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Introducing PHARMAC

Introducing PHARMAC

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (PHARMAC) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. PHARMAC negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

PHARMAC's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about PHARMAC and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/about.

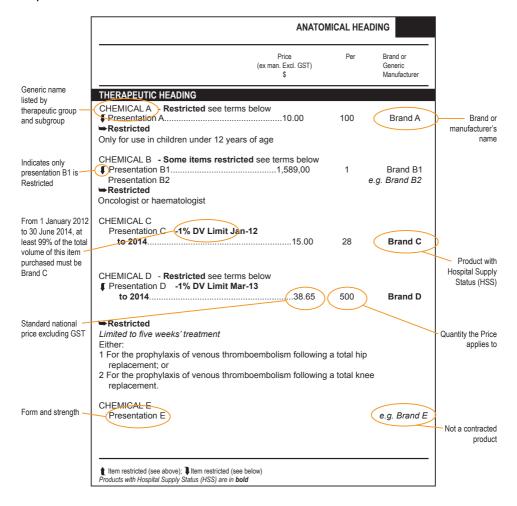
Glossary

Units of Measure gram g microgram..... mcg millimole......mmol unit......u kilogram......kg milligram mg international unitiu millilitre..... ml **Abbreviations** application app enteric coated FC solution soln suppositorysuppos capsule cap granules......grans cream.....crm injectioninj tablet......tab dispersibledisp liquidliq tincture.....tinc effervescent.....eff lotion......lotn emulsion emul ointment......oint

HSS Hospital Supply Status

Guide to Section H listings

Example



PART I: GENERAL RULES

General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A General Rules and are located on the PHARMAC website

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Antacids and Antiflatulents

Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIMETICONE

Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticone 20 mg

Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simeticone

30 ma per 5 ml

e.g. Mylanta

e.g. Mylanta Double Strength

SIMETICONE

Oral drops 100 mg per ml

Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml

Oral drops 40 mg per ml

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE

Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sachet

e.a. Gaviscon Infant

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

160 mg

e.g. Gaviscon Double Strenath

Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

160 mg per 10 ml.......4.95

Acidex

500 ml

SODIUM CITRATE

Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)

Phosphate Binding Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE

Tab 600 mg

CALCIUM CARBONATE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1698)

Initiation

Only when prescribed for patients unable to swallow calcium carbonate tablets or where calcium carbonate tablets are inappropriate..

Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Agents

Antipropulsives

DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE

Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg

LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories

BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Cap 3 mg

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1723)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes: or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

Initiation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has autoimmune hepatitis*: and
- 2 Patient does not have cirrhosis; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Diabetes; or
 - 3.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 3.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 3.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 3.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 3.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 3.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated); or
 - 3.8 Adolescents with poor linear growth (where conventional corticosteroid use may limit further growth).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - non-cirrhotic autoimmune hepatitis

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE

HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE WITH PRAMOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Topical Aerosol foam, 1% with pramoxine hydrochloride 1%

MESALAZINE

-O/ IL/ ILII IL			
Tab EC 400 mg	49.50	100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg		100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg		100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg	85.50	90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g	141.72	120 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg		20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g	54.60	30	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml	41.30	7	Pentasa

	-	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DLSALAZINE Tab 500 mg Cap 250 mg SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Cap 100 mg			100 100	Dipentum Dipentum
SULFASALAZINE Tab 500 mg Tab EC 500 mg – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022			100 100	Salazopyrin Salazopyrin EN
Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders				
Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations				
CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per gSuppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALA Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocain	TE AND C	9.90	30 g 12 E	Proctosedyl Proctosedyl
hydrochloride 5 mg per g Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchoo hydrochloride 1 mg	 caine		30 g 12	Ultraproct Ultraproct
Management of Anal Fissures				
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE				
Oint 0.2%		.22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants				
DILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial				
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut Mo	tility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		.17.14	10	Max Health
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020			100 5	Buscopan Buscopan
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 135 mg		. 18.00	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants				
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective				
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg		.41.50	120	Cytotec

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
H2 Antagonists					
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg FAMOTINE					
Tab 20 mg Tab 40 mg Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial					
RANITIDINE — Restricted see terms below Tab 150 mg — 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Tab 300 mg — 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml — 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		.18.2 5.1	1 4	500 500 300 ml 5	Ranitidine Relief Ranitidine Relief Peptisoothe Zantac
→ Restricted (RS1703) Initiation Either: 1 For continuation use; or 2 Routine prevention of allergic reactions					
Proton Pump Inhibitors					
LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Cap 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021				100 100	Lanzol Relief Lanzol Relief
OMEPRAZOLE ■ Tab dispersible 20 mg ■ Restricted (RS1027) Initiation Only for use in tube-fed patients.					
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		1.98	3	90	Omeprazole actavis 10
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020				90	Omeprazole actavis 20
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020				90	Omeprazole actavis 40
Powder for oral liq				5 g	Midwest
Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		.11.46	5	5 5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazolo Omezol IV
Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		2.03	,	100	Panzop Relief
Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022				100	Panzop Relief
Site Protective Agents					
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg		.14.5	1	50	Gastrodenol
SUCRALFATE Tab 1 g					

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Bile and Liver Therapy

L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below

- Grans for oral liquid 3 q
- → Restricted (RS1261)

Initiation

For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not responded to treatment with, or are intolerant to lactulose, or where lactulose is contraindicated.

RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020......625.00 56 Xifaxan

→ Restricted (RS1416)

Initiation

For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of maximum tolerated doses of lactulose.

Diabetes

Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors

ACARBOSE

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	90	Glucobay
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	90	Glucobay

Hyperglycaemic Agents

DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 25 mg110.00	100	Proglicem
	Cap 100 mg		Proglicem
		30 ml	Proglycem

→ Restricted (RS1028)

Initiation

For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism.

GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Tab 1.5 g

Tab 3.1 a

Tab 4 g

Gel 40%

GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE

Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet

Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations

INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE

Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per ml,

INSULIN ISOPHANE

Ini insulin human 100 u per ml. 10 ml vial

Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge

Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per ml,		Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
3 ml cartridge	NSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE			
SUBLIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE			5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen 94.50 5 Lantus SoloStar Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge 94.50 5 Lantus Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial 63.00 1 Lantus Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations NSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial 63.00 1 Lantus Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe 51.19 5 NovoRapid FlexPen NSULIN GLULISINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe 51.19 5 NovoRapid FlexPen NSULIN GLULISINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen 46.07 5 Apidra Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen 46.07 5 Apidra Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml ca			5	Humalog Mix 50
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 ml		ml		
Cartridge	Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 m	I		
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations SULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen.	cartridge			
NSULIN GLARGINE		I		
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen	Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge	NSULIN GLARGINE	04.50	5	Lantus SalaStar
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial				
NSULIN ASPART				
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe	Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe	• •			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe	51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		27.03	1	Apidra
NSULIN LISPRO Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations NSULIN NEUTRAL Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021			5	
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations NSULIN NEUTRAL Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		46.07	5	Apidra Solostar
NSULIN NEUTRAL Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			
GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	•			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 6.00 100 Daonil GLICLAZIDE Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 10.29 500 Glizide GLIPIZIDE	Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202010.29 500 Glizide GLIPIZIDE	GLIBENCLAMIDE Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	6.00	100	Daonil
	GLICLAZIDE Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.29	500	Glizide
	GLIPIZIDE	2 27	100	Minidiab

	Price (ex man. excl.	GST)	Brand or Generic	
	` \$	Per	Manufacturer	
ETFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-19 to 2021	8.6	3 1,000	Apotex	
Tab immediate-release 850 mg - 1% DV Feb-19 to 2021	7.0	4 500	Apotex	
OGLITAZONE				
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	3.4	7 90	Vexazone	
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021			Vexazone	
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	7.1	0 90	Vexazone	
LDAGLIPTIN				
Tab 50 mg	40.0	0 60	Galvus	
LDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	40.0	0 60	Galvumet	
Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride			Galvumet	

Digestives Including Enzymes

CREAT	IV LVI.	7\/N/I

Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250 U protease))

Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph. Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)

URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1647)

Initiation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis

Either:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation - Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM					
	(ex man	Price excl.	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Initiation – Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis Both:					
Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as ind Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.		testin	g which	n is likel	y to be induced by TPN; and
Laxatives					
Bowel-Cleansing Preparations					
CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFA Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium picosulfate 10 mg per sachet MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE	1	DIUN	I CHLC	RIDE	e.g. PicoPrep
Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potation chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulp 80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potation chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulp	ssium ohate ssium				e.g. Glycoprep-C
80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARE Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulp 5.685 g per sachet – 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022	BONATE, m phate			ILORIDI 4	e.g. Glycoprep-C E AND SODIUM SULPHATE Klean Prep
Bulk-Forming Agents					
ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK Powder for oral soln − 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA − Restricted: For continuation only → Powder for oral soln		6.0	5	500 g	Konsyl-D
Faecal Softeners					
DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 120 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020				100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml		3.10	0	200	Laxsol

Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral

ME	ETHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial36.00	1	Relistor
	246.00	7	Relistor

Coloxyl

30 ml

POLOXAMER

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

→ Restricted (RS1601)

Initiation - Opioid induced constipation

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving palliative care: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation are ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation are unable to be tolerated.

Osmotic Laxatives

GLYCEROL

Suppos 1.27 a

Suppos 2.55 g

Suppos 3.6 g - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021......9.25

PSM

20

500 ml

50

1

10

LACTULOSE

Laevolac

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE. SODIUM BICARBONATE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 6.563 g with potassium chloride 23.3 mg, sodium

bicarbonate 89.3 mg and sodium chloride 175.4 mg

Powder for oral soln 13.125 g with potassium chloride 46.6 mg, sodium

bicarbonate 178.5 mg and sodium chloride 350.7 mg - 1% DV

30 Molaxole

Micolette

SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE

Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml - 1%

SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID

Oral lig 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14%

Fleet Phosphate Enema

Stimulant Laxatives

BISACODYI

200 Lax-Tabs

Lax-Suppositories

SENNOSIDES

Tab 7.5 mg

Metabolic Disorder Agents

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

Myozyme

→ Restricted (RS1545)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells: or
 - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
 - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
 - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

ARGININE

Powder

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1639)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
 - 2.2 A 5,10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
 - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism: and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

Continuation

14

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1330)

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1523)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

4 The

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis VI.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to FRT.

HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1546)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

_	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below Inj 100 U per ml, 5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1607)	1,335.16	1	Aldurazyme	

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 50 mg
- → Restricted (RS1331)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

SAPROPTERIN DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1656)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 1 month

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has phenylketonuria (PKU) and is pregnant or actively planning to become pregnant; and
- 2 Treatment with sapropterin is required to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management: and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

Continuation

Metabolic physician or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Either:

Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic	
ð	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1.1 Following the initial one-month approval, the patient has demonstrated an adequate response to a 2 to 4 week trial of sapropterin with a clinically appropriate reduction in phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; or
- 1.2 On subsequent renewal applications, the patient has previously demonstrated response to treatment with sapropterin and maintained adequate phenylalanine levels to support management of PKU during pregnancy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient continues to be pregnant and treatment with sapropterin will not continue after delivery; or
 - 2.2 Patient is actively planning a pregnancy and this is the first renewal for treatment with sapropterin; or
 - 2.3 Treatment with sapropterin is required for a second or subsequent pregnancy to support management of their PKU during pregnancy; and
- 3 Sapropterin to be administered at doses no greater than a total daily dose of 20 mg/kg; and
- 4 Sapropterin to be used alone or in combination with PKU dietary management; and
- 5 Total treatment duration with sapropterin will not exceed 22 months for each pregnancy (includes time for planning and becoming pregnant) and treatment will be stopped after delivery.

SODIUM BENZOATE

Cap 500 mg

Powder

Soln 100 mg per ml

Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab 500 mg

→ Restricted (RS1526)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

TALIGLUCERASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1034)

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher Treatment Panel.

TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 300 mg

Minerals

Calcium

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Fluoride** SODIUM FLUORIDE Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental) lodine POTASSIUM IODATE 90 NeuroTabs POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE Oral lig 10% with iodine 5% Iron FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE - Restricted see terms below 1 Ferinject → Restricted (RS1417) Initiation Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropriate. FERROUS FUMARATE 100 Ferro-tab FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg - 1% DV 60 Ferro-F-Tabs FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg **FERROUS SULFATE** Oral lig 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022......12.08 500 ml Ferodan FERROUS SULPHATE Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021...........2.06 30 Ferrograd FERROUS SULPHATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500 mg IRON POLYMALTOSE Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule34.50 5 Ferrosig IRON SUCROSE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule100.00 5 Venofer Magnesium MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE Cap 750 mg (150 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental)

MAGNESIUM OXIDE

Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental) Cap 696 mg (420 mg elemental)

ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ MAGNESIUM OXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM ASPARTATE. MAGNESIUM AMINO ACID CHELATE AND MAGNESIUM CITRATE Cap 500 mg with magnesium aspartate 100 mg, magnesium amino acid chelate 100 mg and magnesium citrate 100 mg (360 mg elemental magnesium) MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml baa DBL 10 Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml bag Zinc ZINC Oral lig 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule ZINC SULPHATE Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental) - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022......11.00 100 Zincaps **Mouth and Throat** Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHI ORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3% BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORIDE Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder CHI ORHEXIDINE GI UCONATE 200 ml healthE CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01% DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE 5 q Kenalog in Orabase **Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives** AMPHOTERICIN B 20 Fungilin

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

MICONAZOLE

NYSTATIN

19

40 q

24 ml

Decozol

Nilstat

Oral gel 20 mg per g - 1% DV Sep-18 to 20214.74

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Other Oral Agents

HYALURONIC ACID WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]

Inj 20 mg per ml

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

⇒ Restricted (RS1175)

Otolaryngologist

THYMOL GLYCERIN

Compound, BPC......9.15 500 ml PSM

Vitamins

Multivitamin Preparations

MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1498)

Initiation

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or
 - 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or
 - 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1499)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
- 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).</p>

		Price		Brand or
		excl. GST)		Generic
	(OX IIIGII	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MULTIVITAMINS				
Tab (BPC cap strength) - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		11.45	1,000	Mvite
4 cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg, a tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 m],			
cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg				e.g. Vitabdeck
⇒ Restricted (RS1620)				
Initiation Any of the following:				
Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrol Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome.	me; or			
Powder vitamin A 4200 mcg with vitamin D 155.5 mcg, vitamin E 21.4 mg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 166 mcg thiamine 3.2 n riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 35 mg, vitamin B6 3.4 mg, folic acid 303 mcg, vitamin B12 8.6 mcg, biotin 214 mcg, pantothenic acid 17 mg, choline 350 mg and inositol 700 mg	•			e.g. Paediatric Seravit
→ Restricted (RS1178) Initiation				
Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.				
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxin hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 50	0 mg			-
with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxin hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 50	ne			e.g. Pabrinex IV
with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1)	9			e.g. Pabrinex IM
Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxin hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 m				U
ampoule (1)				e.g. Pabrinex IV

VITAMIN A WITH VITAMINS D AND C

Note: that funding of vitamin A oral liquid can be applied for through the Exceptional Circumstances process; the application form can be found on the PHARMAC website https://pharmac.govt.nz/assets/form-alphatocopherylacetate-and-vitaminA.pdf Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg per 10 drops e.g. Vitadol C

(e.g. Vitadol C Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg per 10 drops to be delisted 1 July 2020)

Vitamin A

RETINOL

Tab 10.000 iu Cap 25.000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml

Oral liq 666.7 mcg per 2 drops, 10 ml Oral lig 5,000 iu per drop, 30 ml

Vitamin B

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021......1.89 Neo-B12

	-	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020			90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Apo-Pyridoxine
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2020 Tab 100 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		4.89	100	Max Health e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC		7.15	500	Bplex
Vitamin C				
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022 Tab chewable 250 mg		9.90	500	Cvite
Vitamin D				
ALFACALCIDOL Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020		.87.98 .60.68 7.95	100 100 20 ml 100 100	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Oral liq 188 mcg per ml (7,500 iu per ml)			12 4.8 ml	Vit.D3 Puria

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms below

- Oral liq 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1632)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A.D.E.K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 u
- Cap 500 u
- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1176)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Antianaemics

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

FPOFTIN ALFA - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022250.00	6	Binocrit
t	inj 2,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022100.00	6	Binocrit
t	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022150.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 202296.50	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022125.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022145.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022175.00	6	Binocrit
1	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022197.50	6	Binocrit
t	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022250.00	1	Binocrit

⇒ Restricted (RS1660) Initiation – chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment: and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Generic Manufacturer

FPOFTIN BFTA - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Inj 2,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1661)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L: and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum epoetin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with epoetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of epoetin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

*Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID

Tab 0.8 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1,000 500	Apo-Folic Acid Apo-Folic Acid
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

→ Restricted (RS1500)

e.g. Driclor

Brand or

Generic

Manufacturer

Initiation

For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 10.000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1332)

Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Either:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure; or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

FLTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 25 mg	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg3,100.00	28	Revolade

→ Restricted (RS1648)

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
 - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding; or
 - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter: or
 - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POI IDOCANOI

Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial

SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE

Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule

THROMBIN

Powder

TRANEXAMIC ACID

Tab 500 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	20.67	100	Cyklokapron
·	9.45	60	Mercury Pharma
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	6.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	10.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT
Subdiversion Tab 500 ments had delicated 4 May 2000)			

(Cyklokapron Tab 500 mg to be delisted 1 May 2020)

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents				
IDARUCIZUMAB – Restricted see terms below Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	4,250.00	2	Praxbind	

Initiation

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

→ Restricted (RS1535)

EFTRENONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restrict	ed see terms below		
Inj 250 iu vial	612.50	1	Alprolix
Inj 500 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Alprolix
Inj 2,000 iu vial	4,900.00	1	Alprolix
Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Alprolix
⇒ Restricted (BS1684)			

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia B receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

FPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
	Restricted (RS1704)	, -		

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment for > 14 days predicted use is by named patient application to the Haemophilia Treaters Group, subject to access criteria

FACTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 500 U	1	FEIBA NF
t	Inj 1,000 U2,630.00	1	FEIBA NF
t	lnj 2,500 U	1	FEIBA NF

→ Restricted (RS1705)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of bypassing agent for > 14 days predicted use. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

MONOCIOCO ANELY (INECOMBINATO I MOTOR VIII)	ricotrioted occ territo below		
Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe	287.50	1	Xyntha
Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe	2,300.00	1	Xyntha
Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha

⇒ Restricted (RS1706)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted	see terms below		
Inj 500 iu vial	435.00	1	RIXUBIS
Inj 1,000 iu vial	870.00	1	RIXUBIS
Inj 2,000 iu vial	1,740.00	1	RIXUBIS
Inj 3,000 iu vial	2,610.00	1	RIXUBIS
Restricted (RS1679)	·		

For patients with haemophilia. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	210.00	1	Advate
t	lnj 500 iu vial	420.00	1	Advate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
t	Inj 1,500 iu vial	1,260.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1,680.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	2,520.00	1	Advate
-	Restricted (RS1707)	•		

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Preferred Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 500 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	1,900.00	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS

→ Restricted (RS1708)

Initiation

For patients with haemophilia. Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of short half-life recombinant factor VIII. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group, subject to criteria

RUBIOCTOCOG ALFA PEGOL [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial300.00	1	Adynovate
	Inj 500 iu vial600.00		Adynovate
t	lnj 1,000 iu vial	1	Adynovate
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial2,400.00	1	Adynovate
	Restricted (RS1682)		•

For patients with haemophilia A receiving prophylaxis treatment. Access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group

Vitamin K

PHYTOMENADIONE

Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Ini 10 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule	9 21	5	Konakion MM

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 250 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1181)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

DABIGATRAN

Cap 75 mg76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg76.36	60	Pradaxa
ALTERADIA.		

DALTEPARIN

Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe19.97	10	Fragmin
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	10	Fragmin
Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe60.03	10	Fragmin
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe77.55	10	Fragmin

(Fragmin Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe to be delisted 1 April 2020)

(Fragmin Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe to be delisted 1 April 2020)

(Fragmin Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe to be delisted 1 April 2020)

(Fragmin Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe to be delisted 1 April 2020)

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule

⇒ Restricted (RS1182)

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule

⇒ Restricted (RS1183)

Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml, 100 ml bag

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ENOXAPARIN SODIUM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	27 93	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule	27.00	10	Oloxario
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	37 27	10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe		10	Clexane
FONDAPARINUX SODIUM – Restricted see terms below		. •	o ionalio
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe			
Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe			
→ Restricted (RS1184)			
Initiation			
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance	or henarin intolerance		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	or moparity intoloranoc.		
HEPARIN SODIUM			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	00.50	50	Hoopiro
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	90.33	50	Hospira Pfizer
Inj 1,000 iu per ini, 3 mi ampoule – 1 % DV NOV-16 to 2021		30	Filzei
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 mi ampoule Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	20.40	5	Hospira
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021		50	Pfizer
	203.00	30	r IIZCI
HEPARINISED SALINE	50.04		D."
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	56.94	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN			
Tab 10 mg	83 10	30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg		28	Xarelto
Tab 20 mg		28	Xarelto
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM		_0	710.0110
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride per ml, 5,000 ml bag	74.6 mcg		
1 7 7			
WARFARIN SODIUM	7.00	400	
Tab 1 mg	7.60	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg	11.00	100	Mariana
Tab 3 mg		100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg	13.50	100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 10% DV Nov-19 to 2022	1.95 10.80	90 990	Ethics Aspirin EC Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg	10.00	330	Fulles Wahilli EC

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CLOPIDOGREL Tab 75 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	5.44	84	Arrow - Clopid
(Arrow - Clopid Tab 75 mg to be delisted 1 May 2020)	4.60		Clopidogrel Multichem
DIPYRIDAMOLE Tab 25 mg Tab long-acting 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	10.90	60	Pytazen SR
EPTIFIBATIDE — Restricted see terms below Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial − 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021 Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial − 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021 Restricted (RS1362) Initiation Either:		1 1	Integrilin Integrilin

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary thrombus on coronary angiography.

LYSINE ACETYLSALICYLATE [LYSINE ASPRIN] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 500 mg

e.g. Aspegic → Restricted (RS1689)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 For use when an immediate antiplatelet effect is required prior to an urgent interventional neuro-radiology or interventional cardiology procedure; and
- 2 Administration of oral aspirin would delay the procedure.

PRASUGREL - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 5 mg108.00	28	Effient
1	Tab 10 mg	28	Effient

→ Restricted (RS1187)

Initiation - Bare metal stents

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has undergone coronary angioplasty in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

Initiation - Drug-eluting stents

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has had a drug-eluting cardiac stent inserted in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Note: Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

56 Brilinta

⇒ Restricted (RS1724)

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

Initiation – thrombosis prevention post neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a neurological stenting procedure* in the last 60 days; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has demonstrated clopidogrel resistance using the P2Y12 (VerifyNow) assay and requires antiplatelet treatment with ticagrelor; or
 - 2.2 Clopidogrel resistance has been demonstrated by the occurrence of a new cerebral ischemic event.

