Clustran
Prophylaxis of Migraine				

Sandomigran

100

Tab 500 mcg......23.21

PIZOTIFEN

Brand or

Generic

Manufacturer

Per

10

50

10

5

5

Periset ODT

Ondansetron-AFT

Ondansetron-AFT

Periset ODT

Price

(ex man. excl. GST)

	φ	rei	Manuacturei
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents			
APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Restricted (RS1154) Initiation	30.00	3	Emend Tri-Pack
Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline malignancy.	e-based chemo	therapy fo	r the treatment of
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	3.70	100	Serc
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	0.49	10	Nausicalm
CYCLIZINE LACTATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	16.36	10	Hameln
DOMPERIDONE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	4.00	100	Domperidone Viatris
DROPERIDOL Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	43.85	10	Droperidol Panpharma
GRANISETRON Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.20	1	Deva
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Patch 1 mg per 72 hours	17.70	2	Scopoderm TTS
→ Restricted (RS1155)	88.50	10	Scopolamine - Mylan
Initiation Any of the following:	See the extremely		anno an along ta dia an
 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least t 	oral anti-nause	a agents;	or
ineffective; or3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.	e, droperidol and	d a 5HT3 a	antagonist have proven
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.57	100	Metoclopramide Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	7.00	10	Baxter
ONDANSETRON Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	2.27	50	Periset OPT

Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025......4.10

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PROCHLORPERAZINE Tab buccal 3 mg Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	25.00	250	Nausafix
Suppos 25 mg TROPISETRON Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			

Antipsychotic Agents

Genera	
--------	--

AMISULPRIDE		
Tab 100 mg7.21	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg	60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg	60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml		
ARIPIPRAZOLE		
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202510.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202510.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202510.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202510.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 25 mg	100	Largactil
Tab 100 mg	100	Largactil
Oral lig 10 mg per ml		g
Oral lig 20 mg per ml		
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule30.79	10	Largactil
CLOZAPINE		•
Tab 25 mg	50	Clopine
13.37	100	Clopine
6.69	50	Clozaril
13.37	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg	50	Clopine
17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg	50	Clopine
34.65	100	Clopine
17.33	50	Clozaril
34.65	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg34.65	50	Clopine
69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml67.62	100 ml	Versacloz
HALOPERIDOL		
Tab 500 mcg	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg	100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg	100	Serenace
Oral lig 2 mg per ml	100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule21.55	10	Serenace
,		

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
EVOMEPROMAZINE			
Tab 25 mg	16.10	100	Nozinan
Tab 100 mg		100	Nozinan
EVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
	04.40	10	Wockhardt
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	24.48	10	Wocknardi
ITHIUM CARBONATE			
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024		100	Priadel
Cap 250 mg	22.36	100	Douglas
DLANZAPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	1.40	30	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	1.93	30	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.42	28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	1.93	30	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.89	28	Zypine ODT
Inj 10 mg vial			••
PERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
•			
UETIAPINE	0.00		
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	15.83	90	Quetapel
IISPERIDONE			
Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.17	60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.72	60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 3 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4.50	60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	10.29	30 ml	Risperon
IPRASIDONE			
Cap 20 mg	17.90	60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg	38.39	60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg		60	Zusdone
UCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
,			
UCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE	04.45	400	01 1
Tab 10 mg	31.45	100	Clopixol
Depot Injections			
RIPIPRAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
Ini 300 mg vial	273.56	1	Abilify Maintena
Inj 400 mg vial		1	Abilify Maintena
→ Restricted (RS2017)		•	y maintona
nitiation			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Either:

133

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has a current Special Authority approval for olanzapine depot injection, risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; and
 - 1.2 Patient has tried but has experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with olanzapine depot injection, risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 Patient has been unable to access olanzapine depot injection due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection, or otherwise would have been initiated on olanzapine depot injection but has been unable to due to supply issues with olanzapine depot injection. (see Note below for the olanzapine Special Authority criteria for new olanzapine depot injection patients prior to 1 April 2024).

Notes: The Olanzapine depot injection Special Authority criteria that apply to criterion 2 in this Aripiprazole Special Authority application are as follows:

- The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or risperidone depot injection; or
- All of the following:
 - The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of aripiprazole depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	20.90	5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.39	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	55.90	5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Inj 210 mg vial	252.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Inj 300 mg vial	414.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Inj 405 mg vial	504.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Restricted (RS2018)			

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

. , .	Eli El IID O I LE TIOGRI O CO COMO DO COMO			
t	Inj 25 mg syringe	.194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 50 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 75 mg syringe	.357.42	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 100 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 150 mg syringe	.435.12	1	Invega Sustenna
	, , , ,			•

⇒ Restricted (RS1381)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

	Price		Brand or
(1	ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE PALMITATE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 175 mg syringe	815.85	1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 263 mg syringe1,		1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 350 mg syringe1,		1	Invega Trinza
	Inj 525 mg syringe1,		1	Invega Trinza
	Postwiated (PC1020)			J

→ Restricted (RS1932)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
- 2 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone once-monthly depot injection.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial	135.98	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial	178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial	217.56	1	Risperdal Consta

→ Restricted (RS1380)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.80	5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			e.g. Clopixol Conc

	(ex man	Price . excl. (\$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anxiolytics					
BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg - 5% DV May-22 to 2024 Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-22 to 2024				100 100	Buspirone Viatris Buspirone Viatris
CLONAZEPAM				100 100	Paxam Paxam
DIAZEPAM Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026				500 500	Arrow-Diazepam Arrow-Diazepam
LORAZEPAM Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024				250 100	Ativan Ativan
OXAZEPAM Tab 10 mg Tab 15 mg					

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted (RS1993)

Initiation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
 - 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
 - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
 - 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
 - 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
 - 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
 - 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
 - 1.4.5 Either:
 - 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
 - 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and

		N	ERVOUS SYSTEM
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan v	within the past 24 mor	nths; and	
1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI enhancing lesion; or	scanning (in criterion 5	5 immedi	ately above) is a gadolinium
1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion	on showing diffusion re	estriction	; or
1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion w			
1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a pror features of a recent attack that occurred within the		learly is	responsible for the clinical
1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T		rith a pre	vious MRI scan: or
2 Patient has an active approval for ocrelizumab and does not have			,
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments			d.
Continuation - Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod	I, glatiramer acetate,	interfer	on beta-1-alpha, interferon
beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide			
Any relevant practitioner Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without t	he use unilateral or hi	lateral ai	ds at any time in the last six
months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without			do at arry time in the last six
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments	simultaneously is not	permitte	d.
DIMETHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the previous pag			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm			
t Cap 120 mg t Cap 240 mg		14 56	Tecfidera Tecfidera
	2,000.00	30	reciluera
FINGOLIMOD – Restricted see terms on the previous page Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm	ante eimultanaouely is	not norr	nittad
Cap 0.5 mg		28	Gilenya
GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the previous pa			,
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm		not perr	nitted.
1 Inj 40 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		12	Copaxone
INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms on the previous			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm			
Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector		4	Avonex Pen
Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe		4	Avonex
INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA – Restricted see terms on the previou Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm		not nor	nittad
t Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial	ems simulaneously is	not pen	mucu.
NATALIZIMAD B 111 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			

NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments - Other

OCRELIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1997)

Initiation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
 - 1.2 Patient has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
 - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
 - 1.4 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
 - 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
 - 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
 - 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
 - 1.4.5 Either:
 - 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
 - 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
 - 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
 - 1.6 Any of the following:
 - 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
 - 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
 - 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
 - 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
 - 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for either dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab or teriflunomide.

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Continuation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Initiation - Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Diagnosis of primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) meets the 2017 McDonald criteria and has been confirmed by

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

a neurologist; and

- 2 Patient has an EDSS 2.0 (score equal to or greater than 2 on pyramidal functions) to EDSS 6.5; and
- 3 Patient has no history of relapsing remitting multiple sclerosis.

Continuation - Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of less than or equal to 6.5 at any time in the last six months (ie patient has walked 20 metres with bilateral assistance/aids, without rest in the last six months).

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHI ORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab modified-release 2 mg - 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024......11.50
 30 Vigisom

Tab 3 mg

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

⇒ Restricted (RS1576)

Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and
- 4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

Continuation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and
- 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day.

Initiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated

Both:

- 1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated; and
- 2 For in-hospital use only.

MIDAZOLAM

Tab 7.5 mg

Oral liq 2 mg per ml

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	3.95	10	Mylan Midazolam
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	3.52	5	Midazolam Viatris
			Mylan Midazolam

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

PHENOBARBITONE

Inj 130 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

TEMAZEPAM

TRIAZOLAM - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Tab 125 mcg
- → Tab 250 mcg

ZOPICLONE

Tab 7.5 mg

Spinal Muscular Atrophy

NUSINERSEN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1938)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Either
 - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with nusinersen; and
- 3 Nusinersen not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

RISDIPLAM - Restricted see terms below

Note: the supply of risdiplam is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://pharmac.govt.nz/risdiplam

Powder for oral soln 750 mcg per ml, 60 mg per bottle......14,100.00 80 ml Evrysdi

→ Restricted (RS1954)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or

Р	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

3.2 Both:

3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and

3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

ATOMOVETIME

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with risdiplam; and
- 3 Risdiplam not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE			
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	43.02	28	APO-Atomoxetine
	18.41		Generic Partners
Cap 18 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	45.57	28	APO-Atomoxetine
	27.06		Generic Partners
Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	44.30	28	APO-Atomoxetine
	29.22		Generic Partners
Cap 40 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	46.21	28	APO-Atomoxetine
	29.22		Generic Partners
Cap 60 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	51.31	28	APO-Atomoxetine
	46.51		Generic Partners
Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	65.20	28	APO-Atomoxetine
	56.45		Generic Partners
Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026	65.71	28	APO-Atomoxetine
	58.48		Generic Partners
(Generic Partners Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
(Generic Partners Cap 18 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
(Generic Partners Cap 25 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
(Generic Partners Cap 40 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
(Generic Partners Cap 60 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
(Generic Partners Cap 80 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
(Generic Partners Cap 100 mg to be delisted 1 August 2024)			
CAFFEINE			
Tab 100 mg			
DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2025	28 50	100	Aspen
Tab 3 mg = 3/8 DV 3011-24 to 2023	29.80	100	Noumed
	29.00		Dexamfetamine
	21.00		PSM
(Aspen Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 June 2024)			
(DOLLET 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			

(PSM Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 June 2024)

→ Restricted (RS1169)

Initiation - ADHD

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

METHYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

IVIL	THE HENDALE HIDHOOFIED HESTICIES SECTIONS SCION		
t	Tab extended-release 18 mg58.96	30	Concerta
	7.75		Methylphenidate ER -
			Teva
t	Tab extended-release 27 mg65.44	30	Concerta
	11.45		Methylphenidate ER -
_			Teva
ţ	Tab extended-release 36 mg71.93	30	Concerta
	15.50		Methylphenidate ER -
_			Teva
ţ	Tab extended-release 54 mg86.24	30	Concerta
	22.25		Methylphenidate ER -
_			Teva
1	Tab immediate-release 5 mg3.20	30	Rubifen
1	Tab immediate-release 10 mg3.00	30	Ritalin
			Rubifen
1	Tab immediate-release 20 mg7.85	30	Rubifen
1	Tab sustained-release 20 mg10.95	30	Rubifen SR
1	Cap modified-release 10 mg	30	Ritalin LA
1	Cap modified-release 20 mg20.40	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 30 mg25.52	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 40 mg	30	Ritalin LA
_	Postrioted (PS1204)		

→ Restricted (RS1294)

Initiation – ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
 - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

	 rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Restricted (RS1803)	 29.13	60	Modavigil

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
 - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	4.34	90	Donepezil-Rex
-	3.70	84	Ipca-Donepezil
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	6.64	90	Donepezil-Rex
	5.50	84	Ipca-Donepezil
(Donepezil-Rex Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 June 2024) (Donepezil-Rex Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 June 2024)			
RIVASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	38.00	30	Rivastigmine Patch BNM 5
■ Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour − 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	38.00	30	Rivastigmine Patch BNM 10

→ Restricted (RS1436)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ F	Per Manufacturer

Treatments for Substance Dependence

BU	PRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 202511.76	28	Buprenorphine
t	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 34.00	28	Naloxone BNM Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM

⇒ Restricted (RS1172)

Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Initiation - Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE

BOLLOLIONILLAURE			
Tab modified-release 150 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026	15.00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM			
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024	236.40	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	83.33	30	Naltraccord
Destricted (DOMATO)	77.77	28	Naltrexone AOP

→ Restricted (RS1173)

Initiation – Alcohol dependence

Both:

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence; and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

NIC	COTINE – Some items restricted see terms on the next page			
	Patch 7 mg per 24 hours	19.14	28	Habitrol
	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours	21.05	28	Habitrol
	Patch 21 mg per 24 hours	24.12	28	Habitrol
t	Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
	Lozenge 1 mg	19.76	216	Habitrol
	Lozenge 2 mg	21.65	216	Habitrol
t	Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
	Gum 2 mg	21.42	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
				Habitrol (Mint)
	Gum 4 mg	24.17	204	Habitrol (Fruit)
				Habitrol (Mint)

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1873)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction: or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or
- 3 Patient would be admitted to a mental health inpatient unit, but is unable to due to COVID-19 self-isolation requirement; or
- 4 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

VARENICLINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 42 - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	53	Varenicline Pfizer
t	Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	52 56	Varenicline Pfizer
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1702)		

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to guit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

Chemotherapeutic Agents

Alkylating Agents

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1917)

Initiation - treatment naive CLL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and
- 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of < 6; and
- 6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m² on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). Chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and
 - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen; and
 - 3.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with obinutuzumab for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 3.3 All of the following:
 - 3.3.1 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
 - 3.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+): and
 - 3.3.3 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
 - 3.4 Bendamustine is to be administered as monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of rituximab in combination with bendamustine; and
 - 1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with obinutuzumab for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
 - 2.2 Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2.1 Both:

- 2.2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+): and
- 2.2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
- 2.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/ Waldenström's macroglobulinaemia.

Initiation - Hodgkin's lymphoma*

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a relevant specialist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

DUCULEAN

- 1 Patient has Hodgkin's lymphoma requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient's disease relapsed or was refractory following prior chemotherapy; and
- 5 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with gemcitabine and vinorelbine (BeGeV) at a maximum dose of no greater than 90 mg/m2 twice per cycle, for a maximum of four cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

BUSULFAN		
Tab 2 mg	5 100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
CARMUSTINE		DIONIII
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025710.00	0 1	BiCNU
CHLORAMBUCIL		
Tab 2 mg		
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE		
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024145.00		Cyclonex
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 202435.69		Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 202471.25	5 1	Endoxan
IFOSFAMIDE		
Inj 1 g vial96.00		Holoxan
Inj 2 g vial180.00	0 1	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE		
Cap 10 mg132.59		Ceenu
Cap 40 mg399.15	5 20	Ceenu
MELPHALAN		
Tab 2 mg		
Inj 50 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 48.25	5 1	Melpha
THIOTEPA		
Inj 15 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		Tepadina
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	0 1	Tepadina
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics		
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE		DDI DI
Inj 15,000 iu vial	3 1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]		
Inj 0.5 mg vial255.00	0 1	Cosmegen

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
DAUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	171.93	1	Pfizer
Inj 20 mg vial	1,495.00	10	Daunorubicin Zentiva
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	11.50	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 50 mg vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	23.00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	69.99	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	99.99	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg vial	109.74	1	Zavedos
lnj 10 mg vial		1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C			
Inj 5 mg vial			
Inj 20 mg vial	1,250.00	1	Teva
MITOZANTRONE	•		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe

Antimetabolites

AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1904)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
 - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Continuation

Haematologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

CAPECITABINE

			7 (1 E0117 (BIT 1E
Capecitabine Viatris	60	9.80	Tab 150 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025
Capecitabine Viatris	120	46.50	Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CLADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	749.96	1	Leustatin
CYTARABINE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	472 00	5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE		•	1 11201
Tab 10 mg	412.00	20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		5	Fludarabine Ebewe
	034.00	3	Fidual abilite Ebewe
FLUOROURACIL	10.51		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	29.44	1	Fluorouracil Accord
GEMCITABINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 43.3 mg per ml (equivalent to 38 mg per ml gemcitabine), 26.	3 ml vial		
– 5% DV Jun-24 to 2026	18.94	1	DBL Gemcitabine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	15.89	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Gemcitabine Ebewe Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial to be delisted 1 Ju	ıne 2024)		
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	25.90	25	Puri-nethol
Oral suspension 20 mg per ml		100 ml	Allmercap
→ Restricted (RS1635)		100 1111	7 iii iiooap
nitiation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet pe	er day.		
Continuation	,		
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet pe	er day.		
· μ···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	9.98	90	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		90	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe	14.61	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe	14.88	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe	14.99	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	Methotrexate DBL
, 31			Onco-Vial
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	45.00	1	DBL Methotrexate
			Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	67.99	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
PEMETREXED - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Inj 100 mg vial	60.89	1	Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Juno Pemetrexed

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1596)

Initiation - Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
 - 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days.

THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

Other Cytotoxic Agents

AMSACRINE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

Inj 75 mg

ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 0.5 mg

ARSENIC TRIOXIDE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	4,817.00	10	Phenasen
-----------------------------	----------	----	----------

BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1725)

Initiation - multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Fither:

- 1 The patient has symptomatic multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis.

DACARBAZINE

Inj 200 mg vial	72.11	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE			
Cap 50 mg	340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg	340.73	10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	7.90	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)			
Inj 100 mg vial	40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA [HYDROXYCARBAMIDE]			
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	20.72	100	Devatis
IBRUTINIB - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 140 mg	3,217.00	30	Imbruvica
	9,652.00	30	Imbruvica
→ Restricted (RS1933)			

Initiation - chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring therapy; and
- 2 Patient has not previously received funded ibrutinib: and
- 3 Ibrutinib is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 4 Any of the following:
 - 4.1 Both:
 - 4.1.1 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion or TP53 mutation; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with venetoclax monotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received at least one prior immunochemotherapy for CLL; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient's CLL has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with venetoclax in combination with rituximab regimen; or
- 4.3 Patient's CLL is refractory to or has relapsed within 36 months of a venetoclax regimen.

Continuation - chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are Unapproved indications.

IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
LENALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below				
	5,122.76	28	Revlimid	
	4,655.25	21	Revlimid	
, ,	6,207.00	28	Revlimid	
	5,429.39	21	Revlimid	
, ,	7,239.18	28	Revlimid	
	7,627.00	21	Revlimid	
→ Restricted (RS1836)	,			

Initiation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- 2 Patient has not previously been treated with lenalidomide; and
- 3 Either
 - 3.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation – Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed symptomatic multiple myeloma and has undergone first-line treatment that included an autologous stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has at least a stable disease response in the first 100 days after transplantation; and
- 3 Lenalidomide maintenance is to be commenced within 6 months of transplantation; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 15 mg/day.

Continuation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

OLAPARIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 100 mg3,701.00	56	Lynparza
t	Tab 150 mg3,701.00	56	Lynparza

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1925)

Initiation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 All of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed, advanced disease; and
 - 3.1.2 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.1.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to the first-line platinum-based regimen; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease progression occurring at least 6 months after the last dose of the penultimate line** of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to treatment with the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
 - 3.2.4 Patient has not previously received funded olaparib treatment; and
- 4 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 5 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 6 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 No evidence of progressive disease; or
 - 2.2 Evidence of residual (not progressive) disease and the patient would continue to benefit from treatment in the clinician's opinion; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 Patient has received one line** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
 - 5.1.2 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the funded treatment period of olaparib will not be continued beyond 2 years if the patient experiences a complete response to treatment and there is no radiological evidence of disease at 2 years; or
 - 5.2 Patient has received at least two lines** of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy.

Notes: *Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.
**A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ P	er Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1788)

Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Lymphoma

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has lymphoma requiring L-asparaginase containing protocol (e.g. SMILE).

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 50 mg	980.00	50	Natulan
TEMOZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
	9.13	5	Temaccord
	16.38	5	Temaccord
	35.98	5	Temaccord
	50.12	5	Temaccord
		5	Temaccord

→ Restricted (RS1994)

Initiation - gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has a glioma.

Continuation - gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*: and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THATIDOMIDE	- Restricted see terms below	
THALLDOWNDE	- Restricted see terms below	

1	Cap 50 mg378.00	28	Thalomid
t	Cap 100 mg756.00	28	Thalomid
_	Particled (PO1100)		

→ Restricted (RS1192)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or
- 3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

TRETINOIN

Cap 10 mg	479.50	100	Vesanoid
VENETOCLAX - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg	1,771.86	42	Venclexta
■ Tab 10 mg	13.68	2	Venclexta
■ Tab 50 mg	239.44	7	Venclexta
■ Tab 100 mg	8,209.41	120	Venclexta
→ Restricted (RS1713)			

Initiation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 7 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one prior therapy for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

Initiation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation* Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion by FISH testing or TP53 mutation by sequencing; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Platinum Compounds

CARBOPLATIN			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial	45.20	1	Carboplatin Ebewe
CISPLATIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	29.66	1	DBL Cisplatin
OXALIPLATIN			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2024	33.35	1	Alchemy Oxaliplatin

Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1712)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyrosine kinase gene rearrangement using an appropriate ALK test: and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria; and
- 2 The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

DASATINIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 20 mg	.06 60	Sprycel
t	Tab 50 mg	.20 60	Sprvcel
_	Tab 70 mg		Sprycel

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1685)

Initiation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis or accelerated phase; and
 - 1.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or
- 2 Roth:
 - 2.1 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoid leukaemia (Ph+ ALL); and
 - 2.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase; and
 - 3.2 Maximum dose of 100 mg/day; and
 - 3.3 Any of the following:
 - 3.3.1 Patient has documented treatment failure* with imatinib; or
 - 3.3.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; or
 - 3.3.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML defined by the Sokal or EURO scoring system; or
 - 3.3.4 Patients is enrolled in the KISS study** and requires dasatinib treatment according to the study protocol.

