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Circulation

Accessible in an electronic format at no cost from the Pharmac website www.pharmac.govt.nz/schedule.

You can register to have an electronic version of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, Section H for Hospital Pharmaceuticals (link to PDF copy) emailed to your nominated email address each month by subscribing at schedule.pharmac.qovt.nz/subscribe.

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Introducing Pharmac

Introducing Pharmac

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (Pharmac) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. Pharmac negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

Pharmac's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about Pharmac and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the Pharmac website at https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/about.

Glossary

Units of Measure gram g microgram..... mcg millimole......mmol unit......u kilogram......kg milligram mg international unitiu millilitre..... ml **Abbreviations** application app enteric coated FC solution soln suppositorysuppos capsule cap granules......grans cream.....crm injectioninj tablet......tab dispersibledisp liquidliq tincture.....tinc effervescent.....eff lotion......lotn

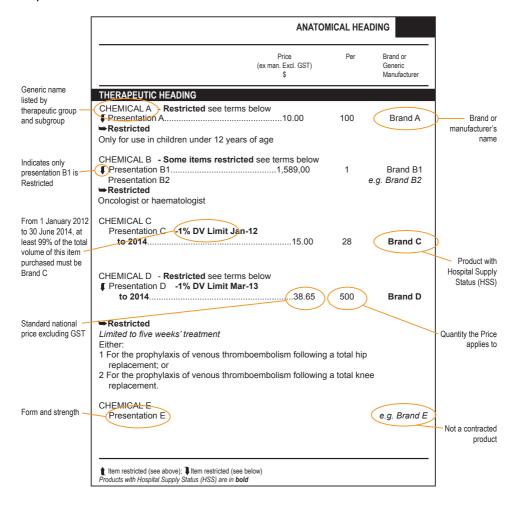
ointment......oint

HSS Hospital Supply Status

emulsion emul

Guide to Section H listings

Example



PART I: GENERAL RULES

General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A.

Read the <u>General Rules</u>: <u>https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/section-a</u>.

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Antacids and Antiflatulents

Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIMETICONE

Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticone 20 mg

Oral lig 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simeticone

30 ma per 5 ml

e.g. Mylanta

e.a. Mvlanta Double Strength

SIMETICONE

Oral drops 100 mg per ml

Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml

Oral drops 40 mg per ml

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE

Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sachet

e.a. Gaviscon Infant

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

160 mg

e.g. Gaviscon Double Strenath

Oral lig 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

500 ml

Acidex

SODIUM CITRATE

90 ml

Biomed

Phosphate Binding Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 600 mg

CALCIUM CARBONATE - Restricted see terms below

500 ml Roxane

→ Restricted (RS1698)

Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbonate tablets or where calcium carbonate tablets are inappropriate..

Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Agents

Antipropulsives

DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE

Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg

LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 2 mg10.75 400 Nodia 400 Diamide Relief

Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories

BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Cap 3 mg

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Pe	er Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1723)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes: or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis*: and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Diabetes; or
 - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
 - 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1%

MESALAZINE

O/ LE/ ZIIVE			
Tab EC 400 mg	49.50	100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg		100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023	56.10	100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg	85.50	90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g	118.10	100 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg		20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g	50.96	28	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml	41.30	7	Pentasa

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OLSALAZINE				
Tab 500 mg		.93.37	100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg		.53.00	100	Dipentum
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM				
Rectal foam 20 mg per dose (14 applications)		.74.10	1	Essential Prednisolone
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE				
Cap 100 mg				
SULFASALAZINE				
Tab 500 mg		.14.00	100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		. 15.53	100	Salazopyrin EN
Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders				
Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations				
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE				
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g		. 15.00	30 g	Proctosedyl
Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g		9.90	12	Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALA	TE AND C	INCHOCAIN	ΙE	
Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocain	ie			
hydrochloride 5 mg per g		6.35	30 g	Ultraproct
Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cincho				
hydrochloride 1 mg		2.66	12	Ultraproct
Management of Anal Fissures				
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2% - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024		.22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Scierosants				
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial				
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Mo	tility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE				
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		.65.45	10	Max Health
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE				
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		6.35	100	Buscopan
Inj 20 mg, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023			5	Buscopan
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 135 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023		9.20	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants				
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective				
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg			120	Cytotec

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
H2 Antagonists				
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg				
Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg				
FAMOTIDINE				
Tab 20 mg				
Tab 40 mg				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial				
RANITIDINE - Restricted see terms below				
▼ Tab 150 mg▼ Tab 300 mg				
Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml		5.14	300 ml	Peptisoothe
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
(Peptisoothe Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml to be delisted 1 Septembe	er 2021)			
→ Restricted (RS1703)				
Initiation Either:				
1 For continuation use; or				
2 Routine prevention of allergic reactions				
Proton Pump Inhibitors				
LANSOPRAZOLE				
Cap 15 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024			100	Lanzol Relief
Cap 30 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		5.26	100	Lanzol Relief
OMEPRAZOLE				
Tab dispersible 10 mg Restricted (RS1027)				
Initiation				
Only for use in tube-fed patients.				
■ Tab dispersible 20 mg				
→ Restricted (RS1027)				
Initiation				
Only for use in tube-fed patients.				
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-21 to 2023			90	Omeprazole actavis 10
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Aug-21 to 2023			90 90	Omeprazole actavis 20 Omeprazole actavis 40
Powder for oral lig			5 g	Midwest
Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022			5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazolo
Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022			5	Omezol IV
PANTOPRAZOLE				
Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022			100	Panzop Relief
Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		2.85	100	Panzop Relief
Inj 40 mg vial				
Site Protective Agents				
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE				
Tab 120 mg		.14.51	50	Gastrodenol

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

SUCRALFATE

Tab 1 q

Bile and Liver Therapy

I -ORNITHINE I -ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below

- Grans for oral liquid 3 g
- → Restricted (RS1261)

Initiation

For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated.

RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 550 mg − **1% DV Mar-21 to 2023**625.00 56 **Xifaxan**

→ Restricted (RS1416)

Initiation

For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose.

Diabetes

Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors

A(CA	RB	309	SF

Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 20248.95	90	Accarb
3.50		Glucobay
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	90	Accarb
6.40		Glucobay

(Glucobay Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 December 2021) (Glucobay Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 December 2021)

Hyperglycaemic Agents

DI	AZOXIDE - Restricted see terms below			
1	Cap 25 mg11	0.00	100	Proglicem
	Cap 100 mg		100	Proglicem
	Oral liq 50 mg per ml62		30 ml	Proglycem
_	Postricted (PS1039)			

→ Restricted (RS1028)

Initiation

For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.

GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Tab 1.5 g

Tab 3.1 g

Tab 4 g

GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE

Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet

(Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per n 3 ml prefilled pen		5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
NSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		J	NOVOIVIIX 30 T IEXT ETT
NSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per ml,			
3 ml cartridgeInj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per ml,		5	Humalog Mix 25
3 ml cartridge		5	Humalog Mix 50
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge	94.50	5 5 1	Lantus SoloStar Lantus Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations			
NSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe INSULIN GLULISINE	51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	46.07	1 5 5	Apidra Apidra Apidra Solostar
NSULIN LISPRO Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Inculin - Chart-Acting Proparations			

Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations

INSULIN NEUTRAL

Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge

10

	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	 7.50	100	Daonil
GLICLAZIDE Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	 15.18	500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE Tab 5 mg	 3.27	100	Minidiab
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE Tab immediate-release 500 mg Tab immediate-release 850 mg		1,000 500	Apotex Apotex
PIOGLITAZONE		••	•
Tab 15 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	 7.30	90 90	Vexazone Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	 12.25	90	Vexazone
Tab 50 mg VILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE	 35.00	60	Galvus
Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride		60 60	Galvumet Galvumet

SGLT2 Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1823)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For continuation use: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has type 2 diabetes; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is Māori or any Pacific ethnicity*; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient has pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent (see note a)*; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient has an absolute 5-year cardiovascular disease risk of 15% or greater according to a validated cardiovascular risk assessment calculator*: or
 - 2.2.4 Patient has a high lifetime cardiovascular risk due to being diagnosed with type 2 diabetes during childhood or as a young adult*; or
 - 2.2.5 Patient has diabetic kidney disease (see note b)*: and
 - 2.3 Target HbA1c (of 53 mmol/mol or less) has not been achieved despite the regular use of at least one blood-glucose lowering agent (e.g. metformin, vildagliptin, or insulin) for at least 3 months; and
 - 2.4 Treatment will not be used in combination with a funded GLP-1 agonist.

Notes: * Criteria intended to describe patients at high risk of cardiovascular or renal complications of diabetes.

- a) Pre-existing cardiovascular disease or risk equivalent defined as: prior cardiovascular disease event (i.e. angina, myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass grafting, transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, peripheral vascular disease), congestive heart failure or familial hypercholesterolaemia.
- b) Diabetic kidney disease defined as: persistent albuminuria (albumin:creatinine ratio greater than or equal to 3 mg/mmol, in at least two out of three samples over a 3-6 month period) and/or eGFR less than 60 mL/min/1.73m2 in the presence of diabetes, without alternative cause.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
EMPAGLIFLOZIN - Restricted see terms on the previous page				
1 Tab 10 mg	58.56	30	Jardiance	
1 Tab 25 mg	58.56	30	Jardiance	
EMPAGLIFLOZIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restri	cted see terms on the	previous	page	
Tab 5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet	
Tab 5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet	
Tab 12.5 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet	
Tab 12.5 mg with 500 mg metformin hydrochloride	58.56	60	Jardiamet	

Digestives Including Enzymes

PANCREATIC FNZYME

Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 U protease))

URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

↓ Cap 250 mg − **1% DV Oct-20 to 2023**32.95 100 **Ursosan**

→ Restricted (RS1824)

Initiation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis

Fither:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury: and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation - Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ P6	er Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Initiation - prevention of sinusoidal obstruction syndrome

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1732 trial; and
- 2 The patient has leukaemia/lymphoma and is receiving inotuzumab ozogamicin.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSUI FATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium

picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.a. PicoPrep

Glycoprep-C

48

MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID. POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium

chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate 80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024......218.88

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium

chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate

80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet

e.g. Glycoprep-C

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE. SODIUM BICARBONATE. SODIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM SULPHATE

Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium

bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulphate

5.685 g per sachet - 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022......14.31 Klean Prep

Bulk-Forming Agents

ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK

500 q Konsyl-D

STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Powder for oral soln

Faecal Softeners

DOOL	IC A TE	CODI	1 11 /
טטטנ	JSATE	SOUI	UIVI

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	2.31	100	Coloxyl
Tah 120 mg = 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	3 13	100	Colovyl

DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES

200 Laxsol

PARAFFIN

Oral liquid 1 mg per ml

Enema 133 ml

POI OXAMER

30 ml Coloxyl

_	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral			
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial	36.00 246.00	1 7	Relistor Relistor
→ Restricted (RS1601) Initiation – Opioid induced constipation Both:	240.00	,	Tonotor
 The patient is receiving palliative care; and Either: Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation 		lerated.	
Osmotic Laxatives			
GLYCEROL Suppos 1.27 g Suppos 2.55 g	0.05	00	DOM
Suppos 3.6 g	9.25	20	PSM
Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	3.33	500 ml	Laevolac
MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBI Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, sodi bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, sod bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg – 1% DV	dium	JM CHLO	RIDE
Oct-20 to 2023		30	Molaxole
DV Nov-19 to 2022		50	Micolette
Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema
Stimulant Laxatives			
BISACODYL Tab 5 mg Suppos 10 mg – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		200 10	Lax-Tabs Lax-Suppositories
SENNOSIDES Tab 7.5 mg			
SODIUM PICOSULFATE − Restricted see terms below I Oral soln 7.5 mg per ml Restricted (RS1843)	7.40	30 ml	Dulcolax SP Drop
Initiation Both:			
The patient is a child with problematic constipation despite an admacrogol where practicable; and The patient would atherwise require a high values have a large	·	oral phar	rmacotherapies including

14

2 The patient would otherwise require a high-volume bowel cleansing preparation.

¹ Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Manufacturer

Metabolic Disorder Agents

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1793)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
 - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
 - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
 - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

ARGININE

Tab 1,000 mg

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1794)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
 - 2.2 A 5,10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
 - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1330)

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

CARGLUMIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1831)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

For the acute in-patient treatment of organic acidaemias as an alternative to haemofiltration.

COENZYME Q10 - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 120 mg
- → Restricted (RS1832)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to coenzyme Q10 supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to coenzyme Q10 supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1795)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

\$ Per Manufacturer		Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
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continued...

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis VI

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT.

HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1546)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1607)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 2 Fither:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)		Generic
\$	F	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
- 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 250 mg
- Cap 500 mg
- Oral lig 500 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 50 mg
- → Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

RIBOFLAVIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1833)

Initiation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected inborn error of metabolism that may respond to riboflavin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician or neurologist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of an inborn error of metabolism that responds to riboflavin supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1796)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 1 month

All of the following:

1 Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or actively planning to become pregnant; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer	
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continued...

- 2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient has demonstrated an adequate response to a 2 to 4 week trial of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction in phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; or
 - 1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has previously demonstrated response to treatment with sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with sapropterin will not continue after delivery; or
 - 2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the first renewal for treatment with sapropterin; or
 - 2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second or subsequent pregnancy to support management of their PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Ini 20%. 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM PHENYI BUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab 500 mg

Oral lig 250 mg per ml

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1797)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TALIGLUCERASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1034)

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher Treatment Panel.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

TAURINE - Restricted see terms below

- ⇒ Restricted (RS1834)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a suspected specific mitochondrial disorder that may respond to taurine supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of a specific mitochondrial disorder which responds to taurine supplementation; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 300 mg

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab eff 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)

Fluoride

SODIUM FLUORIDE

Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)

lodine

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine) - 1% DV Oct-20 to 20234.58 90 NeuroTabs

POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE

Oral lig 10% with iodine 5%

Iron

FERROUS FUMARATE

FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID

FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID

Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg

FERROUS SULFATE

FERROUS SULFATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID

Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IRON (AS FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE) - Restricted see terms	s below		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	150.00	1	Ferinject
→ Restricted (RS1417)			
Initiation			
Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inapp	ropriate.		
IRON (AS SUCROSE)			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Venofer
IRON POLYMALTOSE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	34.50	5	Ferrosig

Magnesium

MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE

Cap 750 mg (150 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE

Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag

MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental)

Suspension 8%

MAGNESIUM OXIDE

Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental) Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE, MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE AND MAGNESIUM CITRATE

Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium amino acid

chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg elemental magnesium)

magnesiam)

MAGNESIUM SULPHATE

Ini 0.4 mmol per ml. 250 ml bag

Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag

Zinc

ZINC

Oral lig 5 mg per 5 drops

ZINC CHLORIDE

Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule

ZINC SULPHATE

Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental) - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022......11.00 100 Zincaps

Mouth and Throat

Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Soln 0.15%

Spray 0.15%

Spray 0.3%

BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORIDE

Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder CHI ORHEXIDINE GI UCONATE Mouthwash 0.2% CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETAL KONIUM CHI ORIDE Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01% DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE 5 a Kenalog in Orabase Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg.......5.86 20 Fungilin MICONAZOI F Decozol 40 q NYSTATIN 24 ml Nilstat Other Oral Agents HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] Inj 20 mg per ml SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe → Restricted (RS1175) Otolaryngologist THYMOL GLYCERIN **PSM** 500 ml Vitamins **Multivitamin Preparations** MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below 180 Clinicians Multivit & Mineral Boost ⇒ Restricted (RS1498) Initiation Limited to 3 months treatment Both: 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	FEI	Manuacturei
MULTIVITAMIN RENAL – Restricted see terms below			011.1.1. 5. 11.11.
↓ Cap	6.49	30	Clinicians Renal Vit
Restricted (RS1499)			
Initiation			
Either:			
 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either p The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as pat 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA). 			
MULTIVITAMINS			
Tab (BPC cap strength) - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	11.45	1,000	Mvite
■ cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg,	alpha		
tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg	,		
ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 m	g,		
riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 r	ng,		
cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg			e.g. Vitabdeck
Restricted (RS1620)			
Initiation			
Any of the following:			
1 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or			
Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndro	ome; or		
3 Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome.			
■ Powder vitamin A 3200 mcg with vitamin D 100 mcg, vitamin E 54			
vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 108 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, ribofl			
4.4 mg, niacin 41 mg, vitamin B6 3.6 mg, folic acid 600 mcg, v	itamin		
B12 9 mcg, biotin 120 mcg, pantothenic acid 24 mg, choline			
1250 mg and inositol 700 mg			e.g. Paediatric Seravit
Restricted (RS1178)			
Initiation			
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.			
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridox			
hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 5			o a Dobrinov IV
with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoul	` '		e.g. Pabrinex IV
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridox hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 5			
with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1)	oo nig		e.g. Pabrinex IM
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridox	ine		e.y. I abilita livi
hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid			
1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10			
ampoule (1)			e.g. Pabrinex IV
Vitamin A			

Vitamin A

RETINOL

Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml

Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml

Oral liq 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Vitamin B			
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	1.89	3	Neo-B12
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		90	Vitamin B6 25
Tab 50 mg	13.63	500	Apo-Pyridoxine
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial			
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg	7.09	100	Max Health
Tab 100 mg			o a Pononia
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX	7.15	500	Dolov
Tab strong, BPC	7.15	500	Bplex
Vitamin C			
ASCORBIC ACID			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	9.90	500	Cvite
Tab chewable 250 mg			
Vitamin D			
ALFACALCIDOL			
Cap 0.25 mcg	26.32	100	One-Alpha
Cap 1 mcg	87.98	100	One-Alpha
Oral drops 2 mcg per ml	60.68	20 ml	One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL			
Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	7.95	100	Calcitriol-AFT
Cap 0.5 mcg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	13.75	100	Calcitriol-AFT
Oral liq 1 mcg per ml			
Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
COLECALCIFEROL			
Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) – 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023		12	Vit.D3
Oral liq 188 mcg per ml (7,500 iu per ml)	9.00	4.8 ml	Puria

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

- ¶ Oral liq 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1632)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:

Price	Price	
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
- 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 u
- Cap 500 u
- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1176)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Antianaemics

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

EPOETIN ALFA - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022250.00	6	Binocrit
1	inj 2,000 iu in 1 ml syringe – 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022100.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe – 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022150.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe – 1% DV Apr-19 to 202296.50	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022125.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022145.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022175.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022197.50	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe – 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022 250.00	1	Binocrit
	B (D04000)		

⇒ Restricted (RS1660) Initiation – chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Roth
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

FPOFTIN BFTA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1661)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L: and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min: or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

*Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID

Tab 0.8 mg	21.84	1,000	Apo-Folic Acid
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-21 to 2024		500	Apo-Folic Acid
· ·	5.82	100	Folic Acid Mylan
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml	26.00	25 ml	Biomed
Ini E ma nor ml. 10 ml. viol			

Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

(Apo-Folic Acid Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 December 2021)

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

e.g. Driclor

Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

→ Restricted (RS1500)

Initiation

For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 10.000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1332)

Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Either:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure: or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

FLTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 25 mg	28	Revolade
1	Tab 50 mg3,100.00	28	Revolade

→ Restricted (RS1648)

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
 - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding: or
 - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

P	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter: or
 - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

EMICIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 30 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 60 mg in 0.4 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
	Inj 105 mg in 0.7 ml vial	1	Hemlibra
t	Inj 150 mg in 1 ml vial	1	Hemlibra

→ Restricted (RS1780)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia A and history of bleeding and bypassing agent usage within the last six months; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has had greater than or equal to 6 documented and treated spontaneous bleeds within the last 6 months if on an on-demand bypassing agent regimen; or

	Price			Brand or
(I	ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 Patient has had greater than or equal to 2 documented and treated spontaneous bleeds within the last 6 months if on a bypassing agent prophylaxis regimen; and
- 3 Patient has a high-titre inhibitor to Factor VIII (greater than or equal to 5 Bethesda units per ml) which has persisted for six months or more: and
- 4 There is no immediate plan for major surgery within the next 12 months; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient has failed immune tolerance induction (ITI) after an initial period of 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The Haemophilia Treaters Group considers the patient is not a suitable candidate for ITI; and
- 6 Treatment is to be administered at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg weekly for 4 weeks followed by the equivalent of 1.5 mg/kg weekly.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had no more than two spontaneous and clinically significant treated bleeds after the end of the loading dose period (i.e. after the first four weeks of treatment until the end of the 24-week treatment period); and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POLIDOCANOL

Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial

SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE

Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule

THROMBIN

Powder

TRANEXAMIC ACID

Tab 500 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	.9.45	60	Mercury Pharma
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	.5.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	.5.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT

Anticoagulant Reversal Agents

IDARUCIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	4,250.00	2	Praxbind
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→ Restricted (RS1535)

Initiation

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

EFTRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 250 iu vial612.50	1	Alprolix
	Inj 500 iu vial	1	Alprolix
t	Inj 1,000 iu vial2,450.00	1	Alprolix
	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1	Alprolix
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	1	Alprolix

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1684)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT

⇒ Restricted (RS1704)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is by named patient application to the Haemophilia Treaters Group, subject to access criteria

FACTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 U	1	FEIBA NF
1	Inj 1,000 U2,630.00	1	FEIBA NF
	Inj 2,500 U	1	FEIBA NF

→ Restricted (RS1705)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

	Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
	Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe575.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe1,150.00	1	Xyntha
t	Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe2,300.00	1	Xyntha
t	Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe3,450.00	1	Xyntha

→ Restricted (RS1706)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria

NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 500 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
1	lnj 1,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
		1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS

→ Restricted (RS1679)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 250 iu vial	210.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 500 iu vial	420.00	1	Advate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
	Inj 1,500 iu vial		1	Advate
1	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1,680.00	1	Advate
1	Inj 3,000 iu vial	2,520.00	1	Advate

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ P	er Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1707)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 500 iu vial4		1	Kogenate FS
	lnj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	900.00	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS

→ Restricted (RS1708)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria

RURIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	300.00	1	Adynovate
t	Inj 500 iu vial6	600.00	1	Adynovate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Adynovate
	Inj 2,000 iu vial2,4		1	Adynovate
	• •			,

→ Restricted (RS1682)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

Vitamin K

PHYTOMENADIONE

Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIBUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 250 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1181)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

DARIGATRAN

15.00.11.0.11		
Cap 75 mg76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg	60	Pradaxa

Price Brand or Generic (ex man. excl. GST) Per Manufacturer \$

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1182)

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1183)

Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml,

100 ml bag

ENOXAPARIN SODIUM

Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	31.28	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule			
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	42.49	10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe	101.30	10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane Forte
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe	143.86	10	Clexane Forte

FONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe
- Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1184)

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

HEPARIN SODIUM

Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag		
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule245.26	50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule58.57	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule		
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule70.33	5	Hospira
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule203.68	50	Pfizer
HEPARINISED SALINE		
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule65.48	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		

PHENINDIONE

Tab 10 mg

Tab 25 mg

Tab 50 mg

PROTAMINE SULPHATE

Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

RIVAROXABAN

Tab 10 mg83.10	30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg77.56	28	Xarelto
Tab 20 mg77.56	28	Xarelto

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM CHL	ORIDE		
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 74.6	mcg		
per ml, 5,000 ml bag			
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	6.46	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg	10.00	100	Marevan
Tab 3 mg Tab 5 mg		100	Marevan Marevan
Tab 5 mg	11.40	100	Malevall
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 10% DV Nov-19 to 2022	1.95	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
	10.80	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	4.60	84	Clopidogrel Multichem
DIPYRIDAMOLE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	10.90	60	Pytazen SR
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
EPTIFIBATIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Integrilin
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial	405.00	1	Integrilin
→ Restricted (RS1759)			
Initiation Any of the following:			
1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing p	oroutanoous oaran	any intony	ontion: or
2 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing p			
3 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.	iary anombus on o	nonany an	igiography, or
1 0 0	ma halaw		
LYSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see ter	IIIS DEIOW		

Inj 500 mg

e.g. Aspegic

→ Restricted (RS1689)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and
- 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure.