Continuation - thrombosis prevention post neurological stenting

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient is continuing to benefit from treatment; and
- 2 Treatment continues to be clinically appropriate.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Ini 5.000 iu vial

Ini 10,000 iu vial

Ini 50.000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 500,000 iu vial

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1536)

Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
3.1 Both:			
3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and			
3.1.2 Either:3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34	count of less than or	equal to 1	0×10^6 /L on day 5 after
4 days of G-CSF treatment; or	count of less than of	equal to 1	JX 10 /L on day 5 aner
3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10^6 CD34 cells/kg	have failed after one	apheresis	procedure; or
3.2 Both:			
3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSI3.2.2 Any of the following:	= mobilisation; and		
3.2.2.1 Both:			
3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts			
3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood			
3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10 ⁶ CD34 cells/kg 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts an			•
3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF	•	-	ido been received, er
Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors			
FILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below			
■ Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 1% DV May-19 to 2021		10	Nivestim
Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial		4	Neupogen Nivestim
Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe − 1% DV Mar-19 to 2021. → Restricted (RS1188)	101.30	10	Nivestiii
Haematologist or oncologist			
PEGFILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe	1,080.00	1	Neulastim
→ Restricted (RS1262) Initiation			
For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemo	therapy for cancer (fe	brile neutr	openia risk greater than or
equal to 20%*).	dan taka arawa alba		on an ala Connell booth a
Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 20% after tak European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EOR		r risk tacto	rs as defined by the
Fluids and Electrolytes			
Intravenous Administration			
CALCIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			5 .
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			e.g. Baxter
CALCIUM GLUCONATE Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule			e.g. Max Health
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			org. max. rounn
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmo	ol/l,		
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,	500 ml		.
bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		18	Plasma-Lyte 148
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmo chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,	11/1,		
1 000 ml bag = 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	27 24	12	Plasma-Lyte 1/8

1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021.....27.24

12

Plasma-Lyte 148

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium,			
98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate,			
glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 202 °	211 92	12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5%
g.accoc = :c., (c /o), 1,ccc cag			Glucose
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag – 1% D	١V		
Jun-18 to 2021		18	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,	20.70	.0	Buxton
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag - 1%	DV		
Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	16.80	10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	24.00	20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	111.96	12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	109.98	18	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	29.50	5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	337.32	18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	14.50	1	Biomed
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlo 0.45%, 3,000 ml baq	ride		
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chlor	ido		
15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag	iue		
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chlorid	40		
0.18%, 1,000 ml bag = 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride		12	Daxiei
0.45%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride		12	Daxiei
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE		12	Daxiei
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV	400.00	40	Danita
Jun-18 to 2021	163.32	12	Baxter
Jun-18 to 2021	163 20	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV	100.20	12	Daxiei
Jun-18 to 2021	173.40	12	Baxter
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
, , , , , ,			

Price	<u> </u>	Brand or
(ex man. exc		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 ml bag		
- 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	.64 48	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml bag	00 10	Davidan
 - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	.08 12	Baxter
- 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	.32 12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml bag		
– 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021772.	.32 48	Baxter
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE	00 40	
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule151.	.80 10	Hospira
RINGER'S SOLUTION		
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l,		
chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag		
ODIUM ACETATE		
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule		
SODIUM BICARBONATE		
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial	05 4	Diamand
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial		Biomed Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial	.50 1	Diomeu
ODIUM CHLORIDE	00 00	Francisco Kahi
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		Fresenius Kabi Fresenius Kabi
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)	.00	DD I CON IGON
nitiation		
or use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.		
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021162.	.91 480	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)		
nitiation		
or use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.		
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021170.	.35 480	BD PosiFlush
Restricted (RS1297)		
nitiation		
for use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.		
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		Fresenius Kabi
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule		Biomed Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag91.		Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag		Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag		Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag44.		Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag22.		Baxter
Ini 0.00/ 1.000 ml hog	.12 12	Baxter
lnj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag15.		
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle		
,	.70 5	Biomed

BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
VATER			
Inj 5 ml ampoule	7.00	50	InterPharma
Inj 10 ml ampoule	6.63	50	Pfizer
Inj 20 ml ampoule	5.00	20	Fresenius Kabi
	7.50	30	InterPharma
	5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 250 ml bag			
Inj 500 ml bag			
Inj, 1,000 ml bag	19.08	12	Baxter
Oral Administration			
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
		000 g	Calciant Hocoman
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES	0.77	F0	Flactual
Powder for oral soln - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022		50	Electral
From to Douglas for and call to be delicated 1 April 2000	2.30	10	Enerlyte
Enerlyte Powder for oral soln to be delisted 1 April 2020)			
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]			
Soln with electrolytes (2 \times 500 ml) $-$ 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	6.55	1,000 ml	Pedialyte - Bubblegum
PHOSPHORUS			
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)			
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	8 00	200	Span-K
Oral liq 2 mmol per ml	0.30	200	Эран-К
• •			
SODIUM BICARBONATE	0.50	400	0 111 1
Cap 840 mg	8.52	100	Sodibic
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab 600 mg			
Oral liq 2 mmol/ml			
SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	84.65	454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED			
Inj 4%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	120.00	10	Gelofusine
ing 170, 000 in bug 170 by built to to Ebe !	120.00	10	GOLOIGONIC

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System			
ACE Inhibitors			
CAPTOPRIL Oral liq 5 mg per ml	94.99	95 ml	Capoten
➤ Restricted (RS1263) Initiation Any of the following: 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following or	ardiac surgery.		
CILAZAPRIL	0.00	00	7
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022		90 90	Zapril Zapril
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022		90	Zapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE		00	_up
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022	1 82	100	Acetec
Tab 3 mg - 1/6 DV ddil-20 to 2022	3.84	100	Ethics Enalapril
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022		100	Acetec
100 10 mg 170 DV 0011 20 to 2022	4.96	100	Ethics Enalapril
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-20 to 2022		100	Acetec
•	7.12		Ethics Enalapril
(Ethics Enalapril Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 June 2020) (Ethics Enalapril Tab 10 mg to be delisted 1 June 2020) (Ethics Enalapril Tab 20 mg to be delisted 1 June 2020) LISINOPRIL			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	2.07	90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	2.36	90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	3.17	90	Ethics Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.75	30	Apo-Perindopril
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.80	30	Apo-Perindopril
QUINAPRIL			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021		90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021		90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	4.89	90	Arrow-Quinapril 20
ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics			
CILAZAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restricted: For or	•	100	A 011 117
→ Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	10.18	100	Apo-Cilazapril/
(Apo-Cilazapril/ Hydrochlorothiazide Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazid	e 12.5 mg to be delis	ted 1 Dec	Hydrochlorothiazide ember 2020)

30

30

Accuretic 10

Accuretic 20

1 Itam roctricted (coo → above):	[Itom restricted (see → below)

Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 20213.83

Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% **DV Dec-18 to 2021**4.92

QUINAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Angiotensin II Antagonists			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 LOSARTAN POTASSIUM	2.28 3.67	90 90 90 90	Candestar Candestar Candestar Candestar
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	1.63 2.00	84 84 84 84	Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics			
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2	2021 1.88	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazid

Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inhibitors

SACUBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN – Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 24/26
■ Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 49/51
■ Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg		56	Entresto 97/103
⇒ Restricted (RS1649)			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
 - 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or
 - 2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
- 3 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 35%; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure treatments.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: Due to the angiotensin II receptor blocking activity of sacubitril with valsartan it should not be co-administered with an ACE inhibitor or another ARB.

Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers

DOXAZOSIN

Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.75	500	Apo-Doxazosin
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.09	500	Apo-Doxazosin

PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 10 mg

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule PRAZOSIN Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg TERAZOSIN Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 5 mg Antiarrhythmics ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial — 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Restricted (RS1266) Initiation	·	excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule PRAZOSIN Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg TERAZOSIN Tab 1 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 5 mg Antiarrhythmics ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted (RS1266) Initiation				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule PRAZOSIN Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg TERAZOSIN Tab 1 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 5 mg Antiarrhythmics ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Restricted (RS1266) initiation				
PRAZOSIN Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg TERAZOSIN Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 5 mg Antiarrhythmics ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted (RS1266) Initiation				
Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg TERAZOSIN Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg Antiarrhythmics ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 I lnj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted (RS1266) initiation				
Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 5 mg Antiarrhythmics ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 I lnj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Restricted (RS1266) initiation				
Tab 5 mg TERAZOSIN Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg Tab 5 mg Antiarrhythmics ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial −1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Restricted (RS1266) initiation			100	Apo-Prazosin
TERAZOSIN Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg Antiarrhythmics NDENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Restricted (RS1266) nitiation			100 100	Apo-Prazosin Apo-Prazosin
Tab 1 mg Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg Antiarrhythmics ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 I Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted (RS1266) initiation		11.70	100	Αρο-ι ια203ιι
Tab 2 mg Tab 5 mg Antiarrhythmics ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Restricted (RS1266) initiation		0.59	28	Actavis
Tab 5 mg Antiarrhythmics ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted (RS1266) initiation			500	Apo-Terazosin
ADENOSINE Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Restricted (RS1266) nitiation			500	Apo-Terazosin
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted (RS1266) nitiation				
I Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted (RS1266) nitiation				
→ Restricted (RS1266) nitiation		62.73	6	Adenocor
nitiation				
for use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.				
JMALINE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
Restricted (RS1001)				
Cardiologist				
MIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE		0.00	00	A 4
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022			30 30	Aratac Aratac
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022			10	Max Health
TROPINE SULPHATE		10.07	10	max ricardi
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		12.07	10	Martindale
		12.07		martinaaio
Tab 62.5 mcg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		7.00	240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022			240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml				
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial				
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE				
Cap 100 mg				
LECAINIDE ACETATE				
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022			60	Flecainide BNM
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		39.51	90	Flecainide Controlled
Cap long-acting 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022		.61.06	90	Release Teva Flecainide Controlled
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule	1	00.00	5	Release Teva Tambocor
/ABRADINE - Restricted see terms below			-	. 4.1100001
Tab 5 mg				
→ Restricted (RS1566)				
nitiation				
Soth:				

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl.	GST)	_	Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker; or
 - 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

MEXILETINE HYDROCHLOR	RIDE
-----------------------	------

Cap 150 mg162.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
Cap 250 mg202.00	100	USP Mexiletine Hydrochloride
Cap 250 mg	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloric

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 2.5 mg
- Tab 5 mg
- → Restricted (RS1427)

Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers

ATENOLOL		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	500	Mylan Atenolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	500	Mylan Atenolol
Oral liq 5 mg per ml21.25	300 ml	Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE		
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	90	Bosvate
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 20205.15	90	Bosvate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	90	Bosvate
CARVEDILOL		
Tab 6.25 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 20202.24	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 20202.30	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
CELIPROLOL		
Tab 200 mg21.40	180	Celol
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		
LABETALOL		
Tab 100 mg11.36	100	Presolol
Tab 200 mg29.74	100	Presolol
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE		
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	30	Betaloc CR
• •		

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	5.66	100	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		60	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg	23.40	28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-19 to 31 Jan 2022	29.50	5	Metroprolol IV Mylan
NADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	16.69	100	Apo-Nadolol
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Nadolol
PINDOLOL			·
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	13.22	100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Pindolol
PROPRANOLOL			•
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	4 64	100	Apo-Propranolol
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg		100	Cardinol LA
Oral lig 4 mg per ml		100	Odi dilioi Er
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	22.50	500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100	Mylan
C	10.30	100	wytati
TIMOLOL MALEATE			
Tab 10 mg			

Calcium Channel Blockers

Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers

Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 1.72	100	Apo-Amlodipine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	250	Apo-Amlodipine
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20204.40	250	Apo-Amlodipine
FELODIPINE		
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	90	Felo 5 ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	90	Felo 10 ER

ISRADIPINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 2.5 mg

NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1699)

Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist, cardiologist or paediatric cardiologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
- 2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
- 3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

	Price (ex man. excl. (GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NIFEDIPINE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	10.63	60	Adalat 10
Tab long-acting 20 mg		100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg		30	Adalat Oros
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		30	Adalat Oros
Cap 5 mg		00	Addiat 0103
NIMODIPINE			
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022		100	Nimotop
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022	67.50	1	Nimotop
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 30 mg	4.60	100	Dilzem
Tab 60 mg		100	Dilzem
Cap long-acting 120 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
Cap long-acting 180 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
Cap long-acting 160 mg = 1% DV Oct-16 to 2021		500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	00.70	300	Apo-billiazeiii ob
PERHEXILINE MALEATE	20.00	400	B
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	62.90	100	Pexsig
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 40 mg	7.01	100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg	11.74	100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg	36.02	100	Isoptin SR
	15.20	250	Verpamil SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg		30	Isoptin SR
g g g	25.00	250	Verpamil SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Isoptin
(Verpamil SR Tab long-acting 120 mg to be delisted 1 May 2020) (Verpamil SR Tab long-acting 240 mg to be delisted 1 September 20			'
Centrally-Acting Agents			
CLONIDINE			
CLONIDINE Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4	Mylan
CLONIDINE		4 4	Mylan Mylan
CLONIDINE Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.04		•
CLONIDINE Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE	10.04	4	Mylan Mylan
CLONIDINE Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mcg — 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	10.04	4 4 112	Mylan
CLONIDINE Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mcg — 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 Tab 150 mcg	10.04 12.34 8.75 34.32	4	Mylan Mylan
CLONIDINE Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mcg — 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	10.04 12.34 8.75 34.32	4 4 112	Mylan Mylan Clonidine BNM
CLONIDINE Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mcg — 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 Tab 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule — 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	10.04 12.34 8.75 34.32	4 4 112 100	Mylan Mylan Clonidine BNM Catapres
CLONIDINE Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mcg — 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 Tab 150 mcg		4 4 112 100	Mylan Mylan Clonidine BNM Catapres
CLONIDINE Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mcg — 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 Tab 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule — 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 METHYLDOPA		4 4 112 100 10	Mylan Mylan Clonidine BNM Catapres Medsurge
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4 4 112 100 10	Mylan Mylan Clonidine BNM Catapres Medsurge
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4 4 112 100 10	Mylan Mylan Clonidine BNM Catapres Medsurge
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4 4 112 100 10	Mylan Mylan Clonidine BNM Catapres Medsurge

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
UROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE] Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Mar-19 to 2021 Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	25.00 11.20 1.15	1,000 50 30 ml 5 6	Apo-Furosemide Urex Forte Lasix Frusemide-Claris Lasix
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 Inj 20%, 500 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12 18	Baxter Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg	E		
Potassium Sparing Diuretics			
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml	30.00	25 ml	Biomed
EPLERENONE - Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 1 Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021 → Restricted (RS1640) nitiation Both:		30 30	Inspra Inspra
1 Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40% 2 Either:	; and		
2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactor2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant advers		al dosing o	of spironolactone.
SPIRONOLACTONE Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg Oral liq 5 mg per ml – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	11.80	100 100 25 ml	Spiractin Spiractin Biomed
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE] Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		500 500	Arrow-Bendrofluazid Arrow-Bendrofluazid
CHLOROTHIAZIDE Oral liq 50 mg per ml	26.00	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE] Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	6.50	50	Hygroton
NDAPAMIDE Tab 2.5 mg	2.60	90	Dapa-Tabs

t Item restricted (see \Rightarrow above); t Item restricted (see \Rightarrow below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

METOLAZONE

Tab 5 mg

Lipid-Modifying Agents

Fibrates

BEZAFIBRATE			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	19.01	90	Bezalip
Tab long-acting 400 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	12.89	30	Bezalip Retard
GEMFIBROZIL			
Tab 600 mg	19.56	60	Lipazil

HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)

ATORVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 20216	5.96	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 20219	.99	500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202115	5.93	500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202127	'.19	500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN Tab 10 mg			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	.72	100	Apo-Pravastatin
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 20208	3.06	100	Apo-Pravastatin
SIMVASTATIN			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 20200	.95	90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 20201		90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 20202	2.63	90	Simvastatin Mylan
	00	90	Simvastatin Mylan

Resins

CHOLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral liq 4 g

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral lig 5 g

Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors

EZETIMIBE - Restricted see terms below

30 **Ezetimibe Sandoz**

→ Restricted (RS1005)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and creatine kinase more than 10 x normal) when treated with one statin; or
 - 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or
 - 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg	5.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg	6.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg	7.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg		30	Zimybe
Restricted (RS1006)			•

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

NICOTINIC ACID

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	4.12	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	7.89	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid

Nitrates

GLYCERYL TRINITRATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

Ini 1 mg ner ml 50 ml vial

spira
rolingual Pump Spray
ytrin
roderm TTS 5
roderm TTS 10
no-20
/t rc

Ismo 40 Retard

Duride

30

90

Other Cardiac Agents

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1007)

Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or

Tab long-acting 40 mg......8.20

Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20208.29

2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

Initiation - Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Sympathomimetics			
ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule	4.98	5	Aspen Adrenaline
.,,	10.76	Ū	DBL Adrenaline
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial			
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule		10	Aspen Adrenaline
let 4 to 40 000 40 ml contrary	27.00	5	Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe			
DOBUTAMINE	04.40	-	Dahatambaa kamala
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021	61.13	5	Dobutamine-hameln
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE	00.70	40	May Haaldh Lad
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	29.73	10	Max Health Ltd
EPHEDRINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	36.04	10	Max Health
ISOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL]	00.04	10	Wax Health
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
METARAMINOL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
NORADRENALINE			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	45.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	115.50	25	Neosynephrine HCL
Vasodilators			
ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	1 765 50	5	Prostin VR
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1,705.50	J	1 103till VII
DIAZOXIDE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			

Tab 25 mg

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1008)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, in patients who are intolerant or have not responded to ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers.

Inj 20 mg ampoule25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202199.00	10	Primacor
MINOXIDIL Tab 10 mg70.00	100	Loniten
NICORANDIL Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	60 60	lkorel Ikorel
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	5	Hospira

PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]

Tab 400 mg

SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE

Inj 50 mg vial

Endothelin Receptor Antagonists

AMBRISENTAN	 Restricted see terms below
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1	Tab 5 mg4,585.00	30	Volibris
1	Tab 10 mg4,585.00	30	Volibris

→ Restricted (RS1621)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for ambrisentan by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel;
- 2 In-hospital stabilisations in emergency situations.

BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 62.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	41.00	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
t	Tab 125 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	41.00	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's

→ Restricted (RS1622)

Initiation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
 - 1.2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
 - 1.3 PAH is at NYHA/WHO functional class II. III. or IV: and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Both:

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.4.1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
- 1.4.1.2 Fither:
 - 1.4.1.2.1 Patient is intolerant or contraindicated to sildenafil: or
 - 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease; or
- 1.4.2 Both:
 - 1.4.2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Either:
 - 1.4.2.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and failed to respond; or
 - 1.4.2.2.2 Patient deteriorated while on a PAH monotherapy; or
- 1.4.3 Both:
 - 1.4.3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 1.4.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 1.4.3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
 - 1.4.3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised; or
 - 1.4.3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy; or
- 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Continuation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 1.2 Patient is stable or has improved while on bosentan: or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and either failed to respond or later deteriorated; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
 - 3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised: or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy.

Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

SILDENAFIL -	 Restricted 	see terms on t	he next page
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1	Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4	Vedafil
t	Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	12	Vedafil

Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1694)

Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 PAH is in Group 1 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; or
 - 1.2.2 PAH is in Group 4 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; or
 - 1.2.3 PAH is in Group 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
 - 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
 - 1.3.2 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or
 - 1.3.3 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV: and
 - 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1.1 Patient has a pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 1.4.1.2 Either:
 - 1.4.1.2.1 Patient has a mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) > 25 mmHg; or
 - 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is peri Fontan repair; and
 - 1.4.1.3 Patient has a pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 3 Wood Units or at least 240 International Units (dyn s cm-5); or
 - 1.4.2 Testing for PCWP, PAPm, or PVR cannot be performed due to the patient's young age; or
- 2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 3 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide; or
- 4 For use in the treatment of erectile dysfunction secondary to spinal cord injury in patients being treated in a spinal unit.

Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Prostacyclin Analogues			
EPOPROSTENOL - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mcg vial Inj 1.5 mg vial → Restricted (RS1624) Initiation Either:	36.61 73.21	1	Veletri Veletri
 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for e or In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations. 	poprostenol by the F	Pulmonary <i>I</i>	Arterial Hypertension Panel;

ILOPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022305.0	00	5	Clinect
t	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022740.	10	30	Ventavis
	- (- 0.4000)			

⇒ Restricted (RS1625)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for iloprost by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1%		15 g 100 ml	Crystaderm Pharmacy Health
MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% - 1% DV May-19 to 2021 Oint 2% - 1% DV May-19 to 2021 SULFADIAZINE SILVER		5 g 5 g	Foban Foban
Crm 1% – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	 .10.80	50 g	Flamazine
Antifungals			
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 .15.95	5 ml	MycoNail
CICLOPIROX OLAMINE Nail soln 8% − 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	 5.72	7 ml	Apo-Ciclopirox
CLOTRIMAZOLE Crm 1% − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020 Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	 0.70	20 g	Clomazol
ECONAZOLE NITRATE → Crm 1% – Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1%			
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 METRONIDAZOLE	 2.99	100 ml	Sebizole
Gel 0.75% MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	0.74	15 g	Multichem
→ Lotn 2% - Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2%		.0 9	
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	 4.98	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

	Price excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN Crm 5% - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 Lotn 5% - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		30 g 30 ml	Lyderm A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN Cap 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	 .13.34	60 120 120	Oratane Oratane Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	 . 13.90	50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE Crm, aqueous, BP - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	1.26	100 g	healthE Calamine Aqueous Cream
Lotn, BP(PSM Lotn, BP to be delisted 1 July 2020) CROTAMITON	 .12.94	2,000 ml	BP PSM
Crm 10% – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	 3.29	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	 1.53	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle Crm 10% pump bottle - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	 4.48 4.52	500 ml 500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone 5% healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL			
Crm	1.63	20 g	Orion
Oint - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2020	4.25	500 g	Boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater that 30 g.	4.00	00	L LLL F
Oint, BP - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less.	1.26	20 g	healthE
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%			o a Sudocrom
Citi ziic 13.23 % wiii wooi iat 4 %			e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients			
AQUEOUS CREAM			
Crm 100 g - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1.05	100 g	Pharmacy Health
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.			SLS-free
Crm 500 g - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	1.92	500 g	Boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.		3	
CETOMACROGOL			
Crm BP, 500 g - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	2.48	500 g	healthE
Crm BP, 100 g - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	1.42	1	healthE
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL			
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, -1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	1.65	100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.	0.05	500 1	
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		500 ml	Boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.	3.10	1,000 ml	Boucher
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT			
Oint BP - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	1 84	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.		100 g	dayonom
Oint BP, 500 g - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	3.59	500 g	AFT
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.			
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN			
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10	%		e.g. QV cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION			
Crm, 500 g - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021	2.19	500 g	O/W Fatty Emulsion
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			Cream
Crm, 100 g – 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		1	healthE Fatty Cream
PARAFFIN			,
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50% – 1% DV Jan	-19		
to 2021		100 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or greater.		ŭ	
White soft - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to bot			
White soft, -1% DV Apr-20 to 2022Yellow soft	4.99	450 g	healthE
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%			e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP;
Loui iiquiu paranini 13.3 /o wiiii wooi lat 0.0 /o			e.g. Alphaken,BK ,DF, Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%			e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
• •			, ·

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

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		DEMINATOLOGICALS		
	Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	
UREA	4.07	400	haaliik E Haaa Oosaaa	
Crm 10%	1.37	100 g	healthE Urea Cream	
WOOL FAT				
Crm				
Corticosteroids				
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE				
Crm 0.05%				
Oint 0.05%				
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE				
Crm 0.1% - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	3.45	50 g	Beta Cream	
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		50 g	Beta Ointment	
Lotn 0.1% - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		50 ml	Betnovate	
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE				
Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	2.18	30 g	Dermol	
Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	2.12	30 g	Dermol	
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE		•		
Crm 0.05%				
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE - Restricted: For continuation only				
→ Crm 0.1%				
→ Fatty oint 0.1%				
HYDROCORTISONE				
Crm 1%, 30 g	3.42	30 g	DermAssist	
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to	•			
Crm 1%, 500 g	17.15	500 g	Pharmacy Health	
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE				
Crm 1%	2.48	14.2 g	AFT	
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN				
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% - 1% DV Sep-1	7			
to 2020	10.57	250 ml	DP Lotn HC	
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE				
Crm 0.1%		30 g	Locoid Lipocream	
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Mar-19 to 2021	6.85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream Locoid	
Milky emul 0.1% – 1% DV Mar-19 to 2021		100 g 100 ml	Locoid Crelo	
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE		100 1111	Loodia Orcio	
Crm 0.1%	4 95	15 g	Advantan	
Oint 0.1%		15 g	Advantan	
MOMETASONE FUROATE		9		
Crm 0.1% – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	1 51	15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free	
	2.50	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free	
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021		15 g	Elocon	
	2.90	50 g	Elocon	
Lotn 0.1% – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	6.30	30 ml	Elocon	
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE				
Crm 0.02% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100 g	Aristocort	
Oint 0.02% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.35	100 g	Aristocort	

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents** BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIQUINOL - Restricted see terms below ■ Crm 0.1% with clioquiniol 3% → Restricted (RS1125) Initiation Either: 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or 2 For continuation use. BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2% HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE Micreme H 15 g HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN 15 q Pimafucort Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%......3.35 15 g Pimafucort TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g **Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations ACITRETIN** Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020......17.86 60 Novatretin Novatretin 60 BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 1% DV Dec-18 to 202152.24 60 g Daivobet Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021 19.95 30 g Daivobet CALCIPOTRIOL Daivonex 100 a COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%

METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN]

Tab 10 mg

Lotn 1.2%

PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN

Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium - 1% DV

500 ml **Pinetarsol**

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Tab 400 mg

Crystals

		_				
Scal		Dra	2	201	i۸	2
OUG	w	ге	wa	ıaı	IU	пэ

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Scalp app 0.1% - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	7.75	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Scalp app 0.05% - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	5 69	30 ml	Dermol

DERMATOLOGICALS

Condvline

3.5 ml

Price Brand or Generic (ex man. excl. GST) Per Manufacturer \$ HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Locoid 100 ml **Wart Preparations IMIQUIMOD** Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet - 1% DV Aug-18 to 202021.72 24 Perrigo **PODOPHYLLOTOXIN**

SILVER NITRATE

Sticks with applicator

Other Skin Preparations

DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE

Powder 2%

SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY

Antineoplastics

FLUOROURACIL SODIUM

METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1127)

Dermatologist or plastic surgeon

Wound Management Products

CALCIUM GLUCONATE

Gel 2.5% e.g. Orion

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM					
	P (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Agents					
ACETIC ACID Soln 3% Soln 5%					
ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINO Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator		CID			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Crm 1%Lotn 1%, 200 ml				50 g 1	healthE healthE
CLOTRIMAZOLE Vaginal crm 1% with applicator – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022 Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022				35 g 20 g	Clomazol Clomazol
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Vaginal crm 2% with applicator – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		3.88		40 g	Micreme
NYSTATIN Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 1% DV Aug-17 t	to 2020	4.45		75 g	Nilstat
Contraceptives					
Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives					
CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4.67		168	Ginet
Combined Oral Contraceptives					
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg					
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets – 1% D	NV				
Jan-18 to 2020		2.18		84	Microgynon 20 ED
Jan-18 to 2020		1.77		84	Levien ED
Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg		0 15		84	Microgynon 50 ED
ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE		3.40		04	WIIGIOGYIIOII 30 LD

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg and 7 inert tab − 1% DV Mar-20

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Brevinor 1/28

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

			JIIIIVAITI SISILIVI
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length \times 23.2 mm width $-$ 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 IUD 33.6 mm length \times 29.9 mm width $-$ 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 IUD 35.5 mm length \times 19.6 mm width $-$ 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	18.45	1 1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg	4.95	1	Postinor-1
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022 Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 Intra-uterine device 52 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 31 Oct 2022 Intra-uterine device 13.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 31 Oct 2022 MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE	106.92	84 1 1 1	Microlut Jadelle Mirena Jaydess
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022 NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		1 84	Depo-Provera Noriday 28
Obstetric Preparations			
Antiprogestogens			
MIFEPRISTONE Tab 200 mg			
Oxytocics			
CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule DINOPROSTONE Pessaries 10 mg Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g	F2 65	1	Prostin E2
Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g ERGOMETRINE MALEATE		1	Prostin E2
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020 OXYTOCIN	105.00	5	DBL Ergometrine
Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021 Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021 DXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – DV Oct-18 to 2021	4.98 1%	5 5 5	Oxytocin BNM Oxytocin BNM Syntometrine
Tocolytics	10.00	J	- Jinomodine
PROGESTERONE - Restricted see terms on the next page Cap 100 mg	16.50	30	Utrogestan

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1533)

Initiation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Continuation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Treatment is required for second or subsequent pregnancy; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 3.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 500 mcg ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1130)

Obstetrician

Oestrogens

OESTRIOL

Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	15 g	Ovestin
Pessaries 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	15	Ovestin

Urologicals

5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors

FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1131)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicated; or
 - 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers.

Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers

TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1132)

Initiation

Both:

	GE	ENITO-UF	RINARY SYSTEM
	Price (ex man. excl. GS ⁻¹	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or thes	e are contraindicate	ed.	
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 → Restricted (RS1133) Initiation Both:	31.80	200 ml	Biomed
1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two year	s prior to the applica	ation.	
SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.34	28	Ural

Urinary	Δntis	pasmodics
Official V	Allus	pasilioulos

OXYBUTYNIN			
Tab 5 mg	8.85	500	Apo-Oxybutynin
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	60.40	473 ml	Apo-Oxybutynin
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	3.00	30	Solifenacin Mylan
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	5.50	30	Solifenacin Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1274)			•
Initiation			
Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is not	n-responsive to,	oxybutynin.	
TOLTERODINE TARTRATE - Restricted see terms below			
	14.56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine
(Arrow-Tolterodine Tab 2 mg to be delisted 1 July 2020)			

→ Restricted (RS1273)

Initiation

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

50

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

→ Restricted (RS1302)

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

CYPROTERONE ACETATE	
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	13.17

 Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021
 26.75
 50
 Siterone

 TESTOSTERONE
 90.00
 30
 Androderm

TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE

Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202076.50

1 Depo-Testosterone

Siterone

TESTOSTERONE ESTERS

Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg, testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE

Calcium Homeostasis

CALCITONIN

CINACAL CFT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1540)

Initiation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 All of the following:

- 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
- 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
- 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
 - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L): and
 - 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

Inj 4 mg per 5 ml, vial − 1% DV May-19 to 2021......38.03
 Zoledronic acid Mylan

→ Restricted (RS1602)

Initiation - bone metastases

Oncologist, haematologist or palliative care specialist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and
 - 2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and
 - 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cord compression, radiation to bone or surgery to bone).

Initiation - early breast cancer

Oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal state; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum of 2 years.

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

lnj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 20210	.99	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	.90	30	Dexmethsone
Oral lig 1 mg per ml45	.00 2	25 ml	Biomed

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DEVAMENTACIONE DI OCCULATE	φ	FEI	Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022	9.25	10	Dexamethasone Phosphate Panpharma
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022	14.19 16.37	10	Max Health Dexamethasone Phosphate
(Max Health Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 July 202	25.18		Panpharma Max Health
(Max Health Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 July 2020 FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE	0)		
Tab 100 mcg	14.32	100	Florinef
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	8.10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	20.32	100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial		1	Solu-Cortef
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial – 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Via
Inj 125 mg vial – 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Via
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Via
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	27.83	1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	44.40	5	Depo-Medrol
PREDNISOLONE			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	10.68	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	20.80	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Kenacort-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE		Ü	rondon n
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Hormone Replacement Therapy			
Oestrogens			
DESTRADIOL			
Tab 1 mg			
Tab 2 mg			-
Patch 25 mcg per day		8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day		8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day		8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day	/.91	8	Estradot

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	HORMONE PREPARATIONS			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
OESTRADIOL VALERATE Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE) Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg		84 84	Progynova Progynova	
Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Prepa	rations			
OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate				

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Progestogens

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 2.5 mg3.75	30	Provera	
Tab 5 mg14.00	100	Provera	
Tab 10 mg7.15	30	Provera	
•			

Other Endocrine Agents

CABERGOLINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	3.75	2	Dostinex
 → Restricted (RS1319) Initiation Any of the following: Inhibition of lactation; or Patient has pathological hyperprolactinemia; or Patient has acromegaly. 	15.20	8	Dostinex
CLOMIFENE CITRATE Tab 50 mg	29.84	10	Mylan Clomiphen
DANAZOL Cap 100 mg	68.33	100 28	Azol
Cap 200 mg(Azol Cap 100 mg to be delisted 1 June 2020)		100	Mylan Azol

GESTRINONE

Cap 2.5 mg

METYRAPONE

Cap 250 mg

PENTAGASTRIN

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Other Oestrogen Preparations

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL

100 NZ Medical and Scientific

OESTRADIOL Implant 50 mg

OESTRIOL

Tab 2 mg

Other Progestogen Preparations

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE

Tab 100 mg101.00 Provera HD 100

NORETHISTERONE

Primolut N 100

Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues

CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE)

Inj 100 mcg vial

THYROTROPIN ALFA

Inj 900 mcg vial

Adrenocorticotropic Hormones

TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN]

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule75.00 Synacthen Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule690.00 Synacthen Depot

GnRH Agonists and Antagonists

BUSERELIN

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial

GONADORFI IN

Inj 100 mcg vial

GOSERELIN

Zoladex Implant 10.8 mg, syringe177.50 Zoladex

LEUPRORELIN ACETATE

Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe......221.60 Lucrin Depot 1-month Inj 11.25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe......591.68 Lucrin Depot 3-month

Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA

Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

Omnitrope

((Price ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Growth Hormone			
SOMATROPIN − Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg cartridge − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	34.88	1	Omnitrope
Ini 10 mg cartridge − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	69.75	1	Omnitrope

⇒ Restricted (RS1549) Initiation – growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and

Price	Brand or	٠
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$ Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m² /day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.</p>

Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...
endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and
- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight oximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	Τ)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARBIMAZOLE

Tab 5 mg

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

I FVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

Tab 20 mcg

→ Restricted (RS1301)

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Inj 20 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1276)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

PROTIRELIN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE - Some items restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mcg25.00	30	Minirin
t	Tab 200 mcg54.45	30	Minirin

Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020......23.95 6 ml Desmopressin-PH&T

Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml

⇒ Restricted (RS1339)

Initiation - Nocturnal enuresis

Either:

- 1 The nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated; or
- 2 An enuresis alarm is contraindicated.

Note: Cranial diabetes insipidus and the nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated.

TERLIPRESSIN

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule	450.00	5	Glypressin
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule	215.00	5	Glypressin



(ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Antibacterials** Aminoglycosides AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe **Biomed** Ini 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021......265.00 5 **DBL Amikacin** → Restricted (RS1041) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule25.00 DBI Gentamicin 5 10 Pfizer PAROMOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below 16 Humatin → Restricted (RS1603) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE - Restricted see terms below Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1043) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist **TOBRAMYCIN ■** Powder → Restricted (RS1475) Initiation For addition to orthopaedic bone cement. 5 Tobramycin Mylan → Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist Ini 100 mg per ml. 5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist 56 dose TOBI ⇒ Restricted (RS1435) Initiation Patient has cystic fibrosis. Carbapenems ERTAPENEM - Restricted see terms below **I** Inj 1 g vial − **1% DV Aug-19 to 2022**......70.00 Invanz → Restricted (RS1045) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial − 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022.....60.00 1 Imipenem+Cilastatin **RBX** → Restricted (RS1046) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Price

Brand or

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MEROPENEM - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2020		4.00	1	Meropenem Ranbaxy
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2020		8.00	1	Meropenem Ranbaxy
→ Restricted (RS1047)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation				
CEFALEXIN				
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022			20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg			20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021			100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		.11.75	100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
EFAZOLIN				
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		3.39	5	AFT
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		3.29	5	AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation				
EFACLOR				
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		24 70	100	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Grans for oral lig 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022			100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
		0.00	100 1111	Tunbany Colucion
EFOXITIN		E0.00	10	Cefoxitin Actavis
Inj 1 g vial		.56.00	10	Celoxilin Actavis
EFUROXIME				
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022			50	Zinnat
Inj 750 mg vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020			10	Cefuroxime Actavis
Inj 1.5 g vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		.14.36	10	Cefuroxime Actavis
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation				
EFOTAXIME				
Inj 500 mg vial			1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		. 14.60	10	DBL Cefotaxime
EFTAZIDIME - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 1 g vial		.34.00	5	Ceftazidime Mylan
Restricted (RS1048)				·
linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci	alist			
EFTRIAXONE				
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		0.89	1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022			5	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022			1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation				
EFEPIME - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		3.75	1	Cefepime-AFT
Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			1	Cefepime-AFT
→ Restricted (RS1049)			•	
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
The state of the s				



	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation				

CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms below

10 Zinforo

→ Restricted (RS1446)

Initiation - multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Either:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

Macrolides

AZITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	8.19	30	Apo-Azithromycin
	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		2	Apo-Azithromycin
t	Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml) - 1% DV Dec-18			
	to 2021	4.38	15 ml	Zithromax
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1598)			

Initiation - bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms*: or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

	Price		Brand or
(ex n	man. excl. (GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.98	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
t	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.40	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
1	Grans for oral lig 50 mg per ml	192.00	50 ml	Klacid
t	Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-17 to 31 Aug 2020	12.04	1	Martindale
	Participad (D01700)			

→ Restricted (RS1709)

Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Helicobacter pylori eradication; or
- 4 Prophylaxis of infective endocarditis associated with surgical or dental procedures if amoxicillin is contra-indicated.

Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

Tab 400 mg16.95	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml6.77	100 ml	E-Mycin

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Tab 250 mg
- → Tab 500 mg

ROXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms below

1	Tab dispersible 50 mg	8.29	10	Rulide D
	Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022		50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
	Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022	16.33	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin

→ Restricted (RS1569)

Initiation

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Penicillins			
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	22.50	500	Alphamox
tap of the contract of the con	14.97		Apo-Amoxi
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	36.98	500	Alphamox
	16.75		Apo-Amoxi
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral lig 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Ibiamox
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Ibiamox
· ·	17.29	10	IDIAIIIOX
(Apo-Amoxi Cap 250 mg to be delisted 1 April 2020)			
(Apo-Amoxi Cap 500 mg to be delisted 1 April 2020)			
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	1.88	20	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml	3.83	100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml		100 ml	Curam
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial		10	m-Amoxiclav
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial		10	m-Amoxiclav
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN			
	2021 244.02	10	Bicillin LA
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe - 1% DV Dec-18 to	2021344.93	10	DICIIIIII LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	25.88	25	Pan-Penicillin G Sodium
	10.35	10	Sandoz
	103.50	100	Sandoz
			Sandoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	16.83	250	Staphlex
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	56.61	500	Staphlex
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.40	10	Flucloxin
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Flucil
		Ū	1 10011
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]	0.50		O''' ' ' ' '
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	3.99	100 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial	38.00	10	PipTaz Sandoz
→ Restricted (RS1053)			•
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist		
PROCAINE PENICILLIN			
	100 50	_	Cilicaine
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Cilicallie
TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID - Restricted see terms below	W		
Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial			
→ Restricted (RS1054)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist		

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Quinolones			
CIPROFLOXACIN — Restricted see terms below I Tab 250 mg — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 I Tab 500 mg — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 I Tab 750 mg — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Oral liq 50 mg per ml Oral liq 100 mg per ml I nj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag — 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1.99 3.15	28 28 28	Cipflox Cipflox Cipflox
→ Restricted (RS1055) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist MOXIFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 400 mg	52.00	5 1	Avelox Avelox IV 400 Moxifloxacin Kabi

(Avelox IV 400 Inj 1.6 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle to be delisted 1 April 2020)

→ Restricted (RS1644)

Initiation - Mycobacterium infection

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Active tuberculosis: and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications; or
 - 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or
 - 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
 - 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or
 - 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications; or
- 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated; or
- 3 Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact with a confirmed multi-drug resistant tuberculosis case.

Initiation - Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

Fither:

- 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or
- 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

Initiation - Penetrating eye injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

Initiation - Mycoplasma genitalium

All of the following:

- 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium and is symptomatic; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; or
 - 2.2 Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; and
- 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.

NORFLOXACIN

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Tetracyclines				
DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg				
DOXYCYCLINE → Tab 50 mg – Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		.64.43	500	Doxine
MINOCYCLINE Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg - Restricted: For continuation only				
TETRACYCLINE Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg TIGECYCLINE – Restricted see terms below		.46.00	30	Tetracyclin Wolff
 Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1059) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist 				
Other Antibacterials				
AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial		364.92	10	Azactam
Cap 150 mg − 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022		4.10	16	Clindamycin ABM
■ Oral lig 15 mg per ml		4.61	24	Dalacin C
 Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule − 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 (Clindamycin ABM Cap 150 mg to be delisted 1 April 2020) → Restricted (RS1061) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist 			10	Dalacin C
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted see Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial → Restricted (RS1062)			1	Colistin-Link
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special DAPTOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below	alist			
 Inj 500 mg vial		243.52	1	Cubicin
FOSFOMYCIN - Restricted see terms on the next page Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet				

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1315)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1065)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		10	Zyvox
	1,879.00	150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle − 1% DV Feb-19 to 2021	18.50	1	Linezolid Kabi
→ Restricted (RS1066)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
METHENAMINE (HEXAMINE) HIPPURATE			
Tab 1 g	40.01	100	Hiprex
NITROFURANTOIN			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2021	22.20	100	Nifuran
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2021		100	Nifuran
PIVMECILLINAM – Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 200 mg			
⇒ Restricted (RS1322)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
	34.50	12	Fucidin
⇒ Restricted (RS1064)			. aoiani
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULPHADIAZINE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 500 mg			
⇒ Restricted (RS1067)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal r	nedicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg vial			
→ Restricted (RS1068)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
TRIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	16.50	50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOL			
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg	.Lj		
Oral lig 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct	-17		
to 2020		100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	2.31	100 1111	Берини
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
VANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below	0.07	4	Mulan
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.3/	1	Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1069) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Omnoai microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

- → Restricted (RS1410)

Oncologist

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERICIN B

AmBisome 10

→ Restricted (RS1071)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Fither:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Inj 50 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1316)

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u17.09	50	Nilstat
Cap 500.000 u	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

FLUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below		
↓ Cap 50 mg − 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020 2.09	28	Mylan
Cap 150 mg − 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	1	Mylan
■ Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	28	Mylan
■ Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml	35 ml	Diflucan
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial − 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	1	Fluconazole-Claris
■ Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	1	Fluconazole-Claris
→ Restricted (RS1072)		
Consultant		
ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below		
■ Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	15	Itrazole
→ Restricted (RS1073)		
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist		
POSACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms on the next page		
■ Tab modified-release 100 mg	24	Noxafil
■ Oral liq 40 mg per ml	105 ml	Noxafil

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1074)

Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202191.00	56	Vttack
	Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	56	Vttack
	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-18 to 20211,437.00	70 ml	Vfend
	Inj 200 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-19 to 202244.00	1	Neo Health

→ Restricted (RS1075)

Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised: and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis: or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022220.	.28 1	Max Health
1	Inj 70 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022284.	.63 1	Max Health



	Pric	се			Brand or
(ex ma	ın. e	xcl. G	ST)		Generic
	\$			Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1076)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1279)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

TERBINAFINE

Antimycobacterials

Antileprotics

CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below

Cap 50 mg

→ Restricted (RS1077)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg268.50	100	Dapsone
1	Tab 100 mg329.50	100	Dapsone

→ Restricted (RS1078)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

Antituberculotics

CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below

Cap 250 mg

→ Restricted (RS1079)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1080)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

ISONIAZID - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 100 mg − **1% DV Oct-18 to 2021**......22.00 100 **PSM**

→ Restricted (RS1281)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202185.54	100	Rifinah
t	Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	100	Rifinah

→ Restricted (RS1282)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST	Γ) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
	\$	rei	Manuacturei	
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below				
Grans for oral liq 4 g	280.00	30	Paser	
→ Restricted (RS1083)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ialist			
PROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below				
	305.00	100	Peteha	
→ Restricted (RS1084)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ialist			
PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below				
➡ Restricted (RS1085)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec	ialist			
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below				
■ Cap 150 mg	275.00	30	Mycobutin	
➡ Restricted (RS1086)			-	
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist	or respiratory speci	alist		
RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below				
Cap 150 mg − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	55.75	100	Rifadin	
Cap 300 mg − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	116.25	100	Rifadin	
		60 ml	Rifadin	
Inj 600 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	128.85	1	Rifadin	
⇒ Restricted (RS1087)				

Antiparasitics

Anthelmintics

ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 200 mg
- → Restricted (RS1088)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1283)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

MEBENDAZOLE

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatrician or public health physician

PRAZIQUANTEL

Tab 600 mg

Antiprotozoals

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg
- → Restricted (RS1090)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Stromectol

