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Introducing PHARMAC

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## Introducing PHARMAC

The Pharmaceutical Management Agency (PHARMAC) makes decisions that help control Government spending on pharmaceuticals. This includes community pharmaceuticals, hospital pharmaceuticals, vaccines and increasingly, hospital medical devices. PHARMAC negotiates prices, sets subsidy levels and conditions, and makes decisions on changes to the subsidised list. The funding for pharmaceuticals comes from District Health Boards.

#### PHARMAC's role:

"Secure for eligible people in need of pharmaceuticals, the best health outcomes that can reasonably be achieved, and from within the amount of funding provided."

New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000

To ensure our decisions are as fair and robust as possible we use a decision-making process that incorporates clinical, economic and commercial issues. We also seek the views of users and the wider community through consultation. The processes we generally use are outlined in our Operating Policies and Procedures.

Further information about PHARMAC and the way we make funding decisions can be found on the PHARMAC website at http://www.pharmac.health.nz/about.

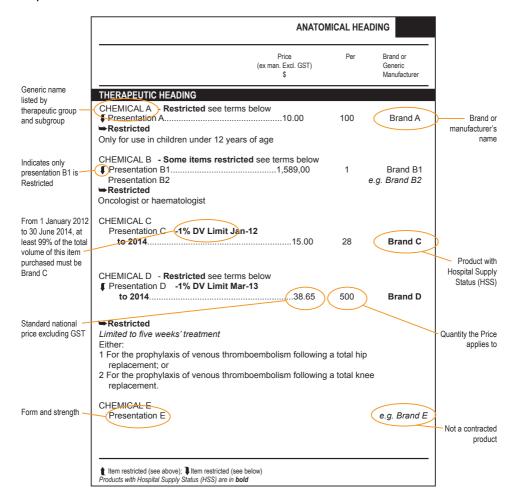
# Glossary

#### Units of Measure gram ...... g microgram..... mcg millimole......mmol unit......u kilogram......kg milligram ..... mg international unit .....iu millilitre..... ml **Abbreviations** application ...... app enteric coated FC solution soln suppository ......suppos capsule ...... cap granules......grans cream.....crm injection .....inj tablet......tab dispersible ......disp liquid ......liq tincture.....tinc effervescent.....eff lotion......lotn emulsion ..... emul ointment......oint

HSS Hospital Supply Status

# **Guide to Section H listings**

## Example



# PART I: GENERAL RULES

General Rules for Section H of the Pharmaceutical Schedule are included in Section A General Rules and are located on the PHARMAC website

## PART II: ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

**Antacids and Antiflatulents** 

**Antacids and Reflux Barrier Agents** 

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE WITH MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE AND SIMETICONE

Tab 200 mg with magnesium hydroxide 200 mg and simeticone 20 mg

Oral liq 400 mg with magnesium hydroxide 400 mg and simeticone

30 ma per 5 ml

e.g. Mylanta

e.g. Mylanta Double Strength

e.g. Gaviscon Infant

e.g. Gaviscon Double Strength

Acidex

SIMETICONE

Oral drops 100 mg per ml Oral drops 20 mg per 0.3 ml

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH MAGNESIUM ALGINATE

Powder for oral soln 225 mg with magnesium alginate 87.5 mg, sachet

SODIUM ALGINATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE AND CALCIUM CARBONATE

Tab 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

160 mg

Oral liq 500 mg with sodium bicarbonate 267 mg and calcium carbonate

160 mg per 10 ml......4.95 500 ml

SODIUM CITRATE

Oral liq 8.8% (300 mmol/l)

Phosphate Binding Agents

ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 600 mg

CALCIUM CARBONATE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1025)

Initiation

Only for use in children under 12 years of age for use as a phosphate binding agent.

**Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal Anti-Inflammatory Agents** 

**Antipropulsives** 

DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ATROPINE SULPHATE

Tab 2.5 mg with atropine sulphate 25 mcg

LOPERAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

**Rectal and Colonic Anti-Inflammatories** 

BUDESONIDE - Restricted see terms below

Cap 3 mg

→ Restricted (RS1026)

Initiation - Crohn's disease

Both:

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Mild to moderate ileal, ileocaecal or proximal Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Diabetes: or
    - 2.2 Cushingoid habitus; or
    - 2.3 Osteoporosis where there is significant risk of fracture; or
    - 2.4 Severe acne following treatment with conventional corticosteroid therapy; or
    - 2.5 History of severe psychiatric problems associated with corticosteroid treatment; or
    - 2.6 History of major mental illness (such as bipolar affective disorder) where the risk of conventional corticosteroid treatment causing relapse is considered to be high; or
    - 2.7 Relapse during pregnancy (where conventional corticosteroids are considered to be contraindicated).

## Initiation - Collagenous and lymphocytic colitis (microscopic colitis)

Patient has a diagnosis of microscopic colitis (collagenous or lymphocytic colitis) by colonoscopy with biopsies.

## Initiation - Gut Graft versus Host disease

Patient has gut Graft versus Host disease following allogenic bone marrow transplantation.

HYDROCORTISONE ACETA	

Rectal foam 10%, CFC free (14 applications)26.55	21.1 g	Colifoam
MESALAZINE		
Tab EC 400 mg49.50	100	Asacol
Tab EC 500 mg49.50	100	Asamax
Tab long-acting 500 mg59.05	100	Pentasa
Tab 800 mg85.50	90	Asacol
Modified release granules 1 g141.72	120 g	Pentasa
Suppos 500 mg22.80	20	Asacol
Suppos 1 g54.60	30	Pentasa
Enema 1 g per 100 ml41.30	7	Pentasa
OLSALAZINE		
Tab 500 mg93.37	100	Dipentum
Cap 250 mg53.00	100	Dipentum
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE		
Cap 100 mg		
SULFASALAZINE		
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201914.00	100	Salazopyrin
Tab EC 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 201913.50	100	Salazopyrin EN

## **Local Preparations for Anal and Rectal Disorders**

## **Antihaemorrhoidal Preparations**

CINCHOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCORTISONE			
Oint 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	15.00	30 g	Proctosedyl
Suppos 5 mg with hydrocortisone 5 mg per g	9.90	12	Proctosedyl
FLUOCORTOLONE CAPROATE WITH FLUOCORTOLONE PIVALATE AND	CINCHOCA	AINE	
Oint 950 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 920 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 5 mg per g	6.35	30 g	Ultraproct
Suppos 630 mcg with fluocortolone pivalate 610 mcg and cinchocaine			
hydrochloride 1 mg	2.66	12	Ultraproct

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Management of Anal Fissures				
GLYCERYL TRINITRATE Oint 0.2%		.22.00	30 g	Rectogesic
Rectal Sclerosants				
OILY PHENOL [PHENOL OILY] Inj 5%, 5 ml vial				
Antispasmodics and Other Agents Altering Gut M	otility			
GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019		.17.14	10	Max Health
HYOSCINE BUTYLBROMIDE  Tab 10 mg - <b>1% DV Dec-17 to 2020</b>			100 5	<b>Buscopan</b> Buscopan
MEBEVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE  Tab 135 mg		. 18.00	90	Colofac
Antiulcerants				
Antisecretory and Cytoprotective				
MISOPROSTOL Tab 200 mcg - <b>1% DV Jun-16 to 2019</b>		.41.50	120	Cytotec
H2 Antagonists				
CIMETIDINE Tab 200 mg Tab 400 mg				
RANITIDINE  Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020  Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020  Oral liq 150 mg per 10 ml - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020  Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		.18.21 5.14	500 500 300 ml 5	Ranitidine Relief Ranitidine Relief Peptisoothe Zantac
Proton Pump Inhibitors				
LANSOPRAZOLE  Cap 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021  Cap 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			100 100	Lanzol Relief Lanzol Relief

		Price excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
OMEPRAZOLE  Tab dispersible 20 mg				
→ Restricted (RS1027) Initiation				
Only for use in tube-fed patients.				
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		1 08	90	Omeprazole actavis 10
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020			90	Omeprazole actavis 20
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020			90	Omeprazole actavis 40
Powder for oral liq			5 g	Midwest
Inj 40 mg ampoule with diluent - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		.33.98	5	Dr Reddy's Omeprazole
Inj 40 mg vial - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		.13.00	5	Omezol IV
PANTOPRAZOLE				
Tab EC 20 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		2.41	100	Panzop Relief
Tab EC 40 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		3.35	100	Panzop Relief
Inj 40 mg vial				
Site Protective Agents				
COLLOIDAL BISMUTH SUBCITRATE Tab 120 mg		1451	50	Gastrodenol
-		. 14.51	50	Gastrodenoi
SUCRALFATE				
Tab 1 g				
Bile and Liver Therapy				
L-ORNITHINE L-ASPARTATE - Restricted see terms below				
■ Grans for oral liquid 3 g				
➡ Restricted (RS1261)				
Initiation				
For patients with chronic hepatic encephalopathy who have not respondere lactulose is contraindicated.	nded to tre	atment wi	th, or are i	ntolerant to lactulose, or
RIFAXIMIN - Restricted see terms below				
<b>■</b> Tab 550 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6	625.00	56	Xifaxan
⇒ Restricted (RS1416)				
Initiation	movimum	talaratad (	lanca of la	otulogo
For patients with hepatic encephalopathy despite an adequate trial of	IIIaxiiIIuIII	loleraleu (	10562 01 Id	ciulose.
Diabetes				
Alpha Glucosidase Inhibitors				
ACARBOSE				
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			90	Glucobay
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		6.40	90	Glucobay
Hyperglycaemic Agents				
DIAZOXIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page				
<b>↓</b> Cap 25 mg		110.00	100	Proglicem
■ Cap 100 mg			100	Proglicem
■ Oral liq 50 mg per ml			30 ml	Proglycem

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1028) Initiation For patients with confirmed hypoglycaemia caused by hyperinsulinism. GLUCAGON HYDROCHLORIDE		00.00		Observation (2)
Inj 1 mg syringe kit		.32.00	1	Glucagen Hypokit
GLUCOSE WITH SUCROSE AND FRUCTOSE Gel 19.7% with sucrose 35% and fructose 19.7%, 18 g sachet				
Insulin - Intermediate-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART WITH INSULIN ASPART PROTAMINE Inj insulin aspart 30% with insulin aspart protamine 70%, 100 u per 3 ml prefilled pen	,	.52.15	5	NovoMix 30 FlexPen
INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj insulin human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge INSULIN LISPRO WITH INSULIN LISPRO PROTAMINE				
Inj insulin lispro 25% with insulin lispro protamine 75%, 100 u per r 3 ml cartridge		. 42.66	5	Humalog Mix 25
Inj insulin lispro 50% with insulin lispro protamine 50%, 100 u per r 3 ml cartridge		.42.66	5	Humalog Mix 50
INSULIN NEUTRAL WITH INSULIN ISOPHANE Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 10 vial	ml			
Inj insulin neutral 30% with insulin isophane 70%, 100 u per ml, 3 r cartridge				
Inj insulin neutral 40% with insulin isophane 60%, 100 u per ml, 3 r cartridge Inj insulin neutral 50% with insulin isophane 50%, 100 u per ml, 3 r				
cartridge				
Insulin - Long-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN GLARGINE Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial		.94.50	5 5 1	Lantus SoloStar Lantus Lantus
Insulin - Rapid-Acting Preparations				
INSULIN ASPART Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml syringe		.51.19	5	NovoRapid FlexPen

	Price		Brand or
(	ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Generic Manufacturer
INSULIN GLULISINE	<u> </u>	1 01	Manadator
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial	27 03	1	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge		5	Apidra
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml disposable pen		5	Apidra Solostar
INSULIN LISPRO			
Inj 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
· · · · · ·			
Insulin - Short-Acting Preparations			
INSULIN NEUTRAL			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 10 ml vial			
Inj human 100 u per ml, 3 ml cartridge			
Oral Hypoglycaemic Agents			
GLIBENCLAMIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	6.00	100	Daonil
GLICLAZIDE			
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.29	500	Glizide
GLIPIZIDE			
Tab 5 mg	2.85	100	Minidiab
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab immediate-release 500 mg	9.59	1,000	Metchek
Tab immediate-release 850 mg.		500	Metformin Mylan
PIOGLITAZONE			·
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	3.47	90	Vexazone
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		90	Vexazone
Tab 45 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	7.10	90	Vexazone
Digestives Including Enzymes			
PANCREATIC ENZYME			
Cap pancreatin (175 mg (25,000 U lipase, 22,500 U amylase, 1,250	U		
protease))	F		
Cap pancreatin 150 mg (amylase 8,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 10,000 Ph U, total protease 600 Ph Eur U) – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		100	Creon 10000
Cap pancreatin 300 mg (amylase 18,000 Ph Eur U, lipase 25,000 Ph		100	CIEUII IUUUU
Eur U, total protease 1,000 Ph Eur U) - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202		100	Creon 25000
Powder pancreatin 60.12 mg (3,600 Ph. Eur. u/amylase, 5,000 Ph.		. 50	2.00
Eur. u/lipase and 200 Ph. Eur. u/protease)			
URSODEOXYCHOLIC ACID – Restricted see terms below			
	37.95	100	Ursosan
→ Restricted (RS1328)			

- Initiation Alagille syndrome or progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis Either:
  - 1 Patient has been diagnosed with Alagille syndrome; or2 Patient has progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis.

continued...

F	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

## Initiation - Chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic severe drug induced cholestatic liver injury; and
- 2 Cholestatic liver injury not due to Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) use in adults; and
- 3 Treatment with ursodeoxycholic acid may prevent hospital admission or reduce duration of stay.

#### Initiation - Cirrhosis

### Both:

- 1 Primary biliary cirrhosis confirmed by antimitochondrial antibody titre (AMA) > 1:80, and raised cholestatic liver enzymes with or without raised serum IqM or, if AMA is negative by liver biopsy; and
- 2 Patient not requiring a liver transplant (bilirubin > 100 μmol/l; decompensated cirrhosis.

#### Initiation - Pregnancy

Patient diagnosed with cholestasis of pregnancy.

#### Initiation - Haematological transplant

#### Both:

- 1 Patient at risk of veno-occlusive disease or has hepatic impairment and is undergoing conditioning treatment prior to allogenic stem cell or bone marrow transplantation; and
- 2 Treatment for up to 13 weeks.

#### Initiation - Total parenteral nutrition induced cholestasis

#### Both:

- 1 Paediatric patient has developed abnormal liver function as indicated on testing which is likely to be induced by TPN; and
- 2 Liver function has not improved with modifying the TPN composition.

## Laxatives

## **Bowel-Cleansing Preparations**

#### CITRIC ACID WITH MAGNESIUM OXIDE AND SODIUM PICOSUI FATE

Powder for oral soln 12 g with magnesium oxide 3.5 g and sodium

picosulfate 10 mg per sachet

e.g. PicoPrep

#### MACROGOL 3350 WITH ASCORBIC ACID, POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium

chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate

80.62 mg per g, 210 g sachet

e.g. Glycoprep-C

Powder for oral soln 755.68 mg with ascorbic acid 85.16 mg, potassium chloride 10.55 mg, sodium chloride 37.33 mg and sodium sulphate

80.62 mg per g, 70 g sachet

e.g. Glycoprep-C

## MACROGOL 3350 WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE, SODIUM BICARBONATE, SODIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM SULPHATE

Powder for oral soln 59 g with potassium chloride 0.7425 g, sodium

bicarbonate 1.685 g, sodium chloride 1.465 g and sodium sulphate

## **Bulk-Forming Agents**

ISPAGHULA (PSYLLIUM) HUSK

STERCULIA WITH FRANGULA - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Powder for oral soln

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Faecal Softeners			
OCCUSATE SODIUM  Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020  Tab 120 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		100 100	Coloxyl Coloxyl
DOCUSATE SODIUM WITH SENNOSIDES  Tab 50 mg with sennosides 8 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021  PARAFFIN  Oral liquid 1 mg per ml  Enema 133 ml  POLOXAMER		200	Laxsol
Oral drops 10% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.78	30 ml	Coloxyl
Opioid Receptor Antagonists - Peripheral			
METHYLNALTREXONE BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below  Inj 12 mg per 0.6 ml vial	36.00 246.00	1 7	Relistor Relistor
nitiation – Opioid induced constipation  3oth:  1 The patient is receiving palliative care; and 2 Either:  2.1 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipat 2.2 Oral and rectal treatments for opioid induced constipat			
Osmotic Laxatives			
SLYCEROL Suppos 1.27 g Suppos 2.55 g Suppos 3.6 g – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	9.25	20	PSM
ACTULOSE		500 ml	Laevolac
Oral liq 10 g per 15 ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	RBONATE AND SOE odium sodium		
Feb-18 to 2020SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM LAURYL SULPHOACETATE	6.78	30	Molaxole
Enema 90 mg with sodium lauryl sulphoacetate 9 mg per ml, 5 n SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID Oral liq 16.4% with phosphoric acid 25.14% Enema 10% with phosphoric acid 6.58%		50 1	Micolette  Fleet Phosphate Enem
Stimulant Laxatives	2.30	'	ricet i nospilate Enem
BISACODYL			Lax-Tabs

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

**SENNOSIDES** 

Tab 7.5 mg

## Metabolic Disorder Agents

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1545)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is aged up to 24 months at the time of initial application and has been diagnosed with infantile Pompe disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase by prenatal diagnosis using chorionic villus biopsies and/or cultured amniotic cells; or
  - 2.2 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides; or
  - 2.3 Documented deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase, and documented molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the acid alpha-glucosidase gene (GAA gene); or
  - 2.4 Documented urinary tetrasaccharide testing indicating a diagnostic elevation of glucose tetrasaccharides, and molecular genetic testing indicating a disease-causing mutation in the GAA gene; and
- 3 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting enzyme replacement therapy (ERT): and
- 4 Patient does not have another life-threatening or severe disease where the prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT or might be reasonably expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 5 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks.

#### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Alglucosidase alfa to be administered at doses no greater than 20 mg/kg every 2 weeks; and
- 3 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 4 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by ERT; and
- 5 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to ERT; and
- 6 There is no evidence of life threatening progression of respiratory disease as evidenced by the needed for > 14 days of invasive ventilation; and
- 7 There is no evidence of new or progressive cardiomyopathy.

#### **ARGININE**

Powder

Inj 600 mg per ml, 25 ml vial

BETAINE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

#### → Restricted (RS1639)

### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of homocystinuria; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 A cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency; or
  - 2.2 A 5,10-methylene-tetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency; or
  - 2.3 A disorder of intracellular cobalamin metabolism; and
- 3 An appropriate homocysteine level has not been achieved despite a sufficient trial of appropriate vitamin supplementation.

## Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

## BIOTIN - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 50 mg
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1330)

Metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

#### GALSULFASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1523)

### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with mucopolysaccharidosis VI; and
- O Fither:
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of N-acetyl-galactosamine-4-sulfatase (arylsulfatase B) deficiency confirmed by either enzyme activity assay in leukocytes or skin fibroblasts; or
  - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations and patient has a sibling who is known to have mucopolysaccharidosis VI.

### Continuation

Metabolic physician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate for the patient and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 2 Patient has not had severe infusion-related adverse reactions which were not preventable by appropriate pre-medication and/or adjustment of infusion rates; and
- 3 Patient has not developed another life threatening or severe disease where the long term prognosis is unlikely to be influenced by Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 4 Patient has not developed another medical condition that might reasonably be expected to compromise a response to FRT.

## HAEM ARGINATE

14

Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

IDURSULFASE - Restricted see terms on the next page

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

⇒ Restricted (RS1546)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hunter Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis II); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of iduronate 2-sulfatase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
  - 2.2 Detection of a disease causing mutation in the iduronate 2-sulfatase gene, and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with idursulfase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT): and
- 5 Idursulfase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 weeks post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 0.5 mg/kg every week.

#### IMIGLUCERASE - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 40 iu per ml. 5 ml vial
- Inj 40 iu per ml, 10 ml vial

(Any Inj 40 iu per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 March 2019)

(Any Inj 40 iu per ml, 10 ml vial to be delisted 1 March 2019)

## → Restricted (RS1034)

#### Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher's Treatment Panel.

## LARONIDASE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1607)

#### Initiation

Metabolic physician

Limited to 24 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with Hurler Syndrome (mucopolysacchardosis I-H); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Diagnosis confirmed by demonstration of alpha-L-iduronidase deficiency in white blood cells by either enzyme assay in cultured skin fibroblasts; or
  - 2.2 Detection of two disease causing mutations in the alpha-L-iduronidase gene and patient has a sibling who is known to have Hurler syndrome; and
- 3 Patient is going to proceed with a haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) within the next 3 months and treatment with laronidase would be bridging treatment to transplant; and
- 4 Patient has not required long-term invasive ventilation for respiratory failure prior to starting Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT); and
- 5 Laronidase to be administered for a total of 24 weeks (equivalent to 12 weeks pre- and 12 post-HSCT) at doses no greater than 100 units/kg every week.

## LEVOCARNITINE - Restricted see terms below

- Oral soln 1.000 mg per 10 ml
- Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml
- Ini 200 mg per ml. 5 ml vial

(Any Oral soln 1,100 mg per 15 ml to be delisted 1 October 2018)

## → Restricted (RS1035)

Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer PYRIDOXAL-5-PHOSPHATE - Restricted see terms below Tab 50 mg → Restricted (RS1331) Neurologist, metabolic physician or metabolic disorders dietitian SODIUM BENZOATE Cap 500 mg Powder Soln 100 mg per ml Inj 20%, 10 ml ampoule SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE - Some items restricted see terms below Tab 500 mg 174 g Pheburane Oral liq 250 mg per ml Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1526) Initiation Metabolic physician Re-assessment required after 12 months For the chronic management of a urea cycle disorder involving a deficiency of carbamylphosphate synthetase, ornithine transcarbamylase or argininosuccinate synthetase. Continuation Metabolic physician Re-assessment required after 12 months The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment. TALIGLUCERASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below Elelyso → Restricted (RS1034) Only for use in patients with approval by the Gaucher's Treatment Panel. TRIENTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE Cap 300 mg **Minerals** Calcium **CALCIUM CARBONATE** Tab 1.25 g (500 mg elemental) - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020 ......7.52 250 Arrow-Calcium Tab eff 1.75 g (1 g elemental) ......2.07 10 Calsource **Fluoride** SODIUM FLUORIDE Tab 1.1 mg (0.5 mg elemental) **lodine** POTASSIUM IODATE 90 NeuroTabs POTASSIUM IODATE WITH IODINE Oral lig 10% with iodine 5%

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

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	Price (ex man. excl. G	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Iron			
FERRIC CARBOXYMALTOSE - Restricted see terms below  Inj 50 mg per ml, 10 ml vial  → Restricted (RS1417) Initiation  Treatment with oral iron has proven ineffective or is clinically inappropri		1	Ferinject
FERROUS FUMARATE Tab 200 mg (65 mg elemental) FERROUS FUMARATE WITH FOLIC ACID	2.89	100	Ferro-tab
Tab 310 mg (100 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mcg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021  FERROUS GLUCONATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID Tab 170 mg (20 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 40 mg	4.68	60	Ferro-F-Tabs
FERROUS SULPHATE  Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2  Oral liq 30 mg (6 mg elemental) per ml – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019  FERROUS SULPHATE WITH ASCORBIC ACID  Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with ascorbic acid 500	10.80	30 500 ml	Ferrograd Ferodan
FERROUS SULPHATE WITH FOLIC ACID  Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mc (Any Tab long-acting 325 mg (105 mg elemental) with folic acid 350 mc RON POLYMALTOSE	g	September :	2018)
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	15.22	5	Ferrum H
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Venofer
Magnesium			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Tab 311 mg (130 mg elemental)  MAGNESIUM OXIDE Cap 663 mg (400 mg elemental)  MAGNESIUM SULPHATE Inj 0.4 mmol per ml, 250 ml bag Inj 2 mmol per ml, 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.21	10	DBL
Zinc			
ZINC Oral liq 5 mg per 5 drops ZINC CHLORIDE Inj 5.3 mg per ml (5.1 mg per ml elemental), 2 ml ampoule			
ZINC SULPHATE Cap 137.4 mg (50 mg elemental)	11.00	100	Zincaps

(e	Price x man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Mouth and Throat			
Agents Used in Mouth Ulceration			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Soln 0.15% Spray 0.15% Spray 0.3%			
BENZYDAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORI Lozenge 3 mg with cetylpyridinium chloride	DE		
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE Oral spray			
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Paste Powder			
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE Mouthwash 0.2%	2.57	200 ml	healthE
CHOLINE SALICYLATE WITH CETALKONIUM CHLORIDE Adhesive gel 8.7% with cetalkonium chloride 0.01%  DICHLOROBENZYL ALCOHOL WITH AMYLMETACRESOL Lozenge 1.2 mg with amylmetacresol 0.6 mg  TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Paste 0.1% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.33	5 g	Kenalog in Orabase
Oropharyngeal Anti-Infectives			
AMPHOTERICIN B Lozenge 10 mg	5.86	20	Fungilin
MICONAZOLE  Oral gel 20 mg per g - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4.74	40 g	Decozol
NYSTATIN  Oral liquid 100,000 u per ml - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	1.95	24 ml	Nilstat
Other Oral Agents			
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] – Restricted see terms  ↓ Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe  → Restricted (RS1175)  Otolaryngologist  THYMOL GLYCERIN	below		
Compound, BPC – 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019	9.15	500 ml	PSM
Vitamins			
Multivitamin Preparations			
MULTIVITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENT – <b>Restricted</b> see terms  Cap		180	Clinicians Multivit & Mineral Boost

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

#### → Restricted (RS1498)

#### Initiation

Limited to 3 months treatment

#### Both:

- 1 Patient was admitted to hospital with burns; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Burn size is greater than 15% of total body surface area (BSA) for all types of burns; or
  - 2.2 Burn size is greater than 10% of BSA for mid-dermal or deep dermal burns; or
  - 2.3 Nutritional status prior to admission or dietary intake is poor.

### MULTIVITAMIN RENAL - Restricted see terms below

## → Restricted (RS1499)

#### Initiation

#### Fither:

- 1 The patient has chronic kidney disease and is receiving either peritoneal dialysis or haemodialysis; or
- 2 The patient has chronic kidney disease grade 5, defined as patient with an estimated glomerular filtration rate of < 15 ml/min/1.73m² body surface area (BSA).</p>

#### **MULTIVITAMINS**

Tab (BPC cap strength) - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019......10.50 1,000 Mvite

cap vitamin A 2500 u, betacarotene 3 mg, cholecalciferol 11 mcg, alpha tocopherol 150 u, phytomenadione 150 mcg, folic acid 0.2 mg, ascorbic acid 100 mg, thiamine 1.5 mg, pantothenic acid 12 mg, riboflavin 1.7 mg, niacin 20 mg, pyridoxine hydrochloride 1.9 mg, cyanocobalamin 3 mcg, zinc 7.5 mg and biotin 100 mcg

e.g. Vitabdeck

## → Restricted (RS1620)

## Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has cystic fibrosis with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 2 Patient is an infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; or
- 3 Patient has severe malabsorption syndrome.
- Powder vitamin A 4200 mcg with vitamin D 155.5 mcg, vitamin E 21.4 mg, vitamin C 400 mg, vitamin K1 166 mcg thiamine 3.2 mg, riboflavin 4.4 mg, niacin 35 mg, vitamin B6 3.4 mg, folic acid 303 mcg, vitamin B12 8.6 mcg, biotin 214 mcg, pantothenic acid 17 mc abolics 250 ms and insetted 700 mcg.

17 mg, choline 350 mg and inositol 700 mg

### e.g. Paediatric Seravit

## → Restricted (RS1178)

#### Initiation

Patient has inborn errors of metabolism.

- Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg and glucose 1000 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1)
- Inj thiamine hydrochloride 250 mg with riboflavin 4 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 50 mg, 5 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 500 mg with nicotinamide 160 mg, 2 ml ampoule (1)
- Inj thiamine hydrochloride 500 mg with riboflavin 8 mg and pyridoxine hydrochloride 100 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1) and inj ascorbic acid 1000 mg with nicotinamide 320 mg and glucose 2000 mg, 10 ml ampoule (1)

e.g. Pabrinex IV

e.g. Pabrinex IM

e.g. Pabrinex IV

	-	rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
/ITAMIN A WITH VITAMINS D AND C Soln 1,000 u with vitamin D 400 u and ascorbic acid 30 mg per 10	) drops			e.g. Vitadol C
Vitamin A				
RETINOL Tab 10,000 iu Cap 25,000 iu Oral liq 150,000 iu per ml				
Vitamin B				
HYDROXOCOBALAMIN Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE		1.89	3	Neo-B12
Tab 25 mg - 1% <b>DV Jan-18 to 2020</b>			90 500	Vitamin B6 25 Apo-Pyridoxine
THIAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Tab 50 mg Tab 100 mg Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial				e.g. Benerva
/ITAMIN B COMPLEX Tab strong, BPC - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		7.15	500	Bplex
Vitamin C				
ASCORBIC ACID Tab 100 mg - <b>1% DV Jan-17 to 2019</b> Tab chewable 250 mg		8.10	500	Cvite
Vitamin D				
ALFACALCIDOL  Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020  Cap 1 mcg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020  Oral drops 2 mcg per ml - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020		87.98	100 100 20 ml	One-Alpha One-Alpha One-Alpha
CALCITRIOL  Cap 0.25 mcg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019  Cap 0.5 mcg - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019  Oral liq 1 mcg per ml  Inj 1 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		9.95	100 100	Calcitriol-AFT Calcitriol-AFT
COLECALCIFEROL Cap 1.25 mg (50,000 iu) - <b>1% DV Oct-17 to 2020</b>		2.50	12	Vit.D3
Vitamin E				

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

ALPHA TOCOPHERYL - Restricted see terms on the next page

¶ Oral liq 156 u per ml

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

#### → Restricted (RS1632)

## Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient: and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
  - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

#### Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

#### Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
  - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

### ALPHA TOCOPHERYL ACETATE - Restricted see terms below

- Cap 500 u
- Oral lig 156 u per ml
- → Restricted (RS1176)

## Initiation - Cystic fibrosis

Both:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis patient; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A.D.E.K supplement (Vitabdeck); or
  - 2.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for the patient.

## Initiation - Osteoradionecrosis

For the treatment of osteoradionecrosis.

#### Initiation - Other indications

All of the following:

- 1 Infant or child with liver disease or short gut syndrome; and
- 2 Requires vitamin supplementation; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has tried and failed the other available funded fat soluble vitamin A.D.E.K supplements (Vitabdeck); or
  - 3.2 The other available funded fat soluble vitamin A,D,E,K supplement (Vitabdeck) is contraindicated or clinically inappropriate for patient.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

## **Antianaemics**

## **Hypoplastic and Haemolytic**

EPOETIN ALFA [ERYTHROPOIETIN ALFA] - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 1,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe48.6	88 6	6 E	prex
t	Inj 2,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe120.	18 6	6 E	prex
	Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe166.8		6 E	prex
1	Inj 4,000 iu in 0.4 ml syringe193.	13 6	) E	prex
1	Inj 5,000 iu in 0.5 ml syringe243.2	26 6	6 E	prex
1	Inj 6,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe291.9	92 6	6 E	prex
1	Inj 8,000 iu in 0.8 ml syringe352.6	S9 6	6 E	prex
1	Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe395.	18 6	6 E	prex
t	Inj 40,000 iu in 1 ml syringe263.4	15 1	E	prex

## → Restricted (RS1420)

#### Initiation - chronic renal failure

All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
  - 3.2 Roth
    - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

## Initiation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

#### Continuation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropojetin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

## Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

## EPOETIN BETA [ERYTHROPOIETIN BETA] - Restricted see terms below

Note: Epoetin beta is considered a Discretionary Variance Pharmaceutical for epoetin alfa.

- Ini 2.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 3,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Ini 4.000 iu in 0.3 ml svringe
- Inj 5,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 6,000 iu in 0.3 ml syringe
- Inj 10,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1421)

#### Initiation - chronic renal failure

#### All of the following:

- 1 Patient in chronic renal failure; and
- 2 Haemoglobin is less than or equal to 100g/L: and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient does not have diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.1.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 30ml/min; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has diabetes mellitus; and
    - 3.2.2 Glomerular filtration rate is less than or equal to 45ml/min; and
- 4 Patient is on haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis.

## Initiation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of myelodysplasia (MDS); and
- 2 Has had symptomatic anaemia with haemoglobin < 100g/L and is red cell transfusion-dependent; and
- 3 Patient has very low, low or intermediate risk MDS based on the WHO classification-based prognostic scoring system for myelodysplastic syndrome (WPSS); and
- 4 Other causes of anaemia such as B12 and folate deficiency have been excluded; and
- 5 Patient has a serum erythropoietin level of < 500 IU/L; and
- 6 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

## Continuation - myelodysplasia\*

Re-assessment required after 2 months

#### All of the following:

- 1 The patient's transfusion requirement continues to be reduced with erythropoietin treatment; and
- 2 Transformation to acute myeloid leukaemia has not occurred; and
- 3 The minimum necessary dose of erythropoietin would be used and will not exceed 80,000 iu per week.

## Initiation - all other indications

Haematologist.

For use in patients where blood transfusion is not a viable treatment alternative.

\*Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Megaloblastic

#### **FOLIC ACID**

Tab 0.8 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1,000 500	Apo-Folic Acid Apo-Folic Acid
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

e.g. Driclor

## Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and Local Sclerosants

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Topical soln 20% w/v

→ Restricted (RS1500)

Initiation

For use as a haemostatis agent.

APROTININ - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 10,000 kIU per ml (equivalent to 200 mg per ml), 50 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1332)

#### Initiation

Cardiac anaesthetist

Either:

- 1 Paediatric patient undergoing cardiopulmonary bypass procedure; or
- 2 Adult patient undergoing cardiac surgical procedure where the significant risk of massive bleeding outweighs the potential adverse effects of the drug.

#### FLTROMBOPAG - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 25 mg	28	Revolade
t	Tab 50 mg	28	Revolade

→ Restricted (RS1373)

#### Initiation – idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has had a splenectomy; and
- 2 Two immunosuppressive therapies have been trialled and failed after therapy of 3 months each (or 1 month for rituximab); and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of significant mucocutaneous bleeding; or
  - 3.2 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre and has evidence of active bleeding; or
  - 3.3 Patient has a platelet count of less than or equal to 10,000 platelets per microlitre.

## Initiation – (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - preparation for splenectomy)

Haematologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

The patient requires eltrombopag treatment as preparation for splenectomy.

## Continuation - (idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura - post-splenectomy)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient has obtained a response (see Note) from treatment during the initial approval or subsequent renewal periods and further treatment is required.

Note: Response to treatment is defined as a platelet count of > 30,000 platelets per microlitre

FERRIC SUBSULFATE

Gel 25.9%

Soln 500 ml

**POLIDOCANOL** 

24

Ini 0.5%. 30 ml vial

## SODIUM TETRADECYL SULPHATE

Inj 3%, 2 ml ampoule

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
THROMBIN Powder			
TRANEXAMIC ACID			
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	20.67	100	Cyklokapron
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	55.00	10	Cyklokapron
,	6.95	5	Tranexamic-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule – <b>1% DV Sep-18 to 2021</b> (Cyklokapron Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 Septen		5	Tranexamic-AFT
Anticoagulant Reversal Agents			
IDARUCIZUMAB − Restricted see terms below  Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial  Restricted (RS1535) Initiation	4,250.00	2	Praxbind

For the reversal of the anticoagulant effects of dabigatran when required in situations of life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding, or for emergency surgery or urgent procedures.

## **Blood Factors**

EPTACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIIA] - Restricted	d see terms below		
Inj 1 mg syringe	1,178.30	1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 2 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 5 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
Inj 8 mg syringe		1	NovoSeven RT
⇒ Restricted (RS1495)	•		

#### Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

EACTOR FIGHT INHIRITOR RVPASSING FRACTION	Destricted assistants balance

t	Inj 500 U1,450.00	1	FEIBA NF
t	Inj 1,000 U2,900.00	1	FEIBA NF
t	lnj 2,500 U	1	FEIBA NF

## → Restricted (RS1495)

#### Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

## MOROCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu prefilled syringe	210.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 500 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
t	Inj 1,000 iu prefilled syringe	340.00	1	Xyntha
	Inj 2,000 iu prefilled syringe		1	Xyntha
	Inj 3,000 iu prefilled syringe2,		1	Xyntha
	Restricted (RS1508)			•

## Initiation

Note: Preferred Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
NONACOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see to	erms below		
Inj 250 iu vial	310.00	1	BeneFIX
Inj 500 iu vial	620.00	1	BeneFIX
Inj 1,000 iu vial	1,240.00	1	BeneFIX
Inj 2,000 iu vial		1	BeneFIX
Inj 3,000 iu vial		1	BeneFIX
→ Restricted (RS1495)			

#### Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

## NONACOG GAMMA, [RECOMBINANT FACTOR IX] - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 250 iu vial	1	RIXUBIS
	1	RIXUBIS

### ⇒ Restricted (RS1363)

### Initiation

When used in the treatment of haemophilia, treatment is managed by the Haemophilia Treaters Group in conjunction with the National Haemophilia Management Group.

## OCTOCOG ALFA [RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII] (ADVATE) - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 250 iu vial	287.50	1	Advate
1	Inj 500 iu vial	575.00	1	Advate
	Inj 1,000 iu vial		1	Advate
1	Inj 1,500 iu vial	1,725.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 2,000 iu vial	2,300.00	1	Advate
t	Inj 3,000 iu vial	3,450.00	1	Advate
		*		

### → Restricted (RS1509)

## Initiation

Notes: Rare Clinical Circumstances Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website http://www.pharmac.govt.nz or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2 PHARMAC PO Box 10 254 Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Wellington Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

## OCTOCOG ALEA (RECOMBINANT FACTOR VIII) (KOGENATE ES) - Restricted see terms below

0	TOOGG ALI A [TILOOMBINANT TAOTOTT VIII] (NOGLIVATE TO)	ricatificted acc terms below	
t	Inj 250 iu vial	237.50 1	Kogenate FS
	Inj 500 iu vial		Kogenate FS
	lnj 1,000 iu vial		Kogenate FS
	Inj 2,000 iu vial		Kogenate FS
	Inj 3,000 iu vial		Kogenate FS

#### → Restricted (RS1510)

#### Initiation

Notes: Second Brand of recombinant factor VIII from 1 March 2016 until 28 February 2019. When used in the treatment of haemophilia, access to funded treatment by application to the Haemophilia Treatments Panel. Application details may be obtained from PHARMAC.s website http://www.pharmac.govt.nz or:

The Co-ordinator, Haemophilia Treatments Panel Phone: 0800 023 588 Option 2 PHARMAC PO Box 10 254 Facsimile: (04) 974 4881

Wellington Email: haemophilia@pharmac.govt.nz

	Price (ex man. excl. G \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Vitamin K				
PHYTOMENADIONE Inj 2 mg in 0.2 ml ampoule Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5 5	Konakion MM Konakion MM	

## **Antithrombotics**

## **Anticoagulants**

BIVALIRUDIN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 250 mg vial
- → Restricted (RS1181)

### Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing endovascular procedures.

#### CITRATE SODIUM

- Inj 4% (200 mg per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule
- Inj 46.7% (1.4 g per 3 ml), 3 ml syringe
- Inj 46.7% (2.36 g per 5 ml), 5 ml ampoule

## **DABIGATRAN**

Cap 75 mg	/6.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 110 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
Cap 150 mg	76.36	60	Pradaxa
DALTEPARIN			
Inj 2,500 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	19.97	10	Fragmin
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml syringe	39.94	10	Fragmin
Inj 7,500 iu in 0.75 ml syringe	60.03	10	Fragmin
Inj 10,000 iu in 1 ml syringe	77.55	10	Fragmin
Inj 12,500 iu in 0.5 ml syringe	99.96	10	Fragmin
Inj 15,000 iu in 0.6 ml syringe	120.05	10	Fragmin
Inj 18,000 iu in 0.72 ml syringe	158.47	10	Fragmin

### DANAPAROID - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 750 u in 0.6 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1182)

#### Initiation

For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or heparin intolerance.

DEFIBROTIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 80 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule
- → Restricted (RS1183)

#### Initiation

Haematologist

Patient has moderate or severe sinusoidal obstruction syndrome as a result of chemotherapy or regimen-related toxicities.

DEXTROSE WITH SODIUM CITRATE AND CITRIC ACID (ACID CITRATE DEXTROSE A)

Inj 24.5 mg with sodium citrate 22 mg and citric acid 7.3 mg per ml,

100 ml bag

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Generic Manufacturer
ENOXAPARIN SODIUM			
Inj 20 mg in 0.2 ml syringe	27.93	10	Clexane
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml ampoule			
Inj 40 mg in 0.4 ml syringe	37.27	10	Clexane
Inj 60 mg in 0.6 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 80 mg in 0.8 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 100 mg in 1 ml syringe		10	Clexane
Inj 120 mg in 0.8 ml syringe	116.55	10	Clexane
Inj 150 mg in 1 ml syringe		10	Clexane
FONDAPARINUX SODIUM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 2.5 mg in 0.5 ml syringe			
■ Inj 7.5 mg in 0.6 ml syringe			
⇒ Restricted (RS1184)			
Initiation			
For use in heparin-induced thrombocytopaenia, heparin resistance or he	parin intolerance.		
HEPARIN SODIUM	•		
Inj 100 iu per ml, 250 ml bag			
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	98.53	50	Hospira
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 35 ml vial			1.00p.i.u
Inj 1,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	99.50	50	Pfizer
Inj 5,000 iu in 0.2 ml ampoule			
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	28.40	5	Hospira
Inj 5,000 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule		50	Pfizer
HEPARINISED SALINE			
Inj 10 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule	56 94	50	Pfizer
Inj 100 iu per ml, 2 ml ampoule		00	1 11201
Inj 100 iu per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
PHENINDIONE Tol. 10 mg			
Tab 10 mg Tab 25 mg			
Tab 50 mg			
•			
PROTAMINE SULPHATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
RIVAROXABAN			
Tab 10 mg		15	Xarelto
	83.10	30	Xarelto
Tab 15 mg		28	Xarelto
Tab 20 mg	77.56	28	Xarelto
SODIUM CITRATE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE AND POTASSIUM CHL	ORIDE		
Inj 4.2 mg with sodium chloride 5.7 mg and potassium chloride 74.6 per ml, 5,000 ml bag	mcg		
WARFARIN SODIUM			
Tab 1 mg	6.86	100	Marevan
Tab 2 mg		100	marovan
Tab 3 mg	9.70	100	Marevan
Tab 5 mg		100	Marevan
140 0 mg	11.75	100	Maicvaii

	Price excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antiplatelets			
ASPIRIN  Tab 100 mg - 10% DV Dec-16 to 2019	1.60 12.50	90 990	Ethics Aspirin EC Ethics Aspirin EC
Suppos 300 mg CLOPIDOGREL Tab 75 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	 5.44	84	Arrow - Clopid
DIPYRIDAMOLE Tab 25 mg Tab long-acting 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		60	Pytazen SR
EPTIFIBATIDE — Restricted see terms below  ¶ Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial  ¶ Inj 750 mcg per ml, 100 ml vial  Restricted (RS1362)  Initiation		1	Integrilin Integrilin
Either:  1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing patients with definite or strongly suspected intra-coro		•	
PRASUGREL – Restricted see terms below  ↓ Tab 5 mg		28 28	Effient Effient

## Initiation – Bare metal stents

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has undergone coronary angioplasty in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

## Initiation - Drug-eluting stents

Limited to 12 months treatment

Patient has had a drug-eluting cardiac stent inserted in the previous 4 weeks and is clopidogrel-allergic.

## Initiation - Stent thrombosis

Patient has experienced cardiac stent thrombosis whilst on clopidogrel.

## Initiation - Myocardial infarction

Limited to 1 week treatment

For short term use while in hospital following ST-elevated myocardial infarction.

Note: Clopidogrel allergy is defined as a history of anaphylaxis, urticaria, generalised rash or asthma (in non-asthmatic patients) developing soon after clopidogrel is started and is considered unlikely to be caused by any other treatment

## TICAGRELOR - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1496)

#### Initiation

Restricted to treatment of acute coronary syndromes specifically for patients who have recently (within the last 60 days) been diagnosed with an ST-elevation or a non-ST-elevation acute coronary syndrome, and in whom fibrinolytic therapy has not been given in the last 24 hours and is not planned.

#### TICI OPIDINE

Tab 250 mg

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## **Fibrinolytic Agents**

ALTEPLASE

Inj 2 mg vial

Inj 10 mg vial

Inj 50 mg vial

**TENECTEPLASE** 

Ini 50 mg vial

UROKINASE

Ini 10.000 iu vial

Inj 50,000 iu vial

Inj 100,000 iu vial

Inj 500,000 iu vial

## **Colony-Stimulating Factors**

## **Drugs Used to Mobilise Stem Cells**

PLERIXAFOR - Restricted see terms below

8.740.00 1

Mozobil

→ Restricted (RS1536)

### Initiation - Autologous stem cell transplant

Haematologist

Limited to 3 days treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is to undergo stem cell transplantation; and
- 2 Patient has not had a previous unsuccessful mobilisation attempt with plerixafor; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient is undergoing G-CSF mobilisation; and
    - 3.1.2 Fither:
      - 3.1.2.1 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to 10  $\times$   $10^6$ /L on day 5 after 4 days of G-CSF treatment; or
    - 3.1.2.2 Efforts to collect >  $1 \times 10^6$  CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 Patient is undergoing chemotherapy and G-CSF mobilisation; and
    - 3.2.2 Any of the following:
      - 3.2.2.1 Both:
        - 3.2.2.1.1 Has rising white blood cell counts of  $> 5 \times 10^9$ /L; and
        - 3.2.2.1.2 Has a suboptimal peripheral blood CD34 count of less than or equal to  $10 \times 10^6$ /L; or
      - 3.2.2.2 Efforts to collect >  $1 \times 10^6$  CD34 cells/kg have failed after one apheresis procedure; or
  - 3.2.2.3 The peripheral blood CD34 cell counts are decreasing before the target has been received; or
  - 3.3 A previous mobilisation attempt with G-CSF or G-CSF plus chemotherapy has failed.

## **Granulocyte Colony-Stimulating Factors**

FILGRASTIM - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 300 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe270.00	5	Zarzio
t	Inj 300 mcg in 1 ml vial520.00	4	Neupogen
t	Inj 480 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe	5	Zarzio

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
Restricted (RS1188) Haematologist or oncologist				
PEGFILGRASTIM – Restricted see terms below				
Inj 6 mg per 0.6 ml syringe	1,080.00	1	Neulastim	
→ Restricted (RS1262)				

## Initiation

For prevention of neutropenia in patients undergoing high risk chemotherapy for cancer (febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 20%\*).