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1774)

Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure* in the last 60 days; or
 - 1.2 Patient is about to have a neurological stenting procedure performed*; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance using the P2Y12 (VerifyNow) assay or another appropriate platelet function assay and requires antiplatelet treatment with ticagrelor; or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of a new cerebral ischemic event; or
 - 2.2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of transient ischemic attack symptoms referable to the stent...

Continuation - thrombosis prevention neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.

Initiation - Percutaneous coronary intervention with stent deployment

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone percutaneous coronary intervention; and
- 2 Patient has had a stent deployed in the previous 4 weeks; and
- 3 Patient is clopidogrel-allergic**.

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Notes: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Note: ** Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICL OPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Inj 5,000 iu vial

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Ini 50.000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 500,000 iu vial

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

Mozobil

→ Restricted (RS1536)

Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.1.2 Fither:
 - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to $10 \times 10^6/L$ on day 5 after 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or
 - 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1×10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.2.1 Both:
 - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of $> 5 \times 10^9$ /L; and
 - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10×10^6 /L; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10⁶ CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or
 - 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors

FILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-21 to 202496.22	10	Nivestim
1	Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial520.00	4	Neupogen
1	Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024148.58	10	Nivestim
_	Restricted (RS1188)		
	a annual at a tail annual a taileata		

Haematologist or oncologist

PEGFILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below

Neulastim 1

→ Restricted (RS1743)

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5%*).

Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 5% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Fluids and Electrolytes

Intravenous Administration

mauvenous Aummonation			
CALCIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			e.g. Baxter
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule			e.g. Max Health
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 ml			
bag	44.10	18	Plasma-Lyte 148
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,	07.04	40	DI 1.1.10
1,000 ml bag	27.24	12	Plasma-Lyte 148
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium,			
98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate, glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag	011.00	12	Disamo Luta 140 9 E9/
giucose 25 minori (5%), 1,000 mi bag	211.92	12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			Glucosc
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	23.40	18	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	15.72	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag	16.80	10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 100 ml bag		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag		30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag		20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag		12 18	Baxter Glucose 10% Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag		18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		1	Biomed
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride			
0.45%, 3,000 ml bag			
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chloride 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag	203.40	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride	150.06	10	Poytor
0.45%, 1,000 ml bag Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride	139.90	12	Baxter
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag	282.72	12	Baxter

BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS

·T\	Brand or
ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
12	Baxter
12	Baxter
12	Baxter
48	Baxter
12	Baxter
12	Baxter
48	Baxter
10	Hospira
1	Biomed
1	Biomed
20	Fresenius Kabi
50	Fresenius Kabi
480	BD PosiFlush
400	DD D :EL .
480	BD PosiFlush
480	BD PosiFlush
400	DD I OSII IUSII
20	Fresenius Kabi
5	Biomed
18	Baxter
12	Baxter
60	Baxter
48	Baxter
24	Baxter
18	Baxter
12	Baxter
	12 60 48 24

¹ Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS

	Price		Brand or
	ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE]			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule	48.70	5	Biomed
WATER			
Inj 10 ml ampoule	710	50	Pfizer
Inj 20 ml ampoule		20	Fresenius Kabi
iiij 20 iiii airipodio		20	Multichem
Inj 250 ml bag			Management
Inj 500 ml bag			
Inj, 1,000 ml bag	19.08	12	Baxter
11, 1,000 111 bag			Baxtol
Oral Administration			
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES		5	
Powder for oral soln - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	0.77	50	Electral
•	9.77	30	Electral
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Soln with electrolytes (2 × 500 ml)	6.55	1,000 ml	Pedialyte - Bubblegum
PHOSPHORUS			
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)			
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol)	8.90	200	Span-K
Oral lig 2 mmol per ml			- pan-11
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Cap 840 mg	8 52	100	Sodibic
	0.52	100	Souldic
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab 600 mg			
Oral liq 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder	84.65	454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED			
Inj 4%, 500 ml bag	120.00	10	Gelofusine
iij = /0, 000 iii bag	120.00	10	Gololusiilo

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System

ACE Inhibitors

CAPTOPRIL

→ Restricted (RS1263)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or
- 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or
- 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surgery.

,, ,	0 ,		
CILAZAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022	2.09	90	Zapril
→ Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022		90	Zapril
→ Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022		90	Zapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE			-
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022	1.82	100	Acetec
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022		100	Acetec
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022		100	Acetec
LISINOPRIL			
Tab 5 mg	2.07	90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg		90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg		90	Ethics Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL			
Tab 2 mg	3.75	30	Apo-Perindopril
Tab 4 mg		30	Apo-Perindopril
(Apo-Perindopril Tab 2 mg to be delisted 1 October 2021)			
(Apo-Perindopril Tab 4 mg to be delisted 1 October 2021)			
QUINAPRIL			
Tab 5 mg	6.01	90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg		90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg		90	Arrow-Quinapril 20

ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics

QUINAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	3.83	30	Accuretic 10
Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	4 92	30	Accuretic 20

Angiotensin II Antagonists

$\cap \Lambda$	NID	FCAI	DTAN	CII	FXFTII	
(,A	נועוו	IL O AI	RIAN	UII		

Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 20242.00	90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	90	Candestar

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM			
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023	1.56	84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023		84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics			
OSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	1.88	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazid
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors	5		
SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 24/26
Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg		56	Entresto 49/51
Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg		56	Entresto 97/103

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

→ Restricted (RS1738)

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II: or
 - 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or
 - 2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV: and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 35%; or
 - 3.2 An ECHO is not reasonably practical, and in the opinion of the treating practitioner the patient would benefit from treatment; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure treatments.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: Due to the angiotensin II receptor blocking activity of sacubitril with valsartan it should not be co-administered with an ACE inhibitor or another ARB.

Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers

DOXAZOSIN 17.35 500 Apo-Doxazosin Tab 2 mg 20.94 500 Apo-Doxazosin

PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 10 mg

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Ini 50 mg per ml. 2 ml ampoule

PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

		rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PRAZOSIN - Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Tab 1 mg			100	Apo-Prazosin
→ Tab 2 mg			100	Apo-Prazosin
→ Tab 5 mg		11.70	100	Apo-Prazosin
Apo-Prazosin Tab 1 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)				
Apo-Prazosin Tab 2 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)				
Apo-Prazosin Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)				
ERAZOSIN – Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Tab 1 mg				
Antiarrhythmics				
ADENOSINE				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022		62.73	6	Adenocor
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			-	
→ Restricted (RS1266)				
nitiation				
or use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.				
AJMALINE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
→ Restricted (RS1001)				
Cardiologist				
MIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		3.80	30	Aratac
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022			30	Aratac
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022			10	Max Health
ATROPINE SULPHATE				
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		15.09	10	Martindale
DIGOXIN			. •	
Tab 62.5 mcg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		7.00	240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022			240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml		13.20	240	Lanoxiii
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial				
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE				
Cap 100 mg				
LECAINIDE ACETATE				
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022			60	Flecainide BNM
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		39.51	90	Flecainide Controlle
Cap long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		61.06	90	Release Teva Flecainide Controlle
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	4	00.00	5	Release Teva Tambocor
	I	00.00	J	ranibocol
VABRADINE – Restricted see terms below				
Tab 5 mg				
→ Restricted (RS1566)				
nitiation				

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker;
 - 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

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Cap 150 mg162.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride USP Teva
Cap 250 mg202.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride USP Teva

(Mexiletine Hydrochloride USP Cap 150 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022) (Mexiletine Hydrochloride USP Cap 250 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 5 mg
- → Restricted (RS1427)

Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers

ATENOLOL		
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20249.33	500	Mylan Atenolol
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 202414.20	500	Mylan Atenolol
Oral liq 5 mg per ml21.25	300 ml	Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE		
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023	90	Bisoprolol Mylan
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023	90	Bisoprolol Mylan
1.72	30	Bosvate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023	90	Bisoprolol Mylan
CARVEDILOL		
Tab 6.25 mg2.24	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
CELIPROLOL - Restricted: For continuation only		
→ Tab 200 mg		
3		
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		
LABETALOL		
Tab 50 mg		
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2024	100	Trandate
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 202427.00	100	Trandate
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GS1)	Per	Manufacturer
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg	1.45	30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg	2.15	30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg	4.27	30	Betaloc CR
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg	5.66	100	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg	7.55	60	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg	23.40	28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-19 to 31 Jan 2022	26.50	5	Metoprolol IV Mylan
NADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg	16.69	100	Apo-Nadolol
Tab 80 mg	26.43	100	Apo-Nadolol
PINDOLOL – Restricted : For continuation only			
→ Tab 5 mg	13.22	100	Apo-Pindolol
→ Tab 10 mg	23.12	100	Apo-Pindolol
→ Tab 15 mg		100	Apo-Pindolol
(Apo-Pindolol Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)			•
(Apo-Pindolol Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)			
(Apo-Pindolol Tab 15 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)			
PROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg	4.64	100	Apo-Propranolol
Tab 40 mg		100	Apo-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg		100	Cardinol LA
Oral lig 4 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	32.58	500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	10.98	100	Mylan
			,
Calcium Channel Blockers			
Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers			
AMLODIPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023	1.08	90	Vasorex
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023		90	Vasorex
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023		90	Vasorex
FELODIPINE			
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg	1 45	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg = 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		90	Felo 5 ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		90	Felo 10 ER
ISRADIPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Cap 2.5 mg			
, ,			
NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms on the next	page		
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. 0	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1699)

Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
- 2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
- 3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

	IPI	

Tab long-acting 10 mg	18.80	56	Tensipine MR10
Tab long-acting 20 mg		100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg		100	Mylan (24 hr release)
Tab long-acting 60 mg		100	Mylan (24 hr release)
Cap 5 mg			, , ,

NIMODIPINE		
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022350.00	100	Nimotop
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Jul-20 to 202267.50	1	Nimotop

Other Calcium Channel Blockers

DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE	
Tab 30 mg	

Tab 60 mg	8.50	100	Dilzem	
Cap long-acting 120 mg	33.42	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD	
Cap long-acting 180 mg	50.05	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD	
Cap long-acting 240 mg	66.76	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				
(Dilzem Tab 60 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)				
PERHEXILINE MALEATE				
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	62.90	100	Pexsia	

I LITTERILINE WALLATE				
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	62.90	100	Pexsig	
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 40 mg	7.01	100	Isoptin	
Tab 80 mg	11.74	100	Isoptin	
Tab long-acting 120 mg	36.02	100	Isoptin SR	
Tab long-acting 240 mg	15.12	30	Isoptin SR	
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Isoptin	

Centrally-Acting Agents

)	
CLONIDINE		
CLOINIDINE		

Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	4	Mylan
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 25 mcg8.75	112	Clonidine BNM
Tab 150 mcg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	100	Catapres
Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	10	Medsurge
METHYLDOPA		
Tab 250 mg	100	Methyldona Mylan

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Diuretics				
Loop Diuretics				
BUMETANIDE Tab 1 mg Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial		16.36	100	Burinex
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE] Tab 40 mg Tab 500 mg Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		25.00 11.20 1.15	1,000 50 30 ml 5 6	Apo-Furosemide Urex Forte Lasix Furosemide-Baxter Lasix
Osmotic Diuretics				
MANNITOL Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag Inj 20%, 500 ml bag			12 18	Baxter Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg				
Potassium Sparing Diuretics				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml		30.00	25 ml	Biomed
EPLERENONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 25 mg			30 30	Inspra Inspra
Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%; and Either: 2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactone; of the second seco	or	le on optimal	dosing of	spironolactone.
SPIRONOLACTONE Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg Oral liq 5 mg per ml – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		4.38	100 100 25 ml	Spiractin Spiractin Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics				
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023			500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide Arrow-Bendrofluazide

CHLOROTHIAZIDE 26.00 25 ml Biomed CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE] 25 mg 6.50 50 Hygroton INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 10.45 90 Dapa-Tabs METOLAZONE Tab 5 mg		Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE] Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	CHLOROTHIAZIDE				
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 6.50 50 Hygroton INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 10.45 90 Dapa-Tabs METOLAZONE	Oral liq 50 mg per ml	26.00	25 ml	Biomed	
INDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE]				
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	6.50	50	Hygroton	
METOLAZONE	INDAPAMIDE				
···-· · - · - · · · ·	Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	10.45	90	Dapa-Tabs	
Tab 5 mg	METOLAZONE				
	Tab 5 mg				

Fibrates
BEZAFIBRATE

LAI IDHA LE			
Tab 200 mg	.19.01	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg	. 12.89	30	Bezalip Retard

HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)

Δ٦	ГО	R١	/Δ	S	ΓΔ	TI	M

7.1.0.1.7.10.1.1.1.1			
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	6.16	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	9.24	500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	26.54	500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023	2.11	28	Pravastatin Mylan
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023		28	Pravastatin Mylan
SIMVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	1.23	90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	2.03	90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	7.12	90	Simvastatin Mylan

Resins

CHOLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral liq 4 g

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral liq 5 g

Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors

ΕZ	ETIMIBE - Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 20231.95	30	Ezetimibe Sandoz

→ Restricted (RS1005)

Initiation

All of the following:

	Price			Brand or
(ex m	nan. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$	Pe	er	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and creatine kinase more than 10 x normal) when treated with one statin: or
 - 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or
 - 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below

	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg5.15	30	Zimybe
1	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg6.15	30	Zimybe
	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg7.15	30	Zimybe
t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg	30	Zimybe

→ Restricted (RS1006)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

Nitrates

GLYCERYL TRINITRATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Ini 1 mg per ml. 10 ml ampoule

Ini 1 mg per ml 50 ml vial

Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose	6.09	250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day	15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day	18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
OSORBIDE MONONITRATE			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	19.55	100	Ismo 20

ISO

Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 202319.5	55 100	Ismo 20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	20 30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	25 90	Duride

Other Cardiac Agents

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Ini 2.5 mg per ml. 10 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1007)

Initiation - Heart transplant

Fither:

		CALL	/IOVAC	SCULAR SYSTEM
	Price (ex man. exc	L CCT\		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exc \$	i. usi)	Per	Manufacturer
ontinued				
1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have	been accepted f	or trans	plant; or	
For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant. Heart failure				
ardiologist or intensivist				
or the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that i	is non-responsiv	e to dob	outamine	
O	•			
Sympathomimetics				
ADRENALINE				
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule			5	Aspen Adrenaline
lui 4 in 4 000 00 miletel	10.	76		DBL Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule	40.0	าก	10	Aspen Adrenaline
inj i in 10,000, 10 iii ampoule	27.		5	Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe			ŭ	
OOBUTAMINE				
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	61.	13	5	Dobutamine-hameln
OOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	38.0	35	10	Max Health Ltd
EPHEDRINE				
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	00	20	40	Marriella alub
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	30.0	03	10	Max Health
SOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL]				
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule				
METARAMINOL				
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe				
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe				
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe				
Inj 1 mg per mi, 10 mi syringe Inj 10 mg per mi, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023	55	20	10	Torbay
IORADRENALINE			10	. J. Duy
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe				
lni 0.1 mg per ml. 100 ml bag				

- Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag
- Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe
- Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag
- Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe
- Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe
- Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag

PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule142.07

ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE

Vasodilators

5 Prostin VR

Noradrenaline BNM

Neosynephrine HCL

10

25

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	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

DIAZOXIDE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

- Tab 25 mg
- → Restricted (RS1008)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or
 - 2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, in patients who are intolerant or have not responded to ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers.

Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	71.00 99.00	10	Milrinone-Baxter Primacor
(Primacor Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 December 2021)			
MINOXIDIL			
Tab 10 mg	70.00	100	Loniten
NICORANDIL			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	25.57	60	Ikorel
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	32.28	60	lkorel
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	217.90	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE] Tab 400 mg			
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE Inj 50 mg vial			

Endothelin Receptor Antagonists

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1	Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023	1,550.00	30	Ambrisentan Mylan
	Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023	1,550.00	30	Ambrisentan Mylan

→ Restricted (RS1621)

Initiation

Either:

1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for ambrisentan by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or

2 In-hospital stabilisations in emergency situations.

BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 62.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	119.85	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
t	Tab 125 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	119.85	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's

→ Restricted (RS1622)

Initiation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
 - 1.2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
 - 1.3 PAH is at NYHA/WHO functional class II, III, or IV; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Both:
 - 1.4.1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 1.4.1.2 Either:
 - 1.4.1.2.1 Patient is intolerant or contraindicated to sildenafil; or
 - 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease; or
 - 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Fither:
 - 1.4.2.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and failed to respond; or
 - 1.4.2.2.2 Patient deteriorated while on a PAH monotherapy; or
 - 1.4.3 Both:
 - 1.4.3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 1.4.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 1.4.3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
 - 1.4.3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised; or
 - 1.4.3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy; or
 - 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Continuation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 1.2 Patient is stable or has improved while on bosentan; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and either failed to respond or later deteriorated; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future. if their disease is stabilised: or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors		
SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below		

Vedafil

Vedafil

Vedafil

12

→ Restricted (RS1798)

Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and

- 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 PAH is in Group 1 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; or
 - 1.2.2 PAH is in Group 4 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications: or
 - 1.2.3 PAH is in Group 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
- 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
 - 1.3.2 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class III: or
 - 1.3.3 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
- 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1.1 Patient has a pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 1.4.1.2 Either:
 - 1.4.1.2.1 Patient has a mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) > 25 mmHg; or
 - 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is peri Fontan repair; and
 - 1.4.1.3 Patient has a pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 3 Wood Units or at least 240 International Units (dyn s cm-5); or
 - 1.4.2 Testing for PCWP, PAPm, or PVR cannot be performed due to the patient's young age; or
- 2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 3 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

Initiation - injection

Both:

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Prostacyclin Analogues

EPOPROSTENOL - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 mcg vial36.61	1	Veletri
t	Inj 1.5 mg vial	1	Veletri

→ Restricted (RS1624)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for epoprostenol by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

ILOPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	305.00	5	Clinect
1	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	740.10	30	Ventavis
=	Restricted (RS1625)			

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for iloprost by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations					
Antibacterials					
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1% Soln 3% (10 vol) MAFENIDE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below		8.56	6	15 g	Crystaderm
 Powder 50 g sachet → Restricted (RS1299) Initiation 					
For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%					
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Oint 2% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024				5 g 5 g	Foban Foban
SULFADIAZINE SILVER Crm 1%		.10.80)	50 g	Flamazine
Antifungals					
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		.14.93	3	5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% Soln 1% - Restricted: For continuation only		5.72	2	7 ml	Apo-Ciclopirox
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% Soln 1% - Restricted: For continuation only		0.77	,	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE → Crm 1% - Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1%					
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 METRONIDAZOLE		3.23	3	100 ml	Sebizole
Gel 0.75% MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% − 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023 Lotn 2% − Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%		0.81		15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g					
Antiparasitics					
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		4.98	3	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN Crm 5% - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Lotn 5% - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		30 g 30 ml	Lyderm A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5% ISOTRETINOIN			
Cap 5 mg		60	Oratane
Cap 10 mg Cap 20 mg		120 120	Oratane Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05% - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE Crm, aqueous, BP	1.26	100 g	healthE Calamine Aqueous Cream BP
CROTAMITON Crm 10% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	3.29	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE	4.50	400	hadde Blands
Crm 5% tube - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100 g	healthE Dimethicone 5%
Crm 5% pump bottle Crm 10% pump bottle		500 ml 500 ml	healthE Dimethicone 5% healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)

DERMATOLOGICALS

		Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL				
Crm		1.63	20 g	Orion
Oint			500 g	Boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.		1.20	000 g	Bodonor
Oint, BP		1.26	20 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less.			3	
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT				
Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%				e.g. Sudocrem
Offit Zinc 13.23 /6 with wood fat 4 /6				e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients				
AQUEOUS CREAM				
Crm 100 g		1.05	100 g	Pharmacy Health
•			•	SLS-free
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.				
Crm 500 g		1.92	500 g	Boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.				
CETOMACROGOL				
Crm BP, 500 g		2.48	500 g	healthE
Crm BP, 100 g		1.42	1	healthE
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL				
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, -1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		1.65	100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			J	
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		2.35	500 ml	ADE
•			1,000 ml	ADE
		2.35	500 ml	Boucher
		3.10	1,000 ml	Boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.				
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT				
Oint BP - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		1.84	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.			J	•
Oint BP, 500 g - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023		3.40	500 g	Emulsifying Ointment
•			ŭ	ADE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.				
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN				
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10)%			e.g. QV cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION				•
Crm, 500 g		2 19	500 g	O/W Fatty Emulsion
51111, 000 g			000 g	Cream
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.				0.04
Crm, 100 g		1.44	1	healthE Fatty Cream
PARAFFIN				•
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%		1.97	100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or greater.				
White soft		0.79	10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to bo			-	
White soft, - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022			450 g	healthE
Yellow soft			J	
Lotn liquid paraffin 85%				e.g QV Bath Oil
				=

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT			
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP; Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA Crm 10%	1 27	' 100 g	healthE Urea Cream
WOOL FAT	1.37	100 g	nealine orea oream
Crm			
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023	36.00	50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.		3	
Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023	36.00	50 g	Diprosone
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 30 g.			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Crm 0.1% - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		9	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		3	Beta Ointment
Lotn 0.1%	18.00	50 ml	Betnovate
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE	0.40		
Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		3	Dermol Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE Crm 0.05%		. 50 g	Definion
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE - Restricted: For continuation only → Crm 0.1%	/		
→ Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE			
Crm 1%, 100 g - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal		100 g	Hydrocortisone (PSM)
Crm 1%, 500 g - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	17.15	500 g	Hydrocortisone (PSM)
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% – 1% DV Oc		050	DD L ete HO
to 2023 HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE	10.57	' 250 ml	DP Lotn HC
Crm 0.1%	6.85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024			Locoid
Milky emul 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	12.33	100 ml	Locoid Crelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			
Crm 0.1% - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	4.46	15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	4.46	i 15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE			
Crm 0.1%		- 3	Elocon Alcohol Free
01.10.10	2.50	3	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1%			Elocon
Lotn 0.1%	2.90	3	Elocon
LOUI U. 1%	6.30	30 ml	Elocon

DERMATOLOGICALS

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE Crm 0.02% - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Oint 0.02% - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		100 g 100 g	Aristocort Aristocort	

Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1125)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or
- 2 For continuation use.

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]

Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%

HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE

(Pimafucort Crm 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5% to be delisted 1 May 2022) TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN

Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g

Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations

Dermatologist, paediatrician or ophthalmologist

ACITRETIN		
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	60	Novatretin
Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	60	Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL		
Foam spray 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g59.95	60 g	Enstilar
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-21 to 202439.35	60 g	Daivobet
Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 15.90	30 g	Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL		
Oint 50 mcg per g40.00	120 g	Daivonex
COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR		
Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%		
METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN]		
Tab 10 mg		
Lotn 1.2%		
PIMECROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below		
□ Crm 1% - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023	15 g	Elidel
⇒ Restricted (RS1781)	Ü	
Initiation		

continued...

