Introc	lucing	Pharmac

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#### Programmers

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## **Introducing Pharmac**

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (Pharmac) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. Pharmac negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list.

### Pharmac's role:

# "to secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that are reasonably achievable from pharmaceutical treatment and from within the amount of funding provided."

Pae Ora (Healthy Futures) Act 2022

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about Pharmac and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the Pharmac website at <a href="https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/about">https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/about</a>.

### Glossary

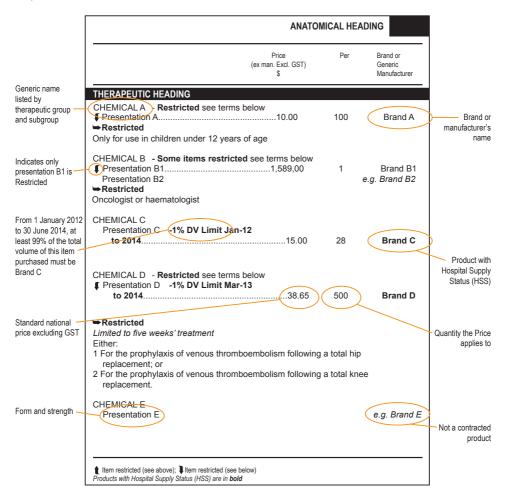
### Units of Measure

gramg	microgram mcg	millimole mmol
kilogram kg	milligram mg	unit u
international unitiu	millilitre ml	
Abbreviations		
applicationapp	enteric coated EC	solutionsoln
capsule cap	granules grans	suppositorysuppos
creamcrm	injectioninj	tablet tab
dispersibledisp	liquidliq	tincturetinc
effervescent eff	lotion lotn	
emulsion emul	ointmentoint	

HSS Hospital Supply Status

## **Guide to Section H listings**

Example



General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A.

Read the General Rules : https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/section-a.

### PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antacids and Antiflatulents			
Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents			
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticon Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simetic 30 mg per 5 ml	e 20 mg		e.g. Mylanta e.g. Mylanta Double
SIMETICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml Oral drops 40 mg per ml			Strength
SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCI Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium cart	UM CARBONATE		e.g. Gaviscon Infant
160 mg			e.g. Gaviscon Extra Strength
Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium o 160 mg per 10 ml SODIUM CITRATE		500 ml	Acidex
Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l) - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	25.00	90 ml	Biomed
Phosphate Binding Agents			
ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg CALCIUM CARBONATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below Oral lig 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml)	47 30	473 ml	Calcium carbonate PAI
→ Restricted (RS1698)	39.00	500 ml	Roxane
Initiation Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbo inappropriate	nate tablets or where ca	alcium carb	onate tablets are
Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory	Agents		
Antipropulsives			
DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPH. Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg	ATE		
LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 2 mg Cap 2 mg – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>		400 400	Nodia <b>Diamide Relief</b>
Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories			
BUDESONIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page Cap modified-release 3 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025	97.60	90	Budesonide Te Arai

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	_	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

#### → Restricted (RS1723)

#### Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Diabetes; or
  - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
  - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
  - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
  - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
  - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
  - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

### Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

### Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

### Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis\*; and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Diabetes; or
  - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
  - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
  - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
  - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
  - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
  - 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
  - 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

### Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

### HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications)		15 g	Colifoam	
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1%				
MESALAZINE				
Tab EC 400 mg		100	Asacol	
Tab long-acting 500 mg		100	Pentasa	
Tab 800 mg		90	Asacol	
Modified release granules 1 g	118.10	100 g	Pentasa	
Suppos 500 mg	22.80	20	Asacol	
Suppos 1 g		28	Pentasa	
Enema 1 g per 100 ml	41.30	7	Pentasa	

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

#### Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer S OLSALAZINE 100 Dipentum 100 Dipentum PREDNISOLONE SODIUM 1 Essential Prednisolone SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Cap 100 mg SULFASALAZINE 100 Salazopvrin 100 Salazopyrin EN Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g.....15.00 30 g Proctosedyl Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g ......9.90 12 Proctosedyl FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE AND CINCHOCAINE Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocaine hydrochloride 5 mg per g......11.06 30 a Ultraproct Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchocaine hydrochloride 1 mg......7.30 12 Ultraproct Management of Anal Fissures **GLYCERYL TRINITRATE** 30 g Rectogesic **Bectal Scierosants OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY]** Inj 5%, 5 ml vial Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Motility GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025 ...... 19.00 5 Robinul HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE Tab 10 mg ......6.35 100 Buscopan Buscopan 5 Spazmol 1.91 1 (Buscopan Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 December 2023) MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Colofac 90 Antiulcerants Antisecretory and Cytoprotective MISOPROSTOL 120 Cytotec

### ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

<u> </u>	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
H2 Antagonists					
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg					
FAMOTIDINE Tab 20 mg Tab 40 mg Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial					
RANITIDINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 150 mg ↓ Tab 300 mg ↓ Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1703) Initiation Either:					
<ol> <li>For continuation use; or</li> <li>Routine prevention of allergic reactions</li> </ol>					
Proton Pump Inhibitors					
LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 OMEPRAZOLE ↓ Tab dispersible 10 mg → Restricted (RS1027) Initiation Only for use in tube for patients				100 100	Lanzol Relief Lanzol Relief
Only for use in tube-fed patients. ↓ Tab dispersible 20 mg → Restricted (RS1027) Initiation					
Only for use in tube-fed patients. Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Cap 40 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Powder for oral liq Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Inj 40 mg vial - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		2.02 3.18 .42.50 .37.38		90 90 90 5 g 5 5	Omeprazole actavis 10 Omeprazole actavis 20 Omeprazole actavis 40 Midwest Dr Reddy's Omeprazole Omezol IV
PANTOPRAZOLE Tab EC 20 mg – <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2025</b> Tab EC 40 mg – <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2025</b> Inj 40 mg vial		1.99		90 90	Panzop Relief Panzop Relief
Site Protective Agents					
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g		.14.51		50	Gastrodenol

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	7)	Generic
	(ex man. excl. def \$	Per	Manufacturer
Bile and Liver Therapy			
L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE – Restricted see terms below			
Grans for oral liquid 3 g			
➡ Restricted (RS1261)			
nitiation			
For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not respon	ded to treatment wi	th, or are ir	ntolerant to lactulose, or
where lactulose is contraindicated.			
RIFAXIMIN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 550 mg		56	Xifaxan
→ Restricted (RS1416)			
Initiation			
For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of n	naximum tolerated	doses of la	ctulose.
Diabetes			
Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors			
ACARBOSE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		90	Accarb
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	15.29	90	Accarb
Hyperglycaemic Agents			
DIAZOXIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 25 mg		100	Proglicem
Cap 100 mg		100	Proglicem
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		30 ml	Proglycem
→ Restricted (RS1028)			
Initiation			
For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.			
GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 1 mg syringe kit		1	Glucagen Hypokit
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Tab 1.5 g			
Tab 3.1 g			
Tab 4 g			
Oral soln 15 g per 80 ml sachet		50	HypoPak Glucose
Gel 40%			,,
GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE			
Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet			
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE			
Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per	r ml,		
3 ml prefilled pen		5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
INSULIN ISOPHANE			
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
,			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE			
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u pe 3 ml cartridge Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u pe		5	Humalog Mix 25
3 ml cartridge		5	Humalog Mix 50
NSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, vial	10 ml		
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, cartridge			
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, cartridge Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, cartridge			
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN GLARGINE			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		5	Lantus SoloStar
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		5 1	Lantus Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN ASPART			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe	51 10	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
NSULIN GLULISINE		5	Novonapiu riekren
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		5 5	Apidra Apidra Solostar
NSULIN LISPRO		5	Apiula Solosiai
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN NEUTRAL Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg  – <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b>		100	Daonil
GLICLAZIDE Tab 80 mg – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>	20.10	500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE Tab 5 mg – <b>5% DV Mar-22 to 2024</b>		100	Minidiab

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price			Brand or	
	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer	
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE		Ŷ			
		14 74	1 000	Metformin Viatris	
Tab immediate-release 500 mg – 1% DV Mar-23 to 2024 Tab immediate-release 850 mg – 1% DV Aug-23 to 2024			1,000 500	Metformin Mylan	
Tab infinediale-release 650 mg = 1% DV Aug-25 to 2024		. 11.20	500	Metformin Viatris	
(Metformin Mylan Tab immediate-release 850 mg to be delisted 1 Jai	nuary 2024	)			
PIOGLITAZONE					
Tab 15 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		6.80	90	Vexazone	
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024			90	Vexazone	
Tab 45 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024			90	Vexazone	
VILDAGLIPTIN			00	V OXULONO	
Tab 50 mg		25.00	60	Galvus	
5		.33.00	00	Galvus	
VILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE					
Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride			60	Galvumet	
Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride		.35.00	60	Galvumet	
GLP-1 Agonists					
DULAGLUTIDE – Restricted see terms below					
Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded SGLT-2 inhib			onist.		
Inj 1.5 mg per 0.5 ml prefilled pen	1	15.23	4	Trulicity	
➡ Restricted (RS1999)					
Initiation					
Either:					
1 For continuation use; or					
2 All of the following:					
2.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and					
2.2 2.2 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not bee					
funded blood glucose lowering agents for a period of le	east 6 mont	hs, where cl	inically ap	opropriate: empagliflozin,	
metformin, and vildagliptin (see note a)*; and					
2.3 Any of the following:					
2.3.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or					
2.3.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease					
2.3.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular of	lisease risk	of 15% or g	reater ac	cording to a validated	
cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*; or				o d'ala da a da da a abilitada a al	
2.3.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk d	ue to being	diagnosed	with type	2 diabetes during childhood	
or as a young adult*; or	\*				
2.3.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note c	,	anal across <sup>11</sup> :	ations of	diabataa	
Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiova					
a) Due to the ongoing supply issues with GLP-1 agonists, we structure and the supply issues and the supply issues and the supply issues are supply issues and the supply issues are supply issues and the supply issues are supply i					
hypoglycaemic agents, provided they are not contraindicated.		so consider (	uscontint	ang GLP-1 agonist	
treatment where the patient is not receiving clinically meaning		ordioussa	r diagona	overt (i o ensine	
<ul> <li>b) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined muccardial information, parautaneous corporation and</li> </ul>					
myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, cor ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive he					
<ul> <li>c) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (a)</li> </ul>					
in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) a					
diabetes, without alternative cause.		i icoo li iai i	50 IIIL/IIII		
LIRAGLUTIDE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the next page	itor or other		niat		
Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded SGLT-2 inhib Inj 6 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled pen			3	Victoza	
inj o my per mi, o mi premieu per		JUJ.12	5	VICIUZA	

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Pr	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. G	ST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### → Restricted (RS2000)

### Initiation

Either:

- 1 For continuation use; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
  - 2.2 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of ALL of the following funded blood glucose lowering agents for a period of least 6 months, where clinically appropriate: empagliflozin, metformin, and vildagliptin (see note a)\*; and
  - 2.3 Any of the following:
    - 2.3.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity\*; or
    - 2.3.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note b)\*; or
    - 2.3.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator\*; or
    - 2.3.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult\*; or
    - 2.3.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note c)\*.
- Notes: \* Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.
  - a) Due to the ongoing supply issues with GLP-1 agonists, we strongly urge prescribers to consider initiating patients on other hypoglycaemic agents, provided they are not contraindicated. Please also consider discontinuing GLP-1 agonist treatment where the patient is not receiving clinically meaningful benefit.
  - b) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
  - c) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m<sup>2</sup> in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

### SGLT2 Inhibitors

# → Restricted (RS1852) Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For continuation use; or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for a GLP-1 agonist; or
- 3 All of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
  - 3.2 Any of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity\*; or
    - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)\*; or
    - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator\*; or
    - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult\*; or
    - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)\*; and
  - 3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
 \$	Per Manufacturer	

continued...

Notes: \* Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

### EMPAGLIFLOZIN - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonist.			
t Tab 10 mg	58.56	30	Jardiance
t Tab 25 mg		30	Jardiance
EMPAGLIFLOZIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see te Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonist.	rms on the p	revious pa	age
Tab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
t Tab 5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Jardiamet
t Tab 12.5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet
t Tab 12.5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet

### **Digestives Including Enzymes**

### PANCREATIC ENZYME

Cap pancreatin (* protease))	175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 U			
Cap pancreatin 1	50 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph Eur			
U, total prote	ase 600 Ph Eur U) - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024	34.93	100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 3	00 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 Ph			
Eur U, total p	protease 1,000 Ph Eur U) - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024	94.38	100	Creon 25000
Modified release	granules pancreatin 60.12 mg (amylase 3,600 Ph Eur			
U, lipase 5,00	00 Ph Eur U, protease 200 Ph Eur U)	34.93	20 g	Creon Micro
Powder pancreat	in 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph.		•	
Eur. u/lipase	e and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)			
URSODEOXYCHOLI	C ACID – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Cap 250 mg - 59	% DV Feb-24 to 2026	33.95	100	Ursosan
→ Restricted (RS18				

Initiation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis Either:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

### Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

### Initiation - Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

#### Initiation – Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

### Initiation – Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

### Initiation – Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

### Initiation – prevention of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1732 trial; and
- 2 The patient has leukaemia/lymphoma and is receiving inotuzumab ozogamicin.

### Laxatives

### **Bowel-Cleansing Preparations**

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE			
Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet			e.g. PicoPrep
			0 1
MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIU MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE	IM CHLORI	JE AND C	
Powder for oral soln 52.9 g with ascorbic acid 6 g, potassium chloride			
740 mg, sodium chloride 2.6 g and sodium sulphate 5.6 g per			
sachet (1) and powder for oral soln citric acid 12 g with magnesium			
oxide 3.5 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet (2)			e.g. Prepkit-O
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			0 1
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg,			
sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g,			
70 g sachet - 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024	13.68	3	Glycoprep Orange
	54.72	12	Glycoprep Orange
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with potassium chloride 10.55 mg,			
sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g,			
210 g sachet			e.g. Glycoprep Orange
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE	WITH/WITI	HOUT SO	DIUM SULFATE, SODIUM
ASCORBATE, ASCORBIC ACID			
Powd for oral soln 100g with potassium chloride 1g, sodium chloride 2g			
and sodium sulfate 9g per sach(1), powd for oral soln 40g with			
potassium chloride 1.2g and sodium chloride 3.2g per sach(1) and			
powd for oral soln ascorbic acid 7.54g and sodium ascorbate 48.11g per sach(1) – <b>5% DV Oct-23 to 2026</b>	19 50	3	Plenvu
40.119 per Sauli(1) = 5/0 DV OCI-23 10 2020	10.02	3	FIEIIVU

	Pr	rice		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST \$	) Per	Generic Manufacturer
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARE Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodiur bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulf 5.685 g per sachet	n bhate	14.31	4	Klean Prep
Bulk-Forming Agents				
ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK Powder for oral soln – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b> STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA – <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only → Powder for oral soln		20.00	500 g	Konsyl-D
Faecal Softeners				
DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Tab 120 mg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg – 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025		.4.98	100 100 200	Coloxyl Coloxyl Laxsol
PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml POLOXAMER				
Oral drops 10% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		.4.17	30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral				
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial		36.00 46.00	1 7	Relistor Relistor
Both:         1       The patient is receiving palliative care; and         2       Either:         2.1       Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation         2.2       Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation			olerated.	
Osmotic Laxatives				
GLYCEROL Suppos 2.8/4.0 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025 Note: DV limit applies to glycerol suppository presentations.		10.39	20	Lax-suppositories Glycerol
LACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		.3.61	500 ml	Laevolac

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
	(ex man. exci. 0.	Per	Manufacturer
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICAF	BONATE AND SO	DIUM CHLO	RIDE
<ul> <li>Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, so bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg</li> <li>Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, s bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg - 5% l</li> </ul>	odium		
Feb-24 to 2026 SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 m	8.50	30	Molaxole
DV Jun-23 to 2025 SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14%		50	Micolette
Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL Tab 5 mg – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b> Suppos 10 mg – <b>5% DV Dec-21 to 2024</b>		200 10	Bisacodyl Viatris Lax-Suppositories
SENNOSIDES Tab 7.5 mg			
SODIUM PICOSULFATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral soln 7.5 mg per ml → Restricted (RS1843) Initiation Both:	7.40	30 ml	Dulcolax SP Drop
1 The patient is a child with problematic constipation despite an	adequate trial of ot	her oral phar	macotherapies including

- macrogol where practicable; and
- 2 The patient would otherwise require a high-volume bowel cleansing preparation.

### **Metabolic Disorder Agents**

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 50 mg vial	1	Myozyme
→ Restricted (RS1793)		
Initiation		

Metabolic physician Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
  - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
  - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
  - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and

- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

### ARGININE

Tab 1,000 mg Cap 500 mg Powder Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

#### BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

Powder for oral soln	00 180 g	Cystadane
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⇒ Restricted (RS1794)

### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
  - 2.2 A 5,10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
  - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

### Continuation

### Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

### BIOTIN - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Cap 50 mg
- Cap 100 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

	(ex man.		GST)	_	Brand or Generic
		\$		Per	Manufacturer
➡ Restricted (RS1330)					
Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian					
CARGLUMIC ACID – Restricted see terms below					
Tab disp 200 mg					
→ Restricted (RS1831)					
Initiation					
Metabolic physician	ativa ta har	mofilt	rotion		
For the acute in-patient treatment of organic acidaemias as an alterr			ralion.		
COENZYME Q10 - Restricted see terms below					
<ul> <li>Cap 120 mg</li> <li>Cap 160 mg</li> </ul>					
→ Restricted (RS1832)					
Initiation					
Metabolic physician					
Re-assessment required after 6 months					
The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may res	spond to coe	enzym	ie Q10	suppler	nentation.
Continuation					
Metabolic physician					
Re-assessment required after 24 months					
Both:					
<ol> <li>The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of m and</li> </ol>	ietabolism t	hat res	sponds	s to coer	izyme Q10 supplementation;
<ol> <li>2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiti</li> </ol>	na from troc	tmont			
	ng nom dec				
GALSULFASE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below	0.	004.00	<b>`</b>		Nie ele
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial ■ Participation (PS1705)	2,	234.00	J	1	Naglazyme
→ Restricted (RS1795) Initiation					
Metabolic physician					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
Both:					
1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis	VI; and				
2 Either:					
2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-gal	actosamine	-4-sul	fatase	(arylsulf	atase B) deficiency confirme
by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin f					
2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patie	nt has a sib	ling wl	ho is k	nown to	have mucopolysaccharidosis
VI.					
Continuation					
Metabolic physician					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
All of the following:	tiont in hore	fitina	from +-	ootmori	and
<ol> <li>The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the pai</li> <li>Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions</li> </ol>					
and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and			510 4011	ubic by	appropriate pro-medication
3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe	disease whe	ere the	e lona i	term pro	gnosis is unlikely to be
influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and			. 9		J
4. Detient has not developed another medical condition that wis					

4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT.

### HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 2 mg per ml, 3 ml vial	4,608.30 copolysacchardosis II); a -sulfatase deficiency in w	1 nd /hite blood	Elaprase
<ul> <li>2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduron</li> <li>3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell tu idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and</li> <li>4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for res (ERT); and</li> <li>5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivare greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.</li> </ul>	ransplant (HSCT) within spiratory failure prior to s	the next 3 tarting Enz	zyme Replacement Therapy
LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 U per ml, 5 ml vial	1,335.16	1	Aldurazyme
<ul> <li>All of the following:</li> <li>1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (muc</li> <li>2 Either:</li> <li>2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-idur assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or</li> <li>2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alp to have Hurler syndrome; and</li> </ul>	ronidase deficiency in wh	nite blood	
<ul> <li>3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell to laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and</li> <li>4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for res (ERT); and</li> <li>5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivation than 100 units/kg every week.</li> </ul>	spiratory failure prior to s	tarting Enz	zyme Replacement Therapy
LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below <b>1</b> Tab 500 mg <b>1</b> Cap 250 mg <b>1</b> Cap 500 mg <b>1</b> Oral liq 500 mg per 10 ml <b>1</b> Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml <b>1</b> Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml <b>1</b> Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			

# Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

### ↓ Tab 50 mg

### ➡ Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RIBOFLAVIN – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 100 mg					
Cap 100 mg					
→ Restricted (RS1833)					
Initiation Metabolic physician or neurologist					
Re-assessment required after 6 months					
The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may re	espond to rib	oflavir	n suppl	ementati	on
Continuation		onarn	. oupp.	ee	
Metabolic physician or neurologist					
Re-assessment required after 24 months					
Both:					
<ol> <li>The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of</li> <li>The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefit</li> </ol>			•	s to ribofl	avin supplementation; and
SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms be	low				
Tab soluble 100 mg	1,	452.7	0	30	Kuvan
→ Restricted (RS1796)					
Initiation					
Metabolic physician Re-assessment required after 1 month					
All of the following:					
<ol> <li>Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or active</li> </ol>	elv nlanning f	n heri	ome nr	eanant.	and
2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support managem					
3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a t					
4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU di				0,	
5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22	months for e	each p	regnan	icy (inclu	des time for planning and
becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after deli	ivery.				
Continuation					
Metabolic physician					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
All of the following:					
1 Either:					
1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction					
pregnancy; or					a ta tua atua autith
1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine					
2 Any of the following:					
2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with					
2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the					
2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second of during pregnancy; and	or subsequel	n preč	jnancy	to suppo	on management of their PKU
during pregnancy, and			- "		

- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

### SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg Powder Soln 100 mg per ml Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms be	elow			
Tab 500 mg				
Grans 483 mg per g	2,	016.00	174 g	Pheburane
Oral liq 250 mg per ml				
Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
➡ Restricted (RS1797)				
Initiation				
Metabolic physician				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficient	ency of c	arbamylphos	sphate syn	thetase, ornithine
transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.				
Continuation				
Metabolic physician				
Re-assessment required after 12 months				
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from tre	eatment.			
TALIGLUCERASE ALFA – Restricted see terms on the next page				
Inj 200 unit vial	1,	072.00	1	Elelyso

Pri	се		Brand or
(ex man. e	excl. GST)		Generic
\$	6	Per	Manufacturer

### → Restricted (RS1897)

### Initiation

Metabolic physician *Re-assessment required after 12 months* All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of symptomatic type 1 or type 3\* Gaucher disease confirmed by the demonstration of specific deficiency of glucocerebrosidase in leukocytes or cultured skin fibroblasts, and genotypic analysis; and
- 2 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) or the disease might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has haematological complications of Gaucher disease; or
  - 3.2 Patient has skeletal complications of Gaucher disease; or
  - 3.3 Patient has significant liver dysfunction or hepatomegaly attributable to Gaucher disease; or
  - 3.4 Patient has reduced vital capacity from clinically significant or progressive pulmonary disease due to Gaucher disease; or
  - 3.5 Patient is a child and has experienced growth failure with significant decrease in percentile linear growth over a 6-12 month period; and
- 4 Taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).
- Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication

### Continuation

Metabolic physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 3 years

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has demonstrated a symptomatic improvement and has maintained improvements in the main symptom or symptoms for which therapy was started; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated a clinically objective improvement or no deterioration in haemoglobin levels, platelet counts and liver and spleen size; and
- 3 RRadiological (MRI) signs of bone activity performed at two years since initiation of treatment, and five yearly thereafter, demonstrate no deterioration shown by the MRI, compared with MRI taken immediately prior to commencement of therapy or adjusted dose; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Patient is adherent with regular treatment and taliglucerase alfa is to be administered at a dose no greater than 30 unit/kg every other week rounded to the nearest whole vial (200 units).

### TAURINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- Cap 1,000 mg
- Powder
- → Restricted (RS1834)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected specific mitochondrial disorder that may respond to taurine supplementation.

### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of a specific mitochondrial disorder which responds to taurine supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Price (ex man. excl. GST	-)	Brand or Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Cap 300 mg		
Minerals		
Calcium		
CALCIUM CARBONATE Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b> 7.28 Tab eff 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)	250	Calci-Tab 500
Copper		
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1928)</li> <li>Initiation – Moderate to severe burns</li> <li>Limited to 3 months treatment</li> <li>Both:         <ul> <li>Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns; and</li> <li>Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialist.</li> </ul> </li> <li>COPPER - Restricted see terms above</li> <li>Tab 2.5 mg, chelated</li> <li>COPPER CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms above</li> </ul>		
Inj 0.4 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		
Fluoride		
SODIUM FLUORIDE Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)		
lodine		
POTASSIUM IODATE Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>	90	NeuroTabs
Iron		
FERROUS FUMARATE Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) – <b>5% DV May-22 to 2024</b>	100	Ferro-tab
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg – 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024	100	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg		
<ul> <li>FERROUS SULFATE         Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</li></ul>	30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IRON (AS FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE) – Restricted see terms b ↓ Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		50.00	1	Ferinject
Initiation Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inapprop	priate.			
IRON (AS SUCROSE) Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule IRON POLYMALTOSE	1	00.00	5	Venofer
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		34.50	5	Ferrosig
Magnesium				
MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE Cap 750 mg (150 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental) Suspension 8% MAGNESIUM OXIDE Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental) Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE, MAGNESIU Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium ami chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg eler magnesium) MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 100 mg per ml, 40 ml bag Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule	ino acid nental		LATE AND	MAGNESIUM CITRATE
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag Selenium				
SELENIUM – Restricted see terms below © Oral liq 150 mcg per 3 drops © Inj 300 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1929) Initiation – Moderate to severe burns Limited to 3 months treatment Both:				eg Clinicians selenium oral drops
<ol> <li>Patient has been hospitalised with moderate to severe burns;</li> <li>Treatment is recommended by a National Burns Unit specialis</li> </ol>				
Zinc				
ZINC Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule				

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

24

(6	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC SULPHATE			
Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental)	11.00	100	Zincaps
Mouth and Throat			
Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration			
<ul> <li>BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3%</li> <li>BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORI Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride</li> <li>CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray</li> <li>CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder</li> <li>CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Mouthwash 0.2%</li> <li>CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01%</li> <li>DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg</li> <li>TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE</li> </ul>	IDE		
Paste 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5.49	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives			
AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg	5.86	20	Fungilin
MICONAZOLE			-
Oral gel 20 mg per g – <b>5% DV Dec-21 to 2024</b> NYSTATIN	4.74	40 g	Decozol
Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2.22	24 ml	Nilstat
Other Oral Agents			
<ul> <li>HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] Inj 20 mg per ml</li> <li>SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see terms</li> <li>Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1175)</li> <li>Otolaryngologist</li> </ul>	s below		
Vitamins			
Multivitamin Preparations			
MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT – <b>Restricted</b> see terms	1.0	180	Clinicians Multivit & Mineral Boost

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
Destricted (DC1 (00)	\$	Per	Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1498) Initiation			
Limited to 3 months treatment			
Both:			
1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and			
2 Any of the following:			
2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface at	· · ·		
<ul><li>2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal</li><li>2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake</li></ul>		JI	
MULTIVITAMIN RENAL – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
	6 49	30	Clinicians Renal Vit
➡ Restricted (RS1499)		00	
Initiation			
Either:			
1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving eithe			
2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as p 15 ml/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup> body surface area (BSA).	patient with an estimate	a giornerui	ar miration rate of <
MULTIVITAMINS			
Tab (BPC cap strength) – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		1,000	Mvite
cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mg		.,	
tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2	mg,		
ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12	0.		
riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.	.9 mg,		o a Vitabdaak
cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg → Restricted (RS1620)			e.g. Vitabdeck
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or			
<ol> <li>Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syr</li> <li>Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome.</li> </ol>	ndrome; or		
	54.0		
Powder vitamin A 3200 mcg with vitamin D 100 mcg, vitamin E vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 108 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, rib	<b>U</b> .		
4.4 mg, niacin 41 mg, vitamin R6 3.6 mg, folic acid 600 mg			
B12 9 mcg, biotin 120 mcg, pantothenic acid 24 mg, cholin			
1250 mg and inositol 700 mg			e.g. Paediatric Seravit
→ Restricted (RS1178) Initiation			
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.			
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyrid	doxine		
hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic aci	•		
with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampo	( )		e.g. Pabrinex IV
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyrio hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic aci			
with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1)	a ooo mg		e.g. Pabrinex IM
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyrid			-
hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic a			
1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, ampoule (1)	10 mi		e.g. Pabrinex IV
			e.g. i abilitex iv

26

(6	Prid ex man. e \$	xcl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Vitamin A				
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml Oral liq 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml				
Vitamin B				
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Nov-22 to 2024</b>		2.46	3	Hydroxocobalamin Panpharma
		0.40	00	Vitamin BC 05
Tab 25 mg – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b> Tab 50 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial			90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Pyridoxine multichem
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 50 mg – <b>5% DV Apr-23 to 2025</b> Tab 100 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC			100	Thiamine multichem e.g. Benerva Bplex
Vitamin C		1.20	500	Dpicx
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-23 to 2025</b> Tab chewable 250 mg	1	2.50	500	Cvite
Vitamin D				
ALFACALCIDOL Cap 0.25 mcg Cap 1 mcg Oral drops 2 mcg per ml	8	7.98	100 100 20 ml	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL		0.00	20111	onovipila
Cap 0.25 mcg – <b>5% DV Dec-22 to 2025</b> Cap 0.5 mcg – <b>5% DV Dec-22 to 2025</b> Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			100 100	Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL				
Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) Oral liq 188 mcg per ml (7,500 iu per ml)		2.95 9.00	12 5 ml 4.8 ml	Vit.D3 Clinicians Puria
(Puria Oral liq 188 mcg per ml (7,500 iu per ml) to be delisted 1 March 20.	24)			

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

### Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

I Oral liq 156 u per ml

→ Restricted (RS1632)

### Initiation – Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
  - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

### Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation – Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
  - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

### ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- I Oral liq 156 u per ml

#### → Restricted (RS1176)

### Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
  - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

### Initiation – Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

### Initiation – Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
  - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

_						
		Price		Brand or		
		(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic		
_		\$	Per	Manufacturer		
Δ	ntianaemics					
H	ypoplastic and Haemolytic					
EP	OETIN ALFA – Restricted see terms below					
t	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe		6	Binocrit		
t	inj 2,000 iu in 1 ml syringe		6	Binocrit		
t	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe	150.00	6	Binocrit		
t	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe		6	Binocrit		
t	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe		6	Binocrit		
t	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe	145.00	6	Binocrit		
t	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe		6	Binocrit		
t	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe		6	Binocrit		
t	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe		1	Binocrit		
➡	Restricted (RS1660)					
Ini	tiation – chronic renal failure					
All	of the following:					
	1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and					
	2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and					
	3 Either:					
	3.1 Both:					
	3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus: and					
	3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 3	30ml/min: or				
	3.2 Both:					
	3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and					
	3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to	45ml/min <sup>.</sup> and				
	4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.	ioni, and				
Ini	tiation – myelodysplasia*					
	-assessment required after 2 months					
	of the following:					
		d				
	<ol> <li>Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); ar</li> <li>Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin &lt; 100g/L and</li> </ol>		donond	ant: and		
	3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for					
	myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have	va haan avaludad: and	4			
	5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and	ve been excluded; and	1			
	<ul> <li>6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and wi</li> </ul>	ill not avaged 80 000 iv		ok		
<u> </u>			r hei mei	CR.		
	ntinuation – myelodysplasia*					

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

### Initiation - all other indications

### Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with  $^{\ast}$  are unapproved indications

Price			Brand or
(ex man. ex	l. GS	ST)	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

### EPOETIN BETA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 4,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe

### ➡ Restricted (RS1661)

#### Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

#### Initiation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

#### Continuation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

### Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative. \*Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID			
Tab 0.8 mg		1,000	Folic Acid multichem
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-23 to 2024	5.82	100	Folic Acid Mylan
			Folic Acid Viatris
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			

(Folic Acid Mylan Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 January 2024)

		00010	
	Price (ex man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Scleros	ants		
ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Topical soln 20% w/v			e.g. Driclor
→ Restricted (RS1500) Initiation			
For use as a haemostatis agent.			
APROTININ – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
Inj 10,000 klU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1332)			
Initiation			
Cardiac anaesthetist			
Either:			
<ol> <li>Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass proce</li> <li>Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where th adverse effects of the drug.</li> </ol>		ssive blee	eding outweighs the potential
ELTROMBOPAG – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg		28	Revolade
↓ Tab 50 mg	3,100.00	28	Revolade
→ Restricted (RS1648)			
Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenec Haematologist	tomy		
Re-assessment required after 6 weeks			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and			
2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and fail	iled after therapy of 3 r	nonths ea	ch (or 1 month for rituximab);
and			
3 Any of the following:			
<ol> <li>Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platel mucocutaneous bleeding; or</li> </ol>	•		0
3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20	),000 platelets per mici	rolitre and	has evidence of active
bleeding; or	000 platalata par mia	valitra	
3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10		ontre.	
Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation f Haematologist	or spieneciomy		
Limited to 6 weeks treatment			
The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splen	ectomy.		
Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-sple			
Haematologist	-		
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment duri	ng the initial approval o	or subseq	uent renewal periods and
further treatment is required.			
Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,( Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicate		litre	
Haematologist	a to spicilectonity		
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication	on to splenectomy for c	linical rea	isons; and

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

continued...

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or	
(ex ma			Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
  - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

### Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

### Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
  - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

### Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* Both:

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

### EMICIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 30 mg in 1 ml vial	) 1	Hemlibra
	Inj 60 mg in 0.4 ml vial7,138.00		Hemlibra
	Inj 105 mg in 0.7 ml vial		Hemlibra
	Inj 150 mg in 1 ml vial 17,846.00		Hemlibra

#### → Restricted (RS1998)

### Initiation - Severe Haemophilia A with or without FVIII inhibitors

Haematologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia A with a severe bleeding phenotype (endogenous factor VIII activity less than or equal to 2%); and
- 2 Emicizumab is to be administered at a dose of no greater than 3 mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks followed by the equivalent of 1.5 mg/kg weekly.

#### FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

### Soln 500 ml

### POLIDOCANOL

Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) ¢	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule THROMBIN	\$	rer	manuracturer
Powder			
TRANEXAMIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	10.45	60	Mercury Pharma
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	5.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	5.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents			
IDARUCIZUMAB – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial → <b>Restricted</b> (RS1535) Initiation	4,250.00	2	Praxbind

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding. or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

### Blood Factors

EFTRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see term	ns <mark>below</mark>		
Inj 250 iu vial	612.50	1	Alprolix
Inj 500 iu vial1,		1	Alprolix
Inj 1,000 iu vial2,		1	Alprolix
Inj 2,000 iu vial4,	900.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 3,000 iu vial	350.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 4,000 iu vial		1	Alprolix

#### → Restricted (RS1684)

#### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

#### EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 2 mg syringe	2,356.60	1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
→ Restricted (RS1704)			

#### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is by named patient application to the Haemophilia Treaters Group. subject to access criteria.

FACTOR FIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 U 1,315.00	1	FEIBA NF
t	Inj 1,000 U	1	FEIBA NF
	Inj 2,500 U6,575.00		FEIBA NF
_	Destricted (DC1705)		

### ➡ Restricted (RS1705)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restrict	cted see terms below		
Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe	2,300.00	1	Xyntha
Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe	3,450.00	1	Xyntha

#### → Restricted (RS1706)

#### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

#### NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial2,610.00	1	RIXUBIS

### ➡ Restricted (RS1679)

#### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

l	Inj 250 iu vial	210.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 500 iu vial		1	Advate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
	Inj 1,500 iu vial		1	Advate
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Advate
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Advate

### ➡ Restricted (RS1707)

#### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

### OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial.		1	Kogenate FS
t	Inj 500 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
l	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
		,		0

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1708)

### Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

RURIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	00 1		Adynovate
t	Inj 500 iu vial	00 1	l	Adynovate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		I	Advnovate
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		I	Adynovate

#### → Restricted (RS1682) Initiation

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Vitamin K			
HYTOMENADIONE			
Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM
Antithrombotics			
Anticoagulants			
IVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 250 mg vial			
Restricted (RS1181)			
itiation			
ther:			
<ol> <li>For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin r</li> <li>For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.</li> </ol>		erance; or	
ITRATE SODIUM			
Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule			
Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe			
Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule			
ABIGATRAN			
Cap 75 mg		60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg		60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg		60	Pradaxa
ANAPAROID – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule			
Restricted (RS1182)			
itiation			
or use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistan	ce or heparin intolerance.		
EFIBROTIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
Restricted (RS1183)			
itiation			
aematologist atient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome	as a result of chemother	any or reg	imon-rolated toxicities
-			
EXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID		4]	
Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg 100 ml bag	per mi,		
5			
NOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	21.00	10	Clexane
Inj 20 mg in 0.2 mi synnge Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule		10	Olexalle
	10 10	10	Clexane
		10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe Ini 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe			
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe		10	Clexane
		10 10	Clexane Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe	80.89 101.30		

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FONDAPARINUX SODIUM – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe			
→ Restricted (RS1184)			
Initiation	have a de fasta tana a s		
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or	neparin intolerance.		
HEPARIN SODIUM	00.00	10	Henevin Cedium
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml vial – <b>5% DV Jul-23 to 2025</b>		10	Heparin Sodium Panpharma
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			i anpitatitia
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule			
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	70.33	5	Hospira
HEPARINISED SALINE			
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	65.48	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		28 28	Xarelto Xarelto
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		20	Adreno
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM C			
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 74	1.6 mcg		
per ml, 5,000 ml bag			
WARFARIN SODIUM Tab 1 mg	6.46	100	Marevan
Tab 1 mg	0.40	100	Marevan
Tab 3 mg	10.03	100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg		100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg		90	Ethics Aspirin EC
Summer 000 mm	14.95	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			
CLOPIDOGREL		<u>.</u>	A
Tab 75 mg  – <b>5% DV May-23 to 2025</b>	5.07	84	Arrow - Clopid
DIPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg	10.00		D
Tab long-acting 150 mg	13.93	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			

t Item restricted (see → above); ↓ Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	)	Brand or Generic
	(ox mail: 0xoi: 001 \$	Per	Manufacturer
PTIFIBATIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Eptifibatide Viatris Mylan
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial → Restricted (RS1759) nitiation		1	Eptifibatide Viatris
<ul> <li>any of the following:</li> <li>For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes underg</li> <li>For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra</li> <li>For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.</li> </ul>			
YSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted : ↓ Inj 500 mg → Restricted (RS1689) nitiation Both:	see terms below		e.g. Aspegic
<ol> <li>For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required p cardiology procedure; and</li> <li>Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure.</li> </ol>	prior to an urgent interven	tional neu	ıro-radiology or interventiona
ICAGRELOR – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 90 mg – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2024		56	Ticagrelor Sandoz
nitiation Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically f liagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coro iven in the last 24 hours and is not planned. nitiation – thrombosis prevention neurological stenting Re-assessment required after 12 months soth:			
1 Either:			
<ul> <li>1.1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure*</li> <li>1.2 Patient is about to have a neurological stenting pro</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>2 Either:</li> <li>2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance us function assay and requires antiplatelet treatment v</li> <li>2.2 Either:</li> </ul>		w) assay (	or another appropriate platele
<ul><li>2.2.1 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstra</li><li>2.2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstra referable to the stent</li></ul>			
Continuation – thrombosis prevention neurological stenting Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:			
1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.			
nitiation – Percutaneous coronary intervention with stent de imited to 12 months treatment	ployment		
I of the following:			

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient has had a stent deployed in the previous 4 weeks; and
- 3 Patient is clopidogrel-allergic\*\*.

#### Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

### Initiation – Myocardial infarction

#### Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Notes: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

Note: \*\* Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

#### TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

### **Fibrinolytic Agents**

#### ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial Inj 10 mg vial Inj 50 mg vial

### TENECTEPLASE

lnj 50 mg vial

#### UROKINASE

Inj 5,000 iu vial Inj 10,000 iu vial Inj 50,000 iu vial Inj 100,000 iu vial Inj 250,000 iu vial Inj 500,000 iu vial

# **Colony-Stimulating Factors**

### **Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells**

PLERIXAFOR – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1.2 ml vial	1	Mozobil
➡ Restricted (RS1536)		
Initiation – Autologous stem cell transplant		
Haematologist		
Limited to 3 days treatment		
All of the following:		
1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and		
2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; ar	nd	
3 Any of the following:		
3.1 Both:		
3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and		
3.1.2 Either:		
3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or	equal to 1	$0  imes 10^6$ /L on day 5 after

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

4 days of G-CSF treatment; or

3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1  $\times 10^{6}$  CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or

3.2 Both:

- 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
- 3.2.2 Any of the following:
  - 3.2.2.1 Both:
    - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of > 5 ×  $10^9$ /L; and
    - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to  $10 \times 10^6$ /L; or
  - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1  $\times 10^6$  CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
  - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or
- 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

### **Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors**

#### FILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below

<ul> <li>Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024</li></ul>	10 4	Nivestim Neupogen
↓ Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	10	Nivestim
➡ Restricted (RS1188)		
Haematologist or oncologist		
PEGFILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	1	Ziextenzo
→ Restricted (RS1743)		

#### Initiation

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5%\*).

Note: \*Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

### **Fluids and Electrolytes**

### Intravenous Administration

CALCIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			e.g. Baxter
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			eig. Luitei
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule			e.g. Max Health
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 ml			
bag	57.06	18	Plasma-Lyte 148
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	20.28	12	Plasma-Lyte 148
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]	29.20	12	Tidoma-Lyte 140
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium, 98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate,			
glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag	227.64	12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose

### Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	25.20	18	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			_
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	16.92	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag		10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 100 ml bag		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag		30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag		60 20	Baxter Glucose 5% Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		20 12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		1	Biomed
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chl 0.45%, 3,000 ml bag			
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chlor 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	oride		
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor	ride		
0.18%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor			
0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlor		10	Deuter
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag	175 44	10	Deuter
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12 12	Baxter Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag		12	Baxter
		12	Daxiel
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE	1 hag 510.16	40	Doutor
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 m Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 m	•	48 12	Baxter Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 m	U U	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,00 ml		48	Baxter
	249		Banton
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule	17/ 57	10	Hospira
	1/4.0/	10	Πορμια
RINGER'S SOLUTION			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	3		
SODIUM ACETATE			
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

#### Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ SODIUM BICARBONATE Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial Biomed 1 1 Biomed SODIUM CHI OBIDE 20 Fresenius Kabi Fresenius Kabi 50 30 **BD PosiFlush** → Restricted (RS1297) Initiation For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only. Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025...... 12.00 30 **BD PosiFlush** → Restricted (RS1297) Initiation For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only. Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025...... 11.70 30 **BD PosiFlush** → Restricted (RS1297) Initiation For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only. 20 Fresenius Kabi 5 Biomed 18 Baxter 12 Baxter 60 Baxter 147.75 75 **Baxter-Viaflo** 48 Baxter 60 Baxter-Viaflo 105.60 24 Rayter Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag......23.94 18 Baxter 12 Baxter Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE] Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule ......53.60 5 Biomed WATER Inj 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025......7.60 50 Multichem 20 Fresenius Kabi Ini 250 ml bag Inj 500 ml bag 12 Baxter **Oral Administration** CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE 300 g Calcium Resonium COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES 50 Electral COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Soln with electrolytes (2 × 500 ml) ......8.55 1.000 ml Pedialyte - Bubblegum PHOSPHORUS Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)

# **BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS**

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol) Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) Oral liq 2 mmol per ml		200	Span-K
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mg	8.52	100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder		454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag		10	Gelofusine

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	Price ex man. excl. \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System				
ACE Inhibitors				
CAPTOPRIL Oral liq 5 mg per ml – <b>5% DV Apr-24 to 2026</b>		9 9	95 ml	Capoten
	86.0		00 ml	DP-Captopril
→ Restricted (RS1263)				
nitiation Any of the following:				
1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or				
<ul><li>2 For use in tube-fed patients; or</li><li>3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following car</li></ul>	diac surgery.			
Capoten Oral liq 5 mg per ml to be delisted 1 April 2024)				
CILAZAPRIL – <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only → Tab 0.5 mg	26	٩	90	Zapril
<ul> <li>→ Tab 2.5 mg</li> </ul>			90	Zapril
→ Tab 5 mg			90	Zapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE				
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	1.7	5	90	Acetec
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025			90	Acetec
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	2.3	5	90	Acetec
ISINOPRIL				
Tab 5 mg – <b>5% DV Oct-22 to 2025</b>	11.0	7	90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	11.6	7	90	Teva Lisinopril Ethics Lisinopril
				Teva Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	14.6	9	90	Ethics Lisinopril
				Teva Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	1 5	0	30	Coveravi
Tab 4 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024			30 30	Coversyl Coversyl
Tab 8 mg			30	Coversyl
QUINAPRIL		-	00	Coversyl
Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	5 9	7	90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024			90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-22 to 2024</b>			90	Arrow-Quinapril 20
RAMIPRIL	-	-		·····
Cap 1.25 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2024	6.9	0	90	Tryzan
Cap 2.5 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2024			90	Tryzan
Cap 5 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2024			90	Tryzan
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2024			90	Tryzan
ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics				
QUINAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restricted: For cont				
→ Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 20			30	Accuretic 10
Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg – 5% DV Mar-22 to 20	<b>24</b> 5.2	5	30	Accuretic 20

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Angiotensin II Antagonists					
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL					
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		2.0	0	90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024				90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		3.3	1	90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		5.2	6	90	Candestar
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM					
Tab 12.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		2.0	0	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg – <b>5% DV Mar-24 to 2026</b>				84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026				84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		4.5	7	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics					
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE					
Tab 16 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg		4.1	0	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 16/12.5
Tab 32 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg		5.2	5	30	APO-Candesartan HCTZ 32/12.5
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE					
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to	2025	4.0	0	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide

### Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors

### SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg190.00	56	Entresto 24/26
t	Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg 190.00	56	Entresto 49/51
t	Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg190.00	56	Entresto 97/103

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1738)

#### Initiation

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
  - 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or
  - 2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 35%; or
  - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practical, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure treatments.

### Continuation

### Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers			
DOXAZOSIN			
Tab 2 mg		500	Doxazosin Clinect
Tab 4 mg	20.94	500	Doxazosin Clinect
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 10 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
PRAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg		100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29
Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg		100 100	Arrotex-Prazosin S29 Arrotex-Prazosin S29
TERAZOSIN - Restricted: For continuation only		100	Anolex-i lazosin 029
➡ Tab 1 mg			
Antiarrhythmics			
ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial ↓ Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted (RS1266) Initiation For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.	62.73	6	Adenocor
AJMALINE - Restricted see terms below			
<ul> <li>Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1001)</li> <li>Cardiologist</li> </ul>			
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		30	Aratac
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		30	Aratac
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	15.22	10	Max Health
ATROPINE SULPHATE Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		10	Martindale
DIGOXIN			
Tab 62.5 mcg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		240 240	Lanoxin PG Lanoxin
Tab 250 mcg – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b> Oral liq 50 mcg per ml Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial		240	Lanoxin
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE			
Cap 100 mg			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLECAINIDE ACETATE Tab 50 mg – <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</b> Cap long-acting 100 mg – <b>5% DV Aug-23 to 2026</b>		60 90	Flecainide BNM Flecainide Controlled
Cap long-acting 200 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026		90	Release Teva Flecainide Controlled Release Teva
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	104.00	5	Tambocor
VABRADINE - <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Tab 5 mg → <b>Restricted</b> (RS1566) Initiation Both:			
1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angi 2 Either:	ography; and		
<ul><li>2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per or</li><li>2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.</li></ul>	minute while taking a n	naximally t	olerated dose of beta blocker
MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 150 mg Cap 250 mg		100 100	Teva Teva
PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg			
Antihypotensives			
MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below			
<ul> <li>Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2024</li> <li>Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2024</li> </ul>		100 100	Midodrine Medsurge Midodrine Medsurge
→ Restricted (RS1427)		100	inidourne nedeulge
Initiation Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.			
Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers			
ATENOLOL Tab 50 mg – <b>5% DV Jun-23 to 2024</b> Tab 100 mg – <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b>		500 500	Viatris Atenolol Viatris Mylan Atenolol
Oral liq 5 mg per ml		300 ml	Atenolol-AFT

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE	<b>T</b>		
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	1.84	90	Bisoprolol Mylan
		00	Bisoprolol Viatris
	1.36		Ipca-Bisoprolol
Tab 5 mg – <b>5% DV Apr-24 to 2026</b>		90	Bisoprolol Mylan
	2.00	00	Bisoprolol Viatris
	1.72	30	Bosvate
	1.91	90	Ipca-Bisoprolol
Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		90	Bisoprolol Mylan
			Bisoprolol Viatris
	2.71		Ipca-Bisoprolol
(Bisoprolol Mylan Tab 2.5 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			.pow 2.00p. 0.01
(Bisoprolol Viatris Tab 2.5 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
(Bisoprolol Mylan Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
(Bisoprolol Viatris Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
(Bosvate Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
(Bisoprolol Mylan Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
(Bisoprolol Viatris Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
CARVEDILOL	0.04	00	
Tab 6.25 mg		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg	2.95	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
CELIPROLOL – Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 200 mg			
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
LABETALOL			
Tab 50 mg			
Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Sep-20 to 2024	14 50	100	Trandate
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2024		100	Trandate
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		100	Trandate
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		30	Betaloc CR
	4.20	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		30	Betaloc CR
	3.65	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		30	Betaloc CR
	5.24	90	Myloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		30	Betaloc CR
·····	9.76	90	Myloc CR
(Betaloc CR Tab long-acting 23.75 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
(Betaloc CR Tab long-acting 47.5 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
(Betaloc CR Tab long-acting 95 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
(Betaloc CR Tab long-acting 190 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024	5.66	100	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024	7.55	60	IPCA-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		5	Metoprolol IV Mylan
			Metoprolol IV Viatris

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
IADOLOL	Ŷ		manalaotaroi
Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024	10 10	100	Nadolol BNM
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024		100	Nadolol BNM
PROPRANOLOL		100	
Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024	7 04	100	Drofate
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024		100	IPCA-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg		100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>	14.00	100	Mylan
Calcium Channel Blockers			
Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers			
MLODIPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Vasorex
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Vasorex
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.31	90	Vasorex
ELODIPINE			
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg	1.45	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		90	Felo 5 ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		90	Felo 10 ER
SRADIPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Cap 2.5 mg			
IICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
Restricted (RS1699)			
nitiation			
naesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist			
ny of the following:			
1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an in	travenous agent; or		
2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or			
3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardio	pulmonary bypass.		
IIFEDIPINE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg		56	Tensipine MR10
Tab long-acting 20 mg		100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg		100	Mylan (24 hr release)
	4.78	14	Mylan Italy (24 hr release)
Tab long-acting 60 mg		100	Mylan (24 hr release)
Cap 5 mg			/
Mylan (24 hr release) Tab long-acting 30 mg to be delisted 1 Februa	ry 2024)		
IIMODIPINE			
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	050.00	400	Nimesten
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial		100 5	Nimotop

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 30 mg			
Cap long-acting 120 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		500	Diltiazem CD Clinect
Cap long-acting 180 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024		30	Cardizem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg – <b>1% DV Mar-22 to 2024</b> Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	9.30	30	Cardizem CD
PERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg	62.90	100	Pexsig
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE		100	
Tab 40 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg Tab long-acting 120 mg		100 100	Isoptin Isoptin SR
Tab long-acting 120 mg		30	Isoptin SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Isoptin
	20.00	0	
Centrally-Acting Agents			
CLONIDINE			
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4	Mylan
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mcg - 5% DV Nov-22 to 2025		112	Clonidine Teva
Tab 150 mcg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		10	Medsurge
METHYLDOPA			
Tab 250 mg		100	Methyldopa Mylan
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
BUMETANIDE			
Tab 1 mg	16.36	100	Burinex
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial			
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2024		1,000	IPCA-Frusemide
Tab 500 mg		50 30 ml	Urex Forte Lasix
Oral liq 10 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>		30 mi 5	Lasix Furosemide-Baxter
Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule - 378 DV ban-25 to 2025		6	Lasix
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL			
Inj 10%, 1.000 ml bag	802.56	12	Baxter
Inj 20%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter
	,	-	-

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg			
Potassium Sparing Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml EPLERENONE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below		25 ml	Biomed
<ul> <li>↓ Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024</li> <li>↓ Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1640)</li> <li>Initiation</li> <li>Both:</li> </ul>		30 30	Inspra Inspra
<ol> <li>Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%; a</li> <li>Either:         <ol> <li>Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactone</li> <li>Patient has experienced a clinically significant adverse</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	; or	al dosing o	of spironolactone.
SPIRONOLACTONE Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Oral liq 5 mg per ml		100 100 25 ml	<b>Spiractin</b> <b>Spiractin</b> Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 CHLOROTHIAZIDE		500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE] Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	6.95	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	16.00	90	Dapa-Tabs
METOLAZONE Tab 5 mg		30	Dapa-Tabs
Vasopressin receptor antagonists			
TOLVAPTAN       - Restricted see terms on the next page         Image: Tab 15 mg		28 28 56 56 56	Jinarc Jinarc Jinarc Jinarc Jinarc

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer	
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### → Restricted (RS1930)

### Initiation - autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease; and
- 2 Patient has an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) of greater than or equal to 25 ml/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup> at treatment initiation: and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with a decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 5 mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup> within one-year; or
  - 3.2 Patient's disease is rapidly progressing, with an average decline in eGFR of greater than or equal to 2.5 mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup> per year over a five-year period.

### Continuation - autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

Renal physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a renal physician Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 Patient has not developed end-stage renal disease, defined as an eGFR of less than 15 mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>; and
- 2 Patient has not undergone a kidney transplant.

# Lipid-Modifying Agents

### Fibrates

#### BEZAFIBRATE

Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	19.46	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	.21.21	30	Bezalip Retard

### HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)

ATORVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	6.16	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	9.24	500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 20 mg	2.11	28	Pravastatin Mylan
C C			Pravastatin Viatris
Tab 40 mg	3.61	28	Pravastatin Mylan
(Pravastatin Mylan Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 January 2024)			
ROSUVASTATIN – Restricted see terms below			
	1.29	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-24 to 2026	1.69	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
↓ Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	2.71	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
↓ Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	4.55	30	Rosuvastatin Viatris
→ Restricted (RS1868)			
Initiation - cardiovascular disease risk			

Initiation – cardiovascular disease risk Fither:

continued...

	Price		Brand or
(ex	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient is considered to be at risk of cardiovascular disease; and
  - 1.2 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has a calculated risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
  - 2.2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

#### Initiation - familial hypercholesterolemia

Both:

- 1 Patient has familial hypercholesterolemia (defined as a Dutch Lipid Criteria score greater than or equal to 6); and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

### Initiation - established cardiovascular disease

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has proven coronary artery disease (CAD); or
  - 1.2 Patient has proven peripheral artery disease (PAD); or
  - 1.3 Patient has experienced an ischaemic stroke; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.4 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

#### Initiation - recurrent major cardiovascular events

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced a recurrent major cardiovascular event (defined as myocardial infarction, ischaemic stroke, coronary revascularisation, hospitalisation for unstable angina) in the last 2 years; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.0 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

### SIMVASTATIN

Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		Simvastatin Mylan <b>Simvastatin Viatris</b>
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	8.81 90	Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Viatris

(Simvastatin Mylan Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 March 2024)

### Resins

52

50	Colestyramine - Mylan
30	Ezetimibe Sandoz

t Item restricted (see  $\Rightarrow$  above); t Item restricted (see  $\Rightarrow$  below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg	5.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg		30	Zimybe

### **Other Lipid-Modifying Agents**

#### ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

### Nitrates

GLYCERYL TRINITRATE		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule118.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose7.48	250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day 15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day 18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE		
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	100	Ismo 20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>	90	Duride

# **Other Cardiac Agents**

#### LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1007)

### Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

### Initiation – Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

# Sympathomimetics

ADRENALINE		
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule4.98	5	Aspen Adrenaline
12.65		DBL Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial		
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule49.00	10	Aspen Adrenaline
27.00	5	Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe		
DOBUTAMINE		
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 202461.13	5	Dobutamine-hameIn
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	10	Max Health Ltd

### Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EPHEDRINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		10	Max Health
SOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL] Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
METARAMINOL Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>	53.00	10	Torbay
NORADRENALINE Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1.16 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2025	45.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		25	Neosynephrine HCL
Vasodilators ALPROSTADIL – Restricted see terms below Inj 10 mcg vial Inj 20 mcg vial → Restricted (RS1992) nitiation Both: 1 Patient has erectile dysfunction; and 2 Patient is to receive a penile Doppler ultrasonography. ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DIAZOXIDE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE ↓ Tab 25 mg → Restricted (RS1008) nitiation	2,030.33	5	Prostin VR
1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or	n notionto who are :	ntoloront	or have not reasonable to
<ol> <li>For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or</li> <li>For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, i ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers.</li> </ol>	n patients who are i	ntolerant	or have not responded to

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	÷	1.01	Manufacturor
MILRINONE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	71.00	10	Milrinone-Baxter
		10	WIII III OIIC-DAXIEI
MINOXIDIL Tab 10 mg	70.40	100	Loniten
5		100	Loniten
	05 57	00	Har well
Tab 10 mg		60 60	Ikorel Ikorel
Tab 20 mg		60	IKOTEI
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	057 10	5	Hoopiro
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]			
Tab 400 mg			
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			
Inj 50 mg vial			
Endothelin Receptor Antagonists			
AMBRISENTAN – Restricted see terms below			
	1.550.00	30	Ambrisentan Mylan
	200.00	00	Ambrisentan Viatris
		30	Ambrisentan Viatris
ů.	1,550.00		Mylan
(Ambrisentan Mylan Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 December 2023)			
(Mylan Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 December 2023)			
→ Restricted (RS1981)			
Initiation – PAH monotherapy			
Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant p cardiologist or rheumatologist	practitioner on the recor	nmendatio	on of a respiratory specialis
Limited to 6 months treatment			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and			
2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical	classifications: and		
3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organiz	zation (NYHA/WHO) fur	nctional cla	ass II, III or IV; and
4 Any of the following:	· · · ·		
4.1 All of the following:			
in the end of the following.			
4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cather	terisation; and		
5		unless per	i Fontan repair); and
4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cather	reater than 20 mmHg (u		1 //
4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cather 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) g 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWI 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2	reater than 20 mmHg (u P) less than or equal to	15 mmHg	; and
4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cather 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) g 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWI 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 $cm^{-5}$ ); and	reater than 20 mmHg (u P) less than or equal to	15 mmHg	; and
4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cather 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) g 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWI 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 $cm^{-5}$ ); and 4.1.5 Any of the following:	reater than 20 mmHg (u P) less than or equal to Wood Units or greater	15 mmHg than 160	; and International Units (dyn s
<ul> <li>4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cather</li> <li>4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) g</li> <li>4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWI</li> <li>4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 cm<sup>-5</sup>); and</li> <li>4.1.5 Any of the following:</li> <li>4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non</li> </ul>	reater than 20 mmHg (t P) less than or equal to Wood Units or greater	15 mmHg than 160 ctivity asse	; and International Units (dyn s essment using iloprost or
<ul> <li>4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cather</li> <li>4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) g</li> <li>4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWI</li> <li>4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 cm<sup>-5</sup>); and</li> <li>4.1.5 Any of the following: <ul> <li>4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	reater than 20 mmHg (t P) less than or equal to Wood Units or greater	15 mmHg than 160 ctivity asse	; and International Units (dyn s essment using iloprost or
<ul> <li>4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cather</li> <li>4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) g</li> <li>4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWI</li> <li>4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 cm<sup>-5</sup>); and</li> <li>4.1.5 Any of the following: <ul> <li>4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS guidelines) †; or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	reater than 20 mmHg (u P) less than or equal to P Wood Units or greater P-responsive in vasorea E/ERS Guidelines for P/	15 mmHg than 160 ctivity asse AH (see no	; and International Units (dyn s essment using iloprost or ote below for link to these
<ul> <li>4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cather</li> <li>4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) g</li> <li>4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWI</li> <li>4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 cm<sup>-5</sup>); and</li> <li>4.1.5 Any of the following: <ul> <li>4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS guidelines) †; or</li> <li>4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an accepta</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	reater than 20 mmHg (u P) less than or equal to P Wood Units or greater P-responsive in vasorea E/ERS Guidelines for P/	15 mmHg than 160 ctivity asse AH (see no	; and International Units (dyn s essment using iloprost or ote below for link to these
<ul> <li>4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cather</li> <li>4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) g</li> <li>4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWI</li> <li>4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 cm<sup>-5</sup>); and</li> <li>4.1.5 Any of the following:</li> <li>4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS guidelines) †; or</li> <li>4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an accepta validated risk stratification tool**; or</li> </ul>	reater than 20 mmHg (u P) less than or equal to P Wood Units or greater P-responsive in vasorea S/ERS Guidelines for P/ able response to calcium	15 mmHg than 160 ctivity asse AH (see no m antagon	; and International Units (dyn s essment using iloprost or bte below for link to these ist treatment, according to
<ul> <li>4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart cather</li> <li>4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) g</li> <li>4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWI</li> <li>4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 cm<sup>-5</sup>); and</li> <li>4.1.5 Any of the following: <ul> <li>4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS guidelines) †; or</li> <li>4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an accepta</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	reater than 20 mmHg (u P) less than or equal to P Wood Units or greater P-responsive in vasorea S/ERS Guidelines for P/ able response to calcium heritable or drug-assoc	15 mmHg than 160 ctivity asse AH (see no m antagon ciated type	; and International Units (dyn s essment using iloprost or bte below for link to these ist treatment, according to c; or

continued...

	Pric	се			Brand or
(ex ma	n. e	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$	;		Per	Manufacturer

- developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
  - 5.2 Any of the following:
    - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects with both sildenafil and bosentan; or
    - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
    - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

#### Initiation – PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
  - 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
  - 5.2 Either:
    - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil or bosentan) for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
    - 5.2.2 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy including bosentan and has experienced intolerable side effects on bosentan; and
  - 5.3 Both:
    - 5.3.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy; and

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

5.3.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (eg due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease).

### Initiation – PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

### Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

#### 5 Both:

- 5.1 Ambrisentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
  - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or

5.2.2 Both:

- 5.2.2.1 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
- 5.2.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to bosentan (e.g. due to current use of a combined oral contraceptive or liver disease); or
- 5.2.3 Both:
  - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; and
  - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

### Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

### Re-assessment required after 2 years

The patient is continuing to derive benefit from ambrisentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool\*\*.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

\*\* the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 62.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	 60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
	Tab 125 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	 60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's

# ➡ Restricted (RS1982)

### Initiation – PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)\*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
  - 5.2 Any of the following:
    - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
    - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil; or
    - 5.2.3 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease.

#### Initiation - PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)\*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

#### 5 Both:

- 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy; and
- 5.2 Either:
  - 5.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy (sildenafil) for at least three months and has experienced an inadequate therapeutic response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
  - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would likely benefit from initial dual therapy.

### Initiation – PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

#### Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)\*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or

- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

### 5 Both:

- 5.1 Bosentan is to be used as part of PAH triple therapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
  - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
  - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
  - 5.2.3 Both:
    - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; and
    - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

### Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from bosentan treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool\*\*.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH</u>

\*\* the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

### Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

SILDENAFIL – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below	
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t	Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 20240.85	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	12	Vedafil
•			

Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial

### ➡ Restricted (RS1983)

### Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

### Initiation – tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)\*; and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH is confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) of greater than 20 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) that is less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 2 Wood Units or at least 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH is non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures.

### Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

### Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
  - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
  - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH</u>

\*\* the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

### **Prostacyclin Analogues**

EPOPROSTENOL – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 500 mcg vial	1	Veletri
Inj 1.5 mg vial	1	Veletri
→ Restricted (RS1984)		

### Initiation – PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist,

continued...

Price (ex man. excl. GST		Brand or Generic	
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cardiologist or rheumatologist Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
  - 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as part of PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and
  - 5.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
  - 5.3 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool.

### Initiation – PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

### Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or

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 \$	Per	Manufacturer

nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or

- 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and

### 5 Both:

- 5.1 Epoprostenol is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
- 5.2 Any of the following:
  - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
  - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
  - 5.2.3 Both:
    - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool; and
    - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

#### Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from epoprostenol treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool. Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and</u>

treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

\*\* the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

ILOPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule	380.00	5	llomedin
t	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 1	185.03	30	Vebulis

➡ Restricted (RS1985)

### Initiation - PAH monotherapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

 $cm^{-5}$ ); and

4.1.5 Any of the following:

- 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
- 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
- 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
- 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
- 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
  - 5.2 Either:
    - 5.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil and both the funded endothelin receptor antagonists (i.e. both bosentan and ambrisentan); or
    - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute contraindication to sildenafil and an absolute or relative contraindication to endothelin receptor antagonists.

### Initiation – PAH dual therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 All of the following:
  - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH dual therapy with either sildenafil or an endothelin receptor antagonist; and

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 5.2 Either:
  - 5.2.1 Patient has an absolute contraindication to or has experienced intolerable side effects on sildenafil; or
  - 5.2.2 Patient has an absolute or relative contraindication to or experienced intolerable side effects with a funded endothelin receptor antagonist; and
- 5.3 Either:
  - 5.3.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and remains in an unacceptable risk category according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
  - 5.3.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class III or IV, and in the opinion of the treating clinician would benefit from initial dual therapy.

#### Initiation - PAH triple therapy

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist, cardiologist or rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
- 2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice 2003) clinical classifications; and
- 3 PAH is in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) functional class II, III or IV; and
- 4 Any of the following:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 PAH has been confirmed by right heart catheterisation; and
    - 4.1.2 A mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) greater than 20 mmHg (unless peri Fontan repair); and
    - 4.1.3 A pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
    - 4.1.4 A pulmonary vascular resistance greater than 2 Wood Units or greater than 160 International Units (dyn s  $cm^{-5}$ ); and
    - 4.1.5 Any of the following:
      - 4.1.5.1 PAH has been demonstrated to be non-responsive in vasoreactivity assessment using iloprost or nitric oxide, as defined in the 2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for PAH (see note below for link to these guidelines) †; or
      - 4.1.5.2 Patient has not experienced an acceptable response to calcium antagonist treatment, according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; or
      - 4.1.5.3 Patient has PAH other than idiopathic / heritable or drug-associated type; or
  - 4.2 Patient is a child with PAH secondary to congenital heart disease or PAH due to idiopathic, congenital or developmental lung disorders including severe chronic neonatal lung disease; or
  - 4.3 Patient has palliated single ventricle congenital heart disease and elevated pulmonary pressures or a major complication of the Fontan circulation requiring the minimising of pulmonary/venous filling pressures; and
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Iloprost is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
  - 5.2 Any of the following:
    - 5.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
    - 5.2.2 Patient is presenting in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; or
    - 5.2.3 Both:
      - 5.2.3.1 Patient has tried PAH dual therapy for at least three months and has not experienced an acceptable response to treatment according to a validated risk stratification tool\*\*; and
      - 5.2.3.2 Patient does not have major life-threatening comorbidities and triple therapy is not being used in a palliative scenario.

### Continuation

Respiratory specialist, cardiologist, rheumatologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a respiratory specialist,

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

66

cardiologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Patient is continuing to derive benefit from iloprost treatment according to a validated PAH risk stratification tool. Notes: † The European Respiratory Journal Guidelines can be found here: <u>2022 ECS/ERS Guidelines for the diagnosis and</u> treatment of pulmonary hypertension PAH

\*\* the requirement to use a validated risk stratification tool to determine insufficient response applies to adults. Determining insufficient response in children does not require use of a validated PAH risk stratification tool, where currently no such validated tools exist for PAH risk stratification in children.

# DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol)	8.56	10 g	Crystaderm
MAFENIDE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Powder 50 g sachet → Restricted (RS1299)			
Initiation For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Oint 2% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		5 g 5 g	Foban Foban
SULFADIAZINE SILVER Crm 1%		50 g	Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% → Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only			·
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1.10	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE → Crm 1% - Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1%			
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% METRONIDAZOLE		100 ml	Sebizole
Gel 0.75%			
<ul> <li>MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2%</li> <li>→ Lotn 2% - Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%</li> </ul>	0.81	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	4.25	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

# DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON]			
Lotn 0.5%			
Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN			
Crm 5%	5.75	30 g	Lyderm
Lotn 5% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		30 ml	A-Scabies
(Lyderm Crm 5% to be delisted 1 February 2024)			
PHENOTHRIN			
Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE			
Crm 0.1%			
Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE			
Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN	( / a-		•
Cap 5 mg – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		60	Oratane
Cap 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		120	Oratane
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		120	Oratane
TRETINOIN			
Crm 0.05% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	15 57	50 g	ReTrieve
Giiii 0.05% – 5% DV Jaii-22 to 2024		50 y	nemeve
Antipruritic Preparations			
Anuprunuc Preparations			
CALAMINE			
Crm, aqueous, BP	3.45	100 g	healthE Calamine
		100 g	
			Aqueous
CROTAMITON			
Crm 10% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	3.29	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE			
Crm 5% tube - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	1.47	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
		•	5%
Crm 5% pump bottle - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	4.30	500 ml	healthE Dimethicone
			5%
Crm 10% pump bottle	4.52	500 ml	healthE Dimethicone
			10%
ZINC			
Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-)
			Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)
Paste			

# DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man: exci. 001) \$	Per	Manufacturer
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL			
Crm		20 g	Orion
Oint - 5% DV Nov-23 to 2025		500 g	Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.			
Oint, BP		20 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less.		Ū	
Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%			e.g. Sudocrem
			e.g. Oudoorenn
Emollients			
AQUEOUS CREAM			
Crm 100 g			
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			
Crm 500 g - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024	1.73	500 g	GEM Aqueous Cream
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			
CETOMACROGOL			
Crm BP, 500 g - 5% DV May-22 to 2024	1.99	500 g	Cetomacrogol-AFT
Crm BP, 100 g		0	Ū
ETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL			
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,	1 65	100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.		100 g	nounne
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% – <b>5% DV Jul-23 to 2025</b>	2.13	500 ml	Evara
	3.50	1,000 ml	Evara
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.	0.00	.,	
Oint BP - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	2 30	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.	2.00	100 g	oayonom
Oint BP, 500 g	3 40	500 g	Emulsifying Ointment
	0.+0	000 g	ADE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.			
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN			
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%			e.g. QV cream
DIL IN WATER EMULSION			
Crm, 500 g – <b>5% DV Sep-22 to 2025</b>	2.04	500 a	Fatty Croom AFT
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.	2.04	500 g	Fatty Cream AFT
Crm, 100 g – 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024	1 50	1	healthE Fatty Cream
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.	1.55	1	
PARAFFIN			
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% – 5% DV May-		400	
to 2025	1.84	100 g	White Soft Liquid
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			Paraffin AFT
White soft	0 70	10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both			
White soft		450 g	healthE
Yellow soft	4.33	-100 y	noaith
Lotn liquid paraffin 85%			e.g QV Bath Oil
Loui inquia paranini do /o			oly QY Dull Ol

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT			
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
JREA Crm 10%		100 g	healthE Urea Cream
NOOL FAT			
Crm			
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05%		50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g. Oint 0.05%		50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.			F
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		50 g 50 ml	Beta Ointment Betnovate
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE		50 111	Demovale
Crm 0.05% – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	2.40	30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	2.33	30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Crm 0.1%			
→ Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE Crm 1%, 30 g – <b>5% DV Apr-23 to 2025</b>	1 78	30 g	Ethics
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to		00 g	Ethios
Crm 1%, 500 g – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	20.40	500 g	Noumed
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN	10.57	050 ml	
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6%		250 ml	DP Lotn HC
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.1%	4 85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		100 g	Locoid
Milky emul 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	12.33	100 ml	Locoid Crelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.95	15 g	Advantan
	4.05	45 -	
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	1.95 3.10	15 g 50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		50 g 15 g	Elocon
	2.90	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	4.50	30 ml	Elocon

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Crm 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Oint 0.02% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026			100 g 100 g	Aristocort Aristocort
Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents				
<ul> <li>BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see</li> <li>Irm 0.1% with clioquiniol 3%</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1125)</li> <li>Initiation</li> <li>Either:         <ol> <li>For the treatment of intertrigo; or</li> <li>For continuation use.</li> </ol> </li> <li>BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%</li> <li>HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE</li> <li>Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024</li> <li>HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%</li> <li>TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAM Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g</li> </ul>	ACID]	1.89 3.35	15 g 15 g ATIN	Micreme H Pimafucort
Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations				
ACITRETIN Cap 10 mg Cap 25 mg			60 60	Novatretin Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL Foam spray 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g – 5% DV Dec-21 to 20 Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g – 5% DV Dec-21 to 20	24	39.35	60 g 60 g 30 g	Enstilar Daivobet Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL Oint 50 mcg per g COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%		40.00	120 g	Daivonex
METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN] Tab 10 mg Lotn 1.2%				
PIMECROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below ↓ Crm 1% - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		33.00	15 g	Elidel

1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the eyelid; and

2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical corticosteroids: periorificial dermatitis, rosacea, documented epidermal atrophy, documented allergy to topical corticosteroids, cataracts, glaucoma, or raised intraocular pressure.

DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	•		
PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCI Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium –			
Feb-24 to 2026		500 ml	Pinetarsol
POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE	0.41	000 11	1 metaloor
Tab 400 mg			
Crystals			
TACROLIMUS			
↓ Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		30 g	Zematop
→ Restricted (RS1859)			
Initiation			
Dermatologist or paediatrician Both:			
1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the face; and			
2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to to	opical corticosteroids:	periorificial	dermatitis. rosacea.
documented epidermal atrophy or documented allergy to topi			,
Scalp Preparations			
Scalp Freparations			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Scalp app 0.1% - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	9.84	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Scalp app 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	6.26	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE			
Scalp lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	6.57	100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations			
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5%	33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline
SILVER NITRATE		0.0 111	Condynne
Sticks with applicator			
Other Skin Preparations			
DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE			
Powder 2%			
IMIQUIMOD			
Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet		24	Perrigo
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY			
Lotn – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	6.50	200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF
			50+
Antineoplastics			
•			
	0.05	00 -	<b>F</b> fudia
Crm 5% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		20 g	Efudix
METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted se	e terms below		
↓ Crm 16% → Restricted (RS1127)			
Dermatologist or plastic surgeon			

# DERMATOLOGICALS

 		rice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	(	\$	Per	Manufacturer	

## Wound Management Products

CALCIUM GLUCONATE Gel 2.5%

e.g. Orion

Price (ex man. excl. C \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Agents		
ACETIC ACID Soln 3% Soln 5%		
ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator		
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Crm 1% Lotn 1%		
CLOTRIMAZOLE Vaginal crm 1% with applicator – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	35 g	Clomazol
Vaginal crm 2% with applicator - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	20 g	Clomazol
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Vaginal crm 2% with applicator6.89	40 g	Micreme
NYSTATIN Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b> 5.70	75 g	Nilstat
Contraceptives		
Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives		
CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	168	Ginet
Combined Oral Contraceptives		
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg		
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	84	Lo-Oralcon 20 ED
Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	84	Oralcon 30 ED
Tab 30 mcg with revolvingestrer 130 mcg ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg and 7 inert tab	84	Brevinor 1/28
Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg and 7 inert tab	04	

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

# **GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM**

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices	· · ·		
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 IUD 33.6 mm length × 29.9 mm width – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 IUD 35.5 mm length × 19.6 mm width – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	29.80	1 1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg – <b>5% DV Jun-23 to 2025</b>	1.75	1	Levonorgestrel BNM
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026 Intra-uterine device 52 mg – 1% DV Nov-23 to 31 Oct 2024 Intra-uterine device 13.5 mg – 1% DV Nov-23 to 31 Oct 2024 MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		84 1 1 1 1	Microlut Jadelle Mirena Jaydess Depo-Provera Noriday 28
Obstetric Preparations			-
Antiprogestogens			
MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg			
Oxytocics			
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE Pessaries 10 mg Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g		1	Prostin E2 Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	DBL Ergometrine
OXYTOCIN Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025 Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025 OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE	4.98	5 5	Oxytocin BNM Oxytocin BNM
Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - DV Dec-22 to 2025		5	Syntometrine
Tocolytics			
PROGESTERONE Cap 100 mg – <b>5% DV May-23 to 2025</b>	14.85	30	Utrogestan

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TERBUTALINE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Inj 500 mcg ampoule → <b>Restricted</b> (RS1130) Obstetrician			
Oestrogens			
OESTRIOL Crm 1 mg per g with applicator – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026 Pessaries 500 mcg – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		15 g 15	Ovestin Ovestin
Urologicals			
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors			
<ul> <li>FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below</li> <li>↓ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1131)</li> <li>Initiation</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and</li> <li>Either: <ol> <li>Lither:</li> <li>The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers</li> <li>Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective</li> </ol> </li> </ol></li></ul>	or these are contrair	100 dicated; o	Ricit
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers			
<ul> <li>TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below</li> <li>Cap 400 mcg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</li></ul>		100 I.	Tamsulosin-Rex
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml → <b>Restricted</b> (RS1133) Initiation Both:		200 ml	Biomed
<ol> <li>The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and</li> <li>The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two yea</li> </ol>	rs prior to the applica	tion.	
SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		28	Ural
Urinary Antispasmodics			
OXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	5.42	100	Alchemy Oxybutynin

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

## **GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM**

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE			
Tab 5 mg – <b>5% DV Jun-23 to 2024</b>	2.05	30	Solifenacin Mylan
			Solifenacin Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2024	3.72	30	Solifenacin Mylan
			Solifenacin Viatris
(Solifenacin Mylan Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 December 2023)			
(Solifenacin Mylan Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 December 2023)			

	Price	\	Brand or
(êx t	nan. excl. GST \$	) Per	Generic Manufacturer
Anabolic Agents			
DXANDROLONE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1302) nitiation			
For the treatment of burns patients.			
Androgen Agonists and Antagonists			
CYPROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	14.37	50	Siterone
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	28.03	50	Siterone
TESTOSTERONE			
Patch 5 mg per day	225.00	30	Androderm
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	85.00	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg,			
testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate			
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE			
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE Cap 40 mg – Restricted: For continuation only	21.00	60	Andriol Testocaps
Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial		1	Reandron 1000
		-	
Calcium Homeostasis			
CALCITONIN			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	121.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 30 mg – 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024	42.06	28	Cinacalet Devatis
		28	<b>Cinacalet Devatis</b>
→ Restricted (RS1931)			
nitiation – parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis			
Nephrologist or endocrinologist Re-assessment required after 6 months			
Either:			
1 All of the following:			

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
  - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
  - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
- 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
- 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

thiosulfate.

Continuation – parathyroid carcinoma or calciphylaxis

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.
- Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

### Initiation - primary hyperparathyroidism

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has primary hyperparathyroidism; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 3 mmol/L with or without symptoms; or
  - 2.2 Patient has hypercalcaemia of more than 2.85 mmol/L with symptoms; and
- 3 Surgery is not feasible or has failed; and
- 4 Patient has other comorbidities, severe bone pain, or calciphylaxis.

#### Initiation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- All of the following:
  - 1 Either:
    - 1.1 Patient has tertiary hyperparathyroidism and markedly elevated parathyroid hormone (PTH) with hypercalcaemia; or
    - 1.2 Patient has symptomatic secondary hyperparathyroidism and elevated PTH; and
  - 2 Patient is on renal replacement therapy; and
  - 3 Any of the following:
    - 3.1 Residual parathyroid tissue has not been localised despite repeat unsuccessful parathyroid explorations; or
    - 3.2 Parathyroid tissue is surgically inaccessible; or
    - 3.3 Parathyroid surgery is not feasible.

### Continuation - secondary or tertiary hyperparathyroidism

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had a kidney transplant, and following a treatment free interval of at least 12 weeks a clinically acceptable parathyroid hormone (PTH) level to support ongoing cessation of treatment has not been reached; or
- 2 The patient has not received a kidney transplant and trial of withdrawal of cinacalcet is clinically inappropriate.

#### ZOLEDRONIC ACID

Ini	4 ma per 5 ml vial	– 5% DV Jun-23 to 2024	 1	Zoledronic acid Viatris
ш	4 mg per 5 mi, viai	- 5 /0 DV JUII-23 LU 2024.	 1	

# Corticosteroids

#### BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

### BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

#### DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg – <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b>	30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	25 ml	Biomed

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		10	HameIn
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		10	Hameln
LUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		100	Florinef
YDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg	8 10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg		100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024		1	Solu-Cortef
/ETHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg	112.00	100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 125 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 1 g vial		1	Solu-Medrol
IETHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		5	Depo-Medrol
PREDNISOLONE			
Oral lig 5 mg per ml – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml		00 111	noulpiou
REDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg	18 58	500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 2.5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 5 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
Tab 20 mg		500	Prednisone Clinect
RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 10% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Kenacort-A 40
RIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			

Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

# Hormone Replacement Therapy

## 

OESTRADIOL			
Tab 1 mg			
Patch 25 mcg per day	6.12	8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day	7.04	8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day	7.91	8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day	7.91	8	Estradot
OESTRADIOL VALERATE			
Tab 1 mg		84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg	12.36	84	Progynova
OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)			
Tab 300 mcg			
Tab 625 mcg			

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparation		Per	Manufacturer	
5	ns			
<ul> <li>DESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE         <ul> <li>Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate</li> <li>Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate</li> <li>(12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)</li> </ul> </li> <li>DESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE         <ul> <li>Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesteron acetate</li> <li>Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	ne			
Progestogens				
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 2.5 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 10 mg		30 100 30	Provera Provera Provera	
Other Endocrine Agents				
CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 0.5 mg	4.43	2	Dostinex Dostinex	
→ Restricted (RS1855) nitiation	17.94	0	Dosullex	
Any of the following: 1 Inhibition of lactation; or 2 Patient has hyperprolactinemia; or 3 Patient has acromegaly. Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. CLOMIFENE CITRATE Tab 50 mg 	29.84	10	Mylan Clomiphen	
Other Oestrogen Preparations				
DESTRADIOL Implant 50 mg				
DESTRIOL Tab 2 mg  – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>	7.70	30	Ovestin	
Other Progestogen Preparations				
MEDROXYPROGESTERONE Tab 100 mg		100	Provera HD	

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NORETHISTERONE			
Tab 5 mg	5.49	30	Primolut N
Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogu	es		
CORTICORELIN (OVINE)			
Inj 100 mcg vial			
THYROTROPIN ALFA Inj 900 mcg vial			
Adrenocorticotropic Hormones			
TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN]			<b>_</b>
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		1	Synacthen Synacthen Depot
			Cyndollion Dopol
GnRH Agonists and Antagonists			
BUSERELIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial GONADORELIN			
Inj 100 mcg vial			
GOSERELIN			
Implant 3.6 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	65.68 66.48	1	Teva <b>Zoladex</b>
Implant 10.8 mg, syringe - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1	Teva
(Teva Implant 3.6 mg, syringe to be delisted 1 April 2024)	138.23		Zoladex
(Teva Implant 10.8 mg, syringe to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
LEUPRORELIN ACETATE			
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe		1	Lucrin Depot 1-month Lucrin Depot 3-month
		1	Eddin Depot o month
Gonadotrophins			
CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA			
Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Growth Hormone			
SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below			
<ul> <li>Inj 5 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</li> <li>Inj 10 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</li> </ul>		1	Omnitrope
<ul> <li>Inj 10 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</li> <li>Inj 15 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</li> </ul>		1	Omnitrope Omnitrope
➡ Restricted (RS1826)			
Initiation – growth hormone deficiency in children Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Either:			

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or
- 2 All of the following:
  - Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
  - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
  - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
  - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
  - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

### Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

#### Initiation – Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

#### Continuation – Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* 

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

#### Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

### Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

#### Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

#### Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

#### Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

#### Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup> as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
  - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m<sup>2</sup>/day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.

#### Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

#### Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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- continued...
  - 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
  - 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

### Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Both:
    - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
    - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
  - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

#### Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

#### Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

### Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

#### Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

#### Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* 

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
  - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
  - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
  - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
  - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
  - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
  - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 3 All of the following:
  - 3.1 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for somatropin for childhood deficiency in children and no longer meets the renewal criteria under this indication; and
  - 3.2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
  - 3.3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
  - 3.4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
  - 3.5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until the serum IGF-I is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

# **Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations**

#### CARBIMAZOLE

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t Item restricted (see → above); ↓ Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ODINE				
Soln BP 50 mg per ml				
EVOTHYROXINE				
Tab 25 mcg				
Tab 50 mcg Tab 100 mcg				
5				
LOTHYRONINE SODIUM Tab 20 mcg				
→ Restricted (RS1301)				
nitiation				
For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cance	er who are du	e to receive	radioiodir	ne therapy.
Inj 20 mcg vial				
Inj 100 mcg vial				
POTASSIUM IODATE				
Tab 170 mg				
POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE				
Cap 200 mg				
PROPYLTHIOURACIL – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 50 mg		35.00	100	PTU
→ Restricted (RS1276)				
nitiation Both:				
1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and				
2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is ca	ontraindicated	l.		
PROTIRELIN				
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
Vasopressin Agents				
ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]				
Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
DESMOPRESSIN				
Wafer 120 mcg		47.00	30	Minirin Melt
DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE				
Tab 100 mcg			30	Minirin
Tab 200 mcg			30	Minirin
Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		34.95	6 ml	Desmopressin-PH&T
Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml				
Masar urops 100 mcg per mi				

FERLIPRESSIN			
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule	215.00	5	Glypressin



	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
MIKACIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	21.43	1	Biomed
Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	100.05	5	DBL Amikacin
Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		Э	DDL AMIKACIN
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ialist		
ENTAMICIN SULPHATE	ialist		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	05.00	5	DBL Gentamicin
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		10	Pfizer
		10	1 11261
AROMOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below	100.00	16	Humotin
Cap 250 mg • Restricted (RS1603)		ίb	Humatin
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologi	iet		
	151		
TREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule  Restricted (RS1043)			
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ialist		
OBRAMYCIN	lanot		
Powder			
▶ Restricted (RS1475)			
itiation			
or addition to orthopaedic bone cement.			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV Jul-23 to 2024	18.50	5	Tobramycin Mylan
		Ŭ	Viatris
Restricted (RS1044)			
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ialist		
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Restricted (RS1044)			
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ialist		
Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml - 5% DV Dec-23 to 202	<b>26</b>	56 dose	Tobramycin BNM
Restricted (RS1435)			-
itiation			
atient has cystic fibrosis.			
Fobramycin Mylan Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial to be delisted 1 January	2024)		
Carbapenems			
RTAPENEM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 q vial	70.00	1	Invanz
<ul> <li>Restricted (RS1045)</li> </ul>		I	IIIVdIIZ
linical microhiologist or intectious disease energialist			
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Inical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist /IPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms on the next pa Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial	•	1	Imipenem+Cilastatin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1046) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist MEROPENEM – Restricted see terms below			
<ul> <li>Inj 500 mg vial</li> <li>Inj 1 g vial</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1047)</li> <li>Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist</li> </ul>		10 10	Meropenem-AFT Meropenem-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation			
CEFALEXIN			
CerALEXIV Cap 250 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Cap 500 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025 Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	5.85 7.88 11.75	20 20 100 ml 100 ml	Cephalexin ABM Cephalexin ABM Flynn Cefalexin Sandoz
	10.38		Flynn
CEFAZOLIN Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	3.59	5 5 5	Cefazolin-AFT Cefazolin-AFT Cefazolin-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation			
CEFACLOR Cap 250 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 CEFOXITIN Inj 1 g vial CEFUROXIME Tab 250 mg		100 100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Inj 750 mg vial Inj 1.5 g vial		10 10	Cefuroxime-AFT Cefuroxime-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation			
CEFOTAXIME Inj 500 mg vial Inj 1 g vial – <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</b>		1 10	Cefotaxime Sandoz DBL Cefotaxime
CEFTAZIDIME - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	25.80 2.69	10 1	Ceftazidime Kabi Ceftazidime-AFT
(Ceftazidime-AFT Inj 1 g vial to be delisted 1 December 2023) → Restricted (RS1048) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special CEFTRIAXONE			
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	0.79	1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	3.59	5 5	Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT
-			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generat	ion		
CEFEPIME – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 → <b>Restricted</b> (RS1049) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist		10 10	Cefepime Kabi Cefepime Kabi
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generat	ion		
CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL – Restricted see terms below Inj 600 mg vial	1,834.25	10	Zinforo
<ol> <li>for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or</li> <li>for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity</li> </ol>	to standard current therap	oies.	
Macrolides			
AZITHROMYCIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Tab 500 mg – 1% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml) → Restricted (RS1598) nitiation – bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis a Any of the following:	16.97	2 15 ml ium infec	Zithromax Zithromax tions
<ol> <li>Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or</li> <li>Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophy</li> <li>Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Ps negative organisms*; or</li> <li>Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.</li> </ol>	laxis for bronchiolitis oblite	erans sync	rome*; or
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications <b>nitiation – non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*</b> Respiratory specialist or paediatrician Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:			
<ol> <li>For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bron</li> <li>Patient is aged 18 and under; and</li> <li>Either:</li> </ol>	chiectasis*; and		
<ul><li>3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bro</li><li>3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for to</li><li>12 month period.</li></ul>			
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maibrois will be subsidised in the community.	aximum of 24 months of a	zithromyc	n treatment for non-cystic

 Price (ex man. excl. GST	)	Brand or Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis\*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

#### Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

#### Continuation – other indications

*Re-assessment required after 5 days* For any other condition.

#### CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	14	Klacid
t	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	14	Klacid
	Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml	50 ml	Klacid
		1	Martindale

→ Restricted (RS1709)

#### Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or
- 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surgical or dental procedures if amoxicillin is contra-indicated.

#### Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

#### Initiation – Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

#### ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

Tab 400 mg	16.95	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	5.00	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	6.77	100 ml	E-Mycin
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) Inj 1 g vial – <b>5% DV Dec-22 to 2025</b>	10.00	1	Erythrocin IV
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only → Tab 250 mg → Tab 500 mg		I	
ROXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms on the next page			
Tab dispersible 50 mg			
Tab 150 mg – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	13.19	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2026	25.00	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

## → Restricted (RS1569)

### Initiation

92

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.

# Penicillins

AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg		500	Alphamox
Cap 500 mg		500	Alphamox
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial		10	lbiamox
Inj 500 mg vial		10	lbiamox
Inj 1 g vial	21.64	10	lbiamox
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		10	Curam Duo 500/125
Grans for oral liq 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml		100 ml	Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		10	Amoxiclav multichem
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 .	26.90	10	Amoxiclav multichem
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN			
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe	375.97	10	Bicillin LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	16.50	10	Sandoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN			
Cap 250 mg – 5% DV May-22 to 2024	15 70	250	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV May-22 to 2024		500	Flucloxacillin-AFT
Grans for oral lig 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial		10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Flucil
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg – <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b>	3 84	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b>		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral lig 125 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral lig 250 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		100 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial − 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	3 59	1	PipTaz-AFT
→ Restricted (RS1053)	0.00		
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist			
PROCAINE PENICILLIN			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe			
, , , , ,			
TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial Participated (BS1054)			
→ Restricted (RS1054)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist			

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Quinolones			
CIPROFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below			
I Tab 250 mg	2.42	28	Cipflox
↓ Tab 500 mg	3.40	28	Cipflox
I Tab 750 mg	5.95	28	Cipflox
Oral liq 50 mg per ml			
Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		10	Ciprofloxacin Kabi
(Cipflox Tab 500 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
→ Restricted (RS1055)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
MOXIFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 400 mg		5	Avelox
Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		1	Moxifloxacin Kabi
	413.40	10	Moxifloxacin Kabi
(Moxifloxacin Kabi Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle to be delisted	1 February 2024)		
→ Restricted (RS1644)			
Initiation – Mycobacterium infection			
nfectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory	specialist		
Any of the following:			
1 Both:			
1.1 Active tuberculosis; and			
1.2 Any of the following:			
1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-			
1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-lir	,		
area with known resistance), as part of regir	v	nd-line a	gents; or
1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclu	· · ·	a madia	tiono, or
1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepa			
1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or s or	ide effects following a rea	sonable	that of first-line medications;
2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not respondir	a to other therapy or who	ra cuah t	horany is contraindicated: or
3 Patient is under five years of age and has had close contain			
Initiation – Pneumonia		rug rooic	
Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist			
Either:			
<ol> <li>Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unres</li> </ol>	nonsive to first-line treatm	ent: or	
2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococca			antihiotics
nitiation – Penetrating eye injury			
Dphthalmologist			
Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a	penetrating eve injury.		
nitiation – Mycoplasma genitalium	oononaan goojo nijal ji		
All of the following:			
1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Myco	oplasma genitalium and is	sympton	natic: and
2 Either:	piasina germanani ana 15	-,	
2.1 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithron	nvcin: or		
2.2 Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance;			
3 Treatment is only for 7 days.			

3 Treatment is only for 7 days.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NORFLOXACIN			
Tab 400 mg		100	Arrow-Norfloxacin
Tetracyclines			
DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg			
DOXYCYCLINE → Tab 50 mg – Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	64.43	500	Doxine
MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg – <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only TETRACYCLINE			
Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg		28	Accord
TIGECYCLINE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg vial → <b>Restricted</b> (RS1059) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Other Antibacterials			
AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 1 g vial		10	Azactam
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CLINDAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below Cap 150 mg Oral lig 15 mg per ml	5.30	24	Dalacin C
<ul> <li>Inj 150 mg per Imi, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1061)</li> <li>Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist</li> </ul>	35.10	10	Hameln
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] – Restricted Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	65.00	1	Colistin-Link
Inj 500 mg vial – 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	243.52	1	Cubicin
(Cubicin Inj 500 mg vial to be delisted 1 January 2024) → Restricted (RS1063) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	115.36		Daptomycin Dr Reddy's

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	) Per	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FOSFOMYCIN – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			o a UroEco
<ul> <li>Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet</li> <li>Restricted (RS1315)</li> </ul>			e.g. UroFos
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1065)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		10	Zyvox
Oral liq 20 mg per ml		150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		10	Linezolid Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1066)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
METHENAMINE (HEXAMINE) HIPPURATE Tab 1 g – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	10.05	100	Hiprov
		100	Hiprex
NITROFURANTOIN Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2024	22.20	100	Nifuran
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2024		100	Nifuran
Cap modified-release 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		100	Macrobid
PIVMECILLINAM – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
Tab 200 mg			
➡ Restricted (RS1322)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg		36	Fucidin
→ Restricted (RS1064)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULPHADIAZINE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			
<ul> <li>Restricted (RS1067)</li> <li>Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal</li> </ul>	modicino coocialist		
	medicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 400 mg vial – 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024	49.95	1	Targocid
→ Restricted (RS1068)			Talgoola
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOL	.E]		
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2	<b>2024</b> 64.80	500	Trisul
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml	2.97	100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
VANCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	3.38	1	Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1069)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			



	Price (ex man. excl.			Brand or Generic
	\$	Pe	er	Manufacturer
Antifungals				
Imidazoles				
CETOCONAZOLE ↓ Tab 200 mg <b>→ Restricted</b> (RS1410) Dncologist				
Polyene Antimycotics				
MPHOTERICIN B Inj (liposomal) 50 mg vial		0 1	0	AmBisome
→ Restricted (RS1071)				
nitiation Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis Sither:	t, oncologist, respira	atory speci	alist c	or transplant specialist
<ol> <li>Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescrib</li> <li>Both:</li> </ol>	oed under an establi	shed proto	ocol; c	or
<ul><li>2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and</li><li>2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious distreatment to be appropriate.</li></ul>	ease physician or a	clinical mi	crobic	ologist) considers the
Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1316) Slinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis	t, oncologist, respira	atory speci	alist c	or transplant specialist
→ Restricted (RS1316)	t, oncologist, respira	atory speci	alist c	or transplant specialist
→ Restricted (RS1316) Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis IVSTATIN Tab 500,000 u		95	0	Nilstat
→ Restricted (RS1316) Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis IVSTATIN		95		
→ Restricted (RS1316) Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis IVSTATIN Tab 500,000 u		95	0	Nilstat
→ Restricted (RS1316) Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis IYSTATIN Tab 500,000 u Cap 500,000 u		95	0	Nilstat
→ Restricted (RS1316)  Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis  IYSTATIN Tab 500,000 u Cap 500,000 u  Triazoles  LUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		9 5 7 5 0 2	0 0 8	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1316) Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis IVSTATIN Tab 500,000 u Cap 500,000 u Triazoles LUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		9 5 7 5 0 2 5 ·	0 0 8 1	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1316)</li> <li>Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis</li> <li>DIYSTATIN         <ul> <li>Tab 500,000 u</li> <li>Cap 500,000 u</li> <li>Triazoles</li> </ul> </li> <li>ELUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below         <ul> <li>Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</li></ul></li></ul>		9 5 7 5 0 2 5 2	0 0 8 1 8	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Mylan
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1316)</li> <li>Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis</li> <li>IYSTATIN         <ul> <li>Tab 500,000 u</li> <li>Cap 500,000 u</li> <li>Triazoles</li> </ul> </li> <li>FUUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below         <ul> <li>Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</li></ul></li></ul>		9 5 7 5 0 2 5 - 0 2 2 35	0 0 8 1 8 ml	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Mylan Diflucan
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1316)</li> <li>Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis</li> <li>IYSTATIN         <ul> <li>Tab 500,000 u</li> <li>Cap 500,000 u</li> <li>Triazoles</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cup 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</li></ul>	17.0 15.4 4.1 4.1 	9 5 7 5 0 2 5 2 2 35 1 -	0 0 8 1 8 ml 1	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Mylan Diflucan Fluconazole-Baxter
<ul> <li>Restricted (RS1316)</li> <li>Plinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis</li> <li>PIYSTATIN         <ul> <li>Tab 500,000 u</li> <li>Cap 500,000 u</li> <li>Cap 500,000 u</li> </ul> </li> <li>Triazoles         <ul> <li>LUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below</li> <li>Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026.</li> <li>Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026.</li> <li>Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026.</li> <li>Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026.</li> <li>Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026.</li> <li>Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026.</li> <li>Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial.</li> <li>Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	17.0 15.4 4.1 4.1 	9 5 7 5 0 2 5 2 2 35 1 -	0 0 8 1 8 ml	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Mylan Diflucan
	17.0 15.4 4.1 4.1 	9 5 7 5 0 2 5 2 2 35 1 -	0 0 8 1 8 ml 1	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Mylan Diflucan Fluconazole-Baxter
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1316)</li> <li>Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis</li> <li>Divide the special s</li></ul>	17.0 15.4 4.1 4.1 	9 5 7 5 0 2 5 2 2 35 1 -	0 0 8 1 8 ml 1	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Mylan Diflucan Fluconazole-Baxter
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1316)</li> <li>Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis</li> <li>Divide the special s</li></ul>	17.0 15.4 4.1 0.4 8.9 129.0 3.1 3.8	9 5 7 5 0 2 2 35 1 - 3 -	0 0 8 1 8 ml 1	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Diflucan Fluconazole-Baxter Fluconazole-Baxter
Restricted (RS1316)  Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis  IVSTATIN     Tab 500,000 u     Cap 500,000 u  Triazoles  LUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below  Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026  Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026  Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026  Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026  Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026  I Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026  I Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026  I Cap 200 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026  I Cap 100 mg er 5 ml  Restricted (RS1072)  Consultant  RACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below  I Cap 100 mg	17.0 15.4 4.1 0.4 8.9 129.0 3.1 3.8	9 5 7 5 0 2 2 35 1 - 3 -	0 0 8 1 8 ml 1	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Mylan Diflucan Fluconazole-Baxter
Restricted (RS1316) Sinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis IVSTATIN Tab 500,000 uCap 500,000 uCap 500,000 uCap 500,000 uCap 500,000 uCap 500,000 uCap 500 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	17.0 15.4 4.1 0.4 8.9 129.0 3.1 3.8	9 5 7 5 0 2 2 35 1 - 3 -	0 0 8 1 8 ml 1	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Diflucan Fluconazole-Baxter Fluconazole-Baxter
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1316)</li> <li>Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis</li> <li>DIYSTATIN         <ul> <li>Tab 500,000 u</li> <li>Cap 500,000 u</li> <li>Cap 500,000 u</li> <li>Cap 500,000 u</li> <li>Triazoles</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cultor Song - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</li></ul>	17.0 15.4 4.1 4.1 4.1 	9 5 7 5 0 2 5 2 3 5 3 - 3 1	0 0 8 1 8 ml 1	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Diflucan Fluconazole-Baxter Fluconazole-Baxter
Restricted (RS1316) Sinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis IVSTATIN Tab 500,000 uCap 500,000 uCap 500,000 uCap 500,000 uCap 500,000 uCap 500,000 uCap 500 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	17.0 15.4 4.1 4.1 4.1 	9 5 7 5 0 2 5 2 3 5 3 - 3 1	0 0 8 1 8 ml 1	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Diflucan Fluconazole-Baxter Fluconazole-Baxter
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1316)</li> <li>Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis</li> <li>DIYSTATIN         <ul> <li>Tab 500,000 u</li> <li>Cap 500,000 u</li> <li>Cap 500,000 u</li> <li>Cap 500,000 u</li> <li>Triazoles</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cultor Song - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</li></ul>	17.0 15.4 4.1 4.1 	9 5 7 5 0 2 5 2 3 5 3 - 3 1 3 1 ialist	0 0 8 1 8 ml 1	Nilstat Nilstat Mylan Mylan Diflucan Fluconazole-Baxter Fluconazole-Baxter

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer	(ex	Price k man. excl. G \$		Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
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#### ⇒ Restricted (RS1074)

#### Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist *Re-assessment required after 6 weeks* Both:

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
  - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

#### Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
  - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
  - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

### VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 50 mg91.00	56	Vttack
	Tab 200 mg	56	Vttack
	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml	70 ml	Vfend
t	Inj 200 mg vial - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	1	AFT

→ Restricted (RS1075)

#### Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

### Initiation – Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

### Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
  - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

## **Other Antifungals**

CA	SPOFUNGIN – Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Inj 50 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1	Alchemy Caspofungin
t	Inj 70 mg vial - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1	Alchemy Caspofungin

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	(ex man	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1076)					
<b>nitiation</b> Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, or Either:	icologist, r	espira	atory sp	oecialist o	r transplant specialist
<ol> <li>Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed</li> <li>Both:</li> </ol>	under an e	establi	shed p	rotocol; o	r
<ul><li>2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and</li><li>2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease treatment to be appropriate.</li></ul>	e physiciai	n or a	clinical	microbio	logist) considers the
ELUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 500 mg ↓ Cap 500 mg → Restricted (RS1279) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist TERBINAFINE					
Tab 250 mg – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		8.9	7	84	Deolate
Antimycobacterials					
Antileprotics					
CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below Cap 50 mg → Restricted (RS1077) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg → Restricted (RS1078) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist				100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics					
BEDAQUILINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg		084.5 <sup>.</sup> 162.00		24 188	Sirturo Sirturo
Restricted (RS1977) nitiation – multi-drug resistant tuberculosis imited to 6 months treatment Both:					
<ol> <li>The person has multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB); ar</li> <li>Manatū Hauora - Ministry of Health's Tuberculosis Clinical Net bedaquiline as part of the treatment regimen.</li> </ol>		review	ed the	individua	I case and recommends
CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below Cap 250 mg → Restricted (RS1079) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms on the n					
Tab 100 mg Tab 400 mg		49.34	4	56	Myambutol

98

	F	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man.	excl. GST)	Dev	Generic	
		\$	Per	Manufacturer	
→ Restricted (RS1080)	liet				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	llist				
ISONIAZID – Restricted see terms below			400	5011	
↓ Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		.23.00	100	PSM	
→ Restricted (RS1281) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physic	ion or in	tornal madia	ina nhuai	aian	
	an or in	temai medic	ine priysi	cian	
ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below		00.00	100	Difinals	
<ul> <li>Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg</li> <li>Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</li> </ul>			100 100	Rifinah <b>Rifinah</b>	
<ul> <li>Tab 150 mg with manipicin 500 mg − 5% bV 5an-22 to 2024</li> <li>⇒ Restricted (RS1282)</li> </ul>	•••••	179.13	100	niiiidii	
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physic	ian or in	ternal medic	ine nhvsi	cian	
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			ine priysi	Cian	
Grans for oral lig 4 g	,	280.00	30	Paser	
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1083)</li> </ul>		200.00	50	1 4301	
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	alist				
PROTIONAMIDE – Restricted see terms below					
↓ Tab 250 mg	:	305.00	100	Peteha	
➡ Restricted (RS1084)		500.00	100	i otona	
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list				
PYRAZINAMIDE – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 500 mg					
➡ Restricted (RS1085)					
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list				
RIFABUTIN – Restricted see terms below					
↓ Cap 150 mg		353.71	30	Mycobutin	
➡ Restricted (RS1086)					
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist of	or respire	atory speciali	st		
RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms below					
Cap 150 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			100	Rifadin	
Cap 300 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			100	Rifadin	
↓ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026			60 ml	Rifadin	
Inj 600 mg vial − 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	······	134.98	1	Rifadin	
→ Restricted (RS1087) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paedi	otricion	or public bor	lth physic	aian	
	alliciali		aun priysi	Ciali	
Antiparasitics					
Anthelmintics					
ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below					
↓ Tab 200 mg					
↓ Tab 400 mg					
→ Restricted (RS1088)					
Clinical microbiologict or integrations diseases encouglist					

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

- IVERMECTIN Restricted see terms below

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEBENDAZOLE Tab 100 mg – <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b> Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml PRAZIQUANTEL Tab 600 mg	7.97	6	Vermox
Antiprotozoals			
ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE – Restricted see terms belov I Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg Restricted (RS1090) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ARTESUNATE – Restricted see terms below I nj 60 mg vial Restricted (RS1091) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg Restricted (RS1092) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below I Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1093) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or m MEFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below I Tab 250 mg Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or m MEFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below	rd see terms below 25.00 64.00	12 12	Malarone Junior Malarone
METRONIDAZOLE Tab 200 mg		250	Metrogyl
Tab 400 mg		21	Metrogyl
Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	Flagyl-S
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		10 10	Baxter
Suppos 500 mg	24.40	10	Flagyl
NITAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 500 mg ↓ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml → Restricted (RS1095) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	1,680.00	30	Alinia
ORNIDAZOLE Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE - Restricted see terms below		10	Arrow-Ornidazole
<ul> <li>Inj 300 mg vial</li> <li>⇒ Restricted (RS1096)</li> <li>Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist</li> <li>PRIMAQUINE - Restricted see terms on the next page</li> <li>Tab 15 mg</li> <li>Tab 7.5 mg</li> </ul>	216.00	5	Pentacarinat

	Price			
		(ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per		
→ Restricted (RS1097)				

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

PYRIMETHAMINE - Restricted see terms below

- ↓ Tab 25 mg
- → Restricted (RS1098)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal medicine specialist

QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule
- Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1099)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

#### → Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 500 mg

→ Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

## Antiretrovirals

### Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

#### → Restricted (RS1898)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

#### Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

# Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
  - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

### Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

EF	AVIRENZ – Restricted see terms above			
t	Tab 200 mg	190.15	90	Stocrin
t	Tab 600 mg	63.38	30	
t	Oral liq 30 mg per ml			

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ETRAVIRINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		60	Nevirapine Alphapharm
t Oral suspension 10 mg per ml	203.55	240 ml	Nevirapine Viatris Viramune Suspension

# **Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors**

## ➡ Restricted (RS1899)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

## Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

# Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

Both:

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- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
  - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

#### Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ABACAVIR SULPHATE         - Restricted see terms above           1         Tab 300 mg		Ziagen Ziagen
ABACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above <b>1</b> Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	50 30	Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris
EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted t Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg	see terms above	9
(300 mg as a maleate)106.8	38 30	Mylan Viatris
(Mylan Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300 r 2023)	ng as a maleate)	to be delisted 1 December
EMTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms above t Cap 200 mg	20 30	Emtriva
LAMIVUDINE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms above <b>t</b> Tab 150 mg – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b> 98.0 <b>t</b> Oral liq 10 mg per ml	00 60	Lamivudine Viatris

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page Cap 30 mg Cap 40 mg Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml			
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] - Restricted see terms on the previous page         Cap 100 mg         Oral liq 10 mg per ml         Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	30.45 750.00	100 200 ml 5	Retrovir Retrovir Retrovir IV
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms on Tab 300 mg with lamivudine 150 mg		60	Alphapharm Lamivudine/Zidovudine Viatris

## **Protease Inhibitors**

#### → Restricted (RS1900)

## Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

### Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

### Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

### Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to HIV

#### Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or receptive vaginal intercourse with a known HIV positive person with an unknown or detectable viral load greater than 200 copies per ml; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required; or
  - 2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a person from a high HIV prevalence country or risk group whose HIV status is unknown.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-management/pep/).

#### Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

#### ATAZANAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms above

t Cap 150 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		60	Atazanavir Mylan
t Cap 200 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	110.00	60	Atazanavir Mylan
DARUNAVIR – Restricted see terms above			
t Tab 400 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	132.00	60	Darunavir Mylan
	150.00		Darunavir Viatris
t Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		60	Darunavir Viatris
(Darunavir Mylan Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 January 2024)			

INDINAVIR - Restricted see terms above

- t Cap 200 mg
- 1 Cap 400 mg

INFECTIONS

	(ex mar	Price n. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the p	revious page			
Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		.150.00	60	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		.295.00	120	Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan
RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page				
Tab 100 mg		43.31	30	Norvir
Strand Transfer Inhibitors				
→ Restricted (RS1901)				
nitiation – Confirmed HIV Patient has confirmed HIV infection.				
nitiation – Prevention of maternal transmission				
Either:				
1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or				
2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks. nitiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following exposure to				
Both:				
1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post expo 2 Any of the following:	osure; and			
2.1 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse or red			e with a kr	nown HIV positive person
with an unknown or detectable viral load greater the				<b>A</b> *
<ul><li>2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipmen</li><li>2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the</li></ul>				
prophylaxis is required; or			ino non a	
2.4 Patient has had condomless anal intercourse with a whose HIV status is unknown.	a person from	a high HIV p	prevalenc	e country or risk group
Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society		Hepatitis and	d Sexual I	Health Medicine clinical
guidelines for PEP (https://www.ashm.org.au/hiv/hiv-managemen nitiation – Percutaneous exposure	t/pep/).			
Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV pos	sitive.			
DOLUTEGRAVIR – <b>Restricted</b> see terms above				
Tab 50 mg	1	,090.00	30	Tivicay
RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM - Restricted see terms above				
Tab 400 mg			60	Isentress
t Tab 600 mg	1	,090.00	60	Isentress HD
Antivirals				
Hepatitis B				
ENTECAVIR				
		40.04	~~	

ENTECAVIR Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	12.04 52.00	30	Entecavir (Rex) Entecavir Sandoz
(Entecavir Sandoz Tab 0.5 mg to be delisted 1 March 2024)			
LAMIVUDINE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	12.06	28	Zetlam
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	.270.00	240 ml	Zeffix

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Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil Mylan
Tenofovir Disoproxil Mylan Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) to be delisted 1 Februar	y 2024)	Tenofovir Disoproxil Viatris
Hepatitis C		
SLECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR Note: the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Pharmac's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/maviret.	Further deta	ils can be found on
Tab 100 mg with pibrentasvir 40 mg24,750.00	84	Maviret
EDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below Tab 90 mg with sofosbuvir 400 mg24,363.46	28	Harvoni
<ul> <li>Restricted (RS1528)</li> <li>Iote: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCT lepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Acce harmaceutical Schedule).</li> </ul>		
Herpesviridae		
CICLOVIR         Tab dispersible 200 mg         - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025         1.78           Tab dispersible 400 mg         - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025         5.81           Tab dispersible 800 mg         - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025         6.46           Inj 250 mg vial         - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024         10.00	25 56 35 5	Lovir Lovir Lovir Aciclovir-Baxter
IDOFOVIR - <b>Restricted</b> see terms below Inj 25 mg per ml, 5 ml vial <b>◆ Restricted</b> (RS1108) Sinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologist or oral surgeon	Ũ	
OSCARNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle • Restricted (RS1109) Ilinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist		
ANCICLOVIR – Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg vial	5	Cymevene
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ALACICLOVIR		
Tab 500 mg <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b> 6.50           Tab 1,000 mg <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b> 13.76	30 30	Vaclovir Vaclovir
ALGANCICLOVIR – Restricted see terms below Tab 450 mg – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2024	60	Valganciclovir Mylan Valganciclovir Viatris
Valganciclovir Mylan Tab 450 mg to be delisted 1 February 2024) → Restricted (RS1799)		
nitiation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Re-assessment required after 3 months		
Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prop	ohylaxis.	