Note: \*Febrile neutropenia risk greater than or equal to 20% after taking into account other risk factors as defined by the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) guidelines

## Fluids and Electrolytes

Intravenous Administration			
CALCIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
CALCIUM GLUCONATE			
Inj 10%, 10 ml ampoule	34.24	10	Hospira
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l, 500 ml			
bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	44.10	18	Plasma-Lyte 148
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, potassium 5 mmol/l, magnesium 1.5 mmol/l,			
chloride 98 mmol/l, acetate 27 mmol/l, gluconate 23 mmol/l,	07.04	12	Diagna Luta 140
1,000 ml bag – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	27.24	12	Plasma-Lyte 148
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE			
Inj sodium 140 mmol/l, 5 mmol/l potassium, 1.5 mmol/l magnesium,			
98 mmol/l chloride, 27 mmol/l acetate and 23 mmol/l gluconate, glucose 23 mmol/l (5%), 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	211.02	12	Plasma-Lyte 148 & 5%
gidcose 25 minor (5 %), 1,000 mi bag - 1 % DV Juli-10 to 2021	211.92	12	Glucose
COMPOUND SODIUM LACTATE [HARTMANN'S SOLUTION]			GIGOOOC
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 500 ml bag – 1% DV			
Jun-18 to 2021	23.40	18	Baxter
Inj sodium 131 mmol/l with potassium 5 mmol/l, calcium 2 mmol/l,			
bicarbonate 29 mmol/l, chloride 111 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV	45.70	40	<b>-</b> .
Jun-18 to 2021	15./2	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE] Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	16.90	10	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 1,000 ml bag = <b>1% DV Aug-18 to 2021</b>		50	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 250 ml bag - <b>1% DV Aug-18 to 2021</b>		30	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 5%, 50 ml bag — <b>1% DV Jun-18 to 2021</b>		60	Baxter Glucose 5%
Inj 5%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		20	Fresenius Kabi
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		12	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 10%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		18	Baxter Glucose 10%
Inj 50%, 10 ml ampoule – <b>1% DV Oct-17 to 2020</b>		5	Biomed
Inj 50%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		18	Baxter Glucose 50%
Inj 50%, 90 ml bottle - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	14.50	1	Biomed
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10% glucose with 20 mmol/l potassium chloride, 500 ml bag			

	Price		Brand or
(ex ma	n. excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	\$	rei	Manuacturer
GLUCOSE WITH POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2.5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride			
0.45%, 3,000 ml bag			
Inj 10% glucose with potassium chloride 10 mmol/l and sodium chloride 15 mmol/l, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride			
0.18%, 1,000 ml bag — <b>1% DV Jun-18 to 2021</b>	203.40	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride			
0.45%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	159.96	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose with potassium chloride 20 mmol/l and sodium chloride			
0.9%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	282.72	12	Baxter
GLUCOSE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj glucose 2.5% with sodium chloride 0.45%, 500 ml bag			
Inj 4% glucose and sodium chloride 0.18%, 1,000 ml bag $$ – 1% DV			
Jun-18 to 2021	163.32	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.45%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV  Jun-18 to 2021	163 20	12	Baxter
Inj 5% glucose and sodium chloride 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag - <b>1% DV</b>	100.20	12	Daxiei
Jun-18 to 2021	173.40	12	Baxter
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 75 mg (1 mmol) per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 225 mg (3 mmol) per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mmol potassium chloride with 0.29% sodium chloride, 100 ml bag			
- 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	476.64	48	Baxter
Inj 20 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml bag  – 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	163.08	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 1,000 ml bag	100.00	12	Daxiei
– 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	253.32	12	Baxter
Inj 40 mmol potassium chloride with 0.9% sodium chloride, 100 ml bag			
- 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	772.32	48	Baxter
POTASSIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE Inj 1 mmol per ml, 10 ml ampoule	151 00	10	Hooniro
	131.00	10	Hospira
RINGER'S SOLUTION			
Inj sodium 147 mmol/l with potassium 4 mmol/l, calcium 2.2 mmol/l, chloride 156 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag			
SODIUM ACETATE			
Inj 4 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Inj 8.4%, 10 ml vial			
Inj 8.4%, 50 ml vial	19.95	1	Biomed
Inj 8.4%, 100 ml vial		1	Biomed

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ	1 61	Manulaciurei
SODIUM CHLORIDE	7.00		Late a Discourse
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml ampoule		50	InterPharma
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml ampoule – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		50	Pfizer
Inj 0.9%, 3 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Sep-18 to 202	<b>1</b> 160.90	480	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 5 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Sep-18 to 202	<b>1</b> 162.91	480	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)			
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
Inj 0.9%, 10 ml syringe, non-sterile pack − 1% DV Sep-18 to 20	<b>91</b> 170 35	480	BD PosiFlush
→ Restricted (RS1297)	21 170.00	400	DD FOSII IUSII
Initiation			
For use in flushing of in-situ vascular access devices only.			
		0.0	
Inj 0.9%, 20 ml ampoule		30	InterPharma
	5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 23.4% (4 mmol/ml), 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		5	Biomed
Inj 0.45%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		18	Baxter
Inj 3%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	91.20	12	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 50 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	109.80	60	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		48	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 250 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		24	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	22.14	18	Baxter
Inj 0.9%, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	15.12	12	Baxter
Inj 1.8%, 500 ml bottle			
SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE [SODIUM ACID PHOSPHAT	F1		
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 20 ml ampoule – 1% <b>DV Oct-18 to 2021</b>	•	5	Biomed
		J	Biomea
WATER	7.00	<b>50</b>	Into a Dharman
Inj 5 ml ampoule – 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019		50	InterPharma
Inj 10 ml ampoule – 1% <b>DV Mar-17 to 2019</b>		50	Pfizer
Inj 20 ml ampoule		30	InterPharma
1:000 11	5.00	20	Multichem
Inj 250 ml bag			
Inj 500 ml bag			
Inj, 1,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	19.08	12	Baxter
Oval Administration			
Oral Administration			
CALCIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE			
Powder	169.85	300 g	Calcium Resonium
		000 g	Calciam Hosomani
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES  Powder for oral soln — 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	0.00	10	Emanlista
1,021,201,010	2.30	10	Enerlyte
COMPOUND ELECTROLYTES WITH GLUCOSE			
Soln with electrolytes			
PHOSPHORUS			
Tab eff 500 mg (16 mmol)			
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE			
Tab eff 548 mg (14 mmol) with chloride 285 mg (8 mmol)	0.00	000	Cnon V
Tab long-acting 600 mg (8 mmol) – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	8.90	200	Span-K
Oral liq 2 mmol per ml			

	Price ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM BICARBONATE Cap 840 mgSODIUM CHLORIDE Tab 600 mg Oral liq 2 mmol/ml SODIUM POLYSTYRENE SULPHONATE	8.52	100	Sodibic
Powder - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	84.65	454 g	Resonium A
Plasma Volume Expanders			
GELATINE, SUCCINYLATED Inj 4%, 500 ml bag - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	120.00	10	Gelofusine

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

## Agents Affecting the Renin-Angiotensin System

## **ACE Inhibitors**

**CAPTOPRIL** 

### ⇒ Restricted (RS1263)

## Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in children under 12 years of age; or
- 2 For use in tube-fed patients; or
- 3 For management of rebound transient hypertension following cardiac surgery.

## CILAZAPRIL

Tab 0.5 mg		90	Zapril
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	7.20	200	Apo-Cilazapril
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	12.00	200	Apo-Cilazapril
ENALAPRIL MALEATE			
Tab 5 mg	0.96	100	Ethics Enalapril
Tab 10 mg	1.24	100	Ethics Enalapril
Tab 20 mg		100	Ethics Enalapril
LISINOPRIL			
Tab 5 mg	1.80	90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 10 mg	2.05	90	Ethics Lisinopril
Tab 20 mg		90	Ethics Lisinopril
PERINDOPRIL			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.75	30	Apo-Perindopril
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		30	Apo-Perindopril
QUINAPRIL			
Tab 5 mg	4.31	90	Arrow-Quinapril 5
Tab 10 mg		90	Arrow-Quinapril 10
Tab 20 mg		90	Arrow-Quinapril 20

TRANDOLAPRIL - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Cap 1 mg
- → Cap 2 mg

(Any Cap 1 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019) (Any Cap 2 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019)

## **ACE Inhibitors with Diuretics**

CILAZAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019 ........ 10.18

Apo-Cilazapril/ Hydrochlorothiazide

100

ENALAPRIL MALEATE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg

(Any Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019)

## **CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM**

	Price (ex man. excl. 6	SST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
QUINAPRIL WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 10 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	3.65	30	Accuretic 10
Tab 20 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	4.78	30	Accuretic 20
Angiotensin II Antagonists			
CANDESARTAN CILEXETIL			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	1.90	90	Candestar
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		90	Candestar
Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	3.67	90	Candestar
Tab 32 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	6.39	90	Candestar
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM			
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		84	Losartan Actavis
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	2.31	84	Losartan Actavis
Angiotensin II Antagonists with Diuretics			
LOSARTAN POTASSIUM WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Tab 50 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 12.5 mg	15.25	30	Arrow-Losartan & Hydrochlorothiazide
Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers			
DOXAZOSIN Tab 0 mg 19/ DV Can 17 to 2000	6.75	500	Ana Davarsain
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		500 500	Apo-Doxazosin
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.09	500	Apo-Doxazosin
PHENOXYBENZAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 10 mg			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
PHENTOLAMINE MESYLATE			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
PRAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg		100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 2 mg		100	Apo-Prazosin
Tab 5 mg	11.70	100	Apo-Prazosin
TERAZOSIN			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		28	Actavis
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-17 to 2019		500	Apo-Terazosin
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	10.90	500	Apo-Terazosin

## Antiarrhythmics

## **ADENOSINE**

Inj 3 mg per ml, 2 ml vial

Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1266)

#### Initiation

For use in cardiac catheterisation, electrophysiology and MRI.

	-	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
AJMALINE – Restricted see terms below  Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule				
→ Restricted (RS1001)				
Cardiologist				
AMIODARONE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			30	Cordarone-X
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019			30	Cordarone-X
Inj 50 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019		9.98	5	Lodi
ATROPINE SULPHATE				
Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		.71.00	50	AstraZeneca
		12.07	10	Martindale
(AstraZeneca Inj 600 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 October	r 2018)			
DIGOXIN				
Tab 62.5 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		6.67	240	Lanoxin PG
Tab 250 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019			240	Lanoxin
Oral liq 50 mcg per ml				
Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial				
DISOPYRAMIDE PHOSPHATE				
Cap 100 mg				
FLECAINIDE ACETATE				
Tab 50 mg		38 95	60	Tambocor
Cap long-acting 100 mg			30	Tambocor CR
Cap long-acting 200 mg			30	Tambocor CR
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml ampoule			5	Tambocor
IVABRADINE - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 5 mg				
⇒ Restricted (RS1566)				
Initiation				
Both:				
<ol> <li>Patient is indicated for computed tomography coronary angiograph</li> <li>Either:</li> </ol>	ohy; and			
2.1 Patient has a heart rate of greater than 70 beats per minu	te while	taking a ma	ximally to	olerated dose of beta blocker:
or				
2.2 Patient is unable to tolerate beta blockers.				
MEXILETINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
WIEALET IN ETT DOUGHLONIDE				

IEALETINE TITOTICOTICE			
Cap 150 mg	162.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
			USP
Cap 250 mg	202.00	100	Mexiletine Hydrochloride
			LICD

### PROPAFENONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

# **Antihypotensives**

MIDODRINE - Restricted see terms below

- Tab 5 mg
- → Restricted (RS1427)

### Initiation

Patient has disabling orthostatic hypotension not due to drugs.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
	` \$	Per	Manufacturer
Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers			
ATENOLOL			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4 26	500	Mylan Atenolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		500	Mylan Atenolol
•			•
Oral liq 5 mg per ml	21.25	300 ml	Atenolol-AFT
BISOPROLOL FUMARATE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	3.53	90	Bosvate
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		90	Bosvate
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		90	Bosvate
-		30	Dosvate
CARVEDILOL			
Tab 6.25 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2.24	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 12.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2.30	60	Carvedilol Sandoz
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Carvedilol Sandoz
<u> </u>			
CELIPROLOL			• • •
Tab 200 mg	21.40	180	Celol
ESMOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial			
LABETALOL			
Tab 50 mg	8.99	100	Hybloc
Tab 100 mg	11.36	100	Hybloc
Tab 200 mg	29.74	100	Hybloc
Tab 400 mg			,
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
,			
METOPROLOL SUCCINATE			
Tab long-acting 23.75 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	1.03	30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 47.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	1.25	30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 95 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
Tab long-acting 190 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		30	Betaloc CR
		00	Detailed Off
METOPROLOL TARTRATE			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	5.66	100	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	7.55	60	Apo-Metoprolol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		28	Slow-Lopresor
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Feb-19 to 31 Jan 2022		5	Lopresor
,	29.50	·	Metroprolol IV Mylan
(Lopresor Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml vial to be delisted 1 February 2019)	20.00		metroprotor iv mytan
NADOLOL			
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	16.69	100	Apo-Nadolol
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	26.43	100	Apo-Nadolol
PINDOLOL			•
	40.00	400	An a Dindalal
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Pindolol
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	33.31	100	Apo-Pindolol
PROPRANOLOL			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1 61	100	Apo-Propranolol
Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Propranolol
Cap long-acting 160 mg	18.17	100	Cardinol LA
Oral liq 4 mg per ml			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			

Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

	Price (ex man. excl. (	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
SOTALOL				
Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	39.53	500	Mylan	
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	12.48	100	Mylan	
TIMOLOL MALEATE Tab 10 mg				

### **Calcium Channel Blockers**

# **Dihydropyridine Calcium Channel Blockers**

#### **AMLODIPINE**

1ab 2.5 mg = <b>1% DV Sep-17 to 2020</b> 1./2 100	Apo-Amiodipine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	Apo-Amlodipine
	Apo-Amlodipine
FELODIPINE	
Tab long-acting 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 5 mg	Plendil ER
Tab long-acting 10 mg2.30 30	Plendil ER

### **ISRADIPINE**

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 2.5 mg

Cap long-acting 2.5 mg

Cap long-acting 5 mg

(Any Cap long-acting 2.5 mg to be delisted 1 October 2018)

(Any Cap long-acting 5 mg to be delisted 1 October 2018)

NICARDIPINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1474)

#### Initiation

Anaesthetist, intensivist or paediatric cardiologist

Both:

- 1 Patient is a Paediatric Patient; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has hypertension requiring urgent treatment with an intravenous agent; or
  - 2.2 Patient has excessive ventricular afterload; or
  - 2.3 Patient is awaiting or undergoing cardiac surgery using cardiopulmonary bypass.

### **NIFEDIPINE**

Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	.10.63	60	Adalat 10
Tab long-acting 20 mg	9.59	100	Nyefax Retard
Tab long-acting 30 mg	3.14	30	Adalat Oros
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		30	<b>Adalat Oros</b>
Cap 5 mg			

NIMODIPINE

Tab 30 mg

Inj 200 mcg per ml, 50 ml vial

(	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Other Calcium Channel Blockers			
DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 30 mg	4.60	100	Dilzem
Tab 60 mg	8.50	100	Dilzem
Cap long-acting 120 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	33.42	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
Cap long-acting 180 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	50.05	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
Cap long-acting 240 mg - 1% <b>DV Oct-18 to 2021</b> lnj 5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	66.76	500	Apo-Diltiazem CD
PERHEXILINE MALEATE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	62.90	100	Pexsig
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 40 mg	7.01	100	Isoptin
Tab 80 mg	11.74	100	Isoptin
Tab long-acting 120 mg	15.20	250	Verpamil SR
Tab long-acting 240 mg	25.00	250	Verpamil SR
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	25.00	5	Isoptin
Centrally-Acting Agents			
CLONIDINE			
Patch 2.5 mg, 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	7 40	4	Mylan
Patch 5 mg, 200 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4	Mylan
Patch 7.5 mg, 300 mcg per day - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		4	Mylan
		•	,
CLONIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE  Tab 25 mcg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	0.75	110	Clonidine BNM
		112 100	
Tab 150 mcg Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule = 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		5	Catapres
III] 150 IIICg per IIII, 1 IIII ampoule – 1 % DV Oct-16 to 2021	25.96	10	Catapres Medsurge
(Catapres Inj 150 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 October 201		10	weusurge
	0)		
METHYLDOPA Table 252 area	45.40	400	Mathedalan - Malan
Tab 250 mg	15.10	100	Methyldopa Mylan
Diuretics			
Loop Diuretics			
BUMETANIDE			
Tab 1 mg	16.36	100	Burinex
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 4 ml vial			
FUROSEMIDE [FRUSEMIDE]			
Tab 40 mg	8.00	1,000	Diurin 40
Tab 500 mg		50	Urex Forte
Oral lig 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019 Inj 10 mg per ml, 25 ml ampoule	1.20	5	Frusemide-Claris
Osmotic Diuretics			
MANNITOL			
Inj 10%, 1,000 ml bag – <b>1% DV Jun-18 to 2021</b>	747 94	12	Baxter
Inj 20%, 500 ml bag = <b>1% DV Jun-18 to 2021</b>		18	Baxter
	1,000.32	10	DUALCI

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below) e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer

# **Potassium Sparing Combination Diuretics**

AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FUROSEMIDE

Tab 5 mg with furosemide 40 mg

AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE

Tab 5 mg with hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg

## **Potassium Sparing Diuretics**

AMILORIDE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg	15.00	100	Apo-Amiloride
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	30.00	25 ml	Biomed
(Apo-Amiloride Tab 5 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019)			
EPLERENONE - Restricted see terms below			
	11.87	30	Inspra
⇒ Restricted (RS1640)			
Initiation			

### Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient has heart failure with ejection fraction less than 40%; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is intolerant to optimal dosing of spironolactone; or
  - 2.2 Patient has experienced a clinically significant adverse effect while on optimal dosing of spironolactone.

#### **SPIRONOLACTONE**

Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20194.38	100	Spiractin
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	100	Spiractin
Oral lig 5 mg per ml	25 ml	Biomed

### Thiazide and Related Diuretics

BENDROFLUMETHIAZIDE [BENDROFLUAZIDE]  Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	12 50	500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020		500	Arrow-Bendrofluazide
CHLOROTHIAZIDE			
Oral liq 50 mg per ml2	26.00	25 ml	Biomed
CHLORTALIDONE [CHLORTHALIDONE]			
Tab 25 mg	.8.00	50	Hygroton
INDAPAMIDE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	.2.60	90	Dapa-Tabs
NETO ( 100 E			

METOLAZONE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 5 mg

→ Restricted (RS1595)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has refractory heart failure and is intolerant or has not responded to loop diuretics and/or loop-thiazide combination
- 2 Patient has severe refractory nephrotic oedema unresponsive to high dose loop diuretics and concentrated albumin infusions: or
- 3 Paediatric patient has oedema secondary to nephrotic syndrome that has not responded to loop diuretics.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Lipid-Modifying Agents			
Fibrates			
BEZAFIBRATE Tab 200 mg Tab long-acting 400 mg  GEMFIBROZIL Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	 6.78	90 30 60	Bezalip Bezalip Retard <b>Lipazil</b>
HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors (Statins)			
ATORVASTATIN  Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021  Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021  Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021  Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021  PRAVASTATIN  Tab 10 mg  Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  SIMVASTATIN	9.99 .15.93 .27.19 4.72 8.06	500 500 500 500	Lorstat Lorstat Lorstat Lorstat Apo-Pravastatin Apo-Pravastatin
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 40 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Tab 80 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	 1.52 2.63	90 90 90 90	Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Mylan Simvastatin Mylan

### Resins

**CHOLESTYRAMINE** 

Powder for oral liq 4 g

COLESTIPOL HYDROCHLORIDE

Grans for oral lig 5 g

# **Selective Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors**

EZETIMIBE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1005)

#### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 The patient has rhabdomyolysis (defined as muscle aches and creatine kinase more than 10 x normal) when treated with one statin; or
  - 3.2 The patient is intolerant to both simvastatin and atorvastatin; or
  - 3.3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
EZETIMIBE WITH SIMVASTATIN - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 10 mg	5.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 20 mg	6.15	30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 40 mg		30	Zimybe
Tab 10 mg with simvastatin 80 mg		30	Zimybe
→ Restricted (RS1006)			,

### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a calculated absolute risk of cardiovascular disease of at least 15% over 5 years; and
- 2 Patient's LDL cholesterol is 2.0 mmol/litre or greater; and
- 3 The patient has not reduced their LDL cholesterol to less than 2.0 mmol/litre with the use of the maximal tolerated dose of atorvastatin.

## Other Lipid-Modifying Agents

### **ACIPIMOX**

Cap 250 mg

#### NICOTINIC ACID

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	.4.12	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	17.89	100	Apo-Nicotinic Acid

### **Nitrates**

GLYCERYL TRINITRATE			
Tab 600 mcg	8.00	100	Lycinate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	100.00	5	Hospira
Oral pump spray, 400 mcg per dose	4.45	250 dose	Nitrolingual Pump Spray
Oral spray, 400 mcg per dose	4.45	200 dose	Glytrin
Patch 25 mg, 5 mg per day		30	Nitroderm TTS 5
Patch 50 mg, 10 mg per day	18.62	30	Nitroderm TTS 10
ISOSORBIDE MONONITRATE			
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	18.80	100	Ismo-20
Tab long-acting 40 mg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	7.50	30	Ismo 40 Retard
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90	Duride

# **Other Cardiac Agents**

LEVOSIMENDAN - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 5 ml vial
- Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

### → Restricted (RS1007)

### Initiation - Heart transplant

#### Either:

- 1 For use as a bridge to heart transplant, in patients who have been accepted for transplant; or
- 2 For the treatment of heart failure following heart transplant.

### Initiation - Heart failure

Cardiologist or intensivist

For the treatment of severe acute decompensated heart failure that is non-responsive to dobutamine.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Sympathomimetics			
DRENALINE			
Inj 1 in 1,000, 1 ml ampoule	4.98 5.25	5	Aspen Adrenaline Hospira
Inj 1 in 1,000, 30 ml vial	3.23		Ποοριια
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml ampoule	49.00	10	Aspen Adrenaline
	27.00	5	Hospira
Inj 1 in 10,000, 10 ml syringe			
OBUTAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule		5	Dobutamine-Claris
Pobutamina hamala lai 12 5 ma nor ml 20 ml amnaula ta ba daliatad 1	61.13		Dobutamine-hameln
Obbutamine-hameln Inj 12.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule to be delisted 1	January 2019)		
OPAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	16.80	5	DBL Sterile Dopamine
ing 40 mg per mi, 5 mi ampoule – 1/6 DV 3ep-10 to 2021	10.09	3	Concentrate
	29.73	10	Max Health Ltd
DBL Sterile Dopamine Concentrate Inj 40 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule to b	e delisted 1 Septem	nber 2018)	
PHEDRINE			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	36.04	10	Max Health
OPRENALINE			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 200 mcg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
ETARAMINOL			
Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 20 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
ORADRENALINE			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.06 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 0.12 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 0.16 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2019	125.00	10	Noradrenaline BNM
HENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	115.50	25	Neosynephrine HCL
Vasodilators			
LPROSTADIL HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	1 650 00	5	Prostin VR
MYL NITRITE	1,000.00	J	i ioduii vii
MYL NITRITE Liq 98% in 3 ml capsule			
·			
IIAZOXIDE Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule			
ing to my por mi, 20 mi ampoulo			

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

### HYDRALAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

- Tab 25 mg
- → Restricted (RS1008)

#### Initiation

#### Either:

- 1 For the treatment of refractory hypertension; or
  - 2 For the treatment of heart failure, in combination with a nitrate, in patients who are intolerant or have not responded to ACE inhibitors and/or angiotensin receptor blockers.

Inj 20 mg ampoule	25.90	5	Apresoline
MILRINONE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	300.30 99.00	10	Milrinone Generic Health Primacor
(Milrinone Generic Health Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 S	September 2018)	1	
MINOXIDIL			
Tab 10 mg	70.00	100	Loniten
NICORANDIL			
Tab 10 mg	27.95	60	Ikorel
Tab 20 mg	33.28	60	Ikorel
PAPAVERINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml vial Inj 12 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	217.90	5	Hospira
PENTOXIFYLLINE [OXPENTIFYLLINE] Tab 400 mg			

#### SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE

Inj 50 mg vial

# **Endothelin Receptor Antagonists**

AMBRISENTAN - Restricted se	ee terms below

t	Tab 5 mg4,585.00	30	Volibris
t	Tab 10 mg4,585.00	30	Volibris

⇒ Restricted (RS1621)

### Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for ambrisentan by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 In-hospital stabilisations in emergency situations.

#### BOSENTAN - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 62.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 2021	1.00	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
	40	1.79		Bosentan-Mylan
t	Tab 125 mg - 1% DV Dec-18 to 202114	1.00	60	Bosentan Dr Reddy's
	40	1.79		Bosentan-Mylan

(Bosentan-Mylan Tab 62.5 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018) (Bosentan-Mylan Tab 125 mg to be delisted 1 December 2018)

→ Restricted (RS1622)

### Initiation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

<del>-</del>		
	Price	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	° Por	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); and
  - 1.2 PAH is in Group 1, 4 or 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
  - 1.3 PAH is at NYHA/WHO functional class II, III, or IV; and
  - 1.4 Any of the following:
    - 1.4.1 Both:
      - 1.4.1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
      - 1.4.1.2 Either:
        - 1.4.1.2.1 Patient is intolerant or contraindicated to sildenafil; or
        - 1.4.1.2.2 Patient is a child with idiopathic PAH or PAH secondary to congenital heart disease; or
    - 1.4.2 Both:
      - 1.4.2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
      - 1.4.2.2 Fither:
        - 1.4.2.2.1 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and failed to respond; or
        - 1.4.2.2.2 Patient deteriorated while on a PAH monotherapy; or
    - 1.4.3 Both:
      - 1.4.3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
      - 1.4.3.2 Any of the following:
        - 1.4.3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
        - 1.4.3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
        - 1.4.3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHA/WHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised; or
        - 1.4.3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy; or
  - 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

### Continuation - Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH monotherapy; and
  - 1.2 Patient is stable or has improved while on bosentan; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH dual therapy; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried a PAH monotherapy for at least three months and either failed to respond or later deteriorated; or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Bosentan is to be used as PAH triple therapy; and
  - 3.2 Any of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Patient is on the lung transplant list; or
    - 3.2.2 Patient is presenting acutely with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension (IPAH) in New York Heart Association/World Health Organization (NYHA/WHO) Functional Class IV; or
    - 3.2.3 Patient is deteriorating rapidly to NYHAWHO Functional Class IV who may be lung transplant recipients in the future, if their disease is stabilised: or
    - 3.2.4 Patient has PAH associated with the scleroderma spectrum of diseases (APAHSSD) who have no major morbidities and are deteriorating despite combination therapy.

•	Price		
(ex man.	excl. GST)	_	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Phosphodiesterase Type 5 Inhibitors			
SILDENAFIL - Restricted see terms below			
<b>↓</b> Tab 25 mg − <b>1% DV Sep-18 to 2021</b>	.0.64	4	Vedafil
■ Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	.0.64	4	Vedafil
<b>↓</b> Tab 100 mg − <b>1% DV Sep-18 to 2021</b>	.6.60	12	Vedafil

Inj 0.8 mg per ml, 12.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1623)

### Initiation - tablets Raynaud's Phenomenon\*

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has Raynaud's phenomenon; and
- 2 Patient has severe digital ischaemia (defined as severe pain requiring hospital admission or with a high likelihood of digital ulceration; digital ulcers; or gangrene); and
- 3 Patient is following lifestyle management (proper body insulation, avoidance of cold exposure, smoking cessation support, avoidance of sympathomimetic drugs); and
- 4 Patient has persisting severe symptoms despite treatment with calcium channel blockers and nitrates (unless contraindicated or not tolerated).

### Initiation - tablets Pulmonary arterial hypertension

Any of the following:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)\*; and
  - 1.2 Any of the following:
    - 1.2.1 PAH is in Group 1 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; or
    - 1.2.2 PAH is in Group 4 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications: or
    - 1.2.3 PAH is in Group 5 of the WHO (Venice) clinical classifications; and
  - 1.3 Any of the following:
    - 1.3.1 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class II; or
    - 1.3.2 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class III: or
    - 1.3.3 PAH is in NYHA/WHO functional class IV; and
  - 1.4 Patient has a pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; and
  - 1.5 Fither:
    - 1.5.1 Patient has a mean pulmonary artery pressure (PAPm) > 25 mmHg; or
    - 1.5.2 Patient is peri Fontan repair; and
  - 1.6 Patient has a pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) of at least 3 Wood Units or at least 240 International Units (dyn s cm-5); or
- 2 For use in neonatal units for persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
- 3 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

### Initiation - tablets other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in weaning patients from inhaled nitric oxide; or
- 2 For perioperative use in cardiac surgery patients; or
- 3 For use in intensive care as an alternative to nitric oxide.

#### Initiation - injection

Both:

- 1 For use in the treatment of pulmonary hypertension in infants or children being treated in paediatric intensive care units and neonatal intensive care units when the enteral route is not accessible; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 For perioperative use following cardiac surgery; or
  - 2.2 For use in persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN); or
  - 2.3 For use in congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Prostacyclin Analogues			
EPOPROSTENOL − <b>Restricted</b> see terms below  Inj 500 mcg vial	36.61	1	Veletri
Inj 1.5 mg vial     → Restricted (RS1624)  Initiation		1	Veletri
Fither:			

#### Either:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for epoprostenol by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel;
- 2 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

### **ILOPROST**

	Inj 50 mcg in 0.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jan-17 to 201938	30.00	5	llomedin
[	Nebuliser soln 10 mcg per ml, 2 ml	5.00	30	Ventavis

### → Restricted (RS1625)

### Initiation

1

Any of the following:

- 1 For use in patients with a valid Special Authority approval for iloprost by the Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Panel; or
- 2 For diagnostic use in catheter laboratories; or
- 3 For use following mitral or tricuspid valve surgery; or
- 4 In-hospital stabilisation in emergency situations.

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations			
Antibacterials			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE Crm 1%		15 g 100 ml	Crystaderm Pharmacy Health
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]  Crm 2% Oint 2%  SULFADIAZINE SILVER  Crm 1% – 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	 3.45	15 g 15 g 50 g	DP Fusidic Acid Cream Foban Flamazine
Antifungals		-	
AMOROLFINE Nail soln 5% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 CICLOPIROX OLAMINE	 . 15.95	5 ml	MycoNail
Nail soln 8% − 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021  Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only	 5.72	7 ml	Apo-Ciclopirox
CLOTRIMAZOLE  Crm 1% − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020  ⇒ Soln 1% − Restricted: For continuation only  ECONAZOLE NITRATE  ⇒ Crm 1% − Restricted: For continuation only  Foaming soln 1%	 0.70	20 g	Clomazol
KETOCONAZOLE Shampoo 2% – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020  METRONIDAZOLE Gel 0.75%	 2.99	100 ml	Sebizole
MICONAZOLE NITRATE  Crm 2% − 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020  Lotn 2% − Restricted: For continuation only  Tinc 2%	 0.74	15 g	Multichem
NYSTATIN Crm 100,000 u per g			
Antiparasitics			
DIMETHICONE Lotn 4% – 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019	 4.98	200 ml	healthE Dimethicone 4% Lotion

(ev.	rice excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
(671	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MALATHION [MALDISON]			
Lotn 0.5%			
Shampoo 1% PERMETHRIN			
Crm 5% – <b>1% DV Dec-17 to 2020</b>	 .4.95	30 g	Lyderm
Lotn 5% - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	 .3.69	30 ml	A-Scabies
PHENOTHRIN			
Shampoo 0.5%			
Antiacne Preparations			
ADAPALENE			
Crm 0.1%			
Gel 0.1%			
BENZOYL PEROXIDE Soln 5%			
ISOTRETINOIN			
Cap 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	 .8.14	60	Oratane
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Isotane 10
Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	13.34 19.27	120 100	Oratane Isotane 20
	20.49	120	Oratane
(Isotane 10 Cap 10 mg to be delisted 1 October 2018) (Isotane 20 Cap 20 mg to be delisted 1 October 2018)			
TRETINOIN  Crm 0.05% – <b>1% DV Jun-18 to 2021</b>	12.00	E0 a	ReTrieve
OIII 0.03 % - 1 % DV 3011-10 to 2021	 13.30	50 g	nemeve
Antipruritic Preparations			
CALAMINE			
Crm, aqueous, BP		100 g	Pharmacy Health
Lotn, BP CROTAMITON	 12.94	2,000 ml	PSM
Crm 10% – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	 .3.29	20 g	Itch-Soothe
Barrier Creams and Emollients			
Barrier Creams and Emoments			
Barrier Creams			
DIMETHICONE  Crm 5% tube - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1 50	100 a	healthE Dimethicone
		100 g	5%
Crm 5% pump bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	 .4.59	500 ml	healthE Dimethicone 5%
Crm 10% pump bottle - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	 .4.52	500 ml	healthE Dimethicone 10%
ZINC			7: 0 (0:
Crm			e.g. Zinc Cream (Orion-) ;Zinc Cream (PSM)
Oint			e.g. Zinc oxide (PSM)
Paste			

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ZINC AND CASTOR OIL				
Crm		1.63	20 g	Orion
Oint - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2020		4.25	500 g	Boucher
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater that 30 g. Oint, BP - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020		1.26	20 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 30 g or less.  ZINC WITH WOOL FAT				
Crm zinc 15.25% with wool fat 4%				e.g. Sudocrem
Emollients				
AQUEOUS CREAM				
Crm 100 g - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		1.05	100 g	Pharmacy Health
N. D. C.				SLS-free
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of 100 g or less.		1.00	E00 ~	AFT CLC from
Crm 500 g		1.99	500 g	AFT SLS-free
CETOMACROGOL		0.40	E00 ~	healthE
Crm BP, 500 g - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			500 g 1	healthE
Crm BP, 100 g - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		1.42	ı	nealine
CETOMACROGOL WITH GLYCEROL  Crm 90% with glycerol 10%,		2.00	100 a	Pharmacy Health
Citil 90 /8 with gryceror 10 /8,		3.20	100 g	healthE
Crm 90% with glycerol 10% - 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019			500 ml	Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with
		3.87	1,000 ml	Glycerin Pharmacy Health Sorbolene with
(Pharmacy Health Crm 90% with glycerol 10%, to be delisted 1 Octobe	r 2018)			Glycerin
	12010)			
EMULSIFYING OINTMENT  Oint BP - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		1 9/	100 g	Jaychem
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of less than 200 g.		1.04	100 g	dayonem
Oint BP, 500 g - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		3.59	500 g	AFT
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of greater than 200 g.			3	
GLYCEROL WITH PARAFFIN				
Crm glycerol 10% with white soft paraffin 5% and liquid paraffin 109	%			e.g. QV cream
DIL IN WATER EMULSION				
Crm		2.63	500 g	healthE Fatty Cream
Crm, 100 g		1.60	1	healthE Fatty Cream
PARAFFIN				
Oint liquid paraffin 50% with white soft paraffin 50%		3.10	100 g	healthE
White soft - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021			10 g	healthE
Note: DV limit applies to pack sizes of 30 g or less, and to both	n white so	oft paraffin	and yellow	soft paraffin.
Yellow soft				
PARAFFIN WITH WOOL FAT  Lotn liquid paraffin 15.9% with wool fat 0.6%				e.g. AlphaKeri;BK;DP;
Late liquid payoffic 01 70/ with year Lifet 00/				Hydroderm Lotn
Lotn liquid paraffin 91.7% with wool fat 3%				e.g. Alpha Keri Bath Oil
UREA		1 27	100 ~	hoolthE Uree Creers
Crm 10% - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		1.0/	100 g	healthE Urea Cream

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

WOOL FAT Crm

Corti	CUE.	torn	ide
ooi u	COS		

BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05%			
Oint 0.05%			
BETAMETHASONE VALERATE			
Crm 0.1% – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	0.45	E0 ~	Beta Cream
Oint 0.1% - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		50 g	Beta Cream  Beta Ointment
Lotn 0.1% - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	3.45	50 g	beta Omtment
m			
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE			
Crm 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		30 g	Dermol
Oint 0.05% - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	2.20	30 g	Dermol
CLOBETASONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.05%			
DIFLUCORTOLONE VALERATE - Restricted: For continuation only			
→ Crm 0.1%			
→ Fatty oint 0.1%			
HYDROCORTISONE			
Crm 1%, 30 g - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	1 11	30 g	DermAssist
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of less than or equal to 100 g.		00 g	Deminosist
Crm 1%, 500 g - <b>1% DV Dec-16 to 2019</b>	16.25	500 g	Pharmacy Health
Note: DV limit applies to the pack sizes of greater than 100 g.	10.20	000 g	Tharmady Houran
HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Crm 1%	2.48	14.2 g	AFT
	2.40	14.2 y	ALI
HYDROCORTISONE AND PARAFFIN LIQUID AND LANOLIN			
Lotn 1% with paraffin liquid 15.9% and lanolin 0.6% – 1% DV Sep-17			
to 2020	10.57	250 ml	DP Lotn HC
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE			
Crm 0.1%		30 g	Locoid Lipocream
0: 10.40/	6.85	100 g	Locoid Lipocream
Oint 0.1%	6.85	100 g	Locoid
Milky emul 0.1%	6.85	100 ml	Locoid Crelo
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACEPONATE			
Crm 0.1%		15 g	Advantan
Oint 0.1%	4.95	15 g	Advantan
MOMETASONE FUROATE			
Crm 0.1%	1.51	15 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
	2.90	50 g	Elocon Alcohol Free
Oint 0.1%		15 g	Elocon
	2.90	50 g	Elocon
Lotn 0.1%	7.35	30 ml	Elocon
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			
Crm 0.02% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.30	100 g	Aristocort
Oint 0.02% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.35	100 g	Aristocort

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

### **Corticosteroids with Anti-Infective Agents**

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH CLIOQUINOL - Restricted see terms below

- Crm 0.1% with clioquiniol 3%
- → Restricted (RS1125)

#### Initiation

Either:

- 1 For the treatment of intertrigo; or
- 2 For continuation use.

#### BETAMETHASONE VALERATE WITH SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID]

Crm 0.1% with sodium fusidate (fusidic acid) 2%

#### HYDROCORTISONE WITH MICONAZOLE

Crm 1% with miconazole nitrate 2% – <b>1% DV Sep-18 to 2021</b>	15 g	Micreme H
HYDROCORTISONE WITH NATAMYCIN AND NEOMYCIN		
Crm 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%2.79	15 g	Pimafucort
Oint 1% with natamycin 1% and neomycin sulphate 0.5%2.79	15 g	Pimafucort

#### TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE, GRAMICIDIN AND NYSTATIN

Crm 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and gramicidin 250 mcg per g

# **Psoriasis and Eczema Preparations**

ACITRETIN		
Cap 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202017.86	60	Novatretin
Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202041.36	60	Novatretin
BETAMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE WITH CALCIPOTRIOL		
Gel 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g26.12	30 g	Daivobet
Oint 500 mcg with calcipotriol 50 mcg per g26.12	30 g	Daivobet
CALCIPOTRIOL		
Oint 50 mcg per g - 1% DV Jul-17 to 202045.00	100 g	Daivonex
COAL TAR WITH SALICYLIC ACID AND SULPHUR		
Oint 12% with salicylic acid 2% and sulphur 4%		

#### METHOXSALEN [8-METHOXYPSORALEN]

Tab 10 mg Lotn 1.2%

### PINE TAR WITH TROLAMINE LAURILSULFATE AND FLUORESCEIN

Soln 2.3% with trolamine laurilsulfate and fluorescein sodium - 1% DV

500 ml **Pinetarsol** 

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Tab 400 mg

Crystals

C

# **Scalp Preparations**

DETAN	METHAGO	MIE V/AI	EDATE

SETTIME THE COTTE THE COTTE		
Scalp app 0.1% - 1% DV Oct-18 to 20217.75	100 ml	Beta Scalp
CLOBETASOL PROPIONATE		
Scalp app 0.05%	30 ml	Dermol

# **DERMATOLOGICALS**

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HYDROCORTISONE BUTYRATE Scalp lotn 0.1%	 3.65	100 ml	Locoid
Wart Preparations			
IMIQUIMOD Crm 5%, 250 mg sachet - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2020 PODOPHYLLOTOXIN	 .21.72	24	Perrigo
Soln 0.5%	 .33.60	3.5 ml	Condyline
SILVER NITRATE Sticks with applicator			
Other Skin Preparations			
DIPHEMANIL METILSULFATE Powder 2%			
SUNSCREEN, PROPRIETARY Crm			
Lotn	 3.30	100 g	Marine Blue Lotion SPF
	5.10	200 g	50+ Marine Blue Lotion SPF 50+
Antineoplastics			
FLUOROURACIL SODIUM Crm 5% – 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 METHYL AMINOLEVULINATE HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricte		20 g	Efudix
<ul> <li>Crm 16%</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1127)</li> <li>Dermatologist or plastic surgeon</li> </ul>			
<b>Wound Management Products</b>			
CALCIUM GLUCONATE Gel 2.5%			e.g. Orion

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$
Per Manufacturer

**Anti-Infective Agents** 

ACETIC ACID

Soln 3%

Soln 5%

ACETIC ACID WITH HYDROXYQUINOLINE, GLYCEROL AND RICINOLEIC ACID

Jelly 0.94% with hydroxyquinoline sulphate 0.025%, glycerol 5% and

ricinoleic acid 0.75% with applicator

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

 Crm 1%
 1.21
 50 g
 healthE

 Lotn 1%, 200 ml
 2.98
 1
 healthE

CLOTRIMAZOLE

MICONAZOLE NITRATE

NYSTATIN

Vaginal crm 100,000 u per 5 g with applicator(s) - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020....4.45 75 g Nilstat

Contraceptives

Antiandrogen Oral Contraceptives

CYPROTERONE ACETATE WITH ETHINYLOESTRADIOL

Tab 2 mg with ethinyloestradiol 35 mcg and 7 inert tablets -1% DV

**Combined Oral Contraceptives** 

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH DESOGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with desogestrel 150 mcg

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH LEVONORGESTREL

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg and 7 inert tablets -1% DV

Tab 20 mcg with levonorgestrel 100 mcg

Tab 30 mcg with levonorgestrel 150 mcg

Tab 50 mcg with levonorgestrel 125 mcg.......9.45 84 Microgynon 50 ED

ETHINYLOESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 1 mg

Tab 35 mcg with norethisterone 500 mcg

NORETHISTERONE WITH MESTRANOL

Tab 1 mg with mestranol 50 mcg

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contraceptive Devices			
INTRA-UTERINE DEVICE  IUD 29.1 mm length × 23.2 mm width	 .31.60	1 1 1	Choice TT380 Short Choice TT380 Standard Choice Load 375
Emergency Contraception			
LEVONORGESTREL Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	 4.95	1	Postinor-1
Progestogen-Only Contraceptives			
LEVONORGESTREL  Tab 30 mcg Subdermal implant (2 × 75 mg rods) − 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020  Intra-uterine system, 20 mcg per day − 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019		1	Jadelle Mirena
Restricted (RS1364)  Initiation – heavy menstrual bleeding  Obstetrician or gynaecologist  All of the following:  1. The positions had a clinical diagnosis of beavy manetrual bleeding:			

- 1 The patient has a clinical diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding; and
- 2 The patient has failed to respond to or is unable to tolerate other appropriate pharmaceutical therapies as per the Heavy Menstrual Bleeding Guidelines; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Serum ferritin level < 16 mcg/l (within the last 12 months); or
  - 3.2 Haemoglobin level < 120 g/l; or
  - 3.3 The patient has had a uterine ultrasound and either a hysteroscopy or endometrial biopsy.

### Continuation - heavy menstrual bleeding

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

Either:

- 1 Patient demonstrated clinical improvement of heavy menstrual bleeding; or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

#### Initiation - endometriosis

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

The patient has a clinical diagnosis of endometriosis confirmed by laparoscopy.

#### Continuation - endometriosis

Obstetrician or gynaecologist

Either:

- 1 Patient demonstrated satisfactory management of endometriosis; or
- 2 Previous insertion was removed or expelled within 3 months of insertion.

Note: endometriosis is an unregistered indication.

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	7.25	1	Depo-Provera
NORETHISTERONE Tab 350 mcg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	6.25	84	Noriday 28

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Brand or Generic Manufacturer

**DBL Ergometrine** 

Per

# **Obstetric Preparations**

### **Antiprogestogens**

MIFFPRISTONE

Tab 200 mg

# **Oxytocics**

### CARBOPROST TROMETAMOL

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

#### DINOPROSTONE

Pessaries 10 mg

Vaginal gel 1 mg in 3 g	52.65	1	Prostin E2
Vaginal gel 2 mg in 3 g	64.60	1	Prostin E2

FRGOMETRINE MAI FATE

Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – **1% DV Nov-17 to 2020**.......105.00

OXYTOCIN

Inj 5 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	4.03	5	Oxytocin BNM
Inj 10 iu per ml, 1 ml ampoule	5.03	5	Oxytocin BNM

OXYTOCIN WITH ERGOMETRINE MALEATE

Inj 5 iu with ergometrine maleate 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1%

### **Tocolytics**

PROGESTERONE - Restricted see terms below

 ↓ Cap 100 mg − 1% DV Aug-16 to 2019
 30
 Utrogestan

→ Restricted (RS1533)

#### Initiation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour\*; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
  - 2.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

#### Continuation

Gynaecologist or obstetrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For the prevention of pre-term labour\*; and
- 2 Treatment is required for second or subsequent pregnancy; and
- 3 Either
  - 3.1 The patient has a short cervix on ultrasound (defined as < 25mm at 16 to 28 weeks); or
  - 3.2 The patient has a history of pre-term birth at less than 28 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

TERBUTALINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 500 mcg ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1130)

Obstetrician

Oestrogens  Oestrogens  OESTRIOL  Crm 1 mg per g with applicator - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	Per 15 g 15	Brand or Generic Manufacturer  Ovestin Ovestin
OESTRIOL Crm 1 mg per g with applicator – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	15	
Crm 1 mg per g with applicator – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	15	
FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below  I Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	100	
FINASTERIDE - Restricted see terms below  Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	100	
■ Restricted (RS1131) Initiation Both:  1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 Either:  2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contractive alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers  Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers  TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below  I Cap 400 mcg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2019	100	
1 Patient has symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia; and 2 Either: 2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contra 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers  Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers  TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted see terms below  ■ Cap 400 mcg − 1% DV Sep-18 to 2019	. ••	Ricit
2.1 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contra 2.2 Symptoms are not adequately controlled with non-selective alpha blockers  Alpha-1A Adrenoceptor Blockers  TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE − Restricted see terms below  Cap 400 mcg − 1% DV Sep-18 to 2019		
TAMSULOSIN HYDROCHLORIDE — Restricted see terms below  1		r
Cap 400 mcg − 1% DV Sep-18 to 2019		
2 The patient is intolerant of non-selective alpha blockers or these are contraindicate.  Urinary Alkalisers  POTASSIUM CITRATE − Restricted see terms below  ■ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	100	Tamsulosin-Rex
POTASSIUM CITRATE - Restricted see terms below  ■ Oral liq 3 mmol per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	ed.	
● Oral liq 3 mmol per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		
2 The patient has had more than two renal calculi in the two years prior to the applications of the patient of the patient has been solved by the patient of	200 ml	Biomed
Grans eff 4 g sachets - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		
Urinary Antispasmodics	ation.	Ural
	eation. 28	
OXYBUTYNIN       Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		
SOLIFENACIN SUCCINATE - Restricted see terms on the next page  Tab 5 mg		Apo-Oxybutynin Apo-Oxybutynin

# **GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM**

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### → Restricted (RS1274)

#### Initiation

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

#### TOLTERODINE TARTRATE - Restricted see terms below

102121102112 1711111112 11001110100 000 1011110 00011		
■ Tab 1 mg14.56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine
■ Tab 2 mg14.56	56	Arrow-Tolterodine
<b>5</b> ( <b>5</b> )		

### → Restricted (RS1273)

### Initiation

Patient has overactive bladder and a documented intolerance of, or is non-responsive to, oxybutynin.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Anabolic Agents**

**OXANDROLONE** 

- → Restricted (RS1302)

CYPROTERONE ACETATE

#### Initiation

For the treatment of burns patients.

# **Androgen Agonists and Antagonists**

Tab 50 mg	15.87	50	Procur
Tab 100 mg	30.40	50	Procur
TESTOSTERONE			
Patch 5 mg per day	80.00	30	Androderm
TESTOSTERONE CIPIONATE			
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	76.50	1	Depo-Testosterone
TESTOSTERONE ESTERS			
Inj testosterone decanoate 100 mg, testosterone isocarproate 60 mg,			
testosterone phenylpropionate 60 mg and testosterone propionate			
30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			

### TESTOSTERONE UNDECANOATE

Cap 40 mg	16.80	60	Andriol Testocaps
Ini 250 mg per ml. 4 ml vial	86.00	1	Reandron 1000

# Calcium Homeostasis

CALCITONIN				
Inj 100 iu per m	I, 1 ml ampoule	)	121.00	)

Miacalcic

CINACALCET - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 ......210.30

Sensipar

28

⇒ Restricted (RS1540)

#### Initiation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has been diagnosed with a parathyroid carcinoma (see Note); and
  - 1.2 The patient has persistent hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L) despite previous first-line treatments including sodium thiosulfate (where appropriate) and bisphosphonates; and
  - 1.3 The patient is symptomatic; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has been diagnosed with calciphylaxis (calcific uraemic arteriolopathy); and
  - 2.2 The patient has symptomatic (e.g. painful skin ulcers) hypercalcaemia (serum calcium greater than or equal to 3 mmol/L); and
  - 2.3 The patient's condition has not responded to previous first-line treatments including bisphosphonates and sodium thiosulfate

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	Per	Generic Manufacturer
Ψ	1 61	Manuacturei

continued...

