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Editor:

Kaye Wilson & Doris Chong email: enquiry@pharmac.govt.nz Telephone +64 4 460 4990 Facsimile +64 4 460 4995 Level 9, 40 Mercer Street PO Box 10 254 Wellington 6143

Freephone Information Line 0800 66 00 50 (9am – 5pm weekdays)

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Anrik Drenth & John Geering email: texschedule@pharmac.govt.nz @Pharmaceutical Management Agency



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Introducing PHARMAC

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (PHARMAC) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. PHARMAC negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

PHARMAC's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about PHARMAC and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/about.

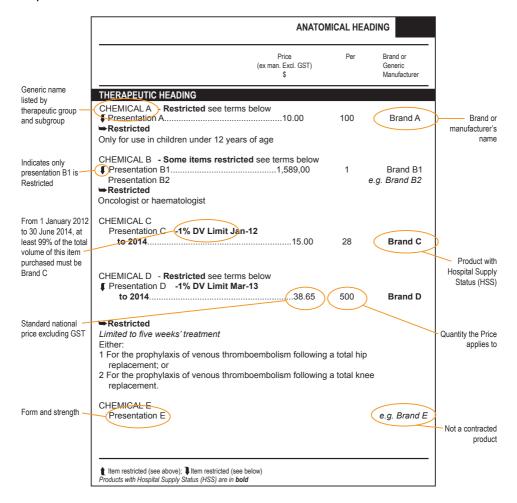
Glossary

Units of Measure gram g microgram..... mcg millimole......mmol unit......u kilogram......kg milligram mg international unitiu millilitre..... ml **Abbreviations** application app enteric coated FC solution soln suppositorysuppos capsule cap granules......grans cream.....crm injectioninj tablet......tab dispersibledisp liquidliq tincture.....tinc effervescent.....eff lotion......lotn emulsion emul ointment......oint

HSS Hospital Supply Status

Guide to Section H listings

Example



PART I: GENERAL RULES

General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A General Rules and are located on the PHARMAC website

PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Antacids and Antiflatulents

Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIMETICONE

Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticone 20 mg

Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simeticone

30 ma per 5 ml

e.g. Mylanta

e.g. Mylanta Double Strength

e.g. Gaviscon Infant

e.g. Gaviscon Double Strength

Acidex

SIMETICONE

Oral drops 100 mg per ml Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE

Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sachet

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

160 mg

Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

160 mg per 10 ml......4.95 500 ml

SODIUM CITRATE

Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)

Phosphate Binding Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg

CALCIUM CARBONATE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1025)

Initiation

Only for use in children under 12 years of age for use as a phosphate binding agent.

Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Agents

Antipropulsives

DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE

Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg

LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories

BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms below

Cap 3 mg

→ Restricted (RS1026)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diabetes: or
 - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
 - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
 - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
 - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
 - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
 - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

LVDDC	$\cap\cap$ DTIC \cap	NE ACETATE

Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications)26.55	21.1 g	Colifoam
MESALAZINE		
Tab EC 400 mg49.50	100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg49.50	100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg59.05	100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg85.50	90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g141.72	120 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg22.80	20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g54.60	30	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml41.30	7	Pentasa
OLSALAZINE		
Tab 500 mg93.37	100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg53.00	100	Dipentum
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE		
Cap 100 mg		
SULFASALAZINE		
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201914.00	100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201913.50	100	Salazopyrin EN

Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders

Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations

CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE			
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	15.00	30 g	Proctosedyl
Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	9.90	12	Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE AND	CINCHOCA	AINE	
Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 5 mg per g	6.35	30 g	Ultraproct
Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 1 mg	2.66	12	Ultraproct

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Management of Anal Fissures				
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%		.22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants				
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial				
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut M	otility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019		.17.14	10	Max Health
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020			100 5	Buscopan Buscopan
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 135 mg		. 18.00	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants				
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective				
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		.41.50	120	Cytotec
H2 Antagonists				
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg				
RANITIDINE Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		.18.21 5.14	500 500 300 ml 5	Ranitidine Relief Ranitidine Relief Peptisoothe Zantac
Proton Pump Inhibitors				
LANSOPRAZOLE Cap 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Cap 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			100 100	Lanzol Relief Lanzol Relief

		Price excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OMEPRAZOLE Tab dispersible 20 mg				
→ Restricted (RS1027) Initiation				
Only for use in tube-fed patients.				
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		1 08	90	Omeprazole actavis 10
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020			90	Omeprazole actavis 20
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020			90	Omeprazole actavis 40
Powder for oral liq			5 g	Midwest
Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		.33.98	5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazole
Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		.13.00	5	Omezol IV
PANTOPRAZOLE				
Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		2.41	100	Panzop Relief
Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		3.35	100	Panzop Relief
Inj 40 mg vial				
Site Protective Agents				
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg		1451	50	Gastrodenol
-		. 14.51	50	Gastrodenoi
SUCRALFATE				
Tab 1 g				
Bile and Liver Therapy				
L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below				
■ Grans for oral liquid 3 g				
➡ Restricted (RS1261)				
Initiation				
For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not respondere lactulose is contraindicated.	nded to tre	atment wi	th, or are i	ntolerant to lactulose, or
RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6	625.00	56	Xifaxan
⇒ Restricted (RS1416)				
Initiation	movimum	talaratad (lanca of la	otulogo
For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of	IIIaxiiIIuIII	loleraleu (10562 01 Id	ciulose.
Diabetes				
Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors				
ACARBOSE				
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			90	Glucobay
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		6.40	90	Glucobay
Hyperglycaemic Agents				
DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page				
↓ Cap 25 mg		110.00	100	Proglicem
■ Cap 100 mg			100	Proglicem
■ Oral liq 50 mg per ml			30 ml	Proglycem

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1028) Initiation For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism. GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE		00.00		Observation (2)
Inj 1 mg syringe kit		.32.00	1	Glucagen Hypokit
GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet				
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per 3 ml prefilled pen	,	.52.15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge INSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE				
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per r 3 ml cartridge		. 42.66	5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per r 3 ml cartridge		.42.66	5	Humalog Mix 50
INSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 vial	ml			
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 r cartridge				
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 r cartridge Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 r				
cartridge				
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		.94.50	5 5 1	Lantus SoloStar Lantus Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe		.51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
INSULIN GLULISINE			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	27.03	1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		5	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		5	Apidra Solostar
		Ů	Apidia Colodial
INSULIN LISPRO			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN NEUTRAL			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	6.00	100	Daonil
GLICLAZIDE			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.29	500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	3.27	100	Minidiab
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab immediate-release 500 mg - 1% DV Feb-19 to 2021	8.63	1,000	Apotex
Tab ininiculate folloade ood ing	9.59	1,000	Metchek
Tab immediate-release 850 mg	7.82	500	Metformin Mylan
(Metchek Tab immediate-release 500 mg to be delisted 1 February 201		300	Wictioniiii Wylan
	0)		
PIOGLITAZONE	0.47	00	V
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		90	Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	7.10	90	Vexazone
VILDAGLIPTIN			
Tab 50 mg	40.00	60	Galvus
VILDAGLIPTIN WITH METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg with 1,000 mg metformin hydrochloride	40.00	60	Galvumet
Tab 50 mg with 850 mg metformin hydrochloride		60	Galvumet
,			
Digestives Including Enzymes			
PANCREATIC ENZYME			
Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250) []		
protease))			
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph	Fur		
U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U) – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 F		100	Orcon rooto
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U) - 1% DV Sep-18 to 20		100	Creon 25000
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph		100	OTCOTT ECOCO
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)			
URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID — Restricted see terms on the next page		100	Uranan
↓ Cap 250 mg − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	37.95	100	Ursosan

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1647)

Initiation – Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis

Either:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alaqille syndrome; or
- 2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults: and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

Initiation - Primary biliary cholangitis

Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cholangitis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IgM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 umol/l: decompensated cirrhosis.

Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

Initiation - Haematological transplant

Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

Initiation – Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

Laxatives

Bowel-Cleansing Preparations

CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSULFATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium

picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.g. PicoPrep

MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium

chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate $\,$

80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet

e.g. Glycoprep-C

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate

80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet

e.g. Glycoprep-C

MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE. SODIUM BICARBONATE. SODIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM SULPHATE

Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium

bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulphate

Klean Prep

Bulk-Forming Agents

ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK

STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA – Restricted: For continuation only Powder for oral soln		Per	Generic Manufacturer
Faecal Softeners			
DOCUSATE SODIUM Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 Tab 120 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES		100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 PARAFFIN Oral liquid 1 mg per ml Enema 133 ml	3.10	200	Laxsol
POLOXAMER Oral drops 10% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.78	30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral			
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE − Restricted see terms below Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial Restricted (RS1601) Initiation − Opioid induced constipation Both:	36.00 246.00	1 7	Relistor Relistor
 The patient is receiving palliative care; and Either: Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation are Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipation are 		blerated.	
Osmotic Laxatives			
GLYCEROL Suppos 1.27 g Suppos 2.55 g Suppos 3.6 g – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	9.25	20	PSM
LACTULOSE		F00 ml	Laevolac
Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	ATE AND SODI	500 ml UM CHLOF	
Feb-18 to 2020SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE	6.78	30	Molaxole
Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 ml SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID	26.72	50	Micolette
Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%	2.50	1	Fleet Phosphate Enema

	Price excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Stimulant Laxatives	<u>·</u>		
BISACODYL Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Suppos 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		200 10	Lax-Tabs Lax-Suppositories
SENNOSIDES Tab 7.5 mg			

Metabolic Disorder Agents

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1545)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells: or
 - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
 - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
 - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to FRT: and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

ARGININE

Powder

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
BETAINE - Restricted see terms below			

180 g Cystadane

→ Restricted (RS1639)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
 - 2.2 A 5,10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
 - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Cap 100 mg
- Ini 10 mg per ml. 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1330)

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

Naglazyme

→ Restricted (RS1523)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis

Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT.

HAEM ARGINATE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms below Inj 2 mg per ml, 3 ml vial Restricted (RS1546) Initiation	4,608.30	1	Elaprase	

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assav in cultured skin fibroblasts: or
 - 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

IMIGLUCERASE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 40 iu per ml, 5 ml vial
- Ini 40 iu per ml. 10 ml vial

(Any Ini 40 iu per ml. 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 March 2019)

(Any Inj 40 iu per ml, 10 ml vial to be delisted 1 March 2019)

→ Restricted (RS1034)

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher's Treatment Panel.

LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below

Aldurazvme

→ Restricted (RS1607)

Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assav in cultured skin fibroblasts: or
 - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome: and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT): and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Cap 500 mg
- Oral soln 1,000 mg per 10 ml
- Ini 200 mg per ml. 5 ml vial

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1035) Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian			
PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 50 mg → Restricted (RS1331)			
Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian			
SODIUM BENZOATE			
Cap 500 mg			
Powder			
Soln 100 mg per ml Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule			
SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms	below		
Tab 500 mg			
Grans 483 mg per g	1,920.00	174 g	Pheburane
Oral liq 250 mg per ml Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
⇒ Restricted (RS1526)			
Initiation			
Metabolic physician			
Re-assessment required after 12 months	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		
For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a det transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase.	iciency of carbamyipho	ospnate syl	ntnetase, ornitnine
Continuation			
Metabolic physician			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from	treatment.		
TALIGLUCERASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 200 unit vial	1,072.00	1	Elelyso
→ Restricted (RS1034) Initiation			
Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher's Treatment P	anel.		
TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 300 mg			
Minerals			
Calcium			
CALCIUM CARBONATE			
Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		250	Arrow-Calcium
Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental)	2.07	10	Calsource
Fluoride			
SODIUM FLUORIDE Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental)			
lodine			
loune			
POTASSIUM IODATE Tab 253 mcg (150 mcg elemental iodine)	4.69	90	NeuroTabs

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

16

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE Oral liq 10% with iodine 5%				
Iron				
FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial → Restricted (RS1417) Initiation		150.00	1	Ferinject
Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropri- FERROUS FUMARATE Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental)		2.89	100	Ferro-tab
FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg - 1% DV				
FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg FERROUS SULPHATE		4.68	60	Ferro-F-Tabs
Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) $-$ 1% DV Jun-18 to 2 Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml $-$ 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan
FERROUS SULPHATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500 IRON POLYMALTOSE	mg			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		15.22	5	Ferrum H
IRON SUCROSE Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		100.00	5	Venofer
Magnesium				
MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE Inj 1 mmol per 1 ml, 100 ml bag MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM OXIDE Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental) MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag				
Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10.21	10	DBL
Zinc				
ZINC Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule				
ZINC SULPHATE Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental)		11.00	100	Zincaps

(e)	Price man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Mouth and Throat			
Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3%			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORID Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride	DE		
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray			
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Mouthwash 0.2%	2.57	200 ml	healthE
CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01% DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Paste 0.1% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.33	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives			
AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg	5.86	20	Fungilin
MICONAZOLE Oral gel 20 mg per g - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4.74	40 g	Decozol
NYSTATIN Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	1.95	24 ml	Nilstat
Other Oral Agents			
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] - Restricted see terms ↓ Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe → Restricted (RS1175) Otolaryngologist THYMOL GLYCERIN	below		
Compound, BPC – 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019	9.15	500 ml	PSM
Vitamins			
Multivitamin Preparations			
MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT – Restricted see terms of Cap		180	Clinicians Multivit & Mineral Boost

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1498)

Initiation

Limited to 3 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or
 - 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or
 - 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1499)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
- 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).</p>

MULTIVITAMINS

Tab (BPC cap strength) - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019......10.50 1,000 Mvite

cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg, alpha tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg, riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 mg, cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg

e.g. Vitabdeck

→ Restricted (RS1620)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 2 Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; or
- 3 Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome.
- Powder vitamin A 4200 mcg with vitamin D 155.5 mcg, vitamin E 21.4 mg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 166 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 35 mg, vitamin B6 3.4 mg, folic acid 303 mcg, vitamin B12 8.6 mcg, biotin 214 mcg, pantothenic acid 17 mc abolics 250 ms and insetted 700 mcg.

17 mg, choline 350 mg and inositol 700 mg

e.g. Paediatric Seravit

→ Restricted (RS1178)

Initiation

Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.

- Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1)
- Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1)
- Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1)

e.g. Pabrinex IV

e.g. Pabrinex IM

e.g. Pabrinex IV

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
VITAMIN A WITH VITAMINS D AND C Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg per 10 dec.g. Vitadol C Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg	•	be deliste	e.g. Vitadol C ed 1 August 2019)
Vitamin A			
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml			
Vitamin B			
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	1.89	3	Neo-B12
PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020 Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 100 mg per ml, 30 ml vial		90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Apo-Pyridoxine
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2020 Tab 100 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	4.89	100	Max Health e.g. Benerva
VITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	7.15	500	Bplex
Vitamin C			
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 Tab chewable 250 mg	8.10	500	Cvite
Vitamin D			
ALFACALCIDOL Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020 Cap 1 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020 Oral drops 2 mcg per ml - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	87.98	100 100 20 ml	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 Cap 0.5 mcg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019 Oral liq 1 mcg per ml Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	9.95	100	Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	2.50	12	Vit.D3

Vitamin E

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms on the next page

¶ Oral liq 156 u per ml

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1632)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
 - 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 100 u
- Cap 500 u
- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1176)

Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
 - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A.D.E.K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
 - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

Antianaemics

Hypoplastic and Haemolytic

EPOETIN ALFA [ERYTHROPOIETIN ALFA] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	.48.68	6	Eprex
	Inj 2,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe1		6	Eprex
1	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe1	66.87	6	Eprex
1	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe1	93.13	6	Eprex
1	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe2	243.26	6	Eprex
	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe2		6	Eprex
	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe		6	Eprex
1	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe3	395.18	6	Eprex
	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe2		1	Eprex

→ Restricted (RS1420)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Roth
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

EPOETIN BETA [ERYTHROPOIETIN BETA] - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Ini 2.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1421)

Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L: and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
 - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

Initiation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Continuation - myelodysplasia*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

*Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Megaloblastic

FOLIC ACID

Tab 0.8 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1,000 500	Apo-Folic Acid Apo-Folic Acid
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

e.g. Driclor

Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

→ Restricted (RS1500)

Initiation

For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 10.000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1332)

Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Either:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure: or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

FLTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 25 mg1,550.00	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg3,100.00	28	Revolade

→ Restricted (RS1648)

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
 - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding: or
 - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has a significant and well-documented contraindication to splenectomy for clinical reasons; and

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab);
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter: or
 - 3.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura contraindicated to splenectomy

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's significant contraindication to splenectomy remains; and
- 2 The patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period; and
- 3 Patient has maintained a platelet count of at least 50,000 platelets per microlitre on treatment; and
- 4 Further treatment with eltrombopag is required to maintain response.

Initiation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

4 T....

Both:

- 1 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of at least 3 months duration; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microliter; or
 - 2.2 Patient has severe aplastic anaemia with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding.

Continuation - severe aplastic anaemia

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has obtained a response from treatment of at least 20,000 platelets per microlitre above baseline during the initial approval period; and
- 2 Platelet transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks during the initial approval period.

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

POI IDOCANOI

Inj 0.5%, 30 ml vial

SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE

Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule

THROMBIN

Powder

TRANEXAMIC ACID

Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	20.67	100	Cyklokapron
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	6.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	10.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT

Anticoagulant Reversal Agents

DARUCIZUMAB	 Restricted 	see terms on	the next page
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Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1535)

Initiation

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

Blood Factors

EDTAGOO ALEA IDEGONADINIANT	EACTOD VIIIAI	Destal start and a section	and the state of
FPTACOG ALFA (RECOMBINANT	FACTOR VIIAL -	- Hestricted see tern	ns below

1	Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
	Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
	Restricted (RS1495)	, , ,		

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

FACTOR EIGHT INHIBITOR BYPASSING FRACTION - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 500 U	1	FEIBA NF
1	Inj 1,000 U2,900.00	1	FEIBA NF
1	Inj 2,500 U	1	FEIBA NF

⇒ Restricted (RS1495)

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe210.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe420.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe840.00	1	Xyntha
t	Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe	1	Xyntha
	lnj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe2,520.00	1	Xyntha

→ Restricted (RS1508)

Initiation

Note: Preferred Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

NONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial310.00	1	BeneFIX
	Inj 500 iu vial620.00	1	BeneFIX
	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1	BeneFIX
	Inj 2,000 iu vial2,480.00	1	BeneFIX
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	1	BeneFIX

→ Restricted (RS1495)

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms on the next page

		The control of the co	, wg c	
1	Inj 250 iu vial	287.50	1	RIXUBIS
	lnj 500 iu vial		1	RIXUBIS
1	Inj 1,000 iu vial	1,150.00	1	RIXUBIS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	RIXUBIS
	Ini 3.000 iu vial		1	RIXUBIS

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1363)

Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	287.50	1	Advate
t	lnj 500 iu vial	575.00	1	Advate
t	lnj 1,000 iu vial	1,150.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 1,500 iu vial	1,725.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	2,300.00	1	Advate
1	Inj 3,000 iu vial	3,450.00	1	Advate
\Rightarrow	Restricted (RS1509)			

Initiation

Notes: Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website http://www.pharmac.govt.nz or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2 PHARMAC PO Box 10 254 Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Wellington Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (KOGENATE FS) - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50	1	Kogenate FS
t	Inj 500 iu vial	475.00	1	Kogenate FS
t	Inj 1,000 iu vial	950.00	1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	Kogenate FS
	Restricted (RS1510)			-

Initiation

Notes: Second Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website http://www.pharmac.govt.nz.or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2
PHARMAC PO Box 10 254 Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Wellington Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

Vitamin K

PHYTOMENADIONE

Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule	8.00	5	Konakion MM
Ini 10 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule	9.21	5	Konakion MM

Antithrombotics

Anticoagulants

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

Inj 250 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1181)

Initiation

Either:

continued...

	Price)		Brand or
(ex r	man. exc	d. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

CITRATE SODIUM

Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe

Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

DABIGATRAN

DA

Cap 75 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg		60	Pradaxa
ALTEPARIN			
Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	19.97	10	Fragmin
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe		10	Fragmin
Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe		10	Fragmin
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe		10	Fragmin
Inj 12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe		10	Fragmin

10

10

Fragmin

Fragmin

DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

Ini 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1182)

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

Inj 15,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe.......120.05

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1183)

Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID [ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A]

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml,

100 ml bag

ENOXAPARIN SODIUM

Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe27.93	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule		
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe56.18	10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe74.90	10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe93.80	10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe116.55	10	Clexane
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe	10	Clexane

FONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe
- Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1184)

Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LIEDADIN CODUM	Ψ	rei	Manuacturer
HEPARIN SODIUM			
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag	00.50	ΕO	Hoonira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	96.53	50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml vial Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	50 57	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule		30	FIIZEI
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.40	5	Hospira
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021		50	Pfizer
(Any Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml vial to be delisted 1 May 2019)		00	1 11201
HEPARINISED SALINE			
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	56.04	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 3 ml ampoule	50.94	50	FIIZEI
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN			
Tab 10 mg	83.10	30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg	77.56	28	Xarelto
Tab 20 mg	77.56	28	Xarelto
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM CHL	ORIDE		
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 74.6 per ml, 5,000 ml bag	mcg		
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	6.86	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg			
Tab 3 mg	9.70	100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg	11.75	100	Marevan
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN			
Tab 100 mg - 10% DV Dec-16 to 2019	1.60	90	Ethics Aspirin EC
	12.50	990	Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg			•
CLOPIDOGREL			
Tab 75 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	5.44	84	Arrow - Clopid
DIPYRIDAMOLE		٠.	
Tab 25 mg			
Tab long-acting 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	11 50	60	Dutazon SD
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	11.32	00	Pytazen SR
EPTIFIBATIDE – Restricted see terms on the next page	400 75	,	lasta audillas
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021		1	Integrilin
Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial − 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	405.00	1	Integrilin
,9			···- 3 ·····

	P	rice			Brand or
(ex	x man.	excl. G	ST)		Generic
		\$		Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1362)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coronary thrombus on coronary angiography.