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms below Inj 60 mg vial → Restricted (RS1091) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below 12 Malarone Junior ■ Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg......64.00 12 Malarone → Restricted (RS1092) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below Tab 250 mg → Restricted (RS1093) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rheumatologist MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below → Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rheumatologist MFTRONIDAZOI F 100 Trichozole Trichozole 100 Flagyl-S 100 ml 100 ml AFT 20 Colpocin-T Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag......55.00 10 Baxter 10 Flagyl NITAZOXANIDE - Restricted see terms below 30 Alinia ■ Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml → Restricted (RS1095) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist **ORNIDAZOLE** Arrow-Ornidazole 10 PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE - Restricted see terms below **I** Inj 300 mg vial − **1% DV Nov-19 to 2022**.....216.00 5 **Pentacarinat** → Restricted (RS1096) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist PRIMAQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below Tab 15 mg **→** Restricted (RS1097) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist PYRIMETHAMINE - Restricted see terms below Tab 25 mg → Restricted (RS1098) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal medicine specialist QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
	` \$	Per	Manufacturer	
→ Restricted (RS1099)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
QUININE SULPHATE				
Tab 300 mg	61.91	500	Q 300	
SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial				
→ Restricted (RS1100)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1571)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

EFAVIRENZ - Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 200 mg		90 30	Stocrin Stocrin
ETRAVIRINE – Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE – Restricted see terms above 1 Tab 200 mg – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 1 Oral suspension 10 mg per ml		60 240 ml	Nevirapine Alphapharm Viramune Suspension



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1572)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ARACAVIR SHI PHATE	 Restricted see terms above
ADAGAVID SULFTIATE	- nestricted see terris above

t	Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	180.00	60	Ziagen
	Oral liq 20 mg per ml		240 ml	Ziagen
ΑB	ACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms abo	ve		

1 Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022......63.00 30 Kivexa

EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms above

1 Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg 30 Mylan

EMTRICITABINE - Restricted see terms above

Emtriva 30

LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above

1 Oral lig 10 mg per ml

STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Cap 30 mg
- 1 Cap 40 mg
- 1 Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml

7IDOVUDINE [AZT] - Restricted see terms above

ZIDO TODINE [NET] HOCKING COO COMO COOLO			
t Cap 100 mg	152.25	100	Retrovir
t Oral liq 10 mg per ml	30.45	200 ml	Retrovir
t Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	750.00	5	Retrovir IV
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT] WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms above			
1 Tab 300 mg with lamivuding 150 mg = 1% DV San-17 to 2020	33 00	60	∆Inhanharn

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1573)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ATAZANAVIR SULPHATE — Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Cap 150 mg — 1% DV Jun-19 to 2022	60 60	Teva Teva
DARUNAVIR − Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 400 mg − 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020 335.00 1 Tab 600 mg − 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020 476.00	60 60	Prezista Prezista
INDINAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page t Cap 200 mg Cap 400 mg		
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR − Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	60 120 300 ml	Kaletra Kaletra Kaletra
RITONAVIR – Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 100 mg – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	30	Norvir

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1574)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer continued... 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required. Initiation - Percutaneous exposure Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive. DOLUTEGRAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page 30 Tivicav RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM - Restricted see terms on the previous page 60 Isentress 60 Isentress HD **Antivirals Hepatitis B** ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL - Restricted see terms below 30 Hepsera → Restricted (RS1104) Initiation Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist All of the following: 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg+); and Documented resistance to lamivudine defined as: 2 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 x ULN); and 3 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load greater than or equal to 10-fold over nadir; and 4 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; and 5 Fither: 5.1 Both: 5.1.1 Patient is cirrhotic; and 5.1.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used in combination with lamivudine: or 5.2 Both: 5.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic: and 5.2.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used as monotherapy. **ENTECAVIR Entecavir Sandoz** I AMIVUDINE 28 Zetlam Zeffix Oral liq 5 mg per ml270.00 240 ml TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL Tab 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021......38.10 30 Tenofovir Disoproxil Teva **Hepatitis C** GLECAPREVIR WITH PIBRENTASVIR Note: the supply of treatment is via PHARMAC's approved direct distribution supply. Further details can be found on PHARMAC's website https://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/. 84 Maviret LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR - Restricted see terms on the next page ■ Tab 90 mg with sofosbuvir 400 mg.......24,363.46 Harvoni

	Р	rice			Brand or
(ex	x man.	excl.	GST)		Generic
		\$		Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1528)

Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCTP). Applications will be considered by HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Access Criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Herpesviridae

ACICI OVIR

Tab dispersible 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	60	25	Lovir
Tab dispersible 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	38	56	Lovir
Tab dispersible 800 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	98	35	Lovir
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 20219.	60	5	Aciclovir-Claris

CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms below

Ini 75 mg per ml. 5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1108)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologist or oral surgeon

FOSCARNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below

Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1109)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 500 mg vial	5	Cymevene
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→ Restricted (RS1110)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

VALACICLOVIR

Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 20215.75	30	Vaclovir
Tab 1,000 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202111.35	30	Vaclovir
VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below		

■ Tab 450 mg - 1% DV May-19 to 2021......225.00 60 Valganciclovir Mylan

→ Restricted (RS1112)

Initiation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to 3 months treatment

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or
 - 2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive.

Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
 - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL - Restricted see terms below

Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate)

⇒ Restricted (RS1700)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
 - 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis (refer to local health pathways or https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/ for training materials); and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis, Hep B if not immune and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 3 months and is not contraindicated for treatment; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks; and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative and is not at risk of HIV seroconversion; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 All of the following:
 - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
 - 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
 - 6.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
 - 6.2 All of the following:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis (refer to local health pathways or https://ashm.org.au/HIV/PrEP/ for training materials); and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis, Hep B if not immune and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 12 months and is not contraindicated for treatment; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks; and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative and is not at risk of HIV seroconversion; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 All of the following:
 - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
 - 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
 - 6.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - casual male partners in the last 3 months; or 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
 - 6.2 All of the following:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml
- → Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

→ Restricted (RS1369)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.



Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Pegasys

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2A

Inj 3 m iu prefilled syringe

Ini 6 m iu prefilled syringe

Inj 9 m iu prefilled syringe

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1113)

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALEA-2A - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1340)

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV: or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400.000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
- 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C. genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease: and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Notes: Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines.

Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Anticholinesterases			
DROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Restricted (RS1015)			
itiation			
or the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.			
EOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	98.00	50	AstraZeneca
EOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMID	E		
Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoul	e20.90	10	Max Health
YRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE			
Tab 60 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	45.79	100	Mestinon
Antirheumatoid Agents			
YDROXYCHLOROQUINE			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	7.98	100	Plaguenil
EFLUNOMIDE			. 1.
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	2 90	30	Apo-Leflunomide
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		30	Apo-Leflunomide
ENICILLAMINE			
Tab 125 mg	67 23	100	D-Penamine
Tab 250 mg		100	D-Penamine
ODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE			
Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule			
, ,			
Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism			
Bisphosphonates			
LENDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 70 mg - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022	2.44	4	Fosamax
LENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL			
Tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2022	1.51	4	Fosamax Plus
AMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.98	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	Pamisol
ISEDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 35 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.10	4	Risedronate Sandoz
OLEDRONIC ACID			
Inj 5 mg per 100 ml, vial – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	60.00	100 ml	Aclasta
		1001111	

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1663)

Initiation - Inherited bone fragility disorders

Any specialist

Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disorder (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta).

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any specialist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
 - 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 1.4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

Initiation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Paget's disease; and

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$ P	er Manufacturer	

continued...

- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
 - 2.2 Bone deformity: or
 - 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
 - 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
 - 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
 - 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
 - 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1665)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal; or
 - 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
- 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 3.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019 or has had a Special Authority approval for raloxifene; and
- 4 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance is less than 35 mL/min; and
- 5 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes); and
- 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment with any other funded antiresorptive agent for this condition or teriparatide.

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with denosumab.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.
- 5 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: risedronate sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

RALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1666)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) or has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis) prior to 1 February 2019.

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1143)

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- 1 The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- 2 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- 3 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYAI URONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALL OPURINOL

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	4.54	500	DP-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	10.35	500	DP-Allopurinol

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
■ BENZBROMARONE - Restricted see terms below Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100
→ Restricted (RS1489) Initiation Any specialist			

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose: or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
 - 2.3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 20 ml/min; or
 - 2.4 All of the following:
 - 2.4.1 The patient is taking azathioprine and requires urate-lowering therapy; and
 - 2.4.2 Allopurinol is contraindicated; and
 - 2.4.3 Appropriate doses of probenecid are ineffective or probenecid cannot be used due to reduced renal function: and
- 3 The patient is receiving monthly liver function tests.

Notes: Benzbromarone has been associated with potentially fatal hepatotoxicity. In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose. The New Zealand Rheumatology Association has developed information for prescribers which can be accessed from its website at www.rheumatology.org.nz/home/resources-2/

COLCHICINE

Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021	9.58	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 80 mg	9.50	28	Adenuric
■ Tab 120 mg		28	Adenuric
→ Restricted (RS1490)			

Initiation

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note).

Pr	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Note: In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. The efficacy and safety of febuxostat have not been fully evaluated in patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine clearance less than 30 ml/minute). No dosage adjustment of febuxostat is necessary in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-18 to 202112.50	5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	100	Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule11.55	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2021372.98	5	Medsurge
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial467.50	1	Botox
lnj 300 u vial388.50	1	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE		• •
Cap 25 mg	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg	100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial800.00	6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	5	Mivacron
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	5	Mivacron
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE		
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	100	Norflex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE	100	Hormox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE	40	Hamala
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Aug-20 to 2022	10	Hameln
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial48.01	10	DBL Rocuronium Bromide
(DBL Rocuronium Bromide Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 August 2020)		Diomide
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 202078.00	50	AstraZeneca
	50	ASHALCHECA
VECURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg vial		

	MUSCU	LUSKE	ELETAL SYSTEM
	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade			
SUGAMMADEX - Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial Restricted (RS1370) Initiation Any of the following:	1,200.00	10 10	Bridion Bridion
Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade for undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraind)			ion that has been

- - 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
 - 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade; or
 - 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
 - 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
 - 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

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Note - The DV limit of 1% applies to the celecoxib chemical rather that	n each individua	I line item.	
Cap 100 mg	3.63	60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	2.30	30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1.23	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible	1.50	20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	22.80	500	Apo-Diclo SR
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	25.15	500	Apo-Diclo SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	13.20	5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg	2.04	10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg	2.44	10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg	4.22	10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg		10	Voltaren

ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 30 mg
- Tab 60 mg
- Tab 90 mg
- → Restricted (RS1290)

Initiation

For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
BUPROFEN			
Tab 200 mg − 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020 Tab 400 mg − Restricted: For continuation only Tab 600 mg − Restricted: For continuation only	11.71	1,000	Relieve
Tab long-acting 800 mg – 1% DV Apr-20 to 2021	7.99 5.99	30	Brufen SR Ibuprofen SR BNM
Oral liq 20 mg per ml - 1% DV May-19 to 2021lnj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial Brufen SR Tab long-acting 800 mg to be delisted 1 April 2020)		200 ml	Ethics
NDOMETHACIN Cap 25 mg Cap 50 mg Cap long-acting 75 mg Inj 1 mg vial Suppos 100 mg			
ETOPROFEN Cap long-acting 200 mg	12.07	28	Oruvail SR
MEFENAMIC ACID - Restricted: For continuation only → Cap 250 mg			
IAPROXEN			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	32.69	500	Noflam 250
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	22.19	250	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		28	Naprosyn SR 750
Tab long-acting 1 g - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	8.21	28	Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB			
Inj 40 mg vial	100.00	10	Dynastat
SULINDAC			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 200 mg			
ENOXICAM			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	9.15	100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial		1	AFT
Total Bushes for Island March B			
Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain			
CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below			
Crm 0.025%	9.95	45 g	Zostrix

→ Restricted (RS1309)

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1351)

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

TETRABENAZINE

Anticholinergics

BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg7.99	60	Benztrop
Ini 1 mg per ml. 2 ml ampoule	5	Cogentin

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents

AMANTADINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Cap 100 mg38.24	60	Symmetrel
APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2023	5	Movapo

BROMOCRIPTINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 5 mg

Movapo

	Price		Brand or
(ex	(man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ENTACAPONE	*		
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	22.00	100	Entapone
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg	13.25	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		100	Madopar 250
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	17.97	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 100 mg with carbipoda 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 20	20 37.15	100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100	Sinemet
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	6.12	100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100	Ramipex
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	0.05	0.4	Donin
Tab 0.25 filg = 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		84 84	Ropin Popin
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		84	Ropin Ropin
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		84	Ropin
· ·	12.50	04	порш
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg			
TOLCAPONE			
Tab 100 mg	152.38	100	Tasmar
Anacothotica			
Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics	1,350.00	6	Suprane
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020	1,350.00	6	Suprane
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020		6	Suprane Precedex
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			·
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			·
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			·
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE	357.00	5	Precedex
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020	357.00		·
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020	1,020.00	5	Precedex Aerrane
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 KETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	1,020.00	5 6 10	Precedex Aerrane Biomed
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 KETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	357.00 1,020.00 270.00 70.00	5 6 10 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 KETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	357.00 1,020.00 270.00 70.00 31.50	5 6 10	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketalar
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 KETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021	357.00 1,020.00 270.00 70.00	5 6 10 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 KETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021	357.00 1,020.00 270.00 70.00 31.50	5 6 10 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketalar
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 KETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	357.00 1,020.00 270.00 70.00 31.50	5 6 10 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketalar
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 KETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial PROPOFOL	1,020.00 270.00 70.00 31.50 155.60	5 6 10 5 5	Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketalar Ketamine-Claris
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 KETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial PROPOFOL Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 10% DV Dec-19 to 2022		5 6 10 5 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketalar Ketamine-Claris Fresofol 1% MCT/LC
General Anaesthetics DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 KETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022 Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial PROPOFOL		5 6 10 5 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketalar

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

		•••	
	Price ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SEVOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2020 THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule	840.00	6	Baxter
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE Gel 20%			
BENZOCAINE WITH TETRACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 18% with tetracaine hydrochloride 2%			e.g. ZAP Topical Anaesthetic Gel
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	50.00	5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack	29.20	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack		5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	20.70	5	Marcain
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag	150.00	5	Marcain
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Aug to 2022	-	5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Inj 5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Aug- to 2022		5	Marcain with Adrenaline
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag – 1% DV Apr-2	0		Adicialité
to 2022	305.00	10	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	225.00	10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		-	•
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	92.00	10	Biomed

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
DUDIVAÇANIE LIVEDOCUII ODIDE MITU OLLICOGE	Ψ	1 01	Wariatactarci
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE	00.00	-	Managallana
Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule	38.00	5	Marcain Heavy
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Paste 5%			
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe			5
Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	25.46	1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06%			
Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%			
ETHYL CHLORIDE			
Spray 100%			
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]			
Crm 4%	5.40	5 g	LMX4
	27.00	30 g	LMX4
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			
Gel 2% - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	4.87	20 g	Orion
Soln 4%			
Spray 10% - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2% – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	38.00	200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		5	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		5	Lidocaine-Claris
Gel 2%, 10 ml urethral syringe - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		25 10	Cathejell Instillagel Lido
(Cathejell Gel 2%, 10 ml urethral syringe to be delisted 1 April 2020)	42.00	10	mstmager Lido
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule -1% DV Nov-19		40	Vulgasina
to 2022		10 5	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge	50.00	5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	60.00	5	Xylocaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE			•
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%,		IIIDIIOO	TILOTIIDL
syringe – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	Topicaine
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXID		'	Торісаніс
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe		10	Pfizer
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHF			1 11261
	RINE HYDROCHLOI	RIDE	
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%			
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE	45.00		51.0 A
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%		30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg		20	EMLA EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	45.00	5	CIVILA
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE	40.00	50	0
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge	43.60	50 50	Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge	43.60	50	Scandonest 3%

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. G51)	Per	Manufacturer
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial	100.00	5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule			
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.20	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	29.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	39.00	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.90	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.15	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.55	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Ropivacaine Kabi
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			-
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	198.50	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag		5	Naropin .
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE			

Gel 4%

Analgesics

Non-Opioid Analgesics

ASPIRIN

Tab dispersible 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	100	Ethics Aspirin
CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below		
↓ Crm 0.075%	45 g	Zostrix HP

→ Restricted (RS1145)

Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

- Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle
- → Restricted (RS1292)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

		(ex man. excl. GST)	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms below			
Tab soluble 500 mg			
Tab 500 mg			
Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	5.35	1,000 ml	Paracare
Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Aug-18 to 2020	5.81	1,000 ml	Paracare Double
			Strength
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.40	10	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		20	Biomed
Suppos 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		20	Biomed
Suppos 125 mg - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021		10	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021		10	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-19 to 2021		50	Gacet
• Restricted (RS1146)	12.40	50	GUUUI
nitiation			
stravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are		tical, or wher	e there is reduced
bsorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed ever	ery 24 Hours.		
UCROSE			
Oral liq 25% - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	13.00	25 ml	Biomed
Opioid Analgesics			
•			
LFENTANIL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	34.38	10	Hameln
ODEINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 15 mg	5.75	100	PSM
Tab 30 mg		100	PSM
Tab 60 mg		100	PSM
1 db 00 mg		100	1 0111
UI IVADACADEINE TARTRATE			
	0.00	00	DUO O ti
IHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	8.60	60	DHC Continus
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	8.60	60	DHC Continus
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	8.60	60	DHC Continus
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 ENTANYL		60	DHC Continus Boucher and Muir
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 ENTANYL Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe	3.56		
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022 ENTANYL Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	3.56	10	Boucher and Muir
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.56 210.00 165.00	10 10	Boucher and Muir Biomed
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.56 210.00 165.00 9.41	10 10 10	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.56 210.00 165.00 9.41 220.00	10 10 10 10	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.56 210.00 165.00 9.41 220.00	10 10 10 10	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Boucher and Muir
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		10 10 10 10 10 10	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		10 10 10 10 10 10	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		10 10 10 10 10 1 1	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		10 10 10 10 10 1 1 5 5	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.56 210.00 165.00 9.41 220.00 18.74 2.95 3.66 665 9.25	10 10 10 10 10 1 5 5 5	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.56 210.00 165.00 9.41 220.00 18.74 2.95 3.66 665 9.25	10 10 10 10 10 1 1 5 5	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.56 210.00 165.00 9.41 220.00 18.74 2.95 3.66 6.65 9.25	10 10 10 10 10 1 5 5 5	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.56 210.00 165.00 9.41 220.00 18.74 2.95 3.66 6.65 9.25	10 10 10 10 10 1 5 5 5	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.56210.00165.009.41220.0018.742.953.666.659.2511.40	10 10 10 10 10 1 5 5 5 5	Boucher and Muir Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz
Tab long-acting 60 mg — 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.56 210.00 165.00 9.41 220.00 18.74 2.95 3.66 6.65 9.25 11.40 1.40 5.79	10 10 10 10 10 1 5 5 5 5	Boucher and Muir Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.56 210.00 165.00 9.41 220.00 18.74 2.95 3.66 6.65 9.25 11.40 1.40 5.79	10 10 10 10 10 1 5 5 5 5 5	Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Boucher and Muir Biomed Biomed Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz Methatabs Biodone

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	27.74	200 ml	RA-Morph
MORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.80	10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Sevredol
Tab long-acting 30 mg	2.85	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 60 mg	5.60	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Cap long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	2.05	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	3.00	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	6.12	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	7.13	10	m-Eslon
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	97.25	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	24.00	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	50.75	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	135.00	10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	DBL Morphine
			Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.47	5	DBL Morphine
			Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			·
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.76	5	DBL Morphine
			Sulphate
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.19	5	DBL Morphine
			Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			·
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
MORPHINE TARTRATE			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule	42 72	5	DBL Morphine Tartrate
(DBL Morphine Tartrate Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule to be delist			DDE Morphino Tantato
	ou . oop.oo. 202	•,	
OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE	0.15	00	Ourse dans Candan
Tab controlled-release 5 mg - 1% DV May-19 to 2021		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 10 mg - 1% DV May-19 to 2021		20 20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 20 mg - 1% DV May-19 to 2021			Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 40 mg - 1% DV May-19 to 2021		20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Tab controlled-release 80 mg - 1% DV May-19 to 2021		20 20	Oxycodone Sandoz
Cap immediate release 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		20 250 ml	OxyNorm
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	11.20	250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	7.00	_	OverManne
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		5	OxyNorm
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		5 5	OxyNorm
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	30.00	э	OxyNorm

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GS1)	Per	Manufacturer
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg − 1% DV			
Sep-17 to 2020	18.21	1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine
			(Relieve)
PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE	4.40	40	P014
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4.46	10	PSM
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.98	5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.12	5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
REMIFENTANIL	10.05	_	Domifontonii AFT
Inj 1 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Inj 2 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5 5	Remifentanil-AFT Remifentanil-AFT
, 0	19.95	5	neiiiieiilaiiii-AF i
TRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE Tab supplied release 100 mg. 19/ DV Sep 17 to 2020	1 55	20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20 20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.50	5	Tramal 100
Antidepressants			
Cyclic and Related Agents			
AMITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	2.31	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	12.00	100	Apo-Clomipramine
1ab 10 110 = 1/6 by Oct-16 to 2021			Apo-Clomipramine
	9.46	100	
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-ololliprailille
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For co	ntinuation only		
Tab 25 mg − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted: For co Tab 75 mg	ntinuation only	100 100 50	Dopress Dosulepin Mylan
Tab 25 mg − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted: For co Tab 75 mg Cap 25 mg	ntinuation only	100	Dopress
Tab 25 mg − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted: For co Tab 75 mg Cap 25 mg (Dopress Tab 75 mg to be delisted 1 August 2020)	ntinuation only	100	Dopress
Tab 25 mg − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	ntinuation only	100	Dopress
Tab 25 mg − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	ntinuation only	100	Dopress
Tab 25 mg − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	ntinuation only	100	Dopress
Tab 25 mg − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	ntinuation only 11.19 7.83	100 50	Dopress Dosulepin Mylan
Tab 25 mg − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	ntinuation only 11.19 7.83	100 50	Dopress Dosulepin Mylan
Tab 25 mg − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	ntinuation only 11.19 7.83 	100 50	Dopress Dosulepin Mylan

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

		NI	ERVOUS SYSTEM
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mg Tab 75 mg			
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For contin	nuation only		
→ Tab 30 mg			
NORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100 180	Norpress Norpress
<u> </u>		100	Noipiess
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selec	tive		
PHENELZINE SULPHATE			
Tab 15 mg			
TRANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE Tab 10 mg			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
MOCLOBEMIDE			
Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2021		60	Aurorix
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2021	9.80	60	Aurorix
Other Antidepressants			
MIRTAZAPINE			
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		30 30	Apo-Mirtazapine Apo-Mirtazapine
VENLAFAXINE		30	Apo-Iviii tazapinie
Cap 37.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	6.38	84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		84	Enlafax XR
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	11.16	84	Enlafax XR
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
CITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE	1.50	0.4	DOM OHALA
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	1.52	84	PSM Citalopram
ESCITALOPRAM Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	1.11	28	Escitalopram-Apotex
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		28	Escitalopram-Apotex
FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE			-
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored		30	Arrow-Fluoxetine
Cap 20 mg	7.49	90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
PAROXETINE Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	3.61	90	Loxamine
SERTRALINE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	0.92	30	Setrona
Tah 100 mg - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022		30	Setrona

