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Circulation

Accessible in an electronic format at no cost from the Pharmac website www.pharmac.govt.nz/schedule.

You can register to have an electronic version of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, Section H for Hospital Pharmaceuticals (link to PDF copy) emailed to your nominated email address each month by subscribing at schedule.pharmac.govt.nz/subscribe.

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Programmers

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| I General Rules | 4 |
|----------------------------------------|-----|
| II Alimentary Tract and Metabolism | 5 |
| Blood and Blood Forming Organs | 27 |
| Cardiovascular System | 41 |
| Dermatologicals | 55 |
| Genito-Urinary System | 61 |
| Hormone Preparations | 65 |
| Infections | 76 |
| Musculoskeletal System | 99 |
| Nervous System | 108 |
| Oncology Agents and Immunosuppressants | 133 |
| Respiratory System and Allergies | 216 |
| Sensory Organs | 224 |
| Various | 231 |
| Extemporaneous Compounds (ECPs) | 239 |
| Special Foods | 242 |
| Vaccines | 259 |
| | |

Part III

Part

Part

Index 271

270

Optional Pharmaceuticals

Introducing Pharmac

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (Pharmac) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. Pharmac negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

Pharmac's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about Pharmac and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the Pharmac website at https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/about.

Glossary

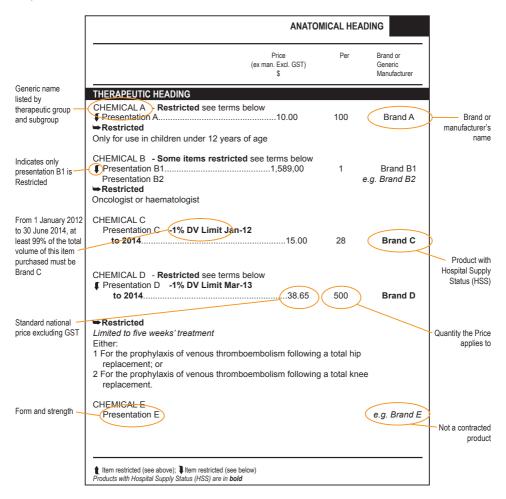
Units of Measure

| gram g kilogram kg international unit iu | microgram mcg milligram mg millilitre | millimole mmol unit u |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Abbreviations | | |
| applicationapp capsulecap creamcrm dispersibledisp effervescenteff emulsioneff | enteric coatedEC granulesgrans injectioninj liquidliq lotionlotn ointmentoint | suppositorysuppos tablettab |

HSS Hospital Supply Status

Guide to Section H listings

Example



General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A.

Read the General Rules : https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/section-a.

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| Antacids and Antiflatulents | | | |
| Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents | | | |
| ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND S Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticone 2 Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simeticon 30 mg per 5 ml | 20 mg | | e.g. Mylanta e.g. Mylanta Double |
| SIMETICONE Oral drops 100 mg per ml Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml Oral drops 40 mg per ml | | | Strength |
| SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, s SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbon | I CARBONATE | | e.g. Gaviscon Infant |
| 160 mg | | | e.g. Gaviscon Double Strength |
| Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium can 160 mg per 10 ml SODIUM CITRATE | | 500 ml | Acidex |
| Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l) - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 25.00 | 90 ml | Biomed |
| Phosphate Binding Agents | | | |
| ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg | | | |
| CALCIUM CARBONATE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral liq 250 mg per ml (100 mg elemental per ml) → Restricted (RS1698) | | 500 ml | Roxane |
| Initiation Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbona inappropriate | te tablets or where c | alcium carb | onate tablets are |
| Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory A | gents | | |
| Antipropulsives | | | |
| DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHAT Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg | E | | |
| LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 2 mg Cap 2 mg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 400 400 | Nodia Diamide Relief |
| Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories | | | |
| BUDESONIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page Cap 3 mg | | | |

| Price | | | Brand or |
|----------------|------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. | GST) | _ | Generic |
| \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |

→ Restricted (RS1723)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes; or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis*; and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Diabetes; or
 - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or

7

Pentasa

- 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
- 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

| Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications) | 26.55 | 21.1 g | Colifoam |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|----------|
| HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1% | | | |
| MESALAZINE | | | |
| Tab EC 400 mg | 49.50 | 100 | Asacol |
| Tab long-acting 500 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023 | | 100 | Pentasa |
| Tab 800 mg | 85.50 | 90 | Asacol |
| Modified release granules 1 g | 118.10 | 100 g | Pentasa |
| Suppos 500 mg | 22.80 | 20 | Asacol |
| Suppos 1 g | 50.96 | 28 | Pentasa |

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price . excl. GST) | | Brand or Generic |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|------------------------|
| (6A man | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| DLSALAZINE | | | |
| Tab 500 mg | 93.37 | 100 | Dipentum |
| Cap 250 mg | 53.00 | 100 | Dipentum |
| REDNISOLONE SODIUM | | | |
| Rectal foam 20 mg per dose (14 applications) | 74.10 | 1 | Essential Prednisolone |
| ODIUM CROMOGLICATE | | | |
| Cap 100 mg | | | |
| SULFASALAZINE | | | |
| Tab 500 mg | 14 00 | 100 | Salazopyrin |
| Tab EC 500 mg – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | | 100 | Salazopyrin EN |
| | | | ., |
| Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders | | | |
| Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations | | | |
| INCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE | | | |
| Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g | . 15.00 | 30 g | Proctosedyl |
| Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g | 9.90 | 12 | Proctosedyl |
| LUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE AND C | INCHOCAIN | IE | |
| Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocaine | | | |
| hydrochloride 5 mg per g | . 11.06 | 30 g | Ultraproct |
| Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchocaine | | Ū | |
| hydrochloride 1 mg | 7.30 | 12 | Ultraproct |
| Management of Anal Fissures | | | |
| BLYCERYL TRINITRATE | | | |
| Oint 0.2% - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 | 22.00 | 30 g | Rectogesic |
| Rectal Sclerosants | | | |
| | | | |
| ILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial | | | |
| | | | |
| Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Motility | | | |
| GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE | | | |
| Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | 65.45 | 10 | Max Health |
| IYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE | | | |
| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 6.35 | 100 | Buscopan |
| Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023 | 6.35 | 5 | Buscopan |
| IEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 135 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023 | 9.20 | 90 | Colofac |
| Antiulcerants | | | |
| Antisecretory and Cytoprotective | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| IISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg | 44.50 | 120 | Cytotec |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| | F (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| H2 Antagonists | | | | | |
| CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg | | | | | |
| FAMOTIDINE Tab 20 mg Tab 40 mg Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial | | | | | |
| RANITIDINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 150 mg ↓ Tab 300 mg ↓ Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1703) Initiation Either: | | | | | |
| For continuation use; or Routine prevention of allergic reactions | | | | | |
| Proton Pump Inhibitors | | | | | |
| LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 OMEPRAZOLE ↓ Tab dispersible 10 mg → Restricted (RS1027) Initiation | | | | 100 100 | Lanzol Relief Lanzol Relief |
| Only for use in tube-fed patients. ↓ Tab dispersible 20 mg → Restricted (RS1027) Initiation | | | | | |
| Only for use in tube-fed patients. Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-21 to 2023 Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Aug-21 to 2023 Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Aug-21 to 2023 Powder for oral liq Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 1.86 3.11 .42.50 .33.98 | | 90 90 90 5 g 5 5 | Omeprazole actavis 10 Omeprazole actavis 20 Omeprazole actavis 40 Midwest Dr Reddy's Omeprazole Omezol IV |
| PANTOPRAZOLE Tab EC 20 mg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Tab EC 40 mg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Inj 40 mg vial | | 2.02 | | 100 100 | Panzop Relief Panzop Relief |
| Site Protective Agents | | | | | |
| COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g | | .14.51 | | 50 | Gastrodenol |

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price | | Brand or |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| Bile and Liver Therapy | | | |
| L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Grans for oral liquid 3 g → Restricted (RS1261) Initiation | | | |
| For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not respo where lactulose is contraindicated. RIFAXIMIN – Restricted see terms below | nded to treatment with | n, or are ir | tolerant to lactulose, or |
| ↓ Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023 | 625.00 | 56 | Xifaxan |
| For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of | maximum tolerated d | oses of la | ctulose. |
| Diabetes | | | |
| Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors | | | |
| ACARBOSE | | | |
| Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 90 90 | Accarb Accarb |
| Hyperglycaemic Agents | | | |
| DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Cap 25 mg | | 100 | Proglicem |
| Cap 100 mg | | 100 | Proglicem |
| ✓ Oral liq 50 mg per ml → Restricted (RS1028) | | 30 ml | Proglycem |
| Initiation | | | |
| For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism | n. | | |
| GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 1 mg syringe kit – 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023 | 32.00 | 1 | Glucagen Hypokit |
| GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] | | · | andougen Hypokit |
| Tab 1.5 g Tab 3.1 g | | | |
| Tab 4 g Oral soln 15 g per 80 ml sachet – 1% DV Jan-22 to 2023 | 70.00 | 50 | HypoPak Glucose |
| Gel 40% | | | |
| GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet | | | |
| Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations | | | |
| INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u pr 3 ml prefilled pen | | 5 | NovoMix 30 FlexPen |
| INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial | | - | |
| Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge | | | |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| NSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE | | | |
| Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per 3 ml cartridge | | 5 | Humalog Mix 25 |
| Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per 3 ml cartridge | | 5 | Humalog Mix 50 |
| NSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE | | | |
| Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 vial | | | |
| Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 cartridge | ml | | |
| Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 cartridge | ml | | |
| Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 cartridge | ml | | |
| Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations | | | |
| NSULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen | 04.50 | 5 | Lantus SoloStar |
| Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge | | 5 5 | Lantus Solosiai |
| Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial | | 1 | Lantus |
| Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations | | | |
| NSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial | | | |
| Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge | | | |
| Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe | 51.19 | 5 | NovoRapid FlexPen |
| NSULIN GLULISINE | | | |
| Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial | | 1 | Apidra |
| Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge | | 5 5 | Apidra Apidra Salastar |
| Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen | | э | Apidra Solostar |
| NSULIN LISPRO Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial | | | |
| Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge | | | |
| Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations | | | |
| NSULIN NEUTRAL | | | |
| Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial | | | |
| Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge | | | |
| Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents | | | |
| GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 100 | Daonil |
| GLICLAZIDE | | | |
| | 15.18 | 500 | Glizide |
| Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | | |
| Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 ALIPIZIDE Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | 4.58 | 100 | Minidiab |

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| Price (ex man. excl. 0 \$ | GST) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE | | |
| Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | 1,000 | Metformin Mylan |
| Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 11.28 | 500 | Metformin Mylan |
| PIOGLITAZONE | | |
| Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20246.80 | 90 | Vexazone |
| Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20247.30 | 90 | Vexazone |
| Tab 45 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 12.25 | 90 | Vexazone |
| VILDAGLIPTIN | | |
| Tab 50 mg | 60 | Galvus |
| VILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE | | |
| Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride | 60 | Galvumet |
| Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride | 60 | Galvumet |
| | | |

GLP-1 Agonists

➡ Restricted (RS1857)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For continuation use; or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for an SGLT-2 inhibitor; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*; or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*; and
 - 3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.
- Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.
 - a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
 - b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

DULAGLUTIDE - Restricted see terms above

- Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded SGLT-2 inhibitor.
- t Inj 1.5 mg per 0.5 ml prefilled pen 115.23 4 Trulicity

SGLT2 Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1852) Initiation

Any of the following:

continued...

| F | Price | | Brand or |
|----------|---------|------|--------------|
| (ex man. | excl. G | GST) | Generic |
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

- 1 For continuation use; or
- 2 Patient has previously had an initial approval for a GLP-1 agonist; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*; or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 3.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*; and
 - 3.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

EMPAGLIFLOZIN - Restricted see terms on the previous page

| Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonist. | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | |

| t | Tab 10 mg58.56 | 30 | Jardiance |
|---|----------------|----|-----------|
| t | Tab 25 mg | 30 | Jardiance |

EMPAGLIFLOZIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Note: Not to be given in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonist.

| t | Tab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride | 60 | Jardiamet |
|---|---------------------------------------------------|----|-----------|
| t | Tab 5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride | 60 | Jardiamet |
| t | Tab 12.5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride | 60 | Jardiamet |
| t | Tab 12.5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride | 60 | Jardiamet |

Digestives Including Enzymes

PANCREATIC ENZYME

| Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 U protease)) | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------|
| Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph Eur | | |
| U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U) - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | 100 | Creon 10000 |
| Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 Ph | | |
| Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U) - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | 100 | Creon 25000 |
| Modified release granules pancreatin 60.12 mg (amylase 3,600 Ph Eur | | |
| U, lipase 5,000 Ph Eur U, protease 200 Ph Eur U) | 20 g | Creon Micro |
| Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph. | • | |
| Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease) | | |
| URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms on the next page | | |
| | 100 | Ursosan |
| | | 0.000un |

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| Price (ex man. excl. GST) | Brand or Generic | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| (on main onon oron) \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

→ Restricted (RS1824)

Initiation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis Either:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation – Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation – Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation – Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Initiation - prevention of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1732 trial; and
- 2 The patient has leukaemia/lymphoma and is receiving inotuzumab ozogamicin.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

| Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet | e.g. PicoPrep |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE | |
| Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate | |
| 80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | Glycoprep-C |
| 80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet | e.g. Glycoprep-C |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS \$ | T) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE Powder for oral soln 52.9 g with ascorbic acid 6 g, potassium chlori 740 mg, sodium chloride 2.6 g and sodium sulphate 5.6 g per sachet (1) and powder for oral soln citric acid 12 g with magne oxide 3.5 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet (2) MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARB Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulp 5.685 g per sachet – 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022 | de sium ONATE, SODIUM 1 hate | | e.g. Prepkit-C |
| Bulk-Forming Agents | | | |
| ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK Powder for oral soln – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA – Restricted: For continuation only → Powder for oral soln | | 500 g | Konsyl-D |
| Faecal Softeners | | | |
| DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 Tab 120 mg – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES | | 100 100 | Coloxyl Coloxyl |
| Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml | 4.20 | 200 | Laxsol |
| POLOXAMER Oral drops 10% - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 30 ml | Coloxyl |
| Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral | | | |
| METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial | 36.00 246.00 | 1 7 | Relistor Relistor |
| The patient is receiving palliative care; and Either: Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation | | | |
| Osmotic Laxatives | | | |
| GLYCEROL Suppos 1.27 g Suppos 2.55 g Suppos 3.6 g | | 20 | PSM |
| LACTULOSE Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 500 ml | Laevolac |

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

14

| | (ex man. | Price . excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|--------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARB | ONATE | AND S | Sodiui | M CHLOF | RIDE |
| Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, sodi bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, so bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | dium / | 6.70 | 0 | 30 | Molaxole |
| Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml DV Nov-19 to 2022 SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58% | | | | 50 1 | Micolette Fleet Phosphate Enema |
| Stimulant Laxatives | | | | | |
| BISACODYL | | | | | |
| Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | | 5.99 5.80 | | 200 | Lax-Tabs Pharmacy Health |
| Suppos 10 mg – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 (<i>Lax-Tabs Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 June 2022</i>) SENNOSIDES Tab 7.5 mg | | 3.69 | 9 | 10 | Lax-Suppositories |
| SODIUM PICOSULFATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral soln 7.5 mg per ml | | 7.40 | 0 | 30 ml | Dulcolax SP Drop |

Both:

- 1 The patient is a child with problematic constipation despite an adequate trial of other oral pharmacotherapies including macrogol where practicable; and
- 2 The patient would otherwise require a high-volume bowel cleansing preparation.

Metabolic Disorder Agents

| ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|---|---------|--|
| Inj 50 mg vial | 1 | Myozyme | |
| → Restricted (RS1793) | | | |

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and

2 Any of the following:

- 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
- 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
- 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a

continued...

| Pi | rice | | | Brand or |
|---------------------|------|---|---------|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | _ | Generic | |
| | \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

- disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
- 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

ARGININE

Tab 1,000 mg Cap 500 mg Powder Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1794)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
 - 2.2 A 5,10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
 - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Cap 100 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

| | | Price | | | Brand or |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------|
| | (ex man. | excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| → Restricted (RS1330) | | | | | |
| Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian | | | | | |
| CARGLUMIC ACID – Restricted see terms below | | | | | |
| Tab disp 200 mg | | | | | |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1831) | | | | | |
| Initiation | | | | | |
| Metabolic physician | | | | | |
| For the acute in-patient treatment of organic acidaemias as an alte | rnative to hae | emofil | tration. | | |
| COENZYME Q10 - Restricted see terms below | | | | | |
| Cap 120 mg | | | | | |
| Cap 160 mg | | | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1832) | | | | | |
| Initiation | | | | | |
| Metabolic physician | | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months | annand to an | | 010 | | ontation |
| The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may re Continuation | espond to coe | enzyn | | supplem | |
| Metabolic physician | | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 24 months | | | | | |
| Both: | | | | | |
| 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of | metaholism t | hat ro | enonde | to coen- | zume Ω10 supplementation: |
| and | | natio | sponus | | Lynne are supplementation, |
| 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefi | tina from tree | atmen | t | | |
| | ang nom roc | | | | |
| GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below | 0. | 0010 | ^ | 4 | Naglazima |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial ■ Destricted (DS1705) | Z, | 234.0 | 0 | 1 | Naglazyme |
| → Restricted (RS1795) Initiation | | | | | |
| Metabolic physician | | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | | | |
| Both: | | | | | |
| 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidos | is VI: and | | | | |
| 2 Either: | 10 v1, and | | | | |
| 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-g | alactosamine | -4-su | lfatase | arvlsulfa | tase B) deficiency confirmed |
| by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin | | | inataoo | aryiouna | |
| 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and pati | | | vho is kr | nown to h | nave mucopolysaccharidosis |
| VI. | | 5 | | | ····· |
| Continuation | | | | | |
| Metabolic physician | | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | | | |
| All of the following: | | | | | |
| 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the p | atient is bene | fiting | from tre | eatment; | and |
| 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reaction | ns which wer | e not | prevent | able by a | appropriate pre-medication |
| and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and | | | | - | |
| 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe | e disease whe | ere th | e long t | erm prog | nosis is unlikely to be |
| influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and | | | | | |
| 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that m | ight reasonal | oly be | expect | ed to cor | npromise a response to |
| ERT. | | | | | |
| HAEM ARGINATE | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

| | (ex man | Price . excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| IDURSULFASE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 2 mg per ml, 3 ml vial | 4, | 608.3 | 0 | 1 | Elaprase |
| Initiation Metabolic physician <i>Limited to 24 weeks</i> treatment All of the following: | | | | | |
| 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (muce 2 Either: | opolysacch | ardos | is II); a | nd | |
| 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-s assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the idurona 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell traidursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for resp (ERT); and 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equival greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week. | ate 2-sulfata ansplant (H piratory fail | ase ge ISCT) ure pri | ene; an within ior to s | d the next tarting E | t 3 months and treatment with |
| LARONIDASE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 U per ml, 5 ml vial | 1, | 335.1 | 6 | 1 | Aldurazyme |
| Metabolic physician <i>Limited to 24 weeks</i> treatment All of the following: 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucc 2 Either: | polysaccha | ardosi | s I-H); | and | |
| 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-idurd assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alph to have Hurler syndrome; and | | | | | |
| 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell tra- laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for resp (ERT); and 5 Long-idage to be administered for a total of 24 works (against | piratory fail | ure pri | ior to s | tarting E | Enzyme Replacement Therapy |
| 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equiva than 100 units/kg every week. | | VEEKS | pre- ai | iu 12 pc | SI-HSCT) at usses no greater |
| LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg Cap 250 mg Cap 500 mg Oral liq 500 mg per 10 ml Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial • Restricted (RS1035) Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian | | | | | |

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 50 mg

18

➡ Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| Price | Brand or | |
|---------------------|------------------|--|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | Generic | |
| \$ | Per Manufacturer | |

RIBOFLAVIN – **Restricted** see terms below

- Tab 100 mg
- Cap 100 mg

➡ Restricted (RS1833)

Initiation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to riboflavin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to riboflavin supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

| ↓ Tab soluble 100 mg | 1,452.70 | 30 | Kuvan | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|-------|--|
| → Restricted (RS1796) | | | | |
| Initiation | | | | |
| Metabolic physician | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 1 month | | | | |
| All of the following: | | | | |
| 1 Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or actively plann | ning to become pre | gnant; a | and | |
| 2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support management of Pl | KU during pregnar | ncy; and | | |
| 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily | v dose of 20 ma/ka | : and | | |

- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

- All of the following:
 - 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient has demonstrated an adequate response to a 2 to 4 week trial of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction in phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; or
 - 1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has previously demonstrated response to treatment with sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
 - 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with sapropterin will not continue after delivery; or
 - 2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the first renewal for treatment with sapropterin; or
 - 2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second or subsequent pregnancy to support management of their PKU during pregnancy; and
 - 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
 - 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
 - 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg Powder Soln 100 mg per ml Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see te | erms below | | |
| Tab 500 mg Grans 483 mg per g Oral liq 250 mg per ml Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule | 2,016.00 | 174 g | Pheburane |
| → Restricted (RS1797) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| Metabolic physician Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | |
| For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase. Continuation | a deficiency of carbamylpho | osphate sy | nthetase, ornithine |
| Metabolic physician | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | |
| The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting | from treatment. | | |
| TALIGLUCERASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| ↓ Inj 200 unit vial → Restricted (RS1034) | 1,072.00 | 1 | Elelyso |
| Initiation Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher Treatment | t Panol | | |
| TAURINE – Restricted see terms below | l Fanel. | | |
| Cap 500 mg Cap 1,000 mg Powder | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1834) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| Metabolic physician | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months | | | |
| The patient has a suspected specific mitochondrial disorder that | may respond to taurine su | ipplementa | tion. |
| Continuation Metabolic physician | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 24 months | | | |
| Both: | | | |
| The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of a specific mitoo The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is ber | | sponds to t | aurine supplementation; and |
| TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Cap 300 mg | | | |
| Minerals | | | |
| Calcium | | | |
| CALCIUM CARBONATE Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) – 1% DV May-21 to 2023 Tab eff 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental) | 6.69 | 250 | Calci-Tab 500 |
| CALCIUM LACTATE GLUCONATE WITH CALCIUM CARBON/ Tab eff 2.94 g with calcium carbonate 0.3 g (500 mg element | | | e.g. Calcium-Sandoz |
| (e.g. Calcium-Sandoz Forte Tab eff 2.94 g with calcium carbon | ate 0.3 g (500 mg element | al) to be de | Forte listed 1 July 2022) |

20

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | F (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Fluoride | | | | | |
| SODIUM FLUORIDE Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental) | | | | | |
| lodine | | | | | |
| POTASSIUM IODATE Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE Oral liq 10% with iodine 5% | | 4.5 | В | 90 | NeuroTabs |
| Iron | | | | | |
| FERROUS FUMARATE Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) – 5% DV May-22 to 2024 | | 3.04 | 4 | 100 | Ferro-tab |
| FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg – 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024 | | 5.9 | В | 100 | Ferro-F-Tabs |
| FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg | | | | | |
| ERROUS SULFATE Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | | | 30 500 ml | Ferrograd Ferodan |
| ERROUS SULFATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500 r | - | | | | |
| IRON (AS FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE) - Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted (RS1417) | | 50.0 | 0 | 1 | Ferinject |
| nitiation Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropriat | te. | | | | |
| RON (AS SUCROSE) Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule RON POLYMALTOSE | 1 | 00.0 | 0 | 5 | Venofer |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | | 34.5 | 0 | 5 | Ferrosig |
| Magnesium | | | | | |
| MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE | | | | | |

Cap 750 mg (150 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental) Suspension 8% MAGNESIUM OXIDE Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental) Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental)

| | f (ex man. | Price excl. | GST) | | Brand or Generic |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------|---------|---------------------|
| | | \$ | 01.12 | Per | Manufacturer |
| MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE, MAGNESIU Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium ami chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg eler magnesium) MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-21 to 2023 Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag | ino acid mental | | | ATE AND | MAGNESIUM CITRATE |
| Zinc | | | | | |
| ZINC Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule ZINC SULPHATE | | | | | |
| Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental) - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | | .11.0 | 0 | 100 | Zincaps |
| Mouth and Throat | | | | | |
| Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration | | | | | |
| BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3% BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHL Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Mouthwash 0.2% CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01% DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Paste 0.1% - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5.3 | 3 | 5 g | Kenalog in Orabase |
| Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives | | | - | - 3 | |
| AMPHOTERICIN B | | | | | |
| Lozenge 10 mg | | 5.8 | 6 | 20 | Fungilin |
| MICONAZOLE Oral gel 20 mg per g – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 4.7 | 4 | 40 g | Decozol |
| NYSTATIN Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | | 1.7 | 6 | 24 ml | Nilstat |

1 Item restricted (see \Rightarrow above); **1** Item restricted (see \Rightarrow below)

22

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------------|
| Other Oral Agents | | | |
| HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] Inj 20 mg per ml SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] – Restricted sea Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe | e terms below | | |
| → Restricted (RS1175) Otolaryngologist | | | |
| Vitamins | | | |
| Multivitamin Preparations | | | |
| MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see Cap | | 180 | Clinicians Multivit & Mineral Boost |
| Restricted (RS1498) Initiation Limited to 3 months treatment Both: | | | Winter and Doose |
| Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and Any of the following: Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface a Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake | or deep dermal burns; o | | |
| MULTIVITAMIN RENAL – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap | 6.49 | 30 | Clinicians Renal Vit |

Either:

1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or

2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).

| | (ex man. | Price . excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Bran Gene Man | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------|------|-------|---------------------|--------------------|
| MULTIVITAMINS | | | | | | |
| Tab (BPC cap strength) – 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | | . 11.4 | 5 | 1,000 | Mvi | te |
| cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg, al tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg | | | | | | |
| riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 mg cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg | | | | | e.g. | Vitabdeck |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1620) Initiation | | | | | | |
| Any of the following: | | | | | | |
| Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndron Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome. | ne; or | | | | | |
| I Powder vitamin A 3200 mcg with vitamin D 100 mcg, vitamin E 54.2 vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 108 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, riboflax 4.4 mg, niacin 41 mg, vitamin B6 3.6 mg, folic acid 600 mcg, vit B12 9 mcg, biotin 120 mcg, pantothenic acid 24 mg, choline 1250 mg and inositol 700 mg → Restricted (RS1178) | vin | | | | e.g. | Paediatric Seravit |
| Initiation | | | | | | |
| Patient has inborn errors of metabolism. | | | | | | |
| Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxin | е | | | | | |
| hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxin | (1) e | | | | e.g. | Pabrinex IV |
| hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1) Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxin hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid | Ũ | | | | e.g. | Pabrinex IM |
| 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 m ampoule (1) | I | | | | e.g. | Pabrinex IV |
| Vitamin A | | | | | | |
| RETINOL | | | | | | |
| Tab 10,000 iu | | | | | | |

Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml Oral liq 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml

Vitamin B

| HYDROXOCOBALAMIN | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------|-----|----------------------|
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | 2.84 | 3 | Neo-B12 |
| PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 2.70 | 90 | Vitamin B6 25 |
| Tab 50 mg | 23.45 | 500 | Pyridoxine multichem |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial | | | - |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | | |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial | | | |

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| (ex | Price man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg | 7.09 | 100 | Max Health |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial | | | e.g. Benerva |
| VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC | 7.15 | 500 | Bplex |
| Vitamin C | | | |
| ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 Tab chewable 250 mg | 9.90 | 500 | Cvite |
| Vitamin D | | | |
| ALFACALCIDOL Cap 0.25 mcg Cap 1 mcg Oral drops 2 mcg per ml | 87.98 | 100 100 20 ml | One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha |
| CALCITRIOL Cap 0.25 mcg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Cap 0.5 mcg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | 100 100 | Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT |
| COLECALCIFEROL Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) – 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023 Oral liq 188 mcg per ml (7,500 iu per ml) | | 12 4.8 ml | Vit.D3 Puria |

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

I Oral liq 156 u per ml

➡ Restricted (RS1632)

Initiation – Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically
 - inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation – Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

| | Price | | | Brand or |
|--------|----------|------|-----|--------------|
| (ex ma | n. excl. | GST) | | Generic |
| | \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- ↓ Cap 500 u

↓ Oral lig 156 u per ml

→ Restricted (RS1176)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation – Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|------|--------------|--|--|
| Antianaemics | Ŷ | 1 01 | Manufacturer | | |

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

EPOETIN ALFA - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 | 06 | 3 | Binocrit |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------|-----|---|----------|
| t | inj 2,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 | 06 | 3 | Binocrit |
| t | Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 | 06 | 6 | Binocrit |
| t | Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 | 06 | 6 | Binocrit |
| t | Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 | 06 | 6 | Binocrit |
| t | Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 | 06 | 6 | Binocrit |
| t | Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 | 06 | 6 | Binocrit |
| t | Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 | 06 | 6 | Binocrit |
| t | Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 | 0 1 | l | Binocrit |
| | | | | |

➡ Restricted (RS1660)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation – myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

| | Price | | | Brand or |
|-------|------------|------|-----|--------------|
| (ex r | man. excl. | GST) | | Generic |
| | \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |

EPOETIN BETA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 4,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe

➡ Restricted (RS1661)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative. *Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Megaloblastic

| FOLIC ACID | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Tab 0.8 mg | 1,000 | Folic Acid multichem |
| Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 100 | Folic Acid Mylan |
| Oral liq 50 mcg per ml | 25 ml | Biomed |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | | |

| | Price (ex man. excl. G \$ | ST) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Scleros | ants | | |
| ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Topical soln 20% w/v → Restricted (R\$1500) Initiation | | | e.g. Driclor |
| For use as a haemostatis agent. | | | |
| APROTININ – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 10,000 klU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial → Restricted (RS1332) Initiation | | | |
| Cardiac anaesthetist Either: | | | |
| Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass proce Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the adverse effects of the drug. | | nassive blee | eding outweighs the potential |
| ELTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below Tab 25 mg Tab 50 mg Restricted (RS1648) Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splened | | 28 28 | Revolade Revolade |
| Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 6 weeks</i> All of the following: | long | | |
| Patient has had a splenectomy; and Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and fai and | iled after therapy of 3 | 3 months ea | ch (or 1 month for rituximab) |
| 3 Any of the following: 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platel | ets per microlitre an | d has avida | ace of significant |
| mucocutaneous bleeding; or | · | | Ū |
| 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20 bleeding; or3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10 | | | has evidence of active |
| Initiation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation f | | iorona o. | |
| Haematologist Limited to 6 weeks treatment | | | |
| The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splen Continuation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-sple | | | |
| Haematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | |
| The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment duri further treatment is required. | | | uent renewal periods and |
| Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30, Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicate Haematologist | | rolitre | |
| Re-assessment required after 3 months All of the following: | | | |
| 1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication | on to splenectomy fo | r clinical rea | isons: and |

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

continued...

| | Price | | Brand or | |
|--------|----------|------|--------------|--|
| (ex ma | n. excl. | GST) | Generic | |
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer | |

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

EMICIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 30 mg in 1 ml vial | 0 1 | Hemlibra |
|---|---------------------------------|-----|----------|
| t | Inj 60 mg in 0.4 ml vial7,138.0 | 0 1 | Hemlibra |
| | Inj 105 mg in 0.7 ml vial | | Hemlibra |
| | Inj 150 mg in 1 ml vial17,846.0 | | Hemlibra |

⇒ Restricted (RS1780)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia A and history of bleeding and bypassing agent usage within the last six months; and

2 Either:

2.1 Patient has had greater than or equal to 6 documented and treated spontaneous bleeds within the last 6 months if on an on-demand bypassing agent regimen; or

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

- 2.2 Patient has had greater than or equal to 2 documented and treated spontaneous bleeds within the last 6 months if on a bypassing agent prophylaxis regimen; and
- 3 Patient has a high-titre inhibitor to Factor VIII (greater than or equal to 5 Bethesda units per ml) which has persisted for six months or more; and
- 4 There is no immediate plan for major surgery within the next 12 months; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient has failed immune tolerance induction (ITI) after an initial period of 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The Haemophilia Treaters Group considers the patient is not a suitable candidate for ITI; and
- 6 Treatment is to be administered at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks followed by the equivalent of 1.5 mg/kg weekly.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had no more than two spontaneous and clinically significant treated bleeds after the end of the loading dose period (i.e. after the first four weeks of treatment until the end of the 24-week treatment period); and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9% Soln 500 ml

POLIDOCANOL

Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial

SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule

nj 3%, 2 mi ampo

THROMBIN Powder

TRANEXAMIC ACID

| 9.45 | 60 | Mercury Pharma |
|------|------|----------------|
| 5.95 | 5 | Tranexamic-AFT |
| 5.95 | 5 | Tranexamic-AFT |
| | 5.95 | 5.95 5 |

Anticoagulant Reversal Agents

| IDARUCIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below | | | |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|---|----------|
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial | 4,250.00 | 2 | Praxbind |
| Bestricted (DC1525) | | | |

Restricted (RS1535)

Initiation

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

| EF | TRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms on t | he next page |) |
|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------|
| t | Inj 250 iu vial612.50 |) 1 | Alprolix |
| | Inj 500 iu vial | | Alprolix |
| t | Inj 1,000 iu vial2,450.00 |) 1 | Alprolix |
| t | Inj 2,000 iu vial |) 1 | Alprolix |
| t | Inj 3,000 iu vial |) 1 | Alprolix |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| ➤ Restricted (RS1684) | | | |
| itiation | | | |
| or patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. reaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Mar | | ent is mar | naged by the Haemophilia |
| | | | |
| PTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] – Restricted | | 1 | NovoSeven RT |
| Inj 1 mg syringe Inj 2 mg syringe | | 1 | NovoSeven RT |
| Inj 5 mg syringe | | 1 | NovoSeven RT |
| Inj 8 mg syringe | | 1 | NovoSeven RT |
| Restricted (RS1704) | | 1 | |
| litiation | | | |
| or patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is ma | naged by the Haemophili | a Treaters | s Group in conjunction wit |
| ne National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circ | | | |
| se. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is b | | | |
| ubject to access criteria. | 7 | | |
| ACTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restric | ted see terms below | | |
| Inj 500 U | | 1 | FEIBA NF |
| Inj 1,000 U | | 1 | FEIBANF |
| Inj 2,500 U | , | 1 | FEIBA NF |
| → Restricted (RS1705) | | | |
| nitiation | | | |
| or patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing age | nt for > 14 days predicted | luse. Ac | cess to funded treatment |
| nanaged by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with | <i>,</i> , | | |
| IOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restri | | | p |
| Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe | | 1 | Xyntha |
| Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe | | 1 | Xyntha |
| Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe | | 1 | Xyntha |
| Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe | | 1 | Xyntha |
| Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe | | 1 | Xyntha |
| Restricted (RS1706) | | | Aynana |
| nitiation | | | |
| or patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Bran | d of short half-life recomb | oinant fact | or VIII. Access to funded |
| reatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conj | | | |
| ubject to criteria. | | | 0 17 |
| IONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted | d see terms below | | |
| Inj 500 iu vial | | 1 | RIXUBIS |
| Inj 1,000 iu vial | | 1 | RIXUBIS |
| Inj 2,000 iu vial | | 1 | RIXUBIS |
| Inj 3,000 iu vial | , | 1 | RIXUBIS |
| → Restricted (RS1679) | , | | |
| nitiation | | | |
| or patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is ma | naged by the Haemophili | a Treaters | Group in conjunction wit |
| ne National Haemophilia Management Group. | | | |
| ie National nachophila Management Group. | Restricted see terms on | the next r | age |
| | | 1 | Advate |
| CTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) | | 1 | Advate |
| CTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - | | | |
| CTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Inj 250 iu vial Inj 500 iu vial | | - | Advate |
| OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) – Inj 250 iu vial Inj 500 iu vial Inj 1,000 iu vial | 420.00 840.00 | 1 1 | Advate Advate |
| DCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) – Inj 250 iu vial Inj 500 iu vial Inj 1,000 iu vial Inj 1,500 iu vial | 420.00 | 1 | Advate |
| DCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) – Inj 250 iu vial Inj 500 iu vial Inj 1,000 iu vial Inj 1,500 iu vial | | 1 | |

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| Price | | Brand or |
|--------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST |) | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

→ Restricted (RS1707)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

| l | lnj 250 iu vial | | 1 | Kogenate FS |
|---|---------------------|----------|---|-------------|
| | | | 1 | Kogenate FS |
| | | | 1 | Kogenate FS |
| l | Ini 2.000 iu vial | | 1 | Kogenate FS |
| | | 2,850.00 | 1 | Kogenate FS |
| | Postricted (PS1709) | -, | | |

Restricted (RS1708)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria.

RURIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 250 iu vial | | 1 | Adynovate |
|---|---------------------|--------|---|-----------|
| t | Inj 500 iu vial | 600.00 | 1 | Advnovate |
| | Inj 1,000 iu vial | | 1 | Advnovate |
| | Inj 2,000 iu vial | | 1 | Adynovate |
| | Proteinted (PC1020) | , | | , |

➡ Restricted (RS1682)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

Vitamin K

| PHYTOMENADIONE | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|---|-------------|
| Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule | 8.00 | 5 | Konakion MM |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | 9.21 | 5 | Konakion MM |

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 250 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1181)

Initiation

Either:

1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or

2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

DABIGATRAN

| Cap 75 mg76.36 | 60 | Pradaxa |
|-----------------|----|---------|
| Cap 110 mg76.36 | 60 | Pradaxa |
| Cap 150 mg76.36 | 60 | Pradaxa |

| Data Particle Per Manufacturer DAVAPAROID - Restricted see terms below In [750] to 6 mt ampoule In [750] to 10 mt In [750] to 10 mt In [750] to 10 mt - Restricted (RS1182) Initiation Initiation Initiation For use in hepain-induced thrombocytopaenia, hepain resistance or hepain intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below I Initiation Hearnatologist - Restricted (RS1183) Initiation Hearnatologist Patent has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities. DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM OITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Ini (24 mt) mt sodium citate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Intarpoule | | Price (ex man. excl. GST) | | Brand or Generic |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| In 1750 uin 0.6 ml ampoule Restricted (RS1182) Initiation For use in hepatrin-induced thrombocytopaenia, hepatrin resistance or hepatrin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below In 30 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted (RS1183) Initiation Heamatologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities. DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag EXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag EXOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe | | | | |
| Prestricted (RS1182) Initiation For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below In glo ong per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted (RS1183) Initiation Haamatologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities. DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe | DANAPAROID – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Initiation For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below I hig 0 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted (RS1183) Initiation Haematologist Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities. DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A] Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 mb lag ENOXAPARIN SODIUM Inj 20 mg in 0.4 ml syringe | Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule | | | |
| For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance. DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below I nij 20 mg nml 2.5 m ampoule REVEAVARIN SODUUM Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe. Inj 4.4 manatogi 1.4 mampule Inj 4.4 mg in 0.4 ml syringe. Inj 4.4 must an extended the set terms below I mi 20 mg in 0.8 ml syringe I mj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe I mj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe I mj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe I mg in 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe I mg in 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe I mg in 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe I mg in 1.6 must set terms below I ml 20 mg in 0.4 ml syringe. Inj 10 must must set terms below I mi | | | | |
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| 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary thrombus on coronary angiography; or 3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention. YSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg e.g. Aspegic Restricted (RS1689) itiation oth: 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventiona cardiology procedure; and 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure. CAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below Tab 90 mg Setticted (RS1774) itiation | | | | |
| 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary thrombus on coronary angiography; or 3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention. YSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg e.g. Aspegic Restricted (RS1689) itiation oth: 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure. CAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below Tab 90 mg Section (RS1774) itiation | | | | |
| 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary thrombus on coronary angiography; or 3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention. YSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg e.g. Aspegic Restricted (RS1689) itiation oth: 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure. CAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below Tab 90 mg 90.00 56 Brilinta Restricted (RS1774) itiation | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | percutaneous coron | arv interv | ention: or |
| Inj 500 mg Restricted (RS1689) itiation oth: For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure. CAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below Tab 90 mg Serviced (RS1774) itiation | 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coro | | | |
| Restricted (RS1689) itiation oth: For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and | YSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see te | erms below | | |
| itiation oth: 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure. CAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below Tab 90 mg | Inj 500 mg | | | e.g. Aspegic |
| oth: 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure. CAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below Tab 90 mg | → Restricted (RS1689) | | | |
| For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure. CAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below Tab 90 mg Restricted (RS1774) itiation | | | | |
| 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure. CAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below Tab 90 mg | 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior t | o an urgent interven | tional neu | iro-radiology or interventiona |
| Tab 90 mg90.00 56 Brilinta ▶ Restricted (RS1774) itiation | | | | |
| ▶ Restricted (RS1774) itiation | TICAGRELOR – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| itiation | | | 56 | Brilinta |
| | → Restricted (RS1774) | | | |
| estricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been | nitiation | tionto who have read | nth (11.11 | in the last CO days) have |

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

| Price | | | Brand or |
|--------------|---------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. exc | I. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

Initiation – thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure* in the last 60 days; or
- 1.2 Patient is about to have a neurological stenting procedure performed*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance using the P2Y12 (VerifyNow) assay or another appropriate platelet function assay and requires antiplatelet treatment with ticagrelor; or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of a new cerebral ischemic event; or
 - 2.2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of transient ischemic attack symptoms referable to the stent.

Continuation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.

Initiation - Percutaneous coronary intervention with stent deployment

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone percutaneous coronary intervention; and
- 2 Patient has had a stent deployed in the previous 4 weeks; and
- 3 Patient is clopidogrel-allergic**.

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation – Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Notes: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Note: ** Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial Inj 10 mg vial Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Inj 5,000 iu vial Inj 10,000 iu vial Inj 50,000 iu vial Inj 100,000 iu vial Inj 250,000 iu vial Inj 500,000 iu vial

| Pric (ex man. e: \$ | xcl. GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Colony-Stimulating Factors | | | |
| Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells | | | |
| PLERIXAFOR – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 20 mg per ml, 1.2 ml vial | 0.00 | 1 | Mozobil |
| L <i>imited to 3 days</i> treatment All of the following: | | | |
| Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plena Any of the following: 3.1 Both: | xafor; and | | |
| 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and 3.1.2 Either: | | | |
| 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or | | | |
| 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10 ⁶ CD34 cells/kg have failed a 3.2 Both: | after one a | pheresis | procedure; or |
| 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation 3.2.2 Any of the following: 3.2.2.1 Both: | i; and | | |
| 3.2.2.1 Both. 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of $> 5 \times 10^9/L$ 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect $> 1 \times 10^6$ CD34 cells/kg have failed a 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemoth | of less that after one a before th | pheresis e target h | procedure; or |
| Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors | | | |
| FILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 0.00 | 10 4 10 | Nivestim Neupogen Nivestim |
| PEGFILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe | 0.00 | 1 | Neulastim |

Initiation

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5%*).

Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| Fluids and Electrolytes | | | |
| Intravenous Administration | | | |
| CALCIUM CHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe | | | e.g. Baxter |
| CALCIUM GLUCONATE Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule | | | e.g. Max Health |
| COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES | | | |
| Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/ chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 50 | 00 ml | | |
| bag Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/ oblavida 00 mmol/l, costata 07 mmol/l, ducenata 00 mmol/l | | 18 | Plasma-Lyte 148 |
| chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag | 27.24 | 12 | Plasma-Lyte 148 |
| COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] | | | |
| Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium | | | |
| 98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag | 1 | 12 | Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose |
| COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION] | | | 0.00000 |
| Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, | | | |
| bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag | 23.40 | 18 | Baxter |
| Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag | 15 72 | 12 | Baxter |
| GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] | | | Baxtor |
| Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag | | 10 | Fresenius Kabi |
| Inj 5%, 100 ml bag | 77.50 | 50 | Fresenius Kabi |
| Inj 5%, 250 ml bag | 52.50 | 30 | Fresenius Kabi |
| Inj 5%, 50 ml bag | | 60 | Baxter Glucose 5% |
| Inj 5%, 500 ml bag | | 20 | Fresenius Kabi |
| Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag | | 12 | Baxter Glucose 10% |
| Inj 10%, 500 ml bag | | 18 | Baxter Glucose 10% |
| Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Biomed |
| Inj 50%, 500 ml bag | | 18 1 | Baxter Glucose 50% |
| Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 15.00 | I | Biomed |
| GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag | | | |
| GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium ch 0.45%, 3,000 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chl 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag | | 12 | Baxter |
| Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag | | 12 | Baxter |
| Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag | ride | 12 | Baxter |
| | | | |

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) | | Brand or Generic |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag | | 12 | Baxter |
| Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag | | 12 | Baxter |
| Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag | 173.40 | 12 | Baxter |
| POTASSIUM CHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule | | | |
| POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 n | 0 | 48 | Baxter |
| Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 r | | 12 | Baxter |
| Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 r | | 12 | Baxter |
| Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml | bag 772.32 | 48 | Baxter |
| POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE | | | |
| Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule | 174.57 | 10 | Hospira |
| RINGER'S SOLUTION | | | |
| Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/ chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag | 1, | | |
| SODIUM ACETATE | | | |
| Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule | | | |
| SODIUM BICARBONATE | | | |
| Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial | | | |
| Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial | | 1 | Biomed |
| Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial | 21.95 | 1 | Biomed |
| SODIUM CHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | | 20 | Fresenius Kabi |
| Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | | 50 | Fresenius Kabi |
| Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack Restricted (RS1297) | | 480 | BD PosiFlush |
| Initiation | | | |
| For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only. | | | |
| Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack | | 480 | BD PosiFlush |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1297) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only. | | | |
| Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack | 177.60 | 480 | BD PosiFlush |
| → Restricted (RS1297) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only. | | | |

For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.

| | Price | | Brand or |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GST | | Generic |
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | 5.00 | 20 | Fresenius Kabi |
| Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule | | 5 | Biomed |
| Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag | | 18 | Baxter |
| Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag | | 12 | Baxter |
| Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag | | 60 | Baxter |
| , , | 137.25 | 75 | Baxter-Viaflo |
| Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag | | 48 | Baxter |
| | 97.80 | 60 | Baxter-Viaflo |
| Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag | | 24 | Baxter |
| Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag | | 18 | Baxter |
| Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag | | 12 | Baxter |
| Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle | | | Baxtor |
| SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHAT | -E1 | | |
| Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule | • | 5 | Biomed |
| | 40.70 | 5 | Diomeu |
| WATER | | | |
| Inj 10 ml ampoule | | 50 | Pfizer |
| Inj 20 ml ampoule | 5.00 | 20 | Fresenius Kabi |
| | | | Multichem |
| lnj 250 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 500 ml bag | | | |
| Inj, 1,000 ml bag | 19.08 | 12 | Baxter |
| Oral Administration | | | |
| CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE Powder | | 300 g | Calcium Resonium |
| COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES Powder for oral soln – 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022 | 0.77 | 50 | Electral |
| • | 9.77 | 50 | Liectiai |
| COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Soln with electrolytes (2 × 500 ml) | 6.55 | 1,000 ml | Pedialyte - Bubblegum |
| PHOSPHORUS | | | |
| Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol) | | | |
| POTASSIUM CHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol) | | | |
| Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) | 8.90 | 200 | Span-K |
| Oral lig 2 mmol per ml | | 200 | opanik |
| | | | |
| SODIUM BICARBONATE | 0.50 | 100 | Ondihia |
| Cap 840 mg | 8.52 | 100 | Sodibic |
| SODIUM CHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 600 mg | | | |
| Oral liq 2 mmol/ml | | | |
| SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE | | | |
| Powder | | 454 g | Resonium A |
| Plasma Volume Expanders | | - | |
| • | | | |
| GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED | 100.00 | 10 | Oalafuaina |
| Inj 4%, 500 ml bag | | 10 | Gelofusine |
| | | | |

| CARDIOVASCULAR | SYSTEM |
|----------------|--------|
|----------------|--------|

| _ | | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| A | gents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System | | | |
| A | CE Inhibitors | | | |
| | PTOPRIL Oral liq 5 mg per ml | | 95 ml | Capoten |
| Ini | Restricted (RS1263) itation y of the following: 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following | g cardiac surgery. | | |
| | AZAPRIL – Restricted: For continuation only | | | |
| - | Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022 | | 90 | Zapril |
| - | Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 | | 90 90 | Zapril Zapril |
| | ALAPRIL MALEATE | | 00 | Lapin |
| | Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022 | | 100 | Acetec |
| | Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022 | | 100 | Acetec |
| | Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022 | 2.42 | 100 | Acetec |
| LIS | INOPRIL | | | |
| | Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025 | | 90 | Ethics Lisinopril |
| | Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025 | | 90 | Ethics Lisinopril |
| | Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025 | 14.69 | 90 | Ethics Lisinopril |
| PE | RINDOPRIL | 1 50 | 20 | Coveraul |
| | Tab 2 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 30 30 | Coversyl Coversyl |
| | INAPRIL | | 00 | ooversyn |
| QU | Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 5 97 | 90 | Arrow-Quinapril 5 |
| | Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | | 90 | Arrow-Quinapril 10 |
| | Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | | 90 | Arrow-Quinapril 20 |
| A | CE Inhibitors with Diuretics | | | |
| QI | INAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restricted: For | continuation only | | |
| | Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg – 5% DV Mar-22 | | 30 | Accuretic 10 |
| | Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 | | 30 | Accuretic 20 |
| | naistanain II Antononista | | | |
| A | ngiotensin II Antagonists | | | |
| CA | NDESARTAN CILEXETIL | | | |
| | Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 90 | Candestar |
| | Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 90 | Candestar |
| | Tab 16 mg – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Tab 32 mg – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 90 90 | Candestar Candestar |
| | rab 02 mg - 5 /0 DV DEC-21 10 2024 | | 90 | Calluestal |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LOSARTAN POTASSIUM Tab 12.5 mg – 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023 Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023 Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023 | 1.84 2.25 | 84 84 84 84 | Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis |
| Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics | | | |
| LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg | 15.25 | 30 | Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazid |
| Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibi | tors | | |
| SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN – Restricted see terms below Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg | | tioner the | patient would benefit from |
| Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers | | | |
| Tab 2 mg | 17.35 | 500 | Apo-Doxazosin Doxazosin Clinect |
| Tab 4 mg (Apo-Doxazosin Tab 2 mg to be delisted 1 September 2022) (Apo-Doxazosin Tab 4 mg to be delisted 1 September 2022) PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 10 mg Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | 20.94 | 500 | Apo-Doxazosin Doxazosin Clinect |

| | D.' | | Duradian |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------------|
| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) | | Brand or Generic |
| | (ox man: oxo:: cicr) \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE | | | |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | | |
| PRAZOSIN | | | |
| Tab 1 mg | | 100 | Arrotex-Prazosin S29 |
| Tab 2 mg | | 100 | Arrotex-Prazosin S29 |
| Tab 5 mg | 11./0 | 100 | Arrotex-Prazosin S29 |
| TERAZOSIN – Restricted: For continuation only | | | |
| ➡ Tab 1 mg | | | |
| Antiarrhythmics | | | |
| · · | | | |
| ADENOSINE | | | |
| Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 | 62.73 | 6 | Adenocor |
| Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted (RS1266) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI. | | | |
| | | | |
| AJMALINE – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1001) | | | |
| Cardiologist | | | |
| AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE | 2 90 | 30 | Aratac |
| Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | | 30 | Aratac |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 | | 10 | Max Health |
| ATROPINE SULPHATE | | | |
| Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 15.09 | 10 | Martindale |
| | | | |
| Tab 62.5 mcg – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 240 | Lanoxin PG |
| Tab 250 mcg – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 240 | Lanoxin |
| Oral liq 50 mcg per ml | | | |
| Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial | | | |
| DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE | | | |
| Cap 100 mg | | | |
| FLECAINIDE ACETATE | | | |
| Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 | | 60 | Flecainide BNM |
| Cap long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | | 90 | Flecainide Controlled |
| Con long acting 200 mg 19/ DV Dec 10 to 2022 | 61.06 | 90 | Release Teva Flecainide Controlled |
| Cap long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | | 90 | Release Teva |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule | | 5 | Tambocor |
| IVABRADINE - Restricted see terms below | | | |
| ↓ Tab 5 mg | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1566) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| Both: | | | |
| | | | |

continued...

| | Price |) | | Brand or |
|-------|---------|----------|-----|--------------|
| (ex n | nan. ex | cl. GST) | | Generic |
| | \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Either:

2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker;

2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

٥r

| Cap 150 mg162.00 | 100 | Teva |
|------------------|-----|------|
| Cap 250 mg | 100 | Teva |

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- I Tab 5 mg

⇒ Restricted (RS1427)

Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers

ATENOLOL

| ATENOLOL | | |
|------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 500 | Mylan Atenolol |
| Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 202414.20 | 500 | Mylan Atenolol |
| Oral liq 5 mg per ml49.85 | 300 ml | Atenolol-AFT |
| BISOPROLOL FUMARATE | | |
| Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | 90 | Bisoprolol Mylan |
| Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | 90 | Bisoprolol Mylan |
| 1.72 | 30 | Bosvate |
| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | 90 | Bisoprolol Mylan |
| CARVEDILOL | | |
| Tab 6.25 mg2.24 | 60 | Carvedilol Sandoz |
| Tab 12.5 mg | 60 | Carvedilol Sandoz |
| Tab 25 mg | 60 | Carvedilol Sandoz |
| CELIPROLOL – Restricted: For continuation only | | |
| ➡ Tab 200 mg | | |
| ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | | |
| LABETALOL | | |
| Tab 50 mg | | |
| Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 202414.50 | 100 | Trandate |
| Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2024 | 100 | Trandate |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule | | |
| METOPROLOL SUCCINATE | | |
| Tab long-acting 23.75 mg1.45 | 30 | Betaloc CR |
| Tab long-acting 47.5 mg | 30 | Betaloc CR |
| Tab long-acting 95 mg2.15 | 30 | Betaloc CR |
| Tab long-acting 190 mg4.27 | 30 | Betaloc CR |
| | | |

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| METOPROLOL TARTRATE Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab long-acting 200 mg Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial NADOLOL Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | 7.55 23.40 | Per 100 60 28 | Brand or Generic Manufacturer IPCA-Metoprolol IPCA-Metoprolol |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| METOPROLOL TARTRATE Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab long-acting 200 mg Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial NADOLOL Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | \$ | 100 60 28 | Manufacturer |
| Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab long-acting 200 mg | 7.55 23.40 | 60 28 | • |
| Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab long-acting 200 mg | 7.55 23.40 | 60 28 | • |
| Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab long-acting 200 mg Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial NADOLOL Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | 7.55 23.40 | 60 28 | • |
| Tab long-acting 200 mg Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial NADOLOL Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | 23.40 | 28 | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial NADOLOL Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | _ | Slow-Lopresor |
| Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 5 | Metoprolol IV Mylan |
| Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | | |
| Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 100 | Nadolol BNM |
| | | 100 | Nadolol BNM |
| PROPRANOLOL | | | |
| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | 7.04 | 100 | Drofate |
| Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 100 | IPCA-Propranolol |
| Cap long-acting 160 mg | | 100 | Cardinol LA |
| Oral liq 4 mg per ml | | | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | | |
| OTALOL | | | |
| Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 500 | Mylan |
| Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 100 | Mylan |
| | | | - |
| Calcium Channel Blockers | | | |
| | | | |
| Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers | | | |
| MLODIPINE | | | |
| Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023 | | 90 | Vasorex |
| Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023 | | 90 | Vasorex |
| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023 | 1.19 | 90 | Vasorex |
| ELODIPINE | | | |
| Tab long-acting 2.5 mg | 1.45 | 30 | Plendil ER |
| Tab long-acting 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 90 | Felo 5 ER |
| Tab long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 90 | Felo 10 ER |
| SRADIPINE | | | |
| Tab 2.5 mg | | | |
| Cap 2.5 mg | | | |
| IICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | | | |
| Restricted (RS1699) | | | |
| nitiation | | | |
| naesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist | | | |
| ny of the following: | | | |
| 1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intrav | enous agent: or | | |
| 2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or | 0 / | | |
| 3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopuln | nonary bypass. | | |
| IFEDIPINE | | | |
| Tab long-acting 10 mg | 18.80 | 56 | Tensipine MR10 |
| Tab long-acting 20 mg | | 100 | Nyefax Retard |
| Tab long-acting 30 mg | | 100 | Mylan (24 hr release) |
| | 4.78 | 14 | Mylan Italy (24 hr |
| | 4.70 | | |
| | 4.70 | 1-1 | release) |
| Tab long-acting 60 mg | | 100 | |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| IIMODIPINE | | | |
| Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022 | | 100 | Nimotop |
| Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022 | 67.50 | 1 | Nimotop |
| Other Calcium Channel Blockers | | | |
| DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 30 mg | | | |
| Cap extended-release 120 mg | | 100 | Accord |
| Cap long-acting 120 mg | | 500 | Apo-Diltiazem CD |
| Cap long-acting 180 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 30 | Cardizem CD |
| Cap long-acting 240 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | 9.30 | 30 | Cardizem CD |
| lnj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial | | | |
| | | | _ . |
| Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 62.90 | 100 | Pexsig |
| ERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 40 mg | | 100 | Isoptin |
| Tab 80 mg | | 100 | Isoptin |
| Tab long-acting 120 mg | | 100 | Isoptin SR |
| Tab long-acting 240 mg | | 30 | Isoptin SR |
| Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | 25.00 | 5 | Isoptin |
| Centrally-Acting Agents | | | |
| | | | |
| | 10.04 | 4 | Midan |
| Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 4 4 | Mylan Mylan |
| Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 4 | Mylan Mylan |
| | | 4 | Mylan |
| | 0.75 | | |
| Tab 25 mcg | | 112 | Clonidine BNM |
| | 36.50 | 400 | Clonidine Teva |
| Tab 150 mcg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 100 | Catapres |
| Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 10 | Medsurge |
| IETHYLDOPA | | | |
| Tab 250 mg | 15.10 | 100 | Methyldopa Mylan |
| Diuretics | | | |
| | | | |
| Loop Diuretics | | | |
| UMETANIDE | | 105 | D . |
| Tab 1 mg | | 100 | Burinex |
| Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial | | | |
| UROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE] | | | |
| Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2024 | | 1,000 | IPCA-Frusemide |
| Tab 500 mg | | 50 | Urex Forte |
| Oral liq 10 mg per ml – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | | 30 ml | Lasix |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | | 5 | Furosemide-Baxter Lasix |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | | 6 | |

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Osmotic Diuretics | | | |
| MANNITOL Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bag | | 12 18 | Baxter Baxter |
| Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics | | | |
| AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg | E | | |
| Potassium Sparing Diuretics | | | |
| AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml | | 25 ml | Biomed |
| EPLERENONE - Restricted see terms below Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1640) | | 30 30 | Inspra Inspra |
| Initiation Both: 1 Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%; 2 Either: 2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactor 2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant advers | ne; or | Il dosing o | f spironolactone. |
| SPIRONOLACTONE Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 Oral liq 5 mg per ml – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 100 100 25 ml | Spiractin Spiractin Biomed |
| Thiazide and Related Diuretics | | | |
| BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 500 500 | Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide |
| CHLOROTHIAZIDE Oral liq 50 mg per ml | | 25 ml | Biomed |
| CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE] Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | 6.50 | 50 | Hygroton |
| INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 METOLAZONE Tab 5 mg | | 90 | Dapa-Tabs |

| (| Price ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Lipid-Modifying Agents | | | |
| Fibrates | | | |
| BEZAFIBRATE Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 Tab long-acting 400 mg – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | | 90 30 | Bezalip Bezalip Retard |
| HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins) | | | |
| ATORVASTATIN Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 9.24 14.92 | 500 500 500 500 | Lorstat Lorstat Lorstat Lorstat |
| PRAVASTATIN Tab 10 mg Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 Tab 40 mg – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | | 28 28 | Pravastatin Mylan Pravastatin Mylan |
| ROSUVASTATIN – Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 5 mg – 1% DV May-22 to 2023 1 Tab 10 mg – 1% DV May-22 to 2023 1 Tab 20 mg – 1% DV May-22 to 2023 | 1.70 | 30 30 30 | Rosuvastatin Viatris Rosuvastatin Viatris Rosuvastatin Viatris |
| | | 30 | Rosuvastatin Viatris |

➡ Restricted (RS1868)

Initiation – cardiovascular disease risk

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient is considered to be at risk of cardiovascular disease; and
- 1.2 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has a calculated risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2.2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation - familial hypercholesterolemia

Both:

- 1 Patient has familial hypercholesterolemia (defined as a Dutch Lipid Criteria score greater than or equal to 6); and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.8 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

Initiation – established cardiovascular disease

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has proven coronary artery disease (CAD); or
 - 1.2 Patient has proven peripheral artery disease (PAD); or
 - 1.3 Patient has experienced an ischaemic stroke; and
- 2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.4 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

continued...

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

Initiation - recurrent major cardiovascular events

Both:

1 Patient has experienced a recurrent major cardiovascular event (defined as myocardial infarction, ischaemic stroke, coronary revascularisation, hospitalisation for unstable angina) in the last 2 years; and

2 LDL cholesterol has not reduced to less than 1.0 mmol/litre with treatment with the maximum tolerated dose of atorvastatin and/or simvastatin.

SIMVASTATIN

| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 90 | Simvastatin Mylan |
|----------------------------------|------|----|-------------------|
| Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 2.03 | 90 | Simvastatin Mylan |
| Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 90 | Simvastatin Mylan |
| Tab 80 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 90 | Simvastatin Mylan |

Resins

CHOLESTYRAMINE Powder for oral lig 4 g

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral liq 5 g

Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors

| EZETIMIBE - Restricted see terms below | 1.05 | 00 | Fratinika Candar |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 1.95 | 30 | Ezetimibe Sandoz |
| → Restricted (RS1005) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |
| Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at le | east 15% over | 5 years; | and |
| 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and | | | |
| 3 Any of the following: | | | |
| 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and | creatine kinas | e more t | han 10 × normal) when |
| treated with one statin; or | | | |
| 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or | | | |
| 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2 | 2.0 mmol/litre v | with the u | use of the maximal tolerated |
| dose of atorvastatin. | | | |
| EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg | 5.15 | 30 | Zimybe |
| Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg | 6.15 | 30 | Zimybe |
| Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg | 7.15 | 30 | Zimybe |
| Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg | | 30 | Zimybe |
| → Restricted (RS1006) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

| (ex | | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------|---|----------------------|------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| Nitrates | | | | | |
| GLYCERYL TRINITRATE | | | | | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule | | | | | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule | | | | | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial | | | | | |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule | 1 | 118.00 | 0 | 5 | Hospira |
| Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose | | 6.09 | 9 2 | 50 dose | Nitrolingual Pump Spray |
| Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day | | .15.73 | 3 | 30 | Nitroderm TTS 5 |
| Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day | | .18.62 | 2 | 30 | Nitroderm TTS 10 |
| ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE | | | | | |
| Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | . 19.5 | 5 | 100 | Ismo 20 |
| Tab long-acting 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | | | 30 | Ismo 40 Retard |
| Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | | | 90 | Duride |
| | _ | | | _ | |
| Other Cardiac Agents | | | | | |

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1007)

Initiation – Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

Initiation – Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

Sympathomimetics

| ADRENALINE |
|------------|
|------------|

| Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule | 4.98 | 5 | Aspen Adrenaline |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------|----|-------------------|
| | 10.76 | | DBL Adrenaline |
| Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial | | | |
| Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule | 49.00 | 10 | Aspen Adrenaline |
| | 27.00 | 5 | Hospira |
| Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe | 27.00 | 5 | Ποεριτα |
| DOBUTAMINE | | | |
| Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 61.13 | 5 | Dobutamine-hameIn |
| DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 10 | Max Health Ltd |
| EPHEDRINE | | | |
| Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 30.63 | 10 | Max Health |
| | | 10 | max riculti |
| ISOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL] | | | |
| Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | | |
| Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule | | | |
| inj 200 mcg per mi, o mi ampoule | | | |

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| METARAMINOL | | | |
| Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023 | | 10 | Torbay |
| NORADRENALINE | | | · |
| lnj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 45.00 | 10 | Noradrenaline BNM |
| PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | 142.07 | 25 | Neosynephrine HCL |
| Vasodilators | | | |
| ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | 2,030.33 | 5 | Prostin VR |
| DIAZOXIDE | | | |
| Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule | | | |
| HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| ↓ Tab 25 mg | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1008) | | | |
| Initiation Either: | | | |
| 1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or | | | |
| For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitral ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers. | te, in patients who are in | tolerant | or have not responded to |
| Inj 20 mg ampoule | 25.90 | 5 | Apresoline |
| MILRINONE | | | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 71.00 | 10 | Milrinone-Baxter |
| MINOXIDIL | | | |
| Tab 10 mg | 70.00 | 100 | Loniten |
| NICORANDIL | | | |
| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | | 60 | lkorel |
| Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | | 60 | lkorel |
| PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial | 05740 | - | l la anima |
| Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule | 257.12 | 5 | Hospira |
| PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE] | | | |
| Tab 400 mg | | | |
| SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE | | | |
| Inj 50 mg vial | | | |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------|
| Endothelin Receptor Antagonists | | | |
| AMBRISENTAN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023 ↓ Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023 → Restricted (RS1621) Initiation Either: | | 30 30 | Ambrisentan Mylan Ambrisentan Mylan |
| For use in patients with a valid Special Authority app or In-hospital stabilisations in emergency situations. | roval for ambrisentan by the P | ulmonary | Arterial Hypertension Panel; |
| BOSENTAN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 62.5 mg – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 ↓ Tab 125 mg – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1622) Initiation – Pulmonary arterial hypertension Re-assessment required after 6 months | | 60 60 | Bosentan Dr Reddy's Bosentan Dr Reddy's |
| Either: 1 All of the following: 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (| PAH): and | | |
| 1.2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice1.3 PAH is at NYHA/WHO functional class II, III, of1.4 Any of the following: | e) clinical classifications; and | | |
| 1.4.1 Both: 1.4.1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH 1.4.1.2 Either: | monotherapy; and | | |
| 1.4.1.2.1 Patient is intolerant or co 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is a child with idio 1.4.2 Both: | , | to conge | nital heart disease; or |
| 1.4.2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH 1.4.2.2 Either: | dual therapy; and | | |
| 1.4.2.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH n 1.4.2.2.2 Patient deteriorated while 1.4.3 Both: | | nonths ar | nd failed to respond; or |
| 1.4.3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH 1.4.3.2 Any of the following: | triple therapy; and | | |
| 1.4.3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating ra | tely with idiopathic pulmonary a /orld Health Organization (NYH pidly to NYHA/WHO Functiona | ia/who) | Functional Class IV; or |
| 1.4.3.2.4 Patient has PAH associa | their disease is stabilised; or ted with the scleroderma spect are deteriorating despite comb | | () |
| 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations. Continuation – Pulmonary arterial hypertension | | | |

52

| Price (ex man. excl. GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer | |
|------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|--|
| ð | rei | Wanuacturer | |

continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 1.2 Patient is stable or has improved while on bosentan; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and either failed to respond or later deteriorated; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised; or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy.

Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below

| t | Tab 25 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 20240.85 | 4 | Vedafil |
|---|-----------------------------------------|----|---------|
| t | Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 4 | Vedafil |
| ĺ | Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 10.20 | 12 | Vedafil |

Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial

➡ Restricted (RS1798)

Initiation – tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 PAH is in Group 1 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; or
 - 1.2.2 PAH is in Group 4 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; or
 - 1.2.3 PAH is in Group 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
 - 1.3.2 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or
 - 1.3.3 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
 - 1.4 Either:

continued...

| Price (ex man. excl. GST) | | Brand or Generic |
|------------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

1.4.1 All of the following:

1.4.1.1 Patient has a pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and 1.4.1.2 Either:

- 1.4.1.2.1 Patient has a mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) > 25 mmHg; or
- 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is peri Fontan repair; and
- 1.4.1.3 Patient has a pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 3 Wood Units or at least 240 International Units (dyn s cm-5); or
- 1.4.2 Testing for PCWP, PAPm, or PVR cannot be performed due to the patient's young age; or
- 2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 3 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Prostacyclin Analogues

| EF | POPROSTENOL – Restricted see terms below | | |
|----|------------------------------------------|---|---------|
| t | Inj 500 mcg vial | 1 | Veletri |
| | Inj 1.5 mg vial73.21 | 1 | Veletri |
| | Destricted (D01001) | | |

➡ Restricted (RS1624)

Initiation Either:

- Eitner:
 - 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for epoprostenol by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
 - 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

ILOPROST

| | Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 305.00 | 5 | Clinect |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------|----|----------|
| t | Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 740.10 | 30 | Ventavis |
| - | Postricted (PS1625) | | | |

➡ Restricted (HS1625)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for iloprost by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Anti-Infective Preparations | | | |
| Antibacterials | | | |
| HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol) | 8.56 | 15 g | Crystaderm |
| MAFENIDE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Powder 50 g sachet → Restricted (RS1299) | | | |
| Initiation For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2% | | | |
| SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Oint 2% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 5 g 5 g | Foban Foban |
| SULFADIAZINE SILVER Crm 1% | | 50 g | Flamazine |
| Antifungals | | | |
| AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | | 5 ml | MycoNail |
| CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% → Soln 1% – Restricted: For continuation only CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% | 0.77 | 20 g | Clomazol |
| ECONAZOLE NITRATE → Crm 1% - Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1% | | | |
| KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 100 ml | Sebizole |
| METRONIDAZOLE Gel 0.75% | | | |
| MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023 → Lotn 2% - Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2% | 0.81 | 15 g | Multichem |
| NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g | | | |
| Antiparasitics | | | |
| DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 4.98 | 200 ml | healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| | D : | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| | Price (ex man. excl. GST | 7 | Brand or Generic |
| | (ex man. exci. 0.51 \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| | | | |
| MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% | | | |
| Shampoo 1% | | | |
| | | | |
| PERMETHRIN | | | |
| Crm 5% – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 30 g | Lyderm |
| Lotn 5% - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 30 ml | A-Scabies |
| PHENOTHRIN | | | |
| Shampoo 0.5% | | | |
| Antiacne Preparations | | | |
| | | | |
| ADAPALENE | | | |
| Crm 0.1% | | | |
| Gel 0.1% | | | |
| BENZOYL PEROXIDE | | | |
| Soln 5% | | | |
| ISOTRETINOIN | | | |
| Cap 5 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 60 | Oratane |
| Cap 10 mg – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 120 | Oratane |
| Cap 20 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 120 | Oratane |
| TRETINOIN | | | |
| Crm 0.05% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 50 g | ReTrieve |
| | | 0 | |
| Antipruritic Preparations | | | |
| CALAMINE | | | |
| Crm, aqueous, BP – 5% DV May-22 to 2024 | 1.08 | 100 g | Calamine-AFT |
| CROTAMITON | | | |
| Crm 10% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 3 20 | 20 g | Itch-Soothe |
| | 0.20 | 20 g | |
| Barrier Creams and Emollients | | | |
| Barrier Creams | | | |
| DIMETHOONE | | | |
| DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 1 50 | 100 a | healthE Dimethicone |
| | 1.55 | 100 g | 5% |
| Crm 5% pump bottle | | 500 ml | healthE Dimethicone 5% |
| Crm 10% pump bottle | | 500 ml | healthE Dimethicone |
| | | | 10% |
| ZINC | | | |
| Crm | | | e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) |
| | | | ;Zinc Cream (PSM) |
| | | | |
| Oint | | | e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM) |
| Paste | | | |
| ZINC AND CASTOR OIL | | | |
| Crm | | 20 g | Orion |
| Oint | | 500 g | Boucher |
| Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g | | | |
| Oint, BP | 1.26 | 20 g | healthE |
| Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less. | | | |
| | | | |

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS \$ | ST) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------------|
| ZINC WITH WOOL FAT | | | a a Cudaaram |
| Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4% | | | e.g. Sudocrem |
| Emollients | | | |
| AQUEOUS CREAM | | | |
| Crm 100 g Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. | | | |
| Crm 500 g – 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024 | | 500 g | Boucher |
| - | | - | GEM Aqueous Cream |
| Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 (Boucher Crm 500 g to be delisted 1 August 2022) | g. | | |
| CETOMACROGOL | | | |
| Crm BP, 500 g – 5% DV May-22 to 2024 | | 500 g | Cetomacrogol-AFT |
| Crm BP, 100 g | | 5 | Ū |
| CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL | | | |
| Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, -1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | 1.65 | 100 g | healthE |
| Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | 2.35 | 500 ml | Boucher |
| | 3.10 | 1,000 ml | Boucher |
| Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 | g. | | |
| EMULSIFYING OINTMENT | | | |
| Oint BP – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g. | 1.84 | 100 g | Jaychem |
| Oint BP, 500 g – 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023 | | 500 g | Emulsifying Ointment |
| - | | Ū | ADE |
| Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g. | | | |
| GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 1 | 10% | | e.g. QV cream |
| OIL IN WATER EMULSION | | | orgi ar ordani |
| Crm, 500 g - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 | 2.04 | 500 g | Fatty Cream AFT |
| | 2.19 | | O/W Fatty Emulsion |
| Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 | q. | | Cream |
| Crm, 100 g - 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024 | | 1 | healthE Fatty Cream |
| Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less. (O/W Fatty Emulsion Cream Crm, 500 g to be delisted 1 September. | 2022) | | |
| PARAFFIN | 2022) | | |
| Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% | | 100 g | healthE |
| Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or greater. | | 550 | |
| White soft | | 10 g | healthE |
| Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to b White soft, - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022 | | 450 g | healthE |
| Yellow soft | | 100 g | |
| Lotn liquid paraffin 85% | | | e.g QV Bath Oil |
| PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT | | | a a AlabaKari DK DD |
| Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6% | | | e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn |
| Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3% | | | e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil |
| UREA | | | |
| Crm 10% | 1.37 | 100 g | healthE Urea Cream |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| /OOL FAT Crm | | | |
| Corticosteroids | | | |
| ETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE | | | |
| Crm 0.05% – 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023 | | 50 g | Diprosone |
| Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g. | | - | - |
| Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023 | | 50 g | Diprosone |
| Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g. | | | |
| ETAMETHASONE VALERATE | | | |
| Crm 0.1% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 50 g | Beta Cream |
| Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 50 g | Beta Ointment |
| Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | 25.00 | 50 ml | Betnovate |
| LOBETASOL PROPIONATE | | | |
| Crm 0.05% – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 30 g | Dermol |
| Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | 2.12 | 30 g | Dermol |
| LOBETASONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.05% | | | |
| IFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE - Restricted: For continuation only | V | | |
| Crm 0.1% | | | |
| Fatty oint 0.1% | | | |
| YDROCORTISONE | | | |
| Crm 1%, 100 g – 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022 | 3.70 | 100 g | Hydrocortisone (PSM |
| Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal | | | , |
| Crm 1%, 500 g - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 500 g | Hydrocortisone (PSM |
| YDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN | | | |
| Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% - 1% DV Oct | t-20 | | |
| to 2023 | | 250 ml | DP Lotn HC |
| YDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE | | | |
| Crm 0.1% | 4.85 | 100 g | Locoid Lipocream |
| Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 100 g | Locoid |
| Milky emul 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 100 ml | Locoid Crelo |
| ETHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE | | | |
| Crm 0.1% - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | 4.46 | 15 g | Advantan |
| Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 15 g | Advantan |
| OMETASONE FUROATE | | • | |
| Crm 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | | 15 g | Elocon Alcohol Free |
| | 3.10 | 50 g | Elocon Alcohol Free |
| Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | | 15 g | Elocon |
| | 2.90 | 50 g | Elocon |
| | 4.50 | 30 ml | Elocon |
| Lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | | | |
| | | | |
| Lotn 0.1% – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Crm 0.02% – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 6.30 | 100 g | Aristocort |

Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms on the next page

58

| | Price (ex man. excl | GST) | Brand or Generic |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------|----------------------|
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| → Restricted (RS1125) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| Either: | | | |
| For the treatment of intertrigo; or For continuation use. | | | |
| BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2% | ACID] | | |
| HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 1.8 | 9 15 g | Micreme H |
| HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN | 0.0 | C C | Pimafucort |
| Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5% | | 0 | Pimalucon |
| TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAN Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g | | NYSTATIN | |
| Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations | | | |
| ACITRETIN | | | |
| Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 17.8 | 6 60 | Novatretin |
| Cap 25 mg – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 41.3 | 6 60 | Novatretin |
| BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL | | | |
| Foam spray 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g | | 5 60 g | Enstilar |
| Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g – 5% DV Dec-21 to 20 Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g – 5% DV Dec-21 to 20 | | | Daivobet Daivobet |
| CALCIPOTRIOL | | | |
| Oint 50 mcg per g | 40.0 | 0 120 g | Daivonex |
| COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4% | | | |
| METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN] | | | |
| Tab 10 mg | | | |
| Lotn 1.2% | | | |
| PIMECROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| ↓ Crm 1% – 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023 → Restricted (RS1781) | | 0 15 g | Elidel |
| Initiation | | | |
| Dermatologist, paediatrician or ophthalmologist Both: | | | |
| 1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the eyelid; and | | | |
| 2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topic documented epidermal atrophy, documented allergy to topical or pressure. | | | |
| PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN | | | |
| Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium – 1% | DV | | |
| Nov-20 to 2023 | 4.4 | 4 500 ml | Pinetarsol |
| POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE | | | |
| Tab 400 mg Crystals | | | |
| | | | |

| | - | Price excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|
| TACROLIMUS ↓ Oint 0.1% – 1% DV Mar-22 to 2023 → Restricted (RS1859) Initiation | | .33.00 | 30 g | Zematop |

Dermatologist or paediatrician

Both:

- 1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the face; and
- 2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to topical corticosteroids: periorificial dermatitis, rosacea, documented epidermal atrophy or documented allergy to topical corticosteroids.

| Scalp Preparations | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|
| BETAMETHASONE VALERATE Scalp app 0.1% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 100 ml | Beta Scalp |
| Scalp app 0.05% – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | 30 ml | Dermol |
| HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 100 ml | Locoid |
| Wart Preparations | | |
| IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet21.72 | 24 | Perrigo |
| PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soin 0.5% | 3.5 ml | Condyline |
| SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator | | |
| Other Skin Preparations | | |
| DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2% | | |
| SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY Lotn - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | 200 g | Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+ |
| Antineoplastics | | |
| FLUOROURACIL SODIUM Crm 5% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 20 g | Efudix |
| METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below Crm 16% Restricted (RS1127) Dermatologist or plastic surgeon | | |
| Wound Management Products | | |
| v | | |
| CALCIUM GLUCONATE Gel 2.5% | | e.g. Orion |

60

| Price (ex man. excl. GS | T) | Brand or Generic |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| Anti-Infective Agents | | |
| ACETIC ACID Soln 3% | | |
| Soln 5% | | |
| ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator | | |
| CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Crm 1% | | |
| Lotn 1% | | |
| CLOTRIMAZOLE Vaginal crm 1% with applicator – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 35 g 20 g | Clomazol Clomazol |
| MICONAZOLE NITRATE Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 1% DV Nov-20 to 20236.89 | 40 g | Micreme |
| NYSTATIN Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 4.00 | 75 g | Nilstat |
| Contraceptives | | |
| Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives | | |
| CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 1% DV Apr-21 to 20234.98 | 168 | Ginet |
| Combined Oral Contraceptives | | |
| ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg | | |
| ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL | 0.4 | Mierogunon 00 FD |
| Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets 2.18 Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets 1.77 Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg 1.77 | 84 84 | Microgynon 20 ED Levlen ED |
| Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE | | |
| Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg and 7 inert tab – 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | 84 | Brevinor 1/28 |
| Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg | 04 | Bievinor 1/20 |
| NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg | | |
| Contraceptive Devices | | |
| NTRA-UTERINE DEVICE | | |
| IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | 1 1 1 | Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375 |
| Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in bold | - | |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Emergency Contraception | | | |
| LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-22 to 2022 | 4.95 | 1 | Postinor-1 |
| Progestogen-Only Contraceptives | | | |
| LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022 Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Intra-uterine device 52 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 31 Oct 2022 Intra-uterine device 13.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 31 Oct 2022 MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 84 1 1 1 1 84 | Microlut Jadelle Mirena Jaydess Depo-Provera Noriday 28 |
| Obstetric Preparations | | | |
| Antiprogestogens | | | |
| MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg | | | |
| Oxytocics | | | |
| CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE Pessaries 10 mg Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g | | 1 | Prostin E2 Prostin E2 |
| ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | 160.00 | 5 | DBL Ergometrine |
| OXYTOCIN Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - | 4.98 - 5% | 5 5 | Oxytocin BNM Oxytocin BNM |
| DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 5 | Syntometrine |
| Tocolytics | | | |
| PROGESTERONE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 100 mg | 16.50 | 30 | Utrogestan |
| 5000 | | | |

continued...

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Continuation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Treatment is required for second or subsequent pregnancy; and

3 Either:

- 3.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
- 3.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

TERBUTALINE – **Restricted** see terms below

Inj 500 mcg ampoule

➡ Restricted (RS1130)

Obstetrician

Oestrogens

OESTRIOL

| Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 15 g | Ovestin |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------|---------|
| Pessaries 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 15 | Ovestin |

Urologicals

5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors

| FINASTERIDE – Restricted see terms below | | |
|------------------------------------------|-----|-------|
| ↓ Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | 100 | Ricit |
| → Restricted (RS1131) | | |
| Initiation | | |
| Both: | | |
| | | |

1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and

2 Either:

2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or

2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers.

Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers

| TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----|----------------|
| Cap 400 mcg – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 100 | Tamsulosin-Rex |
| → Restricted (RS1132) | | |
| Initiation | | |
| Both: | | |
| | | |

- 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated.

| Urinary Alkalisers | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------|
| POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml | | 200 ml | Biomed |
| SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | | 28 | Ural |
| Urinary Antispasmodics | | | |
| OXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml | 5.42 | 100 | Alchemy Oxybutynin |
| SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 30 30 | Solifenacin Mylan Solifenacin Mylan |

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

| \$ Per Manufacturer | (ex man. excl. GST) Generic |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
|---------------------|-----------------------------|

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

Tab 2.5 mg

→ Restricted (RS1302)

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

| CYPROTERONE ACETATE | | | • |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----|-------------------|
| Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 50 | Siterone |
| Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 28.03 | 50 | Siterone |
| TESTOSTERONE | | | |
| Patch 5 mg per day | 90.00 | 30 | Androderm |
| TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE | | | |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | 85.00 | 1 | Depo-Testosterone |
| TESTOSTERONE ESTERS | | | |
| Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg, testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | | |
| TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE | | | |
| → Cap 40 mg - Restricted: For continuation only | | 60 | Andriol Testocaps |
| Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial | 86.00 | 1 | Reandron 1000 |
| Calcium Homeostasis | | | |
| CALCITONIN | | | |
| Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule | 121.00 | 5 | Miacalcic |
| | | | |

 CINACALCET
 - Restricted see terms below
 42.06
 28
 Cinacalet Devatis

 Tab 30 mg
 - 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024
 28
 Cinacalet Devatis
 Cinacalet Devatis

 Tab 60 mg
 - 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024
 28
 Cinacalet Devatis
 Cinacalet Devatis

➡ Restricted (RS1540)

Initiation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
- 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
- 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium

continued...

| continued thiosulfate. Continuation Nephrologist or endocrinologist Both: The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement. Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignal ZOLEDRONIC ACID Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | ST) Per | Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Networkie Nephrologist or endocrinologist Both: 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and | | |
| Nephrologist or endocrinologist Both: 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement. Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignal ZOLEDRONIC ACID ↓ Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | |
| Both: The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement. Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignal ZOLEDRONIC ACID Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | |
| The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement. Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignar ZOLEDRONIC ACID Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | |
| 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement. Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignat ZOLEDRONIC ACID Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | |
| Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignat ZOLEDRONIC ACID Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | |
| COLEDRONIC ACID Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | |
| Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | ι. | |
| → Restricted (RS1883) nitiation - bone metastases Any of the following: Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or Both: Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or Both: | | Zeledvenie eeid Mulen |
| nitiation – bone metastases Any of the following: Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or Both: Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal consurgery to bone). nitiation – early breast cancer* All of the following: Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | 1 | Zoledronic acid Mylan |
| Any of the following: Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or Both: Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or Both: Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cosurgery to bone). nitiation – early breast cancer* All of the following: Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | | |
| Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or Both: Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or Both: Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cosurgery to bone). nitiation – early breast cancer* All of the following: | | |
| 2 Both: Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or 3 Both: Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cosurgery to bone). nitiation – early breast cancer* All of the following: Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Jote: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | | |
| 2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or 3 Both: 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal consurgery to bone). nitiation - early breast cancer* All of the following: Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Jote: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | | |
| 3 Both: 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal consurgery to bone). nitiation – early breast cancer* All of the following: Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | | |
| 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cosurgery to bone). nitiation – early breast cancer* All of the following: Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Jote: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | | |
| 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal consurgery to bone). nitiation – early breast cancer* All of the following: Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | | |
| surgery to bone). initiation – early breast cancer* All of the following: 1 Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and 2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and 3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. initiation – symptomatic hypercalcaemia* | | |
| nitiation – early breast cancer* All of the following: Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | rd compres | ssion, radiation to bone or |
| All of the following: 1 Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and 2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and 3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | | |
| Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | | |
| 2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induce a postmenopausal state; and 3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. nitiation – symptomatic hypercalcaemia* | | |
| a postmenopausal state; and 3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. nitiation – symptomatic hypercalcaemia* | | |
| 3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum lote: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. nitiation – symptomatic hypercalcaemia* | ed, with er | ndocrine levels consistent with |
| lote: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. nitiation – symptomatic hypercalcaemia* | | |
| nitiation – symptomatic hypercalcaemia* | of 3 years. | |
| | | |
| Iny relevant practitioner | | |
| Patient has symptomatic hypercalcaemia. | | |
| Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | | |

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

| Tab 0.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 30 | Dexmethsone |
|----------------------------------------|-------|-------------|
| Tab 4 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 30 | Dexmethsone |
| Oral liq 1 mg per ml | 25 ml | Biomed |

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------|
| DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE | | | |
| Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022 | 9.25 | 10 | Dexamethasone Phosphate Panpharma |
| Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022 | 16.37 | 10 | Dexamethasone Phosphate Panpharma |
| FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE Tab 100 mcg | | 100 | Florinef |
| HYDROCORTISONE | | | |
| Tab 5 mg | 8 10 | 100 | Douglas |
| Tab 20 mg | | 100 | Douglas |
| Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024 | | 1 | Solu-Cortef |
| METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE) | | | |
| Tab 4 mg | 112.00 | 100 | Medrol |
| Tab 100 mg | | 20 | Medrol |
| Inj 40 mg vial | | 1 | Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial |
| Inj 125 mg vial | | 1 | Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial |
| Inj 500 mg vial | | 1 | Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial |
| Inj 1 g vial | | 1 | Solu-Medrol |
| METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE | | | |
| Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial | 47.06 | 5 | Depo-Medrol |
| PREDNISOLONE | | • | |
| Oral liq 5 mg per ml – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 6.00 | 30 ml | Redipred |
| Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml | 0.00 | 50 111 | neulpieu |
| PREDNISONE | | | |
| Tab 1 mg | | 500 | Apo-Prednisone |
| Teb 0.5 mm | 01.04 | 500 | Prednisone Clinect |
| Tab 2.5 mg | 21.04 | 500 | Apo-Prednisone |
| Tob 5 mg | 10.20 | 500 | Prednisone Clinect |
| Tab 5 mg | | 500 | Apo-Prednisone Prednisone Clinect |
| Tab 20 mg | 50 51 | 500 | Apo-Prednisone |
| Tab 20 mg | | 500 | Prednisone Clinect |
| (Apo-Prednisone Tab 1 mg to be delisted 1 November 2022) (Apo-Prednisone Tab 2.5 mg to be delisted 1 November 2022) (Apo-Prednisone Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 November 2022) (Apo-Prednisone Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 November 2022) TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | | 5 | Kenacort-A 10 |
| Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial | | 5 | Kenacort-A 40 |

| | Drico | | Prond or |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
| Hormone Replacement Therapy | | | |
| Oestrogens | | | |
| OESTRADIOL Tab 1 mg Patch 25 mcg per day Patch 50 mcg per day Patch 75 mcg per day Patch 100 mcg per day OESTRADIOL VALERATE Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE) Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg | 7.04 7.91 7.91 | 8 8 8 84 84 | Estradot Estradot Estradot Estradot Progynova Progynova |
| Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations | S | | |
| OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oes (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6) OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate | | | |
| Progestogens | | | |
| MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 2.5 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 10 mg | 17.50 | 30 100 30 | Provera Provera Provera |
| Other Endocrine Agents | | | |
| CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 0.5 mg | 3.75 15.20 | 2 | Dostinex Dostinex |
| → Restricted (RS1855) Initiation Any of the following: Inhibition of lactation; or Patient has hyperprolactinemia; or Patient has acromegaly. Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. CLOMIFENE CITRATE Tab 50 mg Tab 50 mg | | 10 | Mylan Clomiphen |

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

| (ex n | Pric nan. ex \$ | e cl. GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| GESTRINONE Cap 2.5 mg METYRAPONE Cap 250 mg PENTAGASTRIN | | | | |
| Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Other Oestrogen Preparations | | | | |
| ETHINYLOESTRADIOL – Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 10 mcg | 17 | .60 | 100 | NZ Medical and Scientific |
| DESTRADIOL Implant 50 mg DESTRIOL Tab 2 mg – 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023 | 7 | .00 | 30 | Ovestin |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 440 | 45 | 400 | Duran LID |
| Tab 100 mg NORETHISTERONE Tab 5 mg | | | 100 30 | Provera HD Primolut N |
| Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues CORTICORELIN (OVINE) Inj 100 mcg vial THYROTROPIN ALFA Inj 900 mcg vial | | | | |
| Adrenocorticotropic Hormones | | | | |
| TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN] Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | | 1 1 | Synacthen Synacthen Depot |
| GnRH Agonists and Antagonists | | | | |
| BUSERELIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial GONADORELIN Inj 100 mcg vial GOSERELIN | | | | |
| Implant 3.6 mg, syringe – 1% DV May-21 to 2023 Implant 10.8 mg, syringe – 1% DV May-21 to 2023 LEUPRORELIN ACETATE Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe | 122 | .37 | 1 1 1 | Teva Teva Lucrin Depot 1-month |
| Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe | | | 1 | Lucrin Depot 3-month |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS \$ | ST) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Gonadotrophins | | | | |
| CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe | | | | |
| Growth Hormone | | | | |
| SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Inj 10 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Inj 15 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 ⇒ Restricted (RS1826) Initiation - growth hormone deficiency in children Endocrinologist or naediatric andocrinologist | 69.75 | 1 1 1 | Omnitrope Omnitrope Omnitrope | |

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

- Either:
 - 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or
 - 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation – Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

All of the following:

70

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

continued...

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation – short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and
- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight oximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

72

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

He-assessment required after 12 mo

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* Any of the following:

1 All of the following:

- 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
- 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
- 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
- 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
- 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients; or 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for somatropin for childhood deficiency in children and no longer meets the renewal criteria under this indication; and
 - 3.2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
 - 3.3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and

| Price | | Brand or |
|--------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST |) | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

- 3.4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 3.5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until the serum IGF-I is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE

| CARDIMAZULE Toh 5 mg = 5% DV Con 22 to 2025 | 7.56 | 100 | Neo-Mercazole |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------|
| Tab 5 mg – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 | 7.50 | 100 | Neo-mercazoie |
| IODINE | | | |
| Soln BP 50 mg per ml | | | |
| LEVOTHYROXINE | | | |
| Tab 25 mcg | | | |
| Tab 50 mcg | | | |
| Tab 100 mcg | | | |
| LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM | | | |
| Tab 20 mcg | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1301) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due | to receive i | radioiodin | e therapy. |
| Inj 20 mcg vial | | | |
| Inj 100 mcg vial | | | |
| POTASSIUM IODATE | | | |
| Tab 170 mg | | | |
| POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE | | | |
| Cap 200 mg | | | |
| PROPYLTHIOURACIL – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| I Tab 50 mg | 35.00 | 100 | PTU |
| → Restricted (RS1276) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| Both: | | | |
| The patient has hyperthyroidism; and | | | |
| 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated. | | | |
| Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 year | s unless the | patient is | pregnant and other |
| treatments are contraindicated. | | | |
| PROTIRELIN | | | |

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Vasopressin Agents | | | |
| ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN] Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | | |
| DESMOPRESSIN Wafer 120 mcg | 47.00 | 30 | Minirin Melt |
| DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE Tab 100 mcg | | 30 | Minirin |
| Tab 200 mcg Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml | | 30 6 ml | Minirin Desmopressin-PH&T |
| TERLIPRESSIN Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule | | 5 5 | Glypressin Glypressin |



| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Antibacterials | | | |
| Aminoglycosides | | | |
| AMIKACIN – Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe | | 1 | Biomed |
| Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1041) | 199.95 | 5 | DBL Amikacin |
| Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci GENTAMICIN SULPHATE | cialist | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | | 5 10 | DBL Gentamicin Pfizer |
| PAROMOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg | | 16 | Humatin |
| STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE – Restricted see terms below Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted (RS1043) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec TOBRAMYCIN Powder Restricted (RS1475) Initiation For addition to orthopaedic bone cement. Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | sialist | 5 | Tohramucin Mulan |
| Inj 40 mg per mi, 2 mi viai - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special indext (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special indext (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special is consistent of the special indext (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special is consistent of the sp | cialist | 5 56 dose | Tobramycin Mylan Tobramycin BNM |
| Carbapenems | | | |
| ERTAPENEM – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022 | 70.00 | 1 | Invanz |
| IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 → Restricted (RS1046) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | 60.00 | 1 | Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX |

| | | Price | | Brand or |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| | (ex man. | excl. GST) \$ | Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| IEROPENEM – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| Ini 500 mg vial - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | | .33.92 | 10 | Meropenem-AFT |
| Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | | | 10 | Meropenem-AFT |
| ▶ Restricted (RS1047) | | | | |
| linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | | |
| Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation | 1 | | | |
| EFALEXIN | | | | |
| Cap 250 mg – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 3 33 | 20 | Cephalexin ABM |
| Cap 500 mg | | | 20 | Cephalexin ABM |
| Grans for oral lig 25 mg per ml | | | 20 100 ml | Cefalexin Sandoz |
| 1 81 | | | 100 ml | Cefalexin Sandoz |
| Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml | | .11./3 | | Geidlexill SalluOZ |
| EFAZOLIN | | | _ | |
| Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | | 5 | AFT |
| Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 3.49 | 5 | AFT |
| Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation | n | | | |
| EFACLOR | | | | |
| Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | .24.70 | 100 | Ranbaxy-Cefaclor |
| Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | | 100 ml | Ranbaxy-Cefaclor |
| EFOXITIN | | | | · · · , · · · · · |
| - | | | | |
| Inj 1 g vial | | | | |
| EFUROXIME | | | | |
| Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 | | | 50 | Zinnat |
| Inj 750 mg vial – 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023 | | | 10 | Cefuroxime-AFT |
| Inj 1.5 g vial – 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023 | | .13.69 | 10 | Cefuroxime-AFT |
| Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation | ı | | | |
| EFOTAXIME | | | | |
| Inj 500 mg vial | | 1.90 | 1 | Cefotaxime Sandoz |
| Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | | 10 | DBL Cefotaxime |
| EFTAZIDIME – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 2.69 | 1 | Ceftazidime-AFT |
| ▶ Restricted (RS1048) | | 2.00 | ' | |
| linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec | nialiet | | | |
| | Janot | | | |
| EFTRIAXONE | | | | o // · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | | | 1 | Ceftriaxone-AFT |
| Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | | | 5 | Ceftriaxone-AFT |
| Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | | 1.98 | 1 | Ceftriaxone-AFT |
| Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation | ı | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| EFEPIME – Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | .35.00 | 10 | Cefepime Kabi |
| | | | 10 10 | Cefepime Kabi Cefepime Kabi |

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

INFECTIONS

| | Price (ex man. excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generati | on | | | |
| CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL – Restricted see terms below Inj 600 mg vial | | | 10 vies. | Zinforo |
| Macrolides | | | | |
| AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml) Restricted (RS1598) nitiation - bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis a Any of the following: Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylic 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Psenegative organisms*; or Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection. Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis* Respiratory specialist or paediatrician Restricted after 12 months | 16.9 nd atypical Mycol or bone marrow tra axis for bronchioliti | 7 b acteri Insplan s oblite | t and req rans sync | uires treatment for Irome*; or |
| Il of the following: For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis brond Patient is aged 18 and under; and Either: 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bro | | a 12 m | onth peri | od: or |
| 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for tr 12 month period. | | | | |
| lote: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A ma brosis will be subsidised in the community. Continuation – non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis* Respiratory specialist or paediatrician Re-assessment required after 12 months NI of the following: | iximum of 24 mont | ns of az | zithromyc | in treatment for non-cystic |
| The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatr Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless consi The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' | received any furthe dered clinically ina | er azith ppropri | romycin t ate to sto | reatment for non-cystic p treatment; and |

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic

| | Price | | Brand or |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GS \$ | T) Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| antinuad | Ŷ | 1.01 | |
| continued ibrosis will be subsidised in the community. | | | |
| nitiation – other indications | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 5 days | | | |
| For any other condition. | | | |
| Continuation – other indications | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 5 days | | | |
| For any other condition. | | | |
| CLARITHROMYCIN – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 9 5 2 | 14 | Klacid |
| Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | | 14 | Klacid |
| Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml | | 50 ml | Klacid |
| Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 1 | Martindale |
| Restricted (RS1709) | | I | Martindale |
| nitiation – Tab 250 mg and oral liquid | | | |
| ing of the following: | | | |
| 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or | | | |
| 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resis | stance or intolerance | to standar | d pharmaceutical agents; o |
| 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or | | | a priarriado año al agorito, t |
| 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surgical c | or dental procedures | if amoxicilli | n is contra-indicated. |
| nitiation – Tab 500 mg | | | |
| Helicobacter pylori eradication. | | | |
| nitiation – Infusion | | | |
| Any of the following: | | | |
| 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or | | | |
| 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resis | stance or intolerance | to standar | d pharmaceutical agents: o |
| 3 Community-acquired pneumonia. | | | - p |
| | | | |
| ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) | 10.05 | 100 | |
| Tab 400 mg | | 100 100 ml | E-Mycin |
| Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml Grans for oral lig 400 mg per 5 ml | | 100 ml 100 ml | E-Mycin |
| | 0.77 | 100 mi | E-Mycin |
| ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE) | | | |
| Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | | 1 | Erythrocin IV |
| RYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) – Restricted: For continuation | only | | |
| → Tab 250 mg | | | |
| → Tab 500 mg | | | |
| ROXITHROMYCIN – Some items restricted see terms below | | | |
| Tab dispersible 50 mg | | 10 | Rulide D |
| Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022 | | 50 | Arrow-Roxithromycin |
| Tab 300 mg – 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022 | | 50 | Arrow-Roxithromycin |
| Rulide D Tab dispersible 50 mg to be delisted 1 September 2022) | | | ,, , . |
| → Restricted (RS1569) | | | |
| nitiation | | | |
| Only for use in natients under 12 years of age | | | |

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.