Continuation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib*; and
- 2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum dasatinib dose of 140 mg/day for accelerated or blast phase CML and Ph+ ALL, and 100 mg/day for chronic phase CML.

Note: *treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines. **Kinase-Inhibition Study with Sprycel Start-up https://www.cancertrialsnz.ac.nz/kiss/

ERLOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 100 mg	329.70	30	Alchemy
1	Tab 150 mg	569.70	30	Alchemy
_	Doctricted (DO1005)			

→ Restricted (RS1885)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Erlotinib to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1887)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Gefitinib to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

IMATINIB MESILATE

Cap 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	44.93	60	Imatinib-Rex
Cap 400 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	69.76	30	Imatinib-Rex

LAPATINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1828)

Initiation

For continuation use only.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg4,680.0	00 120	Tasigna
	Cap 200 mg	00 120	Tasigna
	D tul - t 1 (D 0 0 0 4 0)		

→ Restricted (RS2010)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, high risk chronic phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI); or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) precluding further treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day: and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

PALBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 75 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
		21	Ibrance
t	Tab 125 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
-	Restricted (RS1731)		

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Fither:

second or subsequent line setting

- 4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
- 4.2 Both:

first line setting

4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

state: and

4.2.2 Either:

- 4.2.2.1 Patient has not received prior systemic treatment for metastatic disease; or
- 4.2.2.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.2.2.1 Patient commenced treatment with palbociclib in combination with an endocrine agent prior to 1 April 2020; and
 - 4.2.2.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic endocrine treatment for metastatic disease; and
 - 4.2.2.2.3 There is no evidence of progressive disease; and
- 5 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg	30	Votrient
			Votrient

→ Restricted (RS1198)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy, and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms below			
	2,500.00	56	Jakavi
■ Tab 10 mg	5,000.00	56	Jakavi
■ Tab 15 mg	5,000.00	56	Jakavi
■ Tab 20 mg		56	Jakavi
→ Restricted (RS1726)	-,		

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy; and
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

Continuation

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

SUNITINIB – Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 12.5 mg - 5% DV Jul-22 to 20242	08.38	28	Sunitinib Pfizer
t	Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024	16.77	28	Sunitinib Pfizer
t	Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Jul-22 to 20246	94.62	28	Sunitinib Pfizer

→ Restricted (RS1886)

Initiation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive: or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:

	Price			Brand or
(ex m	ın. excl.	. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
- 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
- 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
- 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
- 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
- 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
 - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation - GIST pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 Sunitinib is to be discontinued at progression; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

		Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Taxanes				
OCETAXEL				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		.24.91	1	DBL Docetaxel
ACLITAXEL				
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026			1	Anzatax
lai C ann ann an OF ant airt		24.00	4	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial			1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-24 to 2026		.37.89 44.00	ı	Anzatax Paclitaxel Ebewe
Paclitaxel Ebewe Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 August Paclitaxel Ebewe Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial to be delisted 1 Aug Paclitaxel Ebewe Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial to be delisted 1 Augus Paclitaxel Ebewe Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial to be delisted 1 Augus	ust 2024) st 2024)	44.00		Facilitatei Ebewe
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects				
CALCIUM FOLINATE				
Tab 15 mg		135.33	10	DBL Leucovorin Calciu
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			5	Calcium Folinate Ebew
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			1	Calcium Folinate Sand
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			1 1	Calcium Folinate Sand Calcium Folinate Ebew
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial			1	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial			1	Calcium Folinate Sand Calcium Folinate Sand
DEXRAZOXANE - Restricted see terms below		. 7 2.00	•	Calciant i Cimate Cana
Inj 500 mg				e.g. Cardioxane
→ Restricted (RS1695)				e.y. Gardioxarie
nitiation				
Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediat	ric haematolo	aist		
Ill of the following:		3		
1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline	aiven with cu	rative intent:	and	
2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetim				I 250mg/m2 doxorubicin
equivalent or greater; and		•		•
3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracyclin	e treatment; a	and		
4 Either:				
4.1 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a chil	d or young a	dult; or		
4.2 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for second	ndary maligna	ancy.		
MESNA				
Tab 400 mg		314.00	50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg	4	148.50	50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule		177.45	15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	4	107.40	15	Uromitexan
Vinca Alkaloids				
INBLASTINE SULPHATE				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	,	20.07	5	Hospira

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per		Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	51.37	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	102.73	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
VINORELBINE			
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025	30.00	1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025	40.00	1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025		1	Vinorelbine Te Arai
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		1	Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	56.00	1	Navelbine
(Navelbine Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial to be delisted 1 October 2024) (Navelbine Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 October 2024)			

Endocrine Therapy

ABIRATERONE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1888)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases; and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
 - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
 - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Abiraterone acetate to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

BICALUTAMIDE

t Item restricted (see → above); f Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
119.50	100	Flutamin
119.30	100	Tutamin
1,068.00	2	Faslodex
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	(ex man. excl. GST)

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment with an aromatase inhibitor or tamoxifen for their locally advanced or metastatic disease; and
- 3 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly following loading doses; and
- 4 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression.

OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below

	Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024	58 5	Max Health
	Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024	71 5	Max Health
	Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024	10 5	Max Health
t	Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	97 1	Octreotide Depot Teva
t	Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	03 1	Octreotide Depot Teva
t	Inj depot 30 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	55 1	Octreotide Depot Teva
=	Restricted (RS1889)		·

Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma: and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas: and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

Initiation - pre-operative acromegaly

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Patient has a large pituitary tumour, greater than 10 mm at its widest; and
- 3 Patient is scheduled to undergo pituitary surgery in the next six months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Continuation - Acromegaly - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromedaly; and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

TAMOXIFEN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	15.00	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	5.32	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz
•			

Aromatase Inhibitors

ANASTROZOLE			
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	. 4.39	30	Anatrole
EXEMESTANE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2026	9.86	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	5.84	30	Letrole

Pi	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Imaging Agents

AMINOLEVLILINIC	ACID HYDROCHI ORIDE	- Restricted see terms below
AIVIIINOLEVOLINIO	AOID HII DAOGHLOAIDE	- nestricted see terris below

ŧ	Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml,	1.5 g vial	4,400.00	1	Gliolan
			44 000 00	10	Gliolan

→ Restricted (RS1565)

Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN

Cap 25 mg	44.63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg	88.91	50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg	177.81	50	Neoral
Oral liq 100 mg per ml	198.13	50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	276.30	10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
	49.60	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	99.30	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
■ Cap 1 mg		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
		50	Tacrolimus Sandoz

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1990)

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - non-transplant indications*

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
 - 2.2 Patient is a child with nephrotic syndrome*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Fusion Proteins

ETANERCEPT - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 25 mg autoinjector - 5% DV Feb-21 to 2024690.00	4	Enbrel
1	Inj 25 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024690.00	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 50 mg autoinjector - 5% DV Sep-19 to 20241,050.00	4	Enbrel
1	Inj 50 mg syringe - 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024	4	Enbrel

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Por	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1879)

Initiation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baselinee; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 2.5 Fither:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Price		Brand or	_
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner Re-assessment required after 2 years All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist
Re-assessment required after 6 months
Fither:

- 1 Roth:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

				rice excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
continu	ıed						
ΔηΔ	Mala	Female					

Aye	IVIAIC	i emale
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm

3.0 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

2.5 cm

Rheumatologist

75+

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less: and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Fither:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints;
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Either:

1.1 Both:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
- 1.1.2 Fither:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Te Whatu Ora Hospital; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
- 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
 - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1202)

Initiation

Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	_	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB (AMGEVITA) - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026 190.00	1	Amgevita
Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled pen − 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026375.00	2	Amgevita
Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled syringe − 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026375.00	2	Amgevita

→ Restricted (RS1940)

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease* that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatological and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatments appropriate for the particular symptom(s).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and
- 3 Patient has 3 or more active lesions; and
- 4 The patient has a DLQI of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application.

Continuation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 4 or more from baseline.

Initiation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	SST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin. or acitretin: and
- 2.3 A PASI assessment or (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2 Either
 - 1.2.1 The patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 2.2.2 The patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300 or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection;
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 PCDAI score is 15 or less: or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complex peri-anal fistula; and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiology imaging; and
 - 2.4 Patient has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more NSAIDs, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following BASMI measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender; and
 - 2.6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

For applications where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose).

Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine or leflunomide at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the physician: or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Fither:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Fither:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept and/or tocilizumab for (AOSD); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, NSAIDs and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient's SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
- 2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

P	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of each of methotrexate, sulphasalazine and leflunomide, at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 3.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 3.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not responded adequately to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate, or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:

	Price			Brand or
(ex r	man. exc	d. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
- 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

ADALIMUMAB (HUMIRA - ALTERNATIVE BRAND) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 20 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe	,599.96	2	Humira
1	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe	,599.96	2	Humira
_	Inj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled pen1		2	HumiraPen
	Restricted (RS1922)			

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Roth:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response to treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Continuation - Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and
- 3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

Initiation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Fither:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 A maximum of 8 doses.

Continuation - Pvoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated clinical improvement and continues to require treatment; and
- 2 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Any of the following:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	r Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
- 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
- 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
 - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita); and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. exc	l. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
 - 4.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

continued...

2.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment: or
 - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

Continuation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has demonstrated a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

Eylea

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

1 All of the following:

→ Restricted (RS1872)

- 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
- 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
- 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months; or
 - 2.2 Patient has previously* (*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and

	Price			Brand or
(€	ex man. excl. (GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
- 2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
- 3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomography) subfield > 350 micrometers; and
- 5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy.

Continuation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and
- 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction in intra-retinal cysts, central retinal thickness, and sub-retinal fluid); and
- 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy; and
- 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, patient has retrialled with at least one injection of bevacizumab and had no response.

BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg vial	2,560.00	1	Simulect
•	-,	,000.00	•	0

→ Restricted (RS1203)

Initiation

For use in solid organ transplants.

BENRALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1920)

Initiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 × 10⁹ cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long-acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the anti-inflammatory reliever therapy plus maintenance regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids: or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months: and
- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised mepolizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Fither:
 - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
 - 9.2 Both:
 - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
 - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with benralizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1691)

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolarvngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.

Continuation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and
- 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and
- 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease regrowth as a result of treatment.

Initiation - ocular conditions

Fither:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation: or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

BRENTUXIMAB VEDOTIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2002)

Initiation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following: continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma after two or more lines of chemotherapy; and
 - 1.1.2 Patient is ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 1.2.2 Patient has previously undergone autologous stem cell transplant; and
- 2 Patient has not previously received funded brentuximab vedotin; and
- 3 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 4 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

Initiation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed/refractory CD30-positive systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-1; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received brentuximab vedotin; and
- 4 Response to brentuximab vedotin treatment is to be reviewed after a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 5 Brentuximab vedotin to be administered at doses no greater than 1.8 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation - anaplastic large cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has achieved a partial or complete response to brentuximab vedotin after 6 treatment cycles; and
- 2 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment and treatment is being tolerated; and
- 3 Patient is to receive a maximum of 16 total cycles of brentuximab vedotin treatment.

CASIRIVIMAB AND IMDEVIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1874)

Initiation - Treatment of profoundly immunocompromised patients

Limited to 2 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 The patient is in the community (treated as an outpatient) with mild to moderate disease severity*; and
- 3 Patient is profoundly immunocompromised** and is at risk of not having mounted an adequate response to vaccination against COVID-19 or is unvaccinated; and
- 4 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and
- 5 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and
- 6 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximum dose of no greater than 2,400 mg.

Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Ministry of Health Website

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

** Examples include B-cell depletive illnesses or patients receiving treatment that is B-Cell depleting.

Initiation - mild to moderate COVID-19-hospitalised patients

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 2 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Patient is an in-patient in hospital with mild to moderate disease severity*; and
- 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and
- 4 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Age > 50; or
 - 5.2 BMI > 30: or
 - 5.3 Patient is Māori or Pacific ethnicity; or
 - 5.4 Patient is at increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19, excluding pregnancy, as described on the Ministry of Health website (see Notes); and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient is unvaccinated; or
 - 6.2 Patient is seronegative where serology testing is readily available or strongly suspected to be seronegative where serology testing is not available; and
- 7 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximum dose of no greater than 2,400 mg.

Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Ministry of Health Website

**(https://www.health.govt.nz/our-work/diseases-and-conditions/covid-19-novel-coronavirus/covid-19-information-specific-audiences/covid-19-advice-higher-risk-people)

CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial364.00	1	Erbitux
t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1	Erbitux

→ Restricted (RS1613)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and
- 3 Patient has good performance status; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

GEMTUZUMAB OZOGAMICIN - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1923)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has not received prior chemotherapy for this condition; and
- 2 Patient has de novo CD33-positive acute myeloid leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient does not have acute promyelocytic leukaemia; and
- 4 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin will be used in combination with standard anthracycline and cytarabine (AraC); and
- 5 Patient is being treated with curative intent; and
- 6 Patient's disease risk has been assessed by cytogenetic testing to be good or intermediate; and
- 7 Patient must be considered eligible for standard intensive remission induction chemotherapy with standard anthracycline

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

and cytarabine (AraC); and

8 Gemtuzumab ozogamicin to be funded for one course only (one dose at 3 mg per m² body surface area or up to 2 vials of 5 mg as separate doses).

Note: Acute myeloid leukaemia excludes acute promyelocytic leukaemia and acute myeloid leukaemia that is secondary to another haematological disorder (eg myelodysplasia or myeloproliferative disorder).

INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1941)

Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept: and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a

continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price	1		Brand or
(ex man. exc	d. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab; or
 - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions,

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or

3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose: or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	_	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
- 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
- 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection;
- 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease: and
- 3 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
- 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
- 2.3 Patient has complete peri-anal fistula.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - fulminant ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patients SCCAI is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patients PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or

continued...

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
(6	ex man. excl. \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Fither:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
 - 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
 - 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and

Pri	ice		Brand or
(ex man. e	excl. G	ST)	Generic
 9	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

1.2.2 Either:

- 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
- 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease: and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and
 - 2.3 Fither:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- a) Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- b) Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Pric	e		Brand or
(ex man. ex	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment: and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has had axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs: and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI: and
- 5 Patient has not experienced an adequate response to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 Patient has a BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10-point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated): and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or

Pr	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, patient has experienced at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient has experienced at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

MEPOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg prefilled pen	1	Nucala
	Inj 100 mg vial1,638.00	1	Nucala

(Nucala Inj 100 mg vial to be delisted 1 August 2024)

→ Restricted (RS1918)

Initiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 x 10⁹ cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the single maintenance and reliever therapy regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids; or
 - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months; and
- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised benralizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Fither:
 - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
 - 9.2 Both:
 - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
 - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with mepolizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1919)

Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and</p>
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL: and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to $1.5 \times 10^9/L$ and platelets greater than or equal to $7.5 \times 10^9/L$

Initiation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has follicular lymphoma; or
 - 1.2 Patient has marginal zone lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen*; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has been previously treated with no more than four chemotherapy regimens; and
- 5 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 1000 mg for a maximum of 6 cycles in combination with chemotherapy*.

Note: * includes unapproved indications

Continuation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has no evidence of disease progression following obinutuzumab induction therapy; and
- 2 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum of 1000 mg every 2 months for a maximum of 2 years; and
- 3 Obinutuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
OMALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe	450.00	1	Xolair	
Inj 150 mg vial		1	Xolair	
⇒ Restricted (RS1652)				

Initiation - severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
 - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation - severe asthma

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

Initiation – severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
 - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
 - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response* following 4 doses; or
 - 4.2 Complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and
 - 2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: *Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1995)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1870)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either: continued...

Pr	ice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
 (\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy: or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 12 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
 - 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	5.50	2	Mabthera
1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,68	8.30	1	Mabthera
	. D1-1-1-1 (D04705)			

→ Restricted (RS1785)

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept: or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Fither:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

Price	е		Brand or
(ex man. exc	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial275.33	2	Riximyo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	1	Riximyo

→ Restricted (RS1973)

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; or 2.2 Fither:
 - 0 0 4 Th
 - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment: and
 - 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
 - 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and
 - 3 The patient has good performance status; and
 - 4 Fither:

continued...

- 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; or
- 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months
Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
- 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL;
 - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment;
 - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
 - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and
- 2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*: and

continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre: or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Both:

- 1 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
 - 2.2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or

continued...

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
- 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
- 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
- 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ABO-incompatible organ transplant

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
 - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Initiation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and

Pr	ice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
 (\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 × 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Initiation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation – severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and
- 4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Continuation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

Initiation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has biopsy-proven primary/idiopathic membranous nephropathy*; or
 - 1.2 Patient has PLA2 antibodies with no evidence of secondary cause, and an eGFR of > 60ml/min/1.73m2; and
- 2 Patient remains at high risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease despite more than 3 months of treatment with conservative measures (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Continuation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for membranous nephropathy*: and
- 1 Patient was 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful, but the condition has relapsed, and the patient now requires repeat treatment: or
 - 2.2 Patient achieved partial response to treatment and requires repeat treatment (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Notes:

	Price		Brand or
(e	ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- a) Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.
- b) High risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease defined as > 5g/day proteinuria.
- c) Conservative measures include renin-angiotensin system blockade, blood-pressure management, dietary sodium and protein restriction, treatment of dyslipidaemia, and anticoagulation agents unless contraindicated or the patient has experienced intolerable side effects.
- d) Partial response defined as a reduction of proteinuria of at least 50% from baseline, and between 0.3 grams and 3.5 grams per 24 hours.

Initiation - B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*

Limited to 2 years treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*; and
- 2 Treatment must be in combination with an intensive chemotherapy protocol with curative intent; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 per dose for a maximum of 18 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - desensitisation prior to transplant

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient requires desensitisation prior to mismatched allogenic stem cell transplant*; and
- 2 Patient would receive no more than two doses at 375 mg/m2 of body-surface area.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pemiphigus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has severe rapidly progressive pemphigus; and
 - 1.2 Is used in combination with systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day); and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 Skin involvement is at least 5% body surface area; or
 - 1.3.2 Significant mucosal involvement (10 or more mucosal erosions) or diffuse gingivitis or confluent large erosions; or
 - 1.3.3 Involvement of two or more mucosal sites: or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has pemphigus; and
- 2.2 Patient has not experienced adequate clinical benefit from systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day) in combination with a steroid sparing agent, unless contraindicated.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pemiphigus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced adequate clinical benefit from rituximab treatment, with improvement in symptoms and healing of skin ulceration and reduction in corticosteroid requirement; and
- 2 Patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of IgG4-RD*; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs for at least 3 months has been ineffective in lowering corticosteroid dose below 5 mg per day (prednisone equivalent) without relapse; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs is contraindicated or associated with evidence of toxicity or intolerance; and
- 3 Total rituximab dose used should not exceed a maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD*)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Treatment with rituximab for IgG4-RD* was previously successful and patient's disease has demonstrated sustained response, but the condition has relapsed; or
 - 1.2 Patient is receiving maintenance treatment for IgG4-RD*; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

SECUKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1863)

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a Te Whatu Ora Hospital, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab: or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Following 12 weeks initial treatment of secukinumab treatment. BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from

(ex man. excl. GS1) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer		Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
--	--	--	-------------------------------------

continued...

pre-secukinumab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and

- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefitted from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 150 mg monthly.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior secukinumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 100 mg vial770.57	1	Sylvant
t	Inj 400 mg vial	1	Sylvant

⇒ Restricted (RS1525)

Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TIXAGEVIMAB WITH CILGAVIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1911)

Initiation

Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/Evusheld). Note the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information about this and stock availability.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220	0.00 1	Actemra
1	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550	0.00 1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	0.00 1	Actemra
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1924)		

Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1731 trial; and
 - 1.2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
 - 1.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg, maximum of 12 mg/kg); or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research Phase I ENABLE trial; and
 - 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or CAR T-Cell Related Encephalopathy Syndrome (CRES) associated with the administration of CAR T-cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS and CRES for CAR T-cell therapy (Neelapu et al. Nat Rev Clin Oncol 2018;15:47-62) at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

Initiation - previous use

Any relevant practitioner Limited to 6 months treatment Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis; or
 - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease: or
 - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Te Whatu Ora Hospital; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
 - 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 5 Fither:
 - 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
 - 5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis: and

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Te Whatu Ora Hospital; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.4.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Р	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued

Initiation - moderate to severe COVID-19

Therapy limited to 1 dose

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8mg/kg IV for a maximum of one dose; and
- 5 Tocilizumab is not to be administered in combination with barcitinib.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB (HERCEPTIN) - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 150 mg vial1,350.00	1	Herceptin
t	Inj 440 mg vial	1	Herceptin

(Herceptin Inj 150 mg vial to be delisted 1 June 2024)

(Herceptin Inj 440 mg vial to be delisted 1 June 2024)

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ P	er Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS2003)

Continuation - Metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TRASTUZUMAB (HERZUMA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027100.00	1	Herzuma
t	Inj 440 mg vial - 5% DV Jun-24 to 31 May 2027293.35	1	Herzuma

→ Restricted (RS2005)

Initiation - early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH + (including FISH or other current technology; and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment).