Both:

				DER	MATOLOGICALS
	(ex man	Price excl.	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 1 Patient has atopic dermatitis on the eyelid; and 2 Patient has at least one of the following contraindications to documented epidermal atrophy, documented allergy to top pressure. PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORES	ical corticoste				, ,
Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium Nov-20 to 2023 POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE Tab 400 mg Crystals		4.44	1	500 ml	Pinetarsol
Scalp Preparations					
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE Scalp app 0.1% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		9.84	1	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE Scalp app 0.05% - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		5.69)	30 ml	Dermol
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		6.57	7	100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations					
MIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet		.21.72	2	24	Perrigo
PODOPHYLLOTOXIN Soln 0.5%		.33.60)	3.5 ml	Condyline
SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator					
Other Skin Preparations					
DIPHEMANII METII SUI FATE					

DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE

Powder 2%

SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY

Marine Blue Lotion SPF 200 g 50+

Antineoplastics

FLUOROURACIL SODIUM

20 g **Efudix**

METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1127)

Dermatologist or plastic surgeon

Wound Management Products

CALCIUM GLUCONATE

Gel 2.5% e.g. Orion

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anti-Infective Agents

ACETIC ACID

Soln 3% Soln 5%

ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID

Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Crm 1%

Lotn 1%

CLOTRIMAZOLE

MICONAZOLE NITRATE

40 a Micreme

NYSTATIN

Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 4.00

75 a Nilstat

84

Microgynon 50 ED

Contraceptives

Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives

CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL

Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% DV

Combined Oral Contraceptives

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL

Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg......9.45

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	(ex man.	ice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices				
$\begin{split} & \text{INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE} \\ & \text{IUD 29.1 mm length} \times 23.2 \text{ mm width } -1\% \text{ DV Nov-19 to 2022} \dots \\ & \text{IUD 33.6 mm length} \times 29.9 \text{ mm width } -1\% \text{ DV Nov-19 to 2022} \dots \\ & \text{IUD 35.5 mm length} \times 19.6 \text{ mm width } -1\% \text{ DV Nov-19 to 2022} \dots \end{split}$	1	18.45	1 1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception				
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg		.4.95	1	Postinor-1
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives				
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022 Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Intra-uterine device 52 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 31 Oct 2022 Intra-uterine device 13.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 31 Oct 2022 MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE	10 26	06.92 69.50	84 1 1 1	Microlut Jadelle Mirena Jaydess
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg			1 84	Depo-Provera Noriday 28
Obstetric Preparations Antiprogestogens MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg				
Oxytocics				
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE Pessaries 10 mg Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g			1 1	Prostin E2 Prostin E2
ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			5	DBL Ergometrine
OXYTOCIN Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule		.3.98 .4.98	5 5	Oxytocin BNM Oxytocin BNM
OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – DV Jan-22 to 2024		30.00	5	Syntometrine
Tocolytics				
PROGESTERONE − Restricted see terms on the next page ↓ Cap 100 mg	1	16.50	30	Utrogestan

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1533)

Initiation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Continuation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Treatment is required for second or subsequent pregnancy; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 3.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 500 mcg ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1130)

Obstetrician

Oestrogens

OESTRIOL

Crm 1 mg per g with applicator – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	15 g	Ovestin
Pessaries 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	15	Ovestin

Urologicals

5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors

FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1131)

Initiation

Both:

1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or
 - 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers.

Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers

TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1132)

Initiation

Both:

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or	
(ex mar	ı. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated.

POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below		
■ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml	200 ml	Biomed
⇒ Restricted (BS1133)		

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and
- 2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the application.

SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE

Grans eff 4 g sachets - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	2.22	28	Ural
--	------	----	------

Urinary Antispasmodics

OXYBUTYNIN - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Tab 5 mg	11.70	500	Apo-Oxybutynin
→ Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	60.40	473 ml	Apo-Oxybutynin
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE			
Tab 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	2.05	30	Solifenacin Mylan
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	3.72	30	Solifenacin Mylan

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Depo-Testosterone

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

Tab 2.5 mg

→ Restricted (RS1302)

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		50 50	Siterone Siterone
TESTOSTERONE			
Patch 5 mg per day	90.00	30	Androderm
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			

TESTOSTERONE ESTERS

CYPROTERONE ACETATE

Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg, testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial......85.00

TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE

Cap 40 mg	21.00	60	Andriol Testocaps
Ini 250 mg per ml. 4 ml vial	86.00	1	Reandron 1000

Calcium Homeostasis

CALCITONIN			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule12	21.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 30 mg21	0.30	28	Sensipar
Restricted (RS1540)			

→ Restricted (RS1540)

Initiation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 All of the following:

- 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
- 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
- 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
 - 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024......18.00
1 Zoledronic acid Mylan

→ Restricted (RS1825)

Initiation - bone metastases

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and
 - 2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement: and
 - 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cord compression, radiation to bone or surgery to bone).

Initiation - early breast cancer

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal state; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum of 2 years.

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 1	.50	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20242		30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml45	5.00	25 ml	Biomed
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-20 to 20229	.25	10	Dexamethasone Phosphate Panpharma
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022	i.37	10	Dexamethasone Phosphate Panpharma
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			

100

Florinef

	Price	.	Brand or
(e	x man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg	8.10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg	20.32	100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024	4.38	1	Solu-Cortef
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg	112.00	100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg	194.00	20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial	18.90	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 125 mg vial	28.90	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 500 mg vial	22.78	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
lnj 1 g vial	27.83	1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	44.40	5	Depo-Medrol
REDNISOLONE			'
Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml		00 1111	riculpica
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg	18 58	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg		500	Apo-Prednisone
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			7.00 1 10000110
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 5% DV Apr-21 to 2023	20.90	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 3% DV Apr-21 to 2023		5	Kenacort-A 40
, , ,		J	Nonacolt-A 40
RIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL

Tab 1 mg			
Patch 25 mcg per day	6.12	8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day		8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day		8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day	7.91	8	Estradot
OESTRADIOL VALERATE			
Tab 1 mg1	2.36	84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg1	2.36	84	Progynova Progynova

OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)

Tab 300 mcg

Tab 625 mcg

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations

OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate **Progestogens** MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE 30 Provera 100 Provera 30 Provera Other Endocrine Agents CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below 2 Dostinex 15.20 8 Dostinex ⇒ Restricted (RS1319) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Inhibition of lactation: or 2 Patient has pathological hyperprolactinemia; or 3 Patient has acromegaly. CLOMIFFNE CITRATE 10 Mylan Clomiphen **GESTRINONE** Cap 2.5 mg **METYRAPONE** Cap 250 mg **PENTAGASTRIN** Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Other Oestrogen Preparations FTHINYI OFSTRADIOL Tab 10 mcg......17.60 100 NZ Medical and Scientific OFSTRADIOL Implant 50 mg **OESTRIOL** 30 Ovestin Other Progestogen Preparations MEDROXYPROGESTERONE 100 Provera HD NORETHISTERONE Primolut N 30

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues

CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE)

Inj 100 mcg vial

THYROTROPIN ALFA

Inj 900 mcg vial

Adrenocorticotropic Hormones

TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN]

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	75.00	1	Synacthen
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	690.00	1	Synacthen Depot

GnRH Agonists and Antagonists

BUSERELIN

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial

GONADORELIN

Inj 100 mcg vial

GOSERELIN

Implant 3.6 mg, syringe - 1% DV May-21 to 202365.68	1	Teva
Implant 10.8 mg, syringe - 1% DV May-21 to 2023122.37	1	Teva

EUDDODEUN AGETATE

EUPRORELIN ACETATE			
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	221.60	1	Lucrin Depot 1-month
Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	591.68	1	Lucrin Depot 3-month

Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA

Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

Growth Hormone

SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 5 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 202469.75	1	Omnitrope
t	Inj 10 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	1	Omnitrope
t	Inj 15 mg cartridge - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	1	Omnitrope .
	Postvieted (PO1000)		-

→ Restricted (RS1826)

Initiation – growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and

	Price			Brand or
(ex mai	. excl.	GST)	_	Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
- 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
- 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation – growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation – short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation – short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and</p>
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.</p>

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred;
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and
- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight oximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

	Price			Brand or	
(e.	x man. e	excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for somatropin for childhood deficiency in children and no longer meets the renewal criteria under this indication; and
 - 3.2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
 - 3.3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
 - 3.4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
 - 3.5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until the serum IGF-I is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE

Tab 5 mg

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

HORMONE PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or Generic (ex man. excl. GST) Per Manufacturer \$

5

Glypressin

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

Tab 20 mcg

→ Restricted (RS1301)

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Inj 20 mcg vial

Inj 100 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms below

100 PTU

→ Restricted (RS1276)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

PROTIRFI IN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DECIN		PRESS	INI
DESIN	IJГ	ึ⊓⊑งง	IIV

DESMOPRESSIN Wafer 120 mcg	30	Minirin Melt
DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE		
Tab 100 mcg25.00	30	Minirin
Tab 200 mcg54.45	5 30	Minirin
Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	5 6 ml	Desmopressin-PH&T
TERLIPRESSIN Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule450.00	5	Glypressin



		Price		Brand or
		excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials				
Aminoglycosides				
AMIKACIN – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe		.18.50	1	Biomed
 Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 		199.95	5	DBL Amikacin
→ Restricted (RS1041)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist			
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE			_	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			5	DBL Gentamicin
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		.17.50	10	Pfizer
PAROMOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below		100.00	10	I love etie
		126.00	16	Humatin
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologis	t			
STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE – Restricted see terms below	•			
Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule				
⇒ Restricted (RS1043)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	alist			
TOBRAMYCIN				
↓ Powder				
→ Restricted (RS1475)				
Initiation				
For addition to orthopaedic bone cement.			_	
Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		.18.50	5	Tobramycin Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1044)	aliat			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial				
→ Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alict			
■ Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml - 1% DV May-21 to 202:		305.00	56 dose	Tobramycin BNM
→ Restricted (RS1435)	J	333.00	JU UUSE	TODIAITIYOTTI DININ
Initiation				
Patient has cystic fibrosis.				
Carbapenems				
ERTAPENEM – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022		.70.00	1	Invanz
→ Restricted (RS1045) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN − Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial − 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		60.00	1	Imipenem+Cilastatin
▼ IIIJ 500 IIIY WILII 500 IIIY GIIASIAIIII VIAI — 176 DV JUI-13 10 2022		.00.00	1	RBX
→ Restricted (RS1046)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEROPENEM - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023		.33.92	10	Meropenem-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023			10	Meropenem-AFT
⇒ Restricted (RS1047)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation				
CEFALEXIN				
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		3.33	20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg		3.95	20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml		8.75	100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml		.11.75	100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
CEFAZOLIN				
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		3.39	5	AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023			5	AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation	l			
CEFACLOR				
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		.24.70	100	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		3.53	100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefactor
CEFOXITIN				•
Inj 1 g vial				
CEFUROXIME				
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022		45.02	50	Zinnat
Inj 750 mg vial – 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023			10	Cefuroxime-AFT
Inj 1.5 g vial – 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023			10	Cefuroxime-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation				
CEFOTAXIME				
Inj 500 mg vial		1 90	1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023			10	DBL Cefotaxime
		. 10.00		DDE GOIGIGAMING
CEFTAZIDIME - Restricted see terms below Initial or vial - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		2.60	1	Ceftazidime-AFT
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 → Restricted (RS1048)		2.09	'	Cellaziuiiile-AF i
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci	aliet			
	anot			
CEFTRIAXONE		0.00		Oofficianona AFT
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022			1 5	Ceftriaxone-AFT Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022			5 1	Cettriaxone-AFT
111] 2 g viai – 1 % DV Jaii-20 to 2022		1.90	'	Celtilaxone-AF1
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation				
CEFEPIME - Restricted see terms on the next page				
Inj 1 g vial − 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024			10	Cefepime Kabi
•		3.75	1	Cefepime-AFT
Inj 2 g vial − 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024			10	Cefepime Kabi
		5.69	1	Cefepime-AFT
(Cefepime-AFT Inj 1 g vial to be delisted 1 January 2022)				
(Cefepime-AFT Inj 2 g vial to be delisted 1 January 2022)				



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1049)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation

CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1446)

Initiation - multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Either:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

Macrolides

AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg8.19	30	Apo-Azithromycin
	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Dec-21 to 2024	2	Apo-Azithromycin
	2.57		Zithromax
t	Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml)14.38	15 ml	Zithromax

(Apo-Azithromycin Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022) (Apo-Azithromycin Tab 500 mg to be delisted 1 December 2021)

⇒ Restricted (RS1598)

Initiation – bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms*; or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

		INFECTIONS
Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibr 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further a fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappro 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulativ Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of fibrosis will be subsidised in the community. Initiation – other indications Re-assessment required after 5 days	zithromycin to priate to sto ye treatment	treatment for non-cystic op treatment; and (see note).
For any other condition. Continuation – other indications Re-assessment required after 5 days For any other condition. CLARITHROMYCIN – Restricted see terms below		
Image: Tab 250 mg	14 14 50 ml 1	Apo-Clarithromycin Apo-Clarithromycin Klacid Martindale
Initiation – Tab 250 mg and oral liquid Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surgical or dental procedures		
Initiation – Tab 500 mg Helicobacter pylori eradication. Initiation – Infusion Any of the following: 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.	e to standard	l pharmaceutical agents; or
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE) 16.95 Tab 400 mg 16.95 Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml 5.00 Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml 6.77 ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)	100 100 ml 100 ml	E-Mycin E-Mycin E-Mycin

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)			
Tab 400 mg	16.95	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	6.77	100 ml	E-Mycin
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)			
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	10.00	1	Erythrocin IV
ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) − Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 250 mg → Tab 500 mg			
ROXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab dispersible 50 mg	8.29	10	Rulide D
Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022	8.28	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022	16.33	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
→ Restricted (RS1569)			

Initiation

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.



	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	rei	Manufacturer
Penicillins			
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	22.50	500	Alphamox
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022		500	Alphamox
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	1.40	100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	1.73	100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial		10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial	17.43	10	Ibiamox
lnj 1 g vial	21.64	10	Ibiamox
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 1% DV Jul-21 to 2023	0.89	10	Curam Duo 500/125
Grans for oral lig 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral lig 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml		100 ml	Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 202		10	Amoxiclav multichem
,	28.18		m-Amoxiclay
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2	024 26.90	10	Amoxiclay multichem
, , ,	43.30		m-Amoxiclav
(m-Amoxiclav Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial to be delisted	1 December 2021	1)	
(m-Amoxiclav Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial to be deliste	d 1 December 20	21)	
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN			
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe	344.93	10	Bicillin LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	11.00	10	Sandoz
	11.09	10	Januoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN			0
Cap 250 mg		250	Staphlex
Cap 500 mg		500	Staphlex
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial		10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	5./0	5	Flucil
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			
Cap 250 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	3.84	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	3.99	100 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial	38.00	10	PipTaz Sandoz
, ,			PiperTaz Sandoz
➡ Restricted (RS1053)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	llist		
PROCAINE PENICILLIN			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe	123.50	5	Cilicaine
TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial	•		
→ Restricted (RS1054)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	llist		
opening opening			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Quinolones			
CIPROFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 250 mg − 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	2.42	28	Cipflox
■ Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		28	Cipflox
■ Tab 750 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		28	Cipflox
■ Oral lig 50 mg per ml		_0	•·p•
■ Oral lig 100 mg per ml			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	68.20	10	Cipflox
→ Restricted (RS1055)	00.20	10	Oipilox
,			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
MOXIFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	42.00	5	Avelox
Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle − 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022		1	Moxifloxacin Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1644)		•	

Initiation - Mycobacterium infection

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Active tuberculosis: and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications; or
 - 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or
 - 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
 - 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or
 - 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications; or
- 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated; or
- 3 Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact with a confirmed multi-drug resistant tuberculosis case.

Initiation - Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

Either:

- 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or
- 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

Initiation - Penetrating eye injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

Initiation - Mycoplasma genitalium

All of the following:

- 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium and is symptomatic; and
- 2 Either
 - 2.1 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; or
 - 2.2 Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; and
- 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.

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IVUI	٦Г	LU	MΑ	u

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Tetracyclines** DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg DOXYCYCLINE → Tab 50 mg - Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg64.43 500 Doxine Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg - Restricted: For continuation only TETRACYCI INF 28 Accord Cap 500 mg TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1059) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist Other Antibacterials AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below ■ Inj 1 g vial364.92 10 Azactam → Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CHI ORAMPHENICOL - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 q vial → Restricted (RS1277) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CLINDAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below 24 Dalacin C Oral lig 15 mg per ml 10 Dalacin C → Restricted (RS1061) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted see terms below 1 Colistin-Link → Restricted (RS1062) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist DAPTOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below 1 Cubicin → Restricted (RS1063) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist FOSFOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below ■ Powder for oral solution. 3 g sachet e.a. UroFos ⇒ Restricted (RS1315) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LINCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
⇒ Restricted (RS1065)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID – Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 600 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	276.80	10	Zyvox
■ Oral liq 20 mg per ml		150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		10	Linezolid Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1066)	100.00	10	Liliczolia Rabi
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
·			
METHENAMINE (HEXAMINE) HIPPURATE	10.04	400	
Tab 1 g	40.01	100	Hiprex
NITROFURANTOIN			
Tab 50 mg	22.20	100	Nifuran
Tab 100 mg	37.50	100	Nifuran
Cap modified-release 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-21 to 2023	86.40	100	Macrobid
PIVMECILLINAM - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 200 mg			
⇒ Restricted (RS1322)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	34.50	12	Fucidin
→ Restricted (RS1064)		12	i doldili
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
·			
SULPHADIAZINE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			
⇒ Restricted (RS1067)	adiaina anasialist		
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal m	edicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg vial	56.50	1	Teicoplanin Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1068)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	18.55	50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOLE	-1		
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 20		500	Trisul
Oral lig 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml		100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
VANCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	0.05	1	Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1069)	∠.აე	ı	Mylan
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Olimical micropiologist of infectious disease specialist			



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

- → Restricted (RS1410)

Oncologist

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERICIN B

→ Restricted (RS1071)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Fither:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Inj 50 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1316)

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u17.09	50	Nilstat
Cap 500.000 u	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

1	Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	.2.75	28	Mylan
t	Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	.0.65	1	Mylan
	Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		28	Mylan
t	Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml10	09.34	35 ml	Diflucan
	Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Jul-21 to 2022		1	Fluconazole-Baxter
	•			Fluconazole-Claris
t	Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV May-21 to 2022	. 3.45	1	Fluconazole-Baxter
				Fluconazole-Claris

(Fluconazole-Claris Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial to be delisted 1 November 2021)

→ Restricted (RS1072)

Consultant

ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

■ Oral liquid 10 mg per ml

→ Restricted (RS1073)

Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
869.86 761.13	24 105 ml	Noxafil Noxafil	
	869.86	869.86 24	\$ Per Manufacturer

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 50 mg	91.00	56	Vttack
1	Tab 200 mg3	50.00	56	Vttack
t	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml1,4	37.00	70 ml	Vfend
	Inj 200 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		1	Neo Health
	B (D04075)			

→ Restricted (RS1075)

Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspercillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis: or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.



INFECTIONS			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Antifungals			
CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 Inj 70 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 Restricted (RS1076)		1	Max Health Max Health
Initiation Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, once	ologist, respiratory	specialist	or transplant specialist
Either: 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed un	der an established	protocol;	or
 2 Both: 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease patreatment to be appropriate. 	physician or a clinic	al microbi	ologist) considers the
FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Aug-21 to 2023 Antimycobacterials	8.15	84	Deolate
Antileprotics			
CLOFAZIMINE – Restricted see terms below I Cap 50 mg → Restricted (RS1077) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist DAPSONE – Restricted see terms below I Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg → Restricted (RS1078) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist		100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics			
CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg → Restricted (RS1079) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 100 mg	alist		
Tab 400 mg → Restricted (RS1080) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special		56	Myambutol
ISONIAZID - Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 → Restricted (RS1281)	23.00	100	PSM
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physic	ian or internal med	icine phys	ician

	Price		Brand or
	ex man. excl. GST	7	Brand or Generic
'	\$	Per	Manufacturer
SONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg	89.82	100	Rifinah
Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	179.13	100	Rifinah
→ Restricted (RS1282)			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physicia	an or internal med	licine physi	ician
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below			
Grans for oral liq 4 g	280.00	30	Paser
→ Restricted (RS1083)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	ist		
PROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	305.00	100	Peteha
→ Restricted (RS1084)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	ist		
PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
→ Restricted (RS1085)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	ist		
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg	299.75	30	Mycobutin
→ Restricted (RS1086)			•
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or	respiratory speci	alist	
RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	58.54	100	Rifadin
Cap 300 mg − 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	122.06	100	Rifadin
□ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial − 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	134.98	1	Rifadin
→ Restricted (RS1087)			

Antiparasitics

Anthelmintics

ALBENDAZOLE	_ Rectricted con	tarme halow

- **■** Tab 400 mg
- → Restricted (RS1088)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 3 mg	17.20	4	Stromectol
⇒ Restricted (RS1283)			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist			
MEBENDAZOLE			
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	7.97	6	Vermox
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml			

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatrician or public health physician

PRAZIQUANTEL

Tab 600 mg

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Antiprotozoals** ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below ■ Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg → Restricted (RS1090) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms below Inj 60 mg vial → Restricted (RS1091) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below 12 Malarone Junior Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg......64.00 12 Malarone → Restricted (RS1092) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below → Restricted (RS1093) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rheumatologist MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below → Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rheumatologist MFTRONIDAZOI F 250 Metrogyl Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023......5.23 21 Metroavi 100 ml Flagyl-S Ini 5 mg per ml. 100 ml bag - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023......27.50 10 Baxter Suppos 500 mg24.48 10 Flagyl NITAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below 30 Alinia ■ Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml → Restricted (RS1095) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist **ORNIDAZOLE** 10 Arrow-Ornidazole PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE - Restricted see terms below 5 **Pentacarinat** → Restricted (RS1096) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist PRIMAQUINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 15 mg → Restricted (RS1097) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist PYRIMETHAMINE - Restricted see terms below

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal medicine specialist

▼ Tab 25 mg→ Restricted (RS1098)

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

QUININE DIHYDROCHI ORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule
- Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1099)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1571)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

FF4\/IRFN7	- Restricted see terms above	

Tab 200 mg	190.15	90	Stocrin
1 Tab 600 mg	63.38	30	Stocrin
1 Oral liq 30 mg per ml			
ETRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms above			
1 Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms above			
↑ Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	84.00	60	Nevirapine Alphapharm
Oral suspension 10 mg per ml	203.55	240 ml	Viramune Suspension



Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Alphapharm

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1572)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Roth:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ABACAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms above

■ Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	180.00	60	Ziagen
Oral liq 20 mg per ml	256.31	240 ml	Ziagen
ABACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms abov 1 Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		30	Kivexa
t Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300 mg as a maleate) − 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022		terms abov	e Mylan
EMTRICITABINE – Restricted see terms above 1 Cap 200 mg – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	307.20	30	Emtriva
LAMIVUDINE – Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 150 mg – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	84.50	60	Lamivudine

1 Oral lig 10 mg per ml

STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Cap 30 mg
- 1 Cap 40 mg
- 1 Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml

ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] - Restricted see terms above

t	Cap 100 mg	152.25	100	Retrovir
t	Oral liq 10 mg per ml	30.45	200 ml	Retrovir
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	750.00	5	Retrovir IV
	DOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above			
t	Tab 300 mg with lamivudine 150 mg	33.00	60	Alphapharn

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1573)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ATAZANAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms above 1 Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022		60 60	Teva Teva
DARUNAVIR - Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 1 Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023		60 60	Darunavir Mylan Darunavir Mylan
INDINAVIR – Restricted see terms above t Cap 200 mg t Cap 400 mg			
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	463.00	60 120 300 ml	Kaletra Kaletra Kaletra
RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	43.31	30	Norvir

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1574)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:



·	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

DOLUTEGRAVIR - Re	estricted see terms	on the	previous page
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t	Tab 50 mg				30	Tivicay
RA	LTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM - Restricted see term	s on th	ne r	revious page		

t	Tab 400 mg	1,090.00	60	Isentress
t	Tab 600 mg	1.090.00	60	Isentress HD

Antivirals

Hepatitis B

ENTECAVIR			
Tab 0.5 mg	52.00	30	Entecavir Sandoz
LAMIVUDINE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	6.95	28	Zetlam
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	270.00	240 ml	Zeffix
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL			
Tab 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate)	38.10	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil
			Teva

Hepatitis C

GLECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR

Note: the supply of treatment is via Pharmac's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on Pharmac's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/maviret.