INFECTIONS

| (| Price ex man. exc \$ | d. GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Penicillins | | | | |
| AMOXICILLIN | | | | |
| Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022 | | | 500 | Alphamox |
| Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022 | | | 500 | Alphamox |
| Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | | 00 ml 00 ml | Alphamox 125 Alphamox 250 |
| Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Inj 250 mg vial | | | 10 | lbiamox |
| Inj 500 mg vial | | | 10 | Ibiamox |
| Inj 1 g vial | | | 10 | Ibiamox |
| , , | | .04 | 10 | Ibiamox |
| AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID | 0 | 00 | 10 | Oursen Due 500/105 |
| Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg – 1% DV Jul-21 to 2023 | | | 10 00 ml | Curam Duo 500/125 |
| Grans for oral liq 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml | | | 00 ml | Augmentin Curam |
| Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | | 10 | Amoxiclav multichem |
| Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 202 | | | 10 | Amoxiclav multichem |
| | 27 20 | | 10 | Amonicia manachem |
| | 075 | 07 | 10 | |
| Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe | | .97 | 10 | Bicillin LA |
| BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G] | | | | |
| Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 11 | .09 | 10 | Sandoz |
| FLUCLOXACILLIN | | | | |
| Cap 250 mg - 5% DV May-22 to 2024 | | | 250 | Flucloxacillin-AFT |
| Cap 500 mg - 5% DV May-22 to 2024 | | .99 | 500 | Flucloxacillin-AFT |
| Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | | 00 ml | AFT |
| Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | | 00 ml | AFT |
| Inj 250 mg vial | | | 10 | Flucloxin |
| Inj 500 mg vial | | | 10 | Flucloxin |
| Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 5 | .70 | 5 | Flucil |
| PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V] | | | | |
| Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | | 50 | Cilicaine VK |
| Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | | 50 | Cilicaine VK |
| Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | | | 00 ml | AFT |
| Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 3 | .99 1 | 00 ml | AFT |
| PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial | | .00 | 10 | PipTaz Sandoz |
| | | | | PiperTaz Sandoz |
| → Restricted (RS1053) | | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speciali | st | | | |
| PROCAINE PENICILLIN | | | | |
| Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe | | .50 | 5 | Cilicaine |
| TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID – Restricted see terms below Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial | | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1054) | | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speciali | st | | | |

INFECTIONS

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Quinolones | | | |
| CIPROFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Tab 750 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Cral liq 50 mg per ml | 3.40 | 28 28 28 | Cipflox Cipflox Cipflox |
| Inj 2 mg per ml Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Restricted (R\$1055) | | 10 | Cipflox |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist MOXIFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below Tab 400 mg – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022 Restricted (RS1644) Initiation – Mycobacterium infection Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory spe Any of the following: | | 5 1 | Avelox Moxifloxacin Kabi |
| 1.1 Active tuberculosis; and 1.2 Any of the following: 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line i area with known resistance), as part of regimer 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatol 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side or 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding: Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact or Initiation – Pneumonia Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist Either: Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unrespo Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal d Initiation – Penetrating eye injury Ophthalmologist Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a per Initiation – Mycoplasma genitalium All of the following: Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycopla Either: Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromyc Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromyc Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; and | medications (tuberculos n containing other seco ethambutol use); or toxicity from tuberculosi e effects following a rea- to other therapy or whe with a confirmed multi-d insive to first-line treatm isease highly resistant t netrating eye injury. asma genitalium and is cin; or | nd-line a s medica sonable f re such t rug resis ent; or o other a | gents; or titons; or trial of first-line medications; herapy is contraindicated; or tant tuberculosis case. |

| | Price . excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| Tetracyclines | | | |
| DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg | | | |
| DOXYCYCLINE → Tab 50 mg – Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial | 64.43 | 500 | Doxine |
| MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg – Restricted: For continuation only | | | |
| TETRACYCLINE Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg | 21.42 | 28 | Accord |
| TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1059) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | |
| Other Antibacterials | | | |
| AZTREONAM – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 1 g vial | 364.92 | 10 | Azactam |
| CLINDAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below Cap 150 mg – 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022 Oral lig 15 mg per ml | 4.61 | 24 | Dalacin C |
| ■ Oralling 15 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 ➡ Restricted (RS1061) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | 39.00 | 10 | Dalacin C |
| COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] – Restricted su Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial | | 1 | Colistin-Link |
| DAPTOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 500 mg vial | 243.52 | 1 | Cubicin |
| ■ Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet ■ Restricted (RS1315) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | e.g. UroFos |

| | Price | | Brand or |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| LINCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below | • | | |
| Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1065) | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | |
| LINEZOLID – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| I Tab 600 mg − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 10 | Zyvox |
| Oral liq 20 mg per ml | | 150 ml | Zyvox |
| ↓ Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 10 | Linezolid Kabi |
| → Restricted (RS1066) | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | |
| METHENAMINE (HEXAMINE) HIPPURATE | | | |
| Tab 1 g | 40.01 | 100 | Hiprex |
| NITROFURANTOIN | | | |
| Tab 50 mg | | 100 | Nifuran |
| Tab 100 mg | | 100 | Nifuran |
| Cap modified-release 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-21 to 2023 | | 100 | Macrobid |
| PIVMECILLINAM – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| ↓ Tab 200 mg | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1322) | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | |
| SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| ↓ Tab 250 mg | 67.85 | 36 | Fucidin |
| → Restricted (RS1064) | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | |
| SULPHADIAZINE – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Tab 500 mg | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1067) | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal m | iedicine specialist | | |
| TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below | 10.05 | | _ |
| Inj 400 mg vial – 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | | 1 | Targocid |
| (Teicoplanin Mylan Inj 400 mg vial to be delisted 1 June 2022) | 56.50 | | Teicoplanin Mylan |
| → Restricted (RS1068) | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | |
| TRIMETHOPRIM | | | |
| Tab 100 mg | | | |
| Tab 300 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 18.55 | 50 | ТМР |
| TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOLE | | | |
| Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20 | | 500 | Trisul |
| Oral lig 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml. | | 100 ml | Deprim |
| Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule | 2.07 | | - op |
| VANCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 2 35 | 1 | Mylan |
| → Restricted (RS1069) | | • | , |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | |
| ů i | | | |

INFECTIONS



| | Pric (ex man.ex \$ | | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Antifungals | | | | |
| Imidazoles | | | | |
| ETOCONAZOLE ↓ Tab 200 mg → Restricted (RS1410) Dncologist | | | | |
| Polyene Antimycotics | | | | |
| MPHOTERICIN B Inj (liposomal) 50 mg vial | | .00 | 10 | AmBisome |
| → Restricted (RS1071) | | | | |
| nitiation | | | | |
| Ninical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis Sither: | t, oncologist, resp | iratory sp | pecialist o | or transplant specialist |
| Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescrib Both: | oed under an esta | blished p | rotocol; o | or |
| 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious dis- | | | | |
| treatment to be appropriate. | ease physician or | a clinica | l microbio | plogist) considers the |
| | | | | |
| treatment to be appropriate. Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1316) | | | | |
| treatment to be appropriate. Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1316) Dinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis | t, oncologist, resp | iratory sp .09 | | |
| treatment to be appropriate. Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1316) Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialis IYSTATIN Tab 500,000 u | t, oncologist, resp | iratory sp .09 | pecialist o 50 | or transplant specialist Nilstat |
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t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

| Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|

⇒ Restricted (RS1074)

Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist *Re-assessment required after 6 weeks* Both:

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

| (|
|--------|
| |
| lealth |
| |

→ Restricted (RS1075)

Initiation – Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Other Antifungals

| CA | SPOFUNGIN – Restricted see terms on the next page | | | |
|----|---------------------------------------------------|------|---|------------|
| t | Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | 0.28 | 1 | Max Health |
| t | Inj 70 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | 4.63 | 1 | Max Health |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| ((| ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| → Restricted (RS1076) | | | | | |
| Initiation Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncol Either: | ogist, r | espira | atory sp | ecialist | or transplant specialist |
| Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed und Both: | er an e | stabli | shed p | rotocol; | or |
| 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease ph treatment to be appropriate. | iysiciar | n or a | clinical | microbi | ologist) considers the |
| FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 500 mg ↓ Cap 500 mg → Restricted (RS1279) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | | | |
| TERBINAFINE Tab 250 mg – 1% DV Aug-21 to 2023 | | 8.1 | 5 | 84 | Deolate |
| Antimycobacterials | | | | | |
| Antileprotics | | | | | |
| CLOFAZIMINE – Restricted see terms below Cap 50 mg Restricted (RS1077) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist DAPSONE – Restricted see terms below Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg Restricted (RS1078) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist | | | | 100 100 | Dapsone Dapsone |
| Antituberculotics | | | | | |
| CYCLOSERINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg → Restricted (RS1079) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speciali ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 100 mg | st | | | | |
| ↓ Tab 400 mg | | .49.3 | 4 | 56 | Myambutol |
| SONIAZID – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 100 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1281) | | .23.0 | 0 | 100 | PSM |
| Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physicia SONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms on the next page | | ternal | medic | ine phys | ician |
| Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg | | | | 100 | Rifinah |
| | | 179.1 | 3 | 100 | Rifinah |

| (ex m | Price an. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| → Restricted (RS1282) | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or | r internal medic | ine physic | cian |
| PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Grans for oral liq 4 g | 280.00 | 30 | Paser |
| → Restricted (RS1083) | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist | | | |
| PROTIONAMIDE – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Tab 250 mg | 305.00 | 100 | Peteha |
| → Restricted (RS1084) | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist | | | |
| PYRAZINAMIDE – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Tab 500 mg | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1085) | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist | | | |
| RIFABUTIN – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Cap 150 mg | 299.75 | 30 | Mycobutin |
| → Restricted (RS1086) | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or resp | piratory special | ist | |
| RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 100 | Rifadin |
| Cap 300 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 100 | Rifadin |
| • Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 60 ml | Rifadin |
| Inj 600 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 134.98 | 1 | Rifadin |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1087) | | | |

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatrician or public health physician

Antiparasitics

Anthelmintics

| ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 200 mg ↓ Tab 400 mg → Restricted (RS1088) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|------------|
| IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 3 mg → Restricted (RS1283) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist | 4 | Stromectol |
| MEBENDAZOLE Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 6 | Vermox |
| Tab 600 mg | | |

Antiprotozoals

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

↓ Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg

INFECTIONS

| | | Price excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| → Restricted (RS1090) | | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | | |
| ARTESUNATE – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| Inj 60 mg vial | | | | |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1091) | | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | | |
| ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restric | | | | |
| Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg | | | 12 | Malarone Junior |
| ↓ Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg → Restricted (RS1092) | | .64.00 | 12 | Malarone |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | | |
| CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| I Tab 250 mg | | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1093) | | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist o | r rheumatolo | ogist | | |
| MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below | | - | | |
| Tab 250 mg | | | | |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1094) | | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist o | r rheumatolo | ogist | | |
| METRONIDAZOLE | | | | |
| Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | | 250 | Metrogyl |
| Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | | 21 | Metrogyl |
| Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023 | | | 100 ml 10 | Flagyl-S Baxter |
| Suppos 500 mg | | | 10 | Flagyl |
| NITAZOXANIDE – Restricted see terms below | | .24.40 | 10 | riagyi |
| Tab 500 mg | 16 | 580.00 | 30 | Alinia |
| I oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml | | | 00 | / III IIQ |
| → Restricted (RS1095) | | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | | |
| ORNIDAZOLE | | | | |
| Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | .36.16 | 10 | Arrow-Ornidazole |
| PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE - Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| Inj 300 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | 2 | 216.00 | 5 | Pentacarinat |
| → Restricted (RS1096) | | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | | |
| PRIMAQUINE – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| Tab 15 mg | | | | |
| ↓ Tab 7.5 mg → Restricted (RS1097) | | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | | |
| PYRIMETHAMINE – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| ↓ Tab 25 mg | | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1098) | | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foeta | al medicine s | specialist | | |
| QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms on the new | d page | | | |
| | " pugo | | | |
| Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial | a pago | | | |

| Price | | Brand or |
|--------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST |) | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

➡ Restricted (RS1099)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 500 mg

→ Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1571)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

| EFAVIRENZ – Restricted see terms above | | |
|-----------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| t Tab 200 mg 190.15 | 90 | Stocrin |
| t Tab 600 mg63.38 | 30 | Stocrin |
| t Oral liq 30 mg per ml | | |
| ETRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms above | | |
| t Tab 200 mg770.00 | 60 | Intelence |
| NEVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms above | | |
| t Tab 200 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 60 | Nevirapine Alphapharm |
| t Oral suspension 10 mg per ml | 240 ml | Viramune Suspension |
| | | |

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1572)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

continued...

| | (ex man. | Price . excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| ontinued | | | | | |
| itiation – Prevention of maternal transmission | | | | | |
| ther: | | | | | |
| 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or | | | | | |
| 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks. | and average | vo to l | JIN7 | | |
| itiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupati oth: | ional exposu | reior | 117 | | |
| Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post expos | sure: and | | | | |
| 2 Any of the following: | uro, uno | | | | |
| 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercou | rse with a kno | own Hl | V posit | ive perse | on; or |
| 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the prophylaxis is required. | with a known | HIV p | ositive | , person; | or |
| itiation – Percutaneous exposure | | | | | |
| atient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV posi | itive. | | | | |
| BACAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms on the previous p | bade | | | | |
| Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | | 180.00 |) | 60 | Ziagen |
| Oral liq 20 mg per ml | | 256.31 | 2 | 240 ml | Ziagen |
| BACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see ter Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | | | | 30 | Kivexa |
| FAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPRO | OXIL – Restr | ricted | see ter | ms <mark>on th</mark> | e previous page |
| Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxi | l 245 ma | | | | |
| Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxi | . _ . og | | | | |
| (300 mg as a maleate) – 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | | 106.88 | } | 30 | Mylan |
| (300 mg as a maleate) – 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | | | | 30 | Mylan |
| (300 mg as a maleate) - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | | | | 30 30 | Mylan Emtriva |
| (300 mg as a maleate) – 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 MTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page Cap 200 mg – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 MIVUDINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page | | 307.20 |) | 30 | Emtriva |
| (300 mg as a maleate) – 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 MTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms on the previous page Cap 200 mg – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | | 307.20 |) | | Emtriva Lamivudine |
| (300 mg as a maleate) - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | | 307.20 |) | 30 | Emtriva |
| (300 mg as a maleate) - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | | 307.20 |) | 30 | Emtriva Lamivudine |
| (300 mg as a maleate) - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | | 307.20 |) | 30 | Emtriva Lamivudine |
| (300 mg as a maleate) - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | | 307.20 |) | 30 | Emtriva Lamivudine |
| (300 mg as a maleate) - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | | 307.20 |) | 30 | Emtriva Lamivudine |
| (300 mg as a maleate) - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | | 307.20 |) | 30 | Emtriva Lamivudine |
| (300 mg as a maleate) - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | | 307.20 84.50 |) | 30 60 | Emtriva Lamivudine Alphapharm |
| (300 mg as a maleate) - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | 3 | 307.20 84.50 152.25 |) | 30 | Emtriva Lamivudine |
| (300 mg as a maleate) - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 |) | 307.20 84.50 152.28 30.45 |)) 5 2 | 30 60 100 | Emtriva Lamivudine Alphapharm Retrovir |
| (300 mg as a maleate) - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 |) | 307.20 84.50 152.25 30.45 750.00 |)) 5 2 | 30 60 100 200 ml | Emtriva Lamivudine Alphapharm Retrovir Retrovir |

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1573)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

| INFECTI | ONS |
|---------|-----|
|---------|-----|

| Price (ex man. excl. GS \$ | ST) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| continued | | |
| Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission | | |
| Either: | | |
| 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or | | |
| 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks. | | |
| Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV | | |
| Both: | | |
| 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and | | |
| 2 Any of the following: | | |
| 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV p | | |
| 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV position | | |
| 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers the | at the risk as | sessment indicates |
| prophylaxis is required. | | |
| Initiation – Percutaneous exposure | | |
| Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive. | | |
| ATAZANAVIR SULPHATE – Restricted see terms on the previous page | | _ |
| Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | 60 | Teva |
| t Cap 200 mg – 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | 60 | Teva |
| DARUNAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page | | |
| Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | 60 | Darunavir Mylan |
| t Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | 60 | Darunavir Mylan |
| INDINAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page | | |
| Cap 200 mg | | |
| t Cap 400 mg | | |
| LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page | | |
| Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 60 | Lopinavir/Ritonavir |
| | | Mylan |
| Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 120 | Lopinavir/Ritonavir |
| • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | Mylan |
| t Oral liq 80 mg with ritonavir 20 mg per ml | 300 ml | Kaletra |
| RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page | | |
| t Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | 30 | Norvir |
| | | |

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

➡ Restricted (RS1574)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV Patient has confirmed HIV infection. Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:

| | Price (ex man. excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| continued 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercour 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the prophylaxis is required. | with a known HIV p | ositive | person; o | r |
| nitiation – Percutaneous exposure Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV posi | tive | | | |
| OOLUTEGRAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page Tab 50 mg | |) | 30 | Tivicay |
| RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM – Restricted see terms on the prev Tab 400 mg — Tab 600 mg — | | | 60 60 | lsentress Isentress HD |
| Antivirals | | | | |
| Hepatitis B | | | | |
| NTECAVIR Tab 0.5 mg | |) | 30 | Entecavir Sandoz |
| AMIVUDINE Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Oral liq 5 mg per ml | | | 28 240 ml | Zetlam Zeffix |
| ENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL Tab 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | |) | 30 | Tenofovir Disoproxil Teva |
| Hepatitis C | | | | |
| GLECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR Note: the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved direc Pharmac's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/maviret. | , | | | |
| Tab 100 mg with pibrentasvir 40 mg EDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR – Restricted see terms below | |) | 84 | Maviret |
| ↓ Tab 90 mg with sofosbuvir 400 mg | atment Panel (Hep0 | CTP). A | | |
| Herpesviridae | | | | |
| CICLOVIR | 1.60 | | 25 | Lovir |
| 1 an algorithm 200 ma = 1% 100 (1ct-10 to 2022) | 1 6/ | 1 | | |

| Tab dispersible 200 mg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 20221.60 | 25 | Lovir |
|---------------------------------------------------|----|------------------|
| Tab dispersible 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 56 | Lovir |
| Tab dispersible 800 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 35 | Lovir |
| Inj 250 mg vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 202410.00 | 5 | Aciclovir-Baxter |
| | | |

CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms below

Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1108)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologist or oral surgeon

INFECTIONS

| FOSCARNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below In j24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle - Restricted (RS1109) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below In j500 mg vial - Restricted (RS1110) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist VALACICLOVIR Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Pestricted (RS1109) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below Ini 500 mg vial | FOSCARNET SODIUM – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist of infectious disease specialist GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below Inition microbiologist or infectious disease specialist VALACICLOVIR Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle | | | |
| GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below I ni 300 mg vial Restricted (RS1110) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist VALACICLOVIR Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 ACCICLOVIR Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2010 mg Jan 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2010 mg Jan 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2010 mg Jan 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2010 mg Jan 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2010 mg Jan 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2010 mg Jan 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2010 mg Jan 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2010 mg Jan 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 mg - 5% DV Jan 22 mg - 5% DV Jan 28 mg - 5% DV Jan 28 mg - 5% | | | | |
| Inj 500 mg vial | Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist | | | |
| → Restricted (RS110) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist VALACICLOVIR Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | GANCICLOVIR – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist VALACICLOVIR Tab 50.00 g - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | | 5 | Cymevene |
| VALACICLOVIR Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | | | |
| Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 6.50 30 Vaclovir Tab 1,000 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 13.76 30 Vaclovir VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below 132.00 60 Valganciclovir My + Tab 450 mg - 5% DV Dec21 to 2024 132.00 60 Valganciclovir My + Restricted (RS1799) Initiation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Re-assessment required after 3 months Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis. Continuation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valgancicl therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and 1.2 1.1 Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valganciclo therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 1.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or 2.2 2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir threapy CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 2.2 Patient has received a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. Initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Foreciviti antreapilati cytomegalovirus prophylaxis | - | | | |
| Tab 1,000 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 13.76 30 Vaclovir VALCANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below Image: Control of the set of t | | | | |
| VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below I Tab 450 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | • | | | |
| Tab 450 mg – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 13.76 | 30 | vaciovir |
| → Restricted (RS1799) Initiation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis <i>Re-assessment required after 3 months</i> Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis. Continuation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis <i>Re-assessment required after 3 months</i> Either: Both: | | | | |
| Initiation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Re-assessment required after 3 months Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis. Continuation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Re-assessment required after 3 months Either: 1 Both: 1.1 Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valgancicl therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and 1.2 Patient has received a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or 2 Both: 2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient has received a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. Initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or 2.1 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. Initiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or 2.2 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms on the next page 4 Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | | 132.00 | 60 | Valganciclovir Mylan |
| Re-assessment required after 3 months Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis. Continuation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Re-assessment required after 3 months Either: Both: Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valgancicl therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; oi Both: Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; oi Both: Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. Initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: Patient has a undergone a lung transplant; and Either: The donor was cytomegalovirus positive; and Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. Initiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or Patient has cytomegalovirus reinitits. HV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMU Prophylaxis | | | | |
| Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis. Continuation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Re-assessment required after 3 months Either: Both: Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valgancicl therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or Both: Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy CMV prophylaxis; and Patient has received maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: Patient has undergone a lung transplant, and Either: The donor was cytomegalovirus positive; and Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or Patient has cytomegalovirus reninitis. HV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | | | | |
| Continuation – Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Re-assessment required after 3 months Either: Both: Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valgancicl therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and Patient has receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or Both: Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy CMV prophylaxis; and Patient has receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. Initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and Either: The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or The donor was cytomegalovirus positive; and Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. Initiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | | clovir for CMV prophyla | axis. | |
| Re-assessment required after 3 months Either: Both: Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valgancicl therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or Both: Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy CMV prophylaxis; and Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy CMV prophylaxis; and Patient has to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Imited to 12 months treatment All of the following: Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and Either: The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or The donor was cytomegalovirus positive; and Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | | | | |
| 1 Both: Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valgancicl therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or 2 Both: Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy CMV prophylaxis; and Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and Either: The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | | | | |
| Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valgancicl therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; of Both: Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy CMV prophylaxis; and Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and Either: The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or Patient has cytomegalovirus reinitits. HV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | Either: | | | |
| therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and 1.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or 2 Both: 2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. nitiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. nitiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients 3oth: 1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or 2.2 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMU DVDNA in absence of disease; or 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. | 1 Both: | | | |
| 1.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or 2 Both: 2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. nitiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. nitiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: 1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or 2.2 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMITRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | | ceived anti-thymocyte g | lobulin a | nd requires valganciclovir |
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| CMV prophylaxis; and 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone. Initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. Initiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or 3.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms on the next page 4 Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | | | | |
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| Initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis Relevant specialist Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and 2 Either: 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. Initiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | | de la completa de la Collec | | e an ether de me de la element |
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| Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: | | | | |
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| 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: Patient is immunocompromised; and Any of the following: Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patier | nt is cvtomegalovirus ne | egative: c | or |
| 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease. nitiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients Both: Patient is immunocompromised; and Any of the following: Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | | | J | |
| Both: | | | | |
| Patient is immunocompromised; and Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | nitiation – Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients | | | |
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| 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | 2 Any of the following: | | | |
| 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | | | | |
| HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | | e of disease; or | | |
| EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis. | | | |
| Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment | | | |
| Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) | EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted se | e terms on the next pa | ge | |
| – 1% DV Jun-19 to 202261.15 30 Teva | Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succession) | cinate) | | |
| | – 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022 | 61.15 | 30 | Teva |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.



| Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer |
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→ Restricted (RS1800)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Initiation – Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis (refer to local health pathways or https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/ for training materials); and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis and Hep B if not immune and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 3 months and is not contraindicated for treatment; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks; and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative and is not at risk of HIV seroconversion; and
- 6 Either:

6.1 All of the following:

- 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
- 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
- 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
- 6.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
- 6.2 All of the following:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - $6.2.3 \ \ \mbox{Condoms have not been consistently used}.$

Continuation – Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

94

1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis (refer to local health pathways or https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/ for training materials); and

INFECTIONS

| Price | | Brand or |
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continued...

- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis and Hep B if not immune and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 12 months and is not contraindicated for treatment; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks; and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative and is not at risk of HIV seroconversion; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 All of the following:
 - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
 - 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
 - 6.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
 - 6.2 All of the following:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml

→ Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

Powder for inhalation 5 mg....... 37.38 20 dose Relenza Rotadisk

→ Restricted (RS1369)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

COVID-19 Treatments

| MC | DLNUPIRAVIR – Restricted see terms on the next page | | |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------|----|----------|
| t | Cap 200 mg0.00 | 40 | Lagevrio |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| | F (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|--------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| → Restricted (RS1893) Initiation Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/cov Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac websit | | | | | |
| NIRMATRELVIR WITH RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 150 mg with ritonavir 100 mg | | | | 30 | Paxlovid |
| Only if patient meets access criteria (as per https://pharmac.govt.nz/cov Pharmac's approved distribution process. Refer to the Pharmac websit | | | | | |
| Immune Modulators | | | | | |
| INTERFERON ALFA-2B Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen | | | | | |
| INTERFERON GAMMA – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1113) | | | | | |
| Initiation Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gam | nma. | | | | |
| PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A − Restricted see terms below Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe → Restricted (RS1827) | 5 | 500.00 | | 4 | Pegasys |
| Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or c transplant Limited to 48 weeks treatment Any of the following: | o-infecti | on wii | th HIV | or gen | otype 2 or 3 post liver |
| Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; o Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received | | ranspl | ant. | | |
| Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatmerr Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at W 50IU/mI) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/mI. Continuation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician <i>Re-assessment required after 48 weeks</i> All of the following: | nt failure. | | | | • |
| 1 Patient has chronic henatitis C. genotype 1; and | | | | | |

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

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| | | \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |

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Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation – Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Notes: Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines. Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

Initiation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 2.2 Patient is intolerant of hydroxyurea; and
 - 2.3 Treatment with anagrelide and busulfan is not clinically appropriate; or

3 Both:

3.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder; and

INFECTIONS

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| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
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continued...

3.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Continuation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and

3 Either:

- 3.1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
- 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 Remains intolerant of hydroxyurea and treatment with anagrelide and busulfan remains clinically inappropriate; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has ocular surface squamous neoplasia*.

Continuation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

98

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation – post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has received an allogeneic bone marrow transplant* and has evidence of disease relapse.

Continuation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient is responding and ongoing treatment remains appropriate.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

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| | (ox main oxon 001) \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| Anticholinesterases | | | |
| EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial ↓ Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1015) Initiation | | | |
| For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis. | | | |
| NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 10 | Max Health |
| NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BRON Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml amp 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | oule - | 10 | Max Health |
| PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 100 | Mestinon |
| | | 100 | |
| Antirheumatoid Agents | | | |
| HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 200 mg → Restricted (RS1776) Initiation | 8.78 | 100 | Plaquenil |
| Any of the following: 1 Rheumatoid arthritis; or 2 Systemic or discoid lupus erythematosus; or 3 Malaria treatment or suppression; or 4 Relevant dermatological conditions (cutaneous forms of lupus ulceration); or 5 Sarcoidosis (pulmonary and non-pulmonary). | s and lichen planus, cu | taneous v | asculitides and mucosal |
| | C 00 | 00 | A |
| Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 30 30 | Arava Arava |
| PENICILLAMINE Tab 125 mg | | 100 | D-Penamine |
| Tab 250 mg SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule | 110.12 | 100 | D-Penamine |
| Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism | | | |
| Bisphosphonates | | | |
| ALENDRONATE SODIUM Tab 70 mg - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 | 2.44 | 4 | Fosamax |
| ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 | 1.51 | 4 | Fosamax Plus |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS | τ\ | Brand or Generic |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. do | Per | Manufacturer |
| PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM | | | |
| Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | | 1 | Pamisol |
| Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | 74.67 | 1 | Pamisol |
| Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | | 1 | Pamisol |
| RISEDRONATE SODIUM | | | |
| Tab 35 mg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 4 | Risedronate Sandoz |
| | | | |
| Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, vial – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 100 ml | Aclasta |
| → Restricted (RS1884) | | | |
| Initiation – Inherited bone fragility disorders | | | |
| Any specialist | | | |
| Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disor | der (e.g. osteogenesis in | nperfecta). | |
| nitiation – Osteoporosis | | | |
| Any specialist | | | |
| Therapy limited to 3 doses | | | |
| Both: | | | |
| 1 Any of the following: | | | |
| 1 1 History of one significant acteonaratic fracture der | nonstrated radiologically | and doour | nted hone mineral dana |

- 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 1.4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

100

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone

| Price | | Brand or |
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| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
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continued...

equivalents); and

2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
 - 2.2 Bone deformity; or
 - 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
 - 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
 - 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
 - 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
 - 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation – spinal cord injury*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has experienced an acute traumatic spinal cord injury in the last six months; and
- 2 Patient is being managed by a specialist spinal acute care and rehabilitation unit; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – spinal cord injury*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period; and
- 2 The patient has not received more than two doses of zoledronic acid for this indication.

Note: The patient must not have had more than 1 prior approval. No further renewals will be subsidised. A maximum of 2 vials of zoledronic acid treatment for spinal cord injury will be subsidised. Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a

continued...

| Price | | Brand or |
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| (ex man. excl. GS | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

fall from a standing height or less.

d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Prolia

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1665)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal; or
 - 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
 - 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 3.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 4 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance is less than 35 mL/min; and
- 5 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes); and
- 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment with any other funded antiresorptive agent for this condition or teriparatide.

Notes:

- BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with denosumab.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

28

Evista

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

- continued...
 - e) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: risedronate sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

⇒ Restricted (RS1666)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2.4 ml cartridge | 490.00 | 1 | Forteo |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------|---|--------|
| ⇒ | Restricted (RS1143) | | | |

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

continued...

| | Price | | | Brand or |
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| (ex ma | in. excl | GST) | - | Generic |
| | \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

Notes:

- a) The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- b) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- c) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL

| ALLOPURINOL | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------|-----|----------------------|
| Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 11.47 | 500 | DP-Allopurinol |
| Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 500 | DP-Allopurinol |
| BENZBROMARONE - Restricted: For continuation only | | | |
| ➡ Tab 50 mg | | | |
| ➡ Tab 100 mg | | 100 | Benzbromaron AL 100 |
| COLCHICINE | | | |
| Tab 500 mcg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 | 6.00 | 100 | Colgout |
| FEBUXOSTAT – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| | | 28 | Febuxostat multichem |
| Tab 120 mg – 1% DV Jan-22 to 2023 | | 28 | Febuxostat multichem |
| → Restricted (RS1844) | | | |

Initiation – Gout

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); or
 - 2.4 The patient has previously had an initial Special Authority approval for benzbromarone for treatment of gout..

Note: In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. The efficacy and safety of febuxostat have not been fully evaluated in patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine clearance less than 30 ml/minute). No dosage adjustment of febuxostat is necessary in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

Initiation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks Both:

1 Patient is scheduled to receive cancer therapy carrying an intermediate or high risk of tumour lysis syndrome; and

2 Patient has a documented history of allopurinol intolerance.

Continuation – Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE

| ATRACURIUM BE | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----|----------------------|---|
| , ,, | nl, 2.5 ml ampoule | | 5 | Tracrium | |
| , ,, | nl, 5 ml ampoule | | 5 | Tracrium | |
| BACLOFEN | | | | | |
| • | | 4.20 | 100 | Pacifen | |
| Oral liq 1 mg p | | | | | |
| lnj 0.05 mg per | ml, 1 ml ampoule | 11.55 | 1 | Lioresal Intrathecal | |
| Inj 2 mg per m | I, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 5 | Medsurge | |
| CLOSTRIDIUM BC | TULINUM TYPE A TOXIN | | | | |
| Inj 100 u vial | | | 1 | Botox | |
| Inj 300 u vial | | | 1 | Dysport | |
| Inj 500 u vial | | 1,295.00 | 2 | Dysport | |
| DANTROLENE | | | | | |
| Cap 25 mg | | 97.50 | 100 | Dantrium | |
| Cap 50 mg | | 77.00 | 100 | Dantrium | |
| Inj 20 mg vial . | | | 6 | Dantrium IV | |
| MIVACURIUM CHI | ORIDE | | | | |
| Inj 2 mg per m | , 5 ml ampoule | | 5 | Mivacron | |
| Inj 2 mg per m | , 10 ml ampoule | | | | |
| (Mivacron Inj 2 mg | per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 August 2022 | <u>?)</u> | | | |
| ORPHENADRINE | CITRATE | | | | |
| Tab 100 mg - | 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 20.76 | 100 | Norflex | |
| PANCURONIUM B | | | | | |
| | , 2 ml ampoule | | | | |
| ROCURONIUM BE | | | | | |
| | nl, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Aug-20 to 2022 | 31 1/ | 10 | HameIn | |
| | | | 10 | | |
| SUXAMETHONIUN | | 00.40 | 10 | Montindala | |
| inj 50 mg per n | nl, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023 | 23.40 | 10 | Martindale | |
| | | | | | _ |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| | | Price (ex man. excl. GS \$ | ST) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| VEC | CURONIUM BROMIDE Inj 10 mg vial | | | |
| R | eversers of Neuromuscular Blockade | | | |
| SU(₽ | GAMMADEX – Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024 | | 10 | Bridion Sugammadex BNM |
| t | Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 5% DV Aug-22 to 2024 | | 10 | Bridion Sugammadex BNM |
| (Bri ➡ I | dion Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial to be delisted 1 August 2022) dion Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 August 2022) Restricted (RS1370) | | | · |
| | ation of the following: | | | |
| | Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contrail Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of | ndicated or undesira | ole); or | |
| | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be infineuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversa | tubated and requires , contraindicated (for e | a rapid rev | ersal of anaesthesia and |
| N | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be infineuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or | tubated and requires , contraindicated (for e | a rapid rev | ersal of anaesthesia and |
| | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intreuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversa | tubated and requires | a rapid rev | ersal of anaesthesia and patient has ischaemic hear |
| | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be infineuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is of disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversa On-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs LECOXIB Cap 100 mg | tubated and requires contraindicated (for e I. | a rapid rev | ersal of anaesthesia and |
| CEL | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be infineuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversation-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs ECOXIB Cap 100 mg | tubated and requires contraindicated (for e I. | a rapid rev example the 60 | patient has ischaemic hear Celecoxib Pfizer |
| CEL | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be infineuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is of disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversa On-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs LECOXIB Cap 100 mg LOFENAC SODIUM | tubated and requires contraindicated (for e I. | a rapid rev example the 60 | patient has ischaemic hear Celecoxib Pfizer |
| EL | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be infineuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversation-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs ECOXIB Cap 100 mg | tubated and requires contraindicated (for e I. | a rapid rev example the 60 30 | patient has ischaemic hear celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer |
| EL | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be infineuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is or disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversa Con-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs ECOXIB Cap 100 mg LOFENAC SODIUM Tab EC 25 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | tubated and requires contraindicated (for e l. | a rapid rev example the 60 30 50 | patient has ischaemic hea patient has ischaemic hea Celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer Diclofenac Sandoz |
| EL | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intraneuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is or disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversa On-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs ECOXIB Cap 100 mg | tubated and requires contraindicated (for e l. 5.80 3.30 | a rapid rev example the 60 30 50 20 | patient has ischaemic hea patient has ischaemic hea Celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren D |
| EL | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be infineuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is or disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversa Dn-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs ECOXIB Cap 100 mg | tubated and requires , contraindicated (for e l. | a rapid rev example the 60 30 50 20 50 100 5 | celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren D Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren SR Voltaren |
| CEL | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intraneuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is a disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversa Dn-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs ECOXIB Cap 100 mg | tubated and requires , contraindicated (for e]. 5.80 3.30 1.99 1.50 1.99 1.50 1.99 | a rapid rev example the 60 30 50 20 50 100 5 100 5 10 | celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren D Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren SR Voltaren Voltaren |
| CEL | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be infineuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is a disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversa Dn-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs ECOXIB Cap 100 mg | tubated and requires , contraindicated (for e l. 5.80 3.30 1.99 1.50 1.99 1.50 1.99 | a rapid rev example the 60 30 50 20 50 100 5 100 5 10 10 | celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren D Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren SR Voltaren Voltaren Voltaren Voltaren |
| CEL | Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intraneuromuscular blockade; or The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is a disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversa Dn-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs ECOXIB Cap 100 mg | tubated and requires contraindicated (for e l. 5.80 3.30 1.99 1.50 1.99 1.50 1.99 2.04 2.04 2.44 4.22 | a rapid rev example the 60 30 50 20 50 100 5 100 5 10 | celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer Celecoxib Pfizer Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren D Diclofenac Sandoz Voltaren SR Voltaren Voltaren |

ETORICOXIB – **Restricted** see terms below

- ↓ Tab 60 mg
- ↓ Tab 90 mg
- Tab 120 mg
- → Restricted (RS1592)

Initiation

For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| IBUPROFEN | | | |
| Tab 200 mg - 1,000 tablet pack – 1% DV Feb-21 to 2024 Tab 200 mg - 12 tablet pack | 21.40 | 1,000 | Relieve |
| Tab 200 mg - 20 tablet pack Tab 200 mg - 24 tablet pack Tab 200 mg - 48 tablet pack ➡ Tab 400 mg - Restricted: For continuation only | 1.35 | 20 | Relieve |
| ➡ Tab 600 mg - Restricted: For continuation only Tab long-acting 800 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 Oral liq 20 mg per ml - 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024 Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial | | 30 200 ml | Brufen SR Ethics |
| INDOMETHACIN Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg Cap long-acting 75 mg Inj 1 mg vial Suppos 100 mg | | | |
| KETOPROFEN | 40.07 | 00 | 0 |
| Cap long-acting 200 mg MEFENAMIC ACID – Restricted: For continuation only → Cap 250 mg | 12.07 | 28 | Oruvail SR |
| NAPROXEN Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 32.60 | 500 | Noflam 250 |
| Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 250 | Noflam 500 |
| Tab long-acting 750 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 28 | Naprosyn SR 750 |
| Tab long-acting 1 g - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 28 | Naprosyn SR 1000 |
| PARECOXIB Inj 40 mg vial | | 10 | Dynastat |
| SULINDAC Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg | | | |
| TENOXICAM Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 100 | Tilcotil |
| Inj 20 mg vial | 9.95 | 1 | AFT |
| Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain | | | |
| CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Crm 0.025% – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 → Restricted (RS1309) Initiation | | 45 g | Zostrix |

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders | | | |
| Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related | Disorders | | |
| RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1351) Initiation Neurologist or respiratory specialist | 130.00 | 56 | Rilutek |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following: 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease du 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital c 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and 5 Any of the following: 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or 5.3 The patient is able to swallow. | | | e initial application; and |
| Continuation Re-assessment required after 18 months All of the following: 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and 3 Any of the following: 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or 3.3 The patient is able to swallow. | | | |
| TETRABENAZINE Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 91.10 | 112 | Motetis |
| Anticholinergics | | | |
| BENZATROPINE MESYLATE Tab 2 mg Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg | | 60 5 | Benztrop Phebra |
| Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents | | | |
| AMANTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Cap 100 mg APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | 60 | Symmetrel |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2023 Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2023 BROMOCRIPTINE Tab 2.5 mg – Restricted: For continuation only Cap 5 mg (Any Tab 2.5 mg to be delisted 1 September 2022) | | 5 5 | Movapo Movapo |

108

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST |) | Brand or Generic |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GST \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| ENTACAPONE | | | |
| Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024 | | 100 | Comtan |
| LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE | | | |
| Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg | | 100 | Madopar Rapid |
| Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg | | 100 | Madopar 62.5 |
| Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg | | 100 | Madopar 125 |
| Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg | | 100 | Madopar HBS |
| Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg | | 100 | Madopar 250 |
| EVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA | | | |
| Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 100 | Sinemet |
| Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg | | | |
| Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-2 | 1 to 2023 43.65 | 100 | Sinemet CR |
| Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 100 | Sinemet |
| PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 100 | Ramipex |
| Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 100 | Ramipex |
| RASAGILINE | | | |
| Tab 1mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 30 | Azilect |
| ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | | 84 | Ropin |
| Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | | 84 | Ropin |
| Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | | 84 | Ropin |
| Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | | 84 | Ropin |
| SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation | only | | |
| → Tab 5 mg | o, | | |
| TOLCAPONE | | | |
| Tab 100 mg | 152.38 | 100 | Tasmar |
| · 22 · 00 · | 102100 | | laomai |
| Anaesthetics | | | |
| Or word America that's a | | | |
| General Anaesthetics | | | |
| DESFLURANE | | | _ |
| Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle | 1,350.00 | 6 | Suprane |
| DEXMEDETOMIDINE | | | |
| Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023 | | 5 | Dexmedetomidine-Tev |
| ETOMIDATE | | | |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule | | | |
| SOFLURANE | | | |
| Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle | | 6 | Aerrane |
| KETAMINE | , | - | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 | 135.00 | 5 | Biomed |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 | | 5 | Biomed |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | | 5 | Ketamine-Baxter |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial | | 5 | Ketalar |
| Ketamine-Baxter Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 | | - | |
| METHOHEXITAL SODIUM | | | |
| Ini 10 ma por ml. 50 ml viol | | | |

Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial

| | Price | | Brand or |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| PROPOFOL | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 10% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | 4.35 | 5 | Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 10% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 19.50 | 10 | Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 10% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 10 | Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT |
| SEVOFLURANE | | | |
| Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle | 930.00 | 6 | Baxter |
| THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM | | | |
| Inj 500 mg ampoule | | | |
| Local Anaesthetics | | | |
| ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 1% | | | |
| ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE | | | |
| Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge | | | |
| Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge | | | |
| Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge | | | |
| Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge | | | |
| Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge | | | |
| , | | | |
| BENZOCAINE Gel 20% | | | |
| | | | |
| BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 18% with tetracaine hydrochloride 2% | | | e.g. ZAP Topical |
| Ger To % with tetracame hydrochlonde 2 % | | | Anaesthetic Gel |
| BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Marcain Isobaric |
| Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule | | | |
| Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Aug-20 to | | 5 | Marcain |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Aug-20 to 20 |)23 16.20 | 5 | Marcain |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Aug-20 to 20 | 123 16 56 | 5 | Marcain |
| Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag | 20 10.00 | 5 | Marcall |
| Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 150.00 | 5 | Marcain |
| Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag | | | |
| BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE | | | |
| Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 10 ml ampoule | | | |
| Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Au | | _ | |
| to 2022 | | 5 | Marcain with |
| Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Aug | ı-19 | | Adrenaline |
| to 2022 | • | 5 | Marcain with |
| | | | Adrenaline |
| | | | |

110

| | Price | | Brand or |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GS \$ | T) Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| | φ | rei | Wallulaclulei |
| BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag – 1% DV Apr- | 20 | | |
| to 2022 | | 5 | Biomed |
| Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Nov-1 | | - | _ <i>i</i> |
| to 2022 | | 5 | Bupafen |
| Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag – 1% DV Nov-1 to 2022 | | 5 | Bupafen |
| Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe | | Ū | Dupulon |
| Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe | | 5 | Biomed |
| Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe | | 5 | Biomed |
| BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE | | | |
| Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025. | | 5 | Marcain Heavy |
| COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Paste 5% | | | |
| Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe | 00.76 | 1 | Biomed |
| Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe | 20.70 | I | Diomeu |
| COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06% | | | |
| Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06% | | | |
| ETHYL CHLORIDE | | | |
| Spray 100% | | | |
| LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] | | | |
| Crm 4% | 5.40 | 5 g | LMX4 |
| | 27.00 | 30 g | LMX4 |
| LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Gel 2% | 4.87 | 20 g | Orion |
| Soln 4% | 75.00 | 50 1 | X 1 1 |
| Spray 10% – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 Oral (gel) soln 2% | | 50 ml 200 ml | Xylocaine Mucosoothe |
| Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack | | 200 111 | Mucosoothe |
| Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack | | | |
| Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule | 8.75 | 25 | Lidocaine-Baxter |
| Inj 1%, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | | 5 | Lidocaine-Claris |
| Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jul-21 to 2022 | | 25 | Lidocaine-Baxter |
| Inj 2%, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jul-21 to 2022 | 6.45 | 5 | Lidocaine-Baxter Lidocaine-Claris |
| Gel 2%, 11 ml urethral syringe - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022 | 42 00 | 10 | Instillagel Lido |
| (Lidocaine-Claris Inj 2%, 20 ml vial to be delisted 1 June 2022) | | 10 | |
| LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE | | | |
| Inj 1% with adreanline 1:100,000, 20 ml vial | | | |
| Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-19 | | | |
| to 2022 | | 10 | Xylocaine |
| Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial | 50.00 | 5 | Xylocaine |
| Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge | | | |
| Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge | | | |
| Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge | | | |
| Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial | 60.00 | 5 | Xylocaine |
| | | | - |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| (| Price ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE AN Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%, 5 r | | HYDROC | HLORIDE |
| syringe | | 1 | Topicaine |
| DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXIDINI | | | |
| Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe | | 10 | Pfizer |
| DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHRIN Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5% | E HYDROCHLO | RIDE | |
| DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE | | | |
| Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5% | 45.00 | 30 g | EMLA |
| Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg | | 20 | EMLA |
| Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g | 45.00 | 5 | EMLA |
| EPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge | 43.60 | 50 | Scandonest 3% |
| Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge | 43.60 | 50 | Scandonest 3% |
| IEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge | | | |
| RILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial | | 5 | Citanest |
| lnj 2%, 5 ml ampoule | | | |
| RILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN | | | |
| Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge | | | |
| Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge | | | |
| OPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Ropivacaine Kabi |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Ropivacaine Kabi |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Ropivacaine Kabi |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Ropivacaine Kabi |
| Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Ropivacaine Kabi |
| Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5 5 | Ropivacaine Kabi Ropivacaine Kabi |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Ropivacaine Kabi |
| | | 5 | |
| OPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL | 109 50 | Б | Naronin |
| Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag | | 5 5 | Naropin Naropin |
| | | 5 | Haropin |
| ETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |

Gel 4%

Analgesics

Non-Opioid Analgesics

| ASPIRIN | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|------|----------------|
| Tab dispersible 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 100 | Ethics Aspirin |
| CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below | | |
| Crm 0.075% – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | 45 g | Zostrix HP |
| → Restricted (RS1145) | • | |
| Initiation | | |

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

t Item restricted (see \rightarrow above); **f** Item restricted (see \rightarrow below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS \$ | ST) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle → Restricted (RS1292) Initiation | | | |
| Both: 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected of 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner of | | | |
| NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 30 mg | | | |
| PARACETAMOL – Some items restricted see terms below Tab soluble 500 mg Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1,000 tablet pack – 1% DV Feb-22 Tab 500 mg - blister pack , 12 tablet pack | to 2024 19.75 | 1,000 | Pacimol |
| Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 12 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 20 tablet pack Tab 500 mg - bottle pack – 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024 Oral lig 120 mg per 5 ml – 20% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 1,000 1,000 ml | Noumed Paracetamol Paracare |
| Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 20 ml bottle Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 200 ml bottle Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 200 ml bottle Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 500 ml bottle | | 1,000 mi | Falacale |
| Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml – 20% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 6.25 | 1,000 ml | Paracare Double Strength |
| Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 100 ml bottle Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 200 ml bottle Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 500 ml bottle | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Suppos 25 mg – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Suppos 50 mg – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 10 20 20 | Paracetamol Kabi Biomed Biomed |
| Suppos 125 mg Suppos 250 mg Suppos 500 mg | 3.59 4.18 | 10 10 50 | Gacet Gacet Gacet |
| → Restricted (RS1146) Initiation | | | |
| Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are a bsorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed ever SUCROSE | y 24 hours. | lical, or wher | e there is reduced |
| Oral liq 25% – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 ↓ Oral liq 66.7% (preservative free) → Restricted (RS1763) Initiation For use in neonatal patients only. | 13.00 | 25 ml | Biomed |
| Opioid Analgesics | | | |
| ALFENTANIL | | | |
| Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 CODEINE PHOSPHATE | 24.75 | 10 | Hameln |
| Tab 15 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Tab 30 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Tab 60 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 7.45 | 100 100 100 | PSM PSM PSM |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE | | - | |
| Tab long-acting 60 mg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 8.60 | 60 | DHC Continus |
| | | 00 | |
| | | | |
| Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe | 0.75 | 10 | Develop and Mula |
| Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024 | | 10 | Boucher and Muir |
| Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag | | 10 | Biomed |
| Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe | | 10 | Biomed |
| Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024 | | 10 | Boucher and Muir |
| Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 5 | Biomed |
| Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe | | 1 | Biomed |
| Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag | | _ | |
| Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 5 | Fentanyl Sandoz |
| Patch 25 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 5 | Fentanyl Sandoz |
| Patch 50 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 5 | Fentanyl Sandoz |
| Patch 75 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 5 | Fentanyl Sandoz |
| Patch 100 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 5 | Fentanyl Sandoz |
| METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022 | | 10 | Methatabs |
| Oral lig 2 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 200 ml | Biodone |
| Oral lig 5 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 200 ml | Biodone Forte |
| Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 200 ml | Biodone Extra Forte |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial | | 10 | AFT |
| | | | |
| | 0.00 | 0001 | |
| Oral liq 1 mg per ml | | 200 ml | RA-Morph |
| Oral liq 2 mg per ml | | 200 ml | RA-Morph |
| Oral liq 5 mg per ml | | 200 ml | RA-Morph |
| Oral liq 10 mg per ml | 27.74 | 200 ml | RA-Morph |
| IORPHINE SULPHATE | | | |
| Tab immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 2.80 | 10 | Sevredol |
| Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 5.52 | 10 | Sevredol |
| Cap long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 2.05 | 10 | m-Eslon |
| Cap long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 3.00 | 10 | m-Eslon |
| Cap long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 6.12 | 10 | m-Eslon |
| Cap long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 7.13 | 10 | m-Eslon |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Biomed |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Biomed |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Biomed |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe | | 10 | Biomed |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | 5 | DBL Morphine Sulphate |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | 5 | DBL Morphine Sulphate |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette | | - | · F · · · · · · · · · · |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | 7.08 | 5 | DBL Morphine Sulphate |
| Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | 5 | DBL Morphine Sulphat |
| Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe | | č | |
| Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Ini 80 mg per ml 1 5 ml ampoule | | | |

Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

114

| | Brand or | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | 2.69 | 20 | Oxycodone Sandoz |
| Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | 2.69 | 20 | Oxycodone Sandoz |
| Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | | 20 | Oxycodone Sandoz |
| Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | 5.49 | 20 | Oxycodone Sandoz |
| Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | | 20 | Oxycodone Sandoz |
| Cap immediate-release 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 20 | OxyNorm |
| Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 20 | OxyNorm |
| Cap immediate-release 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 20 | OxyNorm |
| Oral lig 5 mg per 5 ml – 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 | | 250 ml | OxyNorm |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag | | 200 | •Ajiieiiii |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024 | 5.82 | 5 | Hameln |
| | 7.28 | U U | OxyNorm |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024 | | 5 | Hameln |
| | 14.36 | Ū | OxyNorm |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024 | | 5 | Hameln |
| | 30.60 | 0 | OxyNorm |
| (OxyNorm Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 July 2022) | 00.00 | | Олунопп |
| (OxyNorm Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 July 2022) | | | |
| (OxyNorm Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 July 2022) | | | |
| | | | |
| PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE | | | |
| Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg | 26.51 | 1,000 | Paracetamol + Codeine (Relieve) |
| PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 50 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 4.70 | 10 | PSM |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe | | | |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | 5 | DBL Pethidine |
| | | | Hydrochloride |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | | 5 | DBL Pethidine |
| | | | Hydrochloride |
| REMIFENTANIL | | | • |
| Inj 1 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Remifentanil-AFT |
| Inj 2 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | | 5 | Remifentanil-AFT |
| TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE | | v | |
| | 1 50 | 20 | Tramal SR 100 |
| Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 20 20 | |
| Tab sustained-release 150 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | | Tramal SR 150 |
| Tab sustained-release 200 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 20 | Tramal SR 200 |
| Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | 2.80 | 100 | Arrow-Tramadol |
| Oral soln 10 mg per ml | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag | | _ | |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 4.50 | 5 | Tramal 50 |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 3.83 | 5 | Tramal 100 |
| | | | |

| | | rice | | Brand or |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------|
| | (ex man. | excl. GST) \$ | Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| Antidepressants | | | | |
| Cyclic and Related Agents | | | | |
| MITRIPTYLINE | | | | |
| Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | | 100 100 | Arrow-Amitriptyline Arrow-Amitriptyline |
| Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | | 100 | Arrow-Amitriptyline |
| | | | | |
| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | | | 30 | Clomipramine Teva |
| Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | | | 30 | Clomipramine Teva |
| DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For | | | 50 | Decularia Mulan |
| Cap 25 mg OXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation only | | 7.03 | 50 | Dosulepin Mylan |
| Cap 10 mg | | | | |
| → Cap 25 mg | | | | |
| → Cap 50 mg | | | | |
| | | - 10 | | - / " |
| Tab 10 mg | | 5.48 6.58 | 50 60 | Tofranil Tofranil |
| Tab 25 mg | | | 50 | Tofranil |
| APROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation | n only | | | |
| → Tab 25 mg | , | | | |
| → Tab 75 mg | | | | |
| /IANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted: For continuation or → Tab 30 mg | nly | | | |
| IORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | | |
| Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | | 100 180 | Norpress Norpress |
| • | | | 100 | Norpress |
| Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective | | | | |
| PHENELZINE SULPHATE Tab 15 mg | | | | |
| RANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE | | | | |
| Tab 10 mg | | | | |
| Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors | | | | |
| /OCLOBEMIDE | | | | |
| Tab 150 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | | 60 60 | Aurorix Aurorix |
| Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 19.20 | 60 | Aurorix |
| Other Antidepressants | | | | |
| /IRTAZAPINE | | | | |
| Tab 30 mg – 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 2 60 | 28 | Noumed |
| Tab 45 mg – 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | | 28 | Noumed |

116

| | Price | | Brand or |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | |
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| VENLAFAXINE | | | |
| | | | |
| Cap 37.5 mg | 6.38 | 84 | Enlafax XR |
| Cap 75 mg | | 84 | Enlafax XR |
| Cap 150 mg | | 84 | Enlafax XR |
| Cap 150 mg | | 04 | |
| | | | |
| Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors | | | |
| CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE | | | |
| | | ~ (| 5011 O'' |
| Tab 20 mg – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 1.91 | 84 | PSM Citalopram |
| ESCITALOPRAM | | | |
| | 4.07 | ~~ | |
| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-21 to 2023 | 1.07 | 28 | Escitalopram (Ethics) |
| Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-21 to 2023 | | 28 | Escitalopram (Ethics) |
| - | | | |
| FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2022 | 1.98 | 30 | Fluox |
| | | | |
| Cap 20 mg – 1% DV Feb-21 to 2022 | 2.91 | 84 | Fluox |
| PAROXETINE | | | |
| | 0.04 | ~~ | |
| Tab 20 mg – 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | | 90 | Loxamine |
| SERTRALINE | | | |
| | | | • • |
| Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | | 30 | Setrona |
| Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | | 30 | Setrona |
| ······································ | | | |
| Antiepilepsy Drugs | | | |
| Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus | | | |
| CLONAZEPAM | | | |
| | | | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | | |
| DIAZEPAM | | | |
| | 00.66 | F | Llooniro |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | | 5 | Hospira |
| Rectal tubes 5 mg | | 5 | Stesolid |
| Rectal tubes 10 mg | | | |
| C C | | | |
| LORAZEPAM | | | |
| Inj 2 mg vial | | | |
| , . | | | |
| Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial | | | |
| PARALDEHYDE | | | |
| | | | |
| Soln 97% | | | |
| Inj 5 ml ampoule | | | |
| | | | |
| PHENYTOIN SODIUM | | | |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | | 5 | Hospira |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule | | 5 | Hospira |
| | | U | 1 ioopiiu |
| | | | |
| Control of Epilepsy | | | |
| • • • | | | |
| CARBAMAZEPINE | | | |
| | 14 50 | 100 | Togratal |
| Tab 200 mg | | 100 | Tegretol |
| Tab long-acting 200 mg | | 100 | Tegretol CR |
| Tab 400 mg | | 100 | Tegretol |
| | | | • |
| Tab long-acting 400 mg | | 100 | Tegretol CR |
| Oral liq 20 mg per ml | | 250 ml | Tegretol |
| | | | č |
| CLOBAZAM | | | |
| Tab 10 mg | | | |
| | | | |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| CLONAZEPAM | | | |
| Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml | | | |
| ETHOSUXIMIDE | | | |
| Cap 250 mg | 140.88 | 100 | Zarontin |
| Oral liq 50 mg per ml | | 200 ml | Zarontin |
| GABAPENTIN | | | |
| Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin | | | |
| Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 6.45 | 100 | Nupentin |
| Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 8.45 | 100 | Nupentin |
| Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 10.26 | 100 | Nupentin |
| LACOSAMIDE – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Tab 50 mg | | 14 | Vimpat |
| Tab 100 mg | | 14 | Vimpat |
| | 200.24 | 56 | Vimpat |
| Tab 150 mg | 75.10 | 14 | Vimpat |
| _ | 300.40 | 56 | Vimpat |
| Tab 200 mg Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial | 400.55 | 56 | Vimpat |

→ Restricted (RS1151)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

LAMOTRIGINE

| Tab dispersible 2 mg | | 30 | Lamictal |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------------------|
| Tab dispersible 5 mg | | 30 | Lamictal |
| Tab dispersible 25 mg - 5% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 2.76 | 56 | Logem |
| Tab dispersible 50 mg - 5% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 3.31 | 56 | Logem |
| Tab dispersible 100 mg - 5% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 4.40 | 56 | Logem |
| LEVETIRACETAM | | | |
| Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022 | 4.99 | 60 | Everet |
| Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022 | | 60 | Everet |
| Tab 750 mg - 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022 | 14.39 | 60 | Everet |
| Tab 1,000 mg - 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022 | | 60 | Everet |
| Oral liq 100 mg per ml | | 300 ml | Levetiracetam-AFT |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 10 | Levetiracetam-AFT |
| PHENOBARBITONE | | | |
| Tab 15 mg | | 500 | PSM |
| Tab 30 mg | | 500 | PSM |
| | | | |

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| PHENYTOIN | φ | Fei | Manulaciulei |
| Tab 50 mg | | | |
| PHENYTOIN SODIUM | | | |
| Cap 30 mg | | | |
| Cap 100 mg | | | |
| Oral liq 6 mg per ml | | | |
| PREGABALIN | | | |
| Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin | | | |
| Cap 25 mg | 2.25 | 56 | Pregabalin Pfizer |
| Cap 75 mg | | 56 | Pregabalin Pfizer |
| Cap 150 mg | 4.01 | 56 | Pregabalin Pfizer |
| Cap 300 mg | 7.38 | 56 | Pregabalin Pfizer |
| PRIMIDONE | | | |
| Tab 250 mg | | | |
| SODIUM VALPROATE | | | |
| Tab 100 mg | | | |
| Tab EC 200 mg | | | |
| Tab EC 500 mg | | | |
| Oral liq 40 mg per ml | | | |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial | 9.98 | 1 | Epilim IV |
| STIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Cap 250 mg | | 60 | Diacomit |
| Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet | 509.29 | 60 | Diacomit |
| → Restricted (RS1152) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| Paediatric neurologist | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months Both: | | | |
| 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and | | | |
| 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate cou | rses of sodium valoro | ate cloba | azam and at least two of the |
| following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet. | | | |
| Continuation | | | |
| Paediatric neurologist | | | |
| Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced se | eizure frequency from | baseline. | |
| TOPIRAMATE | | | |
| Tab 25 mg | 11.07 | 60 | Arrow-Topiramate |
| | 26.04 | | Topamax |
| | 11.07 | | Topiramate Actavis |
| Tab 50 mg | | 60 | Arrow-Topiramate |
| | 44.26 | | Topamax |
| T 100 | 18.81 | | Topiramate Actavis |
| Tab 100 mg | | 60 | Arrow-Topiramate |
| | 75.25 31.99 | | Topamax Topiramate Actavis |
| Tab 200 mg | | 60 | Arrow-Topiramate |
| | 129.85 | 00 | Topamax |
| | 55.19 | | Topiramate Actavis |
| Cap sprinkle 15 mg | | 60 | Topamax |
| Cap sprinkle 25 mg | | 60 | Topamax |
| - | | | |

| | Pri | rice | | | Brand or |
|-----|----------|-------|------|-----|--------------|
| (ex | x man. 🤅 | excl. | GST) | | Generic |
| | 9 | \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |

VIGABATRIN – **Restricted** see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1865)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.3 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex; and

2 Either:

- 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
- 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages. Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Antimigraine Preparations

Acute Migraine Treatment

DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL

Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg

| Tab orodispersible 10 mg – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 30 | Rizamelt |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----|----------|
| SUMATRIPTAN | | |
| Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 90 | Sumagran |
| Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 90 | Sumagran |
| Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen – 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022 | 2 | Imigran |

120

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Prophylaxis of Migraine | | | |
| PIZOTIFEN Tab 500 mcg | 23.21 | 100 | Sandomigran |
| Antinausea and Vertigo Agents | | | |
| APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1154) | | 3 | Emend Tri-Pack |
| Initiation Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthra malignancy. | acycline-based chemo | herapy fo | r the treatment of |
| BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2023 | 4.62 3.88 | 100 84 | Serc Vergo 16 |
| (Vergo 16 Tab 16 mg to be delisted 1 July 2022) CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | 5 |
| Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 0.49 | 10 | Nausicalm |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV May-21 to 2022 DOMPERIDONE | 21.53 | 10 | Hameln |
| Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 2.85 | 100 | Pharmacy Health |
| DROPERIDOL Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV May-20 to 2022 | | 10 | Droleptan |
| GRANISETRON Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023 | 1.20 | 1 | Deva |
| HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule ↓ Patch 1.5 mg | 14.11 | 2 | Scopoderm TTS |
| Initiation Any of the following: Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately resp Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at ineffective; or For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where c ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated. | ond to oral anti-nause least two other altern | a agents; ative treat | or ments have proven |
| METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 1.30 | 100 | Metoclopramide Actavis 10 |
| Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 9.50 | 10 | Pfizer |

| Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| | | |
| 2.68 | 50 | Onrex |
| 0.76 | 10 | Ondansetron ODT-DRLA |
| 4.57 | 50 | Onrex |
| 1.13 | 10 | Ondansetron ODT-DRLA |
| 1.50 | 5 | Ondansetron-Baxter |
| 2.20 | 5 | Ondansetron Kabi |
| 8.00 | 250 | Nausafix |
| | (ex man. excl. GST \$ | (ex man. excl. GST) Per 2.68 50 |

TROPISETRON

Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Antipsychotic Agents

General

| AMISULPRIDE | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | 30 | Sulprix |
| Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | 60 | Sulprix |
| Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 | 60 | Sulprix |
| Oral liq 100 mg per ml | | |
| ARIPIPRAZOLE | | |
| Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202510.50 | 30 | Aripiprazole Sandoz |
| Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202510.50 | 30 | Aripiprazole Sandoz |
| Tab 15 mg – 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025 10.50 | 30 | Aripiprazole Sandoz |
| Tab 20 mg – 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025 10.50 | 30 | Aripiprazole Sandoz |
| Tab 30 mg - 5% DV Oct-22 to 202510.50 | 30 | Aripiprazole Sandoz |
| CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | |
| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 100 | Largactil |
| Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 100 | Largactil |
| Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 100 | Largactil |
| Oral liq 10 mg per ml | | |
| Oral liq 20 mg per ml | | |
| Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 10 | Largactil |

| | Price | | Brand or |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GST | | Generic |
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| CLOZAPINE | | | |
| Tab 25 mg | 6.69 | 50 | Clopine |
| - | 13.37 | 100 | Clopine |
| | 6.69 | 50 | Clozaril |
| | 13.37 | 100 | Clozaril |
| Tab 50 mg | 8.67 | 50 | Clopine |
| - | 17.33 | 100 | Clopine |
| Tab 100 mg | | 50 | Clopine |
| | 34.65 | 100 | Clopine |
| | 17.33 | 50 | Clozaril |
| | 34.65 | 100 | Clozaril |
| Tab 200 mg | | 50 | Clopine |
| Ĵ | 69.30 | 100 | Clopine |
| Oral liq 50 mg per ml | 67.62 | 100 ml | Versacloz |
| HALOPERIDOL | | | |
| Tab 500 mcg – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | 6.23 | 100 | Serenace |
| Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 100 | Serenace |
| Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 100 | Serenace |
| Oral lig 2 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 100 ml | Serenace |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | 100 | Serenace |
| | | 10 | Ocremate |
| | 10.10 | 400 | |
| Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022 | | 100 | Nozinan |
| Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022 | 41./5 | 100 | Nozinan |
| LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022 | | 10 | Nozinan |
| LITHIUM CARBONATE | | | |
| Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 | | 100 | Priadel |
| Cap 250 mg | | 100 | Douglas |
| OLANZAPINE | | | |
| | 1.95 | 00 | Zunino |
| Tab 2.5 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 28 28 | Zypine |
| Tab 5 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 28 28 | Zypine |
| Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 28 28 | Zypine ODT |
| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 28 28 | Zypine Zypine ODT |
| Inj 10 mg vial | 2.30 | 20 | Zypine OD i |
| | | | |
| PERICYAZINE | | | |
| Tab 2.5 mg | | | |
| Tab 10 mg | | | |
| QUETIAPINE | | | |
| Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 90 | Quetapel |
| Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 90 | Quetapel |
| Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 90 | Quetapel |
| Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 12.86 | 90 | Quetapel |
| RISPERIDONE | | | |
| Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 60 | Risperidone (Teva) |
| Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 60 | Risperidone (Teva) |
| Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 60 | Risperidone (Teva) |
| Tab 3 mg – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 60 | Risperidone (Teva) |
| Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | | 60 | Risperidone (Teva) |
| Oral lig 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | | 30 ml | Risperon |
| | 0.30 | 00 111 | hisperon |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| Price | | Brand or |
|-----------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| (ex man. excl \$ | Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| · · · · · · | 1 61 | Manufacturer |
| ZIPRASIDONE | | |
| Cap 20 mg17.9 | 0 60 | Zusdone |
| Cap 40 mg27.4 | 1 60 | Zusdone |
| Cap 60 mg | 9 60 | Zusdone |
| Cap 80 mg46.5 | 5 60 | Zusdone |
| ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE | | |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | | |
| ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE | | |
| Tab 10 mg | 5 100 | Clopixol |
| | 0 100 | Сюріхої |
| Depot Injections | | |
| FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE | | |
| Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule13.1 | 4 5 | Fluanxol |
| Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule20.9 | 0 5 | Fluanxol |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule40.8 | | Fluanxol |
| HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE | | |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | 9 5 | Haldol |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | Haldol Concentrate |
| OLANZAPINE – Restricted see terms below | . 0 | |
| | ۰ ۰ | Zuprovo Bolprova |
| Inj 210 mg vial | | Zyprexa Relprevv |
| Inj 300 mg vial | | Zyprexa Relprevv |
| ↓ Inj 405 mg vial | 0 1 | Zyprexa Relprevv |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1379) | | |

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

| 1 | Inj 25 mg syringe | 1 | Invega Sustenna |
|---|---------------------|-------|-----------------|
| t | Inj 50 mg syringe | 1 | Invega Sustenna |
| | Inj 75 mg syringe | 1 | Invega Sustenna |
| | Inj 100 mg syringe | 1 | Invega Sustenna |
| | Inj 150 mg syringe | 1 | Invega Sustenna |
| | Destricted (DC1001) | - | |

→ Restricted (RS1381) Initiation

124

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

| Price | В | rand or |
|---------------------|---------|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | G | eneric |
| | | lanufacturer |
| Ф F | Per IVI | lanulacturer |

continued...

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 25 mg vial | 135.98 | 1 | Risperdal Consta |
|---|---------------------|--------|---|------------------|
| t | Inj 37.5 mg vial | | 1 | Risperdal Consta |
| t | Inj 50 mg vial | 217.56 | 1 | Risperdal Consta |
| ⇒ | Restricted (RS1380) | | | |

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

| Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule19.8 | 30 5 | Clopixol |
|-------------------------------------|------|--------------------|
| Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | e.g. Clopixol Conc |

Anxiolytics

| BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE |
|-------------------------|
|-------------------------|

| Tab 5 mg – 5% DV May-22 to 2024 Tab 10 mg – 5% DV May-22 to 2024 | | 100 100 | Buspirone Viatris Buspirone Viatris |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------|----------------------------------------|
| CLONAZEPAM | | | |
| Tab 500 mcg | 5.64 | 100 | Paxam |
| Tab 2 mg | 10.78 | 100 | Paxam |
| DIAZEPAM | | | |
| Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | 61.07 | 500 | Arrow-Diazepam |
| Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | 73.60 | 500 | Arrow-Diazepam |
| LORAZEPAM | | | |
| Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 9.72 | 250 | Ativan |
| Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | 100 | Ativan |
| | | | |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

OXAZEPAM

Tab 10 mg Tab 15 mg

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted (RS1842)

Initiation – Multiple sclerosis

Neurologist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) must be confirmed by a neurologist. Diagnosis must include MRI confirmation; and
- 2 Patients must have Clinically Definite Relapsing multiple sclerosis with or without underlying progression; and
- 3 Patients must have an EDSS score between 0 6.0 (inclusive); and
- 4 Patient has had at least 1 significant relapse of multiple sclerosis in the previous 12 months or 2 significant relapses in the past 24 months; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Each significant relapse must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the relapse but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
 - 5.2 Each significant relapse is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
 - 5.3 Each significant relapse has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous relapse; and
 - 5.4 Each significant relapse can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
 - 5.5 Either:
 - 5.5.1 Each significant relapse is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
 - 5.5.2 Each significant relapse is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
- 6 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MR scan within the past 24 months; and

7 Any of the following:

- 7.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
- 7.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
- 7.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
- 7.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent relapse that occurred within the last 2 years; or
- 7.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MR scan.

Note: Natalizumab can only be dispensed from a pharmacy registered in the Tysabri Australasian Prescribing Programme operated by the supplier. Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Continuation – Multiple sclerosis

Neurologist or general physician

126

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (i.e. the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

DIMETHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms above

| | Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneous | sly is not pe | rmitted. |
|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| t | Cap 120 mg | 14 | Tecfidera |
| t | Cap 240 mg2,000.00 | 56 | Tecfidera |

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| | φ | FEI | Manulacturer |
| FINGOLIMOD – Restricted see terms on the previous page Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment | ments simultaneously is | not perm | nitted |
| t Cap 0.5 mg. | | 28 | Gilenya |
| GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the previous p | | | , |
| Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat | | not pern | nitted. |
| 1 Inj 40 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 2025 | 1,137.48 | 12 | Copaxone |
| INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms on the prev | | | |
| Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat | | | |
| 1 Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector | | 4 | Avonex Pen |
| t Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe | | 4 | Avonex |
| INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms on the previo | | | a'#a d |
| Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat t Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial | ments simultaneously is | not pern | illied. |
| NATALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms on the previous page | | | |
| Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat | ments simultaneously is | not pern | nitted. |
| 1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 15 ml vial | | 1 | Tysabri |
| OCRELIZUMAB – Restricted see terms on the previous page | | | |
| Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat | ments simultaneously is | not pern | nitted. |
| 1 Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | 9,346.00 | 1 | Ocrevus |
| TERIFLUNOMIDE – Restricted see terms on the previous page | | | |
| Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treat | | • | |
| t Tab 14 mg – 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023 | 659.90 | 28 | Aubagio |
| Sedatives and Hypnotics | | | |
| CHLORAL HYDRATE | | | |
| Oral liq 100 mg per ml | | | |
| Oral liq 200 mg per ml | | | |
| LORMETAZEPAM – Restricted: For continuation only | | | |
| ➡ Tab 1 mg | | | |
| MELATONIN – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Tab modified-release 2 mg - 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024 Tab 3 mg | 11.50 | 30 | Vigisom |
| Tab 3 mg Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulatic | n for in-hoenital use on | h. | |
| → Restricted (RS1576) | in, ioi in-nospital use on | ıy. | |
| Initiation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorde | r | | |
| Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |
| | | | |

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and
- 4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

continued...

| Price | | Brand or |
|--------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST |) | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

| continued | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| Continuation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder | | |
| Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | |
| All of the following: | | |
| 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and | | . (aliaisian datawainad), and |
| Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-releas Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and | | |
| 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg p | ber day. | |
| Initiation - insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated | | |
| Both: | | |
| 1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated; and | | |
| 2 For in-hospital use only. | | |
| MIDAZOLAM | | |
| Tab 7.5 mg | | |
| Oral liq 2 mg per ml | | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 10 | Mylan Midazolam |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 5 | Mylan Midazolam |
| PHENOBARBITONE | | |
| Inj 130 mg per ml, 1 ml vial | | |
| Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | |
| TEMAZEPAM | | |
| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | 25 | Normison |
| TRIAZOLAM – Restricted: For continuation only | | |
| ➡ Tab 125 mcg | | |
| ➡ Tab 250 mcg | | |
| ZOPICLONE | | |
| Tab 7.5 mg | | |
| 5 | | |

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE 28 Generic Partners **Generic Partners** 28 28 Generic Partners 28 Generic Partners 28 Generic Partners 28 **Generic Partners** 28 Generic Partners CAFFEINE Tab 100 mg DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms below 100 PSM → Restricted (RS1169) Initiation – ADHD Paediatrician or psychiatrist Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

continued...

| | | Price (ex man. excl. GST) | | | Brand or Generic |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| | | (ex man. | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| 1 | ntinued | | | | |
| | tiation – Narcolepsy | | | | |
| | urologist or respiratory specialist | | | | |
| | -assessment required after 24 months | | | | |
| | tient suffers from narcolepsy. | | | | |
| | ntinuation – Narcolepsy | | | | |
| | urologist or respiratory specialist | | | | |
| | -assessment required after 24 months | | | | |
| | e treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from | | | | |
| | THYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms | | | | |
| | Tab extended-release 18 mg | | | 30 | Concerta |
| | | | 7.75 | | Methylphenidate ER |
| | Tab extended-release 27 mg | | CE 11 | 30 | Teva |
| | Tab exterioeu-release 27 mg | | .05.44 11.45 | 30 | Concerta Methylphenidate ER - |
| | | | 11.45 | | Teva |
| | Tab extended-release 36 mg | | .71.93 | 30 | Concerta |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 15.50 | | Methylphenidate ER |
| | | | | | Teva |
| | Tab extended-release 54 mg | | .86.24 | 30 | Concerta |
| | | | 22.25 | | Methylphenidate ER |
| | | | | | Teva |
| | Tab immediate-release 5 mg | | | 30 | Rubifen |
| | Tab immediate-release 10 mg | | 3.00 | 30 | Ritalin |
| | Tablian adiata sala ang 00 mar | | 7.05 | | Rubifen |
| | Tab immediate-release 20 mg | | | 30 | Rubifen |
| | Tab sustained-release 20 mg | | | 30 | Rubifen SR |
| | Cap modified-release 10 mg | | | 30 30 | Ritalin LA Ritalin LA |
| | Cap modified-release 20 mg Cap modified-release 30 mg | | | 30 30 | Ritalin LA |
| | | | | 30 30 | Ritalin LA |
| | Cap modified-release 40 mg Restricted (RS1294) | | . 30.00 | 30 | |
| | tiation – ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release for | mulations) | | | |
| | ediatrician or psychiatrist | mulationsj | | | |
| | tient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), dia | anosed acc | ording to DS | M-IV or | CD 10 criteria |
| | tiation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release | • | • | | IOD TO Ontona. |
| | urologist or respiratory specialist | | , | | |
| | -assessment required after 24 months | | | | |
| | tient suffers from narcolepsy. | | | | |
|) | ntinuation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-re | elease form | ulations) | | |
|) | urologist or respiratory specialist | | , | | |
| 2 | -assessment required after 24 months | | | | |
| 1 | e treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from | n treatment. | | | |
| ľ | tiation - Extended-release and modified-release formulations | 6 | | | |
| a | ediatrician or psychiatrist | | | | |
| 0 | th: | | | | |
| | 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disord | ler), diagnos | ed according | g to DSN | I-IV or ICD 10 criteria; ar |
| | 2 Either: | - | | | |
| | 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methy | ylphenidate | hydrochlorid | e (imme | diate-release or |
| | sustained-release) which has not been effective due t | o significant | administrati | on and/o | or compliance difficulties; |
| | 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diver | rsion or abu | se of immedi | ate-relea | ase methylphenidate |

2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

| r (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| | φ | | rei | Manulaclurer |
| MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms below | 00.4 | • | <u></u> | Madavial |
| Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 ⇒ Restricted (RS1803) | .29.1 | 3 | 60 | Modavigil |
| nitiation – Narcolepsy | | | | |
| Neurologist or respiratory specialist | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 24 months | | | | |
| All of the following: | | | | |
| The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sle almost daily for three months or more; and Fither: | eepine | ess ass | ociated | with narcolepsy occurring |
| | | | | anual to 10 minutes and 0 |
| 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep la more sleep onset rapid eve movement periods; or | tency | or less | than or | equal to 10 minutes and 2 |
| 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hyp | nauor | nic hallı | icination | is: and |
| 3 Either: | nagot | jio nam | lonation | io, and |
| 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or deal | vamnl | hetami | ne has h | een trialled and discontinue |
| because of intolerable side effects; or | kumpi | lotarini | | |
| 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated. | | | | |
| Continuation – Narcolepsy | | | | |
| Neurologist or respiratory specialist | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 24 months | | | | |
| The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment. | | | | |
| Tractments for Demonstic | | | | |
| Treatments for Dementia | | | | |
| DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE | | | | |
| Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | 4.3 | 4 | 90 | Donepezil-Rex |
| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 | 6.6 | 4 | 90 | Donepezil-Rex |
| RIVASTIGMINE – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |

Rivastigmine Patch BNM 5

Rivastigmine Patch

BNM 10

➡ Restricted (RS1436)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

| Т | reatments for Substance Dependence | | |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------------------|
| | PRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE – Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg – 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022 | 28 | Buprenorphine |
| t | Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022 | 28 | Naloxone BNM Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM |

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| • Restricted (RS1172) | | | |
| nitiation – Detoxification | | | |
| Il of the following: | | | |
| 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and | | | |
| 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment servi | | ry of Hea | Ith; and |
| 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved I | by the Ministry of Health. | | |
| nitiation – Maintenance treatment | | | |
| II of the following: | | | |
| 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and | | | |
| 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and | | | |
| 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatm and | nent program in a service a | approved | by the Ministry of Health; |
| 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved l | by the Ministry of Health. | | |
| UPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab modified-release 150 mg - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023 | 11.00 | 30 | Zyban |
| ISULFIRAM | | | |
| Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024 | | 100 | Antabuse |
| ALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms belo | NA/ | | |
| Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023 | | 30 | Naltraccord |
| Restricted (RS1173) | | 00 | Manaovora |
| hitiation – Alcohol dependence | | | |
| • | | | |
| oth: | | | |
| 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir | n a recognised compreher | nsive trea | tment programme for alcoh |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and | | | |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation | | | |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati nitiation – Constipation | | | |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati itiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. | | | |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati itiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. ICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below | ion of, a physician working |) in an Ald | cohol and Drug Service. |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati itiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. ICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours | ion of, a physician working | g in an Ald 28 | cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Natrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati nitiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. ICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours | on of, a physician working |) in an Ald 28 28 | cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati hitiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. IICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours | on of, a physician working | g in an Ald 28 | cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Nattrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati itiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. IICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Oral spray 1 mg per dose | ion of, a physician working | 9 in an Ald 28 28 28 28 | cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMi</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Nattrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati itiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. IICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Oral spray 1 mg per dose Lozenge 1 mg | ion of, a physician working | y in an Ald 28 28 28 28 28 216 | cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMi</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati nitiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. ICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Oral spray 1 mg per dose Lozenge 1 mg Lozenge 2 mg | ion of, a physician working | 9 in an Ald 28 28 28 28 | cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMi</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol Habitrol |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati nitiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. ICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 4 hours Oral spray 1 mg per dose Lozenge 1 mg Lozenge 2 mg Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge | ion of, a physician working | 28 28 28 28 28 216 216 | cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol e.g. Nicorette QuickMii Mouth Spray Habitrol Habitrol e.g. Nicorette Inhalator |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati nitiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. ICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Oral spray 1 mg per dose Lozenge 1 mg Lozenge 2 mg | ion of, a physician working | y in an Ald 28 28 28 28 28 216 | cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMit</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette Inhalatol</i> Habitrol (Fruit) |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Natrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati itiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. IICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 24 hours Oral spray 1 mg per dose Lozenge 1 mg Lozenge 2 mg Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge Gum 2 mg | ion of, a physician working | y in an Ald 28 28 28 216 216 384 | cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMit</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette Inhalator</i> Habitrol (Fruit) Habitrol (Mint) |
| Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, ir dependence; and Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendati nitiation – Constipation or the treatment of opioid-induced constipation. ICOTINE – Some items restricted see terms below Patch 7 mg per 24 hours Patch 14 mg per 24 hours Patch 21 mg per 4 hours Oral spray 1 mg per dose Lozenge 1 mg Lozenge 2 mg Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge | ion of, a physician working | 28 28 28 28 28 216 216 | cohol and Drug Service. Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette QuickMit</i> <i>Mouth Spray</i> Habitrol Habitrol <i>e.g. Nicorette Inhalatol</i> Habitrol (Fruit) |

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction; or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or
- 3 Patient would be admitted to a mental health inpatient unit, but is unable to due to COVID-19 self-isolation requirement; or
- 4 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| VARENICLINE – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| ■ Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 42 - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 53 | Varenicline Pfizer |
| ↓ Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 17.62 | 56 | Varenicline Pfizer |

Restricted (RS1702)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and

3 Either:

- 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
- 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

| | (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Chemotherapeutic Agents | | | | | |
| Alkylating Agents | | | | | |
| BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 25 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 ↓ inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1835) Initiation - treatment naive CLL All of the following: ↓ The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A chro | | 308.00 |) | 1 1 emia regu | Ribomustin Ribomustin |
| 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and 5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of 6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 6 cycles. | < 6; and | | | | |
| Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocy to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and Initiation – Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas Re-assessment required after 9 months All of the following: | | | | | rapy treatment is considered |
| The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; ar Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and Either: | nd | | | | |
| 3.1 Both: 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maxim CD20+); or | num of 6 c | ycles (| (in com | bination | with rituximab when |
| 3.2 All of the following: 3.2.1 Patient has relapsed refractory disease following 3.2.2 The patient has not received prior bendamustine 3.2.3 Either: | | | erapy; a | Ind | |
| 3.2.3.1 Both: 3.2.3.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered combination with rituximab when C 3.2.3.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatme 3.2.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a refractory patients. | D20+); an ent-free int | d terval | of 12 m | onths or | more; or |
| Continuation – Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas Re-assessment required after 9 months Both: | | | | | |
| Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the Either: 2.1 Both: | last 12 m | onths; | and | | |

- 2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
- 2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or

continued...

| | (ex man. | ice excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| continued | | | | |
| 2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy | for a maxim | um of 6 cy | cles in ri | tuximab refractory patients |
| lote: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell | , marginal zo | one and lyn | nphoplas | smacytic/ Waldenström's |
| nacroglobulinaemia. | - | - | | - |
| nitiation – Hodgkin's lymphoma* | | | | |
| elevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of | a relevant s | pecialist | | |
| imited to 6 months treatment | | | | |
| Il of the following: | | | | |
| Patient has Hodgkin's lymphoma requiring treatment; and | | | | |
| 2 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0-2; and | | | | |
| 3 Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy; and | | | | |
| 4 Patient's disease relapsed or was refractory following prior che | | | | |
| 5 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with gemc | | vinorelbine | (BeGeV |) at a maximum dose of no |
| greater than 90 mg/m2 twice per cycle, for a maximum of four | cycles. | | | |
| lote: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. | | | | |
| BUSULFAN | | | | |
| Tab 2 mg | 8 | 39.25 | 100 | Myleran |
| Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule | | | | |
| CARMUSTINE | | | | |
| Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 | 7 [.] | 0.00 | 1 | BICNU |
| | 1,38 | 37.00 | | Bicnu Heritage |
| Bicnu Heritage Inj 100 mg vial to be delisted 1 September 2022) | | | | |
| CHLORAMBUCIL | | | | |
| Tab 2 mg | | | | |
| CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE | | | | |
| Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 14 | 15.00 | 50 | Cyclonex |
| Inj 1 g vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | | | 1 | Endoxan |
| Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | •••••• | 71.25 | 1 | Endoxan |
| FOSFAMIDE | | | | |
| Inj 1 g vial | | 96.00 | 1 | Holoxan |
| Inj 2 g vial | 18 | 30.00 | 1 | Holoxan |
| OMUSTINE | | | | |
| Cap 10 mg | 1: | 32.59 | 20 | Ceenu |
| Cap 40 mg | 39 | 99.15 | 20 | Ceenu |
| IELPHALAN | | | | |
| Tab 2 mg | | | | |
| Inj 50 mg vial | | | | |
| HIOTEPA | | | | |
| Inj 15 mg vial | | | | |
| Inj 100 mg vial | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics | | | | |
| LEOMYCIN SULPHATE | | | | |
| Inj 15,000 iu vial | 18 | 35.16 | 1 | DBL Bleomycin Sulfate |
| | | | | |
| ACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D] Inj 0.5 mg vial | | | | |

| Inj 0.5 mg vial | 255.00 | 1 | Cosmegen |
|-----------------------------|----------|----|----------------------|
| DAUNORUBICIN | | | |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | 149.50 | 1 | Pfizer |
| Inj 20 mg vial | 1,495.00 | 10 | Daunorubicin Zentiva |
| | | | |

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

134

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE | | - | |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial | | | |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial | | 1 | Doxorubicin Ebewe |
| Inj 50 mg vial | | | |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial | | 1 | Doxorubicin Ebewe |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 1 | Doxorubicin Ebewe |
| EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial | | 1 | Epirubicin Ebewe |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial | | 1 | Epirubicin Ebewe |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 1 | Epirubicin Ebewe |
| DARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 5 mg vial | | 1 | Zavedos |
| Inj 10 mg vial | | 1 | Zavedos |
| AITOMYCIN C | | | |
| Inj 5 mg vial | | | |
| Inj 20 mg vial | | 1 | Teva |
| /ITOZANTRONE | * | | |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | 97 50 | 1 | Mitozantrone Ebewe |
| | | | |
| Antimetabolites | | | |
| | | | |
| Inj 100 mg vial − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1418) nitiation | 75.06 | 1 | Azacitidine Dr Reddy's |
| Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 75.06 | 1 | Azacitidine Dr Reddy's |
| Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Restricted (RS1418) nitiation laematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months II of the following: | 75.06 | 1 | Azacitidine Dr Reddy's |
| Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Restricted (RS1418) hitiation laematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months III of the following: Any of the following: The patient has International Prognostic Scoring Sy | | | |
| Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Restricted (RS1418) nitiation laematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> Il of the following: Any of the following: | rstem (IPSS) intermediate | -2 or high | n risk myelodysplastic |
| Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Restricted (RS1418) nitiation laematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> NI of the following: Any of the following: The patient has International Prognostic Scoring Sy syndrome; or | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts | e-2 or high | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder) |
| Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Restricted (RS1418) nitiation Haematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months NI of the following: Any of the following: The patient has International Prognostic Scoring Sy syndrome; or The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia or The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30 | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts 0% blasts and multi-lineag | e-2 or high | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder) |
| Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Restricted (RS1418) nitiation laematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months III of the following: Any of the following: The patient has International Prognostic Scoring Sy syndrome; or | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts 0% blasts and multi-lineag 0-2; and | -2 or high s without ge dyspla | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder) sia, according to World |
| Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Restricted (RS1418) nitiation laematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months If the following: Any of the following: The patient has International Prognostic Scoring Sy syndrome; or The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia or The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-36 Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0 | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts 0% blasts and multi-lineag 0-2; and drome resulting from cher | -2 or high s without ge dyspla | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder sia, according to World |
| Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts 0% blasts and multi-lineag 0-2; and drome resulting from cher | -2 or high s without ge dyspla | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder) sia, according to World |
| Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts 0% blasts and multi-lineag 0-2; and drome resulting from cher | -2 or high s without ge dyspla | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder) sia, according to World |
| Inj 100 mg vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts 0% blasts and multi-lineag 0-2; and drome resulting from cher | -2 or high s without ge dyspla | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder sia, according to World |
| Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts 0% blasts and multi-lineag 0-2; and drome resulting from cher | -2 or high s without ge dyspla | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder sia, according to World |
| Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts 0% blasts and multi-lineag 0-2; and drome resulting from cher nonths. | -2 or high s without ge dyspla | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder sia, according to World |
| Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts 0% blasts and multi-lineag 0-2; and drome resulting from cher nonths. | -2 or high s without ge dyspla | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder) sia, according to World |
| Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts 0% blasts and multi-lineag 0-2; and drome resulting from cher nonths. | e-2 or high s without ge dyspla nical injur | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder) sia, according to World y or prior treatment with |
| → Restricted (RS1418) nitiation Haematologist Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: | rstem (IPSS) intermediate (10%-29% marrow blasts 0% blasts and multi-lineag 0-2; and drome resulting from cher nonths. | -2 or high s without ge dyspla | n risk myelodysplastic myeloproliferative disorder) sia, according to World |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| | φ | Fei | Manufacturer |
| | | | |
| Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | 740.06 | 1 | Leustatin |
| | | 1 | Leusialin |
| YTARABINE | | _ | |
| Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial | | 5 | Pfizer |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial | | 1 | Pfizer |
| LUDARABINE PHOSPHATE | | | |
| Tab 10 mg | | 20 | Fludara Oral |
| Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | 576.45 | 5 | Fludarabine Ebewe |
| LUOROURACIL | | | |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | | 1 | Flurouracil Accord |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | | 1 | Flurouracil Accord |
| EMCITABINE | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023 | | 1 | Gemcitabine Ebewe |
| | | • | |
| IERCAPTOPURINE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | 27.00 | 25 | Puri-nethol |
| | | 25 100 ml | |
| Oral suspension 20 mg per ml Restricted (RS1635) | | 100 mi | Allmercap |
| nitiation | | | |
| aediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist | | | |
| le-assessment required after 12 months | | | |
| he patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per da | av | | |
| Continuation | ay. | | |
| aediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | |
| he patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per da | av | | |
| | | | |
| IETHOTREXATE | | | |
| Tab 2.5 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 9.98 | 90 | Trexate |
| Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 90 | Trexate |
| Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial | | | |
| Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe | 14.61 | 1 | Methotrexate Sandoz |
| Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe | 14.66 | 1 | Methotrexate Sandoz |
| Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe | 14.77 | 1 | Methotrexate Sandoz |
| Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe | | 1 | Methotrexate Sandoz |
| Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe | 14.99 | 1 | Methotrexate Sandoz |
| Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe | | 1 | Methotrexate Sandoz |
| Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial | | 5 | Methotrexate DBL |
| | | | Onco-Vial |
| Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial | 45.00 | 1 | DBL Methotrexate |
| Ini 100 mg nor ml. 10 ml viol | 05.00 | 4 | Onco-Vial |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | | 1 | Methotrexate Ebewe |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | | I | Methotrexate Ebewe |
| EMETREXED – Restricted see terms below Ini 100 mg vial | | | |
| Inj 100 mg vial | | 1 | Juno Pemetrexed |
| Inj 500 mg vial | 217.77 | 1 | Juno Pemetrexed |
| Restricted (RS1596) | | | |
| itiation – Mesothelioma | | | |
| e-assessment required after 8 months | | | |

Both:

continued...

| Price | | Brand or |
|--------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST |) | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and

2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation – Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
 - 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days.

THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

Other Cytotoxic Agents

AMSACRINE

| AMOAURINE | | |
|----------------------------------------------------|----|-----------------------|
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule | | |
| Inj 75 mg | | |
| ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE | | |
| Cap 0.5 mg | | |
| ARSENIC TRIOXIDE | | |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial4,817.00 | 10 | Phenasen |
| BORTEZOMIB – Restricted see terms below | | |
| Inj 2.5 mg vial | | |
| Inj 3.5 mg vial − 1% DV Aug-20 to 2022 | 1 | Bortezomib Dr-Reddy's |
| (Any Inj 2.5 mg vial to be delisted 1 August 2022) | | - |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1725) | | |
| Initiation – multiple myeloma/amyloidosis | | |
| Either: | | |
| 1 The patient has symptomatic multiple myeloma; or | | |
| | | |

2 The patient has symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| DACARBAZINE | | | |
| Inj 200 mg vial | 62.70 | 1 | DBL Dacarbazine |
| ETOPOSIDE | | | |
| Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | | 20 | Vepesid |
| Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | | 10 | Vepesid |
| Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial | | 1 | Rex Medical |
| ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE) | | | |
| Inj 100 mg vial | | 1 | Etopophos |
| HYDROXYUREA [HYDROXYCARBAMIDE] | | | |
| Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023 | | 100 | Devatis |
| IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 1 | Accord |
| LENALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Cap 5 mg | | 28 | Revlimid |
| ↓ Cap 10 mg | | 21 | Revlimid |
| | 6,207.00 | 28 | Revlimid |
| Cap 15 mg | 5,429.39 | 21 | Revlimid |
| | 7,239.18 | 28 | Revlimid |
| ↓ Cap 25 mg | 7,627.00 | 21 | Revlimid |

→ Restricted (RS1836)

Initiation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- 2 Patient has not previously been treated with lenalidomide; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

138

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed symptomatic multiple myeloma and has undergone first-line treatment that included an autologous stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has at least a stable disease response in the first 100 days after transplantation; and
- 3 Lenalidomide maintenance is to be commenced within 6 months of transplantation; and

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 15 mg/day.

Continuation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

OLAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

| t | Tab 100 mg | 56 | Lynparza |
|---|------------|----|----------|
| t | Tab 150 mg | 56 | Lynparza |
| | | | |

➡ Restricted (RS1722)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation; and
- 3 Patient has received at least two lines of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease progression occurring at least 6 months after the last dose of the penultimate line of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 5 Patient's disease must have achieved partial or complete response to treatment with the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 6 Patient's disease has not progressed following prior treatment with olaparib; and
- 7 Treatment will be commenced within 8 weeks of the patient's last dose of the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 8 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 9 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Note: *Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1788)

Initiation – Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

continued...

| | Price | | | Brand or |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|--------------|
| (e | x man. excl. | GST) | | Generic |
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| continued | | | | |
| 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; a | and | | | |
| 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-age | nt chemothe | rapy tr | eatment | protocol. |
| Initiation – Relapsed ALL | | | | |
| Limited to 12 months treatment | | | | |
| Both: | | | | |
| 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and | | | | |
| 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-age | nt chemothe | rapy tr | eatment | protocol. |
| Initiation – Lymphoma | | | | |
| Limited to 12 months treatment | | | | |
| Patient has lymphoma requiring L-asparaginase containing protocol (e.g. | SMILE). | | | |
| PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN] | | | | |
| Inj 10 mg vial | | | | |
| PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | | |
| Cap 50 mg | 980.00 |) | 50 | Natulan |
| TEMOZOL OMIDE – Bestricted see terms below | | • | 00 | |
| | 0.10 | , | F | Temaccord |
| Cap 5 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022 | | | 5 5 | Temaccord |
| ↓ Cap 20 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022 ↓ Cap 100 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022 | | | 5 5 | Temaccord |
| Cap 140 mg – 1% DV May-20 to 2022 | | | 5 5 | Temaccord |
| Cap 140 mg − 1% DV May-20 to 2022 Cap 250 mg − 1% DV May-20 to 2022 | | | 5 | Temaccord |
| → Restricted (RS1645) | | t | 5 | Temaccoru |
| Initiation – High grade gliomas | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | | |
| | | | | |

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or
 - 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
- 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day.

Continuation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has glioblastoma multiforme; and
 - 1.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
 - 2.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
 - 2.3 Adjuvant temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 24 months.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

140

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose

ONCOLOCY ACENTS AND IMMUNO ---

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| continued | | | |
| of 200 mg/m ² per day; and | | | |
| 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression. | | | |
| Continuation – Neuroendocrine tumours | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months | | | |
| Both: | | | |
| 1 No evidence of disease progression; and | | | |
| 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefittir | ng from treatment. | | |
| Initiation – ewing's sarcoma | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 9 months | | | |
| Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma. | | | |
| Continuation – ewing's sarcoma | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months | | | |
| Both: | | | |
| 1 No evidence of disease progression; and | a from trootmont | | |
| 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefittir Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication. Temoz | • | l for tha t | reatment of released high |
| grade glioma. | | | realment of relapsed high |
| | | | |
| THALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below | 270 00 | 28 | Thalomid |
| Cap 50 mg | | 20 28 | Thalomid |
| → Restricted (RS1192) | | 20 | maiomiu |
| Initiation | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | |
| Any of the following: | | | |
| 1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or | | | |
| 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or | | | |
| 3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum. | | | |
| Continuation | | | |
| Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial appr | | | |
| Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the | halidomide risk mana | gement p | programme operated by the |
| supplier | | | |
| Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination t | nerapy regimen | | |
| ndication marked with * is an unapproved indication | | | |
| | 170 50 | 400 | Managed |
| Cap 10 mg | | 100 | Vesanoid |
| VENETOCLAX – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg | | 42 | Venclexta |
| Tab 10 mg | | 14 | Venclexta |
| Tab 50 mg | | 7 | Venclexta |
| Tab 100 mg | | 120 | Venclexta |
| Restricted (RS1713) nitiation – relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia | | | |
| Haematologist | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 7 months | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |

All of the following:

1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and

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| | | \$ | | Per | Manufacturer | |

continued...

- 2 Patient has received at least one prior therapy for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

Initiation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion by FISH testing or TP53 mutation by sequencing; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Platinum Compounds

| CARBOPLATIN Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial45.20 | 1 | Carboplatin Ebewe |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|---|--------------------|
| CISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | 1 | DBL Cisplatin |
| OXALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial46.32 | 1 | Oxaliplatin Accord |

Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors

| ALECTINIB - Restricted see terms below Cap 150 mg | 7.935.00 | 224 | Alecensa |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------|-----|----------|
| → Restricted (RS1712) | | | |
| nitiation | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyrosine kinase gene rearrangement using an appropriate ALK test; and

| | | Price excl. GS \$ | T) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
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| continued | | | | |
| 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2. | | | | |
| Continuation | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months | | | | |
| Both: | | | | |
| No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment. | criteria; and | | | |
| DASATINIB – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| Tab 20 mg | | 774.06 | 60 | Sprycel |
| 🖡 Tab 50 mg | | 214.20 | 60 | Sprycel |
| Tab 70 mg | 7,0 | 692.58 | 60 | Sprycel |
| → Restricted (RS1685) | | | | |
| nitiation | | | | |
| Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendatio | n of a haemato | ologist | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months | | | | |
| Any of the following: | | | | |
| 1 Both: | | | | |
| 1.1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leuk 1.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or | kaemia (CML) i | n blast cr | isis or ac | celerated phase; and |
| 2 Both: | | | | |
| 2.1 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromo | somo-nositivo | acuto lun | nhoid la | ukaomia (Ph+ ALL): and |
| 2.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or | bonne-positive | acute iyn | | |
| 3 All of the following: | | | | |
| 3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase | so: and | | | |
| 3.2 Maximum dose of 100 mg/day; and | se, anu | | | |
| 3.3 Any of the following: | | | | |
| 3.3.1 Patient has documented treatment failure* v | with imatinih. o | r | | |
| 3.3.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting t | | | ludina fu | urther treatment with imatinib. |
| 3.3.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML de | | | | |
| 3.3.4 Patients is enrolled in the KISS study** and | | | | |
| Continuation | | | | 5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendatio | n of a haemato | loaist | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months | | 0 | | |
| All of the following: | | | | |
| 1 Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib*; and | | | | |
| 2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is | | | | |
| 3 Maximum dasatinib dose of 140 mg/day for accelerated or | r blast phase C | ML and P | h+ ALL, | and 100 mg/day for chronic |
| phase CML. | | | | |
| Note: *treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net G | uidelines. **Ki | nase-Inhi | bition Stu | udy with Sprycel Start-up |
| https://www.cancertrialsnz.ac.nz/kiss/ | | | | |
| ERLOTINIB – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| Tab 100 mg | ······ | 764.00 | 30 | Tarceva |
| Tab 150 mg | 1, | 146.00 | 30 | Tarceva |
| → Restricted (RS1885) | | | | |
| nitiation | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 4 months | | | | |

All of the following:

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continued...