Continuation - early breast cancer*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology; and
 - 1.2 The patient received prior adjuvant trastuzumab treatment for early breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 1.3.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; or
 - 1.3.3 he cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 1.4.2 All of the following:
 - 1.4.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.4.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
 - 1.5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab in the metastatic setting for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Note: * For patients with relapsed HER-2 positive disease who have previously received adjuvant trastuzumab for early breast cancer

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 The patient discontinued lapatinib within 3 months due to intolerable side effects and the cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 1.3 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

Initiation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has locally advanced or metastatic gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction or oesophageal cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 2+ FISH+ or IHC3+ (or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has an ECOG score of 0-2.

Continuation - gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction and oesophageal cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 2 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TRASTUZUMAB EMTANSINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg vial2,320.00	1	Kadcyla
1	Inj 160 mg vial3,712.00	1	Kadcyla

→ Restricted (RS1908)

Initiation - early breast cancer

All of the following:

Pr	ice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
 (\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has early breast cancer expressing HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+; and
- 2 Documentation of pathological invasive residual disease in the breast and/or auxiliary lymph nodes following completion of surgery; and
- 3 Patient has completed systemic neoadjuvant therapy with trastuzumab and chemotherapy prior to surgery; and
- 4 Disease has not progressed during neoadjuvant therapy; and
- 5 Patient has left ventricular ejection fraction of 45% or greater; and
- 6 Adjuvant treatment with trastuzumab emtansine to be commenced within 12 weeks of surgery; and
- 7 Trastuzumab emtansine to be discontinued at disease progression; and
- 8 Total adjuvant treatment duration must not exceed 42 weeks (14 cycles).

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease*; or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
 - 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Patient has not received prior funded trastuzumab emtansine treatment; and
- 7 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: *Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

USTEKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 130 mg vial4,162.00	1	Stelara
t	Inj 90 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe4,162.00	1	Stelara

→ Restricted (RS1942)

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for Crohn's disease and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to be administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis: and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for ulcerative colitis and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria: or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for ulcerative colitis; and
 - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for ulcerative colitis are contraindicated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy*; and
- 2 Ustekinumab will be used at a dose no greater than 90 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Criterion marked with * is for an unapproved indication.

VEDOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1943)

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.4 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection;
 - 2.5 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed: and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300 mg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated): or
 - 2.2 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or

continued...

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids: or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children*

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less: or
 - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
 - 2.2 Patient has a SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.3 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20*; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
 - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
 - 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy *; and
- 2 Vedolizumab will be used at a dose no greater than 300 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

ATEZOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1986)

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 3 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with at least two cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Atezolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment: or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period: and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Atezolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with atezolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

DURVALUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial4,700.00	1	Imfinzi
t	Inj 50 mg per ml, 2.4 ml vial	1	Imfinzi

⇒ Restricted (RS1926)

Initiation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically or cytologically documented stage III, locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Patient has received two or more cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy concurrently with definitive radiation therapy; and
- 3 Patient has no disease progression following the second or subsequent cycle of platinum-based chemotherapy with definitive radiation therapy treatment; and
- 4 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0 or 1; and
- 5 Patient has completed last radiation dose within 8 weeks of starting treatment with durvalumab; and
- 6 Patient must not have received prior PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitor therapy for this condition; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
 - 7.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 8 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
 - 2.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 3 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression; and
- 4 Total continuous treatment duration must not exceed 12 months.

NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	1,051.98	1	Opdivo
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	2,629.96	1	Opdivo
⇒ Restricted (RS2015)			

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with nivolumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation - less than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - more than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2016)

Initiation - unresectable or metastatic melanoma

Medical oncologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with pembrolizumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation – unresectable or metastatic melanoma, less than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and

F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Continuation – unresectable or metastatic melanoma, more than 24 months on treatment

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been on treatment for more than 24 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 2.1.1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic or clinical assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
 - 2.1.3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 50% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; or
 - 6.2 Both:
 - 6.2.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 1% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; and
 - 6.2.2 Chemotherapy is determined to be not in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment; and
- 7 Patient has an ECOG 0-2: and
- 8 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and

	Pric	се		Brand or
(ex n	nan. e	xcl. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

9 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation – non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease: and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 The patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG 0-2: and
- 7 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 8 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

Other Immunosuppressants

ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE)

		Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT)				
Inj 25 mg vial				
AZATHIOPRINE				
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		7.36	60	Azamun
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		8.10	100	Azamun
Inj 50 mg vial				
Inj 100 mg vial				
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms below				
■ Inj 2-8 × 10 ⁸ CFU vial	·	149.37	1	OncoTICE
→ Restricted (RS1206)				
Initiation				
For use in bladder cancer.				
EVEROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 5 mg	4,5	555.76	30	Afinitor
Tab 10 mg	6,	512.29	30	Afinitor
Restricted (RS1811)				
Initiation				

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and
- 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg35.90	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg35.90	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml187.25	165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial133.33	3 4	CellCept
PICIBANIL		
Inj 100 mcg vial		
SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below		
■ Tab 1 mg	100	Rapamune
■ Tab 2 mg	100	Rapamune
	60 ml	Rapamune

→ Restricted (RS1991)

Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min; or
- · Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- . HUS or TTP: or
- Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- · Significant malignant disease

Initiation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformation*; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Malformations are not adequately controlled by sclerotherapy and surgery; or
 - 2.2 Malformations are widespread/extensive and sclerotherapy and surgery are not considered clinically appropriate; or
 - 2.3 Sirolimus is to be used to reduce malformation prior to consideration of surgery; and
- 3 Patient is being treated by a specialist lymphovascular malformation multi-disciplinary team; and
- 4 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1 (see Note).

Continuation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had either a complete response or a partial response to treatment, or patient has stable disease according to RECIST version 1.1 (see Note): or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has stabilised or responded clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documents in patient notes; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47)

Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Nephrologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex*: and
- 2 Evidence of renal angiomyolipoma(s) measuring 3 cm or greater and that have shown interval growth.

Continuation – renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of renal angiomyolipoma reduction or stability by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound; and
- 2 Demonstrated stabilisation or improvement in renal function; and
- 3 The patient has not experienced angiomyolipoma haemorrhage or significant adverse effects to sirolimus treatment; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has epilepsy with a background of documented tuberous sclerosis complex*; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Vigabatrin has been trialled and has not adequately controlled seizures; and
 - 2.1.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least two of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine. lamotrigine. phenytoin sodium. and lacosamide (see Note): or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Vigabatrin is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least three of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); and
- 3 Seizures have a significant impact on quality of life; and
- 4 Patient has been assessed and surgery is considered inappropriate for this patient, or the patient has been assessed and would benefit from mTOR inhibitor treatment prior to surgery.

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, and topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

Continuation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

demonstrated significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate (e.g. 50% reduction in seizure frequency) or severity and/or patient quality of life compared with baseline prior to starting sirolimus treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

JAK inhibitors

BARICITINIB	 Restricted see terms 	below
-------------	--	-------

t	Tab 2 mg	28	Olumiant
t	Tab 4 mg0.00	28	Olumiant

→ Restricted (RS1876)

Initiation - moderate to severe COVID-19*

Limited to 14 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19*; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Baricitinib is to be administered at doses no greater than 4 mg daily for up to 14 days; and
- 5 Baricitinib is not to be administered in combination with tocilizumab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

UPADACITINIB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1861)

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
- 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Te Whatu Ora Hospital; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Antiallergy Preparations

Allergic Emergencies

ADRENALINE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1944)

Initiation - anaphylaxis

Either:

- 1 Patient has experienced a previous anaphylactic reaction which has resulted in presentation to a hospital or emergency department; or
- 2 Patient has been assessed to be at significant risk of anaphylaxis by a relevant practitioner.

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe.......2,668.00 1 Firazyr

→ Restricted (RS1501)

Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Allergy Desensitisation

BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1117)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive: and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1118)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

	F	Price		Brand or
	(ex man.		GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1119) Initiation Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising ag	jent.			
Allergy Prophylactics				
BUDESONIDE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE				SteroClear SteroClear
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		1.98	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.03%SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%		5.23	15 ml	Univent
Antihistamines				
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2026 Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			100 200 ml	Zista Histaclear
CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 4 mg				
FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg Tab 120 mg Tab 180 mg				
LORATADINE				
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025				Lloyder Cyrrup
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		1.43	100 ml	Haylor Syrup
PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025		1 30	50	Allersoothe
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025				Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml				Allersoothe
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				Hospira

Anticholinergic Agents

IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE

Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE

Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per dose

Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml

20 Duolin

Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents

GLYCOPYRRONIUM

Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised tiotropium or umeclidinium. Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose61.00 30 dose Seebri Breezhaler

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE

Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or umeclidinium.

Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg per dose50.37 60 dose Spiriva Respimat

30 dose Spiriva

UMFCLIDINIUM

Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or

Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg per dose......61.50 30 dose Incruse Ellipta

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted (RS1518)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg......81.00 30 dose Ultibro Breezhaler

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL - Restricted see terms above

60 dose Spiolto Respimat

UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms above

Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg77.00 30 dose Anoro Ellipta

Antifibrotics

NINTEDANIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

•	Cap 100 mg2,554.00	60	Otev
t	Cap 150 mg	60	Ofev

_		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$ Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1813)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 267 mg	1,215.00	90	Esbriet
	Tab 801 mg		90	Esbriet
	Restricted (RS1814)	•		

Restricted (RS1814)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists				İ
SALBUTAMOL				

150 ml Ventolin Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule 200 dose SalAir Ventolin Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 8.96 20 **Asthalin** Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20249.43 20 **Asthalin**

TERBUTALINE SUI PHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose

Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Powder for inhalation, 200 mcg per dose (equivalent to 250 mcg

120 dose Bricanyl Turbuhaler

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

XYI OMETAZOI INE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%

Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%

Nasal drops 0.05%

Nasal drops 0.1%

Inhaled Corticosteroids

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
•	14.01		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose	12.50	200 dose	Beclazone 100
•	17.52		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	22.67	200 dose	Beclazone 250

BUDESONIDE

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose

	Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
FLUTICASONE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	7.19	120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	8.61	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose	7.81	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose	11.93	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists			
MONTELUKAST			
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	3.10	28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025	3.10	28	Montelukast Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	2.90	28	Montelukast Viatris
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists			
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE			
Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose			
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE			
Powder for inhalation 4.5 mcg per dose, breath activated (equivalent eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg metered dose)	to		
NDACATEROL			
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose		120 dose	Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	26.25	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adren	oceptor Ago	onists	
BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Powder for inhalation 160 mcg with 4.5 mcg eformoterol fumarate pe			
dose (equivalent to 200 mcg budesonide with 6 mcg eformoterol			
fumarate metered dose)		120 dose	DuoResp Spiromax
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg	33.74	120 dose	Symbicort Turbuhale
Powder for inhalation 320 mcg with 9 mcg eformoterol fumarate per			
dose (equivalent to 400 mcg budesonide with 12 mcg eformoter			
fumarate metered dose)		120 dose	DuoResp Spiromax
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg	33.74	60 dose	Symbicort Turbuhale
FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg	44.08	30 dose	Breo Ellipta
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg		120 dose	Seretide
		60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	32.60	120 dose 60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler Seretide Accuhaler

(e	Pri ex man. e	excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Methylxanthines				
AMINOPHYLLINE Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	18	30.00	5	DBL Aminophylline
CAFFEINE CITRATE Oral lig 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)	1	6.10	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule			5	Biomed
THEOPHYLLINE Tab long-acting 250 mg Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml			100 500 ml	Nuelin-SR Nuelin

Mucolytics and Expectorants

....250.00 6 Pulmozyme

→ Restricted (RS1787)

Initiation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Patient has previously undergone a trial with, or is currently being treated with, hypertonic saline; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has required one or more hospital inpatient respiratory admissions in the previous 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 exacerbations due to CF, requiring oral or intravenous (IV) antibiotics in in the previous 12 month period: or
 - 3.3 Patient has had 1 exacerbation due to CF, requiring oral or IV antibiotics in the previous 12 month period and a Brasfield score of < 22/25; or</p>
 - 3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA).

Continuation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatment.

Initiation - significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

Initiation - pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab elexacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5 mg (56) and		
	ivacaftor 75 mg (28)27,647.39	84	Trikafta
1	Tab elexacaftor 100 mg with tezacaftor 50 mg, ivacaftor 75 mg (56) and		
	ivacaftor 150 mg (28)27,647.39	84	Trikafta

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	1	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1950)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Patient is 6 years of age or older; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient has two cystic fibrosis-causing mutations in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane regulator (CFTR) gene (one from each parental allele); or
 - 3.2 Patient has a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has a heterozygous or homozygous F508del mutation; or
 - 4.2 Patient has a G551D mutation or other mutation responsive in vitro to elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor (see note a);
- 5 The treatment must be the sole funded CFTR modulator therapy for this condition; and
- 6 Treatment with elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition.

Notes:

 a) Eligible mutations are listed in the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Trikafta prescribing information https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2021/212273s004lbl.pdf

IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 150 mg	29,386.00	56	Kalydeco
	Oral granules 50 mg, sachet		56	Kalydeco
	Oral granules 75 mg, sachet		56	Kalydeco
	Restricted (RS1818)	•		•

Initiation

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene on at least 1 allele; or
 - 2.2 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation (G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele; and
- 3 Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition; and
- 5 Patient must not have an acute upper or lower respiratory infection, pulmonary exacerbation, or changes in therapy (including antibiotics) for pulmonary disease in the last 4 weeks prior to commencing treatment with ivacaftor; and
- 6 The dose of ivacaftor will not exceed one tablet or one sachet twice daily; and
- 7 Applicant has experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Nebuliser soln 7%, 90 ml bottle24.50 90 ml Biomed

Pulmonary Surfactants

BERACTANT

Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial

PORACTANT ALFA

Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial	425.00	1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial	695.00	1	Curosurf

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

(6	F ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations					
Antibacterials					
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 Ear drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5% – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025				5 g 10 ml	Devatis Chlorsig
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		1.4	J	10 1111	Cilioraly
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% – 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024		9.73	3	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%					
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%					
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%					
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%		5 20	۵	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%		0.2	J	Jy	r domainio
OBRAMYCIN					
Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%				3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals					
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%					
Antivirals					
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024		.14.88	8	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations					
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		.16.30	0	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramicidin 50 mcg per ml	ı				
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN B Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulpha		HATE	Ξ		
6,000 u per g		5.39	9	3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml		4.50	0	5 ml	Maxitrol
DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN					

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIQQUINOL

Ear drops 0.02% with cliqquinol 1%

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NYSTATIN

Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and

Anti-Inflammatory Preparations

Corticosteroids

DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	5 ml	Maxidex
Ocular implant 700 mcg	1	Ozurdex

→ Restricted (RS1606)

Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
 - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation – Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1%	3.09	5 ml	FML
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12%			
Eye drops 1%	7.00 6.92	5 ml 10 ml	Pred Forte Prednisolone- AFT
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)	41.20	20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% – 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024		5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05% LODOXAMIDE Eye drops 0.1%	8 71	10 ml	Lomide
OLOPATADINE			
Eye drops 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025SODIUM CROMOGLICATE		5 ml	Olopatadine Teva
Eye drops 2% - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	2.62	10 ml	Allerfix
Decongestants			
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1%	4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations			
Diagnostic Dyes			
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose LISSAMINE GREEN Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg		12	Fluorescite

SENSORY ORGANS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

ROSE BENGAL SODIUM Ophthalmic strips 1%

Irrigation Solutions

MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION.

Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride

0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml

Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bag

Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium

15 ml Balanced Salt Solution

e.g. Balanced Salt Solution

e.g. Balanced Salt Solution

Balanced Salt Solution

500 ml

Ocular Anaesthetics

OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.4%, single dose

PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%

TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose

Viscoelastic Substances

HYPROMELLOSE

Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe

Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]

Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe50.00	1	Healon GV
Inj 18 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	1	Healon GV Pro
Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 202560.00	1	Healon 5
Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	1	Healon
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULPHATE		
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe		

and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.55 ml syringe.......74.00

Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe......67.00

Duovisc

Duovisc

00 1 Viscoat

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Other

DISODIUM EDETATE

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE

Soln trans epithelial riboflavin

Inj 0.1%

Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500

Glaucoma Preparations

Beta Blockers

DET	.v ^U	\cap

5 ml 5 ml

5 ml

5 ml

100

5 ml

Betoptic S Betoptic

(Betoptic S Eve drops 0.25% to be delisted 1 July 2025)

(Betoptic Eye drops 0.5% to be delisted 1 July 2025)

TIMOLOI

Eye drops 0.5% - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026......2.50

Arrow-Timolol Arrow-Timolol

⇒ Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming - **Restricted**: For continuation only

Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors

ACET/	٩ZOL	amid	Œ

Tab 250 mg17.03 Inj 500 mg

Diamox

BRINZOLAMIDE

Eye drops 1% - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024......7.30

Azopt

DORZOLAMIDE - Restricted: For continuation only

DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL

Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024......2.73

5 ml

Dortimopt

Miotics

ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE

Inj 20 mg vial with diluent

CARBACHOL

Inj 150 mcg vial

PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 1%	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 2%	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Eve drops 4%	15 ml	Isopto Carpine

PILOCARPINE NITRATE

Eye drops 2%, single dose

	Price (ex man. ex		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Prostaglandin Analogues				
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% - 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024	5	.95	3 ml	Bimatoprost Multichem
Eye drops 0.005% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	1	.82	2.5 ml	Teva
LATANOPROST WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.005% with timolol 0.5% – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	4	.95	2.5 ml	Arrow - Lattim
TRAVOPROST Eye drops 0.004% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	9	.75	2.5 ml	Travatan
Sympathomimetics				
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5%	19	.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	4	.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics				
Anticholinergic Agents				
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose				
Eye drops 1% – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	18	.27	15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose TROPICAMIDE	8	.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
Eye drops 0.5%Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	7	.15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose	8	.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics				
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose				

CARBOMER

Ophthalmic gel 0.2%

Poly Gel

30

Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose8.25



(ex man. excl. GST) Generic Real Manufacturer CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose	
Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%	
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%	
Eye drops 1%	
, ,	
7	
HYPROMELLOSE	
Eye drops 0.5%19.50 15 ml Methopt	
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN	
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%	
Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose	
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%	
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT	
Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL	
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3%, 10 ml bottle	
Note: Only for use in compounding an eye drop formulation	
Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, single dose10.78 30 Systane Unit Dos	3
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE Evo dropp 1.49/, with povidopp 0.69/, pipelo dropp	
Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose	
RETINOL PALMITATE Oint 138 mcg per g	
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]	
Eye drops 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL

Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM

Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings

Antidotes

ACETYLCYSTEINE

Tab eff 200 mg

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule52.88 10 Martindale Pharma

AMYL NITRITE

Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

ETHANOL Lia 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024......110.12

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

TITOTOXOCODALAMIN

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

PRALIDOXIME CHLORIDE

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 1 g vial

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Ini 20%, 500 ml bottle

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN

Ini 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Inj 10,000 iu vial



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

28

Exjade

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Ini 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CHARCOAL

 Oral liq 200 mg per ml
 43.50
 250 ml
 Carbasorb-X

 DEFERASIROX − Restricted see terms below
 Tab 125 mg dispersible
 276.00
 28
 Exjade

 I Tab 250 mg dispersible
 552.00
 28
 Exjade

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis: or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels.