Tab 100 mg with pibrentasvir 40 mg24,750.00 84 Maviret

LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR - Restricted see terms below

Tab 90 mg with sofosbuvir 400 mg.......24,363.46 28 Harvoni

→ Restricted (RS1528)

Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCTP). Applications will be considered by HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Access Criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Herpesviridae

ACICI OVIR

Tab dispersible 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	60 25	Lovir
Tab dispersible 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	38 56	Lovir
Tab dispersible 800 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	98 35	Lovir
Inj 250 mg vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	00 5	Aciclovir-Baxter

CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

			INFECTIONS	,
	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
⇒ Restricted (RS1108)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologist	or oral surgeon			
FOSCARNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle				
→ Restricted (RS1109)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 500 mg vial	380.00	5	Cymevene	
→ Restricted (RS1110)			•	
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
VALACICLOVIR				
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6.50	30	Vaclovir	
Tab 1,000 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		30	Vaclovir	
VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below				
	132.00	60	Valganciclovir Myl	an
⇒ Restricted (RS1799)		, ,	. .	

Initiation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

Continuation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and received anti-thymocyte globulin and requires valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and
 - 1.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following anti-thymocyte globulin; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has received pulse methylprednisolone for acute rejection and requires further valganciclovir therapy for CMV prophylaxis; and
 - 2.2 Patient is to receive a maximum of 90 days of valganciclovir prophylaxis following pulse methylprednisolone.

Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Relevant specialist

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
 - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive; and
- 3 Patient has a high risk of CMV disease.

Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
 - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate)

→ Restricted (RS1800)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis (refer to local health pathways or https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/ for training materials); and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis and Hep B if not immune and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 3 months and is not contraindicated for treatment; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks; and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative and is not at risk of HIV seroconversion; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 All of the following:
 - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
 - 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
 - 6.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
 - 6.2 All of the following:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

	Price		Brand or
(ex man	excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis (refer to local health pathways or https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/ for training materials); and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis and Hep B if not immune and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 12 months and is not contraindicated for treatment: and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks; and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative and is not at risk of HIV seroconversion; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 All of the following:
 - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
 - 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
 - 6.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
 - 6.2 All of the following:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml
- → Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

7ANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

→ Restricted (RS1369)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Pegasys

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Ini 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1113)

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1827)

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV. HIV or HDV: and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Notes: Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines.

Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

Initiation – myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 2.2 Patient is intolerant of hydroxyurea; and
 - 2.3 Treatment with anagrelide and busulfan is not clinically appropriate; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder; and
 - 3.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Continuation - myeloproliferative disorder or cutaneous T cell lymphoma

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has a cutaneous T cell lymphoma*; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has a myeloproliferative disorder*; and
 - 3.2.2 Fither:



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

3.2.2.1 Remains intolerant of hydroxyurea and treatment with anagrelide and busulfan remains clinically inappropriate; or

3.2.2.2 Patient is pregnant, planning pregnancy or lactating.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation – ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Patient has ocular surface squamous neoplasia*.

Continuation - ocular surface squamous neoplasia

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation – post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient has received an allogeneic bone marrow transplant* and has evidence of disease relapse.

Continuation - post-allogenic bone marrow transplant

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Patient is responding and ongoing treatment remains appropriate.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Anticholinesterases** EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below Ini 10 mg per ml. 15 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1015) Initiation For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis. NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule98.00 AstraZeneca 50 NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Ini 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule -10 Max Health PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE 100 Mestinon **Antirheumatoid Agents** HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE - Restricted see terms below 100 Plaguenil → Restricted (RS1776) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Rheumatoid arthritis; or 2 Systemic or discoid lupus erythematosus; or 3 Malaria treatment or suppression; or 4 Relevant dermatological conditions (cutaneous forms of lupus and lichen planus, cutaneous vasculitides and mucosal ulceration): or 5 Sarcoidosis (pulmonary and non-pulmonary). **LEFLUNOMIDE** 30 Arava 30 Arava PENICILLAMINE **D-Penamine** 100 100 **D-Penamine** SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE

Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule

Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule

Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule

Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

Bisphosphonates

ALENDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 70 mg - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022	2.44	4	Fosamax
ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL			
Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022	1.51	4	Fosamax Plus

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Brand or Generic Manufacturer	T) Per	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	
			PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM
Pamisol	1	27.53	Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
Pamisol	1	74.67	Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
Pamisol	1		Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
			RISEDRONATE SODIUM
Risedronate Sandoz	4	3.10	Tab 35 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022
			ZOLEDRONIC ACID
ml Aclasta	100 ml	60.00	Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, vial − 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022
			→ Restricted (RS1663)
			→ Restricted (RS1663)

Initiation - Inherited bone fragility disorders

Any specialist

Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disorder (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta).

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any specialist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
 - 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 1.4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

equivalents); and

2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
 - 2.2 Bone deformity; or
 - 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
 - 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
 - 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
 - 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
 - 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1665)

Initiation

All of the following:

1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ P6	er Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal; or
 - 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note): or
 - 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
 - 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 3.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 4 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance is less than 35 mL/min; and
- 5 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes); and
- 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment with any other funded antiresorptive agent for this condition or teriparatide.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with denosumab.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.
- e) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: risedronate sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

RALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1666)

Initiation

Any of the following:

1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
(ex mar	. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

Notes:

- a) BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).
 Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- b) Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- c) Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- d) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1143)

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- a) The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- b) Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- c) A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYAI URONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

	Price (ex man. exc \$		Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Hyperuricaemia and Antigout				
ALLOPURINOL				
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	11.	47	500	DP-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023			500	DP-Allopurinol
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 50 mg				
→ Tab 100 mg	45.	00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
COLCHICINE				
Tab 500 mcg	9.	58	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below				-
■ Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2023	39.	50	28	Adenuric
· ·	20.	00		Febuxostat multichem
Tab 120 mg − 1% DV Jan-22 to 2023	39.	50	28	Adenuric
-	20.	00		Febuxostat multichem
(Adenuric Tab 80 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)				

(Adenuric Tab 120 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)

→ Restricted (RS1844)

Initiation - Gout

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); or
 - 2.4 The patient has previously had an initial Special Authority approval for benzbromarone for treatment of gout...

Note: In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. The efficacy and safety of febuxostat have not been fully evaluated in patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine clearance less than 30 ml/minute). No dosage adjustment of febuxostat is necessary in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

Initiation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient is scheduled to receive cancer therapy carrying an intermediate or high risk of tumour lysis syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has a documented history of allopurinol intolerance.

Continuation - Tumour lysis syndrome

Haematologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 1.5 mg vial

Pri	ice		Brand or
(ex man. e	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents		
ATRACURIUM BESYLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule10.00	5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule12.50	5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg4.20	100	Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule11.55	5 1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024306.82	2 5	Medsurge
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial467.50) 1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial388.50		Dysport
Inj 500 u vial	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE		
Cap 25 mg97.50	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg77.00	100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial888.00	6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	2 5	Mivacron
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule67.17	5	Mivacron
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE		
Tab 100 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	100	Norflex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Aug-20 to 2022	10	Hameln
		Hamom
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE	10	Martindale
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Feb-21 to 202323.40	10	wai uiiuale
VECURONIUM BROMIDE		

Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade

SUGAMMADEX - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	1,200.00	10	Bridion
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	3,000.00	10	Bridion
Destricted (D04070)			

→ Restricted (RS1370)

Inj 10 mg vial

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued neuromuscular blockade; or 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is c disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.		example the	patient has ischaemic h
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
CELECOXIB			
Cap 100 mg	5.80	60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg		30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	1 99	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible		20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg		500	Apo-Diclo SR
Tab long-acting 100 mg		500	Apo-Diclo SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule		5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg		10	Voltaren
Apo-Diclo SR Tab long-acting 100 mg to be delisted 1 May 2022)		10	Voltaron
ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 30 mg			
▼ Tab 60 mg			
Tab 90 mg			
Tab 120 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1592)			
nitiation			
For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.			
BUPROFEN			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2024	21.40	1,000	Relieve
Tab 400 mg - Restricted: For continuation only	21.40	1,000	Helieve
→ Tab 400 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
Tab long-acting 800 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	3.05	30	Brufen SR
Tab long acting 600 mg 3/6 by ban-22 to 2024	5.99	00	Ibuprofen SR BNM
Oral liq 20 mg per ml		200 ml	Fthics
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	1.00	200 1111	Luilo
Inj 3 mg per mi, 2 mi ampone Inj 10 mg per mi, 2 ml vial			
(Ibuprofen SR BNM Tab long-acting 800 mg to be delisted 1 January	2022)		
INDOMETHACIN			

28

Oruvail SR

Cap 25 mg
Cap 50 mg
Cap long-acting 75 mg
Inj 1 mg vial
Suppos 100 mg
KETOPROFEN

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEFENAMIC ACID − Restricted : For continuation only Cap 250 mg			
NAPROXEN			
Tab 250 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	32.69	500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6.47	28	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	8.62	28	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB Inj 40 mg vial	100.00	10	Dynastat
SULINDAC Tab 100 mg Tab 200 mg			
TENOXICAM			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	9.15	100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial	9.95	1	AFT

Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain

CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below		
	45 g	Zostrix
→ Restricted (RS1309)		

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

1 Tab 50 mg − **5% DV Dec-21 to 2024**......130.00 56 **Rilutek**

→ Restricted (RS1351)

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

TFTRABENAZINE

Anticholinergics

BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg	60	Benztrop
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-20 to 202395.00	5	Phebra

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents

AMANTA DINIC LIVEDOCLII ODIDE	

AWANTADINE HTDNOCHLONDE		
Cap 100 mg	60	Symmetrel
		-,
APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 202359.50	5	Movapo
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2023121.84	5	Movapo

BROMOCRIPTINE

→ Tab 2.5 mg - Restricted: For continuation only Cap 5 mg

		Price excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
ENTACAPONE				
Tab 200 mg		.22.00	100	Entapone
EVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE				
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		.13.25	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		.13.75	100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		.15.80	100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		.22.85	100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		.26.25	100	Madopar 250
EVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA				
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		.21.11	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg				
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg – 1% DV Feb-2	1 to 2023	43 65	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023			100	Sinemet
	•••••	.00.00	100	Omemer
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE		0.40	400	
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022			100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		.20.73	100	Ramipex
RASAGILINE				
Tab 1mg - 1% DV Jan-22 to 2024		.53.50	30	Azilect
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		2 85	84	Ropin
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022			84	Ropin
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022			84	Ropin
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022			84	Ropin
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation of	only			
→ Tab 5 mg				
TOLCAPONE				
Tab 100 mg		152.38	100	Tasmar
Americally				
Anaesthetics				
General Anaesthetics				
DESFLURANE				
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle	1,3	350.00	6	Suprane
EXMEDETOMIDINE				
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Mar-21 to 2023		.97.88	5	Dexmedetomidine-Tev
TOMIDATE				
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
SOFLURANE		200.00	•	A
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	1,0	J20.00	6	Aerrane
(ETAMINE				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022			5	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022			5	Biomed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		155.60	5	Ketamine-Baxter
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			5	Ketalar
Ketamine-Baxter Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be delisted 1	September 2	2021)		
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM		•		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial				

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer	
PROPOFOL				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 10% DV Dec-19 to 2022		5	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 10% DV Oct-19 to 2022	19.50	10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 10% DV Oct-19 to 2022	39.00	10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT	
SEVOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle	940.00	6	Baxter	
	040.00	O	Daxlei	
THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule				
Local Anaesthetics				
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%				
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE				
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 4% with adrenaline 1.200,000 1.6 mi dental cartridge				
BENZOCAINE				
Gel 20%				
BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Gel 18% with tetracaine hydrochloride 2%			e.g. ZAP Topical	
			Anaesthetic Gel	
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE	50.00	-	Managha Inglanda	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	50.00	5	Marcain Isobaric	
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Aug-20) to 2023 23.36	5	Marcain	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack – 1% DV Aug-20 t		5	Marcain	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack - 1% DV Aug-20 t	o 2023 16.56	5	Marcain	
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag				
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	150.00	5	Marcain	
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	100.00	J	Warcam	
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag				
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE				
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial - 1% D'	V Aug-19			
to 2022	94.50	5	Marcain with	
In Emanor mill with advanging 1,000,000,00 million 40/ PM	Aug 10		Adrenaline	
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial - 1% DV to 2022		5	Marcain with	
		•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

NERVOUS SYSTEM

(e:	Price x man. excl. GS1 \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL	-		
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022		5	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	112.50	5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	117.50	5	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe	36.00	5	Biomed
		_	Bupafen NRFit
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	46.00	5	Biomed
SUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule	38.00	5	Marcain Heavy
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe			
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	28.76	1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06% Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			
THYL CHLORIDE			
Spray 100%			
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]			
Crm 4%	5.40	5 g	LMX4
OIII 470	27.00	30 g	LMX4
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE		3	
Gel 2%	4.87	20 g	Orion
Soln 4%		- 3	-
Spray 10% - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	75.00	50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2%	38.00	200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack	0.75	05	Lidanaino Douto
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Baxter Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		5	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-21 to 2022		25	Lidocaine-Baxter Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Jul-21 to 2022	6.45	5	Lidocaine-Baxter Lidocaine-Claris
Gel 2%, 11 ml urethral syringe - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	42.00	10	Instillagel Lido
Lidocaine-Claris Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 January 2022) Lidocaine-Claris Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 January 2022)			-

(ex matching in the content of the c	50.00 FETRACAINE H17.50 103.32 IYDROCHLORI	1	Brand or Generic Manufacturer Xylocaine Xylocaine Xylocaine Topicaine Pfizer
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule — 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	50.00 FETRACAINE H17.50 103.32 IYDROCHLORI	5 5 HYDROC 1 10	Xylocaine Xylocaine CHLORIDE Topicaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule — 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	50.00 FETRACAINE H17.50 103.32 IYDROCHLORI	5 5 HYDROC 1 10	Xylocaine Xylocaine CHLORIDE Topicaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	50.00 FETRACAINE H17.50 103.32 IYDROCHLORI	5 5 HYDROC 1 10	Xylocaine Xylocaine CHLORIDE Topicaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.0 ml vial	60.00 FETRACAINE H17.50103.32 IYDROCHLORI	5 HYDROC 1 10	Xylocaine CHLORIDE Topicaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	TETRACAINE H17.50103.32 YDROCHLORI45.00	1YDROC	CHLORIDE Topicaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	TETRACAINE H17.50103.32 YDROCHLORI45.00	1YDROC	CHLORIDE Topicaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	TETRACAINE H17.50103.32 YDROCHLORI45.00	1YDROC	CHLORIDE Topicaine
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE AND T Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%, 5 ml syringe	TETRACAINE H17.50103.32 YDROCHLORI45.00	1YDROC	CHLORIDE Topicaine
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%, 5 ml syringe	17.50103.32 YDROCHLORI45.00	1	Topicaine
syringe	103.32 YDROCHLORI 45.00	10	
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXIDINE Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHRINE H Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5% IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%	103.32 YDROCHLORI 45.00	10	
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe	YDROCHLORI		Pfizer
IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHRINE H Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5% IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%	YDROCHLORI		Pfizer
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5% IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%	45.00	DE	
.IDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%			
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%			
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg			
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g		30 g	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	115.00	20	EMLA
	45.00	5	EMLA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge		50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge	43.60	50	Scandonest 3%
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		_	.
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial	100.00	5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule			
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN			
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		_	
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5 5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5 5	Ropivacaine Kabi Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			•
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	198.50	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag		5	Naropin
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			•
Gel 4%			

			NERVOUS SYSTEM
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Analgesics			
Non-Opioid Analgesics			
ASPIRIN Tab dispersible 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	4.50	100	Ethics Aspirin
CAPSAICIN – Restricted see terms below Crm 0.075% – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 → Restricted (RS1145)	11.95	45 g	Zostrix HP
nitiation For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.			

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

■ Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1292)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab soluble 500 mg

rab colable coo mg			
Tab 500 mg - blister pack - 1% DV Feb-22 to 2024	19.75	1,000	Pacimol
Tab 500 mg - bottle pack - 1% DV Dec-21 to 2024	17.92	1,000	Noumed Paracetamol
Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Nov-20 to 2023	5.45	1,000 ml	Paracare
Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Nov-20 to 2023	6.25	1,000 ml	Paracare Double
			Strength
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	8.90	10	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	58.50	20	Biomed
Suppos 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		20	Biomed
Suppos 125 mg		10	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg	3.79	10	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg	12.40	50	Gacet
B (B04440)			

→ Restricted (RS1146)

Initiation

1

Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are unavailable or impractical, or where there is reduced absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 24 hours.

SUCROSE

25 ml **Biomed**

■ Oral liq 66.7% (preservative free)

→ Restricted (RS1763)

Initiation

For use in neonatal patients only.

Opioid Analgesics

ALFENTANIL

Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023......24.75 Hameln 10

	Price (ex man, exel, CST)		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	1 01	Mariaracturer
CODEINE PHOSPHATE	2.25	100	B011
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		100	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		100	PSM
Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	14.25	100	PSM
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE			
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	8.60	60	DHC Continus
FENTANYL			
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	3.56	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag		10	Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		5	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		1	Biomed
, , , , , ,	10.74	ļ	Diomeu
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	6.00	_	Eantonyl Condox
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	18.59	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022	1.40	10	Methatabs
Oral lig 2 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6.40	200 ml	Biodone
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	6.40	200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	0.28	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 2 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral lig 5 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 3 mg per ml		200 ml	RA-Morph
	27.74	200 1111	na-worph
MORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		10	Sevredol
Cap long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		10	m-Eslon
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	52.00	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	135.00	10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	5.61	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	7.08	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe		-	- P Carle
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
,			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	` \$	Per	Manufacturer
MORPHINE TARTRATE			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule			
DXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg	2 15	20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 10 mg		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 20 mg		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 40 mg		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 40 mg		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Cap immediate-release 5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg = 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		20	OxyNorm
Oral lig 5 mg per 5 ml - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024		250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	OxyNorm
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	OxyNorm
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	30.60	5	OxyNorm
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg	26.51	1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine (Relieve)
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	4.70	10	PSM
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	29.88	5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	30.72	5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
REMIFENTANIL			
Inj 1 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	13.95	5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		5	Remifentanil-AFT
RAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	1.52	20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml		100	741011 Hamadoi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	4 50	5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		5	Tramal 100
mij 30 mg per mi, 2 mi ampoule 176 by Oct-20 to 2020		3	Tramai 100
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
MITDIDTVI INF			
MITRIPTYLINE	0.40	100	America Ameltologicalis -
	2.49	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		400	A A 10 1 1 11
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	1.51	100 100	Arrow-Amitriptyline Arrow-Amitriptyline

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	13.99	100	Apo-Clomipramine
Tab 25 mg	9.46	100	Apo-Clomipramine
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: Fo	r continuation only		
→ Cap 25 mg	7.83	50	Dosulepin Mylan
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation onl	у		
→ Cap 10 mg → Cap 25 mg			
→ Cap 50 mg			
MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	5.40	50	Tofranil
Tab To Hig	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg	****	50	Tofranil
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation			
→ Tab 25 mg	ii only		
→ Tab 75 mg			
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation of	nnly		
→ Tab 30 mg	,		
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	2 44	100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		180	Norpress

Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective

PHENELZINE SULPHATE

Tab 15 mg

TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE

Tab 10 mg

60 60	Aurorix Aurorix
30	Apo-Mirtazapine
28	Noumed
30	Apo-Mirtazapine
28	Noumed
84	Enlafax XR
84	Enlafax XR
84	Enlafax XR
	30 28 30 28 84 84

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE Tab 20 mg	1.52	84	PSM Citalopram
ESCITALOPRAM			•
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-21 to 2023	1.07 1.40	28	Escitalopram (Ethics) Escitalopram-Apotex
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-21 to 2023		28	Escitalopram (Ethics) Escitalopram-Apotex
(Escitalopram-Apotex Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 October 2021) (Escitalopram-Apotex Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 October 2021)			
FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored – 1% DV Feb-21 to 2022		30	Fluox
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2022 PAROXETINE	2.91	84	Fluox
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	3.61	90	Loxamine
SERTRALINE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	0.00	30	Setrona
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		30	Setrona
Antiepilepsy Drugs Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	21.00	5	Rivotril
DIAZEPAM			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Rectal tubes 5 mgRectal tubes 10 mg	43.50	5	Stesolid
LORAZEPAM			
Inj 2 mg vial Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE			
Soln 97%			
Inj 5 ml ampoule			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM		_	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5 5	Hospira Hospira
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE			
Tab 200 mg	14.53	100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg		100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg Oral liq 20 mg per ml		100 250 ml	Tegretol CR Tegretol
Oral ing 20 mg per mi	20.31	200 IIII	regretor

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
CLOBAZAM			
Tab 10 mg			
CLONAZEPAM			
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE			
Cap 250 mg	140.88	100	Zarontin
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	56.35	200 ml	Zarontin
GABAPENTIN			
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin			
Cap 100 mg	2.65	100	Apo-Gabapentin
Cap 300 mg	4.07	100	Apo-Gabapentin
Cap 400 mg	5.64	100	Apo-Gabapentin
LACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
■ Tab 100 mg	50.06	14	Vimpat
	200.24	56	Vimpat
■ Tab 150 mg	75.10	14	Vimpat
	300.40	56	Vimpat
■ Tab 200 mg	400.55	56	Vimpat
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			

→ Restricted (RS1151)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

LAMOTRIGINE

55.00	30	Lamictal
50.00	30	Lamictal
2.76	56	Logem
3.31	56	Logem
4.40	56	Logem
4.99	60	Everet
8.79	60	Everet
14.39	60	Everet
18.59	60	Everet
44.78	300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
38.95	10	Levetiracetam-AFT
	55.00 50.00 2.76 3.31 4.40 4.99 8.79 14.39 18.59 44.78 38.95	

(20.00	Price		Brand or Generic
(ex n	nan. excl. GST) \$	Per	Manufacturer
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg	40.00	500	PSM
Tab 30 mg	40.00	500	PSM
PHENYTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 100 mg			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
PREGABALIN			
Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin	0.05		D 1 " D"
Cap 25 mg		56 56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 75 mg		56	Pregabalin Pfizer Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 300 mg		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
PRIMIDONE		00	1 Togasami i nzor
Tab 250 mg			
SODIUM VALPROATE			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab EC 200 mg			
Tab EC 500 mg			
Oral liq 40 mg per ml			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	9.98	1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 250 mg		60	Diacomit
Powder for oral liq 250 mg sachet	509.29	60	Diacomit
Restricted (RS1152)			

Initiation

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TOPIRAMATE			
Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg	18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg	31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	20.84	60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg		60	Topamax

VIGABATRIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1802)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antimigraine Preparations					
Acute Migraine Treatment					
DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg RIZATRIPTAN		0.0	_	00	Discoult
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 SUMATRIPTAN				30	Rizamelt
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022		.46.2	3	100 100 2	Apo-Sumatriptan Apo-Sumatriptan Imigran
Prophylaxis of Migraine					
PIZOTIFEN Tab 500 mcg		.23.2	1	100	Sandomigran
Antinausea and Vertigo Agents					
APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 2 × 80 mg and 1 × 125 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024 Restricted (RS1154) Initiation		.30.0)	3	Emend Tri-Pack
Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracy malignancy.	cline-bas	sed ch	nemoth	erapy for t	he treatment of
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		3.8	3	84	Vergo 16
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		0.4	9	10	Nausicalm
CYCLIZINE LACTATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV May-21 to 2022		.21.5	3	10	Hameln
DOMPERIDONE Tab 10 mg		2.2	5	100	Pharmacy Health
DROPERIDOL Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV May-20 to 2022		.30.9	5	10	Droleptan
GRANISETRON Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-21 to 2023		1.20)	1	Deva
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Patch 1.5 mg				2	Scopoderm TTS
→ Restricted (RS1155) Initiation Any of the following:					