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation – pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Erlotinib to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

| t | Tab 250 mg | 1,700.00 | 30 | Iressa |
|---|---------------------|----------|----|--------|
| ⇒ | Restricted (RS1887) | | | |

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation – pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Gefitinib to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
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| IMATINIB MESILATE The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) is fully unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST only, see SA1460 ↓ Tab 100 mg → Restricted (RS1402) Initiation | in Section B of the Ph | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months Both: 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectation tumour (GIST); and | able and/or metastatic | malignai | nt gastrointestinal stromal |
| 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day. Continuation <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber detern Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) rem with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in S | nains fully subsidised | | |
| Cap 100 mg – 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023 Cap 400 mg – 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023 | | 60 30 | Imatinib-Rex Imatinib-Rex |
| LAPATINIB – Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 250 mg → Restricted (RS1828) Initiation | 1,899.00 | 70 | Tykerb |
| For continuation use only. Continuation <i>Re-assessment required after 12 months</i> All of the following: | | | |
| The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IH and The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the pre Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression. | evious 12 months while | • | 0,,, |
| NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 150 mg ↓ Cap 200 mg → Restricted (RS1437) Initiation Haematologist <i>Re-assessment required after 6 months</i> All of the following: | | 120 120 | Tasigna Tasigna |
| 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in 2 Either: | blast crisis, accelerate | ed phase | , or in chronic phase; and |

- 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with imatinib; or
- 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$ | Г) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
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| continued Continuation Haematologist | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |
| Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and Subsidised for use as monotherapy only. | | | |
| PALBOCICLIB – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Tab 75 mg | 4,000.00 | 21 | Ibrance |
| Tab 100 mg | 4,000.00 | 21 | Ibrance |
| ↓ Tab 125 mg | 4,000.00 | 21 | Ibrance |
| nitiation Medical proclement | | | |
| Nedical oncologist Re-assessment required after 6 months | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |
| Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-r Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and | | 2-negative; | and |
| 4 Either: | | | |
| second or subsequent line setting 4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior 4.2 Both: | endocrine therapy; or | | |
| first line setting | | | |
| 4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally o state; and | r induced, with endocrine I | evels cons | istent with a postmenopaus |
| 4.2.2 Either: | | | |
| 4.2.2.1 Patient has not received prior syste 4.2.2.2 All of the following: | mic treatment for metastat | ic disease; | or |
| 4.2.2.2.1 Patient commenced treatment 1 April 2020; and | | | |
| 4.2.2.2.2 Patient has not received prio | • | ment for me | etastatic disease; and |
| 4.2.2.2.3 There is no evidence of prog | | | |
| 5 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrir | ne partner. | | |
| Continuation | | | |
| Medical oncologist | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |
| 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrir | ne partner; and | | |
| 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the notion is had | ofitting from trootmant | | |
| 3 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is ber | renuing from treatment. | | |
| PAZOPANIB – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Tab 200 mg | | 30 | Votrient |
| Tab 400 mg | | 30 | Votrient |

→ Restricted (RS1198) Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

146

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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continued...

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms below

| t | Tab 5 mg2,500.00 | 56 | Jakavi |
|---|-------------------|----|--------|
| t | Tab 10 mg5,000.00 | 56 | Jakavi |
| t | Tab 15 mg5,000.00 | 56 | Jakavi |
| | Tab 20 mg5,000.00 | | Jakavi |

→ Restricted (RS1726)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy; and
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

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| Continuation | n of a Balayant aposialist | | |
| Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation Re-assessment required after 12 months | n of a Relevant specialist | | |
| Both: | | | |
| 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is bene | efiting from treatment; and | | |
| 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given. | | | |
| SUNITINIB – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Cap 12.5 mg – 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024 | | 28 | Sunitinib Pfizer |
| | 2,315.38 | | Sutent |
| Cap 25 mg – 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024 | | 28 | Sunitinib Pfizer |
| Cap 50 mg - 5% DV Jul-22 to 2024 | 4,630.77 | 28 | Sutent Sunitinib Pfizer |
| • Cap 50 mg = 5 % DV 501-22 to 2024 | 9,261.54 | 20 | Sutent |
| Sutent Cap 12.5 mg to be delisted 1 July 2022) | 0,201.04 | | Outom |
| (Sutent Cap 25 mg to be delisted 1 July 2022) | | | |
| Sutent Cap 50 mg to be delisted 1 July 2022) | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1886) | | | |
| nitiation – RCC | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 3 months | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |
| 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and | | | |
| 2 Any of the following: | | | |
| 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatm | ont: or | | |
| 2.3 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment with a | | hin the c | confines of a bona fide clinica |
| trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or | an investigational agent wit | | |
| 2.4 Both: | | | |
| 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib wit | hin 3 months of starting tre | atment of | due to intolerance; and |
| 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazo | | | |
| 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG gr | rade 0-2); and | | |
| 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and | | | |
| 5 All of the following: | | | |
| 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper lim | it of normal; and | | |
| 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and | 14. \ | | |
| 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mn | /· | d | |
| 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the st 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal | | u | |
| 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and | 10 70, and | | |
| 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles. | | | |
| Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease p | rograssas | | |
| Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria | | anosis r | patients are defined as having |
| | | | |
| 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6. | a 5.1 5.6. Internetiate pre | 9.10010 p | |

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

148

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

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| (ex man. ex | cl. GST) | | Generic |
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continued...

Initiation – GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation – GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
 - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation – GIST pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 Sunitinib is to be discontinued at progression; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

Taxanes

| DOCETAXEL | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------|---|------------------|
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial | .46.89 | 1 | DBL Docetaxel |
| PACLITAXEL | | | |
| Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial | .47.30 | 5 | Paclitaxel Ebewe |
| Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | .24.00 | 1 | Paclitaxel Ebewe |
| Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial | .26.69 | 1 | Paclitaxel Ebewe |
| Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 | .44.00 | 1 | Paclitaxel Ebewe |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects | | | |
| CALCIUM FOLINATE | 114.00 | 10 | |
| Tab 15 mg Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | 10 | DBL Leucovorin Calcium |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | | 5 1 | Calcium Folinate Ebewe Calcium Folinate |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 9.49 | 1 | Sandoz Calcium Folinate |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial | | 1 | Sandoz Calcium Folinate Ebewe |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 1 | Calcium Folinate Sandoz |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 | 72.00 | 1 | Calcium Folinate Sandoz |
| DEXRAZOXANE – Restricted see terms below | | | o a Cardiaxana |
| → Restricted (RS1695) | | | e.g. Cardioxane |
| Initiation Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediatric | haematologist | | |
| All of the following: | nacinatologist | | |
| 1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline gi | | | d 050mm/m0 daverytisia |
| 2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetime equivalent or greater; and | dose of anthracycline | will excee | a 250mg/m2 aoxorubicin |
| 3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracycline | treatment; and | | |
| 4 Either: 4.1 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a child | or young adult: or | | |
| 4.2 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a child | | | |
| MESNA | | | |
| Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 50 50 | Uromitexan Uromitexan |
| Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 50 15 | Uromitexan |
| Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 15 | Uromitexan |
| Vinca Alkaloids | | | |
| VINBLASTINE SULPHATE | 070.07 | - | l la color |
| Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | | 5 | Hospira |
| VINCRISTINE SULPHATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial | | 5 | DBL Vincristine Sulfate |
| lnj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial | | 5 | DBL Vincristine Sulfate |
| VINORELBINE | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial | | 1 | Navelbine Navelbine |
| · • | | | |
| Endocrine Therapy | | | |
| ABIRATERONE ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the next page Tab 250 mg | | 120 | Zutian |
| ↓ Tab 250 mg | | 120 | Zytiga |

t Item restricted (see \rightarrow above); **t** Item restricted (see \rightarrow below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | Dau | Generic |
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→ Restricted (RS1888)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases; and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
 - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
 - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Continuation – pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 Abiraterone acetate to be discontinued at progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

BICALUTAMIDE

| Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 20234.21 | 28 | Binarex |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----|----------|
| FLUTAMIDE Tab 250 mg | 100 | Flutamin |
| FULVESTRANT – Restricted see terms below | 100 | riddinin |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml prefilled syringe | 2 | Faslodex |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1732) | | |
| Initiation | | |
| Medical oncologist | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months | | |
| All of the following: | | |

- 1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment with an aromatase inhibitor or tamoxifen for their locally

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| | ÷ | | manalacturor |
| advanced or metastatic disease; and | | | |
| 3 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly following l | oading doses; and | | |
| 4 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression. | 0 / | | |
| Continuation | | | |
| Medical oncologist | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 6 months | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |
| 1 Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from | treatment; and | | |
| 2 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly; and | | | |
| 3 No evidence of disease progression. | | | |
| MEGESTROL ACETATE – Restricted: For continuation only | | | |
| 🛏 Tab 160 mg | | 30 | Megace |
| (Megace Tab 160 mg to be delisted 1 February 2023) | | | |
| OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below | | | |
| Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | | 5 | DBL Octreotide |
| | 27.58 | | Max Health |
| Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | 40.00 | 5 | DBL Octreotide |
| | 32.71 | | Max Health |
| Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jun-22 to 2024 | | 5 | DBL Octreotide |
| • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 113.10 | | Max Health |
| Inj depot 10 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 1 | Octreotide Depot Teva |
| Inj depot 20 mg prefilled syringe – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 1 | Octreotide Depot Teva |
| ↓ Inj depot 30 mg prefilled syringe - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | | 1 | Octreotide Depot Teva |
| (DBL Octreotide Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Jun | / | | |
| (DBL Octreotide Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Ju | | | |
| (DBL Octreotide Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Ju | ine 2022) | | |
| → Restricted (RS1889) | | | |
| Initiation – Malignant bowel obstruction | | | |

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

152

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Initiation – Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

Initiation - pre-operative acromegaly

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Patient has a large pituitary tumour, greater than 10 mm at its widest; and
- 3 Patient is scheduled to undergo pituitary surgery in the next six months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Continuation - Acromegaly - pandemic circumstances

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 The patient is clinically benefiting from treatment and continued treatment remains appropriate; and
- 3 The regular renewal requirements cannot be met due to COVID-19 constraints on the health sector.

TAMOXIFEN CITRATE

| Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 15.00 Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 6.65 | 60 60 | Tamoxifen Sandoz Tamoxifen Sandoz |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| Aromatase Inhibitors | | |
| ANASTROZOLE Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 4.55 | 30 | Anatrole |
| EXEMESTANE Tab 25 mg14.50 | 30 | Pfizer Exemestane |
| LETROZOLE Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 5.84 | 30 | Letrole |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Imaging Agents | | | |
| MINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see t | terms below | | |
| Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial | | 1 | Gliolan |
| Restricted (RS1565) | 44,000.00 | 10 | Gliolan |
| itiation – high grade malignant glioma | | | |
| of the following: | | | |
| 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma mul | | | |
| 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided | resection; and | | |
| 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection. | | | |
| mmunosuppressants | | | |
| Calcineurin Inhibitors | | | |
| | | | |
| ICLOSPORIN | 11 60 | 50 | Neoral |
| Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg | | 50 50 | Neoral |
| Cap 30 mg | | 50 50 | Neoral |
| Oral lig 100 mg per ml | | 50 ml | Neoral |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule | | 10 | Sandimmun |
| ACROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Cap 0.5 mg | | 100 | Tacrolimus Sandoz |
| Cap 0.75 mg | | 100 | Tacrolimus Sandoz |
| Cap 1 mg | | 100 | Tacrolimus Sandoz |
| Cap 5 mg | | 50 | Tacrolimus Sandoz |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule • Restricted (RS1651) | | | |
| itiation – organ transplant recipients | | | |
| ny specialist | | | |
| or use in organ transplant recipients. | | | |
| itiation – non-transplant indications* | | | |
| ny specialist | | | |
| oth: | d | | |
| Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; a Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment b | and Anonuco of unaccontable c | ido offoct | e or inadoquato olinical |
| response. | lecause of unacceptable s | | s of madequate climical |
| ote: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications | | | |
| | | | |
| Fusion Proteins | | | |
| TANERCEPT – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Inj 25 mg autoinjector – 5% DV Feb-21 to 2024 | | 4 | Enbrel |
| Inj 25 mg vial – 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024 Inj 50 mg autoinjector – 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024 | | 4 | Enbrel Enbrel |
| Inj 50 mg autoinjector – 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024 Inj 50 mg syringe – 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024 | | 4 4 | Enbrel |
| Restricted (RS1879) | | + | |
| itiation – polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis | | | |
| heumatologist or named specialist | | | |
| e-assessment required after 6 months | | | |

continued...

Either:

154

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or

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| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

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- 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
- 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation – oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baselinee; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

156

1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | _ | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

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- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

| Age | Male | Female |
|-------|--------|--------|
| 18-24 | 7.0 cm | 5.5 cm |
| 25-34 | 7.5 cm | 5.5 cm |
| 35-44 | 6.5 cm | 4.5 cm |
| 45-54 | 6.0 cm | 5.0 cm |
| 55-64 | 5.5 cm | 4.0 cm |
| 65-74 | 4.0 cm | 4.0 cm |
| 75+ | 3.0 cm | 2.5 cm |
| | | |

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Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

| Price | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----------------|
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| \$ F | er Manufacturer |

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
- 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment. **Continuation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis**

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

1.1 Both:

- 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
- 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or

1.2 Both:

1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and

| Pi | rice | | Brand or | |
|----------|---------|------|--------------|--|
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- 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

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Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

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Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
 - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1202)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB (AMGEVITA) - Restricted see terms on the next page

| t | Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026 190.00 | 1 | Amgevita |
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| t | Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled pen - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026 | 2 | Amgevita |
| t | Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Oct-22 to 31 Jul 2026375.00 | 2 | Amgevita |

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➡ Restricted (RS1878)

Initiation - Behcet's disease - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Both:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease* that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatological and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatments appropriate for the particular symptom(s).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and
- 3 Patient has 3 or more active lesions; and
- 4 The patient has a DLQI of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application.

Continuation – Hidradenitis suppurativa

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 4 or more from baseline.

Initiation – Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:

2.1 Either:

- 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
- 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 2.3 A PASI assessment or (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course

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but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Plaque psoriasis - severe chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has a DLQI improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 2.2.2 The patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value.

Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

Both:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a CDAI score of greater than or equal to 300 or HBI score of greater than or equal to 10; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score, or HBI score has reduced 3 points, from when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or

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2 CDAI score is 150 or less, or HBI is 4 or less; or

3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment, but CDAI score and/or HBI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a PCDAI score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
- 2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
- 3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); or
 - 2.3 Patient has complex peri-anal fistula; and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - fistulising

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:

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- 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
- 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
- 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - chronic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - Ocular inflammation - severe

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 2 year treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 1.2 Either:

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- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiology imaging; and
 - 2.4 Patient has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more NSAIDs, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following BASMI measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender; and
 - 2.6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation – ankylosing spondylitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

For applications where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose).

Continuation – Arthritis - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and

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continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Named specialist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation – Arthritis - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit to meet the renewal criteria for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine or leflunomide at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or

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- 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Arthritis - psoriatic

Any relevant practitioner Re-assessment required after 2 years Fither:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in swollen joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate at a maximum tolerated dose (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip.

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Continuation - Arthritis - rheumatoid

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - Still's disease - adult-onset (AOSD)

Rheumatologist

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept and/or tocilizumab for (AOSD); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, NSAIDs and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed active ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient's SCCAI score is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient's PUCAI score is greater than or equal to 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior therapy with immunomodulators and systemic corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years Either:

- 1 The SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score since initiation on adalimumab; or
- 2 The PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score since initiation on adalimumab.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of each of methotrexate, sulphasalazine and leflunomide, at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated); and
- 3 Any of the following:

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- 3.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 3.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 3.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – undifferentiated spondyloarthiritis

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response in the opinion of the treating physician.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has axial inflammatory pain for six months or more; and
- 3 Patient is unable to take NSAIDs; and
- 4 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by radiological imaging; and
- 5 Patient has not responded adequately to prior treatment consisting of at least 3 months of an exercise regime supervised by a physiotherapist; and
- 6 A BASDAI of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale completed after the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing any previous pharmacological treatment.

Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - axial

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

For applications where treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less.

Initiation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of active ulcerative colitis or active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Patient has active arthritis in at least four joints from the following: hip, knee, ankle, subtalar, tarsus, forefoot, wrist, elbow, shoulder, sternoclavicular; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of methotrexate, or azathioprine at a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulphasalazine at a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a CRP level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an ESR greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

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170

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Continuation - inflammatory bowel arthritis - peripheral

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 Following initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 Patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline in the opinion of the treating physician.

ADALIMUMAB (HUMIRA) - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe1,599.96 | 2 | Humira |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| t | Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen1,599.96 | 2 | HumiraPen |
| t | Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe 1,599.96 | 2 | Humira |

→ Restricted (RS1877)

Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

- Both:
 - 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation – fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months Both:

1 Either:

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1.1 Either:

1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or

1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or

1.2 Both:

- 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation – Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation – rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation – ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

172

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and

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2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation – plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or

1.2 Both:

- 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
- 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

1 Any of the following:

1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or

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- 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if adalimumab is withdrawn.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if adalimumab is withdrawn.

Continuation – hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and
- 3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 40 mg per ml, 0.1 ml vial1,250.00 |) 1 | Eylea |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----|-------|
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➡ Restricted (RS1872)

Initiation – Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

174

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and

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- 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
- 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months; or
 - 2.2 Patient has previously* (*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

Initiation – Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
- 2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
- 3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomography) subfield > 350 micrometers; and
- 5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy.

Continuation – Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and
- 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction in intra-retinal cysts, central retinal thickness, and sub-retinal fluid); and
- 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy; and
- 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, patient has retrialled with at least one injection of bevacizumab and had no response.

BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

| Inj 20 mg vial | 1 | Simulect |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------|----------|
| ➡ Restricted (RS1203) | | |
| Initiation | | |
| For use in solid organ transplants. | | |
| BEVACIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below | | |
| Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial | | |
| Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial | | |
| → Restricted (RS1691) | | |
| Initiation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis | | |
| Otolaryngologist | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | |
| All of the following: | | |
| | | |

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| continued | | | | | |
| Maximum of 6 doses; and The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and The treatment is for intra-lesional administration. | | | | | |
| Continuation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis | | | | | |
| Dtolaryngologist | | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | | | |
| 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and | | | | | |
| 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease in | regrowth a | s a res | sult of t | reatment | |
| nitiation – ocular conditions | regrowthat | 5 a lot | | | |
| Ocular neovascularisation; or Exudative ocular angiopathy. | | | | | |
| CASIRIVIMAB AND IMDEVIMAB - Restricted see terms below | | | | | |
| Inj 120 mg per ml casirivimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) and inj 120 mg per imdevimab, 11.1 ml vial (1) | | 0.00 |) | 1 | Ronapreve |
| Restricted (RS1874) nitiation – Treatment of profoundly immunocompromised patier imited to 2 weeks treatment All of the following: | nts | | | | |
| Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and The patient is in the community (treated as an outpatient) with Patient is profoundly immunocompromised** and is at risk of n against COVID-19 or is unvaccinated; and Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanic Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maximu | not having i cal ventilation | mount on; an | ed an a | adequate | response to vaccination |
| Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Minis | | | | | - |
| * Examples include B-cell depletive illnesses or patients receiving tre nitiation – mild to moderate COVID-19-hospitalised patients Any relevant practitioner <i>Limited to 2 weeks</i> treatment All of the following: | eatment the | at is B· | -Cell di | epleting. | |
| 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and | | | | | |
| 2 Patient is an in-patient in hospital with mild to moderate diseas | se severity | *; and | | | |
| 3 Patient's symptoms started within the last 10 days; and | | | | | |
| 4 Patient is not receiving high flow oxygen or assisted/mechanic | al ventilati | on; an | d | | |
| 5 Any of the following: | | | | | |
| 5.1 Age > 50; or 5.2 BMI > 30; or | | | | | |
| 5.3 Patient is Māori or Pacific ethnicity; or 5.4 Patient is at increased risk of severe illness from COVI Health website (see Notes); and | D-19, exclı | uding | pregna | incy, as d | escribed on the Ministry o |
| 6 Either: | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

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176

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
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| continued 6.2 Patient is seronegative where serology testing is readi | ly available or strongly | v suspecte | d to be seronegative where |
| serology testing is not available; and 7 Casirivimab and imdevimab is to be administered at a maxim | um dose of no greater | than 2.40 | 0 ma. |
| Notes: * Mild to moderate disease severity as described on the Minis **(https://www.health.govt.nz/our-work/diseases-and-conditions/covid | stry of Health Website | | - |
| audiences/covid-19-advice-higher-risk-people) | | | |
| CETUXIMAB – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial | | 1 | Erbitux |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial | 1,820.00 | 1 | Erbitux |
| → Restricted (RS1613) Initiation | | | |
| Medical oncologist | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |
| 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell | cancer of the head and | d neck; an | d |
| 2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and | | | |
| 3 Patient has good performance status; and | | | |
| 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy. | | | |
| INFLIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| ↓ Inj 100 mg | | 1 | Remicade |
| → Restricted (RS1862) | | | |
| Initiation – Graft vs host disease | | | |
| Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut. Initiation – rheumatoid arthritis | | | |
| Rheumatologist | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 4 months | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |
| 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for ac 2 Either: | dalimumab and/or etai | nercept for | rheumatoid arthritis; and |

- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
- 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:

1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

2 Either:

- 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

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Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation – psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab; or
 - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

oth:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or

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- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Both:

1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and

1.2 Either:

- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in

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prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation – Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

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Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation – fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).

Continuation – fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

1 Fither:

- 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist Limited to 6 weeks treatment Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

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Initiation - ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is greater than or equal to 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or secukinumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and

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- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation – plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation – neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and

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- 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- a) Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- b) Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

MEPOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 100 mg prefilled pen1, | 638.00 | 1 | Nucala |
|-----|--------------------------------------|--------|---|--------|
| t | Inj 100 mg vial1, | 638.00 | 1 | Nucala |
| | Restricted (RS1733) | | | |
| Ini | tiation – Severe eosinophilic asthma | | | |

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months* All of the following:

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- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 × 10⁹ cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the single maintenance and reliever therapy regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids; or
 - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation – Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist *Re-assessment required after 2 years* Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with mepolizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 25 mg per ml, 40 ml vial | 5,910.00 | 1 | Gazyva |
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| ⇒ | Restricted (RS1550) | | | |

Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL; and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to 1.5×10^{9} /L and platelets greater than or equal to 75×10^{9} /L

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| OMALIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe | 450.00 | 1 | Xolair |
| Inj 150 mg vial | | 1 | Xolair |

➡ Restricted (RS1652)

Initiation – severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older ; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
 - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation - severe asthma

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

Initiation – severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
 - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
 - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response* following 4 doses; or
 - 4.2 Complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

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Continuation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and
- 2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: *Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

➡ Restricted (RS1551)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

⇒ Restricted (RS1870)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner *Re-assessment required after 3 months* Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or

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- 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
- 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
- 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist or nurse practitioner

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1,075.50 | 2 | Mabthera |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|----------|
| t | Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,688.30 | 1 | Mabthera |

⇒ Restricted (RS1785)

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and

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 - 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
 - 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
 - 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
 - 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

- *Re-assessment required after 4 months* All of the following:
 - 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
 - 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
 - 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
 - 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or

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- 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial2 | 75.33 | 2 | Riximyo |
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| t | Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial6 | 88.20 | 1 | Riximyo |
| | Bestalster (DO1000) | | | |

➡ Restricted (RS1890)

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

190

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

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Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, Iow-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant. **Initiation – aggressive CD20 positive NHL**

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.
- Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or

2.2.2 Both:

- 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
- 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
- 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; or
 - 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and

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- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation – Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
 - 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
 - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and
- 2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Initiation – warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

- All of the following:
 - 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre; or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
 - 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy); and
 - 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and

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- 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Both:

- 1 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
 - 2.2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

194

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or

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- 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
- 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – ABO-incompatible organ transplant

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

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Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.
- Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
 - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of

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- 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Initiation – Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and

4 Maximum of four 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and

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3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 × 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation – graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Initiation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and

2 Either:

- 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
- 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation – anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

198

Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

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Continuation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and
- 4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Continuation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

Initiation – Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has biopsy-proven primary/idiopathic membranous nephropathy*; or
 - 1.2 Patient has PLA2 antibodies with no evidence of secondary cause, and an eGFR of > 60ml/min/1.73m2; and
- 2 Patient remains at high risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease despite more than 3 months of treatment with conservative measures (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Continuation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for membranous nephropathy*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful, but the condition has relapsed, and the patient now requires repeat treatment; or
 - 2.2 Patient achieved partial response to treatment and requires repeat treatment (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

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- a) Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.
- b) High risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease defined as > 5g/day proteinuria.
- c) Conservative measures include renin-angiotensin system blockade, blood-pressure management, dietary sodium and protein restriction, treatment of dyslipidaemia, and anticoagulation agents unless contraindicated or the patient has experienced intolerable side effects.
- d) Partial response defined as a reduction of proteinuria of at least 50% from baseline, and between 0.3 grams and 3.5 grams per 24 hours.

Initiation - B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*

Limited to 2 years treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*; and
- 2 Treatment must be in combination with an intensive chemotherapy protocol with curative intent; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 per dose for a maximum of 18 doses.
- Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - desensitisation prior to transplant

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient requires desensitisation prior to mismatched allogenic stem cell transplant*; and
- 2 Patient would receive no more than two doses at 375 mg/m2 of body-surface area.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pemiphigus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has severe rapidly progressive pemphigus; and
 - 1.2 Is used in combination with systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day); and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 Skin involvement is at least 5% body surface area; or
 - 1.3.2 Significant mucosal involvement (10 or more mucosal erosions) or diffuse gingivitis or confluent large erosions; or
 - 1.3.3 Involvement of two or more mucosal sites; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has pemphigus; and
- 2.2 Patient has not experienced adequate clinical benefit from systemic corticosteroids (20 mg/day) in combination with a steroid sparing agent, unless contraindicated.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pemiphigus*

Dermatologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

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1 Patient has experienced adequate clinical benefit from rituximab treatment, with improvement in symptoms and healing of skin ulceration and reduction in corticosteroid requirement; and

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2 Patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a DHB hospital in accordance with the General Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
- 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months All of the following:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
- 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

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Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks initial treatment of secukinumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-secukinumab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefitted from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 150 mg monthly.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 1.2.2 Patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or

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- 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior secukinumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 100 mg vial770.57 | 1 | Sylvant |
|---|-----------------------|---|---------|
| t | Inj 400 mg vial | 1 | Sylvant |
| | | | |

→ Restricted (RS1525)

Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial | 1 | Actemra |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|---------|
| t | Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00 | 1 | Actemra |
| | Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial1,100.00 | 1 | Actemra |

➡ Restricted (RS1875)

Initiation – cytokine release syndrome

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1731 trial; and
 - 1.2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
 - 1.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg,

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maximum of 12 mg/kg); or

- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research Phase I ENABLE trial; and
 - 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or CAR T-Cell Related Encephalopathy Syndrome (CRES) associated with the administration of CAR T-cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and
 - 2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS and CRES for CAR T-cell therapy (Neelapu et al. Nat Rev Clin Oncol 2018;15:47-62) at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

Initiation – previous use

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis; or
 - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease; or
 - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
 - 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 4 Either:

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e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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- 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
- 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and

5 Either:

- 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
- 5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months* Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the General Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

1 Both:

1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and

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1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.3 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.4.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 6 months*

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Initiation - moderate to severe COVID-19*

Therapy limited to 1 dose

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8mg/kg IV for a maximum of one dose; and
- 5 Tocilizumab is not to be administered in combination with barcitinib.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

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Continuation – adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

2 Either:

- 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
- 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist *Re-assessment required after 12 months*

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 150 mg vial1,350.00 | 1 | Herceptin |
|---|-------------------------|---|-----------|
| t | Inj 440 mg vial | 1 | Herceptin |

→ Restricted (RS1554)

Initiation – Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or

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- 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TRASTUZUMAB EMTANSINE - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 100 mg vial2,320.00 | 1 | Kadcyla |
|---|-------------------------|---|---------|
| t | Inj 160 mg vial | 1 | Kadcyla |
| - | Destricted (DC1715) | | |

→ Restricted (RS1715) Initiation

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and

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- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease*; or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
 - 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: *Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

| NIVOLUMAB - | - Restricted se | ee terms below |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|

| t | Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial1,051.98 | 1 | Opdivo |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--------|
| t | Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial2,629.96 | 1 | Opdivo |

→ Restricted (RS1891)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 6 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with nivolumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and

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- 1.2 Patient's disease has not progressed clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documented in patient notes; and
- 1.3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 1.4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Turnours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall turnour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Measurable disease includes by CT or MRI imaging or caliper measurement by clinical exam. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks. Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target) must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1892) Initiation

Medical oncologist *Re-assessment required after 4 months* All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 6 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with pembrolizumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

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Continuation

Medical oncologist *Re-assessment required after 4 months* Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has not progressed clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documented in patient notes; and
 - 1.3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Measurable disease includes by CT or MRI imaging or caliper measurement by clinical exam. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks. Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target) must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

Other Immunosuppressants

| ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE) Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule2,7 | 774.48 | 5 | ATGAM |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|----------|
| ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial | | | |
| AZATHIOPRINE | | | |
| Tab 25 mg – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | | 60 | Azamun |
| Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 7.60 | 100 | Azamun |
| Inj 50 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 (Imuran Inj 50 mg vial to be delisted 1 January 2023) | 199.00 | 1 | Imuran |
| BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms on the next pa | | | |
| Inj 2-8 × 10 [^] 8 CFU vial [↑] | 149.37 | 1 | OncoTICE |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| | | Price excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| ➡ Restricted (RS1206) | | | | |
| Initiation | | | | |
| For use in bladder cancer. | | | | |
| EVEROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| ↓ Tab 5 mg | 4,! | 555.76 | 30 | Afinitor |
| | 6, | 512.29 | 30 | Afinitor |
| → Restricted (RS1811) | | | | |
| Initiation | | | | |
| Neurologist or oncologist | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 3 months | | | | |
| Both: | | | | |
| 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and | | (0=0.1.) | | |
| 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell | astrocytom | as (SEGAs) | that requ | ire treatment. |
| Continuation | | | | |
| Neurologist or oncologist | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | | |
| All of the following: | | h | | |
| 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by N | | | ntns; and | |
| The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitir Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs. | ig from trea | ument; and | | |
| | mara fragu | ant aganning | | a norformed with new energy |
| Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomit | | | | |
| | ing, or more | | | y. |
| MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL Tab 500 mg | | 25.00 | 50 | CallCont |
| 5 | | | 50 100 | CellCept CellCept |
| Cap 250 mg Powder for oral lig 1 g per 5 ml | | | 165 ml | CellCept |
| Inj 500 mg vial | | | 4 | CellCept |
| | | 100.00 | 7 | οσιοσρι |
| PICIBANIL Ini 100 men viel | | | | |
| Inj 100 mcg vial | | | | |
| SIROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below | | | | _ |
| Tab 1 mg | | | 100 | Rapamune |
| Tab 2 mg | | | 100 | Rapamune |
| Oral liq 1 mg per ml Destricted (DO1040) | | 449.99 | 60 ml | Rapamune |
| → Restricted (RS1812) | | | | |
| Initiation For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient. | | | | |
| Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibit | tor troatmo | nt ac dofinad | h by rofra | aton raigation: or intolorant |
| to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following: | ioi ileaille | in as usilled | JUYIElla | |
| GFR < 30 ml/min; or | | | | |
| GFR < 30 mi/min, or Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or | | | | |
| Rapidly progressive districtive bronchiolitis; or | | | | |
| HUS or TTP; or | | | | |

- HUS or TTP; or
- Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- Significant malignant disease

Initiation – severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

212

1 Patient has severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformation*; and

| F | Price | | Brand or |
|----------|------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. | excl. GST) | | Generic |
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Malformations are not adequately controlled by sclerotherapy and surgery; or
 - 2.2 Malformations are widespread/extensive and sclerotherapy and surgery are not considered clinically appropriate; or
 - 2.3 Sirolimus is to be used to reduce malformation prior to consideration of surgery; and
- 3 Patient is being treated by a specialist lymphovascular malformation multi-disciplinary team; and
- 4 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1 (see Note).

Continuation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had either a complete response or a partial response to treatment, or patient has stable disease according to RECIST version 1.1 (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has stabilised or responded clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documents in patient notes; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47)

Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Nephrologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Evidence of renal angiomyolipoma(s) measuring 3 cm or greater and that have shown interval growth.

Continuation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of renal angiomyolipoma reduction or stability by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound; and
- 2 Demonstrated stabilisation or improvement in renal function; and
- 3 The patient has not experienced angiomyolipoma haemorrhage or significant adverse effects to sirolimus treatment; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has epilepsy with a background of documented tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Vigabatrin has been trialled and has not adequately controlled seizures; and
 - 2.1.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least two of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Vigabatrin is contraindicated; and

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

- 2.2.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least three of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); and
- 3 Seizures have a significant impact on guality of life; and
- 4 Patient has been assessed and surgery is considered inappropriate for this patient, or the patient has been assessed and would benefit from mTOR inhibitor treatment prior to surgery.

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment, which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patients age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug, with good evidence of adherence. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

Continuation - refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

demonstrated significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate (e.g. 50% reduction in seizure frequency) or severity and/or patient quality of life compared with baseline prior to starting sirolimus treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

JAK inhibitors

| BARICITINIB – Restricted see terms below | | | |
|------------------------------------------|------|----|----------|
| I Tab 2 mg | 0.00 | 28 | Olumiant |
| I Tab 4 mg | | | |
| Bestricted (BS1876) | | | |

Initiation - moderate to severe COVID-19*

Limited to 14 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed (or probable) COVID-19*; and
- 2 Oxygen saturation of < 92% on room air, or requiring supplemental oxygen; and
- 3 Patient is receiving adjunct systemic corticosteroids, or systemic corticosteroids are contraindicated; and
- 4 Baricitinib is to be administered at doses no greater than 4 mg daily for up to 14 days; and
- 5 Baricitinib is not to be administered in combination with tocilizumab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

UPADACITINIB - Restricted see terms below

28 RINVOQ

→ Restricted (RS1861)

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and 2 Fither:

- - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis: and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

Section H rules; and

3.2.2 Either:

3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or

3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Continuation – Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| Antiallergy Preparations | | | |
| Allergic Emergencies | | | |
| ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe | haryngeal or severe a -esterase inhibitor de bon an action plan for | ficiency; a | ind |
| Allergy Desensitisation | | | |
| BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below ↓ Maintenance kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluer ↓ Initiation Kit - 5 vials freeze dried venom with diluent | | 1 1 | VENOX VENOX |
| RAST or skin test positive; and Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising | agent. | | |
| PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below ↓ Treatment kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent ↓ Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent → Restricted (RS1118) Initiation Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising VELLOW INCKET WARP VENOM | agent. | | |
| YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below ↓ Treatment kit - 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent ↓ Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent → Restricted (RS1119) Initiation Both: 1 RAST or skin test positive; and 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising | agent. | | |

216

| | Price | | Brand or |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GS \$ | T) Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| Allergy Prophylactics | | | |
| BUDESONIDE | | | |
| Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | | 200 dose 200 dose | SteroClear SteroClear |
| LUTICASONE PROPIONATE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 1.98 | 120 dose | Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy |
| PRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 | 5.23 | 15 ml | Univent |
| SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4% | | | |
| Antihistamines | | | |
| CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 10 mg – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Oral lig 1 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | 100 200 ml | Zista Histaclear |
| CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE | 2.04 | 200 111 | nistacieai |
| Oral lig 0.4 mg per ml | | | |
| Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | | | |
| YPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 4 mg | | | |
| EXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 60 mg | | | |
| Tab 120 mg Tab 180 mg | | | |
| C C | | | |
| ORATADINE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 | 1.69 | 100 | Lorafix |
| Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Sep-21 to 2022 | | 100 ml | Haylor Syrup |
| PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 | 1.39 | 50 | Allersoothe |
| Tab 25 mg - 5% DV Sep-22 to 2025 | | 50 | Allersoothe |
| Oral liq 1 mg per ml | | 100 ml | Allersoothe |
| Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | 17.87 | 5 | Hospira |
| Anticholinergic Agents | | | |
| PRATROPIUM BROMIDE | | | |
| Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose | | | |
| Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | 11 70 | 00 | Universit |
| Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 | to 2022 11./3 | 20 | Univent |
| Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Agents | gonists | | |
| SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE | | | |
| Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per do | | | |
| Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 n | | 20 | Duolin |
| ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | 11.04 | 20 | Duoim |
| | | | |

| | (ex man | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents | | | | | |
| GLYCOPYRRONIUM Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the pa or umeclidinium. Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose | | | 0 | treatment | with subsidised tiotropium |
| TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also r or umeclidinium. Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg per dose | eceiving | treatm | nent wit 7 6 | h subsidis 60 dose | Spiriva Respimat |
| Powder for inhalation 18 mcg per dose UMECLIDINIUM Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receivir tiotropium bromide. Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg per dose | ng treatm | ent wi | th subs | 80 dose idised inh 80 dose | Spiriva aled glycopyrronium or Incruse Ellipta |

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted (RS1518)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

| GĽ | YCO | PY | RR | ٩C | ١IL | JM | WIT | 'H INE | DAC | CAT | E | ROL | Restricted | see terms above | |
|----|-----|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|--------|-----|-----|---|-----|----------------|-----------------|--|
| | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg | 81.00 | 30 dose | Ultibro Breezhaler | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|---------|--------------------|---|
| TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL – Restricted see terms about Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg with olodaterol 2.5 mcg | | 60 dose | Spiolto Respimat | |
| UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL – Restricted see terms above | | 00 0000 | opiono neopiniar | |
| Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg | 77.00 | 30 dose | Anoro Ellipta | |
| Antifibrotics | | | | |
| NINTEDANIB – Restricted see terms below | | | | Ī |
| | 2,554.00 | 60 | Ofev | |
| ↓ Cap 150 mg | 3,870.00 | 60 | Ofev | |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1813) | | | | |
| Initiation – idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis | | | | |
| Respiratory specialist | | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months | | | | |
| All of the following | | | | |

All of the following:

218

continued...

| Price | Brand or | |
|---------------------|------------------|--|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | Generic | |
| \$ | Per Manufacturer | |

- continued...
 - 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
 - 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
 - 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
 - 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
 - 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

PIRFENIDONE – **Restricted** see terms below

| t | Tab 267 mg1,215.00 | 90 | Esbriet |
|---|--------------------|----|---------|
| t | Tab 801 mg3,645.00 | 90 | Esbriet |

⇒ Restricted (RS1814)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

| | F (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists | | | | | |
| SALBUTAMOL | | | | | |
| Oral liq 400 mcg per ml – 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule | | .40.00 | 0 1 | 150 ml | Ventolin |
| Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose | | 3.80 6.20 | | 00 dose | SalAir Ventolin |
| Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 20 Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 20 | | | | 20 20 | Asthalin Asthalin |
| TERBUTALINE SULPHATE Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation, 200 mcg per dose (equivalent to 250 mcg | | | | | |
| metered dose), breath activated | | .22.20 | 0 12 | 20 dose | Bricanyl Turbuhaler |
| Cough Suppressants | | | | | |
| PHOLCODINE Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022 | | 3.09 | 9 2 | 200 ml | AFT Pholcodine Linctus BP |
| Decongestants | | | | | |
| OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml | | | | | |
| PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg | | | | | |
| SODIUM CHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray isotonic | | | | | |
| SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE Soln for nasal irrigation | | | | | |
| XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.05% Aqueous nasal spray 0.1% Nasal drops 0.05% Nasal drops 0.1% | | | | | |

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE 8.54 200 dose Beclazone 50 Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose 14.01 Qvar Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose 12.50 200 dose Beclazone 100 17.52 Qvar Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose 22.67 200 dose Beclazone 250

| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 8.67 13.87 13.60 24.62 | 120 dose 60 dose 60 dose 120 dose 120 dose 60 dose | Flixotide Flixotide Accuhaler Flixotide Accuhaler Flixotide Flixotide Flixotide Accuhaler |
| | | |
| 4.25 | 28 28 28 | Montelukast Mylan Montelukast Mylan Montelukast Mylan |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 30 dose 30 dose | Onbrez Breezhaler Onbrez Breezhaler |
| | 120 dose 60 dose | Serevent Serevent Accuhaler |
| eptor Aac | onists | |
| | | |
| 41.50 | 120 dose | DuoResp Spiromax |
| 82.50 | 120 dose | DuoResp Spiromax |
| 44.08 | 30 dose | Breo Ellipta |
| | 61.00 61.00 26.25 26.25 | |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS \$ | ST) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL | | | |
| Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg - 1% DV Sep-20 to | 2023 25.79 | 120 dose | Seretide |
| Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg | | 60 dose | Seretide Accuhaler |
| Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg - 1% DV Sep-20 | | | |
| to 2023 | | 120 dose | Seretide |
| Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg | | 60 dose | Seretide Accuhaler |
| Methylxanthines | | | |
| AMINOPHYLLINE | | | |
| Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule | | 5 | DBL Aminophylline |
| CAFFEINE CITRATE | | | |
| Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml) - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2 | 022 15.10 | 25 ml | Biomed |
| Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV | | | |
| Nov-19 to 2022 | 63.25 | 5 | Biomed |
| THEOPHYLLINE | | | |
| Tab long-acting 250 mg – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | | 100 500 ml | Nuelin-SR Nuelin |
| Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | | 500 mi | Nueim |
| Mucolytics and Expectorants | | | |
| DORNASE ALFA – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| I Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule | | 6 | Pulmozyme |
| → Restricted (RS1787) | | | - |
| Initiation – cystic fibrosis | | | |
| Respiratory physician or paediatrician | | | |
| Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: | | | |
| 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis; and | | | |
| 2 Patient has previously undergone a trial with, or is currently being | treated with, hv | pertonic salir | ne: and |
| 3 Any of the following: | g a cato a mai, ny | | io, and |
| 3.1 Patient has required one or more hospital inpatient respira | atory admissions | in the previo | us 12 month period; or |
| 3.2 Patient has had 3 exacerbations due to CF, requiring oral | • | • | |
| period; or | | | |
| 3.3 Patient has had 1 exacerbation due to CF, requiring oral of | or IV antibiotics in | the previous | s 12 month period and a |
| Brasfield score of < 22/25; or | | | |
| 3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary asp Continuation autorities and the second seco | ergiliosis (ABPA) | | |
| Continuation – cystic fibrosis Respiratory physician or paediatrician | | | |
| The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit f | rom treatment | | |
| Initiation – significant mucus production | | | |
| Limited to 4 weeks treatment | | | |
| Both: | | | |
| 1 Patient is an in-patient; and | | | |
| 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techn | iques. | | |
| Initiation – pleural emphyema | | | |
| Limited to 3 days treatment | | | |
| Both: | | | |
| 1 Patient is an in-patient; and | | | |

2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS \$ | T) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| IVACAFTOR – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| ↓ Tab 150 mg | | 56 | Kalydeco |
| Oral granules 50 mg, sachet | | 56 | Kalydeco |
| I Oral granules 75 mg, sachet | | 56 | Kalydeco |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1818) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| Respiratory specialist or paediatrician | | | |
| All of the following: | | | |
| 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and | | | |
| 2 Either: | | | |
| 2.1 Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibr | osis transmembrane co | nductance | regulator (CFTR) gene on at |
| least 1 allele; or 2.2 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation (| | 8R, G551S | , S1251N, S1255P, S549N |
| and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele; a | | | |
| 3 Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 m sweat collection system; and | mol/L by quantitative pil | ocarpine io | ntophoresis or by Macroduct |
| 4 Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with | standard thorany for thi | c condition: | and |
| 5 Patient must not have an acute upper or lower respiratory | | | |
| (including antibiotics) for pulmonary disease in the last 4 w | | | |
| 6 The dose of ivacaftor will not exceed one tablet or one sac | | ng troutinoi | it with wabanton, and |
| 7 Applicant has experience and expertise in the management | | | |
| | | | |
| SODIUM CHLORIDE | 04.50 | 00 | Diamod |
| Nebuliser soln 7%, 90 ml bottle - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 90 ml | Biomed |
| Pulmonary Surfactants | | | |
| | | | |
| BERACTANT | | | |
| Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial | | | |
| PORACTANT ALFA | | | |
| Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial | | 1 | Curosurf |
| Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial | 695.00 | 1 | Curosurf |
| | | | |
| Respiratory Stimulants | | | |
| DOXAPRAM | | | |
| Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial | | | |
| ng zo ng por nii, o nii viai | | | |

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

| | D. | | <u> </u> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
| Anti-Infective Preparations | | | |
| Antibacterials | | | |
| CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 1% DV May-20 to 2022 | 1 55 | 5 g | Devatis |
| Ear drops 0.5% – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 10 ml | Chlorafast |
| CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024 | | 5 ml | Ciprofloxacin Teva |
| FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5% | | | |
| GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3% | 11.40 | 5 ml | Genoptic |
| SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1% | 5.29 | 5 g | Fucithalmic |
| SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10% | | | |
| TOBRAMYCIN Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3% | | 3.5 g 5 ml | Tobrex Tobrex |
| Antifungals | | | |
| NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5% | | | |
| Antivirals | | | |
| ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% – 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 | 14.88 | 4.5 g | ViruPOS |
| Combination Preparations | | | |
| CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN | | 10 ml | Ciproxin HC Otic |
| Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramici 50 mcg per ml | din | | |
| DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulp | ohate | | |
| 6,000 u per g Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b | | 3.5 g | Maxitrol |
| sulphate 6,000 u per ml DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN | | 5 ml | Maxitrol |
| Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3% FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIOQUINOL Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1% | 12.04 | 5 ml | Tobradex |

224

| | Price | | Brand or | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| (| ex man. excl. GS | T) Per | Generic Manufacturer | |
| | \$ | Fei | Manulacturer | |
| TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND | | | | |
| Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg a | | | | |
| gramicidin 250 mcg per g | 5.16 | 7.5 ml | Kenacomb | |
| Anti-Inflammatory Preparations Corticosteroids | | | | |
| DEXAMETHASONE | | | | |
| Eye oint 0.1% | 5.86 | 3.5 g | Maxidex | |
| | 4.50 | 5 mľ | Maxidex | |
| Eye drops 0.1% | | | | |

➡ Restricted (RS1606)

Initiation – Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
 - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation – Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS' \$ | T) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1% | | 5 ml | FML |
| Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1% | 7.00 5.93 | 5 ml 10 ml | Pred Forte Prednisolone- AFT |
| PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free) | | 20 dose | Minims Prednisolone |
| Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs | | | |
| DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% – 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024 KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5% | 8.80 | 5 ml | Voltaren Ophtha |
| Decongestants and Antiallergics | | | |
| Antiallergic Preparations | | | |
| LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05% LODOXAMIDE | | | |
| Eye drops 0.1% | 8.71 | 10 ml | Lomide |
| Eye drops 0.1% – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2022 SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Eye drops 2% – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | | 5 ml 5 ml | Olopatadine Teva Rexacrom |
| Decongestants | | | |
| NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1% | 4.15 | 15 ml | Naphcon Forte |
| Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations | | | |
| Diagnostic Dyes | | | |
| FLUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose LISSAMINE GREEN Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg ROSE BENGAL SODIUM Ophthalmic strips 1% | 125.00 | 12 | Fluorescite |

| | | Price excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Irrigation Solutions | | | | |
| MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium of 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, s chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bot | sodium | 5.00 | 15 ml | Balanced Salt Solution |
| Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium of 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, so chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml | chloride | | | e.g. Balanced Salt |
| Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, s | | | | Solution |
| chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bag | | | | e.g. Balanced Salt Solution |
| Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium (0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, s chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle | sodium | . 10.50 | 500 ml | Balanced Salt Solution |
| Ocular Anaesthetics | | | | |
| OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose | | | | |
| Viscoelastic Substances | | | | |
| HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] | | | | |
| Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Inj 18 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-21 to 2022 Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 | | .50.00 .60.00 | 1 1 1 1 | Healon GV Healon GV Pro Healon 5 Healon |
| SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROI Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0 | syringe .4 ml | | | |
| syringe Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml s and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0 | yringe | .64.00 | 1 | Duovisc |
| lnj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml | | | 1 1 | Duovisc Viscoat |
| Other | | | | |

- **DISODIUM EDETATE**
 - Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule
 - Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial
 - Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| | Price (ex man. excl. \$ | GST) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1% Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500 | | | |
| Glaucoma Preparations | | | |
| Beta Blockers | | | |
| BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25% Eye drops 0.5% TIMOLOL | | 5 ml 5 ml | Betoptic S Betoptic |
| Eye drops 0.25% – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming | 2.04 | 5 ml 5 ml 2.5 ml | Arrow-Timolol Arrow-Timolol Timoptol XE |
| Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors | | | |
| ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg Inj 500 mg BRINZOLAMIDE | 17.03 | 100 | Diamox |
| Eye drops 1% – 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 DORZOLAMIDE Eye drops 2% DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL | | | Azopt |
| Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Miotics | 2.73 | 5 ml | Dortimopt |
| ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent CARBACHOL Inj 150 mcg vial PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 1% Eye drops 2% | | 15 ml 15 ml | Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine |
| Eye drops 2%, single dose Eye drops 4% | | 15 ml | Isopto Carpine |
| Prostaglandin Analogues | | | |
| BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% – 5% DV Apr-22 to 2024 | | 3 ml | Bimatoprost Multichen |
| ATANOPROST Eye drops 0.005% – 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 1.82 | 2.5 ml | Teva |
| ATANOPROST WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.005% with timolol 0.5% – 1% DV Sep-21 to 2023 IRAVOPROST | | | Arrow - Lattim |
| Eye drops 0.004% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 | 9.75 | 2.5 ml | Travatan |

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

228

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Sympathomimetics | | | |
| APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5% BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE | 19.77 | 5 ml | lopidine |
| Eye drops 0.2% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5% | 4.29 | 5 ml | Arrow-Brimonidine |
| Mydriatics and Cycloplegics | | | |
| Anticholinergic Agents | | | |
| ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose | | | |
| Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose | 17.36 | 15 ml | Atropt |
| Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose | 8.76 | 15 ml | Cyclogyl |
| TROPICAMIDE Eye drops 0.5% | 7.15 | 15 ml | Mydriacyl |
| Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose | 8.66 | 15 ml | Mydriacyl |
| Sympathomimetics | | | |
| PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose | | | |
| Ocular Lubricants | | | |
| CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2% | 8.25 | 30 | Poly Gel |
| CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose | | | |
| HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5% | | 15 ml | Methopt |
| HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1% Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose | 2.30 | 15 ml | Poly-Tears |
| MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, s | single dose4.30 | 24 | Systane Unit Dose |

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold** Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.

| | (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3% | | | | | |
| PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3% | | 3.6 | 3 | 3.5 g | Poly-Visc |
| POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose | | | | | |
| RETINOL PALMITATE | | | | - | 1/11 DOO |
| | | 3.8 | 0 | 5 g | VitA-POS |
| SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Eye drops 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 | | .13.8 | 5 | 10 ml | Hylo-Fresh |
| Other Otological Preparations | | | | | |

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL

Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM

Ear drops 0.5%

| | | | VARIOUS |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
| Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings | | | |
| Antidotes | | | |
| ACETYLCYSTEINE Tab eff 200 mg Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule AMYL NITRITE Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule | | 10 | DBL Acetylcysteine |
| DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB Inj 38 mg vial Inj 40 mg vial | | | |
| ETHANOL Liq 96% | | | |
| ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle | | | |
| ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule Inj 96% | | | |
| FLUMAZENIL Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Feb-22 to 2024 | 110.12 | 10 | Hameln |
| HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 5 g vial Inj 2.5 g vial | | | |
| NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule | 22.60 | 5 | DBL Naloxone Hydrochloride |
| PRALIDOXIME IODIDE Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule SODIUM NITRITE | | | |
| Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule | | | |

SODIUM THIOSULFATE Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule SOYA OIL Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN Inj 250 ml vial DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN Inj 10,000 iu vial

| Price | | Brand or |
|--------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM Inj 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

| CHARCOAL | |
|----------|--|
|----------|--|

| Oral liq 200 mg per ml | 250 ml | Carbasorb-X |
|------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| DEFERASIROX – Restricted see terms below | | |
| Tab 125 mg dispersible | 28 | Exjade |
| Tab 250 mg dispersible | 28 | Exjade |
| Tab 500 mg dispersible | 28 | Exjade |
| - Destricted (DC1444) | | |

➡ Restricted (RS1444)

Initiation

Haematologist *Re-assessment required after 2 years* All of the following:

1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and

2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and

- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical
 - improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement
 - in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels.