PRASUGREL - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 5 mg	
	t
Tab 10 mg	t

→ Restricted (RS1187)

Initiation - Bare metal stents

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has undergone coronary angioplasty in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

Initiation - Drug-eluting stents

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has had a drug-eluting cardiac stent inserted in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Note: Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 90 mg90.00	56	Brilinta
---	----------------	----	----------

→ Restricted (RS1496)

Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

TICLOPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Fibrinolytic Agents

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

TENECTEPLASE

Inj 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Inj 50,000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 500,000 iu vial

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Colony-Stimulating Factors

Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1536)

Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.1.2 Fither:
 - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10 \times 10^6 /L on day 5 after 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or
 - 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1 \times 10⁶ CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
 - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.2.1 Both:
 - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of $> 5 \times 10^9$ /L; and
 - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10×10^6 /L; or
 - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect > 1×10^6 CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure: or
 - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or

270 00

Zarzia

3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors

HIL	GRASTIM – Restricted see terms below
t	Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe
1	Ini 300 mcg in 1 ml vial

•	inj 300 meg in 0.3 mi premied syringe270.00	J	Zaizio
1	Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial520.00	4	Neupogen
1	Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe432.00	5	Zarzio

→ Restricted (RS1188)

Haematologist or oncologist

PEGFILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1262)

Initiation

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 20%*).

Note: *Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 20% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$

Per

10

18

12

12

18

12

10

50

30

60

20

12

18

5

18

1

12

12

12

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Hospira

Baxter

Baxter

Fresenius Kabi

Fresenius Kabi

Fresenius Kabi

Fresenius Kabi Baxter Glucose 10%

Biomed

Biomed

Baxter

Baxter

Baxter

Baxter Glucose 5%

Baxter Glucose 10%

Baxter Glucose 50%

Plasma-Lyte 148

Plasma-Lyte 148

Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5% Glucose

Fluids and Electrolytes

Intravenous Administration

CVI	IN A	CHI	

Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

CALCIUM GLUCONATE

COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES

Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 ml

Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule......34.24

Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l, chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l.

1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021......27.24 COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Ini sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium. 98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate,

glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 211.92

COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]

Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag - 1% DV

Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l, bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Inj 5%, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Aug-18 to 202177.50 Inj 5%, 50 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021......143.40

GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE

Inj 5%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Aug-18 to 202124.00 Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021......111.96

Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-17 to 202029.50

Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHI ORIDE AND SODIUM CHI ORIDE

Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride

0.45%, 3,000 ml bag Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chloride 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag

Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021203.40

Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride

Ini 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021282.72

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE	Ψ	1 01	Manadator
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV	ı		
Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DN		12	Buxter
Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Jun-18 to 2021	173.40	12	Baxter
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 m	ıl baq		
– 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	•	48	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 r	0		
– 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 r - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml	255.52 bag	12	Daxlei
– 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		48	Baxter
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule	151.80	10	Hospira
RINGER'S SOLUTION			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag	ļ,		
SODIUM ACETATE			
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial			
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial	19.95	1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial	20.50	1	Biomed
SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule		50	InterPharma
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		50	Pfizer
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021.	160.90	480	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297) Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
	160.01	400	DD DeciFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)	102.91	480	BD PosiFlush
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.		465	DD D 151 1
I Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 → Restricted (RS1297)	170.35	480	BD PosiFlush
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule	7.50	30	InterPharma
	5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	33.00	5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	71.28	18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	91.20	12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	109.80	60	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		48	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	44.64	24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle		12	Baxter
DDIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHATE] Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	48.70	5	Biomed
ATER	40.70	J	bioinea
Inj 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	7.00	50	InterPharma
Inj 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	6.63	50	Pfizer
Inj 20 ml ampoule	7.50	30	InterPharma
, .	5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 250 ml bag Inj 500 ml bag			
Inj, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	19.08	12	Baxter
Oral Administration			
ALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
OMPOUND ELECTROLYTES		•	
Powder for oral soln - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2.30	10	Enerlyte
	2.00	10	Liferryte
OMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Soln with electrolytes (2 × 500 ml) - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	6.55	1,000 ml	Pedialyte - Bubblegui
HOSPHORUS			
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			
OTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)			
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	8 90	200	Span-K
Oral lig 2 mmol per ml	0.30	200	Span-K
·			
ODIUM BICARBONATE			• "
Cap 840 mg	8.52	100	Sodibic
ODIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab 600 mg			
Oral liq 2 mmol/ml			
ODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	84.65	454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
ELATINE, SUCCINYLATED			
	120.00	10	Gelofusine
Inj 4%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		10	aciolasilic

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System

ACE Inhibitors

CAPTOPRIL

⇒ Restricted (RS1263)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or
- 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or
- 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surgery.

CILAZAPRIL

2.00	90	Zapril
7.20	200	Apo-Cilazapril
12.00	200	Apo-Cilazapril
0.96	100	Ethics Enalapril
1.24	100	Ethics Enalapril
1.78	100	Ethics Enalapril
2.07	90	Ethics Lisinopril
2.36	90	Ethics Lisinopril
3.17	90	Ethics Lisinopril
3.75	30	Apo-Perindopril
4.80	30	Apo-Perindopril
6.01	90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
3.16	90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
4.89	90	Arrow-Quinapril 20
		7.20 200 12.00 200 12.00 200

TRANDOLAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Cap 1 mg

→ Cap 2 mg

(Any Cap 1 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019) (Any Cap 2 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019)

ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics

CILAZAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 10.18

Apo-Cilazapril/ Hydrochlorothiazide

100

ENALAPRIL MALEATE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg

(Any Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019)

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
QUINAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Dec Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Dec		30 30	Accuretic 10 Accuretic 20
Angiotensin II Antagonists			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 LOSARTAN POTASSIUM Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020 Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020 Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020 Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		90 90 90 90 84 84 84 84	Candestar Candestar Candestar Candestar Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics			
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	15.25	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Neprilysin Inh	ibitors		·

٦ŀ	ACOBITRIL WITH VALSARTAN - RESTRICTED SEE TERMS DETOW			
t	Tab 24.3 mg with valsartan 25.7 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 24/26
t	Tab 48.6 mg with valsartan 51.4 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 49/51
1	Tab 97.2 mg with valsartan 102.8 mg	190.00	56	Entresto 97/103
_	Pactrioted (PS1640)			

→ Restricted (RS1649)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has heart failure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
 - 2.2 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class III; or
 - 2.3 Patient is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
- 3 Patient has a documented left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of less than or equal to 35%; and
- 4 Patient is receiving concomitant optimal standard chronic heart failure treatments.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: Due to the angiotensin II receptor blocking activity of sacubitril with valsartan it should not be co-administered with an ACE inhibitor or another ARB.

Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers

DOXAZOSIN		
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	500	Apo-Doxazosin
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	500	Apo-Doxazosin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE	<u> </u>		manarataro.
Cap 10 mg			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
PRAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg	5.53	100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 2 mg		100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 5 mg	11.70	100	Apo-Prazosin
TERAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		28	Actavis
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		500 500	Apo-Terazosin
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	10.90	500	Apo-Terazosin
Antiarrhythmics			
ADENOSINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1266)			
Initiation			
For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.			
AJMALINE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
→ Restricted (RS1001)			
Cardiologist			
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		30	Cordarone-X
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		30	Cordarone-X
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	9.98	5	Lodi
ATROPINE SULPHATE	10.07	40	Moutindal -
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	12.07	10	Martindale
DIGOXIN	0.07	040	Lamassin BO
Tab 62.5 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		240 240	Lanoxin PG Lanoxin
Oral lig 50 mcg per ml	14.52	240	Laliuxiii
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			

Tab 5 mg

DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE Cap 100 mg FLECAINIDE ACETATE

60

30

30

5

Tambocor

Tambocor

Tambocor CR Tambocor CR

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1566)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiography; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minute while taking a maximally tolerated dose of beta blocker; or
 - 2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.

MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 150 mg162.0	0 100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
Cap 250 mg202.0	0 100	USP Mexiletine Hydrochloride

PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Antihypotensives

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 5 mg
- → Restricted (RS1427)

Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers

ATENOLOL			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4.26	500	Mylan Atenolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		500	Mylan Atenolol
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	21.25	300 ml	Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	3.53	90	Bosvate
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		90	Bosvate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		90	Bosvate
CARVEDILOL			
Tab 6.25 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2 24	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
CELIPROLOL		00	our roundr ouridoz
	21.40	180	Celol
Tab 200 mg	21.40	100	Celoi
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
LABETALOL			
Tab 50 mg	8.99	100	Hybloc
Tab 100 mg	11.36	100	Hybloc
Tab 200 mg	29.74	100	Hybloc
Tab 400 mg			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	Γ) Per	Generic Manufacturer
METORDOL OL CUCCINATE	Ψ	101	Manufacturor
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE	4.00	00	Datala a OD
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	3.00	30	Betaloc CR
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	5.66	100	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	7.55	60	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg	23.40	28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-19 to 31 Jan 2022	24.00	5	Lopresor
, ,	29.50		Metroprolol IV Mylan
Lopresor Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 February 2019	9)		, ,
NADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	16.69	100	Apo-Nadolol
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	26.43	100	Apo-Nadolol
PINDOLOL			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	13.22	100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Pindolol
PROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	161	100	Apo-Propranolol
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg		100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml		100	Calullol LA
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
, ,			
SOTALOL			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		500	Mylan
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	12.48	100	Mylan
TIMOLOL MALEATE			
Tab 10 mg			

Calcium Channel Blockers

Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers

AMLODIPINE		
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	100	Apo-Amlodipine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	250	Apo-Amlodipine
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	250	Apo-Amlodipine
FELODIPINE		
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	90	Felo 5 ER
1.55	30	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	90	Felo 10 ER
2.30	30	Plendil ER
(Plendil FR Tah long-acting 5 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018)		

(Plendil ER Tab long-acting 5 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018) (Plendil ER Tab long-acting 10 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018)

ISRADIPINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 2.5 mg

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted see terms below Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Restricted (RS1474)			
Initiation Anaesthetist, intensivist or paediatric cardiologist Both:			
1 Patient is a Paediatric Patient; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with 2.2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or 2.3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using a	· ·		
NIFEDIPINE S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	. , , , ,		
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	9.59 3.14	60 100 30 30	Adalat 10 Nyefax Retard Adalat Oros Adalat Oros
NIMODIPINE Tab 30 mg Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 30 mg		100	Dilzem
Tab 60 mg Cap long-acting 120 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100 500	Dilzem Apo-Diltiazem CD
Cap long-acting 180 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
PERHEXILINE MALEATE Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	62.90	100	Pexsig
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 40 mg		100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg Tab long-acting 120 mg		100 250	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg.		250	Verpamil SR Verpamil SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Isoptin
Centrally-Acting Agents			
CLONIDINE			
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.34	4	Mylan

Clonidine BNM

Methyldopa Mylan

Catapres

Medsurge

112

100

10

100

Tab 25 mcg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021......8.75

METHYLDOPA

CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Brand or

Price

	(ex man.	excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Diuretics				
Loop Diuretics				
BUMETANIDE Tab 1 mg Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]		.16.36	100	Burinex
Tab 40 mg		.25.00	1,000 50	Diurin 40 Urex Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019 Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule		1.20	5	Frusemide-Claris
Osmotic Diuretics				
MANNITOL Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021 Inj 20%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021			12 18	Baxter Baxter
Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg				
Potassium Sparing Diuretics				
AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg Oral liq 1 mg per ml			100 25 ml	Apo-Amiloride Biomed
EPLERENONE — Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 25 mg — 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 ↓ Tab 50 mg — 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021 → Restricted (RS1640) Initiation			30 30	Inspra Inspra
Both: 1 Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%; an 2 Either: 2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactone; 2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant adverse e	or	e on optimal	dosing of	spironolactone.
SPIRONOLACTONE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019 Oral liq 5 mg per ml		4.38	100 100 25 ml	Spiractin Spiractin Biomed

	Price (ex man. excl. (GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Thiazide and Related Diuretics			
BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE]			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	12.50	500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	20.42	500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	26.00	25 ml	Biomed
			2.004
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE]	0.00	50	Ukawatan
Tab 25 mg	8.00	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	2.60	90	Dapa-Tabs
METOLAZONE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 5 mg → Restricted (RS1595)			

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory heart failure and is intolerant or has not responded to loop diuretics and/or loop-thiazide combination
- 2 Patient has severe refractory nephrotic oedema unresponsive to high dose loop diuretics and concentrated albumin infusions; or
- 3 Paediatric patient has oedema secondary to nephrotic syndrome that has not responded to loop diuretics.

Lipid-Modifying Agents

Fibrates BF7AFIBRATE

Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	90 30	Bezalip Bezalip Retard
GEMFIBROZIL	30	bezalip netaru
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019 19.56	60	Lipazil
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)		
ATORVASTATIN		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	500	Lorstat
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	500	Lorstat
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	500	Lorstat
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202127.19	500	Lorstat
PRAVASTATIN		
Tab 10 mg		
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	100	Apo-Pravastatin
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 20208.06	100	Apo-Pravastatin
SIMVASTATIN		•
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	90	Simvastatin Mylan
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	90	Simvastatin Mylan

Simvastatin Mylan

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Resins

CHOLESTYRAMINE

Powder for oral lig 4 g

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral lig 5 g

Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors

EZETIMIBE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1005)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and creatine kinase more than 10 x normal) when treated with one statin; or
 - 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or
 - 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atoryastatin.

EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg5.15	30	Zimybe
t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg6.15	30	Zimybe
t	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg7.15	30	Zimybe
	Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg8.15	30	Zimybe

→ Restricted (RS1006)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

ACIPIMOX

Cap 250 mg

NICOTINIC ACID

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	4.12	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	17.89	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	\$	rei	Manufacturer
Nitrates			
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE			
Tab 600 mcg	8.00	100	Lycinate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose		250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Oral spray, 400 mcg per dose	4.45	200 dose	Glytrin
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day	15.73	30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day	18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	18.80	100	Ismo-20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.29	90	Duride
Other Cardiac Agents			
LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below			_

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1007)

Initiation - Heart transplant

Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

Initiation - Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

Sympathomimetics			
ADRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule4.98	5	Aspen Adrenaline	
5.25		Hospira	
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial			
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule49.00	10	Aspen Adrenaline	
27.00	5	Hospira	
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe			
DOBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule24.45	5	Dobutamine-Claris	
61.13		Dobutamine-hameln	
(Dobutamine-hameln Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 January 2019)			
DOPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202129.73	10	Max Health Ltd	
EPHEDRINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202036.04	10	Max Health	

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ISOPRENALINE [ISOPROTERENOL]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
METARAMINOL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
NORADRENALINE			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2019	125.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	115.50	25	Neosynephrine HCL
Vasodilators			
ALPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	1,765.50	5	Prostin VR
AMYL NITRITE			
Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule			
DIAZOXIDE			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
↓ Tab 25 mg → Restricted (RS1008)			
Initiation			
Either:			
1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or			
2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate,	in patients who are ir	itolerant o	or have not responded to
ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers.		_	
Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE	00.00	40	Datasasas
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	99.00	10	Primacor
MINOXIDIL Tob 10 mg	70.00	100	Louiton
Tab 10 mg	70.00	100	Loniten
NICORANDIL Tab 10 mg	27.05	60	Ikorel
Tab 20 mg		60	Ikorel
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	217.90	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE]			
Tab 400 mg			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE

Inj 50 mg vial

Endothelin Receptor Antagonists

AMBRISENTAN - Restricted see terms below

ţ	Tab 5 mg	4,585.00	30	Volibris
1	Tab 10 mg	4.585.00	30	Volibris

→ Restricted (RS1621)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for ambrisentan by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 In-hospital stabilisations in emergency situations.

BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 62.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
	401.79		Bosentan-Mylan
t	Tab 125 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
	401.79		Bosentan-Mylan

(Bosentan-Mylan Tab 62.5 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018) (Bosentan-Mylan Tab 125 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018)

→ Restricted (RS1622)

Initiation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
 - 1.2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
 - 1.3 PAH is at NYHA/WHO functional class II, III, or IV; and
 - 1.4 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.1 Both:
 - 1.4.1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 1.4.1.2 Fither:
 - 1.4.1.2.1 Patient is intolerant or contraindicated to sildenafil: or
 - 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease; or
 - 1 4 2 Roth
 - 1.4.2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 1.4.2.2 Fither:
 - 1.4.2.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and failed to respond; or
 - 1.4.2.2.2 Patient deteriorated while on a PAH monotherapy; or
 - 1.4.3 Both:
 - 1.4.3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 1.4.3.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.4.3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 1.4.3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
 - 1.4.3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised; or

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

1.4.3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy; or

2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Continuation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
 - 1.2 Patient is stable or has improved while on bosentan; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and either failed to respond or later deteriorated; or
- 3 Both
 - 3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
 - 3.2 Any of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
 - 3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV: or
 - 3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised: or
 - 3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy.

Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors

SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below

ţ	Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4	Vedafil
1	Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4	Vedafil
į	Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	12	Vedafil

Ini 0.8 mg per ml. 12.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1643)

Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon*

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)*; and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 PAH is in Group 1 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; or
 - 1.2.2 PAH is in Group 4 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; or

			
	Price	В	rand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	G	eneric
	\$	Per M	anufacturer

continued...

- 1.2.3 PAH is in Group 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
- 1.3 Any of the following:
 - 1.3.1 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class II: or
 - 1.3.2 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class III: or
 - 1.3.3 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
- 1.4 Either:
 - 1.4.1 All of the following:
 - 1.4.1.1 Patient has a pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
 - 1.4.1.2 Either:
 - 1.4.1.2.1 Patient has a mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) > 25 mmHg; or
 - 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is peri Fontan repair; and
 - 1.4.1.3 Patient has a pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 3 Wood Units or at least 240 International Units (dyn s cm-5); or
 - 1.4.2 Testing for PCWP, PAPm, or PVR cannot be performed due to the patient's young age; or
- 2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 3 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide.

Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery: or
 - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
 - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

Prostacyclin Analogues

EPOPROSTENOL	 Restricted 	see	terms	below
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t	Inj 500 mcg vial	1	Veletri
t	Inj 1.5 mg vial73.21	1	Veletri

→ Restricted (RS1624)

Initiation

Fither:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for epoprostenol by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel;
- 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

II OPROST

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	.380.00	5	llomedin
Į	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml1	,185.00	30	Ventavis

→ Restricted (RS1625)

Initiation

Any of the following:

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

					=
	Price)		Brand or	
(ex	man. exc	d. GST)		Generic	
1	\$,	Per	Manufacturer	

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for iloprost by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

	Price excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1%		15 g 100 ml	Crystaderm Pharmacy Health
For the treatment of burns patients. MUPIROCIN Oint 2%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 2% Oint 2% SULFADIAZINE SILVER Crm 1% – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	 3.45	15 g 15 g 50 g	DP Fusidic Acid Cream Foban Flamazine
Antifungals	 . 10.00	00 g	Tidilidzilio
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5 ml	MycoNail
Nail soln 8% − 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only CLOTRIMAZOLE	 5.72	7 1111	Apo-Ciclopirox
Crm 1% − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020 Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only ECONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 1% − Restricted: For continuation only Foaming soln 1%	 0.70	20 g	Clomazol
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 METRONIDAZOLE Gel 0.75%	 2.99	100 ml	Sebizole
MICONAZOLE NITRATE Crm 2% − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020 Lotn 2% − Restricted: For continuation only Tinc 2% NYSTATIN	 0.74	15 g	Multichem
Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% – 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019	 4.98	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON] Lotn 0.5% Shampoo 1%			
PERMETHRIN Crm 5% - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020 Lotn 5% - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		30 g 30 ml	Lyderm A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE Crm 0.1% Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN Cap 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	 .13.34	60 120 120	Oratane Oratane Oratane
TRETINOIN Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	 .13.90	50 g	ReTrieve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE Crm, aqueous, BP - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	 1.49 1.26	100 g	Pharmacy Health healthE Calamine Aqueous Cream
Lotn, BP(Pharmacy Health Crm, aqueous, BP to be delisted 1 November 2018)	.12.94	2,000 ml	BP PSM
CROTAMITON Crm 10% – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	 3.29	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE Crm 5% tube - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	 1.59	100 g	healthE Dimethicone
Crm 5% pump bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	 4.59	500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone
Crm 10% pump bottle - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	 4.52	500 ml	5% healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint Paste			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)

_		Price excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL				
Crm			20 g	Orion
Oint – 1% DV Jul-18 to 2020		4.25	500 g	Boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater that 30 g. Oint, BP – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020 Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less.		1.26	20 g	healthE
ZINC WITH WOOL FAT Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%				e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients				
AQUEOUS CREAM				
Crm 100 g - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		1.05	100 g	Pharmacy Health
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.				SLS-free
Crm 500 g - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		1.99	500 g	AFT SLS-free
0 000 g 1/0 = 0 = 00 10 10 = 0 = 0		1.92	ooo g	Boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g. (AFT SLS-free Crm 500 g to be delisted 1 December 2018) CETOMACROGOL				
Crm BP, 500 g - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		2.48	500 g	healthE
Crm BP, 100 g - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			1	healthE
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL				
Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,			100 g	healthE
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019		2.82	500 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
		3.87	1,000 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with Glycerin
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT		4.04	400	
Oint BP - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.		1.84	100 g	Jaychem
Oint BP, 500 g = 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		3.59	500 g	AFT
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.		0.00	ooo g	
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN				
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 10%	6			e.g. QV cream
OIL IN WATER EMULSION				
Crm			500 g	healthE Fatty Cream
Crm, 100 g - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		1.44	1	healthE Fatty Cream
PARAFFIN		0.40	400	
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%		0.79	100 g 10 g and yellow	healthE healthE or soft paraffin.
Yellow soft				
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT				
Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%				e.g. AlphaKeri;BK ;DP;
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%				Hydroderm Lotn e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA Crm 10% – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		1.37	100 g	healthE Urea Cream