#### Continuation

Nephrologist or endocrinologist

Both:

- 1 The patient's serum calcium level has fallen to < 3mmol/L; and
- 2 The patient has experienced clinically significant symptom improvement.

Note: This does not include parathyroid adenomas unless these have become malignant.

### **ZOLEDRONIC ACID**

#### → Restricted (RS1602)

#### Initiation - bone metastases

Oncologist, haematologist or palliative care specialist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has hypercalcaemia of malignancy: or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and
  - 2.2 Patient has severe bone pain resistant to standard first-line treatments; or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Patient has bone metastases or involvement; and
  - 3.2 Patient is at risk of skeletal-related events (pathological fracture, spinal cord compression, radiation to bone or surgery to bone).

### Initiation - early breast cancer

Oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment to be used as adjuvant therapy for early breast cancer; and
- 2 Patient has been amenorrhoeic for 12 months or greater, either naturally or induced, with endocrine levels consistent with a postmenopausal state; and
- 3 Treatment to be administered at a minimum interval of 6-monthly for a maximum of 2 years.

### Corticosteroids

#### **BETAMETHASONE**

Tab 500 mcg

Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

#### BETAMETHASONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE WITH BETAMETHASONE ACETATE

Inj 3.9 mg with betamethasone acetate 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

#### DEXAMETHASONE

Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	0.99	30	Dexmethsone
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		30	Dexmethsone
Oral liq 1 mg per ml		25 ml	Biomed
DEXAMETHASONE PHOSPHATE			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	14.19	10	Max Health
Inj 4 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019	25.18	10	Max Health
FLUDROCORTISONE ACETATE			
Tab 100 mcg	14 32	100	Florinef

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
HYDROCORTISONE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	8.10	100	Douglas
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	20.32	100	Douglas
Inj 100 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	5.30	1	Solu-Cortef
METHYLPREDNISOLONE (AS SODIUM SUCCINATE)			
Tab 4 mg	80.00	100	Medrol
Tab 100 mg	180.00	20	Medrol
Inj 40 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 125 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Solu-Medrol
lnj 1 g vial	16.00	1	Solu-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE			
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	40.00	5	Depo-Medrol
METHYLPREDNISOLONE ACETATE WITH LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINI		•	
Inj 40 mg with lidocaine [lignocaine], 1 ml vial	•	1	Depo-Medrol with
ing 40 mg with ildocarrie [iighocarrie], 1 mi via:	9.25	'	Lidocaine
PREDNISOLONE			
Oral liq 5 mg per ml - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	6.00	30 ml	Redipred
Enema 200 mcg per ml, 100 ml			•
PREDNISONE			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	10.68	500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020		500	Apo-Prednisone
RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE			•
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	20.80	5	Kenacort-A 10
Inj 40 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% <b>DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>		5	Kenacort-A 10
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		J	MONIOUNI A TO
RIAMCINOLONE HEXACETONIDE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			

# **Hormone Replacement Therapy**

# Oestrogens

OESTRADIOL		
Tab 1 mg		
Tab 2 mg		
Patch 25 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20196.12	8	Estradot
Patch 50 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197.04	8	Estradot
Patch 75 mcg per day - 1% DV Mar-17 to 20197.91	8	Estradot
Patch 100 mcg per day - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197.91	8	Estradot
OESTRADIOL VALERATE		
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202112.36	84	Progynova
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	84	Progynova
OESTROGENS (CONJUGATED EQUINE)		

Tab 300 mcg Tab 625 mcg

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

10

Mylan Clomiphen

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

### **Progestogen and Oestrogen Combined Preparations**

### **OESTRADIOL WITH NORETHISTERONE ACETATE**

Tab 1 mg with 0.5 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate

Tab 2 mg with 1 mg norethisterone acetate (10), and tab 2 mg oestradiol

(12) and tab 1 mg oestradiol (6)

#### **OESTROGENS WITH MEDROXYPROGESTERONE ACETATE**

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 2.5 mg medroxyprogesterone

Tab 625 mcg conjugated equine with 5 mg medroxyprogesterone acetate

## **Progestogens**

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE	$\Lambda \cap \Box \Box \Lambda \Box \Box$

Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	30	Provera
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	100	Provera
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 20197.15	30	Provera

# **Other Endocrine Agents**

CABERGOLINE -	Restricted see	terms below
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1	Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	2	Dost	inex
	15.20	8	Dost	inex

#### → Restricted (RS1319)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Inhibition of lactation; or
- 2 Patient has pathological hyperprolactinemia; or
- 3 Patient has acromegaly.

### **CLOMIFENE CITRATE**

			Seropnene
DANAZOL			
Cap 100 mg	.33	100	Azol

100 Azol

Tab 50 mg .......29.84

### **GESTRINONE**

Cap 2.5 mg

## **METYRAPONE**

Cap 250 mg

#### **PENTAGASTRIN**

Inj 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

# Other Oestrogen Preparations

#### **FTHINYLOFSTRADIOL**

Tab 10 mcg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202117	7.60 100	NZ Medical and
		Scientific

### **OESTRADIOL**

Implant 50 mg

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

OFSTRIOL

Tab 2 mg

### Other Progestogen Preparations

MEDROXYPROGESTERONE

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019.......101.00 100 Provera HD

NORETHISTERONE

Tab 5 mg .......18.29 100 Primolut N

## Pituitary and Hypothalamic Hormones and Analogues

CORTICOTRORELIN (OVINE)

Inj 100 mcg vial

THYROTROPIN ALFA

Inj 900 mcg vial

### **Adrenocorticotropic Hormones**

TETRACOSACTIDE [TETRACOSACTRIN]

### **GnRH Agonists and Antagonists**

**BUSERELIN** 

Inj 1 mg per ml, 5.5 ml vial

**GONADORELIN** 

Inj 100 mcg vial

GOSERELIN

# Gonadotrophins

CHORIOGONADOTROPIN ALFA

Inj 250 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe

### **Growth Hormone**

SOMATROPIN - Restricted see terms below

Inj 5 mg cartridge − 1% DV Oct-18 to 202134.88	1	Omnitrope
Inj 10 mg cartridge − 1% DV Oct-18 to 202169.75	1	Omnitrope
Inj 15 mg cartridge – 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021104.63	1	Omnitrope

→ Restricted (RS1549)

Initiation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

continued...

Lucrin Depot 3-month

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl.		Generic	
\$	Pe	r Manufacturer	

continued...

- 1 Growth hormone deficiency causing symptomatic hypoglycaemia, or with other significant growth hormone deficient sequelae (e.g. cardiomyopathy, hepatic dysfunction) and diagnosed with GH < 5 mcg/l on at least two random blood samples in the first 2 weeks of life, or from samples during established hypoglycaemia (whole blood glucose < 2 mmol/l using a laboratory device); or</p>
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Height velocity < 25th percentile for age; and adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate over 6 or 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
  - 2.2 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
  - 2.3 Peak growth hormone value of < 5.0 mcg per litre in response to two different growth hormone stimulation tests. In children who are 5 years or older, GH testing with sex steroid priming is required; and</p>
  - 2.4 If the patient has been treated for a malignancy, they should be disease free for at least one year based upon follow-up laboratory and radiological imaging appropriate for the malignancy, unless there are strong medical reasons why this is either not necessary or appropriate; and
  - 2.5 Appropriate imaging of the pituitary gland has been obtained.

### Continuation - growth hormone deficiency in children

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) while on growth hormone treatment, as calculated over six months using the standards of Tanner and Davis (1985); and
- 3 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2.0 cm per year, as calculated over 6 months; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

### Initiation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a post-natal genotype confirming Turner Syndrome; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile over 6-12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years.

#### Continuation - Turner syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity greater than or equal to 50th percentile for age (while on growth hormone calculated over 6 to 12 months using the Ranke's Turner Syndrome growth velocity charts); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year, calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under; and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed since starting growth hormone.

### Initiation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1 The patient's height is more than 3 standard deviations below the mean for age or for bone age if there is marked growth acceleration or delay; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile for age (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate), as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies(1985); and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 The patient does not have severe chronic disease (including malignancy or recognized severe skeletal dysplasia) and is not receiving medications known to impair height velocity.

### Continuation - short stature without growth hormone deficiency

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 Current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred.

### Initiation – short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's height is more than 2 standard deviations below the mean; and
- 2 Height velocity is < 25th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and</p>
- 3 A current bone age is to 14 years or under (female patients) or to 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 The patient is metabolically stable, has no evidence of metabolic bone disease and absence of any other severe chronic disease; and
- 5 The patient is under the supervision of a specialist with expertise in renal medicine; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 The patient has a GFR less than or equal to 30 ml/min/1.73 m² as measured by the Schwartz method (Height(cm)/plasma creatinine (umol/l × 40 = corrected GFR (ml/min/1.73 m²) in a child who may or may not be receiving dialysis; or
  - 6.2 The patient has received a renal transplant and has received < 5mg/ m²/day of prednisone or equivalent for at least 6 months.</p>

### Continuation - short stature due to chronic renal insufficiency

Endocrinologist, paediatric endocrinologist or renal physician on the recommendation of a endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patients specialist considers is likely to be attributable to growth hormone has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not experienced significant biochemical or metabolic deterioration confirmed by diagnostic results; and

	Price		Brand or
(ex	man. excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 7 The patient has not received renal transplantation since starting growth hormone treatment; and
- 8 If the patient requires transplantation, growth hormone prescription should cease before transplantation and a new application should be made after transplantation based on the above criteria.

### Initiation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome that has been confirmed by genetic testing or clinical scoring criteria; and
- 2 The patient is aged six months or older; and
- 3 A current bone age is < 14 years (female patients) or < 16 years (male patients); and
- 4 Sleep studies or overnight eximetry have been performed and there is no obstructive sleep disorder requiring treatment, or if an obstructive sleep disorder is found, it has been adequately treated under the care of a paediatric respiratory physician and/or ENT surgeon; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Both:
    - 5.1.1 The patient is aged two years or older; and
    - 5.1.2 There is no evidence of type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months; or
  - 5.2 The patient is aged between six months and two years and a thorough upper airway assessment is planned to be undertaken prior to treatment commencement and at six to 12 weeks following treatment initiation.

### Continuation - Prader-Willi syndrome

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 50th percentile (adjusted for bone age/pubertal status if appropriate) as calculated over 6 to 12 months using the standards of Tanner and Davies (1985); and
- 2 Height velocity is greater than or equal to 2 cm per year as calculated over six months; and
- 3 A current bone age is 14 years or under (female patients) or 16 years or under (male patients); and
- 4 No serious adverse effect that the patient's specialist con siders is likely to be attributable to growth hormone treatment has occurred; and
- 5 No malignancy has developed after growth hormone therapy was commenced; and
- 6 The patient has not developed type II diabetes or uncontrolled obesity as defined by BMI that has increased by greater than or equal to 0.5 standard deviations in the preceding 12 months.

### Initiation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a medical condition that is known to cause growth hormone deficiency (e.g. surgical removal of the pituitary for treatment of a pituitary tumour); and
- 2 The patient has undergone appropriate treatment of other hormonal deficiencies and psychological illnesses; and
- 3 The patient has severe growth hormone deficiency (see notes); and
- 4 The patient's serum IGF-I is more than 1 standard deviation below the mean for age and sex; and
- 5 The patient has poor quality of life, as defined by a score of 16 or more using the disease-specific quality of life questionnaire for adult growth hormone deficiency (QoL-AGHDA®).

Notes: For the purposes of adults and adolescents, severe growth hormone deficiency is defined as a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 3 mcg per litre during an adequately performed insulin tolerance test (ITT) or glucagon stimulation test

F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl.	GST)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

Patients with one or more additional anterior pituitary hormone deficiencies and a known structural pituitary lesion only require one test. Patients with isolated growth hormone deficiency require two growth hormone stimulation tests, of which, one should be ITT unless otherwise contraindicated. Where an additional test is required, an arginine provocation test can be used with a peak serum growth hormone level of less than or equal to 0.4 mcg per litre.

The dose of somatropin should be started at 0.2 mg daily and be titrated by 0.1 mg monthly until it is within 1 standard deviation of the mean normal value for age and sex; and

The dose of somatropin not to exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients.

At the commencement of treatment for hypopituitarism, patients must be monitored for any required adjustment in replacement doses of corticosteroid and levothyroxine.

#### Continuation - adults and adolescents

Endocrinologist or paediatric endocrinologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for < 12 months; and
  - 1.2 There has been an improvement in the Quality of Life Assessment defined as a reduction of at least 8 points on the Quality of Life Assessment of Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults (QoL-AGHDA®) score from baseline; and
  - 1.3 Serum IGF-I levels have increased to within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex; and
  - 1.4 The dose of somatropin does not exceed 0.7 mg per day for male patients, or 1 mg per day for female patients; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has been treated with somatropin for more than 12 months; and
  - 2.2 The patient has not had a deterioration in Quality of Life defined as a 6 point or greater increase from their lowest QoL-AGHDA® score on treatment (other than due to obvious external factors such as external stressors); and
  - 2.3 Serum IGF-I levels have continued to be maintained within ±1SD of the mean of the normal range for age and sex (other than for obvious external factors); and
  - 2.4 The dose of somatropin has not exceeded 0.7 mg per day for male patients or 1 mg per day for female patients.

# **Thyroid and Antithyroid Preparations**

CARRIMAZOI F

Tab 5 mg

IODINE

Soln BP 50 mg per ml

LEVOTHYROXINE

Tab 25 mcg

Tab 50 mcg

Tab 100 mcg

LIOTHYRONINE SODIUM

→ Restricted (RS1301)

Initiation

For a maximum of 14 days' treatment in patients with thyroid cancer who are due to receive radioiodine therapy.

Inj 20 mcg vial

POTASSIUM IODATE

Tab 170 mg

POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE

Cap 200 mg

PROPYLTHIOURACIL - Restricted see terms on the next page

**↓** Tab 50 mg .......35.00 100 PTU

P	rice		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

### → Restricted (RS1276)

#### Initiation

#### Both:

- 1 The patient has hyperthyroidism; and
- 2 The patient is intolerant of carbimazole or carbimazole is contraindicated.

Note: Propylthiouracil is not recommended for patients under the age of 18 years unless the patient is pregnant and other treatments are contraindicated.

#### PROTIRFI IN

Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

# Vasopressin Agents

### ARGIPRESSIN [VASOPRESSIN]

Inj 20 u per ml, 1 ml ampoule

### DESMOPRESSIN ACETATE - Some items restricted see terms below

t	Tab 100 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	25.00	30	Minirin
t	Tab 200 mcg - 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019	54.45	30	Minirin
	Nasal spray 10 mcg per dose - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	23.95	6 ml	Desmopressin-PH&T

Inj 4 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Inj 15 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Nasal drops 100 mcg per ml

# → Restricted (RS1339) Initiation – Nocturnal enuresis

### Either:

- 1 The nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated; or
- 2 An enuresis alarm is contraindicated.

Note: Cranial diabetes insipidus and the nasal forms of desmopressin are contraindicated.

#### TERLIPRESSIN

Inj 0.1 mg per ml, 8.5 ml ampoule4	50.00	5	Glypressin
Inj 1 mg per 8.5 ml ampoule2	15.00	5	Glypressin



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Antibacterials** Aminoglycosides AMIKACIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe 10 **Biomed** Ini 15 mg per ml, 5 ml syringe ■ Inj 250 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021......265.00 5 DBL Amikacin → Restricted (RS1041) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule ......25.00 DBI Gentamicin 5 25 APP Pharmaceuticals 10 Pfizer PAROMOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Humatin 16 → Restricted (RS1603) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist STREPTOMYCIN SULPHATE - Restricted see terms below Inj 400 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1043) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist **TOBRAMYCIN** I Powder → Restricted (RS1475) Initiation For addition to orthopaedic bone cement. 5 Tobramycin Mylan → Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial → Restricted (RS1044) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist 56 dose TOBI → Restricted (RS1435) Initiation Patient has cystic fibrosis. Carbapenems ERTAPENEM - Restricted see terms below 1 Invanz → Restricted (RS1045) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist IMIPENEM WITH CILASTATIN - Restricted see terms on the next page 1 Imipenem+Cilastatin RBX

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
→ Restricted (RS1046)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
MEROPENEM - Restricted see terms below			
<b>I</b> Inj 500 mg vial − 1% <b>DV Oct-18 to 2020</b>		10	DBL Meropenem
For last 4 model of 40% DM Oct 40 to 0000	4.00	1	Meropenem Ranbaxy
Inj 1 g vial − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2020	159.00 8.00	10 1	DBL Meropenem Meropenem Ranbaxy
(DBL Meropenem Inj 500 mg vial to be delisted 1 October 2018)  (DBL Meropenem Inj 1 g vial to be delisted 1 October 2018)  → Restricted (RS1047)  Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	0.00	·	meropenem numbaxy
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 1st Generation			
CEFALEXIN			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019		20	Cephalexin ABM
Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		20	Cephalexin ABM
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	11.75	100 ml	Cefalexin Sandoz
CEFAZOLIN			
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	AFT
Inj 1 g vial – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.29	5	AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 2nd Generation			
CEFACLOR			
Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
Grans for oral liq 25 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	3.53	100 ml	Ranbaxy-Cefaclor
CEFOXITIN			
Inj 1 g vial	58.00	10	Cefoxitin Actavis
CEFUROXIME			
Tab 250 mg	29.40	50	Zinnat
Inj 750 mg vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	9.85	10	Cefuroxime Actavis
Inj 1.5 g vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	14.36	10	Cefuroxime Actavis
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 3rd Generation			
CEFOTAXIME			
Inj 500 mg vial	1.90	1	Cefotaxime Sandoz
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	14.60	10	DBL Cefotaxime
CEFTAZIDIME - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial	23.00	5	Ceftazidime Mylan
→ Restricted (RS1048) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	list		
CEFTRIAXONE	1.00	4	DEVA
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		1	DEVA DEVA
Inj 1 g vial  – 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019 Inj 2 g vial		1	Ceftriaxone-AFT
11 j = 9 4101	2.13	'	COMMANDIO-AL I



	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 4th Gener	ation		
CEFEPIME - Restricted see terms below  Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021  → Restricted (RS1049)  Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist		1	Cefepime-AFT Cefepime-AFT
Cephalosporins and Cephamycins - 5th Gener	ration		
CEETAROLINE FOSAMIL - Restricted see terms below			

7inforo

→ Restricted (RS1446)

### Initiation - multi-resistant organisn salvage therapy

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

Fither:

- 1 for patients where alternative therapies have failed; or
- 2 for patients who have a contraindication or hypersensitivity to standard current therapies.

### **Macrolides**

AZITHROMYCIN	<ul> <li>Restricted see terms below</li> </ul>	
<b>-</b>		

t	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 20218	.19	30	Apo-Azithromycin
1	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 20210	.93	2	Apo-Azithromycin
t	Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml (40 mg per ml)12	.50	15 ml	Zithromax
	Destricted (DC4500)			

→ Restricted (RS1598)

### Initiation – bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome, cystic fibrosis and atypical Mycobacterium infections Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has received a lung transplant, stem cell transplant or bone marrow transplant and requires treatment for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome\*: or
- 2 Patient has received a lung transplant and requires prophylaxis for bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome\*; or
- 3 Patient has cystic fibrosis and has chronic infection with Pseudomonas aeruginosa or Pseudomonas related gram negative organisms\*: or
- 4 Patient has an atypical Mycobacterium infection.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

### Initiation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis\*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 For prophylaxis of exacerbations of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis\*; and
- 2 Patient is aged 18 and under: and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has had 3 or more exacerbations of their bronchiectasis, within a 12 month period; or
  - 3.2 Patient has had 3 acute admissions to hospital for treatment of infective respiratory exacerbations within a 12 month period.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
 · ·			

### Continuation - non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis\*

Respiratory specialist or paediatrician

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has completed 12 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis; and
- 2 Following initial 12 months of treatment, the patient has not received any further azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis for a further 12 months, unless considered clinically inappropriate to stop treatment; and
- 3 The patient will not receive more than a total of 24 months' azithromycin cumulative treatment (see note).

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications. A maximum of 24 months of azithromycin treatment for non-cystic fibrosis will be subsidised in the community.

#### Initiation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

#### Continuation - other indications

Re-assessment required after 5 days

For any other condition.

#### CLARITHROMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	3.98	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
1	Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.40	14	Apo-Clarithromycin
t	Grans for oral liq 50 mg per ml	23.12	50 ml	Klacid
	Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-17 to 31 Aug 2020		1	Martindale
<b>=</b>	Restricted (RS1476)			

### Initiation - Tab 250 mg and oral liquid

Either:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents.

#### Initiation - Tab 500 mg

Helicobacter pylori eradication.

#### Initiation - Infusion

Any of the following:

- 1 Atypical mycobacterial infection; or
- 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis infection where there is drug resistance or intolerance to standard pharmaceutical agents; or
- 3 Community-acquired pneumonia.

# ERYTHROMYCIN (AS ETHYLSUCCINATE)

ERYTHROMYCIN (AS LACTOBIONATE)

Tab 400 mg16.95	100	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 200 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin
Grans for oral liq 400 mg per 5 ml	100 ml	E-Mycin

# Inj 1 g vial ......16.00

### ERYTHROMYCIN (AS STEARATE) - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 250 mg

→ Tab 500 mg

#### ROXITHROMYCIN - Some items restricted see terms below

1	Tab dispersible 50 mg	.7.19	10	Rulide D
	Tab 150 mg	.7.48	50	Arrow-Roxithromycin
	Tab 300 mg		50	Arrow-Roxithromycin

# → Restricted (RS1569)

### Initiation

Only for use in patients under 12 years of age.

Erythrocin IV



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer \$ **Penicillins AMOXICILLIN** 500 Apo-Amoxi Apo-Amoxi 500 100 ml Alphamox 125 100 ml Alphamox 250 10 Ibiamox 10 Ibiamox Ibiamox 10 AMOXICILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID 20 Augmentin 100 ml Augmentin Grans for oral lig 50 mg with clavulanic acid 12.5 mg per ml - 1% DV 100 ml Curam Ini 500 mg with clavulanic acid 100 mg vial......10.14 m-Amoxiclay 10 Inj 1,000 mg with clavulanic acid 200 mg vial......12.80 10 m-Amoxiclay BENZATHINE BENZYLPENICILLIN Bicillin LA 10 BENZYLPENICILLIN SODIUM [PENICILLIN G] Sandoz 10 **FLUCLOXACILLIN** Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021......16.83 250 Staphlex 500 Staphlex AFT 100 ml 100 ml **AFT** 10 Fluctoxin 10 Flucloxin 5 Flucil PHENOXYMETHYLPENICILLIN [PENICILLIN V] Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021......2.59 Cilicaine VK 50 Cap 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021......4.26 50 Cilicaine VK 100 ml **AFT** 100 ml **AFT** PIPERACILLIN WITH TAZOBACTAM - Restricted see terms below 10 PipTaz Sandoz 15.50 1 Tazocin EF → Restricted (RS1053) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist PROCAINE PENICILLIN Cilicaine 5 TICARCILLIN WITH CLAVULANIC ACID - Restricted see terms below Inj 3 g with clavulanic acid 0.1 mg vial

Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specialist

<sup>⇒</sup> Restricted (RS1054)

	 rice excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Quinolones			
CIPROFLOXACIN - Restricted see terms below  I Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020  I Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020  I Tab 750 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020  Oral liq 50 mg per ml  Oral liq 100 mg per ml	 1.99	28 28 28	Cipflox Cipflox Cipflox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021  → Restricted (RS1055)  Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist	 68.20	10	Cipflox
MOXIFLOXACIN – Restricted see terms below  ↓ Tab 400 mg		5 1	Avelox Avelox IV 400

#### Initiation - Mycobacterium infection

Infectious disease specialist, clinical microbiologist or respiratory specialist Fither:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Active tuberculosis: and
  - 1.2 Any of the following:
    - 1.2.1 Documented resistance to one or more first-line medications; or
    - 1.2.2 Suspected resistance to one or more first-line medications (tuberculosis assumed to be contracted in an area with known resistance), as part of regimen containing other second-line agents; or
    - 1.2.3 Impaired visual acuity (considered to preclude ethambutol use); or
    - 1.2.4 Significant pre-existing liver disease or hepatotoxicity from tuberculosis medications; or
    - 1.2.5 Significant documented intolerance and/or side effects following a reasonable trial of first-line medications; or
- 2 Mycobacterium avium-intracellulare complex not responding to other therapy or where such therapy is contraindicated.

#### Initiation - Pneumonia

Infectious disease specialist or clinical microbiologist

Either:

- 1 Immunocompromised patient with pneumonia that is unresponsive to first-line treatment; or
- 2 Pneumococcal pneumonia or other invasive pneumococcal disease highly resistant to other antibiotics.

# Initiation - Penetrating eye injury

Ophthalmologist

Five days treatment for patients requiring prophylaxis following a penetrating eye injury.

# Initiation - Mycoplasma genitalium

All of the following:

- 1 Has nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT) confirmed Mycoplasma genitalium; and
- 2 Has tried and failed to clear infection using azithromycin; and
- 3 Treatment is only for 7 days.

**NORFLOXACIN** 

# **Tetracyclines**

#### DEMECLOCYCLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 150 mg

Cap 150 mg

Cap 300 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DOXYCYCLINE			
Tab 50 mg – <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only Tab 100 mg Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	6.75	250	Doxine
MINOCYCLINE  Tab 50 mg			
→ Cap 100 mg - <b>Restricted</b> : For continuation only			
FETRACYCLINE			
Tab 250 mg Cap 500 mg	46.00	30	Tetracyclin Wolff
FIGECYCLINE - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mg vial			
→ Restricted (RS1059)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
Other Antibacterials			
AZTREONAM - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial	182.46	5	Azactam
→ Restricted (RS1277)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLORAMPHENICOL - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 1 g vial			
→ Restricted (RS1277)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CLINDAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	4.10	16	Clindamycin ABM
Oral liq 15 mg per ml			
Inj 150 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	65.00	10	Dalacin C
→ Restricted (RS1061)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
COLISTIN SULPHOMETHATE [COLESTIMETHATE] - Restricted see			O a Partie I Call
Inj 150 mg per ml, 1 ml vial	65.00	1	Colistin-Link
→ Restricted (RS1062) Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	liet		
	1151		
DAPTOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below Inj 350 mg vial	175 16	1	Cubinin
Inj 500 mg vial		1	Cubicin Cubicin
→ Restricted (RS1063)	243.32	'	Cubiciii
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
FOSFOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Powder for oral solution, 3 g sachet			
→ Restricted (RS1315)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
HEXAMINE HIPPURATE			
Tab 1 g			
LINCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms on the next page			
Incommon – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the next page  Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 000 mg per mi, z mi viai			

	Price ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
. Destricted (DO4005)	<b>3</b>	Per	Manufacturer
▶ Restricted (RS1065) linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
NEZOLID - Restricted see terms below Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	553 77	10	Zyvox
Oral lig 20 mg per ml		150 ml	Zyvox
Inj 2 mg per ml, 300 ml bag		10	Zyvox
► Restricted (RS1066)			Lyvox
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ITROFURANTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
IVMECILLINAM - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 200 mg			
Restricted (RS1322)			
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	34.50	12	Fucidin
Restricted (RS1064)			
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ULPHADIAZINE – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 500 mg			
<ul> <li>Restricted (RS1067)</li> <li>linical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal me</li> </ul>	dicina anacialist		
illinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist of maternal-roetal me EICOPLANIN  – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below	dicirie specialist		
Inj 400 mg vial			
• Restricted (RS1068)			
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
RIMETHOPRIM			
Tab 100 mg			
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	16.50	50	TMP
RIMETHOPRIM WITH SULPHAMETHOXAZOLE [CO-TRIMOXAZOLE]			
Tab 80 mg with sulphamethoxazole 400 mg			
Oral liq 8 mg with sulphamethoxazole 40 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-1	7		
to 2020		100 ml	Deprim
Inj 16 mg with sulphamethoxazole 80 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			-
ANCOMYCIN - Restricted see terms below			
Inj 500 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.37	1	Mylan
Restricted (RS1069)			
linical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			

# **Antifungals**

# **Imidazoles**

KETOCONAZOLE

- Tab 200 mg
- → Restricted (RS1410)

Oncologist

INFECTIONS			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Polyene Antimycotics			
AMPHOTERICIN B  Inj (liposomal) 50 mg vial	3,450.00	10	AmBisome
→ Restricted (RS1071) Initiation Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, on Either:	cologist, respiratory	specialist c	or transplant specialist
<ol> <li>Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed to 2 Both:         <ul> <li>2.1 Possible invasive fungal infection; and</li> <li>2.2 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease treatment to be appropriate.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Ini 50 mg vial</li> </ol>			
→ Restricted (RS1316) Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, on	cologist, respiratory	specialist c	or transplant specialist
NYSTATIN Tab 500,000 u Cap 500,000 u		50 50	Nilstat Nilstat
Triazoles			
FLUCONAZOLE — Restricted see terms below  I Cap 50 mg — 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020  I Cap 150 mg — 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020  I Cap 200 mg — 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020  I Cap 200 mg — 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020  I Oral liquid 50 mg per 5 ml  I Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019  I Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial — 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		28 1 28 35 ml 1	Mylan Mylan Mylan Diflucan Fluconazole-Claris Fluconazole-Claris
Consultant ITRACONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below  I Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019  Oral liquid 10 mg per ml  Restricted (RS1073)		15	Itrazole
Clinical immunologist, clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious POSACONAZOLE – Restricted see terms below  Tab modified-release 100 mg	869.86	24 105 ml	Noxafil Noxafil

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

1 Either:

1.1 Patient has acute myeloid leukaemia; or

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1.2 Patient is planned to receive a stem cell transplant and is at high risk for aspergillus infection; and
- 2 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission induction therapy or re-induction therapy.

#### Continuation

Haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has previously received posaconazole prophylaxis during remission induction therapy; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient is to be treated with high dose remission re-induction therapy; or
  - 2.2 Patient is to be treated with high dose consolidation therapy; or
  - 2.3 Patient is receiving a high risk stem cell transplant.

# VORICONAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

TOTAL COLUMN COL		
<b>↓</b> Tab 50 mg − <b>1% DV Sep-18 to 2021</b> 9	1.00 56	Vttack
■ Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	0.00 56	Vttack
Powder for oral suspension 40 mg per ml		nl Vfend
■ Inj 200 mg vial - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2019	5.00 1	Generic Partners
⇒ Restricted (RS1075)		

#### Thesincled (HS1075)

# Initiation - Proven or probable aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has proven or probable invasive aspergillus infection.

## Initiation - Possible aspergillus infection

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Patient has possible invasive aspergillus infection; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

### Initiation - Resistant candidiasis infections and other moulds

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has fluconazole resistant candidiasis; or
  - 2.2 Patient has mould strain such as Fusarium spp. and Scedosporium spp; and
- 3 A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease physician or clinical microbiologist) considers the treatment to be appropriate.

# **Other Antifungals**

#### CASPOFUNGIN - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 50 mg vial667.50	1	Cancidas
1	Inj 70 mg vial862.50	1	Cancidas
	(DO (0-0)		

→ Restricted (RS1076)

#### Initiation

Clinical microbiologist, haematologist, infectious disease specialist, oncologist, respiratory specialist or transplant specialist Fither:



INFECTIONS					
	F (ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued  1 Proven or probable invasive fungal infection, to be prescribed un- 2 Both:	der an e	stablis	hed p	rotocol;	or
Possible invasive fungal infection; and     A multidisciplinary team (including an infectious disease p treatment to be appropriate.	hysician	or a c	linical	microbi	ologist) considers the
FLUCYTOSINE - Restricted see terms below  ↓ Cap 500 mg  → Restricted (RS1279)					
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist TERBINAFINE					
Tab 250 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020		1.33		14	Deolate
Antimycobacterials					
Antileprotics					
CLOFAZIMINE - Restricted see terms below  Cap 50 mg Restricted (RS1077) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist DAPSONE - Restricted see terms below					
Tab 25 mg      Tab 100 mg  → Restricted (RS1078)  Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist				100 100	Dapsone Dapsone
Antituberculotics					
CYCLOSERINE - Restricted see terms below  ↓ Cap 250 mg → Restricted (RS1079)  Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special  ETHAMBUTOL HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below	list				
Tab 100 mg				56	Myambutol
Tab 400 mg      Restricted (RS1080)  Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia		.49.34		56	Myambutol
ISONIAZID - Restricted see terms below  Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021  → Restricted (RS1281)		.22.00		100	PSM
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physici	ian or int	ternal ı	medic	ine phys	sician
ISONIAZID WITH RIFAMPICIN – Restricted see terms below		05.54		100	Differen
<ul> <li>Tab 100 mg with rifampicin 150 mg − 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021</li> <li>Tab 150 mg with rifampicin 300 mg − 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021</li> <li>Restricted (RS1282)</li> </ul>				100 100	Rifinah Rifinah
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, paediatrician, public health physici	ian or int	ternal ı	medic	ine phys	sician

Paser

PARA-AMINOSALICYLIC ACID - Restricted see terms on the next page

Stromectol

				_
		Price		Brand or
	(ex man.	excl. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
		\$	rei	Manuaciurei
→ Restricted (RS1083)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist			
PROTIONAMIDE - Restricted see terms below				
■ Tab 250 mg		305.00	100	Peteha
→ Restricted (RS1084)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory special	alist			
PYRAZINAMIDE - Restricted see terms below				
<b>↓</b> Tab 500 mg				
→ Restricted (RS1085)				
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or respiratory specia	alist			
RIFABUTIN - Restricted see terms below				
<b>■</b> Cap 150 mg - <b>1% DV Oct-16 to 2019</b>		275.00	30	Mycobutin
→ Restricted (RS1086)				•
Clinical microbiologist, gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist of	or respira	atory specia	list	
RIFAMPICIN - Restricted see terms below				
Cap 150 mg − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		.55.75	100	Rifadin
		116.25	100	Rifadin
			60 ml	Rifadin
Inj 600 mg vial − 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		128.85	1	Rifadin
→ Restricted (RS1087)				
Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, internal medicine physician, paed	iatrician	or public he	alth physi	cian
Antinovasition		•		

# **Antiparasitics**

### **Anthelmintics**

ALBENDAZOLE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1088)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

IVERMECTIN - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1283)

Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist or infectious disease specialist

**MEBENDAZOLE** 

Oral lig 100 mg per 5 ml

**PRAZIQUANTEL** 

Tab 600 mg

# **Antiprotozoals**

ARTEMETHER WITH LUMEFANTRINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Tab 20 mg with lumefantrine 120 mg

→ Restricted (RS1090)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

ARTESUNATE - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 60 mg vial

			-
	Price	١	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Generic Manufacturer
⇒ Restricted (RS1091)	<del></del>		
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ATOVAQUONE WITH PROGUANIL HYDROCHLORIDE – Restricted		10	Malauana lunian
Tab 62.5 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 25 mg		12 12	Malarone Junior
Tab 250 mg with proguanil hydrochloride 100 mg	04.00	12	Malarone
→ Restricted (RS1092) Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
Tab 250 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1093) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rh	oumatalogist		
	eumatologist		
MEFLOQUINE – Restricted see terms below	00.40	0	1 - 2
■ Tab 250 mg	33.48	8	Lariam
(Lariam Tab 250 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019)			
→ Restricted (RS1094) Clinical microbiologist, dermatologist, infectious disease specialist or rh	oumatalogist		
	leumatologist		
METRONIDAZOLE	40.45	400	T 4.6
Tab 200 mg		100 100	Trichozole Trichozole
Tab 400 mg		100 100 ml	
Oral liq benzoate 200 mg per 5 ml		100 ml	Flagyl-S AFT
Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		5	AFT
inj 5 mg per mi, 100 mi bag	23.00	10	Baxter
Suppos 500 mg		10	Flagyl
(AFT Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag to be delisted 1 September 2018)	27.70	10	i iagyi
NITAZOXANIDE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
Tab 500 mg	1 680 00	30	Alinia
■ Oral liq 100 mg per 5 ml	1,000.00	00	Allilla
⇒ Restricted (RS1095)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
ORNIDAZOLE			
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	23.00	10	Arrow-Ornidazole
-	20.00	10	Allow Offiliauzoic
PENTAMIDINE ISETHIONATE – Restricted see terms below	100.00	5	Pentacarinat
Inj 300 mg vial  → Restricted (RS1096)	100.00	3	reniacannai
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PRIMAQUINE PHOSPHATE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below <b>1</b> Tab 7.5 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1097)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
PYRIMETHAMINE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below			
■ Tab 25 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1098)			
Clinical microbiologist, infectious disease specialist or maternal-foetal r	nedicine specialist		
QUININE DIHYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below	nedicine opecialist		
Inj 60 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
Inj 300 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule  Inj 300 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
⇒ Restricted (RS1099)			
Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist			
p			

	-	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
QUININE SULPHATE Tab 300 mg		.61.91	500	Q 300

SODIUM STIBOGLUCONATE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1100)

Clinical microbiologist or infectious disease specialist

SPIRAMYCIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1101)

Maternal-foetal medicine specialist

### Antiretrovirals

# Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

#### → Restricted (RS1571)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

#### Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

### Initiation - Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
    - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
    - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

# Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

### EFAVIRENZ - Restricted see terms above

	Oral suspension 10 mg per ml	240 ml	Viramune Suspension
	/IRAPINE - <b>Restricted</b> see terms above Tab 200 mg - <b>1% DV Sep-18 to 2021</b> 60.00	60	Nevirapine Alphapharm
	RAVIRINE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms above Tab 200 mg770.00	60	Intelence
	Tab 600 mg	30	Stocrin
t	Tab 200 mg	90	Stocrin
ı	1ab 50 mg	30	Stocrin

# **Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors**

### → Restricted (RS1572)

#### Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Price	Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic	
\$ F	Per Manufacturer	

#### Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

#### Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

# Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ARACAVIR SHI PHATE .	<ul> <li>Restricted see terms on the previous page</li> </ul>	_

t t	Tab 300 mg Oral liq 20 mg per ml	229.00 256.31	60 240 ml	Ziagen Ziagen
ΑB	ACAVIR SULPHATE WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the p	revious page	)	
t	Tab 600 mg with lamiyudine 300 mg	427.29	30	Kivexa

EFAVIRENZ WITH EMTRICITABINE AND TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms on the previous

page  Tab 600 mg with emtricitabine 200 mg and tenofovir disoproxil fumarate			
300 mg	.237.52	30	Atripla

EMTRICITABINE − **Restricted** see terms on the previous page

1 Cap 200 mg......307.20 30 Emtriva

LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Oral liq 10 mg per ml

STAVUDINE - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Cap 30 mg

1 Cap 40 mg

1 Powder for oral soln 1 mg per ml

ZIDOVUDINE [	A7T1	- Restricted	see terms	on the	previous r	ane
ZIDO VODINE I	/ 1/2	IICOLIICU	occ terrio	OII LIIC	provious p	Jugo

Cap 100 mg –	1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	152.25	100	Retrovir
1 Oral liq 10 mg	per ml - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	30.45	200 ml	Retrovir
1 Inj 10 mg per n	nl, 20 ml vial	750.00	5	Retrovir IV
ZIDOVUDINE [AZT	WITH LAMIVUDINE - Restricted see terms of	on the previous page		

**t** Tab 300 mg with lamivudine 150 mg – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020 .......33.00 60 Alphapharm

## **Protease Inhibitors**

#### → Restricted (RS1573)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

# Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

# Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

ΑT	AZANAVIR SULPHATE - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Cap 150 mg	68.34	60	Reyataz
t	Cap 200 mg	'57.79	60	Reyataz
DA	RUNAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	35.00	60	Prezista
t	Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020	76.00	60	Prezista
INE	DINAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Cap 200 mg			
t	Cap 400 mg			
LO	PINAVIR WITH RITONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Tab 100 mg with ritonavir 25 mg1	83.75	60	Kaletra
t	Tab 200 mg with ritonavir 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20204	63.00	120	Kaletra
t	Oral liq 80 mg with ritonavir 20 mg per ml7	'35.00	300 ml	Kaletra
RIT	ONAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page			
t	Tab 100 mg	43.31	30	Norvir
t	Oral liq 80 mg per ml			

# Strand Transfer Inhibitors

#### → Restricted (RS1574)

#### Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

# Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission; or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

# Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

# Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

# INFECTIONS

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DOLUTEGRAVIR - Restricted see terms on the previous page  1 Tab 50 mg	1,090.00	30	Tivicay
RALTEGRAVIR POTASSIUM – Restricted see terms on the previous Tab 400 mg		60	Isentress

# **Antivirals**

# **Hepatitis B**

ADEFOVIR DIPIVOXIL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1104)

# Initiation

Gastroenterologist or infectious disease specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg+); and Documented resistance to lamivudine defined as:
- 2 Patient has raised serum ALT (> 1 × ULN); and
- 3 Patient has HBV DNA greater than 100,000 copies per mL, or viral load greater than or equal to 10-fold over nadir; and
- 4 Detection of M204I or M204V mutation; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Both:
    - 5.1.1 Patient is cirrhotic; and
    - 5.1.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used in combination with lamivudine; or
  - 5.2 Both:
    - 5.2.1 Patient is not cirrhotic; and
    - 5.2.2 Adefovir dipivoxil to be used as monotherapy.

# ENTECAVIR Tab 0.5 mg = 1% DV Nov-18 to 2021

1ab 0.5 mg = 1% <b>by Nov-16 to 2021</b>	30	Entecavir Sandoz
(Baraclude Tab 0.5 mg to be delisted 1 November 2018)		
LAMIVUDINE		
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 20204.20	28	Zetlam
Oral liq 5 mg per ml270.00	240 ml	Zeffix
TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL		
Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a fumarate)531.00	30	Viread
Tab 245 mg (300.6 mg as a succinate) - 1% DV Sep-18 to 202138.10	30	Tenofovir Disoproxil
		Teva

400 00

oΛ

Daraduda

(Viread Tab 245 mg (300 mg as a fumarate) to be delisted 1 September 2018)

# **Hepatitis C**

LEDIPASVIR WITH SOFOSBUVIR - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1528)

#### Initiation

Note: Only for use in patients with approval by the Hepatitis C Treatment Panel (HepCTP). Applications will be considered by HepCTP at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Access Criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

		INFECTIONS
Price (ex man. excl. 0 \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
PARITAPREVIR, RITONAVIR AND OIMBITASVIR WITH DASABUVIR  Note: Only for use in patients who have received supply of treatment via PHARMA  Application details for accessing treatment may be obtained from PHARMAC's web  http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/.  Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56), with		direct distribution supply.
dasabuvir tab 250 mg (56)	C's approved	Viekira Pak direct distribution supply.
http://www.pharmac.govt.nz/hepatitis-c-treatments/.  Tab 75 mg with ritonavir 50 mg, and ombitasvir 12.5 mg (56) with dasabuvir tab 250 mg (56) and ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)	1	Viekira Pak-RBV
Herpesviridae		
ACICLOVIR  Tab dispersible 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	25 56 35 5	Lovir Lovir Lovir Aciclovir-Claris
Inj 500 mg vial	5 30 30	Cymevene  Vaclovir Vaclovir
VALGANCICLOVIR - Restricted see terms below   ↓ Tab 450 mg	60	Valcyte

Limited to 3 months treatment

Patient has undergone a solid organ transplant and requires valganciclovir for CMV prophylaxis.

# Initiation – Lung transplant cytomegalovirus prophylaxis

Limited to 6 months treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has undergone a lung transplant; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The donor was cytomegalovirus positive and the patient is cytomegalovirus negative; or



Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Truvada

continued...

2.2 The recipient is cytomegalovirus positive.

# Initiation - Cytomegalovirus in immunocompromised patients

#### Both:

- 1 Patient is immunocompromised; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has cytomegalovirus syndrome or tissue invasive disease; or
  - 2.2 Patient has rapidly rising plasma CMV DNA in absence of disease; or
  - 2.3 Patient has cytomegalovirus retinitis.

# **HIV Prophylaxis and Treatment**

EMTRICITABINE WITH TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms below

Tab 200 mg with tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg......190.02 30

⇒ Restricted (RS1616)

Initiation - Confirmed HIV

Patient has confirmed HIV infection.

## Initiation - Prevention of maternal transmission

### Either:

- 1 Prevention of maternal foetal transmission: or
- 2 Treatment of the newborn for up to eight weeks.

# Initiation – Post-exposure prophylaxis following non-occupational exposure to HIV Both:

- 1 Treatment course to be initiated within 72 hours post exposure; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had unprotected receptive anal intercourse with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.2 Patient has shared intravenous injecting equipment with a known HIV positive person; or
  - 2.3 Patient has had non-consensual intercourse and the clinician considers that the risk assessment indicates prophylaxis is required.

### Initiation - Percutaneous exposure

Patient has percutaneous exposure to blood known to be HIV positive.

### Initiation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

# Both:

- 1 Patient has tested HIV negative; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 All of the following:
    - 2.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
    - 2.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
    - 2.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
    - 2.1.4 Any of the following:
      - 2.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
      - 2.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
      - 2.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
  - 2.2 All of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
    - 2.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and

	Price		Brand or	_
(ex	man. excl. GS		Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	

2.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

#### Continuation - Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Applicant has an up to date knowledge of the safety issues and is competent to prescribe pre-exposure prophylaxis; and
- 2 Patient has undergone testing for HIV, syphilis, and a full STI screen in the previous two weeks; and
- 3 Patient has had renal function testing (creatinine, phosphate and urine protein/creatinine ratio) within the last 12 months; and
- 4 Patient has received advice regarding the reduction of risk of HIV and sexually transmitted infections and how to reduce those risks; and
- 5 Patient has tested HIV negative; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 All of the following:
    - 6.1.1 Patient is male or transgender; and
    - 6.1.2 Patient has sex with men; and
    - 6.1.3 Patient is likely to have multiple episodes of condomless anal intercourse in the next 3 months; and
    - 6.1.4 Any of the following:
      - 6.1.4.1 Patient has had at least one episode of condomless receptive anal intercourse with one or more casual male partners in the last 3 months; or
      - 6.1.4.2 A diagnosis of rectal chlamydia, rectal gonorrhoea, or infectious syphilis within the last 3 months; or
      - 6.1.4.3 Patient has used methamphetamine in the last three months; or
  - 6.2 All of the following:
    - 6.2.1 Patient has a regular partner who has HIV infection; and
    - 6.2.2 Partner is either not on treatment or has a detectable viral load; and
    - 6.2.3 Condoms have not been consistently used.

### Influenza

# OSELTAMIVIR - Restricted see terms below

Note: The restriction on the use of oseltamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

- Tab 75 mg
- Powder for oral suspension 6 mg per ml
- ⇒ Restricted (RS1307)

### Initiation

## Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

#### ZANAMIVIR

Note: The restriction on the use of zanamivir to hospitalised patients means that supply into the community for a new course is not permitted. Supply of a part original pack on discharge where initiated as a hospital inpatient is permitted.

#### ⇒ Restricted (RS1369)

#### Initiation

#### Either:

- 1 Only for hospitalised patient with known or suspected influenza; or
- 2 For prophylaxis of influenza in hospitalised patients as part of a DHB hospital approved infections control plan.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Immune Modulators**

### INTERFERON ALFA-2A

Inj 3 m iu prefilled syringe

Ini 6 m iu prefilled syringe

Inj 9 m iu prefilled syringe

#### **INTERFERON ALFA-2B**

Inj 18 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 30 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

Inj 60 m iu, 1.2 ml multidose pen

#### INTERFERON GAMMA - Restricted see terms below

Inj 100 mcg in 0.5 ml vial

→ Restricted (RS1113)

#### Initiation

Patient has chronic granulomatous disease and requires interferon gamma.

#### PEGYLATED INTERFERON ALEA-2A - Restricted see terms below

Inj 135 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168)

Combination Pack
Inj 180 mcg prefilled syringe (4) with ribavirin tab 200 mg (168) .......1,290.00
Combination Pack

#### → Restricted (RS1340)

# Initiation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection or co-infection with HIV or genotype 2 or 3 post liver transplant

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1, 4, 5 or 6 infection; or
- 2 Patient has chronic hepatitis C and is co-infected with HIV; or
- 3 Patient has chronic hepatitis C genotype 2 or 3 and has received a liver transplant.