Setrona

30

	(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Antiepilepsy Drugs			
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
CLONAZEPAM			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	21.00	5	Rivotril
DIAZEPAM			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Rectal tubes 5 mg		5	Stesolid
Rectal tubes 10 mg	40.87	5	Stesolid
LORAZEPAM			
Inj 2 mg vial			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE			
Inj 5 ml ampoule			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	88.63	5	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	133.92	5	Hospira
Control of Enilopsy			
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE			
Tab 200 mg		100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg		100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml	26.37	250 ml	Tegretol
CLOBAZAM			
Tab 10 mg			
CLONAZEPAM			
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE			
Cap 250 mg	140.88	100	Zarontin
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	56.35	200 ml	Zarontin
GABAPENTIN			
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregabalin			
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	2.65	100	Apo-Gabapentin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Gabapentin
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	5.64	100	Apo-Gabapentin
ACOSAMIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Tab 50 mg		14	Vimpat
Tab 100 mg		14	Vimpat
F	200.24	56	Vimpat
Tab 150 mg		14	Vimpat
_	300.40	56	Vimpat
		h h	
■ Tab 200 mg Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	400.55	56	Vimpat

Price

Brand or

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or Generic (ex man. excl. GST) Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1151)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

I AMOTRIGINE

Tab dispersible 2 mg	6.74	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg	15.00	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	9.64	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg - 5% DV Oct-19 to 2022	2.76	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg - 5% DV Oct-19 to 2022	3.31	56	Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg - 5% DV Oct-19 to 2022		56	Logem
LEVETIRACETAM			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022	4.99	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022	8.79	60	Everet
Tab 750 mg - 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022		60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg - 1% DV Aug-19 to 2022	18.59	60	Everet
Oral liq 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	44.78	300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	38.95	10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	40.00	500	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		500	PSM
PHENYTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 100 mg			

Oral lig 6 mg per ml

PREGABALIN

Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin			
Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021	2.25	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 75 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021	2.65	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021	4.01	56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021	7.38	56	Pregabalin Pfizer

PRIMIDONE

Tab 250 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM VALPROATE Tab 100 mg Tab EC 200 mg Tab EC 500 mg			
Oral liq 40 mg per ml Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	9.98	1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below ↓ Cap 250 mg		60 60	Diacomit Diacomit

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

TOPIRAMATE

Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg	18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg	31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	20.84	60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	26.04	60	Topamax

VIGABATRIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1153)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from

NERVOUS SYSTEI

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer	(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
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continued...

optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and

- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Antimigraine Preparations

Acute Migraine Treatment

DIHYDROFRGOTAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

ERGOTAMINE TARTRATE WITH CAFFEINE

Tab 1 mg with caffeine 100 mg

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL

Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg

RIZATRIPTAN

Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.26	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	24.44	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	46.23	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen	81.15	2	Clustran

Prophylaxis of Migraine

PIZOTIFFN

Tab 500 mcg......23.21 100 Sandomigran

Antinausea and Vertigo Agents

APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below

Emend Tri-Pack

→ Restricted (RS1154)

Initiation

Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline-based chemotherapy for the treatment of malignancy.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.89	84	Vergo 16
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021	0.55	10	Nausicalm
CYCLIZINE LACTATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	14.95	5	Nausicalm
DOMPERIDONE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-19 to 2021	2.25	100	Pharmacy Health
DROPERIDOL Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	30.95	10	Droleptan
(Droperidol Panpharma Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted	35.00 1 May 2020)		Droperidol Panpharma
GRANISETRON Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2020	0.40	1	Deva
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	46.50	5	Hospira
	14.11	2	Scopoderm TTS

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective: or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

(Hospira Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 September 2020)		
METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	100	Metoclopramide Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-20 to 20229.50	10	Pfizer
ONDANSETRON		
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	50	Apo-Ondansetron
2.68	}	Onrex
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	10	Ondansetron
		ODT-DRLA
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022		Apo-Ondansetron
4.57		Onrex
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	3 10	Ondansetron
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	5	ODT-DRLA Ondansetron-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule		Ondansetron Kabi
(Apo-Ondansetron Tab 4 mg to be delisted 1 April 2020)		
(Apo-Ondansetron Tab 8 mg to be delisted 1 April 2020)		
PROCHLORPERAZINE		
Tab buccal 3 mg	250	Nausafix
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	250	INAUSAIIX
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Suppos 25 mg		

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
TROPISETRON			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	8 05	1	Tropisetron-AFT
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule — 1/8 by 3ep-10 to 2021		1	•
IIIJ I IIIg pei IIII, 5 IIII ampoule	13.95	ı	Tropisetron-AFT
Antipsychotic Agents			
General			
AMISULPRIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	5.15	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg = 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022		60	•
			Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml	03.33	60 ml	Solian
(Solian Oral liq 100 mg per ml to be delisted 1 July 2020)			
ARIPIPRAZOLE	17.50	00	Autologopa I
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	14.83	100	Largactil
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		100	Largactil
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		100	Largactil
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			3
Oral lig 20 mg per ml			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	30.79	10	Largactil
CLOZAPINE			3
	0.00	F 0	Olamina
Tab 25 mg		50	Clopine
	13.37	100	Clopine
	5.69	50	Clozaril
-	11.36	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg		50	Clopine
	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg		50	Clopine
	34.65	100	Clopine
	14.73	50	Clozaril
	29.45	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg		50	Clopine
	69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	17.33	100 ml	Clopine
HALOPERIDOL			
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	6.23	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		100 ml	Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022		10	Serenace
LEVOMEPROMAZINE		-	
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022	16 10	100	Nozinan
Tob 100 mg 19/ DV Sop 10 to 2022	10.10		
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-19 to 2022	41./5	100	Nozinan

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE	<u> </u>		
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	 .33.50 47.89	10	Nozinan Wockhardt
Wockhardt Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 April 2020)			
ITHIUM CARBONATE			
Tab long-acting 400 mg			
Tab 250 mg	 .34.30	500	Lithicarb FC
Cap 250 mg	 9.42	100	Douglas
Lithicarb FC Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 November 2020)			
DLANZAPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020lnj 10 mg vial	 2.05	28	Zypine ODT
PERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
QUETIAPINE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 1.79	90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 3.45	90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 5.75	90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 9.60	90	Quetapel
RISPERIDONE			
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	 1.86	60	Actavis
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	 2.06	60	Actavis
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 7.66	30 ml	Risperon
IPRASIDONE			
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		60 60	Zusdone Zusdone
Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	 .39.70	60	Zusaone
CUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
CUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	 .31.45	100	Clopixol
Depot Injections			
LUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	 .13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	 .20.90	5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	40.87	5	Fluanxol

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.39	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	55.90	5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 210 mg vial − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	252.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 300 mg vial − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	414.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 405 mg vial − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Restricted (RS1379)			•

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 50 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 75 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
1	Inj 100 mg syringe	435.12	1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 150 mg syringe	435.12	1	Invega Sustenna
	Restricted (RS1381)			ŭ

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Fither:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- ⇒ Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Inj 25 mg vial135.98	1	Risperdal Consta
1	Inj 37.5 mg vial178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	lnj 50 mg vial217.56	1	Risperdal Consta

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1380)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCI OPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

CLOF ENTITION DECANOATE			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.80	5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			e.g. Clopixol Conc

Λ	nxı	Οľ	Vt	00
-	ПΛІ	vi	VИ	

BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	20.23	100	Orion
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	13.16	100	Orion
CLONAZEPAM			
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	5.64	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	10.78	100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	15.05	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	16.18	500	Arrow-Diazepam
LORAZEPAM			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	9.72	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	12.50	100	Ativan
OXAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.17	100	Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Ox-Pam

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

DIMETHYL FUMARATE – Restricted see terms be	low		
	520.00	14	Tecfidera
		56	Tecfidera
→ Restricted (RS1504)			

· · · · ·

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

FINGOLIMOD	 Restricted 	see terms on	the next page

t	Cap 0.5 mg2,200.00	28	Gilenya
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NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1433)

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1447)

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

OCRELIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1711)

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1505)

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Other Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted (RS1434)

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

12

Copaxone

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms above

INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHI ORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab modified-release 2 mg	28.22	30	Circadin
Tab 3 mg			
Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formula	ation, for in-hospital use o	only.	
→ Restricted (RS1576)			
nitiation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disor	der		
Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following:			
Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing	a incomnia cocondary to	a nourode	valonmental disorder
(including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or a			
Behavioural and environmental approaches have been trie			or), and
3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses			nd
4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.		, , , ,	
Continuation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental of	disorder		
Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
Il of the following:			
1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and			
2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from			
3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melaton	in discontinuation within	tne past 1	2 months and has had a
recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses	s no areater than 10 mai	ner dav	
nitiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopicione a	0	oci day.	
Both:	ire contrainaicatea		
Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone	are contraindicated; and		
2 For in-hospital use only.			
MIDAZOLAM			
Tab 7.5 mg			
Oral lig 2 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021	2.98	10	Mylan Midazolam
		10 5	Mylan Midazolam Mylan Midazolam
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021			•
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021	2.36		•
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 IITRAZEPAM − Restricted: For continuation only Tab 5 mg	2.36	5	Mylan Midazolam
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 IJTRAZEPAM − Restricted: For continuation only Tab 5 mg Nitrados Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 September 2020)	2.36	5	Mylan Midazolam
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 IJTRAZEPAM – Restricted: For continuation only	2.36	5	Mylan Midazolam
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 NITRAZEPAM − Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 5 mg Nitrados Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 September 2020) PHENOBARBITONE	2.36	5	Mylan Midazolam
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 IITRAZEPAM − Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 5 mg Nitrados Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 September 2020) PHENOBARBITONE Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule TEMAZEPAM		5	Mylan Midazolam
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 IITRAZEPAM − Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 5 mg Nitrados Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 September 2020) PHENOBARBITONE Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule IEMAZEPAM Tab 10 mg − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Mylan Midazolam Nitrados
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 ITRAZEPAM − Restricted: For continuation only Tab 5 mg Nitrados Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 September 2020) HENOBARBITONE Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule EMAZEPAM Tab 10 mg − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 RIAZOLAM − Restricted: For continuation only		100	Mylan Midazolam Nitrados
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule − 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021 IITRAZEPAM − Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 5 mg Nitrados Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 September 2020) PHENOBARBITONE Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule IEMAZEPAM		100	Mylan Midazolam Nitrados

30

Zopiclone Actavis

(Zopiclone Actavis Tab 7.5 mg to be delisted 1 July 2020)

Р	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 10 mg	107.03	28	Strattera
	107.03	28	Strattera
■ Cap 25 mg	107.03	28	Strattera
	107.03	28	Strattera
	107.03	28	Strattera
	139.11	28	Strattera
	139.11	28	Strattera
→ Restricted (RS1371)			

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder) diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Once-daily dosing; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in the development or worsening of serious adverse reactions or where the combination of subsidised stimulant treatment with another agent would pose an unacceptable medical risk; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in worsening of co-morbid substance abuse or there is a significant risk of diversion with subsidised stimulant therapy; or
 - 3.3 An effective dose of a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has been trialled and has been discontinued because of inadequate clinical response; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant is considered inappropriate because the patient has a history of psychoses or has a first-degree relative with schizophrenia; and
- 4 The patient will not be receiving treatment with atomoxetine in combination with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant, except for the purposes of transitioning from subsidised stimulant therapy to atomoxetine.

Note: A "subsidised formulation of a stimulant" refers to currently listed methylphenidate hydrochloride tablet formulations (immediate-release, sustained-release and extended-release) or dexamphetamine sulphate tablets.

CAFFEINE

Tab 100 mg

DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021......20.00 100 PSM

→ Restricted (RS1169)

Initiation - ADHD

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

		Price		Brand or
		(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
		<u> </u>	Per	Manufacturer
ME	THYLPHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms be	ow		
t	Tab extended-release 18 mg	58.96	30	Concerta
		18.20		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
t	Tab extended-release 27 mg	65.44	30	Concerta
		22.00		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
t	Tab extended-release 36 mg	71.93	30	Concerta
		22.40		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
t	Tab extended-release 54 mg	86.24	30	Concerta
		26.40		Methylphenidate ER - Teva
t	Tab immediate-release 5 mg	3.20	30	Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 10 mg	3.00	30	Ritalin
				Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 20 mg	7.85	30	Rubifen
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg	50.00	100	Ritalin SR
		10.95	30	Rubifen SR
t	Cap modified-release 10 mg	15.60	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 20 mg	20.40	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 30 mg	25.52	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 40 mg	30.60	30	Ritalin LA
=	Restricted (RS1294)			

Initiation - ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
 - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1171)

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
 - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.34	90	Donepezil-Rex
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.64	90	Donepezil-Rex
RIVASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2021	90.00	30	Exelon
	48.75		Generic Partners
	90.00	30	Exelon
	48.75		Generic Partners
(Exelon Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour to be delisted 1 April 2020)			

(Exelon Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour to be delisted 1 April 2020)

⇒ Restricted (RS1436)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

Вι	JPRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms on the nex	rt page		
t	Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	18.37	28	Buprenorphine
		57.40		Naloxone BNM Suboxone
t	Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-20 to 2022	53.12	28	Buprenorphine
(S	uboxone Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg to be delisted 1 April 2020)	166.00		Naloxone BNM Suboxone

(Suboxone Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg to be delisted 1 April 2020)

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

28

Habitrol

→ Restricted (RS1172)

Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Initiation - Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone; and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health;
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab modified-release 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 202011.00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM		
Tab 200 mg153.00	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below		
↓ Tab 50 mg − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 112.55	30	Naltraccord
→ Restricted (RS1173)		

Initiation - Alcohol dependence

Both:

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence; and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	19.00	28	Habitrol
	Patch 21 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	21.77	28	Habitrol
t	Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
	Lozenge 1 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	18.27	216	Habitrol
	Lozenge 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	20.02	216	Habitrol
t	Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
	Gum 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	36.39	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
	·			Habitrol (Mint)
	Gum 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	42.07	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
	· ·			Habitrol (Mint)

→ Restricted (RS1310)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction; or
- 2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or
- 3 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.

VARENICLINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t	Tab 0.5 mg \times 11 and 1 mg \times 42 $-$ 1% DV Mar-19 to 2021	25.64	53	Varenicline Pfizer
1	Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Mar-19 to 2021	27.10	56	Varenicline Pfizer

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacture

→ Restricted (RS1702)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and
- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to guit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not had a Special Authority for varenicline approved in the last 6 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Chemotherapeutic Agents

Alkylating Agents

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg vial
 271.35
 1
 Ribomustin

 Inj 100 mg vial
 1.085.38
 1
 Ribomustin
- → Restricted (RS1578)

Initiation - treatment naive CLL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and
- 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of < 6; and
- 6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m² on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). Chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and
 - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has relapsed refractory disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
 - 3.2.3 Either:
 - 3.2.3.1 Both:
 - 3.2.3.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
 - 3.2.3.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
 - 3.2.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Both:

- 1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monothera	py for a maximum of 6	cycles in r	ituximab refractory patients.
Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle c macroglobulinaemia.	ell, marginal zone and l	ymphoplas	smacytic/ Waldenström's
BUSULFAN			
Tab 2 mg	89.25	100	Myleran
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
CARMUSTINE			
Inj 100 mg vial	1,387.00	1	BiCNU
•			Bicnu Heritage
CHLORAMBUCIL			
Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg	79.00	50	Endoxan
145 00 mg	158.00	100	Procytox
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		1	Endoxan
IFOSFAMIDE			
Inj 1 g vial	96.00	1	Holoxan
Inj 2 g vial		1	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE			Ποιολαίτ
Cap 10 mg	122.50	20	Ceenu
Cap 40 mg		20	Ceenu
	000.10	20	Occiiu
MELPHALAN Tab 0			
Tab 2 mg			
Inj 50 mg vial			
THIOTEPA			
Inj 15 mg vial			
Inj 100 mg vial			
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE			
Inj 15,000 iu vial - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	161.01	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]			
Inj 0.5 mg vial	255.00	1	Cosmegen
DAUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	130.00	1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial	11.50	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Note: DV limit applies to all 50 mg presentations of doxor		•	_ 5.15. GS.5/11 ED0110
Inj 50 mg vial	,		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	23.00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Ini 2 mg nor ml 100 ml viol 19/ DV lan-10 to 2021		4	Dovorubicin Ebouro

EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE

Doxorubicin Ebewe

Epirubicin Ebewe

Epirubicin Ebewe

Epirubicin Ebewe

1

1

1

Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021......56.15

Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial......25.00

Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial......30.00

Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2021......85.00

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		1	Zavedos Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial Inj 20 mg vial MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	816.32	1 1	Arrow Omegapharm Mitozantrone Ebewe

Antimetabolites

AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
 - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndrome resulting from chemical injury or prior treatment with chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and
- 4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression, and; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

CAPECITABINE

Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 202211.15	60	Brinov
10.00		Capercit
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jul-20 to 2022	120	Brinov
49.00		Capercit
(Brinov Tab 150 mg to be delisted 1 July 2020)		
(Brinov Tab 500 mg to be delisted 1 July 2020)		
CLADRIBINE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial5,249.72	7	Leustatin
CYTARABINE		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial400.00	5	Pfizer
Ini 100 mg per ml. 20 ml vial – 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021 41.36	1	Pfizer

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	412.00	20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		5	Fludarabine Ebewe
, 3		· ·	
FLUOROURACIL	10.00	4	Fluoreuraeil Eheura
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	30.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
GEMCITABINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	15.89	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	37.00	25	Puri-nethol
■ Oral suspension 20 mg per ml.		100 ml	Allmercap
⇒ Restricted (RS1635)			·
Initiation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per of	lav.		
Continuation	,-		
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per c	lav.		
	,-		
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021	8.05	90	Trexate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021		90	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe	14.61	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe	14.66	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial		5	DBL Methotrexate
.,			Onco-Vial
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	45.00	1	DBL Methotrexate
			Onco-Vial
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	79.99	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
PEMETREXED - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 100 mg vial	60.89	1	Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Juno Pemetrexed
⇒ Restricted (RS1596)	•		
Initiation – Mesothelioma			

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

																			(ex		Price excl \$. GS	Γ)	Per			Brand or Generic Manufactur	rer	
continued					_	_			_		_	_	_								_		_						
Continuation -	– Mes	ot	th	elior	na																								
Re-assessmer	nt requ	iire	еа	afte	r 8	mo	nth	ıs																					
All of the follow	/ing:																												
1 No evid																													
2 The trea																													
3 Pemetr										ı do	ose	e of	if 50	J0m	ıg/m	ı' ev	very	y 21	day	s for	a m	aximu	ım	of 6	сус	les	3.		
nitiation – No					_																								
R <i>e-assessmer</i> Both:	ıı r e qu	JII 6	eu	ane	10	IIIO	IIIII	15																					
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	2.2.2																												
																								/s for	an	na	ximum of (6 cycles	S.

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days.

THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

Other Cytotoxic Agents

AMSACRINE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

Inj 75 mg

ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 0.5 mg

ARSENIC TRIOXIDE

Phenasen 10

BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms below

I Inj 3.5 mg vial − **1% DV Aug-20 to 2022**......105.00 Bortezomib Dr-Reddy's 1.892.50 Velcade

(Velcade Inj 3.5 mg vial to be delisted 1 August 2020)

→ Restricted (RS1725)

Initiation - multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Either:

- 1 The patient has symptomatic multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis.

COLASPASE [L-ASPARAGINASE]

Inj 10,000 iu vial......102.32 Leunase

(Leunase Inj 10,000 iu vial to be delisted 1 December 2020)

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DACARBAZINE			
Inj 200 mg vial	58.06	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE			
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	340.73	10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	7.90	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)			
Inj 100 mg vial	40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA			
Cap 500 mg	31.76	100	Hydrea
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2021	71.44	1	Irinotecan Actavis 100
LENALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
	6,207.00	21	Revlimid
	7,239.18	21	Revlimid
	7,627.00	21	Revlimid

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
- 3 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

OLAPARIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg3,701.00	56	Lynparza
	Tab 150 mg3,701.00	56	Lynparza
	Cap 50 mg7,402.00	448	Lynparza
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1722)		

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

UNCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPI	RESSANIS			
	(ex ma	Price n. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued				
1 Patient has a high-grade serous* epithelial ovarian, fallo 2 There is documentation confirming pathogenic germline 3 Patient has received at least two lines of previous treatm 4 Patient has platinum sensitive disease defined as disease the penultimate line of platinum-based chemotherapy; at 5 Patient's disease must have achieved partial or complet platinum-based regimen; and 6 Patient's disease has not progressed following prior treat 7 Treatment will be commenced within 8 weeks of the pati regimen; and 8 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment	BRCA1 or BRC nent with platinuse progression and e response to t atment with olar ient's last dose	CA2 gene muum-based chooccurring at la reatment with parib; and	itation; and emotherap least 6 mod	f y; and nths after the last dose of diately preceding
9 Treatment not to be administered in combination with other		ару.		
Continuation Medical oncologist Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is b 2 No evidence of progressive disease; and 3 Treatment to be administered as maintenance treatment	t; and		nd	
4 Treatment not to be administered in combination with otl Note: *Note "high-grade serous" includes tumours with high-gra			h-arada sa	arous component
PEGASPARGASE – Restricted see terms below	auc scrous icai	ures or a riig	ir grade se	nous component.
Inj 750 iu per ml, 5 ml vial	3	3,005.00	1	Oncaspar Oncaspar LYO
(Oncaspar Inj 750 iu per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 May 2020 → Restricted (RS1190) Initiation – Newly diagnosed ALL Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic le 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive 3 Treatment is with curative intent. Initiation – Relapsed ALL Limited to 12 months treatment All of the following: 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive	ukaemia; and e multi-agent ch			
3 Treatment is with curative intent. PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN] Inj 10 mg vial				

50

Natulan

Cap 50 mg......980.00

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

		Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TE	MOZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
1	Cap 5 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	10.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
		9.13		Temaccord
t	Cap 20 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	18.30	5	Orion Temozolomide
		16.38		Temaccord
t	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	40.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
		35.98		Temaccord
t	Cap 140 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	50.12	5	Temaccord
1	Cap 250 mg - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	96.80	5	Orion Temozolomide
(0	view Tenneral amide Con 5 was to be delicated 1 May 2000)	86.34		Temaccord

(Orion Temozolomide Cap 5 mg to be delisted 1 May 2020)

(Orion Temozolomide Cap 20 mg to be delisted 1 May 2020)

(Orion Temozolomide Cap 100 mg to be delisted 1 May 2020)

(Orion Temozolomide Cap 250 mg to be delisted 1 May 2020)

→ Restricted (RS1645)

Initiation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or
 - 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
- 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day.