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

WOOL FAT Crm

CIIII			
Corticosteroids			
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05%			
Oint 0.05%			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Crm 0.1% - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	3.45	50 g	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		50 g	Beta Ointment
Lotn 0.1% - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	18.00	50 ml	Betnovate
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2.20	30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2.20	30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Crm 0.1%			
→ Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE			
Crm 1%, 30 g - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	1.11	30 g	DermAssist
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to 100	g.	ŭ	
Crm 1%, 500 g - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	16.25	500 g	Pharmacy Health
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.			
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Crm 1%	2.48	14.2 g	AFT
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% - 1% DV Sep-17			
to 2020	10.57	250 ml	DP Lotn HC
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.1%		30 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1%	6.85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Milky emul 0.1%		100 g 100 ml	Locoid Locoid Crelo
•	0.00	100 1111	Locold Ofelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE Crm 0.1%	4.05	15 0	Advantan
Oint 0.1%		15 g 15 g	Advantan
		10 9	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE Crm 0.1% – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	1.51	15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
CIII 0.1% - 1% DV NOV-16 to 2021	2.50	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021		15 g	Elocon
	2.90	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1% - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	6.30	30 ml	Elocon
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Crm 0.02% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.30	100 g	Aristocort
Oint 0.02% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100 g	Aristocort

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIQUINOL - Restricted see terms below ■ Crm 0.1% with clioquiniol 3% → Restricted (RS1125) Initiation Either: 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or 2 For continuation use. BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2% HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE Micreme H 15 g HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN 15 a Pimafucort Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%......2.79 15 g Pimafucort TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g **Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations ACITRETIN** Novatretin Novatretin 60 BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 1% DV Dec-18 to 202152.24 Daivobet 60 q Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021 19.95 30 g Daivobet CALCIPOTRIOL Daivonex 100 a COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4% METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN] Tab 10 mg Lotn 1.2% PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium - 1% DV

Scalp Preparations

Tab 400 mg Crystals

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE Scalp app 0.1% - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE		
Scalp app 0.05%	30 ml	Dermol

Pinetarsol

500 ml

		DER	RMATOLOGICALS	
	Price (ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1%	3.65	100 ml	Locoid	
Wart Preparations				
IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet – 1% DV Aug-18 to 2020 PODOPHYLLOTOXIN	21.72	24	Perrigo	
Soln 0.5%	33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline	
SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator				
Other Skin Preparations				
DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2%				
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY Crm				
Lotn	3.30	100 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+	
	5.10	200 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+	
Antineoplastics				
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM Crm 5% – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		20 g	Efudix	

METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1127)

Dermatologist or plastic surgeon

Wound Management Products

CALCIUM GLUCONATE

Gel 2.5%

e.g. Orion

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per \$

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anti-Infective Agents

ACETIC ACID

Soln 3%

Soln 5%

ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID

Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyguinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and

ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator

CHI ORHEXIDINE GI LICONATE

I LOTTI EXIDINE GEOCONATE		
Crm 1%1.21	50 g	healthE
Lotn 1%, 200 ml2.98	1	healthE
LOTRIMAZOLE		
Vaginal crm 1% with applicator - 1% DV Nov-16 to 20191.60	35 g	Clomazol
Vaginal crm 2% with applicator - 1% DV Nov-16 to 20192.10	20 g	Clomazol
IICONAZOLE NITRATE		
Vaginal crm 2% with applicator - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	40 g	Micreme
VOT.4TM		

NYSTATIN

CL

MI

Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020....4.45

75 a Nilstat

Contraceptives

Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives

CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL

Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% DV

168 Ginet

Combined Oral Contraceptives

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% DV Microgynon 20 ED 84

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg and 7 inert tablets - 1% DV Levlen ED

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg

Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg......9.45 84 Microgynon 50 ED

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL

Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width IUD 33.6 mm length × 29.9 mm width IUD 35.5 mm length × 19.6 mm width	31.60	0 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	4.9	5 1	Postinor-1
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) − 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 Intra-uterine system, 20 mcg per day − 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019			Jadelle Mirena

⇒ Restricted (RS1364)

Initiation - heavy menstrual bleeding

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding; and
- 2 The patient has failed to respond to or is unable to tolerate other appropriate pharmaceutical therapies as per the Heavy Menstrual Bleeding Guidelines; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Serum ferritin level < 16 mcg/l (within the last 12 months); or
 - 3.2 Haemoglobin level < 120 g/l; or
 - 3.3 The patient has had a uterine ultrasound and either a hysteroscopy or endometrial biopsy.

Continuation - heavy menstrual bleeding

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

Either:

- 1 Patient demonstrated clinical improvement of heavy menstrual bleeding; or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

Initiation - endometriosis

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

The patient has a clinical diagnosis of endometriosis confirmed by laparoscopy.

Continuation - endometriosis

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

Either:

- 1 Patient demonstrated satisfactory management of endometriosis; or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

Note: endometriosis is an unregistered indication.

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197	7.25	1	Depo-Provera
NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	3.25	84	Noriday 28

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

DBL Ergometrine

Obstetric Preparations

Antiprogestogens

MIFEPRISTONE

Tab 200 mg

Oxytocics

CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DINOPROSTONE

Pessaries 10 mg

 Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g
 52.65
 1
 Prostin E2

 Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g
 64.60
 1
 Prostin E2

ERGOMETRINE MALEATE

Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – **1% DV Nov-17 to 2020**.......105.00 5

OXYTOCIN

OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE

Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1%

Tocolytics

PROGESTERONE - Restricted see terms below

 ↓ Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019
 30
 Utrogestan

→ Restricted (RS1533)

Initiation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Continuation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour*; and
- 2 Treatment is required for second or subsequent pregnancy; and
- 3 Either
 - 3.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
 - 3.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 500 mcg ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1130)

Obstetrician

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Oestrogens			
OESTRIOL Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 Pessaries 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		15 g 15	Ovestin Ovestin
Urologicals			
5-Alpha Reductase Inhibitors			
FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below \$\ Tab 5 mg - 1\% DV Dec-17 to 2020 Restricted (RS1131) Initiation Both:	4.81	100	Ricit
Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and Either: 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers of 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective.		dicated; or	
Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers			
TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted see terms below Cap 400 mcg − 1% DV Sep-18 to 2019 Restricted (RS1132) Initiation Both: Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these		100	Tamsulosin-Rex
Urinary Alkalisers			
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 → Restricted (RS1133) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has recurrent calcium oxalate urolithiasis; and	31.80	200 ml	Biomed
2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years	prior to the applicat	ion.	
SODIUM CITRO-TARTRATE Grans eff 4 g sachets – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.34	28	Ural
Urinary Antispasmodics			
OXYBUTYNIN Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		500 473 ml	Apo-Oxybutynin Apo-Oxybutynin

GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OLIFENACIN SUCCINATE - Some items restricted see terms	below		
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	3.00	30	Solifenacin Mylan
Tablet 5 mg		30	Vesicare
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		30	Solifenacin Mylan
Tablet 10 mg		30	Vesicare
/esicare Tablet 5 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018)			
/esicare Tablet 10 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018)			
• Restricted (RS1274)			
nitiation			
atient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or	is non-responsive to, o	oxybutynin	
OLTERODINE TARTRATE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 1 mg	14.56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine
Tab 2 mg	14.56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine
Restricted (RS1273)			
nitiation			

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anabolic Agents

OXANDROLONE

→ Restricted (RS1302)

Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

Androgen Agonists and Antagonists

CYPROTERONE ACETATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	15.87	50	Procur
	13.17		Siterone
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	30.40	50	Procur
	26.75		Siterone
(Procur Tab 50 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018)			
(Procur Tab 100 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018)			
TESTOSTERONE			
Patch 5 mg per day	80.00	30	Androderm
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	76.50	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg,			
testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate			
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE			
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021		60	Andriol Testocaps
Inj 250 mg per ml, 4 ml vial	86.00	1	Reandron 1000

Calcium Homeostasis

CALCITONIN		
Inj 100 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule121.00	5	Miacalcic
CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below		
■ Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 210.30	28	Sensipar
→ Restricted (RS1540)		•

Initiation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
 - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
 - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
- 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate.

Continuation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L: and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

ZOLEDRONIC ACID

→ Restricted (RS1602)

Initiation - bone metastases

Oncologist, haematologist or palliative care specialist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement: and
 - 2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and
 - 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cord compression, radiation to bone or surgery to bone).

Initiation - early breast cancer

Oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal state; and

0.00

3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum of 2 years.

Corticosteroids

BETAMETHASONE

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

40/ DV 0-4 40 4- 0004

DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 20211.90	30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml45.00	25 ml	Biomed
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE		
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 201914.19	10	Max Health
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	10	Max Health

	Price		Brand or
(6	ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg	14.32	100	Florinef
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	8.10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	5.30	1	Solu-Cortef
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	112.00	100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 125 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	22.78	1	Solu-Medrol Act-O-Vial
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	27.83	1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	44.40	5	Depo-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]		ŭ	zopo momo.
Inj 40 mg with lidocaine [lignocaine], 1 ml vial		1	Depo-Medrol with
inj 40 mg with ildocalite [lightocalite], 1 mi viai	9.20	1	Lidocaine
PREDNISOLONE			Liuocaine
Oral lig 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml		00 1111	riculpicu
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	10.60	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
<u> </u>	20.00	300	Apo-i icumsone
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE	00.00	_	Vanasant A 10
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	51.10	5	Kenacort-A 40
TRIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			

Hormone Replacement Therapy

Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL
Tab 1 mg

Tab 2 mg

Patch 25 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197.04	8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day - 1% DV Mar-17 to 20197.91	8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197.91	8	Estradot
OESTRADIOL VALERATE		
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	84	Progynova

OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)

Tab 300 mcg

Tab 625 mcg

Progynova

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations

OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol (12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

Progestogens

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE

 Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019.
 3.75
 30
 Provera

 Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019.
 14.00
 100
 Provera

 Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019.
 7.15
 30
 Provera

Other Endocrine Agents

 ${\sf CABERGOLINE} \ - \textbf{Restricted} \ {\sf see} \ {\sf terms} \ {\sf below}$

 ■ Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021
 3.75
 2
 Dostinex

 15.20
 8
 Dostinex

→ Restricted (RS1319)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Inhibition of lactation; or
- 2 Patient has pathological hyperprolactinemia; or
- 3 Patient has acromegaly.

CLOMIFENE CITRATE

DANAZOL

 Cap 100 mg
 68.33
 100
 Azol

 Cap 200 mg
 97.83
 100
 Azol

GESTRINONE

Cap 2.5 mg

METYRAPONE

Cap 250 mg

PENTAGASTRIN

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Other Oestrogen Preparations

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL

OESTRADIOL

Implant 50 mg

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

OESTRIOL Tab 2 mg

Other Progestogen Preparations

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019.......101.00

Provera HD

7-1-4--

NORETHISTERONE

Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues

CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE)

Inj 100 mcg vial

THYROTROPIN ALFA

Inj 900 mcg vial

Adrenocorticotropic Hormones

TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN]

 Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
 75.00
 1
 Synacthen

 Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
 690.00
 1
 Synacthen Depot

GnRH Agonists and Antagonists

BUSERELIN

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial

GONADORELIN

Inj 100 mcg vial

GOSERELIN

Implant 3.6 mg, syringe – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		ı	Zoladex
Implant 10.8 mg, syringe - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	177.50	1	Zoladex
LEUPRORELIN ACETATE			
Inj 3.75 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	221.60	1	Lucrin Depot 1-month
Ini 11 25 mg prefilled dual chamber syringe	591 68	1	Lucrin Denot 3-month

Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA

Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

Growth Hormone

SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below

OOMATTOT IN TIESTICIEU SEE ICITIS DELOW		
Inj 5 mg cartridge − 1% DV Oct-18 to 202134.88	1	Omnitrope
■ Inj 10 mg cartridge - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1	Omnitrope
Inj 15 mg cartridge − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021104.63	1	Omnitrope

→ Restricted (RS1549)

Initiation – growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
 - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
 - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
 - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
 - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or	_
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

Initiation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
 - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m²/day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.</p>

Continuation – short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 Both:
 - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
 - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
 - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

Continuation – adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
 - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
 - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
 - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
 - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
 - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
 - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients.

Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations

CARRIMAZOI F

Tab 5 mg

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mca

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

→ Restricted (RS1301)

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Inj 20 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms on the next page

Pric	e		Brand or
(ex man. ex	kcl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1276)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

PROTIRFI IN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Vasopressin Agents

ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE - Some items restricted see terms below

1	Tab 100 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	25.00	30	Minirin
1	Tab 200 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	54.45	30	Minirin
	Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose = 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	23 95	6 ml	Desmonressin-PH&T

Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml

→ Restricted (RS1339)

Initiation - Nocturnal enuresis

Either:

- 1 The nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated; or
- 2 An enuresis alarm is contraindicated.

Note: Cranial diabetes insipidus and the nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated.

TERLIPRESSIN

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule	450.00	5	Glypressin
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule	215.00	5	Glypressin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antibacterials			
Aminoglycosides			
AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe	176 00	10	Biomed
Inj 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021 Restricted (RS1041)		5	DBL Amikacin
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	cialist		
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule (APP Pharmaceuticals Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule to be delisted	175.10 6.00	5 25 10	DBL Gentamicin APP Pharmaceuticals Pfizer
PAROMOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Cap 250 mg Restricted (RS1603) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterology CTREATOMYCIN SUI BUATE - Restricted see terms below		16	Humatin
STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE − Restricted see terms below Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Restricted (RS1043) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spectors TOBRAMYCIN	cialist		
Fowder → Restricted (RS1475) Initiation			
For addition to orthopaedic bone cement. Inj 40 mg per ml, 2 ml vial − 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory spec		5	Tobramycin Mylan
 Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist 	cialist		
■ Solution for inhalation 60 mg per ml, 5 ml Restricted (RS1435) Initiation Retiret has protion fibration	2,200.00	56 dose	TOBI
Patient has cystic fibrosis.			
Carbapenems			
ERTAPENEM − Restricted see terms below Inj 1 g vial → Restricted (RS1045) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist		1	Invanz
IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN – Restricted see terms on the next p Inj 500 mg with 500 mg cilastatin vial		1	Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
	(ex man. exci.)	Per	Manufacturer	
⇒ Restricted (RS1046)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
MEROPENEM - Restricted see terms below				
■ Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2020	4.00	1	Meropenem Ranbaxy	
■ Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2020			Meropenem Ranbaxy	
→ Restricted (RS1047)				
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation	1			
	-			
CEFALEXIN Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	3 50	20	Cephalexin ABM	
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			Cephalexin ABM	
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021			Cefalexin Sandoz	
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml = 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021			Cefalexin Sandoz	
CEFAZOLIN	11.70	100 1111	J. SIONIII GUIIGOE	
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3 30	5	AFT	
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			AFT	
, ,				
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generatio	n			
CEFACLOR				
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019			Ranbaxy-Cefaclor	
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	3.53	100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor	
CEFOXITIN				
Inj 1 g vial	58.00	10	Cefoxitin Actavis	
CEFUROXIME				
Tab 250 mg	29.40	50	Zinnat	
Inj 750 mg vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020			Cefuroxime Actavis	
Inj 1.5 g vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	14.36	10	Cefuroxime Actavis	
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation	1			
CEFOTAXIME				
Inj 500 mg vial	1.90	1	Cefotaxime Sandoz	
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			DBL Cefotaxime	
CEFTAZIDIME - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 1 g vial	23.00	5	Ceftazidime Mylan	
→ Restricted (RS1048)			•	
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist	cialist			
CEFTRIAXONE				
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019			DEVA	
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		1	DEVA	
Inj 2 g vial	2.75	1	Ceftriaxone-AFT	
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Generation	1			
CEFEPIME – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	3.75	1	Cefepime-AFT	
Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			Cefepime-AFT	
⇒ Restricted (RS1049)		•	-p	
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist				
-				

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$ ´	Per	Manufacturer
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Generation	n		
CEFTAROLINE FOSAMIL – Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 600 mg vial → Restricted (RS1446)	1,450.00	10	Zinforo
Initiation – multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

Either:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

Macrolides

AZI	THROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	.8.19	30	Apo-Azithromycin
t	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	.0.93	2	Apo-Azithromycin
t	Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml) - 1% DV Dec-18			
	to 2021	14.38	15 ml	Zithromax
→ [Restricted (RS1598)			

Initiation – bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms*: or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
 - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.98	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
1	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.40	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
t	Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml	23.12	50 ml	Klacid
	Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-17 to 31 Aug 2020		1	Martindale
-	Restricted (RS1476)			

Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Fither:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents.

Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

Tab 400 mg16.95	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin
EDVILIDOM/CINI (AC LACTORIONIATE)		

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)

TTTTTTTOWTON (AS EACTODIONATE)			
Inj 1 g vial	16.00	1	Erythrocin IV

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Tab 250 mg
- → Tab 500 mg

BOXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms below

t	Tab dispersible 50 mg	7.19	10	Rulide D
	Tab 150 mg	7.48	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
	Tab 300 mg1	4.40	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin

⇒ Restricted (RS1569)

Initiation

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	Γ) Per	Generic Manufacturer
Penicillins			
AMOXICILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	14.97	500	Apo-Amoxi
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	16.75	500	Apo-Amoxi
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100 ml	Alphamox 125
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100 ml	Alphamox 250
Inj 250 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	lbiamox
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.41	10	Ibiamox
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Ibiamox
AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg with clavulanic acid 125 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	1 99	20	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 25 mg with clavulanic acid 6.25 mg per ml		100 ml	Augmentin
Grans for oral liq 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml -1%		100 1111	Augmentin
		100 ml	Curam
Aug-17 to 2019		100 ml	
Inj 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial		10	m-Amoxiclav m-Amoxiclav
Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial	12.80	10	III-AIIIOXICIAV
BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN			
Inj 900 mg (1.2 million units) in 2.3 ml syringe - 1% DV Dec-18 to	2021 344.93	10	Bicillin LA
BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G]			
Inj 600 mg (1 million units) vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.35	10	Sandoz
FLUCLOXACILLIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	16.83	250	Staphlex
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		500	Staphlex
Grans for oral lig 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100 ml	AFT
Inj 250 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100 1111	Flucloxin
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Flucioxin
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Flucil
		3	FIUCII
PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V]			A 1 1.00
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	2.59	50	Cilicaine VK
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		50	Cilicaine VK
Grans for oral liq 125 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100 ml	AFT
Grans for oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1.58	100 ml	AFT
PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 4 g with tazobactam 0.5 g vial	38.00	10	PipTaz Sandoz
B 111 1(D01050)	15.50	1	Tazocin EF
⇒ Restricted (RS1053)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory speci	alist		
PROCAINE PENICILLIN			
Inj 1.5 g in 3.4 ml syringe - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	123.50	5	Cilicaine
TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID - Restricted see terms belo	w		
Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial			
, - U			

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

[→] Restricted (RS1054)

	(ex man	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Quinolones					
CIPROFLOXACIN — Restricted see terms below ↓ Tab 250 mg — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1.99 3.15) 5	28 28 28 10	Cipflox Cipflox Cipflox Cipflox
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist MOXIFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below 1 Tab 400 mg				5 1	Avelox Avelox IV 400

→ Restricted (RS1644)

Initiation - Mycobacterium infection

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Active tuberculosis: and
 - 1.2 Any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications; or
 - 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or
 - 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
 - 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or
 - 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications; or
- 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated; or
- 3 Patient is under five years of age and has had close contact with a confirmed multi-drug resistant tuberculosis case.

Initiation - Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

Either:

- 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or
- 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

Initiation - Penetrating eye injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

Initiation - Mycoplasma genitalium

All of the following:

- 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium and is symptomatic; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; or
 - 2.2 Has laboratory confirmed azithromycin resistance; and
- 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.