Notes: Consider stopping treatment if there is absence of a virological response (defined as at least a 2-log reduction in viral load) following 12 weeks of treatment since this is predictive of treatment failure.

Consider reducing treatment to 24 weeks if serum HCV RNA level at Week 4 is undetectable by sensitive PCR assay (less than 50IU/ml) AND Baseline serum HCV RNA is less than 400,000IU/ml.

# Continuation – Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Re-assessment required after 48 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
  - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

#### Initiation - Chronic Hepatitis C - genotype 1 infection treatment more than 4 years prior

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

continued...

Combination Pack

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
\$ Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 1; and
- 2 Patient has had previous treatment with pegylated interferon and ribavirin; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Patient has responder relapsed; or
  - 3.2 Patient was a partial responder; or
  - 3.3 Patient received interferon treatment prior to 2004; and
- 4 Patient is to be treated in combination with boceprevir.

### Initiation - Chronic hepatitis C - genotype 2 or 3 infection without co-infection with HIV

Limited to 6 months treatment

Patient has chronic hepatitis C, genotype 2 or 3 infection.

### Initiation - Hepatitis B

Gastroenterologist, infectious disease specialist or general physician

Limited to 48 weeks treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Hepatitis B infection (HBsAg positive for more than 6 months); and
- 2 Patient is Hepatitis B treatment-naive; and
- 3 ALT > 2 times Upper Limit of Normal; and
- 4 HBV DNA < 10 log10 IU/ml; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 HBeAg positive; or
  - 5.2 Serum HBV DNA greater than or equal to 2,000 units/ml and significant fibrosis (greater than or equal to Metavir Stage F2 or moderate fibrosis); and
- 6 Compensated liver disease; and
- 7 No continuing alcohol abuse or intravenous drug use: and
- 8 Not co-infected with HCV, HIV or HDV; and
- 9 Neither ALT nor AST > 10 times upper limit of normal; and
- 10 No history of hypersensitivity or contraindications to pegylated interferon.

Notes: Approved dose is 180 mcg once weekly.

The recommended dose of Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is 180 mcg once weekly.

In patients with renal insufficiency (calculated creatinine clearance less than 50ml/min), Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a dose should be reduced to 135 mcg once weekly.

In patients with neutropaenia and thrombocytopaenia, dose should be reduced in accordance with the datasheet guidelines. Pegylated Interferon alfa-2a is not approved for use in children.

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer **Anticholinesterases** EDROPHONIUM CHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below Ini 10 mg per ml. 15 ml vial Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule → Restricted (RS1015) Initiation For the diagnosis of myasthenia gravis. NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020......98.00 50 AstraZeneca NEOSTIGMINE METILSULFATE WITH GLYCOPYRRONIUM BROMIDE Ini 2.5 mg with glycopyrronium bromide 0.5 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule -10 Max Health PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE Mestinon 100 **Antirheumatoid Agents HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE** Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 ......7.98 Plaquenil 100 **LEFLUNOMIDE** 30 Apo-Leflunomide Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2020 ......2.90 30 Apo-Leflunomide PENICILLAMINE **D-Penamine** 100 100 **D-Penamine** SODIUM AUROTHIOMALATE Inj 10 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 20 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule Inj 50 mg in 0.5 ml ampoule **Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism Bisphosphonates** ALENDRONATE SODIUM 30 Fosamax → Restricted (RS1139) Initiation - Paget's disease Both: 1 Paget's disease; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or 2.2 Bone deformity; or 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications due to site (base of skull, spine, long bones of lower limbs); or

2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
■ Tab 70 mg	4.82	4	Fosamax

#### ⇒ Restricted (RS1140)

#### Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

## Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
  - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
  - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

# Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

#### ALENDRONATE SODIUM WITH COLECALCIFEROL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1141)

Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
- 4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (underlying cause osteoporosis) or raloxifene.

# Initiation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Both:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
  - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
  - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene.

# Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents). Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score greater than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

ETIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Tab 200 mg	13.50	100	Arrow-Etidronate
(Arrow-Etidronate Tab 200 mg to be delisted 1 January 2019)			
PAMIDRONATE DISODIUM			
Inj 3 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.98	1	Pamisol
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	15.02	1	Pamisol
Inj 9 mg per ml, 10 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	Pamisol
RISEDRONATE SODIUM			
Tab 35 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	3.80	4	Risedronate Sandoz

#### **ZOLEDRONIC ACID**

→ Restricted (RS1488)

#### Initiation - Inherited bone fragility disorders

Any specialist

Patient has been diagnosed with an inherited bone fragility disorder (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta).

### Initiation - Osteoporosis

Any specialist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
  - 1.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
  - 1.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or
  - 1.4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
  - 1.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
  - 1.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or raloxifene; and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in a 12-month period.

## Initiation – glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is receiving systemic glucocorticosteroid therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents) and has already received or is expected to receive therapy for at least three months; and
  2 Appet the following:
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has documented BMD greater than or equal to 1.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -1.5) (see Note); or
  - 2.2 The patient has a history of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically; or
  - 2.3 The patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause glucocorticosteroid therapy) or raloxifene; and; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

#### Continuation - glucocorticosteroid therapy

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient is continuing systemic glucocorticosteriod therapy (greater than or equal to 5 mg per day prednisone equivalents); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

### Initiation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paget's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Bone or articular pain; or
  - 2.2 Bone deformity; or

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
 \$		Per	Manufacturer

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.3 Bone, articular or neurological complications; or
- 2.4 Asymptomatic disease, but risk of complications; or
- 2.5 Preparation for orthopaedic surgery; and
- 3 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

### Continuation - Paget's disease

Any specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has relapsed (based on increases in serum alkaline phosphatase); or
  - 1.2 The patient's serum alkaline phosphatase has not normalised following previous treatment with zoledronic acid; or
  - 1.3 Symptomatic disease (prescriber determined); and
- 2 The patient will not be prescribed more than 5 mg of zoledronic acid in the 12-month approval period.

#### Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with bisphosphonates.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

# Other Drugs Affecting Bone Metabolism

DENOSUMAB - Restricted see terms below

Inj 60 mg prefilled syringe......326.00 1 Prolia

⇒ Restricted (RS1641)

#### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The patient is female and postmenopausal; or
  - 2.2 The patient is male or non-binary; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Note); or
  - 3.2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons; or
  - 3.3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically; or

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
\$	Per	Manufacturer	

continued...

- 3.4 Documented T-Score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Note); or
- 3.5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Note); or
- 3.6 Patient has had a Special Authority approval for alendronate (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or raloxifene; and
- 4 Zoledronic acid is contraindicated because the patient's creatinine clearance is less than 35 mL/min; and
- 5 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes); and
- 6 The patient must not receive concomitant treatment with any other funded antiresorptive agent for this condition or teriparatide.

#### Notes:

- 1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.
- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for treatment with denosumab.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.
- 5 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this Special Authority are defined as: risedronate sodium tab 35 mg once weekly; alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with cholecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.

#### RALOXIFENE - Restricted see terms below

ţ	Tab 60 mg	53.76	28	Evista
-	Restricted (RS1142)			

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically and documented bone mineral density (BMD) greater than or equal to 2.5 standard deviations below the mean normal value in young adults (i.e. T-Score less than or equal to -2.5) (see Notes); or
- 2 History of one significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically, and either the patient is elderly, or densitometry scanning cannot be performed because of major logistical, technical or pathophysiological reasons. It is unlikely that this provision would apply to many patients under 75 years of age; or
- 3 History of two significant osteoporotic fractures demonstrated radiologically: or
- 4 Documented T-Score greater than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); or
- 5 A 10-year risk of hip fracture greater than or equal to 3%, calculated using a published risk assessment algorithm (e.g. FRAX or Garvan) which incorporates BMD measurements (see Notes); or
- 6 Patient has had a prior Special Authority approval for zoledronic acid (Underlying cause Osteoporosis) or alendronate (Underlying cause - Osteoporosis).

#### Notes:

1 BMD (including BMD used to derive T-Score) must be measured using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA).

	Price	007)		Brand or
(ex mai	ı. excl. \$	GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
	Ψ		. •	

#### continued...

Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable.

- 2 Evidence suggests that patients aged 75 years and over who have a history of significant osteoporotic fracture demonstrated radiologically are very likely to have a T-Score less than or equal to -2.5 and, therefore, do not require BMD measurement for raloxifene funding.
- 3 Osteoporotic fractures are the incident events for severe (established) osteoporosis, and can be defined using the WHO definitions of osteoporosis and fragility fracture. The WHO defines severe (established) osteoporosis as a T-score below -2.5 with one or more associated fragility fractures. Fragility fractures are fractures that occur as a result of mechanical forces that would not ordinarily cause fracture (minimal trauma). The WHO has quantified this as forces equivalent to a fall from a standing height or less.
- 4 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

#### TERIPARATIDE - Restricted see terms below

#### Initiation

Limited to 18 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, established osteoporosis; and
- 2 The patient has a documented T-score less than or equal to -3.0 (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient has had two or more fractures due to minimal trauma; and
- 4 The patient has experienced at least one symptomatic new fracture after at least 12 months' continuous therapy with a funded antiresorptive agent at adequate doses (see Notes).

#### Notes:

- 1 The bone mineral density (BMD) measurement used to derive the T-score must be made using dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry (DXA). Quantitative ultrasound and quantitative computed tomography (QCT) are not acceptable
- 2 Antiresorptive agents and their adequate doses for the purposes of this restriction are defined as: alendronate sodium tab 70 mg or tab 70 mg with colecalciferol 5,600 iu once weekly; raloxifene hydrochloride tab 60 mg once daily; zoledronic acid 5 mg per year. If an intolerance of a severity necessitating permanent treatment withdrawal develops during the use of one antiresorptive agent, an alternate antiresorptive agent must be trialled so that the patient achieves the minimum requirement of 12 months' continuous therapy.
- 3 A vertebral fracture is defined as a 20% or greater reduction in height of the anterior or mid portion of a vertebral body relative to the posterior height of that body, or a 20% or greater reduction in any of these heights compared to the vertebral body above or below the affected vertebral body.

## **Enzymes**

#### **HYALURONIDASE**

Inj 1,500 iu ampoule

# **Hyperuricaemia and Antigout**

Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020		500 500	DP-Allopurinol DP-Allopurinol
BENZBROMARONE – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the next page  Tab 100 mg	45.00	100	Benzbromaron AL 100

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per Brand or Generic Manufacturer

→ Restricted (RS1489)

#### Initiation

Any specialist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
  - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose: or
  - 2.3 Both:
    - 2.3.1 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note); and
    - 2.3.2 The patient has a rate of creatinine clearance greater than or equal to 20 ml/min; or
  - 2.4 All of the following:
    - 2.4.1 The patient is taking azathioprine and requires urate-lowering therapy; and
    - 2.4.2 Allopurinol is contraindicated; and
    - 2.4.3 Appropriate doses of probenecid are ineffective or probenecid cannot be used due to reduced renal function; and
- 3 The patient is receiving monthly liver function tests.

Notes: Benzbromarone has been associated with potentially fatal hepatotoxicity. In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose. The New Zealand Rheumatology Association has developed information for prescribers which can be accessed from its website

#### COLCHICINE

**-****			
Tab 500 mcg	10.08	100	Colgout
FEBUXOSTAT - Restricted see terms below			ŭ
	39.50	28	Adenuric
		28	Adenuric
	39.50	28	Adenunc
⇒ Restricted (RS1490)			

#### Initiation

Any specialist

Both:

1 Patient has been diagnosed with gout; and

at www.rheumatology.org.nz/home/resources-2/

- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has a serum urate level greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite treatment with allopurinol at doses of at least 600 mg/day and addition of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
  - 2.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from allopurinol such that treatment discontinuation is required and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite use of probenecid at doses of up to 2 g per day or maximum tolerated dose; or
  - 2.3 The patient has renal impairment such that probenecid is contraindicated or likely to be ineffective and serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l despite optimal treatment with allopurinol (see Note).

Note: In chronic renal insufficiency, particularly when the glomerular filtration rate is 30 ml/minute or less, probenecid may not be effective. The efficacy and safety of febuxostat have not been fully evaluated in patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

clearance less than 30 ml/minute). No dosage adjustment of febuxostat is necessary in patients with mild or moderate renal impairment. Optimal treatment with allopurinol in patients with renal impairment is defined as treatment to the creatinine clearance-adjusted dose of allopurinol then, if serum urate remains greater than 0.36 mmol/l, a gradual increase of the dose of allopurinol to 600 mg or the maximum tolerated dose.

## **PROBENECID**

Tab 500 mg

RASBURICASE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 1.5 mg vial

→ Restricted (RS1016)

Haematologist

# **Muscle Relaxants and Related Agents**

ATRACURIUM BESYLATE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	10.00	5	Tracrium
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	12.50	5	Tracrium
BACLOFEN			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	4.20	100	Pacifen
Oral liq 1 mg per ml			
Inj 0.05 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	11.55	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	209.29	1	Lioresal Intrathecal
CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM TYPE A TOXIN			
Inj 100 u vial	467.50	1	Botox
Inj 300 u vial	388.50	1	Dysport
Inj 500 u vial	1,295.00	2	Dysport
DANTROLENE			
Cap 25 mg	65.00	100	Dantrium
Cap 50 mg	77.00	100	Dantrium
Inj 20 mg vial	800.00	6	Dantrium IV
MIVACURIUM CHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	33.92	5	Mivacron
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule		5	Mivacron
ORPHENADRINE CITRATE			
Tab 100 mg - <b>1% DV Jun-18 to 2021</b>	18 54	100	Norflex
PANCURONIUM BROMIDE		100	Hermox
	000.00	F0	AstraZeneca
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	200.00	50	Astrazeneca
ROCURONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV May-18 to 2019	25.95	10	DBL Rocuronium
CHYAMETHONIUM CHI ODIDE			Bromide
SUXAMETHONIUM CHLORIDE	70.00	EO	AstraZeneca
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule – 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	/ 8.00	50	AStrazeneca
VECURONIUM BROMIDE			
Inj 10 mg vial			

# **Reversers of Neuromuscular Blockade**

50	GAMMADEX - Restricted see terms on the next page		
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml vial	10	Bridion
t	Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	10	Bridion

Price	Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	Generic
	Per Manufacturer

### → Restricted (RS1370)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient requires reversal of profound neuromuscular blockade following rapid sequence induction that has been undertaken using rocuronium (i.e. suxamethonium is contraindicated or undesirable); or
- 2 Severe neuromuscular degenerative disease where the use of neuromuscular blockade is required; or
- 3 Patient has an unexpectedly difficult airway that cannot be intubated and requires a rapid reversal of anaesthesia and neuromuscular blockade: or
- 4 The duration of the patient's surgery is unexpectedly short; or
- 5 Neostigmine or a neostigmine/anticholinergic combination is contraindicated (for example the patient has ischaemic heart disease, morbid obesity or COPD); or
- 6 Patient has a partial residual block after conventional reversal.

# Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs

CELECOXIB			
Note - The DV limit of 1% applies to the celecoxib chemical rather than	n each individua	al line item.	
Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020		60	Celecoxib Pfizer
Cap 200 mg - 1% DV Aug-17 to 2020	2.30	30	Celecoxib Pfizer
DICLOFENAC SODIUM			
Tab EC 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1.23	50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab 50 mg dispersible		20	Voltaren D
Tab EC 50 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		50	Diclofenac Sandoz
Tab long-acting 75 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		500	Apo-Diclo SR
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		500	Apo-Diclo SR
Inj 25 mg per ml, 3 ml ampoule		5	Voltaren
Suppos 12.5 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 25 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 50 mg		10	Voltaren
Suppos 100 mg		10	Voltaren
ETORICOXIB – Restricted see terms below			
Tab 30 mg			
■ Tab 50 mg			
Tab 90 mg			
■ Tab 90 mg			
→ Restricted (RS1290)			
Initiation			
For in-vivo investigation of allergy only.			
IBUPROFEN	44.74	1 000	Dellare
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	11./1	1,000	Relieve
Tab 400 mg - <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only			
→ Tab 600 mg – <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only	7.00	00	Durates CD
Tab long-acting 800 mg		30	Brufen SR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml	2.39	200 ml	Fenpaed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			

## INDOMETHACIN Cap 25 mg

Cap 50 mg

Cap long-acting 75 mg

Inj 1 mg vial

Suppos 100 mg

	MUSCU	JLOSK	ELETAL SYSTEM
(ex ma	Price an. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
KETOPROFEN			
Cap long-acting 200 mg	12.07	28	Oruvail SR
MEFENAMIC ACID − <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only			
MELOXICAM - Restricted see terms below			
(Any Tab 7.5 mg to be delisted 1 November 2018)			
⇒ Restricted (RS1291)			
Initiation Either:			
1 All of the following:			
1.1 Haemophilic arthropathy; and			
1.2 The patient has moderate to severe haemophilia with less than	or equal to 5%	6 of norm	nal circulating functional
clotting factor; and	•		•
1.3 Pain and inflammation associated with haemophilic arthropathy			lled by alternative funded
treatment options, or alternative funded treatment options are c		l; or	
2 For preoperative and/or postoperative use for a total of up to 8 days' us	3e.		
NAPROXEN			
Tab 250 mg		500	Noflam 250
Tab long setting 750 mg		250 28	Noflam 500
Tab long-acting 750 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		28 28	Naprosyn SR 750 Naprosyn SR 1000
PARECOXIB	0.2 1	20	Hapiosyli oli 1000
Inj 40 mg vial	100.00	10	Dynastat
SUI INDAC	100.00	10	Dynasiai

QI II	INDAC
001	

Tab 100 mg

Tab 200 mg

## **TENOXICAM**

Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	95	100	Tilcotil
Inj 20 mg vial9.	95	1	AFT

# **Topical Products for Joint and Muscular Pain**

CAPSAICIN - Restricted see terms below

45 g Zostrix

→ Restricted (RS1309)

### Initiation

Patient has osteoarthritis that is not responsive to paracetamol and oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatories are contraindicated.

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# Agents for Parkinsonism and Related Disorders

# Agents for Essential Tremor, Chorea and Related Disorders

RILUZOLE - Restricted see terms below

**1** Tab 50 mg − 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021......130.00 56 Rilutek

→ Restricted (RS1351)

#### Initiation

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has amyotrophic lateral sclerosis with disease duration of 5 years or less; and
- 2 The patient has at least 60 percent of predicted forced vital capacity within 2 months prior to the initial application; and
- 3 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 4 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
  - 5.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
  - 5.3 The patient is able to swallow.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has not undergone a tracheostomy; and
- 2 The patient has not experienced respiratory failure; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 The patient is ambulatory; or
  - 3.2 The patient is able to use upper limbs; or
  - 3.3 The patient is able to swallow.

## **TETRABENAZINE**

# **Anticholinergics**

#### BENZATROPINE MESYLATE

Tab 2 mg	7.99	60	Benztrop
Ini 1 mg per ml. 2 ml ampoule	95.00	5	Cogentin

### PROCYCLIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 5 mg

# **Dopamine Agonists and Related Agents**

ANAANTADINE	HYDROCHLORIDE	

Cap 100 mg3	8.24	60	Symmetrel

# APOMORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

**BROMOCRIPTINE** 

Tab 2.5 mg

Cap 5 mg

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
ENTACAPONE			
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	22.00	100	Entapone
LEVODOPA WITH BENSERAZIDE			
Tab dispersible 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg	13.25	100	Madopar Rapid
Cap 50 mg with benserazide 12.5 mg		100	Madopar 62.5
Cap 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar 125
Cap long-acting 100 mg with benserazide 25 mg		100	Madopar HBS
Cap 200 mg with benserazide 50 mg		100	Madopar 250
LEVODOPA WITH CARBIDOPA			
Tab 100 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	17 97	100	Sinemet
Tab long-acting 200 mg with carbidopa 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2		100	Sinemet CR
Tab 250 mg with carbidopa 25 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020		100	Sinemet
·	02.07	100	Official
PRAMIPEXOLE HYDROCHLORIDE	7.00	400	
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Ramipex
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	24.39	100	Ramipex
ROPINIROLE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 0.25 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	7.72	100	Apo-Ropinirole
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	16.51	100	Apo-Ropinirole
SELEGILINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg			
TOLCAPONE			
Tab 100 mg - <b>1% DV Jan-17 to 2019</b>	132 50	100	Tasmar
140 100 mg 170 <b>51 out 17 to 2010</b>	102.00	100	ruomai
Anaesthetics			
General Anaesthetics			
DESFLURANE			
Soln for inhalation 100%, 240 ml bottle - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1,350.00	6	Suprane
DEXMEDETOMIDINE			
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	357.00	5	Precedex
ETOMIDATE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule			
ISOFLURANE		_	
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	1,020.00	6	Aerrane
KETAMINE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag	27.00	1	Biomed
Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe	25.00	1	Biomed
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe	14.00	1	Biomed
Inj 100 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	47.05	5	Ketamine-Claris
(Biomed Inj 4 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe to be delisted 1 September 2018	?)		
METHOHEXITAL SODIUM			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial			
PROPOFOL			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019	5.07	5	Provive MCT-LCT 1%
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial = 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019		ວ 10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial – 10% DV Jun-16 to 2019		10	Fresofol 1% MCT/LCT
ing 10 mg por mil, 100 mil viai 10/0 D4 vair-10 to 2013	+∂.00	10	. 1030101 1 /0 WIC 1/EC I

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SEVOFLURANE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Soln for inhalation 100%, 250 ml bottle – 1% DV Sep-16 to 20 THIOPENTAL [THIOPENTONE] SODIUM Inj 500 mg ampoule	<b>19</b> 840.00	6	Baxter
Local Anaesthetics			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Inj 1%			
ARTICAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge Inj 4% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge			
BENZOCAINE Gel 20%			
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE  Inj 5 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020  Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule	50.00	5	Marcain Isobaric
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack	29.20	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule sterile pack	20.25	5	Marcain
Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule sterile pack Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 200 ml bag	20.70	5	Marcain
Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag — <b>1% DV Sep-17 to 2020</b> Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg per ml, 500 ml bag	150.00	5	Marcain
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE	405.00	_	
Inj 2.5 mg per ml with adrenaline 1:400,000, 20 ml vial		5 5	Marcain with Adrenaline Marcain with Adrenaline
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 0.625 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml syringe		Ü	Walsam Wall Adicidante
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	210.00	10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 50 ml syringe		10	Bupafen
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 15 ml syringe		10	Biomed
Inj 1.25 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 20 ml syringe	92.00	10	Biomed
BUPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH GLUCOSE Inj 0.5% with glucose 8%, 4 ml ampoule	38.00	5	Marcain Heavy
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Paste 5%		ŭ	,
Soln 15%, 2 ml syringe Soln 4%, 2 ml syringe	25.46	1	Biomed
COCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE Paste 15% with adrenaline 0.06% Paste 25% with adrenaline 0.06%		•	Jones

	Price		Brand or	
	(ex man. excl. GST \$	Γ) Per	Generic Manufacturer	
ETLIVI CHI ODIDE	<u> </u>	1 01	Manadataror	
ETHYL CHLORIDE Spray 100%				
• •				
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE]	<b>5</b> 40	_	1.8.07.4	
Crm 4%		5 g	LMX4	
LIDOGAINE ILIONOGAINET LIVERDOGLIL ORIDE	27.00	30 g	LMX4	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE	0.40	001	Onion	
Gel 2% Soln 4%	3.40	20 ml	Orion	
Spray 10%	75.00	50 ml	Xylocaine	
Oral (gel) soln 2% – <b>1% DV Oct-17 to 2020</b>	38.00	200 ml	Mucosoothe	
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack		200 1111	Widcosootile	
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule, sterile pack				
Inj 1%, 5 ml ampoule	8 75	25	Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 1%, 20 ml ampoule		1	Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 1%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule		25	Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 2%, 20 ml ampoule		1	Lidocaine-Claris	
Inj 2%, 20 ml vial		5	Lidocaine-Claris	
Gel 2%, 10 ml urethral syringe		25	Cathejell	
, ,	81.50	10	Pfizer	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE				
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:100,000, 5 ml ampoule	27.00	10	Xylocaine	
Inj 1% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	50.00	5	Xylocaine	
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.7 ml dental cartridge			•	
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:80,000, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 2% with adrenaline 1:200,000, 20 ml vial	60.00	5	Xylocaine	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH ADRENALINE A	ND TETRACAINE	HYDROC	HLORIDE	
Soln 4% with adrenaline 0.1% and tetracaine hydrochloride 0.5%, 5	ml			
syringe - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		1	Topicaine	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH CHLORHEXIDIN			•	
Gel 2% with chlorhexidine 0.05%, 10 ml urethral syringe		10	Pfizer	
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PHENYLEPHRI				
Nasal spray 5% with phenylephrine hydrochloride 0.5%	NE ITT DROCTILO	NIDE		
LIDOCAINE [LIGNOCAINE] WITH PRILOCAINE	45.00	00 -	ENAL A	
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%		30 g	EMLA	
Patch 25 mcg with prilocaine 25 mcg		20 5	EMLA EMLA	
Crm 2.5% with prilocaine 2.5%, 5 g	45.00	5	CIVILA	
MEPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 3%, 1.8 ml dental cartridge		50	Scandonest 3%	
Inj 3%, 2.2 ml dental cartridge	43.60	50	Scandonest 3%	
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE				
Inj 0.5%, 50 ml vial		5	Citanest	
Inj 2%, 5 ml ampoule	55.00	10	Citanest	
PRILOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FELYPRESSIN				
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 1.8 ml dental cartridge				
Inj 3% with felypressin 0.03 iu per ml, 2.2 ml dental cartridge				

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)		Brand or Generic
	(ex man. excl. do1)	Per	Manufacturer
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.20	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	29.50	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 2 mg per ml, 200 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	39.00	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.90	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 7.5 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	12.15	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	10.55	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	15.80	5	Ropivacaine Kabi
ROPIVACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH FENTANYL			
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag	198.50	5	Naropin
Inj 2 mg with fentanyl 2 mcg per ml, 200 ml bag		5	Naropin
TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Gel 4%			

# Analgesics

# **Non-Opioid Analgesics**

### ASPIRIN

Tab dispersible 300 mg − **1% DV Dec-16 to 2019**......3.90 100 **Ethics Aspirin**CAPSAICIN − **Restricted** see terms below **1** Crm 0.075%.......12.50 45 g Zostrix HP

⇒ Restricted (RS1145)

## Initiation

For post-herpetic neuralgia or diabetic peripheral neuropathy.

METHOXYFLURANE - Restricted see terms below

- Soln for inhalation 99.9%, 3 ml bottle
- → Restricted (RS1292)

#### Initiation

Both:

- 1 Patient is undergoing a painful procedure with an expected duration of less than one hour; and
- 2 Only to be used under supervision by a medical practitioner or nurse who is trained in the use of methoxyflurane.

## NEFOPAM HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 30 mg

### PARACETAMOL - Some items restricted see terms below

Tab soluble 500 mg

Tab 500 mg

Oral liq 120 mg per 5 ml - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		,	Paracare Paracare Double Strength
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.40	10	Paracetamol Kabi
Suppos 25 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
Suppos 50 mg	56.35	20	Biomed
Suppos 125 mg	3.69	10	Gacet
Suppos 250 mg		10	Gacet
Suppos 500 mg		50	Paracare

## → Restricted (RS1146)

#### Initiation

Intravenous paracetamol is only to be used where other routes are unavailable or impractical, or where there is reduced absorption. The need for IV paracetamol must be re-assessed every 24 hours.

## **NERVOUS SYSTEM**

Price		Brand or	_
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
 \$	Per	Manufacturer	

## SUCROSE Oral lig 25%

**Opioid Analgesics** AI FENTANII Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020......34.38 10 Hameln CODEINE PHOSPHATE 100 **PSM** 100 **PSM** 100 **PSM** DIHYDROCODEINE TARTRATE 60 **DHC Continus FENTANYL** Inj 10 mcg per ml, 10 ml syringe 10 Boucher and Muir **Biomed** Ini 10 mcg per ml. 50 ml bag .......210.00 10 10 Riomed Boucher and Muir 10 10 Biomed Biomed 1 Inj 20 mcg per ml, 100 ml bag Patch 12.5 mcg per hour - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020 ......2.95 5 Fentanyl Sandoz 5 Fentanyl Sandoz 5 Fentanyl Sandoz 5 Fentanyl Sandoz Fentanyl Sandoz METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Methatabs 10 Biodone 200 ml 200 ml **Biodone Forte** 200 ml **Biodone Extra Forte** Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial......61.00 AFT 10 MORPHINE HYDROCHLORIDE 200 ml RA-Morph Oral liq 2 mg per ml ......14.00 200 ml RA-Morph 200 ml RA-Morph

200 ml

RA-Morph

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST)	Dox	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
MORPHINE SULPHATE			
Tab long-acting 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		10	Sevredol
Tab immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.52	10	Sevredol
Tab long-acting 30 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5.60	10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Tab long-acting 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		10	Arrow-Morphine LA
Cap long-acting 10 mg		10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 30 mg	2.50	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 60 mg	5.40	10	m-Eslon
Cap long-acting 100 mg		10	m-Eslon
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	97.25	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	50.75	5	Biomed
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml syringe			
Inj 2 mg per ml, 30 ml syringe	135.00	10	Biomed
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.27	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.47	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 mg cassette			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 15 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.76	5	DBL Morphine
,		ŭ	Sulphate
Inj 30 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.19	5	DBL Morphine Sulphate
Inj 200 mcg in 0.4 ml syringe			P
Inj 300 mcg in 0.3 ml syringe			
MORPHINE TARTRATE			
Inj 80 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	12.72	5	DBL Morphine Tartrate
	42.12	3	DDL MOIPHINE TAILIALE
OXYCODONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab controlled-release 5 mg		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 10 mg		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 20 mg		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 40 mg		20	BNM
Tab controlled-release 80 mg		20	BNM
Cap immediate-release 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		20	OxyNorm
Cap immediate-release 20 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		20	OxyNorm
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml	11.20	250 ml	OxyNorm
Inj 1 mg per ml, 100 ml bag			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		5	OxyNorm
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		5	OxyNorm
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	30.60	5	OxyNorm
PARACETAMOL WITH CODEINE			
Tab paracetamol 500 mg with codeine phosphate 8 mg - 1% D	V		
Sep-17 to 2020		1,000	Paracetamol + Codeine (Relieve)

PETHIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE  Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	4.46	10	PSM
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe	4.46	10	PSM
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml syringe Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
lnj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
lnj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml syringe			
,	4.98	5	DBL Pethidine
			Hydrochloride
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.12	5	DBL Pethidine
,g			Hydrochloride
REMIFENTANIL			,
Inj 1 mg vial – 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	13.05	5	Remifentanil-AFT
Inj 2 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020		5	Remifentanil-AFT
	10.00	3	ricillicitaliii-Ai i
FRAMADOL HYDROCHLORIDE			T 100.400
Tab sustained-release 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 100
Tab sustained-release 150 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 150
Tab sustained-release 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		20	Tramal SR 200
Cap 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.25	100	Arrow-Tramadol
Oral soln 10 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml bag		_	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		5	Tramal 50
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.50	5	Tramal 100
Cyclic and Related Agents			
AMITRIPTYLINE Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	1.06	100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 10 mg = 1% <b>DV Apr-18 to 2020</b>		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		100	Arrow-Amitriptyline
·	2.01	100	Allow-Alliciptyllic
CLOMIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE	40.00	400	A
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Clomipramine
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	9.46	100	Apo-Clomipramine
DOSULEPIN [DOTHIEPIN] HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 75 mg		100	Dopress
Cap 25 mg	6.45	100	Dopress
DOXEPIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Cap 10 mg			
Cap 25 mg			
Cap 50 mg			
MIPRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	5.48	50	Tofranil
•	6.58	60	Tofranil
Tab 25 mg	8.80	50	Tofranil
MAPROTILINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
-			
MIANSERIN HYDROCHLORIDE - <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only → Tab 30 mg			

		Brand or
. GST)	Per	Generic Manufacturer
22	100	Norpress
8	180	Norpress
0	500	Apo-Moclobemide
70	100	Apo-Moclobemide
_		
33	30	Apo-Mirtazapine
18	30	Apo-Mirtazapine
10	0.4	Fulatou VD
38 ∣1	84 84	Enlafax XR Enlafax XR
6	84	Enlafax XR
52	84	PSM Citalopram
		·
1	28	Escitalopram-Apotex
90	28	Escitalopram-Apotex
17	30	Arrow-Fluoxetine
99	90	Arrow-Fluoxetine
)2	90	Apo-Paroxetine
)5	90	Arrow-Sertraline
25	90	Arrow-Sertraline
00	5	Rivotril
00		5

t Item restricted (see → above); t Item restricted (see → below)

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
DIAZEPAM			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	11.83	5	Hospira
Rectal tubes 5 mg	33.07	5	Stesolid
Rectal tubes 10 mg	40.87	5	Stesolid
LORAZEPAM			
Inj 2 mg vial			
Inj 4 mg per ml, 1 ml vial			
PARALDEHYDE			
Inj 5 ml ampoule			
• •			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM		_	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		5	Hospira
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	133.92	5	Hospira
Control of Epilepsy			
CARBAMAZEPINE			
Tab 200 mg		100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 200 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Tab 400 mg		100	Tegretol
Tab long-acting 400 mg		100	Tegretol CR
Oral liq 20 mg per ml	26.37	250 ml	Tegretol
CLOBAZAM			
Tab 10 mg			
CLONAZEPAM			
Oral drops 2.5 mg per ml			
ETHOSUXIMIDE			
Cap 250 mg			
Oral liq 50 mg per ml			
GABAPENTIN			
Note: Gabapentin not to be given in combination with p	regahalin		
Cap 100 mg - <b>1% DV Aug-18 to 2021</b>		100	Apo-Gabapentin
Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Gabapentin
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		100	Apo-Gabapentin
LACOSAMIDE – Restricted see terms below		100	Apo dabaponan
Tab 50 mg	25.04	14	Vimpat
■ Tab 100 mg		14	Vimpat
¥ 145 100 mg	200.24	56	Vimpat
<b>↓</b> Tab 150 mg		14	Vimpat
- 145 155 mg	300.40	56	Vimpat
<b>■</b> Tab 200 mg		56	Vimpat
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		•	<b></b>
⇒ Restricted (RS1151)			

Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has partial-onset epilepsy; and
- 2 Seizures are not adequately controlled by, or patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from, optimal treatment

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

with all of the following: sodium valproate, topiramate, levetiracetam and any two of carbamazepine, lamotrigine and phenytoin sodium (see Note).

Note: "Optimal treatment" is defined as treatment which is indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance. Women of childbearing age are not required to have a trial of sodium valproate.

### Continuation

Patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and/or quality of life compared with that prior to starting lacosamide treatment (see Note).

Note: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective

1 1	N 11 C	۱тг	אור	111	
LA	MC	<i>,</i> , ,	าเบ	Αlƙ	ᆫ

2			
Tab dispersible 2 mg	6.74	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 5 mg	15.00	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	9.64	30	Lamictal
Tab dispersible 25 mg	20.40	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	29.09		Lamictal
	19.38		Logem
Tab dispersible 50 mg	34.70	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	47.89		Lamictal
	32.97		Logem
Tab dispersible 100 mg	59.90	56	Arrow-Lamotrigine
	79.16		Lamictal
	56.91		Logem
LEVETIRACETAM			
Tab 250 mg	24.03	60	Everet
Tab 500 mg		60	Everet
Tab 750 mg	45.23	60	Everet
Tab 1,000 mg	59.12	60	Everet
Oral liq 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	44.78	300 ml	Levetiracetam-AFT
Inj 100 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV May-18 to 2019	52.68	10	Levetiracetam-AFT
PHENOBARBITONE			
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	40.00	500	PSM
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021		500	PSM
PHENYTOIN			
Tab 50 mg			
· ·			
PHENYTOIN SODIUM			
Cap 30 mg			

Cap 100 mg

Oral lig 6 mg per ml

### **PREGABALIN**

Note:	Pregaba	alin not to	be given ir	combination	with gabapentin

56 Pregabalin Pfizer	56	2.25	Cap 25 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021
56 Pregabalin Pfizer	56	2.65	Cap 75 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021
56 Pregabalin Pfizer	56	<b>!1</b> 4.01	Cap 150 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021.
56 Pregabalin Pfizer	56	7.38	Cap 300 mg - 1% DV Jul-18 to 2021.

### **PRIMIDONE**

Tab 250 mg

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SODIUM VALPROATE Tab 100 mg Tab EC 200 mg Tab EC 500 mg Oral liq 40 mg per ml Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	9.98	1	Epilim IV
STIRIPENTOL – Restricted see terms below  ↓ Cap 250 mg		60 60	Diacomit Diacomit

Paediatric neurologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

### Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed diagnosis of Dravet syndrome; and
- 2 Seizures have been inadequately controlled by appropriate courses of sodium valproate, clobazam and at least two of the following: topiramate, levetiracetam, ketogenic diet.

## Continuation

Paediatric neurologist

Patient continues to benefit from treatment as measured by reduced seizure frequency from baseline.

### **TOPIRAMATE**

Tab 25 mg	11.07	60	Arrow-Topiramate
-	26.04		Topamax
	11.07		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 50 mg	18.81	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	44.26		Topamax
	18.81		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 100 mg	31.99	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	75.25		Topamax
	31.99		Topiramate Actavis
Tab 200 mg	55.19	60	Arrow-Topiramate
	129.85		Topamax
	55.19		Topiramate Actavis
Cap sprinkle 15 mg	20.84	60	Topamax
Cap sprinkle 25 mg	26.04	60	Topamax

## VIGABATRIN - Restricted see terms below

- → Restricted (RS1153)

## Initiation

Re-assessment required after 15 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has infantile spasms; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 Patient has epilepsy; and
    - 1.2.2 Either:
      - 1.2.2.1 Seizures are not adequately controlled with optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; or
      - 1.2.2.2 Seizures are controlled adequately but the patient has experienced unacceptable side effects from

Price	)		Brand or
(ex man. exc	cl. GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents; and

- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Patient is, or will be, receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally before starting therapy and on a 6-monthly basis thereafter); or
  - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: "Optimal treatment with other antiepilepsy agents" is defined as treatment with other antiepilepsy agents which are indicated and clinically appropriate for the patient, given in adequate doses for the patient's age, weight, and other features affecting the pharmacokinetics of the drug with good evidence of compliance.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

### Continuation

Both:

- 1 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained improvement in seizure rate or severity and or quality of life; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is receiving regular automated visual field testing (ideally every 6 months) on an ongoing basis for duration of treatment with vigabatrin; or
  - 2.2 It is impractical or impossible (due to comorbid conditions) to monitor the patient's visual fields.

Notes: As a guideline, clinical trials have referred to a notional 50% reduction in seizure frequency as an indicator of success with anticonvulsant therapy and have assessed quality of life from the patient's perspective.

Vigabatrin is associated with a risk of irreversible visual field defects, which may be asymptomatic in the early stages.

## **Antimigraine Preparations**

## **Acute Migraine Treatment**

DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE

Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

ERGOTAMINE TARTRATE WITH CAFFEINE

Tab 1 mg with caffeine 100 mg

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE WITH PARACETAMOL

Tab 5 mg with paracetamol 500 mg

	IJD.	

Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	5.26	30	Rizamelt
SUMATRIPTAN			
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	.24.44	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 2019	.46.23	100	Apo-Sumatriptan
Inj 12 mg per ml, 0.5 ml prefilled pen	.42.67	2	Clustran

## **Prophylaxis of Migraine**

**PIZOTIFEN** 

# **Antinausea and Vertigo Agents**

APREPITANT - Restricted see terms below

### Initiation

Patient is undergoing highly emetogenic chemotherapy and/or anthracycline-based chemotherapy for the treatment of malignancy.

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST		Generic
	<u> </u>	Per	Manufacturer
BETAHISTINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 16 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	2.89	84	Vergo 16
CYCLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 50 mg	0.59	20	Nauzene
CYCLIZINE LACTATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	14.95	5	Nausicalm
DOMPERIDONE			
Tab 10 mg	3.20	100	Prokinex
DROPERIDOL			
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2019	35.00	10	Droperidol Panpharma
HYOSCINE HYDROBROMIDE			
Inj 400 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	46.50	5	Hospira
	11.95	2	Scopoderm TTS
→ Restricted (RS1155)			
Fatch 1.5 mg	46.50 11.95		'

### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Control of intractable nausea, vomiting, or inability to swallow saliva in the treatment of malignancy or chronic disease where the patient cannot tolerate or does not adequately respond to oral anti-nausea agents; or
- 2 Control of clozapine-induced hypersalivation where trials of at least two other alternative treatments have proven ineffective; or
- 3 For treatment of post-operative nausea and vomiting where cyclizine, droperidol and a 5HT3 antagonist have proven ineffective, are not tolerated or are contraindicated.

METOCLOPRAMIDE HYDROCHLORIDE		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	100	Metoclopramide Actavis 10
Oral liq 5 mg per 5 ml		
Inj 5 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule4.50	10	Pfizer
ONDANSETRON		
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 2019	50	Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 20200.95	10	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Tab 8 mg - 1% DV May-17 to 20194.77	50	Apo-Ondansetron
Tab dispersible 8 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	10	Ondansetron ODT-DRLA
Inj 2 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	5	Ondansetron-Claris
Inj 2 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-16 to 20192.20	5	Ondansetron Kabi
PROCHLORPERAZINE Tab buccal 3 mg		
Tab 5 mg - 1% <b>DV Mar-18 to 2020</b>	250	Nausafix
PROMETHAZINE THEOCLATE − <b>Restricted</b> : For continuation only <b>Tab</b> 25 mg		
TROPISETRON		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 20218.95	1	Tropisetron-AFT
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule13.95	1	Tropisetron-AFT

	(ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Antipsychotic Agents			
General			
AMISULPRIDE			
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		30	Sulprix
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		60	Sulprix
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Nov-16 to 2019		60	Sulprix
Oral liq 100 mg per ml - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	65.53	60 ml	Solian
ARIPIPRAZOLE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 20 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021		30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
Tab 30 mg - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021	17.50	30	Aripiprazole Sandoz
CHLORPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
Oral liq 10 mg per ml			
Oral liq 20 mg per ml			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
CLOZAPINE			
Tab 25 mg	6.69	50	Clopine
	13.37	100	Clopine
	5.69	50	Clozaril
	11.36	100	Clozaril
Tab 50 mg		50	Clopine
	17.33	100	Clopine
Tab 100 mg		50	Clopine
	34.65	100	Clopine
	14.73	50	Clozaril
T-1, 000	29.45	100	Clozaril
Tab 200 mg		50	Clopine
Oral liq 50 mg per ml	69.30	100 100 ml	Clopine
	17.33	100 1111	Clopine
HALOPERIDOL	2.22	400	0
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace
Tab 1.5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100	Serenace
Oral liq 2 mg per ml – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		100 ml 10	Serenace Serenace
Inj 5 mg per ml, 1ml ampoule – 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	21.55	10	Serenace
LEVOMEPROMAZINE			
Tab 25 mg			
Tab 100 mg			
LEVOMEPROMAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	47.89	10	Wockhardt

Price

Brand or

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LITHIUM CARBONATE	<u> </u>		
Tab long-acting 400 mg			
	24.20	500	Lithicarb FC
Tab 250 mg			
Tab 400 mg		100	Lithicarb FC
Cap 250 mg	9.42	100	Douglas
OLANZAPINE			
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.15	28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.25	28	Zypine ODT
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	1.65	28	Zypine
Tab orodispersible 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		28	Zypine ODT
PERICYAZINE			
Tab 2.5 mg			
Tab 10 mg			
-			
QUETIAPINE	4 70	00	0
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90	Quetapel
Tab 100 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90	Quetapel
Tab 200 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		90	Quetapel
Tab 300 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	9.60	90	Quetapel
RISPERIDONE			
Tab 0.5 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	1.86	60	Actavis
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020	2.06	60	Actavis
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Tab 3 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Dec-17 to 2020		60	Actavis
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020		30 ml	Risperon
		00 1111	Порогон
ZIPRASIDONE	14.50	00	7
Cap 20 mg		60	Zusdone
Cap 40 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		60	Zusdone
Cap 60 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		60	Zusdone
Cap 80 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	39.70	60	Zusdone
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL ACETATE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule			
ZUCLOPENTHIXOL HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg	31 45	100	Clopixol
•	01.70	100	Оюріхої
Depot Injections			
FLUPENTHIXOL DECANOATE			
Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	13.14	5	Fluanxol
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule	20.90	5	Fluanxol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Fluanxol
, , , , ,		•	
HALOPERIDOL DECANOATE	22.22	-	11-1-1-1
Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		5	Haldol
Inj 100 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	55.90	5	Haldol Concentrate
OLANZAPINE - Restricted see terms on the next page			
			7 D.I
Inj 210 mg vial − 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	252.00	1	Zyprexa Relprevv
		1	Zyprexa Relprevv Zyprexa Relprevv

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

### → Restricted (RS1379)

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or paliperidone depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia; and
  - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
  - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of olanzapine depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

## PALIPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 25 mg syringe	194.25	1	Invega Sustenna
1	Inj 50 mg syringe	271.95	1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 75 mg syringe	357.42	1	Invega Sustenna
	Inj 100 mg syringe		1	Invega Sustenna
t	Inj 150 mg syringe	435.12	1	Invega Sustenna
	D1-1-1-1/D04004)			

### ⇒ Restricted (RS1381)

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Either:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for risperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and
  - 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
  - 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of paliperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

### PIPOTHIAZINE PALMITATE - Restricted: For continuation only

- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule
- → Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

## RISPERIDONE - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 25 mg vial135	5.98 1	Risperdal Consta
1	Inj 37.5 mg vial178.	3.71 1	Risperdal Consta
t	Inj 50 mg vial217	7.56 1	Risperdal Consta

## → Restricted (RS1380)

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Fither:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for paliperidone depot injection or olanzapine depot injection; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has schizophrenia or other psychotic disorder; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	_	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2 The patient has tried but failed to comply with treatment using oral atypical antipsychotic agents; and
- 2.3 The patient has been admitted to hospital or treated in respite care, or intensive outpatient or home-based treatment for 30 days or more in the last 12 months.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The initiation of risperidone depot injection has been associated with fewer days of intensive intervention than was the case during a corresponding period of time prior to the initiation of an atypical antipsychotic depot injection.

## ZUCLOPENTHIXOL DECANOATE

Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule	19.80	5	Clopixol
Ini 500 mg per ml. 1 ml ampoule			e.a. Clopixol Conc

nx		

BUSPIRONE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	20.23	100	Orion
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	13.16	100	Orion
CLONAZEPAM			
Tab 500 mcg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	5.64	100	Paxam
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021		100	Paxam
DIAZEPAM			
Tab 2 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	15.05	500	Arrow-Diazepam
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Mar-18 to 2020	16.18	500	Arrow-Diazepam
LORAZEPAM			
Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	9.72	250	Ativan
Tab 2.5 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	12.50	100	Ativan
OXAZEPAM			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.17	100	Ox-Pam
Tab 15 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	8.53	100	Ox-Pam

## **Multiple Sclerosis Treatments**

DIMETHYL FUMARATE - Restricted see terms below			
	520.00	14	Tecfidera
	2,000.00	56	Tecfidera
→ Restricted (RS1504)			

## Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

FINGOLIMOD - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 0.5 mg	2,650.00	28	Gilenya

→ Restricted (RS1433)

#### Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

NATALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

1	Inj 20 mg per ml,	15 ml vial1	,750.00	1 T	ysabr	i
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Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Generic Manufacturer

Brand or

→ Restricted (RS1447)

### Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

TERIFLUNOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1505)

### Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

## **Other Multiple Sclerosis Treatments**

## ⇒ Restricted (RS1434)

### Initiation

Only for use in patients with approval by the Multiple Sclerosis Treatment Assessment Committee (MSTAC). Applications will be considered by MSTAC at its regular meetings and approved subject to eligibility according to the Entry and Stopping criteria (set out in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule).