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
` ¢ ′	Por	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective; or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 20231.30	100	Metoclopramide Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml		notario io
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 20229.50	10	Pfizer
ONDANSETRON		
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 20222.68	50	Onrex
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	10	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	50	Onrex
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 1% DV Oct-20 to 20231.13	10	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule1.50	5	Ondansetron-Baxter Ondansetron-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule	5	Ondansetron Kabi
PROCHLORPERAZINE Tab buccal 3 mg		
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	250	Nausafix
TROPISETRON		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule8.95	1	Tropisetron-AFT
Ini 1 mg per ml. 5 ml ampoule	1	Tropisetron-AFT

Antipsychotic Agents

General

AMISULPRIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	5.15	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	14.96	60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	29.78	60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml			
ARIPIPRAZOLE			
Tab 5 mg	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz

		Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE		Ψ		Manadator
Tab 10 mg = 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		14.83	100	Largactil
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022			100	Largactil
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022			100	Largactil
Oral lig 10 mg per ml		.00.70	100	au guotii
Oral lig 20 mg per ml				
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		30.79	10	Largactil
CLOZAPINE				ŭ
Tab 25 mg		6 69	50	Clopine
1 tab 20 mg		13.37	100	Clopine
		5.69	50	Clozaril
		11.36	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg			50	Clopine
		17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg			50	Clopine
· •	**********	34.65	100	Clopine
		14.73	50	Clozaril
		29.45	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg		34.65	50	Clopine
·		69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml		17.33	100 ml	Clopine
, •		67.62		Versacloz
HALOPERIDOL				
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		6.23	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022			100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022			100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022			100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		.21.55	10	Serenace
LEVOMEPROMAZINE				
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022		16.10	100	Nozinan
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022			100	Nozinan
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022		33.50	10	Nozinan
LITHIUM CARBONATE				
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024		72 00	100	Priadel
Cap 250 mg			100	Douglas
OLANZAPINE				2 o agrao
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		1 35	28	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023			28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023			28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023			28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023			28	Zypine ODT
Inj 10 mg vial				-,,
PERICYAZINE				
Tab 2.5 mg				
Tab 10 mg				
•				
QUETIAPINE Tob 05 mg 49/ DV Nov 20 to 2022		0.15	00	Overtowel
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023			90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023 Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023			90 90	Quetapel Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023			90 90	Quetapel
100 000 mg - 1/0 DV 110V-20 to 2023		12.00	90	«uciapei

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
RISPERIDONE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	1.86	60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023		60	Risperidone (Teva)
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	3.42	60	Risperidone (Teva)
Oral lig 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023		30 ml	Risperon
ZIPRASIDONE			•
Cap 20 mg	14 50	60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg		60	Zusdone
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	31.45	100	Clopixol
Depot Injections			
Depot injections			
FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	20.90	5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.39	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE – Restricted see terms below		· ·	
Inj 210 mg vial	252.00	1	Zuprovo Bolorova
Inj 300 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 405 mg vial		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Restricted (RS1379)		1	Σ γρίελα Πείριενν
Initiation			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 50 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 75 mg syringe	357.42	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 100 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 150 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1381)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial	35.98	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial	78.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial	217.56	1	Risperdal Consta
	B (D04000)			

→ Restricted (RS1380)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.80	5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			e.g. Clopixol Conc

Anxiolytics

BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg	20.23	100	Orion
Tab 10 mg	13.16	100	Orion
CLONAZEPAM			
Tab 500 mcg	5.64	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg	10.78	100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	61.07	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	73.60	500	Arrow-Diazepam

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LORAZEPAM			
Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	9.72	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	12.50	100	Ativan
OXAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg	6.17	100	Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg	8.53	100	Ox-Pam

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted (RS1842)

Initiation - Multiple sclerosis

Neurologist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Diagnosis of multiple sclerosis (MS) must be confirmed by a neurologist. Diagnosis must include MRI confirmation; and
- 2 Patients must have Clinically Definite Relapsing multiple sclerosis with or without underlying progression; and
- 3 Patients must have an EDSS score between 0 6.0 (inclusive); and
- 4 Patient has had at least 1 significant relapse of multiple sclerosis in the previous 12 months or 2 significant relapses in the past 24 months; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Each significant relapse must be confirmed by the applying neurologist or general physician (the patient may not necessarily have been seen by them during the relapse but the neurologist/physician must be satisfied that the clinical features were characteristic); and
 - 5.2 Each significant relapse is associated with characteristic new symptom(s)/sign(s) or substantially worsening of previously experienced symptoms(s)/sign(s); and
 - 5.3 Each significant relapse has lasted at least one week and has started at least one month after the onset of a previous relapse; and
 - 5.4 Each significant relapse can be distinguished from the effects of general fatigue; and is not associated with a fever (T> 37.5°C); and
 - 5.5 Either:
 - 5.5.1 Each significant relapse is severe enough to change either the EDSS or at least one of the Kurtze Functional System scores by at least 1 point; or
 - 5.5.2 Each significant relapse is a recurrent paroxysmal symptom of multiple sclerosis (tonic seizures/spasms, trigeminal neuralgia, Lhermitte's symptom); and
- 6 Evidence of new inflammatory activity on an MR scan within the past 24 months; and 7 Any of the following:
- 7.4 A alam af th
 - 7.1 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a gadolinium enhancing lesion; or
 - 7.2 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a lesion showing diffusion restriction; or
 - 7.3 A sign of that new inflammatory is a T2 lesion with associated local swelling; or
 - 7.4 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is a prominent T2 lesion that clearly is responsible for the clinical features of a recent relapse that occurred within the last 2 years; or
 - 7.5 A sign of that new inflammatory activity is new T2 lesions compared with a previous MR scan.

Note: Natalizumab can only be dispensed from a pharmacy registered in the Tysabri Australasian Prescribing Programme operated by the supplier. Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatments simultaneously is not permitted.

Continuation - Multiple sclerosis

Neurologist or general physician

Patient has had an EDSS score of 0 to 6.0 (inclusive) with or without the use unilateral or bilateral aids at any time in the last six months (i.e. the patient has walked 100 metres or more with or without aids in the last six months).

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DIMETHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatment	•		
Cap 120 mg		14	Tecfidera
1 Cap 240 mg	2,000.00	56	Tecfidera
FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatme	ents simultaneously is	not perm	nitted.
1 Cap 0.5 mg	2,200.00	28	Gilenya
GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page	ge		
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatme	ents simultaneously is	not perm	nitted.
1 Inj 40 mg prefilled syringe	2,275.00	12	Copaxone
INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms on the previous	us page		
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatme		not perm	nitted.
1 Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml pen injector	1,170.00	4	Avonex Pen
1 Inj 6 million iu in 0.5 ml syringe	1,170.00	4	Avonex
INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms on the previous	spage		
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatme		not perm	nitted.
1 Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial			
NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatme	ents simultaneously is	not perm	nitted.
1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 15 ml vial	1,750.00	1	Tysabri
OCRELIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatme	ents simultaneously is	not perm	nitted.
1 Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	9,346.00	1	Ocrevus
TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
Note: Treatment on two or more funded multiple sclerosis treatme	ents simultaneously is	not perm	nitted.
1 Tab 14 mg − 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023	659.90	28	Aubagio
Codelines and Humanian			-

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHLORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml

Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

Tab 3 mg

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

→ Restricted (RS1576)

Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and
- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

Continuation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and
- 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day.

Initiation - insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated

Both:

- 1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated; and
- 2 For in-hospital use only.

MIDAZOI AM

Tab 7.5 mg

Oral liq 2 mg per ml

10 Mylan Midazolam Mylan Midazolam

PHENOBARBITONE

Ini 130 mg per ml. 1 ml vial

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

TEMAZEPAM

25 Normison

TRIAZOLAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 125 mcg

→ Tab 250 mcg

ZOPICLONE Tab 7.5 mg

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE			
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	18.41	28	Generic Partners
Cap 18 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	27.06	28	Generic Partners
Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	29.22	28	Generic Partners
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	29.22	28	Generic Partners
Cap 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	46.51	28	Generic Partners
Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	56.45	28	Generic Partners
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2022	58.48	28	Generic Partners
CAFFEINE			
Tob 100 mg			

Tab 100 mg

DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 5 mg - **5% DV Jan-22 to 2024**21.00 100 **PSM**

→ Restricted (RS1169)

Initiation - ADHD

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

METHYL PHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab extended-release 18 mg58.96	30	Concerta
	7.75		Methylphenidate ER -
			Teva
1	Tab extended-release 27 mg65.44	30	Concerta
	11.45		Methylphenidate ER -
			Teva
t	Tab extended-release 36 mg71.93	30	Concerta
	15.50		Methylphenidate ER -
_			Teva
ţ	Tab extended-release 54 mg86.24	30	Concerta
	22.25		Methylphenidate ER -
_			Teva
1	Tab immediate-release 5 mg3.20	30	Rubifen
1	Tab immediate-release 10 mg3.00	30	Ritalin
			Rubifen
1	Tab immediate-release 20 mg7.85	30	Rubifen
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg10.95	30	Rubifen SR
1	Cap modified-release 10 mg15.60	30	Ritalin LA
1	Cap modified-release 20 mg20.40	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 30 mg25.52	30	Ritalin LA
1			Ritalin LA
-	Restricted (RS1294)		

Initiation – ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
 - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
MODAFINIL – Restricted see terms below ■ Tab 100 mg	64.00	60	Modavigil	
⇒ Restricted (RS1803)				

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
 - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	4.34	90	Donepezil-Rex
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023	6.64	90	Donepezil-Rex
RIVASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below			
	48.75	30	Generic Partners
■ Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour		30	Generic Partners
⇒ Restricted (RS1436)			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

BU	PRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 202218.37	28	Buprenorphine
t	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022 53.12	28	Naloxone BNM Buprenorphine
			Naloxone BNM

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

30

28

Zvban

Habitrol

→ Restricted (RS1172)

Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Initiation - Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health;
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Tab 200 mg - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024......236.40 100 Antabuse

NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1173)

Initiation - Alcohol dependence

Both:

1

1

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence; and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

NICOTINE - Some items restricted see terms below

	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours	19.95	28	Habitrol
	Patch 21 mg per 24 hours		28	Habitrol
ĺ	Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
	Lozenge 1 mg	19.18	216	Habitrol
	Lozenge 2 mg	21.02	216	Habitrol
ĺ	Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
	Gum 2 mg	38.21	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
	•			Habitrol (Mint)
	Gum 4 mg	44.17	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
	-			Habitrol (Mint)

⇒ Restricted (RS1310)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction; or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units: or
- 3 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

VARENICLINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

• • •	page		
t	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 42 - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	53	Varenicline Pfizer
t	Tab 1 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	56	Varenicline Pfizer



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1702)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to guit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Chemotherapeutic Agents

Alkylating Agents

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg vial − 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024
 77.00
 1
 Ribomustin

 Inj 100 mg vial − 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024
 308.00
 1
 Ribomustin
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1835)

Initiation - treatment naive CLL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and
- 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of < 6; and
- 6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m² on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). Chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and
 - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has relapsed refractory disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
 - 3.2.3 Either:
 - 3.2.3.1 Both:
 - 3.2.3.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
 - 3.2.3.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
 - 3.2.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Both:

- 1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+): and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more: or

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy	for a maximum of 6	cycles in ri	ituximab refractory patients
Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell,	marginal zone and	lymphoplas	smacytic/ Waldenström's
nacroglobulinaemia.	Ü	, , ,	,
nitiation – Hodgkin's lymphoma*			
Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of	a relevant specialist		
imited to 6 months treatment			
Ill of the following:			
 Patient has Hodgkin's lymphoma requiring treatment; and 			
2 Patient has a ECOG performance status of 0-2; and			
3 Patient has received one prior line of chemotherapy; and			
4 Patient's disease relapsed or was refractory following prior che			
5 Bendamustine is to be administered in combination with gemc		ne (BeGeV	 at a maximum dose of no
greater than 90 mg/m2 twice per cycle, for a maximum of four	cycles.		
Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.			
BUSULFAN			
Tab 2 mg	89.25	100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
CARMUSTINE			
Inj 100 mg vial	1,387.00	1	BiCNU
			Bicnu Heritage
CHLORAMBUCIL			
Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	145.00	50	Cyclonex
	79.00		Endoxan
	158.00	100	Procytox
Inj 1 g vial - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	/1.25	1	Endoxan
(Endoxan Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)			
Procytox Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)			
FOSFAMIDE			
Inj 1 g vial		1	Holoxan
Inj 2 g vial	180.00	1	Holoxan
OMUSTINE			
Cap 10 mg		20	Ceenu
Cap 40 mg	399.15	20	Ceenu
MELPHALAN			
Tab 2 mg			
Inj 50 mg vial			
THIOTEPA			
Inj 15 mg vial			
Inj 100 mg vial			
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE			
Inj 15,000 iu vial	161.01	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate

Cosmegen

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]
Inj 0.5 mg vial255.00

Direct		Durand au
Price (ex man. excl.	CCT	Brand or Generic
(ex man. exc. \$	Per	Manufacturer
	1 01	Wandidetarer
DAUNORUBICIN		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial149.50	0 1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial11.50	0 1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 50 mg vial		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial23.00	0 1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		Doxorubicin Ebewe
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	0 1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		Epirubicin Ebewe
, , ,	0 1	Epirubioni Ebewe
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE	•	
Inj 5 mg vial93.00		Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial198.00	0 1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C		
Inj 20 mg vial	0 1	Teva
MITOZANTRONE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	0 1	Mitozantrone Ebewe
·· j = ··· g · · ····, · · · ····		

Antimetabolites

AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1418)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
 - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndrome resulting from chemical injury or prior treatment with chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and
- 4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression, and; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

CAPECITABINE

Tab 150 mg - 1% D	OV Jul-20 to 2022	10.00	60	Capercit
Tab 500 mg - 1% D	OV Jul-20 to 2022	49.00	120	Capercit

	Price	Γ\	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	Per	Generic Manufacturer
CLADRIBINE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	749.96	1	Leustatin
CYTARABINE		•	
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	400.00	5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		5 1	Pfizer
	41.30	'	FIIZEI
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 10 mg		20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	576.45	5	Fludarabine Ebewe
FLUOROURACIL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	12.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	30.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
SEMCITABINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2023	15.89	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
, 0,		•	
MERCAPTOPURINE	27.00	O.F.	Duri nothal
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		25	Puri-nethol
Oral suspension 20 mg per ml	428.00	100 ml	Allmercap
→ Restricted (RS1635)			
nitiation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per d	ay.		
Continuation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per d	ay.		
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	9.98	90	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		90	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe	14.61	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	Methotrexate DBL
, , , , ,		Ŭ	Onco-Vial
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	45.00	1	DBL Methotrexate
- •			Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	79.99	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
PEMETREXED - Restricted see terms below			
	60.89	1	Juno Pemetrexed
Ini 100 mg vial		•	
Inj 100 mg vial		1	Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Juno Pemetrexed
		1	Juno Pemetrexed

continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Both:

	F	Price			Brand or
(e	ex man.	excl.	GST)	Per	Generic
		Þ		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
 - 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days.

THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

Other Cytotoxic Agents

AMSACRINE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

Inj 75 mg

ANAGREI IDE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Cap 0.5 mg

ARSENIC TRIOXIDE

BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1725)

Initiation - multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Either:

- 1 The patient has symptomatic multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Generic Manufacturer
DACARBAZINE			
Inj 200 mg vial	62.70	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE			
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	7.90	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)			
Inj 100 mg vial	40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA [HYDROXYCARBAMIDE]			
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-21 to 2023	23.82	100	Devatis
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	71.44	1	Irinotecan Actavis 100
LENALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below			
Cap 5 mg	5 122 76	28	Revlimid
■ Cap 10 mg		21	Revlimid
	6,207.00	28	Revlimid
	5,429.39	21	Revlimid
	7,239.18	28	Revlimid
	7,627.00	21	Revlimid
⇒ Restricted (RS1836)			

→ Restricted (RS1836)

Initiation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- 2 Patient has not previously been treated with lenalidomide; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation - Relapsed/refractory disease

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed symptomatic multiple myeloma and has undergone first-line treatment that included an autologous stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has at least a stable disease response in the first 100 days after transplantation; and
- 3 Lenalidomide maintenance is to be commenced within 6 months of transplantation; and

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

4 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 15 mg/day.

Continuation – Maintenance following first-line autologous stem cell transplant (SCT)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

OLAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 100 mg3,701.00	56	Lynparza
	Tab 150 mg	56	Lynparza

→ Restricted (RS1722)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation; and
- 3 Patient has received at least two lines of previous treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 4 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease progression occurring at least 6 months after the last dose of the penultimate line of platinum-based chemotherapy; and
- 5 Patient's disease must have achieved partial or complete response to treatment with the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 6 Patient's disease has not progressed following prior treatment with olaparib; and
- 7 Treatment will be commenced within 8 weeks of the patient's last dose of the immediately preceding platinum-based regimen; and
- 8 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 9 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment; and
- 4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other chemotherapy.

Note: *Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-grade serous features or a high-grade serous component.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1788)

Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol.

Initiation - Lymphoma

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has lymphoma requiring L-asparaginase containing protocol (e.g. SMILE).

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

Can 50 mg

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

	- ap - o - · · g	-	
ΤE	MOZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below		
t	Cap 5 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 20229.13	5	Temaccord
t	Cap 20 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	5	Temaccord
t	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 202235.98	5	Temaccord
t	Cap 140 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	5	Temaccord
t	Cap 250 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	5	Temaccord

→ Restricted (RS1645)

Initiation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or
 - 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
- 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day.

980 00

50

Natulan

Continuation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has glioblastoma multiforme; and
 - 1.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
 - 2.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
 - 2.3 Adjuvant temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 24 months.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

of 200 mg/m² per day; and

4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Initiation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

Continuation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THALIDOMIDE	 Restricted see terms 	he	low

1	Cap 50 mg378.00	28	Thalomid
1	Cap 100 mg756.00	28	Thalomid
_	Restricted (RS1192)		

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or
- 3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

TRETINOIN

Cap 10 mg	479.50	100	Vesanoid
VENETOCLAX - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg	1,771.86	42	Venclexta
	95.78	14	Venclexta
	239.44	7	Venclexta
	8,209.41	120	Venclexta
Postricted (DC1710)			

→ Restricted (RS1713)

Initiation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 7 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Patient has received at least one prior therapy for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

Initiation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion by FISH testing or TP53 mutation by sequencing; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation* Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Platinum Compounds

CARBOPLATIN Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial	45.20	1	Carboplatin Ebewe
CISPLATIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	19.70	1	DBL Cisplatin
OXALIPLATIN Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	46.32	1	Oxaliplatin Accord

Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors

ALECTINIB – Restricted see terms below		
■ Cap 150 mg	0 224	Alecensa
Destricted (D04740)		

→ Restricted (RS1712) Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyrosine kinase gene rearrangement using an appropriate ALK test: and

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria; and
- 2 The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

DASATINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 20 mg3,774	.06 6	0	Sprycel
	Tab 50 mg6,214		0	Sprycel
	Tab 70 mg		0	Sprycel
	Restricted (RS1685)			. ,

Initiation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis or accelerated phase; and
 - 1.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoid leukaemia (Ph+ ALL); and
 - 2.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase; and
 - 3.2 Maximum dose of 100 mg/day; and
 - 3.3 Any of the following:
 - 3.3.1 Patient has documented treatment failure* with imatinib; or
 - 3.3.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; or
 - 3.3.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML defined by the Sokal or EURO scoring system; or
 - 3.3.4 Patients is enrolled in the KISS study** and requires dasatinib treatment according to the study protocol.

Continuation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib*; and
- 2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum dasatinib dose of 140 mg/day for accelerated or blast phase CML and Ph+ ALL, and 100 mg/day for chronic phase CML.

Note: *treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines. **Kinase-Inhibition Study with Sprycel Start-up https://www.cancertrialsnz.ac.nz/kiss/

ERLOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

	ECTIVID RESTRICT SEC TOTAL BOOM		
t	Tab 100 mg764.00	30	Tarceva
t	Tab 150 mg1,146.00	30	Tarceva

→ Restricted (RS1804)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1805)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Pe	Manufacturer

IMATINIB MESILATE

The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) is fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST only, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule

↓ Tab 100 mg2,400.00 Glivec

⇒ Restricted (RS1402)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable and/or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determined).

Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-21 to 2023	60 30	Imatinib-Rex Imatinib-Rex
LAPATINIB - Restricted see terms below		

70 Tykerb

→ Restricted (RS1828)

Initiation

For continuation use only.

Continuation Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following: 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology);

- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

NII OTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg4,	,680.00	120	Tasigna
t	Cap 200 mg6	,532.00	120	Tasigna
	D 1-1-1-1 (DO4 407)			

⇒ Restricted (RS1437)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, accelerated phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day: and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

PALBOCICLIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 75 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
1	Cap 100 mg4,000.00	21	Ibrance
t	Cap 125 mg	21	Ibrance

→ Restricted (RS1731)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming disease is hormone-receptor positive and HER2-negative; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:

second or subsequent line setting

- 4.1 Disease has relapsed or progressed during prior endocrine therapy; or
- 4.2 Both:

first line setting

- 4.2.1 Patient is amenorrhoeic, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal state; and
- 4.2.2 Fither:
 - 4.2.2.1 Patient has not received prior systemic treatment for metastatic disease; or
 - 4.2.2.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.2.2.1 Patient commenced treatment with palbociclib in combination with an endocrine agent prior to 1 April 2020; and
 - 4.2.2.2.2 Patient has not received prior systemic endocrine treatment for metastatic disease; and
 - 4.2.2.2.3 There is no evidence of progressive disease; and
- 5 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment must be used in combination with an endocrine partner; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg	30	Votrient
t	Tab 400 mg2,669.40	30	Votrient

→ Restricted (RS1198)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

	Price		Brand or
(e	ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive: or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 5 mg2,500.00	56	Jakavi
	Tab 15 mg		Jakavi
t	Tab 20 mg	56	Jakavi
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1726)		

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy; and
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

	Price		Brand or
(e	ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 12.5 mg2,315.38	28	Sutent
t	Cap 25 mg	28	Sutent
	Cap 50 mg	28	Sutent

→ Restricted (RS1806)

Initiation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive: or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

Taxanes

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
 - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

Tunulivo		
DOCETAXEL		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial46.89	1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL		
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial47.30	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-20 to 202324.00	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial26.69	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-20 to 202344.00	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects		
CALCIUM FOLINATE		
Tab 15 mg114.69	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule18.25	5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 7.28	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-20 to 20229.49	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial22.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-19 to 202225.14	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz

DEXRAZOXANE - Restricted see terms below

Ini 500 ma

→ Restricted (RS1695)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediatric haematologist All of the following:

continued...

e.a. Cardioxane

ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS				
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
continued 1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline given as a patient of preater; and 2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetime equivalent or greater; and 3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracycline of the Either: 4.1 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a child of the example of the exam	dose of anthracycline creatment; and or young adult; or ary malignancy.		ed 250mg/m2 doxorubicin Uromitexan Uromitexan Uromitexan	
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	177.45	15 15	Uromitexan Uromitexan	
Vinca Alkaloids				
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	74.52	5 5 5	Hospira DBL Vincristine Sulfate DBL Vincristine Sulfate	
VINORELBINE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	12.00	1 1	Navelbine Navelbine	
Endocrine Therapy ABIRATERONE ACETATE − Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 250 mg → Restricted (RS1807) Initiation Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist Re-assessment required after 6 months All of the following:	4,276.19	120	Zytiga	
Patient has prostate cancer; and Patient has metastases; and Patient's disease is castration resistant; and				

- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
 - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
 - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline: and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BICALLITAMIDE

BICALOTAIVIIDE		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE		
Tab 250 mg119.50	100	Flutamin
FULVESTRANT - Restricted see terms below		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml prefilled syringe	2	Faslodex
⇒ Restricted (RS1732)		

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has oestrogen-receptor positive locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has disease progression following prior treatment with an aromatase inhibitor or tamoxifen for their locally advanced or metastatic disease; and
- 3 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly following loading doses; and
- 4 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment to be given at a dose of 500 mg monthly; and
- 3 No evidence of disease progression.