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					IIII EOTIOIIO
	F (ex man.	Price excl \$. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Tetracyclines					
DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 150 mg Cap 150 mg Cap 300 mg DOXYCYCLINE					
Tab 50 mg - Restricted: For continuation only Tab 100 mg		6.7	75	250	Doxine
Tab 50 mg → Cap 100 mg - Restricted: For continuation only					
TETRACYCLINE Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg		. 46.0	00	30	Tetracyclin Wolff
TIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below ↓ Inj 50 mg vial → Restricted (RS1059) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist					
Other Antibacterials					
AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below I Inj 1 g vial	1	182.4	16	5	Azactam
CLINDAMYCIN – Restricted see terms below Cap 150 mg – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		4.1	10	16	Clindamycin ABM
□ Oral liq 15 mg per ml □ Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule − 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 → Restricted (RS1061) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist		. 65.0	00	10	Dalacin C
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted see ↓ Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial → Restricted (RS1062) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia				1	Colistin-Link
DAPTOMYCIN − Restricted see terms below Inj 350 mg vial Inj 500 mg vial Restricted (RS1063) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist FOSFOMYCIN − Restricted see terms on the next page Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet				1	Cubicin Cubicin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1315)	·		
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
HEXAMINE HIPPURATE			
Tab 1 g			
LINCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Restricted (RS1065)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
LINEZOLID – Restricted see terms below			
	553 77	10	Zyvox
■ Oral lig 20 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021		150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bag		10	Zyvox
→ Restricted (RS1066)			•
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
NITROFURANTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
PIVMECILLINAM - Restricted see terms below			
→ Restricted (RS1322)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	34.50	12	Fucidin
→ Restricted (RS1064)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
SULPHADIAZINE – Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 500 mg			
Restricted (RS1067)	madiaina anaaialiat		
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal r	nedicine specialist		
TEICOPLANIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 400 mg vial			
→ Restricted (RS1068) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
·			
TRIMETHOPRIM Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	16 50	50	TMP
TRIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOL		00	11111
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg	.⊏j		
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct	-17		
	-17 2.97	100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		100 1111	Бергин
VANCOMYCIN – Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2 37	1	Mylan
⇒ Restricted (RS1069)	2.07	į	mylali
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
,			

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

Antifungals

Imidazoles

KETOCONAZOLE

- → Restricted (RS1410)

Oncologist

Polyene Antimycotics

AMPHOTERICIN B

⇒ Restricted (RS1071)

Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.
- Inj 50 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1316)

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist

NYSTATIN

Tab 500,000 u17.09	50	Nilstat
Cap 500,000 u	50	Nilstat

Triazoles

FLUCONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 50 mg − 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	2.09	28	Mylan
	0.33	1	Mylan
	5.08	28	Mylan
■ Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml	98.50	35 ml	Diflucan
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial − 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		1	Fluconazole-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial − 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	6.47	1	Fluconazole-Claris
→ Restricted (RS1072)			
Consultant			
ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below			
	2.79	15	Itrazole
■ Oral liquid 10 mg per ml			
➡ Restricted (RS1073)			
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious dis	sease specialist		
POSACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
■ Tab modified-release 100 mg	869.86	24	Noxafil
■ Oral liq 40 mg per ml		105 ml	Noxafil



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1074)

Initiation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or
 - 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

ontinuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
 - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	56	Vttack
	Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	56	Vttack
	Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-18 to 20211,437.00	70 ml	Vfend
1	Inj 200 mg vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2019	1	Generic Partners

→ Restricted (RS1075)

Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
 - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

Other Antifungals

CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 50 mg vial	667.50	1	Cancidas
1	Ini 70 mg vial	862.50	1	Cancidas

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1076)

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Either:

- 1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed under an established protocol; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and
 - 2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or a clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 mg
- → Restricted (RS1279)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

TERBINAFINE

14 Deolate

Antimycobacterials

Antileprotics

CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- → Restricted (RS1077)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg	268.50	100	Dapsone
1	Tab 100 mg	329.50	100	Dapsone

→ Restricted (RS1078)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

Antituberculotics

CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 250 mg
- → Restricted (RS1079)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mg48.01	56	Myambutol
	Tab 400 mg49.34		Myambutol
_	Postricted (PC1000)		

→ Restricted (RS1080)

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

ISONIAZID - Restricted see terms below

PSM 100

→ Restricted (RS1281)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below

1001111 1212 11111111111111111111111111		
■ Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 85.54	100	Rifinah
■ Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 170.60	100	Rifinah
⇒ Restricted (RS1282)		

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physician or internal medicine physician

	Price (ex man. excl. GS		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below			
Grans for oral liq 4 g	280.00	30	Paser
→ Restricted (RS1083)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	llist		
PROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg	305.00	100	Peteha
→ Restricted (RS1084)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1085)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	list		
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	275.00	30	Mycobutin
→ Restricted (RS1086)			,
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist o	r respiratory spec	ialist	
RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below	. , .		
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	55.75	100	Rifadin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Rifadin
Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	Rifadin
→ Restricted (RS1087)			
linical microbiologiat dermetalogiat internal modicina physician poodi	atriaian ar nublia b	a alth abus	aian

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paediatrician or public health physician

Antiparasitics

Anthelmintics

ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1088)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1283)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

MEBENDAZOLE

Tab 100 mg24.19 24 De-Worm

Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml

PRAZIQUANTEL

Tab 600 mg

Antiprotozoals

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg
- → Restricted (RS1090)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

			20110110
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	Per	Generic Manufacturer
ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms below	Ψ	1 01	Mariaracturer
Inj 60 mg vial			
→ Restricted (RS1091)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted	see terms below		
Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg	25.00	12	Malarone Junior
Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg	64.00	12	Malarone
→ Restricted (RS1092)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1093)	a umatalagiat		
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or ri	ieumaiologisi		
MEFLOQUINE - Restricted see terms below	22.40	0	Loriom
■ Tab 250 mg(Lariam Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019)	33.46	8	Lariam
⇒ Restricted (RS1094)			
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rh	neumatologist		
METRONIDAZOLE	3.		
Tab 200 mg	10.45	100	Trichozole
Tab 400 mg		100	Trichozole
Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml	25.00	100 ml	Flagyl-S
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		100 ml	AFT
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		10	Baxter
Suppos 500 mg	24.48	10	Flagyl
NITAZOXANIDE – Restricted see terms below	4 000 00		A1' '
	1,680.00	30	Alinia
■ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml ➡ Restricted (RS1095)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ORNIDAZOLE			
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	23.00	10	Arrow-Ornidazole
PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 300 mg vial	180.00	5	Pentacarinat
→ Restricted (RS1096)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PRIMAQUINE PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below			
→ Restricted (RS1097)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PYRIMETHAMINE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 25 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1098) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal i	modicino enocialist		
	neulcine specialist		
QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
→ Restricted (RS1099)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

	-	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
QUININE SULPHATE Tab 300 mg		.61.91	500	Q 300

SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

Antiretrovirals

Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1571)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation – Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

EFAVIRENZ – **Restricted** see terms above

1 Tab 50 mg	63.38	30	Stocrin
1 Tab 200 mg		90	Stocrin
1 Tab 600 mg		30	Stocrin
1 Oral liq 30 mg per ml			
ETRAVIRINE - Restricted see terms above			
t Tab 200 mg	770.00	60	Intelence
NEVIRAPINE - Restricted see terms above			
t Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	60.00	60	Nevirapine Alphapharm
Oral suspension 10 mg per ml	203.55	240 ml	Viramune Suspension

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1572)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ABACAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

t	Tab 300 mg	229.00	60	Ziagen
t	Oral liq 20 mg per ml	256.31	240 ml	Ziagen
	ACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the)	
t	Tab 600 mg with lamivudine 300 mg	427.29	30	Kivexa

EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil fumarate	
	Atripla
EMTRICITABINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page	
1 Cap 200 mg	Emtriva

LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Oral lig 10 mg per ml

STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Cap 30 mg

t Cap 40 mg

1 Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml

ZID	OVUDINE [AZT] - Restricted see terms on the previous page
t	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019

•	Cap 100 flig - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019152.25	100	neliovii
t	Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 201930.45	200 ml	Retrovir
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	5	Retrovir IV

150.05

400

Datussia

Protease Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1573)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:



	Price	!		Brand or
(ex m	an. exc	d. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ATAZANAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
1 Cap 150 mg	34 60	Reyataz
1 Cap 200 mg	79 60	Reyataz
DARUNAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	00 60	Prezista
1 Tab 600 mg − 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	00 60	Prezista
INDINAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
1 Cap 200 mg		
t Cap 400 mg		
LOPINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
183.7 Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg	75 60	Kaletra
Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	00 120	Kaletra
1 Oral liq 80 mg with ritonavir 20 mg per ml	00 300 ml	Kaletra
RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page		
1 Tab 100 mg 43.3	30	Norvir

Strand Transfer Inhibitors

→ Restricted (RS1574)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

			INFECTIONS
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DOLUTEGRAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Tab 50 mg	·	30	Tivicay
Tab 400 mg		60	Isentress
Antivirals			
Hepatitis B			
ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL - Restricted see terms below Tab 10 mg Restricted (RS1104) Initiation	670.00	30	Hepsera
Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist All of the following: 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg+); and Documented resistance to lamivudine defined as: 2 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 × ULN); and 3 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or 4 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; and 5 Either:	r viral load greater thar	n or equal f	to 10-fold over nadir; and
 5.1 Both: 5.1.1 Patient is cirrhotic; and 5.1.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used in combination with 5.2 Both: 5.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic; and 	h lamivudine; or		

- 5.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic; and
- 5.2.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used as monotherapy.

ENTECAVIR

400.00	30	Baraclude
52.00		Entecavir Sandoz
4.20	28	Zetlam
270.00	240 ml	Zeffix
38.10	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil Teva
	52.00 4.20 270.00	52.00 4.20 28 270.00 240 ml

Hepatitis C

LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 90 mg with sofosbuvir 400 mg......24,363.46 28 Harvoni

→ Restricted (RS1528)

Initiation

Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCTP). Applications will be considered by HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Access Criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

INFECTIONS Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer PARITAPREVIR, RITONAVIR AND OIMBITASVIR WITH DASABUVIR Note: Only for use in patients who have received supply of treatment via PHARMAC's approved direct distribution supply. Application details for accessing treatment may be obtained from PHARMAC's website http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/. Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56), with Viekira Pak 1 PARITAPREVIR. RITONAVIR AND OMBITASVIR WITH DASABUVIR AND RIBAVIRIN Note: Only for use in patients who have received supply of treatment via PHARMAC's approved direct distribution supply. Application details for accessing treatment may be obtained from PHARMAC's website http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/. Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56) with Viekira Pak-RBV Herpesviridae **ACICLOVIR** 25 Lovir Tab dispersible 400 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019......5.38 56 Lovir 35 Lovir **Aciclovir-Claris** 5 CIDOFOVIR - Restricted see terms below Inj 75 mg per ml, 5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1108) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist, otolaryngologist or oral surgeon FOSCARNET SODIUM - Restricted see terms below Inj 24 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle → Restricted (RS1109) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist GANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below 5 Cymevene → Restricted (RS1110) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist **VALACICLOVIR**

Vaclovir 30 Vaclovir 30

VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below

60 Valcvte

→ Restricted (RS1112)

Initiation - Transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to 3 months treatment

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

Initiation - Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	1	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive.

Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
 - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
 - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1616)

Initiation – Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation – Prevention of maternal transmission.

Fither:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
 - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 All of the following:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
 - 2.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
 - 2.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 2.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - 2.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 2.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 2.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

2.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis; and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis, and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 12 months; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks; and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 All of the following:
 - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
 - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
 - 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
 - 6.1.4 Any of the following:
 - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
 - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
 - 6.2 All of the following:
 - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
 - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
 - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

Influenza

OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1307)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

⇒ Restricted (RS1369)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Immune Modulators

INTERFERON ALFA-2A

Inj 3 m iu prefilled syringe

Ini 6 m iu prefilled syringe

Inj 9 m iu prefilled syringe

INTERFERON ALFA-2B

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1113)

Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALFA-2A - Restricted see terms below

•	Ini 135 mcc	prefilled syring	a (1) with	rihavirin tal	200 ma	(169)
	- 101 135 1000	i breillied Synna	e (4) Willi	i ribavirin tai	200 ma	(IDD)

■ Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)......1,290.00

Combination Pack
Pegasys RBV
Combination Pack
Combination Pack

⇒ Restricted (RS1340)

Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400.000IU/ml.

Continuation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:



Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
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continued...

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
 - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
 - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
 - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
 - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use; and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Notes: Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines. Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Anticholinesterases

EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 10 mg per ml. 15 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1015)

Initiation

For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis.

NEOSTIGMINE	METILSULFATE
1 : 0 =	1 4 1

Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020......98.00 50 AstraZeneca

NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE

Inj 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule -

Max Health
Mestinon

10

100

Antirheumatoid Agents

HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE

Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	7.98	100	Plaquenil
LEFLUNOMIDE			

30 Apo-Leflunomide 30 Apo-Leflunomide

PENICILLAMINE

SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE

Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule

Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule

Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule

Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

Bisphosphonates

ALENDRONATE SODIUM

⇒ Restricted (RS1139)

Initiation - Paget's disease

Both:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
 - 2.2 Bone deformity; or
 - 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
 - 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications due to site (base of skull, spine, long bones of lower limbs); or
 - 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery.

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
t	Tab 70 mg4.82	4	Fosamax

→ Restricted (RS1140)

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note): or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1141)

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

Initiation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score greater than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ETIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Tab 200 mg	13.50	100	Arrow-Etidronate
(Arrow-Etidronate Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019)			
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.98	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	15.02	1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	17.05	1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 35 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	3.80	4	Risedronate Sandoz

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

70I FDRONIC ACID

→ Restricted (RS1488)

Initiation - Inherited bone fragility disorders

Any specialist

Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disorder (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta).

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any specialist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
 - 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 1.4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
 - 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
 - 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
 - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
 - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene; and; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Initiation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease: and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
 - 2.2 Bone deformity; or

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
` \$ Pa		

continued...

- 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
- 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
- 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Continuation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
 - 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
 - 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1641)

Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal; or
 - 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
 - 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
 - 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or

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- 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 3.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or raloxifene; and
- 4 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance is less than 35 mL/min; and
- 5 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes); and
- 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment with any other funded antiresorptive agent for this condition or teriparatide.

Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with denosumab.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.
- 5 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: risedronate sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

RALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1142)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically: or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a prior Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis).

Notes:

1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).

	Price			Brand or
(ex n	nan. exc	I. GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.

- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

Notes:

- 1 The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- 2 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- 3 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

Enzymes

HYALURONIDASE

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

Hyperuricaemia and Antigout

ALLOPURINOL			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	4.54	500	DP-Allopurinol
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	10.35	500	DP-Allopurinol
BENZBROMARONE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
↓ Tab 100 mg	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1489)

Initiation

Any specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose: or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
 - 2.3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 20 ml/min; or
 - 2.4 All of the following:
 - 2.4.1 The patient is taking azathioprine and requires urate-lowering therapy; and
 - 2.4.2 Allopurinol is contraindicated; and
 - 2.4.3 Appropriate doses of probenecid are ineffective or probenecid cannot be used due to reduced renal function; and
- 3 The patient is receiving monthly liver function tests.

Notes: Benzbromarone has been associated with potentially fatal hepatotoxicity. In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose. The New Zealand Rheumatology Association has developed information for prescribers which can be accessed from its website at www.rheumatology.org.nz/home/resources-2/

COLCHICINE

Tab 500 mcg	10.08	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below			
↓ Tab 80 mg	39.50	28	Adenuric
■ Tab 120 mg		28	Adenuric
→ Restricted (RS1490)			

Initiation

Any specialist Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
 - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note).

Note: In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. The efficacy and safety of febuxostat have not been fully evaluated in patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine

Price			Brand or
(ex man. exc	I. GST)	Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

clearance less than 30 ml/minute). No dosage adjustment of febuxostat is necessary in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

PROBENECID

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 1.5 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-18 to 202112.50	5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 20214.20	100	Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		
lnj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule11.55	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule209.29	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN		
Inj 100 u vial467.50	1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial	1	Dysport
lnj 500 u vial	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE	400	5
Cap 25 mg	100 100	Dantrium Dantrium
Cap 50 mg	6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE	U	Dantilaini
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	5	Mivacron
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	5	Mivacron
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE	Ü	Miradion
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	100	Norflex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	50	AstraZeneca
BOCUBONIUM BROMIDE	00	7101142011004
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV May-18 to 2019 25.95	10	DBL Rocuronium
ing 10 ing por init, 0 init vital 170 DV inay 10 to 2010	10	Bromide
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 202078.00	50	AstraZeneca
VECURONIUM BROMIDE		
Inj 10 mg vial		

Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade

SU	IGAMIMADEA – Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	10	Bridion
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	10	Bridion

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1370)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade; or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

, ,			
CELECOXIB			
Note - The DV limit of 1% applies to the celecoxib chemical rather t			
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020		60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	2.30	30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1.23	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible	1.50	20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1.23	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	22.80	500	Apo-Diclo SR
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	25.15	500	Apo-Diclo SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	13.20	5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg	2.04	10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg	2.44	10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg	4.22	10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg	7.00	10	Voltaren
ETORICOXIB - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 30 mg			
■ Tab 60 mg			
■ Tab 90 mg			
■ Tab 120 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1290)			
Initiation			
For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.			
IBUPROFEN			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	11 71	1,000	Relieve
→ Tab 400 mg - Restricted : For continuation only	11./ 1	1,000	Helieve
Tab 600 mg - Restricted: For continuation only			
Tab long-acting 800 mg	7 90	30	Brufen SR
Oral lig 20 mg per ml		200 ml	Fenpaed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	2.00	200 1111	renpaca
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
INDOMETHACIN			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
Cap long-acting 75 mg			

Inj 1 mg vial Suppos 100 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
(ETOPROFEN			
Cap long-acting 200 mg	12.07	28	Oruvail SR
MEFENAMIC ACID - Restricted: For continuation only → Cap 250 mg			
MELOXICAM - Restricted see terms below ■ Tab 7.5 mg			
Any Tab 7.5 mg to be delisted 1 November 2018) → Restricted (RS1291)			
nitiation Either:			
1 All of the following:			
1.1 Haemophilic arthropathy; and			
		0/ -1	and a formal a flower from a flower
1.2 The patient has moderate to severe haemophilia with les clotting factor; and	s than or equal to b	% OI NORII	nai circulating functiona
clotting factor; and	·		ŭ
·	opathy is inadequa	tely contro	Ü
clotting factor; and 1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthr	opathy is inadequa s are contraindicate	tely contro	· ·
clotting factor; and 1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthr treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 d	opathy is inadequa s are contraindicate	tely contro	Ü
clotting factor; and 1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthr treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 d NAPROXEN	opathy is inadequa s are contraindicate lays' use.	tely contro	Ü
clotting factor; and 1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthr treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 d NAPROXEN Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	opathy is inadequa s are contraindicate lays' use.	tely contro ed; or	lled by alternative funde
clotting factor; and 1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthr treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 d IAPROXEN	opathy is inadequa s are contraindicate lays' use. 32.69 22.19	tely contro ed; or 500	lled by alternative funde Noflam 250
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clotting factor; and 1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthrus treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 descriptions NAPROXEN Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021 Tab long-acting 750 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 Tab long-acting 1 g - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	opathy is inadequa s are contraindicate lays' use. 32.69 22.19	tely contro ed; or 500 250 28	lled by alternative fund Noflam 250 Noflam 500 Naprosyn SR 750
clotting factor; and 1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthry treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 descriptions IAPROXEN Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021 Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021 Tab long-acting 750 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 Tab long-acting 1 g - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	opathy is inadequa s are contraindicate lays' use32.6922.196.168.21	tely contro ed; or 500 250 28	lled by alternative fund Noflam 250 Noflam 500 Naprosyn SR 750
clotting factor; and 1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthry treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options. 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 displayments and a second sec	opathy is inadequa s are contraindicate lays' use32.6922.196.168.21	tely contro ed; or 500 250 28 28	Noflam 250 Noflam 500 Noflam 500 Naprosyn SR 750 Naprosyn SR 1000
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clotting factor; and 1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthry treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options. 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 december 250 mg – 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	opathy is inadequa s are contraindicate lays' use32.6922.196.168.21	tely contro ed; or 500 250 28 28	Noflam 250 Noflam 500 Noflam 500 Naprosyn SR 750 Naprosyn SR 1000
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clotting factor; and 1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthrus treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options 2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 descriptions NAPROXEN Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	opathy is inadequa s are contraindicate lays' use32.6922.196.168.21	tely contro ed; or 500 250 28 28	Noflam 250 Noflam 500 Noflam 500 Naprosyn SR 750 Naprosyn SR 1000

Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain

CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below

45 g Zostrix

→ Restricted (RS1309)

Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1351)

Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
 - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
 - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

TETRABENAZINE

Anticholinergics

BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg7.99	60	Benztrop
Ini 1 mg per ml. 2 ml ampoule	5	Cogentin

PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents

AMANTADINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Cap 100 mg	38.24	60	Symmetrel
APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE			

Ini 10 mg per ml 1 ml ampoule

ing to mg per mi, i mi ampeaic			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	119.00	5	Movapo

BROMOCRIPTINE

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 5 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
TNITACA DONIC	Ψ	1 01	Manadada
ENTACAPONE Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	22.00	100	Entanono
	22.00	100	Entapone
EVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg	13./5	100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		100 100	Madopar HBS Madopar 250
EVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	17.97	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to		100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100	Sinemet
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
	7.00	100	Dominov
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	24.39	100	Ramipex
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5.00	100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	7.72	100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	16.51	100	Apo-Ropinirole
ELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 5 mg			
OLCAPONE Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	132.50	100	Tasmar
Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics			
DESFLURANE			
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1,350.00	6	Suprane
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019. DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		6 5	Suprane Precedex
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019. DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 TOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			·
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SOESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019. DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 DETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019. DETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	1,020.00	5 6 1 1	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed
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DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019. DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019. EETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	1,020.00	5 6 1 1	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 (ETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	1,020.00	5 6 1 1	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		5 6 1 1 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketamine-Claris
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial PROPOFOL Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial — 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019		5 6 1 1 5 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketamine-Claris Provive MCT-LCT 1%
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019. EETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		5 6 1 1 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketamine-Claris Provive MCT-LCT 1% Fresofol 1% MCT/LC
DESFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 DEXMEDETOMIDINE Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial — 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 ETOMIDATE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule SOFLURANE Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 EETAMINE Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule METHOHEXITAL SODIUM Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial PROPOFOL Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial — 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019		5 6 1 1 5 5	Precedex Aerrane Biomed Biomed Ketamine-Claris

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

Marcain Isobaric

Marcain

Bupafen

Bupafen

Biomed

Riomed

Biomed

Marcain Heavy

5

10

10

10

10

5

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Per \$

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM

Inj 500 mg ampoule

Local Anaesthetics

ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Ini 1%

ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE

Ini 4% with adrenaline 1:100.000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge

Ini 4% with adrenaline 1:100.000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge

Ini 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge

Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge

BFN7OCAINF

Gel 20%

BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack29.20	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack20.25	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack	5	Marcain

Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag

Ini 1.25 mg per ml. 200 ml bag

Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020......50.00

Ini 2.5 mg per ml. 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag

BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHI ORIDE WITH ADRENAI INF

lnj 2.	5 mg per ml with adrenaling	e 1:400,000, 20 ml vial	135.00	5	Marcain with Adrenaline
Ini 5	mg per ml with adrenaline	1:200.000. 20 ml vial	115.00	5	Marcain with Adrenaline

BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHI ORIDE WITH FENTANYI

Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag

Ini 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml. 200 ml bag

Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe

Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag210.00 Ini 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml. 200 ml bag210.00

Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe

Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe......72.00

BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE

COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Paste 5%

Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe

Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe.......25.46

COCAINE HYDROCHI ORIDE WITH ADRENALINE

Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06%

Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%

ETHYL CHLORIDE

Spray 100%

	Price (ex man. excl. GST	١	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. GST) Per	Manufacturer
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]			
Crm 4%	5.40	5 g	LMX4
	27.00	30 g	LMX4
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE		ŭ	
Gel 2% – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	4.87	20 g	Orion
Soln 4%		. 3	
Spray 10%	75.00	50 ml	Xylocaine
Oral (gel) soln 2% – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	38.00	200 ml	Mucosoothe
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack			
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule	8.75	25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule	2.40	1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial	12.00	5	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule		1	Lidocaine-Claris
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Claris
Gel 2%, 10 ml urethral syringe		25	Cathejell
idensina Olavia Ini 10/ 00 ml amana da ta ba deliated 1 February 00	81.50	10	Pfizer
idocaine-Claris Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 February 20. idocaine-Claris Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 February 20.	119)		
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINI			
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule		10	Xylocaine
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	50.00	5	Xylocaine
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge			
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge	60.00	F	Vulcacina
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial		5	Xylocaine
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINI		HYDROC	HLORIDE
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%			
syringe – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	17.50	1	Topicaine
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXI	DINE		
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe	81.50	10	Pfizer
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPH	IRINE HYDROCHLOF	RIDE	
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%			
DOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE			
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%	45.00	30 g	EMLA
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg		20 20	EMLA
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g		5	EMLA
		3	
IEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge	12.60	EO	Coordonaat 20/
		50 50	Scandonest 3% Scandonest 3%
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge	43.00	50	Scandonest 3%
RILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE		_	
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial		5	Citanest
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	55.00	10	Citanest
RILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN			

Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.5 ml dental cartridge

	Price		Brand or
(1	ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
OPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.20	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	29.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	39.00	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.90	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.15	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.55	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	15.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
OPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	198.50	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag	270.00	5	Naropin
ETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 4%			•

Analgesics

Non-Opioid Analgesics

R	

→ Restricted (RS1145)

Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

- Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle
- → Restricted (RS1292)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab soluble 500 mg

Tab 500 mg

Oral lig 120 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	5.35	1,000 ml	Paracare
Oral liq 250 mg per 5 ml - 20% DV Aug-18 to 2020	5.81	1,000 ml	Paracare Double Strength
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.40	10	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 25 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
Suppos 50 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
Suppos 125 mg - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	3.29	10	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	3.79	10	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg		50	Paracare

→ Restricted (RS1146)

Initiation

1

Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are unavailable or impractical, or where there is reduced absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 24 hours.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

SUCROSE

Oral liq 25%

Opioid Analgesics		
ALFENTANIL	40	Hamala
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10	Hameln
CODEINE PHOSPHATE	100	PSM
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	100 100	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	100	PSM
	100	row
DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE	00	DHC Continus
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 20199.55	60	DHC Continus
FENTANYL		
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe	40	
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml bag	10	Biomed Biomed
Inj 10 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe	10 10	Boucher and Muir
Inj 30 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	10	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1	Biomed
Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag		Dioliica
Patch 12.5 mcg per hour – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 25 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 50 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 75 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
Patch 100 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 202011.40	5	Fentanyl Sandoz
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 5 mg1.85	10	Methatabs
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 20215.79	200 ml	Biodone
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	200 ml	Biodone Forte
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	200 ml	Biodone Extra Forte
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial61.00	10	AFT
MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-18 to 20219.28	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 2 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-18 to 202116.24	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-18 to 202119.44	200 ml	RA-Morph
Oral liq 10 mg per ml - 1% DV Dec-18 to 202127.74	200 ml	RA-Morph

NERVOUS SYSTEM

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1.93	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.80	10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.52	10	Sevredol
Tab long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	2.85	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5.60	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	6.10	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Cap long-acting 10 mg	1.70	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg	2.50	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg	6.38	10	m-Eslon
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe		•	
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	135.00	10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	DBL Morphine
111 5 111g per 1111, 1 1111 ampoule 170 by 3cp-17 to 2020		3	Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.47	5	DBL Morphine
170 by Sep-17 to 2020		3	Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			Ouiphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
	4.76	5	DDI Morphine
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.70	Э	DBL Morphine
Ini 20 mg normi 1 ml amnoula 19/ DV Con 17 to 2000	6.10	-	Sulphate DBI Marrhine
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.19	5	DBL Morphine
Ini 000 man in 0.4 ml numin na			Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
MORPHINE TARTRATE			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	42.72	5	DBL Morphine Tartrate
OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg	2 63	20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 10 mg		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 20 mg		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 40 mg		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 80 mg.		20	BNM
Cap immediate-release 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg = 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		20	OxyNorm
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml		250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	11.20	200 IIII	Олугчонн
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	7 00	5	OxyNorm
, 51 , 1		5 5	•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		5 5	OxyNorm
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	30.00	Э	OxyNorm
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg - 1% D\			
Sep-17 to 2020	18.21	1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine
			(Relieve)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4.46	10	PSM
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe		_	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.98	5	DBL Pethidine
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.12	5	Hydrochloride DBL Pethidine
EMIFENTANIL			Hydrochloride
Inj 1 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	13 95	5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Remifentanii-AFT
, -		J	nominomanii Ai i
RAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1 55	20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 130 mg = 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml	2.20	100	Allow-Italilauoi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4 50	5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Tramal 100
Antidepressants Cyclic and Related Agents			
MITRIPTYLINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	1.96	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	1.52	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	2.51	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
LOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	13.99	100	Apo-Clomipramine
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Clomipramine
OSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 75 mg	11.19	100	Dopress
Cap 25 mg		100	Dopress
OXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE			'
Cap 10 mg			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	5.48	50	Tofranil
Tab To my	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg		50	Tofranil
•		55	701141111
APROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 25 mg			
130.25.00			
Tab 75 mg IANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted: For continuation on			

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ORTRIPTYLINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Norpress
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	 7.08	180	Norpress
Monoamine-Oxidase Inhibitors - Non-Selective			
HENELZINE SULPHATE			
Tab 15 mg			
RANYLCYPROMINE SULPHATE			
Tab 10 mg			
Monoamine-Oxidase Type A Inhibitors			
OCLOBEMIDE			
Tab 150 mg		500	Apo-Moclobemide
Tab 300 mg	 .30.70	100	Apo-Moclobemide
Other Antidepressants			
IIRTAZAPINE			
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		30	Apo-Mirtazapine
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	 3.48	30	Apo-Mirtazapine
ENLAFAXINE			
Cap 37.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		84	Enlafax XR
Cap 75 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020 Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		84 84	Enlafax XR Enlafax XR
Cap 150 mg - 1 % DV 3011-17 to 2020	 . 11.10	04	Lilialax An
Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors			
ITALOPRAM HYDROBROMIDE			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	 1.52	84	PSM Citalopram
SCITALOPRAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		28	Escitalopram-Apote
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	 1.90	28	Escitalopram-Apote
LUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab dispersible 20 mg, scored – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		30	Arrow-Fluoxetine
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	 1.99	90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
AROXETINE			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019	 4.02	90	Apo-Paroxetine
ERTRALINE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		90	Arrow-Sertraline
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	 5.25	90	Arrow-Sertraline
Antiepilepsy Drugs			
Agents for the Control of Status Epilepticus			
LONAZEDAM			
LONAZEPAM			

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIA ZEDAM	Ψ	FEI	Wallulacturei
DIAZEPAM	11 00	_	Hoopiro
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5 5	Hospira Stesolid
Rectal tubes 5 mg		5 5	Stesolid
Rectal tubes 10 mg	40.07	3	Stesoliu
ORAZEPAM			
Inj 2 mg vial			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE			
Inj 5 ml ampoule			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	88 63	5	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
ing 50 mg per mi, 5 mi ampoule	100.32	J	Ποοριία
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE			
Tab 200 mg	14.53	100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg		100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Oral lig 20 mg per ml		250 ml	Tegretol
CLOBAZAM		200	. og. oto.
Tab 10 mg			
· ·			
CLONAZEPAM			
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE			
Cap 250 mg	281.75	200	Zarontin
Oral lig 50 mg per ml		200 ml	Zarontin
GABAPENTIN			
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with pregaba	alin		
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Gabapentin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Gabapentin
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Gabapentin
		100	Apo-Gabapenan
ACOSAMIDE – Restricted see terms below	05.04	4.4	\/:at
Tab 50 mg		14	Vimpat
Tab 100 mg		14	Vimpat
T-h 450	200.24	56	Vimpat
Tab 150 mg		14	Vimpat
Tab 200 mg	300.40	56	Vimpat
	700.55	56	Vimpat

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

¹ Patient has partial-onset epilepsy; and

² Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

LAMOTRIGINE			
Tab dispersible 2 mg	6.74	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg	15.00	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	9.64	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg	20.40	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	29.09		Lamictal
	19.38		Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg	34.70	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	47.89		Lamictal
	32.97		Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg		56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	79.16		Lamictal
	56.91		Logem
LEVETIRACETAM			
Tab 250 mg	24.03	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg	28.71	60	Everet
Tab 750 mg	45.23	60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg		60	Everet
Oral liq 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	44.78	300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV May-18 to 2019	52.68	10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	40.00	500	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		500	PSM
PHENYTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
ů			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Cap 30 mg			
Cap 100 mg			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
PREGABALIN			
Note: Pregabalin not to be given in combination with gabapentin			
Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 75 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021		56	Pregabalin Pfizer
PRIMIDONE			

Tab 250 mg

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM VALPROATE				
Tab 100 mg				
Tab EC 200 mg				
Tab EC 500 mg				
Oral liq 40 mg per ml				
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		9.98	1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL - Restricted see terms below				
	5	509.29	60	Diacomit
Fowder for oral liq 250 mg sachet	5	509.29	60	Diacomit
⇒ Restricted (RS1152)				
Initiation				
m was a second of the second o				

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

TOPIRAMATE

Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg	18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg	31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	20.84	60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	26.04	60	Topamax

VIGABATRIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1153)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from

NERVOUS SYSTEI

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer	(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
--	-----------------------------

continued...

optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and

- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
 - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

Antimigraine Preparations

Acute Migraine Treatment

DIHYDROFRGOTAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

ERGOTAMINE TARTRATE WITH CAFFEINE

Tab 1 mg with caffeine 100 mg

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL

Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg

RIZATR	IPTAN
Tak	

Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20205.26	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 201924.44	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen42.67	2	Clustran

Prophylaxis of Migraine

PIZOTIFFN

Tab 500 mcg......23.21 100 Sandomigran

Antinausea and Vertigo Agents

APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below

Emend Tri-Pack → Restricted (RS1154)

Initiation

Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline-based chemotherapy for the treatment of malignancy.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 2.89	84	Vergo 16
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg	 0.59	20	Nauzene
CYCLIZINE LACTATE Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	 .14.95	5	Nausicalm
DOMPERIDONE Tab 10 mg	 3.20	100	Prokinex
DROPERIDOL Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2019	 .35.00	10	Droperidol Panpharma
GRANISETRON Inj 1 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2020	 0.40	1	Deva
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	 .46.50	5	Hospira
Patch 1.5 mg	 .11.95	2	Scopoderm TTS

→ Restricted (RS1155)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective; or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 20201.30	100	Metoclopramide
Oral lig 5 mg per 5 ml		Actavis 10
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule4.50	10	Pfizer
ONDANSETRON		
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 2019	50	Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	10	Ondansetron
		ODT-DRLA
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 20194.77	50	Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 20201.43	10	Ondansetron
15' O	-	ODT-DRLA
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5	Ondansetron-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-16 to 20192.20	5	Ondansetron Kabi
PROCHLORPERAZINE		
Tab buccal 3 mg		
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	250	Nausafix
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Suppos 25 mg		
PROMETHAZINE THEOCLATE - Restricted: For continuation only		
→ Tab 25 mg		
(Any Tab 25 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018)		
TROPISETRON		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	1	Tropisetron-AFT
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	1	Tropisetron-AFT
11, 1 11g por 111, 0 111 arripodo		1100100110117111

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antipsychotic Agents			
General			
AMISULPRIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019	4 56	30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		60	Sulprix
Oral lig 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		60 ml	Solian
ARIPIPRAZOLE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	17 50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	 17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	 17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	 .17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			7 P. P. M. M. M. M. M.
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			
Oral lig 20 mg per ml			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
CLOZAPINE			
Tab 25 mg	6 60	50	Clopine
1 ab 25 mg	 13.37	100	Clopine
	5.69	50	Clozaril
	11.36	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg	 	50	Clopine
	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg	 .17.33	50	Clopine
ů	34.65	100	Clopine
	14.73	50	Clozaril
	29.45	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg	 .34.65	50	Clopine
	69.30	100	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	 .17.33	100 ml	Clopine
HALOPERIDOL			
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	 6.23	100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	 .29.72	100	Serenace
Oral list 0 mer nor ml 19/ DV Oct 16 to 2010		100 ml	Caranasa

LEVOMEPROMAZINE Tab 25 mg Tab 100 mg

LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019......47.89

100 ml

10

10

Serenace

Serenace

Wockhardt

		Price excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
		\$	Per	Manufacturer
LITHIUM CARBONATE				
Tab long-acting 400 mg				
Tab 250 mg		34.30	500	Lithicarb FC
Tab 400 mg		12.83	100	Lithicarb FC
Cap 250 mg		9.42	100	Douglas
(Lithicarb FC Tab 400 mg to be delisted 1 March 2019)				· ·
OLANZAPINE				
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		0.64	28	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			28	Zypine OD1
•				• •
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		2.05	28	Zypine ODT
Inj 10 mg vial				
PERICYAZINE				
Tab 2.5 mg				
Tab 10 mg				
QUETIAPINE				
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1.79	90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020			90	Quetapel
	•••••	0.00	30	Quetaper
RISPERIDONE				
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020			60	Actavis
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020			60	Actavis
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020			60	Actavis
Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020			60	Actavis
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020			60	Actavis
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		7.66	30 ml	Risperon
ZIPRASIDONE				
Cap 20 mg		14.50	60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			60	Zusdone
	•••••	00.70	00	Lusuone
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule				
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 10 mg		31.45	100	Clopixol
•				
Depot Injections				
FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE				
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		40.87	5	Fluanxol
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE				
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		28.39	5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			5	Haldol Concentrate
III 100 IIIQ PEI IIII, I IIII AIIIPUUIE	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	JJ.JU	J	i laluul oulicelillidle

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OLANZAPINE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 210 mg vial − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	252.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
■ Inj 300 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	414.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
Inj 405 mg vial − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		1	Zyprexa Relprevv
→ Restricted (RS1379)			, ,
Initiation			

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
1	Inj 50 mg syringe	271.95	1	Invega Sustenna
1	Inj 75 mg syringe	357.42	1	Invega Sustenna
1	Inj 100 mg syringe	435.12	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 150 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
	Postrioted (PS1201)			3

→ Restricted (RS1381)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Ini 50 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

RISPERIDONE	- Restricted see terms	helow

t	Inj 25 mg vial	135.98	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 37.5 mg vial	178.71	1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial	217.56	1	Risperdal Consta

→ Restricted (RS1380)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ F	Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
 - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
 - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.80	5	Clopixol
Inj 500 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			e.g. Clopixol Conc

Anxiolytics

BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	20.23	100	Orion
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		100	Orion
CLONAZEPAM			
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	5.64	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	10.78	100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	15.05	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	16.18	500	Arrow-Diazepam
LORAZEPAM			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	9.72	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	12.50	100	Ativan
OXAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100	Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.53	100	Ox-Pam

Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

DIMETHYL FUMARATE – Restricted see terms below			
	520.00	14	Tecfidera
		56	Tecfidera
→ Restricted (RS1504)	,		

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 0.5 mg	2,200.00	28	Gilenya
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→ Restricted (RS1433)

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below Inj 20 mg per ml, 15 ml vial → Restricted (RS1447)	1,750.00	1	Tysabri	

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1505)

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

Other Multiple Sclerosis Treatments

→ Restricted (RS1434)

Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms above

INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial

Sedatives and Hypnotics

CHLORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml

Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

Tab 3 mg

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

→ Restricted (RS1576)

Initiation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Brand or Generic
	\$ Per	Manufacturer
continued		

(including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and

- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and
- 4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

Continuation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and
- 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day.

Initiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated

MIDAZOI AM

- 1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated; and
- 2 For in-hospital use only.

Tab 7.5 mg4	0.00	100	Hypnovel
Oral liq 2 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		10	Midazolam-Claris
Inj 5 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule	2.50	5	Midazolam-Claris
NITRAZEPAM			
Tab 5 mg	5.22	100	Nitrados
PHENOBARBITONE Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TEMAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.27	25	Normison
TRIAZOLAM - Restricted: For continuation only → Tab 125 mcg → Tab 250 mcg			
ZOPICLONE			
Tab 7.5 mg	0.98	30	Zopiclone Actavis

Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE - Restricted see terms below			
	107.03	28	Strattera
		28	Strattera
	139.11	28	Strattera
→ Restricted (RS1371)			

Initiation

All of the following:

NERVOUS SYSTEM

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder) diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Once-daily dosing: and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in the development or worsening of serious adverse reactions or where the combination of subsidised stimulant treatment with another agent would pose an unacceptable medical risk; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in worsening of co-morbid substance abuse or there is a significant risk of diversion with subsidised stimulant therapy; or
 - 3.3 An effective dose of a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has been trialled and has been discontinued because of inadequate clinical response; or
 - 3.4 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant is considered inappropriate because the patient has a history of psychoses or has a first-degree relative with schizophrenia; and
- 4 The patient will not be receiving treatment with atomoxetine in combination with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant, except for the purposes of transitioning from subsidised stimulant therapy to atomoxetine.

Note: A "subsidised formulation of a stimulant" refers to currently listed methylphenidate hydrochloride tablet formulations (immediate-release, sustained-release and extended-release) or dexamphetamine sulphate tablets.