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

| t | Tab 500 mg | 533.17 | 100 | Ferriprox |
|---|------------------------|--------|--------|-----------|
| t | Oral liq 100 mg per ml | 266.59 | 250 ml | Ferriprox |
| | | | | |

→ Restricted (RS1445)

Initiation

232

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia. DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE

| | Inj 500 mg vial1 | 51.31 | 10 | DBL Desferrioxamine |
|--|------------------|-------|----|---------------------|
| | | | | Mesylate for Inj BP |

DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

| | Price | | Brand or |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GS \$ | T) Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| IMERCAPROL | | | |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule | | | |
| IMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID | | | |
| Cap 100 mg | | | e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, |
| | | | Chemet |
| Cap 200 mg | | | e.g. PCNZ, Optimus |
| | | | Healthcare, Chemet |
| ODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE | | | |
| Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule | | | |
| Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule | | | |
| | | | |
| Antiseptics and Disinfectants | | | |
| HLORHEXIDINE | | | |
| Soln 4% | 15 50 | 500 ml | h a alth □ |
| Soln 5% CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE | | 500 ml | healthE |
| Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5% | | | |
| Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5% | | | |
| CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL | | | |
| Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70% | | | |
| Soln 2% with ethanol 70% Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml | 1 55 | 1 | healthE |
| DDINE WITH ETHANOL | | | Healthe |
| Soln 1% with ethanol 70% | | | |
| SOPROPYL ALCOHOL | | | |
| Soln 70%, 500 ml | 5.65 | 1 | healthE |
| OVIDONE-IODINE | | | |
| Vaginal tab 200 mg | | | |
| Restricted (RS1354) nitiation | | | |
| lectal administration pre-prostate biopsy. | | | |
| Oint 10% - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | 7.40 | 65 g | Betadine |
| Soln 10% - 5% DV Mar-22 to 2024 | 4.15 | 100 ml | Riodine |
| Soln 5% Soln 7.5% | | | |
| Soln 10%, - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 | | 15 ml | Riodine |
| | 5.40 | 500 ml | Riodine |
| Pad 10% Swab set 10% | | | |
| | | | |
| POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30% | | | |
| Soln 10% with ethanol 70% | | | |
| ODIUM HYPOCHLORITE | | | |
| Soln | | | |

VARIOUS

| (| Price ex man. excl. GS \$ | Г) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| Contrast Media | | | |
| Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media | | | |
| DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE | | | |
| Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100 | | 100 ml | Controprofin |
| bottle Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle | | 100 ml 1 | Gastrografin Urografin |
| | | ' | orogram |
| DIATRIZOATE SODIUM Oral lig 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet | 156 12 | 50 | loscan |
| | 130.12 | 50 | 1030411 |
| ODISED OIL | 410.00 | 4 | Liniadal I Iltra Fluid |
| Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule | | 1 | Lipiodol Ultra Fluid |
| ODIXANOL | | | \ <i>r</i> . |
| Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle | | 10 | Visipaque |
| Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle | | 10 10 | Visipaque |
| Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle | | 10 | Visipaque Visipaque |
| Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle | | 10 | Visipaque |
| | | 10 | Visipaque |
| OHEXOL | 77.00 | 10 | Omninaqua |
| Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle | | 10 10 | Omnipaque Omnipague |
| Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle | | 10 | Omnipaque |
| Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle | | 10 | Omnipaque |
| Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle | | 10 | Omnipaque |
| Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle | | 10 | Omnipaque |
| Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle | | 10 | Omnipaque |
| Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle | | 10 | Omnipaque |
| Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle | 298.00 | 10 | Omnipaque |
| Inj 350 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle | | 6 | Omnipaque |
| Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media | | | |
| 3ARIUM SULPHATE | | | |
| Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet | | 50 | E-Z-Cat Dry |
| Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle | 17.39 | 148 g | Varibar - Thin Liquid |
| Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube | | 454 g | E-Z-Paste |
| Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle | | 250 ml | Varibar - Honey |
| | 38.40 | 240 ml | Varibar - Nectar |
| Farmed 050 mm and (4050(mt)) 500 ml have | 145.04 | 230 ml | Varibar - Pudding |
| Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag | | 12 | Liquibar |
| Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle | | 24 24 | CT Plus+ CT Plus+ |
| Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle | | 24 24 | VoLumen |
| Oral lig 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle | | 24 24 | Readi-CAT 2 |
| Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle | | 24 | X-Opaque-HD |
| Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle | | 3 | Tagitol V |
| Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle | | 1 | Liquibar |
| BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE | | | |
| Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 | a | | |
| sachet | - | 50 | E-Z-Gas II |
| | | | |

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| | ð | Fei | Manulaciulei |
| CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE | | | |
| Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 sachet | g | | e.g. E-Z-GAS II |
| Paramagnetic Contrast Media | | | |
| • | | | |
| GADOBENIC ACID | 204 74 | 10 | Multihonoo |
| Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial | | 10 10 | Multihance Multihance |
| | 030.20 | 10 | Wullhance |
| GADOBUTROL | | | |
| Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial | | | |
| Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled | 100.00 | - | Onderviet 1.0 |
| syringe Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled | | 5 | Gadovist 1.0 |
| syringe | 180.00 | 5 | Gadovist 1.0 |
| Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled | | 5 | |
| syringe | 700.00 | 10 | Gadovist 1.0 |
| GADODIAMIDE | | | |
| Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe | 200.00 | 10 | Omniscan |
| Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | | 10 | Omniscan |
| Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial | | 10 | Omniscan |
| Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe | | 10 | Omniscan |
| GADOTERIC ACID | | | |
| Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe | | | e.g. Clariscan |
| Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | | | e.g. Clariscan |
| Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe | | | e.g. Clariscan |
| Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 20 ml vial | | | e.g. Clariscan |
| Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 5 ml vial | | | e.g. Clariscan |
| Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe | | 10 | Dotarem |
| Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle | | 1 | Dotarem |
| Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe | | 10 | Dotarem |
| Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe | | 10 1 | Dotarem |
| Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle | | 1 | Dotarem Dotarem |
| Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle | | 1 | Dotarem |
| | | | Dotaroni |
| GADOXETATE DISODIUM | d | | |
| Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefille syringe | | 1 | Primovist |
| | | 1 | FIIIIOVISI |
| | 05.00 | 5 | Magnaviat |
| Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial | | 5 10 | Magnevist Magnevist |
| | | 10 | waynevisi |
| MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle | 150.00 | 100 ml | Biliscopin |
| Ultrasound Contrast Media | | | |
| | | | |
| PERFLUTREN | 100.00 | | Deficitie |
| Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial | | 1 4 | Definity Definity |
| | 720.00 | 4 | Definity |
| | | | |

VARIOUS

| ARIOUS | | |
|--------|--|--|
| | | |

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| Diagnostic Agents | | | |
| ARGININE Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial MANNITOL Powder for inhalation METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg | | | e.g. Aridol |
| SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u ampoule SINCALIDE Inj 5 mcg per vial | | | |
| Diagnostic Dyes | | | |
| BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln | | | |
| INDIGO CARMINE Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule INDOCYANINE GREEN Inj 25 mg vial | | | |
| METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE] | | | |
| Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule PATENT BLUE V | 240.35 | 5 | Proveblue |
| Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule Inj 2.5%, 5 ml prefilled syringe | | 5 5 | Obex Medical InterPharma |
| Irrigation Solutions | | | |

CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 500 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1683)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months All of the following:

- 1 Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body surface area (BSA); and
- 2 For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of large burn areas requiring debridement/skin grafting; and
- 3 The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the area to be covered.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

VARIOUS

| Pric (ex man. ex | cl. GST) | _ | Brand or Generic |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|-----|--------------------------------|
| \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |
| GLYCINE | | | |
| Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag33 | 3.50 | 4 | B Braun |
| SODIUM CHLORIDE | | | |
| Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag28 | 3.80 | 4 | B Braun |
| Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule7 | 7.00 | 20 | Interpharma |
| Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle14 | | 10 | Baxter Sodium Chloride |
| Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle17 | 7.64 | 12 | Fresenius Kabi |
| WATER | | | |
| Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag30 |).95 | 4 | B Braun |
| Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle17 | 7.30 | 10 | Baxter Water for Irrigation |
| Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle17 | 7.64 | 12 | Fresenius Kabi |

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN Paste DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50% Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

inj 12%, 10 mi ampo

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

| | Pric (ex man. e: \$ | xcl. GST) | Per | Bran Gene Manu | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-----|----------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Cardioplegia Solutions | | | | | |
| ELECTROLYTES Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mr potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium c 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mr tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chlorid | hloride, nol/l | | | | |
| 1,000 ml bag Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.807 per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol | glutamic | | | e.g. | Custodiol-HTK |
| 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag | | | | e.g. | Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln. |
| Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, gj acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg p sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 m ml, 527 ml bag | oer ml, | | | e.g. | Cardioplegia |
| Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per | mg ml, | | | | Enriched Solution |
| 523 ml bag | | | | e.g. | Cardioplegia Base Solution |
| Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml ba | | | | e.g. | Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832 |
| Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesi 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag | um and | | | e.g. | Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solutior |
| MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bott MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml | le | | | | , |

Cold Storage Solutions

238

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

| (e: | Price x man. excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations | | | | |
| ACETIC ACID | | | | |
| Liq | | | | |
| ALUM Powder BP | | | | |
| ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL] Liq | | | | |
| ASCORBIC ACID Powder | | | | |
| BENZOIN | | | | |
| Tincture compound BP | | | | |
| BISMUTH SUBGALLATE Powder | | | | |
| BORIC ACID Powder | | | | |
| CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Soln 1.5% | | | | |
| CETRIMIDE Soln 40% | | | | |
| CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Soln 20 % | | | | |
| CHLOROFORM Lig BP | | | | |
| CITRIC ACID Powder BP | | | | |
| CLOVE OIL | | | | |
| Liq | | | | |
| COAL TAR Soln BP - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 | | 5 | 200 ml | Midwest |
| CODEINE PHOSPHATE Powder | | | | |
| COLLODION FLEXIBLE | | | | |
| Liq | | | | |
| COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE Soln - 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022 | | 0 | 100 ml | Midwest |
| CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder | | | | |
| DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PI Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml ampoule | HOSPHAT | E | | |
| DITHRANOL Powder | | | | |
| GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Powder | | | | |

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

| | Price | | Brand or |
|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------|---------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GS | T) | Generic |
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN | | | |
| Suspension – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | 30.95 | 473 ml | Ora-Sweet SF |
| | | 770111 | Old-Oweel Ol |
| GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE | | | |
| Suspension – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | | 473 ml | Ora-Sweet |
| GLYCEROL | | | |
| Liq - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 | | 500 ml | healthE Glycerol BP |
| | | | Liquid |
| HYDROCORTISONE | | | |
| Powder | 40.05 | 0E a | ABM |
| | | 25 g | ADIVI |
| LACTOSE | | | |
| Powder | | | |
| MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE | | | |
| Paste | | | |
| | | | |
| MENTHOL | | | |
| Crystals | | | |
| METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE | | | |
| Powder | | | |
| METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE | | | |
| | 0.00 | 05 - | Mishusat |
| Powder - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | 8.98 | 25 g | Midwest |
| METHYLCELLULOSE | | | |
| Powder - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | | 100 g | Midwest |
| Suspension - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | | 473 ml | Ora-Plus |
| METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN | | | |
| Suspension – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | 20.05 | 473 ml | Ora-Blend SF |
| | | 475111 | Ola-Dieliu SF |
| METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE | | | |
| Suspension - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022 | | 473 ml | Ora-Blend |
| OLIVE OIL | | | |
| Liq | | | |
| • | | | |
| PARAFFIN | | | |
| Liq | | | |
| PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM | | | |
| Powder | | | |
| PHENOL | | | |
| Liq | | | |
| | | | |
| PILOCARPINE NITRATE | | | |
| Powder | | | |
| POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE | | | |
| Liq | | | |
| | | | |
| POVIDONE K30 | | | |
| Powder | | | |
| SALICYLIC ACID | | | |
| Powder | | | |
| SILVER NITRATE | | | |
| Crystals | | | |
| | | | |
| SODIUM BICARBONATE | | | |
| Powder BP - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 10.05 | 500 g | Midwest |
| | | | |

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS \$ | 「) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| SODIUM CITRATE Powder | | | |
| SODIUM METABISULFITE Powder | | | |
| STARCH Powder | | | |
| SULPHUR Precipitated Sublimed | | | |
| SYRUP Liq (pharmaceutical grade) – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 | 14.95 | 500 ml | Midwest |
| THEOBROMA OIL Oint | | | |
| TRI-SODIUM CITRATE Crystals | | | |
| TRICHLORACETIC ACID Grans | | | |
| UREA Powder BP | | | |
| WOOL FAT Oint, anhydrous | | | |
| XANTHAN Gum 1% | | | |
| ZINC OXIDE Powder | | | |

Price Br (ex man. excl. GST) Gr \$ Per M

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

➡ Restricted (RS1467)

Initiation – Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children; or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation – Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

Fat

➡ Restricted (RS1468)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia; or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation – Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle
- Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen e.g. Calogen

| | SPECIAL FOODS |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
| MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle WALNUT OIL WALNUT OIL – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle | e.g. Liquigen e.g. MCT Oil |
| Protein | |
| → Restricted (RS1469) Initiation – Use as an additive Either: Protein losing enteropathy; or High protein needs. Initiation – Use as a module For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the product PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms above Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can Powder 6 g protein per 7 g, can | cts used in the modular formula. |
| Other Supplements | |
| BREAST MILK FORTIFIER Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT − Restricted see terms below ↓ Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can | e.g. FM 85 e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer e.g. Super Soluble Duocal |
| → Restricted (RS1212) Initiation Both: Infant or child aged four years or under; and Any of the following: Cystic fibrosis; or | |

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- · the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by Pharmac; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

Pharmac intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

| Powder | e.g. | Feed Thickener Karicare Aptamil |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|
| GUAR GUM Powder | e.g. | Guarcol |
| MAIZE STARCH Powder | e.g. | Resource Thicken Up; Nutilis |
| MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM Powder MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID | e.g. | Instant Thick |
| Powder | e.g. | Easy Thick |

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted (RS1232)

Initiation

244

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant
- e.g. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid

| | | | SPECIAL FOODS |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
| Homocystinuria Products | | | |
| AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted set Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle | re per | ous page | e.g. HCU Anamix Infant e.g. XMET Maxamaid e.g. XMET Maxamum e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ |
| Isovaleric Acidaemia Products | | | |
| AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see tel Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can | | oage | e.g. IVA Anamix Infant e.g. XLEU Maxamaid e.g. XLEU Maxamum |
| Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products | | | |
| AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND V Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib 100 g, 400 g cap | , | d see term | ns on the previous page e.g. MSUD Anamix |
| 100 g, 400 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle | | | e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant e.g. MSUD Maxamum e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior LQ |

| | l (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Phenylketonuria Products | | | | | |
| MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) – Restrict Tab 8.33 mg Powder 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per 28 Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 sachet Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g 100 g, 400 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g ca Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 | 3 g sachet g, 36 g fibre per an ml, | ns on | page 2 | 244 | e.g. Phlexy-10 e.g. PKU Lophlex Powder (unflavoured) e.g. PKU Anamix Junio (van/choc/unfl) e.g. PKU Anamix Infant e.g. XP Maxamum e.g. Phlexy-10 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 1 |
| 125 ml bottle Liquid 2 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre p 100 ml, bottle | er | . 13.1(|) | 125 ml | e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 2 PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Orange) PKU Anamix Junior LQ |
| Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 n bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 n 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml bottle | nl, , 125 ml , 62.5 ml | | | | (Unflavoured) e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 2 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 1 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 2 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 1 |
| Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, carton Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre 100 g, 109 g pot | | | | | e.g. Easiphen e.g. PKU Lophlex Sensations 20 (berries) |

Propionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THREONINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on page 244

- t Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- 1 Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- t Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

246

- e.g. MMA/PA Anamix Infant
- e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid
- e.g. XMTVI Maxamum

SPECIAL FOODS

| | (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Bran Gene Mani | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------|-----------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Protein Free Supplements | | | | | | |
| PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on page 2- Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 | | | | | e.g. | Energivit |
| Tyrosinaemia Products | | | | | | |
| AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYRC Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g sachet Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fi 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g car Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle | ı, 36 g bre per n | estric | ted se | e terms o | e.g. e.g. e.g. | 244 TYR Anamix Junio TYR Anamix Infan XPHEN, TYR Maxamaid TYR Anamix Junio LQ |
| Urea Cycle Disorders Products | | | | | | |
| AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms on page 244 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g car Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can | ſ | | | | 0 | Dialamine Essential Amino Acid Mix |
| X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products | | | | | | |
| GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE – Restricted see terms on page 244 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE – Restricted see terms on page 244 | | | | | | |

1 Liquid, 500 ml bottle

Specialised Formulas

Diabetic Products

→ Restricted (RS1215)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 6 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.

| Price (ex man. exc \$ | | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| .OW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle | | 500 ml | Glucerna Select |
| 1,000 ml bag Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle | | | e.g. Nutrison Advanced Diason e.g. Nutrison Advanced Diason |
| OW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 7 g protein, 10.9 g carbohydrate, 2.7 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle | 10 | 200 ml | Nutren Diabetes (Vanilla e.g. Diasip |
| Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products | | | |
| nitiation Any of the following: 1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. | | | |
| MINO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet4. MINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml | 50 | 80 g | Vivonex TEN |
| PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 4 g protein, 17.7 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml, | | | e.g. Elemental 028 Exti |
| 1,000 ml bag | | | e.g. Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb |
| PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle18.0 PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above | 06 · | 1,000 ml | Vital |
| Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can | | | e.g. Peptamen Junior |

t Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above t Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton......4.95 237 ml Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)

e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| | l (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|--------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Fat Modified Products | | | | | |
| FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below Powder 12.8 g protein, 68.6 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 1 400 g can Restricted (RS1470) Initiation Any of the following: Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or Patient has a chyle leak; or Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient in the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults. Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria as | nodule and | | | | |
| Hepatic Products | | | | | |
| Restricted (RS1217) Initiation For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant. HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above Powder 12 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, High Calorie Products | can | . 78.9 | 7 | 400 g | Heparon Junior |
| Restricted (RS1317) Initiation Any of the following: Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or Patient requires low electrolyte; or Both: | nents. | | | | |
| Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibin 100 ml, bottle | e per | | | 500 ml ,000 ml | Nutrison Concentrated Ensure Two Cal HN RTH |
| 100 ml, bottle | | 1.90 | 0 | 200 ml | Two Cal HN |
| High Protein Products | | | | | |
| HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML − Restricted see Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 n 1,000 ml bottle | | e nex | t page | | e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus |

SPECIAL FOODS

| | | Price excl. GS \$ | ST) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| → Restricted (RS1327) | | | | |
| nitiation Both: | | | | |
| The patient has a high protein requirement; and Any of the following: Patient has liver disease; or Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surge Patient is fluid restricted; or | | | | |
| 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met u | 0 0 | • | uct. | |
| HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.26 KCAL/ML – Restricted se ↓ Liquid 10 g protein, 10.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 → Restricted (RS1327) initiation Both: | | | 500 ml | Nutrison Protein Intens |
| The patient has a high protein requirement; and Any of the following: Patient has liver disease; or Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surge Patient is fluid restricted; or Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met up | | orie produ | uct. | |
| HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML − Restricted se Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fi 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag | | N | | e.g. Nutrison Protein |
| → Restricted (RS1327) nitiation | | | | Plus Multi Fibre |

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

SPECIAL FOODS

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS | | Brand or Generic |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|------------------------|
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| nfant Formulas | | | |
| INO ACID FORMULA – Restricted see terms below | | | |
| Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 | ml. | | |
| 400 g can | | | e.g. Neocate |
| Powder 13 g protein, 49 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, | 400 g | | 0 |
| can | 0 | | e.g. Neocate SYNEC |
| | | | unflavoured |
| Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g | g, 400 g | | |
| can | | | e.g. Neocate Junior |
| | | | Unflavoured |
| Powder 13.3 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.6 g fat per 10 | | 400 g | Alfamino |
| Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 | 0 g, can53.00 | 400 g | Neocate Gold |
| . | | | (Unflavoured) |
| Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 | | 400 g | Neocate Junior Vanilla |
| Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, | | 400 g | Alfamino Junior |
| Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 i | ml, can53.00 | 400 g | Elecare LCP |
| | | | (Unflavoured) |
| Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 i | mi, can53.00 | 400 g | Elecare (Unflavoured) |
| Restricted (RS1867) | | | Elecare (Vanilla) |

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled for 2-4 weeks and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis; or
- 4 Ultra-short gut; or
- 5 Severe Immune deficiency.

Continuation

All of the following:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula; and
- 3 Amino acid formula is required for a nutritional deficit.

Initiation - patients who are currently funded under RS1502 or SA1557

Limited to 3 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a valid initiation or renewal approval for extensively hydrolysed formula (RS1502); and
- 2 Patient is unable to source funded Aptamil powder at this time; and
- 3 The approval only applies to funded dispensings of Neocate Gold and Neocate Syneo.

Note: This criteria is short term funding to cover an out-of-stock situation on some extensively hydrolysed formula powder funded under Hospital Restriction RS1502. There is no continuation criteria under this criterion.

ENTERAL LIQUID PEPTIDE FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

| t | Liquid 2.75 g protein, 13.7 g carbohydrate and 3.89 g fat per 100 ml 10.45 | 500 ml | Nutrini Peptisorb |
|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| t | Liquid 4.2 g protein, 18.6 g carbohydrate and 6.58 g fat per 100 ml 15.68 | 500 ml | Nutrini Peptisorb Energy |
| | | | |

➡ Restricted (RS1775)

Initiation

All of the following:

continued...

| Price | | | Brand or |
|----------------|-----|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. | GST |) | Generic |
| \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |

- continued...
 - 1 Patient has impaired gastrointestinal function and either cannot tolerate polymeric feeds, or polymeric feeds are unsuitable; and
 - 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Severe malabsorption; or
 - 2.2 Short bowel syndrome; or
 - 2.3 Intractable diarrhoea; or
 - 2.4 Biliary atresia; or
 - 2.5 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malabsorption; or
 - 2.6 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.7 Proven fat malabsorption; or
 - 2.8 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
 - 2.9 Intestinal failure; or
 - 2.10 Both:
 - 2.10.1 The patient is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
 - 2.10.2 The patient is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an enteral liquid peptide formula; and
 - 3 Either:
 - 3.1 A semi-elemental or partially hydrolysed powdered feed has been reasonably trialled and considered unsuitable; or
 - 3.2 For step down from intravenous nutrition.
- Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the patient can be transitioned to a cows milk protein or soy infant formula or extensively hydrolysed formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the patient continues to require an enteral liquid peptide formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

| t | Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can | 30.42 | 900 g | Aptamil AllerPro SYNEO |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------------------------------|
| t | Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can | 30.42 | 900 a | 1 Aptamil AllerPro SYNEO |
| t | Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g, 450 g can | | 300 g | 2 e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti |
| ⇒ | Restricted (RS1502) | | | Junior |

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
- 2 Severe malabsorption; or
- 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
- 4 Intractable diarrhoea; or
- 5 Biliary atresia; or
- 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or

SPECIAL FOODS

| | F (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Bran Gen Man | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------|------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| continued 7 Cystic fibrosis; or 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabs 10 Intestinal failure; or 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula. Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an | • | lgE n | nediate | d allergic | reacti | ion. |
| Continuation Both: An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to undertaken; and The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to | | | | | | |
| FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 1 400 g can LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA | 00 g, | | | | e.g. | Galactomin 19 |
| Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 r can Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 r | - | | | | e.g. | Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact |
| can LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA | m, 500 g | | | | e.g. | S26 Lactose Free |
| Powder 14.6 g protein, 55.2 g carbohydrate and 25.8 g fat per 14 400 g can PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see | e terms belo | w | | | e.g. | Locasol |
| ↓ Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibr 100 ml, bottle | | 2.3 | 5 | 125 ml | Infa | trini |
| Both: 1 Either: 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg. Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolera growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clin and adjusting the frequency of feeding. PRETERM FORMULA – Restricted see terms below | ate an adequ | uate v | volume | of infant | | |
| Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml | - | 0.7 | 5 | 100 ml | | LBW Gold RTF |
| bottle Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml bottle | , 70 ml | | | | U | Pre Nan Gold RTF Karicare Aptamil |

Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

| | Price (ex man. excl. GS \$ | Г) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| THICKENED FORMULA Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 can | ml, 900 g | | e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR |
| Ketogenic Diet Products | | | |
| HIGH FAT FORMULA – Restricted see terms below Powder 14.4 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 10 | 00 g, can35.50 | 300 g | Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla) |
| ↓ Powder 15.4 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 68.6 g fat per 10 → Restricted (RS1225) | 00 g, can35.50 | 300 g | Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured) |
| Initiation For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase defi conditions requiring a ketogenic diet. | ciency or glucose trans | sported type | -1 deficiency and other |
| Paediatric Products | | | |
| → Restricted (RS1473) Initiation Both: Child is aged one to ten years; and Any of the following: The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be ins | ling to oral feeding; or thing for 3 days. | of feeding; | or |
| PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML – Restricted see te Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fib 100 ml, bag | ore per | 500 ml | Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH |
| PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see term Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 m Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 500 ml bag Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 500 ml bottle | l, bag2.68 ml, | 500 ml | Pediasure RTH e.g. Nutrini RTH e.g. Nutrini RTH |

254

SPECIAL FOODS

| t Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, | | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ |) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bag | PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see ter | rms on the previous pag | е | |
| 100 ml, bag | | | | |
| Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle | | | 500 ml | Nutrini Energy Multi |
| 100 ml, bottle | ▲ ··· ···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | Fibre |
| Fibre Fibre Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bag e.g. Nutrini Energy R1 Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle e.g. Nutrini Energy R1 (Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bag to be delisted 1 December 2022) PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can | | | 500 ml | Niutuini En europ Multi |
| Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bag Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle <i>e.g. Nutrini Energy RT</i> (Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bag to be delisted 1 December 2022) PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can | | 6.00 | 500 mi | |
| 500 ml bag e.g. Nutrini Energy RT Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle e.g. Nutrini Energy RT (Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bag to be delisted 1 December 2022) PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle | Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 | ml. | | FIDIE |
| c.g. Nutrini Energy RI (Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bag to be delisted 1 December 2022) PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page t. Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle | | , | | e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH |
| (Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bag to be delisted 1 December 2022) PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle | Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 | ml, | | |
| December 2022) PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle | | | | e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH |
| PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle | (Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate | e, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibi | re per 100 i | ml, bag to be delisted 1 |
| Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle | December 2022) | | | |
| t Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can1.34 PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle t Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle e.g. Pediasure Plus e.g. Fortini t Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per | | | | |
| t Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can | Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 m | I, bottle1.07 | 200 ml | · · / |
| Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can | | | | () |
| PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle e.g. Pediasure Plus Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle e.g. Fortini Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per | 1 Liquid 0.0 a protain 11.0 a cortachudrate and E a fat new 100 m | 1 oon 1 0 1 | 050 ml | · / |
| Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per | | | 250 m | Peulasure (Varillia) |
| 500 ml bottle e.g. Pediasure Plus Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle e.g. Fortini Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per e.g. Fortini | | | | |
| t Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle e.g. Fortini t Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per | | ml, | | e e Dediesume Dhue |
| 200 ml bottle e.g. Fortini 1 Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per | | ml | | e.g. Pediasure Plus |
| t Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per | | rni, | | o a Fortini |
| | | nre ner | | e.g. Torum |
| ···· | | | | e.a. Fortini Multifibre |
| | , | | | |
| Renal Products | Renal Products | | | |
| LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below | LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML - Restricte | d see terms below | | |
| Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre | Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 | g fibre | | |
| per 100 ml, bottle | | 6.08 | 500 ml | Nepro HP RTH |
| ⇒ Restricted (RS1229) | | | | |
| Initiation | | | | |
| For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. | | | | |
| LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| Powder 7.5 g protein, 57.6 g carbohydrate and 25.9 g fat per 100 g, | | 00 g, | | |
| 400 g can e.g. Kindergen → Restricted (RS1227) | | | | e.g. Kindergen |
| Initiation | | | | |
| For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease. | | | | |
| LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML | | | | |
| Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per | | fibre ner | | |
| | | • | 220 ml | Nepro HP (Strawberry) |
| Nepro HP (Vanilla) | | E.V. | | |
| → Restricted (RS1228) | → Restricted (RS1228) | | | r · (······) |
| Initiation | | | | |

For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.

| | Price | · - \ | Brand or Generic |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| | (ex man. excl. GS \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| | Ŧ | 1.01 | manufacturor |
| LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see to | | 007 | New Prest |
| Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, | carton3.31 | 237 ml | Novasource Renal (Vanilla) |
| Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml bottle | , 237 ml | | |
| Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, carton | 125 ml | | e.g. Renilon 7.5 |
| Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, | 200 ml | | e.g. Hermon 7.5 |
| bottle | | 4 | Novasource Renal |
| (Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate 2022) → Restricted (RS1228) | and 10 g fat per 100 | ml, carton to | (Vanilla) be delisted 1 September |
| Initiation | | | |
| For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. | | | |
| Surgical Products | | | |
| | | | |
| HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML – Restricted see term Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydrate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g fibre | per | | |
| 100 ml, carton | 4.00 | 178 ml | Impact Advanced Recovery |
| Liquid 10.4 g protein, 8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 0 g fibre p | er | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| 100 ml, 250 ml carton | | 10 | Impact Advanced Recovery |
| (Impact Advanced Recovery Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydra July 2022) ➡ Restricted (RS1231) | ate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g i | fibre per 100 | , |
| Initiation | | | |
| Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, h | ead or neck surgery | | |
| PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML – Restric | 0, | | |
| Oral lig 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml. | | | |
| Oraning organization, 12.6 g carbonydrate and orginal per 100 mil, bottle | | 4 | preOp |
| → Restricted (RS1415) | | 7 | hicoh |
| Initiation | | | |
| Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery | (ERAS) protocol 2 to | 3 hours bef | ore maior abdominal |
| | ,, p | | |

surgery.

Standard Feeds

➡ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

Any of the following:

For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or
 - 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
 - 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ continued... 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism: or 4 For use pre- and post-surgery: or 5 For patients being tube-fed; or 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition: or 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria. ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page 1.000 ml Nutrison Energy 1.000 ml Nutrison Energy t Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml. 1.000 ml bag e.a. Nutrison Enerav Multi Fibre Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml. 1.000 ml bottle e.g. Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre t Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can 1.75 250 ml Ensure Plus HN 1.000 ml Ensure Plus HN RTH t Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per 100 ml, bag......7.00 1.000 ml Jevity HiCal RTH (Nutrison Energy Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag to be delisted 1 December 2022) ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml. 1000 ml bottle e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre 1.000 ml Osmolite RTH Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per t Jevity RTH 1.000 ml Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1.000 ml bag e.a. NutrisonStdRTH: NutrisonLowSodium t Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml. 1.000 ml bottle e.a. Nutrison Low Sodium: NutrisonStdRTH t Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per e.a. Nutrison Multi Fibre 100 ml. 1000 ml bag ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per t 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag e.g. Jevity Plus RTH ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 1.000 ml Nutrison 800 Complete Multi Fibre

SPECIAL FOODS

| Price (ex man. excl. GS | ;T) | Brand or Generic |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |
| HIGH PROTEIN ORAL FEED 2.4 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on page 256 Only to be used for patients currently on or would be using Fortisip or Fortisip Multi F Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, | ibre | |
| 125 ml bottle | | e.g. Fortisip Compact Protein |
| (e.g. Fortisip Compact Protein Liquid 14.6 g protein, 25.3 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat po July 2022) | er 100 ml, 1. | 25 ml bottle to be delisted 1 |
| ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on page 256 | | |
| t Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00 | 850 g | Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla) |
| t Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can | 840 g | Sustagen Hospital Formula (Chocolate) Sustagen Hospital Formula (Vanilla) |
| ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 256 | | |
| t Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml, | | |
| 237 ml carton | | e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage |
| ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 256 | | |
| Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can | 237 ml | Ensure Plus (Vanilla) |
| carton1.26 | 200 ml | Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla) |
| Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml | | e.g. Fortijuice |
| bottle | | e.g. Fortisip |
| Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per | | - <u>J</u> |
| 100 ml, 200 ml bottle | | e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre |

VACCINES

| | Price (ex man. excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| Bacterial and Viral Vaccines | | | | |
| DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - R | Restricted see tern | ns <mark>belo</mark> | w | |
| Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertoxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mc pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 m - 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024. | g Il syringe |) | 10 | Infanrix IPV |
| → Restricted (RS1387) Initiation | | | | |
| Any of the following: | | | | |
| A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have compled A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up prograprimary immunisation; or An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-) or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renarror | mmes for children immunisation for p al dialysis and othe | (to the atients | age of 10 | CT, or chemotherapy; pre- |
| 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ tr | • | | | |
| Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate s | | | | |
| DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND Restricted see terms below Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg per toxoid, 25 mcg per toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mc pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hep - 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 | rtussis g patitis B | | 10 | Infanrix-hexa |
| Initiation | | | | |
| Any of the following: 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-) are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, o organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunose 3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up program | immunisation for c r chemotherapy; pr uppressive regimer eceiving solid organ | hildren re or po ns; or n trans | up to and ost splene plantation | ectomy; pre- or post solid |
| complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation programmes. | | | | |
| Bacterial Vaccines | | | | |
| BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE – Restricted see term | | | | |

1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial

Initiation

All of the following:

- For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:
- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and

10

BCG Vaccine

3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

| (| Price ex man. excl. \$ | GST) Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE – Restricted see Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin and 2.5 mcg | | | |
| pertactin in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1790) Initiation | 0.00 |) 1 10 | Boostrix Boostrix |

- Any of the following:
 - 1 A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trimester of each pregnancy; or; or
 - 2 A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants admitted to a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit or Specialist Care Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed to maternal vaccination at least 14 days prior to birth; or; or
 - 3 A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation; or
 - 4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
 - 5 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 65 years old; or
 - 6 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 45 years old who have not had 4 previous tetanus doses; or
 - 7 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or
 - 8 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
 - 9 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds.
- Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

| Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjugated to | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syringe plus | | |
| vial 0.5 ml | 1 | Hiberix |
| → Restricted (RS1520) | | |
| Initiation | | |
| Therapy limited to 1 dose | | |
| Any of the following: | | |
| 1 For primary vaccination in children; or | | |
| 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients pot transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pi post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regions For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation | re- or post s mens; or | olid organ transplant, pre- or |
| paediatrician. | | |
| MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see te | rms below | |
| Inj 4 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial – | | |

0% DV Oct-20 to 2024......0.00 1 Menactra → Restricted (RS1848) Initiation

Fither:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
 - 1.2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or

VACCINES

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

- 1.3 One dose for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 1.4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 1.5 A maximum of two doses for person pre and post-immunosuppression*; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
 - 2.2.2 One dose for individuals who are currently living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons, from 1 December 2019 to 30 November 2021.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL B MULTICOMPONENT VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 175 mcg per 0.5 ml prefilled syringe......0.00 1 Bexsero

➡ Restricted (RS1851)

Initiation – Infants under one year of age

Any of the following:

- 1 up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 2 up to three doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to three doses for child who or has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to three doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 up to three doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression* .

Initiation - Person is one year of age or over

Any of the following:

- 1 up to two doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 2 up to two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to two doses for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 up to two doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression* .

Note: *Immunosuppression due to corticosteroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

| t | Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe0.00 | 1 | Neisvac-C |
|---|----------------------------------|---|-----------|
|---|----------------------------------|---|-----------|

→ Restricted (RS1849)

Initiation - Children under 9 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
- 2 Two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 Two doses for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of two doses for child pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Notes: children under nine months of age require two doses 8 weeks apart. Refer to the Immunisation Handbook for booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

| Priv (ex man. e | | | Brand or Generic |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| (ex iidi). e \$ | | Per | Manufacturer |
| PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE – Restricted see terms bet mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9V, 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 4, | low | | |
| 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 | 0.00 | 10 | Synflorix |
| A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated individuals up to the a Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for | r catch up p | | |
| PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE – Restricted see terms be | low | | |
| Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A, DB 75 of 14, 400, 401, 402 of 24, 405 or 1, 25 of 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A, | 0.00 | | D |
| 6B, 7F, 9V, 14, 18C, 19A, 19F and 23F in 0.5 ml syringe | 0.00 | 1 10 | Prevenar 13 |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1871) | | 10 | Prevenar 13 |
| Initiation – High risk children who have received PCV10 Therapy limited to 1 dose | | | |
| Two doses are funded for high risk children (over the age of 12 months and under doses of the primary course of PCV10. | r 18 years) | who ha | ve previously received two |
| Initiation – High risk children aged under 5 years | | | |
| Therapy limited to 4 doses | | | |
| Both: | | | |
| Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for children aged Any of the following: | d under 5 y | ears for | (re-)immunisation; and |
| 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate whe | en there is e | expected | to be a sufficient immune |
| response; or | | | |
| 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or2.3 With HIV infection; or | | | |
| 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or | | | |
| 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (includ | ding haema | topoieti | c stem cell transplant); or |
| 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or | č | · | |
| 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh mo | | | |
| or greater; or 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or | n-dose corti | costeroi | d therapy); or |
| 2.10 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or | | | |
| 2.12 With diabetes; or | | | |
| 2.13 With Down syndrome; or | | | |
| 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia. | | | |
| Initiation – High risk adults and children 5 years and over | | | |
| Therapy limited to 4 doses | = | | |
| Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation of | | | · · · |
| pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or pos | | | |
| solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited cerebrospinal fluid leaks or primary immunodeficiency. | i), cochiear | impiant | s, initactaniai shunis, |
| Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases | | | |

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

262

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal serotype) - 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024......0.00 1 Pneumovax 23

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

➡ Restricted (RS1587)

Initiation – High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection; or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes; or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

➡ Restricted (RS1243)

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines

| HEPATITIS A VACCINE – Restricted see terms below | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---|---------------|
| Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 | 0.00 | 1 | Havrix Junior |
| Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe – 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 | 0.00 | 1 | Havrix |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1638) | | | |
| Initiation | | | |
| Any of the following: | | | |
| 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or | | | |
| 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or | | | |
| 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases. | | | |
| HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE | | | |
| Inj 10 mcg per 0.5 ml prefilled syringe | 0 00 | 1 | Engerix-B |
| | 0.00 | • | Engoin B |

| | Price | | Brand or |
|---------|-----------|------|--------------|
| (ex mar | . excl. (| GST) | Generic |
| | \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

→ Restricted (RS1588)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or
- 10 Following needle stick injury.
- Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024......0.00 1
 Engerix-B
 Restricted (RS1671)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or
- 10 Following needle stick injury; or
- 11 For dialysis patients; or
- 12 For liver or kidney transplant patients.

HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VACCINE [HPV] − Restricted see terms below Inj 270 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe − 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024.....0.00 10 Gardasil 9

→ Restricted (RS1693)

Initiation – Children aged 14 years and under Therapy limited to 2 doses

Children aged 14 years and under.

Initiation - other conditions

Either:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or
 - 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) patients; or
 - 2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

| | | | | VACCINES |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------------------------|
| F (ex man. | Price excl. \$ | GST) | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
| continued | | | | |
| nitiation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis All of the following: | | | | |
| 1 Either: | | | | |
| 1.1 Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and under; or 1.2 Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and over; and | | | | |
| 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and3 The patient has not previously had an HPV vaccine. | | | | |
| NFLUENZA VACCINE | | | | |
| Inj 30 mcg in 0.25 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine) | .11.00 |) | 1 | Afluria Quad Junior (2022 Formulation) |
| → Restricted (RS1675) | _ | | | |
| nitiation – cardiovascular disease for patients aged 6 months to 35 month Any of the following: | S | | | |
| 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or | | | | |
| 2 Congestive heart failure; or | | | | |
| 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or | | | | |
| 4 Congenital heart disease; or | | | | |
| 5 Cerebro-vascular disease. | | ماسطمط | from fu | adiaa |
| Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease nitiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients aged 6 months to 35 mo Either: | | | Irom Iu | iung. |
| 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or | | | | |
| 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function. | | | | |
| Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from fundin | g. | | | |
| nitiation – Other conditions for patients aged 6 months to 35 months | | | | |
| Any of the following: 1 Diabetes: or | | | | |
| 2 Chronic renal disease: or | | | | |
| Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; | or | | | |
| 4 Autoimmune disease; or | | | | |
| 5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or | | | | |
| 6 HIV; or 7 Transplant recipient; or | | | | |
| 8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or | | | | |
| 9 Haemoglobinopathies; or | | | | |
| 10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or | | | | |
| 11 Has a cochlear implant; or | | | | |
| 12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or | | | | |
| 13 Pre and post splenectomy; or14 Down syndrome; or | | | | |
| 15 Child who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of | signif | icant re | espirator | y illness. |
| Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (quadrivalent vaccine) | Ũ | | 10 | Afluria Quad (2022 Formulation) |
| → Restricted (RS1895) | | | | |
| nitiation – People over 65 | | | | |
| The patient is 65 years of age or over. | | | | |
| | | | | |

VACCINES

| Price | | Brand or |
|-------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GS | Г) | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

Initiation - People of Māori or any Pacific ethnicity

People 55 to 64 years of age (inclusive) and is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients 3 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients 3 years and over Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.
- Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions for patients 3 years and over

Either:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes; or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease; or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 1.6 HIV; or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
 - 1.16 Is a child 3 to 4 years of age (inclusive) who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital.

MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

| Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50, | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----|---------|
| Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent | | |
| 0.5 ml – 0% DV Oct-20 to 20240.00 | 10 | Priorix |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1487) | | |
| Initiation – first dose prior to 12 months | | |
| Therapy limited to 3 doses | | |
| Any of the following: | | |
| ···· · ··· ··························· | | |

1 For primary vaccination in children; or

| | | | | VACCINES |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| (| Price ex man. ex \$ | | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
| continued | | | | |
| 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or | | | | |
| 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. | | | | |
| Initiation – first dose after 12 months Therapy limited to 2 doses | | | | |
| Any of the following: | | | | |
| 1 For primary vaccination in children; or | | | | |
| 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or | | | | |
| 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. | | | | |
| Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedu | lie for catc | n up pro | grammes. | |
| POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 80 D-antigen units in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1398) | 0 | .00 | 1 | IPOL |
| Initiation | | | | |
| Therapy limited to 3 doses Either: | | | | |
| For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or For revaccination following immunosuppression. | | | | |
| Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate sch | nedule for | catch up | programm | nes. |
| RABIES VACCINE Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent | | | | |
| ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE – Restricted see terms below | | | | |
| I Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per do prefilled oral applicator − 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1590) | | .00 | 10 | Rotarix |
| Initiation | | | | |
| Therapy limited to 2 doses Both: | | | | |
| First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of a No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or c | • | | | |
| VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE] | | | | |
| Inj 1350 PFU prefiiled syringe – 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 | 0 | .00 | 1 10 | Varivax Varivax |
| ➡ Restricted (RS1591) | | | 10 | Vallvax |
| Initiation – primary vaccinations | | | | |
| Therapy limited to 1 dose Either: | | | | |
| Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or af infection (chickenpox). | ter 1 July 2 | 2017, wh | io have no | t previously had a varicella |
| Initiation – other conditions Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following: | | | | |
| 1 Any of the following: | | | | |
| for non-immune patients: | | | | |
| 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates | for transp | lantatior | n; or | |
| | | | | |

continued...

VACCINES

| Price | | Brand or |
|---------------------|-----|--------------|
| (ex man. excl. GST) | | Generic |
| \$ | Per | Manufacturer |

continued...

- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial

→ Restricted (RS1777)

Initiation - infants between 9 and 12 months of age

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - for non-immune patients:
 - 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
 - 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
 - 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
 - 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
 - 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella: or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

| t | Varicella zoster virus (Oka strain) live attenuated vaccine [shingles | | |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----------|
| | vaccine] 0.00 | 1 | Zostavax |
| | Restricted (RS1882) tiation – people aged 65 years | 10 | Zostavax |

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged 65 years.