MEGESTROL ACETATE - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 160 mg	63.53	30	Apo-Megestrol
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	56.87	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.00	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	145.00	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 10 mg vial	1,772.50	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 20 mg vial	2,358.75	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 30 mg vial		1	Sandostatin LAR
Pactriated (DC1909)			

→ Restricted (RS1808)

Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

TAMOXIFFN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	15.00	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-20 to 2023	6.65	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz

Aromatase Inhibitors

ANASTROZOLE Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Apr-21 to 20234.55	30	Anatrole
EXEMESTANE Tab 25 mg14.50	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE Tab 2.5 mg - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024 5.84	30	Letrole

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

Imaging Agents

AMINOLEVLILINIC	ACID HYDROCHI ORIDE	- Restricted see terms below
AIVIIINOLEVOLINIO	AOID HII DAOGHLOAIDE	- nestricted see terris below

→ Restricted (RS1565)

Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN

Cap 25 mg	44.63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg	88.91	50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg	177.81	50	Neoral
Oral lig 100 mg per ml		50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
	49.60	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
■ Cap 1 mg		100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
■ Cap 5 mg		50	Tacrolimus Sandoz

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1651)

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - non-transplant indications*

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and
- 2 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Fusion Proteins

ETANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

	ANLITOLI I HESTITETE SCOTOTTIS DELOW		
t	Inj 25 mg autoinjector - 5% DV Feb-21 to 2024690.00	4	Enbrel
1	Inj 25 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024690.00	4	Enbrel
	Inj 50 mg autoinjector - 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024	4	Enbrel
1	Inj 50 mg syringe - 5% DV Sep-19 to 20241,050.00	4	Enbrel

⇒ Restricted (RS1837)

Initiation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for polyarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or

	Price			Brand or
(ex m	an. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
- 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baselinee; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroguine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Fither:

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- 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
- 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
- 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroillitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
- 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

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Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints;
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

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Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:

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- 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
- 1.1.2 Fither:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules: and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:

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(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
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- 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
- 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
- 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
 - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1202)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen	2	HumiraPen
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe	2	Humira

→ Restricted (RS1838)

Initiation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for polyarticular course JIA: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.3.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Roth:

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- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for oligoarticular course JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had oligoarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Any of the following:
 - 2.3.1 At least 2 active joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 1.5) with poor prognostic features after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.3.3 High disease activity (cJADAS10 score greater than 4) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Continuation - oligoarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Subsidised as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection;
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Fither
 - 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab;
 - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
 - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 150 or less: or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and

2.6 Either:

- 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

2.7 Fither:

- 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
- 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
- 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
- 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

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(ex man. excl	. GST)		Generic
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Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept or secukinumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept or secukinumab to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

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Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

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Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, gastrointestinal, rheumatological, mucocutaneous and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to treatment with infliximab (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, gastrointestinal, rheumatological, mucocutaneous and/or vasculitic symptoms and has experienced intolerable side effects from treatment with infliximab; and

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- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Note: Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's disease. Lancet

1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al, J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from infliximab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses: or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if adalimumab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Fither:

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- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from infliximab; or
- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective: or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old: and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if adalimumab is withdrawn.

Initiation - hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and
- 3 The patient has 3 or more active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae); and
- 4 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application; and
- 5 Following the initial loading doses, adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days.

Continuation - hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and
- 3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1659)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy: or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 12 Fither
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months; or
 - 2.2 Patient has previously* (*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
- 2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
- 3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomography) subfield > 350 micrometers; and
- 5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy.

Continuation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and
- 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction in intra-retinal cysts, central retinal thickness, and sub-retinal fluid); and
- 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy; and
- 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, patient has retrialled with at least one injection of bevacizumab and had no response.

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BASILIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 20 mg vial	2,560.00	1	Simulect
→ Restricted (RS1203)	,		
Initiation			
For use in solid organ transplants.			
BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1691)			
Initiation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis			
Otolaryngologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:			
ŭ			
Maximum of 6 doses; and The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and			
3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.			
Continuation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis			
Otolaryngologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
All of the following:			
1 Maximum of 6 doses; and			
2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and			
3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease re	egrowth as a result of	treatmen	t.
Initiation – ocular conditions			
Either:			
1 Ocular neovascularisation; or			
2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.			
CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1	Erbitux
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1,820.00	1	Erbitux
→ Restricted (RS1613) Initiation			
Medical oncologist			
All of the following:			
Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell ca	ancer of the head and	neck: an	ıd
2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and	and or the meda and	ricon, an	
3 Patient has good performance status; and			
4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.			
INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg.	806.00	1	Remicade
→ Restricted (RS1839)			
Initiation – Graft vs host disease			
Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.			
Initiation – rheumatoid arthritis			
Rheumatologist			
Re-assessment required after 4 months			
All of the following:			

Price		Brand or
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- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept: and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

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Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab; or
 - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept and/or secukinumab for psoriatic arthritis.

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Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Either
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

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- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective: or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Any of the following:

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- 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
- 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
- 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and

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\$ Per Manufacturer

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2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation – ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is greater than or equal to 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Price		Brand or
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Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis: and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plague psoriasis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course: and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

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skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; and

2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease: and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and
 - 2.3 Fither:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- a) Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- b) Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

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Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 8 doses.

MEPOLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg prefilled pen1,638.00	1	Nucala
	Inj 100 mg vial	1	Nucala

→ Restricted (RS1733)

Initiation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Patient must have a diagnosis of severe eosinophilic asthma documented by a respiratory physician or clinical immunologist; and
- 3 Conditions that mimic asthma eg. vocal cord dysfunction, central airway obstruction, bronchiolitis etc. have been excluded; and
- 4 Patient has a blood eosinophil count of greater than 0.5 x 10⁹ cells/L in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Patient must be adherent to optimised asthma therapy including inhaled corticosteroids (equivalent to at least 1000 mcg per day of fluticasone propionate) plus long acting beta-2 agonist, or budesonide/formoterol as part of the single maintenance and reliever therapy regimen, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral corticosteroids: or
 - 6.2 Patient has received continuous oral corticosteroids of at least the equivalent of 10 mg per day over the previous 3 months; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less. Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 52 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation - Severe eosinophilic asthma

Respiratory physician or clinical immunologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Exacerbations have been reduced from baseline by 50% as a result of treatment with mepolizumab; or
 - 2.2 Reduction in continuous oral corticosteroid use by 50% or by 10 mg/day while maintaining or improving asthma control.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OBINUTUZUMAB – Restricted see terms below Inj 25 mg per ml, 40 ml vial	5 910 00	1	Gazvva
⇒ Restricted (RS1550)			Guzyva
Initiation			

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL: and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8.000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe450.00	1	Xolair
t	Inj 150 mg vial450.00	1	Xolair

→ Restricted (RS1652)

Initiation - severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
 - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids: and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation - severe asthma

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

^{*} greater than or equal to $1.5 \times 10^9/L$ and platelets greater than or equal to $75 \times 10^9/L$

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 (\$	Per	Manufacturer

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- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

Initiation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
 - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
 - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response* following 4 doses: or
 - 4.2 Complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

Continuation – severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or
- 2 Both
 - 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and
 - 2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: *Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1551)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1637)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eve: and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1,075.50	2	Mabthera
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,688.30	1	Mabthera

⇒ Restricted (RS1785)

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

1 Both:

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- 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroguine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

1 Any of the following:

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- 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms below

Ţ	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	275.33	2	Riximyo
1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	688.20	1	Riximyo
-	Restricted (RS1847)			

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

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Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive: or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment: and
 - 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
 - 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; or
 - 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia: and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
 - 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
 - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and
- 2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

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Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. Continuation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*: and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

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- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre: or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

He-assessme

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

Both:

- 1 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
 - 2.2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*: and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
- 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and

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3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ABO-incompatible organ transplant

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects: and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 8 weeks

All of the following:

1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and

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- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
 - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; or

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- 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects

Initiation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 x 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Initiation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation – anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and
- 4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Continuation - CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Both:

- 1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
- 2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

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Initiation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has biopsy-proven primary/idiopathic membranous nephropathy*; or
 - 1.2 Patient has PLA2 antibodies with no evidence of secondary cause, and an eGFR of > 60ml/min/1.73m2; and
- 2 Patient remains at high risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease despite more than 3 months of treatment with conservative measures (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Continuation - Membranous nephropathy

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for membranous nephropathy*; and
- 2 Fithe
 - 2.1 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful, but the condition has relapsed, and the patient now requires repeat treatment; or
 - 2.2 Patient achieved partial response to treatment and requires repeat treatment (see Note); and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Notes:

- a) Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.
- b) High risk of progression to end-stage kidney disease defined as > 5g/day proteinuria.
- c) Conservative measures include renin-angiotensin system blockade, blood-pressure management, dietary sodium and protein restriction, treatment of dyslipidaemia, and anticoagulation agents unless contraindicated or the patient has experienced intolerable side effects.
- d) Partial response defined as a reduction of proteinuria of at least 50% from baseline, and between 0.3 grams and 3.5 grams per 24 hours.

Initiation - B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*

Limited to 2 years treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia/lymphoma*; and
- 2 Treatment must be in combination with an intensive chemotherapy protocol with curative intent; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m2 per dose for a maximum of 18 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

SECUKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

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→ Restricted (RS1841)

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a DHB hospital in accordance with the General Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Fither:

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- 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
- 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course: and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab: and

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2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis, second-line biologic

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks initial treatment of secukinumab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-secukinumab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefitted from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 150 mg monthly.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

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Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior secukinumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at doses no greater than 300 mg monthly.

SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg vial	.770.57	1	Sylvant
t	Inj 400 mg vial	3,082.33	1	Sylvant
	Destricted (DO4FOF)			

→ Restricted (RS1525)

Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
1	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
1	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Actemra

→ Restricted (RS1786)

Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

1 All of the following:

- 1.1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1731 trial; and
- 1.2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 1.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg, maximum of 12 mg/kg); or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research Phase I ENABLE trial; and
- 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or CAR T-Cell Related Encephalopathy Syndrome (CRES) associated with the administration of CAR T-cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and
- 2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS and CRES for CAR T-cell therapy (Neelapu et al. Nat Rev Clin Oncol 2018;15:47-62) at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
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Initiation - previous use

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis; or
 - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease; or
 - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis: or
 - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following: 1 The patient 2 Fither:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
 - 3.2.2 Fither:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
 - 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

6 Fither:

- 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
- 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the General Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
- 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
- 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

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- 2.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.4.1 At least 5 active joints and at least 3 joints with limited range of motion, pain or tenderness after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose): or
 - 2.4.2 Moderate or high disease activity (cJADAS10 score of at least 2.5) after a 3-month trial of methotrexate (at the maximum tolerated dose); or
 - 2.4.3 Low disease activity (cJADAS10 score between 1.1 and 2.5) after a 6-month trial of methotrexate.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

ţ	Inj 150 mg vial	1	Herceptin
1	Inj 440 mg vial	1	Herceptin

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1554)

Initiation - Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and

	Price		Brand or
(ex mar	. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

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- 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
- 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TRASTUZUMAB EMTANSINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg vial2,320.00	1	Kadcyla
t	Inj 160 mg vial	1	Kadcyla

→ Restricted (RS1715)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease*; or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
 - 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: *Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	1	Opdivo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial2,629.96	1	Opdivo

→ Restricted (RS1809)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

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(ex man. ex	xcl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 6 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with nivolumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; or
 - 1.2.2 Both:
 - 1.2.2.1 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
 - 1.2.2.2 Patient's disease has not progressed clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documented in patient notes; and
 - 1.3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Measurable disease includes by CT or MRI imaging or caliper measurement by clinical exam. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks. Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
 must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1810)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 6 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that funded treatment with pembrolizumab will not be continued if their disease progresses.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; or
 - 122 Roth
 - 1.2.2.1 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
 - 1.2.2.2 Patient's disease has not progressed clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documented in patient notes; and
 - 1.3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and

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	\$	Per	Manufacturer

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2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Measurable disease includes by CT or MRI imaging or caliper measurement by clinical exam. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks. Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
 must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

Other Immunosuppressants

Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule2,351.25	5	ATGAM
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT)		
Inj 25 mg vial		
AZATHIOPRINE		
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 20227.35	60	Azamun
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 20227.60	100	Azamun
Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022199.00	1	lmuran
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms below		
■ Inj 2-8 × 10 ⁸ CFU vial149.37	1	OncoTICE
→ Restricted (RS1206)		
Initiation		
For use in bladder cancer.		
EVEROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below		
■ Tab 5 mg4,555.76	30	Afinitor
■ Tab 10 mg6,512.29	30	Afinitor
→ Restricted (RS1811)		
Initiation		
Neurologist or oncologist		

1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis: and

Re-assessment required after 3 months

2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

continued...

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, more frequent scanning should be performed with new onset of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomiting, or increase in seizure activity.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg35.90	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml187.25	165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial133.33	4	CellCept

PICIBANII

Inj 100 mcg vial

SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 1 mg	100	Rapamune
t	Tab 2 mg	100	Rapamune
t	Oral liq 1 mg per ml		Rapamune

→ Restricted (RS1812)

Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min: or
- · Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis: or
- HUS or TTP: or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- · Significant malignant disease

Initiation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformation*; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Malformations are not adequately controlled by sclerotherapy and surgery; or
 - 2.2 Malformations are widespread/extensive and sclerotherapy and surgery are not considered clinically appropriate; or
 - 2.3 Sirolimus is to be used to reduce malformation prior to consideration of surgery; and
- 3 Patient is being treated by a specialist lymphovascular malformation multi-disciplinary team; and
- 4 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1 (see Note).

Continuation - severe non-malignant lymphovascular malformations*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

1.1 Patient's disease has had either a complete response or a partial response to treatment, or patient has stable

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(ex m	nan. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

disease according to RECIST version 1.1 (see Note); or

- 1.2 Patient's disease has stabilised or responded clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documents in patient notes; and
- 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and
- 3 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47)

Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Nephrologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Evidence of renal angiomyolipoma(s) measuring 3 cm or greater and that have shown interval growth.

Continuation – renal angiomyolipoma(s) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of renal angiomyolipoma reduction or stability by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or ultrasound; and
- 2 Demonstrated stabilisation or improvement in renal function; and
- 3 The patient has not experienced angiomyolipoma haemorrhage or significant adverse effects to sirolimus treatment; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation – refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has epilepsy with a background of documented tuberous sclerosis complex*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Vigabatrin has been trialled and has not adequately controlled seizures; and
 - 2.1.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least two of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Vigabatrin is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2.2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with at least three of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam, carbamazepine, lamotrigine, phenytoin sodium, and lacosamide (see Note); and
- 3 Seizures have a significant impact on quality of life; and
- 4 Patient has been assessed and surgery is considered inappropriate for this patient, or the patient has been assessed and would benefit from mTOR inhibitor treatment prior to surgery.

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment, which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patients age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug, with good evidence of adherence. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

	Price			Brand or
(ex	man. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation – refractory seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex*

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

demonstrated significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate (e.g. 50% reduction in seizure frequency) or severity and/or patient quality of life compared with baseline prior to starting sirolimus treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antiallergy Preparations

Allergic Emergencies

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

Firazyr

→ Restricted (RS1501)

Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Allergy Desensitisation

BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- **VFNOX** VENOX
- → Restricted (RS1117)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- ▼ Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1118)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1119)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS' \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Allergy Prophylactics			
BUDESONIDE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023 Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		200 dose 200 dose	SteroClear SteroClear
FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	1.98	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% – 1% DV Apr-21 to 2023 SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%	5.23	15 ml	Univent
Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		100 200 ml	Zista Histaclear
Tab 60 mg Tab 120 mg Tab 180 mg			
LORATADINE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-21 to 2022		100 100 ml 120 ml	Lorafix Haylor Syrup Lorfast
(Lorfast Oral liq 1 mg per ml to be delisted 1 September 2021) PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	1.89 2.69	50 50 100 ml 5	Allersoothe Allersoothe Allersoothe Hospira
Anticholinergic Agents			
IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-20 to	2022 11.73	20	Univent
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Age	onists		
SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per dos Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024		20	Duolin

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents

GLYCOPYRRONIUM

Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised tiotropium or umeclidinium.

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE

Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or umeclidinium.

UMFCI IDINIUM

Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or tiotropium bromide.

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted (RS1518)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg......81.00 30 dose Ultibro Breezhaler

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL - Restricted see terms above

UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms above

Antifibrotics

NINTEDANIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 100 mg	2,554.00	60	Ofev
1	Cap 150 mg	3.870.00	60	Ofev

→ Restricted (RS1813)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Pe	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

FPIRFENIDONE − Restricted see terms below I Tab 267 mg 1,215.00 90 Esbriet I Tab 801 mg 3,645.00 90 Esbriet I Cap 267 mg 3,645.00 270 Esbriet

(Esbriet Cap 267 mg to be delisted 1 January 2022)

⇒ Restricted (RS1814)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists			
SALBUTAMOL	00.00	450	Manufallia.
Oral liq 400 mcg per ml Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	20.00	150 ml	Ventolin
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	3.80 6.00		SalAir Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2 Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2			Asthalin Asthalin
TERBUTALINE SULPHATE Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation, 200 mcg per dose (equivalent to 250 mcg			
metered dose), breath activated	22.20	120 dose	Bricanyl Turbuhaler
Cough Suppressants			
PHOLCODINE Oral liq 1 mg per ml – 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022	3.09	200 ml	AFT Pholcodine Linctus BP
Decongestants			
OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml			
PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 60 mg			
SODIUM CHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray isotonic			
SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE Soln for nasal irrigation			
XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Aqueous nasal spray 0.05% Aqueous nasal spray 0.1% Nasal drops 0.05%			

Inhaled Corticosteroids

Nasal drops 0.1%

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
•	9.30		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose	12.50	200 dose	Beclazone 100
	15.50		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	22 67	200 dose	Beclazone 250

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per		Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
BUDESONIDE Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose				
FLUTICASONE Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose — 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023 Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose — 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023 Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose — 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023 Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose	8.67 13.87 13.60 24.62	120 dose 60 dose 60 dose 120 dose 120 dose 60 dose	Flixotide Flixotide Accuhaler Flixotide Accuhaler Flixotide Flixotide Flixotide Flixotide Accuhaler	
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists				
MONTELUKAST Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	4.25	28 28 28	Montelukast Mylan Montelukast Mylan Montelukast Mylan	
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists				
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose				
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE Powder for inhalation 4.5 mcg per dose, breath activated (equivale eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg metered dose)	ent to			
INDACATEROL Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose	61.00 61.00	30 dose 30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler Onbrez Breezhaler	
SALMETEROL Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		120 dose 60 dose	Serevent Serevent Accuhaler	
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adre	enoceptor Ago	nists		
BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg Powder for inhalation 160 mcg with 4.5 mcg eformoterol fumarate dose (equivalent to 200 mcg budesonide with 6 mcg eformote fumarate metered dose) Powder for inhalation 320 mcg with 9 mcg eformoterol fumarate pcdose (equivalent to 400 mcg budesonide with 12 mcg eformoterol fumarate metered dose) FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL	rol 41.50 er erol	120 dose	DuoResp Spiromax DuoResp Spiromax	
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg	44.08	30 dose	Breo Ellipta	

(ex	Price man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg – 1% DV Sep-20 to 20 Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg		120 dose 60 dose	Seretide Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023		120 dose 60 dose	Seretide Seretide Accuhaler

Mast Cell Stabilisers

NEDOCROMIL

Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose

(Any Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose to be delisted 1 September 2021)

SODIUM CROMOGLICATE

Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose

(Any Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose to be delisted 1 November 2021)

Methylxanthines

AMINOPHYLLINE		
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule180.00	5	DBL Aminophylline
CAFFEINE CITRATE		
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml) - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 15.10	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV		
Nov-19 to 2022	5	Biomed
THEOPHYLLINE		
Tab long-acting 250 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 202223.02	100	Nuelin-SR
Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	500 ml	Nuelin
, ,		

Mucolytics and Expectorants

DORNASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1787)

Initiation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Patient has previously undergone a trial with, or is currently being treated with, hypertonic saline; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has required one or more hospital inpatient respiratory admissions in the previous 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 exacerbations due to CF, requiring oral or intravenous (IV) antibiotics in in the previous 12 month period; or
 - 3.3 Patient has had 1 exacerbation due to CF, requiring oral or IV antibiotics in the previous 12 month period and a Brasfield score of < 22/25; or</p>
 - 3.4 Patient has a diagnosis of allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA).