CAFFFINE

Tab 100 mg

DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms below

↓ Tab 5 mg − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	20.00	100	PSM
→ Restricted (RS1169)			

Initiation - ADHD

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

METHYL PHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

1411	ETTTE TEMBRIE TIT BITOOTIESTIBE TICSUISCO SCOTOTIO OT TICSUISCO	ii page		
1	Tab extended-release 18 mg	58.96	30	Concerta
t	Tab extended-release 27 mg	65.44	30	Concerta
t	Tab extended-release 36 mg	71.93	30	Concerta
t	Tab extended-release 54 mg	86.24	30	Concerta
	Tab immediate-release 5 mg		30	Rubifen
	Tab immediate-release 10 mg		30	Ritalin
	•			Rubifen
1	Tab immediate-release 20 mg	7.85	30	Rubifen
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg	50.00	100	Ritalin SR
	·	10.95	30	Rubifen SR
t	Cap modified-release 10 mg	15.60	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 20 mg	20.40	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 30 mg	25.52	30	Ritalin LA
1			30	Ritalin LA

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1294)

Initiation - ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

Initiation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

Continuation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation – Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
 - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1171)

Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
 - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
 - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Treatments for Dementia

DONEPEZIL HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	90	Donepezil-Rex
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	90	Donepezil-Rex

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
RIVASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below			
Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour	90.00	30	Exelon
Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour	90.00	30	Exelon
Restricted (RS1436)			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

Treatments for Substance Dependence

BUPRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below		
↓ Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg	28	Suboxone
■ Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg	28	Suboxone
Pastrioted (PC1170)		

→ Restricted (RS1172)

Initiation - Detoxification

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

Initiation - Maintenance treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone: and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab modified-release 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM		
Tab 200 mg44.30	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below		
↓ Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 112.55	30	Naltraccord
→ Restricted (RS1173)		

Initiation - Alcohol dependence

Both:

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence; and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

=				
		Price ex man. excl. GST	١	Brand or Generic
	(I	\$) Per	Manufacturer
NI	COTINE - Some items restricted see terms below			
	Patch 7 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	16.00	28	Habitrol
	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	17.59	28	Habitrol
	Patch 21 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	20.16	28	Habitrol
t	Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
	Lozenge 1 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	16.61	216	Habitrol
	Lozenge 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	18.20	216	Habitrol
1	Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
	Gum 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	33.69	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
				Habitrol (Mint)
	Gum 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	38.95	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
	3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Habitrol (Mint)
=	Restricted (RS1310)			,
lni	iation			
An	y of the following:			
	1 For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruct	ion: or		
	2 For use within mental health inpatient units; or	,		
	3 For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hos	pital facilities.		
	· ·			
VA	RENICLINE – Restricted see terms below	00.40	0.5	01 '
Ť	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 14		25	Champix
ŧ	Tab 1 mg	67.74	28	Champix

⇒ Restricted (RS1511)

Initiation

All of the following:

1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking;

135.48

Champix

- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
 - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not used funded varenicline in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Chemotherapeutic Agents

Alkylating Agents

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHI ORIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg vial271.35	1	Ribomustin
1	inj 100 mg vial	1	Ribomustin

⇒ Restricted (RS1578)

Initiation - treatment naive CLL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and
- 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of < 6; and
- 6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m² on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). Chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Both:
 - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and
 - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Patient has relapsed refractory disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 3.2.2 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
 - 3.2.3 Either:
 - 3.2.3.1 Both:
 - 3.2.3.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
 - 3.2.3.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
 - 3.2.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Both:

- 1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+): and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monothera	• •	•	• •
Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle of macroglobulinaemia.	cell, marginal zone and ly	mphoplas	smacytic/ Waldenström's
BUSULFAN			
Tab 2 mglnj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	89.25	100	Myleran
CARMUSTINE	500.00		D:ONILI
Inj 100 mg vial	532.00	1	BiCNU
CHLORAMBUCIL Tab 2 mg			
CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE			
Tab 50 mg		50	Endoxan
114 11 40/ 80/ 6 146 1 6664	158.00	100	Procytox
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		1	Endoxan
Inj 2 g vial – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	/1.25	1	Endoxan
IFOSFAMIDE	22.22		
Inj 1 g vial		1	Holoxan
	180.00	ı	Holoxan
LOMUSTINE Cap 10 mg	120 50	20	Coonu
Cap 40 mg		20 20	Ceenu Ceenu
MELPHALAN		20	Occina
Tab 2 mg			
Inj 50 mg vial			
THIOTEPA			
Inj 15 mg vial			
Inj 100 mg vial			
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE			
Inj 15,000 iu vial - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	161.01	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]			
Inj 0.5 mg vial	166.75	1	Cosmegen
DAUNORUBICIN			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	130.00	1	Pfizer
DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Note: DV limit applies to all 50 mg presentations of doxor Inj 50 mg vial	ubicin nyarochioriae.		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	23.00	1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Doxorubicin Ebewe
EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	25.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Epirubicin Ebewe
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	65.00	1	Epirubicin Ebewe

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE	198.00	1 1 1	Zavedos Zavedos Arrow Mitozantrone Ebewe
Antimetabolites			
AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021 (Vidaza Inj 100 mg vial to be delisted 1 December 2018) Restricted (RS1418)	139.00	1	Azacitidine Dr. Reddy's Vidaza

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic
 - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder);
 - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndrome resulting from chemical injury or prior treatment with chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and
- 4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression, and; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

CAPECITABINE		
Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 201911.19	5 60	Brinov
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	8 120	Brinov
CLADRIBINE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial5,249.7	2 7	Leustatin
CYTARABINE		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial400.00	0 5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	6 1	Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	0 20	Fludara Oral
Ini 50 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019 525.0	0 5	Fludarabine Ebewe

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROURACIL	· ·		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	12.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	30.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
(Fluorouracil Ebewe Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial to be delisted 1 March			
GEMCITABINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	8.36	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		i	Gemcitabine Ebewe
MERCAPTOPURINE		•	GOMORGOMO EDONO
Tab 50 mg	40.44	25	Puri-nethol
<u> </u>		∠ວ 100 ml	
	4∠8.00	100 1111	Allmercap
→ Restricted (RS1635) Initiation			
nitiation Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per d	21/		
rne patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per d Continuation	ay.		
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per d	av		
panon roquito a total abbo of roco man one tan oo mg tablet por a	~y.		
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg		30	Trexate
Tab 10 mg	21.00	50	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sando
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sando
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sando
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sando
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sando
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sando
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	30.00	5	DBL Methotrexate
Ini OF man and IOO maladal 10/ BV Oct 10 to 0010	45.00	1	Onco-Vial
		I	DBL Methotrexate
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	45.00		
		1	Onco-Vial Methotrexate Fhewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	25.00	1 1	Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00 79.99	1	Methotrexate Ebewe Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00 79.99	1	Methotrexate Ebewe Methotrexate Ebewe Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00 79.99	1	Methotrexate Ebewe Methotrexate Ebewe

Initiation - Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
 - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
 - 2.2 All of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
 - 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days.

THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

Other Cytotoxic Agents

AMSACRINE

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

Inj 75 mg

ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 0.5 mg

ARSENIC TRIOXIDE

BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1189)

Initiation - treatment naive multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Limited to 15 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic multiple myeloma; or
 - 1.2 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis; and

Price)		Brand or
(ex man. exc	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

2 Maximum of 9 treatment cycles.

Initiation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; or
 - 1.2 The patient has relapsed or refractory systemic AL amyloidosis; and
- 2 The patient has received only one prior front line chemotherapy for multiple myeloma or amyloidosis; and
- 3 The patient has not had prior publicly funded treatment with bortezomib; and
- 4 Maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Continuation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

COLASPASE [L-ASPARAGINASE]

Both:

- 1 The patient's disease obtained at least a partial response from treatment with bortezomib at the completion of cycle 4; and
- 2 Maximum of 4 further treatment cycles (making a total maximum of 8 consecutive treatment cycles).

Notes: Responding relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma patients should receive no more than 2 additional cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which a confirmed complete response was first achieved. A line of therapy is considered to comprise either:

- 1 A known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments; or
- 2 A transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments.

Refer to datasheet for recommended dosage and number of doses of bortezomib per treatment cycle.

Inj 10,000 iu vial	1	Leunase
DACARBAZINE		
Inj 200 mg vial58.06	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE		
Cap 50 mg340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg340.73	10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial7.90	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)		
Inj 100 mg vial40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA		
Cap 500 mg31.76	100	Hydrea
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml vial11.50	1	Irinotecan Actavis 40
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial17.80	1	Irinotecan Actavis 100
LENALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below		
■ Cap 10 mg6,207.00	21	Revlimid
■ Cap 15 mg	21	Revlimid
■ Cap 25 mg	21	Revlimid
→ Restricted (RS1419)		

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
 - 2.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and
 - 3 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1190)

Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

	Cap 50 mg	498.00	50	Natulan
TEM	MOZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
t	Cap 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	.10.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
t	Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	.18.30	5	Orion Temozolomide
t	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	.40.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
t	Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	.96.80	5	Orion Temozolomide
_				

→ Restricted (RS1645)

Initiation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or
 - 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
 - 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
 - 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day.

Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Patient has relapse or refractory Ewing's sarcoma.

Continuation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Patient has glioblastoma multiforme; and
 - 1.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has anaplastic astrocytoma*; and
 - 2.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
 - 2.3 Adjuvant temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 24 months.

Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Continuation - ewing's sarcoma

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a * is an unapproved indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

THALIDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 50 mg378.00	28	Thalomid
t	Cap 100 mg756.00	28	Thalomid

→ Restricted (RS1192)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis*; or
- 3 The patient has erythema nodosum leprosum.

Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

Indication marked with * is an unapproved indication

TRETINOIN

Cap to mg479.50 100 Vesai	Car	o 10 mg	479.50	100	Vesano	bid
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Platinum Compounds

CAF	ίB	O	L	ΑI	IIИ	

CARBOPLATIN				
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	15.07	1	DBL Carboplatin	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial	14.05	1	DBL Carboplatin	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial	32.59	1	DBL Carboplatin	
CISPLATIN				
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial	12.29	1	DBL Cisplatin	
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	19.70	1	DBL Cisplatin	
OXALIPLATIN				
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	13.32	1	Oxaliccord	
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	16.00	1	Oxaliccord	

Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors

DASATINIB -	 Restricted 	I see terms below
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ŧ	Tab 20 mg	3,774.06	60	Sprycel
1	Tab 50 mg	6,214.20	60	Sprycel
	Tab 70 mg		60	Sprycel
	Tab 100 mg		30	Sprvcel
		-,		-1. 7

⇒ Restricted (RS1193)

For use in patients with approval from the CML/GIST Co-ordinator.

ΕK	ILOTINIB – Restricted see terms <mark>delow</mark>		
t	Tab 100 mg764.00	30	Tarceva
t	Tab 150 mg	30	Tarceva

⇒ Restricted (RS1579)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

EDI OTINID. Bestulated as a terror below

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:

	Price			Brand or
(ex ma	ın. excl.	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
- 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1580)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 Fither
 - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

IMATINIB MESILATE

Imatinib-AFT is not a registered for the treatment of Gastro Intestinal Stromal Tumours (GIST). The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule

↓ Tab 100 mg2,400.00 60 Glivec

→ Restricted (RS1402)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable and/or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determined).

Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	98.00	60	Imatinib-AFT
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	197.50	30	Imatinib-AFT

LAPATINIB - Restricted see terms on the next page

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1197)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 1.2 The patient has not previously received trastuzumab treatment for HER 2 positive metastatic breast cancer; and
 - 1.3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
 - 1.4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
 - 2.2 The patient started trastuzumab for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued trastuzumab within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on trastuzumab; and
 - 2.4 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
 - 2.5 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 150 mg	4,680.00	120	Tasigna
t	Cap 200 mg	6,532.00	120	Tasigna
\rightarrow	Restricted (RS1437)			-

Initiation

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Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, accelerated phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure* with imatinib: or
 - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day: and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: *treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
PAZOPANIB – Restricted see terms below				
	1,334.70	30	Votrient	
	2,669.40	30	Votrient	
→ Restricted (RS1198)				

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 Both:
 - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

RUXOLITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 5 mg2,500.00	56	Jakavi
	Tab 15 mg5,000.00		Jakavi
	Tab 20 mg5,000.00		Jakavi

→ Restricted (RS1650)

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has primary myelofibrosis or post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis or post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis; and
- 2 A classification of risk of intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis according to either the International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS), Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS), or the Age-Adjusted DIPSS; and
- 3 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 A maximum dose of 20 mg twice daily is to be given.
 - t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)
- e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below			
	2,315.38	28	Sutent
	4,630.77	28	Sutent
■ Cap 50 mg		28	Sutent
⇒ Restricted (RS1199)	·		

Initiation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
 - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
 - 2.4 Both:
 - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
 - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
 - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
 - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
 - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
 - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
 - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
 - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

1 Any of the following:

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disapped 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no disease); or 	in size of 10% or more or	decreas	se in tumour density in
The patient has stable disease (does not meet crite no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour process.)	rogression; and	s not ha	ave progressive disease and
2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benef	•		
Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be as Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) or in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.	as either: an increase in t	umour s	size of 10% or more and not
Taxanes			
DOCETAXEL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.40	1	DBL Docetaxel
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL			
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	47.30	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 50 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects			
CALCIUM FOLINATE			
Tab 15 mg	104.26	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			222 2000000 00
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	18.25	5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
.,	7.30		Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial	22.51	1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	60.00		Calcium Folinate Sandoz
MESNA			
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	370.35	15	Uromitexan
Vinca Alkaloids			
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	186.46	5	Hospira

5

5

DBL Vincristine Sulfate

DBL Vincristine Sulfate

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019.......74.52

Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019......85.61

VINCRISTINE SULPHATE

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
VINORELBINE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	8 00	1	Navelbine	
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1	Navelbine	

Endocrine Therapy

ABIRATERONE ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1464)

Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 5 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases; and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant: and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 All of the following:
 - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
 - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
 - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
 - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
 - 4.2 All of the following:
 - 4.2.1 Patient.s disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
 - 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
 - 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 5 months

All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline: and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone: and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

BICALUTAMIDE		
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE		
Tab 250 mg55.00	100	Flutamin
MEGESTROL ACETATE		
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 202163.53	30	Apo-Megestrol
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms on the next page		
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 202030.64	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 202072.50	5	DBL Octreotide
■ Inj 10 mg vial	1	Sandostatin LAR
■ Inj 20 mg vial	1	Sandostatin LAR
Ini 30 mg vial	1	Sandostatin LAR

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1201)

Initiation - Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea* and vomiting* due to malignant bowel obstruction*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
 - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

Continuation - acromegaly

Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
 - 2.2 Either:
 - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
 - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Insulinomas: and
 - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
 - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
 - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

TAMOXIFEN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg19.50	100	Genox
Tab 20 mg2.63	30	Genox
12.50	100	Genox

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Aromatase Inhibitors				
ANASTROZOLE Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020		5.04	30	Rolin
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		.14.50	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021		4.68	30	Letrole
Imaging Agents				
AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms b	elow			
Fowder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial	4,4	100.00	1	Gliolan
Restricted (RS1565) Initiation – high grade malignant glioma All of the following:	-	000.00	10	Gliolan

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

Immunosuppressants

Calcineurin Inhibitors

CICLOSPORIN			
Cap 25 mg	44.63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg	88.91	50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg	177.81	50	Neoral
Oral liq 100 mg per ml	198.13	50 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	276.30	10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
	55.64	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	111.28	100	Tacrolimus Sandoz
	278.20	50	Tacrolimus Sandoz
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
→ Restricted (RS1651)			

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - non-transplant indications*

Any specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient requires long-term systemic immunosuppression; and
- 2 Ciclosporin has been trialled and discontinued treatment because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	T)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

Fusion Proteins

ETANERCEPT	 Restricted 	l see terms b	elow
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	ANTERIOE I RESURGE SOC TORRIS BOTON		
1	Inj 25 mg vial799.96	4	Enbrel
t	Inj 50 mg autoinjector	4	Enbrel
1	lni 50 ma svringe	4	Enbrel

→ Restricted (RS1541)

Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

1 Both:

	Price		Brand or
(ex	x man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and

2.6 Fither:

- 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
- 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
 - 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$

continued...

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints:
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin; and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Fither:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values: or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1202)

Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

ADALIMUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	2	Humira
t	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen	2	HumiraPen
_	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe	2	Humira

→ Restricted (RS1646)

Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.1.2 Either:
 - 1.1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for JIA; or
 - 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
 - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
 - 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment (a copy of which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz/latest/BaselineFistulaAssessment.pdf) has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - adults

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids: and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - Crohn's disease - adults

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less: or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
 - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Continuation - Crohn's disease - children

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 12 Fither
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
 - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
 - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
 - 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
 - 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
 - 2.7 Either:
 - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
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continued...

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
 - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
 - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
 - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
 - 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
 - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

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Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints;
 - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
 - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

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Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.1.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Either:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules: and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

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Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1636)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
 - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
 - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
 - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months: or
 - 2.2 Patient has previously* (*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment; or
 - 2.3 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD; or
 - 2.4 Patient is currently receiving treatment with aflibercept and has documented previous poor response to bevacizumab.

Note: Criteria 2.3 and 2.4 will be removed from 1 January 2019.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue: and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eve.

Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
 - 1.2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
 - 1.3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and

ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESS	Price (ex man. excl. GS	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 1.4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence 1.5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or fover 2 Patient is currently receiving treatment with aflibercept and has Note: Criterion 2 will be removed from 1 January 2019. Continuation – Diabetic Macular Oedema Ophthalmologist Re-assessment required after 12 months All of the following: 1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and 2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction fluid); and 3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity so	al atrophy; or s documented previ	ous poor r	esponse to bevacizumab.
4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrop 5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept, p bevacizumab and had no response.		with at lea	ast one injection of
BASILIXIMAB – Restricted see terms below Inj 20 mg vial Restricted (RS1203)	2,560.00	1	Simulect
Initiation For use in solid organ transplants. BEVACIZUMAB − Restricted see terms below Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial Restricted (RS1115)			

→ Restriction

Fither:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation; or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Erbitux
t	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1	Erbitux

→ Restricted (RS1613)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and
- 3 Patient has good performance status; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 100 mg - 10% DV Mar-15 to 29 Feb 2020806.00 1 Remicade

→ Restricted (RS1581)

Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

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continued...

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

4 Th.

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Fithor
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or

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2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis.

Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
 - 2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids.

Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2 Fither:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective;
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective.

Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment; or</p>
- 3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment; or</p>

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3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
 - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
 - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
 - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

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Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
 - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
 - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).

Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
 - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

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Initiation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is greater than or equal to 4; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is greater than or equal to 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
 - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Either:
 - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and

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- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course: and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Both:
 - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
 - 1.2 Both:
 - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
 - 1.2.2 Either:
 - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
 - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
 - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
 - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and

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2.3 Either:

- 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
- 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
 - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

Notes:

- 1 Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- 2 Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1550)

Initiation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive: and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and</p>
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL: and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

* greater than or equal to 1.5×10^9 /L and platelets greater than or equal to 75×10^9 /L

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OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below				
Inj 150 mg prefilled syringe	450.00	1	Xolair	
Inj 150 mg vial		1	Xolair	
⇒ Restricted (RS1652)				

Initiation - severe asthma

Clinical immunologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 6 years or older; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven adherence with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1,600 mcg per day or fluticasone propionate 1,000 mcg per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 mcg bd or eformoterol 12 mcg bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Fither:
 - 6.1 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; or
 - 6.2 Patient has had at least 4 exacerbations needing systemic corticosteroids in the previous 12 months, where an exacerbation is defined as either documented use of oral corticosteroids for at least 3 days or parenteral steroids; and
- 7 Patient has an Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of 10 or less; and
- 8 Baseline measurements of the patient's asthma control using the ACT and oral corticosteroid dose must be made at the time of application, and again at around 26 weeks after the first dose to assess response to treatment.

Continuation - severe asthma

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 An increase in the Asthma Control Test (ACT) score of at least 5 from baseline; and
- 2 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose or number of exacerbations of at least 50% from baseline.

Initiation – severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient must be aged 12 years or older; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Both:
 - 2.1.1 Patient is symptomatic with Urticaria Activity Score 7 (UAS7) of 20 or above; and
 - 2.1.2 Patient has a Dermatology life quality index (DLQI) of 10 or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and ciclosporin (> 3 mg/kg day) for at least 6 weeks; or
 - 3.2 Patient has been taking high dose antihistamines (e.g. 4 times standard dose) and at least 3 courses of systemic corticosteroids (> 20 mg prednisone per day for at least 5 days) in the previous 6 months; or
 - 3.3 Patient has developed significant adverse effects whilst on corticosteroids or ciclosporin; and
- 4 Fither:
 - 4.1 Treatment to be stopped if inadequate response* following 4 doses; or
 - 4.2 Complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab.

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Continuation - severe chronic spontaneous urticaria

Clinical immunologist or dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 Patient has previously had a complete response* to 6 doses of omalizumab; and
 - 2.2 Patient has relapsed after cessation of omalizumab therapy.

Note: *Inadequate response defined as less than 50% reduction in baseline UAS7 and DLQI score, or an increase in Urticaria Control Test (UCT) score of less than 4 from baseline. Patient is to be reassessed for response after 4 doses of omalizumab. Complete response is defined as UAS7 less than or equal to 6 and DLQI less than or equal to 5; or UCT of 16. Relapse of chronic urticaria on stopping prednisone/ciclosporin does not justify the funding of omalizumab.

PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1551)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1637)

Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
 - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or

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- 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
- 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
 - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
- 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eve; and
- 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

RITUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1,075	.50	2	Mabthera
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2,688	.30	1	Mabthera
	Destricted (DC1500)			

→ Restricted (RS1599)

Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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continued...

Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Fither:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy;
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. *Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
 - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
 - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
 - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
 - 3.2 Both:
 - 3.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and

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- 3.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; and
- 4 The patient has good performance status; and
- 5 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 6 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 7 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
- 2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since the commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
- 3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis: and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and

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- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
 - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
 - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
 - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
 - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Fither:
 - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
 - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
 - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Continuation – rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

1 Fither:

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- 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
 - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*: and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Fither:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia*; and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and

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2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications. Initiation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

1 Fither:

- 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre: or
- 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
 - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
 - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy).

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura*: and
 - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
 - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
- 2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombotytopenic purpura* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura*: and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

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Initiation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*: and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
 - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
 - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
 - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
- 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and
- 4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and

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3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection

Nephrologist

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection*.

Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - ABO-incompatible renal transplant

Nephrologist

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible renal transplant*. Note: Indications marked with * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS* or FRNS*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Initiation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and
- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

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- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a * are unapproved indications.

SECUKINUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1653)

Initiation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept, or has trialled infliximab in a DHB hospital in accordance with the General Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; or
 - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab, etanercept or infliximab; and
- 3 A Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Continuation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, second-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

Initiation – severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 10, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
 - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment or Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course, preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and

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4 The most recent PASI or DQLI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

Note: A treatment course is defined as a minimum of 12 weeks of treatment. "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 10, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom sub scores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

Continuation - severe chronic plaque psoriasis, first-line biologic

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
 - 1.1 Patient's PASI score has reduced by 75% or more (PASI 75) as compared to baseline PASI prior to commencing secukinumab; or
 - 1.2 Patient has a Dermatology Quality of Life Index (DLQI) improvement of 5 or more, as compared to baseline DLQI prior to commencing secukinumab; and
- 2 Secukinumab to be administered at a maximum dose of 300 mg monthly.

SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 100 mg vial770.57	1	Sylvant
t	Inj 400 mg vial	1	Sylvant

⇒ Restricted (RS1525)

Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Actemra

→ Restricted (RS1560)

Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
 - 1.2 Either:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or

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- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 1.3 Either:
 - 1.3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
 - 1.3.2 Both:
 - 1.3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
 - 1.3.2.2 Either:
 - 1.3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
 - 1.3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or

2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 2.3 Either:
 - 2.3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated: or
 - 2.3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.4 Either:
 - 2.4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
 - 2.4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 2.5 Either:
 - 2.5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender joints; or
 - 2.5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.6 Either:
 - 2.6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
 - 2.6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis: and

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2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Fither:
 - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD): or
 - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the General Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule; and
 - 1.2 Fither:
 - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
 - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
 - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
 - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Roth:
 - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
 - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
 - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
 - 2.2 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
 - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.4 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2.5 Both:
 - 2.5.1 Either:
 - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender ioints: or
 - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
 - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
 - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1331 trial; and
- 2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial1,350.00	1	Herceptin
t	Inj 440 mg vial	1	Herceptin

⇒ Restricted (RS1554)

Initiation - Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and
- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
 - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Fither:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
 - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
 - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
 - 2.2 Both:
 - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Either:
 - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
 - 3.2 All of the following:
 - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
 - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

NIVOLLIMAR .	Doctricted	ana tarma	holow

1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial1,0)51.98	1	Opdivo
1	Ini 10 mg per ml. 10 ml vial.	329.96	1	Ondivo

→ Restricted (RS1583)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Nivolumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of nivolumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (6 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period: and
- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

5 Nivolumab will be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
 must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 50 mg vial2,340.00
1 Keytruda

⇒ Restricted (RS1584)

Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
 - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
 - 4.2 Both:
 - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
 - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of pembrolizumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (4 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
 - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab will be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

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- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

Other	Immunosuppressants
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ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE) Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule2,351	.25	5	ATGAM
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT) Inj 25 mg vial			
AZATHIOPRINE			
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jul-17 to 20199	.66	100	lmuran
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jul-17 to 201910.	.58	100	lmuran
Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Jan-17 to 201960.	.00	1	Imuran
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2-8 × 10 ⁸ CFU vial149	.37	1	OncoTICE
→ Restricted (RS1206)			
Initiation			
For use in bladder cancer.			
EVEROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 5 mg	.76	30	Afinitor
■ Tab 10 mg	.29	30	Afinitor
→ Restricted (RS1440)			
Initiation			
Neurologist or oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 3 months			

continued...

Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	Per	Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and
- 2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, more frequent scanning should be performed with new onset of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomiting, or increase in seizure activity.

MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml187.25	165 ml	CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial133.33	4	CellCept

PICIBANIL

Inj 100 mg vial

SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 1 mg	100	Rapamune
	Tab 2 mg		Rapamune
t	Oral liq 1 mg per ml	60 ml	Rapamune

→ Restricted (RS1208)

Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min; or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis: or
- . HUS or TTP; or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy: or
- · Significant malignant disease

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Antiallergy Preparations

Allergic Emergencies

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe......2,668.00

⇒ Restricted (RS1501)

Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Allergy Desensitisation

BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1117)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1118)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1119)

- nestricted (norms

Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

Allergy Prophylactics

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	200 dose	Alanase
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose6.00	200 dose	Alanase

20

Duolin

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
BUDESONIDE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2020		200 dose	SteroClear
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose -1% DV Oct-18 to 2020	2.87	200 dose	SteroClear
FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE	1.00	100 dasa	Flivences Herrieus (
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021	1.98	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	4.61	15 ml	Univent
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE			
Nasal spray 4%			
Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		100	Zista
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	2.99	200 ml	Histaclear
CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE			
Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 4 mg			
FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 120 mg Tab 180 mg			
ORATADINE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1 28	100	Lorafix
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019		120 ml	Lorfast
PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	1 68	50	Allersoothe
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		50	Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		100 ml	Allersoothe
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		5	Hospira
Anticholinergic Agents			
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose			
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Dec-16	to 20193.35	20	Univent
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Dec-16	to 20193.52	20	Univent
Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor A	gonists		
SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per d	ose		
Nahuliaan aala 0 E maa usith innatusaisma huamida 0 E	l		

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**

Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents

GLYCOPYRRONIUM

Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised tiotropium or umeclidinium.

30 dose Seebri Breezhaler

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE

Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or umeclidinium.

60 dose Spiriva Respimat 30 dose Spiriva

UMFCI IDINIUM

Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or tiotropium bromide.

Powder for inhalation 62.5 mcg per dose61.50 30 dose Incruse Ellipta

Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

→ Restricted (RS1518)

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms above

Powder for Inhalation 50 mcg with indacaterol 110 mcg......81.00 Ultibro Breezhaler 30 dose

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL - Restricted see terms above

Spiolto Respimat 60 dose

UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms above

30 dose Anoro Ellipta

Antifibrotics

NINTEDANIB - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	Cap 100 mg2,554.00	60	Otev
•	Cap 150 mg	60	Ofev

⇒ Restricted (RS1654)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 90% predicted; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note); and
- 4 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with pirfenidone; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but discontinued pirfenidone within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received pirfenidone, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with pirfenidone).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Nintedanib is not to be used in combination with subsidised pirfenidone; and
- 3 Nintedanib is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1655)

Initiation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis by a multidisciplinary team including a radiologist; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 80% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes); and
- 4 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 5 Any of the following:
 - 5.1 The patient has not previously received treatment with nintedanib; or
 - 5.2 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but discontinued nintedanib within 12 weeks due to intolerance; or
 - 5.3 Patient has previously received nintedanib, but the patient's disease has not progressed (disease progression defined as 10% or more decline in predicted FVC within any 12 month period since starting treatment with nintedanib).

Continuation - idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is not to be used in combination with subsidised nintedanib; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Note).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists				
SALBUTAMOL				

ALDOTAWOL		
Oral liq 400 mcg per ml - 1% DV Nov-18 to 202120.00	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	SalAir
6.00		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-18 to 20213.93	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-18 to 20214.03	20	Asthalin

TERBUTALINE SUI PHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Cough Suppressants

PHOLCODINE

Oral lig 1 mg per ml

Decongestants

OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

XYI OMETAZOLINE HYDROCHI ORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%

Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%

Nasal drops 0.05%

Nasal drops 0.1%

Inhaled Corticosteroids

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE		
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
9.30)	Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose12.50	200 dose	Beclazone 100
15.50)	Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose22.67	200 dose	Beclazone 250

BUDESONIDE

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose

TEGITIATOTTI GIGIEM AND ALLEMGIEG				
	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GS	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
FLUTIOACONE	Ψ	1 61	Wallulacturei	
FLUTICASONE Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose	7.50	120 dose	Flixotide	
Aerosor initialer 50 mcg per dose	4.68	120 0050	Floair	
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler	
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose		60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler	
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose		120 dose	Flixotide	
•	7.22		Floair	
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose	27.20	120 dose	Flixotide	
	10.18		Floair	
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose	24.51	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler	
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists				
MONTELUKAST				
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		28	Apo-Montelukast	
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	5.50	28	Apo-Montelukast	
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	5.65	28	Apo-Montelukast	
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists				
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE				
Powder for inhalation 6 mcg per dose				
Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose				
INDACATEROL				
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler	
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose		30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler	
SALMETEROL				
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose	9.90	120 dose	Meterol	
7.0.000 mma.o. =0 mog por 4000 mm.	25.00	.20 0000	Serevent	
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	25.00	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler	
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adr	enoceptor Ago	onists		
BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL				
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg				
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol furniarate 6 mcg				
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol furnarate 12 mcg				
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg				
Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg				
FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL				
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg	44.08	30 dose	Breo Ellipta	
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL			P	
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg	14.58	120 dose	RexAir	
	33.74		Seretide	
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg		60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler	
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg		120 dose	RexAir	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	44.08		Seretide	
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	44.08	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler	

Mast Cell Stabilisers

NEDOCROMIL

Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ALLERGIES					
	(ex man.	Price excl.	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose					
Methylxanthines					
AMINOPHYLLINE Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020 CAFFEINE CITRATE		124.3	7	5	DBL Aminophylline
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)				25 ml 5	Biomed Biomed
Tab long-acting 250 mg Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml					
Mucolytics and Expectorants					
DORNASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below ■ Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg per 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1352)		250.00)	6	Pulmozyme
Initiation – cystic fibrosis The patient has cystic fibrosis and has been approved by the Cystic F Initiation – significant mucus production Limited to 4 weeks treatment Both:	ibrosis Pa	nel.			
1 Patient is an in-patient; and2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest tecl	nniques.				
Initiation – pleural emphyema Limited to 3 days treatment Both:					
Patient is an in-patient; and Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.					
SODIUM CHLORIDE Nebuliser soln 7%, 90 ml bottle		.23.50)	90 ml	Biomed
Pulmonary Surfactants					
BERACTANT Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial(Survanta Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial to be delisted 1 January 2019) PORACTANT ALFA		550.00	0	1	Survanta

Curosurf

Curosurf

Respiratory Stimulants

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

Sclerosing Agents

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial695.00

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	0.40	4.0	Chloroia
Ear drops 0.5%		4 g	Chlorsig
Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose	0.98	10 ml	Chlorafast
CIPROFLOXACIN			
Eye drops 0.3% – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2020	9.99	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%			
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE			_
Eye drops 0.3%	11.40	5 ml	Genoptic
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%			
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]		_	
Eye drops 1%	5.29	5 g	Fucithalmic
Eye drops 10%			
TOBRAMYCIN			
Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%		3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals			
NATAMYCIN			
Eye drops 5%			
Antivirals			
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	14.00	450	ViruPOS
	14.32	4.5 g	VIIUFOS
Combination Preparations			
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone	16.30	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN			
Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramicion 50 mcg per ml	lin		
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN			
Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulp 6,000 u per g		3.5 g	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b		5.5 y	IVIGAILIUI
sulphate 6,000 u per ml	4.50	5 ml	Maxitrol
DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%	12.64	5 ml	Tobradex
7		2	



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIQQUINOL

Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NYSTATIN

Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and

Anti-Inflammatory Preparations

Corticosteroids

DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	5 ml	Maxidex
	1	Ozurdex

→ Restricted (RS1606)

Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Fither
 - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
 - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema: and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
3.09	9 5 ml	FML
		Pred Forte Prednisolone- AFT
38.50	20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
13.80) 5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
		Lomide Patanol
4.15	5 15 ml	Naphcon Forte
	0 12	Fluorescite
	(ex man. excl. \$	(ex man. excl. GST) Per

SENSORY ORGANS			
(ex ma	Price an. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Irrigation Solutions			
MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml	5.00) 15 ml	Balanced Salt Solution e.g. Balanced Salt Solution
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle	10.50	500 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
Ocular Anaesthetics			
OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5% TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Viscoelastic Substances			
HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe SODILIM HYALLIBONIC ACID:			
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULF	50.00 60.00 28.50) 1) 1	Healon GV Healon GV Healon 5 Healon
Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml syringe			Duovisc
syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	74.00		Duovisc

Viscoat

Other

DISODIUM EDETATE

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

Arrow-Timolol

Timoptol XE

Isopto Carpine

5 ml

2.5 ml

15 ml

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic

\$ Per Manufacturer

RIBOFLAVIN 5-PHOSPHATE

Soln trans epithelial riboflavin

Ini 0.1%

Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500

_					
CHAIR	OMO		MAI	\sim 1	One
ellolule	oma	111	1º G II	au	UIIN

Beta Blockers

BETAXOLOL		
Eye drops 0.25%11.80	5 ml	Betoptic S
Eye drops 0.5%	5 ml	Betoptic
LEVOBUNOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE		
Eye drops 0.5%	5 ml	Betagan
TIMOLOL		
Eye drops 0.25% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20201.43	5 ml	Arrow-Timolol
Eye drops 0.25%, gel forming – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	2.5 ml	Timoptol XE

Carhonic	Δnh	/draea	Inhibitors
Carbonic		ulusc	IIIIIDILOIG

ACETAZOLAMIDE		
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202017.03	100	Diamox
Inj 500 mg		

BRINZOLAMIDE

Eye drops 1% DORZOLAMIDE

Eye drops 2%

DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL

Eye drops 2% with timolol 0.5%	3.45	5 ml	Arrow-Dortim

Miotics

BIMATOPROST

ACETYLCHOLINE CHLORIDE

Inj 20 mg vial with diluent

PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 2%	15 ml	Isopto Carpine
Eye drops 2%, single dose		
Eye drops 4%	15 ml	Isopto Carpine

Prostaglandin Analogues

•	 ~.~;	J.~	•	• ••	 " "	

Eye drops 0.03%3.65	5	3 ml	Bimatoprost Actavis
LATANOPROST			
Eye drops 0.005%	0 2	2.5 ml	Hysite
TRAVOPROST			
Eve drops 0.004% - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	0	5 ml	Travopt

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Sympathomimetics				
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5%		.19.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020 BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL		4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5%				
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics				
Anticholinergic Agents				
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose				
Eye drops 1% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		.17.36	15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose		8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
TROPICAMIDE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose			15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose		8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics				
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose				
Ocular Lubricants				
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%		8.25	30	Poly Gel
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose				
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%		3.92	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1% Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose		2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, sin	gle dose	4.30	24	Systane Unit Dose

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%			
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	3.63	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL Eye drops 1.4% — 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		15 ml 15 ml	Vistil Vistil Forte
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose			
RETINOL PALMITATE Oint 138 mcg per g	3.80	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] Eye drops 1 mg per ml	22.00	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

Other Otological Preparations

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings

Antidotes

ACETYLCYSTEINE

Tab eff 200 mg

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

ETHANOL

Lia 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL, DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

(Anexate Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 December 2018)

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle

Antitoxins

BOTULISM ANTITOXIN

Inj 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Inj 10,000 iu vial

Exiade

Exjade

28

28

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

Antivenoms

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial

SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

Removal and Elimination

CHARCOAL

Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DEFERASIROX - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 125 mg dispersible	276.00	28	Exjade

Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and

- 3 Any of the following:
 - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2*; or
 - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
 - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis: or
 - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per μL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 1.0 cells per μL).</p>

Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2* and liver MRI T2* levels.

DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 500 mg	533.17	100	Ferriprox
t	Oral liq 100 mg per ml	266.59	250 ml	Ferriprox

⇒ Restricted (RS1445)

Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE

Inj 500 mg vial51.52 10 Desferal

DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

DIMERCAPROL

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

Price Gex man. end. GST) Per Brand or Generic	VAIIIOOS			
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID Cap 100 mg e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet e.g. PCNZ, Optimus e.g. PCNZ,		(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
Cap 200 mg	DIMEDCADTOSI ICCINIC ACID	Ψ	rei	Manuacturer
Cap 200 mg Redithcare, Chemet Redithcare, Chemet				Healthcare,
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 200 ml, 5 ml ampoule	Cap 200 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare,
Antiseptics and Disinfectants CHLORHEXIDINE	SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE			0.10.11.01
CHLORHEXIDINE				
Soin 4%	Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
Soln 5%	CHLORHEXIDINE			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE	Soln 4%	1.86	50 ml	healthE
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5% Foaming soln 0.5% with ethanide 0.5% CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml	Soln 5%	15.50	500 ml	healthE
Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5% CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml	CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml				
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml	ů			
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml 3.54		0.65	4	h a a lth C
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml 1.55 1 healthE				
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml 2.90 1 healthE				
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml				
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 500 ml				
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml			1	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-	
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%, 100 ml	Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml	9.56	1	healthE
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL				
Soln 70%, 500 ml	Soln 1% with ethanol 70%, 100 ml	9.30	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE				
	Soln 70%, 500 ml	5.65	1	healthE
→ Restricted (RS1354) Initiation Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy. Oint 10%				
Initiation Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy. Oint 10% 3.27 25 g Betadine Soln 10% 6.20 500 ml Betadine 2.95 100 ml Riodine 6.20 500 ml Riodine Soln 5% Soln 7.5% Pad 10% Pad 10% Swab set 10% POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30% 10.00 500 ml Betadine Skin Prep Soln 10% with ethanol 70% SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE				
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy. Oint 10%				
Oint 10%				
Soln 10%		3 27	25 a	Retadine
2.95 100 ml Riodine			•	
Soln 5% Soln 7.5% Pad 10% Soln 20% Soln 7.5% Pad 10% Soln 10% Soln 10% Soln 10% Soln 10% Soln 10% Soln 10% with ethanol 30% Soln 10% with ethanol 70% Soln 10% with ethanol 70% Soln 10% With ethanol 70% Soln 10% Soln 1	0011 1070			
Soln 7.5% Pad 10% Swab set 10% POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30%			500 ml	Riodine
Pad 10% Swab set 10% POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30%				
Swab set 10% POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30%				
POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30%				
Soln 10% with ethanol 30%				
Soln 10% with ethanol 70% SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE		10.00	500 ml	Rotadina Skin Bran
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE		10.00	500 IIII	Detaulile Skill Flep

			VARIOUS
	Price (ex man. excl. GS'	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contrast Media			
Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml,	100 ml		
bottle	22.50	100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle.	80.00	1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL			
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	280.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL	200.00		Lipiouoi Oiliu i iuiu
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	220.00	10	Visipague
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 30 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle	150.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	290.00	10	Omnipaque
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
BARIUM SULPHATE			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet	507 50	50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle		148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral lig 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube		454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral lig 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle		250 ml	Varibar - Honey
5 m 4 m 5 pm (mm m // mm m	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag	282.30	12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle	175.00	24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle	220.00	24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	441.12	24	VoLumen
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle		24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle		24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle		3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle	91.77	1	Liquibar
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			

Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 g

E-Z-Gas II

50

		Price . excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE				
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	g			
sachet				e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media				
GADOBENIC ACID				
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		324.74	10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL				
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial				
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled				
syringe		120.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled			•	
syringe		180.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled				
syringe		700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADODIAMIDE				
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe		200 00	10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial			10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe			10	Omniscan
GADOTERIC ACID				
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe		24 50	1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle			1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe			1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe			1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle			1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle			1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle			1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM				
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefille	vd.			
syringesyringe		300 00	1	Primovist
		000.00	'	Tilliovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE		05.00	-	Magnaviot
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			5 10	Magnevist
		100.00	10	Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE		.=		B
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle		150.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
Ultrasound Contrast Media				
PERFLUTREN				
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial			1	Definity
		720.00	4	Definity
Diagnostic Agents				
ARGININE				
ANUININE				

Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

			VARIOUS
	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial	V	101	The first of the f
MANNITOL Powder for inhalation			e.g. Aridol
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg			·
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u ampoule			
SINCALIDE Inj 5 mcg per vial			
Diagnostic Dyes			
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln			
INDIGO CARMINE Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
INDOCYANINE GREEN Inj 25 mg vial			
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE] Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	240.35	5	Proveblue
PATENT BLUE V Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule	440.00	5	Obex Medical
Irrigation Solutions			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE	DV		
Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule - 1% l		30	Pfizer
GLYCINE Irrigation soln 1.5%, 3,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 SODIUM CHLORIDE	31.20	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	26.80	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		20	Interpharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	14.90	10	Baxter Sodium Chloride 0.9%
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle $$ – 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021 WATER	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		4 10	B Braun Baxter Water for
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	17.64	12	Irrigation Fresenius Kabi
Surgical Preparations			
BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN			

Paste

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

DIMETHYL SUI FOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

PHENOL

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

Cardioplegia Solutions

ELECTROLYTES

Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmol/l potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1,000 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag

Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml bag

Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag

Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag

Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Ini 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

Cold Storage Solutions

SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Custodiol-HTK

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution

e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832

e.g. Cardioplegia
Electrolyte Solution

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE

Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHI OROFORM

Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

COLLODION FLEXIBLE

Lia

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

Soln

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml $\,$

ampoule

DITHRANOL

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN	·			
Suspension	32.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF	
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE				
Suspension	32.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet	
GLYCEROL Liq - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3 28	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP	
Liq - 176 DV 3ep-17 to 2020		300 1111	Liquid	
HYDROCORTISONE			·	
Powder - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	49.95	25 g	ABM	
LACTOSE				
Powder				
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Paste				
MENTHOL				
Crystals				
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Powder				
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder				
METHYLCELLULOSE				
Powder	00.50	470 1	0 8	
Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Plus	
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend SF	
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE			0.0.0.0.0	
Suspension	32.50	473 ml	Ora-Blend	
OLIVE OIL				
Liq				
PARAFFIN				
Liq				
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder				
PHENOL				
Liq				
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder				
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq				
POVIDONE K30 Powder				
PROPYLENE GLYCOL				
Liq	12.00	500 ml	ABM	
SALICYLIC ACID				
Powder				
SILVER NITRATE				
Crystals				

EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

SODIUM BICARBONATE

Powder BP

SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SULPHUR

Precipitated Sublimed

SYRUP

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

URFA

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1% ZINC OXIDE

Powder



Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Food Modules

Carbohydrate

→ Restricted (RS1467)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant; or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- 1 Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

Fat

→ Restricted (RS1468)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child: or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome: or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia: or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak; or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

1 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

SPECIAL FOODS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liquid 50 q fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle

1 Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Liquigen e.a. MCT Oil

WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Liq

Protein

→ Restricted (RS1469)

Initiation - Use as an additive

Either:

- 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or
- 2 High protein needs.

Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can

Powder 89 g protein, < 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 g, 225 g can

e.g. Protifar

Other Supplements

BREAST MILK FORTIFIER

Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet

Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet

CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

→ Restricted (RS1212)

Initiation

Both:

- 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 2.2 Cancer in children; or
 - 2.3 Faltering growth: or
 - 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
 - 2.5 Premature and post premature infants.