INFECTIONS

Price	0.07)	Brand o	
(ex man. excl. \$	GST) P	Generic er Manufac	

## Continuation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

1 Both

- 1.1 Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and
- 1.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis: and
- 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone.

### Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Relevant specialist

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
  - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and
- 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease.

## Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised: and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
  - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
  - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

## HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms below Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil
→ Restricted (RS1902) Initiation – Confirmed HIV		Emtricitabine Viatr

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

#### Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl. (	GST)		Generic
	\$	P	er	Manufacturer

2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

#### Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

### Initiation – Pre-exposure prophylaxis

## Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
- 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

## Continuation – Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 24 months

- Both:
  - 1 Patient has tested HIV negative, does not have signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection and has been assessed for HIV seroconversion; and
  - 2 The Practitioner considers the patient is at elevated risk of HIV exposure and use of PrEP is clinically appropriate.

Note: Refer to local health pathways or the Australasian Society for HIV, Viral Hepatitis and Sexual Health Medicine clinical guidelines (https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/)

## Influenza

#### OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- I Tab 75 mg
- Fowder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml

#### → Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Te Whatu Ora Hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1369)

Initiation

#### Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a Te Whatu Ora Hospital approved infections control plan.

## **COVID-19 Treatments**

МО	DLNUPIRAVIR - Restricted see terms on the next page				
t	Cap 200 mg	0.00	40	Lagevrio	

	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1893)					
nitiation					
only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.			'		
'harmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac		re info	rmatio	n about f	this and stock availability.
IIRMATRELVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms below					
Tab 150 mg with ritonavir 100 mg		0.00	)	30	Paxlovid
→ Restricted (RS1894) nitiation					
Infation Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.	nz/covid oral a	ntivira	le) Ma	oto tho c	upply of troatmont is via
harmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac.					
	website for more		maio	about	i no and slock availability.
EMDESIVIR - Restricted see terms below	at a past of CO	00 00	ata al ( l		a nurahaaad diraatlu hu
Note: Remdesivir to be provided to Te Whatu Ora Hospitals Pharmac.	at a cost of \$0.	oo as	SLOCK	las beer	i purchased directly by
Inj 100 mg vial	-	760 57	,	1	Veklury
Restricted (RS1912)		50.57			v oniur y
nitiation – Treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19					
Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.	.nz/covid-oral-a	ntivira	ls). No	ote the s	upply of treatment is via
harmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac					
nitiation – COVID-19 in hospitalised patients					
herapy limited to 5 doses					
Il of the following:					
1 Patient is hospitalised with confirmed (or probable) sympto	omatic COVID-	19; an	d		
2 Patient is considered to be at high risk of progression to se	evere disease;	and			
3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 7 days; and					
4 Patient does not require, or is not expected to require, me	chanical ventila				
5 Not to be used in conjunction with other funded COVID-19	antiviral treatn	nents;	and		
<ul><li>5 Not to be used in conjunction with other funded COVID-19</li><li>6 Treatment not to exceed five days.</li></ul>	antiviral treatn	nents;	and		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days.	9 antiviral treatn	nents;	and		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators	antiviral treatn	nents;	and		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B	9 antiviral treatn	nents;	ano		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen	entiviral treatn	nents;	and		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen	entiviral treatn	nents;	and		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen	e antiviral treatn	nents;	and		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below	9 antiviral treatn	nents;	and		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial	9 antiviral treatn	nents;	and		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial * Restricted (RS1113)	9 antiviral treatn	nents;	and		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial * Restricted (RS1113) nitiation		nents;	and		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial * Restricted (RS1113) nitiation atient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interference	on gamma.	nents;	and		
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial * Restricted (RS1113) initiation latient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon EGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A – Restricted see terms below	on gamma. below				
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below [ Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial • Restricted (RS1113) initiation Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interfered EGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A – Restricted see terms below [ Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe	on gamma. below			4	Pegasys
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial Restricted (RS1113) initiation Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interfered EGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A – Restricted see terms below Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe	on gamma. below	500.00	)	-	0,1
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below I Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial Restricted (RS1113) itiation Ratient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interfered EGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A – Restricted see terms below Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe	on gamma. below	500.00	)	-	0,1
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below I Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial * Restricted (RS1113) nitation attent has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferod EGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A – Restricted see terms be Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe	on gamma. below	500.00	)	-	0,1
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below I Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial * Restricted (RS1113) nitiation atient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferod IEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A – Restricted see terms be Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe	on gamma. below	500.00	)	-	0,1
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below I Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial * Restricted (RS1113) nitiation attient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferod IEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A – Restricted see terms below I Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe	on gamma. pelow n or co-infecti	500.00	)	-	0,1
6 Treatment not to exceed five days. Immune Modulators NTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen NTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below I Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial * Restricted (RS1113) nitiation atient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferod IEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A – Restricted see terms be Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe	on gamma. below o <b>n or co-infecti</b> stion; or	500.00	)	-	0,1

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/ml.

#### Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
  - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

#### Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
  - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
  - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

#### Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

#### Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
  - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Initiation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma\*; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder\*; and
  - 2.2 Patient is intolerant of hydroxyurea; and
  - 2.3 Treatment with anagrelide and busulfan is not clinically appropriate; or

3 Both:

- 3.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder; and
- 3.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

### Continuation – myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma\*; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder\*; and
    - 3.2.2 Either:
      - 3.2.2.1 Remains intolerant of hydroxyurea and treatment with anagrelide and busulfan remains clinically inappropriate; or
      - 3.2.2.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

Initiation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has ocular surface squamous neoplasia\*.

### Continuation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

#### Initiation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has received an allogeneic bone marrow transplant\* and has evidence of disease relapse.

### Continuation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient is responding and ongoing treatment remains appropriate.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	φ	FEI	Manulacturer
Anticholinesterases			
EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial ↓ Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → <b>Restricted</b> (RS1015) Initiation			
For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.			
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		10	Max Health
NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROM			
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml amp 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE		10	Max Health
Tab 60 mg		100	Mestinon
Antirheumatoid Agents			
HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 200 mg	8.78	100	Plaquenil
Initiation			
<ul> <li>Any of the following:</li> <li>1 Rheumatoid arthritis; or</li> <li>2 Systemic or discoid lupus erythematosus; or</li> <li>3 Malaria treatment or suppression; or</li> <li>4 Relevant dermatological conditions (cutaneous forms of lupus ulceration); or</li> <li>5 Sarcoidosis (pulmonary and non-pulmonary).</li> </ul>	and lichen planus, cu	taneous v	vasculitides and mucosal
Tab 10 mg – <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</b> Tab 20 mg – <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</b>		30 30	Arava Arava
PENICILLAMINE			
Tab 125 mg Tab 250 mg		100 100	D-Penamine D-Penamine
SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule		100	
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism			
Bisphosphonates			
ALENDRONATE SODIUM			_
	2.44	4	Fosamax
ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu	1.51	4	Fosamax Plus

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	94.34	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM Tab 35 mg - <b>5% DV Jun-23 to 2025</b>	2.50	4	Risedronate Sandoz
ZOLEDRONIC ACID Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, bag – 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025		100 ml	Zoledronic Acid Viatris

# **Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism**

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 60 mg prefilled syringe	 1	Prolia
Restricted (RS1665)		

#### Initiation

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All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal; or
  - 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
  - 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
  - 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
  - 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
  - 3.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
  - 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 4 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance is less than 35 mL/min; and
- 5 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes); and
- 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment with any other funded antiresorptive agent for this condition or teriparatide.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with denosumab.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.

continued...

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.
- e) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: risedronate sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

#### 

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

#### TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

#### Initiation

*Limited to 18 months* treatment All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and

continued...

	Price			Brand or
(ex m	nan. exc	I. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- a) The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- b) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- c) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

### Enzymes

### HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

# Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL			
Tab 100 mg	11.47	500	DP-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg	28.57	500	DP-Allopurinol
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 50 mg			
→ Tab 100 mg	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
COLCHICINE			
Tab 500 mcg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	6.00	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 80 mg	20.00	28	Febuxostat multichem
↓ Tab 120 mg	20.00	28	Febuxostat multichem
➡ Restricted (RS1844)			

### Initiation – Gout

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
  - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
  - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); or
  - 2.4 The patient has previously had an initial Special Authority approval for benzbromarone for treatment of gout...

continued...

#### Initiation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient is scheduled to receive cancer therapy carrying an intermediate or high risk of tumour lysis syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has a documented history of allopurinol intolerance.

### Continuation – Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

# **Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents**

#### ATRACURIUM BESYLATE

ATRACURIUM DESTLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule10.0		Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule12.5	50 5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg4.2	20 100	Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule11.5	55 1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	32 5	Medsurge
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial	50 1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial		Dysport
Ini 500 u vial		Dysport
DANTROLENE		51
Cap 25 mg	3 100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg	• • • •	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial		Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE		Dannann
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE		
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6 100	Norflex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	06 10	Hameln
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	0 10	Martindale
		martinuais
VECURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg vial		

Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade		
SUGAMMADEX - Restricted see terms below         Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024	10 10	Sugammadex BNM Sugammadex BNM
<ol> <li>Any of the following:</li> <li>Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sec undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesira</li> <li>Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade;</li> <li>Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires neuromuscular blockade; or</li> <li>The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or</li> <li>Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or</li> <li>Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.</li> </ol>	ble); or ockade is rec s a rapid reve	quired; or ersal of anaesthesia and
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs		
CELECOXIB		
Cap 100 mg - <b>5% DV Nov-22 to 2025</b>	60 30	Celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM		
Tab EC 25 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible	20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg	100	Voltaren SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg	10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg	10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg	10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg	10	Voltaren
TORICOXIB – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below Tab 30 mg		
- ab oo mg		
Tab 90 mg Tab 120 mg		
Tab 120 mg ★ Restricted (RS1592)		
• Restricted (RS1592)		
or in-vivo investigation of allergy only.		
BUPROFEN		
	1,000	Relieve
Tab 200 mg - 1,000 tablet pack – 1% DV Feb-21 to 2024	20	Relieve
Tab 200 mg - 20 tablet pack	20	Helleve
<ul> <li>Tab 600 mg – Restricted: For continuation only</li> <li>Tab 600 mg – Restricted: For continuation only</li> </ul>		
Tab long-acting 800 mg – <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b>	30	Brufen SR
Oral lig 20 mg per ml – 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024	200 ml	Ethics
Oral ily 20 ilig per ili – 5% DV Api-22 to 2024	200 111	LUIICO

Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
INDOMETACIN [INDOMETHACIN] Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg Cap long-acting 75 mg Inj 1 mg vial Suppos 100 mg			
KETOPROFEN Cap long-acting 200 mg MEFENAMIC ACID – <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only → Cap 250 mg	12.07	28	Oruvail SR
NAPROXEN Tab 250 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab long-acting 750 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab long-acting 1 g – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	28.71 6.47	500 250 28 28	Noflam 250 Noflam 500 Naprosyn SR 750 Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB Inj 40 mg vial		10	Dynastat
Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg TENOXICAM Tab 20 mg – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b> Inj 20 mg vial		100 1	<b>Tilcotil</b> AFT
Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain			
CAPSAICIN – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Crm 0.025% → Restricted (RS1309) Initiation	9.75	45 g	Zostrix

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders			
Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related I	Disorders		
<ul> <li>RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below</li> <li>I Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024</li></ul>	ation of 5 years or less		<b>Rilutek</b> e initial application; and
<ul><li>3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or</li><li>3.3 The patient is able to swallow.</li></ul>			
TETRABENAZINE Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		112	Motetis
Anticholinergics			
BENZATROPINE MESYLATE Tab 2 mg Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg		60 5	Benztrop Phebra
Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents			
AMANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 100 mg APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		60 5 5	Symmetrel Movapo Movapo
BROMOCRIPTINE Cap 5 mg ENTACAPONE Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024		100	Comtan

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		100	Madopar 250
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg	21.11	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg		100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg		100	Sinemet
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		100	Ramipex
RASAGILINE			
Tab 1mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024	53.50	30	Azilect
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4.05	84	Ropin
Tab 1 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		84	Ropin
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		84	Ropin
Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		84	Ropin
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation of	nlv		
➡ Tab 5 mg			
TOLCAPONE			
Tab 100 mg		100	Tasmar
Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics			
DEGELUDANE			
DESFLURANE	1 250 00	6	Cuprono
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	1,350.00	6	Suprane
DEXMEDETOMIDINE		_	
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	Dexmedetomidine-Teva
ETOMIDATE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
ISOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	2,730.00	6	Aerrane
KETAMINE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		5	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	70.00	5	Biomed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	Ketalar
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
PROPOFOL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	1 35	5	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025		10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
, gr- , <u></u>		-	

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SEVOFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	930.00	6	Baxter
THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM			
Inj 500 mg ampoule			
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE			
Gel 20%			
BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 18% with tetracaine hydrochloride 2%			e.g. ZAP Topical Anaesthetic Gel
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		_	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	62.50	5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – <b>5% DV Feb-24</b>	to 2026 28.00	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack - 5% by Peb-24		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		Ū	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack		5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	450.00	_	<b></b> .
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial		5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	80.50	5	Marcain with Adrenaline
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag		5	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV J		5	Bunafan
to 2025 Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag – 5% DV J	an-23	5	Bupafen
to 2025		5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	00.00	_	<b>D</b> :
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe		5	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe		5	Biomed
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE	<b>025</b> 06.67	5	Marcain Hoovy
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2	ULJ	5	Marcain Heavy

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	「) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	29.76	1	Biomed
		1	Diomeu
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06% Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			
ETHYL CHLORIDE			
Spray 100%			
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]			
Crm 4%	5.40	5 g	LMX4
	27.00	30 g	LMX4
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 2%	4.87	20 g	Orion
Soln 4%	70.05	<b>50</b> 1	<b>X</b> I I
Spray 10% – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b> Oral (gel) soln 2%		50 ml 200 ml	Xylocaine Muccocotho
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack		200 mi	Mucosoothe
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	9.00	25	Lidocaine-Baxter
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Baxter
Gel 2%, 11 ml urethral syringe - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	59.50	10	Instillagel Lido
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 1% with adreanline 1:100,000, 20 ml vial			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-23			
to 2025		10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge	50.00	5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	60.00	5	Xylocaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%,	AND TETRACAINE	HYDROC	HLORIDE
syringe		1	Topicaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHE Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%	RINE HYDROCHLO	RIDE	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE			
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%		30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg	115.00	20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	45.00	5	EMLA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge		50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge		50	Scandonest 3%
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ing 2 /0 with durenaline 1.100,000, 2.2 mi dental callinge			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	1.61	Manulacturer
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		5	Citanest
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	9.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	10.25	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	43.40	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	11.75	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			-
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	198 50	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag		5	Naropin
(Naropin Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, too ml bag to be delisi (Naropin Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag to be delisi	ted 1 July 2024)	U	

TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE

Gel 4%

# Analgesics

### **Non-Opioid Analgesics**

ASPIRIN		
Tab dispersible 300 mg4.50	100	Ethics Aspirin
CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below		
↓ Crm 0.075%	45 g	Zostrix HP
➡ Restricted (RS1145)	-	

#### Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle

#### → Restricted (RS1292)

# Initiation

Both:

1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and

2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

#### NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

100

100

100

60

Noumed

Noumed

**DHC Continus** 

Aspen Noumed

	Price	-	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	F) Per	Generic Manufacturer
PARACETAMOL – Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab soluble 500 mg			
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1,000 tablet pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to	<b>2024</b> 19.75	1,000	Pacimol
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack			
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack			
Tab 500 mg - bottle pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	17.92	1,000	Noumed Paracetamol
Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Jun-23 to 2025		200 ml	Avallon
	3.98		Paracetamol (Ethics)
Oral lig 250 mg per 5 ml – 20% DV Apr-23 to 2025	3.35	200 ml	Pamol
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		10	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 25 mg			
Suppos 50 mg			
Suppos 125 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	4.29	10	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	5.39	10	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		50	Gacet
→ Restricted (RS1146)			
Initiation			
Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are una	vailable or impracti	cal, or whe	re there is reduced
absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 2	4 hours.		
SUCROSE			
Oral liq 25%	13.00	25 ml	Biomed
↓ Oral lig 66.7% (preservative free)			
➡ Restricted (RS1763)			
Initiation			
For use in neonatal patients only.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Opioid Analgesics			
ALFENTANIL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	24 75	10	Hameln
	8.99	5	Medsurge
(Hameln Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 February 202		0	mououigo
	''		

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE

	Price		Brand or Generic	
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Manufacturer	
	Ŷ		manarataron	
FENTANYL Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe				
, , , , , ,	0.75	10	Beucher and Muir	
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024		10	Boucher and Muir Biomed	
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag		10	Biomed	
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10 10		
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024		5	Boucher and Muir Biomed	
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed	
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	20.30	I	Diomeu	
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	6.00	5	Fontonul Condon	
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024			Fentanyl Sandoz	
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5 5	Fentanyl Sandoz	
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		-	Fentanyl Sandoz	
Patch 75 mcg per hour – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz	
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz	
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		10	Methadone BNM	
Oral liq 2 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		200 ml	Biodone	
Oral liq 5 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		200 ml	Biodone Forte	
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	68.90	10	AFT	
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Oral lig 1 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph	
Oral lig 2 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph	
Oral lig 5 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph	
Oral liq 10 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph	
MORPHINE SULPHATE				
Tab immediate-release 10 mg	2.80	10	Sevredol	
Tab immediate-release 10 mg		10	Sevredol	
Cap long-acting 10 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon	
Cap long-acting 30 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon	
Cap long-acting 60 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon	
Cap long-acting 100 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		10	m-Eslon	
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed	
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2020		5	Biomed	
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Biomed	
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe		5	Dioliteu	
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	125.00	10	Biomed	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025		5		
3 81 7 1			Medsurge	
	4.08	э	weasurge	
	E E 0	F	Madaurra	
inj io ma per mi, i mi ampoule $-5\%$ DV Mar-23 to 2025				
	b.28	5	weasurge	
, , , , ,				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe	4.68	5 5 5	Medsurge Medsurge Medsurge	

### MORPHINE TARTRATE

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Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024	2.69	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024	2.69	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024	3.49	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Cap immediate-release 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	3.32	20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	5.23	20	OxyNorm
Oral lig 5 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024		250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024	5.82	5	HameIn
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024		5	HameIn
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024		5	Hameln
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg – 5% DV	07 50	1 000	Deve estemal - Osdala
Jan-23 to 2025	27.50	1,000	Paracetamol + Codein
			(Relieve)
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025	8.68	10	Noumed Pethidine
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
REMIFENTANIL			
Inj 1 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	14 95	5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		5	Remifentanil-AFT
, .		0	
	4.05	~~	T 10D 400
Tab sustained-release 100 mg		20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-24 to 2026	3.33	100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	9.00	5	Tramal 100
		_	
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
AMITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2.99	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Toh 50 mg 59/ DV Max 24 to 2026		100	

100 Arrow-Amitriptyline

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Generic Manufacturer
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024		30	Clomipramine Teva
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024		30	Clomipramine Teva
Cap 25 mg	11.19	28	Clomipramine Teva
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: Fo	or continuation only		
→ Tab 75 mg		30	Dosulepin Viatris
→ Cap 25 mg		50	Dosulepin Mylan
04p =0g.			Dosulepin Viatris
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation on	lv		
→ Cap 10 mg	.)		
→ Cap 25 mg			
$\rightarrow$ Cap 50 mg			
Tab 10 mg	5.48	50	Tofranil
Tab To Tig	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg		50 50	Tofranil
		50	TUTATI
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation	on only		
→ Tab 25 mg			
→ Tab 75 mg			
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation	only		
→ Tab 30 mg			
VORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - 5% DV May-23 to 2025		180	Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
PHENELZINE SULPHATE			
Tab 15 mg			
FRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE			
Tab 10 mg			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
MOCLOBEMIDE Tab 150 mg 5% DV Jap 22 to 2024	11 00	60	Aurorix
Tab 150 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 300 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		60 60	Aurorix
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		00	Autorix
Other Antidepressants			
/IRTAZAPINE			
Tab 30 mg – 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024	2.60	28	Noumed
Tab 45 mg – 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024		28	Noumed
/ENLAFAXINE			
	0.00	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 37.5 mg		84 84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg		84 84	Enlafax XR
Cap 150 mg		04	
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE Tab 20 mg - <b>5% DV Mar-23 to 2025</b>		84	Celapram

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	(cx man. cxci. dor) \$	Per	Manufacturer
	ۍ ۲	rei	Waltulaciulei
ESCITALOPRAM			
	4.07		
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026	1.07	28	Escitalopram (Ethics)
	0.79		Ipca-Escitalopram
Tab 20 mg – <b>5% DV Apr-24 to 2026</b>		28	
rab 20 mg - 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		28	Escitalopram (Ethics)
	1.49		Ipca-Escitalopram
(Escitalopram (Ethics) Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
(Escitalopram (Ethics) Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025	2.50	28	Fluox
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	3 13	90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
oup 20 mg 0/0 D V dun 20 to 2020		00	Allow Hudzeline
PAROXETINE			
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Jan-23 to 2025	4 1 1	90	Loxamine
Tab 20 mg = 5 % DV Jan-25 to 2025		90	Loxamme
SERTRALINE			
	0.00	00	Catuana
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		30	Setrona
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	1.74	30	Setrona
······································			
Antionilonov Drugo			
Antiepilepsy Drugs			
Agente for the Control of Status Eniloptious			
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
nij i nig per mi, i mi ampoule			
DIAZEPAM			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	07.00	F	Llooniro
		5	Hospira
Rectal tubes 5 mg - 5% DV Feb-23 to 2025		5	Stesolid
Rectal tubes 10 mg			
neetai tabes to nig			
LORAZEPAM			
Ini 2 ma vial			
Inj 2 mg vial			
lnj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE			
Soln 97%			
Inj 5 ml ampoule			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
	104 50	F	Llagnira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
			•
Control of Englanov			
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE			
Tab 200 mg	11 50	100	Tegretol
			5
Tab long-acting 200 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg		100	Tegretol
5			
Tab long-acting 400 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml		250 ml	Tegretol
			0
CLOBAZAM			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab To Hig			
CLONAZEPAM			
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	,	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ETHOSUXIMIDE			
Cap 250 mg		100	Zarontin
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		200 ml	Zarontin
GABAPENTIN			
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pre-	gabalin		
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	6.45	100	Nupentin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024		100	Nupentin
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024		100	Nupentin
LACOSAMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 50 mg		14	Vimpat
		14	Vimpat
-	200.24	56	Vimpat
Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat
	300.40	56	Vimpat
I Tab 200 mg		56	Vimpat
Ini 10 mg per ml 20 ml vial			-

Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial
 → Restricted (RS1988)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

- Both:
  - 1 Patient has focal epilepsy; and
  - 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine, and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, or topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

#### Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment.

LAMOTRIGINE

Tab dispersible 2 mg		30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg		30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg	4.20	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg	5.11	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg	6.75	56	Logem
LEVETIRACETAM			
Tab 250 mg	5.84	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg		60	Everet
Tab 750 mg	16.71	60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg	21.82	60	Everet
Oral liq 100 mg per ml		300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV May-24 to 2026		500	Noumed
			Phenobarbitone
	40.00		PSM
Tab 30 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2025		500	Noumed
	40.00		Phenobarbitone
(PSM Tab 15 mg to be delisted 1 May 2024)	40.00		PSM

(PSM Tab 30 mg to be delisted 1 December 2023)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PHENYTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 100 mg			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
PREGABALIN			
Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentir		50	December 11 Dform
Cap 25 mg Cap 75 mg		56 56	Pregabalin Pfizer Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 75 mg		56 56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 300 mg		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
PRIMIDONE			1.109404
Tab 250 mg			
SODIUM VALPROATE			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab EC 200 mg			
Tab EC 500 mg			
Oral liq 40 mg per ml			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	9.98	1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Cap 250 mg		60	Diacomit
Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet		60	Diacomit
➡ Restricted (RS1989)			
Initiation			
Paediatric neurologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:			
<ol> <li>Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and</li> <li>Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate or</li> </ol>	ourses of sodium valor	oata clob	azam and at least two of the
following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.			
Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial sodium	n valproate or topirama	te Those	e who can father children are
not required to trial sodium valproate.			
Continuation			
Paediatric neurologist			
Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced	seizure frequency fror	n baseline	9.
TOPIRAMATE			
Tab 25 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
	26.04		Topamax
	11.07	00	Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
	44.26		Topamax
Tab 100 mg	18.81 31.99	60	Topiramate Actavis Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25	00	Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg		60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg		60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	26.04	60	Topamax

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

(ex mai	Prio n. e \$	xcl. GS	ST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VIGABATRIN – Restricted see terms below	,				
Tab 500 mg					
Powder for oral soln 500 mg per sachet	7	1.58		60	Sabril
→ Restricted (RS1865)					
Initiation					
Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:					
1 Any of the following:					
1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or					
1.2 Both:					
1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and 1.2.2 Either:					
<ul><li>1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optima</li><li>1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or</li></ul>	has				
<ol> <li>1.3 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex; and</li> <li>2 Either:</li> </ol>					
2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field test 6-monthly basis thereafter); or	ting	(ideally	y be	fore sta	ting therapy and on a
2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to mo Continuation	onito	or the p	atie	nt's visu	al fields.
Both:					
<ol> <li>The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement</li> <li>Either:</li> </ol>	in s	seizure	rate	e or seve	erity and or quality of life; and
2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally of treatment with vigabatrin; or	eve	ery 6 m	nont	hs) on a	n ongoing basis for duration
2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to mo	onito	or the p	atie	nt's visu	al fields.
Antimigraine Preparations					
Acute Migraine Treatment					
DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule					
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg					
RIZATRIPTAN				00	D'
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		4.84		30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN		1 14		00	Sumagran
Tab 50 mg – <b>1% DV Feb-22 to 2024</b> Tab 100 mg – <b>1% DV Feb-22 to 2024</b>				90 90	Sumagran Sumagran
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2025				2	Clustran
··· j · _ ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4.00		_	Imigran
(Imigran Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen to be delisted 1 April 2024)					-
Prophylaxis of Migraine					
PIZOTIFEN Tab 500 mcg	2	3 21		100	Sandomigran
100 000 1109		0.21		100	Candonngran

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents			
APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1154) Initiation		3	Emend Tri-Pack
Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracy malignancy.	cline-based chemoth	nerapy fo	r the treatment of
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	3.70	100	Serc
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	0.49	10	Nausicalm
CYCLIZINE LACTATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025		10	Hameln
DOMPERIDONE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-23 to 2025	4.00	100	Domperidone Viatris
DROPERIDOL Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	43.85	10	Droperidol Panpharma
GRANISETRON Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026	1.20	1	Deva
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Patch 1.5 mg	17.70	2	Scopoderm TTS
Restricted (RS1155) Initiation Any of the following:			
<ol> <li>Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow sa where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respor 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at le ineffective; or</li> <li>For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cycl</li> </ol>	nd to oral anti-nausea east two other alterna	agents; tive treat	or ments have proven
ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.	izine, dropendor and	a 51115 a	anagonisi nave proven
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	1.57	100	Metoclopramide Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Dec-22 to 2025</b>	7.00	10	Baxter
ONDANSETRON Tab 4 mg – 5% DV Aug-23 to 2025 Tab dispersible 4 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		50 10	Periset Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Tab 8 mg – <b>5% DV Aug-23 to 2025</b>	0.56 4.10	50	Periset ODT Periset
Tab dispersible 8 mg         - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026           Ini 0 mg por ml 0 ml ompoulo         5% DV Mar-24 to 2025	0.90	10 5	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA Periset ODT
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025 (Ondansetron ODT-DRLA Tab dispersible 4 mg to be delisted 1 March (Ondansetron ODT-DRLA Tab dispersible 8 mg to be delisted 1 March	1.89 <i>2024)</i>	5 5	Ondansetron-AFT Ondansetron-AFT

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PROCHLORPERAZINE			
Tab buccal 3 mg			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		250	Nausafix
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Suppos 25 mg			
TROPISETRON			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Antipsychotic Agents			
General			
AMISULPRIDE			
Tab 100 mg	7.21	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg		60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg		60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
ARIPIPRAZOLE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025	10.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
C C		00	
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE	14.00	100	Leveet
Tab 10 mg		100	Largactil
Tab 25 mg		100	Largactil
Tab 100 mg		100	Largactil
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			
Oral liq 20 mg per ml	20.70	10	l orgoatil
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		10	Largactil
(Largactil Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 April 2024)			
CLOZAPINE			
Tab 25 mg		50	Clopine
	13.37	100	Clopine
	6.69	50	Clozaril
<b>-</b>	13.37	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg		50	Clopine
	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg		50	Clopine
	34.65	100	Clopine
	17.33	50	Clozaril
	34.65	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg		50	Clopine
	69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	67.62	100 ml	Versacloz
HALOPERIDOL			
Tab 500 mcg	6.23	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg	9.43	100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg		100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml		100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule		10	Serenace

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LEVOMEPROMAZINE	10.10	100	<b>N</b> .
Tab 25 mg		100	Nozinan
Tab 100 mg	41./5	100	Nozinan
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025	24.48	10	Wockhardt
LITHIUM CARBONATE			
Tab long-acting 400 mg – 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024		100	Priadel
Cap 250 mg		100	Douglas
OLANZAPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg		28	Zypine
Tab 5 mg		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b> Tab 10 mg		28	Zypine ODT
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		28 28	Zypine <b>Zypine ODT</b>
Inj 10 mg vial	2.09	20	Zypine OD1
PERICYAZINE Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
QUETIAPINE	0.06	90	Quatanal
Tab 25 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b> Tab 100 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b>		90 90	Quetapel Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90 90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		90	Quetapel
RISPERIDONE		00	auotapoi
Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	2 17	60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 1 mg – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 2 mg - <b>5% DV Mar-24 to 2026</b>		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 3 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	6.25	60	Risperidone (Teva)
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	10.29	30 ml	Risperon
ZIPRASIDONE			
Cap 20 mg	17.90	60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg	27.41	60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg		60	Zusdone
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	31.45	100	Clopixol
Depot Injections			
FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol Concentrate

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OLANZAPINE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 210 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 300 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
↓ Inj 405 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv

#### → Restricted (RS1379)

#### Initiation

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* Either:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or

- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
  - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
  - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

#### PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg syringe	 1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 50 mg syringe	 1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 75 mg syringe	 1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 100 mg syringe	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 150 mg syringe	1	Invega Sustenna
	Restricted (RS1381)		- 3

#### Initiation

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
  - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
  - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

#### Continuation

#### Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

### PALIPERIDONE PALMITATE - Restricted see terms below

🖡 Inj	175 mg syringe	815.85	1	Invega Trinza
	263 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza
Inj Inj	350 mg syringe	1,305.36	1	Invega Trinza
	525 mg syringe		1	Invega Trinza

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1932)

#### Initiation

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* Both:

1 The patient has schizophrenia; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

2 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone once-monthly depot injection.

#### Continuation

#### Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

#### PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- ➡ Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

#### RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial	135.98	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial	178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial	217.56	1	Risperdal Consta
-	Postricted (PS1280)			

#### → Restricted (RS1380)

#### Initiation

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
  - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
  - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

#### Continuation

#### Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

#### ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule19.80 Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	5	Clopixol e.g. Clopixol Conc
Anxiolytics		
BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 5 mg – <b>5% DV May-22 to 2024</b>	100	Buspirone Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV May-22 to 2024	100	Buspirone Viatris
CLONAZEPAM		
Tab 500 mcg5.64	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg	100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM		
Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg – <b>5% DV Mar-24 to 2026</b> 115.00	500	Arrow-Diazepam
LORAZEPAM		
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg – <b>5% DV Dec-21 to 2024</b>	100	Ativan
OXAZEPAM		
Tab 10 mg		
Tab 15 mg		

#### Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Multiple Sclerosis Treatments**

#### → Restricted (RS1993)

Initiation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

Any relevant practitioner

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDonald 2017 diagnostic criteria for MS and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
  - 1.2 Patients has an EDSS score between 0 6.0; and
  - 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in the previous 12 months or two significant attacks in the past 24 months; and
  - 1.4 All of the following:
    - 1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the attack, but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
    - 1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
    - 1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous attack (where relevant); and
    - 1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
    - 1.4.5 Either:
      - 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
      - 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
  - 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
  - 1.6 Any of the following:
    - 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
    - 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
    - 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
    - 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
    - 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active approval for ocrelizumab and does not have primary progressive MS.
- Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

# Continuation – Multiple Sclerosis - dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab and teriflunomide

#### Any relevant practitioner

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Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

### DIMETHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms above

	Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneous		mitted.
t	Cap 120 mg	14	Tecfidera
t	Cap 240 mg2,000.00	56	Tecfidera

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm Cap 0.5 mg		s not perm 28	nitted. Gilenva
GLATIRAMER ACETATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the previous pa	,	20	allollya
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm	ents simultaneously i	•	
t Inj 40 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025		12	Copaxone
INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA – Restricted see terms on the previo Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm		s not perm	nitted.
t Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector		4	Avonex Pen
t Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe		4	Avonex
INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA – Restricted see terms on the previou Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial		s not perm	nitted.
NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm 1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 15 ml vial		s not perm 1	nitted. Tysabri
TERIFLUNOMIDE – Restricted see terms on the previous page Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm	nents simultaneously i	s not perm	nitted.
t Tab 14 mg	659.90	28	Aubagio
Multiple Sclerosis Treatments - Other			
OCRELIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatm ↓ Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		s not perm 1	nitted. Ocrevus
Either:			
<ol> <li>All of the following:</li> <li>1.1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) meets the McDona</li> </ol>	ald 2017 diagnostic cr	toria for M	IS and has been confirmed
by a neurologist; and			
1.2 Patients has an EDSS score between $0 - 6.0$ ; and 1.3 Patient has had at least one significant attack of MS in	the previous 12 mont	ns or two :	significant attacks in the past
24 months; and 1.4 All of the following:			
1.4.1 Each significant attack must be confirmed by th not necessarily have been seen by them during that the clinical features were characteristic); ar	the attack, but the ne	urologist/p	physician must be satisfied
<ol> <li>1.4.2 Each significant attack is associated with characteristic of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s);</li> </ol>	and	.,	, ,
<ol> <li>1.4.3 Each significant attack has lasted at least one w previous attack (where relevant); and</li> <li>1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from</li> </ol>			
<ol> <li>1.4.4 Each significant attack can be distinguished from fever (T&gt; 37.5°C); and</li> <li>1.4.5 Either:</li> </ol>	in the effects of gener	ai iaugue;	and is not associated with a
1.4.5 Either: 1.4.5.1 Each significant attack is severe enough	to change either the E	DSS or a	t least one of the Kurtze

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	I. GST)		Generic
 \$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or

- 1.4.5.2 Each significant attack is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
- 1.5 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MRI scan within the past 24 months; and
- 1.6 Any of the following:
  - 1.6.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity on MRI scanning (in criterion 5 immediately above) is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
  - 1.6.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
  - 1.6.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
  - 1.6.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent attack that occurred within the last 2 years; or
  - 1.6.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MRI scan; or
- 2 Patient has an active Special Authority approval for either dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod, glatiramer acetate, interferon beta-1-alpha, interferon beta-1-beta, natalizumab or teriflunomide.

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

### Continuation - Multiple Sclerosis - ocrelizumab

### Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (ie the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

### Initiation - Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Diagnosis of primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) meets the 2017 McDonald criteria and has been confirmed by a neurologist; and
- 2 Patient has an EDSS 2.0 (score equal to or greater than 2 on pyramidal functions) to EDSS 6.5; and
- 3 Patient has no history of relapsing remitting multiple sclerosis.

# Continuation – Primary Progressive Multiple Sclerosis

Any relevant practitioner

Patient has had an EDSS score of less than or equal to 6.5 at any time in the last six months (ie patient has walked 20 metres with bilateral assistance/aids. without rest in the last six months).