Continuation - cystic fibrosis

Respiratory physician or paediatrician

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient continues to benefit from treatment.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

Initiation - pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

IVACAFTOR - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 150 mg29	.386.00	56	Kalydeco
	Oral granules 50 mg, sachet29			Kalydeco
	Oral granules 75 mg, sachet			Kalydeco
	Destricted (DC1010)	,		,

→ Restricted (RS1818)

Initiation

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with cystic fibrosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient must have G551D mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene on at least 1 allele: or
 - 2.2 Patient must have other gating (class III) mutation (G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N and S549R) in the CFTR gene on at least 1 allele; and
- 3 Patients must have a sweat chloride value of at least 60 mmol/L by quantitative pilocarpine iontophoresis or by Macroduct sweat collection system; and
- 4 Treatment with ivacaftor must be given concomitantly with standard therapy for this condition; and
- 5 Patient must not have an acute upper or lower respiratory infection, pulmonary exacerbation, or changes in therapy (including antibiotics) for pulmonary disease in the last 4 weeks prior to commencing treatment with ivacaftor; and
- 6 The dose of ivacaftor will not exceed one tablet or one sachet twice daily; and
- 7 Applicant has experience and expertise in the management of cystic fibrosis.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Pulmonary Surfactants

BERACTANT

Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial

PORACTANT ALFA

Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial	425.00	1	Curosurf
Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial	695.00	1	Curosurf

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations				
Antibacterials				
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 1% DV May-20 to 2022 Ear drops 0.5%			5 g	Devatis
Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		.1.54	10 ml	Chlorafast
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% - 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024		.9.73	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%				
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%		11.40	5 ml	Genoptic
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%				
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%		.5.29	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%				
TOBRAMYCIN Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%			3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals				
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%				
Antivirals				
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024		14.88	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations				
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		16.30	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramici 50 mcg per ml	din			
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulp		HATE		
6,000 u per g Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b			3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN Evo dropp 0.1% with tobropying 0.3%			5 ml	Maxitrol Tobradex
Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%		12.04	5 ml	TUDIAUEX



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIQQUINOL

Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NYSTATIN

Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and

Anti-Inflammatory Preparations

Corticosteroids

DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	5 ml	Maxidex
	1	Ozurdex

→ Restricted (RS1606)

Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
 - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema: and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

		<u> </u>	
	Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1%	3.09	5 ml	FML
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1%	 7.00	5 ml	Pred Forte
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)	5.93 38.50	10 ml 20 dose	Prednisolone- AFT Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1% – 5% DV Nov-21 to 2024 KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5% NEPAFENAC	 8.80	5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Eye drops 0.3%	 13.80	3 ml	llevro
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05%			
LODOXAMIDE Eye drops 0.1% OLOPATADINE	 8.71	10 ml	Lomide
Eye drops 0.1% - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2022	 2.20	5 ml	Olopatadine Teva
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Eye drops 2% - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	 1.79	5 ml	Rexacrom
Decongestants			
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1%	 4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations			
Diagnostic Dyes			
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose LISSAMINE GREEN Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg	 125.00	12	Fluorescite
ROSE BENGAL SODIUM Ophthalmic strips 1%			

(e)	Price x man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Irrigation Solutions			
MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloriound 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloriound 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloriound 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bag Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloriound 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium 0.03%, potassium 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium 0.075%, sodium 0.0	m 5.00 de m de m	15 ml	Balanced Salt Solution e.g. Balanced Salt Solution e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle		500 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
Ocular Anaesthetics			
OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Viscoelastic Substances			
HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	50.00	1 1	Healon GV Healon GV
Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		1 1	Healon 5 Healon
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN S Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syring and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml	SULPHATE		
syringe	e nl	1	Duovisc
syringe Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syring		1 1	Duovisc Viscoat
Other			

DISODIUM EDETATE

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

			SE	NSORY ORGANS
	-	Price excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1% Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500				
Glaucoma Preparations				
Beta Blockers				
BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25% Eye drops 0.5%			5 ml 5 ml	Betoptic S Betoptic
TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.25% – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Dec-20 to 2023 Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming		2.04	5 ml 5 ml 2.5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Arrow-Timolol Timoptol XE
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors				
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mgInj 500 mg		. 17.03	100	Diamox
BRINZOLAMIDE Eye drops 1% – 5% DV Sep-21 to 2024 DORZOLAMIDE		7.30	5 ml	Azopt
Eye drops 2%				
DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% – 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024		2.73	5 ml	Dortimopt

	-	•			•		
n	л	ı	^	н	1	•	S

ACETYLCHOL	INIT OLI	ODIDE
ACETYLUNUL	IINE CHL	ORIDE

Inj 20 mg vial with diluent

CARBACHOL

Inj 150 mcg vial

Eye drops 2%	5 15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 2%, single dose		
Eve drops 4% 7.99	15 ml	Isopto Carpine

15 ml

Isopto Carpine

Prostaglandin Analogues

1 103tagianam Analogues		
BIMATOPROST		
Eye drops 0.03%	3 ml	Bimatoprost Multichem
LATANOPROST		
Eye drops 0.005%	2.5 ml	Teva
LATANOPROST WITH TIMOLOL		
Eye drops 0.005% with timolol 0.5% – 1% DV Sep-21 to 2023 2.49	2.5 ml	Arrow - Lattim

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RAVOPROST			
Eye drops 0.004% - 5% DV Dec-21 to 2024	 9.75	2.5 ml	Travatan
	7.30	5 ml	Travopt
Fravopt Eye drops 0.004% to be delisted 1 December 2021)			
Sympathomimetics			
PRACLONIDINE	40.77		
Eye drops 0.5%	 .19.//	5 ml	lopidine
RIMONIDINE TARTRATE			
Eye drops 0.2% – 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	 4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
RIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL			
Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5%			
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
TROPINE SULPHATE			
Eye drops 0.5%			
Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Eye drops 1% - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023	 17.36	15 ml	Atropt
YCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	0.70	45	Oveleand
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose	 8./6	15 ml	Cyclogyl
ROPICAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.5%	7 15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	 7.10	10 1111	Mydnacyi
Eye drops 1%	 8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1%, single dose			,,
Sympathomimetics			
HENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Eye drops 2.5%, single dose			
Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			
ARBOMER			
Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose	 8.25	30	Poly Gel
Ophthalmic gel 0.2%	 0.=0		,
ARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE			
Eye drops 0.5%			
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose			
Eye drops 1%			
Eye drops 1%, single dose			
YPROMELLOSE			
I F HOWELLOSE			

Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%	15 ml	Poly-Tears
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, single dose4.30 PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN	24	Systane Unit Dose
Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3% PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
RETINOL PALMITATE Oint 138 mcg per g	5 g	VitA-POS
Eye drops 1 mg per ml - 5% DV Jan-22 to 2024	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings

Antidotes

ACETYLCYSTEINE

Tab eff 200 mg

AMYL NITRITE

Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

ETHANOL Liq 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 5 q vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Ini 20%. 500 ml bottle

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN

Inj 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

28

Exiade

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Ini 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CHARCOAL

	Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DE	FERASIROX - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 125 mg dispersible	276.00	28	Exjade
t	Tab 250 mg dispersible	552.00	28	Exjade

⇒ Restricted (RS1444)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels. liver or cardiac MRI T2*: or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis: or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per µL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 - 1.0 cells per uL).

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels. .

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 500 mg	533.17	100	Ferriprox
t	Oral liq 100 mg per ml	266.59	250 ml	Ferriprox

⇒ Restricted (RS1445)

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE

Inj 500 mg vial	84.53	10	DBL Desferrioxamine
			Mesylate for Inj BP

DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ DIMERCAPROL Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID Cap 100 mg e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare. Chemet e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Cap 200 mg Healthcare. Chemet SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Ini 200 mg per ml. 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule **Antiseptics and Disinfectants** CHI ORHEXIDINE Soln 4% Soln 5%......15.50 500 ml healthF CHI ORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5% Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5% CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70% Soln 2% with ethanol 70% healthE **IODINE WITH ETHANOL** Soln 1% with ethanol 70% ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL 1 healthE POVIDONE-IODINE Vaginal tab 200 mg → Restricted (RS1354) Initiation Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy. 65 g Betadine 100 ml Riodine Soln 5% Soln 7.5% Riodine 15 ml 500 ml Riodine 5.40 Pad 10% Swab set 10% POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30% Soln 10% with ethanol 70% SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Soln

			VARIOUS
(e:	Price x man. excl. GST	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contrast Media			
Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100	ml		
bottle		100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle		1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			· ·
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL			
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	410.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
	410.00	1	Lipiodoi Oilia Fidid
IODIXANOL	000.00	40	Vision and
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10 10	Visipaque Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
		10	Vioipaquo
IDHEXOL	77.00	10	Omninoquo
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottleInj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle	154.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	298.00	10	Omnipaque
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
BARIUM SULPHATE			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet		50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle		148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube		454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle		250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml 230 ml	Varibar - Nectar
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag	145.04	12	Varibar - Pudding Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2 % w/w), 430 ml bottle		24	VoLumen
Oral lig 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle		24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle		3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle		1	Liquibar
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			•
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 c	1		
cachot	10202	50	E 7 Coc II

E-Z-Gas II

50

	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, a sachet	4 g		e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBENIC ACID			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	324.74	10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe	120.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled	t		
syringe	180.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled			
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADODIAMIDE			
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	200.00	10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	170.00	10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe	320.00	10	Omniscan
GADOTERIC ACID			
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 20 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.30 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			e.g. Clariscan
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe	172.00	10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe		10	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle	9.10	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefil	led		
syringe	300.00	1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE			•
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	150.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
,			=•••p
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial	180.00	1	Definity
, 	720.00	4	Definity
	, _0.00	•	····· ·

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Proveblue

Diagnostic Agents

ARGININE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE

Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial

Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial

Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial

MANNITOI

Powder for inhalation

e.g. Aridol

METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE

Powder 100 mg

SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE

Ini 100 u ampoule

SINCAL IDE

Inj 5 mcg per vial

Diagnostic Dyes

BONNEY'S BLUE DYE

Soln

INDIGO CARMINE

Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

INDOCYANINE GREEN

Inj 25 mg vial

METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE]

ATENT BLUE V			
Ini 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule	440.00	5	Obex Medical

Inj 2.5%, 5 ml prefilled syringe.......420.00 5 InterPharma

Irrigation Solutions

CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 500 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1683)

Initiation

PA

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body surface area (BSA); and

Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule240.35

- 2 For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of large burn areas requiring debridement/skin grafting; and
- 3 The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the area to be covered.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

Pfizer 30

VARIOUS

•	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLYCINE			
Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag	31.20	4	B Braun
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag2	26.80	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule	.7.00	20	Interpharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle		10	Baxter Sodium Chloride 0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi
WATER			
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag2	28.80	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle		10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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Cardioplegia Solutions

ELECTROLYTES

- Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmol/l potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1.000 ml bag
- Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag
- Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml bag
- Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag
- Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag
- Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Ini 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Custodiol-HTK

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.

- e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution
- e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution
- e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832
- e.g. Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solution

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Gene Per Manu

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHLOROFORM Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

COLLODION FLEXIBLE

Lia

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml ampoule

DITHRANOL

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN				
Suspension – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE				
Suspension - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL				
Liq - 1% DV Oct-20 to 2023		.3.23	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
HYDROCORTISONE				
Powder	4	49.95	25 g	ABM
LACTOSE Powder				
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE				
Paste				
MENTHOL Crystals				
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder				
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		.8.98	25 g	Midwest
METHYLCELLULOSE				
Powder - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022			100 g 473 ml	Midwest Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		30 95	473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE		50.00	4701111	Old Biolid Ol
Suspension – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		30.95	473 ml	Ora-Blend
OLIVE OIL Lig				
PARAFFIN Liq				
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM				
Powder				
PHENOL				
Liq				
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder				
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq				
POVIDONE K30				
Powder				
SALICYLIC ACID Powder				
SILVER NITRATE Crystals				
SODIUM BICARBONATE Powder BP - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		10.05	500 g	Midwest

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SULPHUR

Precipitated

Sublimed

SYRUP

Liq (pharmaceutical grade) - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022......14.95 500 ml Midwest

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

UREA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1% ZINC OXIDE

Powder

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

→ Restricted (RS1467)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant: or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- 1 Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted (RS1468)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome: or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia: or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak: or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Liquid 50 q fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle

1 Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Liquigen e.g. MCT Oil

WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liq

Protein

→ Restricted (RS1469)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Either:

- 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or
- 2 High protein needs.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can

Powder 89 g protein, < 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 g, 225 g
can
e.g. Protifar

Other Supplements

BREAST MILK FORTIFIER

Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet

Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet

CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

¶ Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

→ Restricted (RS1212)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.2 Cancer in children; or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth: or
 - 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
 - 2.5 Premature and post premature infants.

e.g. FM 85

e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier

e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer

e.g. Super Soluble
Duocal

SPECIAL FOODS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by Pharmac; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

Pharmac intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder e.g. Feed Thickener
Karicare Aptamil

GUAR GUM

Powder e.g. Guarcol

MAIZE STARCH

Powder e.g. Resource Thicken

Up: Nutilis

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM

Powder e.g. Instant Thick

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID

Powder e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted (RS1232) Initiation

A of the of all a

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g. 400 g can

e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

Maxamaid



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Homocystinuria Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- 1 Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle

- e.g. HCU Anamix Infant
- e.a. XMET Maxamaid
- e.g. XMET Maxamum
- e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ

Isovaleric Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- 1 Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. IVA Anamix Infant
- e.g. XLEU Maxamaid
- e.g. XLEU Maxamum

Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- 1 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

- e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant
- e.g. MSUD Maxamum
- e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior I O

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer Phenylketonuria Products AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restricted see terms on page 237 1 Tab 8.33 mg e.g. Phlexy-10 Powder 20 g protein, 3.8 g carbohydrate and 0.23 g fibre per 28 g sachet e.a. PKU Lophlex Powder (unflavoured) Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g sachet e.a. PKU Anamix Junior (van/choc/unfl) 1 Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can e.g. PKU Anamix Infant Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can e.g. XP Maxamum 1 Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet e.a. Phlexv-10 Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle e.a. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 125 ml PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Orange) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Unflavoured) Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 Liquid 16 a protein, 7 a carbohydrate and 0.27 a fibre per 100 ml. 62.5 ml bottle e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml e.a. Easiphen

Propionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THREONINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on page 237

t	Powder 13.1 g protein, 50.1 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per
	100 g, 400 g can

Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per

100 g, 109 g pot

- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. MMA/PA Anamix Infant
- e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid

e.g. PKU Lophlex Sensations 20 (berries)

e.a. XMTVI Maxamum



	Price			Brand or
(ex m	an. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

Protein Free Supplements

PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 237

1 Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can e.g.Energivit

Tyrosinaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSINE) - Restricted see terms on page 237

1 Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per

100 g, 400 g can

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per

100 ml. 125 ml bottle

e.a. TYR Anamix Junior

e.g. TYR Anamix Infant

e.g. XPHEN, TYR Maxamaid

e.g. TYR Anamix Junior

Urea Cycle Disorders Products

AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 237

1 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can

1 Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can

e.g. Dialamine

e.g. Essential Amino Acid Mix

X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products

GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 237

Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle

GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 237

Liquid, 500 ml bottle

Specialised Formulas

Diabetic Products

→ Restricted (RS1215)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism: or
- 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 6 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	iT) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the	previous page		
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 1,0 bottle	7.50	1,000 ml	Glucerna Select RTH (Vanilla)
t Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 50 bottle	3.75	500 ml	Glucerna Select
1,000 ml bag (Glucerna Select RTH (Vanilla) Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate	and 5.4 a fat per 10	00 ml. 1.000 i	e.g. Nutrison Advanced Diason ml bottle to be delisted 1
September 2021)	and o. r g lat por re	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	THE DOLLIO TO DO GONOLOG T
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the prev	vious page		
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre p			
100 ml, can		237 ml	Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 25		050	Observe Oalast (Vas: 11a)
bottle Liquid 7 g protein, 10.9 g carbohydrate, 2.7 g fat and 2 g fibre per		250 ml	Glucerna Select (Vanilla)
100 ml, bottle		200 ml	Nutren Diabetes (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre pe			(
100 ml, 200 ml bottle			e.g. Diasip
(Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla) Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4	1.4 g fat and 1.9 g f	ibre per 100	ml, can to be delisted 1
February 2022) (Glucerna Select (Vanilla) Liquid 5 q protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5	1 a fat par 100 ml	250 ml hottl	a to be delicted 1
September 2021)	.4 y iai per 100 iiii,	230 IIII DOUI	e to be delisted i
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products			
→ Restricted (RS1216) Initiation Any of the following: 1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. AMINO ACID ORAL FEED − Restricted see terms above			
Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet		80 g	Vivonex TEN
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms abo			
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 2 carton	ou mi		e.g. Elemental 028 Extra
Garton			c.g. Liemeniai 020 Exila

1,000 ml bag

e.g. Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb

1,000 ml

Vital

PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – **Restricted** see terms above **1** Liquid 4 g protein, 17.7 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml,

PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – **Restricted** see terms above Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle....18.06



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100 g,

Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 400 g

e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+

e.g. Peptamen Junior

PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton.........4.95 237 ml Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)

Fat Modified Products

FAT-MODIFIED FFED - Restricted see terms below

Powder 12.8 g protein, 68.6 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Monogen

Powder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g,

e.g. Monogen

(e.g. Monogen Powder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can to be delisted 1 December 2021) → Restricted (RS1470)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or
- 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or
- 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

Hepatic Products

→ Restricted (RS1217)

Initiation

For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant.

HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above

400 a **Heparon Junior**

High Calorie Products

→ Restricted (RS1317)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted: or
- 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Any of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
 - 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
 - 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and
 - 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements.

		PECIAL FOODS
Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page t Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	500 ml	Nutrison Concentrated
100 ml, bottle	1,000 ml	Ensure Two Cal HN RTH TwoCal HN RTH (Vanilla)
(TwoCal HN RTH (Vanilla) Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fib. February 2022)	e per 100 r	nl, bottle to be delisted 1
ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbohydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	200 ml	Two Cal HN
High Protein Products		
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle		e.g. Nutrison Protein
→ Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both:		Plus
 The patient has a high protein requirement; and Any of the following: Patient has liver disease; or Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or Patient is fluid restricted; or Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product 		
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.26 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below ↓ Liquid 10 g protein, 10.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.78 → Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both:	500 ml	Nutrison Protein Intense
1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product		
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms below Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag		e.g. Nutrison Protein
→ Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and		Plus Multi Fibre
2 Any of the following:		

2.1 Patient has liver disease; or

2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or

2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Infant Formulas				

AMINO ACID FORMULA -	Restricted see terms below
----------------------	----------------------------

•	Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbonydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 mi,	
	400 g can	e.g. Neocate

Powder 13 a protein, 49 a carbohydrate and 23 a fat per 100 a, 400 a can e.g. Neocate SYNEO unflavoured

Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, 400 g

Unflavoured Powder 13.3 g protein, 57 g carbohydrate and 24.6 g fat per 100 g, can43.60 400 g Alfamino Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can53.00 400 g Neocate Gold (Unflavoured) Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can53.00 400 a Neocate Junior Vanilla

Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can43.60 400 q Alfamino Junior Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00 400 g Flecare I CP (Unflavoured) Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00 Elecare (Unflavoured) 400 a

Elecare (Vanilla)

e.a. Neocate Junior

→ Restricted (RS1765)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled for 2-4 weeks and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis; or
- 4 Ultra-short gut; or
- 5 Severe Immune deficiency.

Continuation

All of the following:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula; and
- 3 Amino acid formula is required for a nutritional deficit.

ENTERAL LIQUID PEPTIDE FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

1	Liquid 2.75 g protein, 13.7 g carbohydrate and 3.89 g fat per 100 ml10.45	500 ml	Nutrini Peptisorb
1	Liquid 4.2 g protein, 18.6 g carbohydrate and 6.58 g fat per 100 ml15.68	500 ml	Nutrini Peptisorb Energy

→ Restricted (RS1775)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has impaired gastrointestinal function and either cannot tolerate polymeric feeds, or polymeric feeds are unsuitable: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Severe malabsorption; or
 - 2.2 Short bowel syndrome; or
 - 2.3 Intractable diarrhoea: or
 - 2.4 Biliary atresia; or

continued...

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued		

- 2.5 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malabsorption; or
- 2.6 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2.7 Proven fat malabsorption; or
- 2.8 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 2.9 Intestinal failure; or
- 2.10 Both:
 - 2.10.1 The patient is currently receiving funded amino acid formula; and
 - 2.10.2 The patient is to be trialled on, or transitioned to, an enteral liquid peptide formula; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 A semi-elemental or partially hydrolysed powdered feed has been reasonably trialled and considered unsuitable; or
 - 3.2 For step down from intravenous nutrition.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the patient can be transitioned to a cows milk protein or soy infant formula or extensively hydrolysed formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the patient continues to require an enteral liquid peptide formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

	can	900 g	Aptamil AllerPro SYNEO
t	Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g		1

can.......30.42 Aptamil AllerPro SYNEO 900 a 2

Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g, e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti 450 g can Junior

→ Restricted (RS1502)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
 - 2 Severe malabsorption; or
 - 3 Short bowel syndrome: or
 - 4 Intractable diarrhoea; or
 - 5 Biliary atresia; or
 - 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
 - 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or
 - 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
 - 10 Intestinal failure: or
 - 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated allergic reaction.

continued...

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g,

400 g can

e.a. Galactomin 19

LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA

Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

Can

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact

Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

Carr

e.a. S26 Lactose Free

LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 100 g,

400 g can

e.g. Locasol

Powder 14.6 g protein, 55.2 g carbohydrate and 25.8 g fat per 100 g,

400 g can

e.g. Locasol

(e.g. Locasol Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can to be delisted 1 September 2021)

PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre per

100 ml, bottle

......2.35 125 ml Infatrini

⇒ Restricted (RS1614) Initiation – Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering growth

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or
- 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
- 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding.

PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle0.75 100 ml S26 LBW Gold RTF

Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml

Jollie

e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml bottle

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm

→ Restricted (RS1224)

Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

can e.g. Karicare Aptamil
Thickened AR

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Ketogenic Diet Products			
HIGH FAT FORMULA — Restricted see terms below Powder 14.4 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100 g,	can35.50	300 g	Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)
Powder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100 g, Restricted (RS1225)	can35.50	300 g	Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)
nitiation For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficience	v or glucose trans	ported type	e-1 deficiency and other

conditions requiring a ketogenic diet. Paediatric Products

→ Restricted (RS1473)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes of feeding; or
 - 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
 - 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or
 - 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or
 - 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days.

	2.0 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little of hothing for 5 days.		
PA t	EDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per		
	100 ml, bag4.00	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
PA	EDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		
t t	Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag2.68 Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml,	500 ml	Pediasure RTH
	500 ml bag		e.g. Nutrini RTH
PA	EDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		•
t	Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per		
	100 ml, bag	500 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
t	Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml,		
	500 ml bag		e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH
PA	EDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		
t	Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 1.07	200 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate)
			Pediasure (Strawberry)
			Pediasure (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, can 1.34	250 ml	Pediasure (Vanilla)
PA	EDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		
t	Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml,		
	200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortini
t	Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per		
	100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortini Multifibre

		Price . excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Renal Products				
LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted se	e terms	below		
↓ Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fib per 100 ml, bottle → Restricted (RS1229) Initiation		6.08	500 ml	Nepro HP RTH
For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.				
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED − Restricted see terms below Powder 7.5 g protein, 57.6 g carbohydrate and 25.9 g fat per 100 g 400 g can	,			e.g. Kindergen
⇒ Restricted (RS1227)				
Initiation For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML				
Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre 100 ml, carton	•	2.67	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
→ Restricted (RS1228)				
Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.				
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see term Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, car		3.31	237 ml	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 23	7 ml			
bottle ↓ Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 128 carton → Restricted (RS1228)	5 ml			e.g. Renilon 7.5
Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.				
,				
Surgical Products				
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms b Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydrate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g fibre pe 100 ml, carton	r	4.00	178 ml	Impact Advanced Recovery
→ Restricted (RS1231)				Hoodvory
Initiation Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted		• .		
■ Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200				•
bottle → Restricted (RS1415)		6.80	4	preOp
Initiation Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (Elsurgery.	RAS) pro	otocol 2 to 3	hours befo	ore major abdominal

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

Any of the following:

For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or
 - 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
 - 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or

causes such as catabolism; or For use pre- and post-surgery; or For patients being tube-fed; or For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition real real real real real real real real	n; or	Traditional fleeds from
ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g f 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag		Nutrison Energy e.g. Nutrison Energy
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2	100 ml, bag7.00 1,000 ml g fibre per	Multi Fibre Ensure Plus HN Ensure Plus HN RTH Jevity HiCal RTH
ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 100 ml, bottle	0 ml, bottle5.29 1,000 ml g fibre per5.29 1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH Jevity RTH
1,000 ml bag	J IIII,	e.g. NutrisonStdRTH; NutrisonLowSodium
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 1,000 ml bottle		e.g. Nutrison Low Sodium
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g f 100 ml, 1000 ml bag ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above	ïbre per	e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre
Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see		e.g. Jevity Plus RTH
t Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g	fibre per	Nutrison 800 Complete Multi Fibre

SPECIAL FOODS

		D 1
Price	`T\	Brand or Generic
(ex man. excl. GS	Per	Manufacturer
	1 01	manadataror
ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate)
A B C C C C C C C C C C		Ensure (Vanilla)
Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can14.00	840 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Choc) Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Van)
ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page		()
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,		
237 ml carton		e.g. Resource Fruit
237 IIII Callon		Beverage
ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can 1.33	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,	000 1	E DI (D.)
carton1.26	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortijuice
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml		- ,
bottle		e.g. Fortisip
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per		- '
100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Bacterial and Viral Vaccines

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe

→ Restricted (RS1387)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens;
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE $\,-\,$

Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin, 8 mcg pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepatitis B

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for children up to and under the age of 10 who are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

Bacterial Vaccines

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial

Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ DIPHTHERIA. TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagglutinin and 2.5 mcg Boostrix 1 10 **Boostrix** → Restricted (RS1790) Initiation Any of the following: 1 A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trimester of each pregnancy; or; or 2 A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants admitted to a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit or Specialist Care Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed to maternal vaccination at least 14 days prior to birth; or; or 3 A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation: or 4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or 5 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 65 years old; or 6 A single dose for vaccination of patients aged from 45 years old who have not had 4 previous tetanus doses; or 7 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or 8 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or 9 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below ■ Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjugated to tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syringe plus0.00 1 Hiberix → Restricted (RS1520) Initiation Therapy limited to 1 dose Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician. MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 4 mcg of each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial -Menactra → Restricted (RS1848) Initiation Fither: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant;

continued...