GLATIRAMER ACETATE - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 20 mg per ml, 1 ml syringe

INTERFERON BETA-1-ALPHA - Restricted see terms above

INTERFERON BETA-1-BETA - Restricted see terms above

1 Inj 8 million iu per ml, 1 ml vial

## **Sedatives and Hypnotics**

## CHLORAL HYDRATE

Oral liq 100 mg per ml

Oral liq 200 mg per ml

LORMETAZEPAM - Restricted: For continuation only

→ Tab 1 mg

### MELATONIN - Restricted see terms below

Tab 3 mg

Note: Only for use in compounding an oral liquid formulation, for in-hospital use only.

### → Restricted (RS1576)

### Initiation – insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

1 Patient has been diagnosed with persistent and distressing insomnia secondary to a neurodevelopmental disorder (including, but not limited to, autism spectrum disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder); and

Hypnovel

100

	Price		Brand or	
(ex m	an. excl. (	GST)	Generic	
	\$	Per	Manufacturer	

### continued...

- 2 Behavioural and environmental approaches have been tried or are inappropriate; and
- 3 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day; and
- 4 Patient is aged 18 years or under.

## Continuation - insomnia secondary to neurodevelopmental disorder

Psychiatrist, paediatrician, neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

## All of the following:

- 1 Patient is aged 18 years or under; and
- 2 Patient has demonstrated clinically meaningful benefit from funded modified-release melatonin (clinician determined); and
- 3 Patient has had a trial of funded modified-release melatonin discontinuation within the past 12 months and has had a recurrence of persistent and distressing insomnia; and
- 4 Funded modified-release melatonin is to be given at doses no greater than 10 mg per day.

## Initiation – insomnia where benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated

## Both:

1 Patient has insomnia and benzodiazepines and zopiclone are contraindicated; and

2 For in-hospital use only.

MI	Daz	OLA	١M
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Oral lig 2 mg per ml			, p
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule	.30 .50		Midazolam-Claris Midazolam-Claris
NITRAZEPAM			
Tab 5 mg5	.22	100	Nitrados
PHENOBARBITONE Inj 200 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
TEMAZEPAM Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 20201	.27	25	Normison
TRIAZOLAM – <b>Restricted:</b> For continuation only  → Tab 125 mcg  → Tab 250 mcg			

# ZOPICLONE

Tab 7.5 mg	0.98	30	Zopiclone Actavis
	8.99	500	Zopiclone Actavis

## Stimulants / ADHD Treatments

ATOMOXETINE - Restricted see terms below			
■ Cap 10 mg1	07.03	28	Strattera
<b>↓</b> Cap 18 mg1	07.03	28	Strattera
■ Cap 25 mg1	07.03	28	Strattera
<b>↓</b> Cap 40 mg1	07.03	28	Strattera
<b>↓</b> Cap 60 mg1	07.03	28	Strattera
<b>↓</b> Cap 80 mg1	39.11	28	Strattera
<b>↓</b> Cap 100 mg1	39.11	28	Strattera
Participad (PS1271)			

### → Restricted (RS1371)

### Initiation

All of the following:

Price		Brand or	
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic	
•	Por	Manufacturer	

### continued...

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder) diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Once-daily dosing; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in the development or worsening of serious adverse reactions or where the combination of subsidised stimulant treatment with another agent would pose an unacceptable medical risk; or
  - 3.2 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has resulted in worsening of co-morbid substance abuse or there is a significant risk of diversion with subsidised stimulant therapy; or
  - 3.3 An effective dose of a subsidised formulation of a stimulant has been trialled and has been discontinued because of inadequate clinical response; or
  - 3.4 Treatment with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant is considered inappropriate because the patient has a history of psychoses or has a first-degree relative with schizophrenia; and
- 4 The patient will not be receiving treatment with atomoxetine in combination with a subsidised formulation of a stimulant, except for the purposes of transitioning from subsidised stimulant therapy to atomoxetine.

Note: A "subsidised formulation of a stimulant" refers to currently listed methylphenidate hydrochloride tablet formulations (immediate-release, sustained-release and extended-release) or dexamphetamine sulphate tablets.

## **CAFFEINE**

Tab 100 mg

## DEXAMFETAMINE SULFATE - Restricted see terms below

## ⇒ Restricted (RS1169)

## Initiation – ADHD

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

## Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

### Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

### METHYL PHENIDATE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms on the next page

	THE HENDALE HISTOCHECHISE HOSTING OCCURS OF THE HEAL PAGE		
t	Tab extended-release 18 mg58.96	30	Concerta
t	Tab extended-release 27 mg65.44	30	Concerta
t	Tab extended-release 36 mg71.93	30	Concerta
	Tab extended-release 54 mg86.24	30	Concerta
	Tab immediate-release 5 mg3.20	30	Rubifen
	Tab immediate-release 10 mg3.00	30	Ritalin
	•		Rubifen
t	Tab immediate-release 20 mg7.85	30	Rubifen
t	Tab sustained-release 20 mg50.00	100	Ritalin SR
	10.95	30	Rubifen SR
t	Cap modified-release 10 mg15.60	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 20 mg20.40	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 30 mg25.52	30	Ritalin LA
t	Cap modified-release 40 mg30.60	30	Ritalin LA

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

### → Restricted (RS1294)

## Initiation - ADHD (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria.

## Initiation – Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

Patient suffers from narcolepsy.

## Continuation - Narcolepsy (immediate-release and sustained-release formulations)

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

## Initiation – Extended-release and modified-release formulations

Paediatrician or psychiatrist

Both:

- 1 Patient has ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), diagnosed according to DSM-IV or ICD 10 criteria; and
- 2 Fither
  - 2.1 Patient is taking a currently listed formulation of methylphenidate hydrochloride (immediate-release or sustained-release) which has not been effective due to significant administration and/or compliance difficulties; or
  - 2.2 There is significant concern regarding the risk of diversion or abuse of immediate-release methylphenidate hydrochloride.

## MODAFINIL - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1171)

### Initiation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has a diagnosis of narcolepsy and has excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy occurring almost daily for three months or more; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has a multiple sleep latency test with a mean sleep latency of less than or equal to 10 minutes and 2 or more sleep onset rapid eye movement periods; or
  - 2.2 The patient has at least one of: cataplexy, sleep paralysis or hypnagogic hallucinations; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 An effective dose of a listed formulation of methylphenidate or dexamphetamine has been trialled and discontinued because of intolerable side effects; or
  - 3.2 Methylphenidate and dexamphetamine are contraindicated.

## Continuation - Narcolepsy

Neurologist or respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 24 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

## **Treatments for Dementia**

### DONEPEZII HYDROCHI ORIDE

Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	4.34	90	Donepezil-Rex
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	6.64	90	Donepezil-Rex

## **NERVOUS SYSTEM**

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer	
RIVASTIGMINE - Restricted see terms below  Patch 4.6 mg per 24 hour  Patch 9.5 mg per 24 hour  Restricted (RS1436)		30 30	Exelon Exelon	

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

### Both:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with dementia; and
- 2 The patient has experienced intolerable nausea and/or vomiting from donepezil tablets.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Both:

- 1 The treatment remains appropriate; and
- 2 The patient has demonstrated a significant and sustained benefit from treatment.

## Treatments for Substance Dependence

BUPRENORPHINE WITH NALOXONE - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 2 mg with naloxone 0.5 mg	57.40	28	Suboxone
Tab 8 mg with naloxone 2 mg		28	Suboxone
⇒ Restricted (RS1172)			

## Initiation - Detoxification

### All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient is currently engaged with an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 3 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

## Initiation - Maintenance treatment

### All of the following:

- 1 Patient is opioid dependent; and
- 2 Patient will not be receiving methadone: and
- 3 Patient is currently enrolled in an opioid substitution treatment program in a service approved by the Ministry of Health; and
- 4 Prescriber works in an opioid treatment service approved by the Ministry of Health.

## BUPROPION HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab modified-release 150 mg - 1% DV Jun-17 to 202011.00	30	Zyban
DISULFIRAM Tab 200 mg44.30	100	Antabuse
NALTREXONE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below  ↓ Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	30	Naltraccord

### Initiation – Alcohol dependence

### Both:

- 1 Patient is currently enrolled, or is planned to be enrolled, in a recognised comprehensive treatment programme for alcohol dependence; and
- 2 Naltrexone is to be prescribed by, or on the recommendation of, a physician working in an Alcohol and Drug Service.

## Initiation - Constipation

For the treatment of opioid-induced constipation.

_				
	Pr	ice		Brand or
	(ex man. e	excl. GST)		Generic
	(	\$	Per	Manufacturer
NIC	COTINE - Some items restricted see terms below			
	Patch 7 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	16.00	28	Habitrol
	Patch 14 mg per 24 hours – 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		28	Habitrol
	Patch 21 mg per 24 hours - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020		28	Habitrol
t	Oral spray 1 mg per dose			e.g. Nicorette QuickMist Mouth Spray
	Lozenge 1 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	16.61	216	Habitrol
	Lozenge 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	18.20	216	Habitrol
t	Soln for inhalation 15 mg cartridge			e.g. Nicorette Inhalator
	Gum 2 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	33.69	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
	•			Habitrol (Mint)
	Gum 4 mg - 1% DV Apr-18 to 2020	38.95	384	Habitrol (Fruit)
				Habitrol (Mint)
$\Rightarrow$	Restricted (RS1310)			, ,
lni	tiation			
An	y of the following:			
	<ol> <li>For perioperative use in patients who have a 'nil by mouth' instruction; or</li> <li>For use within mental health inpatient units; or</li> <li>For acute use in agitated patients who are unable to leave the hospital facilities.</li> </ol>	ilities.		
VA	RENICLINE - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 0.5 mg × 11 and 1 mg × 14	60.48	25	Champix
t	Tab 1 mg6		28	Champix

## ⇒ Restricted (RS1511)

### Initiation

All of the following:

1 Short-term therapy as an aid to achieving abstinence in a patient who has indicated that they are ready to cease smoking; and

135.48

56

Champix

- 2 The patient is part of, or is about to enrol in, a comprehensive support and counselling smoking cessation programme, which includes prescriber or nurse monitoring; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient has tried but failed to quit smoking after at least two separate trials of nicotine replacement therapy, at least one of which included the patient receiving comprehensive advice on the optimal use of nicotine replacement therapy; or
  - 3.2 The patient has tried but failed to guit smoking using bupropion or nortriptyline; and
- 4 The patient has not used funded varenicline in the last 12 months; and
- 5 Varenicline is not to be used in combination with other pharmacological smoking cessation treatments and the patient has agreed to this; and
- 6 The patient is not pregnant; and
- 7 The patient will not be prescribed more than 12 weeks' funded varenicline in a 12 month period.

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

# **Chemotherapeutic Agents**

## **Alkylating Agents**

BENDAMUSTINE HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg vial
   271.35
   1
   Ribomustin

   Inj 100 mg vial
   1.085.38
   1
   Ribomustin
- → Restricted (RS1578)

### Initiation - treatment naive CLL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has Binet stage B or C, or progressive stage A chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; and
- 3 The patient is unable to tolerate toxicity of full-dose FCR; and
- 4 Patient has ECOG performance status 0-2; and
- 5 Patient has a Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) score of < 6; and
- 6 Bendamustine is to be administered at a maximum dose of 100 mg/m² on days 1 and 2 every 4 weeks for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). Chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

## Initiation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL requiring treatment; and
- 2 Patient has a WHO performance status of 0-2; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Both:
    - 3.1.1 Patient is treatment naive; and
    - 3.1.2 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); or
  - 3.2 All of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Patient has relapsed refractory disease following prior chemotherapy; and
    - 3.2.2 The patient has not received prior bendamustine therapy; and
    - 3.2.3 Either:
      - 3.2.3.1 Both:
        - 3.2.3.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
        - 3.2.3.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or
      - 3.2.3.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients.

## Continuation - Indolent, Low-grade lymphomas

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Both:

- 1 Patients have not received a bendamustine regimen within the last 12 months; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Bendamustine is to be administered for a maximum of 6 cycles in relapsed patients (in combination with rituximab when CD20+); and
    - 2.1.2 Patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; or

1

1

1

Doxorubicin Fhewe

Doxorubicin Ebewe

Doxorubicin Ebewe

Epirubicin Ebewe

Epirubicin Ebewe

Epirubicin Ebewe

Epirubicin Ebewe

2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a maximum of 6 cycles in rituximab refractory patients Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/ Waldenström's macroglobulinaemia.  BUSULFAN Tab 2 mg	(e	Price ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Note: 'indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle cell, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/ Waldenström's macroglobulinaemia.  BUSULFAN Tab 2 mg	continued			
Macroglobulinaemia.   Substitation   Substitution   Substitution	2.2 Bendamustine is to be administered as a monotherapy for a	a maximum of 6 c	ycles in ri	ituximab refractory patients.
BUSULFAN   Tab 2 mg		rginal zone and ly	mphoplas	smacytic/ Waldenström's
Tab 2 mg	•			
Inj 6 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule   CARMUSTINE   Inj 100 mg vial				
CARMUSTINE Inj 100 mg vial		89.25	100	Myleran
Inj 100 mg vial				
CHLORAMBUCIL Tab 2 mg CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE Tab 50 mg		500.00		D:ONILI
Tab 2 mg  CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE  Tab 50 mg	, -	532.00	ı	BICINU
Tab 50 mg				
Tab 50 mg	· ·			
158.00   100   Procytox   158.00   101   Procytox   159.00   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   10		70.00	F0	Endavan
Inj 1 g vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	1 ab 50 mg			
Inj 2 g vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	Ini 1 α vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021			,
Inj 1 g vial			•	
Inj 1 g vial	IFOSEAMIDE			
Cap 10 mg		96.00	1	Holoxan
Cap 10 mg       132.59       20       Ceenu         Cap 40 mg       399.15       20       Ceenu         MELPHALAN       Tab 2 mg       Inj 50 mg vial         THIOTEPA         Inj 15 mg vial       Inj 100 mg vial     Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics  BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE  Inj 15,000 iu vial       150.48       1       DBL Bleomycin Sulfate         DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]       Inj 0.5 mg vial       166.75       1       Cosmegen         DAUNORUBICIN       Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial       130.00       1       Pfizer			1	Holoxan
Cap 40 mg       399.15       20       Ceenu         MELPHALAN         Tab 2 mg       Inj 50 mg vial         THIOTEPA         Inj 15 mg vial       Inj 100 mg vial         Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics         BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE       Inj 15,000 iu vial       150.48       1       DBL Bleomycin Sulfate         DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]       Inj 0.5 mg vial       166.75       1       Cosmegen         DAUNORUBICIN       Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial       130.00       1       Pfizer	LOMUSTINE			
MELPHALAN Tab 2 mg Inj 50 mg vial  THIOTEPA Inj 15 mg vial Inj 100 mg vial  Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics  BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE Inj 15,000 iu vial	Cap 10 mg	132.59	20	Ceenu
Tab 2 mg Inj 50 mg vial  THIOTEPA Inj 15 mg vial Inj 100 mg vial  Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics  BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE Inj 15,000 iu vial	Cap 40 mg	399.15	20	Ceenu
Inj 50 mg vial THIOTEPA Inj 15 mg vial Inj 15 mg vial Inj 100 mg vial  Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics  BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE Inj 15,000 iu vial	MELPHALAN			
THIOTEPA Inj 15 mg vial Inj 100 mg vial  Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics  BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE Inj 15,000 iu vial	· ·			
Inj 15 mg vial Inj 100 mg vial  Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics  BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE Inj 15,000 iu vial	Inj 50 mg vial			
Inj 100 mg vial  Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics  BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE Inj 15,000 iu vial	THIOTEPA			
Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics  BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE Inj 15,000 iu vial	, ,			
BLEOMYCIN SULPHATE	Inj 100 mg vial			
Inj 15,000 iu vial	Anthracyclines and Other Cytotoxic Antibiotics			
Inj 15,000 iu vial	BI FOMYCIN SUI PHATE			
DACTINOMYCIN [ACTINOMYCIN D]		150.48	1	DBL Bleomycin Sulfate
Inj 0.5 mg vial       1       Cosmegen         DAUNORUBICIN       1 nj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial       130.00       1       Pfizer				,
DAUNORUBICIN Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial130.00 1 Pfizer		166.75	1	Cosmegen
Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	,			J
		130.00	1	Pfizer
	DOXORUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			

Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

EPIRUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE

Ini 50 mg vial

Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial.......46.00

Inj 2 mg per ml, 50 ml vial.......32.50

Inj 2 mg per ml, 100 ml vial......65.00

Note: DV limit applies to all 50 mg presentations of doxorubicin hydrochloride.

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
IDARUBICIN HYDROCHLORIDE			
Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	93.00	1	Zavedos
Inj 10 mg vial - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	198.00	1	Zavedos
MITOMYCIN C Inj 5 mg vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	204.08	1	Arrow
MITOZANTRONE Inj 2 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	97.50	1	Mitozantrone Ebewe

## **Antimetabolites**

AZACITIDINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1418)

### Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) intermediate-2 or high risk myelodysplastic syndrome; or
  - 1.2 The patient has chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia (10%-29% marrow blasts without myeloproliferative disorder); or
  - 1.3 The patient has acute myeloid leukaemia with 20-30% blasts and multi-lineage dysplasia, according to World Health Organisation Classification (WHO); and
- 2 The patient has performance status (WHO/ECOG) grade 0-2; and
- 3 The patient does not have secondary myelodysplastic syndrome resulting from chemical injury or prior treatment with chemotherapy and/or radiation for other diseases; and
- 4 The patient has an estimated life expectancy of at least 3 months.

## Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression, and; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

CAPECITABINE		
Tab 150 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 201911.15	60	Brinov
Tab 500 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	120	Brinov
CLADRIBINE		
Inj 2 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial5,249.72	7	Leustatin
CYTARABINE		
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial400.00	5	Pfizer
Inj 100 mg per ml, 20 ml vial41.36	1	Pfizer
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE		
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021412.00	20	Fludara Oral
Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019525.00	5	Fludarabine Ebewe
FLUOROURACIL		
Inj 50 mg per ml, 20 ml vial – <b>1% DV Oct-18 to 2021</b> 12.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 50 ml vial17.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe
Inj 50 mg per ml, 100 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-18 to 202130.00	1	Fluorouracil Ebewe

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	Τ\	Brand or Generic
	(ex man. exci. GS	Per	Manufacturer
GEMCITABINE			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	8.36	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	15.89	1	Gemcitabine Ebewe
MERCAPTOPURINE			
Tab 50 mg	49.41	25	Puri-nethol
Oral suspension 20 mg per ml	428.00	100 ml	Allmercap
→ Restricted (RS1635)			
nitiation			
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per de	ay.		
Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist			
Re-assessment required after 12 months			
The patient requires a total dose of less than one full 50 mg tablet per da	ay.		
METHOTREXATE			
Tab 2.5 mg	3.18	30	Trexate
Tab 10 mg	21.00	50	Trexate
Inj 2.5 mg per ml, 2 ml vial			
Inj 7.5 mg prefilled syringe	14.61	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 10 mg prefilled syringe	14.66	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 15 mg prefilled syringe	14.77	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 20 mg prefilled syringe	14.88	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg prefilled syringe	14.99	1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 30 mg prefilled syringe		1	Methotrexate Sandoz
Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	30.00	5	DBL Methotrexate
1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	45.00		Onco-Vial
Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	45.00	1	DBL Methotrexate
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	25.00	1	Onco-Vial Methotrexate Ebewe
Inj 100 mg per ml, 50 ml vial – <b>1% DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>		1	Methotrexate Ebewe
	1 5.59	'	MEGIOLIEXALE EDEWE
PEMETREXED – Restricted see terms below	00.05		
Inj 100 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2019		1	Juno Pemetrexed
Inj 500 mg vial – 1% DV Jan-18 to 2019	217.77	1	Juno Pemetrexed
→ Restricted (RS1596)			
nitiation – Mesothelioma			
le-assessment required after 8 months			

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with mesothelioma; and
- 2 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles.

## Continuation - Mesothelioma

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m² every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

## Initiation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung carcinoma; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Both:
    - 2.1.1 Patient has chemotherapy-naïve disease; and
    - 2.1.2 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m² every 21 days in combination with cisplatin or carboplatin for a maximum of 6 cycles; or
  - 2.2 All of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has had first-line treatment with platinum based chemotherapy; and
    - 2.2.2 Patient has not received prior funded treatment with pemetrexed; and
    - 2.2.3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500 mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 21 days for a maximum of 6 cycles.

## Continuation - Non small cell lung cancer

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
- 3 Pemetrexed is to be administered at a dose of 500mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 21 days.

### THIOGUANINE

Tab 40 mg

## Other Cytotoxic Agents

**AMSACRINE** 

Inj 50 mg per ml, 1.5 ml ampoule

Inj 75 mg

ANAGRELIDE HYDROCHLORIDE

Cap 0.5 mg

ARSENIC TRIOXIDE

BORTEZOMIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1189)

## Initiation - treatment naive multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Limited to 15 months treatment

Both:

1 Either:

- 1.1 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic multiple myeloma; or
- 1.2 The patient has treatment-naive symptomatic systemic AL amyloidosis; and
- 2 Maximum of 9 treatment cycles.

## Initiation - relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; or

Price			Brand or
(ex man. excl.	GST)		Generic
\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.2 The patient has relapsed or refractory systemic AL amyloidosis; and
- 2 The patient has received only one prior front line chemotherapy for multiple myeloma or amyloidosis; and
- 3 The patient has not had prior publicly funded treatment with bortezomib; and
- 4 Maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

## Continuation – relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma/amyloidosis

Re-assessment required after 8 months

Both:

- 1 The patient's disease obtained at least a partial response from treatment with bortezomib at the completion of cycle 4; and
- 2 Maximum of 4 further treatment cycles (making a total maximum of 8 consecutive treatment cycles).

Notes: Responding relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma patients should receive no more than 2 additional cycles of treatment beyond the cycle at which a confirmed complete response was first achieved. A line of therapy is considered to comprise either:

- 1 A known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments; or
- 2 A transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments.

Refer to datasheet for recommended dosage and number of doses of bortezomib per treatment cycle.

COLASPASE [L-ASPARAGINASE]		
Inj 10,000 iu vial102.32	1	Leunase
DACARBAZINE		
Inj 200 mg vial58.06	1	DBL Dacarbazine
ETOPOSIDE		
Cap 50 mg340.73	20	Vepesid
Cap 100 mg340.73	10	Vepesid
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial7.90	1	Rex Medical
ETOPOSIDE (AS PHOSPHATE)		
Inj 100 mg vial40.00	1	Etopophos
HYDROXYUREA		
Cap 500 mg31.76	100	Hydrea
IRINOTECAN HYDROCHLORIDE		,
Inj 20 mg per ml, 2 ml vial11.50	1	Irinotecan Actavis 40
Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	1	Irinotecan Actavis 100
	1	IIIIIOlecaii Aciavis 100
LENALIDOMIDE – Restricted see terms below		
■ Cap 10 mg	21	Revlimid
<b>■</b> Cap 15 mg	21	Revlimid
<b>↓</b> Cap 25 mg	21	Revlimid
→ Restricted (RS1419)		

### Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma with progressive disease; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as third line\* treatment for multiple myeloma; or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 Lenalidomide to be used as second line treatment for multiple myeloma; and
    - 2.2.2 The patient has experienced severe (grade 3 or higher), dose limiting, peripheral neuropathy with either bortezomib or thalidomide that precludes further treatment with either of these treatments; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. G	ST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

3 Lenalidomide to be administered at a maximum dose of 25 mg/day in combination with dexamethasone.

## Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication. A line of treatment is considered to comprise either: a) a known therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments or b) a transplant induction chemotherapy regimen, stem cell transplantation and supportive treatments. Prescriptions must be written by a registered prescriber in the lenalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier.

## PEGASPARGASE - Restricted see terms below

### → Restricted (RS1190)

## Initiation - Newly diagnosed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has newly diagnosed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

### Initiation - Relapsed ALL

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has relapsed acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 2 Pegaspargase to be used with a contemporary intensive multi-agent chemotherapy treatment protocol; and
- 3 Treatment is with curative intent.

### PENTOSTATIN [DEOXYCOFORMYCIN]

Inj 10 mg vial

## PROCARBAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

(	Cap 50 mg	498.00	50	Natulan
TEM	OZOLOMIDE - Restricted see terms below			
1 (	Cap 5 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	10.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
1 (	Cap 20 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	18.30	5	Orion Temozolomide
1 (	Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	40.20	5	Orion Temozolomide
1 (	Cap 250 mg - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	96.80	5	Orion Temozolomide

### ⇒ Restricted (RS1537)

## Initiation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Patient has newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme; or
  - 1.2 Patient has newly diagnosed anaplastic astrocytoma\*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be (or has been) given concomitantly with radiotherapy; and
- 3 Following concomitant treatment temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued

### Initiation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with metastatic or unresectable well-differentiated neuroendocrine tumour\*; and
- 2 Temozolomide is to be given in combination with capecitabine; and
- 3 Temozolomide is to be used in 28 day treatment cycles for a maximum of 5 days treatment per cycle at a maximum dose of 200 mg/m² per day; and
- 4 Temozolomide to be discontinued at disease progression.

## Continuation - High grade gliomas

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Patient has glioblastoma multiforme; and
  - 1.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has anaplastic astrocytoma\*; and
  - 2.2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment; and
  - 2.3 Adjuvant temozolomide is to be used for a maximum of 24 months.

### Continuation - Neuroendocrine tumours

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefitting from treatment.

Note: Indication marked with a \* is an unapproved indication. Temozolomide is not funded for the treatment of relapsed high grade glioma.

### THAI IDOMIDE - Restricted see terms below

1	Cap 50 mg378.00	28	Thalomid
t	Cap 100 mg	28	Thalomid
<b>=</b>	Restricted (RS1192)		

## Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has multiple myeloma; or
- 2 The patient has systemic AL amyloidosis\*; or
- 3 The patient has ervthema nodosum leprosum.

### Continuation

Patient has obtained a response from treatment during the initial approval period.

Notes: Prescription must be written by a registered prescriber in the thalidomide risk management programme operated by the supplier

Maximum dose of 400 mg daily as monotherapy or in a combination therapy regimen

Indication marked with \* is an unapproved indication

**TRFTINOIN** 

Cap 10 mg........479.50 100 Vesanoid

## **Platinum Compounds**

### CARBOPI ATIN

Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	15.07	1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 15 ml vial	14.05	1	DBL Carboplatin
Inj 10 mg per ml, 45 ml vial	32.59	1	DBL Carboplatin

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CISPLATIN	40.00		DDI Olembrie
Inj 1 mg per ml, 50 ml vial		1 1	DBL Cisplatin  DBL Cisplatin
OXALIPLATIN			
Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml vial Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial		1 1	Oxaliccord Oxaliccord
Protein-Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors			
DASATINIB - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 20 mg		60	Sprycel
		60 60	Sprycel Sprycel
■ Tab 100 mg		30	Sprycel
→ Restricted (RS1193)			
Initiation For use in patients with approval from the CML/GIST Co-ordinator.			
ERLOTINIB - Restricted see terms below			
Tab 100 mg		30	Tarceva
	1,146.00	30	Tarceva

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- 2 There is documentation confirming that the disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 Patient is treatment naive: or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 The patient has discontinued getitinib due to intolerance; and
    - 3.2.2 The cancer did not progress while on gefitinib; and
- 4 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Erlotinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

## GEFITINIB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1580)

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, or metastatic, unresectable, non-squamous Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC); and
- Fither
  - 2.1 Patient is treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 Both:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)	D	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.2.1 The patient has discontinued erlotinib due to intolerance; and
- 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on erlotinib; and
- 3 There is documentation confirming that disease expresses activating mutations of EGFR tyrosine kinase; and
- 4 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 6 months

### Both:

- 1 Radiological assessment (preferably including CT scan) indicates NSCLC has not progressed; and
- 2 Gefitinib is to be given for a maximum of 3 months.

### **IMATINIB MESILATE**

Imatinib-AFT is not a registered for the treatment of Gastro Intestinal Stromal Tumours (GIST). The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule

- → Restricted (RS1402)

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

### Both:

- 1 Patient has diagnosis (confirmed by an oncologist) of unresectable and/or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Maximum dose of 400 mg/day.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Adequate clinical response to treatment with imatinib (prescriber determined).

Note: The Glivec brand of imatinib mesilate (supplied by Novartis) remains fully subsidised under Special Authority for patients with unresectable and/or metastatic malignant GIST, see SA1460 in Section B of the Pharmaceutical Schedule.

Cap 100 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	98.00	60	Imatinib-AFT
Cap 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	197.50	30	Imatinib-AFT
LAPATINIB - Restricted see terms below			
■ Tab 250 mg	1,899.00	70	Tykerb
→ Restricted (RS1197)			-

## Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

## Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
  - 1.2 The patient has not previously received trastuzumab treatment for HER 2 positive metastatic breast cancer; and
  - 1.3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
  - 1.4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
  - 2.2 The patient started trastuzumab for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued trastuzumab within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
  - 2.3 The cancer did not progress whilst on trastuzumab; and

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 2.4 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 2.5 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Lapatinib not to be given in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 4 Lapatinib to be discontinued at disease progression.

### NILOTINIB - Restricted see terms below

	Cap 150 mg	120 120	Tasigna Tasigna
$\rightarrow$	Restricted (RS1437)		ŭ

### Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has a diagnosis of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) in blast crisis, accelerated phase, or in chronic phase; and
- 1 Patient has 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has documented CML treatment failure\* with imatinib: or
  - 2.2 Patient has experienced treatment limiting toxicity with imatinib precluding further treatment with imatinib; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

Note: \*treatment failure as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines.

### Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Lack of treatment failure while on nilotinib as defined by Leukaemia Net Guidelines; and
- 2 Nilotinib treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Maximum nilotinib dose of 800 mg/day; and
- 4 Subsidised for use as monotherapy only.

### PAZOPANIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 200 mg	30	Votrient
	Tab 400 mg	30	Votrient

## → Restricted (RS1198)

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
  - 2.3 Both:
    - 2.3.1 The patient has discontinued sunitinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and

(ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer
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continued...

- 2.3.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on sunitinib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
  - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
  - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
  - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
  - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
  - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
  - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis.

### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Notes: Pazopanib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having 1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

## SUNITINIB - Restricted see terms below

t	Cap 12.5 mg	.2,315.38	28	Sutent		
t	Cap 25 mg	.4,630.77	28	Sutent		
	Cap 50 mg			Sutent		
	→ Restricted (RS1199)					

## Initiation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic renal cell carcinoma; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient is treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 The patient has only received prior cytokine treatment; or
  - 2.3 The patient has only received prior treatment with an investigational agent within the confines of a bona fide clinical trial which has Ethics Committee approval; or
  - 2.4 Both:
    - 2.4.1 The patient has discontinued pazopanib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 2.4.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on pazopanib; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (WHO/ECOG grade 0-2); and
- 4 The disease is of predominant clear cell histology; and
- 5 All of the following:
  - 5.1 Lactate dehydrogenase level > 1.5 times upper limit of normal; and
  - 5.2 Haemoglobin level < lower limit of normal; and
  - 5.3 Corrected serum calcium level > 10 mg/dL (2.5 mmol/L); and
  - 5.4 Interval of < 1 year from original diagnosis to the start of systemic therapy; and
  - 5.5 Karnofsky performance score of less than or equal to 70; and
  - 5.6 2 or more sites of organ metastasis; and
- 6 Sunitinib to be used for a maximum of 2 cycles.

Notes: RCC - Sunitinib treatment should be stopped if disease progresses.

Poor prognosis patients are defined as having at least 3 of criteria 5.1-5.6. Intermediate prognosis patients are defined as having

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continued...

1 or 2 of criteria 5.1-5.6.

## Continuation - RCC

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 No evidence of disease progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

### Initiation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has unresectable or metastatic malignant gastrointestinal stromal tumour (GIST); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient's disease has progressed following treatment with imatinib; or
  - 2.2 The patient has documented treatment-limiting intolerance, or toxicity to, imatinib.

### Continuation - GIST

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

The patient has responded to treatment or has stable disease as determined by Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria as follows:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has had a complete response (disappearance of all lesions and no new lesions); or
  - 1.2 The patient has had a partial response (a decrease in size of 10% or more or decrease in tumour density in Hounsfield Units (HU) of 15% or more on CT and no new lesions and no obvious progression of non-measurable disease); or
  - 1.3 The patient has stable disease (does not meet criteria the two above) and does not have progressive disease and no symptomatic deterioration attributed to tumour progression; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: GIST - It is recommended that response to treatment be assessed using Choi's modified CT response evaluation criteria (J Clin Oncol, 2007, 25:1753-1759). Progressive disease is defined as either: an increase in tumour size of 10% or more and not meeting criteria of partial response (PR) by tumour density (HU) on CT; or: new lesions, or new intratumoral nodules, or increase in the size of the existing intratumoral nodules.

# Taxanes DOCETAXE

DOOLTAXEE		
Inj 10 mg per ml, 2 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202012.40	1	DBL Docetaxel
Inj 10 mg per ml, 8 ml vial - 1% DV Sep-17 to 202026.95	1	DBL Docetaxel
PACLITAXEL		
Inj 6 mg per ml, 5 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 202047.30	5	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 16.7 ml vial - 1% DV Oct-17 to 202020.00	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Inj 6 mg per ml, 25 ml vial26.69	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe
Ini 6 mg per ml. 50 ml vial. – <b>1% DV Oct-17 to 2020</b>	1	Paclitaxel Ebewe

	Price (ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Treatment of Cytotoxic-Induced Side Effects			
CALCIUM FOLINATE			
Tab 15 mg	104.26	10	DBL Leucovorin Calcium
Inj 3 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		5	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Sando
Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
	7.30		Calcium Folinate Sando
Inj 10 mg per ml, 30 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
Inj 10 mg per ml, 35 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Sando
Inj 10 mg per ml, 100 ml vial		1	Calcium Folinate Ebewe
	60.00		Calcium Folinate Sando
MESNA			
Tab 400 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		50	Uromitexan
Tab 600 mg - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		50	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 4 ml ampoule – 1% <b>DV Oct-16 to 2019</b>		15	Uromitexan
Inj 100 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019	3/0.35	15	Uromitexan
Vinca Alkaloids			
VINBLASTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	186.46	5	Hospira
VINCRISTINE SULPHATE			
Inj 1 mg per ml, 1 ml vial – 1% <b>DV Oct-16 to 2019</b>	74.50	5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
Inj 1 mg per ml, 2 ml vial – 1% <b>DV Oct-16 to 2019</b>		5	DBL Vincristine Sulfate
	05.01	J	DDL VIIICIISIIIIE Sullati
VINORELBINE	2.22		A1 11.
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml vial		1	Navelbine
Inj 10 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	40.00	1	Navelbine
Endocrine Therapy			
ABIRATERONE ACETATE – Restricted see terms below	1.070.45	400	<b>7</b>
■ Tab 250 mg	4,276.19	120	Zytiga

⇒ Restricted (RS1464)

### Initiation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 5 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has prostate cancer; and
- 2 Patient has metastases: and
- 3 Patient's disease is castration resistant; and
- 4 Fither:
  - 4.1 All of the following:
    - 4.1.1 Patient is symptomatic; and
    - 4.1.2 Patient has disease progression (rising serum PSA) after second line anti-androgen therapy; and
    - 4.1.3 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-1; and
    - 4.1.4 Patient has not had prior treatment with taxane chemotherapy; or
  - 4.2 All of the following:

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GS	T)	Generic
 \$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 4.2.1 Patient.s disease has progressed following prior chemotherapy containing a taxane; and
- 4.2.2 Patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4.2.3 Patient has not had prior treatment with abiraterone.

### Continuation

Medical oncologist, radiation oncologist or urologist

Re-assessment required after 5 months

## All of the following:

- 1 Significant decrease in serum PSA from baseline; and
- 2 No evidence of clinical disease progression; and
- 3 No initiation of taxane chemotherapy with abiraterone; and
- 4 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

## **BICALUTAMIDE**

Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020	3.80	28	Binarex
FLUTAMIDE			
Tab 250 mg	55.00	100	Flutamin
MEGESTROL ACETATE			
Tab 160 mg - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021	63.53	30	Apo-Megestrol
OCTREOTIDE - Some items restricted see terms below			
Inj 50 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	30.64	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 100 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	18.69	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	72.50	5	DBL Octreotide
Inj 10 mg vial	1,772.50	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 20 mg vial	2,358.75	1	Sandostatin LAR
Inj 30 mg vial	2,951.25	1	Sandostatin LAR
⇒ Restricted (RS1201)			

### **→** Restricted (RS1201)

## Initiation – Malignant bowel obstruction

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has nausea\* and vomiting\* due to malignant bowel obstruction\*; and
- 2 Treatment with antiemetics, rehydration, antimuscarinic agents, corticosteroids and analgesics for at least 48 hours has failed; and
- 3 Octreotide to be given at a maximum dose 1500 mcg daily for up to 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

### Initiation - acromegaly

Re-assessment required after 3 months

### Both:

- 1 The patient has acromegaly; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Treatment with surgery, radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
  - 2.2 Treatment with octreotide is for an interim period while awaiting the effects of radiotherapy and a dopamine agonist has failed; or
  - 2.3 The patient is unwilling, or unable, to undergo surgery and/or radiotherapy.

## Continuation - acromegaly

### Both:

- 1 IGF1 levels have decreased since starting octreotide; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

Note: In patients with acromegaly octreotide treatment should be discontinued if IGF1 levels have not decreased after 3 months

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

treatment. In patients treated with radiotherapy octreotide treatment should be withdrawn every 2 years, for 1 month, for assessment of remission. Octreotide treatment should be stopped where there is biochemical evidence of remission (normal IGF1 levels) following octreotide treatment withdrawal for at least 4 weeks.

### Initiation - Other indications

Any of the following:

- 1 VIPomas and glucagonomas for patients who are seriously ill in order to improve their clinical state prior to definitive surgery; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 Gastrinoma; and
  - 2.2 Either:
    - 2.2.1 Patient has failed surgery; or
    - 2.2.2 Patient in metastatic disease after H2 antagonists (or proton pump inhibitors) have failed; or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Insulinomas; and
  - 3.2 Surgery is contraindicated or has failed; or
- 4 For pre-operative control of hypoglycaemia and for maintenance therapy; or
- 5 Both:
  - 5.1 Carcinoid syndrome (diagnosed by tissue pathology and/or urinary 5HIAA analysis); and
  - 5.2 Disabling symptoms not controlled by maximal medical therapy.

Note: restriction applies only to the long-acting formulations of octreotide

### TAMOXIFFN CITRATE

Tab 10 mg19.50	100	Genox
Tab 20 mg	30	Genox
12.50	100	Genox

## **Aromatase Inhibitors**

ANASTROZOLE Tab 1 mg - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020	5.04	30	Rolin
EXEMESTANE Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	14.50	30	Pfizer Exemestane
LETROZOLE Tab 2.5 mg	2.95	30	Letrole

## **Imaging Agents**

## AMINOLEVULINIC ACID HYDROCHLORIDE - Restricted see terms below

ŧ	Powder for oral soln, 30 mg per ml, 1.5 g vial	4,400.00	1	Gliolan
		44.000.00	10	Gliolan

## ⇒ Restricted (RS1565)

## Initiation - high grade malignant glioma

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has newly diagnosed, untreated, glioblastoma multiforme; and
- 2 Treatment to be used as adjuvant to fluorescence-guided resection; and
- 3 Patient's tumour is amenable to complete resection.

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\$ Per	Manufacturer

## **Immunosuppressants**

## Calcineurin Inhibitors

### **CICLOSPORIN**

Cap 25 mg4	4.63	50	Neoral
Cap 50 mg8	8.91	50	Neoral
Cap 100 mg17	7.81	50	Neoral
Oral lig 100 mg per ml19	8.13 5	i0 ml	Neoral
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule27	6.30	10	Sandimmun
TACROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below			
Cap 0.5 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 20188	5.60	100	Tacrolimus Sa

Tacrolimus Sandoz Cap 1 mg − 1% DV Nov-14 to 31 Oct 2018 ......171.20 **Tacrolimus Sandoz** 100 50 Tacrolimus Sandoz

Inj 5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

→ Restricted (RS1492)

Initiation - organ transplant recipients

Any specialist

For use in organ transplant recipients.

Initiation - Steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome\*

Any specialist

Either:

- 1 The patient is a child with steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome\* (SRNS) where ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 The patient is an adult with SRNS; and
  - 2.2 Ciclosporin has been trialled in combination with prednisone and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response; and
  - 2.3 Cyclophosphamide or mycophenolate have been trialled and discontinued because of unacceptable side effects or inadequate clinical response, or these treatments are contraindicated.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications

## **Fusion Proteins**

## ETANERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1541)

## Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

1 Both:

- 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
- 1.2 Fither:
  - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
  - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab

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**Enbrel** 

Enbrel

**Enbrel** 

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continued...

for JIA: or

- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
  - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m<sup>2</sup> weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
  - 2.5 Both:
    - 2.5.1 Fither:
      - 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender ioints: or
      - 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
    - 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

## Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

## Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
  - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
  - 2.5 Any of the following:

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- 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
- 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold: or
- 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.6 Fither:
  - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
  - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.7 Either:
  - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

## Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

### Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
  - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
  - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroillitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
  - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 25 Fither
    - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by

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the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or

- 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
- 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment.

Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

#### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and for subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

#### Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for psoriatic arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
  - 2.4 Either:
    - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints; or

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- 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
  - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
  - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

## Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior etanercept treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

## Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab; or
  - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 3 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 doses.

#### Initiation – plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
  - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and

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scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

### Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Fither:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.1.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.2.2 Either:
      - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
      - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior etanercept treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Etanercept to be administered at doses no greater than 50 mg every 7 days.

### Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum\*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

#### Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Either:
    - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
    - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
  - 1.2 Either:

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- 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
- 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD: or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

## Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

### Monoclonal Antibodies

ABCIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1202)

#### Initiation

Either:

- 1 For use in patients with acute coronary syndromes undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention; or
- 2 For use in patients undergoing intra-cranial intervention.

#### ADALIMUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 20 mg per 0.4 ml syringe	2	Humira
1	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml pen	2	HumiraPen
	Inj 40 mg per 0.8 ml syringe	2	Humira
	- · · · · · (-0.1-10)		

→ Restricted (RS1542)

### Initiation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Fither:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
    - 1.1.2 Either:
      - 1.1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
      - 1.1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for JIA; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA); and
  - 2.2 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.3 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and

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continued...

2.5 Both:

2.5.1 Either:

- 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender ioints: or
- 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
- 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

# Continuation - juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist or named specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

### Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
  - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e); and
- 3 A Baseline Fistula Assessment (a copy of which is available at www.pharmac.govt.nz/latest/BaselineFistulaAssessment.pdf) has been completed and is no more than 1 month old at the time of application.

### Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
- 2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score, together with less induration and patient-reported pain.

### Initiation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
  - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection;
  - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and

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(ex man.	excl. GST)		Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Either:
    - 1.1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on adalimumab;
      or
    - 1.1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
  - 1.2 Both:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
    - 1.2.2 Applicant to indicate the reason that CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
  - .2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
  - 2.2 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
  - 2.4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
  - 2.5 Any of the following:
    - 2.5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of ciclosporin; or
    - 2.5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
    - 2.5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
  - 2.6 Either:
    - 2.6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints;
    - 2.6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and

continued...

- 2.7 Either:
  - 2.7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

#### Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

### Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of ankylosing spondylitis present for more than six months; and
  - 2.2 Patient has low back pain and stiffness that is relieved by exercise but not by rest; and
  - 2.3 Patient has bilateral sacroiliitis demonstrated by plain radiographs, CT or MRI scan; and
  - 2.4 Patient's ankylosing spondylitis has not responded adequately to treatment with two or more non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), in combination with anti-ulcer therapy if indicated, while patient was undergoing at least 3 months of a regular exercise regimen for ankylosing spondylitis; and
  - 2.5 Either:
    - 2.5.1 Patient has limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in the sagittal and the frontal planes as determined by the following Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Metrology Index (BASMI) measures: a modified Schober's test of less than or equal to 4 cm and lumbar side flexion measurement of less than or equal to 10 cm (mean of left and right); or
    - 2.5.2 Patient has limitation of chest expansion by at least 2.5 cm below the average normal values corrected for age and gender (see Notes); and
  - 2.6 Bath Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Index (BASDAI) of at least 6 on a 0-10 scale.

Notes: The BASDAI must have been determined at the completion of the 3 month exercise trial, but prior to ceasing NSAID treatment. The BASDAI measure must be no more than 1 month old at the time of starting treatment. Average normal chest expansion corrected for age and gender:

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Age	Male	Female
18-24	7.0 cm	5.5 cm
25-34	7.5 cm	5.5 cm
35-44	6.5 cm	4.5 cm
45-54	6.0 cm	5.0 cm
55-64	5.5 cm	4.0 cm
65-74	4.0 cm	4.0 cm
75+	3.0 cm	2.5 cm

### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks' initial treatment and subsequent renewals, treatment has resulted in an improvement in BASDAI of 4 or more points from pre-treatment baseline on a 10 point scale, or an improvement in BASDAI of 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

## Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; or

### 2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe active psoriatic arthritis for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of sulfasalazine at a dose of at least 2 g per day or leflunomide at a dose of up to 20 mg daily (or maximum tolerated doses); and
- 2.4 Either:
  - 2.4.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 15 swollen, tender joints;
  - 2.4.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.5 Any of the following:
  - 2.5.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.5.2 Patient has an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) greater than 25 mm per hour; or
  - 2.5.3 ESR and CRP not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

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### Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior adalimumab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

### Initiation - plaque psoriasis, prior TNF use

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept; or
  - 2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis.

### Initiation - plaque psoriasis, treatment-naive

Dermatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
  - 1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
- 2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, ciclosporin, or acitretin: and
- 3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course; and
- 4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

### Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis at the start of treatment; and

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- 1.1.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-adalimumab treatment baseline value; or
- 1.2 Both:
  - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
  - 1.2.2 Either:
    - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
    - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior adalimumab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-etanercept treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Adalimumab to be administered at doses no greater than 40 mg every 14 days.

#### Initiation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has pyoderma gangrenosum\*; and
- 2 Patient has received three months of conventional therapy including a minimum of three pharmaceuticals (e.g. prednisone, ciclosporin, azathioprine, or methotrexate) and not received an adequate response; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Continuation - pyoderma gangrenosum

Dermatologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has shown clinical improvement; and
- 2 Patient continues to require treatment; and
- 3 A maximum of 4 doses.

### Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Either:
    - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
    - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules: and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from etanercept and/or tocilizumab; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of etanercept and/or tocilizumab such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

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### Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

AFLIBERCEPT - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1636)

## Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
    - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy; or
    - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD; and
  - 1.2 Fither:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab; or
    - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart; and
  - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
  - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with ranibizumab for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to ranibizumab within 3 months: or
  - 2.2 Patient has previously\* (\*before June 2018) received treatment with ranibizumab for wAMD and disease was stable while on treatment; or
  - 2.3 Patient has current approval to use ranibizumab for treatment of wAMD; or
  - 2.4 Patient is currently receiving treatment with aflibercept and has documented previous poor response to bevacizumab.

Note: Criteria 2.3 and 2.4 will be removed from 1 January 2019.

### Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue: and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eve.

### Initiation - Diabetic Macular Oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient has centre involving diabetic macular oedema (DMO); and
  - 1.2 Patient's disease is non responsive to 4 doses of intravitreal bevacizumab when administered 4-6 weekly; and
  - 1.3 Patient has reduced visual acuity between 6/9 6/36 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and

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ontinued					
1.4 Patient has DMO within central OCT (ocular coherence		• /	eld >	· 350 mi	crometers; and
1.5 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or fove					
2 Patient is currently receiving treatment with aflibercept and had	as documen	ted previ	ious	poor res	sponse to bevacizumab.
ote: Criterion 2 will be removed from 1 January 2019.					
ontinuation – Diabetic Macular Oedema					
phthalmologist e-assessment required after 12 months					
l of the following:					
1 There is stability or two lines of Snellen visual acuity gain; and	d				
2 There is structural improvement on OCT scan (with reduction		nal cysts	, cen	ıtral retir	nal thickness, and sub-retin
fluid); and		•			
3 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity s					
4 There is no centre-involving sub-retinal fibrosis or foveal atrop					
5 After each consecutive 12 months treatment with aflibercept,	patient has	retrialled	witr	i at leas	t one injection of
bevacizumab and had no response.					
ASILIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below Inj 20 mg vial	0.6	200 00		1	Simulect

For use in solid organ transplants.

### BEVACIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mg per ml, 4 ml vial
- Inj 25 mg per ml, 16 ml vial
- → Restricted (RS1115)

#### Initiation

#### Fither:

- 1 Ocular neovascularisation; or
- 2 Exudative ocular angiopathy.

## CETUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 5 mg per ml, 20 ml vial364.00	1	Erbitux
1	Inj 5 mg per ml, 100 ml vial	1	Erbitux

⇒ Restricted (RS1613)

#### Initiation

Medical oncologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has locally advanced, non-metastatic, squamous cell cancer of the head and neck; and
- 2 Patient is contraindicated to, or is intolerant of, cisplatin; and
- 3 Patient has good performance status; and
- 4 To be administered in combination with radiation therapy.

#### INFLIXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

■ Inj 100 mg - 10% DV Mar-15 to 29 Feb 2020 ......806.00 1 Remicade

→ Restricted (RS1581)

#### Initiation - Graft vs host disease

Patient has steroid-refractory acute graft vs. host disease of the gut.

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#### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
  - 2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept; and
- 3 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance.

#### Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 2.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

4 Th-

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
  - 2.2 Following 12 weeks of adalimumab and/or etanercept treatment, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for ankylosing spondylitis.

### Continuation - ankylosing spondylitis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Following 12 weeks of infliximab treatment, BASDAI has improved by 4 or more points from pre-infliximab baseline on a 10 point scale, or by 50%, whichever is less; and
- 2 Physician considers that the patient has benefited from treatment and that continued treatment is appropriate; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 6-8 weeks.

### Initiation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis; and
- 2 Fithor
  - 2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or

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2.2 Following 3-4 months' initial treatment with adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for psoriatic arthritis.

#### Continuation - psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 The patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to prior infliximab treatment in the opinion of the treating physician; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

4 5 "

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe, vision-threatening ocular inflammation requiring rapid control; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Treatment with high-dose steroids (intravenous methylprednisolone) followed by high dose oral steroids has proven ineffective at controlling symptoms; or
  - 2.2 Patient developed new inflammatory symptoms while receiving high dose steroids.

### Initiation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient has severe uveitis uncontrolled with treatment of steroids and other immunosuppressants with a severe risk of vision loss; and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and treatment with at least two other immunomodulatory agents has proven ineffective;
  - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and treatment with methotrexate has proven ineffective.

#### Continuation - severe ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment; or</p>
- 3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

### Continuation - chronic ocular inflammation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Any of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a good clinical response following 3 initial doses; or
- 2 The patient has had a sustained reduction in inflammation (Standardisation of Uveitis Nomenclature (SUN) criteria < ½+ anterior chamber or vitreous cells, absence of active vitreous or retinal lesions, or resolution of uveitic cystoid macular oedema), following 12 months' treatment; or</p>

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3 The patient has a sustained steroid sparing effect, allowing reduction in prednisone to < 10mg daily, or steroid drops less than twice daily if under 18 years old, following 12 months' treatment.

Note: A trial withdrawal should be considered after every 24 months of stability, unless the patient is deemed to have extremely high risk of irreversible vision loss if infliximab is withdrawn.

### Initiation - Pulmonary sarcoidosis

Both:

- 1 Patient has life-threatening pulmonary sarcoidosis that is refractory to other treatments; and
- 2 Treatment is to be prescribed by, or has been recommended by, a physician with expertise in the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis.

# Initiation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient has a Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score of greater than or equal to 300; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease affecting more than 50 cm of the small intestine; or
  - 2.3 Patient has evidence of short gut syndrome or would be at risk of short gut syndrome with further bowel resection; or
  - 2.4 Patient has an ileostomy or colostomy, and has intestinal inflammation; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

#### Continuation - Crohn's disease (adults)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 CDAI score has reduced by 100 points from the CDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
  - 1.2 CDAI score is 150 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but CDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

# Initiation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Paediatric patient has severe active Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has a Paediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI) score of greater than or equal to 30; or
  - 2.2 Patient has extensive small intestine disease; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate; and
- 5 Patient must be reassessed for continuation after 3 months of therapy.

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### Continuation - Crohn's disease (children)

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 PCDAI score has reduced by 10 points from the PCDAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
  - 1.2 PCDAI score is 15 or less; or
  - 1.3 The patient has demonstrated an adequate response to treatment but PCDAI score cannot be assessed; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

### Initiation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Both:

- 1 Patient has confirmed Crohn's disease; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient has one or more complex externally draining enterocutaneous fistula(e); or
  - 2.2 Patient has one or more rectovaginal fistula(e).

## Continuation - fistulising Crohn's disease

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 The number of open draining fistulae have decreased from baseline by at least 50%; or
  - 1.2 There has been a marked reduction in drainage of all fistula(e) from baseline (in the case of adult patients, as demonstrated by a reduction in the Fistula Assessment score), together with less induration and patient reported pain; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

## Initiation - acute severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Limited to 6 weeks treatment

Both:

- 1 Patient has acute, severe fulminant ulcerative colitis; and
- 2 Treatment with intravenous or high dose oral corticosteroids has not been successful.

#### Continuation - severe fulminant ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Where maintenance treatment is considered appropriate, infliximab should be used in combination with immunomodulators and reassessed every 6 months; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

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#### Initiation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has histologically confirmed ulcerative colitis: and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the Simple Clinical Colitis Activity Index (SCCAI) is greater than or equal to 4; or
  - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the Paediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI) score is greater than or equal to 65; and
- 3 Patient has tried but had an inadequate response to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, prior systemic therapy with immunomodulators at maximum tolerated doses for an adequate duration (unless contraindicated) and corticosteroids; and
- 4 Surgery (or further surgery) is considered to be clinically inappropriate.

### Continuation - severe ulcerative colitis

Gastroenterologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is continuing to maintain remission and the benefit of continuing infliximab outweighs the risks; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is 18 years or older and the SCCAI score has reduced by 2 points or more from the SCCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; or
  - 2.2 Patient is under 18 years and the PUCAI score has reduced by 30 points or more from the PUCAI score when the patient was initiated on infliximab; and
- 3 Infliximab to be administered at doses up to 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks. Up to 10 mg/kg every 8 weeks (or equivalent) can be used for up to 3 doses if required for secondary non-response to treatment for re-induction. Another re-induction may be considered sixteen weeks after completing the last re-induction cycle.

#### Initiation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses

Fither:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab or etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from adalimumab or etanercept to meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab or etanercept for severe chronic plaque psoriasis; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Either:
    - 2.1.1 Patient has "whole body" severe chronic plaque psoriasis with a Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of greater than 15, where lesions have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; or
    - 2.1.2 Patient has severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot, where the plaque or plaques have been present for at least 6 months from the time of initial diagnosis; and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried, but had an inadequate response (see Note) to, or has experienced intolerable side effects from, at least three of the following (at maximum tolerated doses unless contraindicated): phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporin, or acitretin; and

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- 2.3 A PASI assessment has been completed for at least the most recent prior treatment course (but preferably all prior treatment courses), preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of each prior treatment course: and
- 2.4 The most recent PASI assessment is no more than 1 month old at the time of initiation.

Note: "Inadequate response" is defined as: for whole body severe chronic plaque psoriasis, a PASI score of greater than 15, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment; for severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, hand or foot, at least 2 of the 3 PASI symptom subscores for erythema, thickness and scaling are rated as severe or very severe, and the skin area affected is 30% or more of the face, palm of a hand or sole of a foot, as assessed preferably while still on treatment but no longer than 1 month following cessation of the most recent prior treatment.

### Continuation - plaque psoriasis

Dermatologist

Re-assessment required after 3 doses Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Both:
    - 1.1.1 Patient had "whole body" severe chronic plague psoriasis at the start of treatment; and
    - 1.1.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a PASI score which is reduced by 75% or more, or is sustained at this level, when compared with the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value; or
    - 1.2 Both:
      - 1.2.1 Patient had severe chronic plaque psoriasis of the face, or palm of a hand or sole of a foot at the start of treatment; and
      - 1.2.2 Either:
        - 1.2.2.1 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction in the PASI symptom subscores for all 3 of erythema, thickness and scaling, to slight or better, or sustained at this level, as compared to the treatment course baseline values; or
        - 1.2.2.2 Following each prior infliximab treatment course the patient has a reduction of 75% or more in the skin area affected, or sustained at this level, as compared to the pre-infliximab treatment baseline value: and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

#### Initiation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

All of the following:

- 1 Biopsy consistent with diagnosis of neurosarcoidosis; and
- 2 Patient has CNS involvement; and
- 3 Patient has steroid-refractory disease; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 IV cyclophosphamide has been tried; or
  - 4.2 Treatment with IV cyclophosphamide is clinically inappropriate.

#### Continuation - neurosarcoidosis

Neurologist

Re-assessment required after 18 months

Either:

- 1 A withdrawal period has been tried and the patient has relapsed; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 A withdrawal period has been considered but would not be clinically appropriate; and
  - 2.2 There has been a marked reduction in prednisone dose; and

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- 2.3 Either:
  - 2.3.1 There has been an improvement in MRI appearances; or
  - 2.3.2 Marked improvement in other symptomology.

#### Initiation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe Behcet's disease which is significantly impacting the patient's quality of life (see Notes); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 The patient has severe ocular, neurological and/or vasculitic symptoms and has not responded adequately to one or more treatment(s) appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); or
  - 2.2 The patient has severe gastrointestinal, rheumatologic and/or mucocutaneous symptoms and has not responded adequately to two or more treatment appropriate for the particular symptom(s) (see Notes); and
- 3 The patient is experiencing significant loss of quality of life.

#### Notes:

- 1 Behcet's disease diagnosed according to the International Study Group for Behcet's Disease. Lancet 1990;335(8697):1078-80. Quality of life measured using an appropriate quality of life scale such as that published in Gilworth et al J Rheumatol. 2004;31:931-7.
- 2 Treatments appropriate for the particular symptoms are those that are considered standard conventional treatments for these symptoms, for example intravenous/oral steroids and other immunosuppressants for ocular symptoms; azathioprine, steroids, thalidomide, interferon alpha and ciclosporin for mucocutaneous symptoms; and colchicine, steroids and methotrexate for rheumatological symptoms.

#### Continuation - severe Behcet's disease

Re-assessment required after 6 months

#### Both:

- 1 Patient has had a good clinical response to initial treatment with measurably improved quality of life; and
- 2 Infliximab to be administered at doses no greater than 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks.

### OBINUTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

# Initiation

#### muation

Haematologist

Limited to 6 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is obinutuzumab treatment naive: and
- 3 The patient is not eligible for full dose FCR due to comorbidities with a score > 6 on the Cumulative Illness Rating Scale (CIRS) or reduced renal function (creatinine clearance < 70mL/min); and</p>
- 4 Patient has adequate neutrophil and platelet counts\* unless the cytopenias are a consequence of marrow infiltration by CLL: and
- 5 Patient has good performance status; and
- 6 Obinutuzumab to be administered at a maximum cumulative dose of 8,000 mg and in combination with chlorambucil for a maximum of 6 cycles.

Notes: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. Comorbidity refers only to illness/impairment other than CLL induced illness/impairment in the patient. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with obinutuzumab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

\* greater than or equal to  $1.5 \times 10^9$ /L and platelets greater than or equal to  $75 \times 10^9$ /L

OMALIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

Inj 150 mg vial .......500.00 1 Xolair

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\$ Per	Manufacturer

#### → Restricted (RS1439)

#### Initiation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is over the age of 6; and
- 2 Patient has a diagnosis of severe, life threatening asthma; and
- 3 Past or current evidence of atopy, documented by skin prick testing or RAST; and
- 4 Total serum human immunoglobulin E (IgE) between 76 IU/mL and 1300 IU/ml at baseline; and
- 5 Proven compliance with optimal inhaled therapy including high dose inhaled corticosteroid (budesonide 1600 micrograms per day or fluticasone propionate 1000 micrograms per day or equivalent), plus long-acting beta-2 agonist therapy (at least salmeterol 50 micrograms bd or eformoterol 12 micrograms bd) for at least 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 6 Patient has received courses of systemic corticosteroids equivalent to at least 28 days treatment in the past 12 months, unless contraindicated or not tolerated; and
- 7 At least four admissions to hospital for a severe asthma exacerbation over the previous 24 months with at least one of those being in the previous 12 months; and
- 8 An Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 3.0 as assessed in the previous month.

#### Continuation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Hospital admissions have been reduced as a result of treatment; and
- 2 A reduction in the Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) score of at least 1.0 from baseline; and
- 3 A reduction in the maintenance oral corticosteroid dose of at least 50% from baseline.

### PERTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

## ⇒ Restricted (RS1551)

### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Patient is chemotherapy treatment naive; or
  - 2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
- 3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Pertuzumab to be administered in combination with trastuzumab; and
- 5 Pertuzumab maximum first dose of 840 mg, followed by maximum of 420 mg every 3 weeks; and
- 6 Pertuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on pertuzumab and trastuzumab.

# RANIBIZUMAB - Restricted see terms on the next page

- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.23 ml vial
- Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.3 ml vial

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\$

### → Restricted (RS1637)

### Initiation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 3 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 Any of the following:
    - 1.1.1 Wet age-related macular degeneration (wet AMD); or
    - 1.1.2 Polypoidal choroidal vasculopathy: or
    - 1.1.3 Choroidal neovascular membrane from causes other than wet AMD: and
  - 12 Fither:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has developed severe endophthalmitis or severe posterior uveitis following treatment with bevacizumab: or
    - 1.2.2 There is worsening of vision or failure of retina to dry despite three intraocular injections of bevacizumab four weeks apart: and
  - 1.3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye; and
  - 1.4 Patient has not previously been treated with aflibercept for longer than 3 months; or
- 2 Patient has current approval to use aflibercept for treatment of wAMD and was found to be intolerant to aflibercept within 3 months.

### Continuation - Wet Age Related Macular Degeneration

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented benefit must be demonstrated to continue; and
- 2 Patient's vision is 6/36 or better on the Snellen visual acuity score; and
- 3 There is no structural damage to the central fovea of the treated eye.

#### RITUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial1	,075.50	2	Mabthera
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 50 ml vial2	2,688.30	1	Mabthera

#### ⇒ Restricted (RS1599)

## Initiation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has mild congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors; or
- 2 Patient has severe congenital haemophilia complicated by inhibitors and has failed immune tolerance therapy; or
- 3 Patient has acquired haemophilia.

### Continuation - haemophilia with inhibitors

Haematologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for haemophilia with inhibitors; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

#### Initiation - post-transplant

Both:

- 1 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder\*; and
- 2 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

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### Continuation - post-transplant

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has B-cell post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder\*; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia\*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has indolent low grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia\* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
  - 1.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 The patient has indolent, low grade lymphoma or hairy cell leukaemia\* requiring first-line systemic chemotherapy; and
  - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. \*Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

### Continuation - indolent, low-grade lymphomas or hairy cell leukaemia\*

Re-assessment required after 9 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has indolent, low-grade NHL or hairy cell leukaemia\* with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
- 3 To be used for no more than 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Indolent, low-grade lymphomas' includes follicular, mantle, marginal zone and lymphoplasmacytic/Waldenstrom macroglobulinaemia. \*Unapproved indication. 'Hairy cell leukaemia' also includes hairy cell leukaemia variant.

## Initiation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has treatment naive aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
  - 1.2 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
  - 1.3 To be used for a maximum of 8 treatment cycles; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 The patient has aggressive CD20 positive NHL with relapsed disease following prior chemotherapy; and
  - 2.2 To be used for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

### Continuation - aggressive CD20 positive NHL

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has had a rituximab treatment-free interval of 12 months or more; and
- 2 The patient has relapsed refractory/aggressive CD20 positive NHL; and
- 3 To be used with a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen given with curative intent; and
- 4 To be used for a maximum of 4 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Aggressive CD20 positive NHL' includes large B-cell lymphoma and Burkitt's lymphoma/leukaemia.

### Initiation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

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- 1 The patient has progressive Binet stage A, B or C chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) requiring treatment; and
- 2 The patient is rituximab treatment naive; and
- 3 Either:
  - 3.1 The patient is chemotherapy treatment naive: or
  - 3.2 Both:
    - 3.2.1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than three prior lines of chemotherapy treatment; and
    - 3.2.2 The patient has had a treatment-free interval of 12 months or more if previously treated with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide chemotherapy; and
- 4 The patient has good performance status; and
- 5 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 6 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles; and
- 7 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments. 'Good performance status' means ECOG score of 0-1, however, in patients temporarily debilitated by their CLL disease symptoms a higher ECOG (2 or 3) is acceptable where treatment with rituximab is expected to improve symptoms and improve ECOG score to < 2.

### Continuation - Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient's disease has relapsed following no more than one prior line of treatment with rituximab for CLL; and
- 2 The patient has had an interval of 36 months or more since the commencement of initial rituximab treatment; and
- 3 The patient does not have chromosome 17p deletion CLL; and
- 4 It is planned that the patient receives full dose fludarabine and cyclophosphamide (orally or dose equivalent intravenous administration) or bendamustine; and
- 5 Rituximab to be administered in combination with fludarabine and cyclophosphamide or bendamustine for a maximum of 6 treatment cycles.

Note: 'Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL)' includes small lymphocytic lymphoma. A line of chemotherapy treatment is considered to comprise a known standard therapeutic chemotherapy regimen and supportive treatments.

### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - prior TNF inhibitor use

Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial community Special Authority approval for at least one of etanercept and/or adalimumab for rheumatoid arthritis: and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from a reasonable trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 Following at least a four month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept, the patient did not meet the renewal criteria for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 2.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

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\$	Per	Manufacturer

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#### Initiation - rheumatoid arthritis - TNF inhibitors contraindicated

### Rheumatologist

Limited to 4 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 Treatment with a Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
- 2 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate at a dose of at least 20 mg weekly or a maximum tolerated dose; and
- 4 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with sulfasalazine and hydroxychloroquine sulphate (at maximum tolerated doses); and
- 5 Any of the following:
  - 5.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin; or
  - 5.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate in combination with intramuscular gold; or
  - 5.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with oral or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 6 Either:
  - 6.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender joints; or
  - 6.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 7 Either:
  - 7.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 7.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months; and
- 8 Either:
  - 8.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 8.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used: and
- 9 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

#### Continuation - rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'partial responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had between a 30% and 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 At 4 months following the second course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.3 At 4 months following the third and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and

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4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

#### Continuation – rheumatoid arthritis - re-treatment in 'responders' to rituximab

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 At 4 months following the initial course of rituximab infusions the patient had at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
  - 1.2 At 4 months following the second and subsequent courses of rituximab infusions, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; and
- 2 Rituximab re-treatment not to be given within 6 months of the previous course of treatment; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Rituximab to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate or leflunomide therapy; or
  - 3.2 Patient is contraindicated to both methotrexate and leflunomide, requiring rituximab monotherapy to be used; and
- 4 Maximum of two 1,000 mg infusions of rituximab given two weeks apart.

### Initiation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has cold haemagglutinin disease\*; and
- 2 Patient has severe disease which is characterized by symptomatic anaemia, transfusion dependence or disabling circulatory symptoms.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation - severe cold haemagglutinin disease (CHAD)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for severe cold haemagglutinin disease\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Patient has warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia\*; and
- 2 One of the following treatments has been ineffective: steroids (including if patient requires ongoing steroids at doses equivalent to > 5 mg prednisone daily), cytotoxic agents (e.g. cyclophosphamide monotherapy or in combination), intravenous immunoglobulin.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

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### Continuation - warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia (warm AIHA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for warm autoimmune haemolytic anaemia\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Initiation - immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Both:

- 1 Either:
  - 1.1 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of less than or equal to 20,000 platelets per microlitre: or
  - 1.2 Patient has immune thrombocytopenic purpura\* with a platelet count of 20,000 to 30,000 platelets per microlitre and significant mucocutaneous bleeding; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Treatment with steroids and splenectomy have been ineffective; or
  - 2.2 Treatment with steroids has been ineffective and splenectomy is an absolute contraindication; or
  - 2.3 Other treatments including steroids have been ineffective and patient is being prepared for elective surgery (e.g. splenectomy).

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

Continuation – immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Previous treatment with lower doses of rituximab (100 mg weekly for 4 weeks) have proven ineffective and treatment with higher doses (375 mg/m² weekly for 4 weeks) is now planned; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for immune thrombocytopenic purpura\*; and
  - 2.2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
  - 2.3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation – thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

Either:

- 1 Patient has thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\* and has experienced progression of clinical symptoms or persistent thrombocytopenia despite plasma exchange; or
- 2 Patient has acute idiopathic thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\* with neurological or cardiovascular pathology.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

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### Continuation - thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient was previously treated with rituximab for thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura\*; and
- 2 An initial response lasting at least 12 months was demonstrated; and
- 3 Patient now requires repeat treatment.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Initiation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient has autoimmune pure red cell aplasia\* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation – pure red cell aplasia (PRCA)

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 6 weeks

Patient was previously treated with rituximab for pure red cell aplasia\* associated with a demonstrable B-cell lymphoproliferative disorder and demonstrated an initial response lasting at least 12 months.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

#### Initiation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis\*; and
- 2 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Induction therapy with daily oral or pulse intravenous cyclophosphamide has failed to achieve significant improvement of disease after at least 3 months; or
  - 3.2 Patient has previously had a cumulative dose of cyclophosphamide > 15 g or a further repeat 3 month induction course of cyclophosphamide would result in a cumulative dose > 15 g; or
  - 3.3 Cyclophosphamide and methotrexate are contraindicated; or
  - 3.4 Patient is a female of child-bearing potential; or
  - 3.5 Patient has a previous history of haemorrhagic cystitis, urological malignancy or haematological malignancy.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Continuation - ANCA associated vasculitis

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with ANCA associated vasculitis\*; and
- 2 Patient has previously responded to treatment with rituximab but is now experiencing an acute flare of vasculitis; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m<sup>2</sup> of body-surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

### Initiation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has severe, immediately life- or organ-threatening SLE\*; and
- 2 The disease has proved refractory to treatment with steroids at a dose of at least 1 mg/kg; and
- 3 The disease has relapsed following prior treatment for at least 6 months with maximal tolerated doses of azathioprine.

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mycophenolate mofetil and high dose cyclophosphamide, or cyclophosphamide is contraindicated; and

4 Maximum of four 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

Continuation – treatment refractory systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Rheumatologist or nephrologist

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's SLE\* achieved at least a partial response to the previous round of prior rituximab treatment; and
- 2 The disease has subsequently relapsed; and
- 3 Maximum of two 1000 mg infusions of rituximab.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Initiation - Antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection

Nephrologist

Patient has been diagnosed with antibody-mediated renal transplant rejection\*.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

## Initiation - ABO-incompatible renal transplant

Nephrologist

Patient is to undergo an ABO-incompatible renal transplant\*.

Note: Indications marked with \* are unapproved indications.

# Initiation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SDNS\* or FRNS\*; and
- 2 Treatment with steroids for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective or associated with evidence of steroid toxicity; and
- 3 Treatment with ciclosporin for at least a period of 3 months has been ineffective and/or discontinued due to unacceptable side effects; and
- 4 Treatment with mycophenolate for at least a period of 3 months with no reduction in disease relapses; and
- 5 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a \* are unapproved indications.

## Continuation – Steroid dependent nephrotic syndrome (SDNS) or frequently relapsing nephrotic syndrome (FRNS) Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome\*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for > 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks

Note: Indications marked with a \* are unapproved indications.

## Initiation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient is a child with SRNS\* where treatment with steroids and ciclosporin for at least 3 months have been ineffective; and
- 2 Treatment with tacrolimus for at least 3 months has been ineffective; and

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- 3 Genetic causes of nephrotic syndrome have been excluded; and
- 4 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a \* are unapproved indications.

# Continuation - Steroid resistant nephrotic syndrome (SRNS)

Nephrologist

Re-assessment required after 4 weeks

All of the following:

- 1 Patient who was previously treated with rituximab for nephrotic syndrome\*; and
- 2 Treatment with rituximab was previously successful and has demonstrated sustained response for greater than 6 months, but the condition has relapsed and the patient now requires repeat treatment; and
- 3 The total rituximab dose used would not exceed the equivalent of 375 mg/m² of body surface area per week for a total of 4 weeks.

Note: Indications marked with a \* are unapproved indications.

#### SILTUXIMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 100 mg vial770.57	1	Sylvant
t	Inj 400 mg vial	1	Sylvant

#### ⇒ Restricted (RS1525)

### Initiation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's Disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Siltuximab is to be administered at doses no greater than 11 mg/kg every 3 weeks.

#### Continuation

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

#### TOCILIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

1	Inj 20 mg per ml, 4 ml vial220.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 10 ml vial550.00	1	Actemra
t	Inj 20 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	1	Actemra

#### ⇒ Restricted (RS1560)

### Initiation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 All of the following:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for rheumatoid arthritis; and
  - 1.2 Either:
    - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
    - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; and
  - 1.3 Fither:

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- 1.3.1 The patient is seronegative for both anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibodies and rheumatoid factor; or
- 1.3.2 Both:
  - 1.3.2.1 The patient has been started on rituximab for rheumatoid arthritis in a DHB hospital in accordance with the Section H rules; and
  - 1.3.2.2 Either:
    - 1.3.2.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from rituximab; or
    - 1.3.2.2.2 At four months following the initial course of rituximab the patient has received insufficient benefit such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for rheumatoid arthritis; or

### 2 All of the following:

- 2.1 Patient has had severe and active erosive rheumatoid arthritis (either confirmed by radiology imaging, or the patient is cyclic citrullinated peptide (CCP) antibody positive) for six months duration or longer; and
- 2.2 Tocilizumab is to be used as monotherapy; and
- 2.3 Either:
  - 2.3.1 Treatment with methotrexate is contraindicated; or
  - 2.3.2 Patient has tried and did not tolerate oral and/or parenteral methotrexate; and
- 2.4 Either:
  - 2.4.1 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of cyclosporin alone or in combination with another agent; or
  - 2.4.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months therapy at the maximum tolerated dose of leflunomide alone or in combination with another agent; and
- 2.5 Either:
  - 2.5.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least 20 active, swollen, tender ioints: or
  - 2.5.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly controlled and active disease in at least four active joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, and either shoulder or hip; and
- 2.6 Either:
  - 2.6.1 Patient has a C-reactive protein level greater than 15 mg/L measured no more than one month prior to the date of this application; or
  - 2.6.2 C-reactive protein levels not measured as patient is currently receiving prednisone therapy at a dose of greater than 5 mg per day and has done so for more than three months.

### Continuation - Rheumatoid Arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Following 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count from baseline and a clinically significant response to treatment in the opinion of the physician.

## Initiation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Patient diagnosed with systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; and
- 2 Patient has tried and not responded to a reasonable trial of all of the following, either alone or in combination: oral or parenteral methotrexate; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); and systemic corticosteroids.

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1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

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### Continuation - systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Fither:

- 1 Following up to 6 months' initial treatment, the patient has achieved at least an American College of Rheumatology paediatric 30% improvement criteria (ACR Pedi 30) response from baseline; or
- 2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing ACR Pedi 30 response from baseline.

### Initiation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Either:

- 1 Roth:
  - 1.1 Either:
    - 1.1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for adalimumab and/or etanercept for adult-onset Still's disease (AOSD); or
    - 1.1.2 The patient has been started on tocilizumab for AOSD in a DHB hospital in accordance with the General Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule: and
    - 1.2 Either:
      - 1.2.1 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects from adalimumab and/or etanercept; or
      - 1.2.2 The patient has received insufficient benefit from at least a three-month trial of adalimumab and/or etanercept such that they do not meet the renewal criteria for AOSD: or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Patient diagnosed with AOSD according to the Yamaguchi criteria (J Rheumatol 1992;19:424-430); and
  - 2.2 Patient has tried and not responded to at least 6 months of glucocorticosteroids at a dose of at least 0.5 mg/kg, non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and methotrexate; and
  - 2.3 Patient has persistent symptoms of disabling poorly controlled and active disease.

## Continuation - adult-onset Still's disease

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

The patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

### Initiation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

Either:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 The patient has had an initial Special Authority approval for both etanercept and adalimumab for juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA); and
  - 1.2 The patient has experienced intolerable side effects, or has received insufficient benefit from, both etanercept and adalimumab; or
- 2 All of the following:
  - 2.1 Treatment with a tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitor is contraindicated; and
  - 2.2 Patient has had severe active polyarticular course JIA for 6 months duration or longer; and
  - 2.3 Patient has tried and not responded to at least three months of oral or parenteral methotrexate (at a dose of 10-20 mg/m² weekly or at the maximum tolerated dose) in combination with either oral corticosteroids (prednisone 0.25 mg/kg or at the maximum tolerated dose) or a full trial of serial intra-articular corticosteroid injections; and
  - 2.4 To be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and

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2.5 Both:

2.5.1 Either:

- 2.5.1.1 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least 20 swollen, tender ioints: or
- 2.5.1.2 Patient has persistent symptoms of poorly-controlled and active disease in at least four joints from the following: wrist, elbow, knee, ankle, shoulder, cervical spine, hip; and
- 2.5.2 Physician's global assessment indicating severe disease.

# Continuation - polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis

### Rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment is to be used as an adjunct to methotrexate therapy or monotherapy where use of methotrexate is limited by toxicity or intolerance; and
- 2 Either:
  - 2.1 Following 3 to 4 months' initial treatment, the patient has at least a 50% decrease in active joint count and an improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline; or
  - 2.2 On subsequent reapplications, the patient demonstrates at least a continuing 30% improvement in active joint count and continued improvement in physician's global assessment from baseline.

### Initiation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 6 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has severe HHV-8 negative idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease; and
- 2 Treatment with an adequate trial of corticosteroids has proven ineffective; and
- 3 Tocilizumab to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV every 3-4 weeks.

### Continuation - idiopathic multicentric Castleman's disease

Haematologist or rheumatologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient has a sustained improvement in inflammatory markers and functional status.

### Initiation - cytokine release syndrome

Paediatric haematologist or paediatric oncologist

Therapy limited to 3 doses

All of the following:

- 1 The patient is enrolled in the Children's Oncology Group AALL1331 trial; and
- 2 The patient has developed grade 3 or 4 cytokine release syndrome associated with the administration of blinatumomab for the treatment of acute lymphoblastic leukaemia; and
- 3 Tocilizumab is to be administered at doses no greater than 8 mg/kg IV for a maximum of 3 doses.

#### TRASTUZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 150 mg vial1,350.00	1	Herceptin
1	Inj 440 mg vial	1	Herceptin

⇒ Restricted (RS1554)

### Initiation - Early breast cancer

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has early breast cancer expressing HER 2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Maximum cumulative dose of 106 mg/kg (12 months' treatment); and

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- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 9 weeks' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.2 12 months' concurrent treatment with adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.3 12 months' sequential treatment following adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.4 12 months' treatment with neoadjuvant and adjuvant chemotherapy is planned; or
  - 3.5 Other treatment regimen, in association with adjuvant chemotherapy, is planned.

## Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (trastuzumab-naive patients)

Limited to 12 months treatment

### All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib: and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
  - 3.2 All of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
    - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer: and
    - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

### Initiation - metastatic breast cancer (patients previously treated with trastuzumab)

Limited to 12 months treatment

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 Fither:
  - 2.1 The patient has not previously received lapatinib treatment for HER-2 positive metastatic breast cancer; or
  - 2.2 Both:
    - 2.2.1 The patient started lapatinib treatment for metastatic breast cancer but discontinued lapatinib within 3 months of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 2.2.2 The cancer did not progress whilst on lapatinib; and
- 3 Fither:
  - 3.1 Trastuzumab will not be given in combination with pertuzumab; or
  - 3.2 All of the following:
    - 3.2.1 Trastuzumab to be administered in combination with pertuzumab; and
    - 3.2.2 Patient has not received prior treatment for their metastatic disease and has had a treatment-free interval of at least 12 months between prior (neo)adjuvant chemotherapy treatment and diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer; and
    - 3.2.3 The patient has good performance status (ECOG grade 0-1); and
- 4 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and

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5 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

#### Continuation - metastatic breast cancer

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has metastatic breast cancer expressing HER-2 IHC 3+ or ISH+ (including FISH or other current technology); and
- 2 The cancer has not progressed at any time point during the previous 12 months whilst on trastuzumab; and
- 3 Trastuzumab not to be given in combination with lapatinib; and
- 4 Trastuzumab to be discontinued at disease progression.

# Programmed Cell Death-1 (PD-1) Inhibitors

#### NIVOLUMAB - Restricted see terms below

t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 4 ml vial1,05	51.98	1	Opdivo
t	Inj 10 mg per ml, 10 ml vial2,62	29.96	1	Opdivo

→ Restricted (RS1583)

#### Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 Patient has not received funded pembrolizumab; or
  - 4.2 Both:
    - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for pembrolizumab and has discontinued pembrolizumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on pembrolizumab; and
- 5 Nivolumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of nivolumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (6 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

#### Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and
- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Nivolumab will be used at a maximum dose of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (6 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version

### ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS

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1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
  must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.</li>
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

PEMBROLIZUMAB - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1584)

#### Initiation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has metastatic or unresectable melanoma stage III or IV; and
- 2 Patient has measurable disease as defined by the presence of at least one CT or MRI measurable lesion; and
- 3 The patient has ECOG performance score of 0-2; and
- 4 Either:
  - 4.1 Patient has not received funded nivolumab; or
  - 4.2 Both:
    - 4.2.1 Patient has received an initial Special Authority approval for nivolumab and has discontinued nivolumab within 12 weeks of starting treatment due to intolerance; and
    - 4.2.2 The cancer did not progress while the patient was on nivolumab; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab is to be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles); and
- 6 Baseline measurement of overall tumour burden is documented (see Note); and
- 7 Documentation confirming that the patient has been informed and acknowledges that the initial funded treatment period of pembrolizumab will not be continued beyond 12 weeks (4 cycles) if their disease progresses during this time.

#### Continuation

Medical oncologist

Re-assessment required after 4 months

All of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Patient's disease has had a complete response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
  - 1.2 Patient's disease has had a partial response to treatment according to RECIST criteria (see Note); or
  - 1.3 Patient has stable disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 2 Response to treatment in target lesions has been determined by radiologic assessment (CT or MRI scan) following the most recent treatment period; and

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## **ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS**

	Price			Brand or
(€	ex man. excl. (	GST)		Generic
	\$		Per	Manufacturer

continued...

- 3 No evidence of progressive disease according to RECIST criteria (see Note); and
- 4 The treatment remains clinically appropriate and the patient is benefitting from the treatment; and
- 5 Pembrolizumab will be used at a maximum dose of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of 12 weeks (4 cycles).

Notes: Disease responses to be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST) version 1.1 (Eisenhauer EA, et al. Eur J Cancer 2009;45:228-47). Assessments of overall tumour burden and measurable disease to be undertaken on a minimum of one lesion and maximum of 5 target lesions (maximum two lesions per organ). Target lesions should be selected on the basis of their size (lesions with the longest diameter), be representative of all involved organs, and suitable for reproducible repeated measurements. Target lesion measurements should be assessed using CT or MRI imaging with the same method of assessment and the same technique used to characterise each identified and reported lesion at baseline and every 12 weeks.

Response definitions as follows:

- Complete Response: Disappearance of all target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target)
  must have reduction in short axis to < 10 mm.</li>
- Partial Response: At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.
- Progressive Disease: At least a 20% increase in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the smallest sum on study (this includes the baseline sum if that is the smallest on study). In addition to the relative increase of 20%, the sum must also demonstrate an absolute increase of at least 5 mm. (Note: the appearance of one or more new lesions is also considered progression).
- Stable Disease: Neither sufficient shrinkage to qualify for partial response nor sufficient increase to qualify for progressive disease.

## Other Immunosuppressants

ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (EQUINE)	_	
Inj 50 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule2,351.25	5	ATGAM
ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULIN (RABBIT)		
Inj 25 mg vial		
AZATHIOPRINE		
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Jul-17 to 2019	100	Imuran
Tab 50 mg - 1% DV Jul-17 to 201910.58	100	Imuran
Inj 50 mg vial - 1% DV Jan-17 to 201960.00	1	Imuran
BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN (BCG) - Restricted see terms below		
■ Inj 2-8 × 10 <sup>8</sup> CFU vial	1	OncoTICE
⇒ Restricted (RS1206)		
Initiation		
For use in bladder cancer.		
EVEROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below		
■ Tab 5 mg4,555.76	30	Afinitor
■ Tab 10 mg	30	Afinitor
→ Restricted (RS1440)		
Initiation		

Re-assessment required after 3 months
Both:

1 Patient has tuberous sclerosis; and

Neurologist or oncologist

2 Patient has progressively enlarging sub-ependymal giant cell astrocytomas (SEGAs) that require treatment.

continued...

## ONCOLOGY AGENTS AND IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl.	. GST)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

#### Continuation

Neurologist or oncologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Documented evidence of SEGA reduction or stabilisation by MRI within the last 3 months; and
- 2 The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment; and
- 3 Everolimus to be discontinued at progression of SEGAs.

Note: MRI should be performed at minimum once every 12 months, more frequent scanning should be performed with new onset of symptoms such as headaches, visual complaints, nausea or vomiting, or increase in seizure activity.

#### MYCOPHENOLATE MOFETIL

Tab 500 mg	50	CellCept
Cap 250 mg	100	CellCept
Powder for oral liq 1 g per 5 ml		CellCept
Inj 500 mg vial		CellCept

### **PICIBANIL**

Inj 100 mg vial

## SIROLIMUS - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 1 mg749.99	100	Rapamune
1	Tab 2 mg	100	Rapamune
1	Oral liq 1 mg per ml449.99	60 ml	Rapamune

→ Restricted (RS1208)

#### Initiation

For rescue therapy for an organ transplant recipient.

Notes: Rescue therapy defined as unresponsive to calcineurin inhibitor treatment as defined by refractory rejection; or intolerant to calcineurin inhibitor treatment due to any of the following:

- GFR < 30 ml/min: or
- Rapidly progressive transplant vasculopathy; or
- Rapidly progressive obstructive bronchiolitis: or
- HUS or TTP: or
- · Leukoencepthalopathy: or
- Significant malignant disease

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Antiallergy Preparations**

## Allergic Emergencies

ICATIBANT - Restricted see terms below

Inj 10 mg per ml, 3 ml prefilled syringe......2,668.00

⇒ Restricted (RS1501)

#### Initiation

Clinical immunologist or relevant specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

#### Both:

- 1 Supply for anticipated emergency treatment of laryngeal/oro-pharyngeal or severe abdominal attacks of acute hereditary angioedema (HAE) for patients with confirmed diagnosis of C1-esterase inhibitor deficiency; and
- 2 The patient has undergone product training and has agreed upon an action plan for self-administration.

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 12 months

The treatment remains appropriate and the patient is benefiting from treatment.

## Allergy Desensitisation

### BEE VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Maintenance kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1117)

#### Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

### PAPER WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Treatment kit 6 vials 120 mcg freeze dried venom, with diluent
- Inj 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1118)

#### Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

#### YELLOW JACKET WASP VENOM - Restricted see terms below

- Ini 550 mcg vial with diluent
- → Restricted (RS1119)

# Initiation

Both:

- 1 RAST or skin test positive; and
- 2 Patient has had severe generalised reaction to the sensitising agent.

# **Allergy Prophylactics**

### BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE

Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	200 dose	Alanase
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	Alanase

	Price	_	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	ST) Per	Generic Manufacturer
BUDESONIDE	<u> </u>		a.raractaror
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2020	5.26 2.59	200 dose	Butacort Aqueous SteroClear
Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose -1% DV Oct-18 to 2020		200 dose	Butacort Aqueous SteroClear
(Butacort Aqueous Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose to be delisted 1 O (Butacort Aqueous Nasal spray 100 mcg per dose to be delisted 1 0	ctober 2018)		oteroolear
FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE			
Nasal spray 50 mcg per dose	2.18	120 dose	Flixonase Hayfever & Allergy
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			
Aqueous nasal spray 0.03% - 1% DV Oct-17 to 2020	4.61	15 ml	Univent
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Nasal spray 4%			
Antihistamines			
CETIRIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Mar-17 to 2019	1.01	100	Zista
Oral liq 1 mg per ml	2.99	200 ml	Histaclear
CHLORPHENIRAMINE MALEATE			
Oral liq 0.4 mg per ml			
Inj 10 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule			
CYPROHEPTADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 4 mg			
FEXOFENADINE HYDROCHLORIDE			
Tab 60 mg			
Tab 120 mg			
Tab 180 mg			
ORATADINE	4.00	400	1 #
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019		100 120 ml	Lorafix Lorfast
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Feb-17 to 2019	2.15	120 1111	Loriasi
PROMETHAZINE HYDROCHLORIDE	1.00	<b>50</b>	Allawaaatha
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		50 50	Allersoothe
Tab 25 mg - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021		50 100 ml	Allersoothe Allersoothe
Oral liq 1 mg per ml - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Inj 25 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		5	
	10.04	J	Hospira
TRIMEPRAZINE TARTRATE			
Oral liq 6 mg per ml			
(Any Oral liq 6 mg per ml to be delisted 1 October 2018)			
Anticholinergic Agents			
- Indiana in the second in the			
PRATROPIUM BROMIDE			

ı	PRA	TRO	PI	MI	RR	$\cap M$	IIDE

Aerosol inhaler 20 mcg per dose

Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml,	1 ml ampoule -	– 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	3.35	20	Univent
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml,	2 ml ampoule -	- 1% DV Dec-16 to 2019	3.52	20	Univent

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

# **Anticholinergic Agents with Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists**

### SALBUTAMOL WITH IPRATROPIUM BROMIDE

Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with ipratropium bromide 20 mcg per dose

Nebuliser soln 2.5 mg with ipratropium bromide 0.5 mg per 2.5 ml

## **Long-Acting Muscarinic Agents**

#### **GLYCOPYRRONIUM**

Note: inhaled glycopyrronium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised tiotropium or umeclidinium.

#### TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE - Restricted see terms below

Note: tiotropium treatment must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or umeclidinium.

→ Restricted (RS1516)

#### Initiation

All of the following:

- 1 To be used for the long-term maintenance treatment of bronchospasm and dyspnoea associated with COPD; and
- 2 In addition to standard treatment, the patient has trialled a short acting bronchodilator dose of at least 40 μg ipratropium q.i.d for one month; and
- 3 Either:

the patient's breathlessness according to the Medical Research Council (UK) dyspnoea scale is:

- 3.1 Grade 3 (stops for breath after walking about 100 meters or after a few minutes on the level); or
- 3.2 Grade 4 (too breathless to leave the house, or breathless when dressing or undressing); and
- 4 Actual FEV, as a % of predicted, must be below 60%; and
- 5 Either:
  - 5.1 Patient is not a smoker (for reporting purposes only); or
  - 5.2 Patient is a smoker and has been offered smoking cessation counselling; and
- 6 The patient has been offered annual influenza immunization.

#### **UMFCLIDINIUM**

Note: Umeclidinium must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with subsidised inhaled glycopyrronium or tiotropium bromide.

# Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists with Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists

#### → Restricted (RS1518)

#### Initiation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient has been stabilised on a long acting muscarinic antagonist; and
- 2 The prescriber considers that the patient would receive additional benefit from switching to a combination product.

continued...

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

continued...

#### Continuation

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Both:

- 1 Patient is compliant with the medication; and
- 2 Patient has experienced improved COPD symptom control (prescriber determined).

Note: Combination long acting muscarinic antagonist and long acting beta-2 agonist must not be used if the patient is also receiving treatment with a combination inhaled corticosteroid and long acting beta-2 agonist.

GLYCOPYRRONIUM WITH INDACATEROL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

TIOTROPIUM BROMIDE WITH OLODATEROL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

UMECLIDINIUM WITH VILANTEROL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

### **Antifibrotics**

PIRFENIDONE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1555)

#### Initiation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient has been diagnosed with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis as confirmed by histology, CT or biopsy; and
- 2 Forced vital capacity is between 50% and 80% predicted; and
- 3 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes).

#### Continuation

Respiratory specialist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Treatment remains clinically appropriate and patient is benefitting from and tolerating treatment; and
- 2 Pirfenidone is to be discontinued at disease progression (See Notes).

Note: disease progression is defined as a decline in percent predicted FVC of 10% or more within any 12 month period.

# **Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists**

#### SALBUTAMOL

Oral lig 400 mcg per ml	150 ml	Ventolin
Inj 500 mcg per ml, 1 ml ampoule		
Inj 1 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule		
Aerosol inhaler, 100 mcg per dose	200 dose	SalAir
6.00		Ventolin
Nebuliser soln 1 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-18 to 20213.93	20	Asthalin
Nebuliser soln 2 mg per ml. 2.5 ml ampoule - 1% DV Oct-18 to 2021 4.03	20	Asthalin

#### TERBUTALINE SULPHATE

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose

Inj 0.5 mg per ml, 1 ml ampoule

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Cough Suppressants**

### **PHOLCODINE**

Oral lig 1 mg per ml

# **Decongestants**

#### OXYMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.25 mg per ml Aqueous nasal spray 0.5 mg per ml

PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Tab 60 mg

#### SODIUM CHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray isotonic

SODIUM CHLORIDE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE

Soln for nasal irrigation

### XYLOMETAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Aqueous nasal spray 0.05%

Aqueous nasal spray 0.1%

Nasal drops 0.05%

Nasal drops 0.1%

# **Inhaled Corticosteroids**

BECLOMETHASONE DIPROPIONATE		
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose8.54	200 dose	Beclazone 50
9.30		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg per dose12.50	200 dose	Beclazone 100
15.50		Qvar
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose22.67	200 dose	Beclazone 250
BUDESONIDE		
Nebuliser soln 250 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
Nebuliser soln 500 mcg per ml, 2 ml ampoule		
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose		
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg per dose		
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg per dose		
FLUTICASONE		
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg per dose7.50	120 dose	Flixotide
	120 0056	Floair
4.68	00 daaa	
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg per dose	60 dose	Flixotide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg per dose13.60	120 dose	Flixotide
7.22		Floair
Aerosol inhaler 250 mcg per dose27.20	120 dose	Flixotide
10.18		Floair

60 dose

Flixotide Accuhaler

Powder for inhalation 250 mcg per dose......24.51

	Price	_	Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
Leukotriene Receptor Antagonists			
MONTELUKAST			
Tab 4 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	5.25	28	Apo-Montelukast
Tab 5 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019		28	Apo-Montelukast
Tab 10 mg - 1% DV Jan-17 to 2019	5.65	28	Apo-Montelukast
			•
Long-Acting Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists			
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE			
EFORMOTEROL FUMARATE			
Powder for inhalation 6 mcg per dose			
Powder for inhalation 12 mcg per dose			
INDACATEROL			
Powder for inhalation 150 mcg per dose		30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
Powder for inhalation 300 mcg per dose	61.00	30 dose	Onbrez Breezhaler
SALMETEROL			
Aerosol inhaler 25 mcg per dose		120 dose	Meterol
	25.00		Serevent
Powder for inhalation 50 mcg per dose	25.00	60 dose	Serevent Accuhaler
Inholad Carticostoroida with Lang Acting Bata Adva	nacenter Age	nioto	
Inhaled Corticosteroids with Long-Acting Beta-Adre	noceptor Ago	msis	
BUDESONIDE WITH EFORMOTEROL			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Powder for inhalation 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Powder for inhalation 400 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 12 mcg			
Aerosol inhaler 100 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
Aerosol inhaler 200 mcg with eformoterol fumarate 6 mcg			
FLUTICASONE FUROATE WITH VILANTEROL			
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with vilanterol 25 mcg	44.08	30 dose	Breo Ellipta
	44.00	50 dose	Dieo Lilipia
FLUTICASONE WITH SALMETEROL	44.50	400 -1	Davids
Aerosol inhaler 50 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg		120 dose	RexAir
Develop for inhelation 100 many with colmotoral 50 man	33.74	CO -l	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 100 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg		60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Aerosol inhaler 125 mcg with salmeterol 25 mcg		120 dose	RexAir
Powder for inhelation 250 mag with colmeteral 50 mag	44.08	60 dooo	Seretide
Powder for inhalation 250 mcg with salmeterol 50 mcg	44.08	60 dose	Seretide Accuhaler
Mast Cell Stabilisers			
Mast och otabilisers			
NEDOCROMIL			
Aerosol inhaler 2 mg per dose			
SODIUM CROMOGLICATE			
Aerosol inhaler 5 mg per dose			
Methylxanthines			
AMINOPHYLLINE			
Inj 25 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Nov-17 to 2020	124.37	5	DBL Aminophylline
CAFFEINE CITRATE			
Oral liq 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml)	14.85	25 ml	Biomed
Inj 20 mg per ml (caffeine 10 mg per ml), 2.5 ml ampoule		5	Biomed

Price (ex man. excl. GST) Brand or Generic Manufacturer

Per

THEOPHYLLINE

Tab long-acting 250 mg

Oral liq 80 mg per 15 ml

# **Mucolytics and Expectorants**

DORNASE ALFA - Restricted see terms below

⇒ Restricted (RS1352)

Initiation - cystic fibrosis

The patient has cystic fibrosis and has been approved by the Cystic Fibrosis Panel.