# Sedatives and Hypnotics

### CHLORAL HYDRATE

Oral lig 100 mg per ml Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

👄 Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

- 30 Viaisom

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

# → Restricted (RS1576)

# Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

138

	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
<ol> <li>Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insi (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attent</li> <li>Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or</li> <li>Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no g</li> <li>Patient is aged 18 years or under.</li> </ol>	ion defici are inapp	t hype ropria	ractivity ite; and	y disorde	r); and
<ul> <li>Continuation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disor</li> <li>Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist</li> <li><i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i></li> <li>All of the following: <ol> <li>Patient is aged 18 years or under; and</li> <li>Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from fun</li> <li>Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin dis recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and</li> <li>Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no g</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	ded modi continuat greater the	ion wi an 10	thin the	e past 12	
Both:	miramun	Jaleu			
<ol> <li>Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are of 2 For in-hospital use only.</li> </ol>	ontraindi	cated;	and		
MIDAZOLAM Tab 7.5 mg Oral liq 2 mg per ml Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024				10 5	<b>Mylan Midazolam</b> Midazolam Viatris <b>Mylan Midazolam</b>
PHENOBARBITONE Inj 130 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule					
TEMAZEPAM Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-24 to 2026		1.4	0	25	Normison
<ul> <li>TRIAZOLAM - Restricted: For continuation only</li> <li>Tab 125 mcg</li> <li>Tab 250 mcg</li> <li>ZOPICLONE Tab 7.5 mg</li> </ul>					
Spinal Muscular Atrophy					
NUSINERSEN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 12 mg per 5 ml vial	120,	000.0	0	1	Spinraza
<ol> <li>Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene heterozygous mutation; and</li> <li>Patient is 18 years of age or under; and</li> </ol>	deletion,	homo	ozygou:	s SMN1	point mutation, or compound

continued...

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or
			Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

### continued...

3 Either:

3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or 3.2 Both:

- 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
- 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

- All of the following:
  - 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
  - 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with nusinersen; and
  - 3 Nusinersen not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

#### RISDIPLAM - Restricted see terms below

Note: the supply of risdiplam is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://pharmac.govt.nz/risdiplam

Powder for oral soln 750 mcg per ml, 60 mg per bottle......14,100.00 80 ml Evrysdi

### ➡ Restricted (RS1954)

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has genetic documentation of homozygous SMN1 gene deletion, homozygous SMN1 point mutation, or compound heterozygous mutation; and
- 2 Patient is 18 years of age or under; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has experienced the defined signs and symptoms of SMA type I, II or IIIa prior to three years of age; or 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient is pre-symptomatic; and
    - 3.2.2 Patient has three or less copies of SMN2.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There has been demonstrated maintenance of motor milestone function since treatment initiation; and
- 2 Patient does not require invasive permanent ventilation (at least 16 hours per day), in the absence of a potentially reversible cause while being treated with risdiplam; and
- 3 Risdiplam not to be administered in combination other SMA disease modifying treatments or gene therapy.

	Price (ex man. excl. ( \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Stimulants / ADHD Treatments			
ATOMOXETINE			
Cap 10 mg		28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 18 mg	27.06	28	Generic Partners APO-Atomoxetine Generic Partners
Cap 25 mg		28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 40 mg		28	Generic Partners APO-Atomoxetine Generic Partners
Cap 60 mg	46.51	28	APO-Atomoxetine
Cap 80 mg		28	Generic Partners APO-Atomoxetine Generic Partners
Cap 100 mg		28	APO-Atomoxetine Generic Partners
CAFFEINE Tab 100 mg DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			Generic Faitners
<ul> <li>↓ Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1169) Initiation - ADHD</li> </ul>	28.50 21.00	100	Aspen <b>PSM</b>
Paediatrician or psychiatrist Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagn Initiation – Narcolepsy Neurologist or respiratory specialist <i>Re-assessment required after 24 months</i> Patient suffers from narcolepsy. Continuation – Narcolepsy Neurologist or respiratory specialist <i>Re-assessment required after 24 months</i> The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from tr	Ū	o DSM-IV or I	CD 10 criteria.

		Price		Brand or
		(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
E	THYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms	s below		
	Tab extended-release 18 mg		30	Concerta
	-	7.75		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
	Tab extended-release 27 mg		30	Concerta
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11.45		Methylphenidate ER -
				Teva
	Tab extended-release 36 mg	71.93	30	Concerta
		15.50		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
	Tab extended-release 54 mg		30	Concerta
		22.25		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
	Tab immediate-release 5 mg	3.20	30	Rubifen
	Tab immediate-release 10 mg	3.00	30	Ritalin
				Rubifen
	Tab immediate-release 20 mg		30	Rubifen
	Tab sustained-release 20 mg		30	Rubifen SR
	Cap modified-release 10 mg		30	Ritalin LA
	Cap modified-release 20 mg		30	Ritalin LA
	Cap modified-release 30 mg		30	Ritalin LA
	Cap modified-release 40 mg		30	Ritalin LA
	Restricted (RS1294)			
	iation – ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release fo	rmulations)		
	ediatrician or psychiatrist			
	ient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), dia		M-IV or	ICD 10 criteria.
	iation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-relea	ise formulations)		
	urologist or respiratory specialist			
	-assessment required after 24 months			
	ient suffers from narcolepsy. ntinuation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-ı	ralaaaa farmulationa)		
	urologist or respiratory specialist	release iorniulations)		
	-assessment required after 24 months			
	e treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from	m treatment		
	iation – Extended-release and modified-release formulation			
	ediatrician or psychiatrist			
	h:			
-	<ol> <li>Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Dison 2 Either:</li> </ol>	der), diagnosed accordin	g to DSN	I-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
	2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of meth	hylphenidate hydrochlorid	e (imme	diate-release or
	sustained-release) which has not been effective due			
	2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of dive			
	hydrochloride.			
r	,			
IC [	DAFINIL – Restricted see terms below Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	00.10	60	Modoviail
	Restricted (RS1803)		00	Modavigil
	iation – Narcolepsy			
	urologist or respiratory specialist			
	-assessment required after 24 months			
	of the following:			

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
  - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
  - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

#### Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

### **Treatments for Dementia**

#### DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg	4.34	90	Donepezil-Rex
Tab 10 mg	6.64	90	Donepezil-Rex
RIVASTIGMINE – Restricted see terms below			
Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		30	<b>Rivastigmine Patch</b>
↓ Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024	38.00	30	BNM 5 Rivastigmine Patch
		50	BNM 10
Postricted (PS1436)			2

### → Restricted (RS1436)

#### Initiation

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

#### Continuation

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence		
BUPRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below <b>1</b> Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg – <b>5% DV Dec-22 to 2025</b>	28	Buprenorphine
Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg - 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	28	Naloxone BNM Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM
→ Restricted (RS1172) Initiation – Detoxification		

All of the following:

1 Patient is opioid dependent; and

continued...

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service	approved by	y the Ministi	y of Hea	lth; and
3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by t	he Ministry	of Health.		
nitiation – Maintenance treatment				
All of the following:				
<ol> <li>Patient is opioid dependent; and</li> </ol>				
2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and				
3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatmen	t program ir	a service a	pproved	by the Ministry of Health;
and				
4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by t	ne Ministry	of Health.		
SUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab modified-release 150 mg		.11.00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM				
Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024	2	236.40	100	Antabuse
VALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		.83.33	30	Naltraccord
		77.77	28	Naltrexone AOP
➡ Restricted (RS1173)				
nitiation – Alcohol dependence				
nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both:				
nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a	recognised	comprehen	sive trea	tment programme for alcoh
nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and	-			
nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation	-			
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	-			
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> </ul>	-			
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below</li> </ul>	of, a physic	ian working	in an Ale	cohol and Drug Service.
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours</li></ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14	in an Ale 28	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation</li> </ol> </li> <li>nitiation – Constipation</li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours</li></ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05	in an Ale 28 28	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation</li> </ol> </li> <li>nitiation – Constipation</li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li></ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05	in an Ale 28	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation</li> </ol> </li> <li>nitiation – Constipation</li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours</li></ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05	in an Ale 28 28	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMis</i>
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation</li> </ol> </li> <li>nitiation – Constipation</li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Oral spray 1 mg per dose</li></ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12	in an Ald 28 28 28 28	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMis</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i>
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation</li> <li>nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>VICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below <ul> <li>Patch 7 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 14 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Oral spray 1 mg per dose</li> <li>Lozenge 1 mg.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76	in an Ak 28 28 28 28 28 216	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMis Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>VICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Coral spray 1 mg per dose</li> <li>Lozenge 1 mg</li></ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76	in an Ald 28 28 28 28	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol e.g. Nicorette QuickMis Mouth Spray Habitrol Habitrol
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>VICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Oral spray 1 mg per dose</li> <li>Lozenge 1 mg Lozenge 2 mg</li> </ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76 .21.65	in an Ak 28 28 28 28 216 216	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol e.g. Nicorette QuickMis Mouth Spray Habitrol Habitrol e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>VICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Coral spray 1 mg per dose</li> <li>Lozenge 1 mg</li></ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76 .21.65	in an Ak 28 28 28 28 28 216	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol e.g. Nicorette QuickMis Mouth Spray Habitrol Habitrol e.g. Nicorette Inhalator Habitrol (Fruit)
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below <ul> <li>Patch 7 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 7 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Coral spray 1 mg per dose</li> <li>Lozenge 1 mg.</li> <li>Lozenge 2 mg.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge <ul> <li>Gum 2 mg.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76 .21.65 .21.42	in an Ale 28 28 28 216 216 216 204	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMis</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette Inhalator</i> Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint)
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>VICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Oral spray 1 mg per dose</li> <li>Lozenge 1 mg Lozenge 2 mg</li> </ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76 .21.65 .21.42	in an Ak 28 28 28 28 216 216	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol e.g. Nicorette QuickMis Mouth Spray Habitrol Habitrol e.g. Nicorette Inhalator Habitrol (Fruit)
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below <ul> <li>Patch 7 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 7 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Coral spray 1 mg per dose</li> <li>Lozenge 1 mg.</li> <li>Lozenge 2 mg.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge <ul> <li>Gum 2 mg.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76 .21.65 .21.42	in an Ale 28 28 28 216 216 216 204	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMis</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette Inhalator</i> Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Fruit)
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below <ul> <li>Patch 7 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 7 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 21 mg per dose</li> <li>Lozenge 1 mg</li> <li>Lozenge 2 mg</li> <li>Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge</li> <li>Gum 4 mg</li> </ul></li></ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76 .21.65 .21.42	in an Ale 28 28 28 216 216 216 204	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMis</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette Inhalator</i> Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Fruit)
nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Coral spray 1 mg per dose Lozenge 1 mg Lozenge 2 mg Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge Gum 4 mg Gum 4 mg	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76 .21.65 .21.42	in an Ale 28 28 28 216 216 216 204	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMis</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette Inhalator</i> Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Fruit)
<ul> <li>nitiation – Alcohol dependence</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and</li> <li>Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation</li> <li>nitiation – Constipation</li> </ol> </li> <li>For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.</li> <li>NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below <ul> <li>Patch 7 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 14 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 21 mg per 24 hours</li> <li>Patch 21 mg per dose</li> <li>Lozenge 1 mg</li> <li>Lozenge 2 mg</li> <li>Gum 4 mg</li> <li>Restricted (RS1873)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76 .21.65 .21.42	in an Ale 28 28 28 216 216 216 204	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMis</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette Inhalator</i> Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Fruit)
nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. NICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Coral spray 1 mg per dose Lozenge 1 mg Lozenge 2 mg Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge Gum 4 mg Gum 4 mg Any of the following:	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76 .21.65 .21.42	in an Ale 28 28 28 216 216 216 204	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMis</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette Inhalator</i> Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Fruit)
nitiation – Alcohol dependence Both: 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a dependence; and 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation nitiation – Constipation For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. VICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Coral spray 1 mg per dose Lozenge 1 mg Lozenge 2 mg Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge Gum 4 mg Gum 4 mg Any of the following: 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' inse	of, a physic	ian working .19.14 .21.05 .24.12 .19.76 .21.65 .21.42 .24.17 to due to Co	in an Ak 28 28 216 216 204 204	cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMis Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette Inhalator</i> Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint)

VA	RENICLINE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
t	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 42 - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6.67	53	Varenicline Pfizer
t	Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	7.62	56	Varenicline Pfizer

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

### ⇒ Restricted (RS1702)

### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
  - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Chemotherapeutic Agents					
Alkylating Agents					
BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms belo ↓ Inj 25 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 ↓ inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1917) Initiation - treatment naive CLL All of the following: 1 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A cl 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and	hronic lympl	308.00	)	1 1 emia rec	Ribomustin Ribomustin juiring treatment; and
<ul> <li>5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of</li> <li>6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 1</li> </ul>		n days	1 and	2 every	4 weeks for a maximum of
6 cycles. Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lympho to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen a <b>Initiation – Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas</b> <i>Re-assessment required after 9 months</i> All of the following:	nd supportiv				erapy treatment is considered
<ol> <li>The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment;</li> <li>Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and</li> <li>Any of the following:</li> </ol>	anu				
<ul> <li>3.1 Both:</li> <li>3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and</li> <li>3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a max CD20+); or</li> </ul>	imum of 6 o	cycles	(in con	nbinatior	n with rituximab when
<ul> <li>3.2 Both:</li> <li>3.2.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 1 chemo-immunotherapy regimen; and</li> </ul>					•
<ul><li>3.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combin</li><li>3.3 All of the following:</li><li>3.3.1 The patient has not received prior bendamusti</li></ul>			zumab	for a ma	aximum of 6 cycles; or
3.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a max rituximab when CD20+); and	imum of 6 c	ycles ir		·	ents (in combination with
3.3.3 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free inte 3.4 Bendamustine is to be administered as monotherapy Continuation – Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas Re-assessment required after 9 months					ximab refractory patients.
Either: 1 Both: 1.1 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 mont 1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination w 2 Both:					-

2 Both:

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- 2.1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
- 2.2 Either:

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
2.2.1 Both:			
2.2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a m	aximum of 6 cycl	es in relap	sed patients (in combination
with rituximab when CD20+); and 2.2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free i	atomal of 12 mon	the or mor	o: or
2.2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monothe			
patients.	ταργιοι α παλιπι		les in muximab renaciony
Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, m	arginal zone and	vmphopla	smacvtic/ Waldenström's
macroglobulinaemia.		.)pop.c.	
Initiation – Hodgkin's lymphoma*			
Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a r	elevant specialist		
Limited to 6 months treatment			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has Hodgkin's lymphoma requiring treatment; and			
2 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0-2; and			
3 Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy; and			
<ul> <li>4 Patient's disease relapsed or was refractory following prior chem</li> <li>5 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with gemcita</li> </ul>	otnerapy; and bine and vineralbi		() at a maximum daga of na
greater than 90 mg/m2 twice per cycle, for a maximum of four cy		ne (begev	r) at a maximum dose of no
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.	6105.		
BUSULFAN Tab 2 mg	80.25	100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		100	Wyleran
CARMUSTINE			
Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025	710.00	1	BICNU
CHLORAMBUCIL			Diolito
Tab 2 mg			
-			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg – <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b>	145.00	50	Cyclonex
Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		1	Endoxan
IFOSFAMIDE			Endoxun
Inj 1 g vial	96.00	1	Holoxan
Inj 2 g vial		1	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE		•	i loionain
Cap 10 mg	132 59	20	Ceenu
Cap 40 mg		20	Ceenu
MELPHALAN			
Tab 2 mg			
Inj 50 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		1	Melpha
THIOTEPA			•
Inj 15 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1	Tepadina
Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Apr-24 to 2026		1	Tepadina
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics	•		•
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE Inj 15,000 iu vial		1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]			•
Inj 0.5 mg vial		1	Cosmegen

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DAUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Pfizer
Inj 20 mg vial		10	Daunorubicin Zentiva
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 50 mg vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	69.99	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg vial		1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial	233.64	1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C			
Inj 5 mg vial			
Inj 20 mg vial	1,250.00	1	Teva
MITOZANTRONE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Mitozantrone Ebewe
··· ) = ···· 3   · · · ··· , · · · ···			
Antimetabolites			
AZACITIDINE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg vial − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	75.06	1	Azacitidine Dr Reddy's
→ Restricted (RS1904)			-
Initiation			
Haematologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 Any of the following:			
1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (	IPSS) intermediate-	2 or high	risk myelodysplastic
syndrome; or			

1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or

1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and

2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and

3 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

#### Continuation

Haematologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* 

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
CAPECITABINE			
Tab 150 mg – 5% DV Jan-24 to 2025	9.80	60	Capecitabine Viatris
	10.00	00	Capercit
Tab 500 mg – <b>5% DV Jan-24 to 2025</b>		120	Capecitabine Viatris
	49.00	120	Capercit
(Capercit Tab 150 mg to be delisted 1 January 2024)			ouporon
(Capercit Tab 500 mg to be delisted 1 January 2024)			
CLADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	7/0.06	1	Leustatin
		1	Leusialin
CYTARABINE	470.00	-	Dí
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 10 mg		20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial – <b>5% DV Jan-23 to 2025</b>	634.00	5	Fludarabine Ebewe
FLUOROURACIL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		1	Fluorouracil Accord
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024		1	Fluorouracil Accord
GEMCITABINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	15.89	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
MERCAPTOPURINE Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	05.00	25	Puri-nethol
		25 100 ml	
<ul> <li>↓ Oral suspension 20 mg per ml</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1635)</li> </ul>		100 111	Allmercap
Initiation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per d	av.		
Continuation	ay.		
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per d	av.		
····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	9.98	90	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		90	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe	14.61	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe	14.77	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe	14.88	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe	14.99	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	Methotrexate DBL
lat 05 mm a small 00 million	45.00		Onco-Vial
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	45.00	1	DBL Methotrexate
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Onco-Vial Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</b>		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
	07.33	I	

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PEMETREXED – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg vial	60.89	1	Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Juno Pemetrexed
Pestricted (RS1506)			

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1596) Initiation – Mesothelioma

Initiation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

#### Continuation - Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

#### Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
    - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
  - 2.2 All of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and
    - 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
    - 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

#### Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 21 days.

#### THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

### **Other Cytotoxic Agents**

AMSACRINE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule Inj 75 mg			
ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 0.5 mg			
ARSENIC TRIOXIDE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial4,81	7.00	10	Phenasen
BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms on the next page ↓ Inj 3.5 mg vial - 5% DV May-23 to 2025	4.93	1	DBL Bortezomib

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡ Restricted (RS1725) Initiation – multiple myeloma/amyloidosis Either:			
<ol> <li>The patient has symptomatic multiple myeloma; or</li> <li>The patient has symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis.</li> </ol>			
DACARBAZINE Inj 200 mg vial		1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE			
Cap 50 mg		20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg		10 1	Vepesid Rex Medical
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)	40.00	1	Ftononhoo
	40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA [HYDROXYCARBAMIDE] Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	20.72	100	Devatis
IBRUTINIB – Restricted see terms below	20.72	100	Devalis
Tab 140 mg	3 217 00	30	Imbruvica
↓ Tab 140 mg	,	30	Imbruvica
→ Restricted (RS1933)			
Initiation – chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
<ol> <li>Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring th</li> <li>Patient has not previously received funded ibrutinib; and</li> </ol>	erapy; and		
3 Ibrutinib is to be used as monotherapy; and			
4 Any of the following:			
4.1 Both:			
4.1.1 There is documentation confirming that patient	has 17p deletion or TF	253 mutat	ion: and
4.1.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effect			
4.2 All of the following:			
4.2.1 Patient has received at least one prior immuno	chemotherapy for CLL	; and	
4.2.2 Patient's CLL has relapsed within 36 months of			
4.2.3 Patient has experienced intolerable side effect			•
4.3 Patient's CLL is refractory to or has relapsed within 36	5 months of a venetocl	ax regime	en.
Continuation – chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Both:			
1 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and			
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitt	ing from treatment.		
Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lympho	cytic lymphoma (SLL) a	and B-cell	prolymphocytic leukaemia
(B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are Unapproved indications.			
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Ini 20 mg per ml 5 ml vial - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	52 57	1	Accord

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – <b>5% DV Mar-22 to 2024</b>	1	Accord
3 01		

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LENALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 5 mg	5,122.76	28	Revlimid
Cap 10 mg	4,655.25	21	Revlimid
	6,207.00	28	Revlimid
Cap 15 mg		21	Revlimid
	7,239.18	28	Revlimid
Cap 25 mg		21	Revlimid

➡ Restricted (RS1836)

#### Initiation - Relapsed/refractory disease

#### Haematologist

#### Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- 2 Patient has not previously been treated with lenalidomide; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line\* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
    - 3.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

#### Continuation - Relapsed/refractory disease

#### Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

#### Initiation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

#### Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed symptomatic multiple myeloma and has undergone first-line treatment that included an autologous stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has at least a stable disease response in the first 100 days after transplantation; and
- 3 Lenalidomide maintenance is to be commenced within 6 months of transplantation; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 15 mg/day.

#### Continuation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

OL	APARIB – Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Tab 100 mg	56	Lynparza
t	Tab 150 mg	56	Lynparza

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1925)

#### Initiation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a high-grade serous\* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 All of the following:
    - 3.1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed, advanced disease; and
    - 3.1.2 Patient has received one line\*\* of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
    - 3.1.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to the first-line platinum-based regimen; or
  - 3.2 All of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has received at least two lines\*\* of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
    - 3.2.2 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease progression occurring at least 6 months after the last dose of the penultimate line\*\* of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
    - 3.2.3 Patient's disease must have experienced a partial or complete response to treatment with the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
    - 3.2.4 Patient has not previously received funded olaparib treatment; and
- 4 Treatment will be commenced within 12 weeks of the patient's last dose of the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 5 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 6 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

### Continuation - Ovarian cancer

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 No evidence of progressive disease; or
  - 2.2 Evidence of residual (not progressive) disease and the patient would continue to benefit from treatment in the clinician's opinion; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Both:
    - 5.1.1 Patient has received one line\*\* of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
    - 5.1.2 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the funded treatment period of olaparib will not be continued beyond 2 years if the patient experiences a complete response to treatment and there is no radiological evidence of disease at 2 years; or
  - 5.2 Patient has received at least two lines\*\* of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy.

Notes: \*Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component. \*\*A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

PEGASPARGASE – Restricted see terms on the next page		
Ini 750 iu per ml. 5 ml vial	 1	Oncaspar LYO

		Price excl. G \$	ST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1788)					
Initiation – Newly diagnosed ALL					
Limited to 12 months treatment					
Both:					
1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leuka	emia; and				
2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive mu	ulti-agent che	mothera	ipy tre	eatment	protocol.
Initiation – Relapsed ALL					
Limited to 12 months treatment					
Both:					
1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; an	nd				
2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive mu	ulti-agent che	mothera	ipy tre	eatment	protocol.
Initiation – Lymphoma					
Limited to 12 months treatment					
Patient has lymphoma requiring L-asparaginase containing protoco	ol (e.g. SMIL	E).			
PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]					
Inj 10 mg vial					
PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE					
Cap 50 mg		980.00		50	Natulan
TEMOZOLOMIDE – Restricted see terms below					
Cap 5 mg		9.13		5	Temaccord
Cap 20 mg				5	Temaccord
€ Cap 100 mg				5	Temaccord
🖡 Cap 140 mg				5	Temaccord
Cap 250 mg				5	Temaccord
→ Restricted (RS1994)					
Initiation – gliomas					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
Patient has a glioma.					
Continuation – gliomas					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treat	ment.				
Initiation – Neuroendocrine tumours					
Re-assessment required after 9 months					
All of the following:					
1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable		itiated ne	euroe	naocrin	e tumour"; and
<ol> <li>Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitability</li> <li>Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a</li> </ol>		f E dave	troat	mont n	or ovelo at a maximum docr
of 200 mg/m <sup>2</sup> per day; and		i 5 uays	lieal	ment pe	er cycle at a maximum uose
4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.					
Continuation – Neuroendocrine tumours					
Re-assessment required after 6 months					
Both:					
<ol> <li>No evidence of disease progression; and</li> <li>The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefit</li> </ol>	tting from tro	atmont			
nitiation – ewing's sarcoma	ung nom de	annoni.			

#### Initiation – ewing's sarcoma

154

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
Continuation – ewing's sarcoma			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
Both:			
1 No evidence of disease progression; and			
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is bene	fitting from treatment.		
Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication. Te	mozolomide is not funded	for the tr	eatment of relapsed high
grade glioma.			
FHALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 50 mg		28	Thalomid
Cap 100 mg	756.00	28	Thalomid
→ Restricted (RS1192)			
nitiation			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Any of the following:			
<ol> <li>The patient has multiple myeloma; or</li> </ol>			
2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or			
3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.			
Continuation			
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a			
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in		gement p	rogramme operated by the
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in supplier	the thalidomide risk manag	gement p	rogramme operated by the
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combinati	the thalidomide risk manag	gement p	rogramme operated by the
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combinati ndication marked with * is an unapproved indication	the thalidomide risk manag	gement p	rogramme operated by the
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Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combinati ndication marked with * is an unapproved indication	the thalidomide risk manaç on therapy regimen	gement p 100	rogramme operated by the Vesanoid
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combinati ndication marked with * is an unapproved indication IRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	the thalidomide risk manaç on therapy regimen 479.50		
Continuation         Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the supplier         Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination dication marked with * is an unapproved indication         IRETINOIN         Cap 10 mg	the thalidomide risk manaç on therapy regimen 479.50 1,771.86	100 42	Vesanoid Venclexta
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combinati ndication marked with * is an unapproved indication IRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	the thalidomide risk manag on therapy regimen 479.50 1,771.86 13.68	100 42 2	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta
Continuation         Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in templier         Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination dication marked with * is an unapproved indication         TRETINOIN         Cap 10 mg         VENETOCLAX       - Restricted see terms below         Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg         Tab 10 mg	the thalidomide risk manag on therapy regimen 	100 42 2 14	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta
Continuation         Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a votes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in templier         Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination dication marked with * is an unapproved indication         TRETINOIN         Cap 10 mg         /ENETOCLAX         Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg         Tab 10 mg         Tab 50 mg	the thalidomide risk manag on therapy regimen 	100 42 2 14 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta
Continuation         Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a votes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in templier         Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination dication marked with * is an unapproved indication         TRETINOIN         Cap 10 mg	the thalidomide risk manag on therapy regimen 	100 42 2 14	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta
Continuation         Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a votes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in templier         Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination dication marked with * is an unapproved indication         TRETINOIN         Cap 10 mg	the thalidomide risk manag on therapy regimen 	100 42 2 14 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta
Continuation         Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a votes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the supplier         Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination dication marked with * is an unapproved indication         TRETINOIN         Cap 10 mg	the thalidomide risk manag on therapy regimen 	100 42 2 14 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in t supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combinati Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication IRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	the thalidomide risk manag on therapy regimen 	100 42 2 14 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in t supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combinati ndication marked with * is an unapproved indication IRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	the thalidomide risk manag on therapy regimen 	100 42 2 14 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta
Continuation Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial a Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in t supplier Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combinati Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication IRETINOIN Cap 10 mg	the thalidomide risk manag on therapy regimen 	100 42 2 14 7	Vesanoid Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta Venclexta

- 1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one prior therapy for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

#### Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.
- Initiation previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation\*

### Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion by FISH testing or TP53 mutation by sequencing; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

# Continuation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation\* Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)\* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)\*. Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

# **Platinum Compounds**

Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors		
OXALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – <b>5% DV Oct-23 to 2024</b>	1	Alchemy Oxaliplatin
CISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024	1	DBL Cisplatin
CARBOPLATIN Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial45.20	1	Carboplatin Ebewe

ALECTINIB	<ul> <li>Restricted see terms below</li> </ul>	

### → Restricted (RS1712)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyrosine kinase gene rearrangement using an appropriate ALK test; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria; and
- 2 The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Generic Manufacturer
DASATINIB – Restricted see terms below	Ŷ		manalaotaron
Tab 20 mg	2 774 06	60	Spricel
■ Tab 20 mg	,	60 60	Sprycel Sprycel
■ Tab 50 mg	,	60 60	
5	1,092.56	60	Sprycel
→ Restricted (RS1685) Initiation			
Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of	a haomatologist		
Re-assessment required after 6 months	anacinatologist		
Any of the following:			
1 Both:			
1.1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukae	mia (CML) in blact cris	eie or acce	lerated phase: and
1.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or			plase, and
2 Both:			
		اربعا امتعطم	and (Dh. All), and
2.1 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromosol	me-positive acute lym	phola leuk	(aemia (Pn+ ALL); and
2.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or			
3 All of the following:			
3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase;	and		
3.2 Maximum dose of 100 mg/day; and			
3.3 Any of the following:			
3.3.1 Patient has documented treatment failure* with			
3.3.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxic			
3.3.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML define			
3.3.4 Patients is enrolled in the KISS study** and rec	uires dasatinib treatm	ent accor	ding to the study protocol.
Continuation			
Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of	f a haematologist		
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
<ol> <li>Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib*; and</li> </ol>			
2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is be			
3 Maximum dasatinib dose of 140 mg/day for accelerated or bla	ast phase CML and Pl	n+ ALL, ar	nd 100 mg/day for chronic
phase CML.			
Note: *treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net Guide	elines. **Kinase-Inhib	ition Stud	y with Sprycel Start-up
https://www.cancertrialsnz.ac.nz/kiss/			
ERLOTINIB – Restricted see terms below			
	000 70	00	A lab array (

t	Tab 100 mg	329.70	30	Alchemy
t	Tab 150 mg	569.70	30	Alchemy
⇒	Restricted (RS1885)			

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
    - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
Continuation					
Re-assessment required after 6 months					
Both:		~ '			
1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indica	tes NSCL	C has	not pro	ogressed	d; and
2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months. Continuation – pandemic circumstances					
Re-assessment required after 6 months					
VII of the following:					
<ol> <li>The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continue</li> </ol>	d troatmor	nt rom	aine an	nronriat	e. and
2 Erlotinib to be discontinued at progression; and	a ilcainci	it icin	unio ap	φιοριίαι	c, and
3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVI	D-19 cons	traints	on the	health	sector
<b>o</b>		trainte	, on the	nounn	
GEFITINIB – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below Tab 250 mg		010 0	n	30	Iressa
► Restricted (RS1887)		910.0	0	30	llessa
nitiation					
Re-assessment required after 4 months					
All of the following:					
1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non	-sauamou	s Non	Small	Cell Lun	o Cancer (NSCLC): and
2 Either:	- 1		-		.g =
2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or					
2.2 Both:					
2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to inte	olerance; a	and			
2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib;	and				
3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses act	ivating mu	tation	s of EG	FR tyro	sine kinase; and
4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.					
Continuation					
Re-assessment required after 6 months					
Both:					
<ol> <li>Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indica</li> </ol>	tes NSCL	C has	not pro	ogressed	d; and
2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.					
Continuation – pandemic circumstances					
Re-assessment required after 6 months					
All of the following:					
1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continue	d treatmer	nt rem	ains ap	propriat	e; and
<ul><li>2 Gefitinib to be discontinued at progression; and</li><li>3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVII</li></ul>		trainta	on the	hoalth	contor
<b>o</b>	D-19 C0115	liainte		i ileaiui i	Seciol.
The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) is ful					
unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST only, see SA1460 Tab 100 mg				armace 60	divec
Frage rooming	∠,	400.0	0	00	GIIVEC
nitiation					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
Both:					
1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresect	able and	or mot	actatic	moliano	int apotrointectinal atram
r rationa ulaynosis (continued by an oncologist) of unresect		n met	asiallC	manyna	in yasuuniesinai siluna

tumour (GIST); and

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	Price (ex man. excl. GS <sup>*</sup> \$	<sup>-</sup> ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued	¥		
2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.			
Continuation			
Re-assessment required after 12 months Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber det Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) rr with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in	emains fully subsidise		
Cap 100 mg – <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</b> Cap 400 mg – <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</b> ( <i>Glivec Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 December 2023</i> )		60 30	Imatinib-Rex Imatinib-Rex
LAPATINIB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 250 mg → Restricted (RS1828) Initiation	1,899.00	70	Tykerb
For continuation use only. <b>Continuation</b> <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following:			
<ol> <li>The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 I and</li> <li>The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the p</li> <li>Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; ar</li> <li>Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.</li> </ol>	revious 12 months wl	-	
NILOTINIB – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Cap 150 mg ↓ Cap 200 mg	,	120 120	Tasigna Tasigna
Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 6 months</i> All of the following:			
<ol> <li>Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) i</li> <li>Either:</li> </ol>	in blast crisis, acceler	ated phase	e, or in chronic phase; and
<ul> <li>2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with in</li> <li>2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with</li> <li>3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and</li> <li>4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.</li> <li>Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.</li> <li>Continuation</li> </ul>		urther trea	tment with imatinib; and
Haematologist Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following: 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leuk 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is ben			
<ul><li>3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and</li><li>4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.</li></ul>	-		
PALBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 75 mg Tab 100 mg Tab 125 mg	4,000.00	21 21 21	Ibrance Ibrance Ibrance

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	(ex man	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1731)					
nitiation					
Medical oncologist					
Re-assessment required after 6 months					
All of the following:	- braast sonsor	un d			
<ol> <li>Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastati</li> <li>There is documentation confirming disease is hormone</li> <li>Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and</li> <li>Either:</li> </ol>			HER2-n	egative;	and
second or subsequent line setting					
<ul><li>4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prio</li><li>4.2 Both:</li></ul>	r endocrine thera	py; or			
first line setting					
4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally	or induced, with e	endoc	rine lev	els consi	istent with a postmenopausa
state; and					
4.2.2 Either:					
4.2.2.1 Patient has not received prior syst 4.2.2.2 All of the following:	emic treatment to	r met	astatic	disease;	or
4.2.2.2. All of the following: 4.2.2.2.1 Patient commenced treatme 1 April 2020; and	ent with palbocicli	b in c	ombina	tion with	an endocrine agent prior to
4.2.2.2.2 Patient has not received pri	or systemic endo	crine t	treatme	nt for me	etastatic disease: and
4.2.2.2.3 There is no evidence of pro					
5 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocr	-				
Continuation					
Medical oncologist					
Re-assessment required after 12 months					
All of the following:					
1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocr	ine partner; and				
2 No evidence of progressive disease; and					
3 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is be	enefitting from tre	atmer	nt.		
PAZOPANIB – Restricted see terms below					
Tab 200 mg				30	Votrient
Tab 400 mg	2,	669.4	0	30	Votrient
→ Restricted (RS1198) initiation					
Re-assessment required after 3 months					
All of the following:					
1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and					
2 Any of the following:					
2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or					

- 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
- 2.3 Both:
  - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
  - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:

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5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and

I	Price			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
- 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
- 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
- 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
- 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

#### RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 5 mg		56	Jakavi
t	Tab 10 mg		56	Jakavi
	Tab 15 mg		56	Jakavi
	Tab 20 mg		56	Jakavi
		-,		

#### → Restricted (RS1726)

#### Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; and
    - 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy; and
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

#### Continuation

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* 

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

#### SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 12.5 mg - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024	208.38	28	Sunitinib Pfizer
	Cap 25 mg - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024		28	Sunitinib Pfizer
t	Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024	694.62	28	Sunitinib Pfizer

# → Restricted (RS1886)

Initiation – RCC

*Re-assessment required after 3 months* All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
  - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
  - 2.4 Both:
    - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
  - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
  - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
  - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
  - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
  - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
  - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

#### Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

#### Initiation – GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and

2 Either:

- 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
- 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

#### Continuation – GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

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The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
  - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
  - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Continuation – GIST pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 Sunitinib is to be discontinued at progression; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

### Taxanes

DOCETAXEL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial – 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	24.91	1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL			
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	47.30	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial	24.00	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	26.69	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe

# Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects

### CALCIUM FOLINATE

Tab 15 mg		10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	9.49	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial	22.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial	25.14	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	72.00	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
DEXRAZOXANE – Restricted see terms below			

Inj 500 mg

D

### → Restricted (RS1695)

#### Initiation

Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediatric haematologist All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline given with curative intent; and
- 2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetime dose of anthracycline will exceed 250mg/m2 doxorubicin equivalent or greater; and
- 3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracycline treatment; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a child or young adult; or
  - 4.2 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for secondary malignancy.

#### MESNA

Tab 400 mg	50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg	50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule 177.45	15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	15	Uromitexan

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

e.g. Cardioxane

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Vinca Alkaloids			
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	270.37	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5 5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate DBL Vincristine Sulfate
VINORELBINE			
Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025 Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025 Cap 80 mg - 5% DV Oct-23 to 2025 Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial (Navelbine Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial to be delisted 1 October 2024, (Navelbine Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 October 2024,		1 1 1 1	Vinorelbine Te Arai Vinorelbine Te Arai Vinorelbine Te Arai Navelbine Navelbine
Endocrine Therapy			
ABIRATERONE ACETATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Tab 250 mg	4,276.19	120	Zytiga
<ol> <li>Patient has prostate cancer; and</li> <li>Patient has metastases; and</li> <li>Patient's disease is castration resistant; and</li> <li>Either:</li> </ol>			
4.1 All of the following:			
<ul><li>4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and</li><li>4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum</li><li>4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; a</li><li>4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxana</li></ul>	and	anti-andro	gen therapy; and
4.2 All of the following:			
<ul><li>4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior</li><li>4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; a</li><li>4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abirate</li></ul>	and	ning a taxa	ane; and
<b>Continuation</b> Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist <i>Re-assessment required after 6 months</i> All of the following:			
<ol> <li>Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and</li> <li>No evidence of clinical disease progression; and</li> <li>No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and</li> <li>The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiti</li> </ol>	ng from treatment.		