1.2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.3 One dose for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 1.4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 1.5 A maximum of two doses for person pre and post-immunosuppression*: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Fither:
 - 2.2.1 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
 - 2.2.2 One dose for individuals who are currently living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons, from 1 December 2019 to 30 November 2021.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL B MULTICOMPONENT VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1851)

Initiation - Infants under one year of age

Any of the following:

- 1 up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 2 up to three doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to three doses for child who or has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to three doses for bone marrow transplant patients: or
- 5 up to three doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Initiation - Person is one year of age or over

Any of the following:

- 1 up to two doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post-splenectomy and for patients with functional or anatomic asplenia, HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), or pre- or post-solid organ transplant; or
- 2 up to two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 up to two doses for person who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 up to two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 up to two doses for person pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Note: *Immunosuppression due to corticosteroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1849)

Initiation - Children under 9 months of age

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
- 2 Two doses for close contacts of meningococcal cases of any group; or
- 3 Two doses for child who has previously had meningococcal disease of any group; or
- 4 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 5 A maximum of two doses for child pre- and post-immunosuppression*.

Notes: children under nine months of age require two doses 8 weeks apart. Refer to the Immunisation Handbook for booster schedules with meningococcal ACWY vaccine.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

Synflorix

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9V.

14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 4,

18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - **0% DV Oct-20 to 2024** 0.00

→ Restricted (RS1768)

Initiation

A primary course of three doses for previously unvaccinated individuals up to the age of 59 months inclusive.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A,

⇒ Restricted (RS1769)

Initiation - High risk children who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Two doses are funded for high risk children (over the age of 12 months and under 18 years) who have previously received two doses of the primary course of PCV10.

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for children aged under 5 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies: or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection; or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts: or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks destation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes: or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk adults and children 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation of patients 5 years and over with HIV, for patients pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1587)

Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts: or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes: or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1243)

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines

HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1638)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or
- 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE



Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1588)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse: or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For solid organ transplant patients: or
- 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or
- 10 Following needle stick injury.
- **Engerix-B**

→ Restricted (RS1671)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients: or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients: or
- 10 Following needle stick injury; or
- 11 For dialysis patients; or
- 12 For liver or kidney transplant patients.

HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VACCINE [HPV] - Restricted see terms below

10 Gardasil 9

→ Restricted (RS1693)

Initiation - Children aged 14 years and under

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Children aged 14 years and under.

Initiation - other conditions

Either:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or
 - 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) patients; or
 - 2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

continued...

				VACCINES
		Price excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Initiation – Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis All of the following:				
 1 Either: 1.1 Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and ur 1.2 Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and o 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and 				
3 The patient has not previously had an HPV vaccine.				
INFLUENZA VACCINE Inj 30 mcg in 0.25 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine)		9.00	1	Afluria Quad Junior (2021 Formulation)
→ Restricted (RS1675) Initiation – cardiovascular disease for patients aged 6 months to 3: Any of the following:	5 month	s		,
1 Ischaemic heart disease; or 2 Congestive heart failure; or 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or 4 Congenital heart disease; or				
5 Cerebro-vascular disease. Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-orgal Initiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients aged 6 months			I from fu	nding.
Either: 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.				
Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded fro Initiation – Other conditions for patients aged 6 months to 35 months		g.		
Any of the following: 1 Diabetes; or				
2 Chronic renal disease; or3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not in4 Autoimmune disease; or	nvasive;	or		
5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or 6 HIV; or				
 7 Transplant recipient; or 8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or 9 Haemoglobinopathies; or 				
10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or 11 Has a cochlear implant; or				
12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation13 Pre and post splenectomy; or14 Down syndrome; or	; or			
15 Child who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a h	nistory of	significant r	espirato	ry illness.
Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (adjuvanted quadrivalent vaccine)		.90.00	10	Fluad Quad (2021 Formulation)
Restricted (RS1819)				

Initiation – People over 65 The patient is 65 years of age or over.

1

Influvac Tetra

(2021 Formulation)

Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine)......9.00

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1829)

Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients 3 and 4 years of age (inclusive)

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease: or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease: or
- 4 Congenital heart disease: or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients 3 and 4 years of age (inclusive)

Fither:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions for patients 3 and 4 years of age (inclusive)

Either:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes: or
 - 1.2 Chronic renal disease; or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease: or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 1.6 HIV: or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
 - 1.15 Has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital..
- Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (quadrivalent vaccine)......90.00

10 Afluria Quad

(2021 Formulation)

→ Restricted (RS1830)

Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients 5 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure: or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease: or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

continued...

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - chronic respiratory disease for patients 5 years and over

Fither:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions for patients 5 years and over

Fither:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes: or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease: or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency: or
 - 1.6 HIV; or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient: or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders: or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies: or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome: or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital.

MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

¶ Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50.

Rubella virus 1.000 CCID50: prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent

Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression: or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.

Initiation - first dose after 12 months

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression: or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

POLIOMYFLITIS VACCINF - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1398)

Initiation

Either:

Therapy limited to 3 doses

continued...



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

RABIES VACCINE

Ini 2.5 IU vial with diluent

ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose,

10 Rotarix

→ Restricted (RS1590) Initiation

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and
- 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over.

VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE]

Varivax 10 Varivax

→ Restricted (RS1591)

Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Fither:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1777)

Initiation - infants between 9 and 12 months of age

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

■ Varicella zoster virus (Oka strain) live attenuated vaccine [shingles

Zostavax

10 Zostavax

⇒ Restricted (RS1779)

Initiation - people aged 65 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged 65 years.

Initiation - people aged between 66 and 80 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged between 66 and 80 years inclusive from 1 April 2018 and 31 December 2021.

Diagnostic Agents

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST

PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at schedule.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips20.00 10.00	1	CareSens N Premier Caresens N Caresens N POP
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP		
Blood glucose test strips10.56	50 test	CareSens N
Test strips	50 test	CareSens PRO
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP		
Test strips	10 strip	KetoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic		
test strips20.00	1	CareSens Dual
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE		
Small	1	e-chamber Mask
PEAK FLOW METER		
Low Range	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low Range
Normal Range9.54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE		
Cassette	40 test	Smith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE		,
Test strip22.00	50 strip	Ketostix
SPACER DEVICE		
220 ml (single patient)2.95	1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)5.12	1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml6.50	1	Volumatic

- Symbols -		Renin-Angiotensin System	40	Amisulpride	120
8-methoxypsoralen	58	Agents for Parkinsonism and Re	elated	Amitriptyline	113
- A -		Disorders	106	Amlodipine	4
A-Scabies	55	Agents Used in the Treatment of	f	Amorolfine	54
Abacavir sulphate	88	Poisonings	224	Amoxicillin	78
Abacavir sulphate with		Ajmaline	42	Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid	7
lamivudine	88	Albendazole	85	Amoxiclav multichem	78
Abciximab	. 158	Aldurazyme	17	Amphotericin B	
Abiraterone acetate	.148	Alecensa	140	Alimentary	2
Acarbose	9	Alectinib	140	Infections	8
Accarb	9	Alendronate sodium	97	Amsacrine	
Accuretic 10	40	Alendronate sodium with		Amyl nitrite	22
Accuretic 20	40	colecalciferol	97	Anabolic Agents	
Acetazolamide	.221	Alfacalcidol	24	Anaesthetics	
Acetec	40	Alfamino	244	Anagrelide hydrochloride	
Acetic acid		Alfamino Junior	244	Analgesics	
Extemporaneously Compounded	l	Alfentanil	111	Anastrozole	
Preparations		Alglucosidase alfa	15	Anatrole	150
Genito-Urinary		Alinia		Andriol Testocaps	
Acetic acid with hydroxyquinoline,		Allersoothe		Androderm	
glycerol and ricinoleic acid	60	Allmercap		Androgen Agonists and	
Acetic acid with propylene		Allopurinol		Antagonists	64
glycol	. 223	Alpha tocopheryl		Anoro Ellipta	
Acetylcholine chloride		Alpha tocopheryl acetate		Antabuse	
Acetylcysteine		Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers		Antacids and Antiflatulents	
Aciclovir		Alphamox		Anti-Infective Agents	
Infections	90	Alphamox 125		Anti-Infective Preparations	
Sensory		Alphamox 250		Dermatological	5
Aciclovir-Baxter		Alprolix		Sensory	21
Acid Citrate Dextrose A		Alprostadil hydrochloride		Anti-Inflammatory Preparations	
Acidex	5	Alteplase		Antiacne Preparations	
Acipimox	48	Alum	232	Antiallergy Preparations	
Acitretin		Aluminium chloride	28	Antianaemics	
Aclasta	98	Aluminium hydroxide	5	Antiarrhythmics	4
Actemra	. 196	Aluminium hydroxide with		Antibacterials	
Actinomycin D	. 132	magnesium hydroxide and		Anticholinergic Agents	20
Adalimumab	.159	simeticone	5	Anticholinesterases	
Adapalene	55	Amantadine hydrochloride	106	Antidepressants	
Adenocor	42	AmBisome	82	Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal	
Adenosine	42	Ambrisentan	50	Anti-Inflammatory Agents	
Adenuric	. 102	Ambrisentan Mylan	50	Antiepilepsy Drugs	
Adrenaline	49	Amethocaine		Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and	
Advantan	57	Nervous	110	Local Sclerosants	2
Advate	31	Sensory	220	Antifibrotics	210
Adynovate	32	Amikacin	74	Antifungals	8
Aerrane	. 107	Amiloride hydrochloride	46	Antihypotensives	4
Afinitor	. 204	Amiloride hydrochloride with		Antimigraine Preparations	
Aflibercept	168	furosemide	46	Antimycobacterials	8
Afluria Quad		Amiloride hydrochloride with		Antinausea and Vertigo Agents	119
(2021 Formulation)	. 258	hydrochlorothiazide	46	Antiparasitics	8
Afluria Quad Junior		Aminolevulinic acid		Antipruritic Preparations	
(2021 Formulation)		hydrochloride		Antipsychotic Agents	120
AFT Pholcodine Linctus BP	.212	Aminophylline	214	Antiretrovirals	
Agents Affecting the		Amiodarone hydrochloride	42	Antirheumatoid Agents	9

Antiseptics and Disinfectants		Arrow-Diazepam	123	Azopt	
Antispasmodics and Other Ager		Arrow-Losartan &		AZT	
Altering Gut Motility		Hydrochlorothiazide		Aztreonam	80
Antithrombotics	32	Arrow-Norfloxacin		- B -	
Antithymocyte globulin		Arrow-Ornidazole		Bacillus calmette-guerin (BCG)	204
(equine)		Arrow-Quinapril 10		Bacillus calmette-guerin	
Antithymocyte globulin (rabbit).		Arrow-Quinapril 20		vaccine	
Antiulcerants	7	Arrow-Quinapril 5		Baclofen	103
Antivirals		Arrow-Roxithromycin		Bacterial and Viral Vaccines	25
Anxiolytics	123	Arrow-Timolol	<mark>22</mark> 1	Bacterial Vaccines	25
Apidra	10	Arrow-Topiramate	118	Balanced Salt Solution	220
Apidra Solostar	10	Arrow-Tramadol	113	Barium sulphate	22
Apo-Azithromycin		Arsenic trioxide	135	Barium sulphate with sodium	
Apo-Ciclopirox		Artemether with lumefantrine	86	bicarbonate	22
Apo-Clarithromycin		Artesunate	86	Barrier Creams and Emollients	5
Apo-Clomipramine		Articaine hydrochloride	108	Basiliximab	170
Apo-Diclo SR		Articaine hydrochloride with		BCG Vaccine	25
Apo-Diltiazem CD		adrenaline	108	BD PosiFlush	
Apo-Doxazosin		Asacol		Beclazone 100	
Apo-Folic Acid		Asamax		Beclazone 250	
Apo-Furosemide		Ascorbic acid		Beclazone 50	
Apo-Gabapentin		Alimentary	24	Beclomethasone dipropionate	
Apo-Megestrol		Extemporaneously Compo		Bee venom	
Apo-Metoprolol	143	Preparations		Bendamustine hydrochloride	
		Aspen Adrenaline		Bendrofluazide	
Apo-Mirtazapine		Aspirin	49	Bendroflumethiazide	40
Apo-Nadolol		Blood	24	[Bendrofluazide]	11
Apo-Oxybutynin					
Apo-Perindopril		Nervous		Benzathine benzylpenicillin	
Apo-Pindolol		Asthalin		Benzatropine mesylate	
Apo-Prazosin		Atazanavir sulphate		Benzbromaron AL 100	
Apo-Prednisone		Atenolol		Benzbromarone	
Apo-Propranolol		Atenolol-AFT		Benzocaine	108
Apo-Pyridoxine		ATGAM		Benzocaine with tetracaine	
Apo-Sumatriptan		Ativan		hydrochloride	
Apomorphine hydrochloride		Atomoxetine		Benzoin	
Apraclonidine		Atorvastatin	47	Benzoyl peroxide	
Aprepitant		Atovaquone with proguanil		Benztrop	
Apresoline		hydrochloride		Benzydamine hydrochloride	2
Aprotinin		Atracurium besylate	103	Benzydamine hydrochloride with	
Aptamil AllerPro SYNEO 1		Atropine sulphate		cetylpyridinium chloride	2
Aptamil AllerPro SYNEO 2	245	Cardiovascular	42	Benzylpenicillin sodium [Penicillin	
Aqueous cream	56	Sensory		G]	
Arachis oil [Peanut oil]	232	Atropt	222	Beractant	21
Aratac	42	Aubagio	125	Beta Cream	5
Arava	97	Augmentin	78	Beta Ointment	
Arginine		Aurorix	114	Beta Scalp	5
Alimentary	15	Avelox	79	Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists	
Various	229	Avonex	125	Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers	4
Argipressin [Vasopressin]		Avonex Pen		Betadine	226
Aripiprazole		Azacitidine		Betahistine dihydrochloride	11
Aripiprazole Sandoz		Azacitidine Dr Reddy's		Betaine	
Aristocort		Azactam		Betaloc CR	4
Arrow - Lattim		Azamun		Betamethasone	
Arrow-Amitriptyline		Azathioprine		Betamethasone dipropionate	
Arrow-Bendrofluazide		Azilect		Betamethasone dipropionate with	
Arrow-Brimonidine		Azithromycin		calcipotriol	58
		·		- and pour of the second	

Betamethasone sodium phosp		Brevinor 1/28		Capecitabine	
with betamethasone acetate		Bricanyl Turbuhaler		Capercit	
Betamethasone valerate	57, 59	Bridion		Capoten	40
Betamethasone valerate with		Brilinta		Capsaicin	
clioquinol		Brimonidine tartrate	222	Musculoskeletal	
Betamethasone valerate with s	sodium	Brimonidine tartrate with		Nervous	
fusidate [Fusidic acid]	58	timolol	222	Captopril	40
Betaxolol	221	Brinzolamide	221	Carbachol	221
Betnovate		Bromocriptine		Carbamazepine	115
Betoptic	221	Brufen SR	104	Carbasorb-X	225
Betoptic S		Budesonide		Carbimazole	
Bevacizumab		Alimentary	<mark>5</mark>	Carbomer	222
Bexsero	253	Respiratory2	09, 213	Carboplatin	
Bezafibrate	47	Budesonide with eformoterol		Carboplatin Ebewe	
Bezalip		Bumetanide		Carboprost trometamol	
Bezalip Retard		Bupafen		Carboxymethylcellulose	
Bicalutamide		Bupafen NRFit		Alimentary	22
Bicillin LA		Bupivacaine hydrochloride		Extemporaneously Compound	
BiCNU		Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	100	Preparations	
Bicnu Heritage		adrenaline	108	Cardinol LA	
Bile and Liver Therapy		Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	100	CareSens Dual	
			100	Caresens N	
Biliscopin		fentanyl	109		
Bimatoprost		Bupivacaine hydrochloride with	400	Caresens N POP	
Bimatoprost Multichem		glucose Burara BNM		CareSens N Premier	
Binarex		Buprenorphine Naloxone BNM		CareSens PRO	
Binocrit		Buprenorphine with naloxone		Carglumic acid	
Biodone		Bupropion hydrochloride		Carmellose sodium with pectin a	nd
Biodone Extra Forte		Burinex		gelatine	
Biodone Forte		Buscopan		Alimentary	
Biotin		Buserelin		Sensory	
Bisacodyl		Buspirone hydrochloride		Carmustine	
Bismuth subgallate		Busulfan	132	Carvedilol	
Bismuth subnitrate and iodofor	m	- C -		Carvedilol Sandoz	
paraffin		Cabergoline	67	Caspofungin	
Bisoprolol fumarate	43	Caffeine	126	Catapres	45
Bisoprolol Mylan	43	Caffeine citrate	214	Ceenu	132
Bivalirudin	32	Calamine	55	Cefaclor	75
Bleomycin sulphate	132	Calci-Tab 500	20	Cefalexin	75
Blood glucose diagnostic test		Calcipotriol	58	Cefalexin Sandoz	75
meter	262	Calcitonin	64	Cefazolin	75
Blood glucose diagnostic test		Calcitriol		Cefepime	
strip	262	Calcitriol-AFT		Cefepime Kabi	
Blood ketone diagnostic test		Calcium carbonate		Cefepime-AFT	
strip	262	Calcium Channel Blockers		Cefotaxime	
Bonney's blue dye		Calcium chloride		Cefotaxime Sandoz	
Boostrix		Calcium folinate		Cefoxitin	
Boric acid		Calcium Folinate Ebewe		Ceftaroline fosamil	
Bortezomib		Calcium Folinate Sandoz		Ceftazidime	
Bortezomib Dr-Reddy's		Calcium gluconate	177	Ceftazidime-AFT	
Bosentan		Blood	27	Ceftriaxone	
				Ceftriaxone-AFT	
Bosentan Dr Reddy's		Dermatological			
Bosvate		Calcium Homeostasis		Cefuroxime	
Botox		Calcium Posserium		Cefuroxime-AFT	
Botulism antitoxin		Calcium Resonium		Celecoxib	
Bplex		Candesartan cilexetil		Celecoxib Pfizer	
Breo Ellipta	213	Candestar	40	Celiprolol	43

CellCept	205	hydrocortisone	217	Preparations	23
Centrally-Acting Agents		Ciproxin HC Otic		Nervous	
Cephalexin ABM		Circadin		Coenzyme Q10	
Cetirizine hydrochloride	209	Cisplatin		Colchicine	10
Cetomacrogol		Citalopram hydrobromide		Colecalciferol	
Cetomacrogol with glycerol		Citanest		Colestimethate	8
Cetrimide		Citrate sodium		Colestipol hydrochloride	4
Cetuximab		Citric acid	232	Colgout	
Charcoal	225	Citric acid with magnesium ox	ide and	Colifoam	
Chemotherapeutic Agents		sodium picosulfate		Colistin sulphomethate	
Chickenpox vaccine		Citric acid with sodium		[Colestimethate]	8
Chlorafast		bicarbonate	228	Colistin-Link	
Chloral hydrate		Cladribine		Collodion flexible	
Chlorambucil		Clarithromycin		Colloidal bismuth subcitrate	
Chloramphenicol		Clexane		Colofac	
Infections	80	Clexane Forte		Colony-Stimulating Factors	
Sensory		Clindamycin		Coloxyl	
Chlorhexidine		Clinect		Compound electrolytes	
Chlorhexidine gluconate		Clinicians Multivit & Mineral		Compound electrolytes with gluce	
Alimentary	22	Boost	22	[Dextrose]	
Extemporaneously Compound		Clinicians Renal Vit		Compound hydroxybenzoate	
Preparations		Clobazam		Compound sodium lactate	
Genito-Urinary		Clobetasol propionate		[Hartmann's solution]	3
Chlorhexidine with		Clobetasone butyrate		Concerta	
cetrimide2	26 229	Clofazimine		Condyline	
Chlorhexidine with ethanol		Clomazol		Contraceptives	
Chloroform		Dermatological	54	Contrast Media	
Chloroquine phosphate		Genito-Urinary		Copaxone	
Chlorothiazide		Clomifene citrate		Corticosteroids	12
Chlorpheniramine maleate		Clomipramine hydrochloride		Dermatological	5
Chlorpromazine hydrochloride		Clonazepam11		Hormone Preparations	
Chlortalidone [Chlorthalidone]		Clonidine		Corticotrorelin (ovine)	
Chlorthalidone		Clonidine BNM		Cosentyx	
Choice Load 375		Clonidine hydrochloride			
Choice TT380 Short				Cosmegen Cough Suppressants	
Choice TT380 Standard		Clopidogrel Clopidogrel Multichem		Creon 10000	
				Creon 25000	
Cholestyramine		Clopine		Creon Micro	
Choline salicylate with cetalkoniu		Clopixol	122–123		
Charicagnadetropia elfo		Clostridium botulinum type A	102	Crystodorm	
Choriogonadotropin alfa		toxin	103	CT Plus	
Ciclopirox olamine		Clotrimazole	E4	CT Plus+	
Ciclosporin		Dermatological			
Cidofovir		Genito-Urinary		Curam Dua 500/105	
Ciliazapril		Clove oil		Curam Duo 500/125	
Cilicaine		Clozapine		Curito	
		Clozaril		Cyclizing by dragblarida	
Cimetidine		Co-trimoxazole		Cyclizine hydrochloride	
Cinacalcet	64	Coal tar		Cyclizine lactate	
Cinchocaine hydrochloride with	-	Coal tar with salicylic acid and		Cyclogyl	
hydrocortisone		sulphur		Cyclonex	
Cipflox	/9	Cocaine hydrochloride	109	Cyclopentolate hydrochloride	
Ciprofloxacin	70	Cocaine hydrochloride with	400	Cyclophosphamide	
Infections		adrenaline	109	Cycloserine	
Sensory		Codeine phosphate	undad	Cymevene	
Ciprofloxacin Teva Ciprofloxacin with	217	Extemporaneously Compo	unueu	Cyproheptadine hydrochloride	20
CIDIOHOXACIII WILII					

Cuprotorono acatata	64	Denogumah 00	Dioblarabanzul alaabal with
Cyproterone acetate	04	Denosumab	,
Cyproterone acetate with	60		
ethinyloestradiol Cystadane		Deoxycoformycin	
Cysteamine hydrochloride			
•		Depo-Provera	
Cytarabine			
Cytotec	1	Deprim	
D-Penamine	07	Desferrioxamine mesilate	
Dabigatran		Desflurane	
Dacarbazine		Desmopressin	
Dactinomycin [Actinomycin D]		Desmopressin acetate	B Digoxin immune Fab224
Daivobet		Desmopressin-PH&T73	
Daivonex		Dexamethasone	Dihydroergotamine mesylate119
Dalacin C		Hormone Preparations68	
Danaparoid		Sensory218	
Dantrium		Dexamethasone phosphate68	
Dantrium IV		Dexamethasone Phosphate	Dimercaptosuccinic acid226
Dantrolene			
Daonil		Panpharma 68 Dexamethasone with framycetin and	Dimethicone
		gramicidin217	
Dapa-Tabs		Dexamethasone with neomycin	
Dapsone		sulphate and polymyxin B	Dinoprostone61
Daptomycin		sulphate217	Dipentum
Darunavir Darunavir Mylan		Dexamethasone with	Diphenoxylate hydrochloride with
,			
Dasatinib Daunorubicin		tobramycin	
DBL Acetylcysteine DBL Adrenaline		Dexmedetomidine107 Dexmedetomidine-Teva107	
DBL Amikacin		Dexmethsone	
		Dexrazoxane	
DBL Aminophylline			polio vaccine
DBL Bleomycin Sulfate		Dextrose	
DBL Cisplatin		Alimentary	·
DBL Cisplatin		Blood37, 39	**
DBL Dacarbazine		Extemporaneously Compounded	Diprosone
DBL Desferrioxamine Mesylate fo		Preparations	
BP		Dextrose with sodium citrate and	Disodium budgaan phosphoto with
DBL Docetaxel		citric acid [Acid Citrate Dextrose	Disodium hydrogen phosphate with
DBL Ergometrine		A]	
DBL Gentamicin		DHC Continus112	
DBL Leucovorin Calcium DBL Methotrexate Onco-Vial		Diabetes	
		Diacomit	Distilifarii
DBL Morphine Sulphate		Diagnostic Agents	
DBL Naloxone Hydrochloride		Vaccines	
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