- e.g. FM 85
- e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier
- e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer
- e.g. Super Soluble
 Duocal



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

Food/Fluid Thickeners

NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by PHARMAC; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

PHARMAC intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder e.g. Feed Thickener
Karicare Aptamil

GUAR GUM

Powder e.g. Guarcol

MAIZE STARCH

Powder e.g. Resource Thicken

Up; Nutilis

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM

Powder e.g. Instant Thick

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID

Powder e.g. Easy Thick

Metabolic Products

→ Restricted (RS1232)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products

100 g, 400 g can

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.g. XLYS Low TRY

e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant e.g. XLYS Low TRY Maxamaid

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

Homocystinuria Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle

- e.a. HCU Anamix Infant
- e.a. XMET Maxamaid
- e.g. XMET Maxamum
- e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ

Isovaleric Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- 1 Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

- e.g. IVA Anamix Infant
- e.g. XLEU Maxamaid
- e.g. XLEU Maxamum

Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
 - Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle

- e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant
- e.g. MSUD Maxamum
- e.g. MSUD Anamix Junior I O



	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Phenylketonuria Products			
MINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) - Restricte	ed see terms on page	214	
Tab 8.33 mg			e.g. Phlexy-10
Powder 20 g protein, 2.5 g carbohydrate and 0.22 g fibre per 27.8	} g		5.4
sachet			e.g. PKU Lophlex
			Powder
Douglas 26 a protein 20 a conhabilidate and 10 E a fot nov 100 a	06 ~		(unflavoured)
Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, sachet	36 y		e.g. PKU Anamix Jui
Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fib	are nor		e.y. FNO Anamix Jui
100 g, 400 g can	ic per		e.g. PKU Anamix Infa
Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can			e.g. XP Maxamaid
Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can			e.g. XP Maxamum
Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet			e.g. Phlexy-10
Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 m	nl.		
62.5 ml bottle	,		e.g. PKU Lophlex LC
Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 m	nl,		,
125 ml bottle	•		e.g. PKU Lophlex LC
Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per	,		
100 ml, bottle	13.10	125 ml	PKU Anamix Junior L
			(Berry)
			PKU Anamix Junior L
			(Orange) PKU Anamix Junior L
			(Unflavoured)
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml,	125 ml		(Omavourca)
bottle	120 1111		e.g. PKU Lophlex LC
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml,			9
62.5 ml bottle			e.g. PKU Lophlex LC
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 1	125 ml		,
bottle			e.g. PKU Lophlex LC
Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 6	32.5 ml		
bottle			e.g. PKU Lophlex LC
Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 25	50 ml		
carton			e.g. Easiphen
Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre pe	∍r		DIZILI salah
100 g, 109 g pot			e.g. PKU Lophlex
			Sensations
g. XP Maxamaid Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 1	100 a 500 a can to h	a dalistad 1	20 (berries)
g. At maxamaid i owder 25 y protein and 51 y carbonydrate per i	oo y, soo y can to b	c aciisica i	πρι 2013)

Propionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THREONINE AND VALINE) - **Restricted** see terms on page 214

• Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per

	100 g, 400 g can	e.g. MMA/PA Anamix
t	Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can	Infant e.g. XMTVI Maxamaid
t	Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can	e.g. XMTVI Maxamum

SPECIAL FOODS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacture

Protein Free Supplements

PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 214

1 Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can e.g.Energivit

Tyrosinaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSINE) - Restricted see terms on page 214

- Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g sachet
- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g. 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

- e.g. TYR Anamix Junior
- e.g. TYR Anamix Infant
- e.g. XPHEN, TYR Maxamaid
- e.g. TYR Anamix Junior

Urea Cycle Disorders Products

AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 214

- 1 Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can
- 1 Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can

- e.a. Dialamine
- e.g. Essential Amino Acid Mix

X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products

GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 214

Liquid. 1.000 ml bottle

GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 214

1 Liquid, 500 ml bottle

Specialised Formulas

Diabetic Products

→ Restricted (RS1215)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism: or
- 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 6 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.

	Price	CT)	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. 0 \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	W-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bottle	1,000 ml	Glucerna Select RTH
t	Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag		(Vanilla) e.g. Nutrison Advanced
ıc	W-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page		Diason
	Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre per 100 ml, can	237 ml	Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla)
	Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle	250 ml	Glucerna Select (Vanilla)
1	Liquid 6 g protein, 9.5 g carbohydrate, 4.7 g fat and 2.6 g fibre per 100 ml, can	237 ml	Resource Diabetic (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Diasip
E	lemental and Semi-Elemental Products		
	Restricted (RS1216) tiation		
lni	1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding.		
An An 1	tiation y of the following: 1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. 1INO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet	80 g	Vivonex TEN
AN 1 AN 1 PE	tiation y of the following: 1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. 1INO ACID ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms above Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet	80 g	e.g. Elemental 028 Extra
AN 1 PE 1 PE	tiation y of the following: 1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding. 1INO ACID ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet	80 g	

SPECIAL FOODS

1.0 (Vanilla)

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms of Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, ca		237 ml	Peptamen OS

Fat Modified Products

FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below

Fowder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Monogen

→ Restricted (RS1470)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism: or
- 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or
- 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

Hepatic Products

→ Restricted (RS1217)

Initiation

For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant.

HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above

Heparon Junior 400 a

High Calorie Products

→ Restricted (RS1317)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted: or
- 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or
- 3 Both:
 - 3.1 Any of the following:
 - 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
 - 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
 - 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
 - 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and
 - 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements.

FNTFRAI	FFFD 21	KCAL/MI	 Restricted 	I see terms above

L	Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.50	500 ml	Nutrison Concentrated
t	Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per		
	100 ml, bottle11.00	1,000 ml	TwoCal HN RTH (Vanilla)
OF	RAL FFFD 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above		

ı	Liquid 8.4 g protein, 22.4 g carbonydrate, 8.9 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per		
	100 ml, bottle	200 ml	Two Cal HN

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **High Protein Products** HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml, 1.000 ml bag e.a. Nutrison Protein Plus → Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre ⇒ Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both: 1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease: or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted: or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie product. Infant Formulas AMINO ACID FORMULA - Restricted see terms below Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 400 g can e.g. Neocate Powder 13 g protein, 52.5 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g. e.a. Neocate LCP Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can e.a. Neocate Junior Unflavoured Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can53.00 400 a Neocate Gold (Unflavoured) 400 a Alfamino Junior Powder 16 g protein, 51.4 g carbohydrate and 21 g fat per 100 g, can53.00 400 a Neocate Junior Vanilla Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00 400 g Elecare LCP (Unflavoured) Powder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can.......53.00 400 g Elecare (Unflavoured)

continued...

Elecare (Vanilla)

Initiation Any of the following:

⇒ Restricted (RS1471)

SPECIAL FOODS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic	
		Per	Manufacturer	
continued				

continued...

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

Continuation

Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula.

EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g, 450 g can

e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti

Junior

⇒ Restricted (RS1502)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
 - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
 - - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
 - 1.2.2 Sov milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
 - 2 Severe malabsorption: or
 - 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
 - 4 Intractable diarrhoea: or
 - 5 Biliary atresia; or
 - 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
 - 7 Cystic fibrosis: or
 - 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or
 - 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 10 Intestinal failure; or
- 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated allergic reaction.

Continuation

Roth:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or sov infant formula has been undertaken: and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g.

400 g can

e.a. Galactomin 19

LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA

Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact

Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can

e.g. S26 Lactose Free

SPECIAL FOODS			
	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA			_
Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 10 400 g can PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see	terms below		e.g. Locasol
↓ Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre 100 ml, bottle → Restricted (RS1614) Initiation – Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering g Both:	2.35	125 ml	Infatrini
1 Either:			
1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg. Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolera growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clin and adjusting the frequency of feeding.	te an adequate volu	me of infant	•
PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below			

Liquid 2.2 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 0.75 100 ml S26 LBW Gold RTF

Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml bottle e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF

Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml

bottle

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm

→ Restricted (RS1224) Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

Ketogenic Diet Products

HIGH FAT FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14.4 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100 g, can35.50 300 g

> 4:1 (Unflavoured) Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)

Ketocal

Powder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100 g, can35.50 300 q

3:1 (Unflavoured)

⇒ Restricted (RS1225)

Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

Paediatric Products

→ Restricted (RS1473)

Initiation

Both:

		SPECIAL FOODS
Price (ex man. excl. GS° \$	Γ) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes	of feeding	ı; or
 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days. 	Š	
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous particles are terms on the previous particles.	age	
Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per 100 ml, bag4.00	500 ml	Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page t Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag2.68 t Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml,	500 ml	Pediasure RTH
500 ml bag		e.g. Nutrini RTH
PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 100 ml, bag	ge 500 ml	Nutrini Energy Multi
t Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bag		Fibre e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH
PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle1.07	200 ml	Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla)
t Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, can	250 ml	Pediasure (Vanilla)
200 ml bottle Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per		e.g. Fortini
100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortini Multifibre
Renal Products		
LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML – Restricted see terms below Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre	500 ml	News LID DTLL
per 100 ml, bottle	500 1111	Nepro HP RTH
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED – Restricted see terms below		
Fowder 7.5 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 26.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can → Restricted (RS1227)		e.g. Kindergen

For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease.

Initiation

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML		
↓ Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per		
100 ml, carton2.67	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
⇒ Restricted (RS1228)		(,
Initiation		
For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.		
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below		
Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, carton3.31	237 ml	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 ml bottle		,
Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml		
carton		e.g. Renilon 7.5
Restricted (RS1228)		
Initiation		
For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.		

Respiratory Products

LOW CARBOHYDRATE ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

¶ Liquid 6.2 g protein, 10.5 g carbohydrate and 9.32 g fat per 100 ml, bottle1.66 237 ml Pulmocare (Vanilla)

→ Restricted (RS1230)

Initiation

For patients with CORD and hypercapnia, defined as a CO2 value exceeding 55 mmHg.

Surgical Products

HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1231)

Initiation

Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head or neck surgery.

PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below

■ Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml

→ Restricted (RS1415)

Initiation

Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to 3 hours before major abdominal surgery.

Standard Feeds

→ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

Any of the following:

		;	SPECIAL FOODS
(ex man.	rice excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; or 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 3-6 months; o 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; o 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient loss causes such as catabolism; or 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or 5 For patients being tube-fed; or 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition; or	or	or increased	I nutritional needs from
7 For any other condition that meets the community Special Authority criteria	a.		
ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page t Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, bag Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	7.00	1,000 ml	Nutrison Energy e.g. Nutrison Energy
t Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, can	7.00	250 ml 1,000 ml 1,000 ml	Multi Fibre Ensure Plus HN Ensure Plus HN RTH Jevity HiCal RTH
ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page	7.00	1,000 1111	Jevily Filodi HTTT
t Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, bottle t Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g fibre per		1,000 ml	Osmolite RTH
100 ml, bottle	5.29	1,000 ml	Jevity RTH
1,000 ml bag			e.g. NutrisonStdRTH;

t	Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per	
	100 ml, 1000 ml bag	

NutrisonLowSodium e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre

ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Jevity Plus RTH

ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per

Nutrison 800 Complete 1.000 ml Multi Fibre

SPECIAL FOODS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms on page 224			
Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 1	00 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)
1 Powder 20.8 g protein, 61 g carbohydrate and 9.4 g fat per 10	0 g, can8.54	857 g	Fortisip (Vanilla)
Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100		840 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Choc) Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Van)
Note: Community subsidy of Sustagen Hospital Formula manufacturer's surcharge. Higher subsidy by endorseme criteria; fat malabsorption, fat intolerance or chyle leak.			criteria ànd á
ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 224			
Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 10	00 ml		
237 ml carton	.~,		e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 224			
t Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 10 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 20.2 g carbohydra	•	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
carton		200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest)
1 Liquid 4 a protoin and 22.5 a earhabydrata per 100 ml 200 m	hottle		Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 m			e.g. Fortijuice
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 r bottle	III, ∠UU MI		o a Fortigin
	ro nor		e.g. Fortisip
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibing 100 ml, 200 ml bottle	e hei		e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre
100 mi, 200 mi bottic			c.g. I ordisip water libre

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Bacterial and Viral Vaccines

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe

0.00 10 Infanrix IPV

→ Restricted (RS1387) Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens;
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE -

Restricted see terms below

- Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepatitis B surface antigen in 0.5 ml syringe (1) and inj 10 mcg haemophilus
 - influenzae type B vaccine vial = **0% DV Sep-17 to 2020**......................0.00 10 **Infanrix-hexa**
- → Restricted (RS1478)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for children up to and under the age of 10 who are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

Bacterial Vaccines

ADULT DIPHTHERIA AND TETANUS VACCINE

- → Restricted (RS1386)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For vaccination of patients aged 45 and 65 years old; or
- 2 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 4 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds; or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial

→ Restricted (RS1233)

Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

.... 0.00 1 Boostrix

10 Boostrix

→ Restricted (RS1493)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single vaccine for pregnant woman between gestational weeks 28 and 38; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens.

Note: Tdap is not registered for patients aged less than 10 years. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

......... 0.00 1 Hiberix

⇒ Restricted (RS1520)

Initiation

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

			VACCINES
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE - F	Restricted see term	ns below	
Inj 4 mcg or each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a to approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml via 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020 → Restricted (RS1481)	l –	1	Menactra
Initiation			
 Any of the following: 1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anat 2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or 3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; o 4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppress 	omic asplenia or pi		
Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks a and then five yearly.	part, a booster dos	e three ye	ars after the primary series
*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therap	y must be for a per	riod of gre	ater than 28 days.
MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE — Restricted see term Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe — 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020 → Restricted (RS1482)		1	Neisvac-C
Initiation			
 Any of the following: 1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients pre complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or anat 2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or 3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients; or 4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppress Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks a 	omic asplenia or por r ion*.	re or post	solid organ transplant; or
and then five yearly.	Jan, a booster dos	e unee ye	ars after the primary series
*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therap	y must be for a per	riod of gre	ater than 28 days.
PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see	•	3	,.
 I mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 5, 6B, 7F, 9V, 14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe − 0% DV Sep-17 to 20 → Restricted (RS1585) 	4,	10	Synflorix
Initiation			
Either:			
 A primary course of four doses for previously unvaccinated indiv Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary course months who have received one to three doses of PCV13. 			
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate se	chedule for catch u	p program	mes
PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted set Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5, 6B, 7F, 9V, 14, 18C, 19A, 19F and 23F in 0.5 ml syringe	6A,	1	Prevenar 13
0B, 7F, 9V, 14, 10C, 19A, 19F and 25F IITU.5 III Syllinge		10	Prevenar 13

One dose is funded for high risk children (over the age of 17 months and under 18 years) who have previously received four

continued...

Initiation – High risk children who have received PCV10

→ Restricted (RS1586)

Therapy limited to 1 dose

doses of PCV10.



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for children aged under 5 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
 - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
 - 2.3 With HIV infection: or
 - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
 - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
 - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
 - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
 - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
 - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
 - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
 - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
 - 2.12 With diabetes; or
 - 2.13 With Down syndrome: or
 - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation - High risk adults and children 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation of patients 5 years and over with HIV, for patients pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

→ Restricted (RS1587)

Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
 - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune

	Price		Brand or
(ex	man. excl. GS	ST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

response; or

- 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
- 2.3 With HIV infection: or
- 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
- 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
- 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
- 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks: or
- 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
- 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
- 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
- 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
- 2.12 With diabetes: or
- 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

Initiation – Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1243)

Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

Viral Vaccines

HEPATITIS A VACCINE	Doctricted	con torme	holow
HEPATITIS A VACCINE	– Restricted	see terms	pelow

■ Inj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml syringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1	Havrix Junior
---	---	---------------

→ Restricted (RS1638)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or
 - 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or
 - 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE

→ Restricted (RS1588)

Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAq) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer continued... 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients: or 10 Following needle stick injury. **HBvaxPRO** → Restricted (RS1588) Initiation Any of the following: 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or 4 For HIV positive patients: or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or 10 Following needle stick injury. Engerix-B → Restricted (RS1588) Initiation Any of the following: 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients: or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; or 10 Following needle stick injury. **HBvaxPRO** ⇒ Restricted (RS1413) Initiation Both: 1 For dialysis patients; and 2 For liver or kidney transplant patient. (Engerix-B Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe to be delisted 1 December 2018) HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VACCINE [HPV] - Restricted see terms below Gardasil 9 → Restricted (RS1556) Initiation - Children aged 14 years and under Therapy limited to 2 doses Children aged 14 years and under. continued...

t Item restricted (see → above); f Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

Initiation - other conditions

Either:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
 - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
 - 2.2 Any of the following:
 - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or
 - 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) patients; or
 - 2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

INFLUENZA VACCINE

■ Inj 45 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (trivalent vaccine)......90.00 10 Influvac

⇒ Restricted (RS1642)

Initiation - People over 65

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation - cardiovascular disease

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure: or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation - chronic respiratory disease

Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes: or
 - 1.2 Chronic renal disease; or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency: or
 - 1.6 HIV: or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome: or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
 - 1.16 Is a child aged four and under who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or

VACCINES Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer continued... 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital; or 3 People under 18 years of age living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborough region (within the Nelson Marlborough District Health Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury District Health Board); or 4 People under 18 years of age who have been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and the surrounding region. Ini 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine).......................9.00 Fluarix Tetra → Restricted (RS1618) Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients aged 6 months to 35 months Any of the following: 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or 2 Congestive heart failure; or 3 Rheumatic heart disease: or 4 Congenital heart disease; or 5 Cerebro-vascular disease. Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding. Initiation - chronic respiratory disease for patients aged 6 months to 35 months Fither: 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function. Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding. Initiation - Other conditions for patients aged 6 months to 35 months Any of the following: 1 Any of the following: 1.1 Diabetes: or 1.2 Chronic renal disease; or 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or 1.6 HIV: or 1.7 Transplant recipient: or 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders: or 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or 1.14 Down syndrome: or 1.15 Child who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or 2 Child is living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborough region (within the Nelson Marlborough District Health Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury District Health Board); or 3 Child has been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and the surrounding region. Influvac Tetra 10 → Restricted (RS1617) Initiation - People over 65

continued...

Initiation - cardiovascular disease for patients 3 years and over

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Any of the following:

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease: or
- 4 Congenital heart disease: or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

Initiation - chronic respiratory disease for patients 3 years and over

Fither:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

Initiation - Other conditions for patients 3 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
 - 1.1 Diabetes: or
 - 1.2 chronic renal disease; or
 - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
 - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
 - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
 - 1.6 HIV; or
 - 1.7 Transplant recipient: or
 - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
 - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
 - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
 - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
 - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
 - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
 - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
 - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
 - 1.16 Is a child aged four and under who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital; or
- 3 People under 18 years of age living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborough region (within the Nelson Marlborough District Health Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury District Health Board); or
- 4 People under 18 years of age who have been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and the surrounding region.

MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50,

Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent

⇒ Restricted (RS1487)

Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer continued... 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Initiation – first dose after 12 months Therapy limited to 2 doses Any of the following: 1 For primary vaccination in children; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression: or 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below **IPOL** → Restricted (RS1398) Initiation Therapy limited to 3 doses Either: 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression. Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes. RABIES VACCINE Ini 2.5 IU vial with diluent ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below ■ Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1.000.000 CCID50 per dose. Rotarix 10 → Restricted (RS1590) Initiation Therapy limited to 2 doses Both: 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over. VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below Varilrix

10 Varilrix

→ Restricted (RS1591)

Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Fither:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. (GST)	Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
- 5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: * immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

■ Varicella zoster virus (Oka strain) live attenuated vaccine [shingles

⇒ Restricted (RS1619)

Initiation - people aged 65 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged 65 years.

Initiation - people aged between 66 and 80 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged between 66 and 80 years inclusive from 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2020.

Diagnostic Agents

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST

PART III: OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Optional Pharmaceuticals

NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

apply to them.			
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips	20.00	1	CareSens N Premier
	10.00		Caresens N
			Caresens N POP
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
Blood glucose test strips	10.56	50 test	CareSens N
Test strips		50 test	CareSens PRO
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
	15.50	10 strip	KetoSens
Test strips		io strip	KeloSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER	}		
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic			
test strips	20.00	1	CareSens Dual
INSULIN PEN NEEDLES			
29 g × 12.7 mm	10.50	100	B-D Micro-Fine
31 g × 5 mm		100	B-D Micro-Fine
31 g × 6 mm		100	ABM
31 g × 8 mm		100	B-D Micro-Fine
32 g × 4 mm		100	B-D Micro-Fine
-	10.00	100	D D WIIOTO T IIIC
INSULIN SYRINGES, DISPOSABLE WITH ATTACHED NEEDLE	40.00	400	D.D.Liller, Etc.
Syringe 0.3 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.3 ml with 31 g x 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 0.5 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.5 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 1 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle		100	B-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 1 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle	13.00	100	B-D Ultra Fine II
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE			
Small	2.20	1	e-chamber Mask
PEAK FLOW METER			
Low Range	0.54	1	Mini-Wright AFS Low
LOW Hange	3.54	'	Range
Normal Range	0.54	1	Mini-Wright Standard
Ç	3.54	'	Willia-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE			
Cassette	12.00	40 test	Smith BioMed Rapid
			Pregnancy Test
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			
Test strip	22.00	50 strip	Ketostix
SPACER DEVICE			
220 ml (single patient)	2.95	1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)		1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml		1	Volumatic
		•	

- Symbols -	Disorders	105	Amphotericin B	
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Acetylcholine chloride	Alphamox 125		Sensory	
Acetylcysteine202 Aciclovir	Alphamox 250		Anti-Inflammatory Preparations	
	Alprostadil hydrochloride		Antiacne Preparations	
Infections	Alteplase		Antiallergy Preparations	
Sensory	Alum		Antianaemics	
Aciclovir-Claris	Aluminium chloride		Antiarrhythmics	
Acid Citrate Dextrose A28	Aluminium hydroxide	5	Antibacterials	
Acidex5	Aluminium hydroxide with		Anticholinergic Agents	
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Adapalene51	Amikacin		Antifungals	
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Adenuric101	furosemide	41	Antimycobacterials	8
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ADT Booster227	hydrochlorothiazide	41	Antiparasitics	8
Adult diphtheria and tetanus	Aminolevulinic acid		Antipruritic Preparations	5
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Apo-Ciclopirox		Arrow-Losartan &		Azithromycin	
Apo-Cilazapril		Hydrochlorothiazide	36	Azol	
Apo-Cilazapril/		Arrow-Morphine LA		AZT	
Hydrochlorothiazide	35	Arrow-Norfloxacin		Aztreonam	
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Apo-Megestrol		Arrow-Topiramate		Bacterial and Viral Vaccines	
Apo-Metoprolol		Arrow-Tramadol		Bacterial Vaccines	
Apo-Mirtazapine		Arsenic trioxide		Balanced Salt Solution	
Apo-Moclobemide		Artemether with lumefantrine		Baraclude	
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