Initiation - significant mucus production

Limited to 4 weeks treatment

Both:

1 Patient is an in-patient; and

2 The mucus production cannot be cleared by first line chest techniques.

### Initiation - pleural emphyema

Limited to 3 days treatment

Both:

1 Patient is an in-patient; and

2 Patient diagnoses with pleural emphyema.

SODIUM CHLORIDE

# Pulmonary Surfactants

**BERACTANT** 

(Survanta Soln 200 mg per 8 ml vial to be delisted 1 January 2019)

PORACTANT ALFA

 Soln 120 mg per 1.5 ml vial
 425.00
 1
 Curosurf

 Soln 240 mg per 3 ml vial
 695.00
 1
 Curosurf

# **Respiratory Stimulants**

DOXAPRAM

Inj 20 mg per ml, 5 ml vial

# **Sclerosing Agents**

TALC

Powder

Soln (slurry) 100 mg per ml, 50 ml

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Anti-Infective Preparations				
Antibacterials				
CHLORAMPHENICOL Eye oint 1% – 1% DV Jul-16 to 2019		2.48	4 g	Chlorsig
Ear drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose		0.98	10 ml	Chlorafast
CIPROFLOXACIN Eye drops 0.3% - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2020		9.99	5 ml	Ciprofloxacin Teva
FRAMYCETIN SULPHATE Ear/eye drops 0.5%				
GENTAMICIN SULPHATE Eye drops 0.3%		11.40	5 ml	Genoptic
PROPAMIDINE ISETHIONATE Eye drops 0.1%				
SODIUM FUSIDATE [FUSIDIC ACID] Eye drops 1%		5.29	5 g	Fucithalmic
SULPHACETAMIDE SODIUM Eye drops 10%				
TOBRAMYCIN Eye oint 0.3% Eye drops 0.3%			3.5 g 5 ml	Tobrex Tobrex
Antifungals				
NATAMYCIN Eye drops 5%				
Antivirals				
ACICLOVIR Eye oint 3% - 1% DV Oct-16 to 2019		14.92	4.5 g	ViruPOS
<b>Combination Preparations</b>				
CIPROFLOXACIN WITH HYDROCORTISONE Ear drops ciprofloxacin 0.2% with 1% hydrocortisone		16.30	10 ml	Ciproxin HC Otic
DEXAMETHASONE WITH FRAMYCETIN AND GRAMICIDIN  Ear/eye drops 500 mcg with framycetin sulphate 5 mg and gramicic  50 mcg per ml	din			
DEXAMETHASONE WITH NEOMYCIN SULPHATE AND POLYMYXIN Eye oint 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b sulp		HATE		
6,000 u per g Eye drops 0.1% with neomycin sulphate 0.35% and polymyxin b			3.5 g	Maxitrol
sulphate 6,000 u per ml  DEXAMETHASONE WITH TOBRAMYCIN			5 ml	Maxitrol
Eye drops 0.1% with tobramycin 0.3%		12.64	5 ml	Tobradex



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

#### FLUMETASONE PIVALATE WITH CLIQQUINOL

Ear drops 0.02% with clioquinol 1%

#### TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE WITH GRAMICIDIN, NEOMYCIN AND NYSTATIN

Ear drops 1 mg with nystatin 100,000 u, neomycin sulphate 2.5 mg and

# **Anti-Inflammatory Preparations**

### Corticosteroids

#### DEXAMETHASONE

Eye oint 0.1%	3.5 g	Maxidex
Eye drops 0.1%	5 ml	Maxidex
	1	Ozurdex

### → Restricted (RS1606)

### Initiation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema with pseudophakic lens; and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Fither
  - 3.1 Patient's disease has progressed despite 3 injections with bevacizumab; or
  - 3.2 Patient is unsuitable or contraindicated to treatment with anti-VEGF agents; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

#### Continuation - Diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

Both:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

#### Initiation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patients have diabetic macular oedema: and
- 2 Patient has reduced visual acuity of between 6/9 6/48 with functional awareness of reduction in vision; and
- 3 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 4 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

### Continuation - Women of child bearing age with diabetic macular oedema

Ophthalmologist

Re-assessment required after 12 months

All of the following:

- 1 Patient's vision is stable or has improved (prescriber determined); and
- 2 Patient is of child bearing potential and has not yet completed a family; and
- 3 Dexamethasone implants are to be administered not more frequently than once every 4 months into each eye, and up to a maximum of 3 implants per eye per year.

		<b></b> -	
	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
FLUOROMETHOLONE Eye drops 0.1%	3.09	5 ml	FML
PREDNISOLONE ACETATE Eye drops 0.12%			
Eye drops 1%	7.00 3.93	5 ml 10 ml	Pred Forte Prednisolone- AFT
PREDNISOLONE SODIUM PHOSPHATE  Eye drops 0.5%, single dose (preservative free)	38.50	20 dose	Minims Prednisolone
Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs			
DICLOFENAC SODIUM Eye drops 0.1%  KETOROLAC TROMETAMOL Eye drops 0.5%	13.80	5 ml	Voltaren Ophtha
Decongestants and Antiallergics			
Antiallergic Preparations			
LEVOCABASTINE Eye drops 0.05% LODOXAMIDE			
Eye drops 0.1%	8.71	10 ml	Lomide
OLOPATADINE Eye drops 0.1%  SODIUM CROMOGLICATE Eye drops 2%	10.00	5 ml	Patanol
Decongestants			
NAPHAZOLINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.1%	4.15	15 ml	Naphcon Forte
Diagnostic and Surgical Preparations			
Diagnostic Dyes			
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM Eye drops 2%, single dose Inj 10%, 5 ml vial Ophthalmic strips 1 mg	125.00	12	Fluorescite
FLUORESCEIN SODIUM WITH LIGNOCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.25% with lignocaine hydrochloride 4%, single dose LISSAMINE GREEN Ophthalmic strips 1.5 mg ROSE BENGAL SODIUM			
Ophthalmic strips 1%			

	Price		Prond or
(ex mar	n. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Irrigation Solutions			
MIXED SALT SOLUTION FOR EYE IRRIGATION  Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 15 ml dropper bottle	5.00	15 ml	Balanced Salt Solution
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 250 ml			e.g. Balanced Salt
Eye irrigation solution calcium chloride 0.048% with magnesium chloride 0.03%, potassium chloride 0.075%, sodium acetate 0.39%, sodium chloride 0.64% and sodium citrate 0.17%, 500 ml bottle	10.50	500 ml	Solution  Balanced Salt Solution
Ocular Anaesthetics			
OXYBUPROCAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.4%, single dose  PROXYMETACAINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%  TETRACAINE [AMETHOCAINE] HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1%, single dose			
Viscoelastic Substances			
HYPROMELLOSE Inj 2%, 1 ml syringe Inj 2%, 2 ml syringe			
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]  Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019  Inj 14 mg per ml, 0.55 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019  Inj 23 mg per ml, 0.6 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019  Inj 10 mg per ml, 0.85 ml syringe – 1% DV Sep-16 to 2019	50.00 60.00	1 1 1	Healon GV Healon GV Healon 5 Healon
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID] WITH CHONDROITIN SULP Inj 30 mg per ml with chondroitin sulphate 40 mg per ml, 0.35 ml syringe and inj 10 mg sodium hyaluronate [hyaluronic acid] per ml, 0.4 ml			
syringe		1	Duovisc
syringe – 1% <b>DV Sep-16 to 2019</b>	/4.00	1	Duovisc

Viscoat

## Other

## **DISODIUM EDETATE**

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

Inj 150 mg per ml, 20 ml vial

Inj 150 mg per ml, 100 ml vial

Betoptic S

**Betoptic** 

Betagan

Arrow-Timolol

Arrow-Timolol

Timoptol XE

**Timoptol XE** 

Diamox

5 ml

5 ml

5 ml

5 ml

2.5 ml

5 ml

2.5 ml

100

5 ml

15 ml

15 ml

15 ml

3 ml

2.5 ml

5 ml

	Price			Brand or	
(ex	man. excl.	GST)		Generic	
	¢		Dor	Manufacturor	

#### **RIBOFI AVIN 5-PHOSPHATE**

Soln trans epithelial riboflavin

Ini 0.1%

Inj 0.1% plus 20% dextran T500

Glau	coma	Prei	narat	ione
OI LO U	ooma	шч	<b>301 01</b>	

### **Beta Blockers**

BETAXOLOL	
DETANOLOL	

LEVOBUNOLOL HYDROCHLORIDE

TIMOLOL

Eye drops 0.25% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020......1.43

Eye drops 0.5% - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020......1.43

# **Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors**

**ACETAZOLAMIDE** 

Ini 500 ma

BRINZOLAMIDE

Eye drops 1%

**DORZOLAMIDE** Eve drops 2%

DORZOLAMIDE WITH TIMOLOL

Arrow-Dortim

## **Miotics**

#### ACETYL CHOLINE CHI ORIDE

Inj 20 mg vial with diluent

### PILOCARPINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Eye drops 2%, single dose 

Isopto Carpine Isopto Carpine

Isopto Carpine

# **Prostaglandin Analogues**

#### **BIMATOPROST**

LATANOPROST 

TRAVOPROST

Eye drops 0.004% - 1% DV Jan-18 to 2020 ......7.30

Hysite Travopt

**Bimatoprost Actavis** 

		Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Sympathomimetics				
APRACLONIDINE Eye drops 0.5%		.19.77	5 ml	lopidine
BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE Eye drops 0.2% – 1% DV Feb-18 to 2020 BRIMONIDINE TARTRATE WITH TIMOLOL		4.29	5 ml	Arrow-Brimonidine
Eye drops 0.2% with timolol 0.5%				
Mydriatics and Cycloplegics				
Anticholinergic Agents				
ATROPINE SULPHATE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 1%, single dose				
Eye drops 1% – <b>1% DV Sep-17 to 2020</b>		.17.36	15 ml	Atropt
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose		8.76	15 ml	Cyclogyl
TROPICAMIDE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose			15 ml	Mydriacyl
Eye drops 1%Eye drops 1%, single dose		8.66	15 ml	Mydriacyl
Sympathomimetics				
PHENYLEPHRINE HYDROCHLORIDE Eye drops 2.5%, single dose Eye drops 10%, single dose				
Ocular Lubricants				
CARBOMER Ophthalmic gel 0.3%, single dose Ophthalmic gel 0.2%		8.25	30	Poly Gel
CARMELLOSE SODIUM WITH PECTIN AND GELATINE Eye drops 0.5% Eye drops 0.5%, single dose Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1% Eye drops 1%, single dose				
HYPROMELLOSE Eye drops 0.5%		3.92	15 ml	Methopt
HYPROMELLOSE WITH DEXTRAN  Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%  Eye drops 0.3% with dextran 0.1%, single dose		2.30	15 ml	Poly-Tears
MACROGOL 400 AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL Eye drops 0.4% with propylene glycol 0.3% preservative free, sin	gle dose	4.30	24	Systane Unit Dose

	Price		Brand or
	(ex man. excl. GST	Per	Generic Manufacturer
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH SOFT WHITE PARAFFIN Eye oint 42.5% with soft white paraffin 57.3%			
PARAFFIN LIQUID WITH WOOL FAT  Eye oint 3% with wool fat 3%	3.63	3.5 g	Poly-Visc
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL  Eye drops 1.4% – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019  Eye drops 3% – 1% DV Jun-16 to 2019		15 ml 15 ml	Vistil Vistil Forte
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL WITH POVIDONE  Eye drops 1.4% with povidone 0.6%, single dose		10 1111	Tiom Forti
ETINOL PALMITATE Oint 138 mcg per g	3.80	5 g	VitA-POS
SODIUM HYALURONATE [HYALURONIC ACID]  Eye drops 1 mg per ml	22.00	10 ml	Hylo-Fresh

# **Other Otological Preparations**

ACETIC ACID WITH PROPYLENE GLYCOL Ear drops 2.3% with propylene glycol 2.8%

DOCUSATE SODIUM Ear drops 0.5%

Price (ex man. excl. GST)

Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Agents Used in the Treatment of Poisonings**

### **Antidotes**

**ACETYLCYSTEINE** 

Tab eff 200 mg

Inj 200 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021......58.76 10 DBL Acetylcysteine

DIGOXIN IMMUNE FAB

Inj 38 mg vial

Inj 40 mg vial

**ETHANOL** 

Liq 96%

ETHANOL WITH GLUCOSE

Inj 10% with glucose 5%, 500 ml bottle

ETHANOL. DEHYDRATED

Inj 100%, 5 ml ampoule

Inj 96%

FLUMAZENIL

HYDROXOCOBALAMIN

Inj 5 g vial

Inj 2.5 g vial

NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

PRALIDOXIME IODIDE

Inj 25 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SODIUM NITRITE

Inj 30 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule

SODIUM THIOSULFATE

Inj 250 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 250 mg per ml. 50 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 10 ml vial

Inj 500 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

SOYA OIL

Inj 20%, 500 ml bag

Inj 20%, 500 ml bottle

#### **Antitoxins**

**BOTULISM ANTITOXIN** 

Ini 250 ml vial

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN

Inj 10,000 iu vial

### **Antivenoms**

RED BACK SPIDER ANTIVENOM

Inj 500 u vial

1 Item restricted (see → above); Item restricted (see → below)

e.g. Brand indicates brand example only. It is not a contracted product.

Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST)		Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

## SNAKE ANTIVENOM

Inj 50 ml vial

## Removal and Elimination

CH		

	Oral liq 200 mg per ml	43.50	250 ml	Carbasorb-X
DE	FERASIROX - Restricted see terms below			
t	Tab 125 mg dispersible	276.00	28	Exjade
t	Tab 250 mg dispersible	552.00	28	Exjade
	Tab 500 mg dispersible		28	Exiade

→ Restricted (RS1444)

#### Initiation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

All of the following:

- 1 The patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia; and
- 2 Deferasirox is to be given at a daily dose not exceeding 40 mg/kg/day; and
- 3 Any of the following:
  - 3.1 Treatment with maximum tolerated doses of deferiprone monotherapy or deferiprone and desferrioxamine combination therapy have proven ineffective as measured by serum ferritin levels, liver or cardiac MRI T2\*; or
  - 3.2 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in severe persistent vomiting or diarrhoea; or
  - 3.3 Treatment with deferiprone has resulted in arthritis; or
  - 3.4 Treatment with deferiprone is contraindicated due to a history of agranulocytosis (defined as an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) of < 0.5 cells per uL) or recurrent episodes (greater than 2 episodes) of moderate neutropenia (ANC 0.5 - 1.0 cells per uL).

## Continuation

Haematologist

Re-assessment required after 2 years

Either:

- 1 For the first renewal following 2 years of therapy, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2\* and liver MRI T2\* levels; or
- 2 For subsequent renewals, the treatment has been tolerated and has resulted in clinical stability or continued improvement in all three parameters namely serum ferritin, cardiac MRI T2\* and liver MRI T2\* levels. .

#### DEFERIPRONE - Restricted see terms below

t	Tab 500 mg533.17	100	Ferriprox
1	Oral liq 100 mg per ml	250 ml	Ferriprox

#### ⇒ Restricted (RS1445)

#### Initiation

Patient has been diagnosed with chronic iron overload due to congenital inherited anaemia or acquired red cell aplasia.

#### DESFERRIOXAMINE MESILATE

Inj 500 mg vial .......51.52 10 Desferal

#### DICOBALT EDETATE

Inj 15 mg per ml, 20 ml ampoule

#### DIMERCAPROL

Inj 50 mg per ml, 2 ml ampoule

VAIIIOUS			
	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
DIMERCAPTOSUCCINIC ACID			
Cap 100 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
Cap 200 mg			e.g. PCNZ, Optimus Healthcare, Chemet
SODIUM CALCIUM EDETATE			C.I.C.IIIC.
Inj 200 mg per ml, 2.5 ml ampoule Inj 200 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
Antiseptics and Disinfectants			
CHLORHEXIDINE			
Soln 4%	1.86	50 ml	healthE
Soln 5%	15.50	500 ml	healthE
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE			
Crm 0.1% with cetrimide 0.5% Foaming soln 0.5% with cetrimide 0.5%			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH ETHANOL			
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml	2.65	1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 25 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 100 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, non-staining (pink) 500 ml		1	healthE
Soln 0.5% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml		1	healthE
Soln 2% with ethanol 70%, staining (red) 500 ml	9.56	ı	healthE
IODINE WITH ETHANOL	0.00		L III. F
Soln 1% with ethanol 70%, 100 ml	9.30	1	healthE
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL			
Soln 70%, 500 ml	5.65	1	healthE
POVIDONE-IODINE			
→ Restricted (RS1354)			
Initiation			
Rectal administration pre-prostate biopsy.			
Oint 10%		25 g	Betadine
Soln 10%		500 ml	Betadine
	2.95	100 ml	Riodine
Onla 50/	6.20	500 ml	Riodine
Soln 7.5%			
Soln 7.5% Pad 10%			
Swab set 10%			
•			
POVIDONE-IODINE WITH ETHANOL Soln 10% with ethanol 30%	10.00	500 ml	Retadine Skin Dron
Soln 10% with ethanol 70%	10.00	500 1111	Betadine Skin Prep
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE			
Soln			

			VARIOUS
(	Price ex man. excl. GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Contrast Media			
Iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
DIATRIZOATE MEGLUMINE WITH SODIUM AMIDOTRIZOATE			
Oral liq 660 mg per ml with sodium amidotrizoate 100 mg per ml, 100	) ml		
bottle	22.50	100 ml	Gastrografin
Inj 260 mg with sodium amidotrizoate 40 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle		1	Urografin
DIATRIZOATE SODIUM			•
Oral liq 370 mg per ml, 10 ml sachet	156.12	50	loscan
IODISED OIL		00	1000411
	000.00	4	Liniadal I Iltra Fluid
Inj 38% w/w (480 mg per ml), 10 ml ampoule	280.00	1	Lipiodol Ultra Fluid
IODIXANOL			
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 270 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Visipaque
Inj 320 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	850.00	10	Visipaque
IOHEXOL			
Inj 240 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle	75.00	10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 300 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 20 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 50 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 75 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 100 ml bottle		10	Omnipaque
Inj 350 mg per ml (iodine equivalent), 200 ml bottle	290.00	10	Omnipaque
Non-iodinated X-ray Contrast Media			
BARIUM SULPHATE			
Powder for oral liq 20 mg per g (2% w/w), 22.1 g sachet	507.50	50	E-Z-Cat Dry
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), bottle	17.39	148 g	Varibar - Thin Liquid
Oral liq 600 mg per g (60% w/w), tube		454 g	E-Z-Paste
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v), bottle	155.35	250 ml	Varibar - Honey
	38.40	240 ml	Varibar - Nectar
	145.04	230 ml	Varibar - Pudding
Enema 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 500 ml bag	282.30	12	Liquibar
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 250 ml bottle	175.00	24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 22 mg per g (2.2% w/w), 450 ml bottle		24	CT Plus+
Oral liq 1 mg per ml (0.1% w/v, 0.1% w/w), 450 ml bottle	441.12	24	VoLumen
Oral liq 20.9 mg per ml (2.1% w/v, 2% w/w), 250 ml bottle	140.94	24	Readi-CAT 2
Powder for oral soln 97.65% w/w, 300 g bottle		24	X-Opaque-HD
Oral liq 400 mg per ml (40% w/v, 30% w/w), 20 ml bottle		3	Tagitol V
Oral liq 1,250 mg per ml (125% w/v), 2,000 ml bottle	91.77	1	Liquibar
BARIUM SULPHATE WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Grans eff 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4	g		
5. 5 01 0 <sup>7</sup>	-		

E-Z-Gas II

50

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
CITRIC ACID WITH SODIUM BICARBONATE			
Powder 382.2 mg per g with sodium bicarbonate 551.3 mg per g, 4 sachet	g		e.g. E-Z-GAS II
Paramagnetic Contrast Media			
GADOBENIC ACID			
Inj 334 mg per ml, 10 ml vial	324.74	10	Multihance
Inj 334 mg per ml, 20 ml vial	636.28	10	Multihance
GADOBUTROL			
Inj 1 mmol per ml, 15 ml vial			
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 5 ml prefilled			
syringe	120.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 7.5 ml prefilled			
syringe	180.00	5	Gadovist 1.0
Inj 604.72 mg per ml (equivalent to 1 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled			
syringe	700.00	10	Gadovist 1.0
GADODIAMIDE			
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	200.00	10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 5 ml vial	120.00	10	Omniscan
Inj 287 mg per ml, 15 ml prefilled syringe	320.00	10	Omniscan
GADOTERIC ACID			
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefilled syringe	24.50	1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 15 ml prefilled syringe		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml prefilled syringe	55.00	1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 10 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 20 ml bottle		1	Dotarem
Inj 279.32 mg per ml (0.5 mmol per ml), 5 ml bottle	12.30	1	Dotarem
GADOXETATE DISODIUM			
Inj 181.43 mg per ml (equivalent to 0.25 mmol per ml), 10 ml prefille	ed		
syringe	300.00	1	Primovist
MEGLUMINE GADOPENTETATE			
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml prefilled syringe	95.00	5	Magnevist
Inj 469 mg per ml, 10 ml vial		10	Magnevist
MEGLUMINE IOTROXATE			
Inj 105 mg per ml, 100 ml bottle	150.00	100 ml	Biliscopin
, 31.			
Ultrasound Contrast Media			
PERFLUTREN			
Inj 1.1 mg per ml, 1.5 ml vial	180.00	1	Definity
	720.00	4	Definity
Diagnostic Agents			
ARGININE			
Inj 50 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle			

Inj 100 mg per ml, 300 ml bottle

			VARIOUS
	Price (ex man. excl. \$	GST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
HISTAMINE ACID PHOSPHATE Nebuliser soln 0.6%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 2.5%, 10 ml vial Nebuliser soln 5%, 10 ml vial			
MANNITOL Powder for inhalation			e.g. Aridol
METHACHOLINE CHLORIDE Powder 100 mg			3
SECRETIN PENTAHYDROCHLORIDE Inj 100 u ampoule			
SINCALIDE Inj 5 mcg per vial			
Diagnostic Dyes			
BONNEY'S BLUE DYE Soln			
INDIGO CARMINE Inj 4 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule Inj 8 mg per ml, 5 ml ampoule			
INDOCYANINE GREEN Inj 25 mg vial			
METHYLTHIONINIUM CHLORIDE [METHYLENE BLUE] Inj 5 mg per ml, 10 ml ampoule	240.35	5	Proveblue
PATENT BLUE V Inj 2.5%, 2 ml ampoule	440.00	5	Obex Medical
Irrigation Solutions			
CHLORHEXIDINE WITH CETRIMIDE  Irrigation soln 0.015% with cetrimide 0.15%, 30 ml ampoule – 1% D	v		
Aug-18 to 2021		30	Pfizer
Irrigation soln 1.5%, bottle		,	Baxter <b>B Braun</b>
(Baxter Irrigation soln 1.5%, bottle to be delisted 1 September 2018)		·	
SODIUM CHLORIDE  Irrigation soln 0.9%, bottle			Baxter B Braun
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 3,000 ml bag — 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021 Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule — 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	7.00	20	Interpharma
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	27.00 14.90		Pfizer  Baxter Sodium  Chlorida 0.09/
Irrigation soln 0.9%, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021 (Baxter Irrigation soln 0.9%, bottle to be delisted 1 September 2018)	17.64	12	Chloride 0.9% Fresenius Kabi
(Pfizer Irrigation soln 0.9%, 30 ml ampoule to be delisted 1 September 2	018)		

# **VARIOUS**

	Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
WATER			
Irrigation soln, bottle	29.21	3,000 ml	Baxter
Irrigation soln, 3,000 ml bag - 1% DV Sep-18 to 2021	28.80	4	B Braun
Irrigation soln, 1,000 ml bottle - 1% DV Jun-18 to 2021	17.30	10	Baxter Water for Irrigation
Irrigation soln, 250 ml bottle - 1% DV Aug-18 to 2021(Baxter Irrigation soln, bottle to be delisted 1 September 2018)	17.64	12	Fresenius Kabi

# **Surgical Preparations**

BISMUTH SUBNITRATE AND IODOFORM PARAFFIN

Paste

DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE

Soln 50%

Soln 99%

**PHENOL** 

Inj 6%, 10 ml ampoule

PHENOL WITH IOXAGLIC ACID

Inj 12%, 10 ml ampoule

TROMETAMOL

Inj 36 mg per ml, 500 ml bottle

	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
Cardioplegia Solutions		

#### **ELECTROLYTES**

- Inj 15 mmol/l sodium chloride, 9 mmol/l potassium chloride, 1 mmol/l potassium hydrogen 2-ketoglutarate, 4 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 18 mmol/l histidine hydrochloride, 180 mmol/l histidine, 2 mmol/l tryptophan, 30 mmol/l mannitol, 0.015 mmol/l calcium chloride, 1.000 ml bag
- Inj aspartic acid 10.43 mg per ml, citric acid 0.22476 mg per ml, glutamic acid 11.53 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.1725 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.15211 mg per ml, sodium citrate 1.80768 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 6.31 mg per ml and trometamol 11.2369 mg per ml, 364 ml bag
- Inj aspartic acid 8.481 mg per ml, citric acid 0.8188 mg per ml, glutamic acid 9.375 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.6285 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.5 mg per ml, sodium citrate 6.585 mg per ml, sodium hydroxide 5.133 mg per ml and trometamol 9.097 mg per ml, 527 ml bag
- Inj citric acid 0.07973 mg per ml, sodium phosphate 0.06119 mg per ml, potassium chloride 2.181 mg per ml, sodium chloride 1.788 mg ml, sodium citrate 0.6412 mg per ml and trometamol 5.9 mg per ml, 523 ml bag
- Inj 110 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 160 mmol/l chloride, 1,000 ml bag
- Inj 143 mmol/l sodium, 16 mmol/l potassium, 16 mmol/l magnesium and 1.2 mmol/l calcium, 1,000 ml bag

#### MONOSODIUM GLUTAMATE WITH SODIUM ASPARTATE

Inj 42.68 mg with sodium aspartate 39.48 mg per ml, 250 ml bottle

#### MONOSODIUM L-ASPARTATE

Ini 14 mmol per 10 ml, 10 ml

# **Cold Storage Solutions**

## SODIUM WITH POTASSIUM

Inj 29 mmol/l with potassium 125 mmol/l, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Custodiol-HTK

e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Paed. Soln.

- e.g. Cardioplegia Enriched Solution
- e.g. Cardioplegia Base Solution
- e.g. Cardioplegia Solution AHB7832
- e.g. Cardioplegia Electrolyte Solution

### **EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS**

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Extemporaneously Compounded Preparations**

ACETIC ACID

Lia

ALUM

Powder BP

ARACHIS OIL [PEANUT OIL]

Liq

ASCORBIC ACID

Powder

BENZOIN

Tincture compound BP

BISMUTH SUBGALLATE Powder

BORIC ACID

Powder

CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE

Soln 1.5%

CETRIMIDE

Soln 40%

CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE

Soln 20 %

CHLOROFORM Liq BP

CITRIC ACID

Powder BP

CLOVE OIL

Lia

COAL TAR

CODEINE PHOSPHATE

Powder

**COLLODION FLEXIBLE** 

Liq

COMPOUND HYDROXYBENZOATE

Soln

CYSTEAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

Powder

DISODIUM HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE WITH SODIUM DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE

Inj 37.46 mg with sodium dihydrogen phosphate 47.7 mg in 1.5 ml ampoule

**DITHRANOL** 

Powder

GLUCOSE [DEXTROSE]

Powder

# EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS

	Price excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
GLYCERIN WITH SODIUM SACCHARIN	*		
Suspension	 .32.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet SF
GLYCERIN WITH SUCROSE Suspension	 .32.50	473 ml	Ora-Sweet
GLYCEROL			
Liq - 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 3.28	500 ml	healthE Glycerol BP Liquid
HYDROCORTISONE Powder – 1% DV Sep-17 to 2020	 .49.95	25 g	ABM
LACTOSE Powder			
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE Paste			
MENTHOL Crystals			
METHADONE HYDROCHLORIDE Powder			
METHYL HYDROXYBENZOATE Powder			
METHYLCELLULOSE Powder			
Suspension	 .32.50	473 ml	Ora-Plus
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SODIUM SACCHARIN Suspension	.32.50	473 ml	Ora-Blend SF
METHYLCELLULOSE WITH GLYCERIN AND SUCROSE Suspension		473 ml	Ora-Blend
OLIVE OIL Liq			
PARAFFIN Liq			
PHENOBARBITONE SODIUM Powder			
PHENOL Liq			
PILOCARPINE NITRATE Powder			
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE BIGUANIDE Liq			
POVIDONE K30 Powder			
PROPYLENE GLYCOL Liq	 . 12.00	500 ml	ABM
SALICYLIC ACID Powder			
SILVER NITRATE Crystals			

# **EXTEMPORANEOUSLY COMPOUNDED PREPARATIONS**

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

SODIUM BICARBONATE

Powder BP

SODIUM CITRATE

Powder

SODIUM METABISULFITE

Powder

STARCH

Powder

SULPHUR

Precipitated

Sublimed

SYRUP

Liq (pharmaceutical grade)......21.75 2,000 ml Midwest

THEOBROMA OIL

Oint

TRI-SODIUM CITRATE

Crystals

TRICHLORACETIC ACID

Grans

**UREA** 

Powder BP

WOOL FAT

Oint, anhydrous

XANTHAN

Gum 1% ZINC OXIDE

Powder

Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$ Per

Brand or Generic Manufacturer

# **Food Modules**

## Carbohydrate

### → Restricted (RS1467)

#### Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Cystic fibrosis; or
- 2 Chronic kidney disease; or
- 3 Cancer in children: or
- 4 Cancers affecting alimentary tract where there are malabsorption problems in patients over the age of 20 years; or
- 5 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 6 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia: or
- 7 Premature and post premature infant: or
- 8 Inborn errors of metabolism.

#### Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

### CARBOHYDRATE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

- 1 Powder 95 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 368 g can
- 1 Powder 96 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Polycal

## Fat

### → Restricted (RS1468)

## Initiation - Use as an additive

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has inborn errors of metabolism; or
- 2 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
- 3 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
- 4 Fat malabsorption; or
- 5 Lymphangiectasia; or
- 6 Short bowel syndrome: or
- 7 Infants with necrotising enterocolitis; or
- 8 Biliary atresia: or
- 9 For use in a ketogenic diet; or
- 10 Chyle leak: or
- 11 Ascites; or
- 12 Patient has increased energy requirements, and for whom dietary measures have not been successful.

#### Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

### LONG-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen

1 Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Calogen



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

MEDIUM-CHAIN TRIGLYCERIDE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on the previous page

Liquid 50 g fat per 100 ml, 250 ml bottle

1 Liquid 95 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bottle

e.g. Liquigen e.g. MCT Oil

WALNUT OIL - Restricted see terms on the previous page

1 Lia

## **Protein**

### → Restricted (RS1469)

#### Initiation - Use as an additive

Either:

- 1 Protein losing enteropathy; or
- 2 High protein needs.

#### Initiation - Use as a module

For use as a component in a modular formula made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule or breast milk. .

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

#### PROTEIN SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms above

Powder 5 g protein, 0.67 g carbohydrate and 0.6 g fat per 6.6 g, 275 g can

Powder 89 g protein, < 1.5 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 g, 225 g can

e.a. Protifar

# **Other Supplements**

### BREAST MILK FORTIFIER

Powder 0.2 g protein, 0.7 g carbohydrate and 0.02 g fat per 1 g sachet Powder 0.5 g protein, 1.2 g carbohydrate and 0.08 g fat per 2 g sachet

Powder 0.6 g protein and 1.4 g carbohydrate per 2.2 g sachet

#### CARBOHYDRATE AND FAT SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms below

₱ Powder 72.7 g carbohydrate and 22.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

### → Restricted (RS1212)

### Initiation

Both:

- 1 Infant or child aged four years or under; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
  - 2.2 Cancer in children; or
  - 2.3 Faltering growth; or
  - 2.4 Bronchopulmonary dysplasia; or
  - 2.5 Premature and post premature infants.

e.g. FM 85

e.g. S26 Human Milk Fortifier

e.g. Nutricia Breast Milk Fortifer

e.g. Super Soluble
Duocal

## SPECIAL FOODS

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Series Manufacturer

# **Food/Fluid Thickeners**

#### NOTE:

While pre-thickened drinks and supplements have not been included in Section H, DHB hospitals may continue to use such products for patients with dysphagia, provided that:

- use was established prior to 1 July 2013; and
- the product has not been specifically considered and excluded by PHARMAC; and
- use of the product conforms to any applicable indication restrictions for similar products that are listed in Section H (for example, use of thickened high protein products should be in line with the restriction for high protein oral feed in Section H).

PHARMAC intends to make a further decision in relation to pre-thickened drinks and supplements in the future, and will notify of any change to this situation.

CAROB BEAN GUM WITH MAIZE STARCH AND MALTODEXTRIN

Powder e.g. Feed Thickener
Karicare Aptamil

GUAR GUM

Powder e.g. Guarcol

MAIZE STARCH

Powder e.g. Resource Thicken

Up: Nutilis

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM

Powder e.g. Instant Thick

MALTODEXTRIN WITH XANTHAN GUM AND ASCORBIC ACID

Powder e.g. Easy Thick

## **Metabolic Products**

# → Restricted (RS1232) Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For the dietary management of homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease, phenylketonuria (PKU), glutaric aciduria, isovaleric acidaemia, propionic acidaemia, methylmalonic acidaemia, tyrosinaemia or urea cycle disorders; or
- 2 Patient has adrenoleukodystrophy; or
- 3 For use as a supplement to the Ketogenic diet in patients diagnosed with epilepsy.

# **Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 Products**

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LYSINE AND LOW TRYPTOPHAN) - Restricted see terms above

Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. GA1 Anamix Infant

Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.g. XLYS Low TRY

Maxamaid



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

# **Homocystinuria Products**

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT METHIONINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- 1 Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml. 125 ml bottle

e.g. HCU Anamix Infant

e.a. XMET Maxamaid

e.g. XMET Maxamum

e.g. HCU Anamix Junior LQ

## Isovaleric Acidaemia Products

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT LEUCINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- 1 Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can

e.g. IVA Anamix Infant

e.g. XLEU Maxamaid

e.g. XLEU Maxamum

# **Maple Syrup Urine Disease Products**

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, LEUCINE AND VALINE) - Restricted see terms on the previous page

- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

- e.g. MSUD Anamix Infant e.g. MSUD Maxamum
- e.g. MSUD Anamix

		Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	) Per	Brand Gene Manu	
P	henylketonuria Products				
AM t t	INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE) – Restricted : Tab 8.33 mg Powder 20 g protein, 2.5 g carbohydrate and 0.22 g fibre per 27.8 g sachet  Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36		211	e.g.	Phlexy-10  PKU Lophlex Powder (unflavoured)
t	sachet Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre 100 g, 400 g can Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can Powder 8.33 g protein and 8.8 g carbohydrate per 20 g sachet Liquid 10 g protein, 4.4 g carbohydrate and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 20 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate and 0.34 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle		125 ml	e.g. e.g. e.g. e.g. PKU	PKU Anamix Junior  PKU Anamix Infant XP Maxamaid XP Maxamum Phlexy-10  PKU Lophlex LQ 10  PKU Lophlex LQ 20  Anamix Junior LQ (Berry) Anamix Junior LQ (Orange)
t t t t	Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 12 bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.27 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 ml bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 bottle Liquid 16 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate and 0.4 g fibre per 100 ml, 62.5 bottle Liquid 6.7 g protein, 5.1 g carbohydrate and 2 g fat per 100 ml, 250 carton Semi-solid 18.3 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 0.92 g fibre per 100 g, 109 g pot	5 ml 5 ml ml		e.g. e.g. e.g. e.g.	Anamix Junior LQ (Unflavoured)  PKU Lophlex LQ 20  PKU Lophlex LQ 10  PKU Lophlex LQ 10  PKU Lophlex LQ 10  Easiphen  PKU Lophlex Sensations 20 (berries)
P	ropionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia F	roducts			
	<ul> <li>INO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT ISOLEUCINE, METHIONINE, THF ge 211</li> <li>Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre 100 g, 400 g can</li> <li>Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can</li> </ul>		LINE) – <b>Re</b>	e.g.	ed see terms on  MMA/PA Anamix Infant XMTVI Maxamaid
t	Powder 39 g protein and 34 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 500 g can			e.g.	XMTVI Maxamum



Price		Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST	)	Generic
\$	Per	Manufacturer

# **Protein Free Supplements**

PROTEIN FREE SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 211

1 Powder nil added protein and 67 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can e.g.Energivit

## **Tyrosinaemia Products**

AMINO ACID FORMULA (WITHOUT PHENYLALANINE AND TYROSINE) - Restricted see terms on page 211

- Powder 36 g protein, 32 g carbohydrate and 12.5 g fat per 100 g, 36 g sachet
- Powder 13.1 g protein, 49.5 g carbohydrate, 23 g fat and 5.3 g fibre per 100 g, 400 g can
- Powder 25 g protein and 51 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 400 g can
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per
- Liquid 8 g protein, 7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 0.25 g fibre per 100 ml, 125 ml bottle

- e.a. TYR Anamix Junior
- a at TVD Amanda Infant
- e.g. TYR Anamix Infant e.g. XPHEN, TYR
  - Maxamaid
- e.g. TYR Anamix Junior

# **Urea Cycle Disorders Products**

AMINO ACID SUPPLEMENT - Restricted see terms on page 211

- Powder 25 g protein and 65 g carbohydrate per 100 g, 200 g can
- 1 Powder 79 g protein per 100 g, 200 g can

- e.g. Dialamine
- e.g. Essential Amino Acid Mix

# X-Linked Adrenoleukodystrophy Products

GLYCEROL TRIERUCATE - Restricted see terms on page 211

1 Liquid, 1,000 ml bottle

GLYCEROL TRIOLEATE - Restricted see terms on page 211

1 Liquid, 500 ml bottle

# **Specialised Formulas**

### **Diabetic Products**

# → Restricted (RS1215)

### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For patients with type I or type II diabetes suffering weight loss and malnutrition that requires nutritional support; or
- 2 For patients with pancreatic insufficiency; or
- 3 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or nothing for 5 days; or
- 4 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or high nutrient losses and/or increased nutritional needs from causes such as catabolism: or
- 5 For use pre- and post-surgery; or
- 6 For patients being tube-fed; or
- 7 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition.

			•	PECIAL FOODS
_		Price (ex man. excl. GS \$	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
	W-GI ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the p Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 1,00 bottle	00 ml	1,000 ml	Glucerna Select RTH
t	Liquid 4.3 g protein, 11.3 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag			(Vanilla) e.g. Nutrison Advanced
LO	W-GI ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previ	ous page		Diason
	Liquid 4.5 g protein, 9.8 g carbohydrate, 4.4 g fat and 1.9 g fibre pe	r	237 ml	Sustagen Diabetic (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 5 g protein, 9.6 g carbohydrate and 5.4 g fat per 100 ml, 250 bottle		250 ml	Glucerna Select (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 9.5 g carbohydrate, 4.7 g fat and 2.6 g fibre per 100 ml, can		237 ml	Resource Diabetic
t	Liquid 4.9 g protein, 11.7 g carbohydrate, 3.8 g fat and 2 g fibre per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle			(Vanilla) e.g. Diasip
E	lemental and Semi-Elemental Products			
Ini	Restricted (RS1216) tiation y of the following:  1 Malabsorption; or 2 Short bowel syndrome; or 3 Enterocutaneous fistulas; or 4 Eosinophilic enteritis (including oesophagitis); or 5 Inflammatory bowel disease; or 6 Acute pancreatitis where standard feeds are not tolerated; or 7 Patients with multiple food allergies requiring enteral feeding.			
t	IINO ACID ORAL FEED – <b>Restricted</b> see terms above  Powder 11 g protein, 62 g carbohydrate and 1 g fat per sachet  IINO ACID ORAL FEED 0.8 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms abov  Liquid 2.5 g protein, 11 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 25	е	80 g	Vivonex TEN
PE	carton PTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see term			e.g. Elemental 028 Extra
t	Liquid 4 g protein, 17.6 g carbohydrate and 1.7 g fat per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag			e.g. Nutrison Advanced Peptisorb
t	PTIDE-BASED ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see tell Liquid 6.75 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.5 g fat per 100 ml PTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above		1,000 ml	Vital
t	400 g can			e.g. Peptamen Junior
t	Powder 13.8 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 18 g fat per 100 g, 4 can	00 g		e.g. MCT Pepdite; MCT Pepdite 1+



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

PEPTIDE-BASED ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page

t Liquid 5 g protein, 16 g carbohydrate and 1.69 g fat per 100 ml, carton.......4.95 237 ml Peptamen OS 1.0 (Vanilla)

# **Fat Modified Products**

FAT-MODIFIED FEED - Restricted see terms below

Powder 12.9 g protein, 69.1 g carbohydrate and 12.9 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can

e.g. Monogen

→ Restricted (RS1470)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient has metabolic disorders of fat metabolism; or
- 2 Patient has a chyle leak; or
- 3 Modified as a modular feed, made from at least one nutrient module and at least one further product listed in Section D of the Pharmaceutical Schedule, for adults.

Note: Patients are required to meet any Special Authority criteria associated with all of the products used in the modular formula.

# **Hepatic Products**

### → Restricted (RS1217)

#### Initiation

For children (up to 18 years) who require a liver transplant.

HEPATIC ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms above

## **High Calorie Products**

# → Restricted (RS1317)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Patient is fluid volume or rate restricted; or
- 2 Patient requires low electrolyte; or
- 3 Both:
  - 3.1 Any of the following:
    - 3.1.1 Cystic fibrosis; or
    - 3.1.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or
    - 3.1.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or
    - 3.1.4 Increased nutritional requirements; and
  - 3.2 Patient has substantially increased metabolic requirements.

#### ENTERAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

t	Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, bottle5.50	500 ml	Nutrison Concentrated
t	Liquid 8.4 g protein, 21.9 g carbohydrate, 9.1 g fat and 0.5 g fibre per		
	100 ml, bottle	1,000 ml	TwoCal HN RTH (Vanilla)
0	DAL FFFD O KCAL/MI Protricted and towns above		(varilla)

#### ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms above

Price (ex man. excl. G\$ \$	ST) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
High Protein Products		
HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.25 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms below  Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.2 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 100 ml,  1,000 ml bag		e.g. Nutrison Protein
⇒ Restricted (RS1327) Initiation Both:		Plus
1 The patient has a high protein requirement; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 Patient has liver disease; or 2.2 Patient is obese (BMI > 30) and is undergoing surgery; or 2.3 Patient is fluid restricted; or 2.4 Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie produ HIGH PROTEIN ENTERAL FEED 1.28 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below  Liquid 6.3 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml, 1,000 ml bag	ict.	e.g. Nutrison Protein Plus Multi Fibre
<ul> <li>→ Restricted (RS1327)</li> <li>Initiation</li> <li>Both: <ol> <li>The patient has a high protein requirement; and</li> <li>Any of the following: <ol> <li>Patient has liver disease; or</li> <li>Patient is obese (BMI &gt; 30) and is undergoing surgery; or</li> <li>Patient is fluid restricted; or</li> <li>Patient's needs cannot be more appropriately met using high calorie productions.</li> </ol> </li> </ol></li></ul>	ict.	
Infant Formulas		
AMINO ACID FORMULA – <b>Restricted</b> see terms below  I Powder 1.95 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 400 g can  Powder 13 g protein, 52.5 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can  Powder 13.3 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 22 g fat per 100 g, 400 g can		e.g. Neocate  e.g. Neocate LCP  e.g. Neocate Junior
Powder 13.5 g protein, 52 g carbohydrate and 24.5 g fat per 100 g, can53.00	400 g	Unflavoured Neocate Gold
Powder 15 g protein, 56 g carbohydrate and 20 g fat per 100 g, can	400 g 400 g 400 g	(Unflavoured) Alfamino Junior Neocate Junior Vanilla Elecare LCP (Unflavoured)
<ul> <li>Fowder 2.2 g protein, 7.8 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 ml, can53.00</li> <li>→ Restricted (RS1471)</li> </ul>	400 g	Elecare (Unflavoured) Elecare (Vanilla)

**Initiation**Any of the following:



F	Price		Brand or
(ex man.	excl. GST	)	Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer

- 1 Extensively hydrolysed formula has been reasonably trialled and is inappropriate due to documented severe intolerance or allergy or malabsorption; or
- 2 History of anaphylaxis to cows' milk protein formula or dairy products; or
- 3 Eosinophilic oesophagitis.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial.

### Continuation

## Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein, soy, or extensively hydrolysed infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an amino acid infant formula.

## EXTENSIVELY HYDROLYSED FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14 g protein, 53.4 g carbohydrate and 27.3 g fat per 100 g, 450 g can

e.g. Aptamil Gold+ Pepti Junior

## → Restricted (RS1502)

## Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Both:
  - 1.1 Cows' milk formula is inappropriate due to severe intolerance or allergy to its protein content; and
  - 12 Fither
    - 1.2.1 Soy milk formula has been reasonably trialled without resolution of symptoms; or
    - 1.2.2 Sov milk formula is considered clinically inappropriate or contraindicated; or
  - 2 Severe malabsorption: or
  - 3 Short bowel syndrome; or
  - 4 Intractable diarrhoea: or
  - 5 Biliary atresia; or
  - 6 Cholestatic liver diseases causing malsorption; or
  - 7 Cystic fibrosis; or
  - 8 Proven fat malabsorption; or
  - 9 Severe intestinal motility disorders causing significant malabsorption; or
- 10 Intestinal failure; or
- 11 For step down from Amino Acid Formula.

Note: A reasonable trial is defined as a 2-4 week trial, or signs of an immediate IgE mediated allergic reaction.

### Continuation

#### Both:

- 1 An assessment as to whether the infant can be transitioned to a cows' milk protein or soy infant formula has been undertaken; and
- 2 The outcome of the assessment is that the infant continues to require an extensively hydrolysed infant formula.

## FRUCTOSE-BASED FORMULA

Powder 14.6 g protein, 49.7 g carbohydrate and 30.8 g fat per 100 g,

400 g can e.g. Galactomin 19

## LACTOSE-FREE FORMULA

Powder 1.3 g protein, 7.3 g carbohydrate and 3.5 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

can e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold De-Lact

Powder 1.5 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 3.6 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g can

e.g. S26 Lactose Free

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	ST)	Brand or Generic
	\$	Per	Manufacturer
LOW-CALCIUM FORMULA	·		
Powder 14.6 g protein, 53.7 g carbohydrate and 26.1 g fat per 100 g	,		
400 g can			e.g. Locasol
PAEDIATRIC ORAL/ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see ten	ms below		
Liquid 2.6 g protein, 10.3 g carbohydrate, 5.4 g fat and 0.6 g fibre pe	r		
100 ml, bottle		125 ml	Infatrini
➡ Restricted (RS1614)			
Initiation – Fluid restricted or volume intolerance with faltering grov	vth		
Both:			
1 Fither			

- 1.1 The patient is fluid restricted or volume intolerant; or
- 1.2 The patient has increased nutritional requirements due to faltering growth; and
- 2 Patient is under 18 months old and weighs less than 8kg.