Continuation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has glioblastoma multiforme; and
 - 1.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has anaplastic astrocytoma*: and
 - 2.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
 - 2.3 Adjuvant temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 24 months.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

Continuation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 50 mg378.00	28	Thalomid
t	Cap 100 mg756.00	28	Thalomid

→ Restricted (RS1192)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or
- 3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

TRETINOIN

	Cap 10 mg	100	Vesanoid
VEI	NETOCLAX - Restricted see terms below		
t	Tab 14 × 10 mg, 7 × 50 mg, 21 × 100 mg1,771.86	42	Venclexta
	Tab 10 mg95.78	14	Venclexta
	Tab 50 mg	7	Venclexta
t	Tab 100 mg	120	Venclexta

→ Restricted (RS1713)

Initiation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 7 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has received at least one prior therapy for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 3 Patient has not previously received funded venetoclax; and
- 4 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment; and
- 5 Venetoclax to be used in combination with six 28-day cycles of rituximab commencing after the 5-week dose titration schedule with venetoclax; and
- 6 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Venetoclax is to be discontinued after a maximum of 24 months of treatment following the titration schedule unless earlier discontinuation is required due to disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

Initiation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation*

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that patient has 17p deletion by FISH testing or TP53 mutation by sequencing; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance status of 0-2.

Continuation – previously untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation* Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL)* and B-cell prolymphocytic leukaemia (B-PLL)*. Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Platinum Compounds

Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial – 1% DV Jun-19 to 2021	.45.20	1	Carboplatin Ebewe
CISPLATIN			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	.12.29	1	DBL Cisplatin
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	.19.70	1	DBL Cisplatin
OXALIPLATIN			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2021	.46.32	1	Oxaliplatin Accord

Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors

AL	ECTINID - Restricted see terms below			
t	Cap 150 mg	7,935.00	224	Alecensa

→ Restricted (RS1712) Initiation

CADDODI ATIN

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-small cell lung cancer; and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the patient has an ALK tyrosine kinase gene rearrangement using an appropriate ALK test; and
- 3 Patient has an ECOG performance score of 0-2.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria; and
- 2 The patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DASATINIB – Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 20 mg	3,774.06	60	Sprycel
■ Tab 50 mg		60	Sprycel
■ Tab 70 mg		60	Sprycel Sprycel Sprycel
→ Restricted (RS1685)	•		• •

Initiation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis or accelerated phase; and
 - 1.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day: or
- 2 Roth:
 - 2.1 The patient has a diagnosis of Philadelphia chromosome-positive acute lymphoid leukaemia (Ph+ ALL); and
 - 2.2 Maximum dose of 140 mg/day; or
- 3 All of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has a diagnosis of CML in chronic phase; and
 - 3.2 Maximum dose of 100 mg/day; and
 - 3.3 Any of the following:
 - 3.3.1 Patient has documented treatment failure* with imatinib; or
 - 3.3.2 Patient has experienced treatment-limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; or
 - 3.3.3 Patient has high-risk chronic-phase CML defined by the Sokal or EURO scoring system; or
 - 3.3.4 Patients is enrolled in the KISS study** and requires dasatinib treatment according to the study protocol.

Continuation

Haematologist or any relevant practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on dasatinib*; and
- 2 Dasatinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum dasatinib dose of 140 mg/day for accelerated or blast phase CML and Ph+ ALL, and 100 mg/day for chronic phase CML.

Note: *treatment failure for CML as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines. **Kinase-Inhibition Study with Sprycel Start-up https://www.cancertrialsnz.ac.nz/kiss/

ERLOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 100 mg	764.00	30	Tarceva
t	Tab 150 mg	1,146.00	30	Tarceva
=	Restricted (RS1579)			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
 - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

continued...

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

Iressa

→ Restricted (RS1580)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive: or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

IMATINIB MESILATE

Imatinib-AFT is not a registered for the treatment of Gastro Intestinal Stromal Tumours (GIST). The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule

↓ Tab 100 mg2,400.00 Glivec

→ Restricted (RS1402)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable and/or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determined).

Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

Imatinib-AFT 60 30 Imatinib-AFT I APATINIB - Restricted see terms below

Tvkerb

→ Restricted (RS1197)

Initiation Fither:

Re-assessment required after 12 months

|--|

continued...

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology): and
 - 1.2 The patient has not previously received trastuzumab treatment for HER 2 positive metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
 - 1.4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 2.2 The patient started trastuzumab for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued trastuzumab within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 2.4 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
 - 2.5 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 150 mg4,680.00	120	Tasigna
	Cap 200 mg6,532.00	120	Tasigna

→ Restricted (RS1437)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, accelerated phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with imatinib: or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

Ţ	Tab 200 mg	1,334.70	30	Votrient
t	Tab 400 mg	2,669.40	30	Votrient

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1198)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 5 mg2,500.00	56	Jakavi
t	Tab 15 mg5,000.00	56	Jakavi
t	Tab 20 mg5,000.00	56	Jakavi

→ Restricted (RS1726)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 A classification of risk of intermediate-1 myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has severe disease-related symptoms that are resistant, refractory or intolerant to available therapy;

Price		Brand or
ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

and

3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

Continuation

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 12.5 mg2,315.38	28	Sutent
	Cap 25 mg4,630.77		Sutent
t	Cap 50 mg		Sutent

⇒ Restricted (RS1199)

Initiation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib: or
 - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

Taxanes

Inj 500 mg

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
 - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
 - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

DOCETAXEL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.40	1	DBL Docetaxel
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL			
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	47 30	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
,			
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects			
CALCIUM FOLINATE			
Tab 15 mg	104 26	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		10	DDE Eddovomi Galolam
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	18.25	5	Calcium Folinate Fbewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022		1	Calcium Folinate
,		•	Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	9.49	1	Calcium Folinate
			Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial	22.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	25.14	1	Calcium Folinate
			Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Mar-20 to 2022	72.00	1	Calcium Folinate
			Sandoz
DEXRAZOXANE – Restricted see terms on the next page			

e.g. Cardioxane

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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→ Restricted (RS1695)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, paediatric oncologist, haematologist or paediatric haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to receive treatment with high dose anthracycline given with curative intent; and
- 2 Based on current treatment plan, patient's cumulative lifetime dose of anthracycline will exceed 250mg/m2 doxorubicin equivalent or greater; and
- 3 Dexrazoxane to be administered only whilst on anthracycline treatment; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for a child or young adult; or
 - 4.2 Treatment to be used as a cardioprotectant for secondary malignancy.

MFSNA

Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022314.0	0 50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022448.5	50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022177.4	5 15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	0 15	Uromitexan

Vinca Alkaloids

VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	186.46	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	.74.52	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	.85.61	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
VINORELBINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	.12.00	1	Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	.56.00	1	Navelbine

Endocrine Therapy

→ Restricted (RS1658)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases: and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
 - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
 - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.2.1 Patient's disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
- 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BICALUTAMIDE

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	3.80	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE			
Tab 250 mg	119.50	100	Flutamin
MEGESTROL ACETATE			
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	63.53	30	Apo-Megestrol
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	30.64	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	18.69	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	72.50	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 10 mg vial	1,772.50	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 20 mg vial	2,358.75	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 30 mg vial	2,951.25	1	Sandostatin LAR
⇒ Restricted (RS1201)			

→ Restricted (RS1201)

Initiation – Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months

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ontinued				
reatment. In	patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatn	nent should be withdrawn	every 2 ye	ears, for 1 month, for
ssessment o	of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopp	ed where there is biochem	ical evide	nce of remission (norma
GF1 levels) f	following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at leas	t 4 weeks.		
nitiation – C	Other indications			
ny of the fol	lowing:			
1 VIPon	nas and glucagonomas - for patients who are seriou	ısly ill in order to improve t	heir clinic	al state prior to definitive
surgei	ry; or			
2 Both:				
2.1	Gastrinoma; and			
2.2	Either:			
	2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or			
	2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 anta	gonists (or proton pump in	hibitors) h	ave failed; or
3 Both:				
3.1	Insulinomas; and			

3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or

4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or

5 Both:

5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and

5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

TAMOXIFFN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2020	11.75	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2020	5.60	60	Tamoxifen Sandoz

Aromatase Inhibitors

ANASTROZOLE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	.5.04	30	Rolin
EXEMESTANE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20201	14.50	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	.4.68	30	Letrole

Imaging Agents

AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see t	erms	below
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t	Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial4,400.00	1	Gliolan
	44 000 00	10	Gliolan

→ Restricted (RS1565)

Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

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\$ Per Manufacturer

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN

Cap 25 mg	44.63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg	88.91	50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg	177.81	50	Neoral
Oral liq 100 mg per ml		50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	276.30	10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
	49.60	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	99.30	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	84.30	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	248.20	50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			

→ Restricted (RS1651)

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - non-transplant indications*

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and
- 2 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Fusion Proteins

FTANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 25 mg vial - 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024799.96	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 50 mg autoinjector - 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 50 mg syringe - 5% DV Sep-19 to 2024	4	Enbrel
	D - 4-1-4-1 (D01707)		

→ Restricted (RS1727)

Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity

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or intolerance: and

- 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
- 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Fither:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or

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- 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Fither:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints;
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Fither:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or

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- 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

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- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 1 The patient 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

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Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values: or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement: and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or

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- 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has undifferentiated peripheral spondyloarthritis* with active peripheral joint arthritis in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated dose); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application: or
 - 5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - undifferentiated spondyloarthritis

Rheumatologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Applicant is a rheumatologist; or
 - 1.2 Applicant is a Practitioner and confirms that a rheumatologist has provided a letter, email or fax recommending that the patient continues with etanercept treatment; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically

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significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and

3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg dose every 7 days.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ARCIYIMAR	- Restricted see terms below	
ADUIXIIVIAD	- Besincied see lenns below	

→ Restricted (RS1202)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	9.96 2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen		HumiraPen
_	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe		Humira

→ Restricted (RS1701)

Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections: and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

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Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment (a copy of which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz/latest/BaselineFistulaAssessment.pdf) has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

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- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab;
 - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
 - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and

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- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold: or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and

2.6 Fither:

- 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

2.7 Fither:

- 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing

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at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and

- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	iviale	remaie
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less: and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and

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- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plague psoriasis: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DLQI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as

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assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Fither
 - 1.1.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.1.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, when compared with the pre-treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

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- 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate: and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease that is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, gastrointestinal, rheumatological, mucocutaneous and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to treatment with infliximab (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe ocular, neurological, gastrointestinal, rheumatological, mucocutaneous and/or vasculitic symptoms and has experienced intolerable side effects from treatment with infliximab; and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life; and
- 4 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Note: Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al, J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Any relevant practitioner

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from infliximab; or

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1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for infliximab for severe ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
 - 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
 - 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if adalimumab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from infliximab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from infliximab to meet the renewal criteria for infliximab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

1 Any of the following:

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- 1.1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 12 weeks' initial treatment; or
- 1.2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or
- 1.3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old; and</p>
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if adalimumab is withdrawn.

Initiation - hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has hidradenitis suppurativa Hurley Stage II or Hurley Stage III lesions in distinct anatomic areas; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response to at least a 90 day trial of systemic antibiotics or patient has demonstrated intolerance to or has contraindications for systemic antibiotics; and
- 3 The patient has 3 or more active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae); and
- 4 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index of 10 or more and the assessment is no more than 1 month old at time of application; and
- 5 Following the initial loading doses, adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days.

Continuation - hidradenitis suppurativa

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a reduction in active lesions (e.g. inflammatory nodules, abscesses, draining fistulae) of 25% or more from baseline; and
- 2 The patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index improvement of 4 or more from baseline; and
- 3 Adalimumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 40mg every 7 days. Fortnightly dosing has been considered.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1659)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and

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- 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months: or
 - 2.2 Patient has previously* (*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
- 2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
- 3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence tomography) subfield > 350 micrometers; and
- 5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy.

Continuation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and
- 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction in intra-retinal cysts, central retinal thickness, and sub-retinal fluid); and
- 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrophy; and
- 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, patient has retrialled with at least one injection of bevacizumab and had no response.

BASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1203)

Initiation

For use in solid organ transplants.

BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial

Ini 25 mg per ml. 16 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1691)

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

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- 1 Maximum of 6 doses; and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration.

Continuation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

Otolaryngologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Maximum of 6 doses: and
- 2 The treatment is for intra-lesional administration; and
- 3 There has been a reduction in surgical treatments or disease regrowth as a result of treatment.

Initiation - ocular conditions

Fither:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation: or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial364.00	1	Erbitux
t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1	Erbitux

→ Restricted (RS1613)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and
- 3 Patient has good performance status; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1697)

Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept: and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by

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toxicity or intolerance; and

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less: and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Fither:

1 Both:

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- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is aged under 8 years and treatment with high dose oral steroids and other immunosuppressants has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema); or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for chronic ocular inflammation; or

2 Both:

- 2.1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at therapeutic dose; or
 - 2.2.3 Patient is under 8 years and treatment with steroids or methotrexate has proven ineffective or is not tolerated at a therapeutic dose; or disease requires control to prevent irreversible vision loss prior to achieving a therapeutic dose of methotrexate.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

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- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema): or</p>
- 3 Following each 12-month treatment period, the patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less: or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and

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- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less: or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

1 Datie

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and

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2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is greater than or equal to 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and

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- 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement: and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed: or

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- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and
 - 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
 - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- 1 Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- 2 Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1550)

Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL; and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other

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than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to 1.5×10^9 /L and platelets greater than or equal to 75×10^9 /L

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe450.00	1	Xolair
t	Inj 150 mg vial	1	Xolair

→ Restricted (RS1652)

Initiation - severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
 - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation - severe asthma

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

Initiation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
 - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic

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corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or

- 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response* following 4 doses; or
 - 4.2 Complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

Continuation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and
 - 2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: *Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1551)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1637)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

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- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy: or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 12 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart: and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eve: and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
 - 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

RITUXIMAB (MABTHERA) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1,0	75.50	2	Mabthera
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,6	88.30	1	Mabthera
_	Postricted (DS1729)			

→ Restricted (RS1728)

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
 - 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
 - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and
- 2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Fither:

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- 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
- 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used: and
- 4 Maximum of two 1.000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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\$ Per Manufacturer

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Initiation - Antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Initiation - ABO-incompatible renal transplant

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Initiation - Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation – Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Relevant specialist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

No new patient can start on rituximab (Mabthera brand) under this Initiation criteria from 1 March 2020.

Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Fither:

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

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- 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; or
- 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

RITUXIMAB (RIXIMYO) - Restricted see terms below

▼ 111j 11	0 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	275.33	2	Riximyo
	0 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	688.20	1	Riximyo

⇒ Restricted (RS1729)

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
 - 1.2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Rituximab is to be used for maintenance in CD20+ low grade or follicular B-cell NHL following induction with first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 Patient is intended to receive rituximab maintenance therapy for 2 years at a dose of 375 mg/m2 every 8 weeks (maximum of 12 cycles).

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A. B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment: and
 - 2.2.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; or
 - 2.3 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 The patient has good performance status; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; or
 - 4.2 Rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax for relapsed/refractory chronic lymphocytic leukaemia; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 6 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration), bendamustine or venetoclax.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 The patient's disease has relapsed within 36 months of previous treatment and rituximab treatment is to be used in combination with funded venetoclax; or
 - 1.2 All of the following:
 - 1.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
 - 1.2.2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
 - 1.2.3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
 - 1.2.4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustin; and
- 2 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide, bendamustine or venetoclax for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*: and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and

2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with $\ensuremath{^{\star}}$ are unapproved indications.

Initiation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Roth:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre; or
 - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
- 2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*: and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
 - 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

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(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated organ transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ABO-incompatible organ transplant

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible solid organ transplant*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and

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3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective;
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced a severe episode or attack of NMOSD (rapidly progressing symptoms and clinical investigations supportive of a severe attack of NMOSD); or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has experienced a breakthrough attack of NMOSD; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient is receiving treatment with mycophenolate; and
 - 2.2.3 The patients is receiving treatment with corticosteroids.

Continuation - Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD)

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 2 doses of 1,000 mg rituximab administered fortnightly, or 4 doses of 375 mg/m2 administered weekly for four weeks; and
- 2 The patients has responded to the most recent course of rituximab; and
- 3 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months.

Initiation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for at least a period of 12 months has been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Treatment with at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 2.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects

Continuation - Severe Refractory Myasthenia Gravis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has relapsed despite treatment with corticosteroids and at least one other immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's myasthenia gravis has relapsed despite treatment with at least one immunosuppressant for a period of at least 12 months; and
 - 3.2.2 Corticosteroids have been trialed for at least 12 months and have been discontinued due to unacceptable side effects.

Initiation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed antisynthetase syndrome; and
- 2 Patient has severe, immediately life or organ threatening disease, including interstitial lung disease; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, cyclophosphamide, methotrexate, mycophenolate, ciclosporin, azathioprine) has not be effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 3.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Continuation - Severe antisynthetase syndrome

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers, muscle strength and pulmonary function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 Maximum of two cycles of 2 x 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - graft versus host disease

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory graft versus host disease following transplant; and
- 2 Treatment with at least 3 immunosuppressants (oral steroids, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate, sirolimus) has not be effective at controlling active disease; and

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3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Initiation - severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIPD); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation – severe chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy

Neurologist or medical practitioner on the recommendation of a Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function compared to baseline; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Initiation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Treatment with steroids and intravenous immunoglobulin and/or plasma exchange has not been effective at controlling active disease; and
 - 2.1.2 At least one other immunosuppressant (cyclophosphamide, ciclosporin, tacrolimus, mycophenolate) has not been effective at controlling active disease; or
 - 2.2 Rapid treatment is required due to life threatening complications; and
- 3 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

Continuation - anti-NMDA receptor autoimmune encephalitis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's disease has responded to the previous rituximab treatment with demonstrated improvement in neurological function; and
- 2 The patient has not received rituximab in the previous 6 months; and
- 3 The patient has experienced a relapse and now requires further treatment; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

4 One of the following dose regimens is to be used: 375 mg/m2 of body surface area per week for a total of four weeks, or 500 mg once weekly for four weeks, or two 1,000 mg doses given two weeks apart.

SECUKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml prefilled syringe.......1,599.00
2 Cosentyx

→ Restricted (RS1653)

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a DHB hospital in accordance with the General Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for severe chronic plague psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab: or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

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or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 100 mg vial	770.57	1	Sylvant
	Inj 400 mg vial		1	Sylvant
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1525)			-

Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Actemra

→ Restricted (RS1710)

Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1731 trial; and
 - 1.2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
 - 1.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses (if less than 30kg, maximum of 12 mg/kg); or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is enrolled in the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research Phase I ENABLE trial; and
 - 2.2 The patient has developed CRS or CAR T-Cell Related Encephalopathy Syndrome (CRES) associated with the administration of CAR T-cell therapy for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma; and

Price		Brand or
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2.3 Tocilizumab is to be administered according to the consensus guidelines for CRS and CRES for CAR T-cell therapy (Neelapu et al. Nat Rev Clin Oncol 2018;15:47-62) at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

Initiation - previous use

Any relevant practitioner

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was being treated with tocilizumab prior to 1 February 2019; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 rheumatoid arthritis; or
 - 2.2 systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.3 adult-onset Still's disease; or
 - 2.4 polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; or
 - 2.5 idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis (patients previously treated with adalimumab or etanercept)

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
 - 3.2.2 Either:
 - 3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis.

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
 - 3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 5 Fither:

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- 5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints;
- 5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

6 Fither:

- 6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
- 6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

- 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the General Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and

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(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	Per	Manufacturer

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- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
- 2.4 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

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2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist, rheumatologist or Practitioner on the recommendation of a haematologist or rheumatologist Re-assessment required after 12 months

the treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 150 mg vial1,350.00	1	Herceptin
	Inj 440 mg vial	1	Herceptin

→ Restricted (RS1554)

Initiation - Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation – metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and

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(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
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- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib: and
 - 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
 - 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
 - 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

TRASTUZUMAB EMTANSINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg vial	2,320.00	1	Kadcyla
t	Inj 160 mg vial	3,712.00	1	Kadcyla
	Dt -t (D04745)			

⇒ Restricted (RS1715)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Patient has previously received trastuzumab and chemotherapy, separately or in combination; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 The patient has received prior therapy for metastatic disease*: or
 - 3.2 The patient developed disease recurrence during, or within six months of completing adjuvant therapy*; and
- 4 Patient has a good performance status (ECOG 0-1); and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Patient does not have symptomatic brain metastases; or
 - 5.2 Patient has brain metastases and has received prior local CNS therapy; and
- 6 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous approval period whilst on trastuzumab emtansine; and
- 2 Treatment to be discontinued at disease progression.

Note: *Note: Prior or adjuvant therapy includes anthracycline, other chemotherapy, biological drugs, or endocrine therapy.

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

196

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Opdivo

Opdivo

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors		
NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms below		

→ Restricted (RS1716)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and

- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Nivolumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than the equivalent of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of nivolumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (6 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; or
 - 1.2.2 Both:
 - 1.2.2.1 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
 - 1.2.2.2 Patient's disease has not progressed clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documented in patient notes; and
 - 1.3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
 - 1.4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
 - 1.5 Nivolumab will be used at a maximum dose of no greater than the equivalent of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with nivolumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
 - 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
 - 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with nivolumab; and
 - 2.4 Nivolumab will be used at a maximum dose of no greater than the equivalent of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Measurable disease includes by CT or MRI imaging or caliper measurement by clinical exam. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks. Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
 must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1717)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma (excluding uveal) stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of no greater than the equivalent of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of pembrolizumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (4 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

1.2 Either:

- 1.2.1 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period: or
- 1.2.2 Both:
 - 1.2.2.1 Patient has measurable disease as defined by RECIST version 1.1; and
 - 1.2.2.2 Patient's disease has not progressed clinically and disease response to treatment has been clearly documented in patient notes; and
- 1.3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 1.4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 1.5 Pembrolizumab will be used at a maximum dose of no greater than the equivalent of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has previously discontinued treatment with pembrolizumab for reasons other than severe toxicity or disease progression; and
- 2.2 Patient has signs of disease progression; and
- 2.3 Disease has not progressed during previous treatment with pembrolizumab; and
- 2.4 Pembrolizumab will be used at a maximum dose of no greater than the equivalent of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Notes: Baseline assessment and disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Measurable disease includes by CT or MRI imaging or caliper measurement by clinical exam. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks. Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
 must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

Other	Immunosuppressants
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ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE) Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	2,351.25	5	ATGAM
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial			
AZATHIOPRINE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	7.35	60	Azamun
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	7.60	100	Azamun
Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022	199.00	1	Imuran
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2-8 x 10 ² 8 CFU vial	149.37	1	OncoTICE
⇒ Restricted (RS1206)			
Initiation			
For use in bladder cancer.			