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 500 mg53	3.17	100	Ferriprox
t	Oral liq 100 mg per ml26	6.59	250 ml	Ferriprox

⇒ Restricted (RS1445)

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE

DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

			771111000
	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIMERCAPROL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID			
Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus
Cap 200 mg			Healthcare, Chemet e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
inj 200 ing per ini, 5 mi ampodie			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 0.1%			
Soln 4%			
Soln 5%	15.50	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5% Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%			
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml	1.55	1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 1% with ethanol 70%			
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL			
Soln 70%, 500 ml	5.65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE			
Vaginal tab 200 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1354) Initiation			
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.			
Oint 10%	7.40	65 g	Betadine
Soln 10% - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		100 ml	Riodine
Soln 5%			
Soln 7.5%	0.00	451	Disallar
Soln 10%,	5.40	15 ml 500 ml	Riodine Riodine
Pad 10%	3.40	300 1111	rtiouine
Swab set 10%			
POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30%			
Soln 10% with ethanol 70%			
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE Soln			
JUII			

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Contrast Media

Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE		
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100 ml		
bottle30.00	100 ml	Gastrografin
Oral liquid 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml,		
100 ml bottle	10 ml	Gastrografin Ger
399.00		Gastrografin S29
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle90.00	1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM		
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL		
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule410.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL		•
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle260.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle480.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle950.00	10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL		
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle94.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle89.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle96.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle166.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle98.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle130.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle170.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle330.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle515.00	6	Omnipaque

Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

R/	۱R	II JN	I SU	IΙΡ	HA ⁻	ΓF

Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet	507.50	50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle	17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube	36.51	454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	155.35	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag	282.30	12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle	175.00	24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle	220.00	24	CT Plus+
Grans for oral liq 960 mg per g (96% w/w), 176 g bottle	530.00	24	Vanilla SilQ MD
Grans for oral liq 980 mg per g (98% w/w), 310 g bottle	490.00	24	Vanilla SilQ HD
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	441.12	24	VoLumen
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle	140.94	24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle	237.76	24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle	52.35	3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle	91.77	1	Liquibar

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g,	4 a		
sachet	•	50	E-Z-Gas II
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	g		
sachet			e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBENIC ACID			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	324.74	10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe	120.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled		•	
syringe	180.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled			
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADOTERIC ACID			
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		10 10	Dotarem Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per mi (0.5 mmol per mi), 20 mi premied syninge Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM		•	2010
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefille	, d		
syringesyringe		1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			i iiiiovist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per mi, 10 ml premied synnige		ວ 10	Magnevist
	100.00	10	magnerioi
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	150.00	100!	Piliocopin
inj 105 mg per mi, 100 mi bolile	159.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial		1	Definity
	720.00	4	Definity



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Per

5

Proveblue

Diagnostic Agents

ARGININE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE

Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial

Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial

Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial

MANNITOL

Powder for inhalation

e.g. Aridol

METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE

Powder 100 mg

SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE

Ini 100 u vial

Inj 80 u vial

Inj 100 u ampoule

SINCALIDE

Inj 5 mcg per vial

Diagnostic Dyes

BONNEY'S BLUE DYE

Soln

INDIGO CARMINE

Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Ini 8 mg per ml. 5 ml ampoule

INDOCYANINE GREEN

Inj 25 mg vial

METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE]

PATENT BLUE V			
Ini 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule	440.00	5	Obex Medical

 Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule
 440.00
 5
 Obex Medica

 Inj 2.5%, 5 ml prefilled syringe
 420.00
 5
 InterPharma

Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule240.35

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

12

Fresenius Kabi

Irrigation Solutions

CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE

→ Restricted (RS1683)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body surface area (BSA); and
- 2 For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of large burn areas requiring debridement/skin grafting; and
- 3 The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the area to be covered.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle21.60

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 100 ml bottle Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule	29.76	30	Pfizer
GLYCINE			
Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag	33.50	4	B Braun
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag	28.80	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule		20	Interpharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle	16.10	10	Baxter Sodium Chloride 0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle	21.60	12	Fresenius Kabi
WATER			
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag	30.95	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle	18.60	10	Baxter Water for Irrigation

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Soln 10%

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Cardioplegia Solutions

ELECTROLYTES

Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmol/l potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1.000 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml bag

Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag

Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag

Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml baq

e.g. Custodiol-HTK

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832

e.g. Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solution

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations

ACETIC ACID

Lig

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE

Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHLOROFORM

Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

COLLODION FLEXIBLE

Lia

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

Soln 30.00 100 ml Midwest

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml

ampoule

DITHRANOL

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	φ	rei	Manuacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension	 30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE Suspension	 30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL			
Liq	 3.23	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
YDROCORTISONE Powder	40 05	25 g	ABM
ACTOSE	 40.00	20 g	ADIVI
Powder			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE			
Paste			
MENTHOL			
Crystals			
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE			
Powder	 8.98	25 g	Midwest
METHYLCELLULOSE			
Powder		100 g	Midwest
Suspension	30.95	473 ml	Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension	30.95	473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE			
Suspension	 30.95	473 ml	Ora-Blend
DLIVE OIL Liq			
PARAFFIN Lig			
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder			
PHENOL			
Liq			
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq			
POVIDONE K30 Powder			
SALICYLIC ACID			
Powder			
ILVER NITRATE Crystals			
•			
ODIUM BICARBONATE Powder BP	10.05	500 g	Midwest

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SUI PHUR

Precipitated

Sublimed

SYRUP

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

UREA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1%

ZINC OXIDE

Powder



Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

→ Restricted (RS1467)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- 1 Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted (RS1468)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child: or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome: or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia: or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 50 q fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

1 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

SPECIAL FOODS

Price	В	rand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	G	ieneric
` \$ F	Per M	lanufacturer

MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liquid 50 q fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle

1 Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Liquigen e.a. MCT Oil

WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liq

Protein

→ Restricted (RS1469)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Either:

- 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or
- 2 High protein needs.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can
- Powder 89 g protein, < 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 g, 225 g
 can
 e.g. Protifar

Other Supplements

BREAST MILK FORTIFIER

Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet

Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet

CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

₱ Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

→ Restricted (RS1212)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.2 Cancer in children; or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth: or
 - 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
 - 2.5 Premature and post premature infants.

- e.g. FM 85
- e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier
- e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer
- e.g. Super Soluble
 Duocal



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, Te Whatu Ora Hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by Pharmac; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

Pharmac intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder e.g. Feed Thickener
Karicare Aptamil

GUAR GUM

Powder e.g. Guarcol

MAIZE STARCH

Powder e.g. Resource Thicken

Up: Nutilis

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM

Powder e.g. Instant Thick

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID

Powder e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted (RS2012)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of inherited metabolic disease; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Supplements for Glutaric Aciduria Type 1

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per
100 g, 400 g can
e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can e.g. XLYS Low TRY

Maxamaid

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE) - Restricted see terms above

Powder, 15 g protein, 3.4 g carbohydrate, 0.05 g fat per 25 g sachet.......1,048.95 30 GA Express 15 Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet.......349.65 30 GA Explore 5

e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

			1 201/12 1 0000
_	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
S	Supplements for Homocystinuria		
AN t t t	MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) — Restricted see terms on the previous Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.55 g fat per 25 g sachet	s page 30 30	HCU Express 15 HCU Explore 5 e.g. HCU Anamix Infant e.g. XMET Maxamaid e.g. XMET Maxamum e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ
S	Supplements for MSUD and Short chain enoyl coA hydratase deficient	ency	
t t	MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) — Restricted Powder, 15 g protein, 3.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 25 g sachet1,048.95 Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet349.65 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can	see terms 30 30	on the previous page MSUD Express 15 MSUD Explore 5 e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant
t	Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can		e.g. MSUD Maxamum

1 Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per

100 ml, 125 ml bottle

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Supplements for Phenylketonuria			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restric	ted see terms on page	272	5 11 15
 Tab 8.33 mg Powder (Berry), 5.0 g protein, 14 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 20 Powder (Lemon), 20 g protein, 3.9 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per 		60	e.g. Phlexy-10 PKU Restore Powder
sachet Powder (Neutral), 20 g protein, 4.8 g carbohydrate, 0.8 g fat per	883.50	30	PKU Express 20
sachet	883.50	30	PKU Express 20
sachet		30	PKU Explore 5
sachet	r 34 g	30	PKU Explore 10
sachet	20 g	30	PKU Express 20
sachet. Powder (Raspberry), 10 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 0.4 g fat	per 25 g	60	PKU Restore Powder
sachet	r 34 g	30	PKU Explore 10
sachet Powder 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per 28		30	PKU Express 20 e.g. PKU Lophlex Powder (neutral)
Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g sachet			e.g. PKU Anamix Junior (van/choc/neutral
 Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g	n 178.79	400 g	e.g. PKU Anamix Infant e.g. XP Maxamum e.g. Phlexy-10 PKU Start
 Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
125 ml bottle Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre p			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
100 ml, bottle		125 ml	PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Orange) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Unflavoured)
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 m bottle	ıl, 125 ml		e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 m 62.5 ml bottle			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
t Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml bottle			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20
t Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml bottle			e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, carton	250 ml		e.g. Easiphen

	(e		rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Bran Gen Man	
t	Comi colid 19.2 a protoin 19.5 a parhabudrate and 0.02 a fibra par					
•	Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per 100 g, 109 g pot				e.g.	PKU Lophlex Sensations 20 (berries)
GL	YCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME PHENYI	LALAN	INE - Res	tricted s	ee tern	ns on page 272
t	Powder (Neutral), 10 g protein, 0.5 g carbohydrate, 0.6 g fat per 16 g					
t	sachet. Powder (neutral), 15 g protein, 15 g carbohydrate, 4.5 g fat per 40 g			30		J Build 10
t	sachet Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 32 g sachet			30 30	PKI PKI	nino Pro Bettermilk J Build 20 Chocolate J Build 20 Raspberry Lemonade J Build 20 Smooth
_		_				J Build 20 Vanilla
ı	Powder 20 g protein, 4.9 g carbohydrate per 33.4 g sachet	9	36.00	30	PKU	J GMPro Ultra
t	Powder 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	9	30.00	30	PKl	Lemonade J sphere20 Lemon
t	Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet			30	PKI PKI	J sphere20 Chocolate J sphere20 Red Berry J sphere20 Vanilla
t	Powder 20 g protein, 6.7 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	9	30.00	30	PKU	J sphere20 Banana
t	Liquid (Coffee Mocha), 15 g protein, 3.1 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat 250 ml, carton	6	84.45	30	PKU	J Glytactin RTD
t	Liquid (chocolate), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250 r	ml				15 Lite
•	carton		84.45	30	PKU	J Glytactin RTD 15
t	Liquid (neutral), 15 g protein, 22 g carbohydrate, 5.3 g fat per 250 ml, carton			30		J Glytactin RTD 15
t	Liquid (vanilla), 15 g protein, 3.3 g carbohydrate, 4.6 g fat per 250 ml, carton			30		J Glytactin RTD 15 Lite
P	rotein Free Supplements					
•	OTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 272					
Ţ	Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can	1			e.g.	Energivit
S	upplements for Tyrosinaemia					
ΑN	INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSINE	E) – Re	stricted se	e terms	on pag	e 272
t	Powder (neutral), 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sachet		49.65	30	TYF	R Explore 5
t	Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g sachet	g			e.a.	' TYR Anamix Junior
t	Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre po	er			ŭ	
t	100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can				·	TYR Anamix Infant XPHEN, TYR Maxamaid
t	Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle				e.g.	Maxamala TYR Anamix Junior LQ

	(ex ma	Price an. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLYCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME TYR page 272		AND PHEN	/LALANINE	- Restricted see terms on
Powder (Red Berry), 20 g protein, 6.3 carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat per 3 sachet		1,398.60	30	TYR Sphere 20
Powder (Vanilla), 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate, 1.6 g fat per 35 sachet		1,398.60	30	TYR Sphere 20
Supplements for Urea Cycle Disorders				
AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on page 272 1 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can 2 Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can				e.g. Dialamine e.g. Essential Amino Acid Mix
X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products				
GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 272 1 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle				
GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 272 t Liquid, 500 ml bottle				
Supplements for Glycogen Storage Disease				
HIGH AMYLOPECTIN CORN-STARCH - Restricted see terms on part Powder 0 g protein, 53 g carbohydrate, 0 g fat per 60 g sachet			30	Glycosade
Supplements for Organic Acidaemias				
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, TH	HREON	IINE AND VA	LINE) – Re	stricted see terms on
page 272 • Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibr	e per			
100 g, 400 g can				e.g. MMA/PA Anamix Infant
Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can				e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid e.g. XMTVI Maxamum
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see ten		page 272		•
Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibr 100 g, 400 g can	e per			e.g. IVA Anamix Infant
Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can				e.g. XLEU Maxamaid e.g. XLEU Maxamum
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE, THREONINE AN				rms on page 272
Powder, 15 g protein, 3.4 g carbohydrate, 0.05 g fat per 25 g sach Powder, 5 g protein, 5.3 g carbohydrate, 0.2 g fat per 12.5 g sache			30 30	MMA/PA Express 15 MMA/PA Explore 5
Single Dose Amino Acids				
ARGININE – Restricted see terms on page 272		011.45	20	Avainin a 2000
Powder 1.7 g protein, 1.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet		∠11.45	30	Arginine2000
1 Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet		211.45	30	Citrulline1000
ISOLEUCINE – Restricted see terms on page 272 † Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet		141.05	30	Isoleucine50

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LEUCINE – Restricted see terms on page 272 • Powder 0.08 g protein, 3.7 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Leucine100
PHENYLALANINE – Restricted see terms on page 272 • Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Phenylalanine50
TYROSINE - Restricted see terms on page 272 • Powder 0.8 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	211.45	30	Tyrosine1000
VALINE - Restricted see terms on page 272 • Powder 0.04 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate per 4 g sachet	141.05	30	Valine50

Specialised Formulas

Diabetic Products

→ Restricted (RS1215)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 6 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.

LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

τ	Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle	.65	500 ml	Gluc	cerna Select
t	Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag				Nutrison Advanced
t	Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml,				Diason
	1.000 ml bottle			e.a.	Nutrison Advanced

(e.g. Nutrison Advanced Diason Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag to be delisted 1 July 2024)

LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

t	Liquid 7 g protein, 10.9 g carbohydrate, 2.7 g fat and 2 g fibre per		
	100 ml, bottle2.10	200 ml	Nutren Diabetes (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per		,
	100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Diasip

Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products

→ Restricted (RS1216)

Initiation

Any of the following:

continued...

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding.	
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on the previous page Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet	Vivonex TEN
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml carton	e.g. Elemental 028 Extra
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 4 g protein, 17.7 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	e.g. Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page t Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle22.39 1,000 l PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on the previous page volume 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g,	ml Vital
400 g can Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can	e.g. Peptamen Junior e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton4.95 237 m	
Fat Modified Products	
FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below ■ Powder 12.8 g protein, 68.6 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can ■ Restricted (RS1470) Initiation Any of the following:	e.g. Monogen
1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults. Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the production.	•
Hepatic Products	
→ Restricted (RS1217) Initiation For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant. HEPATIC ORAL FEED − Restricted see terms above ↑ Powder 12 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, can	g Heparon Junior

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

High Calorie Products

→ Restricted (RS1317)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted: or
- 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Any of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis: or
 - 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
 - 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
 - 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and
 - 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements.

ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

t	Liquid 10 g protein, 17.5 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bag6.50	500 ml	Fresubin 2kcal HP
t	Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.50	500 ml	Nutrison Concentrated
t	Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per		

1,000 ml Ensure Two Cal HN RTH

ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

200 ml Two Cal HN

PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 4.5 g protein, 14.3 g carbohydrate and 2.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag.........9.60 500 ml Survimed OPD

High Protein Products

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 10 g protein, 12.9 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat and 0.64 g fibre per 100 ml, bag.......9.60 500 ml Fresubin Intensive

→ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1.000 ml bottle

e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus

⇒ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

continued...



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.26 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 10 g protein, 10.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.78
500 ml
Nutrison Protein Intense

→ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle

e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre

→ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

Elecare (Vanilla)

_		(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
lı	nfant Formulas					
₽	IINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms below Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml	,				
t	400 g can Powder 13 g protein, 49 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, 400	0 g				e.g. Neocate
	can	•				e.g. Neocate SYNEO unflavoured
t	Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, 4 can	.00 g				e.g. Neocate Junior Unflavoured
1	Powder 13.3 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.6 g fat per 100 g	can	.43.60)	400 g	Alfamino
t	Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g,	can	.53.00)	400 g	Neocate Gold (Unflavoured)
t	Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g,	can	.53.00)	400 g	Neocate Junior Vanilla
t	Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, car	າ	.43.60)	400 g	Alfamino Junior
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml,	can	.65.72	2	400 g	Elecare LCP (Unflavoured)
t	Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml,	can	.65.72	<u> </u>	400 g	Elecare (Unflavoured)

→ Restricted (RS1867)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled for 2-4 weeks and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products: or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis; or
- 4 Ultra-short gut; or
- 5 Severe Immune deficiency.

Continuation

All of the following:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula; and
- 3 Amino acid formula is required for a nutritional deficit.

Initiation - patients who are currently funded under RS1502 or SA1557

Limited to 3 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a valid initiation or renewal approval for extensively hydrolysed formula (RS1502); and
- 2 Patient is unable to source funded Aptamil powder at this time; and
- 3 The approval only applies to funded dispensings of Neocate Gold and Neocate Syneo.

Note: This criteria is short term funding to cover an out-of-stock situation on some extensively hydrolysed formula powder funded under Hospital Restriction RS1502. There is no continuation criteria under this criterion.

ENTERAL LIQUID PEPTIDE FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 4.2 g protein, 18.6 g carbohydrate and 6.58 g fat per 100 ml15.68 500 ml Nutrini Peptisorb Energy

⇒ Restricted (RS1775)

Initiation

All of the following:

continued...

-		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$ P	er Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has impaired gastrointestinal function and either cannot tolerate polymeric feeds, or polymeric feeds are unsuitable; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Severe malabsorption; or
 - 2.2 Short bowel syndrome: or
 - 2.3 Intractable diarrhoea; or
 - 2.4 Biliary atresia; or
 - 2.5 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malabsorption; or
 - 2.6 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.7 Proven fat malabsorption; or
 - 2.8 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
 - 2.9 Intestinal failure: or
 - 2.10 Both:
 - 2.10.1 The patient is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
 - 2.10.2 The patient is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an enteral liquid peptide formula; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 A semi-elemental or partially hydrolysed powdered feed has been reasonably trialled and considered unsuitable; or
 - 3.2 For step down from intravenous nutrition.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the patient can be transitioned to a cows milk protein or soy infant formula or extensively hydrolysed formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the patient continues to require an enteral liquid peptide formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

- Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can......30.42 900 g Allerpro Syneo 1
 - Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can......30.42 900 g Allerpro Syneo 2
- Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g,
- 450 g can

 → Restricted (RS1502)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
- 2 Severe malabsorption; or
- 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 4 Intractable diarrhoea; or
- 5 Biliary atresia; or
- 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
- 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or

continued...

e.g. Pepti-Junior

CDECIAL ECODS

			SPECIAL FOODS			
	Price		Brand or			
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic			
	\$	Per	Manufacturer			
continued 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or						
10 Intestinal failure; or						
11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.						
Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated allergic reaction.						

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been undertaken: and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g.

400 g can

e.a. Galactomin 19

LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA

Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

can

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact

Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

e.a. S26 Lactose Free

LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 55.2 g carbohydrate and 25.8 g fat per 100 g.

400 g can

e.g. Locasol

PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per

125 ml

Infatrini

→ Restricted (RS1614)

Initiation - Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering growth Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or
 - 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
- 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding.

PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 0.75 100 ml S26 LBW Gold RTF

Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml bottle

e.a. Pre Nan Gold RTF

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml bottle

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm

⇒ Restricted (RS1224)

Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

can

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

SPECIAL FOODS			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Ketogenic Diet Products			
HIGH FAT FORMULA − Restricted see terms below Powder 14.3 g protein, 2.8 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100 g	g, can35.50	300 g	Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)
Fowder 15.4 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 68.6 g fat per 100 g	g, can35.50	300 g	Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)
→ Restricted (RS1225) Initiation			3.1 (Offilavoured)
For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficier conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.	ncy or glucose transp	orted type-	-1 deficiency and other
Paediatric Products			
→ Restricted (RS1473) Initiation Both: 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and 2 Any of the following:			
2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted. 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothin	to oral feeding; or	f feeding; o	or
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre processes and many pages.	per	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms al	oove		Multifibre RTH
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml. Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bath invited 2.7 g protein, 13.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml.	ag3.32	500 ml 500 ml	Frebini Original Pediasure RTH

PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above		
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per		
100 ml, bag	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		
t Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml6.50	500 ml	Frebini Original
t Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag3.32	500 ml	Pediasure RTH
Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml,		
500 ml bottle		e.g. Nutrini RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		· ·
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.7 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml	500 ml	Frebini Energy
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per		
100 ml. bottle	500 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi
100 111, 500.	000 1111	Fibre
Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml,		
500 ml bottle		e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		•
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate, 4.5g fat and 0.8 g fibre per		
100 ml	500 ml	Frebini Original Fibre
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		r robini Griginai r ibro
	VE	
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.1 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 1.1 g fibre per	F00 l	Fuelsia: Fueran Filone
100 ml7.00	500 ml	Frebini Energy Fibre

(ex	Price man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the pretable Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle		200 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla)
t Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the process of the p		250 ml	Pediasure (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle	8.67	500 ml	Pediasure Plus
200 ml bottle Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle			e.g. Fortini e.g. Fortini Multifibre
Renal Products			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML — Restricted see te Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	6.08	500 ml 100 ml, boti	Nepro HP RTH tle to be delisted 1 August
For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms below Powder 7.5 g protein, 57.6 g carbohydrate and 25.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can Restricted (RS1227) Initiation			e.g. Kindergen
For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, carton		220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry)
→ Restricted (RS1228) Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.		220 1111	Nepro HP (Vanilla)
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms be Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 m bottle			
 Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml carton Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml 			e.g. Renilon 7.5
bottle → Restricted (RS1228)	13.24	4	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.			



	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Surgical Products					
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms b Liquid 10.4 g protein, 8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 0 g fibre per 100 ml, 250 ml carton Restricted (RS1231) Initiation		. 56.00)	10	Impact Advanced Recovery
Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted For Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200 bottle Restricted (RS1415) Initiation Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (El	d see ten	ms be 6.80	low)	4	preOp

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

surgery.

Any of the following:

For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or
 - 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
 - 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 5 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or
- 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.