Note: 'Volume intolerant' patients are those who are unable to tolerate an adequate volume of infant formula to achieve expected growth rate. These patients should have first trialled appropriate clinical alternative treatments, such as concentrating, fortifying and adjusting the frequency of feeding.

#### PRETERM FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

1	Liquid 2.2 a protein, 8.4 d	carbohydrate and 4.4	g fat per 100 ml. bottle	0.75	100 ml	S26 LBW Gold RTF

Liquid 2.3 g protein, 8.6 g carbohydrate and 4.2 g fat per 100 ml, 90 ml

e.g. Pre Nan Gold RTF Liquid 2.6 g protein, 8.4 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 ml, 70 ml

bottle

e.g. Karicare Aptamil Gold+Preterm

# ⇒ Restricted (RS1224)

## Initiation

For infants born before 33 weeks' gestation or weighing less than 1.5 kg at birth.

## THICKENED FORMULA

Powder 1.8 g protein, 8.1 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 100 ml, 900 g

e.a. Karicare Aptamil Thickened AR

# **Ketogenic Diet Products**

## HIGH FAT FORMULA - Restricted see terms below

Powder 14.4 g protein, 2.9 g carbohydrate and 69.2 g fat per 100 g, can ...... 35.50 300 q

4:1 (Unflavoured)

Ketocal 4:1 (Vanilla)

Powder 15.3 g protein, 7.2 g carbohydrate and 67.7 g fat per 100 g, can ......35.50 300 q Ketocal

3:1 (Unflavoured)

### ⇒ Restricted (RS1225)

#### Initiation

For patients with intractable epilepsy, pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency or glucose transported type-1 deficiency and other conditions requiring a ketogenic diet.

## **Paediatric Products**

### → Restricted (RS1473)

## Initiation

Roth:

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic Per Manufacturer continued... 1 Child is aged one to ten years; and 2 Any of the following: 2.1 The child is being fed via a tube or a tube is to be inserted for the purposes of feeding; or 2.2 Any condition causing malabsorption; or 2.3 Faltering growth in an infant/child; or 2.4 Increased nutritional requirements; or 2.5 The child is being transitioned from TPN or tube feeding to oral feeding; or 2.6 The child has eaten, or is expected to eat, little or nothing for 3 days. PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 0.76 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.5 g protein, 12.5 g carbohydrate, 3.3 g fat and 0.7 g fibre per 500 ml Nutrini Low Energy Multifibre RTH PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 2.8 g protein, 11.2 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 ml, bag......2.68 500 ml Pediasure RTH Liquid 2.8 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 4.4 g fat per 100 ml, 500 ml bag e.g. Nutrini RTH PAEDIATRIC ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate, 6.7 g fat and 0.8 g fibre per 500 ml Nutrini Energy Multi Fibre Liquid 4.1 g protein, 18.5 g carbohydrate and 6.7 g fat per 100 ml, e.g. Nutrini Energy RTH 500 ml bag PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, bottle ...... 1.07 200 ml Pediasure (Chocolate) Pediasure (Strawberry) Pediasure (Vanilla) Liquid 4.2 g protein, 16.7 g carbohydrate and 7.5 g fat per 100 ml, can ........... 1.34 250 ml Pediasure (Vanilla) PAEDIATRIC ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page Liquid 3.4 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate and 6.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle e.a. Fortini Liquid 4.0 g protein, 18.8 g carbohydrate, 6.8 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per 100 ml. 200 ml bottle e.g. Fortini Multifibre **Renal Products** LOW ELECTROLYTE ENTERAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below Liquid 8.1 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per 100 ml, bottle 6.08 500 ml Nepro HP RTH → Restricted (RS1229) Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease. LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED - Restricted see terms below Powder 7.5 g protein, 59 g carbohydrate and 26.3 g fat per 100 g, 400 g e.a. Kinderaen ⇒ Restricted (RS1227) Initiation For children (up to 18 years) with acute or chronic kidney disease.

		FECIAL 1 GODS
Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 1.8 KCAL/ML  Liquid 8 g protein, 14.74 g carbohydrate, 9.77 g fat and 1.26 g fibre per  100 ml, carton	220 ml	Nepro HP (Strawberry) Nepro HP (Vanilla)
→ Restricted (RS1228) Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.		, ,
LOW ELECTROLYTE ORAL FEED 2 KCAL/ML - <b>Restricted</b> see terms below Liquid 9.1 g protein, 19 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, carton3.31	237 ml	Novasource Renal (Vanilla)
<ul> <li>Liquid 3 g protein, 25.5 g carbohydrate and 9.6 g fat per 100 ml, 237 ml bottle</li> <li>Liquid 7.5 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 10 g fat per 100 ml, 125 ml carton</li> </ul>		e.g. Renilon 7.5
→ Restricted (RS1228) Initiation For patients with acute or chronic kidney disease.		e.g. Helmon 7.5
Respiratory Products		
LOW CARBOHYDRATE ORAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML − Restricted see terms below  Liquid 6.2 g protein, 10.5 g carbohydrate and 9.32 g fat per 100 ml, bottle 1.66  Restricted (RS1230) Initiation  For patients with CORD and hypercapnia, defined as a CO2 value exceeding 55 mmHg.	237 ml	Pulmocare (Vanilla)
Surgical Products		
HIGH ARGININE ORAL FEED 1.4 KCAL/ML − <b>Restricted</b> see terms below  Liquid 10.1 g protein, 15 g carbonhydrate, 4.5 g fat and 0 g fibre per  100 ml, carton4.00	178 ml	Impact Advanced Recovery
→ Restricted (RS1231) Initiation Three packs per day for 5 to 7 days prior to major gastrointestinal, head or neck surgery. PREOPERATIVE CARBOHYDRATE FEED 0.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms below		Ticcovery
□ Oral liq 0 g protein, 12.6 g carbohydrate and 0 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml     □ bottle	4	preOp
Maximum of 400 ml as part of an Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) protocol 2 to 3 surgery.	hours befo	ore major abdominal

# **Standard Feeds**

→ Restricted (RS1214)

Initiation

Any of the following:

SPECIAL FOODS					
	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued					
For patients with malnutrition, defined as any of the follow 1 Any of the following: 1.1 BMI < 18.5; or 1.2 Greater than 10% weight loss in the last 3-6 month 1.3 BMI < 20 with greater than 5% weight loss in the last 2 For patients who have, or are expected to, eat little or notf 3 For patients who have a poor absorptive capacity and/or h causes such as catabolism; or 4 For use pre- and post-surgery; or 5 For patients being tube-fed; or 6 For tube-feeding as a transition from intravenous nutrition. 7 For any other condition that meets the community Special	s; or st 3-6 months; ning for 5 days; igh nutrient los or	or sses a	nd/or ii	ncreased	nutritional needs from
ENTERAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the p	•				
t Liquid 5.4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.3 g fat per 10 1,000 ml bottle	0 ml,				e.g. Isosource Standard
Liquid 6 g protein, 18.3 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 1.5 g fit		7.00	0 1	,000 ml	RTH Nutrison Energy
100 ml, 1,000 ml bag					e.g. Nutrison Energy Multi Fibre
Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20 g carbohydrate and 5 g fat per 100 g Liquid 6.27 g protein, 20.4 g carbohydrate and 4.9 g fat per 1 Liquid 6.38 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate, 4.9 g fat and 1.2 g	00 ml, bag			250 ml ,000 ml	Ensure Plus HN Ensure Plus HN RTH
100 ml, bag		7.00	0 1	,000 ml	Jevity HiCal RTH
ENTERAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML – <b>Restricted</b> see terms on the pre <b>t</b> Liquid 4 g protein, 13.6 g carbohydrate and 3.4 g fat per 100 <b>t</b> Liquid 4 g protein, 14.1 g carbohydrate, 3.47 g fat and 1.76 g	ml, bottle	5.29	9 1	,000 ml	Osmolite RTH
100 ml, bottle		5.29	9 1	,000 ml	Jevity RTH
Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate and 3.9 g fat per 100 1,000 ml bag	ml,				e.g. NutrisonStdRTH; NutrisonLowSodium
1 Liquid 4 g protein, 12.3 g carbohydrate, 3.9 g fat and 1.5 g fil	re per				
100 ml, 1000 ml bag	•				e.g. Nutrison Multi Fibre

e.g. Jevity Plus RTH

Nutrison 800 Complete Multi Fibre

1.000 ml

ENTERAL FEED 1.2 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page 1 Liquid 5.55 g protein, 15.1 g carbohydrate, 3.93 g fat and 2 g fibre per

Liquid 5.5 g protein, 8.8 g carbohydrate, 2.5 g fat and 1.5 g fibre per

ENTERAL FEED WITH FIBRE 0.83 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on the previous page

100 ml, 1,000 ml bag

e.g. Fortisip Multi Fibre

	Price (ex man. excl. GS	T) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
_	Ψ	FEI	Manuacturer
OF	AL FEED - Restricted see terms on page 221		
t	Powder 15.9 g protein, 57.4 g carbohydrate and 14 g fat per 100 g, can26.00	850 g	Ensure (Chocolate) Ensure (Vanilla)
t	Powder 20.8 g protein, 61 g carbohydrate and 9.4 g fat per 100 g, can8.54	857 g	Fortisip (Vanilla)
t	Powder 23 g protein, 65 g carbohydrate and 2.5 g fat per 100 g, can26.00  Note: Community subsidy of Sustagen Hospital Formula is subject to both Spec	840 g	Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Choc) Sustagen Hospital Formula Active (Van)
	manufacturer's surcharge. Higher subsidy by endorsement is available for patient criteria; fat malabsorption, fat intolerance or chyle leak.		
OF	RAL FEED 1 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 221		
1	Liquid 3.8 g protein, 23 g carbohydrate and 12.7 g fibre per 100 ml,		
•	237 ml carton		e.g. Resource Fruit Beverage
OF	RAL FEED 1.5 KCAL/ML - Restricted see terms on page 221		
t	Liquid 5.5 g protein, 21.1 g carbohydrate and 4.81 g fat per 100 ml, can1.33 Liquid 6.25 g protein, 20.2 g carbohydrate and 4.92 g fat per 100 ml,	237 ml	Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
	carton1.26	200 ml	Ensure Plus (Banana) Ensure Plus (Chocolate) Ensure Plus (Fruit of the Forest) Ensure Plus (Vanilla)
t	Liquid 4 g protein and 33.5 g carbohydrate per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortijuice
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate and 5.8 g fat per 100 ml, 200 ml bottle		e.g. Fortisip
t	Liquid 6 g protein, 18.4 g carbohydrate, 5.8 g fat and 2.3 g fibre per		o.g. i ornoip
•	Equity of g protein, 10.7 g ourbonyardio, 5.0 g lat and 2.0 g libro por		

100 ml, 200 ml bottle



Price
(ex man. excl. GST)
\$ Per

10

Brand or

Generic

Manufacturer

Infanrix IPV

**Bacterial and Viral Vaccines** 

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS AND POLIO VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 30IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin and 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus in 0.5 ml syringe

→ Restricted (RS1387)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single dose for children up to the age of 7 who have completed primary immunisation; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (to the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post HSCT, or chemotherapy; preor post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens;
- 4 Five doses will be funded for children requiring solid organ transplantation.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS, PERTUSSIS, POLIO, HEPATITIS B AND HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE  $\,$ 

Restricted see terms below

Inj 30 IU diphtheria toxoid with 40 IU tetanus toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis toxoid, 25 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin, 8 mcg pertactin, 80 D-antigen units poliomyelitis virus, 10 mcg hepatitis B surface antigen in 0.5 ml syringe (1) and inj 10 mcg haemophilus

→ Restricted (RS1478)

## Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 Up to four doses for children up to and under the age of 10 for primary immunisation; or
- 2 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for children up to and under the age of 10 who are patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 Up to five doses for children up to and under the age of 10 receiving solid organ transplantation.

Note: A course of up-to four vaccines is funded for catch up programmes for children (up to and under the age of 10 years) to complete full primary immunisation. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

## **Bacterial Vaccines**

### ADULT DIPHTHERIA AND TETANUS VACCINE

### → Restricted (RS1386)

### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For vaccination of patients aged 45 and 65 years old; or
- 2 For vaccination of previously unimmunised or partially immunised patients; or

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- 3 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 4 For boosting of patients with tetanus-prone wounds; or
- 5 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

## BACILLUS CALMETTE-GUERIN VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj Mycobacterium bovis BCG (Bacillus Calmette-Guerin), Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial Danish strain 1331, live attenuated, vial

→ Restricted (RS1233)

## Initiation

All of the following:

For infants at increased risk of tuberculosis defined as:

- 1 Living in a house or family with a person with current or past history of TB; and
- 2 Having one or more household members or carers who within the last 5 years lived in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000 for 6 months or longer; and
- 3 During their first 5 years will be living 3 months or longer in a country with a rate of TB > or equal to 40 per 100,000.

Note: A list of countries with high rates of TB are available at http://www.health.govt.nz/tuberculosis (Search for Downloads) or www.bcgatlas.org/index.php

## DIPHTHERIA, TETANUS AND PERTUSSIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2 IU diphtheria toxoid with 20 IU tetanus toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis toxoid, 8 mcg pertussis filamentous haemagluttinin and 2.5 mcg pertactin in 0.5 ml syringe – 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020.

## ⇒ Restricted (RS1493)

## Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 A single vaccine for pregnant woman between gestational weeks 28 and 38; or
- 2 A course of up to four vaccines is funded for children from age 7 up the age of 18 years inclusive to complete full primary immunisation; or
- 3 An additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation or chemotherapy; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens.

Note: Tdap is not registered for patients aged less than 10 years. Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

### HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Haemophilus Influenzae type B polysaccharide 10 mcg conjugated to tetanus toxoid as carrier protein 20-40 mcg; prefilled syringe plus

## ⇒ Restricted (RS1520)

#### Initiation

Therapy limited to 1 dose

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 An additional dose (as appropriate) is funded for (re-)immunisation for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; functional asplenic; pre or post splenectomy; pre- or post solid organ transplant, pre- or post cochlear implants, renal dialysis and other severely immunosuppressive regimens; or
- 3 For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.



VACCINES				
	Price (ex man. excl	. GST)		Brand or Generic
	\$	,	Per	Manufacturer
MENINGOCOCCAL (A, C, Y AND W-135) CONJUGATE VACCINE -	Restricted se	e terms	below	
Inj 4 mcg or each meningococcal polysaccharide conjugated to a				
approximately 48 mcg of diphtheria toxoid carrier per 0.5 ml v				
0% DV Jul-17 to 2020  → Restricted (RS1481)	0.0	00	1	Menactra
Initiation				
Any of the following:				
1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients p				
complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or an	atomic asplenia	a or pre	or post so	olid organ transplant; or
2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or				
3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients;				
4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppres		dooo 4	hraa waa	ro ofter the primary corios
Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks and then five yearly.	apari, a boosii	er dose i	irree yea	is after the primary series
*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive thera	ny must be for	r a perio	d of great	er than 28 days.
MENINGOCOCCAL C CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted see terr		а роло	a o. g.oa.	
■ Inj 10 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe - <b>0% DV Jul-17 to 2020</b>		00	1	Neisvac-C
→ Restricted (RS1482)				
Initiation				
Any of the following:				
1 Up to three doses and a booster every five years for patients p				
complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), functional or and 2 One dose for close contacts of meningococcal cases; or	atomic asplenia	a or pre	or post so	olid organ transplant; or
3 A maximum of two doses for bone marrow transplant patients;	or			
4 A maximum of two doses for patients following immunosuppres				
Notes: children under seven years of age require two doses 8 weeks		er dose t	hree vea	rs after the primary series
and then five yearly.	, ,		,	
*Immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive thera	py must be for	r a perio	d of great	er than 28 days.
PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV10) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted s	ee terms <mark>belov</mark>	V		
14 and 23F; 3 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotype				
18C and 19F in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe − 0% DV Sep-17 to 3 → Restricted (RS1585)	<b>2020</b> 0.0	00	10	Synflorix
Initiation				
Either:				
1 A primary course of four doses for previously unvaccinated indi	viduals up to tl	he age c	of 59 mon	ths inclusive; or
2 Up to three doses as appropriate to complete the primary cours	se of immunisa	tion for	individual	s under the age of
59 months who have received one to three doses of PCV13.				
Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate	schedule for ca	atch up ¡	programn	nes
PNEUMOCOCCAL (PCV13) CONJUGATE VACCINE - Restricted s		V		
Inj 30.8 mcg of pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes 1, 3, 4, 5				_
6B, 7F, 9V, 14, 18C, 19A, 19F and 23F in 0.5 ml syringe	0.0	00	1	Prevenar 13

→ Restricted (RS1586)

## Initiation – High risk children who have received PCV10

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose is funded for high risk children (over the age of 17 months and under 18 years) who have previously received four doses of PCV10.

continued...

10

Prevenar 13

Price		Brand	or
(ex man. excl.	GST)	Generi	c
 \$	Pe	er Manufa	acturer

## Initiation - High risk children aged under 5 years

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Both:

- 1 Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for children aged under 5 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune response: or
  - 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
  - 2.3 With HIV infection: or
  - 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
  - 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
  - 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
  - 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks; or
  - 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
  - 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
  - 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
  - 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
  - 2.12 With diabetes: or
  - 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
  - 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

## Initiation - High risk adults and children 5 years and over

Therapy limited to 4 doses

Up to an additional four doses (as appropriate) are funded for (re-)immunisation of patients 5 years and over with HIV, for patients pre or post haematopoietic stem cell transplantation, or chemotherapy; pre- or post splenectomy; functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

## Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes

PNEUMOCOCCAL (PPV23) POLYSACCHARIDE VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Inj 575 mcg in 0.5 ml prefilled syringe (25 mcg of each 23 pneumococcal

→ Restricted (RS1587)

### Initiation - High risk patients

Therapy limited to 3 doses

For patients with HIV, for patients post haematopoietic stem cell transplant, or chemotherapy; pre- or post-splenectomy; or with functional asplenia, pre- or post-solid organ transplant, renal dialysis, complement deficiency (acquired or inherited), cochlear implants, or primary immunodeficiency.

## Initiation - High risk children

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Both:

- 1 Patient is a child under 18 years for (re-)immunisation; and
- 2 Any of the following:
  - 2.1 On immunosuppressive therapy or radiation therapy, vaccinate when there is expected to be a sufficient immune

Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

## continued...

response: or

- 2.2 With primary immune deficiencies; or
- 2.3 With HIV infection: or
- 2.4 With renal failure, or nephrotic syndrome; or
- 2.5 Who are immune-suppressed following organ transplantation (including haematopoietic stem cell transplant); or
- 2.6 With cochlear implants or intracranial shunts; or
- 2.7 With cerebrospinal fluid leaks: or
- 2.8 Receiving corticosteroid therapy for more than two weeks, and who are on an equivalent daily dosage of prednisone of 2 mg/kg per day or greater, or children who weigh more than 10 kg on a total daily dosage of 20 mg or greater; or
- 2.9 With chronic pulmonary disease (including asthma treated with high-dose corticosteroid therapy); or
- 2.10 Pre term infants, born before 28 weeks gestation; or
- 2.11 With cardiac disease, with cyanosis or failure; or
- 2.12 With diabetes: or
- 2.13 With Down syndrome; or
- 2.14 Who are pre-or post-splenectomy, or with functional asplenia.

## Initiation - Testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases

For use in testing for primary immunodeficiency diseases, on the recommendation of an internal medicine physician or paediatrician.

#### SALMONELLA TYPHI VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

- Inj 25 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe
- → Restricted (RS1243)

#### Initiation

For use during typhoid fever outbreaks.

## **Viral Vaccines**

## HEPATITIS A VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

1	nj 720 ELISA units in 0.5 ml sy	ringe - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020	0.00 1	Havrix Junior
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→ Restricted (RS1638)

## Initiation

### Any of the following:

- 1 Two vaccinations for use in transplant patients; or
  - 2 Two vaccinations for use in children with chronic liver disease; or
- 3 One dose of vaccine for close contacts of known hepatitis A cases.

## HEPATITIS B RECOMBINANT VACCINE

→ Restricted (RS1588)

#### Initiation

Any of the following:

- 1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B patients or hepatitis B carriers; or
- 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) positive; or
- 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who are considered not to have achieved a positive serology and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of vaccination; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients; or
- 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or

			***************************************
	Price (ex man. excl. GST) \$	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
continued			
<ul> <li>6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or</li> <li>7 For patients following immunosuppression; or</li> <li>8 For solid organ transplant patients; or</li> <li>9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; o</li> <li>10 Following needle stick injury.</li> </ul>	r		
Inj 10 mcg in 1 ml vial	0.00	1	HBvaxPRO
→ Restricted (RS1588) Initiation			
Any of the following:  1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B pat 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antiger 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who a and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; o 10 Following needle stick injury.	n (HBsAg) positive; or are considered not to l vaccination; or		eved a positive serology
Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe	0.00	1	Engerix-B
→ Restricted (RS1588) Initiation			
Any of the following:  1 For household or sexual contacts of known acute hepatitis B pat 2 For children born to mothers who are hepatitis B surface antiger 3 For children up to and under the age of 18 years inclusive who a and require additional vaccination or require a primary course of 4 For HIV positive patients; or 5 For hepatitis C positive patients; or 6 for patients following non-consensual sexual intercourse; or 7 For patients following immunosuppression; or 8 For solid organ transplant patients; or 9 For post-haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients; o 10 Following needle stick injury.	n (HBsAg) positive; or are considered not to l r vaccination; or	have achi	
Inj 40 mcg per 1 ml vial − 0% DV Jul-17 to 2020  → Restricted (RS1413) Initiation Both:  1 For dialysis patients: and	0.00	1	HBvaxPRO
<ul><li>1 For dialysis patients; and</li><li>2 For liver or kidney transplant patient.</li></ul>			
(Engerix-B Inj 20 mcg per 1 ml prefilled syringe to be delisted 1 December 1	,		
HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 AND 58) VAG  Inj 270 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe − 0% DV Jun-17 to 2020  Restricted (RS1556) Initiation − Children aged 14 years and under Therapy limited to 2 doses Children aged 14 years and under.		ricted see	e terms below Gardasil 9

Products with Hospital Supply Status (HSS) are in **bold**Expiry date of HSS period is 30 June of the year indicated unless otherwise stated.



Price Brand or (ex man. excl. GST) Generic \$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

#### Initiation - other conditions

### Either:

- 1 Up to 3 doses for people aged 15 to 26 years inclusive; or
- 2 Both:
  - 2.1 People aged 9 to 26 years inclusive; and
  - 2.2 Any of the following:
    - 2.2.1 Up to 3 doses for confirmed HIV infection; or
    - 2.2.2 Up to 3 doses for transplant (including stem cell) patients; or
    - 2.2.3 Up to 4 doses for Post chemotherapy.

#### INFLUENZA VACCINE

■ Inj 45 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (trivalent vaccine)......90.00 10 Influvac

## → Restricted (RS1642)

Initiation – People over 65
The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Ine patient is 65 years of age or over Initiation – cardiovascular disease

Any of the following:

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease; or
- 4 Congenital heart disease; or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

## Initiation - chronic respiratory disease

#### Fither:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

## Initiation - Other conditions

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Diabetes: or
  - 1.2 Chronic renal disease; or
  - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
  - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
  - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency: or
  - 1.6 HIV: or
  - 1.7 Transplant recipient; or
  - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
  - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
  - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
  - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
  - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
  - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
  - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
  - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
  - 1.16 Is a child aged four and under who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or

	(ex man.	Price excl. \$	GST)	Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
ontinued					
<ul> <li>2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who a a DHB hospital; or</li> <li>3 People under 18 years of age living in the Seddon/Ward and rur Marlborough District Health Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui a</li> <li>4 People under 18 years of age who have been displaced from th</li> </ul>	al Easter reas (with	n Ma nin the	rlborou e Cante	gh regio erbury D	n (within the Nelson istrict Health Board); or
Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (paediatric quadrivalent vaccine) • Restricted (RS1618) iltiation – cardiovascular disease for patients aged 6 months to 3			0	1	Fluarix Tetra
ny of the following:		-			
1 Ischaemic heart disease; or					
2 Congestive heart failure; or					
Rheumatic heart disease; or     Congenital heart disease; or					
5 Cerebro-vascular disease.					
ote: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-orga	n disease	e is ex	cluded	from fu	ndina.
nitiation - chronic respiratory disease for patients aged 6 months					3
ither:					
<ol> <li>Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or</li> </ol>					
Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.					
ote: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded fro itiation – Other conditions for patients aged 6 months to 35 mon		ıg.			
ny of the following:	uis				
1 Any of the following:					
1.1 Diabetes: or					
1.2 Chronic renal disease; or					
1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers	if not inv	/asive	e; or		
1.4 Autoimmune disease; or					
1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or					
1.6 HIV; or     1.7 Transplant recipient; or					
1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or					
1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or					
1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or					
1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or					
<ul><li>1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompe</li><li>1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or</li></ul>	nsation;	or			
1.14 Down syndrome; or					
1.15 Child who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or	has a his	story	of signi	ficant re	spiratory illness; or
Child is living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlboroug Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury)	h region District H	(withi ealth	n the N Board)	elson M ; or	
3 Child has been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and t	he surrou	ınaıng	g regioi	I.	
Child has been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and t Inj 60 mcg in 0.5 ml syringe (quadrivalent vaccine)		•		10	Influvac Tetra

The patient is 65 years of age or over.

Initiation – cardiovascular disease for patients 3 years and over

Initiation – People over 65

Any of the following:

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

#### continued...

- 1 Ischaemic heart disease; or
- 2 Congestive heart failure; or
- 3 Rheumatic heart disease: or
- 4 Congenital heart disease: or
- 5 Cerebro-vascular disease.

Note: hypertension and/or dyslipidaemia without evidence of end-organ disease is excluded from funding.

## Initiation - chronic respiratory disease for patients 3 years and over

#### Either:

- 1 Asthma, if on a regular preventative therapy; or
- 2 Other chronic respiratory disease with impaired lung function.

Note: asthma not requiring regular preventative therapy is excluded from funding.

## Initiation - Other conditions for patients 3 years and over

Any of the following:

- 1 Any of the following:
  - 1.1 Diabetes; or
  - 1.2 chronic renal disease; or
  - 1.3 Any cancer, excluding basal and squamous skin cancers if not invasive; or
  - 1.4 Autoimmune disease; or
  - 1.5 Immune suppression or immune deficiency; or
  - 1.6 HIV: or
  - 1.7 Transplant recipient: or
  - 1.8 Neuromuscular and CNS diseases/ disorders; or
  - 1.9 Haemoglobinopathies; or
  - 1.10 Is a child on long term aspirin; or
  - 1.11 Has a cochlear implant; or
  - 1.12 Errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation; or
  - 1.13 Pre and post splenectomy; or
  - 1.14 Down syndrome; or
  - 1.15 Is pregnant; or
  - 1.16 Is a child aged four and under who has been hospitalised for respiratory illness or has a history of significant respiratory illness; or
- 2 Patients in a long-stay inpatient mental health care unit or who are compulsorily detained long-term in a forensic unit within a DHB hospital: or
- 3 People under 18 years of age living in the Seddon/Ward and rural Eastern Marlborough region (within the Nelson Marlborough District Health Board) and Kaikoura and Hurunui areas (within the Canterbury District Health Board); or
- 4 People under 18 years of age who have been displaced from their homes in Edgecumbe and the surrounding region.

#### MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

Injection, measles virus 1,000 CCID50, mumps virus 5,012 CCID50,

Rubella virus 1,000 CCID50; prefilled syringe/ampoule of diluent

→ Restricted (RS1487)

## Initiation - first dose prior to 12 months

Therapy limited to 3 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or

3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.

#### Initiation - first dose after 12 months

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

- 1 For primary vaccination in children; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression; or
- 3 For any individual susceptible to measles, mumps or rubella.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

## POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

→ Restricted (RS1398)

#### Initiation

Therapy limited to 3 doses

#### Either:

- 1 For partially vaccinated or previously unvaccinated individuals; or
- 2 For revaccination following immunosuppression.

Note: Please refer to the Immunisation Handbook for the appropriate schedule for catch up programmes.

### **RABIES VACCINE**

Ini 2.5 IU vial with diluent

### ROTAVIRUS ORAL VACCINE - Restricted see terms below

■ Oral susp live attenuated human rotavirus 1,000,000 CCID50 per dose,

→ Restricted (RS1590)

#### Initiation

Therapy limited to 2 doses

# Inerap

- 1 First dose to be administered in infants aged under 14 weeks of age; and
- 2 No vaccination being administered to children aged 24 weeks or over.

### VARICELLA VACCINE [CHICKENPOX VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

Inj 2000 PFU prefilled syringe plus vial - 0% DV Sep-17 to 2020.......0.00 1 Varilrix

### → Restricted (RS1591)

## Initiation - primary vaccinations

Therapy limited to 1 dose

#### Fither:

- 1 Any infant born on or after 1 April 2016; or
- 2 For previously unvaccinated children turning 11 years old on or after 1 July 2017, who have not previously had a varicella infection (chickenpox).

## Initiation - other conditions

Therapy limited to 2 doses

Any of the following:

1 Any of the following:

for non-immune patients:

- 1.1 With chronic liver disease who may in future be candidates for transplantation; or
- 1.2 With deteriorating renal function before transplantation; or



Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

continued...

- 1.3 Prior to solid organ transplant; or
- 1.4 Prior to any elective immunosuppression\*; or
- 1.5 For post exposure prophylaxis who are immune competent inpatients; or
- 2 For patients at least 2 years after bone marrow transplantation, on advice of their specialist; or
- 3 For patients at least 6 months after completion of chemotherapy, on advice of their specialist; or
- 4 For HIV positive patients non immune to varicella with mild or moderate immunosuppression on advice of HIV specialist; or
   5 For patients with inborn errors of metabolism at risk of major metabolic decompensation, with no clinical history of
- varicella; or
- 6 For household contacts of paediatric patients who are immunocompromised, or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella; or
- 7 For household contacts of adult patients who have no clinical history of varicella and who are severely immunocompromised or undergoing a procedure leading to immune compromise where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella.

Note: \* immunosuppression due to steroid or other immunosuppressive therapy must be for a treatment period of greater than 28 days

## VARICELLA ZOSTER VACCINE [SHINGLES VACCINE] - Restricted see terms below

Varicella zoster virus (Oka strain) live attenuated vaccine [shingles

Zostavax

**Tubersol** 

10 Zostavax

→ Restricted (RS1619)

## Initiation - people aged 65 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged 65 years.

## Initiation - people aged between 66 and 80 years

Therapy limited to 1 dose

One dose for all people aged between 66 and 80 years inclusive from 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2020.

# **Diagnostic Agents**

TUBERCULIN PPD [MANTOUX] TEST

Price Brand or
(ex man. excl. GST) Generic
\$ Per Manufacturer

# **Optional Pharmaceuticals**

### NOTE:

In addition to the products expressly listed here in Part III: Optional Pharmaceuticals, a range of hospital medical devices are listed in an addendum to Part III which is available at <a href="https://www.pharmac.govt.nz">www.pharmac.govt.nz</a>. The Optional Pharmaceuticals listed in the addendum are deemed to be listed in Part III, and the Rules of the Pharmaceutical Schedule applying to products listed in Part III apply to them.

BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER			
1 meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 diagnostic test strips20	.00	C	areSens N Premier aresens N aresens N POP
BLOOD GLUCOSE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
Blood glucose test strips10	.56 50	test C	areSens N
Test strips10	.56 50	test C	areSens PRO
BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST STRIP			
Test strips	.50 10	strip K	etoSens
DUAL BLOOD GLUCOSE AND BLOOD KETONE DIAGNOSTIC TEST METER		·	
Meter with 50 lancets, a lancing device, and 10 blood glucose diagnostic			
test strips	00	1 C	areSens Dual
INSULIN PEN NEEDLES	.00		arcocrio Buar
29 q × 12.7 mm	50 1	00 B	-D Micro-Fine
31 g × 5 mm			-D Micro-Fine
31 g × 6 mm			BM
31 g × 8 mm			-D Micro-Fine
32 g × 4 mm			-D Micro-Fine
INSULIN SYRINGES, DISPOSABLE WITH ATTACHED NEEDLE	.00	00 5	D MILOTO T IIIO
Syringe 0.3 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle13	00 1	00 B	-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.3 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle			-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 0.5 ml with 29 g × 12.7 mm needle			-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 0.5 ml with 31 g x 8 mm needle			-D Ultra Fine II
Syringe 1 ml with 29 g x 12.7 mm needle			-D Ultra Fine
Syringe 1 ml with 31 g × 8 mm needle			-D Ultra Fine II
MASK FOR SPACER DEVICE	.00	00 5	D Gilla i illo ii
Small	20	1 e-	chamber Mask
	.20	1 6	CHAITIDEI WASK
PEAK FLOW METER	. T. 4		:-: \A/-: AFO
Low Range9	.54	1 M	ini-Wright AFS Low
Normal Dange	E4	1 M	Range
Normal Range9	.54	I IV	ini-Wright Standard
PREGNANCY TEST - HCG URINE		_	
Cassette			asyCheck
	.00	S	mith BioMed Rapid Pregnancy Test
(EasyCheck Cassette to be delisted 1 September 2018)			
SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE			
Test strip22	.00 50	strip K	etostix

# **OPTIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS**

	Price (ex man. excl. GST \$	) Per	Brand or Generic Manufacturer
SPACER DEVICE			
220 ml (single patient)	2.95	1	e-chamber Turbo
510 ml (single patient)	5.12	1	e-chamber La Grande
800 ml	6.50	1	Volumatic

- Symbols -	Disorders	104	Amphotericin B	
8-methoxypsoralen53	Agents Used in the Treatment of		Alimentary	18
- A -	Poisonings	198	Infections	
A-Scabies50	Ajmaline	37	Amsacrine	
Abacavir sulphate84	Alanase	184	Amyl nitrite	
Abacavir sulphate with	Albendazole	81	Anabolic Agents	
lamivudine84	Aldurazyme		Anaesthetics	
Abciximab	Alendronate sodium		Anagrelide hydrochloride	
Abiraterone acetate141	Alendronate sodium with		Analgesics	
Acarbose8	colecalciferol	93	Anastrozole	
Accuretic 1036	Alfacalcidol		Andriol Testocaps	
Accuretic 2036	Alfamino Junior		Androderm	
Acetazolamide195	Alfentanil		Androgen Agonists and	
Acetic acid	Alglucosidase alfa		Antagonists	61
Extemporaneously Compounded	Alinia		Anexate	
Preparations206	Allersoothe		Anoro Ellipta	
Genito-Urinary55	Allmercap		Antabuse	
Acetic acid with hydroxyquinoline,	Allopurinol		Antacids and Antiflatulents	
glycerol and ricinoleic acid	Alpha tocopheryl		Anti-Infective Agents	
Acetic acid with propylene	Alpha tocopheryl acetate		Anti-Infective Preparations	0
glycol	Alpha-Adrenoceptor Blockers		Dermatological	/(
0,	·			
Acetylcholine chloride	Alphamox 125		Sensory	
Acetylcysteine198 Aciclovir	Alphamox 250		Anti-Inflammatory Preparations	
Infections87	Alprostadil hydrochloride		Antialore Preparations	
	Alteplase		Antiallergy Preparations	
Sensory	Alum		Antianaemics	
Aciclovir-Claris	Aluminium chloride		Antiarrhythmics	
Acid Citrate Dextrose A27	Aluminium hydroxide	5	Antibacterials	
Acidex5	Aluminium hydroxide with		Anticholinergic Agents	
Acipimox43	magnesium hydroxide and	_	Anticholinesterases	
Acitretin53	simeticone		Antidepressants	11
Aclasta95	Amantadine hydrochloride		Antidiarrhoeals and Intestinal	
Actemra	AmBisome		Anti-Inflammatory Agents	
Actinomycin D129	Ambrisentan	45	Antiepilepsy Drugs	112
Adalat 1039	Amethocaine		Antifibrinolytics, Haemostatics and	
Adalat Oros39	Nervous		Local Sclerosants	
Adalimumab150	Sensory		Antifibrotics	
Adapalene50	Amikacin		Antifungals	
Adefovir dipivoxil86	Amiloride hydrochloride	41	Antihypotensives	
Adenosine36	Amiloride hydrochloride with		Antimigraine Preparations	
Adenuric100	furosemide	41	Antimycobacterials	
Adrenaline44	Amiloride hydrochloride with		Antinausea and Vertigo Agents	
ADT Booster224	hydrochlorothiazide	41	Antiparasitics	
Adult diphtheria and tetanus	Aminolevulinic acid		Antipruritic Preparations	50
vaccine224	hydrochloride	143	Antipsychotic Agents	118
Advantan52	Aminophylline	189	Antiretrovirals	
Advate26	Amiodarone hydrochloride		Antirheumatoid Agents	
Aerrane105	Amisulpride	118	Antiseptics and Disinfectants	20
Afinitor 182	Amitriptyline	111	Antispasmodics and Other Agents	
Aflibercept157	Amlodipine	39	Altering Gut Motility	
AFT SLS-free51	Amorolfine		Antithrombotics	2
Agents Affecting the	Amoxicillin		Antithymocyte globulin	
Renin-Angiotensin System 35	Amoxicillin with clavulanic acid	74	(equine)	. 18
Agents for Parkinsonism and Related				

Antithymocyte globulin (rabbit)	182	Arrow - Clopid	29	Aubagio	12
Antiulcerants	7	Arrow-Amitriptyline		Augmentin	
Antivirals	86	Arrow-Bendrofluazide		Avelox	7
Anxiolytics	121	Arrow-Brimonidine	196	Avelox IV 400	7
Apidra		Arrow-Calcium	16	Avonex	12
Apidra Solostar		Arrow-Diazepam	121	Avonex Pen	12
Apo-Amiloride	41	Arrow-Dortim	195	Azacitidine	13
Apo-Amlodipine	39	Arrow-Etidronate	94	Azactam	7
Apo-Amoxi	74	Arrow-Fluoxetine	112	Azathioprine	18
Apo-Azithromycin		Arrow-Lamotrigine	114	Azithromycin	7
Apo-Ciclopirox	49	Arrow-Losartan &		Azol	6
Apo-Cilazapril	35	Hydrochlorothiazide	36	AZT	8
Apo-Cilazapril/		Arrow-Morphine LA	110	Aztreonam	7
Hydrochlorothiazide	35	Arrow-Norfloxacin	75	- B -	
Apo-Clarithromycin		Arrow-Ornidazole	82	B-D Micro-Fine	23
Apo-Clomipramine	111	Arrow-Quinapril 10	35	B-D Ultra Fine	23
Apo-Diclo SR	102	Arrow-Quinapril 20	35	B-D Ultra Fine II	23
Apo-Diltiazem CD	40	Arrow-Quinapril 5	35	Bacillus calmette-guerin (BCG)	
Apo-Doxazosin	36	Arrow-Roxithromycin		Bacillus calmette-guerin	
Apo-Folic Acid		Arrow-Sertraline		vaccine	22
Apo-Gabapentin	113	Arrow-Timolol	195	Baclofen	10
Apo-Leflunomide	92	Arrow-Tolterodine	59	Bacterial and Viral Vaccines	22
Apo-Megestrol	142	Arrow-Topiramate	115	Bacterial Vaccines	22
Apo-Metoprolol		Arrow-Tramadol	111	Balanced Salt Solution	19
Apo-Mirtazapine		Arsenic trioxide	132	Baraclude	8
Apo-Moclobemide		Artemether with lumefantrine.	81	Barium sulphate	20
Apo-Montelukast	189	Artesunate	81	Barium sulphate with sodium	
Apo-Nadolol		Articaine hydrochloride	106	bicarbonate	20
Apo-Nicotinic Acid		Articaine hydrochloride with		Barrier Creams and Emollients	
Apo-Ondansetron		adrenaline	106	Basiliximab	15
Apo-Oxybutynin	58	Asacol	6	BCG Vaccine	22
Apo-Paroxetine		Asamax	6	BD PosiFlush	3
Apo-Perindopril		Ascorbic acid		Beclazone 100	18
Apo-Pindolol		Alimentary	20	Beclazone 250	18
Apo-Pravastatin	42	Extemporaneously Compo		Beclazone 50	18
Apo-Prazosin		Preparations	206	Beclomethasone	
Apo-Prednisone		Aspen Adrenaline	44	dipropionate18	34, 18
Apo-Propranolol		Aspirin		Bee venom	
Apo-Pyridoxine		Blood	29	Bendamustine hydrochloride	12
Apo-Ropinirole		Nervous	108	Bendrofluazide	
Apo-Sumatriptan		Asthalin	187	Bendroflumethiazide	
Apo-Terazosin		Atazanavir sulphate	85	[Bendrofluazide]	4
Apomorphine hydrochloride		Atenolol		BeneFIX	
Apraclonidine		Atenolol-AFT	38	Benzathine benzylpenicillin	7
Aprepitant	116	ATGAM	182	Benzatropine mesylate	
Apresoline	45	Ativan	121	Benzbromaron AL 100	
Aprotinin		Atomoxetine		Benzbromarone	9
Aqueous cream	51	Atorvastatin	42	Benzocaine	
Arachis oil [Peanut oil]		Atovaquone with proguanil		Benzoin	20
Arginine		hydrochloride	82	Benzoyl peroxide	5
Alimentary	13	Atracurium besylate	101	Benztrop	
Various		Atripla		Benzydamine hydrochloride	
Argipressin [Vasopressin]		Atropine sulphate		Benzydamine hydrochloride with	
Aripiprazole	118	Cardiovascular	37	cetylpyridinium chloride	1
Aripiprazole Sandoz		Sensory		Benzylpenicillin sodium [Penicillin	
Aristocort		Atropt		G]	
		,			

Beractant	190	Boostrix	225	Calcium Folinate Sandoz	141
Beta Cream	.52	Boric acid	206	Calcium gluconate	
Beta Ointment	.52	Bortezomib	132	Blood	31
Beta Scalp	.53	Bosentan	45	Dermatological	54
Beta-Adrenoceptor Agonists	187	Bosentan Dr Reddy's	45	Calcium Homeostasis	
Beta-Adrenoceptor Blockers		Bosentan-Mylan		Calcium polystyrene sulphonate	33
Betadine	200	Bosvate	38	Calcium Resonium	33
Betadine Skin Prep		Botox	101	Calsource	16
Betagan	195	Botulism antitoxin	198	Cancidas	79
Betahistine dihydrochloride		Boucher	51	Candesartan cilexetil	36
Betaine		Bplex		Candestar	
Betaloc CR	.38	Breo Ellipta	189	Capecitabine	130
Betamethasone	.61	Bridion	101	Capoten	
Betamethasone dipropionate	.52	Brilinta	29	Capsaicin	
Betamethasone dipropionate with		Brimonidine tartrate	196	Musculoskeletal	103
calcipotriol	. 53	Brimonidine tartrate with		Nervous	
Betamethasone sodium phosphate		timolol	196	Captopril	35
with betamethasone acetate	. 61	Brinov	130	Carbamazepine	
Betamethasone valerate52		Brinzolamide		Carbasorb-X	
Betamethasone valerate with		Bromocriptine	104	Carbimazole	
clioquinol	. 53	Brufen SR		Carbomer	196
Betamethasone valerate with sodium		Budesonide		Carboplatin	
fusidate [Fusidic acid]		Alimentary	5	Carboprost trometamol	
Betaxolol		Respiratory		Carboxymethylcellulose	
Betoptic		Budesonide with eformoterol		Alimentary	18
Betoptic S		Bumetanide		Extemporaneously Compoun	
Bevacizumab		Bupafen		Preparations	
Bezafibrate		Bupivacaine hydrochloride		Cardinol LA	
Bezalip		Bupivacaine hydrochloride with		CareSens Dual	
Bezalip Retard		adrenaline		Caresens N	
Bicalutamide		Bupivacaine hydrochloride with		Caresens N POP	
Bicillin LA		fentanyl		CareSens N Premier	
BiCNU		Bupivacaine hydrochloride with		CareSens PRO	
Bile and Liver Therapy		glucose		Carmellose sodium with pectin a	
Biliscopin		Buprenorphine with naloxone		gelatine	
Bimatoprost		Bupropion hydrochloride		Alimentary	18
Bimatoprost Actavis		Burinex		Sensory	
Binarex		Buscopan		Carmustine	
Biodone		Buserelin		Carvedilol	
Biodone Extra Forte		Buspirone hydrochloride		Carvedilol Sandoz	
Biodone Forte		Busulfan		Caspofungin	
Biotin		Butacort Aqueous		Catapres	
Bisacodyl		- C -		Cathejell	
Bismuth subgallate		Cabergoline	63	Ceenu	
Bismuth subnitrate and iodoform	200	Caffeine		Cefaclor	
paraffin	204	Caffeine citrate		Cefalexin	
Bisoprolol fumarate		Calamine		Cefalexin Sandoz	
Bivalirudin		Calcipotriol		Cefazolin	
Bleomycin sulphate		Calcitonin		Cefepime	
Blood glucose diagnostic test	123	Calcitriol		Cefepime-AFT	
meter	225	Calcitriol-AFT		Cefotaxime	
Blood glucose diagnostic test	_00	Calcium carbonate		Cefotaxime Sandoz	
strip	235	Calcium Channel Blockers		Cefoxitin	
Blood ketone diagnostic test	_00	Calcium chloride		Cefoxitin Actavis	
strip	225	Calcium folinate		Ceftaroline fosamil	
		Calcium Folinate Ebewe		Ceftazidime	
Bonney's blue dye	_00	Calcium i dimate Edewe	141	JUITAZIUIIII	/

Ceftazidime Mylan	71	Cilicaine	74	Clustran	116
Ceftriaxone	71	Cilicaine VK	74	Co-trimoxazole	7
Ceftriaxone-AFT	71	Cimetidine	7	Coal tar	206
Cefuroxime	71	Cinacalcet	60	Coal tar with salicylic acid and	
Cefuroxime Actavis		Cinchocaine hydrochloride v	with	sulphur	5
Celecoxib	102	hydrocortisone		Cocaine hydrochloride	106
Celiprolol	38	Cipflox		Cocaine hydrochloride with	
CellCept		Ciprofloxacin		adrenaline	106
Celol	38	Infections	75	Codeine phosphate	
Centrally-Acting Agents	40	Sensory	191	Extemporaneously Compound	ded
Cephalexin ABM	71	Ciprofloxacin Teva		Preparations	206
Cetirizine hydrochloride	185	Ciprofloxacin with		Nervous	
Cetomacrogol	51	hydrocortisone	191	Cogentin	
Cetomacrogol with glycerol		Ciproxin HC Otic	191	Colaspase [L-asparaginase]	130
Cetrimide		Circadin		Colchicine	
Cetuximab	158	Cisplatin		Colecalciferol	2
Champix		Citalopram hydrobromide		Colestimethate	70
Charcoal		Citanest		Colestipol hydrochloride	
Chemotherapeutic Agents		Citrate sodium		Colgout	
Chickenpox vaccine		Citric acid		Colifoam	
Chlorafast		Citric acid with magnesium		Colistin sulphomethate	
Chloral hydrate		sodium picosulfate		[Colestimethate]	76
Chlorambucil		Citric acid with sodium		Colistin-Link	
Chloramphenicol		bicarbonate	202	Collodion flexible	
Infections	76	Cladribine		Colloidal bismuth subcitrate	
Sensory		Clarithromycin		Colofac	
Chlorhexidine		Clexane		Colony-Stimulating Factors	
Chlorhexidine gluconate	200	Clindamycin		Coloxyl	
Alimentary	18	Clindamycin ABM		Compound electrolytes	
Extemporaneously Compour		Clinicians Multivit & Mineral		Compound electrolytes with	01, 00
Preparations		Boost		glucose	31 3
Genito-Urinary		Clinicians Renal Vit		Compound hydroxybenzoate	
Chlorhexidine with		Clobazam		Compound sodium lactate	200
cetrimide	200 203	Clobetasol propionate		[Hartmann's solution]	<b>Q</b> .
Chlorhexidine with ethanol		Clobetasone butyrate		Concerta	
Chloroform		Clofazimine		Condyline	
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