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
EVEROLIMUS – Restricted see terms below Tab 5 mg	4 555 76	30	Afinitor	
		30	Afinitor	

Initiation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and
- 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and

3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, more frequent scanning should be performed with new onset of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomiting, or increase in seizure activity.

25 00

100

60 ml

CellCent

Rapamune

Rapamune

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL Tah 500 mg

1 ab 000 mg	20.00	00	Ochoopt
Cap 250 mg	25.00	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml	187.25	165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial	133.33	4	CellCept
PICIBANIL			
Inj 100 mg vial			
SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 1 mg	749.99	100	Rapamune

ļ	Orai	lıq	1 r	mg	per	mi
-	Roctr	ict	ha	(D	912	NΩ'

Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min: or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis; or
- . HUS or TTP; or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy; or
- · Significant malignant disease

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antiallergy Preparations

Allergic Emergencies

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1501)

Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Allergy Desensitisation

BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1117)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1118)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1119)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

Allergy Prophylactics

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	5.26	200 dose	Alanase
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose	6.00	200 dose	Alanase

	Price		
	(ex man. excl. GS	Per	Generic Manufacturer
BUDESONIDE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2020	2.59	200 dose	SteroClear
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2020	2.87	200 dose	SteroClear
LUTICASONE PROPIONATE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose -1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	1.98	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	4.61	15 ml	Univent
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE			
Nasal spray 4%			
Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022		100	Zista
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	2.99	200 ml	Histaclear
CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE			
Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 4 mg			
EXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 120 mg			
Tab 180 mg			
ORATADINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Feb-20 to 2022	1.69	100	Lorafix
Oral lig 1 mg per ml		120 ml	Lorfast
PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	1 68	50	Allersoothe
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		50	Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		100 ml	Allersoothe
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Anticholinergic Agents			
DDATDODI IM DDOMIDE			
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	2 25	20	Univent
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule — 1% DV Jan-20 to		20	Univent
		20	J.I.JCIII
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Ago	nists		
ALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per dose	9		
Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml			
ompoule 10/ DV Oat 10 to 2001	E 00	20	Dualia

20

Duolin

ampoule - 1% DV Oct-18 to 20215.20

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents

GLYCOPYRRONIUM

Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised tiotropium or umeclidinium.

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE

Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or umeclidinium.

Soln for inhalation 2.5 mcg per dose50.37 60 dose Spiriva Respimat

Powder for inhalation 18 mcg per dose50.37 30 dose Spiriva

UMFCLIDINIUM

Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or tiotropium bromide.

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted (RS1518)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Roth

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

t	Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg	81.00	30 dose	Ultibro Breezhaler
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TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL - Restricted see terms above

UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms above

Antifibrotics

NINTEDANIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 100 mg	54.00	60	Ofev
1	Cap 150 mg	70.00	60	Ofev

→ Restricted (RS1654)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

	Price			Brand or
(ex man.		ST)		Generic
·	\$	ÉF	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below

		90	Esbriet
		270	Esbriet
- Destricted (D	0474.0)		

→ Restricted (RS1718)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

SALBUTAMOL

TERBUTALINE SUI PHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Cough Suppressants

PHOLCODINE

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.05% Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%

Nasal drops 0.05%

Nasal drops 0.1%

Inhaled Corticosteroids

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
9.30)	Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	Beclazone 100
15.50)	Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose22.67	200 dose	Beclazone 250

BUDESONIDE

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose

	Price		Brand or
1	(ex man. excl. GS	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
FLUTICASONE	Ψ	1 01	Manadadaror
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023	7 10	120 dose	Flixotide
Acrosof initiation of they per dose 170 by ocp-20 to 2020	4.68	120 0030	Floair
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose – 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023		120 dose	Flixotide
7.010007 III.II 120 1109 por 4000 17.0 27 00p 20 to 2020	7.22	120 0000	Floair
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose - 1% DV Sep-20 to 2023		120 dose	Flixotide
	10.18		Floair
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose	24.51	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Floair Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose to be delisted 1 September 2020			
(Floair Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose to be delisted 1 September 202			
Floair Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose to be delisted 1 September 202			
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists			
MONTELUKAST			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	4.25	28	Montelukast Mylan
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	4.25	28	Montelukast Mylan
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	3.95	28	Montelukast Mylan
Lang Asting Data Advancements Against			
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists			
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE			
Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose			
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE DIHYDRATE			
Powder for inhalation 4.5 mcg per dose, breath activated (equivalent	t to		
eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg metered dose)	110		
NDACATEROL			
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose		30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
• 1	01.00	50 003 0	Office Dieezhalei
SALMETEROL According to the law 05 man man dage	0.00	100	Mataual
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose		120 dose	Meterol
Develop for inhelation 50 man and does	25.00	00 4	Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	25.00	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adren	oceptor Ago	nists	
BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol furnarate 6 mcg			
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol furnarate 12 mcg			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol furnarate 6 mcg			
Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol furnarate 6 mcg			
•			
FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL			

30 dose Breo Ellipta

Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg44.08

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	ST)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg - 1% DV Sep-20	to 202314.58	120 dose	RexAir
	25.79		Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	33.74	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg - 1% DV Sep-20)		
to 2023	16.83	120 dose	RexAir
	32.60		Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	44.08	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
(RexAir Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg to be delisted (RexAir Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg to be delisted			

Mast Cell Stabilisers

NEDOCROMIL

Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose

SODIUM CROMOGLICATE

Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose

Methylxanthines

AMINOPHYLLINE		
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020124.37	5	DBL Aminophylline
CAFFEINE CITRATE		
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml) - 1% DV Nov-19 to 202215.10	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV		
Nov-19 to 2022	5	Biomed
THEOPHYLLINE		
Tab long-acting 250 mg - 1% DV Jan-20 to 202223.02	100	Nuelin-SR
Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	500 ml	Nuelin

Mucolytics and Expectorants

DORNASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below			
■ Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule	250.00	6	Pulmozyme

→ Restricted (RS1352)

Initiation - cystic fibrosis

The patient has cystic fibrosis and has been approved by the Cystic Fibrosis Panel.

Initiation - significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

Initiation - pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient is an in-patient; and
- 2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Pulmonary Surfactants

BERACTANT

Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial

PORACTANT ALFA

 Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial
 425.00
 1
 Curosurf

 Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial
 695.00
 1
 Curosurf

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% - 1% DV May-20 to 2022	2.48 1.55	4 g	Chlorsig Devatis
Ear drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2022 Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (Chlorsig Eye oint 1% to be delisted 1 May 2020)		5 g 10 ml	Chlorafast
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2020	9.99	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%			·
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%	11.40	5 ml	Genoptic
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%			·
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%	5.29	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%		~ g	
TOBRAMYCIN Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%		3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals			
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%			
Antivirals			
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3%	14.92	4.5 g	ViruPOS
Combination Preparations			
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramici 50 mcg per ml DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXII	din	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulphate 0.000 u per g	ohate	25.0	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulphate 6,000 u per ml		3.5 g 5 ml	Maxitrol
Calpina 0,000 a po		V	anii vi

(ex	Price man. excl. GST) \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%	12.64	5 ml	Tobradex
FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIOQUINOL Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%			
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NY			
Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g		7.5 ml	Kenacomb

Anti-Inflammatory Preparations

Corticosteroids

DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 q	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%4.50	5 ml	Maxidex
	1	Ozurdex

→ Restricted (RS1606)

Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
 - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

		SEN	NSORY ORGANS
(é	Price ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued Continuation – Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oe Ophthalmologist Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a fa 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequer maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.	and mily; and	ery 4 month	is into each eye, and up to a
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1%PREDNISOLONE ACETATE	3.09	5 ml	FML
Eye drops 0.12% Eye drops 1%	7.00 5.93	5 ml 10 ml	Pred Forte Prednisolone- AFT
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)	38.50	20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1%KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5%	13.80	5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05% LODOXAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.1%OLOPATADINE	8.71	10 ml	Lomide
Eye drops 0.1%SODIUM CROMOGLICATE		5 ml	Patanol
Eye drops 2% – 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	1.79	5 ml	Rexacrom
Decongestants			
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1%	4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations			
Diagnostic Dyes			

Diagnostic Dyes

FLUORESCEIN SODIUM	
Eye drops 2%, single dose	
Ini 100/ Embriol	105.0

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

500 ml

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose

LISSAMINE GREEN

Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg

ROSE BENGAL SODIUM

Ophthalmic strips 1%

Irrigation Solutions

MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION

Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium

chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml

 15 ml Balanced Salt Solution

e.g. Balanced Salt Solution

Balanced Salt Solution

Ocular Anaesthetics

OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.4%, single dose

PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%

TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose

Viscoelastic Substances

HYPROMELLOSE

Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe

Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]

Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	1
Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-19 to 202250.00	1
Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-19 to 202260.00	1
Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-19 to 2022	1

SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULPHATE

lr	nj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe
	and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml
	syringe

Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.5 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.55 ml

syringe74.00 Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.75 ml syringe67.00

.... 64.00 1

1 Duovisc

Viscoat

Healon GV Healon GV Healon 5 Healon

Duovisc

	(ex man.	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other				
DISODIUM EDETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE Soln trans epithelial riboflavin Inj 0.1% Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500				
Glaucoma Preparations				
Beta Blockers				
BETAXOLOL Eye drops 0.25% Eye drops 0.5% TIMOLOL			5 ml 5 ml	Betoptic S Betoptic
Eye drops 0.25% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Eye drops 0.5% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Eye drops 0.5%, gel forming		.1.43	5 ml 5 ml 2.5 ml	Arrow-Timolol Arrow-Timolol Timoptol XE
Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors				
ACETAZOLAMIDE Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Inj 500 mg BRINZOLAMIDE		17.03	100	Diamox
Eye drops 1% DORZOLAMIDE Eye drops 2%				
DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5% - 1% DV Jan-19 to 2021		.2.87	5 ml	Dortimopt
Miotics				
ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE Inj 20 mg vial with diluent CARBACHOL Inj 150 mcg vial				
PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 1% Eye drops 2% Eye drops 2%, single dose			15 ml 15 ml	Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 4%		.7.99	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Prostaglandin Analogues				
BIMATOPROST Eye drops 0.03% – 1% DV Feb-19 to 2021		.3.30	3 ml	Bimatoprost Multichem

SENSORY ORGANS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ATANOPROST Eye drops 0.005% - 1% DV Apr-19 to 2021	1.57	2.5 ml	Teva
FRAVOPROST Eye drops 0.004% - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	7.30	5 ml	Travopt
Sympathomimetics			
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5%	19.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020 BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5%	4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics			
Anticholinergic Agents			
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 CYCLOPENTOLATE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
FROPICAMIDE Eye drops 0.5%	7.15	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose	8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics			
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose			
Ocular Lubricants			
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%	8.25	30	Poly Gel
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose			
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%	0.00	15 ml	Methopt

(ex	Price man. excl. GS ⁻ \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1% Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose	2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, single do PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN	se4.30	24	Systane Unit Dose
Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3% PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	3.63	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
RETINOL PALMITATE Oint 138 mcg per gSODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]	3.80	5 g	VitA-POS
Eye drops 1 mg per ml	22.00	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings

Antidotes

ACETYLCYSTEINE

Tab eff 200 mg

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021......58.76 10 DBL Acetylcysteine

AMYL NITRITE

Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

ETHANOL

Liq 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021......132.68

Hameln

10

5

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

DBL Naloxone Hvdrochloride

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Ini 20%. 500 ml bottle

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN

Inj 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

28

28

Exiade

Exjade

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Ini 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CHARCOAL

Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DEFERASIROX - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 125 mg dispersible	.276.00	28	Exiade

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and

- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis: or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels.

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 500 mg	533.17	100	Ferriprox
t	Oral liq 100 mg per ml	266.59	250 ml	Ferriprox

⇒ Restricted (RS1445)

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE

Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Mar-19 to 2021	84.53	10	DBL Desferrioxamine
			Mesylate for Inj
			BP

DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

VARIOUS			
	Price excl. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIMERCAPROL			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID			
Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus
			Healthcare,
Cap 200 mg			Chemet e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE			Chemei
Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
ing 200 mg por mi, o mi ampoulo			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 4%	1.86	50 ml	healthE
Soln 5%	 	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5%			
Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml	 2.65	1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml	 1.55	1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 500 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml		1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml	 9.56	1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL	0.00		t 10t. F
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%, 100 ml	 9.30	1	healthE
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL			=
Soln 70%, 500 ml	 5.65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE			
■ Vaginal tab 200 mg			
⇒ Restricted (RS1354)			
Initiation Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.			
	0.07	05 -	Datadina
Oint 10%	 	25 g 100 ml	Betadine Riodine
Soln 10% – 1% DV Nov-19 to 2021	 2.33	100 1111	nivuille
Soln 7.5%			
Soln 10%, - 1% DV Dec-19 to 2022	 3.83	15 ml	Riodine
,	 5.40	500 ml	Riodine
B 11000			

Betadine Skin Prep

500 ml

Pad 10% Swab set 10%

POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL

Soln 10% with ethanol 70%

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE Soln

		٠		
Con	rast	M	ed	Г.

DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100 ml			
bottle		100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle	80.00	1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL			
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	410.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL			·
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	220.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle	430.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle	430.00	10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	850.00	10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle	57.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle	150.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle	59.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	290.00	10	Omnipaque

Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media

BARIUM SULPHATE	
Dowdor for oral lig 20 mg par g (20/ w/w)	22.1 a cachat

B/II IIOIII GGEI TII/TIE			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet	507.50	50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle	17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube	36.51	454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	155.35	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
, , , ,	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag	282.30	12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle	175.00	24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle	220.00	24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	441.12	24	VoLumen
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle	140.94	24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle	237.76	24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle	52.35	3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle	91.77	1	Liquibar
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g,	4 g		

E-Z-Gas II

50

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 sachet	g		e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBENIC ACID			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	324.74	10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe	120.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled		_	
syringe	180.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled	700.00	40	On decided 4 O
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADODIAMIDE	000.00	40	•
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10 10	Omniscan Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		10	Omniscan
	320.00	10	Ommscan
GADOTERIC ACID	04.50	1	Dataram
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml potile Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 13 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefille	ad		
syringe		1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE	000.00	'	Tilliovist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
,		10	Magnoviot
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	150.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
inj 105 mg per mi, 100 mi bottle	150.00	100 1111	ынасорит
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial	180.00	1	Definity
	720.00	4	Definity
Diagnostic Agents			
Diagnostic Agents			
ARGININE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle			
Ini 100 mg nor ml 200 ml bottle			

Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Brand or Generic
	\$ Per	Manufacturer
HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE		
Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial		
Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial		

Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial MANNITOI

Powder for inhalation

e.g. Aridol

METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE

Powder 100 ma

SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE

Ini 100 u ampoule

SINCALIDE

Inj 5 mcg per vial

Diagnostic Dyes

BONNEY'S BLUE DYE

Soln

INDIGO CARMINE

Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule

INDOCYANINE GREEN

Inj 25 mg vial

Inj 5 mg per mi, 10 mi ampoule	240.35	5	Proveblue
PATENT BLUE V			
Ini 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule	440.00	5	Obex Medical

Irrigation Solutions

CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE

■ Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 500 ml bottle

→ Restricted (RS1683)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has burns that are greater than 30% of total body surface area (BSA); and
- 2 For use in the perioperative preparation and cleansing of large burn areas requiring debridement/skin grafting; and
- 3 The use of 30 ml ampoules is impractical due to the size of the area to be covered.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from the treatment.

Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule - 1% DV		
Aug-18 to 2021	30	Pfizer
GLYCINE		
Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4	B Braur

B Braun

VARIOUS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. G31)	Per	Manufacturer
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	26.80	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	7.00	20	Interpharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	14.90	10	Baxter Sodium Chloride 0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi
WATER			
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	28.80	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	17.30	10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi

Surgical Preparations

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

				VARIOUS
(ex	Price man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Branc Gene Manu	
Cardioplegia Solutions				
ELECTROLYTES Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmol/l potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1,000 ml bag Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutami acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag			J	Custodiol-HTK Cardioplegia Enriched Paed.
Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml bag			e.g.	Soln. Cardioplegia
Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag			e.g.	Enriched Solution Cardioplegia Base Solution
323 IIII bay			e.y.	

MONOSODIUM GI UTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag

Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Inj 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832

e.g. Cardioplegia

Electrolyte Solution

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHLOROFORM

Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL Lia

COAL TAR

200 ml Midwest

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

COLLODION FLEXIBLE

Lia

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

100 ml Midwest

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml ampoule

DITHRANOL

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN			
Suspension - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	 30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE Suspension – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	 30.95	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL			
Liq - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 3.28	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
HYDROCORTISONE Powder – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 49.95	25 g	ABM
LACTOSE Powder			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE			
Paste Suspension			
MENTHOL Crystals			
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	 8.98	25 g	Midwest
METHYLCELLULOSE			
Powder – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022		100 g 473 ml	Midwest Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN	 .00.00	.,	0.0.1.00
Suspension - 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	 30.95	473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE Suspension – 1% DV Jul-19 to 2022	 30.95	473 ml	Ora-Blend
OLIVE OIL			
Liq			
PARAFFIN			
Liq PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM			
Powder PHENOL			
Liq			
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq			
POVIDONE K30 Powder			
SALICYLIC ACID Powder			
SILVER NITRATE Crystals			
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder BP - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022	 10.05	500 g	Midwest

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SUI PHUR

Precipitated

Sublimed

SYRUP

Liq (pharmaceutical grade) - 1% DV Jan-20 to 2022......14.95 500 ml Midwest

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

UREA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1% ZINC OXIDE

Powder

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

→ Restricted (RS1467)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant: or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- 1 Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted (RS1468)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child: or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome: or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia: or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak: or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

1 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle

1 Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Liquigen e.g. MCT Oil

WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Lia

Protein

→ Restricted (RS1469)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Either:

- 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or
- 2 High protein needs.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can

Powder 89 g protein, < 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 g, 225 g can

e.a. Protifar

Other Supplements

BREAST MILK FORTIFIER

Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet

Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet

CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

₱ Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

→ Restricted (RS1212)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.2 Cancer in children; or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth; or
 - 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
 - 2.5 Premature and post premature infants.

e.g. FM 85

e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier

e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer

e.g. Super Soluble
Duocal

SPECIAL FOODS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by PHARMAC; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

PHARMAC intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder e.g. Feed Thickener
Karicare Aptamil

GUAR GUM

Powder e.g. Guarcol

MAIZE STARCH

Powder e.g. Resource Thicken

Up: Nutilis

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM

Powder e.g. Instant Thick

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID

Powder e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted (RS1232)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g. 400 g can

e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.g. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Homocystinuria Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- 1 Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle

- e.g. HCU Anamix Infant
- e.a. XMET Maxamaid
- e.g. XMET Maxamum
- e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ

Isovaleric Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
 Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. IVA Anamix Infant
- e.g. XLEU Maxamaid
- e.g. XLEU Maxamum

Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- 1 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

- e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant
- e.g. MSUD Maxamum
- e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior LQ

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
P	Phenylketonuria Products		
AM t t t t t t t t	ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) — Restricted see terms on page Tab 8.33 mg Powder 20 g protein, 2.5 g carbohydrate and 0.22 g fibre per 27.8 g sachet Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g sachet Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle	229	e.g. Phlexy-10 e.g. PKU Lophlex Powder (unflavoured) e.g. PKU Anamix Junior (van/choc/unfl) e.g. PKU Anamix Infant e.g. XP Maxamum e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10
t	Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	125 ml	e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Orange) PKU Anamix Junior LQ (Unflavoured) e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 20 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 e.g. PKU Lophlex LQ 10 e.g. Easiphen e.g. PKU Lophlex Sensations 20 (berries)
P	Propionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia Products		
	fINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THREONINE AND VAL ge 229 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can	INE) – Re	e.g. MMA/PA Anamix

1 Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

Infant

e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid

e.g. XMTVI Maxamum



Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

Protein Free Supplements

PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 229

1 Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can e.g.Energivit

Tyrosinaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSINE) - Restricted see terms on page 229

1 Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per

100 g, 400 g can

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

Maxamaid Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle e.g. TYR Anamix Junior

Urea Cycle Disorders Products

AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 229

1 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can

1 Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can

e.g. Dialamine

e.g. Essential Amino Acid Mix

e.a. TYR Anamix Junior

e.g. TYR Anamix Infant

e.g. XPHEN, TYR

X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products

GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 229

Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle

GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 229

Liquid, 500 ml bottle

Specialised Formulas

Diabetic Products

→ Restricted (RS1215)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism: or
- 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 6 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.

		•	SPECIAL FOODS
	Price (ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the	previous page		
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 1,			
bottle	7.50	1,000 ml	Glucerna Select RTH (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag			e.g. Nutrison Advanced Diason
LOW-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the pre-	vious page		Diagon
Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre p			
100 ml, can		237 ml	Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla)
Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 25			
bottle		250 ml	Glucerna Select (Vanilla)
Liquid 6 g protein, 9.5 g carbohydrate, 4.7 g fat and 2.6 g fibre per 100 ml, can		237 ml	Resource Diabetic (Vanilla)
t Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre pe	ər		,
100 ml, 200 ml bottle			e.g. Diasip
Elemental and Semi-Elemental Products			
Initiation Any of the following: 1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding.			
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above	4.50	00	\" TEN
Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet		80 g	Vivonex TEN
AMINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms about 1 Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 2 carton PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see ter	250 ml		e.g. Elemental 028 Extra
Liquid 4 g protein, 17.6 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml,			
1,000 ml bag			e.g. Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb
PEPTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see to			
Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 n	ıl, bottle 18.06	1,000 ml	Vital
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above			
Powder 13.7 g protein, 62.9 g carbohydrate and 17.5 g fat per 100) g,		o a Pontomon lunior
400 g can Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g,	400 a		e.g. Peptamen Junior
can	3		e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+



 Price
 Brand or

 (ex man. excl. GST)
 Generic

 \$
 Per
 Manufacturer

PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page

t Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton..........4.95 237 ml Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)

Fat Modified Products

FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below

Powder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Monogen

→ Restricted (RS1470)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism: or
- 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or
- 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

Hepatic Products

→ Restricted (RS1217)

Initiation

For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant.

HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above

High Calorie Products

→ Restricted (RS1317)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or
- 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Any of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
 - 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
 - 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and
 - 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements.

ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

t	Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.50	500 ml	Nutrison Concentrated
t	Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per		
	100 ml, bottle11.00	1,000 ml	TwoCal HN RTH (Vanilla)
0	NAL FFFD 0 VCAL MAL. Postwieted and terms shows		(varilla)

ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

 Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

High Protein Products

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle

e.g. Nutrison Protein

→ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre

⇒ Restricted (RS1327)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or
 - 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or
 - 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or
 - 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product.

Infant Formulas

AMINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 400 g can
 - Powder 13 g protein, 49 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can 53.00

Powder 14.8 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 23 g fat per 100 g, can53.00

Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00

Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00

e.g. Neocate

e.g. Neocate SYNEO unflavoured

e.g. Neocate Junior Unflavoured Neocate Gold

400 a

400 g

400 a

400 g

400 a

400 a

(Unflavoured)
Neocate Junior Vanilla

Alfamino Junior Neocate Junior Vanilla Flecare I CP

(Unflavoured)
Elecare (Unflavoured)

Elecare (Vanilla)

(Neocate Junior Vanilla Powder 16 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 21 g fat per 100 g, can to be delisted 1 April 2020)



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1471)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.5 g carbohydrate and 3.1 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can......30.42 900 g Allerpro 1

Powder 1.6 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.2 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can......30.42 900 g Allerpro 2

Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g, 450 g can

e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti Junior

→ Restricted (RS1502)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Soy milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
 - 2 Severe malabsorption; or
 - 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
 - 4 Intractable diarrhoea; or
 - 5 Biliary atresia; or
 - 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
 - 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 8 Proven fat malabsorption: or
 - 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 10 Intestinal failure: or
- 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated allergic reaction.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g,

400 g can

e.g. Galactomin 19

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA			
Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml can	, 900 g		e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact
Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml can	, 900 g		e.g. S26 Lactose Free
LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA			
Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 100 400 g can) g,		e.g. Locasol
PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see t			
Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre 100 ml, bottle Restricted (RS1614)	•	125 ml	Infatrini
Initiation – Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering gr Both:	owth		
 Either: The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg. Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinic and adjusting the frequency of feeding. PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, 8 Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 8 bottle Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 7 bottle 	e an adequate volum cal alternative treatment pottle0.75	e of infant	
→ Restricted (RS1224) Initiation For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 less than	kg at birth.		
THICKENED FORMULA			
Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml can	, 900 g		e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR
Ketogenic Diet Products			
HIGH FAT FORMULA − Restricted see terms below Powder 14.4 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100	g, can35.50	300 g	Ketocal 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)
 Powder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100 → Restricted (RS1225) 	g, can35.50	300 g	Ketocal 3:1 (Varinia) Ketocal 3:1 (Unflavoured)
Initiation			

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other

conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

SPECIAL FOODS		
Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Paediatric Products		
Restricted (RS1473) Initiation Both:		
 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days. 	of feeding; o	ır
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per 100 ml, bag	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag2.68 Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml,	500 ml	Pediasure RTH
500 ml bag PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per	500 1	e.g. Nutrini RTH
100 ml, bag	500 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre
500 ml bag PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle	200 ml	e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH Pediasure (Chocolate)
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 10.7 g carbonydrate and 7.5 g rat per 100 mi, bottle 1.07	200 1111	Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla)
Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, can		
(Pediasure (Vanilla) Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, bot PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms above Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml,	tle to be deli	isted 1 September 2020)
200 ml bottle Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortini e.g. Fortini Multifibre
Renal Products		_

LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

500 ml Nepro HP RTH

→ Restricted (RS1229)

Initiation

For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms below	V		
 Powder 7.5 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 26.3 g fat per 10 can → Restricted (RS1227) Initiation 	0 g, 400 g		e.g. Kindergen
For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g 100 ml, carton	fibre per	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.			
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 m		237 ml	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 n bottle Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 m carton Restricted (RS1228) Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.			e.g. Renilon 7.5
Respiratory Products			
LOW CARBOHYDRATE ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML − Restricted Liquid 6.2 g protein, 10.5 g carbohydrate and 9.32 g fat per 10 (Pulmocare (Vanilla) Liquid 6.2 g protein, 10.5 g carbohydrate and Restricted (RS1230) Initiation For patients with CORD and hypercapnia, defined as a CO2 value	00 ml, bottle1.66 I 9.32 g fat per 100 ml, bo	237 ml ottle to be d	Pulmocare (Vanilla) lelisted 1 October 2020)
Surgical Products			
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML − Restricted see ter Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydrate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g fib 100 ml, carton	re per	178 ml	Impact Advanced
→ Restricted (RS1231) Initiation Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restrict Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 m	ricted see terms below		Recovery
bottle → Restricted (RS1415) Initiation Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgers surgery.	6.80	4 3 hours befo	preOp ore major abdominal

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Per

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

Any of the following:

For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or
 - 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
 - 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or
- 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism; or
- 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 5 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or
- 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria.

EN t	TERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	.7.00	1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy e.g. Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre
t t t	Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, canLiquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, bagLiquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g fibre per 100 ml, bag	.7.00	250 ml 1,000 ml 1,000 ml	Ensure Plus HN Ensure Plus HN RTH Jevity HiCal RTH
EN t	TERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle		1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH Jevity RTH
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	. 0.20	1,000 1111	e.g. NutrisonStdRTH; NutrisonLowSodium
	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1000 ml bag TERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre
t EN	Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag TERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above			e.g. Jevity Plus RTH
t	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle	. 5.29	1,000 ml	Nutrison 800 Complete Multi Fibre

e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre

	Price (ex man. excl. GS		Brand or Generic
_	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OF	AL FEED – Restricted see terms on the previous page		
t	Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)
t	Powder 20.8 g protein, 61 g carbohydrate and 9.4 g fat per 100 g, can8.54	857 g	Fortisip (Vanilla)
t	Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can26.00 Note: Community subsidy of Sustagen Hospital Formula is subject to both Spec	840 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Choc) Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Van)
	manufacturer's surcharge. Higher subsidy by endorsement is available for patient criteria; fat malabsorption, fat intolerance or chyle leak.		
OF	AL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
t	Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,		
	237 ml carton		e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
OF	AL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page		•
t	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can1.33 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
	carton	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortijuice
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortisip
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per		o.g. i oraoip
-	= quis o g protein, 101 g darbonyarato, 010 g lat and 210 g libro por		

100 ml, 200 ml bottle



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Infanrix IPV

Bacterial and Viral Vaccines

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

....... 0.00 10

→ Restricted (RS1387)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens;
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE $\,$

Restricted see terms below

...0.00 10 Infanrix-hexa

→ Restricted (RS1478)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for children up to and under the age of 10 who are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

Bacterial Vaccines

ADULT DIPHTHERIA AND TETANUS VACCINE

→ Restricted (RS1386)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For vaccination of patients aged 45 and 65 years old; or
- 2 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 4 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds; or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial

→ Restricted (RS1233)

Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin and 2.5 mcg

→ Restricted (RS1688)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for pregnant women in the second or third trimester of each pregnancy; or; or
- 2 A single dose for parents or primary caregivers of infants admitted to a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit or Specialist Care Baby Unit for more than 3 days, who had not been exposed to maternal vaccination at least 14 days prior to birth; or; or
- 3 A course of up to four doses is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 4 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens.

Note: Tdap is not registered for patients aged less than 10 years. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjugated to tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syringe plus

→ Restricted (RS1520)

Initiation

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Any of the following:

1 For primary vaccination in children; or

continued...



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 4 mcg or each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a total of approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml vial —

→ Restricted (RS1719)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or

Menactra

- 1.2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or
- 1.3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 1.4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression*; or

2 Roth

- 2.1 Person is aged between 13 and 25 years, inclusive; and
- 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 One dose for individuals who are entering within the next three months, or in their first year of living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons; or
 - 2.2.2 One dose for individuals who are currently living in boarding school hostels, tertiary education halls of residence, military barracks, or prisons, from 1 December 2019 to 30 November 2020.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1482)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre- and post splenectomy and for patients with HIV, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anatomic asplenia or pre or post solid organ transplant; or
- 2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or
- 3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or
- 4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppression*.

Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks apart, a booster dose three years after the primary series and then five yearly.

*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a period of greater than 28 days.

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 4,

18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020...........0.00 10 Synflorix

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1585)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 A primary course of four doses for previously unvaccinated individuals up to the age of 59 months inclusive; or
- 2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course of immunisation for individuals under the age of 59 months who have received one to three doses of PCV13

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6A,

→ Restricted (RS1586)

Initiation - High risk children who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose is funded for high risk children (over the age of 17 months and under 18 years) who have previously received four doses of PCV10.

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for children aged under 5 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks: or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes; or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk adults and children 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation of patients 5 years and over with HIV, for patients pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1587)

Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response; or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts: or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes: or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1243)

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines

HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	0 1	Havrix Junior
t	Inj 1440 ELISA units in 1 ml syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	0 1	Havrix

→ Restricted (RS1638)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or
- 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer → Restricted (RS1588) Initiation Any of the following: 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or

- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse: or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or
- 10 Following needle stick injury.

HBvaxPRO

→ Restricted (RS1588)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients: or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients: or
- 10 Following needle stick injury.

Engerix-B

→ Restricted (RS1671)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients: or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or
- 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse: or
- 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or
- 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or
- 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or
- 10 Following needle stick injury; or
- 11 For dialysis patients; or
- 12 For liver or kidney transplant patients.

Inj 40 mcg per 1 ml vial - 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020................................. **HBvaxPRO**

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1413)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 For dialysis patients: and
- 2 For liver or kidney transplant patient.

HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VACCINE [HPV] - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1693)

Initiation - Children aged 14 years and under

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Children aged 14 years and under.

Initiation - other conditions

Either:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or
 - 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) patients; or
 - 2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

Initiation - Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Maximum of two doses for children aged 14 years and under; or
 - 1.2 Maximum of three doses for people aged 15 years and over; and
- 2 The patient has recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
- 3 The patient has not previously had an HPV vaccine.

INFLUENZA VACCINE

→ Restricted (RS1675)

Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients aged 6 months to 35 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation – chronic respiratory disease for patients aged 6 months to 35 months

Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions for patients aged 6 months to 35 months

Any of the following:

continued...

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Diabetes: or
 - 2 Chronic renal disease: or
 - 3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 4 Autoimmune disease: or
 - 5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 6 HIV: or
 - 7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders: or
 - 9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 11 Has a cochlear implant: or
- 12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
- 13 Pre and post splenectomy: or
- 14 Down syndrome; or
- 15 Child who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness.

Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (quadrivalent vaccine)......90.00 10

Afluria Quad

(2020 Formulation)

⇒ Restricted (RS1674)

Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients 3 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease: or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation - chronic respiratory disease for patients 3 years and over

Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions for patients 3 years and over

Fither:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes: or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease: or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease: or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 1.6 HIV: or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders: or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or

continued...



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer continued... 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or 1.14 Down syndrome; or 1.15 Is pregnant; or 1.16 Is a child aged four and under who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital. MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below ■ Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50. Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent 10 **Priorix** ⇒ Restricted (RS1487) Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months Therapy limited to 3 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression: or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Initiation - first dose after 12 months Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression: or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below **IPOL** → Restricted (RS1398) Initiation Therapy limited to 3 doses Either: 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. RABIES VACCINE Inj 2.5 IU vial with diluent ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below ■ Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose. 10 Rotarix → Restricted (RS1590) Initiation Therapy limited to 2 doses Both: 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over.

					VACCINES
		Price			Brand or
	(ex man.	excl.	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE] - Restricted see	terms belo)W			
Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial − 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020)	0.0	0	1	Varilrix
				10	Varilrix
→ Restricted (RS1591)					
Initiation – primary vaccinations					
Therapy limited to 1 dose					
Either:					
1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or					
2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on c infection (chickenpox).	or after 1 Ju	ıly 20	17, wh	o have n	not previously had a varicella
Initiation – other conditions					
Therapy limited to 2 doses					
Any of the following:					
1 Any of the following:					
for non-immune patients:					
1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candid	ates for tra	nspla	ntation	: or	

- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or
- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*: or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella: or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

■ Varicella zoster virus (Oka strain) live attenuated vaccine [shingles Zostavax 10 7ostavax

→ Restricted (RS1720)

Initiation - people aged 65 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged 65 years.

Initiation - people aged between 66 and 80 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged between 66 and 80 years inclusive from 1 April 2018 and 31 December 2020.

Diagnostic Agents

FUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST		
Inj 5 TU per 0.1 ml, 1 ml vial - 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020 0.00	1	Tubersol

PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips20.00 10.00	1	CareSens N Premier Caresens N
PLOOP OLUMNOT PLANTOTIC TEST STRIP		Caresens N POP
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP	50.11	00N
Blood glucose test strips	50 test	CareSens N
Test strips	50 test	CareSens PRO
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP		
Test strips15.50	10 strip	KetoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic		
test strips20.00	1	CareSens Dual
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE		
Small	1	e-chamber Mask
PEAK FLOW METER		
Low Range	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low
v		Range
Normal Range	1	Mini-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE		
Cassette	40 test	Smith BioMed Rapid
		Pregnancy Test
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE		• ,
Test strip	50 strip	Ketostix
SPACER DEVICE		
220 ml (single patient)	1	e-chamber Turbo
5.10 ml (single patient) 5.12	1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml	1	Volumatic
	•	

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8-methoxypsoralen56	Afluria Quad Junior	hydrochlorothiazide	44
- A -	(2020 Formulation) 248	Aminolevulinic acid	
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Abacavir sulphate86	Agents Affecting the	Aminophylline	20
Abacavir sulphate with	Renin-Angiotensin System 38	Amiodarone hydrochloride	
lamivudine86		Amisulpride	
Abciximab154	Disorders 103	Amitriptyline	110
Abiraterone acetate144		Amlodipine	4
Acarbose9	Poisonings216	Amorolfine	5
Accuretic 1038		Amoxicillin	
Accuretic 2038	Alanase201	Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid	7
Acetazolamide213	Albendazole83	Amphotericin B	
Acetec38	Aldurazyme16	Alimentary	19
Acetic acid	Alecensa137	Infections	
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Acetylcholine chloride213		Andriol Testocaps	
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Aciclovir	Allerpro 1236	Androgen Agonists and	
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Aciclovir-Claris89	Allmercap131	Antabuse	
Acid Citrate Dextrose A30	Allopurinol98	Antacids and Antiflatulents	
Acidex5	•	Anti-Infective Agents	
Acipimox46		Anti-Infective Preparations	
Acitretin56		Dermatological	5
Aclasta94		Sensory	
Actemra	Alphamox 12576	Anti-Inflammatory Preparations	
Actinomycin D129	Alphamox 250	Antiacne Preparations	
Adalat 1043	·	Antiallergy Preparations	
Adalat Oros43	•	Antianaemics	
Adalimumab154		Antiarrhythmics	
Adapalene53		Antibacterials	
Adefovir dipivoxil88		Anticholinergic Agents	
Adenocor40		Anticholinesterases	
Adenosine40	•	Antidepressants	
Adenuric99		Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal	
Adrenaline47	,	Anti-Inflammatory Agents	
ADT Booster242		Antiepilepsy Drugs	
Adult diphtheria and tetanus	AmBisome80	Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and	
vaccine242	Ambrisentan48	Local Sclerosants	
Advantan55	Amethocaine	Antifibrotics	20
Advate29	Nervous107	Antifungals	
Adynovate29	Sensory212	Antihypotensives	
Aerrane104	•	Antimigraine Preparations	
Afinitor200		Antimycobacterials	8
Aflibercept		Antinausea and Vertigo Agents	
Afluria Quad	furosemide44	Antiparasitics	8

Antipruritic Preparations	53	Arginine		Atropine sulphate	
Antipsychotic Agents	117	Alimentary	14	Cardiovascular	4
Antiretrovirals	85	Various		Sensory	21
Antirheumatoid Agents	94	Argipressin [Vasopressin]	71	Atropt	21
Antiseptics and Disinfectants		Aripiprazole		Aubagio	
Antispasmodics and Other Agents	3	Aripiprazole Sandoz		Augmentin	7
Altering Gut Motility		Aristocort	55	Aurorix	11
Antithrombotics	30	Arrow - Clopid		Avelox	7
Antithymocyte globulin		Arrow-Amitriptyline	110	Avelox IV 400	7
(equine)	199	Arrow-Bendrofluazide		Avonex	12
Antithymocyte globulin (rabbit)	199	Arrow-Brimonidine	214	Avonex Pen	12
Antiulcerants		Arrow-Calcium	17	Azacitidine	13
Antivirals	88	Arrow-Diazepam	120	Azacitidine Dr Reddy's	13
Anxiolytics	120	Arrow-Fluoxetine		Azactam	
Apidra		Arrow-Lamotrigine	113	Azamun	19
Apidra Solostar		Arrow-Losartan &		Azathioprine	19
Apo-Amlodipine		Hydrochlorothiazide	39	Azithromycin	
Apo-Amoxi		Arrow-Morphine LA		Azol	
Apo-Azithromycin		Arrow-Norfloxacin		AZT	
Apo-Ciclopirox		Arrow-Ornidazole	84	Aztreonam	<mark>7</mark>
Apo-Cilazapril/		Arrow-Quinapril 10	38	- B -	
Hydrochlorothiazide	38	Arrow-Quinapril 20	38	Bacillus calmette-guerin (BCG)	19
Apo-Clarithromycin		Arrow-Quinapril 5		Bacillus calmette-guerin \	
Apo-Clomipramine		Arrow-Roxithromycin		vaccine	24
Apo-Diclo SR		Arrow-Timolol		Baclofen	
Apo-Diltiazem CD		Arrow-Tolterodine	61	Bacterial and Viral Vaccines	24
Apo-Doxazosin		Arrow-Topiramate		Bacterial Vaccines	24
Apo-Folic Acid		Arrow-Tramadol		Balanced Salt Solution	
Apo-Furosemide		Arsenic trioxide		Barium sulphate	
Apo-Gabapentin		Artemether with lumefantrine	83	Barium sulphate with sodium	
Apo-Leflunomide		Artesunate	84	bicarbonate	21
Apo-Megestrol	145	Articaine hydrochloride	105	Barrier Creams and Emollients	5
Apo-Metoprolol		Articaine hydrochloride with		Basiliximab	
Apo-Mirtazapine		adrenaline	105	BCG Vaccine	
Apo-Nadolol		Asacol	6	BD PosiFlush	
Apo-Nicotinic Acid		Asamax	6	Beclazone 100	20
Apo-Ondansetron		Ascorbic acid		Beclazone 250	20
Apo-Oxybutynin		Alimentary	22	Beclazone 50	20
Apo-Perindopril		Extemporaneously Compo		Beclomethasone	
Apo-Pindolol		Preparations		dipropionate20	01, 20
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Apo-Prazosin		Aspirin		Bendamustine hydrochloride	
Apo-Prednisone		Blood	31	Bendrofluazide	
Apo-Propranolol		Nervous	107	Bendroflumethiazide	
Apo-Pyridoxine		Asthalin	205	[Bendrofluazide]	4
Apo-Sumatriptan		Atazanavir sulphate		Benzathine benzylpenicillin	
Apo-Terazosin		Atenolol		Benzatropine mesylate	
Apomorphine hydrochloride		Atenolol-AFT		Benzbromaron AL 100	_
Apraclonidine		ATGAM		Benzbromarone	
Aprepitant		Ativan		Benzocaine	10
Apresoline		Atomoxetine		Benzocaine with tetracaine	
Aprotinin		Atorvastatin		hydrochloride	10
Aqueous cream	54	Atovaquone with proguanil		Benzoin	
Arachis oil [Peanut oil]	224	hydrochloride		Benzoyl peroxide	
Aratac		Atracurium besylate		Benztrop	
				Benzydamine hydrochloride	
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

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Bismuth subgallate	Cabergoline65	
Bismuth subnitrate and iodoform	Caffeine123	Ceenu129
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Bisoprolol fumarate41	Calamine	
Bivalirudin30	Calcipotriol	
Bleomycin sulphate	Calcitonin	
Blood glucose diagnostic test	Calcitriol	
Diooa giuooso alagiiosilo iest	Quivid IVI	. Joiopinio

Cefepime-AFT	73	Choriogonadotropin alfa	66	Clopixol1	118, 120
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Cefotaxime Sandoz	73	Ciclosporin	147	toxin	100
Cefoxitin	73	Cidofovir		Clotrimazole	
Cefoxitin Actavis	73	Cilazapril	38	Dermatological	52
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Ceftriaxone	73	Cilicaine VK	76	Clozaril	117
Ceftriaxone-AFT	73	Cimetidine	8	Clustran	11
Cefuroxime	73	Cinacalcet	62	Co-trimoxazole	79
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Celecoxib	101	hydrocortisone	7	Coal tar with salicylic acid and	
Celecoxib Pfizer	101	Cipflox		sulphur	5
Celiprolol	41	Ciprofloxacin		Cocaine hydrochloride	
CellCept	200	Infections	77	Cocaine hydrochloride with	
Celol		Sensory	209	adrenaline	106
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Cetuximab	165	Citalopram hydrobromide	111	Colchicine	
Charcoal	217	Citanest		Colecalciferol	2
Chemotherapeutic Agents	128	Citrate sodium	30	Colestimethate	78
Chickenpox vaccine	251	Citric acid	224	Colestipol hydrochloride	4
Chlorafast	209	Citric acid with magnesium of	xide and	Colgout	99
Chloral hydrate	121	sodium picosulfate	12	Colifoam	
Chlorambucil	129	Citric acid with sodium		Colistin sulphomethate	
Chloramphenicol		bicarbonate	220	[Colestimethate]	
Infections	78	Cladribine	130	Colistin-Link	78
Sensory	209	Clarithromycin	75	Collodion flexible	224
Chlorhexidine		Clexane		Colloidal bismuth subcitrate	8
Chlorhexidine gluconate		Clindamycin	78	Colofac	
Alimentary	19	Clindamycin ABM	78	Colony-Stimulating Factors	
Extemporaneously Compound	ded	Clinect	51	Coloxyl	12
Preparations	224	Clinicians Multivit & Mineral		Colpocin-T	84
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Chlorhexidine with		Clinicians Renal Vit	20	Compound electrolytes with gluc	cose
cetrimide2	218, 221	Clobazam		[Dextrose]	35, 37
Chlorhexidine with ethanol	218	Clobetasol propionate	55–56	Compound hydroxybenzoate	224
Chloroform	224	Clobetasone butyrate		Compound sodium lactate	
Chloroquine phosphate	84	Clofazimine	82	[Hartmann's solution]	3
Chlorothiazide	44	Clomazol		Concerta	124
Chlorpheniramine maleate	202	Dermatological	<mark>52</mark>	Condyline	5
Chlorpromazine hydrochloride	117	Genito-Urinary	<u>58</u>	Contraceptives	58
Chlorsig	209	Clomifene citrate	65	Contrast Media	219
Chlortalidone [Chlorthalidone]	44	Clomipramine hydrochloride.	110	Copaxone	12 ⁻
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