EN t	TERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bottle7.00 Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy
t t	100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can2.17 Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bag8.68	250 ml 1.000 ml	e.g. Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre Ensure Plus HN Ensure Plus HN RTH
t	Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per 100 ml, bag	1,000 ml	Jevity HiCal RTH
t	Liquid 7.5 g protein, 17 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag9.60	1,000 ml	Fresubin HP Energy

Price		Brand or
(ex man. exc		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 13.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bag6.	.50 1,000 ml	Fresubin Original
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per		
100 ml, 1000 ml bottle	E0 4000 I	e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre
Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle6.	.56 1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per	FG 1 000 ml	lovity DTU
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml,	.56 1,000 ml	Jevity RTH
1,000 ml bag		e.g. NutrisonStdRTH;
1,000 iii bag		NutrisonLowSodium
		ratioon2011Coalain
t Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml,		
1,000 ml bottle		e.g. Nutrison Low
		Sodium;
ENTERN FEED COKON AND BOOK OF THE COMMENT		NutrisonStdRTH
ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per	.87 1.000	Jovity Divo DTII
100 ml, 1,000 ml bag		Jevity Plus RTH
ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous	ous page	
Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	.29 1.000 ml	Nutrican 900 Campleta
100 ml, bottle5.	.29 1,000 1111	Nutrison 800 Complete Multi Fibre
ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous	s page	Walti Tibic
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 13.0 g carbohydrate, 3.4 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	page	
100 ml, bag	.00 1,000 ml	Fresubin Original Fibre
ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous		Ü
Liquid 7.5 g protein, 16.2 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	p5-	
100 ml, bag9.	.80 1,000 ml	Fresubin HP Energy
		Fibre
HIGH PROTEIN ORAL FEED 2.4 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previou	ıs page	
Only to be used for patients currently on or would be using Fortisip or Fortisip N	/lulti Fibre	
Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml,		
125 ml bottle		e.g. Fortisip Compact
(e.g. Fortisip Compact Protein Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g	1 fat nor 100 ml 12	Protein 5 ml hottle to be delisted 1
December 2024)	ιαι μ ο ι 100 IIII, 12	o mii dollie lo de delisted T
ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.	.00 850 g	Ensure (Chocolate)
Toward 10.0 g protein, 07.4 g outborry drate and 14 g lat per 100 g, out20.	.00 000 g	Ensure (Vanilla)
Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can14.	.00 840 g	Sustagen Hospital
	· ·	Formula
		(Chocolate)
		Sustagen Hospital
		Formula (Vanilla)
ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,		
237 ml carton		e.g. Resource Fruit
		Beverage

SPECIAL FOODS

Price (ex man. ex \$	-	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 286		
t Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can1	.65 237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,		
carton1	.56 200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortijuice
t Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml		
bottle		e.g. Fortisip
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per		
100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre

Price B (ex man. excl. GST) G Per M

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Bacterial and Viral Vaccines

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe

→ Restricted (RS1387) Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE $\,-\,$

Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepatitis B

→ Restricted (RS1478)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for children up to and under the age of 10 who are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

Bacterial Vaccines

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain
- → Restricted (RS1233)

Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

DIPHTHERIA. TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin and 2.5 mcg

Boostrix

10

→ Restricted (RS1790)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trimester of each pregnancy; or; or
- 2 A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants admitted to a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit or Specialist Care Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed to maternal vaccination at least 14 days prior to birth; or; or
- 3 A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation: or
- 4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 5 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 65 years old; or
- 6 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 45 years old who have not had 4 previous tetanus doses; or
- 7 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or
- 8 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 9 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjugated to tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syringe plus

> Hiberix vial 0.5 ml

⇒ Restricted (RS1520)

Initiation

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children: or
- 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total

of approximately 55 mcg of tetanus toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial 0.00 MenQuadfi

→ Restricted (RS2019)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant;
 - 1.2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
 - 1.3 One dose for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
 - 1.4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.5 A maximum of two doses for person pre and post-immunosuppression*; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
 - 2.2.2 One dose for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL B MULTICOMPONENT VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS2020)

Initiation - Primary immunisation for children up to 12 months of age

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Three doses for children up to 12 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation; or
- 2 Up to three doses (dependent on age at first dose) for a catch-up programme for children from 13 months to 59 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation, from 1 March 2023 to 31 August 2025.

Initiation - Person is one year of age or over

Any of the following:

- 1 up to two doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 2 up to two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to two doses for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 up to two doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Initiation - Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Two doses for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, Youth Justice residences, or prisons; or
 - 2.2 Two doses for individuals who turn 13 years of age while living in boarding school hostels.

Note: *Immunosuppression due to corticosteroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1935)

Initiation - Children under 12 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
- 2 Two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 Two doses for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of two doses for child pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Notes: children under 12 months of age require two doses 8 weeks apart. Refer to the Immunisation Handbook for recommended booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

¶ inj 1 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9V,

14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 4,

18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 0.00

10 Synflorix

→ Restricted (RS1768)

Initiation

A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated individuals up to the age of 59 months inclusive.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A,

→ Restricted (RS1936)

Initiation - Primary course for previously unvaccinated children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 3 doses

A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated children up to the age of 59 months inclusive.

Initiation - High risk individuals who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Two doses are funded for high risk individuals (over the age of 12 months and under 18 years) who have previously received two doses of the primary course of PCV10.

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re)immunisation of high-risk children aged under 5 years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
 - 2.2 primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 diabetes; or

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or
			Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.13 Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk individuals 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re-)immunisation of individuals 5 years and over with HIV, pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, intracranial shunts, cerebrospinal fluid leaks or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

⇒ Restricted (RS1587) Initiation – High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection; or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts: or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes; or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

■ Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer → Restricted (RS1243) Initiation For use during typhoid fever outbreaks. Viral Vaccines HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below **Havrix Junior** Havrix → Restricted (RS1638) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases. HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE Engerix-B → Restricted (RS1588) Initiation Any of the following: 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or 4 For HIV positive patients: or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or 10 Following needle stick injury. **Engerix-B** → Restricted (RS1671) Initiation Any of the following: 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or 10 Following needle stick injury: or 11 For dialysis patients; or 12 For liver or kidney transplant patients.

HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VACCINE [HPV] - Restricted see terms on the next page

Gardasil 9



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Per

→ Restricted (RS1693)

Initiation - Children aged 14 years and under

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Children aged 14 years and under.

Initiation - other conditions

Either:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection: or
 - 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) patients; or
 - 2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and under; or
 - 1.2 Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and over; and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The patient has not previously had an HPV vaccine.

INFLUENZA VACCINE

10 Influvac Tetra

(2024 formulation)

→ Restricted (RS2013)

Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease: or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation - chronic respiratory disease

Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions

Either:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes; or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease; or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease: or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 1.6 HIV; or



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

continued...

- 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
- 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
- 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
- 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
- 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
- 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
- 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
- 1.14 Down syndrome: or
- 1.15 Is pregnant; or
- 1.16 Is a child 4 years of age or under (inclusive) who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a Public Hospital.

Initiation - Serious mental health conditions or addiction

Any of the following:

- 1 schizophrenia; or
- 2 major depressive disorder: or
- 3 bipolar disorder; or
- 4 schizoaffective disorder; or
- 5 person is currently accessing secondary or tertiary mental health and addiction services.

MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50.

Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent

10 **Priorix**

Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.

Initiation - first dose after 12 months

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

IPOL

→ Restricted (RS1398)

Initiation

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Fither:

- 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

			VACCINES
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RABIES VACCINE			
Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent			
ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per de	ose,		
prefilled oral applicator - 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024		10	Rotarix
■ Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per de	ose,		
squeezable tube	0.00	10	Rotarix
→ Restricted (RS1590)			
Initiation			
Therapy limited to 2 doses			
Both:			
1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of	•		
2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or	over.		
VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE]			
■ Inj 1350 PFU prefiiled syringe - 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024	0.00	1	Varivax
		10	Varivax
⇒ Restricted (RS1591)			

Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Either:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial

→ Restricted (RS1777)

Initiation - infants between 9 and 12 months of age

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1916)

Initiation - people aged 65 years (Zostavax)

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged 65 years.

Initiation - people aged 65 years (Shingrix)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Two doses for all people aged 65 years.

Diagnostic Agents

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST

PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at schedule.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips 20.0/ 10.0/		CareSens N Premier
10.00	U	Caresens N Caresens N POP
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP		
Blood glucose test strips10.5		CareSens N
Test strips	6 50 test	CareSens PRO
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP		
Test strips15.50	0 10 strip	KetoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic	_	
test strips	0 1	CareSens Dual
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE		a alianahan Maala
Small	0 1	e-chamber Mask
PEAK FLOW METER		Mini Mainht AEO Laur
Low Range9.5	4 1	Mini-Wright AFS Low Range
Normal Range9.5-	4 1	Mini-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE		
Cassette	0 40 test	Smith BioMed Rapid
		Pregnancy Test
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE		
Test strip22.0	0 50 strip	Ketostix
SPACER DEVICE		
220 ml (single patient)		e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)		e-chamber La Grande Volumatic
800 ml	U I	volumatic

- Symbols -	Renin-Angiotensin System 43	Amiloride hydrochloride with
8-methoxypsoralen71	Agents for Parkinsonism and Related	furosemide4
- A -	Disorders 118	Amiloride hydrochloride with
A-Scabies68	Agents Used in the Treatment of	hydrochlorothiazide4
Abacavir sulphate102	Poisonings259	Aminolevulinic acid
Abacavir sulphate with	Ajmaline45	hydrochloride16
lamivudine102	Albendazole 99	Aminophylline24
Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris102	Alchemy Caspofungin97	Amiodarone hydrochloride4
Abciximab	Alchemy Oxaliplatin156	Amisulpride13
Abilify Maintena 133	Alchemy Oxybutynin	Amitriptyline12
Abiraterone acetate164	Aldurazyme19	Amlodipine4
Acarbose9	Alecensa156	Amorolfine6
Accarb9	Alectinib156	Amoxicillin9
Accuretic 10	Alendronate sodium111	Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid9
Accuretic 20	Alendronate sodium with	Amoxiclav multichem9
Acetazolamide	colecalciferol111	Amphotericin B
Acetec	Alfacalcidol27	Alimentary2
Acetic acid	Alfamino	Infections9
Extemporaneously Compounded	Alfamino Junior	Amsacrine15
Preparations267	Alfentanil	Amyl nitrite25
Genito-Urinary74	Alglucosidase alfa16	Anabolic Agents7
Acetic acid with hydroxyquinoline,	Alinia100	Anaesthetics11
glycerol and ricinoleic acid	Allerfix254	Anagrelide hydrochloride15
• •		
Acetic acid with propylene	Allerpro Syneo 2	Analgesics
glycol	Allerpro Syneo 2	Anatrole
Acetylcholine chloride	Allersoothe244	
Acetylcysteine259	Allenurinal	Androgen Aggists and
Aciclovir	Allopurinol114	Androgen Agonists and
Infections	Alpha tocopheryl	Antagonists
Sensory252	Alpha tocopheryl acetate	Anoro Ellipta24
Aciclovir-Baxter	Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers44	Antabuse
Acid Citrate Dextrose A	Alphamox92	Antacids and Antiflatulents
Acidex5	Alphamox 12592	Anti-Infective Agents7
Acipimox	Alphamox 25092	Anti-Infective Preparations
Acitretin71	Alprolix	Dermatological6
Actemra224	Alprostadil54	Sensory25
Actinomycin D147	Alprostadil hydrochloride54	Anti-Inflammatory Preparations 25
Adalimumab (Amgevita)	Alteplase	Antiacne Preparations6
Adalimumab (Humira - alternative	Alum267	Antiallergy Preparations24
brand) 184	Aluminium chloride31	Antianaemics2
Adapalene	Aluminium hydroxide5	Antiarrhythmics4
Adcetris193	Aluminium hydroxide with	Antibacterials8
Adenocor45	magnesium hydroxide and	Anticholinergic Agents24
Adenosine45	simeticone 5	Anticholinesterases11
Adrenaline	Amantadine hydrochloride118	Antidepressants12
Cardiovascular53	AmBisome96	Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal
Respiratory243	Ambrisentan54	Anti-Inflammatory Agents
Advantan70	Ambrisentan Viatris54	Antiepilepsy Drugs12
Advate34	Amethocaine	Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and
Adynovate34	Nervous122	Local Sclerosants3
Aerrane119	Sensory255	Antifibrotics24
Afinitor239	Amgevita175	Antifungals9
Aflibercept191	Amikacin88	Antihypotensives4
Agents Affecting the	Amiloride hydrochloride49	Antimigraine Preparations13

Antimycobacterials	98	Arrow-Quinapril 5	43	- B -	
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents		Arrow-Roxithromycin		Bacillus calmette-guerin (BCG)	239
Antiparasitics		Arrow-Timolol		Bacillus calmette-guerin	
Antipruritic Preparations		Arrow-Topiramate		vaccine	289
Antipsychotic Agents		Arrow-Tramadol		Baclofen	
Antiretrovirals		Arsenic trioxide		Bacterial and Viral Vaccines	
Antirheumatoid Agents		Artemether with lumefantrine.		Bacterial Vaccines	
Antiseptics and Disinfectants		Artesunate		Balanced Salt Solution	
Antispasmodics and Other Agents		Articaine hydrochloride		Baricitinib	
Altering Gut Motility		Articaine hydrochloride with		Barium sulphate	262
Antithrombotics		adrenaline	120	Barium sulphate with sodium	
Antithymocyte globulin		Asacol	6	bicarbonate	263
(equine)	238	Ascorbic acid		Barrier Creams and Emollients	
Antithymocyte globulin (rabbit)	239	Alimentary	<mark>27</mark>	Basiliximab	192
Antiulcerants		Extemporaneously Compo		BCG Vaccine	289
Antivirals		Preparations		BD PosiFlush	41
Anxiolytics	136	Aspen Adrenaline		Beclazone 100	247
Anzatax		Aspirin		Beclazone 250	247
Apidra		Blood	36	Beclazone 50	
Apidra Solostar		Nervous	122	Beclomethasone dipropionate	
APO-Atomoxetine		Asthalin	247	Bedaquiline	
APO-Candesartan HCTZ		Atazanavir Mylan		Bee venom	
16/12.5	44	Atazanavir sulphate		Bendamustine hydrochloride	
APO-Candesartan HCTZ		Atazanavir Viatris		Bendrofluazide	
32/12.5	44	Atenolol	46	Bendroflumethiazide	
Apomorphine hydrochloride		Atenolol Viatris	46	[Bendrofluazide]	49
Apraclonidine		Atenolol-AFT	46	Benralizumab	
Aprepitant		Atezolizumab		Benzathine benzylpenicillin	
Apresoline		ATGAM	238	Benzatropine mesylate	
Aprotinin		Ativan		Benzbromaron AL 100	
Aqueous cream		Atomoxetine	141	Benzbromarone	114
Arachis oil [Peanut oil]		Atorvastatin	50	Benzocaine	120
Aratac	45	Atovaquone with proguanil		Benzocaine with tetracaine	
Arava	111	hydrochloride	100	hydrochloride	120
Arginine		Atracurium besylate	115	Benzoin	267
Alimentary	17	Atropine sulphate		Benzoyl peroxide	68
Various	264	Cardiovascular	45	Benztrop	
Arginine2000	276	Sensory	257	Benzydamine hydrochloride	
Argipressin [Vasopressin]	87	Atropt	257	Benzydamine hydrochloride with	
Aripiprazole13	32-133	Aubagio	137	cetylpyridinium chloride	24
Aripiprazole Sandoz		Augmentin	92	Benzylpenicillin sodium [Penicillin	
Aristocort	71	Aurorix	126	G]	92
Arrotex-Prazosin S29	45	Avallon	123	Beractant	250
Arrow - Clopid	36	Avelox	93	Beta Cream	7C
Arrow - Lattim	257	Avonex	137	Beta Ointment	70
Arrow-Amitriptyline	125	Avonex Pen	137	Beta Scalp	
Arrow-Bendrofluazide	49	Azacitidine		Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists	
Arrow-Brimonidine	257	Azacitidine Dr Reddy's	148	Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers	46
Arrow-Diazepam	136	Azactam		Betadine	261
Arrow-Fluoxetine	127	Azamun		Betahistine dihydrochloride	131
Arrow-Losartan &		Azathioprine	239	Betaine	17
Hydrochlorothiazide	44	Azilect		Betamethasone	
Arrow-Norfloxacin		Azithromycin	90	Betamethasone dipropionate	70
Arrow-Ornidazole		Azopt		Betamethasone dipropionate with	
Arrow-Quinapril 10	43	AZT	103	calcipotriol	<mark>7</mark> 1
Arrow-Quinapril 20	43	Aztreonam	94	Betamethasone sodium phosphate)

with betamethasone acetate.	79	Brimonidine tartrate with	Capecitabine	148
Betamethasone valerate	70, 72	timolol25	7 Capecitabine Viatris	148
Betamethasone valerate with		Brinzolamide25	6 Capsaicin	
clioquinol	71	Bromocriptine11	8 Musculoskeletal	117
Betamethasone valerate with so	odium	Brufen SR11		
fusidate [Fusidic acid]	71	Budesonide	Captopril	43
Betaxolol	256	Alimentary	5 Carbachol	256
Betnovate	70	Respiratory244, 24	7 Carbamazepine	127
Betoptic	256	Budesonide Te Arai	5 Carbasorb-X	260
Betoptic S	256	Budesonide with eformoterol24	8 Carbimazole	86
Bevacizumab	193	Bumetanide4	8 Carbomer	257
Bexsero	291	Bupafen12	1 Carboplatin	156
Bezafibrate	50	Bupivacaine hydrochloride12		
Bezalip	<mark>50</mark>	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	Carboprost trometamol	75
Bezalip Retard	<mark>50</mark>	adrenaline12	O Carboxymethylcellulose	
Bicalutamide	164	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	Alimentary	<mark>24</mark>
Bicillin LA	92	fentanyl12	Extemporaneously Compa	ounded
BiCNU	147	Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	Preparations	<mark>267</mark>
Bile and Liver Therapy	9	glucose 12	1 Cardinol LA	47
Biliscopin	263	Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM14	4 Cardizem CD	48
Bimatoprost	257	Buprenorphine with naloxone14	4 CareSens Dual	299
Bimatoprost Multichem	257	Bupropion hydrochloride14	4 Caresens N	299
Binarex		Burinex4	8 Caresens N POP	299
Binocrit	29	Buscopan	7 CareSens N Premier	299
Biodone	124	Buserelin8	2 CareSens PRO	299
Biodone Extra Forte	124	Buspirone hydrochloride13		17
Biodone Forte	124	Buspirone Viatris13	6 Carmellose sodium with pec	tin and
Biotin	17	Busulfan14	7 gelatine	
Bisacodyl	40	^	A 1'	
Disacouyi	16	- C -	Alimentary	24
Bisacodyl Viatris		Cabergoline8		
•	16		1 Sensory	258
Bisacodyl Viatris	16 267	Cabergoline8	Sensory Carmustine	258 147
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate	16 267 n	Cabergoline	Sensory	258 147 46
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn	16 267 n 265	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24	Sensory	258 147 46
Bisacodyl Viatris	16 267 n 265 46	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6	Sensory	258 46 46 46
Bisacodyl Viatris	16 267 n 265 46	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2	Sensory	258 147 46 46 194
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin	16 267 n 265 46	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7	Sensory	
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate	16 267 n 265 46 35	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7	Sensory	
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test	16 267 n 265 46 35	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7 Calcitriol 2	Sensory	
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter	16 267 n 265 46 35 147	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2	Sensory	
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test	16 267 n 265 46 35 147	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI Calcium Channel Blockers 4	Sensory	
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip	16 267 n 265 46 35 147 299	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI	Sensory	
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test	16 267 n265 46 35 147 299	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI Calcium Channel Blockers 4	Sensory	
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip	16 267 n265 46 35 147 299 299	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium chloride 3	Sensory	
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye	16267 n2654635147299299299	Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium chloride 3 Calcium folinate 16	Sensory	258 147 46 46 194 97 48 147 89 89 89 89 89 90
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye Boostrix		Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI 2 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Chloride 3 Calcium folinate 16 Calcium Folinate Ebewe 16	Sensory	
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye Boostrix Boric acid		Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI 2 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Chloride 3 Calcium folinate 16 Calcium Folinate Ebewe 16 Calcium Folinate Sandoz 16	Sensory Carmustine Sensory Carmustine Carvedilol Casirivimab and imdevimab Caspofungin Catapres Ceenu Cefaclor Cefalexin Cefalexin Sandoz Cefazolin Cefazolin-AFT Cefepime Cefotaxime Cefotaxime Sandoz	
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye Boostrix Boric acid Bortezomib		Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitronin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI 2 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Chloride 3 Calcium folinate 16 Calcium Folinate Ebewe 16 Calcium Folinate Sandoz 16 Calcium gluconate 16	Sensory	
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye Boostrix Boric acid Bortezomib Bosentan		Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitronin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI Calcium Carbonate PAI Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium chloride 3 Calcium folinate 16 Calcium Folinate Ebewe 16 Calcium Folinate Sandoz 16 Calcium gluconate 16	Sensory	258 147 46 46 194 97 48 89 89 89 89 90 89 89
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye Boostrix Boric acid Bortezomib Bosentan Bosentan Dr Reddy's		Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitronin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI 2 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Chloride 3 Calcium folinate 16 Calcium Folinate Ebewe 16 Calcium Folinate Sandoz 16 Calcium gluconate Blood Dermatological 7	Sensory	258 147 46 46 194 97 48 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye Boostrix Boric acid Bortezomib Bosentan Bosentan Bosentan Bosentan Botox Botulism antitoxin Bplex		Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI 2 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Chloride 3 Calcium folinate 16 Calcium Folinate Ebewe 16 Calcium Folinate Sandoz 16 Calcium gluconate Blood Blood 3 Dermatological 7 Calcium Homeostasis 7	Sensory	258 147 46 46 46 194 197 48 89 89 89 90 90 89 89 89 89 89 89
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye Boostrix Boric acid Bortezomib Bosentan Bosentan Dr Reddy's Botox Botulism antitoxin		Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitrion 2 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI 2 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Folinate 16 Calcium Folinate Ebewe 16 Calcium Folinate Sandoz 16 Calcium gluconate 16 Blood 3 Dermatological 7 Calcium Homeostasis 7 Calcium polystyrene sulphonate 4	Sensory Sensory Sensory Sensory Carmustine Sensory S	258 147 46 46 46 194 197 48 89 89 89 89 90 90 889 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye Boostrix Boric acid Bortezomib Bosentan Bosentan Bosentan Bosentan Botox Botulism antitoxin Bplex		Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitron 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol 5 Calcium carbonate 5 Calcium carbonate PAI 4 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Chloride 3 Calcium Folinate 16 Calcium Folinate Ebewe 16 Calcium Folinate Sandoz 16 Calcium gluconate 8 Blood 3 Dermatological 7 Calcium Homeostasis 7 Calcium Resonium 4	Sensory Sensory Sensory Sensory Carmustine Sensory S	258 147 46 46 46 194 197 48 89 89 89 90 90 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye Boostrix Boric acid Bortezomib Bosentan Bosentan Dr Reddy's Botox Botulism antitoxin Bplex Brentuximab vedotin Breo Ellipta Brevinor 1/28		Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitron 7 Calcitrol 2 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI 2 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Chloride 3 Calcium Folinate 16 Calcium Folinate Ebewe 16 Calcium Folinate Sandoz 16 Calcium gluconate 8 Blood 3 Dermatological 7 Calcium Homeostasis 7 Calcium polystyrene sulphonate 4 Calcium Resonium 4 Camino Pro Bettermilk 27	Sensory Sensory Sensory Sensory Carmustine Sensory S	258 147 46 46 46 194 197 48 89 89 89 90 90 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye Boostrix Boric acid Bortezomib Bosentan Bosentan Bosentan Botox Botulism antitoxin Bplex Brentuximab vedotin Breo Ellipta		Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitronin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol-AFT 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI 4 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Chloride 3 Calcium Folinate 16 Calcium Folinate Sandoz 16 Calcium Gluconate 16 Blood 3 Dermatological 7 Calcium Homeostasis 7 Calcium polystyrene sulphonate 4 Calcium Resonium 4 Camino Pro Bettermilk 27 Candesartan cilexetil 4	Sensory Sens	258 147 46 46 194 197 48 147 89 89 89 89 89 90 90 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89
Bisacodyl Viatris Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subgallate Bismuth subnitrate and iodoforn paraffin Bisoprolol fumarate Bivalirudin Bleomycin sulphate Blood glucose diagnostic test meter Blood glucose diagnostic test strip Blood ketone diagnostic test strip Bonney's blue dye Boostrix Boric acid Bortezomib Bosentan Bosentan Dr Reddy's Botox Botulism antitoxin Bplex Brentuximab vedotin Breo Ellipta Brevinor 1/28		Cabergoline 8 Caffeine 14 Caffeine citrate 24 Calamine 6 Calci-Tab 500 2 Calcipotriol 7 Calcitonin 7 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol 2 Calcitriol 2 Calcium carbonate 5, 2 Calcium carbonate PAI 4 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Channel Blockers 4 Calcium Folinate 16 Calcium Folinate Ebewe 16 Calcium Folinate Sandoz 16 Calcium Gluconate 16 Blood 3 Dermatological 7 Calcium Homeostasis 7 Calcium polystyrene sulphonate 4 Calcium Resonium 4 Camino Pro Bettermilk 27 Candesartan cilexetil 4 Candesartan cilexetil with	Sensory Sens	258 147 46 46 194 197 48 147 89 89 89 89 89 90 90 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89