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Continuation – pandemic circumstances Re-assessment required after 6 months			
<ol> <li>All of the following:</li> <li>The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and con</li> <li>Abiraterone acetate to be discontinued at progression; an</li> <li>No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; an</li> </ol>	d d		
4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to 0	COVID-19 constraints on	the health	sector.
BICALUTAMIDE Tab 50 mg – <b>5% DV Dec-23 to 2026</b>	4.18	28	Binarex
EUTAMIDE Tab 250 mg		100	Flutamin
FULVESTRANT – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml prefilled syringe → Restricted (RS1732)	1,068.00	2	Faslodex
nitiation			
Iedical oncologist Re-assessment required after 6 months			
Il of the following:			
1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced	or metastatic breast cano	er and	
2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment			xifen for their locally
advanced or metastatic disease; and			,
3 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly follow	ing loading doses; and		
4 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.			
Continuation			
Aedical oncologist Re-assessment required after 6 months			
Il of the following:			
<ol> <li>Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting to the second se</li></ol>	rom treatment: and		
2 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly; and	ion actanone, and		
3 No evidence of disease progression.			
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		5	Max Health
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		5	Max Health
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024		5	Max Health
Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		1	Octreotide Depot Tev
Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024		1	Octreotide Depot Tev
<ul> <li>Inj depot 30 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1889)</li> </ul>		1	Octreotide Depot Tev

#### Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea\* and vomiting\* due to malignant bowel obstruction\*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

#### Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
  - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
  - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

#### Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

### Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or

2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or

- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
  - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
  - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

### Initiation - pre-operative acromegaly

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Patient has a large pituitary tumour, greater than 10 mm at its widest; and
- 3 Patient is scheduled to undergo pituitary surgery in the next six months.
- Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

### Continuation - Acromegaly - pandemic circumstances

### Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

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100

100

100 50 Tacrolimus Sandoz

Tacrolimus Sandoz Tacrolimus Sandoz

Tacrolimus Sandoz

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	1.01	manulaotaroi
	45.00	00	Towns if an Osmala -
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026		60	Tamoxifen Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	5.32	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz
Aromatase Inhibitors			
ANASTROZOLE			
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-23 to 2026	4.39	30	Anatrole
EXEMESTANE			
Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Nov-23 to 2026	9.86	30	Pfizer Exemestane
-		00	I HEET EXCHICICUTE
	5.04	00	Laturala
Tab 2.5 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	5.84	30	Letrole
Imaging Agents			
AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms	helow		
		1	Gliolan
Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial	44.000.00	10	Gliolan
➡ Restricted (RS1565)	44,000.00	10	Gilolan
Initiation – high grade malignant glioma			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiform	e: and		
2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resec			
3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.	uon, anu		
Immunosuppressants			
Calcineurin Inhibitors			
CICLOSPORIN			
Cap 25 mg		50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg		50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg		50	Neoral
Oral lig 100 mg per ml		50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below		-	
ACHOLINIUG - NESTINGEN SEE TEHHIS DEIDW			

TACROLIMUS - Res	stricted see	terms	bel	OW
------------------	--------------	-------	-----	----

t	Cap 0.5 mg	
t	Cap 0.75 mg	
t	Cap 1 mg	
	Cap 5 mg	
	hi Emanarmi 1 mi amnaula	

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1990)

### Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

# Initiation - non-transplant indications\*

Any specialist

Both:

1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and

	Price			Brand or
(ex r	nan. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

2 Either:

- 2.1 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
- 2.2 Patient is a child with nephrotic syndrome\*.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

# **Fusion Proteins**

#### ETANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg autoinjector - 5% DV Feb-21 to 2024	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 25 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 50 mg autoinjector - 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 50 mg syringe - 5% DV Sep-19 to 20241,050.00	4	Enbrel

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1879)

Initiation – polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.3 Any of the following:
    - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
    - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
    - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

### Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

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- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
  - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.3 Any of the following:
    - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
    - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
    - 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

### Continuation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baselinee; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

#### Initiation – Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 2.5 Either:
  - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
  - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Either:
  - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
  - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

#### Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

#### Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Fither:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
  - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
  - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
  - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 2.5 Either:
    - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

#### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

#### Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Either:

1 Both:

1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and

1.2 Either:

- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or secukinumab; or
- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
  - 2.4 Either:
    - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
    - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 2.5 Any of the following:
  - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
  - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

#### Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

#### Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

#### Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and

2 Either:

- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
- 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

#### Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
- 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

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#### Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Fither:

- 1.1 Both:
  - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
  - 1.1.2 Either:
    - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
    - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or

#### 1.2 Both:

- 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
- 1.2.2 Either:
  - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
  - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

#### Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum\*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.
- Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

### Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either: 1 Both:

- 1.1 Either:
  - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
  - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Te Whatu Ora Hospital; and

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- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
  - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

### Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

### Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

#### Initiation – undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis\* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
  - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and
- 2 Either:

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- 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

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# **Monoclonal Antibodies**

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

➡ Restricted (RS1202)

#### Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

#### ADALIMUMAB (AMGEVITA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026 190.00	1	Amgevita
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled pen - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026	2	Amgevita
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026 375.00	2	Amgevita

→ Restricted (RS1940)

#### Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease\* that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s); or
  - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatological and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatments appropriate for the particular symptom(s).

#### Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Initiation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and
- 3 Patient has 3 or more active lesions; and
- 4 The patient has a DLQI of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application.

### Continuation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 4 or more from baseline.

#### Initiation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Both:

1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and

1.2 Either:

1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or

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- 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Either:
    - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
    - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
  - 2.3 A PASI assessment or (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

#### Continuation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

#### Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 The patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
    - 2.2.2 The patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value.

#### Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Both:

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- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum\*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300 or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or

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- 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
- 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

#### Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed.

### Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

#### Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed.

#### Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
  - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
  - 2.3 Patient has complex peri-anal fistula; and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

### Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

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#### Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
  - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
  - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
  - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

#### Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

#### Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
  - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
  - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
  - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

#### Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or

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3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

### Initiation – ankylosing spondylitis

#### Rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
  - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis for more than six months; and
  - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
  - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiology imaging; and
  - 2.4 Patient has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more NSAIDs, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 2.5 Either:
    - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following BASMI measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
    - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender; and
  - 2.6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

#### Any relevant practitioner

### Re-assessment required after 2 years

For applications where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

### Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

#### Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
  - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.3 Either:
    - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or

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2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose).

### Continuation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

#### Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
  - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.3 Any of the following:
    - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
    - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
    - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

### Continuation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

### Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
  - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for psoriatic arthritis; or

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- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine or leflunomide at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
  - 2.4 Either:
    - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
    - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
  - 2.5 Any of the following:
    - 2.5.1 Patient has CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
    - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
    - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

#### Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

## Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

#### Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
  - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
  - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
  - 2.5 Either:
    - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
    - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of

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leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and

2.6 Either:

- 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

#### Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

#### Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept and/or tocilizumab for (AOSD); and
- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
  - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, NSAIDs and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

#### Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient's SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
  - 2.2 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

#### Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

*Re-assessment required after 2 years* Fither:

Either:

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- 1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
- 2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

## Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis\* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of each of methotrexate, sulphasalazine and leflunomide, at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 3.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 3.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Continuation – undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

# Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not responded adequately to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

#### Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

#### Any relevant practitioner

#### Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

## Initiation – inflammatory bowel arthritis – peripheral

Rheumatologist

#### Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and

	Price			Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate, or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
  - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

## Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

#### ADALIMUMAB (HUMIRA - ALTERNATIVE BRAND) - Restricted see terms below

,⊈ lr	nj 20 mg per 0.2 ml prefilled syringe	1,599.96	2	Humira
,⊈ lr	nj 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe	1,599.96	2	Humira
. ¶ Ir	ij 40 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled pen	1,599.96	2	HumiraPen
	ij 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen		2	HumiraPen
	ij 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe		2	Humira

(HumiraPen Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen to be delisted 1 March 2024)

(Humira Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe to be delisted 1 March 2024)

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1922)

#### Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner *Re-assessment required after 6 months* All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Behcet's disease - severe

#### Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response to treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
 \$	Per Manufacturer	

continued...

#### Initiation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* 

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

#### Continuation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and
- 3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

## Initiation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Psoriasis - severe chronic plaque

Dermatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a dermatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Both:
  - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
  - 1.1.2 Either:
    - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
    - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or

1.2 Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
- 1.2.2 Either:
  - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
  - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation – Pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and

4 A maximum of 8 doses.

#### Continuation – Pyoderma gangrenosum

#### Dermatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

1 The patient has demonstrated clinical improvement and continues to require treatment; and

2 A maximum of 8 doses.

#### Initiation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* 

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
  - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease - adult

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
- 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

## Initiation – Crohn's disease - children

- Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist
- Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
  - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation – Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
  - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and

2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

# Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
  - 1.3 Patient has Crohn's and is considered to be at risk of disease destabilisation if there were to be a change to current treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

## Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Either:

1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

## Initiation – Ocular inflammation – chronic

#### Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
  - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
  - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
  - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

#### Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with Amgevita, and a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; or
  - 1.3 Patient has uveitis and is considered to be at risk of vision loss if they were to change treatment; and
- 2 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

1 Any of the following:

1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- continued...
  - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
  - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and
  - 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* 

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita); and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

## Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

## Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

## Continuation – Arthritis – oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

## Initiation – Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
- 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

#### Continuation – Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

For patients that demonstrate at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

#### Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation – Arthritis – rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
  - 4.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

## Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* 

Both:

- 1 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days; or
  - 2.2 Patient cannot take concomitant methotrexate and requires doses of adalimumab higher than 40 mg every 14 days to maintain an adequate response.

## Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab (Amgevita) following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient has developed symptoms of loss of disease control following a minimum of 4 weeks treatment with adalimumab (Amgevita) and clinician attributes this loss of disease response to a change in treatment regimen; and
- 2 Patient has received a maximum of 6 months treatment with Amgevita; and
- 3 Patient has previously had a Special Authority approval for the Humira brand of adalimumab for this indication.

#### Continuation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has demonstrated a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 40 mg per ml, 0.1	I ml vial	1,250.00	1	Eylea
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➡ Restricted (RS1872)

#### Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

*Re-assessment required after 3 months* Either:

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
    - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
    - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and

1.2 Either:

- 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
- 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
- 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
- 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or

2 Either:

2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months; or

	Pri	rice			Brand or
(ex	x man. 🤅	excl.	GST)		Generic
	9	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2 Patient has previously\* (\*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment.

## Continuation – Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

#### Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
- 2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
- 3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomography) subfield > 350 micrometers; and
- 5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy.

# **Continuation – Diabetic Macular Oedema**

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

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- 1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and
- 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction in intra-retinal cysts, central retinal thickness, and sub-retinal fluid); and
- 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy; and
- 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, patient has retrialled with at least one injection of bevacizumab and had no response.

#### BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 20 mg vial	1	Simulect
➡ Restricted (RS1203)		
Initiation		
For use in solid organ transplants.		
BENRALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled pen	1	Fasenra
→ Restricted (RS1920)		
Initiation – Severe eosinophilic asthma		
Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist		
Re-assessment required after 12 months		
All of the following:		

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
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- continued...
  - 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than  $0.5 \times 10^{\circ}9$  cells/L in the last 12 months; and
  - 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long-acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the anti-inflammatory reliever therapy plus maintenance regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
  - 6 Either:
    - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids; or
    - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months; and
  - 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised mepolizumab; and
  - 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
  - 9 Either:
    - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
    - 9.2 Both:
      - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
      - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

# Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

## Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with benralizumab; or
  - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

#### BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1691)

#### Initiation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.

## **Continuation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis**

Otolaryngologist

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses: and
- 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and
- 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease regrowth as a result of treatment.

continued Initiation - ocular conditions Either:  1 Coular neovascularisation; or 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy. CASIRVIMAB AND IMDEVIMAB - Restricted see terms below I Inj 120 mg per mi casirivimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per ml Imdevimab and indevimab is 0 COVID-19; and 2 The patient is profoundly immunccompromised* and is at risk of not having mounted an adequate response to vaccination against COVID-19 rusecinated; and 4 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and 5 Any relevant practitioner Limited to 2 weeks treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and 2 Patient is an in-patient in hospital with mild to moderate disease severity*; and 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and 4 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and 5 Any of the following: 1 Patient is an in-patient in hospital with mild to moderate disease severity*; and 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and 5 Any of the following: 1 1 Ag > 5 Alor of 1 3 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanical ventilation; and 5 Any of the followin		Price (ex man. excl. GS <sup>-</sup> \$	Г) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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<ul> <li>continued</li> <li>1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell of 2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and 3 Patient has good performance status; and</li> <li>4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.</li> </ul>	cancer of th	ne hea	ad and	neck; an	d
GEMTUZUMAB OZOGAMICIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 5 mg vial		973.0	0	1	Mylotarg
<ul> <li>Patient has not received prior chemotherapy for this contactor</li> <li>Patient has de novo CD33-positive acute myeloid leukaemia;</li> <li>Patient does not have acute promyelocytic leukaemia; and</li> <li>Gemtuzumab ozogamicin will be used in combination with sta</li> <li>Patient is being treated with curative intent; and</li> <li>Patient is disease risk has been assessed by cytogenetic testii</li> <li>Patient must be considered eligible for standard intensive rem and cytarabine (AraC); and</li> <li>Gemtuzumab ozogamicin to be funded for one course only (o 5 mg as separate doses).</li> <li>Note: Acute myeloid leukaemia excludes acute promyelocytic leukae another haematological disorder (eq myelodysplasia or myeloprolifer)</li> </ul>	and ndard anth ng to be go iission indu ne dose at emia and ad	od or ction 3 mg cute n	intermo chemo per m <sup>2</sup>	ediate; ai therapy v body sui	nd vith standard anthracycline face area or up to 2 vials of
INFLIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mg – 5% DV Sep-20 to 2025		,	0	1	Remicade
<ol> <li>The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for at 2 Either:</li> <li>2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and</li> <li>3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy toxicity or intolerance.</li> </ol>	om a reaso d/or etanero	nable cept, t	trial of he pati	adalimur ent did n	nab and/or etanercept; or ot meet the renewal criteria
Continuation – rheumatoid arthritis Rheumatologist <i>Re-assessment required after 6 months</i> All of the following: 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy toxicity or intolerance; and 2 Either:	y or monoth	nerapy	y where	e use of r	nethotrexate is limited by

2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or

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- 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

## Initiation – ankylosing spondylitis

#### Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
  - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

#### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

#### Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

#### Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

#### Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab; or
  - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis.

# Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

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1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
- 1.2 Either:

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- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
  - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
  - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
  - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

## Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

#### Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

*Re-assessment required after 4 months* Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and
- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
  - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
  - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
  - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose; or
  - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

# Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of

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Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or

3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

#### Initiation – Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

## Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
  - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
  - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

## Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Any relevant practitioner

- *Re-assessment required after 2 years* Both:
  - 1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
    - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
    - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
  - 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

## Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids.

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## Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Any relevant practitioner

*Re-assessment required after 2 years* Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
  - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

#### Initiation – fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
  - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
  - 2.3 Patient has complete peri-anal fistula.

## Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

#### Initiation - acute fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

*Limited to 6 weeks* treatment Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

#### Continuation - fulminant ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

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#### Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patients SCCAI is greater than or equal to 4; or
  - 2.2 Patients PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20; and
- 3 Patient has experienced an inadequate response to, or intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids.

## Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
- 1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

#### Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

*Re-assessment required after 3 doses* Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 1.2 Either:
  - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab; or
  - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Either:
    - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
    - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
  - 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
  - 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

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Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment. **Continuation – plaque psoriasis** 

#### Dermatologist

*Re-assessment required after 3 doses* Both:

#### 1 Either:

- 1.1 Both:
  - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
  - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
  - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
  - 1.2.2 Either:
    - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
    - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

#### Neurologist

- Re-assessment required after 18 months
- All of the following:
  - 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
  - 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
  - 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
  - 4 Either:
    - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
    - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

#### Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

*Re-assessment required after 18 months* Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
  - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and
  - 2.3 Either:
    - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
    - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

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#### Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
  - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

#### Notes:

- a) Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- b) Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

# Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and

2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum\*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

#### Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

#### Initiation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has had axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has unequivocal sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging or MRI; and
- 5 Patient has not experienced an adequate response to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 Patient has a BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any

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previous pharmacological treatment .

#### Continuation – Inflammatory bowel arthritis (axial)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10-point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

## Initiation – Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of methotrexate or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not experienced a response to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

#### Continuation - Inflammatory bowel arthritis (peripheral)

*Re-assessment required after 2 years* Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, patient has experienced at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient has experienced at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

#### MEPOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg prefilled pen1,638.00	1	Nucala
t	Inj 100 mg vial1,638.00	1	Nucala
/NI	ucala Ini 100 mg vial to be delisted 1 August 2024)		

(Nucala Inj 100 mg vial to be delisted 1 August 2024) → Restricted (RS1918)

Restricted (RS1918)

Initiation – Severe eosinophilic asthma Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than  $0.5 \times 10^{\circ}$  cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the single maintenance and reliever therapy regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and

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- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids; or
  - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months; and
- 7 Treatment is not to be used in combination with subsidised benralizumab; and
- 8 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment; and
- 9 Either:
  - 9.1 Patient has not previously received an anti-IL5 biological therapy for their severe eosinophilic asthma; or
  - 9.2 Both:
    - 9.2.1 Patient was refractory or intolerant to previous anti-IL5 biological therapy; and
    - 9.2.2 Patient was not eligible to continue treatment with previous anti-IL5 biological therapy and discontinued within 12 months of commencing treatment.

#### Continuation – Severe eosinophilic asthma

- Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist
- Re-assessment required after 2 years

## Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with mepolizumab; or
  - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg per ml, 40 ml vial	5,910.00	1	Gazyva
⇒	Restricted (RS1919)			

#### Initiation

Haematologist Limited to 6 months treatment All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts\* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL; and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

\* greater than or equal to  $1.5 \times 10^{9}$ /L and platelets greater than or equal to  $75 \times 10^{9}$ /L

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### Initiation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient has follicular lymphoma; or
- 1.2 Patient has marginal zone lymphoma; and
- 2 Patient is refractory to or has relapsed within 12 months of a rituximab containing combined chemo-immunotherapy regimen\*; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2; and
- 4 Patient has been previously treated with no more than four chemotherapy regimens; and
- 5 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 1000 mg for a maximum of 6 cycles in combination with chemotherapy\*.

Note: \* includes unapproved indications

## Continuation - follicular / marginal zone lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has no evidence of disease progression following obinutuzumab induction therapy; and
- 2 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum of 1000 mg every 2 months for a maximum of 2 years; and
- 3 Obinutuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe450.00	) 1	Xolair
	Inj 150 mg vial		Xolair
	Destricted (DO1050)		

# → Restricted (RS1652)

# Initiation – severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older ; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and 50 Fitherap.
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
  - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

## Continuation – severe asthma

Respiratory specialist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	Г)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

#### Initiation – severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
    - 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
  - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
  - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response\* following 4 doses; or
  - 4.2 Complete response\* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

#### Continuation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has previously had a complete response\* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response\* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and
  - 2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: \*Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

#### PALIVIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

 Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial......
 1,700.00
 1
 Synagis

(Synagis Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial to be delisted 1 January 2024)

→ Restricted (RS1907)

# Initiation – RSV prophylaxis for the 2022/2023 RSV seasons, in the context of COVID-19 Paediatrician

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Fither:

1 Infant was born in the last 2 years and has severe lung, airway, neurological or neuromuscular disease that requires ongoing, life-sustaining community ventilation; or

2 Both:

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- 2.1 Infant was born in the last 12 months; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
  - 2.2.1 Patient was born at less than 28 weeks gestation; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 2.2.2 Both:
  - 2.2.2.1 Patient was born at less than 32 weeks gestation; and
  - 2.2.2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.2.2.1 Patient has chronic lung disease; or
    - 2.2.2.2.2 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity; or
- 2.2.3 Both:
  - 2.2.3.1 Patient has haemodynamically significant heart disease; and
  - 2.2.3.2 Any of the following:
    - 2.2.3.2.1 Patient has unoperated simple congenital heart disease with significant left to right shunt (see note a); or
    - 2.2.3.2.2 Patient has unoperated or surgically palliated complex congenital heart disease; or
    - 2.2.3.2.3 Patient has severe pulmonary hypertension (see note b); or
    - 2.2.3.2.4 Patient has moderate or severe LV failure (see note c).

#### Notes:

- Patient requires/will require heart failure medication, and/or patient has significant pulmonary hypertension, and/or patient will require surgical palliation/definitive repair within the next 3 months.
- b) Mean pulmonary artery pressure more than 25 mmHg.
- c) LV Ejection Fraction less than 40%.

# Continuation - RSV prophylaxis for the 2022/2023 RSV seasons, in the context of COVID-19

#### Paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Patient still meets initial criteria.

PERTUZUMAB – Restricted see terms below		
Inj 30 mg per ml, 14 ml vial	 1	Perjeta
➡ Restricted (RS1995)		

#### Initiation

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### Continuation

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
  - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
  - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

## RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1870)

# Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
    - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
    - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
    - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
  - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
  - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

#### Continuation – Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

## RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1,0	075.50	2	Mabthera
1	lni 10 mg per ml. 50 ml vial 26	688 30	1	Mabthera

#### → Restricted (RS1785)

## Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

#### Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
- 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

#### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
  - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
  - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
  - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
  - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
  - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

#### Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

#### Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

#### Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

#### Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

#### RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	275.33	2	Riximyo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	688.20	1	Riximyo

#### → Restricted (RS1973)

#### Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

#### Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

#### Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

#### Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

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- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder\*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

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	\$	Per	Manufacturer

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#### Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder\*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

# Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia\*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

- Either: 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia\* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
  - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or

2 Both:

- The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia\* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. \*Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

## Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia\*

## Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia\* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. \*Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant. Initiation – aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
  - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
  - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.
- Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

# Continuation – aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

# Initiation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

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	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
    - 2.2.2 Both:
      - 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
      - 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
  - 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; or
  - 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

# Continuation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
  - 1.2 All of the following:
    - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
    - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
    - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
    - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and
- 2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

## Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist *Re-assessment required after 8 weeks* All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease\*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

*Re-assessment required after 8 weeks* Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

# Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

#### Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia\*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre; or
  - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and

- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
  - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
  - Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Continuation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

#### Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

#### Haematologist

*Re-assessment required after 8 weeks* Both:

- 1 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
  - 2.2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

# Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.
- Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia\* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

## Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia\* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

# Initiation – ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis\*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
  - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
  - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
  - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
- 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

## Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

# Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

# Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis\*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE\*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and Maximum of four 1000 ms infusions of citiwing between the second se
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

# Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Continuation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

#### Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE\* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Initiation – Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection\*.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

continued...

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued	patible organ transplant
	ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant*.
	ed with * are unapproved indications.
	endent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)
Nephrologist	
Re-assessment required	1 after 8 weeks
All of the following:	
2 Treatment with st	with SDNS* or FRNS*; and teroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid
toxicity; and 3 Treatment with ci	iclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable
side effects; and	
	hycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and ab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m <sup>2</sup> of body surface area per week for a total of
Note: Indications marke	ed with a * are unapproved indications.
Continuation – Steroid Nephrologist	dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)
Re-assessment required All of the following:	1 after 8 weeks
2 Treatment with ri condition has rela	previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and tuximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the apsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and ab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m <sup>2</sup> of body surface area per week for a total of
Note: Indications marke	ed with a * are unapproved indications.
	istant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)
Nephrologist	
<i>Re-assessment required</i> All of the following:	1 after 8 weeks
•	with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective;
2 Treatment with ta	acrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
	of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
<ol> <li>The total rituxima 4 weeks.</li> </ol>	ab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m <sup>2</sup> of body surface area per week for a total of
	ed with a * are unapproved indications.
Continuation – Steroid Nephrologist	resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)
Re-assessment required All of the following:	1 after 8 weeks
2 Treatment with ri but the condition	previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and tuximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and be deep used would not accessed the activity and to 25 mo/m <sup>2</sup> of body surface area per work for a total of

- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.
- Note: Indications marked with a \* are unapproved indications.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price	)		Brand or
(6	ex man. exc	d. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Initiation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
  - 2.2 All of the following:
    - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD; and
    - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
    - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

### Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

### Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
    - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

### Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
    - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

### Initiation – Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
  - 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab.

### Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 × 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

### Initiation – graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

### Initiation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

### Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- All of the following:
  - 1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and
  - 2 Either:
    - 2.1 Both:
      - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
      - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
    - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
  - 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

#### Continuation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

#### Initiation – anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
    - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
  - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

### Continuation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and
- 4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

### Initiation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
  - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

### Continuation – CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

### Initiation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has biopsy-proven primary/idiopathic membranous nephropathy\*; or
  - 1.2 Patient has PLA2 antibodies with no evidence of secondary cause, and an eGFR of > 60ml/min/1.73m2; and

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl	GST)	_	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient remains at high risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease despite more than 3 months of treatment with conservative measures (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

### Continuation – Membranous nephropathy

### Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for membranous nephropathy\*; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful, but the condition has relapsed, and the patient now requires repeat treatment; or
  - 2.2 Patient achieved partial response to treatment and requires repeat treatment (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Notes:

- a) Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.
- b) High risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease defined as > 5g/day proteinuria.
- c) Conservative measures include renin-angiotensin system blockade, blood-pressure management, dietary sodium and protein restriction, treatment of dyslipidaemia, and anticoagulation agents unless contraindicated or the patient has experienced intolerable side effects.
- d) Partial response defined as a reduction of proteinuria of at least 50% from baseline, and between 0.3 grams and 3.5 grams per 24 hours.

### Initiation - B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma\*

Limited to 2 years treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma\*; and
- 2 Treatment must be in combination with an intensive chemotherapy protocol with curative intent; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 per dose for a maximum of 18 doses.
- Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - desensitisation prior to transplant

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient requires desensitisation prior to mismatched allogenic stem cell transplant\*; and
- 2 Patient would receive no more than two doses at 375 mg/m2 of body-surface area.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - pemiphigus\*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has severe rapidly progressive pemphigus; and
  - 1.2 Is used in combination with systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day); and
  - 1.3 Any of the following:
    - 1.3.1 Skin involvement is at least 5% body surface area; or
    - 1.3.2 Significant mucosal involvement (10 or more mucosal erosions) or diffuse gingivitis or confluent large erosions; or
    - 1.3.3 Involvement of two or more mucosal sites; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has pemphigus; and
- 2.2 Patient has not experienced adequate clinical benefit from systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day) in combination with a steroid sparing agent, unless contraindicated.
- Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation - pemiphigus\*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has experienced adequate clinical benefit from rituximab treatment, with improvement in symptoms and healing of skin ulceration and reduction in corticosteroid requirement; and
- 2 Patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

### Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation – immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD\*)

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of IgG4-RD\*; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs for at least 3 months has been ineffective in lowering corticosteroid dose below 5 mg per day (prednisone equivalent) without relapse; or
  - 2.2 Treatment with corticosteroids and/or disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs is contraindicated or associated with evidence of toxicity or intolerance; and
- 3 Total rituximab dose used should not exceed a maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.
- Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation - immunoglobulin G4-related disease (IgG4-RD\*)

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Treatment with rituximab for IgG4-RD\* was previously successful and patient's disease has demonstrated sustained response, but the condition has relapsed; or
  - 1.2 Patient is receiving maintenance treatment for IgG4-RD\*; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### SECUKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe	1	Cosentyx
1,599.00	2	Cosentyx
➡ Restricted (RS1863)		

### Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a Te Whatu Ora Hospital, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and

2 Either:

2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

### Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

#### *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
  - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
  - 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

### Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
  - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

### Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

### Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

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1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
- 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

#### Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 3 months* Both:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and 2 Either:

- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
- 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks initial treatment of secukinumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-secukinumab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefitted from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 150 mg monthly.

### Initiation – psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- Either:
  - 1 Both:
    - 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; and
    - 1.2 Either:
      - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
      - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; or
  - 2 All of the following:
    - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
    - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
    - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
    - 2.4 Either:
      - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
      - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
    - 2.5 Any of the following:
      - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
      - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
      - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

#### Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Both:

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior secukinumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

SILTUXIMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg vial		• <b>j</b> · · • · · ·	
Inj 400 mg vial	31	Sylvant	
➡ Restricted (RS1525)			
Initiation			
Haematologist or rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 6 months			
All of the following:			
<ol> <li>Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease</li> </ol>	e; and		
2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and			
3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 we	eks.		
Continuation			
Haematologist or rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in infla	immatory n	narkers and functiona	al status.
TIXAGEVIMAB WITH CILGAVIMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial with cilgavimab 100 mg per ml,1.5 ml vial0.00	) 1	Evusheld	
→ Restricted (RS1911)			
Initiation			
Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/Evusheld). Note			narmac's
approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac website for more information ab	out this and	d stock availability.	
TOCILIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial		Actemra	
Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	0 1	Actemra	
Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	0 1	Actemra	
➡ Restricted (RS1924)			
Initiation – cytokine release syndrome			
Therapy limited to 3 doses			
Either:			
1 All of the following:			
1.1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1731 tria	l; and		
1.2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome ass	ociated wit	h the administration	of

- 1.2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 1.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg, maximum of 12 mg/kg); or
- 2 All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research Phase I ENABLE trial; and
- 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or CAR T-Cell Related Encephalopathy Syndrome (CRES) associated with the administration of CAR T-cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and
- 2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS and CRES for CAR T-cell therapy (Neelapu et al. Nat Rev Clin Oncol 2018;15:47-62) at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

### Initiation – previous use

Any relevant practitioner Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis; or
  - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
  - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease; or
  - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
  - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

### Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
  - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Te Whatu Ora Hospital; and 3.2.2 Either:
      - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
      - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

### Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
  - 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
  - 5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

6 Either:

- 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

### Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

### Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* 

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Either:
    - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
    - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a Te Whatu Ora Hospital; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

### Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:

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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
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#### continued...

- 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.3 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.4 Any of the following:
  - 2.4.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
  - 2.4.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
  - 2.4.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

#### Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* 

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

### Initiation – moderate to severe COVID-19

Therapy limited to 1 dose

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8mg/kg IV for a maximum of one dose; and
- 5 Tocilizumab is not to be administered in combination with barcitinib.

### **Continuation – Rheumatoid Arthritis**

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

#### Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

### Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

### Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

### Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

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(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

### Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* 

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

#### TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial1,350.00	1	Herceptin
t	Inj 440 mg vial	1	Herceptin

### ➡ Restricted (RS1996)

### Initiation – Early breast cancer

### Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

#### Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

Either:

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- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or 1.2.2 Both:
      - 1.2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerable side effects; and
      - 1.2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
  - 1.3 Either:
    - 1.3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
    - 1.3.2 All of the following:
      - 1.3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
      - 1.3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
      - 1.3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
  - 1.4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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#### continued...

- 1.5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab in the metastatic setting for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
  - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
  - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

### Initiation - Metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

### Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and

#### 3 Either:

- 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
- 3.2 All of the following:
  - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
  - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
  - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

### Continuation - Metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
  - 1.2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
  - 1.3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
  - 1.4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with trastuzumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
  - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
  - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with trastuzumab.

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All of the following:

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- 1 Patient has early breast cancer expressing HER2 IHC3+ or ISH+; and
- 2 Documentation of pathological invasive residual disease in the breast and/or auxiliary lymph nodes following completion of surgery; and
- 3 Patient has completed systemic neoadjuvant therapy with trastuzumab and chemotherapy prior to surgery; and
- 4 Disease has not progressed during neoadjuvant therapy; and
- 5 Patient has left ventricular ejection fraction of 45% or greater; and
- 6 Adjuvant treatment with trastuzumab emtansine to be commenced within 12 weeks of surgery; and
- 7 Trastuzumab emtansine to be discontinued at disease progression; and
- 8 Total adjuvant treatment duration must not exceed 42 weeks (14 cycles).

### Initiation - metastatic breast cancer

### Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and

3 Either:

- 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease\*; or
- 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy\*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and

5 Either:

- 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
- 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Patient has not received prior funded trastuzumab emtansine treatment; and
- 7 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

### Continuation – metastatic breast cancer

# Re-assessment required after 6 months

- Both:
  - 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine; and
  - 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: \*Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

#### USTEKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 130 mg vial4,162.00	1	Stelara
t	Inj 90 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe4,162.00	1	Stelara

➡ Restricted (RS1942)

### Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Either:

1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2.2 Either:
  - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for Crohn's disease and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or

2.2.2 Both:

2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and

Price		Brand or
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2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
  - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to be administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation - Crohn's disease - children\*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
    - 2.2.2 Both:
      - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for Crohn's disease; and
      - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for Crohn's disease are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

### Continuation - Crohn's disease - children\*

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
  - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Ustekinumab to administered at a dose no greater than 90 mg every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

### Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient is currently on treatment with ustekinumab commenced prior to 1 February 2023 and met all remaining criteria (criterion 2) below at the time of commencing treatment; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy for ulcerative colitis and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria; or
    - 2.2.2 Both:
      - 2.2.2.1 Patient meets the initiation criteria for prior biologic therapies for ulcerative colitis; and
      - 2.2.2.2 Other biologics for ulcerative colitis are contraindicated.

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continued...

#### Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or
- 1.2 PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy\*; and
- $2\;$  Ustekinumab will be used at a dose no greater than 90 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Criterion marked with \* is for an unapproved indication.

### VEDOLIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 300 mg vial3,313.00	1	Entyvio

⇒ Restricted (RS1943)

## Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
  - 2.2 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300, or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
  - 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
  - 2.4 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
  - 2.5 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

### Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points, or HBI score has reduced by 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
  - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300 mg every 8 weeks.

### Initiation - Crohn's disease - children\*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
  - 2.2 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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#### continued...

- 2.3 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

### Continuation - Crohn's disease - children\*

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from when the patient was initiated on biologic therapy; or
  - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has experienced an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Vedolizumab to administered at a dose no greater than 300mg every 8 weeks.
- Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

### Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had an initial approval for prior biologic therapy and has experienced intolerable side effects or insufficient benefit to meet renewal criteria (unless contraindicated); or
  - 2.2 Patient has a SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
  - 2.3 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 20\*; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried but experienced an inadequate response to (including lack of initial response and/or loss of initial response) from prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.2 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from immunomodulators and corticosteroids; or
  - 3.3 Immunomodulators and corticosteroids are contraindicated.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

### Continuation – ulcerative colitis

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

1 Either:

1.1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy; or

1.2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 10 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on biologic therapy \*; and

2 Vedolizumab will be used at a dose no greater than 300 mg intravenously every 8 weeks.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors			
ATEZOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 60 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Tecentriq	
An of the following.			continued

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- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 3 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 4 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has documented disease progression following treatment with at least two cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Atezolizumab is to be used as monotherapy at a dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 7 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

#### Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer second line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist *Re-assessment required after 4 months* 

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Atezolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 1200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with atezolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

#### DURVALUMAB - Restricted see terms below

nj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	4,700.00	1	Imfinzi
nj 50 mg per ml, 2.4 ml vial	1,128.00	1	Imfinzi

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1926)

### Initiation - Non-small cell lung cancer

Medical oncologist

1

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically or cytologically documented stage III, locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Patient has received two or more cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy concurrently with definitive radiation therapy; and
- 3 Patient has no disease progression following the second or subsequent cycle of platinum-based chemotherapy with definitive radiation therapy treatment; and
- 4 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0 or 1; and
- 5 Patient has completed last radiation dose within 8 weeks of starting treatment with durvalumab; and
- 6 Patient must not have received prior PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitor therapy for this condition; and

7 Either:

- 7.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
- 7.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg every 4 weeks; and
- 8 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease progression.

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Continuation – Non-small cell lung cancer			
Medical oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			
All of the following:			
<ol> <li>The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is</li> <li>Either:</li> </ol>	benefitting from treat	ment; and	I
<ul> <li>2.1 Durvalumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no gree</li> <li>2.2 Durvalumab is to be used at a flat dose of 1500 mg events</li> <li>3 Treatment with durvalumab to cease upon signs of disease present 4 Total continuous treatment duration must not exceed 12 month</li> </ul>	ery 4 weeks; and ogression; and	every 2 we	eks; or
NIVOLUMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	1,051.98	1	Opdivo
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	2,629.96	1	Opdivo
→ Restricted (RS1891)			
Initiation Medical oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 4 months			
All of the following:			
<ol> <li>Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding u 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST versio 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and</li> </ol>		and	
4 Either:			
<ul> <li>4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or</li> <li>4.2 Both:</li> </ul>			
4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treat	ment due to intoleran	ice; and	nd has discontinued
4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient w	as on pembrolizumab	; and	
<ul><li>5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documente</li><li>6 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed</li></ul>		at funded	treatment with nivolumab w

not be continued if their disease progresses.

### Continuation

Medical oncologist *Re-assessment required after 4 months* Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
    - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
    - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has not progressed clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documented in patient notes; and
  - 1.3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
  - 1.4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and

2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Measurable disease includes by CT or MRI imaging or caliper measurement by clinical exam. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks. Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target) must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

### PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

### Initiation

Medical oncologist

### Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
  - 4.2 Both:
    - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 6 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with
- pembrolizumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

### Continuation

Medical oncologist

*Re-assessment required after 4 months* Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
    - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or

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- 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 1.2 Patient's disease has not progressed clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documented in patient notes; and
- 1.3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 1.4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
  - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
  - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Measurable disease includes by CT or MRI imaging or caliper measurement by clinical exam. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks. Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target) must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

### Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

### Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 Patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used as monotherapy; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 50% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; or
  - 6.2 Both:
    - 6.2.1 There is documentation confirming the disease expresses PD-L1 at a level greater than or equal to 1% as determined by a validated test unless not possible to ascertain; and
    - 6.2.2 Chemotherapy is determined to be not in the best interest of the patient based on clinician assessment; and
- 7 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 8 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and

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continued...