268

VACCINES

| | Price (ex man. excl. GST \$ | Per | Brand or Generic Manufacturer |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| Diagnostic Agents | | | |
| TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial – 0% DV Oct-20 to 2024 | 0.00 | 1 | Tubersol |

| | Pric | - | | Brand or |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------|
| | (ex man. ex \$ | (cl. GST) | Per | Generic Manufacturer |
| Optional Pharmaceuticals | | | | |
| NOTE: | | | | |
| n addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Option isted in an addendum to Part III which is available at <u>schedule.pi</u> addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of th apply to them. | <u>narmac.govt.nz</u> . 7 | he Option | nal Pharm | aceuticals listed in the |
| BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER | | | | |
| 1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic | |).00).00 | 1 | CareSens N Premier Caresens N Caresens N POP |
| BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP | | | | |
| Blood glucose test strips | 10 |).56 | 50 test | CareSens N |
| Test strips | 10 |).56 | 50 test | CareSens PRO |
| BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP | | | | |
| Test strips | 15 | 5.50 | 10 strip | KetoSens |
| DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC | TEST METER | | | |
| Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucos | e diagnostic | | | |
| test strips | 20 | 0.00 | 1 | CareSens Dual |
| ASK FOR SPACER DEVICE | | | | |
| Small | 2 | 2.20 | 1 | e-chamber Mask |
| PEAK FLOW METER | | | | |
| Low Range | | 9.54 | 1 | Mini-Wright AFS Low Range |
| | | | | |

Mini-Wright Standard

Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test

e-chamber Turbo

e-chamber La Grande Volumatic

Ketostix

1

40 test

50 strip

1

1

1

PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE

SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE

SPACER DEVICE

| vm | | |
|----|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |

| - Symbols - |
|----------------------------------------------------|
| 8-methoxypsoralen |
| - A - |
| A-Scabies |
| Abacavir sulphate |
| Abacavir sulphate with lamivudine |
| |
| Abciximab |
| Abiraterone acetate |
| Acarbose |
| Accarb |
| |
| Accuretic 20 |
| Acetazolamide |
| Acetec |
| Extemporaneously Compounded |
| Preparations |
| Genito-Urinary61 |
| Acetic acid with hydroxyquinoline, |
| glycerol and ricinoleic acid |
| Acetic acid with propylene |
| glycol 230 |
| Acetylcholine chloride |
| Acetylcholine chloride |
| Acetylcysteine231 Aciclovir |
| Infections |
| |
| Sensory |
| Aciclovir-Baxter |
| |
| Acidex5 Acipimox49 |
| |
| Acitretin |
| Aclasta |
| Actemra 203 |
| Actinomycin D134 Adalimumab (Amgevita)161 |
| Adalimumab (Amgevita)101 Adalimumab (Humira)171 |
| |
| Adapalene |
| Adenosine |
| Adenosine |
| Advantan |
| |
| Advate |
| Adynovate |
| Afinitor |
| Affibercept |
| Allibercept |
| (2022 Formulation) |
| Afluria Quad Junior |
| (2022 Formulation) |
| AFT Pholcodine Linctus BP |
| Agents Affecting the |
| , going , mooning mo |

| Renin-Angiotensin System 41 |
|-------------------------------------|
| Agents for Parkinsonism and Related |
| Disorders 108 |
| Agents Used in the Treatment of |
| Poisonings231 |
| Ajmaline |
| Albendazole |
| Alchemy Oxybutynin64 |
| |
| Aldurazyme |
| |
| Alectinib142 |
| Alendronate sodium |
| Alendronate sodium with |
| colecalciferol |
| Alfacalcidol25 |
| Alfamino251 |
| Alfamino Junior251 |
| Alfentanil113 |
| Alglucosidase alfa15 |
| Alinia |
| Allersoothe |
| Allmercap |
| Allopurinol104 |
| |
| Alpha tocopheryl25 |
| Alpha tocopheryl acetate26 |
| Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers42 |
| Alphamox80 |
| Alphamox 12580 |
| Alphamox 25080 |
| Alprolix |
| Alprostadil hydrochloride51 |
| Alteplase |
| Alum |
| Aluminium chloride |
| Aluminium hydroxide |
| |
| Aluminium hydroxide with |
| magnesium hydroxide and |
| simeticone5 |
| Amantadine hydrochloride108 |
| AmBisome |
| Ambrisentan52 |
| Ambrisentan Mylan52 |
| Amethocaine |
| Nervous112 |
| Sensory227 |
| Amgevita |
| Amikacin |
| Amiloride hydrochloride |
| Amiloride hydrochloride with |
| furosemide |
| Amilarida budraablarida with |
| Amiloride hydrochloride with |
| hydrochlorothiazide 47 |
| Aminolevulinic acid |
| hydrochloride 154 |
| |

| Aminophylline | 222 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|
| Amiodarone hydrochloride | |
| Amisulpride | . 122 |
| Amitriptyline | . 116 |
| Amlodipine | 45 |
| Amorolfine | |
| Amoxicillin | |
| Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid | 80 |
| Amoxiclav multichem | 80 |
| Amphotericin B | |
| Alimentary | 22 |
| Infections | 84 |
| Amsacrine | |
| Amyl nitrite | |
| Anabolic Agents | |
| Anaesthetics | 109 |
| Anaesthetics | 137 |
| Analgesics | 112 |
| Anastrozole | 153 |
| Anatrole | 153 |
| Andriol Testocaps | . 100 |
| Androderm | 05 |
| Androgen Agonists and | 05 |
| Antagonists | 65 |
| Aniagonisis | |
| Antabuse | |
| Antacids and Antiflatulents | . 131 |
| Anti-Infective Agents | |
| | 01 |
| Anti-Infective Preparations | |
| Dermatological | |
| Sensory | |
| Anti-Inflammatory Preparations | |
| Antiacne Preparations | |
| Antiallergy Preparations | |
| Antianaemics | |
| Antiarrhythmics | |
| Antibacterials | 76 |
| Anticholinergic Agents | |
| Anticholinesterases | |
| Antidepressants | . 116 |
| Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal | |
| Anti-Inflammatory Agents | 5 |
| Antiepilepsy Drugs | . 117 |
| Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and | |
| Local Sclerosants | |
| Antifibrotics | |
| Antifungals | |
| Antihypotensives | 44 |
| Antimigraine Preparations | . 120 |
| Antimycobacterials | 86 |
| Antinausea and Vertigo Agents | . 121 |
| Antiparasitics | 87 |
| Antipruritic Preparations | 56 |
| Antipsychotic Agents | . 122 |
| | |

| Antiretrovirals |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Antirheumatoid Agents99 |
| Antiseptics and Disinfectants |
| Antispasmodics and Other Agents |
| Altering Gut Motility 7 |
| Antithrombotics |
| Antithymocyte globulin |
| (equine) 211 |
| Antithymocyte globulin (rabbit) 211 |
| Antiulcerants |
| Antivirals |
| Anxiolytics |
| Apidra |
| Apidra Solostar |
| Apo-Diltiazem CD |
| Apo-Doxazosin |
| Apo-Prednisone |
| Apomorphine hydrochloride |
| Apraclonidine |
| Aprepitant |
| Apresoline |
| Aprotinin |
| Aptamil AllerPro SYNEO 1 |
| Aptamil AllerPro SYNEO 2 |
| Aqueous cream |
| Arachis oil [Peanut oil] |
| Aratac |
| Arava |
| Arginine |
| Alimentary16 |
| |
| |
| Various236 |
| Various236 Argipressin [Vasopressin]75 |
| Various |
| Various236Argipressin [Vasopressin]75Aripiprazole122Aripiprazole Sandoz122Aristocort58Arrotex-Prazosin S2943Arrow - Lattim228Arrow-Amitriptyline116Arrow-Bendrofluazide47Arrow-Brimonidine229Arrow-Diazepam125 |
| Various |
| Various |
| Various |
| Various |
| Various 236 Argipressin [Vasopressin] 75 Aripiprazole 122 Aripiprazole Sandoz 122 Aristocort 58 Arrotex-Prazosin S29 43 Arrow - Lattim 228 Arrow-Amitriptyline 116 Arrow-Bendrofluazide 47 Arrow-Brimonidine 229 Arrow-Losartan & 125 Arrow-Losartan & 42 Arrow-Ornidazole 88 Arrow-Ornidazole 88 Arrow-Quinapril 10 41 |
| Various |
| Various |
| Various236Argipressin [Vasopressin]75Aripiprazole122Aripiprazole Sandoz122Aristocort58Arrotex-Prazosin S2943Arrow - Lattim228Arrow - Lattim228Arrow-Bendrofluazide47Arrow-Bendrofluazide47Arrow-Diazepam125Arrow-Losartan &HydrochlorothiazideArrow-Norfloxacin81Arrow-Quinapril 1041Arrow-Quinapril 541Arrow-Roxithromycin79 |
| Various236Argipressin [Vasopressin]75Aripiprazole122Aripiprazole Sandoz122Aristocort58Arrotex-Prazosin S2943Arrow - Lattim228Arrow-Amitriptyline116Arrow-Bendrofluazide47Arrow-Bendrofluazide47Arrow-Diazepam125Arrow-Norfloxacin81Arrow-Norfloxacin81Arrow-Quinapril 1041Arrow-Quinapril 541Arrow-Roxithromycin79Arrow-Timolol228 |
| Various 236 Argipressin [Vasopressin] 75 Aripiprazole 122 Aripiprazole Sandoz 122 Aristocort 58 Arrotex-Prazosin S29 43 Arrow - Lattim 228 Arrow-Amitriptyline 116 Arrow-Bendrofluazide 47 Arrow-Bendrofluazide 47 Arrow-Diazepam 125 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide Hydrochlorothiazide 42 Arrow-Ornidazole 88 Arrow-Quinapril 10 41 Arrow-Quinapril 5 41 Arrow-Roxithromycin 79 Arrow-Timolol 228 Arrow-Timolol 228 |
| Various 236 Argipressin [Vasopressin] 75 Aripiprazole 122 Aripiprazole Sandoz 122 Aripiprazole Sandoz 122 Aristocort 58 Arrotex-Prazosin S29 43 Arrow - Lattim 228 Arrow-Amitriptyline 116 Arrow-Bendrofluazide 47 Arrow-Diazepam 125 Arrow-Diazepam 125 Arrow-Onridazole 42 Arrow-Ornidazole 42 Arrow-Quinapril 10 41 Arrow-Quinapril 20 41 Arrow-Roxithromycin 79 Arrow-Topiramate 119 Arrow-Tarmadol 115 |
| Various 236 Argipressin [Vasopressin] 75 Aripiprazole 122 Aripiprazole Sandoz 122 Aripiprazole Sandoz 122 Aristocort 58 Arrotex-Prazosin S29 43 Arrow - Lattim 228 Arrow-Amitriptyline 116 Arrow-Bendrofluazide 47 Arrow-Bendrofluazide 47 Arrow-Diazepam 125 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide Hydrochlorothiazide 42 Arrow-Ornidazole 88 Arrow-Quinapril 10 41 Arrow-Quinapril 5 41 Arrow-Roxithromycin 79 Arrow-Topiramate 119 Arrow-Topiramate 115 Arsenic trioxide 137 |
| Various 236 Argipressin [Vasopressin] 75 Aripiprazole 122 Aripiprazole Sandoz 122 Aripiprazole Sandoz 122 Aristocort 58 Arrotex-Prazosin S29 43 Arrow - Lattim 228 Arrow-Amitriptyline 116 Arrow-Bendrofluazide 47 Arrow-Brimonidine 229 Arrow-Diazepam 125 Arrow-Losartan & 14 Hydrochlorothiazide 42 Arrow-Ornidazole 88 Arrow-Quinapril 10 41 Arrow-Quinapril 20 41 Arrow-Roxithromycin 79 Arrow-Topiramate 119 Arrow-Topiramate 119 Arrow-Tramadol 137 Artemether with lumefantrine 87 |
| Various 236 Argipressin [Vasopressin] 75 Aripiprazole 122 Aripiprazole Sandoz 122 Aripiprazole Sandoz 122 Aristocort 58 Arrotex-Prazosin S29 43 Arrow - Lattim 228 Arrow-Amitriptyline 116 Arrow-Bendrofluazide 47 Arrow-Bendrofluazide 47 Arrow-Diazepam 125 Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide Hydrochlorothiazide 42 Arrow-Ornidazole 88 Arrow-Quinapril 10 41 Arrow-Quinapril 5 41 Arrow-Roxithromycin 79 Arrow-Topiramate 119 Arrow-Topiramate 115 Arsenic trioxide 137 |

| Articaine hydrochloride with |
|------------------------------------|
| adrenaline 110 |
| Asacol6 |
| Ascorbic acid |
| Alimentary 25 |
| Extemporaneously Compounded |
| Preparations239 |
| Aspen Adrenaline50 |
| Aspirin |
| Blood35 |
| Nervous112 |
| Asthalin220 |
| Atazanavir sulphate91 |
| Atenolol44 |
| Atenolol-AFT44 |
| ATGAM211 |
| Ativan125 |
| Atomoxetine128 |
| Atorvastatin48 |
| Atovaquone with proguanil |
| hydrochloride88 |
| Atracurium besylate105 |
| Atropine sulphate |
| Cardiovascular 43 |
| Sensory229 |
| Atropt |
| Aubagio 127 |
| Augmentin80 |
| Aurorix |
| Avelox |
| Avonex |
| Avonex Pen 127 |
| Azacitidine |
| Azacitidine Dr Reddy's 135 |
| Azactam |
| Azamun |
| Azathioprine211 |
| Azilect109 |
| Azithromycin |
| Azopt |
| AZT |
| Aztreonam82 |
| - B - |
| Bacillus calmette-guerin (BCG) 211 |
| Bacillus calmette-guerin |
| vaccine |
| Baclofen |
| Bacterial and Viral Vaccines |
| Bacterial Vaccines |
| Balanced Salt Solution |
| Baricitinib |
| Barium sulphate |
| Barium sulphate with sodium |
| bicarbonate |
| Barrier Creams and Emollients |
| Basiliximab175 |

| BCG Vaccine | 259 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| BD PosiFlush | |
| Beclazone 100 | |
| Beclazone 250 | 220 |
| Beclazone 50 | 220 |
| Beclomethasone dipropionate | 220 |
| Bee venom | 216 |
| Bendamustine hydrochloride | . 133 |
| Bendrofluazide | 47 |
| Bendroflumethiazide | |
| [Bendrofluazide] | 47 |
| Benzathine benzylpenicillin | 80 |
| Benzatropine mesylate | |
| Benzbromaron AL 100 | 104 |
| Benzbromarone | 104 |
| Benzocaine | 110 |
| Benzocaine with tetracaine | |
| hydrochloride | . 110 |
| Benzoin | 239 |
| Benzoyl peroxide | |
| Benztrop | |
| Benzydamine hydrochloride | |
| Benzydamine hydrochloride with | |
| cetylpyridinium chloride | 22 |
| Benzylpenicillin sodium [Penicillin | |
| G] | 80 |
| Beractant | |
| Beta Cream | 58 |
| Beta Ointment | 58 |
| Beta Scalp | 60 |
| Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists | 220 |
| Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers | |
| Betadine | 233 |
| Betahistine dihydrochloride | |
| Betaine | |
| Betaloc CR | 44 |
| Betamethasone | |
| Betamethasone dipropionate | <mark>58</mark> |
| Betamethasone dipropionate with | |
| calcipotriol | 59 |
| Betamethasone sodium phosphate | |
| with betamethasone acetate | 66 |
| Betamethasone valerate5 | 8, 60 |
| Betamethasone valerate with | |
| clioquinol | 58 |
| Betamethasone valerate with sodiu | m |
| fusidate [Fusidic acid] | |
| Betaxolol | |
| Betnovate | |
| Betoptic | |
| Betoptic S | |
| Bevacizumab | |
| Bexsero | |
| Bezafibrate | |
| Bezalip | |
| Bezalip Retard | 48 |

| Bicalutamide | .151 |
|----------------------------------------|-------|
| Bicillin LA | 80 |
| BiCNU | |
| Bicnu Heritage | |
| Bile and Liver Therapy | 9 |
| Biliscopin | |
| Bimatoprost | .228 |
| Bimatoprost Multichem | |
| Binarex | |
| Binocrit | |
| Biodone | . 114 |
| Biodone Extra Forte | .114 |
| Biodone Forte | |
| Biotin | |
| Bisacodyl | |
| Bismuth subgallate | .239 |
| Bismuth subnitrate and iodoform | |
| paraffin | 237 |
| Bisoprolol fumarate | 44 |
| Bisoprolol Mylan | 44 |
| Bivalirudin | 33 |
| Bleomycin sulphate | .134 |
| Blood glucose diagnostic test | 070 |
| meter | 270 |
| Blood glucose diagnostic test strip | 070 |
| Blood ketone diagnostic test | 270 |
| strip | 270 |
| Bonney's blue dye | 270 |
| Boostrix | |
| Boric acid | |
| Bortezomib | |
| Bortezomib Dr-Reddy's | |
| Bosentan | |
| Bosentan Dr Reddy's | |
| Bosvate | 44 |
| Botox | |
| Botulism antitoxin | |
| Bplex | |
| Breo Ellipta | |
| Brevinor 1/28 | 61 |
| Bricanyl Turbuhaler | .220 |
| Bridion | .106 |
| Brilinta | |
| Brimonidine tartrate | .229 |
| Brimonidine tartrate with | |
| timolol | |
| Brinzolamide | |
| Bromocriptine | |
| Brufen SR | .107 |
| Budesonide | _ |
| Alimentary | |
| Respiratory217, | 221 |
| Budesonide with eformoterol | |
| Bumetanide | |
| Bupafen | .111 |

| Bupivacaine hydrochloride110 |
|-------------------------------------------------|
| Bupivacaine hydrochloride with |
| adrenaline110 |
| Bupivacaine hydrochloride with |
| fentanyl |
| glucose 111 |
| Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM |
| Buprenorphine with naloxone |
| Bupropion hydrochloride |
| Burinex |
| Buscopan7 |
| Buserelin |
| Buspirone hydrochloride125 |
| Buspirone Viatris 125 |
| Busulfan134 |
| -C- |
| Cabergoline |
| Caffeine |
| Calamine |
| Calamine-AFT |
| Calci-Tab 500 |
| Calcipotriol |
| Calcitonin |
| Calcitriol25 |
| Calcitriol-AFT25 |
| Calcium carbonate5, 20 |
| Calcium Channel Blockers45 |
| Calcium chloride |
| Calcium folinate |
| Calcium Folinate Ebewe |
| Calcium Folinate Sandoz150 Calcium gluconate |
| Blood |
| Dermatological |
| Calcium Homeostasis |
| Calcium lactate gluconate with |
| calcium carbonate 20 |
| Calcium polystyrene sulphonate40 |
| Calcium Resonium40 |
| Candesartan cilexetil 41 |
| Candestar |
| Capecitabine |
| Capercit |
| Capoten |
| Musculoskeletal |
| Nervous |
| Captopril |
| Carbachol |
| Carbamazepine 117 |
| Carbasorb-X 232 |
| Carbimazole74 |
| |
| Carbomer |

| Carboplatin Ebewe | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Carboprost trometamol | 62 |
| Carboxymethylcellulose | |
| Alimentary | 22 |
| Extemporaneously Compounded | |
| Preparations | .239 |
| Cardinol LA | 45 |
| Cardizem CD | |
| CareSens Dual | |
| Caresens N | |
| Caresens N POP | 270 |
| CareSens N Premier | 270 |
| CareSens PRO | 270 |
| Carglumic acid | 17 |
| Carmellose sodium with pectin and | 17 |
| | |
| gelatine | ~~~ |
| Alimentary | 22 |
| Sensory | .229 |
| Carmustine | . 134 |
| Carvedilol | 44 |
| Carvedilol Sandoz | 44 |
| Casirivimab and imdevimab | . 176 |
| Caspofungin | 85 |
| Catapres | |
| Ceenu | .134 |
| Cefaclor | 77 |
| Cefalexin | 77 |
| Cefalexin Sandoz | 77 |
| Cefazolin | 77 |
| Cefepime | 77 |
| Cefepime Kabi | 77 |
| Cefotaxime | |
| Cefotaxime Sandoz | <i></i> 77 |
| Cefoxitin | <i>11</i> 77 |
| | / / |
| Ceftaroline fosamil | /ð |
| Ceftazidime | |
| Ceftazidime-AFT | // |
| Ceftriaxone | 77 |
| Ceftriaxone-AFT | |
| Cefuroxime | 77 |
| Cefuroxime-AFT | 77 |
| Celecoxib | |
| Celecoxib Pfizer | . 106 |
| Celiprolol | 44 |
| CellCept | .212 |
| Centrally-Acting Agents | 46 |
| Cephalexin ABM | 77 |
| Cetirizine hydrochloride | |
| Cetomacrogol | |
| Cetomacrogol with glycerol | 57 |
| Cetomacrogol-AFT | 57 |
| Cetrimide | 230 |
| Cetuximab | 177 |
| Charcoal | |
| Chemotherapeutic Agents | |
| Chickenpox vaccine | |
| UNITERED A ACCILLET THE CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT | . 201 |

_

| Chlorafast |
|--------------------------------------|
| Chloral hydrate 127 |
| Chlorambucil134 |
| Chloramphenicol |
| Infections |
| Sensory |
| Chlorhexidine |
| |
| Chlorhexidine gluconate |
| Alimentary |
| Extemporaneously Compounded |
| Preparations239 |
| Genito-Urinary61 |
| Chlorhexidine with |
| cetrimide |
| Chlorhexidine with ethanol233 |
| Chloroform239 |
| Chloroquine phosphate88 |
| Chlorothiazide |
| Chlorpheniramine maleate |
| Chlorpromazine hydrochloride |
| Chloripionazine nyurochionue |
| Chlortalidone [Chlorthalidone] |
| Chlorthalidone |
| Choice Load 37561 |
| Choice TT380 Short61 |
| Choice TT380 Standard61 |
| Cholestyramine49 |
| Choline salicylate with cetalkonium |
| chloride |
| Choriogonadotropin alfa70 |
| Ciclopirox olamine |
| Ciclosporin154 |
| Cidofovir |
| Cilazapril41 |
| Cilicaine |
| Cilicaine VK80 |
| |
| Cimetidine |
| Cinacalcet |
| Cinacalet Devatis |
| Cinchocaine hydrochloride with |
| hydrocortisone7 |
| Cipflox81 |
| Ciprofloxacin |
| Infections81 |
| Sensory224 |
| Ciprofloxacin Teva |
| Ciprofloxacin with |
| hydrocortisone |
| Ciproxin HC Otic |
| Cisplatin |
| Citalopram hydrobromide |
| |
| Citanest |
| Citrate sodium |
| Citric acid |
| Citric acid with magnesium oxide and |
| sodium picosulfate13 |
| Citric acid with sodium |

| bicarbonate235 |
|----------------------------------|
| Cladribine |
| Clarithromycin |
| Clexane |
| Clexane Forte |
| Clindamycin |
| Clineat 54 |
| Clinect |
| |
| Boost |
| Clinicians Renal Vit |
| Clobazam |
| Clobetasol propionate |
| Clobetasone butyrate58 |
| Clofazimine86 |
| Clomazol |
| Dermatological55 |
| Genito-Urinary61 |
| Clomifene citrate68 |
| Clomipramine hydrochloride116 |
| Clomipramine Teva116 |
| Clonazepam 117–118, 125 |
| Clonidine |
| Clonidine BNM46 |
| Clonidine hydrochloride46 |
| Clonidine Teva46 |
| Clopidogrel |
| Clopidogrel Multichem |
| Clopine |
| Clopixol124–125 |
| Clostridium botulinum type A |
| toxin |
| Clotrimazole |
| Dermatological |
| Genito-Urinary |
| Clove oil |
| Clozapine |
| Clozaril |
| Co-trimoxazole |
| Coal tar |
| Coal tar with salicylic acid and |
| sulphur |
| Cocaine hydrochloride |
| Cocaine hydrochloride with |
| adrenaline |
| Codeine phosphate |
| Extemporaneously Compounded |
| Dreparationa 020 |
| Preparations |
| Nervous |
| Coenzyme Q1017 |
| Colchicine |
| Colecalciferol |
| Colestimethate |
| Colestipol hydrochloride |
| Colgout 104 |
| Colifoam |
| Colistin sulphomethate |

| [Colestimethate]82 |
|------------------------------------|
| Colistin-Link |
| Collodion flexible |
| Colloidal bismuth subcitrate |
| Colofac |
| Colony-Stimulating Factors |
| Coloxyl |
| Compound electrolytes |
| Compound electrolytes with glucose |
| |
| [Dextrose] |
| Compound hydroxybenzoate |
| Compound sodium lactate |
| [Hartmann's solution] |
| Comtan 109 |
| Concerta 129 |
| Condyline60 |
| Contraceptives61 |
| Contrast Media |
| Copaxone |
| Corticorelin (ovine) |
| Corticosteroids |
| Dermatological |
| Hormone Preparations |
| Cosentyx |
| Cosmegen |
| Cough Suppressants |
| Coversyl |
| Creon 10000 |
| Creon 25000 |
| |
| Creon Micro12 |
| Crotamiton |
| Crystaderm |
| CT Plus+234 |
| Cubicin82 |
| Curam80 |
| Curam Duo 500/125 80 |
| Curosurf |
| Cvite |
| Cyclizine hydrochloride121 |
| Cyclizine lactate121 |
| Cyclogyl |
| Cyclonex134 |
| Cyclopentolate hydrochloride |
| Cyclophosphamide 134 |
| Cycloserine |
| Cymevene |
| Cyproheptadine hydrochloride217 |
| Cyproterone acetate |
| |
| Cyproterone acetate with |
| ethinyloestradiol61 |
| Cystadane |
| Cysteamine hydrochloride |
| Cytarabine 136 |
| Cytotec |
| - D - |
| D-Penamine |

| Dabigatran | 33 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Dacarbazine | 138 |
| Dactinomycin [Actinomycin D] | 134 |
| Daivobet | |
| Daivonex | 59 |
| Dalacin C | |
| Danaparoid | |
| Dantrium | |
| Dantrium IV | 105 |
| Dantrolene | |
| Daonil | |
| Dapa-Tabs | 47 |
| Dapsone | <mark>86</mark> |
| Daptomycin | |
| Darunavir | |
| Darunavir Mylan | |
| Dasatinib | 143 |
| Daunorubicin | 134 |
| Daunorubicin Zentiva | 134 |
| DBL Acetylcysteine | 231 |
| DBL Adrenaline | <mark>50</mark> |
| DBL Amikacin | |
| DBL Aminophylline | 222 |
| DBL Bleomycin Sulfate | 134 |
| DBL Cefotaxime | |
| DBL Cisplatin | |
| DBL Dacarbazine | |
| DBL Desferrioxamine Mesylate for | |
| BP | |
| DBL Docetaxel | |
| DBL Ergometrine | |
| DBL Gentamicin | 76 |
| DBL Leucovorin Calcium | 150 |
| DBL Methotrexate Onco-Vial | 136 |
| DBL Morphine Sulphate | 114 |
| DBL Naloxone Hydrochloride | |
| DBL Octreotide | |
| DBL Pethidine Hydrochloride | 115 |
| DBL Vincristine Sulfate | 150 |
| Decongestants | 220 |
| Decongestants and | |
| Antiallergics | |
| Decozol | |
| Deferasirox | |
| Deferiprone | 232 |
| Defibrotide | |
| | |
| Definity | 235 |
| Demeclocycline hydrochloride | 235 82 |
| Demeclocycline hydrochloride Denosumab | 235 82 102 |
| Demeclocycline hydrochloride Denosumab Deolate | 235 82 102 86 |
| Demeclocycline hydrochloride Denosumab Deolate Deoxycoformycin | 235 82 102 86 140 |
| Demeclocycline hydrochloride Denosumab Deolate Deoxycoformycin Depo-Medrol. | 235 82 102 86 140 67 |
| Demeclocycline hydrochloride Denosumab Deolate Deoxycoformycin Depo-Medrol Depo-Provera | 235 82 102 86 140 67 62 |
| Demeclocycline hydrochloride Denosumab Deolate Deoxycoformycin Depo-Medrol Depo-Provera Depo-Testosterone | 235 82 102 86 140 67 62 65 |
| Demeclocycline hydrochloride Denosumab Deolate Deoxycoformycin Depo-Medrol Depo-Provera | 235 82 102 86 140 67 62 65 83 |

| Desferrioxamine mesilate |
|------------------------------------------|
| Desflurane |
| Desmopressin |
| |
| Desmopressin acetate |
| Desmopressin-PH&T75 |
| Dexamethasone |
| Hormone Preparations66 |
| Sensory225 |
| Dexamethasone phosphate67 |
| Dexamethasone Phosphate |
| Panpharma 67 |
| Dexamethasone with framycetin and |
| gramicidin 224 |
| Dexamethasone with neomycin |
| sulphate and polymyxin B |
| sulphate |
| Dexamethasone with |
| tobramycin |
| Dexamfetamine sulfate |
| Dexmedetomidine |
| Dexmedetomidine-Teva 109 |
| |
| Dexmethsone |
| Dexrazoxane150 |
| Dextrose |
| Alimentary9 |
| Blood |
| Extemporaneously Compounded |
| Preparations239 |
| |
| Dextrose with sodium citrate and |
| citric acid [Acid Citrate Dextrose |
| citric acid [Acid Citrate Dextrose |
| |
| citric acid [Acid Citrate Dextrose A] |

| Diflucortolone valerate | 58 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Digestives Including Enzymes | |
| Digoxin | 43 |
| Digoxin immune Fab | 001 |
| Dihydrocodeine tartrate | |
| | |
| Dihydroergotamine mesylate | . 120 |
| Diltiazem hydrochloride | |
| Dimercaprol | .233 |
| Dimercaptosuccinic acid | .233 |
| Dimethicone5 | |
| Dimethyl fumarate | . 126 |
| Dimethyl sulfoxide | .237 |
| Dinoprostone | |
| Dipentum | 7 |
| Diphemanil metilsulfate | 60 |
| Diphenoxylate hydrochloride with | |
| atropine sulphate | 5 |
| Diphtheria antitoxin | |
| Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis | . 201 |
| vaccine | 260 |
| Vaccine | 200 |
| Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis and | 050 |
| polio vaccine | 259 |
| Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, | |
| hepatitis B and haemophilus | |
| influenzae type B vaccine | |
| Diprosone | |
| Dipyridamole | 35 |
| Disodium edetate | .227 |
| Discutions for the second structure with the second | |
| Disodium nydrogen phosphate with | |
| Disodium hydrogen phosphate with sodium dihydrogen | |
| sodium dihydrogen | 239 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate | 239 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate | 43 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram | 43 .131 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol | 43 .131 .239 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics | 43 .131 .239 46 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics Dobutamine | 43 .131 .239 46 50 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics Dobutamine Dobutamine | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics Dobutamine Dobutamine Docetaxel | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics Dobutamine Dobutamine Dobutamine Docetaxel Doccate sodium | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 . 149 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics Dobutamine Dobutamine Dobutamine Dobutamine Docetaxel Doccate sodium Alimentary | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 . 149 14 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics Dobutamine Dobutamine Dobutamine Doctaxel Doccusate sodium Alimentary Sensory | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 . 149 14 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Diuretics Dobutamine Dobutamine Dobutamine Docutate sodium Alimentary Sensory Docusate sodium with | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 . 149 14 . 230 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Diuretics Dobutamine Dobutamine Dobutamine Doctaxel Doccaste sodium Alimentary Sensory Docusate sodium with sennosides | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 . 149 14 . 230 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Diuretics Dobutamine Dobutamine Dobutamine Docutate sodium Alimentary Sensory Docusate sodium with | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 . 149 14 . 230 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics Dobutamine Dobutamine Dobutamine Docutate Docusate sodium Alimentary Sensory Docusate sodium with sennosides Dolutegravir Domperidone | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 149 14 . 230 14 92 . 121 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics Dobutamine Dobutamine Dobutamine Docutate Docusate sodium Alimentary Sensory Docusate sodium with sennosides Dolutegravir Domperidone | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 149 14 . 230 14 92 . 121 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics Dobutamine Dobutamine Dobutamine Docutate Docusate sodium Alimentary Sensory Docusate sodium with sennosides Dolutegravir Domperidone Donepezil hydrochloride | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 . 149 14 . 230 14 . 230 14 . 230 14 14 121 121 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics. Dobutamine-hameln Dobutamine-hameln Docusate sodium Alimentary Sensory Docusate sodium with sennosides Dolutegravir Domperidone. Donepezil hydrochloride Donepezil-Rex. | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 . 149 14 . 230 14 . 230 14 . 230 14 92 . 121 . 130 . 130 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics Dobutamine-hameln Docusate sodium Alimentary Sensory Docusate sodium with sennosides Dolutegravir Domperidone Donepezil hydrochloride Dopamine hydrochloride | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 149 14 . 230 14 14 130 . 130 50 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate Disopyramide phosphate Disulfiram Dithranol Diuretics. Dobutamine-hameln Docutamine-hameln Docusate sodium Alimentary Sensory Docusate sodium with sennosides Dolutegravir Domperidone Donepezil hydrochloride Donepezil-Rex Dopamine hydrochloride Dornase alfa | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 149 14 . 230 14 . 230 14 . 130 . 130 50 . 222 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 50 . 149 14 230 14 14 130 130 50 . 222 . 228 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 50 . 149 149 14 230 14 14 230 149 149 121 . 130 50 50 222 .228 .228 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 . 149 14 . 230 14 . 230 14 . 130 50 222 . 228 . 228 . 228 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 . 149 14 . 230 14 . 230 14 . 130 50 222 . 228 . 228 . 228 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 . 149 14 . 230 14 . 230 14 . 230 149 14 . 230 149 230 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 |
| sodium dihydrogen phosphate | 43 . 131 . 239 46 50 50 149 149 149 149 149 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 230 149 240 230 149 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 24 |

| Dotarem235 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Dothiepin116 |
| Doxapram 223 |
| Doxazosin42 |
| Doxazosin Clinect42 |
| Doxepin hydrochloride116 |
| Doxine |
| Doxorubicin Ebewe135 |
| Doxorubicin hydrochloride 135 |
| Doxycycline |
| DP Lotn HC |
| DP-Allopurinol104 |
| Dr Reddy's Omeprazole |
| Drofate |
| Droleptan121 |
| Droperidol |
| Drugs Affecting Bone |
| Metabolism |
| Dual blood glucose and blood ketone |
| diagnostic test meter |
| |
| Dulaglutide11 Dulcolax SP Drop15 |
| Duction SF Diop |
| Duolin |
| |
| Duovisc |
| Duride |
| Dynasiai 107 |
| Dycport 105 |
| Dysport 105 |
| Dysport 105 - E - |
| Dysport |
| Dysport |
| Dysport 105 - E - echamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 270 |
| Dysport 105 - E - echamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 270 E-Mycin 79 79 |
| Dysport 105 - E - echamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 270 E-Mycin 79 274 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 234 |
| Dysport 105 - E - echamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 270 E-Mycin 79 274 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 234 |
| Dysport 105 - E - echamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 270 E-Mycin 79 274 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 234 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz with emtricitabine and 105 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz with emtricitabine and tenofovir disoproxil 90 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz with emtricitabine and tenofovir disoproxil 90 Eformoterol fumarate 221 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz with emtricitabine and tenofovir disoproxil 90 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 221 |
| Dysport 105 - E - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 270 E-Uycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz with emtricitabine and tenofovir disoproxil 90 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate dihydrate 221 Eftrenonacog alfa [Recombinant |
| Dysport 105 - E - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 270 E-Uycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz with emtricitabine and tenofovir disoproxil 90 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate dihydrate 221 Eftrenonacog alfa [Recombinant factor IX] 31 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz with emtricitabine and tenofovir disoproxil 90 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate dihydrate 221 Eftrenonacog alfa [Recombinant factor IX] 31 Efudix 60 |
| Dysport 105 - E - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 270 E-Mycin 79 270 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 234 E-Z-Paste 234 234 Edophonium chloride 99 99 Efavirenz 89 89 Efavirenz 90 Eforioterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate dihydrate 221 Eformoterol fumarate dihydrate 221 Eftrenonacog alfa [Recombinant factor IX] 31 Efudix 60 Elaprase 18 80 18 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz 89 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate dihydrate 221 Eformoterol fumarate dihydrate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 31 Efudix 60 Elaprase 18 Elecare (Unflavoured) 251 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Gas II 234 E-Z-Paste 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz 90 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 31 Efudix 60 Elaprase 18 Elecare (Unflavoured) 251 Elecare (Vanilla) 251 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Paste 234 E-Z-Paste 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Eronazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz 89 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eftrenonacog alfa [Recombinant factor IX] fault 31 Elaprase 18 Elecare (Unflavoured) 251 Elecare (Vanilla) 251 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Paste 234 E-Z-Paste 234 E-Z-Paste 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz 89 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 21 Eformoterol fumarate 21 Eformoterol fumarate 21 Elaprase 18 Elecare (Unflavoured) 251 Elecare LCP (Unflavoured) 251 Electral 40 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Paste 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz with emtricitabine and tenofovir disoproxil 90 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Elaprase 18 Elecare (Unflavoured) 251 Elecare LCP (Unflavoured) 251 Electral 40 Electrolytes 238 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Paste 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz with emtricitabine and tenofovir disoproxil 90 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 21 Efueronacog alfa [Recombinant factor IX] 31 Eleare (Unflavoured) 251 Elecare (Vanilla) 251 Elecare (LCP (Unflavoured) 251 Electral 40 Electrolytes 238 Elelyso 20 |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Paste 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz 89 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Elaprase 18 Elecare (Unflavoured) 251 Elecare LCP (Unflavoured) 251 Electral 40 Electrolytes 238 Elelyso 20 Elidel |
| Dysport 105 - E - - e-chamber La Grande 270 e-chamber Mask 270 e-chamber Turbo 270 E-Mycin 79 E-Z-Cat Dry 234 E-Z-Paste 234 E-Z-Paste 234 Econazole nitrate 55 Edrophonium chloride 99 Efavirenz 89 Efavirenz with emtricitabine and tenofovir disoproxil 90 Eformoterol fumarate 221 Eformoterol fumarate 21 Efueronacog alfa [Recombinant factor IX] 31 Eleare (Unflavoured) 251 Elecare (Vanilla) 251 Elecare (LCP (Unflavoured) 251 Electral 40 Electrolytes 238 Elelyso 20 |

| Eltrombopag Emend Tri-Pack | .29 |
|----------------------------------|------|
| | |
| Emicizumab | |
| EMLA | |
| Empagliflozin | . 12 |
| Empagliflozin with metformin | |
| hydrochloride | . 12 |
| Emtricitabine | |
| Emtricitabine with tenofovir | |
| disoproxil | 93 |
| Emtriva | . an |
| Emulsifying ointment | .50 |
| Emulsifying Ointment ADE | . 57 |
| Emulsilying Ointment ADE | . 57 |
| Enalapril maleate | |
| Enbrel | |
| Endocrine Therapy | |
| Endoxan | |
| Engerix-B263- | 264 |
| Enlafax XR | 117 |
| Enoxaparin sodium | .34 |
| Enstilar | |
| Ensure (Chocolate) | 258 |
| Ensure (Vanilla) | 258 |
| Ensure Plus (Banana) | |
| Ensure Plus (Chasalata) | 200 |
| Ensure Plus (Chocolate) | 258 |
| Ensure Plus (Fruit of the | |
| Forest) | 258 |
| Ensure Plus (Vanilla) | |
| Ensure Plus HN | 257 |
| Ensure Plus HN RTH | 257 |
| Ensure Two Cal HN RTH | 249 |
| Entacapone | |
| Entecavir | |
| Entecavir Sandoz | 92 |
| Entresto 24/26 | |
| Entresto 49/51 | 12 |
| Entresto 97/103 | |
| | |
| Enzymes | |
| Ephedrine | |
| Epilim IV | |
| Epirubicin Ebewe | 135 |
| Epirubicin hydrochloride | 135 |
| Eplerenone | .47 |
| Epoetin alfa | .27 |
| Epoetin beta | .28 |
| Epoprostenol | .54 |
| Eptacog alfa [Recombinant factor | |
| VIIa] | 32 |
| Eptifibatide | |
| Erbitux | |
| Ergometrine maleate | |
| | |
| Erlotinib | |
| Ertapenem | |
| Erythrocin IV | . 79 |
| Erythromycin (as | |
| ethylsuccinate) | |

| Erythromycin (as lactobionate) | 79 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Erythromycin (as stearate) | 70 |
| Esbriet | 10 |
| Escitalopram1 | 13 |
| EscitalopramI | 17 |
| Escitalopram (Ethics)1 | 17 |
| Esmolol hydrochloride | 44 |
| Essential Prednisolone | .7 |
| Estradot | |
| Etanercept1 | |
| Ethambutol hydrochloride | |
| Ethanol | |
| Ethanol with glucose | 01 |
| Ethanoi with glucose2 | 31 |
| Ethanol, dehydrated2 | 31 |
| Ethics Aspirin1 | 12 |
| Ethics Aspirin EC | 35 |
| Ethics Lisinopril | 41 |
| Ethinyloestradiol | |
| Ethinyloestradiol with | |
| desogestrel | 61 |
| Ethinyloestradiol with | 01 |
| | ~ |
| levonorgestrel | 61 |
| Ethinyloestradiol with | |
| norethisterone | 61 |
| Ethosuximide1 | 18 |
| Ethyl chloride1 | 11 |
| Etomidate1 | |
| Etopophos1 | |
| Etoposide1 | |
| Etoposide (as phosphate)1 | 00 00 |
| Eloposide (as priospriate) | 30 |
| Etoricoxib1 | |
| Etravirine | |
| Everet1 | |
| Everolimus2 | 12 |
| Evista1 | 03 |
| Exemestane1 | 53 |
| Exjade2 | 32 |
| Extemporaneously Compounded | |
| Preparations | აი |
| | 28 |
| Eylea1 | |
| Ezetimibe | |
| Ezetimibe Sandoz | 49 |
| Ezetimibe with simvastatin | 49 |
| - F - | |
| Factor eight inhibitor bypassing | |
| fraction | 32 |
| Famotidine | |
| Faslodex | |
| | |
| Fatty Cream AFT | |
| Febuxostat1 | |
| Febuxostat multichem1 | |
| FEIBA NF | 32 |
| Felo 10 ER | |
| Felo 5 ER | |
| Felodipine | |
| Fentanyl1 | |
| Fontonyl Condoz | 14 4 4 |
| Fentanyl Sandoz1 | 14 |

| Ferinject21 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ferodan21 |
| Ferric subsulfate |
| Ferriprox232 |
| Ferro-F-Tabs21 |
| Ferro-tab21 |
| Ferrograd21 |
| Ferrosig21 |
| Ferrous fumarate21 |
| Ferrous fumarate with folic acid21 |
| Ferrous gluconate with ascorbic |
| acid |
| Ferrous sulfate21 |
| Ferrous sulfate with ascorbic |
| acid21 |
| Fexofenadine hydrochloride217 |
| Filgrastim |
| Finasteride63 |
| Fingolimod127 |
| Firazyr |
| Flagy1 |
| FlagyI-S |
| Flamazine |
| Flecainide acetate |
| Flecainide BNM |
| Flecainide Controlled Release |
| |
| |
| Teva43 |
| Teva |
| Teva43 Fleet Phosphate Enema15 Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy217 Flixotide |
| Teva43 Fleet Phosphate Enema15 Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy217 Flixotide |
| Teva43 Fleet Phosphate Enema15 Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy217 Flixotide |
| Teva |

| Fluorometholone226 |
|------------------------------------------|
| Fluorouracil136 |
| Fluorouracil sodium60 |
| Fluox117 |
| Fluoxetine hydrochloride117 |
| Flupenthixol decanoate124 |
| Flurouracil Accord136 |
| Flutamide151 |
| Flutamin151 |
| Fluticasone221 |
| Fluticasone furoate with |
| vilanterol 221 |
| Fluticasone propionate217 |
| Fluticasone with salmeterol |
| FML |
| |
| Folic acid |
| Folic Acid multichem |
| Folic Acid Mylan28 |
| Fondaparinux sodium |
| Food Modules242 |
| Food/Fluid Thickeners244 |
| Forteo 103 |
| Fosamax |
| Fosamax Plus |
| Foscarnet sodium |
| -oscamet socium |
| Fosfomycin |
| Framycetin sulphate224 Fresenius Kabi |
| Blood38-40 |
| |
| Various237 Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT110 |
| |
| Frusemide |
| Fucidin |
| -ucitnaimic |
| Fulvestrant151 |
| Fungilin |
| Furosemide [Frusemide]46 |
| urosemide-Baxter46 |
| Fusidic acid |
| Dermatological |
| Infections83 |
| Sensory224 |
| -G- |
| Gabapentin118 |
| Gacet113 |
| Gadobenic acid235 |
| Gadobutrol235 |
| Gadodiamide235 |
| Gadoteric acid235 |
| Gadovist 1.0235 |
| Gadoxetate disodium235 |
| Galsulfase17 |
| Galvumet11 |
| Galvus11 |
| Ganciclovir93 |
| |

| Gardasil 9 | |
|------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Gastrodenol | <mark>8</mark> |
| Gastrografin | 234 |
| Gazyva | 185 |
| Gefitinib | 144 |
| Gelatine, succinylated | |
| Gelofusine | 40 |
| GEM Aqueous Cream | 57 |
| Gemcitabine | 136 |
| Gemcitabine Ebewe | |
| Genoptic | 224 |
| Gentamicin sulphate | |
| Infections | 76 |
| Sensory | |
| Gestrinone | |
| Gilenya | |
| Ginet | |
| Glatiramer acetate | . 127 |
| Glaucoma Preparations | 228 |
| Glecaprevir with pibrentasvir | |
| Glibenclamide | |
| Gliclazide | |
| Gliolan | |
| Glipizide | 10 |
| Glivec | |
| Glizide | |
| Glucagen Hypokit | |
| Glucagon hydrochloride | 9 |
| Glucerna Select | 248 |
| Glucose [Dextrose] | |
| Alimentary | 9 |
| Blood | 38 |
| Extemporaneously Compounded | |
| Preparations | |
| Glucose with potassium chloride | |
| Glucose with potassium chloride an | d |
| sodium chloride | |
| Glucose with sodium chloride | 39 |
| Glucose with sucrose and | |
| fructose | 9 |
| Glycerin with sodium saccharin | |
| Glycerin with sucrose | 240 |
| Glycerol | |
| Alimentary | 14 |
| Extemporaneously Compounded | 040 |
| Preparations | |
| Glycerol with paraffin | 57 |
| Glyceryl trinitrate | - |
| Alimentary Cardiovascular | / |
| | |
| Glycine | /د∠ ۱۰ |
| Glycoprep-C | 31 ۱۵ |
| Glycopyrronium Glycopyrronium bromide | 812 ج |
| | / |
| Glycopyrronium with indacaterol | 010 |
| | . 210 |

| Glypressin75 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Gonadorelin |
| Goserelin |
| Granisetron121 |
| - п - Habitrol 131 |
| Habitrol (Fruit) |
| Habitrol (Mint) |
| Haem arginate |
| Haemophilus influenzae type B |
| vaccine |
| Haldol |
| Haldol Concentrate |
| Haloperidol |
| Haloperidol decanoate |
| Hartmann's solution |
| Harvoni |
| Havrix |
| Havrix Junior |
| Haylor Syrup |
| Healon |
| Healon 5 |
| Healon GV227 |
| Healon GV Pro227 |
| healthE Dimethicone 10%56 |
| healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion55 |
| healthE Dimethicone 5%56 |
| healthE Fatty Cream57 |
| healthE Glycerol BP Liquid240 |
| healthE Urea Cream |
| Hemlibra |
| Heparin sodium34 |
| Heparinised saline |
| |
| Heparon Junior249 |
| Heparon Junior |
| Heparon Junior |
| Heparon Junior |
| Heparon Junior |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 Vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 80 Histaclear 217 Histamine acid phosphate 236 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 Vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histamine acid phosphate 236 Holoxan 134 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 Vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histaclear 216 Holoxan 134 Hormone Replacement Therapy 68 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histamine acid phosphate 236 Holoxan 134 Hormone Replacement Therapy 68 HPV 264 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histamine acid phosphate 236 Holoxan 134 Hormone Replacement Therapy 68 HPV 264 Humalog Mix 25 10 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histanine acid phosphate 236 Holoxan 134 Hormone Replacement Therapy 68 HV 264 Humalog Mix 25 10 Humalog Mix 50 10 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histanine acid phosphate 236 Holoxan 134 Hormone Replacement Therapy 68 HPV 264 Humalog Mix 25 10 Humanog Mix 50 10 Human papillomavirus (6, 11, 16, 18, |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histaclear 236 Holoxan 134 Hormone Replacement Therapy 68 HPV 264 Humalog Mix 25 10 Humalog Mix 50 10 Human papillomavirus (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 and 58) vaccine |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histaclear 236 Holoxan 134 Hormone Replacement Therapy 68 HPV 264 Humalog Mix 25 10 Human papillomavirus (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 and 58) vaccine [HPV] [HPV] 264 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histaclear 236 Holoxan 134 Hormone Replacement Therapy 68 HPV 264 Humalog Mix 25 10 Humalog Mix 50 10 Human papillomavirus (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 and 58) vaccine |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histanine acid phosphate 236 Holoxan 134 Hormone Replacement Therapy 68 HPV 264 Humalog Mix 25 10 Human papillomavirus (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 and 58) vaccine [HPV] [HPV] 264 Humatin 76 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histanine acid phosphate 236 Holoxan 134 Hormone Replacement Therapy 68 HPV 264 Humalog Mix 25 10 Human papillomavirus (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 and 58) vaccine [HPV] [HPV] 264 Humatin 76 Humatin 76 |
| Heparon Junior 249 Hepatitis A vaccine 263 Hepatitis B recombinant 263 Vaccine 263 Herceptin 207 Hiberix 260 Hiprex 83 Histaclear 217 Histaclear 217 Histaclear 217 Histaclear 217 Histamine acid phosphate 236 Holoxan 134 Hormone Replacement Therapy 68 HPV 264 Humalog Mix 25 10 Human papillomavirus (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 and 58) vaccine [HPV] [HPV] 264 Humatin 76 Humira 171 Humira 171 |

| Hyaluronic acid with lidocaine |
|------------------------------------|
| [lignocaine] 23 |
| Hyaluronidase104 |
| Hydralazine hydrochloride51 |
| Hydrocortisone |
| Dermatological |
| Extemporaneously Compounded |
| Preparations240 |
| Hormone Preparations67 |
| Hydrocortisone (PSM)58 |
| Hydrocortisone acetate6 |
| Hydrocortisone acetate with |
| pramoxine hydrochloride 6 |
| Hydrocortisone and paraffin liquid |
| and lanolin 58 |
| Hydrocortisone butyrate58, 60 |
| Hydrocortisone with miconazole59 |
| Hydrocortisone with natamycin and |
| neomycin 59 |
| Hydrogen peroxide55 |
| Hydroxocobalamin |
| Alimentary24 |
| Various |
| hydroxycarbamide138 |
| Hydroxychloroquine |
| Hydroxyurea |
| [hydroxycarbamide] 138 |
| Hygroton |
| Hylo-Fresh230 |
| Hyoscine butylbromide7 |
| Hyoscine hydrobromide121 |
| Hyperuricaemia and Antigout 104 |
| HypoPak Glucose9 |
| Hypromellose |
| Hypromellose with dextran 229 |
| -1- |
| Ibiamox80 |
| Ibrance146 |
| Ibuprofen 107 |
| Icatibant216 |
| Idarubicin hydrochloride135 |
| Idarucizumab31 |
| Idursulfase18 |
| Ifosfamide 134 |
| Ikorel51 |
| Iloprost54 |
| Imaging Agents154 |
| Imatinib mesilate145 |
| Imatinib-Rex145 |
| Imigran120 |
| Imipenem with cilastatin76 |
| Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX76 |
| Imipramine hydrochloride 116 |
| Imiquimod60 |
| Immune Modulators96 |
| Immunosuppressants 154 |

| Impact Advanced Recovery | 256 |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Imuran | 211 |
| Incruse Ellipta | 218 |
| Indacaterol | 221 |
| Indapamide | 47 |
| Indigo carmine | 236 |
| Indinavir | |
| Indocyanine green | |
| Indomethacin | 107 |
| Infanrix IPV | 250 |
| Infanrix-hexa | 250 |
| Infatrini | 253 |
| Infliximab | 177 |
| Influenza vaccine | 265 |
| Inhaled Corticosteroids | 2200 |
| Inspra | |
| Instillagel Lido | 111 |
| Insulin aspart | 10 |
| Insulin aspart with insulin conort | 10 |
| Insulin aspart with insulin aspart | |
| protamine | ۲ |
| Insulin glargine | 10 |
| Insulin glulisine | 10 |
| Insulin isophane | 9 |
| Insulin lispro | 10 |
| Insulin lispro with insulin lispro | 10 |
| protamine | 10 |
| Insulin neutral | 10 |
| Insulin neutral with insulin isophane | 10 |
| Isophane | 10 |
| Integrilin | |
| Intelence | |
| Interferon alfa-2b | 96 |
| Interferon beta-1-alpha | 127 |
| Interferon beta-1-beta | 127 |
| Interferon gamma | 96 |
| Intra-uterine device | 61 |
| Invanz | /6 |
| Invega Sustenna | 124 |
| lodine | 74 |
| lodine with ethanol | 233 |
| lodised oil | 234 |
| lodixanol | 234 |
| lohexol | 234 |
| lopidine | 229 |
| loscan | |
| IPCA-Frusemide | 46 |
| IPCA-Metoprolol | |
| IPCA-Propranolol | |
| IPOL | |
| Ipratropium bromide | 217 |
| Iressa | |
| | |
| Irinotecan hydrochloride | 138 |
| Iron (as ferric carboxymaltose) | . 138 21 |
| Iron (as ferric carboxymaltose) Iron (as sucrose) | 138 21 21 |
| Iron (as ferric carboxymaltose) | 138 21 21 21 |