Celecoxib	116	Ciprofloxacin		Coal tar	267
Celecoxib Pfizer		Infections	93	Coal tar with salicylic acid and	
Celiprolol		Sensory		sulphur	71
CellCept		Ciprofloxacin Kabi		Cocaine hydrochloride	
Centrally-Acting Agents		Ciprofloxacin Teva		Cocaine hydrochloride with	
Cephalexin ABM		Ciprofloxacin with		adrenaline	121
Cetirizine hydrochloride	244	hydrocortisone	252	Codeine phosphate	
Cetomacrogol		Ciproxin HC Otic		Extemporaneously Compound	ded
Cetomacrogol with glycerol		Cisplatin		Preparations	
Cetomacrogol-AFT	69	Citalopram hydrobromide		Nervous	
Cetrimide		Citanest		Coenzyme Q10	17
Cetuximab	195	Citrate sodium		Colchicine	114
Charcoal	260	Citric acid	267	Colecalciferol	
Chemotherapeutic Agents		Citric acid with magnesium ca	rbonate	Colestimethate	94
Chickenpox vaccine		hydrate and sodium		Colestipol hydrochloride	52
Chloral hydrate		picosulfate	14	Colestyramine	
Chlorambucil		Citric acid with sodium		Colestyramine - Mylan	
Chloramphenicol		bicarbonate	263	Colgout	
Infections	94	Citrulline1000		Colifoam	
Sensory		Cladribine		Colistin sulphomethate	
Chlorhexidine		Clarithromycin		[Colestimethate]	94
Chlorhexidine gluconate		Clexane		Colistin-Link	
Alimentary	24	Clexane Forte		Collodion flexible	
Extemporaneously Compou		Clindamycin		Colloidal bismuth subcitrate	
Preparations		Clinicians		Colofac	
Genito-Urinary		Clinicians Multivit & Mineral		Colony-Stimulating Factors	
Chlorhexidine with		Boost	25	Coloxyl	
cetrimide	261. 265	Clinicians Renal Vit	25	Compound electrolytes	
Chlorhexidine with ethanol		Clobazam		Compound electrolytes with gluc	
Chloroform		Clobetasol propionate		[Dextrose]	
Chloroquine phosphate		Clobetasone butyrate		Compound hydroxybenzoate	
Chlorothiazide		Clofazimine		Compound sodium lactate	
Chlorpheniramine maleate		Clomazol		[Hartmann's solution]	40
Chlorpromazine hydrochloride		Dermatological	67	Comtan	
Chlorsig		Genito-Urinary		Concerta	
Chlortalidone [Chlorthalidone]		Clomifene citrate		Condyline	
Chlorthalidone		Clomipramine hydrochloride		Contraceptives	
Choice Load 375		Clomipramine Teva		Contrast Media	
Choice TT380 Short		Clonazepam		Copaxone	
Choice TT380 Standard		Clonidine		Copper	
Cholestyramine		Clonidine hydrochloride		Copper chloride	
Choline salicylate with cetalko		Clonidine Teva		Corticorelin (ovine)	
chloride		Clopidogrel		Corticosteroids	
Choriogonadotropin alfa		Clopine		Dermatological	70
Ciclopirox olamine		Clopixol		Hormone Preparations	
Ciclosporin		Clostridium botulinum type A	,	Cosentyx	
Cidofovir		toxin	115	Cosmegen	
Cilazapril		Clotrimazole		Coversyl	
Cilicaine VK		Dermatological	67	Creon 10000	
Cimetidine		Genito-Urinary		Creon 25000	
Cinacalcet		Clove oil		Creon Micro	
Cinacalet Devatis		Clozapine		Crotamiton	
Cinchocaine hydrochloride wit		Clozaril		Crystaderm	
hydrocortisone		Clustran		CT Plus+	262
Cipflox		Co-trimoxazole		Curam	
				Curam Duo 500/125	
				a aa aaa aa i La	

Curosurf	250	DBL Vincristine Sulfate	164	Diamide Relief	
Cvite	27	Decongestants	247	Diamox	256
Cyclizine hydrochloride	131	Decongestants and		Diatrizoate meglumine with sodiun	n
Cyclizine lactate	131	Antiallergics	254	amidotrizoate	262
Cyclogyl	257	Decozol	25	Diatrizoate sodium	262
Cyclonex		Deferasirox	260	Diazepam12	27, 136
Cyclopentolate hydrochloride	257	Deferiprone	260	Diazoxide	
Cyclophosphamide	147	Defibrotide	35	Alimentary	9
Cycloserine	98	Definity	263	Cardiovascular	54
Cymevene	105	Demeclocycline hydrochloride.	94	Dichlorobenzyl alcohol with	
Cyproheptadine hydrochloride.	244	Denosumab	112	amylmetacresol	24
Cyproterone acetate	78	Deolate	98	Diclofenac Sandoz	116
Cyproterone acetate with		Deoxycoformycin		Diclofenac sodium	
ethinyloestradiol		Depo-Medrol	80	Musculoskeletal	
Cystadane	17	Depo-Provera		Sensory	
Cysteamine hydrochloride	267	Depo-Testosterone		Dicobalt edetate	260
Cytarabine	149	Deprim	95	Diflucan	96
Cytotec	<mark>7</mark>	Dermol	70, 72	Diflucortolone valerate	70
- D -		Desferrioxamine mesilate	260	Digestives Including Enzymes	1
D-Penamine	111	Desflurane	119	Digoxin	4
Dabigatran		Desmopressin	87	Digoxin immune Fab	259
Dacarbazine		Desmopressin acetate	87	Dihydrocodeine tartrate	123
Dactinomycin [Actinomycin D].	147	Desmopressin-PH&T	87	Dihydroergotamine mesylate	130
Daivobet	71	Dexamethasone		Diltiazem CD Clinect	
Daivonex	71	Hormone Preparations	79	Diltiazem hydrochloride	48
Dalacin C	94	Sensory	253	Dimercaprol	26
Danaparoid	35	Dexamethasone phosphate	80	Dimercaptosuccinic acid	26
Dantrium	115	Dexamethasone with framycet	in and	Dimethicone	67-68
Dantrium IV	115	gramicidin	252	Dimethyl fumarate	13
Dantrolene	115	Dexamethasone with neomycin	n	Dimethyl sulfoxide	26
Daonil	10	sulphate and polymyxin B		Dinoprostone	7
Dapa-Tabs		sulphate	252	Dipentum	
Dapsone	98	Dexamethasone with		Diphemanil metilsulfate	72
Daptomycin	94	tobramycin		Diphenoxylate hydrochloride with	
Daptomycin Dr Reddy's	94	Dexamfetamine sulfate	141	atropine sulphate	
Darunavir	103	Dexmedetomidine	119	Diphtheria antitoxin	259
Darunavir Viatris	103	Dexmedetomidine Viatris	119	Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis	
Dasatinib	156	Dexmedetomidine-Teva	119	vaccine	290
Daunorubicin	148	Dexmethsone	79	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis and	
DBL Adrenaline	53	Dexrazoxane	163	polio vaccine	289
DBL Amikacin	88	Dextrose		Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, poli	Ю,
DBL Aminophylline	249	Alimentary	9	hepatitis B and haemophilus	
DBL Bleomycin Sulfate	147	Blood		influenzae type B vaccine	289
DBL Bortezomib		Extemporaneously Compou		Diprosone	70
DBL Cefotaxime		Preparations		Dipyridamole	36
DBL Cisplatin	156	Dextrose with sodium citrate a	nd	Disodium edetate	
DBL Dacarbazine		citric acid [Acid Citrate Dext	rose	Disodium hydrogen phosphate wit	th
DBL Desferrioxamine Mesylate	e for Inj	A]	35	sodium dihydrogen	
BP	260	DHC Continus	123	phosphate	26
DBL Docetaxel	163	Diabetes		Disopyramide phosphate	4
DBL Ergometrine		Diacomit	129	Disulfiram	
DBL Gemcitabine	149	Diagnostic Agents		Dithranol	
DBL Gentamicin		Vaccines		Diuretics	
DBL Leucovorin Calcium	163	Various	264	Dobutamine	5
DBL Methotrexate Onco-Vial	149	Diagnostic and Surgical		Dobutamine-hameIn	5
DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride	125	Preparations	254	Docetaxel	160

Docusate sodium	E-Z-Gas II263	Ensure Plus HN RTH	280
Alimentary15	E-Z-Paste262	Ensure Two Cal HN RTH	
Sensory258	Econazole nitrate67	Entacapone1	118
Docusate sodium with	Edrophonium chloride111	Entecavir1	
sennosides 15	Efavirenz102	Entecavir (Rex)1	104
Dolutegravir104	Efavirenz Milpharm102	Entresto 24/26	
Domperidone131	Efavirenz with emtricitabine and	Entresto 49/51	
Domperidone Viatris131	tenofovir disoproxil102	Entresto 97/103	
Donepezil hydrochloride143	Eformoterol fumarate248	Entyvio2	
Donepezil-Rex143	Eformoterol fumarate dihydrate 248	Enzymes1	
Dopamine hydrochloride53	Eftrenonacog alfa [Recombinant	Ephedrine	
Dornase alfa249	factor IX]	Ephedrine Juno	
Dortimopt256	Efudix72	Epilim IV1	129
Dorzolamide256	eg Clinicians selenium oral	Epipen2	
Dorzolamide with timolol256	drops24	Epipen Jr	24:
Dostinex81	Elaprase18	Epirubicin Ebewe1	
Dosulepin [Dothiepin]	Elecare (Unflavoured)281	Epirubicin hydrochloride	
hydrochloride126	Elecare (Vanilla)281	Eplerenone	
Dosulepin Mylan126	Elecare LCP (Unflavoured)281	Epoetin alfa	
Dosulepin Viatris126	Electral41	Epoetin beta	. 30
Dotarem263	Electrolytes266	Epoprostenol	
Dothiepin 126	Elelyso21	Eptacog alfa [Recombinant factor	
Doxapram251	Elexacaftor with tezacaftor, ivacaftor	VIIa]	3
Doxazosin44	and ivacaftor249	Eptifibatide	
Doxazosin Clinect44	Elidel71	Eptifibatide Viatris	
Doxepin hydrochloride126	Elocon70	Erbitux1	
Doxine94	Elocon Alcohol Free70	Ergometrine maleate	
Doxorubicin Ebewe148	Eltrombopag31	Erlotinib1	15
Doxorubicin hydrochloride148	Emend Tri-Pack131	Ertapenem	
Doxycycline94	Emicizumab32	Erythrocin IV	
DP Lotn HC70	EMLA122	Erythromycin (as	
DP-Allopurinol114	Empagliflozin13	ethylsuccinate)	9
DP-Captopril43	Empagliflozin with metformin	Erythromycin (as lactobionate)	
Dr Reddy's Omeprazole8	hydrochloride13	Erythromycin (as stearate)	
Drofate47	Emtricitabine102	Esbriet	
Droperidol131	Emtricitabine with tenofovir	Escitalopram1	
Droperidol Panpharma131	disoproxil 106	Esmolol hydrochloride	
Drugs Affecting Bone	Emtriva102	Essential Prednisolone	
Metabolism 111	Emulsifying ointment69	Estradot	. 80
Dual blood glucose and blood ketone	Emulsifying Ointment ADE69	Etanercept1	
diagnostic test meter299	Enalapril maleate43	Ethambutol hydrochloride	
Dulaglutide11	Enbrel167	Ethanol	
Dulcolax SP Drop16	Endocrine Therapy 164	Ethanol with glucose	
Duolin245	Endoxan147	Ethanol, dehydrated	
DuoResp Spiromax248	Engerix-B294	Ethics Aspirin	
Duovisc	Enlafax XR126	Ethics Aspirin EC	
Duride52	Enoxaparin sodium35	Ethics Lisinopril	
Durvalumab234	Enstilar71	Ethinyloestradiol with	
Dynastat117	Ensure (Chocolate)287	desogestrel	
Dysport115	Ensure (Vanilla)287	Ethinyloestradiol with	
-E-	Ensure Plus (Banana)288	levonorgestrel	. 74
e-chamber La Grande299	Ensure Plus (Chocolate)288	Ethinyloestradiol with	
e-chamber Mask299	Ensure Plus (Fruit of the	norethisterone	. 74
e-chamber Turbo299	Forest) 288	Ethosuximide	
E-Mycin91	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)288	Ethyl chloride1	
E-Z-Cat Dry262	Ensure Plus HN286	Etomidate1	

Etopophos	151	Flagyl		Food Modules	270
Etoposide		Flagyl-S	100	Food/Fluid Thickeners	272
Etoposide (as phosphate)	151	Flamazine	<mark>67</mark>	Forteo	113
Etoricoxib	116	Flecainide acetate	45	Fosamax	11
Etravirine	102	Flecainide BNM	45	Fosamax Plus	
Evara	69	Flecainide Controlled Release		Foscarnet sodium	10
EVARA White Soft Paraffin	69	Teva	45	Fosfomycin	94
Everet	128	Fleet Phosphate Enema	16	Framycetin sulphate	252
Everolimus	239	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy	244	Frebini Energy	284
Evista		Flixotide		Frebini Energy Fibre	
Evrysdi	140	Flixotide Accuhaler	248	Frebini Original	284
Evusheld		Florinef	80	Frebini Original Fibre	
Exemestane	166	Fluanxol	134	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT	120
Exjade	260	Flucil	92	Fresubin 2kcal HP	279
Extemporaneously Compounde	ed	Flucloxacillin	92	Fresubin HP Energy	286
Preparations		Flucloxacillin-AFT	92	Fresubin HP Energy Fibre	28
Eylea	191	Flucloxin	92	Fresubin Intensive	
Ezetimibe		Fluconazole	96	Fresubin Original	28
Ezetimibe Sandoz		Fluconazole-Baxter		Fresubin Original Fibre	
Ezetimibe with simvastatin	52	Flucytosine	98	Frusemide	
-F-		Fludara Oral		Fucidin	9
Factor eight inhibitor bypassing	1	Fludarabine Ebewe		Fucithalmic	252
fraction	•	Fludarabine phosphate	149	Fulvestrant	16
Famotidine		Fludrocortisone acetate		Fungilin	24
Fasenra	192	Fluids and Electrolytes		Furosemide [Frusemide]	
Faslodex	165	Flumazenil		Furosemide-Baxter	
Fatty Cream AFT		Flumetasone pivalate with		Fusidic acid	
Febuxostat		clioquinol	253	Dermatological	67, 7
Febuxostat (Teva)	114	Fluocortolone caproate with		Infections	
Febuxostat multichem		fluocortolone pivalate and		Sensory	
FEIBA NF		cinchocaine	7	´ - G -	
Felo 10 ER	47	Fluorescein sodium		GA Explore 5	272
Felo 5 ER		Fluorescein sodium with lignoc	aine	GA Express 15	
Felodipine		hydrochloride		Gabapentin	
Fentanyl		Fluorescite		Gacet	
Fentanyl Sandoz		Fluorometholone		Gadobenic acid	
Ferinject	23	Fluorouracil		Gadobutrol	
Ferodan	23	Fluorouracil Accord		Gadoteric acid	
Ferric subsulfate		Fluorouracil sodium		Gadovist 1.0	
Ferriprox		Fluox		Gadoxetate disodium	
Ferro-F-Tabs		Fluoxetine hydrochloride		Galsulfase	
Ferro-tab		Flupenthixol decanoate		Galvumet	
Ferrograd		Flutamide		Galvus	
Ferrosig		Flutamin		Ganciclovir	
Ferrous fumarate		Fluticasone		Gardasil 9	
Ferrous fumarate with folic acid		Fluticasone furoate with		Gastrodenol	8
Ferrous gluconate with ascorbi		vilanterol	248	Gastrografin	
acid		Fluticasone propionate		Gastrografin Ger	26
Ferrous sulfate		Fluticasone with salmeterol		Gastrografin S29	26
Ferrous sulfate with ascorbic		Flynn		Gazyva	
acid	23	FML		Gefitinib	
Fexofenadine hydrochloride		Foban		Gelatine, succinylated	
Filgrastim		Folic acid		Gelofusine	4
Finasteride		Folic Acid multichem		GEM Aqueous Cream	
Fingolimod		Folic Acid Viatris		Gemcitabine Ebewe	149
Firazyr		Fondaparinux sodium		Gemcitabine Hydrochloride	