9 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

#### Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line monotherapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

### Initiation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 The patient has not had chemotherapy for their disease in the palliative setting; and
- 3 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor for NSCLC; and
- 4 For patients with non-squamous histology there is documentation confirming that the disease does not express activating mutations of EGFR or ALK tyrosine kinase unless not possible to ascertain; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG 0-2; and
- 7 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent) for a maximum of 16 weeks; and
- 8 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented clinically and radiologically.

### Continuation - non-small cell lung cancer first-line combination therapy

Medical oncologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment; or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment; or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease; and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by comparable radiologic assessment following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab to be used at a maximum dose of 200 mg every three weeks (or equivalent); and
- 6 Treatment with pembrolizumab to cease after a total duration of 24 months from commencement (or equivalent of 35 cycles dosed every 3 weeks).

### Other Immunosuppressants

### ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE)

Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	2,774.48	5	ATGAM
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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT)			
Inj 25 mg vial			
AZATHIOPRINE			
Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Apr-23 to 2025		60	Azamun
Tab 50 mg – <b>5% DV Mar-23 to 2025</b> Inj 50 mg vial	8.10	100	Azamun
Inj 100 mg vial			
, ,	holow		
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) – <b>Restricted</b> see terms ↓ Inj 2-8 × 10 <sup>-8</sup> CFU vial		1	OncoTICE
→ Restricted (RS1206)		I	ONCOTIOL
Initiation			
For use in bladder cancer.			
EVEROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below			
I Tab 5 mg	4,555.76	30	Afinitor
Tab 10 mg	6,512.29	30	Afinitor
➡ Restricted (RS1811)			
Initiation			
Neurologist or oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:			
<ol> <li>Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and</li> <li>Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant c</li> </ol>	ell astrocutomas (SEGA	c) that roou	ire treatment
Continuation		is) inai iequ	
Neurologist or oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation b	y MRI within the last 3 r	nonths; and	
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is bene			
3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.			
MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL			
Tab 500 mg		50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg		100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml		165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial		4	CellCept
PICIBANIL			
Inj 100 mcg vial			
SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
I Tab 1 mg	749.99	100	Rapamune
Tab 2 mg		100	Rapamune
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		60 ml	Rapamune
➡ Restricted (RS1991)			
Initiation For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.			
Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inl	nibitor treatment as defir	ned by refra	ctory rejection: or intolerant

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min; or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- · Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- HUS or TTP; or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- Significant malignant disease

#### Initiation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations\*

### Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformation\*; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Malformations are not adequately controlled by sclerotherapy and surgery; or
  - 2.2 Malformations are widespread/extensive and sclerotherapy and surgery are not considered clinically appropriate; or
  - 2.3 Sirolimus is to be used to reduce malformation prior to consideration of surgery; and
- 3 Patient is being treated by a specialist lymphovascular malformation multi-disciplinary team; and
- 4 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1 (see Note).

### Continuation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations\*

#### Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had either a complete response or a partial response to treatment, or patient has stable disease according to RECIST version 1.1 (see Note); or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has stabilised or responded clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documents in patient notes; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47)

### Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

### Initiation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex\*

Nephrologist or urologist

### Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex\*; and
- 2 Evidence of renal angiomyolipoma(s) measuring 3 cm or greater and that have shown interval growth.

### Continuation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex\*

#### Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of renal angiomyolipoma reduction or stability by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound; and
- 2 Demonstrated stabilisation or improvement in renal function; and
- 3 The patient has not experienced angiomyolipoma haemorrhage or significant adverse effects to sirolimus treatment; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.
- Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

### Initiation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex\*

Neurologist

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### Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has epilepsy with a background of documented tuberous sclerosis complex\*; and

(	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
					_

#### continued...

2 Either:

- 2.1 Both:
  - 2.1.1 Vigabatrin has been trialled and has not adequately controlled seizures; and
  - 2.1.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least two of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); or
- 2.2 Both:
  - 2.2.1 Vigabatrin is contraindicated; and
  - 2.2.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least three of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); and
- 3 Seizures have a significant impact on quality of life; and
- 4 Patient has been assessed and surgery is considered inappropriate for this patient, or the patient has been assessed and would benefit from mTOR inhibitor treatment prior to surgery.

Note: Those of childbearing potential are not required to trial phenytoin sodium, sodium valproate, and topiramate. Those who can father children are not required to trial sodium valproate.

#### Continuation – refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex\* Neurologist

iveurologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

demonstrated significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate (e.g. 50% reduction in seizure frequency) or severity and/or patient quality of life compared with baseline prior to starting sirolimus treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

## **JAK** inhibitors

BARICITINIB – Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 2 mg	0.00	28	Olumiant	
Tab 4 mg		28	Olumiant	
→ Restricted (RS1876)				
Initiation – moderate to severe COVID-19*				
Limited to 14 days treatment				
All of the following:				
1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19*; and				
2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental or	xygen; and			
3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corti			licated; and	
4 Baricitinib is to be administered at doses no greater than 4 mg daily for	or up to 14 day	s; and		
5 Baricitinib is not to be administered in combination with tocilizumab.				
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.				
UPADACITINIB – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 15 mg	1,271.00	28	RINVOQ	
➡ Restricted (RS1861)				
Initiation – Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalir	numab or etai	nercept)		
Rheumatologist				
Limited to 6 months treatment				
All of the following:				
1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimum	hab and/or etar	nercept fo	r rheumatoid arthri	tis; and

2 Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

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- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
- 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a Te Whatu Ora Hospital; and 3.2.2 Either:
      - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
      - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

### **Continuation – Rheumatoid Arthritis**

Rheumatologist

*Re-assessment required after 6 months* Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

		Price excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiallergy Preparations				
Allergic Emergencies				
ADRENALINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 0.15 mg per 0.3 ml auto-injector - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025 Inj 0.3 mg per 0.3 ml auto-injector - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025 → Restricted (RS1944) Initiation - anaphylaxis Either:			1 1	Epipen Jr Epipen
<ol> <li>Patient has experienced a previous anaphylactic reaction which department; or</li> <li>Patient has been assessed to be at significant risk of anaphylax</li> </ol>				to a hospital or emergency
CATIBANT – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe → Restricted (RS1501) Initiation	2,6	668.00	1	Firazyr
Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> Both: 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-ph angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upor <b>Continuation</b> <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from tr	esterase on an acti	inhibitor o	deficiency; a	and
Allergy Desensitisation				
BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below Maintenance kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent Initiation Kit - 5 vials freeze dried venom with diluent Maintenance Kit - 1 vial freeze dried venom with diluent → Restricted (RS1117) Initiation Both:			1 1	VENOX VENOX
<ol> <li>RAST or skin test positive; and</li> <li>Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising a</li> </ol>	igent.			
PAPER WASP VENOM – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below Treatment kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent → <b>Restricted</b> (RS1118) Initiation Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and				
<ol> <li>Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising a</li> <li>YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM – Restricted see terms on the new</li> </ol>	0			

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
   Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1119)</li> <li>Initiation</li> <li>Both:         <ul> <li>1 RAST or skin test positive; and</li> <li>2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	agent.		
Allergy Prophylactics			
BUDESONIDE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose – <b>5% DV Dec-21 to 2024</b>	2.84	200 dose 200 dose 120 dose	SteroClear SteroClear Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%	5.23	15 ml	Univent
Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg – 5% DV Sep-23 to 2026 Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 4 mg FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg Tab 120 mg Tab 180 mg		100 200 ml	Zista Histaclear
LORATADINE Tab 10 mg - <b>5% DV Feb-23 to 2025</b> Oral liq 1 mg per ml PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - <b>5% DV Sep-22 to 2025</b> Tab 25 mg - <b>5% DV Sep-22 to 2025</b> Oral liq 1 mg per ml liq 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	1.43 1.39 1.58 3.39	100 100 ml 50 50 100 ml 5	Lorafix Haylor Syrup Allersoothe Allersoothe Hospira
Anticholinergic Agents IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		20	Univent

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	(ex man.	Price . excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Ag	onists				
SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per dos Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule – <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b>		. 11.0	4	20	Duolin
Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents					
GLYCOPYRRONIUM Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the p or umeclidinium. Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose			Ū	treatmen 30 dose	t with subsidised tiotropium Seebri Breezhaler
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also or umeclidinium.	receiving	treatn	nent wit		0, 1,
Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 18 mcg per dose				60 dose 80 dose	Spiriva Respimat Spiriva
UMECLIDINIUM Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receivi tiotropium bromide.	ng treatm	ent wi	th subs	idised inh	aled glycopyrronium or
Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg per dose		61.5	0 3	30 dose	Incruse Ellipta

## Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

#### → Restricted (RS1518)

#### Initiation

*Re-assessment required after 2 years* Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

### Continuation

*Re-assessment required after 2 years* Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg81.00	30 dose	Ultibro Breezhaler	
TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL – Restricted see terms above			
t Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg with olodaterol 2.5 mcg81.00	60 dose	Spiolto Respimat	
UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms above			
t Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg	30 dose	Anoro Ellipta	

## Antifibrotics

NIN	NTEDANIB – Restricted see terms on the next page			
t	Cap 100 mg	2,554.00	60	Ofev
	Cap 150 mg		60	Ofev

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** 

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	I. GST		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

## → Restricted (RS1813)

### Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
  - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
  - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

### Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

### Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

### PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 267 mg1,215.00	90	Esbriet
t	Tab 801 mg3,645.00	90	Esbriet

## ➡ Restricted (RS1814)

Initiation – idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
  - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
  - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

### Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

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(ov	Price man. excl. GS	27)	Brand or Generic
(vv	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists			
SALBUTAMOL			
Oral liq 400 mcg per ml – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	40.00	150 ml	Ventolin
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	3.80 6.20	200 dose	SalAir Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		20 20	Asthalin Asthalin
TERBUTALINE SULPHATE Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation, 200 mcg per dose (equivalent to 250 mcg	9.40	20	ASulaini
metered dose), breath activated		120 dose	Bricanyl Turbuhaler
Decongestants			
OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml			
PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg			
SODIUM CHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray isotonic			
SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE Soln for nasal irrigation			
XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.05% Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%			
Nasal drops 0.05% Nasal drops 0.1%			
Inhaled Corticosteroids			
BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	8.54 14.01	200 dose	Beclazone 50 Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose	12.50	200 dose	Beclazone 100
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	17.52 22.67	200 dose	Qvar Beclazone 250

BUDESONIDE

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	ST)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LUTICASONE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	7.19	120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	8.61	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose	11.93	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists			
ONTELUKAST			
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025		28	Montelukast Mylan Montelukast Viatris
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jul-23 to 2025	3.10	28	Montelukast Mylan Montelukast Viatris
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-23 to 2025	2.90	28	Montelukast Mylan Montelukast Viatris
Nontelukast Mylan Tab 4 mg to be delisted 1 February 2024)			
Nontelukast Mylan Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 January 2024)			
Iontelukast Mylan Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 February 2024)			
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists			
FORMOTEROL FUMARATE			
Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose			
FORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE			
Powder for inhalation 4.5 mcg per dose, breath activated (equi eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg metered dose)	valent to		
IDACATEROL			
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
ALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose		120 dose	Serevent
		60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler

#### BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Powder for inhalation 160 mcg with 4.5 mcg eformoterol fumarate per dose (equivalent to 200 mcg budesonide with 6 mcg eformoterol 120 dose **DuoResp Spiromax** 120 dose Symbicort Turbuhaler Powder for inhalation 320 mcg with 9 mcg eformoterol fumarate per dose (equivalent to 400 mcg budesonide with 12 mcg eformoterol 120 dose **DuoResp Spiromax** Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg ......33.74 60 dose Symbicort Turbuhaler FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL 30 dose Breo Ellipta

t Item restricted (see → above); ↓ Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	ST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg		120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg		60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg		120 dose	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg		60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Methylxanthines			
AMINOPHYLLINE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	180.00	5	DBL Aminophylline
		5	
CAFFEINE CITRATE		05 1	<b>D</b> . 1
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)		25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule		5	Biomed
THEOPHYLLINE			
Tab long-acting 250 mg		100	Nuelin-SR
Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml		500 ml	Nuelin
Mucolytics and Expectorants			
DORNASE ALFA – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule	250.00	6	Pulmozyme
→ Restricted (RS1787)	200.00	Ŭ	r annozymo
nitiation – cystic fibrosis			
Respiratory physician or paediatrician			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis; and			
2 Patient has previously undergone a trial with, or is currently b	eing treated with, hy	pertonic salir	ne: and
3 Any of the following:	onigoutou,,	portorno oum	io, and
3.1 Patient has required one or more hospital inpatient res	sniratory admissions	in the nrevio	us 12 month period <sup>.</sup> or
3.2 Patient has had 3 exacerbations due to CF, requiring			
period; or			
3.3 Patient has had 1 exacerbation due to CF, requiring o	ral or IV antibiotics ir	n the previous	s 12 month period and a
Brasfield score of < 22/25; or			
3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary	aspergillosis (ABPA)		
Continuation – cystic fibrosis			
Respiratory physician or paediatrician			
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to bene	efit from treatment.		
nitiation – significant mucus production			
Limited to 4 weeks treatment			
Both:			
1 Patient is an in-patient; and			
2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest te	chniques.		
nitiation – pleural emphyema	quoo.		
Limited to 3 days treatment			
Both:			

- Patient is an in-patient; and
   Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ELEXACAFTOR WITH TEZACAFTOR, IVACAFTOR AND IVAC	AFTOR - Restricted see	terms be	ow
Tab elexacaftor 50 mg with tezacaftor 25 mg, ivacaftor 37.5	mg (56) and		
ivacaftor 75 mg (28)		84	Trikafta
Tab elexacaftor 100 mg with tezacaftor 50 mg, ivacaftor 75 n ivacaftor 150 mg (28)		84	Trikafta
Restricted (RS1950)		04	Tindita
nitiation			
Il of the following:			
1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and			
2 Patient is 6 years of age or older; and			
3 Either:	the custic fiburatic transm		
<ol> <li>Patient has two cystic fibrosis-causing mutations in from each parental allele); or</li> <li>Patient has a gravet allele); or</li> </ol>			0 ( )0 (
3.2 Patient has a sweat chloride value of at least 60 m sweat collection system; and	moi/L by quantitative pilot	arpine ior	nophoresis of by Macroduc
4 Either:	al an ata Bara an		
<ul> <li>4.1 Patient has a heterozygous or homozygous F508d</li> <li>4.2 Patient has a G551D mutation or other mutation readd</li> </ul>		caftor/teza	caftor/ivacaftor (see note a
5 The treatment must be the sole funded CFTR modulator t	herapy for this condition:	and	
6 Treatment with elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor must be gi			erapy for this condition.
lote:			
<ul> <li>a) Eligible mutations are listed in the Food and Drug Adminis https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/20</li> </ul>		scribing ir	formation
VACAFIOR – Restricted see terms below			
VACAFTOR – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below I Tab 150 mg		56	Kalydeco
Tab 150 mg     Oral granules 50 mg, sachet		56	Kalydeco
Tab 150 mg     Oral granules 50 mg, sachet     Oral granules 75 mg, sachet     Restricted (RS1818)			
Tab 150 mg     Oral granules 50 mg, sachet     Oral granules 75 mg, sachet <b>Restricted</b> (RS1818)     itiation		56	Kalydeco
Tab 150 mg     Oral granules 50 mg, sachet     Oral granules 75 mg, sachet     Restricted (RS1818) nitiation Respiratory specialist or paediatrician		56	Kalydeco
<ul> <li>Tab 150 mg</li> <li>Oral granules 50 mg, sachet</li> <li>Oral granules 75 mg, sachet</li> <li>Restricted (RS1818)</li> <li>nitiation</li> <li>Respiratory specialist or paediatrician</li> <li>If the following:         <ol> <li>Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and</li> </ol> </li> </ul>		56	Kalydeco
<ul> <li>Tab 150 mg</li> <li>Oral granules 50 mg, sachet</li> <li>Oral granules 75 mg, sachet</li> <li>Restricted (RS1818) nitiation</li> <li>Respiratory specialist or paediatrician</li> <li>Il of the following: <ol> <li>Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and</li> <li>Either: <ol> <li>Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibrosis</li> </ol> </li> </ol></li></ul>	29,386.00 29,386.00	56 56	Kalýdeco Kalydeco
<ul> <li>Tab 150 mg</li> <li>Oral granules 50 mg, sachet</li> <li>Oral granules 75 mg, sachet</li> <li>Restricted (RS1818) nitiation</li> <li>Respiratory specialist or paediatrician</li> <li>Il of the following: <ol> <li>Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and</li> <li>Either:</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	29,386.00 29,386.00 rosis transmembrane cor (G1244E, G1349D, G178	56 56 ductance	Kalýdeco Kalydeco regulator (CFTR) gene on a
<ul> <li>Tab 150 mg</li> <li>Oral granules 50 mg, sachet</li> <li>Oral granules 75 mg, sachet</li> <li>Restricted (RS1818)</li> <li>nitiation</li> <li>Respiratory specialist or paediatrician</li> <li>If of the following: <ol> <li>Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and</li> <li>Either: <ol> <li>Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibrosis is and</li> <li>I east 1 allele; or</li> <li>Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation</li> </ol> </li> </ol></li></ul>	29,386.00 29,386.00 rosis transmembrane cor (G1244E, G1349D, G178 and	56 56 Iductance R, G551S	Kalydeco Kalydeco regulator (CFTR) gene on 5, S1251N, S1255P, S549N
<ul> <li>Tab 150 mg</li> <li>Oral granules 50 mg, sachet</li> <li>Oral granules 75 mg, sachet</li> <li>Restricted (RS1818)</li> <li>nitiation</li> <li>Respiratory specialist or paediatrician</li> <li>Not the following:</li> <li>1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and</li> <li>2 Either:</li> <li>2.1 Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fible least 1 allele; or</li> <li>2.2 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele;</li> <li>3 Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 m sweat collection system; and</li> <li>4 Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with</li> </ul>		56 56 ductance R, G551S carpine io condition	Kalydeco Kalydeco regulator (CFTR) gene on S S1251N, S1255P, S549N ntophoresis or by Macrodu
<ul> <li>Tab 150 mg</li> <li>Oral granules 50 mg, sachet</li> <li>Oral granules 75 mg, sachet</li> <li>Restricted (RS1818)</li> <li>nitiation</li> <li>Respiratory specialist or paediatrician</li> <li>NI of the following: <ol> <li>Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and</li> <li>Either: <ol> <li>Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibrolater in the cy</li></ol></li></ol></li></ul>		56 56 ductance R, G551S carpine io condition cerbation,	Kalydeco Kalydeco regulator (CFTR) gene on S S1251N, S1255P, S549N ntophoresis or by Macrodu and or changes in therapy
<ul> <li>Tab 150 mg</li> <li>Oral granules 50 mg, sachet</li> <li>Oral granules 75 mg, sachet</li> <li>Restricted (RS1818)</li> <li>itiation</li> <li>Respiratory specialist or paediatrician</li> <li>II of the following: <ol> <li>Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and</li> <li>Either:</li> <li>Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fib least 1 allele; or</li> <li>2.2 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele;</li> <li>Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 m sweat collection system; and</li> <li>Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with</li> <li>Patient must not have an acute upper or lower respiratory (including antibiotics) for pulmonary disease in the last 4 w</li> </ol> </li> </ul>		56 56 ductance R, G551S carpine io condition cerbation,	Kalydeco Kalydeco regulator (CFTR) gene on , S1251N, S1255P, S549N ntophoresis or by Macrodu ; and or changes in therapy
<ul> <li>Tab 150 mg</li> <li>Oral granules 50 mg, sachet</li> <li>Oral granules 75 mg, sachet</li> <li>Restricted (RS1818)</li> <li>itiation</li> <li>lespiratory specialist or paediatrician</li> <li>II of the following: <ol> <li>Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and</li> <li>Either: <ol> <li>Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fib least 1 allele; or</li> <li>Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele;</li> <li>Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 n sweat collection system; and</li> </ol> </li> </ol></li></ul>		56 56 ductance R, G551S carpine io condition cerbation,	Kalydeco Kalydeco regulator (CFTR) gene on , S1251N, S1255P, S549N ntophoresis or by Macrodu ; and or changes in therapy

## SODIUM CHLORIDE

Nebuliser soln 7%, 90 ml bottle	90 ml	Biomed
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250

(e	Price x man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Pulmonary Surfactants			
BERACTANT Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial			
PORACTANT ALFA Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial	425.00	1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial		1	Curosurf
Respiratory Stimulants			
DOXAPRAM Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			

## **Sclerosing Agents**

### TALC

Powder Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ox man: oxol: doi) \$	Per	Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025 Ear drops 0.5%		5 g	Devatis
Eye drops 0.5% – <b>5% DV Sep-23 to 2025</b> Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	1.45	10 ml	Chlorsig
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024	9.73	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%			
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%	5.29	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%			
TOBRAMYCIN Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%		3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals			
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%			
Antivirals			
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024	14.88	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations			
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramici 50 mcg per ml			
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN B SULPHATE			
Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulp 6,000 u per g Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b		3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN		5 ml	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%	12.64	5 ml	Tobradex
FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIOQUINOL Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%			

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price		Brand or	
(	ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND	NYSTATIN			
Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg a gramicidin 250 mcg per g		7.5 ml	Kenacomb	
Anti-Inflammatory Preparations				
Corticosteroids				
DEXAMETHASONE				
Eye oint 0.1%		3.5 g	Maxidex	
Eye drops 0.1%	4.50	5 ml	Maxidex	
Ccular implant 700 mcg	1 444 50	1	Ozurdex	

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1606)

Initiation – Diabetic macular oedema

#### Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
  - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

#### Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

#### Ophthalmologist

*Re-assessment required after 12 months* Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

#### Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

#### Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1%	3.09	5 ml	FML
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1%	7.00 6.92	5 ml 10 ml	Pred Forte Prednisolone- AFT
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)		20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% – <b>5% DV Nov-21 to 2024</b>	8.80	5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05% LODOXAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.1% OLOPATADINE	8.71	10 ml	Lomide
Eye drops 0.1% – 5% DV Dec-22 to 2025	2.17	5 ml	Olopatadine Teva
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Eye drops 2% - 5% DV Mar-23 to 2025	2.62	10 ml	Allerfix
Decongestants			
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1%	4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations			
Diagnostic Dyes			
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose LISSAMINE GREEN Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg ROSE BENGAL SODIUM		12	Fluorescite

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		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Irrigation Solutions				
MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium c 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, s				
chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bott Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium o 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, s	hloride	5.00	15 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium c 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, s				e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bag				e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium of 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, s chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle	odium	. 10.50	500 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
Ocular Anaesthetics				
OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose				
Viscoelastic Substances				
HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]				
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe Inj 18 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – <b>5% DV Dec-22 to 2025</b> Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe – <b>5% DV Dec-22 to 2025</b> Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – <b>5% DV Dec-22 to 2025</b>		.50.00 .60.00 .28.50	1 1 1 1	Healon GV Healon GV Pro Healon 5 Healon
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROIT Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.	syringe 4 ml		4	Duquia
syringe Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml sy and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.	/ringe	.04.00	1	Duovisc
syringe Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml			1 1	Duovisc Viscoat
Other				

- **DISODIUM EDETATE** 
  - Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule
  - Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial
  - Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1% Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500			
Glaucoma Preparations			
Beta Blockers			
BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25% Eye drops 0.5% IMOLOL Eye drops 0.25% – <b>5% DV Mar-24 to 2026</b>	7.50	5 ml 5 ml 5 ml	Betoptic S Betoptic Arrow-Timolol
Eye drops 0.5% – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 → Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming – Restricted: For continuation or <i>Timoptol XE Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming to be delisted 1 March 20</i>	2.50 nly	5 ml 2.5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Timoptol XE
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors			
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg Inj 500 mg BRINZOLAMIDE	17.03	100	Diamox
Eye drops 1% - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 OORZOLAMIDE - Restricted: For continuation only → Eye drops 2% DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL	7.30	5 ml	Azopt
Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	2.73	5 ml	Dortimopt
Miotics			
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent CARBACHOL Inj 150 mcg vial PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 1%	4.26	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 2% Eye drops 4% PILOCARPINE NITRATE Eye drops 2%, single dose		15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine
Prostaglandin Analogues			
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% – <b>5% DV Apr-22 to 2024</b>	5.95	3 ml	Bimatoprost Multichen
ATANOPROST Eye drops 0.005% – <b>5% DV Feb-22 to 2024</b> ATANOPROST WITH TIMOLOL		2.5 ml	Teva
Eye drops 0.005% with timolol 0.5% $$ – 5% DV Mar-24 to 2026 .	4.95	2.5 ml	Arrow - Lattim

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	<sup>-</sup> ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IRAVOPROST Eye drops 0.004% – <b>5% DV Dec-21 to 2024</b>		2.5 ml	Travatan
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5% BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE		5 ml	lopidine
Eye drops 0.2% – <b>5% DV Jan-22 to 2024</b> BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5%	4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Eye drops 1% – <b>5% DV Feb-24 to 2026</b> CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose ROPICAMIDE	8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	7.15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%	8.25	30	Poly Gel
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%		15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1% Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose	2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

	P (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%					
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%		3.6	3	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, single	dose	10.7	8	30	Systane Unit Dose
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose					
RETINOL PALMITATE Oint 138 mcg per g		3.8	0	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Eye drops 1 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		13.8	5	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

# **Other Otological Preparations**

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings			
Antidotes			
ACETYLCYSTEINE Tab eff 200 mg Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		10	Martindale Pharma
AMYL NITRITE Lig 98% in 3 ml capsule			
DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB Inj 38 mg vial Inj 40 mg vial			
ETHANOL Lig 96%			
ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle			
ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule Inj 96%			
FLUMAZENIL	440.40		
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 5 g vial Inj 2.5 g vial	110.12	10	Hamein
NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Feb-23 to 2024		10	HameIn
PRALIDOXIME IODIDE Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SODIUM NITRITE Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
SODIUM THIOSULFATE Inj 250 mg per ml, 100 ml vial Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 250 mg per ml, 50 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SOYA OIL Inj 20%, 500 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle			
Antitoxins			

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN Inj 250 ml vial DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN Inj 10,000 iu vial VARIOUS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

### Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM Inj 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

### **Removal and Elimination**

CHARCOAL
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Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DEFERASIROX – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 125 mg dispersible	276.00	28	Exjade
Tab 250 mg dispersible	552.00	28	Exjade
I Tab 500 mg dispersible	1,105.00	28	Exjade
- Destricted (DO1444)			

#### Restricted (RS1444)

#### Initiation

Haematologist *Re-assessment required after 2 years* All of the following:

1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and

2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and

- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2\*; or
  - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
  - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or
  - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

#### Continuation

Haematologist

*Re-assessment required after 2 years* Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2\* and liver MRI T2\* levels; or
  - For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2\* and liver MRI T2\* levels.

#### DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 500 mg	533.17	100	Ferriprox
t	Oral liq 100 mg per ml	266.59	250 ml	Ferriprox

### → Restricted (RS1445)

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia. DESFERBIOXAMINE MESILATE

Inj 500 mg vial	 10	DBL Desferrioxamine
		Mesylate for Inj BP

### DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

260

	Price excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIMERCAPROL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID			
Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare,
Cap 200 mg			Chemet e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 4%			–
Soln 5%	 .15.50	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5% Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70% Soln 2% with ethanol 70% Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml	1 55	1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 1% with ethanol 70%			
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL Soln 70%, 500 ml	 5.65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE ↓ Vaginal tab 200 mg → Restricted (RS1354)			
Initiation			
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.	7.40	05 -	Datadiaa
Oint 10% Soln 10% – <b>5% DV Mar-22 to 2024</b>	 	65 g 100 ml	Betadine <b>Riodine</b>
Soln 10% - 5% DV Mai-22 to 2024 Soln 5% Soln 7.5%	 4.10		
Soln 10%,	 3.83	15 ml	Riodine
	 5.40	500 ml	Riodine
Pad 10% Swab set 10%			
POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30% Soln 10% with ethanol 70%			
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE Soln			

VARIOUS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Contract Media			
Contrast Media			
Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml	l, 100 ml		
bottle		100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottl	le90.00	1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet		50	loscan
ODISED OIL			
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule		1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
ODIXANOL			
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipague
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	950.00	10	Visipaque
OHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle	515.00	6	Omnipaque
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
BARIUM SULPHATE			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet		50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle		148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube		454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle		250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag		12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle Oral lig 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24 24	CT Plus+ CT Plus+
Oral liq 960 mg per g (96% w/w), 430 m bottle		24 24	Vanilla SilQ MD
Oral liq 980 mg per g (98% w/w), 170 g bottle	490.00	24	Vanilla SilQ HD
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	441 12	24	VoLumen
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle		24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle		3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle		1	Liquibar
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE		-	
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per	· a 4 a		
sachet	0.0	50	E-Z-Gas II
		00	

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE				
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 sachet	ł g			e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media				
GADOBENIC ACID				
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	3	324.74	10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	6	636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL				
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial				
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled				
syringe		120.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled				
syringe	1	180.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled				
syringe	7	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADOTERIC ACID				
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe				e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial				e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe				e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 20 ml vial				e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe			10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle			1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe			10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe			10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle			1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle			1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle		9.10	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM				
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefill	ed			
syringe	3	300.00	1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE				
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		.95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			10	Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE				-
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	1	159.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
Ultrasound Contrast Media				
PERFLUTREN				
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial	1	180.00	1	Definity
,,,		720.00	4	Definity
				· ·

# **Diagnostic Agents**

ARGININE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle VARIOUS

	l (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial					
MANNITOL					
Powder for inhalation					e.g. Aridol
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg					
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE					
Inj 100 u vial					
Inj 80 u vial Inj 100 u ampoule					
SINCALIDE					
Inj 5 mcg per vial					
Diagnostic Dyes					
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln					
INDIGO CARMINE					
Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule					
Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule INDOCYANINE GREEN					
Inj 25 mg vial					
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE]					
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		240.3	5	5	Proveblue
PATENT BLUE V					
Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule				5	Obex Medical
Inj 2.5%, 5 ml prefilled syringe		420.00	0	5	InterPharma

# Irrigation Solutions

#### CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 500 ml bottle

#### ⇒ Restricted (RS1683)

#### Initiation

*Re-assessment required after 3 months* All of the following:

- 1 Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body surface area (BSA); and
- 2 For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of large burn areas requiring debridement/skin grafting; and
- 3 The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the area to be covered.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 100 ml bottle	24	Baxter
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule	30	Pfizer
GLYCINE		
Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag33.50	4	B Braun

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

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### VARIOUS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ŷ	rei	Manulaciulei
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag		4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule	10.00	20	Interpharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle	16.10	10	Baxter Sodium Chloride 0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi
WATER			
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag		4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle		10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi

# **Surgical Preparations**

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN Paste DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE Soln 50% Soln 99% PHENOL Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOII UM HYDROXIDE SOII 10% TROMETAMOL Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

	Pric (ex man. e: \$	xcl. GST)	Per	Bran Gene Manu	
Cardioplegia Solutions					
ELECTROLYTES Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mr potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium c 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mr tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chlorid	hloride, nol/l				
1,000 ml bag Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.807 per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol	glutamic			e.g.	Custodiol-HTK
11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag				e.g.	Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.
Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, gj acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg p sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 m ml, 527 ml bag	oer ml,			e.g.	Cardioplegia
Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per	mg ml,				Enriched Solution
523 ml bag				e.g.	Cardioplegia Base Solution
Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml ba				e.g.	Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832
Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesi 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag	um and			e.g.	Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solutior
MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bott MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml	le				,

# **Cold Storage Solutions**

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SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

# EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations			
ACETIC ACID			
Liq			
ALUM Powder BP			
ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL] Liq			
ASCORBIC ACID Powder			
BENZOIN			
Tincture compound BP			
BISMUTH SUBGALLATE Powder			
BORIC ACID Powder			
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Soln 1.5%			
CETRIMIDE Soln 40%			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE			
Soln 20 %			
CHLOROFORM Lig BP			
CITRIC ACID Powder BP			
CLOVE OIL			
Liq			
COAL TAR Soln BP	26.25	200 ml	Midwest
CODEINE PHOSPHATE		200 111	Midwest
Powder			
COLLODION FLEXIBLE Lig			
COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE	00.00	100 ml	Mishuana
Soln CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE		100 ml	Midwest
Powder			
DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGE	N PHOSPHATE		
Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml ampoule			
DITHRANOL Powder			
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Powder			

# EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension	20.05	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
		4/3 11	Old-Sweel Sr
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE Suspension	20.05	473 ml	Ora Swaat
		4/3 11	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL Liq	3.03	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP
LIQ		500 11	Liquid
HYDROCORTISONE			-140.0
Powder		25 g	ABM
LACTOSE		0	
Powder			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE			
Paste			
MENTHOL			
Crystals			
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Powder			
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE			
Powder	8.98	25 g	Midwest
METHYLCELLULOSE			
Powder		100 g	Midwest
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN			
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE	00.05	470	
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend
OLIVE OIL			
PARAFFIN			
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder			
PHENOL Liq			
•			
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq			
POVIDONE K30 Powder			
SALICYLIC ACID			
Powder			
SILVER NITRATE			
Crystals			
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder BP		500 g	Midwest
		000 g	

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

# EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price excl. GS \$	ST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CITRATE Powder				
SODIUM METABISULFITE Powder				
STARCH Powder				
SULPHUR Precipitated Sublimed				
SYRUP Liq (pharmaceutical grade)	 . 14.95	5	500 ml	Midwest
THEOBROMA OIL Oint				
TRI-SODIUM CITRATE Crystals				
TRICHLORACETIC ACID Grans				
UREA Powder BP				
WOOL FAT Oint, anhydrous				
XANTHAN Gum 1%				
ZINC OXIDE Powder				

#### Price Br (ex man. excl. GST) Gr \$ Per M

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# Food Modules

### Carbohydrate

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1467)

#### Initiation – Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children; or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

#### Initiation – Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

#### CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

### Fat

#### ➡ Restricted (RS1468)

#### Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia; or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites; or

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12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

#### Initiation – Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

#### LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle
- Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen e.g. Calogen

	SI	PECIAL FOODS
Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on the pre Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle WALNUT OIL – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liq	vious page	e.g. Liquigen e.g. MCT Oil
Protein		
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1469)</li> <li>Initiation – Use as an additive</li> <li>Either:         <ol> <li>Protein losing enteropathy; or</li> <li>High protein needs.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Initiation – Use as a module</li> <li>For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module</li> <li>Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk</li> <li>Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms above</li> <li>Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can</li> <li>Powder 6 g protein per 7 g, can</li></ul>	of the products us	
Other Supplements		
<ul> <li>BREAST MILK FORTIFIER Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet</li> <li>CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below <ul> <li>Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can</li> <li>Restricted (RS1212)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Initiation Both: <ul> <li>Infant or child aged four years or under; and</li> <li>Any of the following: <ul> <li>C.1 Cystic fibrosis; or</li> <li>C.2 Cancer in children; or</li> <li>S Faltering growth; or</li> <li>F Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or</li> <li>S Premature and post premature infants.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>		e.g. FM 85 e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer e.g. Super Soluble Duocal

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

# Food/Fluid Thickeners

#### NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, Te Whatu Ora Hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- · the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by Pharmac; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

Pharmac intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

### CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder		Feed Thickener Karicare Aptamil
GUAR GUM Powder	e.g.	Guarcol
MAIZE STARCH Powder	e.g.	Resource Thicken
MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM		Up; Nutilis
Powder MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID	e.g.	Instant Thick
Powder	e.g.	Easy Thick

### **Metabolic Products**

#### → Restricted (RS1232)

#### Initiation

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Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

### **Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products**

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant
- e.g. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid

			SPECIAL FOODS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Homocystinuria Products			
<ul> <li>AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted set</li> <li>Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib 100 g, 400 g can</li> <li>Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can</li> <li>Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can</li> <li>Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle</li> </ul>	re per	ous page	e.g. HCU Anamix Infant e.g. XMET Maxamaid e.g. XMET Maxamum e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ
Isovaleric Acidaemia Products			
<ul> <li>AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see tel</li> <li>Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib 100 g, 400 g can</li> <li>Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can</li> <li>Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can</li> </ul>		oage	e.g. IVA Anamix Infant e.g. XLEU Maxamaid e.g. XLEU Maxamum
Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products			
AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND V Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib 100 g, 400 g cap	,	d see term	
<ul> <li>100 g, 400 g can</li> <li>Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can</li> <li>Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle</li> </ul>			e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant e.g. MSUD Maxamum e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

	F ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Phenylketonuria Products					
<ul> <li>MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) – Restricted a Tab 8.33 mg</li> <li>Powder 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per 28 g sa</li> <li>Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 sachet</li> <li>Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre 100 g, 400 g can</li> <li>Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can</li> <li>Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet</li> <li>Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle</li> <li>Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle</li> <li>Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle</li> </ul>	ichet g ber			272 125 ml	e.g. Phlexy-10 e.g. PKU Lophlex Powder (neutral) e.g. PKU Anamix Junio (van/choc/neutral e.g. PKU Anamix Infan e.g. PKU Anamix Infan e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 1 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 1 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 2 PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Orange) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Unflavoured)
<ul> <li>Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 12 bottle</li> <li>Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle</li> <li>Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 bottle</li> <li>Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle</li> <li>Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle</li> <li>Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle</li> <li>Liquid 16 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250 m carton</li> <li>Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per 100 g, 109 g pot</li> </ul>	ml 5 ml				e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ e.g. Easiphen e.g. PKU Lophlex Sensations 20 (berries)

# Propionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THREONINE AND VALINE) page 272	- Restricted see terms on
t Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per	
100 g, 400 g can	e.g. MMA/PA Anamix
<b>A</b>	Infant
Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can	e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid
Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can	e.g. XMTVI Maxamum
Protein Free Supplements	
PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on page 272	
t Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can	e.g.Energivit
· · · · ·	
<b>1</b> Item restricted (see $\rightarrow$ above); <b>1</b> Item restricted (see $\rightarrow$ below)	
<b>Lin</b> a g <i>Brand</i> indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product	

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Bran Gen Man	
Tyrosinaemia Products					
<ul> <li>AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYF</li> <li>Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 sachet</li> <li>Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g 100 g, 400 g can</li> <li>Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g c</li> <li>Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre 100 ml, 125 ml bottle</li> </ul>	) g, 36 g   fibre per :an	ed see	e terms	e.g. e.g. e.g.	TYR Anamix Junio TYR Anamix Infan XPHEN, TYR Maxamaid TYR Anamix Junio
					LQ
Urea Cycle Disorders Products					
<ul> <li>AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 273</li> <li>Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g c</li> <li>Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can</li> </ul>				0	Dialamine Essential Amino Acid Mix
X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products					
GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on page 272 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on page 272 Liquid, 500 ml bottle					
Specialised Formulas					
Diabetic Products					
<ul> <li>Restricted (RS1215)</li> <li>Initiation</li> <li>Any of the following:         <ol> <li>For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight II</li> <li>For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or</li> <li>For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothii</li> <li>For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or hig causes such as catabolism; or</li> <li>For use pre- and post-surgery; or</li> <li>For patients being tube-fed; or</li> <li>For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	ng for 5 days; or				
LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms about 1 Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml					

•	Liquid 5 g protein, 9.0 g carbonydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 mi, 500 mi		
	bottle	500 ml	Glucerna Select
t	Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml,		
	1,000 ml bottle		e.g. Nutrison Advanced Diason
			Diason

SPECIAL FOODS

(e	Price x man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
<ul> <li>LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previou</li> <li>Liquid 7 g protein, 10.9 g carbohydrate, 2.7 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle</li> <li>Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle</li> </ul>	s page 2.10	200 ml	Nutren Diabetes (Vanilla) <i>e.g. Diasip</i>
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products			
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1216)</li> <li>Initiation</li> <li>Any of the following:         <ol> <li>Malabsorption; or</li> <li>Short bowel syndrome; or</li> <li>Enterocutaneous fistulas; or</li> <li>Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or</li> <li>Inflammatory bowel disease; or</li> <li>Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or</li> <li>Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding.</li> </ol> </li> <li>AMINO ACID ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above         <ol> <li>Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet</li> </ol> </li> <li>AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above         <ol> <li>Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 r</li> </ol> </li> </ul>		80 g	Vivonex TEN
carton PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms a <b>t</b> Liquid 4 g protein, 17.7 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	above		e.g. Elemental 028 Extr e.g. Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb
<ul> <li>PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see term:</li> <li>Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, b</li> <li>PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above</li> <li>Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can</li> <li>Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 400 can</li> <li>PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above</li> </ul>	ottle18.06 g	1,000 ml	vital e.g. Peptamen Junior e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+
Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, cartor		237 ml	Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)
Fat Modified Products			
<ul> <li>FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below</li> <li>Powder 12.8 g protein, 68.6 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1470) Initiation</li> <li>Any of the following:</li> </ul>			e.g. Monogen

	Price	T)	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
<ul> <li>continued</li> <li>1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or</li> <li>2 Patient has a chyle leak; or</li> <li>3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient r the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.</li> <li>Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria as</li> </ul>			
Hepatic Products			
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1217)</li> <li>Initiation</li> <li>For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant.</li> <li>HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above</li> <li>I Powder 12 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g,</li> </ul>	can78.97	400 g	Heparon Junior
High Calorie Products			
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1317)</li> <li>Initiation</li> <li>Any of the following:         <ol> <li>Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or</li> <li>Patient requires low electrolyte; or</li> <li>Both:                 <ol></ol></li></ol></li></ul>	nents.		
<ul> <li>ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above</li> <li>Liquid 10 g protein, 17.5 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml</li> <li>Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml,</li> <li>Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibr 100 ml, bottle</li> <li>ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above</li> <li>Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbohydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibr 100 ml, bottle</li> <li>PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms</li> </ul>	bottle5.50 e per 11.00 e per 	500 ml 500 ml 1,000 ml 200 ml	Fresubin 2kcal HP Nutrison Concentrated Ensure Two Cal HN RTH Two Cal HN
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 14.3 g carbohydrate and 2.8 g fat per 100 n	nl, bag9.60	500 ml	Survimed OPD
High Protein Products			
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see to ↓ Liquid 10 g protein, 12.9 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat and 0.64 g per 100 ml, bag	g fibre	500 ml	Fresubin Intensive

continued...