| | _ |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Isentress | 92 |
| Isentress HD | |
| Ismo 20 | |
| Ismo 40 Retard | 50 |
| Isoflurane10 | |
| Isoniazid | |
| Isoniazid with rifampicin | |
| Isoprenaline [Isoproterenol] | 50 |
| Isopronyl alcohol | 22 |
| Isopropyl alcohol | 50 |
| Isoptin | 16 |
| Isoptin SR | |
| Isopto Carpine | |
| Isosorbide mononitrate | 50 |
| Isotretinoin | |
| Ispaghula (psyllium) husk | 1 / |
| Isradipine | 14 |
| | |
| Itch-Soothe | |
| Itraconazole | |
| Itrazole | |
| Ivabradine | |
| Ivacaftor22 | |
| Ivermectin | 37 |
| - J - | |
| Jadelle | 32 |
| Jakavi 14 | |
| Jardiamet | 12 |
| Jardiance | |
| Jaydess | 62 |
| Jevity HiCal RTH | 57 |
| Jevity RTH2 | 57 |
| Juno Pemetrexed13 | 36 |
| - K - | |
| Kadcyla20 | 08 |
| Kaletra | 91 |
| Kalydeco22 | |
| Kenacomb | |
| Kenacort-A 10 | |
| Kenacort-A 40 | |
| Kenalog in Orabase | 22 |
| Ketalar | |
| Ketamine | |
| Ketamine-Baxter | |
| Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured) | |
| Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured) | 54 |
| Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla) | 54 |
| Ketoconazole | 74 |
| | 55 |
| Dermatological | |
| | |
| Ketoprofen10 | |
| Ketorolac trometamol | |
| KetoSens | |
| Ketostix | |
| Keytruda | |
| Kivexa | |
| Klacid | 79 |

| Klean Prep14 |
|----------------------------|
| Kogenate FS |
| Konakion MM33 |
| Konsyl-D14 |
| Kuvan |
| -L- |
| L-ornithine L-aspartate9 |
| Labetalol |
| Lacosamide118 |
| Lactose |
| Lactulose14 |
| Laevolac14 |
| Lagevrio95 |
| Lamictal |
| Lamivudine |
| Lamivudine Alphapharm |
| Lamotrigine118 |
| Lanoxin |
| Lanoxin PG43 |
| Lansoprazole |
| Lantus |
| Lantus SoloStar10 |
| Lanzol Relief |
| Lapatinib145 |
| Largactil |
| Laronidase |
| Lasix |
| Latanoprost228 |
| Latanoprost with timolol |
| Lax-Suppositories |
| Lax-Tabs15 |
| Laxatives |
| Laxsol |
| Ledipasvir with sofosbuvir |
| Leflunomide |
| Lenalidomide |
| Letrole |
| Letrozole153 |
| Leukotriene Receptor |
| Antagonists |
| Leuprorelin acetate |
| Leustatin |
| Levetiracetam118 |
| Levetiracetam-AFT118 |
| Levlen ED61 |
| Levocabastine |
| Levocarnitine |
| Levodopa with benserazide |
| Levodopa with carbidopa |
| Levomepromazine |
| Levomepromazine |
| hydrochloride 123 |
| Levonorgestrel |
| Levosimendan |
| Levothyroxine |
| Lidocaine [Lignocaine]111 |
| |

| Lidocaine [Lignocaine] |
|--------------------------------------|
| hydrochloride 111 |
| Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydrochloride |
| Lidocaine [Lignocaine] nydrochioride |
| with adrenaline 111 |
| Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydrochloride |
| with adrenaline and tetracaine |
| hydrochloride 112 |
| Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydrochloride |
| with chlorhexidine 112 |
| Lidocaine [Lignocaine] hydrochloride |
| with phenylephrine |
| hydrochloride 112 |
| Lidocaine [Lignocaine] with |
| prilocaine [Lightocaine] with 112 |
| |
| Lidocaine-Baxter111 |
| Lidocaine-Claris111 |
| lignocaine |
| Alimentary 23 |
| Nervous111–112 |
| Lincomycin83 |
| Linezolid83 |
| Linezolid Kabi83 |
| Lioresal Intrathecal 105 |
| Liothyronine sodium74 |
| Lipid-Modifying Agents 48 |
| Lipiodol Ultra Fluid234 |
| Liquibar |
| Lisinopril |
| Lissamine green |
| Lithium carbonate |
| LMX4 |
| Local Preparations for Anal and |
| Rectal Disorders |
| |
| Locoid |
| Locoid Crelo |
| Locoid Lipocream |
| Lodoxamide |
| Logem |
| Lomide226 |
| Lomustine |
| Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor |
| Agonists 221 |
| Loniten51 |
| Loperamide hydrochloride5 |
| Lopinavir with ritonavir91 |
| Lopinavir/Ritonavir Mylan91 |
| Lorafix217 |
| Loratadine |
| Lorazepam 117, 125 |
| Lormetazepam127 |
| Lorstat |
| Losartan Actavis |
| Losartan potassium |
| Losartan potassium with |
| hydrochlorothiazide |
| Lovir |
| |

| Loxamine |
|-----------------------------------|
| Lucrin Depot 1-month69 |
| Lucrin Depot 3-month69 |
| Lyderm |
| Lynparza139 |
| Lysine acetylsalicylate [Lysine |
| asprin] |
| Lysine asprin |
| - M - |
| m-Eslon |
| Mabthera |
| Macrobid |
| Macrogol 3350 with ascorbic acid, |
| potassium chloride and sodium |
| chloride 13 |
| Macrogol 3350 with ascorbic acid, |
| |
| potassium chloride, sodium |
| chloride and citric acid with |
| magnesium oxide and sodium |
| picosulfate 14 |
| Macrogol 3350 with potassium |
| chloride, sodium bicarbonate and |
| sodium chloride 15 |
| Macrogol 3350 with potassium |
| chloride, sodium bicarbonate, |
| sodium chloride and sodium |
| sulphate 14 |
| Macrogol 400 and propylene |
| glycol 229 |
| Madopar 125 109 |
| Madopar 250 109 |
| Madopar 62.5 109 |
| Madopar HBS109 |
| Madopar Rapid 109 |
| Mafenide acetate |
| Magnesium amino acid chelate21 |
| Magnesium chloride21 |
| Magnesium hydroxide |
| Alimentary21 |
| Extemporaneously Compounded |
| Preparations |
| Magnesium oxide21 |
| Magnesium oxide with magnesium |
| aspartate, magnesium amino acid |
| chelate and magnesium |
| citrate |
| Magnesium sulphate |
| Magnevist |
| Malarone |
| Malarone Junior |
| Malathion [Maldison]56 |
| Maldison |
| Manuitol |
| Cardiovascular |
| Various |
| Mantoux |
| Indi itoux |

| Methatabs | .114 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Methenamine (Hexamine) | |
| hippurate | 83 |
| Methohexital sodium | |
| Methopt | |
| Methotrexate | .136 |
| Methotrexate DBL Onco-Vial | .136 |
| Methotrexate Ebewe | .136 |
| Methotrexate Sandoz | .136 |
| Methoxsalen | |
| [8-methoxypsoralen] | 59 |
| Methoxyflurane | 113 |
| Methyl aminolevulinate | |
| hydrochloride | 60 |
| Methyl hydroxybenzoate | 240 |
| Methylcellulose | 240 |
| Methylcellulose with glycerin and | .240 |
| sodium saccharin | 240 |
| Methylcellulose with glycerin and | . 240 |
| | 040 |
| SUCTOSE | |
| Methyldopa | |
| Methyldopa Mylan | |
| Methylene blue | .236 |
| Methylnaltrexone bromide | |
| Methylphenidate ER - Teva | |
| Methylphenidate hydrochloride | . 129 |
| Methylprednisolone (as sodium | |
| | |
| succinate) | |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate | 58 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate | 58 67 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate | 58 67 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate | <mark>58</mark> <mark>67</mark> Ie |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen | 58 67 Ie . 236 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] | 58 67 ie . 236 222 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 | 58 67 ie . 236 . 222 . 121 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride | 58 67 ie . 236 . 222 . 121 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride | 58 67 le . 236 . 222 . 121 . 121 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol | 58 67 le . 236 . 222 . 121 . 121 . 120 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metolazone | 58 67 ie . 236 . 222 . 121 . 121 . 121 . 120 47 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metoprolol IV Mylan | 58 67 le . 236 222 . 121 . 121 . 120 47 45 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol IV Mylan | 58 67 le . 236 . 222 . 121 . 121 . 121 . 120 47 45 44 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol tartrate | 58 67 ie . 236 . 222 . 121 . 121 . 121 . 120 47 45 44 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succinate Metorolol succinate Metrogyl | 58 67 le . 236 . 222 . 121 . 121 . 121 . 120 47 45 88 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succinate Metorolol succinate Metrogyl | 58 67 le . 236 . 222 . 121 . 121 . 121 . 120 47 45 88 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metoprolol rationate Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol tartrate Metrogyl Metronidazole Dermatological | 58 67 le . 236 . 222 . 121 . 121 . 121 . 120 47 45 44 45 55 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metrogyl Metronidazole Dermatological Infections | 58 67 .e . 236 222 121 121 47 47 45 44 45 88 55 88 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol. Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metorolol tartrate Metorolidazole Dermatological Infections Metyrapone | 58 67 ile . 236 222 . 121 . 121 . 121 . 121 . 121 . 121 . 121 47 45 48 55 88 69 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol. Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol tartrate Metorolol tartrate Metorolol tartrate Metorolidazole Dermatological Infections Metyrapone Mexiletine hydrochloride | 58 67 ie . 236 222 . 121 . 121 . 121 . 120 47 45 44 45 88 55 88 69 44 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol. Metoprolol ruf Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol tartrate Metrogyl. Metronidazole Dermatological Infections Metyrapone. Mexiletine hydrochloride | 58 67 le 236 222 121 121 47 45 44 55 88 69 44 65 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Methylxanthines Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol. Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succinate Metorogyl. Metronidazole Dermatological Infections Metyrapone. Mexiletine hydrochloride Miacalcic | 58 67 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol. Metoparolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol tartrate Metorogyl. Metronidazole Dermatological Infections Metyrapone. Mexiletine hydrochloride Miacalcic Mianserin hydrochloride | 58 67 ie 222 121 121 47 45 44 45 88 55 888 69 44 55 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol. Metolazone Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succinate Metorolol zole Dermatological Infections. Metyrapone Mexiletine hydrochloride Miacalcic Mianserin hydrochloride Micolette Miconazole | 58 67 ie 222 121 121 47 45 44 45 88 55 888 69 44 55 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succ | 58 67 le 222 .121 .121 .121 .120 47 44 45 88 69 44 65 88 69 44 65 116 12 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol cartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol cartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprological Micalcic Micolette Miconazole Miconazole Miconazole nitrate Dermatological | 58 67 ie . 236 222 .121 .121 .121 47 45 44 45 44 55 88 69 44 65 116 15 22 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succinate Miconazole Miconazole nitrate Dermatological Genito-Urinary | 58 67 ie 222 .1211 .121 .120 47 47 45 44 55 68 44 65 116 15 22 55 61 |
| Methylprednisolone aceponate Methylprednisolone acetate Methylthioninium chloride [Methylen blue] Metoclopramide Actavis 10 Metoclopramide hydrochloride Metoclopramide hydrochloride with paracetamol Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol IV Mylan Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol succinate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol cartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol cartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprolol tartrate Metoprological Micalcic Micolette Miconazole Miconazole Miconazole nitrate Dermatological | 58 67 ie 236 222 121 121 47 47 45 44 45 45 44 55 61 16 15 61 61 |

| Microgynon 20 ED | .61 |
|-------------------------------------|------|
| Microlut | |
| Midazolam | 128 |
| Midodrine | .44 |
| Mifepristone | .62 |
| Milrinone | |
| Milrinone-Baxter | 51 |
| Minerals | |
| Mini-Wright AFS Low Range | 20 |
| Mini-Wright Standard | 270 |
| Ministration | 10 |
| Minidiab | . 10 |
| Minims Prednisolone | 226 |
| Minirin | |
| Minirin Melt | |
| Minocycline | . 82 |
| Minoxidil | .51 |
| Mirena | .62 |
| Mirtazapine | 116 |
| Misoprostol | 7 |
| Mitomycin C | 135 |
| Mitozantrone | 135 |
| Mitozantrone Ebewe | 135 |
| Mivacron | 100 |
| Mivacurium chloride | 105 |
| Missel as the station for suc | 105 |
| Mixed salt solution for eye | |
| irrigation | 227 |
| Moclobemide | |
| Modafinil | |
| Modavigil | |
| Molaxole | |
| Molnupiravir | .95 |
| Mometasone furoate | . 58 |
| Monosodium glutamate with sodium | |
| aspartate | 238 |
| Monosodium I-aspartate | 238 |
| Montelukast | 21 |
| Montelukast Mylan | 221 |
| Moroctocog alfa [Recombinant factor | |
| VIII] | 20 |
| Morphine hydrochloride | 111 |
| Morphine sulphate | |
| Marshine textuete | 114 |
| Morphine tartrate | |
| Motetis | |
| Mouth and Throat | |
| Movapo | 108 |
| Moxifloxacin | .81 |
| Moxifloxacin Kabi | |
| Mozobil | .37 |
| Mucolytics and Expectorants | 222 |
| Mucosoothe | |
| Multihance | |
| Multiple Sclerosis Treatments | |
| Multivitamin and mineral | _• |
| supplement | 23 |
| Multivitamin renal | |
| Multivitamins | |
| IVIUILIVILAITIII IO | . 44 |

| Mupirocin Muscle Relaxants and Related | 55 |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Agents | 105 |
| Mvite | |
| Myambutol | |
| Mycobutin | |
| MycoNail | |
| Mycophenolate mofetil | |
| Mydriacyl | |
| Mydriatics and Cycloplegics | 229 |
| Mylan (24 hr release) | |
| Mylan Atenolol | |
| Mylan Clomiphen | <mark>68</mark> |
| Mylan Italy (24 hr release) | 45 |
| Mylan Midazolam | 128 |
| Myleran | 134 |
| Myozyme | |
| - N - | |
| Nadolol | 45 |
| Nadolol BNM | |
| Naglazyme | 17 |
| Naloxone hydrochloride | |
| Naltraccord | 131 |
| Naltrexone hydrochloride | 131 |
| Naphazoline hydrochloride | 226 |
| Naphcon Forte | 226 |
| Naprosyn SR 1000 | |
| Naprosyn SR 750 | |
| Naproxen | |
| Naropin | |
| Natalizumab | 127 |
| Natamycin | |
| Natulan | |
| Nausafix | |
| Nausicalm Navelbine | |
| Nefopam hydrochloride | 100 112 |
| Neisvac-C | 110 261 |
| Neo-B12 | |
| Neo-Mercazole | |
| Neocate Gold (Unflavoured) | 251 |
| Neocate Junior Vanilla | 251 |
| Neoral | |
| Neostigmine metilsulfate | |
| Neostigmine metilsulfate with | |
| glycopyrronium bromide | 99 |
| Neosynephrine HCL | 51 |
| Nepro HP (Strawberry) | |
| Nepro HP (Vanilla) | 255 |
| Nepro HP RTH | 255 |
| Neulastim | |
| Neupogen | |
| NeuroTabs | <mark>21</mark> |
| Nevirapine | |
| Nevirapine Alphapharm | 89 |
| Nicardipine hydrochloride | 45 |
| | |
| | |

| Nicorandil | . 51 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nicotine | 131 |
| Nifedipine | . 45 |
| Nifuran | |
| Nilotinib | |
| Nilstat | |
| Alimentary | 22 |
| Genito-Urinary | 61 |
| Infections | |
| Nimodipine | 04 |
| Nimodipine | 40 |
| Nimotop | |
| Nintedanib | 218 |
| Nirmatrelvir with ritonavir | 96 |
| Nitazoxanide | |
| Nitrates | 50 |
| Nitroderm TTS 10 | 50 |
| Nitroderm TTS 5 | 50 |
| Nitrofurantoin | |
| Nitrolingual Pump Spray | . 50 |
| Nivestim | |
| Nivolumab | 209 |
| Nodia | |
| Noflam 250 | |
| Noflam 500 | |
| Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory | 107 |
| Drugs | 106 |
| Nonacog gamma, [Recombinant | 100 |
| factor IX] | 20 |
| | . JZ |
| N a va alva va aliva a | |
| Noradrenaline | 51 |
| Noradrenaline BNM | 51 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone | . 51 . 51 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary | 51 51 62 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations | 51 51 62 69 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol | 51 51 62 69 61 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex | 51 51 62 69 61 105 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norfloxacin | 51 51 62 69 61 105 81 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norfloxacin Noriday 28 | 51 51 62 61 105 81 62 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norfloxacin Noriday 28 | 51 51 62 61 105 81 62 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Noriday 28 Normison | 51 51 62 61 105 81 62 128 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Northisterone with mestranol Norflex Norfloxacin Noriday 28 Normison Norpress | 51 51 62 61 105 81 62 128 116 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norflexacin Noriday 28 Normison Norpress Nortriptyline hydrochloride | 51 51 62 69 61 105 81 1.62 128 116 116 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norflex and the stranol Norflex and the stranol Norflex and the stranol Norflex and the stranol Nordiay 28 Normison Norpress Nortriptyline hydrochloride Norvir | 51 51 62 61 105 81 1.62 128 116 116 91 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norflex Norflex and the stranol Norflex Norflex and the stranol Norflex and the stranol Nordiay 28 Normison Norpress Nortriptyline hydrochloride Norrir Nourmed | 51 51 62 69 61 105 81 105 116 116 91 116 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norflex Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Norrison Norrison Norpress Nortriptyline hydrochloride Norvir Noumed Noumed Paracetamol | 51 51 62 69 61 105 81 105 116 116 91 116 113 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Northisterone with mestranol Norflex Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Noured Paracetamol Novasource Renal (Vanilla) | 51 51 62 69 61 105 81 116 116 116 116 113 256 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Northisterone with mestranol Norflex Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Noriday 28 Normison Norrison Norpress Nortriptyline hydrochloride Norvir Nourmed Noumed Paracetamol Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novatretin | 51 62 69 61 105 81 116 116 116 113 256 59 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Northisterone with mestranol Norflex Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Nordidy 28 Normison Norress Nortriptyline hydrochloride Norvir Noured. Noumed Noumed Paracetamol Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novatretin NovoMix 30 FlexPen | 51 51 62 69 61 105 128 116 116 116 113 256 59 9 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Northisterone with mestranol Norflex Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Noriday 28 Normison Norrison Norpress Notriptyline hydrochloride Norrir Nourned Paracetamol Noumed Paracetamol Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novatretin NovoMix 30 FlexPen NovoRapid FlexPen | 51 51 62 69 61 105 81 116 116 116 113 256 9 9 10 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Northisterone with mestranol Norflex Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Noriday 28 Normison Norrison Norrison Norress Nortriptyline hydrochloride Norrir Nourned Nourned Nourned Paracetamol Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novafit 30 FlexPen NovoRapid FlexPen NovoSeven RT | 51 51 62 69 61 105 81 116 118 116 113 256 9 9 10 32 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Northisterone with mestranol Norflex Norfloxacin Norfloxacin Norday 28 Normison Norrison Norress Nortriptyline hydrochloride Norrir Nourned Paracetamol Noured Paracetamol Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novatretin NovoApid FlexPen NovoSeven RT Noxafil | 51 51 62 61 105 81 116 116 116 91 116 113 256 9 9 9 9 9 9 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norflex Norflex Nordiay 28 Normison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novaseven RT Novafil Nozinan | 51 51 62 61 105 81 116 118 116 91 116 113 256 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norflex Norflex Nordiay 28 Normison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Noves Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novaseven RT Novafil Nozinan Nucala | 51 51 62 61 105 81 1105 81 116 116 91 116 91 116 9 9 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norflex Norflex Nordiay 28 Normison Norrison Norress Nortriptyline hydrochloride Norvir Noumed Paracetamol Noumed Paracetamol Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novatretin NovoRapid FlexPen NovoRapid FlexPen NovoSeven RT Novafil Nozinan Nucala Nuelin | 51 51 62 61 105 81 116 116 116 91 116 91 116 9 9 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norflex Norflex Norflex Norflex Norriges Norrison Norress Nortriptyline hydrochloride Norvir Noumed Noured Paracetamol Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novatretin NovoRapid FlexPen NovoRapid FlexPen NovoSeven RT Novafil Nozinan Nucala Nuelin Nuelin | 51 51 62 69 61 105 81 116 118 116 113 256 9 9 9 10 32 84 123 184 222 222 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norflex Norflex and the stranol Norflex and the stranol Norflex and the stranol Norries Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Norrison Noured Noured Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novasource Renal (Vanilla) NovoSeven RT NovoSeven RT Novafil Nozinan Nucala Nuelin Nuelin Nupentin | 51 51 62 69 61 105 81 116 118 116 113 256 9 116 113 256 9 9 10 32 84 123 184 222 222 118 |
| Noradrenaline BNM Norethisterone Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Norethisterone with mestranol Norflex Norflex Norflex Norflex Norflex Norriges Norrison Norress Nortriptyline hydrochloride Norvir Noumed Noured Paracetamol Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novasource Renal (Vanilla) Novatretin NovoRapid FlexPen NovoRapid FlexPen NovoSeven RT Novafil Nozinan Nucala Nuelin Nuelin | 51 51 62 69 61 105 81 116 118 116 113 256 9 116 113 256 9 9 10 32 84 123 184 222 222 118 |

| Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre |
|-----------------------------------|
| RTH 254 |
| Nutrini Peptisorb |
| Nutrini Peptisorb Energy251 |
| Nutrison 800 Complete Multi |
| Fibre |
| Nutrison Concentrated249 |
| Nutrison Energy257 |
| Nutrison Protein Intense |
| Nyefax Retard45 |
| Nystatin |
| Alimentary22 |
| Dermatological55 |
| Genito-Urinary61 |
| Infections84 |
| - 0 - |
| O/W Fatty Emulsion Cream57 |
| Obinutuzumab 185 |
| Obstetric Preparations62 |
| Ocrelizumab 127 |
| Ocrevus 127 |
| Octocog alfa [Recombinant factor |
| VIII] (Advate) 32 |
| Octocog alfa [Recombinant factor |
| VIII] (Kogenate FS) 33 |
| Octreotide 152 |
| Octreotide Depot Teva 152 |
| Ocular Lubricants 229 |
| Oestradiol 68-69 |
| Oestradiol valerate68 |
| Oestradiol with norethisterone |
| acetate68 |
| Oestriol |
| Genito-Urinary63 |
| Hormone Preparations69 |
| Oestrogens |
| Oestrogens (conjugated equine) 68 |
| Oestrogens with |
| medroxyprogesterone |
| acetate |
| Ofev |
| Oil in water emulsion |
| Oily phenol [Phenol oily]7 |
| Olanzapine 123–124 |
| Olaparib |
| Olive oil |
| Olopatadine |
| Olopatadine Teva |
| Olsalazine |
| Olumiant |
| Omalizumab |
| Omeprazole actoria 10 |
| Omeprazole actavis 10 |
| Omeprazole actavis 208 |
| Omeprazole actavis 40 |
| Omezol IV8 |

| Omnipaque | . 234 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Omniscan | |
| Omnitrope | |
| Onbrez Breezhaler | 221 |
| Oncaspar LYO | 139 |
| OncoTICE | |
| Ondansetron | |
| Ondansetron Kabi | 122 |
| Ondansetron ODT-DRLA | 122 |
| Ondansetron-Baxter | |
| One-Alpha | 122 |
| Onrex | 120 |
| Opdivo | |
| Optional Pharmaceuticals | 209 |
| Ora-Blend | |
| Ora-Blend SF | |
| | |
| Ora-Plus | 240 |
| Ora-Sweet | 240 |
| Ora-Sweet SF | |
| Oratane | |
| Ornidazole | |
| Orphenadrine citrate | 105 |
| Oruvail SR | |
| Oseltamivir | |
| Osmolite RTH | 257 |
| Other Cardiac Agents | 50 |
| Other Endocrine Agents | 68 |
| Other Oestrogen Preparations | |
| Other Otological Preparations | |
| | 230 |
| Other Progestogen | |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 69 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations | 69 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin | 69 60 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary | 69 60 63 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations | 69 60 63 69 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Oxaliplatin | 69 60 63 69 142 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Oxaliplatin Oxaliplatin Accord | 69 60 63 69 142 142 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Oxaliplatin Oxaliplatin Accord Oxandrolone | 69 60 63 69 142 142 65 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Oxaliplatin Accord Oxadiplatin Accord Oxandrolone Oxazepam | 69 60 63 69 142 142 65 126 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Oxaliplatin Accord Oxandrolone Oxazepam Oxpentifylline | 69 60 63 69 142 142 65 126 51 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Oxaliplatin Accord Oxaliplatin Accord Oxandrolone Oxazepam Oxpentifylline Oxybuprocaine hydrochloride | 69 60 69 142 142 65 51 51 227 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Oxaliplatin Accord Oxandrolone Oxazepam Oxpentifylline Oxpbutprocaine hydrochloride Oxybutynin | 69 60 63 69 142 142 142 51 51 227 64 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Oxaliplatin Accord Oxaliplatin Accord Oxadrolone Oxazepam Oxpentifylline Oxybuprocaine hydrochloride Oxybutynin Oxycodone hydrochloride | 69 60 69 142 142 65 126 51 227 64 115 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Oxaliplatin Accord Oxaliplatin Accord Oxaliplatin Accord Oxadrolone Oxazepam Oxpentifylline Oxybutyrocaine hydrochloride Oxybutyrin Oxycodone Sandoz | 69 63 63 142 142 142 65 126 51 227 64 115 115 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 69 60 63 142 142 151 227 64 115 115 220 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations Other Skin Preparations Ovestin Genito-Urinary Hormone Preparations Oxaliplatin Accord Oxaliplatin Accord Oxaliplatin Accord Oxadrolone Oxazepam Oxpentifylline Oxybutyrocaine hydrochloride Oxybutyrin Oxycodone Sandoz | 69 60 63 142 142 151 227 64 115 115 220 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 69 63 63 69 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 69 63 63 69 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 69 63 69 142 142 142 151 227 64 115 220 115 220 115 62 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 69 60 60 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 69 60 60 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 69 60 63 69 142 142 65 126 51 227 64 115 220 115 62 62 62 225 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 69 60 63 69 142 142 65 126 51 227 64 115 220 115 62 62 62 225 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 69 63 69 142 142 151 227 64 115 220 115 62 62 62 225 105 |
| Other Progestogen Preparations | 69 63 63 69 142 65 126 65 126 64 115 62 62 62 62 225 105 113 149 |

| Palbociclib | 146 |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Paliperidone | 124 |
| Pamidronate disodium | 100 |
| Pamisol | |
| Pancreatic enzyme | 12 |
| Pancuronium bromide | 105 |
| Pantoprazole | 8 |
| Panzop Relief | 8 |
| Papaverine hydrochloride | |
| Paper wasp venom | 216 |
| Para-aminosalicylic Acid | 87 |
| Paracare | 113 |
| Paracare Double Strength | 113 |
| Paracetamol | 113 |
| Paracetamol Kabi | 113 |
| Paracetamol with codeine | 115 |
| Paraffin | |
| Alimentary | 14 |
| Dermatological | 57 |
| Extemporaneously Compounded | d |
| Preparations | 240 |
| Paraffin liquid with soft white | |
| paraffin | 230 |
| Paraffin liquid with wool fat | 230 |
| Paraffin with wool fat | 57 |
| Paraldehyde | 117 |
| Parecoxib | 107 |
| Paromomycin | 76 |
| Paroxetine | 117 |
| Paser | 87 |
| Patent blue V | 236 |
| Paxam | 125 |
| Paxlovid | 96 |
| Pazopanib | 146 |
| Peak flow meter | 270 |
| Peanut oil | 239 |
| Pedialyte - Bubblegum | 40 |
| Pediasure (Chocolate) | 255 |
| Pediasure (Strawberry) | 255 |
| Pediasure (Vanilla) | |
| Pediasure RTH | |
| Pegaspargase | |
| Pegasys | |
| Pegfilgrastim | |
| Pegylated interferon alfa-2a | |
| Pembrolizumab | |
| Pemetrexed | 136 |
| Penicillamine | |
| Penicillin G | |
| Penicillin V | |
| Pentacarinat | |
| Pentagastrin | |
| Pentamidine isethionate | |
| Pentasa | |
| Pentostatin [Deoxycoformycin] | 140 |
| Pentoxifylline [Oxpentifylline] | <mark>5</mark> 1 |

Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)......248 Perindopril41 Perjeta187 Perriao.....60 Pertuzumab187 Pethidine hydrochloride 115 Pexsig......46 Pfizer Exemestane153 Phenasen137 Phenelzine sulphate 116 Phenobarbitone 118, 128 Phenobarbitone sodium......240 Phenol Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations240 Various......237 Phenol oily7 Phenol with ioxaglic acid237 Phenoxybenzamine hydrochloride 42 Phenoxymethylpenicillin [Penicillin V]......80 Phentolamine mesvlate43 Phenylephrine hydrochloride Cardiovascular.....51 Phenytoin.....119 Phenytoin sodium 117, 119 Phosphorus40 Phytomenadione......33 Pimafucort59 Pimecrolimus 59 Pine tar with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein 59 Pinetarsol......59 Pioglitazone 11 PiperTaz Sandoz......80 Pipothiazine palmitate125 PipTaz Sandoz80 Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues 69

| Pizotifen | .121 |
|------------------------------------------|-------|
| PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) | .246 |
| PKU Anamix Junior LQ | |
| (Orange) | 246 |
| PKU Anamix Junior LQ | 240 |
| (Unflavoured) | 046 |
| | |
| Plaquenil | |
| Plasma-Lyte 148 | 38 |
| Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose | |
| Plendil ER | |
| Plerixafor | 37 |
| Pneumococcal (PCV10) conjugate | |
| vaccine | . 262 |
| Pneumococcal (PCV13) conjugate | |
| vaccine | . 262 |
| Pneumococcal (PPV23) | |
| polysaccharide vaccine | 262 |
| Pneumovax 23 | |
| Podophyllotoxin | |
| Polidocanol | |
| Poliomyelitis vaccine | 267 |
| Poloxamer | |
| Poly Gel | |
| Poly-Tears | |
| | |
| Poly-Visc Polyhexamethylene biguanide | |
| | |
| Polyvinyl alcohol with povidone | |
| Poractant alfa | |
| Posaconazole | |
| Postinor-1 | |
| Potassium chloride | 9–40 |
| Potassium chloride with sodium | |
| chloride | |
| Potassium citrate | 64 |
| Potassium dihydrogen | |
| phosphate | 39 |
| Potassium iodate | |
| Alimentary | 21 |
| Hormone Preparations | 74 |
| Potassium iodate with iodine | 21 |
| Potassium perchlorate | 74 |
| Potassium permanganate | 59 |
| Povidone K30 | .240 |
| Povidone-iodine | |
| Povidone-iodine with ethanol | |
| Pradaxa | |
| Pralidoxime iodide | |
| Pramipexole hydrochloride | |
| Pravastatin | |
| Pravastatin Mylan | |
| Praxbind | |
| Praziquantel | |
| Prazosin | |
| Pred Forte | |
| Prednisolone | |
| Prednisolone acetate | |
| ו ובטוווטוטווב מגבומול | . 220 |

| Prednisolone sodium7 |
|-------------------------------|
| Prednisolone sodium |
| phosphate 226 |
| Prednisolone- AFT |
| Prednisone67 |
| Prednisone Clinect67 |
| Pregabalin119 |
| Pregabalin Pfizer 119 |
| Pregnancy test - hCG urine |
| preOp256 |
| Prevenar 13262 |
| Priadel 123 |
| Prilocaine hydrochloride112 |
| Prilocaine hydrochloride with |
| felypressin 112 |
| Primaquine88 |
| Primidone119 |
| Primolut N69 |
| Primovist235 |
| Priorix |
| Probenecid 105 |
| Procaine penicillin80 |
| Procarbazine hydrochloride140 |
| Prochlorperazine 122 |
| Proctosedyl7 |
| Procyclidine hydrochloride108 |
| Progesterone62 |
| Proglicem9 |
| Proglycem9 |
| Progynova68 |
| Prolia 102 |
| Promethazine hydrochloride217 |
| Propafenone hydrochloride44 |
| Propofol 110 |
| Propranolol45 |
| Propylthiouracil74 |
| Prostin E262 |
| Prostin VR51 |
| Protamine sulphate |
| Protionamide |
| Protirelin |
| Proveblue |
| Provera |
| Provera HD |
| Proxymetacaine hydrochloride |
| Pseudoephedrine |
| hydrochloride |
| PSM Citalopram 117 |
| Psoriasis and Eczema |
| Preparations |
| PTU |
| Pulmonary Surfactants |
| Pulmozyme |
| Puri-nethol |
| Puria |
| Pyrazinamide87 |

| Pyridostigmine bromide |
|-----------------------------|
| |
| Pyridoxine hydrochloride24 |
| Pyridoxine multichem24 |
| Pyrimethamine88 |
| Pytazen SR35 |
| - Q - |
| Quetapel 123 |
| Quetiapine 123 |
| Quinapril41 |
| Quinapril with |
| hydrochlorothiazide 41 |
| Quinine dihydrochloride88 |
| Qvar |
| - B - |
| RA-Morph 114 |
| Rabies vaccine |
| Raloxifene |
| Raltegravir potassium |
| Ramipex 109 |
| Rampex |
| Ranbaxy-Cefaclor |
| Ranibizumab |
| Ranitidine |
| Rapamune |
| Rasagiline109 |
| Rasburicase105 |
| Readi-CAT 2234 |
| Reandron 100065 |
| Recombinant factor IX 31-32 |
| Recombinant factor VIIa32 |
| Recombinant factor VIII |
| Rectogesic7 |
| Red back spider antivenom |
| Redipred67 |
| Relenza Rotadisk |
| Relistor14 |
| Remicade 177 |
| Remifentanil115 |
| Remifentanil-AFT115 |
| Resonium A40 |
| Resource Beneprotein |
| Respiratory Stimulants |
| Retinol |
| Retinol Palmitate |
| ReTrieve |
| Retrovir |
| Retrovir IV |
| Bevlimid |
| Revolade |
| Revolade |
| |
| Riboflavin |
| Riboflavin 5-phosphate |
| Ribomustin |
| Ricit |
| Rifabutin |
| Rifadin87 |

| Rifampicin87 |
|-------------------------------------|
| Rifaximin |
| Rifinah |
| Rilutek |
| Riluzole |
| |
| Ringer's solution |
| RINVOQ |
| Riodine |
| Risedronate Sandoz 100 |
| Risedronate sodium100 |
| Risperdal Consta 125 |
| Risperidone 123, 125 |
| Risperidone (Teva) 123 |
| Risperon 123 |
| Ritalin129 |
| Ritalin LA129 |
| Ritonavir |
| Rituximab (mabthera)188 |
| Rituximab (riximyo)190 |
| Rituximab (Intimyo) |
| Rivaroxaban |
| Rivastigmine |
| Rivastigmine Patch BNM 10130 |
| Rivastigmine Patch BNM 5 130 |
| Riximyo190 |
| RIXUBIS |
| Rizamelt120 |
| Rizatriptan 120 |
| Rocuronium bromide 105 |
| Ronapreve176 |
| Ropin |
| Ropinirole hydrochloride109 |
| Ropivacaine hydrochloride 112 |
| Ropivacaine hydrochloride with |
| fentanyl 112 |
| Ropivacaine Kabi112 |
| |
| Rose bengal sodium |
| Rosuvastatin |
| Rosuvastatin Viatris |
| Rotarix |
| Rotavirus oral vaccine |
| Roxane5 |
| Roxithromycin79 |
| Rubifen |
| Rubifen SR 129 |
| Rulide D79 |
| Rurioctocog alfa pegol [Recombinant |
| factor VIII] |
| Ruxolitinib |
| -S- |
| S26 LBW Gold RTF253 |
| Sacubitril with valsartan |
| SalAir |
| Salazopyrin |
| |
| Salazopyrin EN7 |
| Salbutamol220 |
| Salbutamol with ipratropium |

| bromide | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Salicylic acid | |
| Salmeterol | 221 |
| Salmonella typhi vaccine | 263 |
| Sandimmun | 154 |
| Sandomigran | 121 |
| Sapropterin Dihydrochloride | .19 |
| Scalp Preparations | .60 |
| Scandonest 3% | 112 |
| Sclerosing Agents | 223 |
| Scopoderm TTS | 121 |
| Sebizole | |
| Secretin pentahydrochloride | 236 |
| Secukinumab | |
| Sedatives and Hypnotics | 127 |
| Seebri Breezhaler | 218 |
| Selegiline hydrochloride | 109 |
| Sennosides | |
| Serc | |
| Serenace | |
| Seretide | |
| Seretide Accuhaler | |
| Serevent | |
| Serevent Accuhaler | 201 |
| Sertraline | 117 |
| Setrona | |
| Sevoflurane | |
| Sevredol | |
| Shingles vaccine | |
| Sildenafil | 200 |
| Siltuximab | |
| Silver nitrate | 203 |
| | ~~ |
| Dermatological | . 60 |
| Extemporaneously Compounded | |
| Preparations | |
| Simeticone | |
| Simulect | |
| Simvastatin | .49 |
| Simvastatin Mylan | |
| Sincalide | |
| Sinemet | |
| Sinemet CR | |
| Sirolimus | |
| Siterone | |
| Slow-Lopresor | .45 |
| Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy | |
| Test | |
| | 232 |
| Sodibic | |
| Sodium acetate | |
| Sodium acid phosphate | .40 |
| Sodium alginate with magnesium | |
| alginate | _ |
| | 5 |
| Sodium alginate with sodium | 5 |
| Sodium alginate with sodium bicarbonate and calcium carbonate | 5 |

| DI000 | 20119 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|
| Extemporaneously Compounded | Sotal |
| Preparations240 | Soya |
| odium calcium edetate233 | Space |
| odium chloride | Span |
| Blood | Speci |
| Respiratory | Spiolt |
| Various237 | Spira |
| odium chloride with sodium | Spira |
| bicarbonate 220 | Spiriv |
| odium citrate | Spiriv |
| Alimentary5 | Spiro |
| Extemporaneously Compounded | Spryc |
| Preparations241 | Stand |
| odium citrate with sodium chloride | Starc |
| and potassium chloride | Stavu |
| odium citrate with sodium lauryl | Sterc |
| sulphoacetate | Stero |
| odium citro-tartrate64 | Stero |
| | |
| odium cromoglicate | Stimu |
| Alimentary7 | Stiripe |
| Respiratory217 | Stocri |
| Sensory | Strep |
| odium dihydrogen phosphate | Strom |
| [Sodium acid phosphate] 40 | Sucra |
| odium fluoride21 | Sucro |
| odium fusidate [Fusidic acid] | Suga |
| Dermatological55 | Suga |
| Infections83 | Sulfac |
| Sensory224 | Sulfas |
| odium hyaluronate [Hyaluronic acid] | Suling |
| Alimentary 23 | Sulph |
| Sensory | Sulph |
| odium hyaluronate [Hyaluronic acid] | Sulph |
| with chondroitin sulphate | Sulpri |
| odium hypochlorite | Suma |
| odium metabisulfite | Suma |
| odium nitrite | Suniti |
| | Suniti |
| odium nitroprusside | |
| Cardiovascular | Sunso |
| Optional Pharmaceuticals | Supra |
| odium phenylbutyrate20 | Surgi |
| odium phosphate with phosphoric | Susta |
| acid15 | (Cl |
| odium picosulfate15 | Susta |
| odium polystyrene sulphonate 40 | (Va |
| odium stibogluconate89 | Suten |
| odium tetradecyl sulphate | Suxar |
| odium thiosulfate | Sylva |
| odium valproate119 | Symn |
| odium with potassium238 | Symp |
| olifenacin Mylan64 | Synad |
| olifenacin succinate64 | Synac |
| | , |
| | |

Sodium benzoate.....19

Sodium bicarbonate

D1 1

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S

S S

S

S

S

S

-

Solu-Medrol67 Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial......67 Somatropin70 ol......45 oil......231 er device.....270 -K.....40 alised Formulas247 to Respimat218 ctin......47 mycin......89 /a......218 a Respimat218 nolactone.....47 el......143 lard Feeds......256 h......241 dine......90 ulia with frangula14 Clear217 lants / ADHD Treatments 128 entol.....119 in89 tomvcin sulphate.....76 nectol87 lfate8 mmadex106 mmadex BNM106 diazine silver.....55 salazine7 dac......107 nacetamide sodium224 adiazine......83 ix.....122 ıqran......120 triptan 120 inib......148 inib Pfizer.....148 creen, proprietary60 ane......109 cal Preparations237 gen Hospital Formula hocolate)......258 gen Hospital Formula anilla) 258 nt 148 methonium chloride 105 nt......203 netrel108 bathomimetics50 cthen......69 cthen Depot.....69

| Synflorix | 262 |
|------------------------------------|------|
| Syntometrine | 62 |
| Syrup | 241 |
| Systane Unit Dose | 229 |
| - T - | |
| Tacrolimus | |
| Dermatological | 60 |
| Oncology | 154 |
| Tacrolimus Sandoz | 154 |
| Tagitol V | 234 |
| Talc | 223 |
| Taliglucerase alfa | 20 |
| Tambocor | |
| Tamoxifen citrate | |
| Tamoxifen Sandoz | |
| Tamsulosin hydrochloride | |
| Tamsulosin-Rex | |
| | |
| Tarceva | |
| Targocid | |
| Tasigna | |
| Tasmar | |
| Taurine | 20 |
| Tecfidera | |
| Tegretol | |
| Tegretol CR | |
| Teicoplanin | 83 |
| Teicoplanin Mylan | |
| Temaccord | |
| Temazepam | |
| Temozolomide | |
| Tenecteplase | 36 |
| Tenofovir disoproxil | |
| Tenofovir Disoproxil Teva | 92 |
| Tenoxicam | 107 |
| Tensipine MR10 | |
| Terazosin | |
| Terbinafine | 86 |
| Terbutaline | 63 |
| Terbutaline sulphate | |
| Teriflunomide | |
| Teriparatide | 103 |
| Terlipressin | 75 |
| Testosterone | |
| Testosterone cipionate | |
| Testosterone esters | 65 |
| Testosterone undecanoate | 65 |
| Tetrabenazine | |
| Tetracaine [Amethocaine] hydrochlo | ride |
| Nervous | 112 |
| Sensory | 227 |
| Tetracosactide [Tetracosactrin] | 69 |
| Tetracosactrin | |
| Tetracycline | |
| Thalidomide | |
| Thalomid | |
| Theobroma oil | 241 |

| Theophylline |
|----------------------------------|
| Thiamine hydrochloride25 |
| Thioguanine |
| Thiopental [Thiopentone] sodium |
| Thiopentone |
| Thiotepa |
| Thrombin |
| Thyroid and Antithyroid |
| Preparations |
| Thyrotropin alfa |
| Ticagrelor |
| Ticarcillin with clavulanic acid |
| Ticlopidine |
| Tigecycline |
| Tilcotil |
| Timolol228 |
| Timoptol XE228 |
| Tiotropium bromide218 |
| Tiotropium bromide with |
| olodaterol 218 |
| Tivicay |
| TMP |
| Tobradex |
| Tobramycin |
| Infections |
| Sensory224 |
| Tobramycin BNM76 |
| Tobramycin Mylan76 |
| Tobrex |
| Tocilizumab203 |
| Tofranil116 |
| Tolcapone109 |
| Topamax119 |
| Topicaine 112 |
| Topical Products for Joint and |
| Muscular Pain 107 |
| Topiramate |
| Torbay |
| Tracrium 105 |
| Tramadol hydrochloride |
| Tramal 100 115 |
| Tramal 50 115 |
| Tramal SR 100 115 |
| Tramal SR 150 115 |
| Tramal SR 200 115 |
| Trandate |
| Tranexamic acid |
| Tranexamic-AFT31 |
| Tranylcypromine sulphate 116 |
| Trastuzumab207 |
| Trastuzumab emtansine |
| Travatan |
| |
| Travoprost |

| Treatments for Substance |
|----------------------------------|
| Dependence 130 |
| Tretinoin |
| Dermatological56 |
| Oncology141 |
| |
| Trexate |
| Tri-sodium citrate241 |
| Triamcinolone acetonide |
| Alimentary 22 |
| Dermatological58 |
| Hormone Preparations67 |
| Triamcinolone acetonide with |
| gramicidin, neomycin and |
| nystatin 225 |
| Triamcinolone acetonide with |
| |
| neomycin sulphate, gramicidin |
| and nystatin 59 |
| Triamcinolone hexacetonide67 |
| Triazolam128 |
| Trichloracetic acid241 |
| Trientine dihydrochloride20 |
| Trimethoprim83 |
| Trimethoprim with |
| sulphamethoxazole |
| [Co-trimoxazole] |
| |
| Trisul |
| Trometamol |
| Tropicamide229 |
| Tropisetron 122 |
| Trulicity 11 |
| Tuberculin PPD [Mantoux] test269 |
| Tubersol |
| Two Cal HN249 |
| Tykerb145 |
| Tysabri127 |
| - 11 - |
| Ultibro Breezhaler |
| Ultraproct |
| Umeclidinium |
| Umecilainium |
| Umeclidinium with vilanterol |
| Univent |
| Upadacitinib214 |
| Ural64 |
| Urea |
| Dermatological57 |
| Extemporaneously Compounded |
| Preparations241 |
| Urex Forte |
| Urografin |
| Urokinase |
| |
| Urologicals |
| Uromitexan |
| Ursodeoxycholic acid12 |
| Ursosan12 |
| Utrogestan 62 |
| - V - |

| | - |
|------------------------------------|----------|
| Vaclovir9 | 3 |
| Valaciclovir | |
| Valganciclovir9 | |
| Valganciclovir Mylan | |
| Vancomycin | 3 |
| Varenicline13 | 0 |
| Varenicline Pfizer | <u>_</u> |
| Varibar - Honey | |
| Varibar - Nectar | 4 |
| Varibar - Neclar | 4 |
| Varibar - Pudding | 4 |
| Varibar - Thin Liquid23 | 4 |
| Varicella vaccine [Chickenpox | |
| vaccine] 26 | 7 |
| Varicella zoster vaccine [Shingles | |
| vaccine] 26 | 8 |
| Varivax26 | |
| Vasodilators5 | |
| Vasopressin7 | 5 |
| Vasopressin Agents7 | 5 |
| Vasorex | 5 |
| Vecuronium bromide10 | 6 |
| Vedafil | 3 |
| Veletri | 4 |
| Venclexta14 | |
| Venetoclax14 | |
| Venlafaxine11 | 7 |
| Venofer | 1 |
| VENOX | |
| Ventavis | |
| Ventolin | 4 0 |
| Vepesid | 0 |
| Vepesiu | 0 |
| Verapamil hydrochloride4 | |
| Vergo 1612 | 1 |
| Vermox8 | |
| Versacloz12 | 3 |
| Vesanoid14 | |
| Vexazone1 | |
| Vfend8 | |
| Vigabatrin 12 | 0 |
| Vigisom12 | |
| Vildagliptin1 | 1 |
| Vildagliptin with metformin | |
| hydrochloride 1 | |
| Vimpat 11 | 8 |
| Vinblastine sulphate 15 | |
| Vincristine sulphate 15 | |
| Vinorelbine | |
| Viral Vaccines | |
| Viramune Suspension | |
| ViruPOS | |
| Viscoat | |
| Visipaque | |
| Visipaque2 | |
| Vit.D3 | |
| | |
| Vital | |
| Vitamin B complex2 | С |

| Vitamin B6 2524 |
|---------------------------------|
| Vitamins23 |
| Vivonex TEN248 |
| Voltaren 106 |
| Voltaren D106 |
| Voltaren Ophtha226 |
| Voltaren SR 106 |
| Volumatic270 |
| VoLumen |
| Voriconazole85 |
| Votrient146 |
| Vttack85 |
| - W - |
| Warfarin sodium35 |
| Wart Preparations60 |
| Water |
| Blood40 |
| Various237 |
| Wool fat |
| Dermatological58 |
| Extemporaneously Compounded |
| Preparations |
| - X - |
| X-Opaque-HD234 |
| Xanthan241 |
| Xarelto |
| Xifaxan |
| Xolair |
| Xylocaine 111 |
| Xylometazoline hydrochloride220 |
| Xyntha |
| · · · · |
| Yellow jacket wasp venom 216 |
| -Z- |
| Zanamivir |
| Zapril41 |
| Zarontin |
| Zavedos135 |
| Zeffix |
| Zematop60 |
| Zetlam |
| Ziagen90 |
| Zidovudine [AZT]90 |
| Zidovudine [AZT] with |
| lamivudine |
| Zimybe49 |
| Zinc |
| Alimentary 22 |
| Dermatological56 |
| Zinc and castor oil |
| Zinc chloride |
| Zinc oxide |
| |
| Zinc sulphate |
| Zinc sulphate |
| Zinc sulphate |

| 77 |
|-----|
| 124 |
| 217 |
| 78 |
| |
| 66 |
| 100 |
| 66 |
| 128 |
| 268 |
| 107 |
| 112 |
| 124 |
| 125 |
| 124 |
| 124 |
| 131 |
| 123 |
| 123 |
| 124 |
| 150 |
| 83 |
| |