Country words are a seminis 405		I li salva a a uti a a u a
Gemtuzumab ozogamicin195	vaccine	Hydrocortisone
Gentamicin sulphate	Haldol134 Haldol Concentrate134	Dermatological
Infections		Extemporaneously Compounded
Sensory252	Haloperidol	Preparations
Gestrinone	Haloperidol decanoate	Hormone Preparations80
Gilenya	Hartmann's solution40	Hydrocortisone acetate
Ginet	Harvoni	Hydrocortisone acetate with
Glatiramer acetate137	Havrix294	pramoxine hydrochloride
Glaucoma Preparations	Havrix Junior294	Hydrocortisone and paraffin liquid
Glecaprevir with pibrentasvir	Haylor Syrup244	and lanolin
Glibenclamide	HCU Explore 5273	Hydrocortisone butyrate70, 72
Gliclazide	HCU Express 15273	Hydrocortisone with miconazole71
Gliolan	Healon255	Hydrocortisone with natamycin and
Glipizide	Healon 5	neomycin71
Glizide10	Healon GV255	Hydrogen peroxide67
Glucagen Hypokit9	Healon GV Pro255	Hydroxocobalamin
Glucagon hydrochloride9	healthE Calamine Aqueous68	Alimentary26
Glucerna Select277	healthE Dimethicone 10%68	Various259
Glucose [Dextrose]	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion 67	Hydroxocobalamin Panpharma26
Alimentary9	healthE Dimethicone 5%	hydroxycarbamide 151
Blood40	healthE Fatty Cream69	Hydroxychloroquine111
Extemporaneously Compounded	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid268	Hydroxyurea
Preparations267	healthE Urea Cream70	[hydroxycarbamide]151
Glucose with potassium chloride40	Hemlibra32	Hygroton49
Glucose with potassium chloride and	Heparin sodium36	Hylo-Fresh258
sodium chloride40	Heparin Sodium Panpharma36	Hyoscine butylbromide
Glucose with sodium chloride40	Heparinised saline36	Hyoscine hydrobromide131
Glucose with sucrose and	Heparon Junior278	Hyperuricaemia and Antigout 114
fructose9	Hepatitis A vaccine294	HypoPak Glucose
Glycerin with sodium saccharin268	Hepatitis B recombinant	Hypromellose255, 258
Glycerin with sucrose268	vaccine	Hypromellose with dextran258
Glycerol	Herceptin227	-1-
Alimentary15	Herzuma228	Ibiamox92
Extemporaneously Compounded	Hiberix290	Ibrance159
Preparations268	Hiprex95	Ibrutinib151
Glycerol with paraffin69	Histaclear244	Ibuprofen117
Glyceryl trinitrate	Histamine acid phosphate264	Icatibant243
Alimentary7	Holoxan147	Idarubicin hydrochloride148
Cardiovascular52	Hormone Replacement Therapy 80	Idarucizumab33
Glycine265	HPV294	Idursulfase18
Glycoprep Orange14	Humalog Mix 2510	Ifosfamide147
Glycopyrronium245	Humalog Mix 5010	Ikorel54
Glycopyrronium bromide7	Human papillomavirus (6, 11, 16, 18,	Ilomedin63
Glycopyrronium with	31, 33, 45, 52 and 58) vaccine	Iloprost63
indacaterol245	[HPV]294	Imaging Agents167
Glycosade276	Humatin88	Imatinib mesilate158
Glypressin87	Humira184	Imatinib-Rex158
Gonadorelin82	HumiraPen184	Imbruvica151
Goserelin82	Hyaluronic acid	Imfinzi234
Granisetron131	Alimentary25	Imipenem with cilastatin88
- H -	Sensory255, 258	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX88
Habitrol144	Hyaluronic acid with lidocaine	Imipramine hydrochloride126
Habitrol (Fruit)144	[lignocaine]25	Imiquimod72
Habitrol (Mint)144	Hyaluronidase114	Immune Modulators108
Haem arginate18	Hydralazine hydrochloride54	Immunosuppressants167
Haemophilus influenzae type B	Hydralyte - Lemonade41	Impact Advanced Recovery286

Incruse Ellipta	245	Iressa	158	Ketoprofen	11
Indacaterol	248	Irinotecan hydrochloride	151	Ketorolac trometamol	
Indapamide	49	Iron (as ferric carboxymaltose	e) <mark>23</mark>	KetoSens	29
Indigo carmine		Iron (as sucrose)		Ketostix	
Indinavir		Iron polymaltose		Keytruda	
Indocyanine green		Irrigation Solutions		Klacid	
Indometacin [Indomethacin]		Isentress		Klacid IV	
Indomethacin		Isentress HD		Kogenate FS	3
Infanrix IPV		Ismo 20		Konakion MM	3
Infanrix-hexa		Ismo 40 Retard		Konsyl-D	
Infatrini		Isoflurane		Kuvan	
Infliximab		Isoleucine50		- L -	
Influenza vaccine		Isoniazid		L-ornithine L-aspartate	
Influvac Tetra		Isoniazid with rifampicin		Labetalol	4
(2024 formulation)	295	Isoprenaline [Isoproterenol]		Lacosamide	
Inhaled Corticosteroids		Isopropyl alcohol		Lactose	
Inresa		Isoproterenol		Lactulose	
Inspra		Isoptin		Laevolac	
Instillagel Lido		Isoptin SR		Lagevrio	
				Lamictal	
Insulin aspartthe insulin aspart		Isopto CarpineIsosorbide mononitrate			
Insulin aspart with insulin aspa	ırı			Lamivudine	
protamine	9	Isotretinoin		Lamivudine Viatris	
Insulin glargine		Ispaghula (psyllium) husk		Lamivudine/Zidovudine Viatris	
Insulin glulisine		Isradipine		Lamotrigine	
Insulin isophane		Itch-Soothe		Lanoxin	
Insulin lispro		Itraconazole		Lanoxin PG	
Insulin lispro with insulin lispro		Itrazole		Lansoprazole	
protamine		Ivabradine		Lantus	1
Insulin neutral	10	Ivacaftor		Lantus SoloStar	
Insulin neutral with insulin		Ivermectin	99	Lanzol Relief	
isophane		- J -		Lapatinib	15
Intelence		Jadelle		Largactil	
Interferon alfa-2b		Jakavi		Laronidase	
Interferon beta-1-alpha		Jardiamet	13	Lasix	4
Interferon beta-1-beta		Jardiance		Latanoprost	
Interferon gamma	108	Jaydess		Latanoprost with timolol	
Intra-uterine device	75	Jevity HiCal RTH	286	Lax-Suppositories	
Invanz	88	Jevity Plus RTH	287	Lax-suppositories Glycerol	1
Invega Sustenna	134	Jevity RTH	287	Laxatives	
Invega Trinza	135	Jinarc		Laxsol	
lodine		Juno Pemetrexed	149	Ledipasvir with sofosbuvir	10
lodine with ethanol	261	- K -		Leflunomide	11
lodised oil	262	Kadcyla	229	Lenalidomide	15
lodixanol	262	Kalydeco		Letrole	16
lohexol	262	Kenacomb	253	Letrozole	16
lopidine	257	Kenacort-A 10	80	Leucine100	27
loscan		Kenacort-A 40	80	Leukotriene Receptor	
Ipca-Allopurinol	114	Kenalog in Orabase	24	Antagonists	24
lpca-Bisoprolol	46	Ketalar		Leuprorelin acetate	
lpca-Donepezil		Ketamine		Leustatin	14
lpca-Escitalopram		Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)		Levetiracetam	
IPCA-Frusemide		Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured)		Levetiracetam-AFT	
IPCA-Metoprolol		Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)	284	Levocabastine	
IPCA-Propranolol		Ketoconazole		Levocarnitine	
IPOL		Dermatological	67	Levodopa with benserazide	
Ipratropium bromide		Infections		Levodopa with carbidopa	
-F					

Levomepromazine133	Lormetazepam139	Mannitol
Levomepromazine	Lorstat50	Cardiovascular49
hydrochloride133	Losartan Actavis44	Various264
Levonorgestrel75	Losartan potassium44	Mantoux298
Levonorgestrel BNM75	Losartan potassium with	Maprotiline hydrochloride126
Levosimendan53	hydrochlorothiazide44	Marcain120
Levothyroxine87	Lovir105	Marcain Heavy12
Lidocaine [Lignocaine]121	Loxamine127	Marcain Isobaric120
Lidocaine [Lignocaine]	Lucrin Depot 1-month82	Marcain with Adrenaline120
hydrochloride121	Lucrin Depot 3-month82	Marevan36
Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydrochloride	Lynparza152	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+72
with adrenaline 121	Lysine acetylsalicylate [Lysine	Martindale Pharma259
Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydrochloride	asprin]37	Mask for spacer device299
with adrenaline and tetracaine	Lysine asprin37	Maviret105
hydrochloride122	- M -	Maxidex250
Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydrochloride	m-Eslon	Maxitrol252
with phenylephrine	Mabthera208	Measles, mumps and rubella
hydrochloride122	Macrobid95	vaccine296
Lidocaine [Lignocaine] with	Macrogol 3350 with ascorbic acid,	Mebendazole100
prilocaine 122	potassium chloride, sodium	Mebeverine hydrochloride
Lidocaine-Baxter121	chloride and citric acid with	Medrol80
lignocaine	magnesium carbonate hydrate	Medroxyprogesterone8
Alimentary25	and sodium picosulfate14	Medroxyprogesterone acetate
Nervous121–122	Macrogol 3350 with potassium	Genito-Urinary75
Lincomycin95	chloride and sodium chloride 14	Hormone Preparations8
Linezolid95	Macrogol 3350 with potassium	Mefenamic acid117
Linezolid Kabi95	chloride and sodium chloride with/	Mefloquine100
Lioresal Intrathecal115	without sodium sulfate, sodium	Meglumine gadopentetate263
Liothyronine sodium87	ascorbate, ascorbic acid14	Meglumine iotroxate263
Lipid-Modifying Agents50	Macrogol 3350 with potassium	Melatonin139
Lipiodol Ultra Fluid262	chloride, sodium bicarbonate and	Melpha147
Liquibar262	sodium chloride15	Melphalan14
Liraglutide11	Madopar 125 119	Meningococcal (A, C, Y and W-135)
Lisinopril43	Madopar 250119	conjugate vaccine
Lissamine green254	Madopar 62.5119	Meningococcal B multicomponent
Lithium carbonate133	Madopar HBS119	vaccine29
LMX4121	Madopar Rapid119	Meningococcal C conjugate
Lo-Oralcon 20 ED74	Mafenide acetate67	vaccine29
Local Preparations for Anal and	Magnesium amino acid chelate 23	MenQuadfi290
Rectal Disorders7	Magnesium chloride23	Menthol268
Locoid70, 72	Magnesium hydroxide	Mepivacaine hydrochloride122
Locoid Crelo70	Alimentary23	Mepivacaine hydrochloride with
Locoid Lipocream70	Extemporaneously Compounded	adrenaline122
Lodoxamide254	Preparations268	Mepolizumab204
Logem128	Magnesium oxide23	Mercaptopurine149
Lomide254	Magnesium oxide with magnesium	Meropenem89
Lomustine147	aspartate, magnesium amino acid	Meropenem-AFT89
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor	chelate and magnesium	Mesalazine
Agonists248	citrate23	Mesna163
Loniten54	Magnesium sulphate23	Mestinon11
Loperamide hydrochloride5	Magnevist263	Metabolic Disorder Agents16
Lopinavir with ritonavir104	Malarone100	Metabolic Products272
Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan104	Malarone Junior100	Metaraminol 50
Lorafix244	Malathion [Maldison]68	Metformin hydrochloride
Loratadine244	Maldison	Metformin Viatris1
Lorazenam 127 136		

Methacholine chloride264	Micolette	15	Mozobil	
Methadone BNM124	Miconazole	25	MSUD Explore 5	
Methadone hydrochloride	Miconazole nitrate		MSUD Express 15	
Extemporaneously Compounded	Dermatological	67	Mucolytics and Expectorants	249
Preparations268	Genito-Urinary	74	Mucosoothe	
Nervous124	Micreme		Multihance	
Methenamine (Hexamine)	Micreme H		Multiple Sclerosis Treatments	136
hippurate95	Microlut	75	Multivitamin and mineral	
Methohexital sodium119	Midazolam	139	supplement	25
Methopt258	Midazolam Viatris	139	Multivitamin renal	
Methotrexate149	Midodrine		Multivitamins	
Methotrexate DBL Onco-Vial149	Mifepristone		Mupirocin	67
Methotrexate Ebewe149	Milrinone	54	Muscle Relaxants and Related	
Methotrexate Sandoz149	Milrinone-Baxter	54	Agents	
Methoxsalen	Minerals		Mvite	26
[8-methoxypsoralen]71	Mini-Wright AFS Low Range		Myambutol	98
Methoxyflurane123	Mini-Wright Standard		Mycobutin	99
Methyl aminolevulinate	Minidiab	10	MycoNail	
hydrochloride72	Minims Prednisolone	254	Mycophenolate mofetil	239
Methyl hydroxybenzoate268	Minirin	87	Mydriacyl	257
Methylcellulose268	Minirin Melt		Mydriatics and Cycloplegics	
Methylcellulose with glycerin and	Minocycline	94	Mylan (24 hr release)	
sodium saccharin268	Minoxidil	54	Mylan Atenolol	46
Methylcellulose with glycerin and	Mirena	75	Mylan Clomiphen	81
sucrose268	Miro-Amoxicillin	92	Mylan Italy (24 hr release)	48
Methyldopa48	Mirtazapine		Mylan Midazolam	139
Methyldopa Mylan48	Misoprostol	7	Myleran	147
Methyldopa Viatris48	Mitomycin C		Myloc CR	
Methylene blue264	Mitozantrone	148	Mylotarg	195
Methylnaltrexone bromide15	Mitozantrone Ebewe	148	Myozyme	16
Methylphenidate ER - Teva142	Mivacurium chloride	115	- N -	
Methylphenidate hydrochloride 142	Mixed salt solution for eye		Nadolol	47
Methylprednisolone (as sodium	irrigation	255	Nadolol BNM	47
succinate) 80	MMA/PA Explore 5	276	Naglazyme	18
Methylprednisolone aceponate70	MMA/PA Express 15	276	Naloxone hydrochloride	259
Methylprednisolone acetate80	Moclobemide	126	Naltraccord	144
Methylthioninium chloride [Methylene	Modafinil		Naltrexone AOP	144
blue]264	Modavigil	143	Naltrexone hydrochloride	
Matheuler at lains a	Molavola			
Methylxanthines249	Molaxole	15	Naphazoline hydrochloride	254
Metoclopramide Actavis 10131	Molnupiravir		Naphazoline hydrochloride Naphcon Forte	
		107		254
Metoclopramide Actavis 10131	Molnupiravir	107 70	Naprosyn SR 1000 Naprosyn SR 750	254 117 117
Metoclopramide Actavis 10131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride131	Molnupiravir Mometasone furoate	107 70 n	Naphcon Forte Naprosyn SR 1000	254 117 117
Metoclopramide Actavis 10	Molnupiravir	107 70 n 266	Naprosyn SR 1000 Naprosyn SR 750	254 117 117 117
Metoclopramide Actavis 10	Molnupiravir Mometasone furoate Monosodium glutamate with sodiun aspartate	107 70 n 266 266	Naphcon Forte Naprosyn SR 1000 Naprosyn SR 750 Naproxen	254 117 117 117
Metoclopramide Actavis 10	Molnupiravir Mometasone furoate Monosodium glutamate with sodiun aspartate Monosodium I-aspartate	107 70 n 266 266 248	Naphcon Forte Naprosyn SR 1000 Naprosyn SR 750 Naproxen	254 117 117 117 122 137
Metoclopramide Actavis 10 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol 130 Metolazone 50 Metoprolol IV Mylan 47	Molnupiravir	107 70 n 266 266 248	Naphcon Forte Naprosyn SR 1000 Naprosyn SR 750 Naproxen Naropin Natalizumab	254 117 117 122 137 252
Metoclopramide Actavis 10 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol 130 Metolazone 50 Metoprolol IV Mylan 47 Metoprolol IV Viatris 47	Molnupiravir	107 70 n 266 266 248 248 or 34	Naphcon Forte	254 117 117 122 137 252 154 132
Metoclopramide Actavis 10 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol 130 Metolazone 50 Metoprolol IV Mylan 47 Metoprolol IV Viatris 47 Metoprolol succinate 47 Metoprolol tartrate 47 Metrogyl 100	Molnupiravir	107 70 n 266 248 248 or 34 124	Naphcon Forte	254117117122137252154132
Metoclopramide Actavis 10 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol 130 Metolazone 50 Metoprolol IV Mylan 47 Metoprolol IV Viatris 47 Metoprolol succinate 47 Metoprolol tartrate 47	Molnupiravir	107 70 n 266 266 248 248 or 34 124	Naphcon Forte	254117117122137252154132131
Metoclopramide Actavis 10 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol 130 Metolazone 50 Metoprolol IV Mylan 47 Metoprolol IV Viatris 47 Metoprolol succinate 47 Metoprolol tartrate 47 Metrogyl 100 Metronidazole 0 Dermatological 67	Molnupiravir	107 70 n 266 266 248 248 or 34 124 124	Naphcon Forte	254117117122137252154132131164123
Metoclopramide Actavis 10 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol 130 Metolazone 50 Metoprolol IV Mylan 47 Metoprolol IV Viatris 47 Metoprolol succinate 47 Metoprolol tartrate 47 Metrogyl 100 Metronidazole 100	Molnupiravir	107 70 n 266 248 248 or 34 124 124 124 118	Naphcon Forte	254117117122137252154132131164123291
Metoclopramide Actavis 10 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol 130 Metolazone 50 Metoprolol IV Mylan 47 Metoprolol IV Viatris 47 Metoprolol succinate 47 Metoprolol tartrate 47 Metrogyl 100 Metronidazole 67 Infections 100 Metyrapone 81	Molnupiravir	107 70 n 266 248 248 or 34 124 124 124 118	Naphcon Forte	25411711712213725215413213116412329186
Metoclopramide Actavis 10 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol 130 Metolazone 50 Metoprolol IV Mylan 47 Metoprolol IV Viatris 47 Metoprolol succinate 47 Metoprolol tartrate 47 Metrogyl 100 Metronidazole 67 Infections 100 Metyrapone 81 Mexiletine hydrochloride 46	Molnupiravir	107 70 n 266 266 248 or 34 124 124 124 118	Naphcon Forte	25411711712213725215413213116412329186
Metoclopramide Actavis 10 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride 131 Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol 130 Metolazone 50 Metoprolol IV Mylan 47 Metoprolol IV Viatris 47 Metoprolol succinate 47 Metoprolol tartrate 47 Metrogyl 100 Metronidazole 67 Infections 100 Metyrapone 81	Molnupiravir	107 70 n 266 248 248 or 34 124 124 124 118 24 118	Naphcon Forte	25411711712213725215413216412329186281

Neostigmine metilsulfate	11	Noumed Paracetamol	123	Oily phenol [Phenol oily]	
Neostigmine metilsulfate with		Noumed Pethidine	125	Olanzapine1	133-13
glycopyrronium bromide 1	11	Noumed Phenobarbitone		Olaparib	15
Neosynephrine HCL	54	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)	285	Olive oil	26
Nepafenac	254	Novatretin	71	Olopatadine	
Nepro HP (Strawberry)		NovoMix 30 FlexPen	9	Olopatadine Teva	25
Nepro HP (Vanilla)	285	NovoRapid FlexPen	10	Olsalazine	
Nepro HP RTH	285	NovoSeven RT	33	Olumiant	24
Neupogen		Nozinan	133	Omalizumab	20
NeuroTabs	22	Nucala	204	Omeprazole	
Nevirapine	02	Nuelin	249	Omeprazole actavis 10	
Nevirapine Alphapharm1	02	Nuelin-SR	249	Omeprazole actavis 20	
Nevirapine Viatris	02	Nupentin	128	Omeprazole actavis 40	
Nicardipine hydrochloride		Nusinersen	140	Omezol IV	
Nicorandil	54	Nutren Diabetes (Vanilla)	277	Omnipaque	26
Nicotine1	44	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre	284	Omnitrope	8
Nifedipine		Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre		Onbrez Breezhaler	24
Nifuran	95	RTH	284	Oncaspar LYO	15
Nilotinib1		Nutrini Peptisorb Energy	281	OncoTICE	23
Nilstat		Nutrison 800 Complete Multi		Ondansetron	
Alimentary	25	Fibre	287	Ondansetron-AFT	13
Genito-Urinary		Nutrison Concentrated	279	One-Alpha	2
Infections		Nutrison Energy	286	Opdivo	
Nimodipine	48	Nutrison Protein Intense		Optional Pharmaceuticals	29
Nimotop		Nyefax Retard	48	Ora-Blend	
Nintedanib		Nystatin		Ora-Blend SF	26
Nirmatrelvir with ritonavir1		Alimentary	25	Ora-Plus	26
Nitazoxanide1	00	Dermatological	67	Ora-Sweet	
Nitrates	52	Genito-Urinary		Ora-Sweet SF	26
Nitroderm TTS 10		Infections	96	Oralcon 30 ED	
Nitroderm TTS 5		-0-		Oramorph	
Nitrofurantoin		Obinutuzumab	205	Oratane	
Nitrolingual Pump Spray	52	Obstetric Preparations	75	Ornidazole	100
Nivestim		Ocrelizumab		Orphenadrine citrate	
Nivolumab2	235	Ocrevus	137	Oruvail SR	
Nodia	5	Octocog alfa [Recombinant factor		Oseltamivir	
Noflam 2501		VIII] (Advate)	34	Osmolite RTH	
Noflam 500		Octocog alfa [Recombinant factor		Other Cardiac Agents	
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory		VIII] (Kogenate FS)	34	Other Endocrine Agents	
Drugs1	16	Octreotide		Other Oestrogen Preparations	
Nonacog gamma, [Recombinant		Octreotide Depot Teva		Other Otological Preparations	
factor IX]	34	Ocular Lubricants		Other Progestogen	
Noradrenaline		Oestradiol	80–81	Preparations	8
Noradrenaline BNM	53	Oestradiol valerate	80	Other Skin Preparations	7
Norethisterone		Oestradiol with norethisterone		Ovestin	
Genito-Urinary	75	acetate	81	Genito-Urinary	70
Hormone Preparations		Oestriol		Hormone Preparations	
Norethisterone with mestranol	74	Genito-Urinary	76	Oxaliplatin	150
Norflex		Hormone Preparations		Oxandrolone	
Norfloxacin		Oestrogens		Oxazepam	
Noriday 28		Oestrogens (conjugated equine)		Oxpentifylline	
Normison		Oestrogens with		Oxybuprocaine hydrochloride	
Norpress		medroxyprogesterone		Oxybutynin	7
Nortriptyline hydrochloride		acetate	81	Oxycodone hydrochloride	
Norvir1	04	Ofev		Oxycodone Sandoz	
Noumed Dexamfetamine1		Oil in water emulsion		Oxymetazoline hydrochloride	
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