SPECIAL FOODS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
<ul> <li>continued</li> <li>1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and</li> <li>2 Any of the following:</li> <li>2.1 Patient has liver disease; or</li> <li>2.2 Patient is obese (BMI &gt; 30) and is undergoing surgery; or</li> <li>2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or</li> <li>2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>HGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below</li> <li>Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle</li> </ul>	e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1327)</li> <li>Initiation</li> <li>Both:         <ol> <li>The patient has a high protein requirement; and</li> <li>Any of the following:                 <ol> <li>Patient has liver disease; or</li> <li>Patient is obese (BMI &gt; 30) and is undergoing surgery; or</li> <li>Patient is fluid restricted; or</li> <li>Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.</li> </ol> </li> </ol></li></ul>	1103
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.26 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Liquid 10 g protein, 10.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.78 500 ml → <b>Restricted</b> (RS1327) nitiation Both:	Nutrison Protein Intense
<ol> <li>The patient has a high protein requirement; and</li> <li>Any of the following:         <ol> <li>Patient has liver disease; or</li> <li>Patient is obese (BMI &gt; 30) and is undergoing surgery; or</li> <li>Patient is fluid restricted; or</li> <li>Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle → <b>Restricted</b> (RS1327) Initiation Both:	e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre

Both:

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- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or
  - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
  - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
  - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

SPECIAL FOODS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
nfant Formulas			
IINO ACID FORMULA – Restricted see terms below			
Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100	) ml.		
400 g can	,		e.g. Neocate
Powder 13 g protein, 49 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g,	400 g		0
can			e.g. Neocate SYNEC
			unflavoured
Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100	g, 400 g		
can			e.g. Neocate Junior
			Unflavoured
Powder 13.3 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.6 g fat per 10	0.	400 g	Alfamino
Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 10	0 g, can53.00	400 g	Neocate Gold
			(Unflavoured)
Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 10	0.	400 g	Neocate Junior Vanilla
Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g,		400 g	Alfamino Junior
Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100	ml, can53.00	400 g	Elecare LCP
<b>_</b>			(Unflavoured)
Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100	ml, can53.00	400 g	Elecare (Unflavoured)
			Elecare (Vanilla)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled for 2-4 weeks and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis; or
- 4 Ultra-short gut; or
- 5 Severe Immune deficiency.

#### Continuation

All of the following:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula; and
- 3 Amino acid formula is required for a nutritional deficit.

#### Initiation - patients who are currently funded under RS1502 or SA1557

### Limited to 3 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a valid initiation or renewal approval for extensively hydrolysed formula (RS1502); and
- 2 Patient is unable to source funded Aptamil powder at this time; and
- 3 The approval only applies to funded dispensings of Neocate Gold and Neocate Syneo.

Note: This criteria is short term funding to cover an out-of-stock situation on some extensively hydrolysed formula powder funded under Hospital Restriction RS1502. There is no continuation criteria under this criterion.

#### ENTERAL LIQUID PEPTIDE FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

↓ Liquid 4.2 g protein, 18.6 g carbohydrate and 6.58 g fat per 100 ml......15.68 500 ml Nutrini Peptisorb Energy → Restricted (RS1775)

#### Initiation

All of the following:

continued...

I	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

- continued...
  - 1 Patient has impaired gastrointestinal function and either cannot tolerate polymeric feeds, or polymeric feeds are unsuitable; and
  - 2 Any of the following:
    - 2.1 Severe malabsorption; or
    - 2.2 Short bowel syndrome; or
    - 2.3 Intractable diarrhoea; or
    - 2.4 Biliary atresia; or
    - 2.5 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malabsorption; or
    - 2.6 Cystic fibrosis; or
    - 2.7 Proven fat malabsorption; or
    - 2.8 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
    - 2.9 Intestinal failure; or
    - 2.10 Both:
      - 2.10.1 The patient is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
      - 2.10.2 The patient is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an enteral liquid peptide formula; and
  - 3 Either:
    - 3.1 A semi-elemental or partially hydrolysed powdered feed has been reasonably trialled and considered unsuitable; or
    - 3.2 For step down from intravenous nutrition.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

### Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the patient can be transitioned to a cows milk protein or soy infant formula or extensively hydrolysed formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the patient continues to require an enteral liquid peptide formula.

### EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

t	Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can	30.42	900 a	Allerpro Svneo 1
t	Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can	30.42	900 g	Allerpro Syneo 2
t	Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g,		300 g	Allelpio Syrieo Z
+	450 g can Restricted (RS1502)			e.g. Pepti-Junior

### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
    - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
- 2 Severe malabsorption; or
- 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 4 Intractable diarrhoea; or
- 5 Biliary atresia; or
- 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
- 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Pe	Gen	nd or eric ufacturer
<ul> <li>continued</li> <li>9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or</li> <li>10 Intestinal failure; or</li> <li>11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.</li> </ul>		
Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated a <b>Continuation</b> Both:	llergic react	ion.
<ol> <li>An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy undertaken; and</li> <li>The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrogeneous extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrogeneous extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrogeneous extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrogeneous extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrogeneous extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrogeneous extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrogeneous extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrogeneous extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrogeneous extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrogeneous extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrogeneous extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extension of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extension of the assessment extension of the assessment</li></ol>		
FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can	e.a.	Galactomin 19
LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g	Ū	
can Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g	e.g.	Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact
can LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA	e.g.	S26 Lactose Free
Powder 14.6 g protein, 55.2 g carbohydrate and 25.8 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below	e.g.	Locasol
<ul> <li>↓ Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle</li></ul>	i ml Infa	trini
Both: 1 Either:		
<ul> <li>1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or</li> <li>1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and</li> <li>2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.</li> </ul>		
Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of i growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, and adjusting the frequency of feeding.	nfant formu such as cor	la to achieve expected ncentrating, fortifying
PRETERM FORMULA − <b>Restricted</b> see terms below ↓ Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle0.75 ↓ Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml	) ml S26	EBW Gold RTF
<ul> <li>Liquid 2.5 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g rat per 100 ml, 90 ml</li> <li>Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml</li> </ul>	e.g.	Pre Nan Gold RTF
bottle	e.g.	Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm
→ Restricted (RS1224) Initiation For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth. THICKENED FORMULA		
Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can	e.g.	Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

SPECIAL FOODS

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Ketogenic Diet Products				
HGH FAT FORMULA – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below Powder 14.3 g protein, 2.8 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per	100 g, can	.35.50	300 g	Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)
Powder 15.4 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 68.6 g fat per	100 g, can	.35.50	300 g	Ketocal
→ Restricted (RS1225) nitiation				3:1 (Unflavoured)
For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase de conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.	eficiency or glue	cose transp	orted type-	1 deficiency and other
Paediatric Products				
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1473)</li> <li>nitiation</li> <li>3oth:         <ol> <li>Child is aged one to ten years; and</li> <li>Any of the following:                 <ol> <li>The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be in</li></ol></li></ol></li></ul>	eding to oral fe	eding; or	feeding; c	pr
2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or n PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see	•	y3.		
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g f 100 ml, bag		4.00	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see ten			500 ml	
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 10		6.50	500 mi	Frebini Original
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 10 Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.2 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100	ml, bag		500 ml 500 ml	Frebini Original Pediasure RTH
<ul> <li>Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 g</li> <li>Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> </ul>	ml, bag 0 ml,			0
<ul> <li>Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 i</li> <li>Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> <li>PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see to</li> <li>Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.7 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> </ul>	ml, bag 0 ml, erms above 0 ml	2.68		Pediasure RTH
<ul> <li>Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 l</li> <li>Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> <li>PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see to</li> </ul>	ml, bag 0 ml, erms above 0 ml fibre per	2.68 6.50	500 ml	Pediasure RTH e.g. Nutrini RTH
<ul> <li>Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 i Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> <li>PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see to Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.7 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g f 100 ml, bottle</li> <li>Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> </ul>	ml, bag 0 ml, erms above 0 ml fibre per 0 ml,	2.68 6.50 6.00	500 ml	Pediasure RTH <i>e.g. Nutrini RTH</i> Frebini Energy Nutrini Energy Multi
<ul> <li>Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 f</li> <li>Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> <li>PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see to Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.7 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g f 100 ml, bottle</li> <li>Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 s00 ml bottle</li> <li>PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see to bottle</li> </ul>	ml, bag 0 ml, erms above 0 ml fibre per 0 ml, <b>ricted</b> see term	2.68 6.50 6.00	500 ml	Pediasure RTH <i>e.g. Nutrini RTH</i> Frebini Energy Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
<ul> <li>Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 i Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> <li>PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see to Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.7 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g f 100 ml, bottle</li> <li>Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> </ul>	ml, bag 0 ml, erms above 0 ml fibre per 0 ml, <b>ricted</b> see term ibre per	2.68 6.50 6.00 ns above	500 ml	Pediasure RTH <i>e.g. Nutrini RTH</i> Frebini Energy Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
<ul> <li>Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 i Liquid 2.7 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> <li>PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see to Liquid 3.8 g protein, 18.7 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g f 100 ml, bottle</li> <li>Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> <li>Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> <li>Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle</li> <li>PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML – Rest</li> <li>Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.1 g carbohydrate, 4.5g fat and 0.8 g fi</li> </ul>	ml, bag 0 ml, erms above 0 ml. fibre per 0 ml, ricted see term ibre per stricted see term	2.68 6.50 6.00 ns above 7.00	500 ml 500 ml 500 ml	Pediasure RTH e.g. Nutrini RTH Frebini Energy Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH

### SPECIAL FOODS

Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	200 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla)
<ul> <li>Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can</li></ul>	250 ml	e.g. <i>Pediasure</i> (Vanilia) e.g. <i>Pediasure</i> Plus e.g. <i>Fortini</i> e.g. <i>Fortini</i> Multifibre
<ul> <li>LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below</li> <li>Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle</li></ul>	500 ml 220 ml	Nepro HP RTH e.g. Kindergen Nepro HP (Strawberry)
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1228) Initiation</li> <li>For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.</li> <li>LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below</li> <li>Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 ml bottle</li> <li>Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml carton</li> <li>Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle</li> </ul>	Α	Nepro HP (Vanilla) e.g. Renilon 7.5
bottle	4	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)

For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.

	Price (ex man. excl. Gs \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Surgical Products			
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML − <b>Restricted</b> see terms b Liquid 10.4 g protein, 8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 0 g fibre per 100 ml, 250 ml carton		10	Impact Advanced Recovery
→ Restricted (RS1231) Initiation Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head	l or neck surgery.		necovery
PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML – Restricter		v	
→ Restricted (RS1415)		4	preOp

#### Initiation

Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to 3 hours before major abdominal surgery.

# **Standard Feeds**

# → Restricted (RS1214) Initiation

Any of the following:

- For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:
- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or
  - 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
  - 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 5 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or
- 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.

#### ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

t t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy
	100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle		e.g. Nutrison Energy
t t	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can	250 ml 1,000 ml	<i>Multi Fibre</i> Ensure Plus HN Ensure Plus HN RTH
t t	Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per 100 ml, bag7.00 Liquid 7.5 g protein, 17 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag9.60	1,000 ml 1,000 ml	Jevity HiCal RTH Fresubin HP Energy

# SPECIAL FOODS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous	page		
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 13.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml,		1,000 ml	Fresubin Original
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre pe	r		
100 ml, 1000 ml bottle		4.000	e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre
<ul> <li>Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bo</li> <li>Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre</li> </ul>		1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH
100 ml, bottle		1,000 ml	Jevity RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml,		1,000 111	oowlynnin
1,000 ml bag			e.g. NutrisonStdRTH; NutrisonLowSodium
t Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml,			
1,000 ml bottle			e.g. Nutrison Low Sodium; NutrisonStdRTH
ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the previou			
t Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre	per		o a Jovity Divo DTU
100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	on the providue p		e.g. Jevity Plus RTH
ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms t Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per		age	
100 ml, bottle		1.000 ml	Nutrison 800 Complete
		1,000 111	Multi Fibre
ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on	the previous page	)	
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 13.0 g carbohydrate, 3.4 g fat and 1.5 g fibre p 100 ml, bag		1,000 ml	Fresubin Original Fibre
ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms	on the previous page	qe	Ũ
Liquid 7.5 g protein, 16.2 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre p	ber	-	
100 ml, bag	9.80	1,000 ml	Fresubin HP Energy Fibre
HIGH PROTEIN ORAL FEED 2.4 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms o Only to be used for patients currently on or would be using Fortisip Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml	or Fortisip Multi F		
125 ml bottle	,		e.g. Fortisip Compact
			Protein
(e.g. Fortisip Compact Protein Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydra December 2023)	ate and 9.6 g fat pe	er 100 ml, 12	5 ml bottle to be delisted 1
ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g	, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate)
Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, ca	n 14.00	940 a	Ensure (Vanilla)
Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, ca		840 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate)
			Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla)
ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page	e		
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml			
237 ml carton			e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage

(e	Price x man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on page 284 Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, ca Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,	ın 1.33	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
carton	1.26	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 r	nl		e.g. Fortijuice
bottle Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per			e.g. Fortisip
100 ml, 200 ml bottle			e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre
Other Supplements for PKU			
LYCOMACROPEPTIDE AND AMINO ACID CONTAINS SOME PHENYI	_alanine – I	Restricted s	ee terms below
Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 32 g sachet	898.56	30	PKU Build 20 Chocolate PKU Build 20 Raspberry
			Lemonade PKU Build 20 Smooth PKU Build 20 Vanilla
Powder 20 g protein, 4.9 g carbohydrate per 33.4 g sachet	936.00	30	PKU GMPro Ultra Lemonade
Powder 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Lemon
Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Chocolate PKU sphere20 Red Berry PKU sphere20 Vanilla
Powder 20 g protein, 6.7 g carbohydrate per 35 g sachet	930.00	30	PKU sphere20 Banana
20 KU Build 20 Chocolate Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 32 g 20 KU Build 20 Raspberry Lemonade Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydr 20 KU Build 20 Smooth Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 32 g s 20 KU Build 20 Vanilla Powder 20 g protein, 1.7 g carbohydrate per 32 g s 20 KU GMPro Ultra Lemonade Powder 20 g protein, 4.9 g carbohydrate per 20 KU sphere20 Lemon Powder 20 g protein, 6.0 g carbohydrate per 35 20 KU sphere20 Chocolate Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 20 KU sphere20 Red Berry Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 20 KU sphere20 Red Berry Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 20 KU sphere20 Vanilla Powder 20 g protein, 6.3 g carbohydrate per 35 20 KU sphere20 Vanilla Powder 20 g protein, 6.7 g carbohydrate per 35 g 20 KU sphere20 Banan Powder 20 g protein, 6.7 g carbohydrate per 35 g	rate per 32 g s sachet to be de achet to be del r 33.4 g sache sachet to be de 5 g sachet to b 5 g sachet to b sachet to be de	achet to be o elisted 1 Janu isted 1 Janu t to be delist elisted 1 Jan e delisted 1 J e delisted 1 Jan	delisted 1 January 2024) µary 2024) ed 1 December 2023) µary 2024) January 2024) January 2024) January 2024) µary 2024)

All of the following:

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1 Patient was previously receiving, or would receive PKU Sensation Berries under (RS1232); and

2 PKU Sensation Berries is unable to be sourced at this time; and

3 Patient has trialled the currently funded PKU Lophlex products and these were not tolerated.

Note: These criteria are attached to short term funding to cover an out-of-stock situation on PKU Sensation Berries supplied by Nutricia.

VACCINES

Price Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer	
Bacterial and Viral Vaccines	
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below	
Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis	
toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg	
pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe	
- 0% DV Oct-20 to 20240.00 10 Infanrix IP → Restricted (RS1387)	/
Initiation	
Any of the following:	
1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or	
2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to co	mplete full
primary immunisation; or	
3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemo	
or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressi	ve regimens;
0° 4. Fina decea will be funded for shildren requiring calid ergen transplantation	
4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.	
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes	
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACC	JINE -
Restricted see terms below Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis	
toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg	
pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepatitis B	
- 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 0.00 10 Infanrix-he	xa
→ Restricted (RS1478)	
Initiation	
Any of the following: 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or	
<ol> <li>Provide the age of the primary immunisation, of</li> <li>An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for children up to and under the a</li> </ol>	ao of 10 who
are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre-	
organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or	n poor cond
3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.	
Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 1	0 years) to
complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for ca	tch up
programmes.	

# Bacterial Vaccines

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below		
Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain		
1331, live attenuated, vial with diluent - 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 0.00 1	0	BCG Vaccine
➡ Restricted (RS1233)		
Initiation		
All of the following:		
For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:		
<ol> <li>Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and</li> </ol>		
2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a	country	/ with a rate of TB > or
equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and		
3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB >	or equ	al to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

	l (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE – Restricted se	e terms	belov	N		
<ul> <li>Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin and 2.5 mc pertactin in 0.5 ml syringe − 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024</li> <li>⇒ Restricted (RS1790)</li> </ul>	g			10	Boostrix
nitiation					
Any of the following:					
<ol> <li>A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trimeste</li> <li>A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants admitte Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed to m</li> <li>A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age 7 up immunisation; or</li> </ol>	d to a N aternal v	eona vaccir	tal Internation a	nsive Ca at least 1	4 days prior to birth; or; or
4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)imm transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or severely immunosuppressive regimens; or				•	
5 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 65 years old;	or				
<ul> <li>6 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 45 years old years</li> </ul>		e not	had 4	orevious	tetanus doses; or
7 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised					,
8 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or					
9 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds.					
lote: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate so	hedule	for ca	tch up	program	imes.
AEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see ter	ms <mark>belo</mark>	w			
Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjugated tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syringe plu uid 0.5 ml	IS	0.0	0	4	Liboviy
vial 0.5 ml → Restricted (RS1520)		0.0	0	1	Hiberix
nitiation					
Therapy limited to 1 dose					
any of the following:					
1 For primary vaccination in children; or					
2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation	•				
transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post					olid organ transplant, pre-
post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immuno			•		
3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the	recomn	nenda	ation of	an inter	nal medicine physician or
paediatrician.					
/IENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE – R		ed see	e terms	below	
<ul> <li>Inj 10 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a to of approximately 55 mcg of tetanus toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml via</li> <li>Restricted (RS1934)</li> </ul>		0.0	0	1	MenQuadfi
initiation Either:					
1 Any of the following:					
<ol> <li>Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patie complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or</li> </ol>					
<ol> <li>One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases of al</li> <li>One dose for person who has previously had meningococ</li> <li>A maximum of two doces for boro marrow translant patients</li> </ol>	cal dise	ase o	f any g	roup; or	

1.4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

1.5 A maximum of two doses for person pre and post-immunosuppression\*; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
- 2.2 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

\*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

#### MENINGOCOCCAL B MULTICOMPONENT VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 175 mcg per 0.5 ml prefilled syringe......0.00 1 Bexsero

→ Restricted (RS1947)

#### Initiation – Primary immunisation for children up to 12 months of age

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Three doses for children up to 12 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation; or
- 2 Up to three doses (dependent on age at first dose) for a catch-up programme for children from 13 months to 59 months of age (inclusive) for primary immunisation, from 1 March 2023 to 31 August 2025.

#### Initiation - Person is one year of age or over

Any of the following:

- 1 up to two doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 2 up to two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to two doses for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 up to two doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression\* .

#### Initiation - Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive)

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years (inclusive); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Two doses for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
  - 2.2 Two doses for individuals who are currently living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons, from 1 March 2023 to 28 February 2024.

Note: \*Immunosuppression due to corticosteroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

#### MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

 Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe......0.00
 1
 Neisvac-C

→ Restricted (RS1935)

#### Initiation - Children under 12 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
- 2 Two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 Two doses for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or

		f (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued						
5 A max	imum of two doses for child pre- and post-immunosuppres	sion*.				
Notes: childr	en under 12 months of age require two doses 8 weeks apa	rt. Refe	er to t	he Imm	unisatio	n Handbook for
recommende	d booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.					
*Immunosupp	pression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy	/ must b	be for	a perio	d of gre	ater than 28 days.
PNEUMOCO	CCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see	terms t	below			
I inj 1 mcg	of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9	V,				
	nd 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes					
	and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Oct-20 to 202	24	0.0	0	10	Synflorix
→ Restricted	d (RS1768)					
Initiation	une of these dependences in the second second in dividuals.			-4 50		
	Irse of three doses for previously unvaccinated individuals					
	refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate so				program	lines
-	CCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE – Restricted see		Delow			
	ncg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6		0.0	0	1	Prevenar 13
0D, <i>I</i>	7F, 9V, 14, 18C, 19A, 19F and 23F in 0.5 ml syringe		0.0	0	10	Prevenar 13
➡ Restricted	<b>J</b> (RS1936)				10	
Initiation – P	rimary course for previously unvaccinated children age	ed unde	er 5 y	ears		
Therapy limit	ed to 3 doses					
	irse of three doses for previously unvaccinated children up	to the a	ge of	59 moi	nths incl	usive.
	igh risk individuals who have received PCV10					
	ed to 2 doses			10		
	e funded for high risk individuals (over the age of 12 month	ns and l	under	18 yea	rs) wno	nave previously received two
	primary course of PCV10. igh risk children aged under 5 years					
	ed to 4 doses					
Both:						
	an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the	(ro)imn	nunie	ation of	high_ric	k children aged under
	s; and	(10)1111	numo		ingii na	R children aged under
2 Any of						
2 Anyot	•	nata wh	non th	oro is d	vnortor	to be a sufficient immune
	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacc	nate wh	nen th	iere is e	expected	I to be a sufficient immune
2.1	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacci response; or	nate wł	nen th	iere is e	expected	to be a sufficient immune
2.1 2.2	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacc	nate wh	nen th	iere is e	expected	to be a sufficient immune
2.1 2.2 2.3	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacc response; or primary immune deficiencies; or	nate wh	nen th	iere is e	expected	to be a sufficient immune
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacc response; or primary immune deficiencies; or HIV infection; or					
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacc response; or primary immune deficiencies; or HIV infection; or renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (i cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or					
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacc response; or primary immune deficiencies; or HIV infection; or renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (i cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or	ncluding	g hae	matopo	ietic ste	m cell transplant); or
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacc response; or primary immune deficiencies; or HIV infection; or renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (i cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks,	ncluding and who	g hae o are	matopo on an e	ietic ste	m cell transplant); or nt daily dosage of prednisone
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacci response; or primary immune deficiencies; or HIV infection; or renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (i cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more	ncluding and who	g hae o are	matopo on an e	ietic ste	m cell transplant); or nt daily dosage of prednisone
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacci response; or primary immune deficiencies; or HIV infection; or renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (i cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more or	ncluding and who than 10	g hae o are 0 kg c	matopo on an e on a tota	ietic ste equivale al daily c	m cell transplant); or nt daily dosage of prednisone dosage of 20 mg or greater;
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacci response; or primary immune deficiencies; or HIV infection; or renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (i cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more or chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with	ncluding and who than 10	g hae o are 0 kg c	matopo on an e on a tota	ietic ste equivale al daily c	m cell transplant); or nt daily dosage of prednisone dosage of 20 mg or greater;
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacci response; or primary immune deficiencies; or HIV infection; or renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (i cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more or chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or	ncluding and who than 10	g hae o are 0 kg c	matopo on an e on a tota	ietic ste equivale al daily c	m cell transplant); or nt daily dosage of prednisone dosage of 20 mg or greater;
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10 2.11	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacci response; or primary immune deficiencies; or HIV infection; or renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (i cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more or chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with	ncluding and who than 10	g hae o are 0 kg c	matopo on an e on a tota	ietic ste equivale al daily c	m cell transplant); or nt daily dosage of prednisone dosage of 20 mg or greater;
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10 2.11 2.12	on immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vacc response; or primary immune deficiencies; or HIV infection; or renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (i cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more or chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or	ncluding and who than 10	g hae o are 0 kg c	matopo on an e on a tota	ietic ste equivale al daily c	m cell transplant); or nt daily dosage of prednisone dosage of 20 mg or greater;

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VACCINES

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

#### Initiation - High risk individuals 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for the (re-)immunisation of individuals 5 years and over with HIV, pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or postsolid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, intracranial shunts, cerebrospinal fluid leaks or primary immunodeficiency.

#### Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal
- serotype) 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024......0.00 1 Pneumovax 23

#### → Restricted (RS1587)

### Initiation – High risk patients

#### Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

### Initiation – High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
  - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
  - 2.3 With HIV infection; or
  - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
  - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
  - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
  - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
  - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
  - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
  - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
  - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
  - 2.12 With diabetes; or
  - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
  - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

#### Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe
- ➡ Restricted (RS1243)

#### Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Viral Vaccines			
HEPATITIS A VACCINE – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024		1	Havrix Junior
Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe − 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024	0.00	1	Havrix
→ Restricted (RS1638) Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or			
2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease	; or		
3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A c	ases.		
HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE			
Inj 10 mcg per 0.5 ml prefilled syringe	0.00	1	Engerix-B
→ Restricted (RS1588)			
Initiation			
Any of the following:	ationto en honotitio D		
<ol> <li>For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B g</li> <li>For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antig</li> </ol>			)r
3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who	( <b>0</b> /1 ·		hieved a positive serology
and require additional vaccination or require a primary course		o navo ao	inorod a poolitro corology
4 For HIV positive patients; or	, .		
5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or			
6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or			
7 For patients following immunosuppression; or			
<ul> <li>8 For solid organ transplant patients; or</li> <li>9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients.</li> </ul>	or		
10 Following needle stick injury.	, OI		
Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe – 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024	0.00	1	Engerix-B
$\Rightarrow \text{ Restricted (RS1671)}$	0.00	1	Lingenz-D
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B p	patients or hepatitis B	carriers; o	or
2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antig			
3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who		o have ac	hieved a positive serology
and require additional vaccination or require a primary course	of vaccination; or		
<ul> <li>4 For HIV positive patients; or</li> <li>5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or</li> </ul>			
6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or			
7 For patients following immunosuppression; or			
8 For solid organ transplant patients; or			
9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients	or		
10 Following needle stick injury; or			
11 For dialysis patients; or			
12 For liver or kidney transplant patients.			
HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) V ↓ Inj 270 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe - 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024		<b>stricted</b> s 10	ee terms on the next page Gardasil 9
, , , , , ,			

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			VACCINES
Price (ex man. exc \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
➡ Restricted (RS1693)			
Initiation – Children aged 14 years and under			
Therapy limited to 2 doses			
Children aged 14 years and under. nitiation – other conditions			
Either:			
1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or 2 Both:			
<ul><li>2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and</li><li>2.2 Any of the following:</li></ul>			
<ul><li>2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or</li><li>2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) patients; or</li><li>2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.</li></ul>			
nitiation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis			
All of the following:			
1 Either:			
<ol> <li>Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and under; or</li> <li>Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and over; and</li> </ol>			
2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and			
3 The patient has not previously had an HPV vaccine.			
INFLUENZA VACCINE			
Inj 30 mcg in 0.25 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine)	00	1	Afluria Quad Junior (2023 Formulation)
➡ Restricted (RS1948)			( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Initiation – children 6 months to 35 months of age			
Children 6 months to 35 months of age (inclusive) from 1 April 2023 to 31 December			
<ul> <li>Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine)</li></ul>	00	5	FluQuadri (2023 Formulation)
initiation – children 6 months to 35 months of age			
Children 6 months to 35 months of age (inclusive) from 1 July 2023 to 31 December	2023		
Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (quadrivalent vaccine)	00	10	Afluria Quad (2023 Formulation)
→ Restricted (RS1949)			
Initiation – People over 65 The patient is 65 years of age or over.			
Initiation – People of Māori or any Pacific ethnicity			
People 55 to 64 years of age (inclusive) and is Māori or of any Pacific ethnicity, from	1 April	2023 to	31 December 2023.
Initiation – cardiovascular disease for patients 3 years and over Any of the following:	F	2.02	
1 Ischaemic heart disease; or			
2 Congestive heart failure; or			
3 Rhoumatic heart disease: or			

- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

continued...



	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer	
continued				
nitiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients 3 years and	d over			
Either:				

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.
- Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

# Initiation – Other conditions for patients 3 years and over

Either:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Diabetes; or
  - 1.2 chronic renal disease; or
  - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
  - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
  - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
  - 1.6 HIV; or
  - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
  - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
  - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
  - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
  - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
  - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
  - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
  - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
  - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
  - 1.16 Is a child 3 to 4 years of age (inclusive) who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a Public Hospital.

#### Initiation - Serious mental health conditions or addiction

Any of the following:

- 1 schizophrenia; or
- 2 major depressive disorder; or
- 3 bipolar disorder; or
- 4 schizoaffective disorder; or
- 5 person is currently accessing secondary or tertiary mental health and addiction services.

#### Initiation - children from 3 to 12 years of age (inclusive)

Children 3 to 12 years of age (inclusive) from 1 April 2023 to 31 December 2023.

(FluQuadri (2023 Formulation) Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine) to be delisted 1 January 2024)

### MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50,
  - Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent
- 0.5 ml 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024......0.00 10 Priorix

→ Restricted (RS1487)

#### Initiation – first dose prior to 12 months

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or

				VACCINES
(ex	Price man. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.				
Initiation – first dose after 12 months				
Therapy limited to 2 doses				
Any of the following:				
1 For primary vaccination in children; or				
2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or				
3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.	for optob		arommoo	
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule	IOI Calcii	uh hioi	grannes	
POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Ini 80 D-antigen units in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024	0.0	0	1	IPOL
Inj 80 D-antigen units in 0.5 ml syringe − 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1398)	0.0	0	1	IFUL
Initiation				
Therapy limited to 3 doses Either:				
1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression.				
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate sche	dule for ca	tch up	programr	nes.
RABIES VACCINE				
Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent				
ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below				
	,			
prefilled oral applicator - 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024	0.0	0	10	Rotarix
I Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose	,			
squeezable tube	0.0	0	10	Rotarix
→ Restricted (RS1590) Initiation				
Therapy limited to 2 doses				
Both:				
<ol> <li>First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age</li> <li>No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over</li> </ol>				
VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE]				
	0.0	0	1	Varivax
			10	Varivax
→ Restricted (RS1591)				
Initiation – primary vaccinations Therapy limited to 1 dose Either:				
1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or				
<ol> <li>For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after infection (chickenpox).</li> </ol>	<sup>.</sup> 1 July 20	17, wh	o have no	t previously had a varicella
Initiation – other conditions				
Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following:				
1 Any of the following:				
for non-immune patients:				

continued...

VACCINES

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression\*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: \* immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial

## → Restricted (RS1777)

## Initiation - infants between 9 and 12 months of age

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - for non-immune patients:
  - 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
  - 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
  - 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
  - 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression\*; or
  - 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: \* immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

## VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 50 mcg per 0.5 ml vial plus vial......0.00 1 Shingrix

(	F ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
→ Restricted (RS1916)						
nitiation – people aged 65 years (Zostavax)						
Therapy limited to 1 dose						
Dne dose for all people aged 65 years.						
nitiation – people aged 65 years (Shingrix)						
Therapy limited to 2 doses						
wo doses for all people aged 65 years.						
Diagnostic Agents						
UBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST						
Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial – 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024		0.0	0	1	Tubersol	

VACCINES

	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Optional Pharmaceuticals					

#### NOTE:

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In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at <u>schedule.pharmac.govt.nz</u>. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips20.00 10.00	1	CareSens N Premier Caresens N Caresens N POP
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP		
Blood glucose test strips10.56	50 test	CareSens N
Test strips10.56	50 test	CareSens PRO
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP		
Test strips	10 strip	KetoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic		
test strips	1	CareSens Dual
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE		
Small	1	e-chamber Mask
PEAK FLOW METER		
Low Range	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low
		Range
Normal Range9.54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE		
Cassette	40 test	Smith BioMed Rapid
		Pregnancy Test
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE		0 ,
Test strip	50 strip	Ketostix
SPACER DEVICE		
220 ml (single patient)	1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)	1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml	1	Volumatic

#### - Symbols -

8-methoxypsoralen
A-Scabies
Abacavir sulphate
Abacavir sulphate with
lamivudine 102
Abacavir/lamivudine Viatris
Abciximab175
Abiraterone acetate
Acarbose
Accarb
Accuretic 1043
Accuretic 2043
Acetazolamide 256
Acetec43
Acetic acid
Extemporaneously Compounded
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