OxyNorm	125	Pegfilgrastim39 Pilocarpine nitrate	
Oxytocin	75	Pegylated interferon alfa-2a108 Extemporaneously Compounded	
Oxytocin BNM	75	Pembrolizumab236 Preparations	.26
Oxytocin with ergometrine		Pemetrexed149 Sensory	.25
maleate	75	Penicillamine111 Pimafucort	
Ozurdex	253	Penicillin G92 Pimecrolimus	7
- P -		Penicillin V92 Pine tar with trolamine laurilsulfate	
Pacifen	115	Pentacarinat100 and fluorescein	7
Pacimol	123	Pentagastrin81 Pinetarsol	7
Paclitaxel		Pentamidine isethionate100 Pioglitazone	
Paclitaxel Ebewe	163	Pentasa6 Piperacillin with tazobactam	9
Palbociclib	159	Pentostatin [Deoxycoformycin]154 Pipothiazine palmitate	.13
Paliperidone	134	Pentoxifylline [Oxpentifylline]54 PipTaz-AFT	
Paliperidone palmitate	135	Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)278 Pirfenidone	.24
Pamidronate disodium		Perflutren263 Pituitary and Hypothalamic	
Pamisol	112	Perhexiline maleate48 Hormones and Analogues	8
Pamol	123	Pericyazine133 Pivmecillinam	9
Pancreatic enzyme	13	Perindopril43 Pizotifen	
Pancuronium bromide	116	Periset	.27
Pantoprazole	8	Periset ODT131 PKU Anamix Junior LQ	
Panzop Relief	8	Perjeta	. 27
Papaverine hydrochloride	54	Permethrin	
Paper wasp venom	243	Perrigo72 (Unflavoured)	. 27
Para-aminosalicylic Acid		Pertuzumab207 PKU Build 10	
Paracetamol	123	Peteha99 PKU Build 20 Chocolate	.27
Paracetamol (Ethics)	123	Pethidine hydrochloride125 PKU Build 20 Raspberry	
Paracetamol Kabi	123	Pexsig48 Lemonade	. 27
Paracetamol with codeine	125	Pfizer Exemestane166 PKU Build 20 Smooth	
Paraffin		Pheburane20 PKU Build 20 Vanilla	.27
Alimentary	15	Phenasen 150 PKU Explore 10	.27
Dermatological	69	Phenelzine sulphate126 PKU Explore 5	.27
Extemporaneously Compounde	ed	Phenindione36 PKU Express 20	
Preparations		Phenobarbitone	
Paraffin liquid with soft white		Phenobarbitone sodium268 PKU Glytactin RTD 15 Lite	.27
paraffin	258	Phenol PKU GMPro Ultra Lemonade	
Paraffin liquid with wool fat	258	Extemporaneously Compounded PKU Restore Powder	.27
Paraffin with wool fat	70	Preparations268 PKU sphere20 Banana	.27
Paraldehyde	127	Various265 PKU sphere20 Chocolate	
Parecoxib	117	Phenol oily7 PKU sphere20 Lemon	.27
Paromomycin	88	Phenol with ioxaglic acid265 PKU sphere20 Red Berry	.27
Paroxetine	127	Phenothrin68 PKU sphere20 Vanilla	.27
Paser	99	Phenoxybenzamine PKU Start	
Patent blue V	264	hydrochloride45 Plaquenil	.11
Paxam	136	Phenoxymethylpenicillin [Penicillin Plasma-Lyte 148	3
Paxlovid		V]92 Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose	
Pazopanib	160	Phentolamine mesylate45 Plendil ER	4
Peak flow meter		Phenylalanine50	1
Peanut oil	267	Phenylephrine hydrochloride Plerixafor	3
Pedialyte - Bubblegum	41	Cardiovascular54 Pneumococcal (PCV10) conjugate	
Pediasure (Chocolate)		Sensory257 vaccine	. 29
Pediasure (Strawberry)		Phenytoin	
Pediasure (Vanilla)		Phenytoin sodium127, 129 vaccine	. 29
Pediasure Plus		Phosphorus42 Pneumococcal (PPV23)	
Pediasure RTH		Phytomenadione35 polysaccharide vaccine	. 29
Pegaspargase	153	Picibanil239 Pneumovax 23	.29
Pegasys		Pilocarpine hydrochloride256 Podophyllotoxin	
		the state of the s	

Polidocanol	32	felypressin	122	RA-Morph	11	2
Poliomyelitis vaccine		Primaguine		Rabies vaccine		
Poloxamer		Primidone		Raloxifene		
Poly Gel		Primolut N		Raltegravir potassium		
Poly-Tears		Primovist		Ramipex		
Poly-Visc		Priorix		Ramipril		
Polyethylene glycol 400 and	200	Probenecid		Ranbaxy-Cefaclor		
propylene glycol	258	Procaine penicillin		Ranibizumab		
Polyhexamethylene biguanide		Procarbazine hydrochloride		Ranitidine		
Polyvinyl alcohol with povidone		Prochlorperazine		Rapamune		
Poractant alfa		Proctosedyl		Rasagiline	1	10
Posaconazole		Procyclidine hydrochloride		Rasburicase		
Posaconazole Juno		Progesterone		Readi-CAT 2		
Potassium chloride		Proglicem		Reandron 1000		
Potassium chloride with sodium	. 40, 42	Proglycem		Recombinant factor IX		
chloride	40	Progynova		Recombinant factor VIIa		
Potassium citrate		Prolia		Recombinant factor VIII		
	70			Rectogesic		
Potassium dihydrogen	40	Promethazine hydrochloride				
phosphate Potassium iodate	40	Propafenone hydrochloride Propamidine isethionate		Red back spider antivenom Redipred		
Alimentary	22			Relenza Rotadisk		U.
Hormone Preparations		Propofol		Relistor		
Potassium iodate with iodine		Propranolol		Remdesivir		
		Propylthiouracil		Remicade		
Potassium perchlorate		Prostin E2 Prostin VR		Remifentanil		
Potassium permanganate		Protamine sulphate		Remifentanil-AFT		
Povidone K30		Protionamide		Resonium A		
Povidone-iodine with ethanol Pradaxa		Protirelin Proveblue		Resource Beneprotein		
				Respiratory Stimulants		
Pralidoxime chloride		Provera Provera HD		Retinol		
Pralidoxime iodide				Retinol Palmitate		
Pramipexole hydrochloride		Proxymetacaine hydrochloride	200	ReTrieve		
Pravastatin		Pseudoephedrine	0.47	Retrovir		
Pravastatin Mylan		hydrochloride	247	Retrovir IV		
Pravastatin Viatris		Psoriasis and Eczema	74	Revlimid		
Praxbind		Preparations		Revolade		
Praziquantel		PTU		Riboflavin		
Prazosin		Pulmonary Surfactants		Riboflavin 5-phosphate		
Prazosin Mylan		Pulmozyme		Ribomustin		
Pred Forte		Puri-nethol		Ricit		
Prednisolone		Pyrazinamide		Rifabutin		
Prednisolone acetate		Pyridostigmine bromide	111	Rifadin		
Prednisolone sodium	/	Pyridoxal-5-phosphate		Rifampicin		
Prednisolone sodium	054	Pyridoxine hydrochloride		Rifaximin		
phosphate		Pyridoxine multichem		Rifinah		
Prednisolone- AFT		Pyrimethamine		Rilutek		
Prednisone		Pytazen SR		Riluzole		
Prednisone Clinect		- Q -		Ringer's solution	<u>'</u>	41
Pregabalin		Quetapel		RINVOQ		
Pregabalin Pfizer		Quetiapine		Riodine		
Pregnancy test - hCG urine		Quinapril	43	Risdiplam		
preOp		Quinapril with		Risedronate Sandoz	1	12
Prevenar 13		hydrochlorothiazide		Risedronate sodium		
Priadel		Quinine dihydrochloride		Risperdal Consta		
Prilocaine hydrochloride	122	Qvar	247	Risperidone	. 133, 1	3!
Prilocaine hydrochloride with		- R -		Risperidone (Teva)	1	3

Risperon	133	Secretin pentahydrochloride	264	Sodium chloride	
Ritalin	142	Secukinumab	221	Blood	. 41–4
Ritalin LA	142	Sedatives and Hypnotics	139	Respiratory24	47, 25
Ritonavir	104	Seebri Breezhaler	245	Various	26
Rituximab (mabthera)	208	Selegiline hydrochloride	119	Sodium chloride with sodium	
Rituximab (riximyo)		Selenium		bicarbonate	24
Rivaroxaban		Sennosides		Sodium citrate	
Rivastigmine		Serc	131	Alimentary	
Rivastigmine Patch BNM 10		Serenace		Extemporaneously Compound	
Rivastigmine Patch BNM 5		Seretide		Preparations	
Riximyo		Seretide Accuhaler		Sodium citrate with sodium chloric	
RIXUBIS		Serevent		and potassium chloride	
Rizamelt		Serevent Accuhaler		Sodium citrate with sodium lauryl	
Rizatriptan		Sertraline		sulphoacetate	
Robinul		Setrona		Sodium citro-tartrate	
Rocuronium bromide		Sevoflurane		Sodium cromoglicate	
Ronapreve		Sevredol			
				Alimentary	
Ropin		Shingles vaccine		Respiratory	
Ropinirole hydrochloride		Shingrix		Sensory	25
Ropivacaine hydrochloride		Sildenafil		Sodium dihydrogen phosphate	
Ropivacaine hydrochloride with		Siltuximab	223	[Sodium acid phosphate]	
fentanyl		Silver nitrate		Sodium fluoride	2
Ropivacaine Kabi		Dermatological		Sodium fusidate [Fusidic acid]	_
Rose bengal sodium		Extemporaneously Compour		Dermatological	
Rosuvastatin		Preparations		Infections	
Rosuvastatin Viatris	51	Simeticone		Sensory	
Rotarix		Simulect		Sodium hyaluronate [Hyaluronic a	acid]
Rotavirus oral vaccine		Simvastatin		Alimentary	
Roxithromycin		Simvastatin Mylan		Sensory2	
Rubifen	142	Simvastatin Viatris		Sodium hyaluronate [Hyaluronic a	acid]
Rubifen SR	142	Sincalide	264	with chondroitin sulphate	25
Rurioctocog alfa pegol [Recom	binant	Sinemet	119	Sodium hydroxide	26
factor VIII]	34	Sinemet CR	119	Sodium hypochlorite	26
Ruxolitinib	161	Sirolimus	239	Sodium metabisulfite	26
- S -		Sirturo	98	Sodium nitrite	25
S26 LBW Gold RTF	283	Siterone	78	Sodium nitroprusside	
Sabril	130	Slow-Lopresor	47	Cardiovascular	5
Sacubitril with valsartan		Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy		Optional Pharmaceuticals	29
SalAir	247	Test		Sodium phenylbutyrate	
Salazopyrin	7	Snake antivenom	260	Sodium phosphate with phosphor	
Salazopyrin EN		Sodibic	42	acid	
Salbutamol		Sodium acetate		Sodium picosulfate	
Salbutamol with ipratropium		Sodium acid phosphate		Sodium polystyrene sulphonate	
bromide	245	Sodium alginate with magnesium		Sodium stibogluconate	
Salicylic acid		alginate		Sodium tetradecyl sulphate	
Salmeterol		Sodium alginate with sodium		Sodium thiosulfate	
Salmonella typhi vaccine		bicarbonate and calcium		Sodium valproate	
Sandimmun		carbonate	5	Sodium with potassium	
Sandomigran		Sodium aurothiomalate		Solifenacin succinate	
Sapropterin Dihydrochloride		Sodium benzoate		Solifenacin Viatris	
Scalp Preparations		Sodium bicarbonate	20	Solu-Cortef	/
Scandonest 3%		Blood	A1. A0	Solu-Medrol	0
Sclerosing Agents				Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial	
		Extemporaneously Compour			
Scopoderm TTS		Preparations Sodium calcium edetate		Somatropin	გ
Scopolamine - Mylan		Socium calcium edetate	201	30tai01	4
Sebizole	b/				

Soya oil	259	Synflorix	292	Tetracycline	94
Spacer device	299	Syntometrine	75	Teva Lisinopril	43
Span-K		Syrup	269	Thalidomide	
Spazmol		Systane Unit Dose	258	Thalomid	155
Specialised Formulas	277	-T-		Theobroma oil	269
Spinal Muscular Atrophy		Tacrolimus		Theophylline	249
Spinraza		Dermatological	72	Thiamine hydrochloride	27
Spiolto Respimat		Oncology		Thiamine multichem	
Spiractin		Tacrolimus Sandoz		Thioguanine	
Spiramycin		Tagitol V	262	Thiopental [Thiopentone]	
Spiriva		Talc		sodium	120
Spiriva Respimat		Taliglucerase alfa		Thiopentone	
Spironolactone		Tambocor	45	Thiotepa	147
Sprycel		Tamoxifen citrate		Thrombin	
Standard Feeds		Tamoxifen Sandoz	166	Thyroid and Antithyroid	
Starch		Tamsulosin hydrochloride		Preparations	86
Stavudine		Tamsulosin-Rex		Thyrotropin alfa	
Stelara		Targocid		Ticagrelor	
Sterculia with frangula		Tasigna		Ticagrelor Sandoz	
SteroClear		Tasmar		Ticarcillin with clavulanic acid	
Stesolid		Taurine		Ticlopidine	
Stimulants / ADHD Treatments		Tecentrig		Tigecycline	94
Stiripentol		Tecfidera		Tilcotil	
Stocrin		Tegretol		Timolol	
Streptomycin sulphate		Tegretol CR		Tiotropium bromide	
Stromectol		Teicoplanin		Tiotropium bromide with	
Sucralfate		Temaccord		olodaterol	245
Sucrose		Temazepam		Tivicay	
Sugammadex		Temozolomide		Tixagevimab with cilgavimab	
Sugammadex BNM		Tenecteplase		TMP	
Sulfadiazine silver		Tenofovir disoproxil		Tobradex	
Sulfasalazine		Tenofovir Disoproxil Emtricita		Tobramycin	
Sulindac		Viatr		Infections	88
Sulphacetamide sodium		Tenofovir Disoproxil Viatris		Sensory	
Sulphadiazine		Tenoxicam		Tobramycin (Viatris)	
Sulphur		Tensipine MR10		Tobramycin BNM	88
Sulprix		Tepadina		Tobrex	
Sumagran		Terazosin		Tocilizumab	
Sumatriptan		Terbinafine		Tofranil	
Sunitinib		Terbutaline		Tolcapone	
Sunitinib Pfizer		Terbutaline sulphate		Tolvaptan	
Sunscreen, proprietary		Teriflunomide		Topamax	
Suprane		Teriparatide		Topicaine	
Surgical Preparations		Teriparatide - Teva		Topical Products for Joint and	
Survimed OPD		Terlipressin		Muscular Pain	117
Sustagen Hospital Formula		Testogel		Topiramate	
(Chocolate)	287	Testosterone		Topiramate Actavis	
Sustagen Hospital Formula	201	Testosterone cipionate		Torbay	
(Vanilla)		Testosterone esters		Tracrium	
Suxamethonium chloride		Testosterone undecanoate		Tramadol hydrochloride	125
Sylvant		Tetrabenazine		Tramal 100	
Symbicort Turbuhaler		Tetracaine [Amethocaine] hyd		Tramal 50	
Symmetrel		Nervous		Tramal SR 100	
Sympathomimetics		Sensory		Tramal SR 150	
Synacthen		Tetracosactide [Tetracosactri		Tramal SR 200	
Synacthen Depot		Tetracosactrin		Trandate	
Ognadulon Dopot				I I WI I WALLO	

Tranexamic acid	33	Urea		Victoza	1
Tranexamic-AFT	33	Dermatological	70	Vigabatrin	13
Tranylcypromine sulphate	126	Extemporaneously Compounde	ed	Vigisom	13
Trastuzumab (Herceptin)		Preparations		Vildagliptin	
Trastuzumab (Herzuma)		Urex Forte	49	Vildagliptin with metformin	
Trastuzumab emtansine		Urografin		hydrochloride	1
Travatan	257	Urokinase		Vimpat	
Travoprost		Urologicals		Vinblastine sulphate	
Treatments for Dementia	143	Uromitexan		Vincristine sulphate	
Treatments for Substance		Ursodeoxycholic acid	13	Vinorelbine	
Dependence	144	Ursosan		Vinorelbine Te Arai	
Tretinoin		Ustekinumab		Viral Vaccines	
Dermatological	68	Utrogestan		Viramune Suspension	
Oncology		- V -		ViruPOS	
Trexate		Vaclovir	105	Viscoat	
Tri-sodium citrate		Valaciclovir		Visipaque	
Triamcinolone acetonide	200	Valganciclovir		Vit.D3	
Alimentary	24	Valganciclovir Viatris		VitA-POS	
Dermatological		Valine50		Vital	
Hormone Preparations		Vancomycin		Vitamin B complex	
Triamcinolone acetonide with	00	Vanilla SilQ HD		Vitamin B6 25	
gramicidin, neomycin and		Vanilla SilQ MD		Vitamins	
	252	Varenicline		Vivonex TEN	
nystatin Triamcinolone acetonide with	200			Voltaren	
		Varenicline Pfizer			
neomycin sulphate, gramicidin		Varibar - Honey		Voltaren Onbiba	
and nystatin		Varibar - Nectar		Voltaren Ophtha	
Triamcinolone hexacetonide		Varibar - Pudding		Voltaren SR	
Triazolam		Varibar - Thin Liquid	262	Volumatic	
Trichloracetic acid		Varicella vaccine [Chickenpox	007	VoLumen	
Trientine dihydrochloride		vaccine]	297	Voriconazole	
Trikafta		Varicella zoster vaccine [Shingles		Votrient	
Trimethoprim	95	vaccine]		Vttack	9
Trimethoprim with		Varivax		- W -	
sulphamethoxazole		Vasodilators		Warfarin sodium	
[Co-trimoxazole]		Vasopressin		Wart Preparations	7
Trisul		Vasopressin Agents		Water	
Trometamol		Vasorex		Blood	
Tropicamide		Vebulis		Various	
Tropisetron		Vecuronium bromide		White Soft Liquid Paraffin AFT	6
Trulicity	11	Vedafil	60	Wool fat	
Tryzan		Vedolizumab		Dermatological	
Tuberculin PPD [Mantoux] test	298	Veklury	108	Extemporaneously Compounded	
Tubersol		Veletri	61	Preparations	26
Two Cal HN		Venclexta		- X -	
TYR Explore 5		Venetoclax	155	X-Opaque-HD	
TYR Sphere 20	276	Venlafaxine	126	Xanthan	26
Tyrosine1000	277	Venofer	23	Xarelto	3
Tysabri	137	VENOX	243	Xifaxan	
- U -		Ventolin	247	Xolair	20
Ultibro Breezhaler	245	Vepesid	151	Xylocaine	12
Ultraproct		Verapamil hydrochloride		Xylometazoline hydrochloride	
Umeclidinium		Vermox		Xyntha	
Umeclidinium with vilanterol		Versacloz	132	´ - Y -	
Univent		Vesanoid		Yellow jacket wasp venom	. 24
Upadacitinib		Vexazone		- Z -	
Ural		Vfend		Zanamivir	10

Zapril43
Zarontin128
Zavedos148
Zeffix104
Zematop72
Zetlam104
Ziagen102
Zidovudine [AZT]103
Zidovudine [AZT] with
lamivudine 103
Ziextenzo39
Zimybe52
Zinc
Alimentary24
Dermatological68
Zinc and castor oil69
Zinc chloride24
Zinc oxide269
Zinc sulphate24
Zinc with wool fat69
Zincaps24
Zinforo90
Ziprasidone133
Zista244
Zithromax90
Zoladex82
Zoledronic acid
Hormone Preparations79
Musculoskeletal112
Zoledronic acid Viatris
Hormone Preparations79
Musculoskeletal112
Zopiclone 140
Zostrix117
Zostrix HP122
Zuclopenthixol acetate133
Zuclopenthixol decanoate135
Zuclopenthixol hydrochloride133
Zusdone133
Zyban144
Zypine133
Zypine ODT133
Zyprexa Relprevv134
Zytiga164
Zyvox95